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No. 15. Vol. L.

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Royal Highness the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 19th September, 1916.

Albert McCarthy, of Shelburne, in the Province of Nova Scotia : to be Wharfinger of the Government wharf at that place.

Rowlen Taylor Hankinson, of Rocky Mountain House, in the Province of Alberta, Sub-agent of Dominion Lands : to be a Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the provisions of The Naturalization Act, being chapter 77 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906.

Gordon S. Cook, of Pender Harbour, in the Province of British Columbia : to be Harbour Master at that place.

—

20th September, 1916.

The Honourable Oswald Smith Crocket, a Judge of the King's Bench Division of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick : to be Judge of the Court of Divorce and Matrimonial Causes for the said Province of New Brunswick.

C. A. Huntley, of the Port of Parrsboro', in the Province of Nova Scotia : to be an officer to superintend the Survey and Measurement of ships and a Surveyor of Accomodation for seamen at the said Port.

W. H. Crocker, of Albert, in the Province of New Brunswick : to be Wharfinger of the Government wharf at that place.

28th September, 1916.

E. Mortimer Reinhardt, sub-collector of Customs at La Have, in the Province of Nova Scotia : to be Shipping Master at that Port, in the room and stead of William Maschke.

—

30th September, 1916.

Robert Cockburn Hays, of the Town of Goderich, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law : to be Deputy Judge of the County Court of the County of Huron, in the said Province of Ontario.

PROCLAMATIONS.

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you— Greeting :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Tuesday, the twelfth day of the month of September instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. Now Know Ye, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents

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enjoining you and each of you, that on SATURDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST day of the month of OCTOBER next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Most Dear and Entirely beloved Uncle and Most Faithful Counsellor Field Marshal His Royal Highness PRINCE ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, Earl of Sussex (in the Peerage of the United Kingdom); Prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha : Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter ; Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle ; Knight of Our Most Illustrious Order of Saint Patrick ; one of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Great Master of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Exalted Order of the Star of India ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order; Our Personal Aide-de-Camp ; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this EIGHTH day of SEPTEMBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

11-tf

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in any wise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

W. STUART EDWARDS, for Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is in and by Part XII of the Canada Shipping Act, Chapter 113, Revised Statutes, 1906, amongst other things, in effect, enacted that said Part XII, shall apply to such ports only as are from time to time designated for that purpose by proclamation ;

And whereas by an order of our Governor in Council bearing date the nineteenth day of September, A.D. 1916, the harbour of Pender in the Province of British Columbia, is designated as a port to which said Part XII shall apply, and it is declared that the limits of said Port shall be as follows :—

" Comprising all the waters of Pender harbour and " of Malaspina strait, including the tidal portions of " streams, inlets, etc., and of flats up to high water " mark, enclosed by right lines drawn from the ex- " tremity of Norman point to the north tangent of " Pearson island, and from the west tangent of Pearson " island to the west tangent of Francis point and from " the south tangent of Francis point due east by com- " pass to the Mainland of Sechelt peninsula,"—

NOW KNOW YE that we do under and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by said Part XII and Order in Council respectively proclaim and declare that said Part XII shall hereafter apply to the said port of Pender, in the Province of British Columbia.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Most Dear and Entirely Beloved Uncle and Most Faithful Counsellor, Field Marshal His Royal Highness PRINCE ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, Earl of Sussex (in the Peerage of the United Kingdom) ; Prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha ; Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter ; Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle ; Knight of Our Most Illustrious Order of Saint Patrick ; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Great Master of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Exalted Order of the Star of India ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order ; Our Personal Aide-de-Camp ; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of SEPTEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign

By Command,

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-3 Under-Secretary of State.

DESPATCHES, ETC.

[*Extract from the Second Supplement to* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 25th of August, 1916.*]

WAR OFFICE,
26th August, 1916.

THE MILITARY CROSS.
REVISED ROYAL WARRANT.

GEORGE THE FIFTH by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India · To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting :

WHEREAS We did by Royal Warrant under Our Sign Manual dated 28th December, 1914, institute and create a new Decoration entitled "The Military Cross" to be awarded to Officers of certain ranks in Our Army in recognition of distinguished and meritorious services in time of war ;

And whereas We are desirous that certain alterations should be made in the regulations governing the said Decoration, We do hereby ordain that the provisions of Our said Royal Warrant shall be cancelled, and that the following regulations shall be substituted in lieu thereof :—

Firstly : It is ordained that the Cross shall be designated "The Military Cross."

Secondly : It is ordained that The Military Cross shall consist of a Cross of Silver having on each arm tne Imperial Crown and bearing in the centre the Royal and Imperial Cipher.

Thirdly : It is ordained that no person shall be eligible for this decoration nor be nominated thereto unless he be a Captain, a Commissioned Officer of a lower grade, of a Warrant Officer Class I or Class II in Our Army, or Our Indian or Colonial Military Forces, and that the Millitary Cross shall be awarded only to Officers of the above ranks on a recommendation to Us by Our Principal Secretary of State for War.

Fourthly : It is ordained that Foreign Officers of an equivalent rank to those above mentioned, who have been associated in Military Operations with Our Army,

or Our Indian or Colonial Military Forces, shall be eligible for the award of The Military Cross.

Fifthly: It is ordained that anyone who, after having performed services for which the Military Cross is awarded, subsequently, performs an approved act of gallantry which, if he had not received the Cross, would have entitled him to it, shall be awarded a bar to be attached to the riband by which the Cross is suspended, and for every additional such act an additional bar may be added.

Sixthly: It is ordained that the names of those upon whom We may be pleased to confer this Decoration shall be published in *The London Gazette*, and that a Register thereof shall be kept in the Office of Our Principal Secretary of State for War.

Seventhly: It is ordained that the Military Cross shall be worn immediately after all Orders and before all Decorations and Medals (the Victoria Cross alone excepted), and shall be worn on the left breast pendent from a riband of one inch and three-eighths in width, which shall be in colour white with a purple stripe.

Eightly: It is ordained that the Military Cross shall not confer any individual precedence, but shall entitle the recipient to the addition after his name of the letters M.C.

Ninthly: It is ordained that any person whom by an especial Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual We declare to have forfeited the Military Cross shall return the said Decoration to the Office of Our Principal Secretary of State for War, and that his name shall be erased from the Register of those upon whom the said Decoration shall have been conferred.

Lastly: We reserve to Ourselves, Our heirs and successors full power of annulling, altering, abrogating, augmenting, interpreting, or dispensing with these Regulations, or any part thereof, by a notification under Our Royal Sign Manual.

Given at Our Court of St. James's, this 23rd day of August, 1916, in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

D. LLOYD GEORGE.

—

MEMORANDUM.

This Warrant is in substitution for the original Warrant of 28th December, 1914, and the Supplementary Warrant of 31st May, 1916. The insertion of the letters M.C. after the recipient's name, under Clause 8, will be carried out in the October Army List. 14-3

[*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 8th September, 1916.*]

At the Court at *Windsor Castle*, the 7th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT:

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Aliens Restriction (Consolidation) Order 1916 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Order), His Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred by the Aliens Restriction Act, 1914, has been pleased to impose restrictions on aliens, and to make various regulations for carrying these restrictions into effect;

And whereas the principal Order has been extended and amended by subsequent Orders in Council, and it is expedient further to amend the provisions of the principal Order in manner hereinafter appearing, —

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

The following article shall be inserted after article 22*a* of the principal Order :—

22*b*. As from and after the first day of October, 1916, a person shall not take steps to obtain the services for work other than munitions work in the United Kingdom of aliens or any alien not in the United Kingdom except with the permission in writing of the Board of Trade, and subject to such special or general conditions as the Board of Trade may impose.

15-3 ALMERIC FITZROY.

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(*Extract from the Second Supplement to the* LONDON GAZETTE *of the 25th August, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,
26th August, 1916.

ROYAL WARRANT INSTITUTING A BAR FOR THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER.

WHEREAS We are desirous of providing for the recognition of further distinguished services in the case of Officers who have been awarded the "Distinguished Service Order."

It is Our will and pleasure and we do hereby ordain that anyone who, after having performed services for which the Distinguished Service Order is awarded, subsequently performs an approved act of gallantry which, if he had not received the Order, would have entitled him to it, shall be awarded a Bar to be attached to the riband by which the Order is suspended, and for every additional such act an additional Bar may be added.

Given at Our Court at St. James's the 23rd day of August, 1916, in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

14-3 D. LLOYD GEORGE.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2256]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS at a meeting of the Corporation of the Vancouver Harbour Commissioners, held on 4th July, 1916, a new By-Law, No. 7*a*, was enacted, (copy attached); the purpose of the said By-Law being to extend the provisions of the Corporation's present By-Law No. 7, in order to clearly define certain necessary points that might arise from the operation of saidBy-Law No. 7;

And whereas the said by-law has been submitted to the Department of Justice for an opinion as to its legality and that Department has advised that they see no legal objection to its approval: and the Officer of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, who is entrusted with the inspection of the affairs of the various Harbour Commissions of Canada, reports that he has examined the said new by-law and recommends approval of its provisions, in which recommendation the Minister of Marine and Fisheries concurs,—

Therefore, His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to approve the accompanying By-law No. 7*a* of the Corporation of the Vancouver Harbour Commissioners, and the same is hereby approved accordingly.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

—

VANCOUVER HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS. VANCOUVER, B.C.

EXTRACT from the minutes of meeting held on the 4th July, 1916.

Resolved;

That the following be enacted and added to the By-laws as by-law No. 7*a*.

"7*a*. The signature of the secretary holding office at the date of execution of any debentures issued in pursuance of the Vancouver Harbour Commissioners Act and any amendments thereto may be engraved or lithographed upon the coupons attached to such debentures, and such engraved or lithographed signature shall be valid and binding upon the corporation notwithstanding that such person may not be secretary when the debentures are signed or certified or delivered."

Certified, 4th July, 1916.

(Sgd.) W. D. HARVIE,
14-2 Secretary.

[2107]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 8th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council of the 4th May, 1916, authority was granted for the reservation of certain lands comprising the Scott and Noon Creek drainage basins from homestead entry or sale, in order to prevent the possibility of the contamination of the waters of these creeks from which the city of Port Moody proposes to obtain its domestic water supply ;

And whereas it has since been shown that the schedule of lands accompanying the said Order in Council included certain areas which do not lie within the Scott or Noon Creek drainage basin and which it is therefore not necessary to withhold from homestead entry, sale or other disposition by the crown ;

And whereas the information now available shows that there are two small areas which lie within the drainage basin of the said creeks which areas might if not reserved cause the contamination of the waters of the said streams ;

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to order that the schedule of lands accompanying the above mentioned Order in Council shall be and the same is hereby amended by omitting therefrom Frl. Section 36, Township 39 west of the Coast Meridian, and the W. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Section 35, Township 4, Range 7, west of the 7th Meridian, and incorporating therein Frl. Section 36 and the E. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Section 35, both in Township 4, Range 7, west of the 7th Meridian.

RODOLPHE ROUDEAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

12–4

[The following Order in Council was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *25th September, 1916.*]

[2194]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 20th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Royal Highness the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the authority conferred by The War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to sanction and doth hereby sanction the Regulations, hereto appended, respecting aliens of enemy nationality.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

—

1. Every alien of enemy nationality residing or being in Canada who has no permanent place of residence or abode in Canada shall, within twenty days after the publication of these regulations in the *Canada Gazette*, attend upon the chief officer of police of the city, town, village, county or district in which such alien of enemy nationality resides or is and report to the said chief officer of police his name, age, place of residence, nationality and occupation, and truly answer all such questions as may be put to him by or on behalf of the said chief officer of police with regard to any of the matters aforesaid, or the causes or purposes of such alien of enemy nationality being within Canada.

2. The said chief officer of police shall, if satisfied that such alien of enemy nationality may, consistently with the public interest be suffered to remain at large, make out and deliver to such alien of enemy nationality a certificate of parole in the form set forth in the schedule hereto annexed, marked 'A.'

3. It shall be the duty of any alien of enemy nationality to whom is issued a certificate of parole as aforesaid to preserve the same carefully and carry it upon his person and to produce the same for inspection at any time when required by any peace or military officer.

4. An alien of enemy nationality to whom any certificate of parole shall have been issued shall not quit or depart from the city, town, village, county or district within which his certificate of parole was issued without first attending upon the chief officer of police who issued the same and declaring to him the cause or purpose of his desire to quit or depart from the city, town, village, county or district aforesaid, and the name of the place to which such alien of enemy nationality intends or desires to go, and he shall thereupon truly answer all such questions as may be put to him by or on behalf of the said officer of police touching all or any of the matters aforesaid.

5. The said chief officer of police shall, if satisfied that it is not contrary to the public interest that such alien of enemy nationality should be permitted to quit or depart from the city, town, village, county or district in which the certificate of parole was issued as aforesaid, endorse upon the said certificate of parole, in the form set forth in Schedule B hereto, notice to the effect that the said alien of enemy nationality has been duly granted permission to go to the place therein specified.

6. An alien of enemy nationality having so reported and obtained permission shall immediately upon arrival at his place of destination attend upon and report to the chief officer of police at the latter place.

7. An alien of enemy nationality having obtained a certificate of parole shall at regular intervals of one month thereafter attend upon and report to the chief officer of police who issued his certificate of parole, unless in the meantime he shall have obtained permission in manner aforesaid to remove or go to a place outside of the city, town, village, county or district within which his certificate of parole was issued; in which case he shall report at the same intervals to the chief officer of police of the place to which he has removed or gone.

8. In like manner, before any such alien of enemy nationality shall remove or go from any place at which he is for the time being obliged to report, he shall attend upon the chief officer of police for that place and report in manner aforesaid, and obtain an endorsement upon his certificate or parole in form and effect as hereinbefore required.

9. Any refusal, failure or neglect on the part of any alien of enemy nationality to observe, fulfil and comply with any requirement of these regulations shall constitute an offence punishable by summary conviction, under Part XIV of the Criminal Code, by the imposition of a penalty of imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or a fine not exceeding $500, or of both such imprisonment and fine ; and moreover any refusal, failure or neglect on the part of any alien of enemy nationality to whom a certificate of parole has been granted to produce and submit to reasonable inspection whenever required by any peace or military officer his certificate of parole shall constitute an offence punishable in like manner by the imposition of the like penalty.

10. The expression "chief officer of police" as used in these regulations, shall mean and include the chief officer of police, chief constable or principal peace officer of any municipality, and in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta, the North West Territories and the Yukon Territory, the principal officer of the Royal North West Mounted Police exercising authority in any district for which there is no municipal organization or municipal police officer, and shall include also the successor or representative in office of any such chief officer of police as herein defined. Provided that the said expression for the Cities of Montreal and Winnipeg respectively shall mean the Registrar of Alien Enemies.

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SCHEDULE A.

CERTIFICATE OF PAROLE.

This is to certify that.....
at present residing at.....,
a.....subject, of.....years
of age, weight about.....pounds ; complexion
....., is by law entitled and required to carry

this certificate upon his person and to produce it for reasonable inspection as may be required by any peace or military officer, and moreover to report monthly to the chief officer of police at....., and that he is subject to compliance with the requirements of the law entitled to be at liberty ; provided that he shall not remove or depart from..... .....without having this certificate duly endorsed.

Dated at.....this..... day of.....1916.

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SCHEDULE B.

ENDORSEMENT.

The within named..... is granted permission to remove to..... where he shall report immediately and at monthly intervals to the chief officer of police for that locality.

Dated at.....this.....day of.....1916. 14-2

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[The two following Orders in Council were first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *27th September, 1916.*]

[2221]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 20th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is deemed desirable to make provision for dealing with cases of injury by collision or otherwise to H. M. ships, through the design or negligence of masters of other ships, and for the detention and punishment of seamen engaged to serve on board any British ship belonging to or chartered or requisitioned by the Admiralty, who, by absenting themselves or otherwise, are delaying the sailing of their ships,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section six of The War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to make the regulations following and the same are hereby made and established accordingly :—

1. If any vessel causes any injury by collision or otherwise to any ship belonging to or engaged in the service of His Majesty or to any person on board such ship, or is so navigated or managed as to cause danger of collision with any ship belonging to or engaged in the service of His Majesty, the master or other person in charge of the vessel shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations, unless it is shown that such injury or danger of collision was not caused or contributed to by any failure on his part to keep or cause to be kept a proper lookout, or to observe or cause to be observed any of the regulations for preventing collisions at sea or any regulations relating to the navigation or mooring of ships in a harbour or the approaches thereto or any of these regulations, or to take or cause to be taken any precaution required by the ordinary practice of seamen or by the special circumstances of the case.

2. If a seaman lawfully engaged in accordance with The Merchant Shipping Acts, 1894 to 1914, or The Canada Shipping Act, to serve on board any British ship belonging to or chartered or requisitioned by the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom, or the commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom,

(*a*) Neglects or refuses without reasonable cause to join his ship, or to proceed to sea in his ship, or deserts or is absent without leave from his ship or from his duty at any time ; or

(*b*) Joins his ship in a state of drunkenness so that the performance of his duties or the navigation of his ship is thereby impeded ;

shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations.

(2.) The master, mate, or owner of the ship, or his agent, or any naval or militia officer, or any superintendent as defined by The Merchant Shipping Acts, 1894 to 1914, or The Canada Shipping Act, may, with or without the assistance of any police constable or other peace officer, convey on board his ship any seaman whom he has reason to believe to be guilty of an offence under paragraph (*a*) of this regulation.

(3.) Police constables and other peace officers shall render such assistance as may be required of them in arresting seamen and conveying them on board their ships under the provisions of this regulation.

(4.) The exercise of the powers conferred by this regulation shall not be subject to the restriction imposed by The Merchant Shipping Acts, 1894 to 1914, or The Canada Shipping Act, on the exercise of any similar powers conferred by those Acts.

3. Any person violating any of the provisions of the foregoing regulations shall be liable, upon summary conviction before two or more justices of the peace, to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

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[1873]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 5th day of August, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been found that the regulations made and established by Order in Council of 6th January, 1916, P.C. 3057, with the view to punishing and preventing the offence of absence without leave from the Active Militia and the Overseas Expeditionary Force, need amendment, therefore, the Governor General in Council is pleased to order that the said Order in Council shall be and the same is hereby cancelled.

The Governor General in Council, with the same purpose in view, and under and in virtue of the power conferred by section 6 of The War Measures Act, is further pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

1. Every man of the Active Militia of Canada, and every soldier of the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Forces who absents himself from the corps or unit to which he belongs without the leave of the commanding officer of such corps or unit, is guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction under the provisions of part XV of the Criminal Code to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding two years.

2. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Criminal Code, or any other Act or law, any justice of the peace, police or stipendiary magistrate shall have jurisdiction to hear, try and determine any charge of an offence of absence without leave, although the offence may have been committed or be charged to have been committed outside the territorial division in which such justice, police or stipendiary magistrate ordinarily has or exercises his jurisdiction.

3. The production of a service roll or attestation paper purporting to be signed by the accused and purporting to be an engagement by him to serve in the corps or unit from which he is charged with being absent without leave shall be sufficient proof that the accused was duly enlisted in the said corps or unit, and a written statement purporting to be signed by the officer commanding or administering a military district in Canada and stating that the accused is absent from the corps or unit to which he belongs, shall be *prima facie* proof that the accused is absent without leave from such corps or unit, and shall be sufficient to cast upon the accused the onus of proving that his absence from the corps or unit was duly authorized.

4. Nothing in these regulations shall in anywise limit or affect the right of the military authorities to proceed in respect of any such offence according to the provisions of military law, but a person accused shall not be subject to be tried both by a military tribunal and by a civil court for the same offence.

5. The military pay and allowance of any person who has been convicted of absence without leave from his corps or from the unit to which he belongs may be stopped to make good any loss, damage or destruction by him done or permitted to any arms, ammunition, equipment, clothing, instruments or regimental necessaries, the value of which the Minister of Militia and Defence has directed him to pay.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2285]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the trustees of the Good Hope Baptist Church of Keystone, of the Province of Alberta, for a grant for church purposes of 10 acres of land comprised in the N.E. corner of Legal Subdivision 8 of Section 15, Township 48, Range 4, west of the Fifth Meridian;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore, His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes 10 acres of land comprised in the N. E. Corner of Legal Subdivision 8 of Section 15, Township 48, Range 4, west of the Fifth Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the trustees of the Good Hope Baptist Church of Keystone, of the Province of Alberta, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2284]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of the Board of Management of the Church and Manse Building Fund of the Presbyterian Church in Canada for Manitoba and the North West for a grant for church purposes of one acre of land comprised in the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 31, Range 22, west of the Principal Meridian;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore, His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes one acre of land comprised in the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 31 Range 22, west of the Principal Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Board of Management of the Church and Manse Building Fund of the Presbyterian Church in Canada for Manitoba and the North West for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2195]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 19th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

HIS Royal Highness the Governor General in Council, in view of the present uncertain condition of the labour market in the Province of British Columbia, is pleased, pursuant to the authority conferred by subsection (*c*) of section 38 of The Immigration Act, 9-10 Edward VII, to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

From and after the 1st day of October, 1916, and until the 31st day of March, 1917, the landing at any port of entry in British Columbia, hereinafter specified, of any immigrant of any of the following classes or occupation, viz, artizans ; labourers, skilled and unskilled, is hereby prohibited.

The following ports of entry in British Columbia are hereby designated as the ports of entry at which this order shall apply :—

Vancouver,	Ganges Harbour,	Paterson,
Victoria,	Douglas,	Aldergrove,
New Westminster,	Gateway,	Rykerts,
Nanaimo,	Grand Forks,	Rossland,
Prince Rupert,	Huntingdon,	Stewart,
Port Simpson,	Kamloops,	Union Bay
Anyox,	Keremeos,	Upper Sumas,
Atlin,	Kingsgate,	Waneta,
Chilliwack,	Ladner,	Pacific Highway,
Bridesville,	Myncaster,	White Rock,
Chopaka,	Ladysmith,	Mission Junction,
Carson,	Midway,	Whales Island,
Cascade,	Steveston,	Newport,
Comox,	Chemainus,	Alberni.
Osoyoos,	Powell River,	White Pass.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2268]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 19th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. Frank A. Collins, Superintendent of School Lands, Winnipeg, has recommended that auction sales of School Lands be held in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta during the present autumn at the following points, namely :—Kamsack, Blaine Lake and Biggar in the Province of Saskatchewan, and at Provost, Sedgewick and Chinook in the Province of Alberta;

That before making any arrangements for these sales, the Premiers of Saskatchewan and Alberta were asked for an expression of their opinion as to the advisability of holding auction sales of School Lands in these Provinces during the present year;

That in reply a letter was received from the Provincial Treasurer of Saskatchewan stating that his Government was of the opinion that the present autumn would be an opportune time for holding sales of School Lands at Blaine Lake and Biggar in that Province;

That the Premier of Alberta has also expressed the concurrence of his Government in the proposed sales in the Province of Alberta,—

As the Minister is of opinion, in view of the representations made to him, that it would be in the interests of the School Lands Fund to hold auction sales of School Lands at points mentioned during the present autumn, he recommends that the authority of Council be given for that purpose. The lands will be inspected before the sales are held and will be offered at such upset prices as will safeguard the interests of the School Lands Endowment Fund. The sales will also be subject to the provisions of The Dominion Lands Act with respect to auction sales of School Lands.

Authority was given by Order in Council of the 12th February, 1916, for the holding of auction sales of School Lands in the Province of Manitoba at Rossburn, Glenella and Dauphin during the months of June and July last, when auction sales were also held at several points in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta, but as the inspections of the lands to be offered in Manitoba were greatly delayed owing to the lateness of the season, it was not found possible to offer the Manitoba School Lands at that time.

The Minister, therefore, recommends that authority be given for the sale of these lands at Rossburn, Glenella and Dauphin during the present autumn.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Clerk of the Privy Council

[2139]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 9th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council of the 22nd January, 1914, approval was given to General Train and Interlocking Rules for use on the Canadian Government Railways ;

And whereas, under date the 2nd September, 1916, the General Manager of Government Railways has advised that recent improvements in the apparatus of the Interlocking Block Signals make it necessary and advisable, in order to insure safety in train operation, that certain portions of the present Rules be cancelled, namely : Definitions and Indications under the heading "Automatic Block Signals," and Definitions and Indications under the heading " Interlocking Signals," and that the following be substituted in lieu thereof :—

AUTOMATIC BLOCK SIGNALS.

Definitions and Indications.

Block—A length of track of defined limits, the use of which by trains is controlled by block signals.

Block Signal—A fixed signal controlling the use of the block.

Home Block Signal—A fixed signal at the entrance of a block to control trains entering and using the block.

A semaphore arm standing horizontal indicates " stop ". When in this position at night a red light is displayed.

A semaphore arm 90 degrees above the horizontal indicates " proceed ". When in this position at night a green light is displayed.

Distant Block Signal.—A fixed signal used in connection with a Home Block Signal to regulate the approach thereto.

A semaphore arm standing 45 degrees above horizontal indicates " Proceed, prepared to stop at next signal." When in this position at night a yellow light is displayed.

A semaphore arm 90 degrees above the horizontal indicates " proceed." When in this position at night a green light is displayed.

The semaphore blade of an Automatic Block Signal has a pointed end which indicates a permissive or "stop and proceed" signal. The front is painted yellow with a black stripe, the back is painted black with a white stripe.

Marker Lights.—A lunar white light is used on automatic signals to indicate the shape of signal blade, and is placed six feet below the signal light. A marker light located vertically bebow the signal light indicates a square end blade ; when diagonally below signal light, it indicates a pointed blade.

Indicator—A device " usually employed in connection with a switch " used to show the position of a signal to which it refers. A miniature arm or disc is displayed which assumes the stop position when the home signal protecting the block is in stop position ; or a train is closely approaching it. At main track crossovers the indicators at the switch in each track relate to the signal protecting the block on the other track.

Automatic Block System—A series of consecutive blocks in which the signals are operated by electric, pneumatic or other agency actuated by a train or by certain conditions affecting the use of the block.

INTERLOCKING SIGNALS.

Definitions and Indications.

Interlocking—An arrangement of switch, lock and signal appliances so interconnected that their movements must succeed one another in a predetermined order.

Interlocking plant—An assemblage of switch, lock and signal appliances interlocked.

Interlocking station—A place from which an interlocking plant is operated.

Interlocking signals—The fixed signals of an interlocking plant.

Home signal—A fixed signal governing movements over a certain route or routes and located at a point where trains are required to stop when the route is not clear.

A semaphore arm standing horizontal indicates "stop." When in this position at night a red light is displayed.

A semaphore arm 60 degrees below or 90 degrees above the horizontal indicates "proceed." When in this position at night a green light is displayed.

Distant signal—A fixed signal used in connection with a home signal to regulate the approach thereto.

A semaphore arm standing at 45 degrees above horizontal indicates " Proceed, prepared to stop at next signal." When in this position at night a yellow light is displayed.

A semaphore arm 60 degrees below or 90 degrees above the horizontal indicates "proceed." When in this position at night a green light is displayed.

Dwarf signal—A low small signal of semaphore type, used as a home signal governing one or more diverging or unusual routes.

Pot Signal—A small revolving signal used to indicate the position of a switch or as a substitute for a dwarf signal.

Route—The course of way taken by a train passing from one point to another, especially a customary or predetermined course, or any one of several possible combinations of turnouts or crossovers by which the train will travel through an interlocking plant.

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to approve the Rules above set forth, and the said Rules are hereby approved and adopted in supercession of those portions above referred to of the Rules approved by the Order in Council of the 22nd January, 1914.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15-2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2312]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 28th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the Rural Municipality of Rosemount, No. 378, of the Province of Saskatchewan, for a grant for cemetery purposes of three acres of land comprised in N.W. corner of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 34, Township 37, Range 16, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for cemetery purposes three acres of land comprised in the N.W. corner of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 34, Township 37, Range 16, west of the Third Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Rural Municipality of Rosemount, No. 378, of the Province of Saskatchewan, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

Supplement No. 1 to
C.P. Ry., C.R.C. No. W. 1948.
Includes all Changes.

Advance.

Supplement No. 1 to
C. P. Ry. No. W. 3225.

Includes all changes.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
(Lines Port Arthur, Ont., and West thereof.)

STANDARD Mileage Freight Tariff applying between stations and ports of call on the Canadian Pacific Railway western lines, also on interchange traffic between stations and ports of call defined above and stations east of Port Arthur, Ont., to Sudbury, Ont.

To be applied in the absence of special tariffs quoting lower rates.

See application of rates on page 4 of tariff as amended.

Amend tariff as shown herein.

Subject to rules and conditions of original tariff.

Issued 12th September, 1916.

In compliance with the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, order No. 25327, dated Ottawa, 29th August, 1916.

W. B. LANIGAN,
Asst. Frt. Traf. Mgr. C.P. & E. & N. Rys.,
Winnipeg, Man.

Issued by R. G. HOLMES,
Chief of Tariff Bureau, C.P. Ry.,
Winnipeg, Man.

* Substitute the following for conflicting portion of page 4 of tariff :--

Section No. 2.
"B.C. LAKES" STANDARD
(See Rates.)

Applies locally between ports of call on the
Arrow Lake,
Slocan Lake,
Kootenay Lake,
Okanagan Lake,
Columbia River.

Will not apply where a rail haul intervenes.

* Advance account elimination of Trout Lake ports of call.

15-2

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 3rd October, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32022. "Jones System Locomotive and Air-Brake Charts. The Study of the Locomotive and Air-Brake. Simplified Westinghouse Air-Brake." Part I. (Book.) Fred C. Jones, Montreal, Que., 27th September, 1916.

32023. "The Army of the Empire." Words by Edward J. Judd. Music by Horace W. Harper. Edward J. Judd, Vancouver, British Columbia, 27th September, 1916.

32024. "Questionnaire sur "La Classe en Anglais." 2e année (Livre.) Les Clercs de St. Viateur, Outremont, Qué., 27 septembre 1916.

32025. Scarborough's New Map of Newfoundland." The Scarborough Company of Canada, Limited, Hamilton, Ont., 27th September, 1916.

32026. "The Bristish Columbia Reports. Being Reports of Cases Determined in the Court of Appeal, Supreme and County Courts and in Admiralty." By E. C. Senkler, K.C. Volume XXI. (Book.) The Law Society of British Columbia, Victoria, British Columbia, 27th September, 1916.

32027. "The Makers of Canada: Lord Syndenham." By Adam Shortt. (Book.) Makers of Canada (Morang) Limited, Toronto, Ont., 28th September, 1916.

32028. "The Makers of Canada: William Lyon Mackenzie." By Charles Lindsay. (Book.) Makers of Canada (Morang) Limited, Toronto, Ont., 28th September, 1916.

32029. "Les Rapaillages (Vieilles Choses, Vieilles Gens.)" Par L'Abbé Lionel Groulx. (Livre.) Rév. Lionel Groulx, Montréal, Qué., 28 septembre 1916.

32030. "Hatts Off to the Flag and the King." Words and Music by Will J. White. Arranged by Jules Brazil, Musgrave Bros., Toronto, Ont., 28th September, 1916.

32031. "Official Telephone Directory, Eastern Ontario." October, 1916. (Book.) The Bell Telephone Company of Canada, Limited, Montreal, Que., 29th September, 1916.

32032. "Ford Times." Canadian Edition, October, 1916. (Booklet.) Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, Ford, Ont., 29th September, 1916.

32033. "The Woman....Bless Her!—Not as Amiable a Book as it Sounds." (Temporary Copyright.) Marjory MacMurchy, Toronto, Ont., 30th September, 1916.

32034. "The School." Vol. V. No. 2. October, 1916. (Magazine.) W. J. Dunlop, Toronto, Ont., 30th September, 1916.

32035. 85th Overseas Battalion, 'N.S. Highlanders', Lt.-Col. E. C. Phinney, O.C." (Picture.) The MacLaughlin Motion Picture Co., Halifax, Nova Scotia, 30th September, 1916.

32036. "The Boys of the Maple Leaf." Words and Music by H. Adams. H. Adams, Moosejaw, Saskatchewan, 2nd October, 1916.

32037. "The New Canadian Hymnal." A Collection of Hymns. (Book.) William Briggs, Toronto, Ont., 2nd October, 1916.

32038. "The New Canadian Hymnal." A Collection of Hymns and Music. (Book.) William Briggs, Toronto, Ont., 2nd October, 1916.

32039. "The Canadian Magazine." October, 1916. (Book.) The Ontario Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont., 2nd October, 1916.

32040. "Inventor's Reference." 1916-1917. (Booklet.) A. E. Adams & Co., Toronto, Ont., 3rd October, 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHT.

1841. "Gathered Flowers." A Two Act Comedy in Five Scenes and an Epilogue. By J. Elizabeth Harris. (Drama.) Jennie Elizabeth Harris, Calgary, Alberta, 30th September, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
15-1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

Ottawa, 28th September, 1916.

SPECIAL FISHERIES REGULATIONS—PROVINCE OF ONTARIO—*(Amendment.)*

BY Order in Council P. O. 2274, 23rd September, 1916, the special fisheries regulations for the province of Ontario are amended as follows :—

"Subsection (*b*) of section 13 of the Special Fishery Regulations for the Province of Ontario, established by Order in Council of the 29th October, 1915, is hereby rescinded, and the following Regulation is hereby made and substituted in lieu thereof,—

"(*b*). In waters other than those of the Great Lakes, Georgian Bay, North Channel and connecting waters where commercial fishing with gill-nets is permitted, no one shall fish for, catch or kill any whitefish or salmon trout from the 5th day of October to the 30th day of November in each year, both days inclusive; provided that in that portion of the Bay of Quinte westward of a straight line drawn due south astronomic across the bay from Conway, in the county of Lennox, to the opposite shore in the county of Prince Edward, and in the waters of the Lake of the Woods, Rainy Lake, Namakan Lake and Lake LeCroix, no one shall fish for, catch or kill any whitefish or salmon-trout from the 1st to the 30th day of November in each year, both days inclusive." 15-2

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 29th September, 1916.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that by M. & F. Order No. 41 in 1916, dated 28th September, 1916, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act, has granted permission to change the name of the barge "Powell River, No. 1," of Vancouver, B.C., official number 130,701, owned by the Kingcome Navigation Company, Limited, of Vancouver, to that of "K. N., No. 1."

A. JOHNSTON,
15-2 Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 26th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Buffalo Volksfreund," a weeekly paper printed in the German language and published by the Buffalo Volksfreund Printing Company, 46-48 Broadway, Buffalo, N.Y., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such paper, or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
15–2 Deputy Postmaster General

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 27th September, 1916

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, "Der Staats Anzeiger," a weekly newspaper printed in the German language and published by the Bismarck Printing Co., Bismarck, N.D., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such paper or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment

R. M. COULTER,
15–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 27th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Dakota Freie Presse" and the "Neue Deutsche Presse," both issued weekly, printed in the German language and published by the Freie Press Printing Co., Aberdeen, S.D., are from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and are prohibited from circulation in Canada in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such papers or of any issues thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such papers shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
15–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of subsection 2 of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act, withdrawn Section 31, Township 62, Range 19, west of the 4th Meridian, from the operation of the provisions of The Dominion Lands Act, relating to homestead and pre-emption entry and entry by private sale, and has set the same apart as School Lands.

By Order,

LYNDWODE PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 23rd September, 1916. 14–4

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that general competitive examinations, under the direction of the Civil Service Commission of Canada, will be held on the 15th, 16th and 17th November, 1916, at Prince Rupert, Victoria, Vancouver, Nelson, Edmonton, Calgary, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon, Regina, Brandon, Winnipeg, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, London, Hamilton, Toronto, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Sherbrooke, Quebec, Fredericton, St. John, Moncton, Charlottetown, Yarmouth, Halifax and Sydney. Examinations may also be held at other centres, provided a sufficient number of candidates make application to write at any one place.

The examinations will have reference to the following permanent positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada, which will require to be filled during the period from the 1st January to the 30th June, 1917 :—

25 clerkships (for men) in Subdivision B of the Third Division. In the case of five of these clerkships, preference will be given to men who possess a knowledge of shorthand and typewriting.

30 clerkships (for women) in Subdivision B of the Third Division. In the case of twenty-five of these clerkships, candidates must be stenographers and typewriters.

The initial salary of positions in Subdivision B of the Third Division is $500, but in case the qualifications required for the performance of the duties of a position are of an exceptional character, a further sum, not to exceed $300 may be added to the initial salary by the Governor in Council.

Persons desiring to present themselves for any of the above examinations may obtain all necessary information, copies of the rules and regulations, and forms of application, from the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission, Ottawa, either on personal application or by writing.

Application forms of intending candidates, duly filled in and accompanied by the prescribed fee of $4, must be filed with the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission, Ottawa, on or before the 16th October next. No exception can or will be made to this rule.

N.B.—The usual competitive examination for positions in Subdivision B of the Second Division will not be held in November of this year, as the requirements of the Public Service do not render such an examination necessary.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 12th September, 1916. 12-4

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

OTTAWA, 22nd September, 1916.

British Columbia Fisheries Regulations:—Amendments, authorized by Order in Council P.C. 2213.

UNDER and in virtue of the provisions of section 45 of The Fisheries Act, 4-5 George V, chapter 8, the following amendments to the British Columbia Fisheries Regulations have been approved.

1. For the present year only, subsection 7, of section 16 of the Special Fishery Regulations for the Province of British Columbia, adopted by Order in Council of the 9th February, 1915, is amended so as to allow the use of $5\frac{3}{4}$ inch mesh nets in the Fraser river until the 31st of October, 1916, inclusive.

2. Section 20 of the said regulations is amended for the present year (1916) only, so as to provide a weekly close time for salmon fishing in the Fraser river from Friday at midnight to Monday at 6 a.m. 14-2

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 19th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 413 has this day been issued to the Insurance Company of North America authorizing it to transact in Canada the business of explosion insurance in addition to the classes for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
14-4 Superintendent of Insurance.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 19th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 415 has this day been issued to The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Limited, authorizing it to transact in Canada the business of burglary insurance and automobile insurance in addition to the classes for which it is already licensed

G. D. FINLAYSON,
14-4 Superintendent of Insurance.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the provision of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act the Minister of Marine and Fisheries by M. & F. Order No. 40/1916, dated 26th September, 1916, has granted permission to change the name of the steamer "St. Joseph," which has been purchased from foreigners, to that of "Frank B. Stevens."

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister of Marine.
Ottawa, 27th September, 1916. 14-2

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

LIST of successful candidates at a Special Preliminary Examination for the Outside Division of the Civil Service of Canada (for returned soldiers), held at Calgary, Alta, on the 27th September, 1916.

IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER:

Allen, William Patterson.
Barnett, William Harold.
Gerrish, Henry.
King, William Henry.
Lewis, Albert John.
Montgomery, D. Gerald.
Northfield, Thomas W.
Wherry, Frank A.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 2nd October, 1916. 15-1

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada:—

One technical clerk for temporary employment in the Topographical Surveys Branch of the Department of the Interior, at a salary at the rate of $1,300 per annum. Applications will be considered from graduates in applied science or honour mathematics of some recognized university, or those who have passed the final examination for Dominion Land Surveyors or an equivalent examination.

The temporary employment referred to in the above paragraph cannot, under the provisions of The Civil Service Amendment Act, 1908, continue for a longer period than six months in a fiscal year, but it is the intention of the Department to recommend the successful candidate for permanent appointment at the expiration of his term of temporary employment if his services are found satisfactory, and if a vacancy then exists.

A Research Chemist in the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Subdivision B of the First Division, initial salary $2,100 per annum. Candidates must be thoroughly competent research chemists, preferably those who have had experience with fuels, capable of carrying out research investigations in organic chemistry. They must be graduates of three years' standing of a recognized university, and have specialized in chemistry or chemical engineering during and since their academic career. It is necessary that the person to be appointed should have a reading knowledge of French and German, and be able to apply the principles of physical chemistry to the problems to be investigated. All candidates should submit copies of any papers which they may have published.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 23rd day of October next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission Ottawa.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 28th September, 1916. 14-4

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada:—

Two temporary draughtsmen to be employed in Subdivision B of the Second Division in the Hydrographic Survey Branch of the Department of the Naval Service at a salary at the rate of $1,200 per annum, to be made permanent from the 1st April, 1917, if their services prove satisfactory. Applicants should be able to do ordinary drafting and be particularly neat at lettering and figuring, as the work to be done is in connection with the production of charts.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 9th day of October next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, September 13, 1916. 12-4

DOMINION LANDS SURVEYS ACT.

IN accordance with the provision of section 58 of The Dominion Lands Surveys Act, public notice is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has received a petition from owners of lands or from persons holding lands as homesteads in Township forty-five, Range two, west of the Third Meridian, representing that the monuments of the original survey of the said township have disappeared, and requesting that a resurvey be ordered.

Any person who claims to know the position of one or more of the survey monuments defining the lands to be resurveyed, or to be in possession of information whereby the position of such monuments can be established, is hereby requested to give notice thereof by registered letter addressed to the Minister of the Interior on or before the 31st October, 1916.

E. DEVILLE,
Surveyor general of Dominion Lands.
Ottawa, 12th September, 1916. 13-4

D'Allaird Manufacturing Compaay, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of September, 1916. incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan, stenographer, Michael Joseph O'Brien and Herbert William Jackson, clerks, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of manufacturers, traders and dealers in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandisè ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, import, export, traffic and deal in all manner and kinds of shirt waists, dresses, whitewear, underwear, shirts, collars, haberdashers' supplies, silks, cottons, laces and piece goods generally, men's, women's and children's clothing and wearing apparel generally of every description and all other articles and things capable of being used in connection with the manufacture and sale of the same ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire, take over and carry on as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and elsewhere, under the firm name and style of D'Allaird Mfg. Co., and all or any of the assets and liabilities owned or used in connection therewith and good-will thereof, and to pay for the same in paid-up shares of this company ;

(*e*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding anything under section 44 of The Companies Act, to use any of the funds of the company for the purchase or acquisition of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities issued by any person, firm or corporation whatsoever ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire movable or immovable, real or personal property of any kind and nature that may be deemed suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) To lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit and in particular for the shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*j*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*k*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, manufacturers or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*l*) Generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "D'Allaird Mfg. Co., Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14–2 Under-Secretary of State

American Transit Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of September, 1916, incorporating Antony Ignatius McKinley, barrister, Francis Peart Dawson and Basil Arnot Ramsay, students-at-law, and Muriel Grace Proctor and Anna Isabel Kennedy, stenographers, all of the City of Sarnia, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, take in exchange or otherwise acquire and hold ships and vessels of any description, or any shares or interests in any such ships or vessels, and also shares, stock and securities of any company or companies interested in ships or vessels, and also to build, charter or freight any ships or vessels or otherwise provide for the conveyance of goods, wares and merchandise, and to charge rates therefor, and to employ ships and vessels for the purpose of carrying goods, wares and merchandise and to charge rates therefor, and generally to carry on business as ship owners ;

(*b*) To acquire, purchase, take on lease or license, hire, hold, use, sell, grant leases of, grant licenses of, exchange, alienate, dispose of or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to lands or interests in land, personal property of all kinds or interests therein, rights, privileges, licenses and concessions, whether in pursuance of the above objects of the company or otherwise, and for such consideration as the directors may think fit, and in particular for shares, stock, debentures or securities of any other partnership, association or company ;

(*c*) To manufacture and deal in appliances, implements, machinery, apparatus, goods and supplies in any way connected with or incidental to the operations of the company ;

(*d*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate works for the development of power and light ; to use, purchase, sell, lease or otherwise deal in power and light, provided, however, that any sale or transmission of power or light beyond the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations ;

(*e*) To acquire or undertake and carry on the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, partnership, association or company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or possessed of property which may seem to the directors suitable or desirable for the purposes of the company or carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or which may seem to the directors capable of being conveniently or advantageously carried on in connection with the business of the company, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or to facilitate the realization of or to render more profitable any of the company's businesses, property, assets or rights ;

(*f*) To promote, form, organize, manage and assist financially or otherwise and to acquire and hold, shares or interests in any subsidiary, allied or other company or companies, syndicates, partnerships and associations for any purpose, whether for acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or otherwise, or for any other purpose which may seem to the directors directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*g*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other corporation or comyany having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company and to enter into

and carry out all arrangements, contracts or agreements necessary, convenient or incidental to such consolidation or amalgamation;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits or expense, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person, partnership, association or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction which may seem to the directors capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person, partnership, association or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such partnership, association or company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To co-operate in, aid in, subscribe towards or subsidize any proceeding or undertaking which may seem to the directors calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To furnish aid to any business or undertaking by way of bonus, loan, endorsement, agreement, guarantee, management or other service, and to manage, supervise and control the same in whole or in part and to act as agent or attorney for the same ;

(*k*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*l*) To subscribe for, purchase, assume liability under, acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to, bonds, debentures, stocks or other securities or obligations or any estate or interest therein, and in such investments as may from time to time be determined upon, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*m*) To accept in payment of or in security for any debts due or owing to the company the stock, shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, evidence of indebtedness or other securities, property or assets of any other corportion or company, and, notwithstanding the provision of section 44 of the Dominion Companies Act, to use any of the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, funds or assets of the company to purchase by subscription or otherwise, and to acquire and take the shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, evidences of indebtedness or other securities, property or assets of any other corporation or company, and to hold as an investment, sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of any shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, evidences of indebtedness or other securities, property or assets of or in other corporation or company, and while holding such shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, evidence of indebtedness or other securities, property or assets, to exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof, including the right to vote thereon through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to distribute such or any part of such shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, evidences of indebtedness or other security, property or assets respectively of such other corporation or company in kind or specie upon a division of profits or distribution of capital among the shareholders ;

(*n*) To exchange shares of stock, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, evidences of indebtedness or other security, property or assets of any other corporation or corporations, company or companies having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company or having business relations with the company with which at any time or times the company may enter into partnership, unite, consolidate or amalgamate, or which the company may acquire or become a shareholder in, or otherwise become connected or associated with in any manner whatsoever under any of its charter rights or power upon such basis of exchange and in such manner and in accordance with such method and generally upon such terms and conditions as the directors of the company shall determine in each particular instance ;

(*o*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to protect, prolong and renew, patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like conferring or relating to any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem to the directors capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired, and to spend money in experimenting with and testing and in improving or seeking to improve any patents, inventions, formulæ, rights or information which the company may acquire or purposes or contemplates acquiring;

(*p*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, right or privilege which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant, and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*q*) To enter into any arrangement with any government or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions, which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*r*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company or of its predecessors in business or of any person, partnership, association or company allied with the company in business or subsidiary to the company or in which the company holds shares or securities, or to benefit the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*s*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*t*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country and to designate and appoint persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company with full power to represent the company in all matters according to the law of such province or of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*u*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization thereof,and the expenses of and incidental to proceedings taken under either of the last two preceeding clauses ;

(*v*) To employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*w*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*x*) To do all such other things as may seem to the directors directly or indirectly to be incidental or conducive to or convenient or proper for the accomplishment of the purposes or the attainment of the objects of the company, or any of them, or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company ;

(*y*) No power granted in any paragraph or sub-paragraph hereof shall be limited or restricted by reference

to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "American Transit Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Sarnia, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14-2 Under-Secretary of State

The Trusts Buildings, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of September, 1916, incorporating John Craig Stewart, barrister-at-law, Reginald Lancaster Pattison and William George Ryan, oil and gas operators, and Bessie Evelyn Daniels and Grace Alberta Jackson, stenographers, all of the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise, land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure or description and any estate or interest therein and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise encumber or dispose of, upon such terms as may seem desirable, the whole or any portion of such lands or other assets and all or any of the buildings or structures that are now or may hereafter be erected thereon ;

(*b*) To prepare building sites and to construct, reconstruct, alter, improve, own, operate, decorate, furnish and maintain offices, apartments, flats, houses, factories, warehouses, shops, gravel or sand pits, clay or mineral deposits, sewer or other underground works, pavements, buildings, works and conveniences of all kinds on any such lands or on lands owned by others and to consolidate, connect or subdivide properties or to act as agents for others in any of the foregoing matters ;

(*c*) To take and hold mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase money on any of the lands, buildings or structures so sold and to sell or otherwise dispose of the said mortgages ;

(*d*) To purchase for investment or as agent for others to acquire, exchange or otherwise deal in shares, stocks, debentures and bonds of other corporations carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined;

(*e*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee and otherwise assist in the performance of contracts or mortgages of persons, firms or corporations with which the company may have dealings and to assume and take over such mortgages or contracts on default ;

(*f*) To quarry, manufacture, deal in and sell all kinds of stone ;

(*g*) To manufacture, deal in and sell all kinds of lumber, brick, cement and building materials ;

(*h*) To manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell, assign, transfer, invest, trade and deal in, contractors' supplies and appliances, of every class and description ;

(*i*) To manufacture, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire machinery and any and all apparatus and tools necessary or useful in connection with the business of the company, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*j*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*k*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*l*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*m*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*n*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*o*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*p*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*q*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*r*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*s*) Subject to section 5 of The Companies Act, R.S.C. 1906, chapter 79, to construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*t*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*u*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*v*) To obtain any provisional order or Act of Parliament to enable the company to carry any of its business into effect or for effecting any modification of the company's constitution or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceeding or application which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the company's inter-

ests, and to procure the company to be registered or recognized in any foreign country or place ;

(*w*) To adopt such means of making known the undertakings of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*x*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*y*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Trusts Buildings, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

14–2

Witts, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of September, 1916, incorporating Arthur Abbott and Frank Ernest Abbott, merchants, Thomas Davidson Wardlaw, manufacturers' agent, and Edith Fletcher Abbott and Clara Barker Abbott, married women, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, deal in, import and export artificial flowers and goods appertaining to the millinery and fancy goods trade, and also to buy, sell and deal in the raw materials used in the manufacture of the foregoing ;

(*b*) To carry on such other business as may be conveniently carried on in conjunction with such business ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease, or other legal title, either for money or fully paid shares of its capital stock, or its securities, any real estate necessary or useful for the carrying on of the business of the company, and to lease, sell or otherwise dispose of its real estate holdings, and to construct, operate and maintain buildings, warehouses, factories and other works for the carrying on of its said business ;

(*d*) To acquire as a going concern the rights, property, good-will and assets of any individual, firm, association or corporation having objects in whole or in part similar to those of the company, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in cash or bonds of the company, or in part or full payment thereof to allot and issue, as fully paid-up and non-assessable, shares of the capital of the company ;

(*e*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the property, assets, rights, undertakings or good-will of the company, and to accept payment therefor wholly or partly in cash, bonds, stocks or other securities in any corporation or company ;

(*f*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or process, and to turn to account, sell, lease or otherwise deal in such patents, licenses or concessions ;

(*g*) To acquire and hold, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the stock, shares, securities or undertakings of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the power of this company, or to transfer its undertakings or assets to or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*i*) To guarantee and give security for, and to become responsible for the payment of, promissory notes, bills of exchange, accounts or other obligations of any kind whatsoever of any other corporation, firm or individual with whom the company has business dealings ;

(*j*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise ;

(*k*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the above objects and so that the objects specified in each paragraph of the clause shall, except when otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or to or from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Witts, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

14–2

C. F. Cole Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of September, 1916, incorporating James Steller Lovell and Charles Delamere Magee, accountants, William Bain, bookkeeper, and Robert Gowans and John Joseph Dashwood, solicitors' clerks, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell and deal in all kinds of drawing and engineering instruments, supplies and scientific instruments ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*e*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*f*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*g*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*h*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*i*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*j*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the due carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "C. F. Cole Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Felsen Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of September, 1916, incorporating Louis Athanase David, Joseph Sinai Lamarre and Segfried Hinson Read Bush, advocates, Edward Charles Baker, accountant, and Benjamin Robinson, student, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers of clothing and wearing apparel of all kinds, of manufacturers of and dealers in clothing, blouses, costumes, fabrics, of importers and exporters and wholesale and retail merchants of fabrics and dress goods of all kinds, of fashions, trimmings and all personal and wearing articles and objects in general, and manufactured materials ; to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in all kinds of dry goods, silks, linen, trimmings and other goods, wares and merchandise in all states and conditions of manufacture and to make the same available by all processes for the use and benefit of the company, and to carry on business, both wholesale and retail, as general dry goods merchants, drapers, haberdashers, milliners, dressmakers, tailors, furriers, lacemen, clothiers, hosiers, glovers, hatters and general outfitters ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, the whole or any part of the business of any other person, company, firm or corporation, having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company ;

(*c*) To purchase and otherwise acquire and obtain provisional or other protection and licenses in respect to any invention or alleged invention, patents, trade marks or names, designs, copyrights, schemes, ideas, secret or other processes and the like, which may appear likely to be advantageous or essential to the company, and to test, develop, prolong, renew, exercise, use, vend, grant exclusive or other licenses in respect to or otherwise deal with all or any of the same ;

(*d*) To invest any of the moneys of the company in or upon such investment or securities as may from time to time be deemed expedient, and to lend or advance moneys to, guarantee the contract or engagement of, become surety for and financially assist any person, firm, company or corporation having dealings with this company ;

(*e*) To apply for, subscribe for, accept, hold, underwrite, deal in and place or guarantee the placing of any shares, script, stock, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or securities of any company or corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*f*) To sell, transfer or dispose of the whole of any part of the business or undertaking of this company to any other company or to any other person, firm or corporation, and to accept by way of consideration for any such sale, transfer or disposal, any shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or securities of any other company carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company ;

(*g*) To distribute among the members of the company in kind any shares, debentures, securities or property belonging to the company ;

(*h*) To act as agents for any company, partnership or person carrying on a similar business ;

(*i*) To pay for any services rendered to, any property or rights acquired by the company, in such manner as may be deemed expedient, and in particular, with the approval of the shareholders, by the issue of the shares or securities of the company, credited as fully paid up or partly paid up or otherwise ;

(*j*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either separately or in conjunction with others.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Felsen Co., Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Western Power Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of September, 1906, incorporating Charles Macpherson Holt and Alexandre Chase-Casgrain, both of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, Errol Malcolm McDougall and Pierre François Casgrain, advocates, John Buchanan Henderson, clerk, John Alden Aylen, student-at-law, and Florence Ellen Seymour, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire the undertaking, franchises, business, contracts, property and other assets of Western Canada Power Company, Limited, a company duly incorporated under the provisions of the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada (1906), known as The Companies Act by letters patent date 14th May, 1909 ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of an electric light, heat and power company, in all its branches, and generally to provide, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to construct, lay down, erect, establish, operate, maintain and carry out, all necessary works, stations, engines, machinery, plant, cables, wires, works, lines, generators, accumulators, lamps, meters, transformers and apparatus connected with the generation, accumulation, distribution, transmission, supply, use and employment of electric energy ; and to generate, accumulate and distribute electric energy for the supply of electric light, heat and motive power, and for industrial or other purposes ; and, subject to all legislative or municipal regulations in that behalf, to undertake and enter into contracts and agreements for the lighting of cities, towns, streets, buildings and other places, and for the supply of electric light, heat and motive power for any or all public or private purposes ;

(*c*) To make, build, construct, erect, lay down and maintain reservoirs, waterworks, cisterns, dams, canals, tunnels, culverts, flumes, conduits, pipes and appliances ; and to execute and do all other works and things necessary or convenient for the obtaining, storing, selling, delivering, measuring and distributing

water for the creation, maintenance or development of hydraulic, electrical or other mechanical power, or for irrigating lands, or for any other purpose of the company ;

(*d*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage carry out, purchase, lease or control, any roads, ways, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences, which may seem calculated to advance the company's interest, and to equip, maintain and operate by electric, hydraulic or other mechanical power, all works belonging to the company or in which the company may be interested, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*e*) From time to time to apply for, purchase or acquire by enactment, grant, assignment, transfer, lease or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy, any concession, franchise, right, privilege or power relating to the generation, accumulation, development, distribution, supply, use and employment of electric energy, water powers or waters, which any government or public authority, federal, provincial, municipal or local or any corporation or other public body may, under or by virtue of any act, statute, ordinance, license or power, be lawfully empowered or authorized to enact, make or grant, and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's stock, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*f*) To apply for or purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit this company ; and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, interest or information so acquired ;

(*g*) To establish, maintain and operate for the use of the company, its employees, tenants and others, a fire protection service, water service, electric light and gas service, and to make such contracts with respect to the same as may be found advisable or necessary ; provided, however, that any sale, distribution or transmission of gas, electricity, light or power shall be subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*h*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to use any of the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, or the funds of the company, to purchase or otherwise acquire, and to take and hold or sell, the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of or in any other similar company or corporation, and to guarantee payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds and debentures, or the dividends upon the shares of any similar company or corporation, and to promote any company or corporation having objects similar to those of this company, and while holding the same to exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof, including the voting powers thereof ;

(*i*) To purchaae, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, exercise and enjoy, all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on or formed for carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash, or, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*j*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*k*) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment of any property, real, personal, movable, immovable or mixed, and any of the rights and concessions purchased or acquired by the company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, issue or re-issue the same, with or without guarantee of principal and interest, or otherwise to deal with or to dispose of the same ;

(*m*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of heing conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company, or calculated to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*n*) To sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of, the property, rights, franchises and undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, bonds, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*o*) The directors may, and they are hereby authorized from time to time, to use any of the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, or the funds of the company to purchase or otherwise acquire, and to take, hold and sell the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of or in any other similar company or corporation, and to guarantee payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds and debentures, or the dividends upon the shares of any similar company or corporation, and to promote any company or corporation having objects similar to those of this company, and while holding the same to exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof, including the voting powers thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be licensed, registered or otherwise recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company with power to represent the company in all matters according to the laws of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*r*) To make cash advances to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such person ;

(*s*) To remunerate by payment in cash, and, with the approval of the shareholders, in stock, bonds or in any other manner, any person or persons or corporation or corporations for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to be place, or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of stock of the company, or any bonds or debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the conduct of its business ;

(*t*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*v*) To do all or any of the above things in Canada or elsewhere, and as principals, agents or attorneys ;

(*w*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes;

(*x*) The business or purpose of the company is from time to time to do any one or more of the acts and

things herein set forth, and it may conduct its business in any Province or Territory of the Dominion of Canada, or in foreign countries, and may have one office or more than one office and keep the books of the company in any place in which the company may do business, although outside of the Dominion of Canada, except as otherwise may be provided by law.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Western Power Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of ten million dollars, divided into 100,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 28th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Aetna Development Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of September, 1916, incorporating George Vipond Cousins, Nathaniel Rennie Currie and Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, advocates, Darley Burley-Smith, manager, and Dorothy Dance, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, either for investment or re-sale, and to hold, either absolutely as owner or otherwise, and to sell on such terms and conditions as the company may deem expedient, and to traffic in, land, houses and other property of whatsoever tenure, and any interest therein, and to create, sell and deal in freehold and leasehold ground rents and generally to deal and traffic by way of sale, lease, exchange or otherwise, in land and house property and any other property, whether real or personal ; to carry on a general real estate agency business, including the undertaking of investigations, valuations, sales, exchanges, leases, subdivisions and the like ;

(*b*) To develop and turn to account any land acquired by or in which the company is interested, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for building purposes or otherwise, and by constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, furnishing, fitting up and improving buildings, and by planting, paving, draining, farming, cultivating, letting on business lease or business agreement, and by advancing money to and entering into contracts and arrangements of all kinds with builders, contractors, tenants or others ;

(*c*) To construct, erect, build, repair and alter buildings and other structures, and to buy, sell and deal in buildings of all kinds and descriptions and in stone, lime, sand, bricks, timber, hardware and other building requisites ;

(*d*) To make and to enter into any agreement or covenant for paving, macadamizing, grading, cleaning or watering streets or highways, and for the construction, opening and repairing of conduits, cisterns, drains, sewers or streets ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, or to undertake the whole or any part of the business, property or liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of this company, and to pay for the same either in whole or in part in the bonds, debentures, fully paid-up shares or other securities of the company ;

(*f*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, or to take the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company carrying on or about to carry on or engage in any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To issue and allot fully paid shares of the company in payment or part payment of any business, franchise, undertaking, property, right, power, privilege, lease, license, or contract, which the company is authorized to acquire ;

(*h*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may see fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or securities of any other company ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any government, municipal or local authority, or with any person or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to guarantee the contracts of, either with or without security, and to lend money to, or otherwise assist, any such person or company, or any person or company undertaking to build on or improve any property in which the company is interested, and generally to such person or company and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit and in particular to tenants, builders and contractors ;

(*j*) To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, shares, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations or other securities of any company or undertading having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, federal, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise,that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them ;

(*l*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*m*) To distribute any of the property of the company in specie among its shareholders ;

(*n*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or attorneys ;

(*o*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any of the above objects;

(*p*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph hereof or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Aetna Development Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 28th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY
14-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The F. E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of September, 1916, incorporating George Vipond Cousins and Nathaniel Rennie Curry, advocates, Frederick Everett Partridge and Vincent Cooke, manufacturers, and Dorothy Dance, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in rubber, rubber products and all articles of whatsoever nature made of rubber or in the manufacture of which rubber is or can be used ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange or otherwise, and to construct, erect, operate, own, maintain, enjoy and manage and to lease, sell or otherwise dispose of all factories and shops, storehouses, depots, yards, machine shops, engine houses, railway spurs and

other structures and buildings necessary or expedient for the carrying on of the business of the company and all other property, whether movable or immovable, real or personal, corporeal or incorporeal, contracts, concessions, franchises, undertakings, benefits, rights and privileges necessary, useful or expedient for the carrying on of any of the businesses which the company is authorized to carry on and to pay for such property, movable or immovable, contracts, concessions, privileges, rights and benefits or for the procuring therefor either wholly or partly in bonds, debentures, fully paid and non-assessable shares, whether common or preferred, or in any other securities of the company ;

(*c*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or license on royalty or otherwise, and to acquire and hold, use, own, operate, enjoy and introduce, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of, any trade marks, trade names, patents of invention, improvements and processes, under registration or otherwise, useful to the business of the company, and to use, exercise develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account any such trade marks, trade names and inventions, licenses, processes and the like or any such other property or rights ;

(*d*) To enter into any arrangement with any authorities, sovereign, municipal, local or otherwise, or with any company, partnership or person, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authorities any rights, privileges, concessions, contracts or guarantees, which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, contracts and concessions, and to pay for any such contract, or for the procuring thereof, either wholly or partly in cash or either wholly or partly in the fully paid shares of the company, or in bonds, debentures, undertakings or other securities of the company ;

(*e*) To develop and operate any water power or water powers and to generate, produce and accumulate electric and electro-motive force or other similar agency for the production of light, heat or power, for the purpose of the company, with power to sell or otherwise dispose of any excess not required, and to supply the same for light, heat or power purposes to any person or corporation on such terms as may be agreed upon, provided that the powers mentioned in this paragraph, when exercised outside the property of the company, shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*f*) To carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may be carried on in connection with the purposes of the company, or which may be beneficial or profitable to the company ;

(*g*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase and acquire and to own, hold, sell and re-issue the shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any company or corporation, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, and to guarantee payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities and to manage and to operate and carry on as manager the property, franchises, undertaking and business of any corporation any of those shares, bonds, debentures or other securities are held by the company, for such remuneration as the directors may think fit ;

(*h*) To issue and allot, as fully paid up, shares of the capital stock of the company in full payment or part payment of any property, real, personal, movable, immovable or mixed, and of any rights, contracts, privileges, benefits or concessions purchased or acquired by the company ;

(*i*) To promote or assist in promoting and to become a shareholder in any company carrying or or about to carry on or authorized to carry on or having for its objects the operation of any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company, and to enter into arrangements for sharing profits, union of interest, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions, or otherwise, with such person or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of such company and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in shares, bonds or other securities of the company, and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends, or otherwise to deal with the same ;

(*j*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and assume the liabilities of any person, firm or company indebted to the company, or transacting any business similar to that conducted by the company, and to pay for the same in cash or in fully paid shares or securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*k*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, the whole or any part of the property, franchises, rights, undertaking and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares. bonds or other securities of the company ;

(*l*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, contracts, franchises and undertakings of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the directors may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act;

(*m*) To distribute in specie or kind or otherwise as may be resolved by the directors of the company any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*n*) To accept in payment of any debt to the company, stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company ;

(*o*) To make cash advances to any person, corporations or companies dealing with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such person ;

(*p*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, exercise and enjoy, all or any of the property, contracts, franchises, good-will, rights, powers, benefits and privileges, held, owned or enjoyed by any person or firm or by any company or companies or corporation or corporations carrying on or authorized to carry on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm, corporation or company, and to pay for such property, contracts, franchises, good-will, rights, powers, benefits and privileges, either wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in fully paid-up and non-assessable shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*q*) To aid in any manner any corporation any of whose shares or capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held by or are in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations, and to do any and all acts and things tending or likely to increase the value of any of the property, movable or immovable, real or personal, at any time held or controlled by this company :

(*r*) To invest and deal with the moneys or properties of the company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined by the directors ;

(*s*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof or by reference to or inference from the name of the company ;

(*t*) To remunerate by payment in cash, stock, bonds, or any other manner, any person or persons, or corporation or corporations, for services rendered in placing or in assisting to place, or in guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of stock, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the procuring or conduct of any business which the company is authorized to carry on.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The F.E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 1,250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Tip-it Welding Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of September, 1916, incorporating Henry Weinfield, Marcus Meyer Sperber, Jacob Yale Fortier and Abraham Wilfrid Muhlstock, advocates, and Florence Varney, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, trade and deal in, any or all kinds of engineers' hardware, railway, marine, contractors', millers', builders' and machinists' supplies, and in engines, machines and appliances of any nature or kind whatsoever, in connection with said purposes, or in any way relating thereto ;

(*b*) To manufacture, produce, buy and sell, import and export, wholesale and retail, all kinds of steel, copper and iron products of every kind and description and raw material used therein, and any machine, tool or appliances used in the manufacture thereof, and any fixture, packing label and advertising device, used or useful in the marketing of any of the above articles, and to deal in the same generally as principal or agent ;

(*c*) To build, hold, maintain and operate all stock and plant, machinery and appliances necessary for the proper carrying on of the company's undertakings ;

(*d*) To act as agents for traders, dealers and manufacturers of any goods, wares or merchandise ;

(*e*) To acquire and take over, either as a going concern or otherwise, the business undertakings, assets and liabilities of any individual, firm or corporation carrying on a similar business or a business incidental to that of this company, and to pay for the same either wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of this company ;

(*f*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property or liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*g*) To enter into any contract with any person or company for services to be rendered by such person or company and to pay for such contract or service in cash or, with the approval of the shareholders, in fully paid-up shares of this company, or partly in cash and partly in fully paid-up shares of this company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any trade marks, patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of this company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise to turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant and stock in trade ;

(*j*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act ;

(*k*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company ;

(*l*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs and expenses of and incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*o*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Tip-it Welding Company, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14–2 Under Secretary of State.

Brunner Mond Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of September, 1916, incorporating James Steller Lovell, Charles Delamere Magee and Ernest Harold Stewart, accountants, Robert Gowans, solicitor's clerk, William Bain, bookkeeper, Olga Vera Fletcher, clerk, and Louise Adelaide Landy, stenographer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) In the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere in any British Country, Province or Colony, to manufacture, recover or produce, by the ammonia soda process, or by any other process, buy, sell and otherwise deal in and deal with carbonate of soda or soda ash, caustic soda, bicarbonate of soda, soda crystals or other crystalline forms of alkali and all salts of soda in whatever form ; potash and all forms of potassium, including all its salts ; chlorine and all compounds containing chlorine ;

(*b*) For the purpose of supplying the needs of the company in connection with its manufacture, recovery or production of the articles named in paragraph (*a*) or any of them, to manufacture, recover or produce salt or brine, ammonia and forms and salts of ammonia and coke and charcoal and products resulting from the distillation or combustion of coal or wood ; and also to sell or dispose of any surplus ammonia and forms and salts of ammonia, or surplus coke, charcoal and products resulting from the distillation or combustion of coal or wood, which may be manufactured or produced by the company in any plant or plants operated by it for the above-named purpose, and which may not be needed for that purpose ; and also to manufacture, extract, save, develop, refine, combine and otherwise produce or prepare the by-products resulting from the above-named manufactures or any of them, and to sell any and all articles so manufactured or produced ;

(*c*) For the purpose of supplying the needs of the company's business as set out in parapraph (*a*), to carry on in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere in any British Country, Province or Colony, the businesses of colliery proprietors, stone quarry proprietors, coke manufacturers, lime burners, searchers for and winners and workers of limestone, soda, potash, salt brine and other natural products or mineral substances, so needed, and to that end to explore, prospect, mine, quarry, bore, sink wells, construct works or otherwise proceed

as the company may deem expedient, and also to sell any surplus quantities of such coal, stone, coke, lime, potash, brine or other products or substances recovered, produced or manufactured from colleries, quarries, coke ovens or lime kilns owned or operated for the purpose of supplying the company's needs, if in excess of such needs ;

(*d*) To search and prospect for, acquire, open, explore, develop, work, improve, maintain and manage, in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere in any British country, province or colony, coal mines, quarries, salt deposits, brine wells, and soda deposits and properties needed for the business of the company ; to dig for, raise, crush, wash, assay, analyze, reduce, refine, amalgamate, make and otherwise treat the coal, coke, limestone, salt brine and soda therefrom, and to render the same suitable for use in the business of the company, and to render any surplus, not so needed, merchantable and to sell and otherwise dispose of such surplus or any part thereof or any interest therein ;

(*e*) For the purpose of supplying the needs of the company's business, to purchase, lease or acquire in the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere in any british country, province or colony, lands and interests in lands, and water powers and water privileges and to develop therefrom any power, electrical or other energy needed for said business, on or outside the lands of the company and to use and transmit the same, and sell, lease or dispose of said lands or interests therein, and to sell or dispose of surplus power or energy not required for the needs of the business, and in the Dominion of Canada or any british country, province or colony, to enter into working arrangements with other companies, persons, firms or corporations, for the use or transmission of such surplus, and to the end of supplying the needs of the company's business to establish, operate and maintain any electric, gas or other lighting, heating or power plant, and sell or dispose of such surplus electric, gas or other light, heat and power and all the residual products of such plant ; provided always that the rights and privileges hereby conferred upon the company to generate, sell and dispose of electrical energy for light, heat and power when exercised outside of the property of the company shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*f*) For the purposes, objects or business of the company, and within the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere in any british countries, provinces or colonies, to purchase or otherwise acquire, charter or otherwise hire, lease, construct, improve, use, operate, equip, repair, let out to hire, trade with or sell, deal in or contract with reference to ships, boats, barges or vessels of every description and propelled by any motive power or any share or interest therein, wharves and wharfage facilities, docks and docking facilities, cartage plant, forwarding plant, warehouses and towing, wrecking and salvage plant or any interest in any of the same, for any of the purposes, objects or business of the company, and also, in so far as property thus acquired and held for said purposes, objects or business may from time to time not be needed therefor, to sell the same or let the same out to hire ;

(*g*) For the purpose of supplying the needs of the company's business, to acquire, by purchase, exchange, lease, license or otherwise, or to hire, hold, use and if at any time not needed for such purpose to sell or rent, or otherwise contract with reference to lands, or interests in lands in the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere in any british countries, provinces or colonies, together with any buildings or structures that may now be upon said lands or any of them, or may hereafter be erected thereon, and to take and hold or dispose of mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase money on any of the lands, buildings or structures so sold or disposed of, and to lay out and improve, alter and develop any property of the company by draining, sewering, road-making or otherwise and thereon to erect and construct or assist in the erection or construction of any buildings or works needed for the company's business, and to pull down, alter or rebuild any existing erections or buildings acquired or built by the company and to improve, alter and manage the said lands, buildings and erections as to the company may seem expedient;

(*h*) For the purpose of supplying the needs of the company's business, to acquire, construct, improve, maintain, own, use, operate and let dwelling houses, lodging houses and hotels, for the use of its employees and their families, and those with whom it may transact business, and when no longer required for such purpose, to sell the same ;

(*i*) To acquire, construct, improve, maintain and operate on property owned or controlled by the company, reservoirs, dams, flumes, race and other ways, waterworks, watercourses, waterpowers, aqueducts, wells, shafts, cisterns, culverts, roads, piers, wharves, buildings, shops, stamping mills, tramways, docks, canals and other works and machinery, plant and electrical and other appliances of every description, and to construct, improve and maintain or contribute to the expense of constructing, improving and maintaining any such works, and to convey merchandise, goods and chattels upon said canals or tramways or in vessels of the company, and to take and levy tolls, rates and charges therefor ;

(*j*) For the purpose of supplying the needs of the company's business, and at any place or places in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere in any british country, province or colony, to sink wells and shafts and to make, build and construct, lay down and maintain reservoirs, waterworks, cisterns, culverts, filter beds, main and other pipes and appliances and to execute and do all other works and things necessary or convenient for obtainging, storing, measuring and distributing water, and also incidentally, so far as there is a surplus of water from the source or supply thus obtained for that business, to apply and sell and deliver to any person, firm or company such surplus water or any of it ;

(*k*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to protect, prolong and renew any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, leases, concessions and the like, conferring or relating to an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention, improvement or discovery which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*l*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, hold or use, in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere in any british country, province or colony, any land, leasehold land or personal property, rights and privileges or other thing requisite or convenient for the carrying on of the business of the company, and, when at any time not required therefor, to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*m*) To sell, exchange, work, improve, manage, operate, develop, explore, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with or contract with reference to the property, undertaking or rights of the company, or any part thereof, and for such consideration as the company may think fit, or if expressly authorized by a by-law passed by the directors for the purpose and sanctioned by a vote of not less than two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the company duly called for considering the subject of the by-law, for shares (fully or partly paid up), bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or of any British country, province or colony, whether promoted by this company for the purpose or not ;

(*n*) For the purpose of supplying the needs of the company's business, to acquire, construct, execute, own and carry on in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere in any british country, province or colony, all descriptions of works, and, when not needed for that purpose, to sell or lease them as may seem expedient to the company ;

(*o*) If expressly authorized by a by-law passed by the directors for the purpose and sanctioned by a vote of not less than two-thirds in value of the entire issued capital stock voted in favour of such a by-law at a ge-

neral meeting of the company duly called for considering the subject of the by-law, to subcribe for, purchase, assume liability under, take, acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to, shares of stock, whether common or preferred, bonds, mortgages, debentures, debenture stock and other securities or obligations of any other company or corparation organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or any british country, province or colony, or any interest therein, and to pay therefor either in cash or partly in cash or by issuing shares of the company fully paid up or partly paid up ;

(*p*) With the sanction of at least two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the shareholders of the company called for the purpose of considering the subject, to promote, organize, develop or manage or to assist in the promotion, organization, development or management of any company or corporation, organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or in any british country, province or colony, and to raise or assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, agreement, guarantee or otherwise any such company or corporation, and to act as employee, agent, attorney or manager of any such company or corporation, and to supervise, control, manage or carry on the business thereof in whole or in part, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company or corporation, or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*q*) With the sanction of at least two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the shareholders of the company called for the purpose of considering the subject, to purchase or otherwise acquire or undertake and assume all or any part of or interest in the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any company organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or any british country, province or colony, and having objects altogether or in part similar to the objects of the company or any of them, or carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property which may seem to the company to be suitable or desirable for the purposes of the company's business;

(*r*) To issue in payment or part payment or consideration for any property, rights, privileges or other thing acquired by the company, or for any obligation of the company, or for any guarantee of the company's bonds, the company's bonds or shares of the company's capital stock as fully paid up and non-assessable, whether subscribed for or not, or any other property of the company, organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or any british country, province or colony ;

(*s*) With the sanction of at least two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the shareholders of the company called for the purpose of considering the subject, to consolidate or amalgamate with any other company organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or any british country, province or colony, and having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*t*) To distribute or divide among the shareholders of the company in kind or specie any property or assets of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities belonging to the company, or of which the company may have power to dispose ;

(*u*) With the sanction of at least two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the shareholders of the company called for the purpose of considering the subject, to enter into any arrangements for sharing of profits or expenses, union of interests, co-operation, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any company or corporation organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or any british country, province or colony, and engaged or interested or about to become engaged or interested in the carrying on or conduct of any business or enterprise or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on, conduct or engage in, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such company or corporation, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*v*) With the sanction of at least two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the shareholders of the company called for the purpose of considering the subject, to promote, form, organize, manage, develop, take interest or stock or shares in and assist financially or otherwise, any company organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or any british country, province or colony, for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purposes which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*w*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company or its predecessors or associates in business or of any person, partnership, association or company with which the company may have business relations, or in which the company holds shares or securities, or to benefit the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe and guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*x*) To enter into any arrangement with the government or other authority, whether supreme, imperial, dominion, provincial, colonial, municipal, local or otherwise, of the Dominion of Canada or of any british country, province or colony, that the company may deem advantageous, and to apply for, promote and obtain from any such authority any statutes, enactments, ordinances, rights, powers, franchises, privileges, concessions or benefits, which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, comply with the terms of or surrender the same, as the company may deem expedient ;

(*y*) With the sanction of at least two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the shareholders of the company called for the purpose of considering the subject, to manufacture, buy, sell and otherwise deal in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere in any british country, province or colony, appliances, implements, machinery, apparatus, goods and supplies in any way connected with or incidental to the operations of the company or to the use of any of the products of the company ;

(*z*) With the sanction of at least two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the shareholders of the company called for the purpose of considering the subject, to deal in and contract with reference to timber lands, timber licenses and timber rights in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere in any british country, province or colony, and to cut, render merchantable, handle, manufacture, deal in and contract with reference to timber and lumber of all kinds and all products thereof ;

(*aa*) To make known the products of the company by such means as may seem desirable and in particular by advertizing in the press, by circulars, by exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*bb*) To apply for or to accept or pay in whole or in part as consideration for, satisfaction of, or security for any contract, indebtedness or obligation to the company, either money or, if expressly authorized by a by-law passed by the directors for the purpose and sanctioned by a vote of not less than two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the company duly called for considering the subject of the by-law, property, obligations, shares and securities of any kind at such valuation and upon such terms as may be agreed upon ;

(*cc*) To acquire and dispose of articles necessary or convenient in connection with the business of the company :

(*dd*) To co-operate in, aid in or subscribe towards any proceeding or undertaking in the Dominion of Canada or any british country, province or colony, which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*ee*) In the ordinary course of its business to draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*ff*) To employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents, underwriters or other persons on any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of or belonging to the company ;

(*gg*) To remunerate any person for services rendered to the company in such manner as the campany may deem expedient, including, with the sanction of at least two-thirds in value of the capital stock represented at a general meeting of the shareholders of the company called for the purpose of considering the subject, the issue and allotment of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company wholly or partly paid up ;

(*hh*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization, registration and advertising of the company or in or about the promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*ii*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required for the business of the company in such temporary investments as may from time to time be determined by the company ;

(*jj*) To extend the operations of the company to any british country, province or colony and to procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized therein and to exercise or carry on therein all or any of the powers, objects or businesses of the company, and for such purposes or any of them to acquire and hold property of all kinds therein and to designate and appoint one or more persons therein as a representative or representatives of the company with full power to act for the company in all matters according to the law of such british country, province or colony, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*kk*) To do all such other things as may seem to the company directly or indirectly to be incidental or conducive to or convenient or proper for the accomplishment of the purposes or the attainment of the objects of the company, or any of them, or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company ;

(*ll*) To do all or any of the above things and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Brunner Mond Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of three million dollars, divided into 30,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Doty Engine Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of September, 1916, changing the corporate name of "The Doty Engine Company, Limited" to that of "Britannic Engine Company, Limited."

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 28th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Western Racing Association, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 22nd day of September, 1916, increasing the capital stock of the "Western Racing Association, Limited," from the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, to the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, such increase to consist of one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Soap Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of September, 1916, incorporating James Alexander Henderson, broker, Frank Albert Magee, capitalist, John Clayden, chemist, Charles Henry Stearns, accountant, and Hugh Jean McKenna, barrister, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in fertilizers, grease, tallow, oils, soap, glycerine, shellac, glue, paint, varnish, washing powders, dressings, medicines, liniments, shoe-dressings, pastes, creams, powders, cements, embrocations, cleansers and baking powder, and to manufacture, extract, produce, buy, sell and deal in all products and by-products which may be manufactured, extracted or produced from any of the foregoing articles and all medicinal, chemical, industrial preparations and articles as are incidental to the aforesaid articles;

(*b*) To manufacture barrels, boxes, kegs, sacks, cans and any and every kind of package, whether of tin, glass, earthenware, paper, wood, or other material, for use in connection with the said business, and to sell same ; to import, export, trade in, sell, manufacture and deal in the above mentioned commodities, products and by-products ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with this business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Dominion Soap Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dr. A. C. Daniels Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of September, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Dr. A. C. Daniels Company of Canada, Limited," from the sum of ten thousand dollars to the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars, such increase to consist of one hundred and forty shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Federal Estates, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of September, 1916, incorporating Thomas Arthur Beament and Alan Haskett Armstrong, barristers-at-law, Mona Devine and Katie Howe, stenographers, and Henry Dell Bradley, law student, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to own real estate; to sell, lease, convey, exchange, dispose of or otherwise deal with such real estate or any portion thereof, and to develop, improve and lay out any such property in building lots, streets, lanes, squares or otherwise; to construct dwelling houses and other buildings upon such real estate or any part thereof; to lease, own and operate apartment houses, warehouses and factory flats, and generally to carry on the business of building, owning, leasing, maintaining and operating all kinds of buildings to be used for any purpose, together with all forms of conveniences usual or necessary or which can be advantageously furnished or supplied in connection therewith;

(*b*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any municipal or local authority, or with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company; and to guarantee the contracts of, either with or without security, and to lend money to, or otherwise assist, any such person, firm or company, or any person, firm or company undertaking to build on or improve any property in which the company is interested, and generally such persons, firms or companies and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit;

(*c*) To take and hold mortgages, hypothecs, liens or charges to secure the payment of the purchase price of any property sold by the company or any money due to the company from purchasers or advanced by the company to purchasers or others for building purposes or other improvements;

(*d*) To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, shares, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations or other securities of any company or undertaking having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, or undertake the whole or any part of the business, franchises, property, rights or liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold, transfer, sell and dispose of shares, stock, debentures or securities in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company or carrying on business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Acts;

(*g*) To issue fully paid-up and non-assessable shares, bonds or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any real or personal property, rights or other assets acquired by the company by any title, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered by way of promotion or otherwise;

(*h*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of in whole or in part, the property, rights or undertakings of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*i*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined;

(*j*) To underwrite, subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold, either as principal or agent, and absolutely as owner or by way of collateral security or otherwise, and to sell, exchange, transfer, assign or otherwise dispose of or deal in the bonds or debentures, stocks, shares or other securities of any government or municipal or school corporation, or of any chartered bank, or of any other duly incorporated company or companies;

(*k*) To assist in the promotion, organization, development or management of any corporation or company, and to raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures, or other securities, or otherwise, any other company or corporation, and to offer for public subscription any shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation;

(*l*) To act as agent for the purpose of issuing or countersigning certificates of stock, bonds or other obligations of any association or corporation, municipal or otherwise; to act as transfer agents and registrars in connection with said stock, bonds or other obligations, and to manage any sinking fund therefor on such terms as may be agreed upon;

(*m*) To act generally as attorneys and agents for the transaction of business, the investment of funds, the management of estates, the collection of loans, rents, interests, dividends, debts, mortgages, debentures, bonds, bills, notes, coupons and other securities or moneys;

(*n*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privileges, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof;

(*o*) To purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, interests or information so acquired;

(*p*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same;

(*q*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, and to take shares therein; to guarantee the performance of contracts by any person or company with which the company may have business relations;

(*r*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, debentures or securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any of the above objects, whether as principals, agents, brokers or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Federal Estates, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

15–2

Graphite Products, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of September, 1916, incorporating Louis Athanase David, Segfried Read Hinson Bush and Joseph Sinai Lamarre, advocates, and Edward Charles Baker and Sara Farmer Innes, accountants, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase and acquire any interest in, and to hold, use and occupy, graphite and other mines, minerals, mining rights, easements and privileges, timber and other lands and timber licenses ; to mine, quarry, work, mill and prepare for sale, and to transport, sell and deal in, graphite, iron, stone, asbestos, phosphates, mica, and other minerals and metals, clays and mineral substances ; to carry on the businesses of mine and graphite owners, smelters of metals, quarrymen, ore and metal dealers, and to produce, manufacture and refine and sell graphite and all other minerals and their products ;

(*b*) To build, acquire, own, charter, or lease, navigate and use, steam and other vessels for the purpose of the company ;

(*c*) To build, construct and maintain all necessary wharves, warehouses, piers, docks, elevators, roadways, and public and private works of every description, reservoirs, dams, water powers and other works necessary to the business of the company ;

(*d*) To acquire, develop and utilize water powers for the purpose of compressing air, for generating electricity for lighting, heating and motive purposes, in connection with the buildings and other works of the company, and to sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus of electricity or power generated by the company's works, and to construct and operate lines for the sale and conveyance of such surplus power, subject always to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*e*) To have and hold supply stores and to sell and deal in general provisions, supplies and merchandise ;

(*f*) To farm any land held by the company and for that purpose to buy, sell and deal in any farm stock or produce ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, trade marks, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or trade mark or trade name which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*k*) To issue, or guarantee the issue or the payment of interest on the shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities or obligations of any company or association with which the company may have dealings under the above objects or any of them, and to pay or provide for brokerage, commission and underwriting in respect of any such issue.

(*l*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular either for cash or for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or partly for cash and partly for such shares, debentures or securities ;

(*m*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*n*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized, either alone or in conjunction with or as factors or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Graphite Products, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Consolidated Stationery and Fancy Goods Company, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of August, 1916, incorporating Alexander Parker, retired farmer, Frank Alvin Earnest Hamilton, barrister-at-law, Walter James Lawrence Scrimes and Walter Wilson Scrimes, insurance agents, and Elizabeth Parker, married woman, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business both wholesale and retail as general stationers and booksellers, publishers and printers including paper ruling and book binding in all its branches and other work usual in such a business, lithographers, hardware merchants and dry goods merchants, dealers in stationery, paper of all kinds, paper bags, twine, printers, lithographers and engravers, goods and supplies of all kinds, electric fittings, furnishings and supplies of all kinds, ornaments, bric-a-brac, notions and fancy goods of every nature and kind, jewelry, sporting goods of all kinds and descriptions, musical instruments, rubber goods of every description and kind, pipes, tobaccos and smokers supplies and sundries, photographic supplies, household utensils and effects including amongst other things chinaware, glassware, crockery, woodenware, enameled ware, tinware and all other household utensils, furnishings and fittings of every nature and kind, drugs and all articles and commodities of personal or household use and consumption ;

(*b*) To acquire, erect, maintain, operate and manage warehouses and storehouses including cold storage plants, and to manufacture, sell and trade in all goods usually dealt in by warehousemen ;

(*c*) To buy and sell, wholesale and retail, manufacture, repair, alter, barter and exchange, let or hire, export and deal in any and all of the above articles and things and all kinds of articles and things which may be required for the purposes of any of the said businesses, or commonly supplied or dealt in by persons engaged in any such business, or which may seem capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any such business or carry on any other

business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking and business of any company whether incorporated or unincorporated, carrying on or engaged in the same or similar businesses or any one or more of them ;

(*e*) To purchase, acquire, hold and improve all such real estate as may be necessary for the purpose of carrying on, or considered necessary or desirable in connection with the carrying on of the business of the company and to rent, sell, lease, or mortgage, build and improve the same or any portion thereof as may seem necessary or desirable.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Consolidated Stationery and Fancy Goods Company, Limited," with a capital stock of seventy-five thousand dollars, divided into 750 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

M. Schachter & Sons, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of October, 1916, incorporating Samuel Gerald Tritt and Saul Tritt, advocates, Max Herman, manager, Nicholas Swan, accountant, and Alexander Seay, clerk, all of the City of Montréal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes :

(*a*) To acquire the business of bakers presently carried on by M. Schachter & Sons, at the City and District of Montreal, as a going concern, together with all or any of the rights and properties in relation thereto, and to assume all or any of the liabilities in connection therewith, and to pay for the same in whole or in part either in cash, paid-up stock or otherwise ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of biscuit makers and bakers and of general agents, merchants and manufacturers of all commodites dealt in by biscuit makers and bakers ;

(*c*) To manufacture, buy, sell, deal in, repair, convert, alter and lease, plants, engines, machinery, tools, implements, metals, boilers, rolling stock and hardware for the business of the company ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell, and deal in goods, wares and merchandise, and to acquire by purchase or otherwise build or deal with farm and other property, flour mills, paper mills and property of all kinds in which pulp, grain and other products are handled, manufactured or used, and to buy and sell at wholesale or retail wood, pulp, grain and products of all kinds ;

(*e*) To purchase and acquire any business of a similar nature, and to purchase and acqnire any interest or control in any business of a similar nature, and to pay for the same in cash, bonds or paid-up stock of the comdany ;

(*f*) To acquire the good-will, rights, property and assets of all kinds, and to undertake the whole or any part of the liabilities of any individual, firm or association, carryiug on a similar business, and to pay for the same in cash, stock, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, or otherwise ;

(*g*) To apply for, obtain, purchase, or otherwise acquire and dispose of, letter patent of invention, trade-marks, trade-names or secret processes of all kinds, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect thereto and otherwise turn the same to account ;

(*h*) To manufacture and produce steam, gas and electricity for heat, light and power for the purposes of the company, and to sell the surplus thereof, subject to all municipal and provincial regulations in that behalf ;

(*i*) To advance moneys to, guarantee the contracts or engagements of, become surety for, or financially assist any firm or association in whose business the company may be interested ;

(*j*) To purchase, hold and dispose of bonds and securities in any company carrying on a similar business ;

(*k*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*l*) To pay for any property or rights or things acquired for the use or benefit of this company, in paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company or otherwise ;

(*m*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or undertaking of the company, and to receive payment thereof in cash, stocks or bonds or other security ;

(*n*) To acquire by purchase, lease, manage, deal with, exchange or otherwise dispose of, land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure or description and any estate or interest therein and any rights over or connected with land so situate, and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient, and in particular by preparing building sites and by constructing, re-constructing, altering, improving, decorating, furnishing and maintaining offices, flats, houses, factories, warehouses, shops, wharves, buildings, works and conveniences of all kinds, and by consolidating or connecting or subdividing properties and by leasing and disposing of the same ;

(*o*) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on or possess, and property suitable for the purposes of this company, and to pay for the same or part thereof with fully paid-up and non-assessable stock of the company ;

(*p*) To advance and lend money to builders, tenants and others who may be willing to build on or improve any land or buildings in which the company is interested, on such terms as may be arranged ;

(*q*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ;

(*r*) To draw, make, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*s*) To carry on the aforesaid businesses, or any part thereof, as principal or agents or by or through agents, trustees or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "M. Schachter & Sons, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

U-Need-a-Mattress Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating, Elie Beauregard, advocate, Michel Steinberg, accountant, Charles Desmarais, clerk, and Marie-Louise Campbell, spinster, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and Edward Labelle, of the City of Outremont, in the said Province of Quebec, advocate, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire and dispose of raw cotton, wool, cotton waste and textile fabrics of every description or articles manufactured therefrom ; to manufacture cotton, wollens, shoddy and waste, yarns and fabrics of

every description, and to bleach, dye, print or otherwise convert the raw products, yarn or manufactured goods; to construct, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to sell, lease and operate manufactories of cotton and other textiles of any and every description, or of articles manufactured therefrom; to buy, sell and otherwise dispose of, hold, own, manufacture, produce, export and deal in, either as principal or agent and upon commission, consignment or otherwise, goods, wares, products and merchandise of any kind and nature whatsoever; to do a general merchant's merchandise brokerage, selling agents' and factors' business;

(*b*) To apply for, purchase, adopt, register or otherwise acquire any patents, trade-marks, trade-names, designs, printers labels, brevets d'invention, grants, license, leases, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right, and any formulae and processes and any inventions patented or otherwise, and any information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company and to pay for the same in cash, shares or other securities of the company or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account, the property, rights, interests or information so acquired;

(*c*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being carried on in connection with the business or objects of the compnny or calculated directly or indirectly to emhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to pay for the same in cash or in the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of this company, and to hold, sell, vote or otherwise deal in the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities so purchased, and to guarantee payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on said shares, bonds, debentures or other securities and to promote any company or corporation having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being carried on so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company;

(*e*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertaking of the company, the assets thereof or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or corporation carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transactions capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, issue or re-issue the same, with or without guarantee of principal and interest, and otherwise deal in the same;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, exercise and enjoy in its own name or in the names of persons, firms, company or companies hereinafter referred to, if thereunto duly authorized, all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on or formed for carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for such property, franchise, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company;

(*h*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be acquired by, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts or liabilities owing by the company;

(*i*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country and to designate and appoint persons therein as attorneys or representatives of this company with full power to represent in all matters according to the laws of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of this country of any process or suit.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "U-Need-a-Mattress Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Lamp and Stamping Company, Limited.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of October, 1916, incorporating George Edgar Edmunds, and William Theodore Jones, manufacturers, and Lawrence Henry Bedford, treasurer, all of the City of Detroit, in the State of Michigan, one of the United States of America, and Bernhard Frederick Kiesel, manufacturer, and Charles Harold Hampton, secretary, of Ford City, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

To manufacture, sell and deal in cast and sheet metal and brass, steel and other metal products.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian Lamp and Stamping Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at Ford City, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

John MacGregor, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, book-keeper; George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers: Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on business as a general construction company and as general contractors and engineers, and to construct, execute, carry out, equip, improve, work develop, administer, manage or control public or private works, conveniences and undertakings of all kinds, including railways, tramways, telegraph and telephone lines, with respect to the construction and equipment thereof, and docks, harbours, piers, wharves, canals, reservoirs, embankments, irrigations, reclamation, improvement, sewerage, drainage, sanitary, water, gas, electric light and power supply works, and hotels, warehouses, markets and public or private buildings, and all other works or conveniences of public or private utility;

(*b*) To acquire, enter into and take over contracts of every description, and to transfer, assign, sublet, or

otherwise dispose of any contract or undertaking of the company in whole or in part, and to enter into, carry out, perform and sublet contracts for doing work and supplying materials in connection with any of the operations of the company ;

(*c*) To acquire, construct, manufacture, build, maintain and operate all stock-in-trade, plant, machinery equipment and appliances necessary or convenient for the proper carrying on of any of its undertakings ; and for this purpose to acquire also patent rights, patents of invention, licenses, secret processes, and other rights and privileges, and to use, exercise, develop and grant licenses in respect thereof, or otherwise to turn the same to account ;

(*d*) To mine, smelt, roll, draw and otherwise work copper, tin, zinc and other metals and alloys, and to manufacture and deal in metals, alloys and the products thereof generally, including the manufacture of shells, bombs, cartridges, cartridge cases, fuses, tubes, adapters, bullets, caps and all kinds of projectiles, ammunition and explosives used in connection therewith; and to manufacture and deal in guns, mortars, howitzers and cannon of all calibres, gun carriages, turrets, limbers and mountings of every description, ammunition wagons, armoured cars and other vehicles and artillery, generally, torpedoes, submarines and aircraft and all parts and appurtenances thereof;

(*e*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, chattels, merchandise, provisions and supplies which are required or which can be dealt in with advantage by the company in connection with its operations ;

(*f*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, own, sell or otherwise dispose of lands, buildings and other properties, movable or immovable, or any interest therein, and generally to deal and traffic in such property in any manner whatsoever ;

(*g*) To develop, improve, exploit and lay out any such property in streets, squares, lanes, subdivision lots or otherwise, and to erect houses, buildings and other constructions on said property acquired by the company, or any part thereof, and generally to develop and turn to account any lands or other property acquired by or in which the company is interested ;

((*h*) To advance moneys by way of loan or loans to the purchaser or purchasers or lessees of any part of the company's property for the purpose of building or other improvements thereon ; to aid by advances of money the construction and maintenance of roads, streets, lanes, waterworks, drains, sewers and other works calculated to give better access to the property of the company and to enhance its value ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being carried on in connection with its business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's rights or property ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, or undertake the whole or any part of the assets, business, property or liabilities or any person, firm or company, carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*k*) To pay for any assets, business, property or rights acquired by the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or to be rendered to the company, either in cash or in fully paid-up shares or by any securities which the company has power to issue, or partly in one mode and partly in another or others, and generally on such terms and conditions as the company may determine ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any government, municipal or local authority, or with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to guarantee the contracts of, either with or without security, or to lend money to, or otherwise assist, any such person, firm or company, or any person, firm or company undertaking to build on or improve any property in which the company is interested ;

(*m*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the entire undertaking, property and assets of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit, and in particular for the shares, debentures and securities of any other company ;

(*n*) To distribute among the shareholders in specie by way of dividend or bonus, or in any other manner deemed advisable, any property of the company or any proceeds of the sale or disposal of any property of the company ;

(*o*) To carry on or do any of the businesses, acts and things aforesaid, either as principals or agents, or by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with another or others ;

(*p*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the objects hereinabove enumerated ;

(*q*) The intention is that the objects specified in paragraphs (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*), (*g*), (*h*), and (*i*) hereof shall be independent objects, and shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "John MacGregor, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Winnipeg Steamship Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of October, 1916, changing the corporate name of the "Winnipeg Steamship Company, Limited," to that of "Woodward & Company, Limited," and cancelling the powers granted by the Letters Patent incorporating the said company and substituting therefor the powers and objects hereinafter set forth, viz.:—

(*a*) To carry on the general business of grain dealers, grain merchants, elevator owners and elevator operators in all its branches, and to purchase, sell and deal in grain, cereals, seeds and general merchandise of every kind, and to store and handle merchandise ;

(*b*) To carry on in all its branches the business of grain commission merchants and grain brokers ;

(*c*) For any of the purposes aforesaid to become licensed as required under any of the provisions of The Canada Grain Act and its amendments or any Acts amending the same or substituted therefor, and to make and execute all necessary bonds and obligations thereby required for any of the said purposes ;

(*d*) To carry on the general business of coal dealers and dealers in all classes of fuel, either by wholesale or by retail, and to make and manufacture all kinds of patented fuel ;

(*e*) To advance money from time to time to persons, firms or corporations engaged in business having objects similar to those of the company, and to secure the repayment thereof by receiving and taking mortgages upon real and personal property or other evidences of indebtedness or other security, and from time to time to guarantee the payment by any person, firm or corporation having objects similar to those of this company, of any debt or obligation incurred or to be incurred by such person, firm or corporation, and for such purpose to make or enter into any contract of guarantee ;

(*f*) To act as agents for any person, firm or corporation carrying on a similar business ;

(*g*) To acquire and take over as a going concern any business or operations now or hereafter carried on by any person, firm or corporation engaged in or empowered to engage in any business within the powers of the company, and to pay for the same either in cash or wholly or partly by shares, debentures or other securities of the company ;

(*h*) To purchase, hold, sell and dispose of shares of the capital stock of any other company or corporation and to invest its funds in the purchase of any such stock and to pay for the same either in cash or in shares of the capital stock or debentures of the company, or partly in cash or partly in the capital stock or debentures of the company ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or any portions thereof or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's property and rights.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Louis McLain Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Louis McLain, George Ernest Cathcart and Perez Rogers Babcock, brokers, and Clive Jeffery Macleod and Campbell Reid, students-at-law, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as wholesale and retail merchants in all commodities of every nature and kind which are or may be the subject of mercantile transactions, and to buy, sell and deal in all such merchandise either for cash or for credit ; to carry on business and act as jobbers, manufacturers' agents, merchants' agents, or produce and commission agents ; to carry on a mail order business by way of catalogue in dealing with any and all kinds of merchandise, and to buy, sell, manufacture, trade in or act as agent in respect of all products of mine, forest, lake or stream ;

(*b*) To acquire and hold land and property necessary for the purposes of the business of the company, and to erect and acquire all necessary buildings, whether house, plant, material or machinery, and to sell, lease and otherwise dispose of the same in such manner as the company may deem advisable ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to hold, utilize and sell patents of invention, trademarks and licenses or concessions of any kind, granting any exclusive or limited rights in respect of any article, combination, preparation or process whatsoever ;

(*d*) To acquire, take over by purchase, lease or in any other way, and on such terms as may be agreed upon, the business, industry or undertaking of any person, firm or corporation engaged in or having power to engage in any of the business or operations hereby authorized in whole or in part as a going concern or otherwise, and to carry on such business, industry or undertaking ;

(*e*) To issue stock of the company in payment in whole or in part for any real or personal property, securities, businesses or undertakings purchased or acquired by the company ;

(*f*) To establish branches in such places in Canada or elsewhere as the company may deem desirable ;

(*g*) To invest, purchase or otherwise acquire, own and hold shares of the capital stock of any other corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership of such stock, including the right to vote thereon ;

(*h*) To dispose of all or any of the assets of the company ;

(*i*) To do all things necessary for the carrying out of the above objects and powers to the same extent and as fully as any person might or could do in any part of the world as agents, principals or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Louis McLain Company, Limited," with a capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, divided into 300 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

George G. Dunning Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating George Garnet Dunning, manufacturer, Ethel Campbell and Ellen Belcher Martin, stenographers, Mary Esther Dunning, married woman, and Alexander Wolfe, real estate broker, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on all or any of the businesses of clothiers, tailors, costumers, drapers, hosiers, milliners, hatters, furriers, glovers, haberdashers, portmanteau makers, general outfitters and dealers in India rubber and waterproof goods, umbrellas, walking sticks, ornaments and toilet requisites, and to manufacture and deal in cloth, fabrics, laces, textiles, clothing of every nature and kind, and all and any commodities, notions, materials, goods, merchandise and accessories necessary or incidental to all or any of the foregoing businesses ; to acquire, construct, own and operate departmental or other stores in all lines of mercantile business, and to acquire, own and carry on the business of wholesale and retail dealers in and purchasers and manufacturers of all kinds and classes of goods, wares and merchandise incidental thereto or entering into production of such goods, wares and merchandise, and to act as agents for dealers in or manufactures of any such goods, wares and merchandise and to establish agencies and branch stores ; to carry on all or any business both wholesale and retail as shopkeepers, general merchants, manufacturers, shippers, general agents and warehousemen and to buy, sell, make, manufacture, import, export, warehouse, store and deal in products of every description, goods, wares, merchandise and manufacturing articles ; to act as agents, commission merchants, brokers, or representatives in Canada for European commercial houses; to act as agents, commission merchants, brokers and representatives in Europe for Canadian commercial houses ;

(*b*) To acquire, dispose of and deal in cotton, silk wool, flax, hemp, cotton waste, shoddy, yarns, cordage and all other fibrous substances : to prepare, spin, weave, comb, dye, bleach, print or otherwise treat any of the foregoing and to manufacture any and all articles, goods, merchandise or products in the manufacture of which any or all of the foregoing can be used either in whole or in part ;

(*c*) To work, maintain, operate, acquire and purchase, use, lease, sell and dispose of all necessary and convenient mills, buildings, plant, transmission lines, machinery, appliances and equipments necessary or incidental to any or all of the above undertakings ;

(*d*) To purchase, acquire, receive, hold, sell and dispose of shares in the capital stock of and bonds debentures and debenture stock of other companies, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 44 of this Act ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership in partnership ventures with other trading companies and with individuals and firms carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company ;

(*f*) To guarantee any indebtedness of any other company with which the company may have business relations ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company and germane thereto ;

(*h*) To acquire, register, use and deal in any patents, patent rights, licenses and trade marks, processes or privileges and to grant licenses thereunder ;

(*i*) To procure the company to be registered and licensed or recognized in any country or place ;

(*j*) To do all or any part of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*k*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by and such person ;

(*l*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*m*) To purchase, sell, lease or otherwise acquire, own, enjoy, contract for, manage, improve and assist in improving lands, factories, warehouses, sheds, offices, dwellings and buildings of every description and to sell, mortgage or dispose of the same ;

(*n*) To issue in payment or part payment for any properties, rights or privileges acquired by the company or for any guarantee of the company's securities or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered, shares of the company's capital stock, whether subscribed for or not, as fully paid up and non-assessable or the company's securities ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Geo. G. Dunning Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

T. W. Capp Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Samuel King and Oscar Heuman King, solicitors, William Cherry, caretaker, Gertrude Pittis and Eva Olive Reid, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, under the style or firm of T. W. Capp Company and to acquire a portion of the assets and the good-will of the said business now carried on under the style or firm T. W. Capp Company:

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell and otherwise deal in jewellery, watches, clocks, optical goods, stationery, jewellers' and watchmakers' findings and sundries and all other fancy goods usually kept in stock and sold by retail jewellers as well as all goods, wares and merchandise used in and incidental to the manufacture of jewellery, and to buy, sell and otherwise deal in diamonds and other precious and semi-precious stones, cameos and articles of vertu usually carried by jewellers ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*i*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employes of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevelent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "T. W. Capp Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15 2 Under-Secretary of State

Tuckett, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, incorporating Harry Blois Witton, Howard Sudlow Ambrose and John Joseph Markham, manufacturers, and Edward Herbert Ambrose and John Roy Marshall, barristers-at-law, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, manufacture and sell tobacco and the products of tobacco and such goods as are usually sold in connection therewith ; to carry on business and to act as merchants, traders and commission agents and to import, export, buy, sell, manufacture and deal in goods, wares and merchandise and chattels and effects of all kinds ;

(*b*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking and all or any of the assets and liabilities of Tuckett, Limited, incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*g*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required, in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*h*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*i*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*j*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be determined any of the property of the company among its shareholders and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may acquire the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*k*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards an donations ;

(*l*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*m*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Tuckett, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY, .
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Western Exporting Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Roderick John Byrnes and Edmund Francis Byrnes, barristers-at-law, Martha Elizabeth Davidson, stenographer, Edith Brown, bookkeeper, and James McManus, accountant, all of the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell, import, deal and trade in all sorts of beverages and liquids, and to carry on the business of general merchants ; to act as commission agents, consignees, bottlers and warehouse keepers ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) For the said purposes to acquire by purchase, lease, transfer, exchange or otherwise, and to own, hold, use, build, exchange, improve, manage, charge, lease, sell, dispose of and deal in, all things and rights, movable or immovable, real or personal, and to erect and construct buildings of every description on any land of the company or upon any other lands ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, build, equip, maintain, exchange and operate all such transportation facilities, whether by land or water, as may be necessary or convenient to the conduct of its operations and sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same;

(*e*) To take over, acquire, hold, use, sell, lease, exchange and convey, such trade-marks, patents, licenses, franchise or rights thereunder as may be deemed

necessary or expedient for the purposes for which the company is incorporated;

(*f*) To construct or acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise, and operate, works for the production, sale and disposal of steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic and other power or force, and to produce, generate, create, develop, acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise control, and generally deal in and use, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of such steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic and other power or force for the purpose of light, heat or power or for any other uses and purposes to which the same are adapted, subject to all the laws and regulations of the provincial and municipal authorities in that behalf;

(*g*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes thereof, or which this company may be hereby empowered to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire;

(*h*) To promote, form or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of the company or incidental thereto;

(*i*) To take, subscribe or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having similar objects to those of the company or carrying on any business which is germane to the objects for which this company is incorporated;

(*j*) To make advance to, to raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities, or otherwise, any person or corporation in the capital stock of which the company holds shares, or with which it may have business relations; to act as employees, agents or managers for any person or any such corporation and to guarantee the performance and payment of contracts, agreements or debts by any such person or any such corporation or by any person with whom the company may have business relations;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interests with any person or corporation carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in;

(*l*) To take, acquire and hold as a consideration or security for goods supplied or work done, shares, debentures, bonds, mortgages, hypotheus, pledges, chattel mortgages, liens or any other securities of any person trading in or any company having objects similar to those of the company and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same;

(*m*) To distribute any of the property of the company among the members in specie; to invest in whole or in part the profits of the company, or its reserve fund, or any other funds than its capital fund, in shares, obligations, debentures or bonds of any company or corporation or in mortgages, chattel mortgages, movable and immovable property, patents, inventions or processes as the company may deem fit and expedient;

(*n*) To sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of such investments and reinvest.

(*o*) To do all acts and exercise all powers incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Western Exporting Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian American Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Canadian American Corporation, Limited" from the sum of three hundred thousand dollars to the sum of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, such increase to consist of fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Under-Secretary of State.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 85 of 1916.

(Pacific No. 21.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(284) Fisher channel and Cousins inlet—Chart issued.

New chart.—A chart of Fisher channel and Cousins inlet, numbered 310 of the Canadian Hydrographic Survey, has just been published by the Hydrographic Survey, Department of the Naval Service of Canada.

Copies may be obtained from the Hydrographic Survey, Department of the Naval Service, Ottawa, and from the Agent of the Department of Marine at Victoria, for fifteen cents per copy, payable in advance.

N. to M. No. 85 (284) 7-9-16.

Departmental File: No. 28499.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(285) Observatory inlet—Chart of Granby bay and approaches issued.

New chart.—A chart of Granby bay and approaches, numbered 312 of the Canadian Hydrographic Survey, has just been published by the Hydrographic Survey, Department of the Naval Service of Canada.

Copies may be obtained from the Hydrographic Survey, Department of the Naval Service, Ottawa, and from the Agent of the Department of Marine at Victoria, for fifteen cents per copy, payable in advance.

N. to M. No. 85 (285) 7-9-16.

Departmental File: No 28499.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(286) Juan de Fuca strait—Slip point—Intended change in character of light—Fog signal to be changed.

Position.—On Slip point.

Lat. N. 48° 15′ 48″, Long. W. 124° 15′ 0″.

Date of alterations.—About 1st October, 1916.

Change in character of light.—The light will be changed from fixed white to flashing white every 5 seconds, flash 0·2 second duration.

Elevation.—72 feet.

Power.—80,000 candles.

Structure.—Square tower surmounted by cylindrical lantern, fog signal building attached.

Change in fog signal.—The third-class reed horn will be replaced by an air diaphone. The diaphone will give one blast of 3 seconds duration every 30 seconds, thus :

Blast.	Silent interval.
3 secs.	27 secs.

N. to M. No. 85 (286) 7-9-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 35 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1911, 1917 and 2531.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 38.

ALASKA.

(287) Clarence strait—McHenry anchorage and Burnett inlet —Dangerous rocks.

(*1*) *Position of rock.*—In the entrance to McHenry anchorage, Clarence strait.

From the rock, Quartz rock-bears 15° 30′ (N. 14° W. mag.) ; and the outer island, Stanhope point, south tangent, bears 301° (N. 88° 30′ W. mag.)

The rock is in the middle of the entrance, with the centre of Sand islet bearing 101° 30′ (N. 72° E. mag.)

Description.—A pinnacle rock, with 12 feet over it at mean lower low water.

(*2*) *Position of rock.*—900 yards off the shore of the large islet about one mile southward of Isle point, approach to Burnett inlet.

From the rock, the small islet off Isle point bears 11° (N. 18° 30′ W. mag.) ; and the outer island, Stanhope point, south tangent, bears 264° (S. 54° 30′ W. mag.)

Description.—A pinnacle rock, with 10 feet over it at mean lower low water.

N. to M. No. 85 (287) 7-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 29° 30′ E.
Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 34 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2458 and 2431.
Publication: Alaska and Bering Sea Pilot, 1908, pages 161 and 162.

ALASKA.

(288) Lynn canal—Favorite channel—Poundstone rock—Gas and bell buoy to be established.

Gas and bell buoy to be established.—About 1st September, 1916, Poundstone rock gas and bell buoy, No. 1, was to be established, replacing Poundstone rock buoy No. 1.

Description.—Cylindrical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Character of light.—Flashing white light every 3 seconds, flash 0·3 second duration.

Elevation.—12 feet.

Power.—130 candles.

N. to M. No. 85 (288) 7-9-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 35 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2462 and 2431.
Publication: Alaska and Bering Sea Pilot, 1908, page 352.

ALASKA.

(289) Sitka sound—Western channel—Channel rock gas buoy to be established.

Gas buoy to be established.—About 1st October, 1916, Channel rock gas buoy, No. 2, will be established, replacing iron spar buoy No. 2.

Description.—Cylindrical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Character of light.—Flashing white light every 3 seconds, flash 0.3 second duration.

Elevation.—12 feet.

Power.—70 candles.

N. to M. No. 85 (289) 7-9-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 35 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2348, 2337 and 2431.
Publication: Alaska and Bering Sea Pilot, 1908, page 192.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 7th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

14-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 88 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 40.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(295) South coast—Sambro—Buoy established.

Position.—320 feet southeast of the outer end of the Neville Packing Co's wharf at Sambro, to mark a shoal off the wharf.

Lat. N. 44° 28′ 35″, Long. W. 63° 35′ 56″

Description.—Wooden spar buoy.

Colour.—Red.

N. to M. No. 88 (295) 16-9-16.

Authority: Report from N. S. Supt. of Lights.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2410, 729 and 730.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 143.
Departmental File: No. 30304.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(296) South coast—Halifax harbour—Halifax to Dartmouth—Cable laid—Caution.

Cable.—A submarine electric power cable has been laid by the Halifax Electric Tramway Company across Halifax harbour between Halifax and Dartmouth.

Position.—Runs from the foot of Hanover street, Halifax, at a point about 400 feet northwesterly from the Nova Scotia Sugar refinery, in Lat. N. 44° 39′ 57½″, Long. W. 63° 35′ 52½″, on a course of 69° 45′ (S. 88° 30′ E. mag.) 0.42 mile to the Dartmouth shore near the pond, about ¼ mile southeast of Army and Navy Brewery wharf, in Lat. N. 44° 40′ 6″, Long. W. 63° 35′ 19½″.

Signboards.—A signboard has been placed on the bank at each end of this cable, with the words "Submarine Cable. Do not anchor" marked thereon.

Caution.—Mariners are warned not to anchor their vessels in the vicinity of this cable.

N. to M. No. 88 (296) 16-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 21° 45′ W.
Authority: Report from N.S. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 311, 2320, 2410, 729 and 1651.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot 1911, pages 133 and 136.
Departmental File: No. 37204.

QUEBEC.

(297) Chaleur bay—Port Daniel west—Lighthouse destroyed by fire—Temporary light.

Position.—On West point, Port Daniel.

Lat. N. 48° 9′ 13″, Long. W. 64° 56′ 18″

Lighthouse destroyed by fire.—Port Daniel west lighthouse was destroyed by fire on 6th September, 1916.

Temporary light.—A temporary fixed white light will be shown from an anchor lens lantern on a pole until further notice.

N. to M. No. 88 (297) 16-9-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1633, 1715 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 313.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 969.
Departmental File: No. 20969R.

MANITOBA.

(298) Hudson bay, west side—Approach to Port Nelson —Nelson shoal—Beacon light destroyed.

Former notice.—No. 96 (344) of 1915.

Position.—On Nelson shoal, 1.3 mile from its south end.
Lat. N. 57° 35′ 30″, Long. W. 92° 16′ 19″

Beacon light destroyed.—Nelson shoal beacon light has been destroyed.

N. to M. No. 88 (298) 16-9-16.

Authority: Telegram from N. S. Agent of Dept. of Marine, 13th Sept., 1916.
Admiralty chart: No. 863.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 403 and 405.
Publication: Arctic Pilot, Vol. 3, 1915, page 257.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1023.2.
Departmental File: No. 35155.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 16th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

15-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 87 of 1916.

(Inland No, 27.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(294) Georgian bay, east side—Port Severn channel —Beacons, buoys and hydrographic notes.

Port Severn channel. Beacons and buoys.—The channel leading northward to Port Severn from the point where the alignment of the Severn river range lights intersects the alignment of the Waubaushene range lights has been marked by the Department of Marine with day beacons and spar buoys arranged in accordance with the annexed tabular list, to mark a channel with a least depth of nine feet.

Port Severn. Hydrographic notes.—Since Port Severn was surveyed by Captain Boulton the conditions have materially changed in consequence of the discontinuance of sawmill operations. The wharf on the west side, originally a slab wharf, is overgrown with vegetation and is no longer recognizable as a wharf; the quay shown joining the east shore with a small island has rotted down and disappeared; the Union church has been removed; the burner has also disappeared.

A fine reinforced concrete dam and bridge, forming the western terminus of the Trent Canal system, have been constructed by the Department of Railways and Canals across the mouth of Severn river. The bridge has a swing span near its western extremity over a lock intended to raise vessels from the level of Georgian bay to the first flooded section of Severn river. The centre of the swing span is in Lat. N. 44° 48′ 12″, Long. W. 79° 43′ 9″.

N. to M. No. 87 (294) 14-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 7° 15′ W.
Authority: Report from Mr. W. H. Carson, District Engineer.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 83.
Publication: Sailing directions for Georgian Bay, 1915, pages 326, 327 and 328.
Departmental File: No. 36972.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 14th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

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LIST OF BEACONS AND BUOYS MARKING PORT SEVERN CHANNEL.

Number	NAME	LOCATION	Lat. N. Long. W.	Depth in feet	Height of top above H.W.	Colour	DESCRIPTION	Year established
2	Long point shoal buoy.....	On east edge of channel, between Mary rock and Long point shoal, 660 feet 127° (S. 45° 45′ E. mag.) from Mary rock....	44° 46′ 7″ 79° 43′ 12″	17	4	Red	Wooden spar	1916
3	Mary rock buoy.....	On west side of channel, 95 feet 64° (N. 71° 15′ E. mag.) from Mary rock	44° 46′ 14″ 79° 43′ 17″	11	3	Black	Wooden spar	
5	Mary rock beacon	On Mary rock, 35 feet west from water's edge.....	44° 46′ 12″ 79° 43′ 19″		18	White, with black top	Triangular wooden frame, with slats on two sides	1916
6	Sweet shoal buoy.....	On east side of channel, 2,376 feet 67° 15′ (N. 74° 30′ E. mag.) from Marshal island and south-west of Sweet shoal.....	44° 46′ 54″ 79° 43′ 25″	14	4	Red	Wood n spar	
8	Murray shoal buoy.....	On east side of channel, south-west of the shoal off Murray island; 1760 feet 78° 45′ (N. 86° E. mag.) from Moreau rock.	44° 47′ 14″ 79° 43′ 30″	10	3	Red	Wooden spar	1916
10	Murray island beacon.....	On west side of Murray island, 20 feet east from water's edge.	44° 47′ 24″ 79° 43′ 30″		26	White, with red top	Triangular wooden frame, with slats on two sides	1916
11	Picnic rock beacon.....	On east side of big rock off Picnic point, 21 feet west from water's edge	44° 47′ 27″ 79° 43′ 40″		19	White, with black top	Triangular wooden frame, with slats on two sides	1916
12	Sawdust shoal buoy.....	On east side of channel at turn into tug channel, 650 feet 236° (S. 63° 15′ W. mag.) from small rock at turn into tug channel.	44° 47′ 43″ 79° 43′ 47″	11	4	Red	Wooden spar	
13	Tug channel turn north buoy.	On north side of channel, opposite red buoy No. 14.....	44° 47′ 50″ 79° 43′ 41″	9	5	Black	Wooden spar	1916

LIST OF BEACONS AND BUOYS MARKING PORT SEVERN CHANNEL.—CONT.

Number	NAME	LOCATION	Lat. N. Long. W.	Depth in feet	Height of top above H.W.	Colour	DESCRIPTION	Year established
14	Tug channel turn south buoy.	On south side of channel, 220 feet 321° (N. 31° 45′ W. mag) from small rock at turn into tug channel.....	44° 47′ 49″ 79° 43′ 40″	15	5	Red	Wooden spar	
16	Tug channel rock beacon.....	On north side of rock at turn into tug channel 17 feet south from water s edge.....	44° 47′ 47″ 79° 43′ 37″		17	White, with red top	Triangular wooden frame, with slats on two sides	1916
17	Tug channel north buoy.....	On north side of channel opposite small rock in bay, 1,050 feet 49° (N. 56° 15′ E. mag.) from small rock at turn into tug channel.....	44° 47′ 54″ 79° 43′ 26″	9	4	Black	Wooden spar	1916
18	Tug channel south buoy.....	On south side of channel opposite black buoy No. 17..... ...	44° 47′ 51″ 79° 43′ 23″	15	4	Red	Wooden spar	1916
20	Sawmill shoal buoy.....	On east side of channel, off Port Severn sawmill wharf, about 90 feet southwest from lower small island..... ..	44° 47′ 58″ 79° 43″ 14°	9	5	Red	Wooden spar	1916
22	Lock approach south buoy	On east side of channel, off shoal.....	44° 48′ 6″ 79° 43′ 7″		3	Red	Wooden spar	1915
24	Lock approach north buoy.....	On east side of channel, opposite new concrete wharf at entrance to lock.....	44° 48′ 8″ 79° 43′ 8″		3	Red	Wooden spar	1915

-2

NOTE.—Buoys Nos. 22 and 24 were established by Canal Authorities on completion of lock.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 89 of 1916

(Inland No. 28)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(299) Great Lakes and River St. Lawrence—Dates to which lights will be kept in operation.

All Canadian lights and fog alarms on the St. Lawrence river above Montreal, lake Ontario, lake Eric, lake St. Clair, lake Huron, Georgian bay, lake Superior, and connecting waters, will be maintained in operation until the morning of December 25th, 1916, excepting the Southeast shoal lightship, lake Erie, which may be forced to abandon her station by ice conditions before the general close of navigation, and also Lonely island, Georgian bay, from which the keeper may be removed before the close of navigation, also certain stations on lake Superior, namely,—

Slate islands ;
Battle island ;
Lamb island ;
Shaganash ;
Point Porphyry ;
Thunder cape ;
Welcome islands ;
Pie island ;
Victoria island ;

which will be closed after the last sailings to or from Port Arthur and Fort William.

All gas buoys and other floating aids to navigation will be maintained in position as long as ice conditions will permit and in cases where it is necessary to remove gas buoys before the close of navigation the more important ones will be replaced by spars.

Lightkeepers will govern themselves accordingly; they are hereby cautioned to maintain their stations in operation until the time above mentioned, namely, the morning of December 25th, 1916. Also they are directed to acknowledge receipt of this notice, addressing acknowledgment to the Deputy Minister, Department of Marine, Ottawa.

N. to M. No. 89 (299) 18-9-16.

Authority: Memo. from Commissioner of Lights.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 1502 to 2204.
Departmental File: No. 28628.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 18th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

15-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 90 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 41)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(300) Cape Breton island—South coast—St. Peter canal partially closed to navigation.

St. Peter canal is partially closed to navigation, and vessels drawing more than 16 feet water cannot pass through the canal. At present vessels drawing not more than 16 feet water can be passed

through the canal between half tide flood and half tide ebb, and it is expected that in a short time such vessels can be passed through the canal at any stage of the tide.

N. to M. No. 90 (300) 20-9-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. W. A. Bowden, Chief Engineer, Dept. of Railways and Canals.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2756, 2758, 2342, 2727 and 1651.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 93.
Departmental File: No. 19950.

QUEBEC.

(301) River St. Lawrence—Les Eboulements wharf—Dredging.

Dredging.—Dredging has been done by the Department of Public Works of Canada in front of Les Eboulements government wharf at Cap St. Joseph to a depth of 15 feet below low water level: The area dredged extends from a point 183 feet eastward of the southwest corner of the wharf to a point 247 feet westward of the southwest corner of the wharf.

N. to M. No. 90 (301) 20-9-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. Armand Dupuis, District Engineer, P.W. D.
Admiralty chart: No. 314.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 207.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 140..
Departmental File: No. 30784.

QUEBEC.

(302) River St. Lawrence above Quebec—Quebec bridge—Centre span sunk in river; navigation not obstructed.

Former notice.—No. 67 (223) of 1916.

Navigation at bridge not obstructed.—On 11th September, 1916, the centre span of the Quebec bridge, built to span the space between the cantilever arms, collapsed while being hoisted into position and sank in the river. The channel in the vicinity has been swept to a depth of 50 feet at low tide and found to be clear of obstruction to this depth.

N. to M. No. 90 (302) 20-9-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. V. W. Forneret, Superintending Engineer, St. Lawrence Ship Channel.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2777 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 20, 21 and 24.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 27.
Departmental File: No. 18273.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(303) Massachusetts—Boston harbour—The Graves—Whistling buoy replaced by gas and whistling buoy.

Position.—In 14 fathoms water, northeast of The Graves.

Gas and whistling buoy established.—Graves whistling buoy, 1 A, has been replaced by a combined gas and whistling buoy.

Description.—Black, cylindrical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Character of light.—Flashing white light every 6 seconds, flash 2 seconds duration.

Elevation.—16 feet.

Power.—390 candles.

N. to M. No. 90 (303) 20-9-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2482, 2492 and 2670.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 20th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagn er la demande.

PRICE

AGRICULTURE

* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for July, 1916, 94 pp. 8vo. illus 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, septembre 1916, 103 pp. illus..... 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, June, 1916, 274 pp. 11 x 8..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription..... 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, July, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Status and Possibilities of Flax Production and Manipulation in Canada, a review of the, 32 pp. Free.
* Culture des petits fruits (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 84, 4 pp. Gratuit
* Feeding for Beef in Alberta (Experimental Farms). Bulletin No. 30, 38 pp. Free.
* Drainage de la ferme (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 41, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Alimentation des porcs (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 60, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Râteliers et crèches à moutons (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 66, 4 pp. Gratuit.

BOARD OF RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS FOR CANADA.

Judgments, Orders, Regulations, and Rulings (fortnightly edition). Vol. VI (new) No. 13.
Annual subscription..... 3.00
Single numbers..... 0.20

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

* Miscellaneous Information (Third Edition) 8 pp. Free.

COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION.

* "Conservation", monthly bulletin, September 1916, vol. v. No. 9, 4 pp. Free.
* La Conservation, bulletin mensuel, avril 1916, vol. v No. 4, 8 pp. Gratuit.
* "Conservation of Life." Quarterly bulletin, April-June, 1916, vol. II, No. 3, 25 pp. Free.

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* War Measures—Prohibited Exports, 10th June, 1916, 24 pp. Free.

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

* Revised Passport Requirements of Foreign Countries. 4 pp. Free.

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* Decisions of the Geographic Board of Canada (June-September, 1916), 4 pp. Free.

LABOUR.

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* La Gazette du Travail, septembre 1916, 104 pp. 8vo..... 0·08
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* Annual report on Wholesale Prices, Cauada, 1915, 328 pp. Free.

MARINE.

* List of Vessels 1915, supplement to, 12 pp. Free.

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA PUBLICATIONS—*Continued.*

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* Militia Orders, weekly (English or French), per annum 1.00
* General Orders, (English or French), per annum 0 50
* General Orders, printed on one side only (English), per annum 0 50
* Militia List (quarterly issue), per annum 1.00
" single copies 0.30
* Appointments, Promotions and Retirements, Canadian Militia, 10th, 17th and 24th August.
* Nominations, Promotions et Retraites, Milice Canadienne, 17 et 24 août.
* Militia Orders, weekly parts, 21st August.
* Ordres de Milice, édition hebdomadaire du 14 et 21 août.
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Physical Training Vocabulary (English and French) 10 pp. Free.
* Soldiers' Pensions, proceedings of the special committee appointed to consider, 200 pp. 0.10
* 4th official list of casualties to members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force—reported between January 1st and March 31st, 1916, issued with Militia Orders.
* 4th Brigade Canadian Field Artillery, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 9th Brigade Canadian Field Artillery, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 29th Battalion, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.

NAVAL SERVICE.

*
* Tide tables for Eastern Coasts of Canada, 1917, 64 pp. Free.
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* Sea Fishery Statistics, Monthly Bulletin, Vol. VI, No. 5, August, 1916. Free.

POST OFFICE.

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" " cloth cover 0.40
" " " including supplements 0.65

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Monthly report, May, 1916, 375 pp. 8vo. 0.20
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* Russian Trade, reprint of articles dealing with (supplementary to weekly bulletin), 100 pp. Free.
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* Canadian Commercial Intelligence Service, annual review of the work for year ending December 31, 1915, 136pp. Free.
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Separate sheets 0.05
Sheets per dozen 0.50

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Atlas of Canada. 124 pp. 17 x 12, 80 maps, 64 diagrams. 12 pp. statistics, cloth and leather binding 3 00

1916-17 **1916-17**

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th September, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.	1915.	1916.
LIABILITIES.	$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—		
Payable in New York		75,357,000 00
do in Canada	757,960 94	118,645,070 94
do in London	362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Temporary Loans	150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund	5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes	152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
SAVINGS BANKS—		
Post Office Savings Banks ($38,302,646 32 / $40,930,124 46)		
Dominion Government Savings Banks (13 939,801 94 / 13,572,826 03)		
	52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Trust Funds	10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Province Accounts	11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts	28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total Gross Debt	774,896,755 36	1,071,657,373 51
ASSETS.		
INVESTMENTS—		
Sinking Funds	11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Other Investments	107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS	2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS	168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total Assets	290,055,121 63	391,381,928 61
Total Net Debt 30th September	484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
do do to 31st August	472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Increase of Debt	12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of September, 1915.	Total to 30th September, 1915.	Month of September, 1916.	Total to 30th September, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Excise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Post Office	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Miscellaneous	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
EXPENDITURE	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	14,541,003 47	44,427,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	3,481,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Railway Subsidies	155,032 00	723,021 14	.....	363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance.

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 4th October, 1916.

11-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,774 25
Fractional	982,524 54
$1	14,097,325 50
$2	10,366,025 50
$4	46,135 00
$5	2,831,542 50
$50	10,250 00
$100	2,000 00
$500	1,995,000 00
$1,000	4,223,000 00
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	192,500 00
$1,000 " " "	1,324,000 00
$5,000 " " "	138,435,000 00
	$ 174,533,077 29

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,302 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,774 25

Gold held August 31, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,200,541 82
Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits— 10 p.c. on $54,415,219.95 under The Savings Banks Act	5,441,521 99
Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,759,019 83

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th September, 1916

12-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of August, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	819,328 05	
Malt Liquor	11,430 65	
Malt	290,597 13	
Tobacco	1,061,603 92	
Cigars	66,803 98	
Manufactures in Bond	13,308 04	
Acetic Acid	1,095 35	
Seizures	205 00	
Other Receipts	11,242 55	
Total Excise Revenue		2,275,614 67
Methylated Spirits		13,486 03
Ferry		5 00
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,663 70
Gas Inspection		4,225 35
Electric Light Inspection		5,643 15
Law Stamps		983 25
Other Revenues		474 47
War Tax		260,226 35
Grand Total Revenue		2,575,321 97

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Ministe

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 22nd September, 1916

14-tf

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of July, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts.	CR.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 30th June, 1916.	40,213,861 48	WITHDRAWALS during the month	672,739 82	
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,050,997 24			
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer				
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	2,194 33			
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,060 13	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36	
	41,270,113 18		41,270,113 18	

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg. Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th September, 1916.

14-tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirty-first August, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 31st July, 1916.	Deposits August, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for August, 1916.	Balance on 31st August, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	582,392 03	6,737 35	589,129 38	7,018 94	582,110 44
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,179,335 74	40,034 02	1,219,369 76	30,225 57	1,189,144 19
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,976,532 65	28,067 00	2,004,599 65	28,706 52	1,975,893 13
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	271,192 89	6,668 00	277,860 89	1,171 51	276,689 38
St. John	5,483,910 85	70,493 55	5,554,404 40	81,402 76	5,473,001 64
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	137,141 15	498 00	137,639 15	1,200 45	136,438 70
Guysboro'	118,242 86	1,830 00	120,072 86	1,006 46	119,066 40
Halifax	2,534,998 02	38,855 47	2,573,853 49	42,264 21	2,531,589 28
Kentville	231,862 32	3,553 00	235,415 32	3,921 13	231,494 19
Lunenburg	420,121 75	3,385 00	423,506 75	4,904 35	418,602 40
Port Hood	91,388 46	320 00	91,708 46	750 00	90,958 46
Shelburne	226,443 97	1,759 00	228,202 97	1,209 58	226,993 39
Sherbrooke	101,079 28	1.897 00	102,976 28	1,282 32	101,693 96
Wallace	136,236 86	1,251 00	137,487 86	1,636 69	135,851 17
Totals	13,490,878 83	205,348 39	13,696,227 22	206,700 49	13,489,526 73

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT
OTTAWA, 9th September, 1916

12-t

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUÉBEC, ON THE 31st DAY OF AUGUST, 1916.

	CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand. 1	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand. 2	Other deposits payable on demand. 3	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 4	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 5	Other deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 6	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Trust. 7	Liabilities not included under the foregoing heads. 8	Total Liabilities.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	93,341 86	.....	.....			31,451,378 12	180,000 00	40,760 41	31,765,480 39
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	140,000 00	1 2 0 0 0	10,362,466 03	83,000 00	590,669 27	11.187,335 30
Total.....	3,000,000 00	1,250,000 00	93,341 86	.....	.....	140,000 00	11 2 0 0 00	41.813,844 15	263 000 00	631,429 68	42,952,815 69

ASSETS.

	Dominion, Provincial and other public securities. 1	Cash in hand and on deposit in chartered banks 2	Canadian municipal bonds or securities, schools bonds or debentures and securities approved by Treasury Board. 3	Other bonds, debentures and securities. 4	Loans to governments, municipal corporations, fabriques de paroisses, syndics pour l'erection d'eglises and corporations on resolutions of their boards of directors. 5	Loans for which bank stocks are held as collateral security. 6	Loans for which stocks, bonds, debentures or securities other than bank stocks are held as collateral security. 7	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund investments. 8	Investments in bank stock made previous to the incorporation of the bank. 9	Bank premises. 10	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads. 11	Total Assets
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts
City and District Savings Bank	3,094,223 91	6,087,438 52	14,658,964 14	1,335,948 03	.....	1,339,226 25	6,809,628 92	180,000 00	.....	475,000 00	240,394 33	34,220,824 10
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.. ...	1,421,333 73	1,266,077 91	4,390,916 62	1,939,533 33	.....	454,277 50	2,777,230 15	83,000 00	9 600 00	140,000 00	214,237 61	12,696,206 85
Total.....	4,515,557 64	7,353 516 43	19,049 880 76	3,275,481 36	.....	1,792,503 75	9,586,859 07	263,000 00	9,600 00	615,000 00	454,631 94	46,917,030 95

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 18th September, 1916.

14 1f

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE*.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules :

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch) ; subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy ; the amount of which should be calculated as follows.

First insertion :	
Flat charge for title and signature.....	$1.00
Add two cents per word actual count.....	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words.....	.....
Other insertions :	
Flat charge for title and signature.....	0.50
Add one cent per word actual count.....	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total.....	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted.

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions :—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws etc—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, &c.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursdays will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette*.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same ; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bil is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill ; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz :—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension.....	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week.....	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session.	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000.....	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000.....	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000, and does not exceed $1,000,000.....	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000.....	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000.....	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof.....	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill ; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 2 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette;* such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company:*—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company:*—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges;* or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Act* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses.*

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation of a "railway company, or of a canal company, or for an "extension of the line of any existing or authorized "railway or canal, shall be considered by the Examiner "or by the Standing Orders Committee until there has "been filed with that committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each "county, township, municipality or district through "which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch "or extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway or "canal company or for changing the route of the railway or of the canal of any company already incorporated shall be considered by the Railway Committee "until there has been filed with the committee, at least "one week before the consideration of the bill:—"

(*a.*) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not less "than half an inch to the mile, showing the location "upon which it is intended to construct the proposed "work, and showing also the lines of existing or authorized works of a similar character within, or in any way "affecting the district, or any part thereof, which the "proposed work is intended to serve; and such map "or plan shall be signed by the engineer or other "person making the same;"

(*b.*) "An exhibit showing the total amount of capital "proposed to be raised for the purpose of the undertaking, and the manner in which it is proposed to "raise the same, whether by ordinary shares, bonds, "debentures, or other securities, and the amount of "each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1906

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be

published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties ; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessful, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitioner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893.*

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information :—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give :—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(*7*) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210.)

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate

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THE SENATE

Notices for Private Bills.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette ;* such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same ; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows :—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company :*—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company :*—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality ; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges ;* or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others :—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company ; An Insurance Company ; A Trust Company ; A Loan Company ; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers :—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice ; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also, to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located ; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal ; or for the construction of branches thereto ; —the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized :—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights) ; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company ; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers ; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company :—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks ; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages ; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed 'Private Bill Notice ;' or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders ; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate, the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels ; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session ; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session ; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

8559—4

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Austin Barnwell, of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Albert, locomotive foreman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Clara Carey Barnwell, of the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Calgary, this twenty-seventh day of July, 1916.

W. C. POLLARD,
Clarence Block, Calgary, Alberta,
6–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Newton Salter, of the Village of Winchester, in the County of Dundas and Province of Ontario, labourer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Elizabeth Salter, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Winchester, in the Province of Ontario, this first day of June, A.D. 1916.

JOHN NEWTON SALTER,
Winchester P.O.,
9-14 Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13–14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE CANADIAN CASUALTY AND BOILER INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been made by The Canadian Casualty and Boiler Insurance Company to the Honourable the Minister of Finance for a release on the twenty-fifth day of October, 1916, of the securities of the company deposited with the said Minister, and all Canadian policy holders of the said company, who desire to oppose such release are hereby notified to file their opposition with the said Minister on or before the said date.

Dated at Toronto, July 6th, 1916.

THE CANADIAN CASUALTY AND
BOILER INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 157 Bay Street, Toronto.
by MACDONALD & MACINTOSH,
of 26 Adelaide Street, West, Toronto,
3-15 Solicitors for the said Company.

THE SAINT JOHN & QUEBEC RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE.—The Saint John and Quebec Railway Company has deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and the Registrar of Kings County, Province of New Brunswick, a plan and description of the site of the proposed bridge across the Nerepis River, Parish of Westfield, County of Kings, in the Province of New Brunswick, Mile 69·38.

Take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Saint John and Quebec Railway Company will apply to the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa for approval of the said site and plan and for permission to construct the said bridge.

THE SAINT JOHN & QUEBEC RAILWAY CO.,
EDWARD GIROUARD,
Secretary.

Dated at Fredericton, N.B.,
this 11th day of September, 1916. 12-4

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

CHAPTER 115, REVISED STATUTES, CANADA.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Company hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the Land Registry Office in the City of Vancouver, British Columbia, a description of the site and plan of the wharf proposed to be built in Burrard Inlet in the Harbour of Vancouver, slightly east of the prolongation of Burrard Street northerly to the waters of Burrard Inlet.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works, at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Vancouver, B.C., this 29th day of August, 1916.

J. McMULLEN,
11-5 Solicitor for the Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R. S. C., CHAPTER 115.

BATHURST Lumber Company Limited hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Gloucester, New Brunswich, being the Gloucester County Record Office, at Bathurst, New Brunswick, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf proposed to be erected by the company, in that part of the Public Harbour of Bathurst, in front of the mill, wharves and shop properties of the said company in West Bathurst, formerly St. Peters or Bathurst Village, as shown on plan "A".

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, Bathurst Lumber Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Bathurst N.B., this ninth day of September, 1916.

BATHURST LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED,
By ANGUS McLEAN,
12-4 V.P. & Genl. Mgr.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

BATHURST Lumber Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa. and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Gloucester, New Brunswich, being the Gloucester County Record office at Bathurst, New Brunswick, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf proposed to be erected by the company, in that part of the public harbour of Bathurst, New Brunswick, in front of the pulp mill property of the said company fronting on the west side of the mouth of Nepisiquit River, shown on plan "C".

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, Bathurst Lumber Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Bathurst, N.B., this ninth day of September, 1916.

BATHURST LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED,
By ANGUS McLEAN,
12-4 V. P. & Gen'l Mgr.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

BATHURST Lumber Company Limited hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Gloucester, New Brunswick, being the Gloucester County Record Office, at Bathurst, New Brunswick, a description of the site and plans of a wharf proposed to be erected by the company, in that part of the public harbour of Bathurst, New Brunswick, in front of the mill and wharf properties of the said company in East Bathurst, fronting on the east side of the mouth of Nepisiquit River, as shown on plan "B."

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, Bathurst Lumber Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for the approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Bathurst, N.B., this ninth day of September, 1916.

BATHURST LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED
By ANGUS McLEAN,
12-4 V.P. & Gen'l. Mgr.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after Thursday, the 2nd of November next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders a dividend of two per cent, being at the rate of eight per cent per annum, upon its capital, for the quarter ending on the 31st of October next.

This dividend will be paid according to the list of shareholders of record on the 16th of October next.

By order of the board of directors,

N. LAVOIE,
General manager.

Quebec, 19th September, 1916. 13–5

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 105.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of twelve per cent (12 %) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the three months ending 31st October, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Wednesday, the first day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st October, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. HAY,
General manager.

Toronto, 20th September, 1916. 14–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R. S. C. CHAP., 115.

THE Glenwood Natural Gas Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the County of Kent at the City of Chatham, a description of the site and' plans of certain piers proposed to be built in Lake Erie in front of lots Nos. 165 to 187 (both inclusive) in the Townships of Romney and East Tilbury, County of Kent and Province of Ontario.

The approval asked for is

1. To be allowed to modify the specification for building piers authorized under Order in Council No. 2851 this modification to apply to such of the piers as have been authorized but not built.

2. To be allowed to put down additional wells which are Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 in accordance with the modified specifications.

3. To be allowed to build piers Nos. 9 and 10 in accordance with drawing No. 103 and accompanying specification.

4. Of the changed location of well No. 8 which is not at present in the position approved by the said Order in Council.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, The Glenwood Natural Gas Company, Limited, will. under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said piers.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1916.

THE GLENWOOD NATURAL GAS COMPANY,
14–4 LIMITED.

THE STERLING BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and one half per cent (1½%) for the quarter ending 31st October, inst., (being at the rate of six per cent (6%) per annum), on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches of the Bank on and after the 15th day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed on the 17th of October to the 31st of October, both days inclusive.

By order of the board.

A. H. WALKER.
General manager.

Toronto, 27th September, 1916. 14–5

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

IN THE MATTER of the Petition of Bowker Fertilizer Company, a corporation duly organized under the Laws of the State of New Jersey, located in the City, County and State of New York, U.S.A., manufacturers,

and

IN THE MATTER of a Specific Trade Mark consisting of the words "For The Land's Sake" to be used in connection with the manufacture and sale of fertilizers.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 6th day of September, A.D. 1916, there was filed in the Exchequer Court of Canada, the petition of Bowker Fertilizer Company, of New York, U.S.A., praying that an order might be made directing that their Trade Mark consisting of the words "For The Land's Sake" may be registered as a Specific Trade Mark to be used in connection with the manufacture and sale of fertilizers.

Any person desiring to oppose said petition must, within fourteen days from the date of the last insertion of the present notice in the *Canada Gazette* (the date of the last insertion being 7th October, A.D. 1916), file a statement of his objections with the Registrar of the Exchequer Court at Ottawa, and serve a copy thereof upon the petitioner or his solicitor.

FETHERSTONHAUGH & SMART,
5 Elgin St., Ottawa, Canada,
12–4 Solicitors for the petitioners.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of ten per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and will be payable at its banking house in this city and at its branches, on and after the 1st day of November next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day of October.

By order of the Board,

D. C. MACAROW,
General manager.

Montreal, 26th September, 1916. 14–5

THE DODGE METAL HOSE COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that the head or principal or head office of the above company is situated at 403 C.P.R. Building, Toronto, Ontario.

Dated at Toronto, this 26th day of September, 1916.

HARVEY OBEE,
404 C.P.R. Bldg., Toronto,
15–1 Solicitor for the company.

THE SAINT JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE—The Saint John and Quebec Railway Company has deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and the Registrar of Kings County, Province of New Brunswick, a plan and description of the site of the proposed bridge across the Jones' Creek in the Parish of Greenwich, County of Kings, in the Province of New Brunswick, mile 57.

Take notice that after the expiration of one mouth from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Saint John and Quebec Railway Company will apply to the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plan and for permission to construct the said bridge.

THE SAINT JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY,

EDWARD GIROUARD,
Secretary.

Dated at Fredericton, N.B., this 27th day of September, 1916. 15–4

MANVILLE ASBESTOS COMPANY, LIMITED.

SPECIAL BY-LAW NO. 3.

Entitled a by-law to increase the number of the company's directors.

WHEREAS the number of the directors of Manville Asbestos Company, Limited, is five and it is expedient that the number should be increased,—

Now therefore the said Manville Asbestos Company, Limited, enacts as follows :—

That the board of directors of the said company be and the same is hereby increased from five to six, of which three shall form a quorum.

—

I, the undersigned, secretary of Manville Asbestos Company, Limited, do hereby certify that the foregoing by-law was duly passed at a meeting of the directors of the company held on the 28th day of September, 1916, and that the same was duly approved, sanctioned and confirmed by the unanimous vote of all of the shareholders of the company present at a special general meeting duly called for considering such by-law and held on the 28th day of September, 1916.

[L,S.] JAMES G. CARTWRIGHT,
Secretary.

15-1

MANVILLE ASBESTOS COMPANY, LIMITED.

SPECIAL BY-LAW NO. 4.

Entitled a by-law to change the chief place of business of the company in Canada.

WHEREAS by the letters patent incorporating the Company it is declared that the Company's chief place of business in Canada is at the City of Montreal, in the County of Hochelaga, and it is deemed necessary and advisable to change the same,—

Now therefore the said Manville Asbestos Company, Limited, enacts as follows :—

That the chief place of business of the company in Canada be changed from the City of Montreal, in the County of Hochelaga, to the Town of Asbestos, in the County of Richmond, P.Q.

—

I, the undersigned Secretary of Manville Asbestos Company, Limited, do hereby certify that the foregoing by-law was duly passed at a meeting of the directors of the company held on the 30th day of September, 1916, and that the same was duly approved, sanctioned and confirmed by the unanimous vote of all of the shareholders of the company present at a special general meeting of the shareholders duly called for considering such by-law and held on the 30th day of September, 1916.

[L.S.] JAMES G. CARTWRIGHT,
Secretary.

15-1

THE MOLSONS BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Molsons Bank will be held at its banking-house, in this City, on Monday the 6th of November next at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By the order of the Board.

EDWARD C. PRATT,
General manager.

Montreal, 4th October, 1916. 15-4

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

THE Canadian Northern Western Railway Company hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registration District of Northern Alberta at Edmonton, a description of the site, plans and elevation of bridge proposed to be buiit across the Sturgeon River, in S.E. quarter of twenty-three (23), Township fifty-six (56), Range twenty-three (23), west of the Fourth Meridian, in the Province of Alberta.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Canadian Northern Western Railway Company will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval to the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said bridge across Sturgeon River.

Dated at Winnipeg this 29th day of September, A.D. 1916.

CANADIAN NORTHERN WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,

By CLARK & JACKSON
(Its solicitors).

15-4

CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of The Pension Fund Societies Act, chapter 123, R.S.C., La Société de la Caisse de Retraite de la Banque d'Hochelaga has been incorporated according to the said Act, and that its principal place of business is situated at civic No. 112, St. James, at Montreal.

Ernest Guimont is the secretary of the society, upon whom all legal process may be served.

Montreal, this 3rd October, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

LA SOCIÉTÉ DE LA CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA,

ERNEST GUIMONT,
Secretary.

15-4

LAKE SUPERIOR CORPORATION.

THE annual meeting of stockholders of the Lake Superior Corporation was held to-day, the 4th October, in Camden, N.J. Over two hundred and seventy thousand shares were represented and the meeting was unanimous. Only routine business was transacted. The following were elected directors :—W. K. Whigham, F. McOwen, H. Coppell, J. S. Dale, W. C. Franz, J. Frater Taylor, T. Gibson, H. I. Underhill, Alex. Taylor, A. H. Chitty, Walter Cunningham, J. Hawson Stop. At the meeting of the Board following the shareholders' meeting officers were elected as follows :—Chairman of Board, W. K. Whigham ; President, J. Frater Taylor ; Vice-presidents, H. Coppell, W. C. Franz, James Hawson ; Secretary, Alex. Taylor ; Treasurer, James Hawson.

ALEX. TAYLOR, Secretary.

Toronto, 5th October, 1916. 15-1

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 19 septembre 1916.

Albert McCarthy, de Shelburne, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse : Gardien du quai de l'Etat à cet endroit.

Rowlen Taylor Hankinson, de Rocky Mountain-House, dans la province d'Alberta, sous-agent des terres fédérales : Commissaire pour faire prêter serment en vertu des dispositions de la *Loi de la naturalisation*, étant le chapitre 77 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906.

Gordon S. Cook, de Pender-Harbour, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique : Maître de havre à cet endroit.

—

20 septembre 1916.

L'honorable Oswald Smith Crocket, Juge de la division du Banc du Roi de la cour Suprême du Nouveau-Brunswick : Juge de la cour de Divorce et des causes matrimoniales pour la dite province du Nouveau-Brunswick.

C. A. Huntley, du port de Parrsboro', dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse : Inspecteur-mesureur des navires et surveillant des logements des matelots à ce dit port.

W. H. Crocker, d'Albert dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, gardien du quai de l'Etat, à cet endroit.

—

28 septembre 1916.

E. Mortimer Réinhardt, sous-percepteur des douanes à La Have, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse: Préposé à l'engagement des matelots à ce port, au lieu et place de William Maschke.

—

30 septembre 1916

Robert Cockburn Hays, de la ville de Goderich, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, avocat : Juge suppléant de la cour de comté du comté de Huron, dans la dite province d'Ontario.

PROCLAMATIONS.

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous—Salut :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à mardi, le douzième jour du mois de septembre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa: Sachez maintenant, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada, en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, SAMEDI, le VINGT ET UNIÈME jour du mois d'OCTOBRE prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. Ce à quoi vous ne devez manquer.

En foi de quoi, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. Témoin : Notre Très cher et Bien-aimé Oncle et Très Fidèle Conseiller le Feld-maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Prince Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duc de Connaught et Strathearn, comte de Sussex (dans la pairie du Royaume-Uni), Prince du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Duc de Saxe, Prince de Saxe-Cobourg et Gotha ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très noble de la Jarretière, Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très ancien et Très noble du Chardon ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très illustre de Saint-Patrice ; l'un de Notre Très honorable Conseil Privé ; Grand Maître de Notre Ordre Très honorable du Bain ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très exalté de l'Etoile de l'Inde ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très éminent de l'Empire Indien ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria ; Notre Aide-de-Camp personnel ; Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef de Notre Puissance du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce HUITIÈME jour de SEPTEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
11-tf pour le Canada.

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—Salut :

PROCLAMATION.

W. STUART EDWARDS, pour le Sous-Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que dans et par la Partie XII, de la *Loi de la marine marchande au Canada*, chapitre 113, Statuts revisés, 1906, il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que la dite Partie XII s'appliquera aux ports seulement qui sont désignés à cet effet de temps à autre par proclamation ;

Et attendu que par un arrêté de Notre Gouverneur en conseil, en date du dix-neuvième jour de septembre, A.D. 1916, le port de Pender, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, est désigné comme un port auquel la dite Partie XII s'appliquera, et il est déclaré que les limites du port seront comme suit :—

" Comprenant toutes les eaux du port de Pender et " du détroit de Malaspina, y compris les parties des " cours d'eau, anses, etc., baignées par la marée et des " bancs jusqu'à la marque des hautes eaux, comprises " entre des lignes droites tirées de l'extrémité de la " pointe Norman jusqu'à la tangente nord de l'île Pear- " son, et de la tangente ouest de l'île Pearson jusqu'à " la tangente ouest de la pointe Francis et de la tan- " gente sud de la pointe Francis franc est par compas " jusqu'à la terre ferme de la péninsule Sechelt,—

SACHEZ DONC, que par et en vertu de l'autorité qui nous est conférée par la dite Partie XII et le dit arrêté en conseil respectivement, Nous proclamons et déclarons que la dite Partie XII s'appliquera désormais au dit port de Pender, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis de prendre connaissance et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très cher et Bien-aimé Oncle et Très fidèle Conseiller le Feld-maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Prince ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, Duc de Connaught et Strathearn, comte de Sussex (dans la pairie du Royaume-Uni), Prince du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Duc de Saxe, Prince de Saxe-Cobourg et Gotha ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très noble de la Jarretière ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très ancien et Très noble du Chardon ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très illustre de Saint-Patrice ; l'un de Notre Très honorable Conseil Privé ; Grand Maître de Notre Ordre Très honorable du Bain ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très exalté de l'Etoile de l'Inde ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très éminent de l'Empire Indien ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria ; Notre Aide-de-camp personnel ; Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef de Notre Puissance du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'Ottawa. ce DIX-NEUVIÈME jour de SEPTEMBRE en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, et de Notre règne la septième.

Par ordre,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

15–3

DÉPÊCHES, ETC.

(Extrait du Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 25 août 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
25 août 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le ROI de conférer la Croix Militaire aux officiers et sous-officiers à brevet ci-dessous mentionnés en récompense de leur bravoure et de leur dévouement en campagne :—

Lt. Frederick George Ernest Sutton, infanterie canadienne.

Pour sa bravoure incontestable lorsqu'en qualité d'observateur avec le 2e lieutenant Ross il fit deux reconnaissances à une altitude très basse. Leur machine fut souvent criblée de balles et le pilote fut grièvement blessé au bras. Leurs rapports avaient une très grande valeur.

TROUPES CANADIENNES.

Lt. James Joseph Stock, infanterie canadienne.

Pour sa bravoure incontestable durant les opérations. Il prépara trois assauts avec un grand jugement sous un feu très violent. Dans une certaine circonstance, il fut frappé à la poitrine par une bombe qui n'explosa pas, mais il continua les opérations avec un grand sang-froid.

Lt. John Wise, infanterie canadienne.

Pour sa bravoure incontestable et sa détermination. Il dirigea une escouade de reconnaissance à travers le fil barbelé de l'ennemi et lorsqu'il fut découvert, il attaqua vaillamment la tranchée. Il fut lui-même atteint en aidant un soldat blessé à passer par-dessus le parapet.

15–1

(Extrait du Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 1er septembre 1915.)*

WAR OFFICE,
1er septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le ROI de conférer la Médaille Militaire, pour bravoure en campagne, aux dames et sous-officiers et soldats ci-dessous mentionnés :

CONTINGENT CANADIAN.

406667 soldat J. S. Baird, inf.
55162 caporal H. V. Brisbin, inf.
406061 soldat F. Crosford, inf.
428159 sous-sergent W. A. Dawe, inf.
53648 soldat A. Forrester, inf.
A.2937 soldat D. C. Grey, inf.
428779 sergent C. B. Hamm, inf.
406342 soldat F. King, inf.
77148 sergent E. Lane, inf.
61196 caporal A. LeBel, inf.
55088 caporal A. F. Lynch, inf.
16255 caporal S. McDowell, inf.
A.6474 soldat W. D. G. Reid, inf.
428077 sergent t. D. N. Ross, inf.
55500 soldat J. C. Rule, inf.
476014 soldat N. Scott, inf.
7194 R. E. Shuel, inf.
16241 sergent H. H. Weeks, inf.
55316 soldat N. A. Wheadon, inf.

15–1

(Extrait de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 8 septembre 1916.)*

A la cour au château de Windsor, le 7e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

Sa Très Excellente Majesté le ROI en Conseil.

ATTENDU que par l'arrêté dit " The Aliens Restriction (Consolidation) Order, 1916," (ci-après désigné l'arrêté principal), il a plu à Sa Majesté, dans l'exercice des pouvoirs qui lui sont conférés par la loi dite " The Aliens Restriction Act, 1914," d'imposer des restrictions relatives aux aubains, et de faire divers règlements et mettre ces restrictions en vigueur ;

Et attendu que l'arrêté principal a été étendu et modifié par des arrêtés en conseil subséquents, et qu'il est opportun de modifier les dispositions de l'arrêté principal de la manière ci-après énoncée,—

En conséquence, il plaît à Sa Majesté, par et avec l'avis de Son Conseil privé, d'ordonner et il est ordonné comme suit :

L'article suivant sera inséré après l'article 22*a* de l'arrêté principal :

22*b*. A compter du premier jour d'octobre 1916, nul ne prendra des mesures pour obtenir les services d'aubains ou de tout aubain qui n'est pas dans le Royaume-Uni, sauf pour travailler aux munitions dans le Royaume-Uni, à moins d'en avoir obtenu la permission écrite du Board of Trade, et subordonnément aux conditions spéciales ou générales que le Board of Trade pourra imposer.

15–3 ALMERIC FITZROY.

[*Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la* LONDON GAZETTE *du 25 août 1916.*]

WAR OFFICE,
26 août 1916.

LA CROIX MILITAIRE.
MANDAT ROYAL REVISÉ.

GEORGE CINQ par la Grâce de Dieu Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes : A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront, Salut :—

ATTENDU que par Notre Mandat Royal sous Notre Seing Manuel daté le 28 décembre 1914, Nous avons institué et créé une nouvelle décoration intitulée " La Croix Militaire " décernée aux officiers de certains

grades dans notre armée en récompense de services distingués et méritoires en temps de guerre :

Et attendu que Nous désirons que certains changements soient faits aux règlements concernant la dite décoration, Nous ordonnons par le présent que les dispositions de Notre dit Mandat Royal soient cancellées et que les règlements suivants leur soient substitués :—

Premièrement.—Il est ordonné que la croix sera désignée " La Croix Militaire."

Deuxièmement.—Il est ordonné que la croix militaire consistera en une croix d'argent ayant sur chaque bras notre couronne Impériale et portant au centre les lettres G.R.I.

Troisièmement.—Il est ordonné que personne ne pourra obtenir cette décoration, ni y être nommée à moins d'être un capitaine, un officier subalterne ou un sous-officier à brevet de la 1ère classe ou de la 2e classe dans Notre armée ou dans Nos forces militaires de l'Inde ou des Colonies, et que la Croix Militaire ne sera décernée qu'aux officiers des grades ci-dessus mentionnés après qu'une recommandation Nous aura été faite à cet effet par Notre Principal Secrétaire d'Etat pour la Guerre.

Quatrièmement.—Il est ordonné que les officiers étrangers d'un grade équivalent à ceux ci-dessus mentionnés, qui ont pris part à des opérations militaires avec Notre armée ou Nos forces militaires de l'Inde ou des Colonies, pourront obtenir la Croix Militaire.

Cinquièmement.—Il est ordonné que ceux qui, après avoir rendu des services pour lesquels la Croix Militaire est décernée, accomplissent subséquemment un acte de bravoure approuvé qui, s'ils n'avaient pas reçu la Croix leur donnerait le droit de l'obtenir recevront une agrafe qui sera attachée au ruban par lequel la Croix est suspendue, et pour chaque tel acte additionnel une agrafe additionnelle pourra être ajoutée.

Sixièmement.—Il est ordonné que les noms de ceux auxquels il Nous fera plaisir de décerner cette décoration seront publiés dans la *London Gazette*, et qu'un registre de ces noms sera tenu au bureau de Notre Principal Secrétaire d'Etat pour la Guerre.

Septièmement.—Il est ordonné que la Croix Militaire sera portée immédiatement après les ordres et avant toutes les décorations et médailles (sauf la Croix de Victoria seulement) et sur le côté gauche de la poitrine pendue à un ruban d'un pouce et trois huitièmes de large qui sera de couleur blanche avec une bande pourpre.

Huitièmement.—Il est ordonné que la Croix Militaire ne confèrera pas de préséance individuelle mais permettra au récipiendaire d'ajouter les lettres C.M. après son nom.

Neuvièmement.—Il est ordonné que toute personne qui aura été déclarée déchue de la Croix Militaire, par un mandat spécial sous Notre Seing Manuel Royal renverra la dite décoration au Bureau de Notre Principal Secrétaire d'Etat pour la Guerre, et son nom sera biffé du Registre dans lequel sont inscrits les noms de ceux à qui la dite décoration a été conférée.

Finalement.—Nous nous réservons à Nous, Nos héritiers et successeurs, le plein pouvoir d'annuler, altérer, abroger, augmenter, interpréter ou Nous dispenser de ces règlements ou de toute partie des dits règlements, par avis donné sous Notre Seing Manuel Royal.

Donné à Notre Cour, à Saint-James, ce vingt-troisième jour d'août mil neuf cent seize, dans la septième année de Notre règne.

Par ordre de Sa Majesté.

D. LOYD GEORGE.

—

MEMORANDUM.

Le présent Mandat est pour être substitué au Mandat original du 28 décembre 1914 et au Mandat supplémentaire du 31 mai 1916. L'insertion des lettres C.M. après le nom de celui qui reçoit la Croix, sous la clause 8 sera mise en vigueur dans la Liste de l'armée du mois d'octobre. 14–3

(Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 25 août 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
26 août 1916.

MANDAT ROYAL INSTITUANT UNE AGRAFE POUR L'ORDRE DU SERVICE DISTINGUÉ.

ATTENDU que Nous désirons que soient reconnus les nouveaux services distingués dans le cas d'officiers qui ont déjà été décorés de l'Ordre du Service Distingué :—

C'est Notre désir et plaisir et Nous ordonnons par le présent que ceux qui, après avoir rendu des services pour lesquels l'Ordre du Service Distingué est décerné, accompliront de nouveau un acte de bravoure approuvé, qui, s'ils n'avaient pas déjà reçu l'Ordre, leur donnerait le droit de l'obtenir, recevront une agrafe qui sera attachée au ruban par lequel l'Ordre est suspendu et pour chaque tel acte additionnel, une agrafe additionnelle pourra être ajoutée.

Donné à Notre Cour à St. James, le 23e jour d'août 1916, dans la septième année de Notre règne.

Par ordre de Sa Majesté,

15–3 D. LLOYD GEGRGE.

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[1820]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 9e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil du 22 janvier 1914 ont été sanctionnés des règlements généraux concernant les trains et les enclenchements usités sur les chemins de fer de l'Etat ;

Et attendu que dans un rapport, daté le 2 septembre 1916, le gérant général des chemins de fer de l'Etat a représenté que, à cause de récentes améliorations dans le mécanisme d'enclenchement des signaux du *block-system*, et dans le but d'assurer la sécurité dans le mouvement des trains, il est expédient et nécessaire que certains articles des règlements actuels soient abrogés, savoir, certaines des " Définitions et indications" sous le titre " Signaux automatiques du *block-system* " et certaines des " Définitions et indications" sous le titre " Signaux d'enclenchements", et qu'aux dits articles soient substitués les suivants :

Signaux automatiques du block-system.
Définitions et indications.

Section (Block)—Partie d'une voie d'une longueur déterminée, sur laquelle le passage des trains est réglé par les signaux de section (block).

Signal de section (Block signal)—Signal fixe pour régler le passage sur la section (block).

Signal de section contigu (Home block signal)—Signal fixe à l'entrée de la section pour régler l'entrée et le passage sur la section.

Une aile de sémaphore dans une position horizontale indique " Arrêtez " Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière rouge.

Une aile de sémaphore à 90 degrés au-dessus de l'horizontale indique " Passez. " Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière verte.

Signal de section à distance (Distant block signal)—Signal fixe relié à un signal de section contigu pour en régler l'approche.

Une aile de sémaphore à 45 degéts au-dessus de l'horizontale indique " Passez de manière à arrêter au signal suivant." Dans la même position la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière jaune.

Une aile de sémaphore à 90 degrés au-dessus de l'horizontale indique " Passez. " Dans la même position la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière verte.

L'aile d'un sémaphore dans un signal automatique de section (automatic block signal) se termine en une pointe qui indique " Arrêtez et passez. " La face est peinte en jaune avec une barre et le revers en noir avec une barre blanche.

Feux marqueurs—Les signaux automatiques portent une lumière blanche luniforme pour indiquer la forme de l'aile du signal, et se trouve à six pieds au-dessous de la lumière du signal. Un feu marqueur placé verticalement au-dessous de la lumière du signal indique que l'aile a une extrémité carrée ; placé diagonalement au-dessous de la lumière du signal, il indique une aile pointue.

Indicateur—Appareil " ordinairement manœuvré en rapport avec une aiguille ", pour indiquer la position du signal auquel il réfère. Il porte une aile de petite dimension ou un disque qui prend la position d'arrêt quand le signal de section contigu prend la position d'arrêt, ou quand un train est près de s'engager sur la section. Aux croisements de la voie principale, les indicateurs placés près de chacune des voie, à l'aiguille, réfère au signal qui protège la section (block) sur l'autre voie.

Block-system automatique—Succession de sections (blocks) consécutives dont les signaux sont manœuvrés au moyen de l'électricité, de l'air ou d'un mécanisme quelconque mis en activité par le passage d'un train ou par certaines conditions résultant de la manœuvre sur la section (block).

SIGNAUX D'ENCLENCHEMENT.

Définitions et indications.

Enclenchement.—Disposition d'aiguilles, de clefs et de signaux reliés entre eux de façon à ce que leurs mouvements se suivent nécessairement dans un certain ordre fixé à l'avance.

Mécanisme d'enclenchement.—Ensemble des appareils d'aiguillage, de clefs et de signaux enclenchés.

Poste d'enclenchement.—Endroit d'où se manœuvre le mécanisme d'enclenchement.

Signaux d'enclenchement.—Signaux fixes d'un mécanisme d'enclenchement.

Signal contigu (Home signal)—Signal fixe pour règler le mouvement des trains sur une voie ou des voies, et placé à un point où les trains doivent s'arrêter quand la voie est fermée.

Une aile de sémaphore dans la position horizontale indique "Arrêtez." Dans la même position la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière rouge.

Une aile de sémaphore à soixante degrés au dessous, ou 90 degrés au-dessous de l'horizontale indique "Passez." Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière verte.

Signal à distance—Signal fixe relié à un signal contigu (home signal) pour en régler l'approche.

Une aile de sémaphore à 45 degrés au-dessus de l'horizontale indique " Passez de manière à vous arrêter au prochain signal." Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière jaune.

Une aile de sémaphore à 60 degrés au-dessous, ou 90 degrés au-dessus, de l'horizontale indique " Passez." Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière verte.

Signal minuscule (dwarf signal)—Petit signal bas, du genre sémaphore, servant de signal contigu (home signal) pour garder une ou plusieurs voies divergentes ou nouvelles.

Lanterne signal (pot signal)—Un petit signal pour indiquer la position d'une aiguille ou remplacer un signal minuscule (dwarf signal).

Voie—Le chemin que prend un train en passant d'un point à un autre, surtout un chemin habituel ou fixé à l'avance, ou toutes combinaisons possibles d'embranchements ou croisements sur lesquels le train passe par un mécanisme d'enclenchement.

En conséquence, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur Général en conseil de sanctionner l'adoption des règlements établis comme ci-dessus en remplacement de ces parties ci-dessus mentionnées des règlements sanctionnés par l'arrêté en conseil du 22 janvier 1914.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2107]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 8e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'un arrêté en conseil du 4 mai 1916, accordait l'autorisation de soustraire de l'inscription de homestead et de la vente de certains terrains comprenant les bassins de drainage des creeks Scott et Moon en vue d'empêcher la possibilité de la contamination des eaux des dits creeks, dont la cité de Port-Noody se propose de tirer son approvisionnement d'eau ;

Et attendu que le tableau donnant la description de certains terrains, qui était annexé au dit arrêté en conseil comprenait des terrains qui ne sont pas situés dans les limites des bassins de drainage des creeks Scott ou Noon et qu'il n'est pas nécessaire par conséquent de soustraire ces terrains de l'inscription de homestead, de la vente ou d'autre disposition au gré de la Couronne ;

Et attendu que les renseignements que possède aujourd'hui le Ministère démontrent qu'il y a deux étendues de terrain peu considérables situées dans les limites du bassin de drainage des dits creeks, qui, s'ils n'étaient soustraits de l'inscription et de la vente, pourraient causer la contamination des eaux des dits cours d'eau,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que l'arrêté en conseil susmentionné soit par les présentes modifié en en retranchant la sec. frac. 36, township 39, O.M.C., et la ½ sec. O. 35, tp. 4, r. 70, 7e M., et en y ajoutant la sec. frac. 36 et la ½ sec. E. 35, situées toutes deux dans le township 4, rang 7, à l'ouest du 7e méridien.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
12-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2195]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 19e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe (*c*) de l'article 38 de la *Loi de l'immigration*, 9–10 Edouard VII, et, en vue de l'encombrement du marché de la main-d'œuvre, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, de décréter par ces présentes ce qui suit :

Est prohibé du 1er jour d'octobre 1916 jusqu'au 31e jour de mars 1917, le débarquement aux ports d'entrée de la Colombie-Britannique ci-dessous spécifiés des émigrants des catégories et métiers suivants :

Artisans ; journaliers, experts ou non.

Le présent arrêté en conseil s'applique aux ports d'entrée suivants de la Colombie-Britannique :

Vancouver,	Ganges Harbour,	Paterson,
Victoria,	Douglas,	Aldergrove,
New Westminster,	Gateway,	Rykerts,
Nanaïmo,	Grand Forks,	Rossland,
Prince Rupert,	Huntingdon,	Stewart,
Port Simpson,	Kamloops,	Union Bay,
Anyox,	Keremeos,	Upper Sumas,
Atlin,	Kingsgate,	Waneta,
Chilliwack,	Ladner,	Pacific Highway,
Bridesville,	Myncaster,	White Rock,
Chopaka,	Ladysmith,	Mission Junction,
Carson,	Midway,	Whales Island,
Cascade,	Steveston,	Newport,
Comox,	Chemainus,	Alberni.
Osoyoos,	Powell River.	White Pass.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[Les deux arrêtés en conseil suivants ont paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 27 septembre 1916.*]

[2221]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 20e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'il est jugé opportun d'établir des prescriptions pour régler les cas d'avaries aux navires de Sa Majesté par des collisions ou autres accidents causés à dessein ou par négligence par les capitaines d'autres navires ; et pour autoriser l'arrestation et la punition des marins qui, après s'être engagés pour servir à bord d'un navire anglais appartenant à l'amirauté ou affrété ou réquisitionné par l'amirauté, retardent, en s'absentant ou autrement, le départ de leurs navires,—

A ces fins, il plaît à Son Altesse Royle le Gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'empire des dispositions de l'article six de la *Loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre*, de faire et d'établir par les présentes les règlements suivants :

1. Si un navire, par une collision ou un autre accident, cause des avaries à un navire appartenant à Sa Majesté ou engagé dans le service de Sa Majesté ou à une personne à bord d'un tel navire, ou s'il est manié ou conduit de manière à créer un danger de collision avec un navire appartenant à Sa Majesté ou engagé dans le service de Sa Majesté, le capitaine ou toute autre personne en charge du dit navire se rend coupable d'une infraction aux présents règlements, à moins qu'il ne soit prouvé que les dites avaries ou le dit danger de collision n'ont pas été causés par sa négligence à maintenir ou faire maintenir une vigie suffisante ou à observer ou à faire observer l'un quelconque des règlements pour éviter les collisions en haute mer, ou l'un des règlements concernant la navigation ou l'amarrage des navires dans un port ou aux approches d'un port, ou l'un des présents règlements, ou de prendre ou faire prendre toutes les précautions exigées par la coutume ordinaire des marins ou nécessaires dans les circonstances.

2. Se rend coupable d'infraction aux présents règlements tout marin qui, après avoir été légalement engagé tel que prescrit par les lois de 1894 à 1914 concernant la marine marchande ou par la *Loi de la marine marchande au Canada*, pour servir à bord d'un navire anglais appartenant au Lord Grand Amiral du Royaume-Uni ou aux commissaires qui remplissent les fonctions du Lord Grand Amiral du Royaume-Uni, ou affrété ou réquisitionné par eux,

(*a*) néglige ou refuse sans motif raisonnable de se rendre ou de prendre la mer sur son navire, ou déserte ou s'absente en tout temps sans permission de son navire ou de son poste ; ou

(*b*) Se rend sur son navire dans un état d'ébriété assez avancé pour nuire à l'accomplissement de ses devoirs ou à la navigation de son navire.

(2) Le capitaine, le lieutenant ou le propriétaire du navire, ou son agent, ou un officier de la marine ou de la milice, ou un surintendant tel que défini par les lois de 1894 à 1914, concernant la marine marchande ou par la *Loi de la marine marchande au Canada*, a le droit, avec ou sans l'assistance d'un constable de police ou d'un autre officier de paix, de transporter sur son navire tout marin qu'il a des motifs de croire coupable d'une infraction au paragraphe (*a*) des présents règlements.

(3) Les constables de polices et autres officiers de paix doivent donner toute l'assistance qu'on leur demande pour appréhender les marins et les transporter sur leurs navires tel que prévu par le présent règlement.

(4) L'exercice des pouvoirs conférés par le présent règlement ne sera pas sujet à la restriction imposée par les lois de 1894 à 1914 concernant la marine marchande ou par la *Loi de la marine marchande au Canada* à l'exercice de pouvoirs semblables conférés par ces lois.

3. Toute personne qui enfreint l'une quelconque des dispositions des règlements précédents est passible, sur conviction sommaire devant deux juges de paix ou plus, d'une peine n'excédant pas cinq mille dollars ou d'emprisonnement pour un terme n'excédant pas cinq ans ou d'amende et d'emprisonnement.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[1873]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 5e jour d'août 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'il a été constaté que les règlements faits et établis par un arrêté en conseil du 6 janvier 1916, C.P. 3057, dans le but de punir et prévenir le délit d'absence sans permission de la milice active et du corps expéditionnaire d'outre-mer, ont besoin d'être modifiés, à ces fins, il plaît au Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que le dit arrêté en conseil soit par les présentes abrogé.

Il plaît aussi au Gouverneur général en conseil, dans le même but, et d'après les pouvoirs conférés par l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre* de décréter par les présentes ce qui suit :

1. Tout homme de la milice active du Canada, et tout soldat des forces expédionnaires canadiennes d'outre-mer qui s'absente du corps ou de l'effectif dont il fait partie sans la permission de l'officier commandant du dit corps ou du dit effectif, est coupable d'un délit et sur conviction sommaire sous l'empire des dispositions de la partie XV du code criminel, est passible d'emprisonnement, avec ou sans travaux forcés, pour un terme n'excédant pas deux ans.

2. Nonobstant toute disposition du code criminel, ou de toute autre loi, un juge de paix, un magistrat de police ou un magistrat stipendiaire a juridiction pour recevoir et juger toute accusation d'absence sans congé, même si l'infraction a été commise ou si l'accusation porte qu'elle a été commise en dehors de la division territoriale où le dit juge, magistrat de police ou magistrat stipendiaire a ou exerce sa juridiction.

3. La production d'un rôle de service ou d'une attestation signée par l'accusé sous la forme d'un engagement pris par lui de servir dans le corps ou l'effectif dont il est accusé d'être absent sans permission est une preuve suffisante que l'accusé était dûment enrôlé dans ce corps ou cet effectif, et une déclaration écrite signée par l'officier commandant ou l'officier en charge d'un district militaire au Canada affirmant que l'accusé est absent du corps ou de l'effectif dont il fait partie est une preuve *prima facie* que l'accusé est absent sans permission du dit corps ou du dit effectif, et suffit pour mettre à la charge de l'accusé la preuve que son absence du dit corps ou du dit effectif a été dûment autorisée.

4. Rien d'ici contenu ne limitera ou n'affectera de manière quelconque le droit des autorités militaires de prendre contre le délinquant les procédures autorisées par la loi militaire, mais un accusé ne peut être cité pour la même infraction devant et un tribunal militaire et une cour civile.

5. La solde et les allocations militaires de chacun qui aura été trouvé coupable d'absence, sans congé, de son corps ou de l'effectif auquel il appartient peuvent être confisquées pour compenser toute perte ou destruction ou tout dommage qu'il a causés ou a permis d'être causés à des armes, munitions, équipements, uniformes, instruments ou outillage régimentaires lorsque le Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense lui aura ordonné d'en payer la valeur.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2268]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 19 septembre 1916, représentant que M. Frank A. Collins, surintendant des terres des écoles à Winnipeg, a recommandé qu'il soit fait au cours du présent automne des ventes à l'enchère de terres des écoles dans les provinces de la Saskatchewan et de l'Alberta aux endroits suivants, savoir : Kamsack, Lac Blaine et Biggar, dans la province de la Saskatchewan, et à Provost, Sedgewick et Chinook, dans la province de l'Alberta ;

Que, avant de faire les arrangements pour ces ventes, les premiers ministres de la Saskatchewan et de l'Alberta ont été consultés quant à la sagesse de mettre à l'enchère des terres des écoles dans ces provinces au cours de cette année ;

Que, en réponse, une lettre du Trésorier provincial de la Saskatchewan déclarait que son ministère était d'avis que le présent automne était une époque convenable pour mettre à l'enchère les terres des écoles au Lac Blaine et à Biggar dans cette province ;

Que le premier ministre de l'Alberta a aussi signifié que son ministère approuvait les dites ventes dans la province de l'Alberta ;

Le Ministre, étant d'avis, d'après les représentations qui lui ont été faites qu'il serait dans l'intérêt du fonds des terres des écoles de mettre à l'enchère des terres des écoles aux endroits susmentionnés au cours du présent automne, recommande que le Conseil donne l'autorisation nécessaire à ces fins. Les terres en question seront inspectées avant que les ventes aient lieu et des mises à prix seront fixées suffisantes pour sauvegarder les intérêts du fonds des terres scolaires ;

Les ventes se feront aussi selon les conditions stipulées dans la *Loi des terres fédérales* en ce qui concerne la mise à l'enchère des terres des écoles ;

Un arrêté en conseil du 12 février 1916, autorisait la mise à l'enchère de terres des écoles dans la province du Manitoba, à Rossburn, Glenella et Dauphin, au cours des mois de juillet et juin derniers, alors qu'il a été fait aussi des ventes à l'enchère à plusieurs endroits dans les provinces de la Saskatchewan et de l'Alberta, mais comme l'inspection des terres qui devaient être mises à l'enchère au Manitoba a été beaucoup retardée à cause de la saison avancée, il a été impossible de mettre à l'enchère à cette époque les terres des écoles au Manitoba,—

En conséquence, le Ministre recommande que soit autorisée la vente des dites terres à Rossburn, Glenella et Dauphin au cours du présent automne.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2284]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

ATTENDU que, au nom du bureau de direction pour le Manitoba et le Nord-Ouest du fonds de construction d'églises et presbytères de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada, demande a été faite d'une concession pour les fins d'une église d'un acre de terre situé dans le $\frac{1}{4}$ sud-ouest de la section 13, township 31, rang 22, à l'ouest du principal méridien;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que la dite demande soit accordée, et les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

En conséquence il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église un acre de terre situé dans le $\frac{1}{4}$ sud-ouest de la section 13, township 31, rang 22, à l'ouest du principal méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession au bureau de direction pour le Manitoba et le Nord-Ouest du fonds de construction d'églises et presbytères de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Greffier du Conseil prive.

[L'arrêté en conseil suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 25 septembre 1916.*]

[2194]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 20e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en Conseil, en vertu de l'autorité conférée par la loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre, de sanctionner par les présentes les règlements ci-annexés concernant les aubains de nationalité ennemie.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

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1. Tout aubain de nationalité ennemie qui réside ou séjourne au Canada sans avoir au Canada aucun lieu permanent de résidence ou de séjour doit, dans les vingt jours qui suivent la publication des présents règlements dans la *Gazette du Canada*, se présenter devant le premier officier de police de la cité, de la ville, du village, du comté ou du district où réside ou séjourne le dit aubain pour déclarer au dit premier officier de police son nom, son âge, son lieu de résidence, sa nationalité et son état, et répondre à toutes questions qui peuvent lui être posées par le dit premier officier de police ou en son nom touchant les renseignements susdits ou concernant les causes ou motifs de la présence au Canada du dit aubain de nationalité ennemie.

2. Si le dit premier officier de police est d'avis que le dit aubain de nationalité ennemie peut rester en liberté sans préjudice à l'intérêt public, il préparera et remettra au dit aubain de nationalité ennemie un certificat de parole dans les termes de la formule "A" de l'annexe aux présents règlements.

3. Tout aubain de nationalité ennemie qui a obtenu un certificat de parole comme susdit doit le conserver avec soin, le porter sur sa personne et le produire pour vérification chaque fois qu'en est faite la demande par un officier de paix ou un officier militaire.

4. Tout aubain de nationalité ennemie qui a obtenu un certificat de parole ne doit pas partir ni s'éloigner de la cité, la ville, le village, le comté ou le district mentionné dans son certificat de parole sans au préalable se présenter devant le premier officier de police qui lui a accordé le dit certificat et déclarer le motif ou l'objet de son désir de partir ou s'éloigner de la cité, la ville, le village, ou le district susdit, ainsi que le nom de l'endroit où le dit aubain de nationalité ennemie se propose ou désire se rendre; et sur ce doit répondre à toutes questions qui peuvent lui être posées par le dit premier officier de police ou au nom de ce dernier, touchant les matières susdites en tout ou en partie.

5. Si le dit officier de police reconnaît qu'il n'est pas au préjudice de l'intérêt public qu'il soit permis au dit aubain de nationalité ennemie de partir ou s'éloigner de la cité, la ville, le village, le comté ou le district mentionné dans le certificat de parole comme susdit, il signera au dos du dit certificat de parole un avis dans les termes de la formule " B " de l'annexe aux présents règlements et à l'effet que le dit aubain de nationalité ennemie a dûment reçu permission d'aller à l'endroit désigné au dos du dit certificat.

6. Tout aubain de nationalité ennemie qui a fait la déclaration susdite et a obtenu son permis doit, immé-

diatement à son arrivée au lieu de sa destination, se présenter et se produire devant le premier officier de police de ce dernier endroit.

7. Tout aubain de nationalité ennemie qui a obtenu un certificat de parole doit dès lors, à des intervalles d'un mois, se présenter et se produire devant le premier officier de police qui lui a accordé un certificat de parole, à moins que dans l'intervalle il ait obtenu de la manière susdite la permission de partir ou aller à un endroit hors la cité, la ville, le village, le comté ou le district mentionné dans son certificat de parole, auquel cas il devra se produire aux dites intervalles au premier officier de police de l'endroit où il s'est rendu ou est allé.

8. De pareille manière, avant que tout aubain de nationalité ennemie parte ou s'éloigne de tout endroit où il est obligé de se produire comme susdit, il doit se présenter devant le premier officier de police du dit endroit et se produire comme susdit et obtenir dans les termes et formules susdits la signature du dit officier au dos de son certificat de parole.

9. Tout refus, omission ou négligence de la part d'un aubain de nationalité ennemie d'observer ou exécuter l'un quelconque des dispositifs des présents règlements ou de s'y soumettre, constitue un délit et le coupable, sur conviction sommaire, sous la partie XIV du *Code criminel*, est passible d'emprisonnement pour un terme n'excédant pas six mois ou d'une amende n'excédant pas $500.00 ou de l'emprisonnement et de l'amende susdits. De plus, tout refus, omission ou négligence de la part d'un aubain de nationalité ennemie à qui a été accordé un certificat de parole, de produire et soumettre à un examen raisonnable son certificat de parole quand demande lui en est faite par un officier militaire, constitue un délit et le coupable est passible des mêmes peines de la même manière.

10. L'expression "premier officier de police" dans le sens des présents règlements signifie et comprend le chef de police, le constable en chef ou le premier officier de paix de toute municipalité, et dans les provinces de Saskatchewan et d'Alberta, les territoires du Nord-Ouest et le territoire du Yukon, le premier officier de la Royale Gendarmerie à cheval du Nord-Ouest, exerçant l'autorité dans tout district où il n'existe pas d'organisation municipale ni d'officier de police municipal, et comprend aussi le successeur ou le remplaçant dudit premier officier de police tel que défini dans le présent paragraphe. Toutefois en ce qui concerne les villes de Montréal et de Winnipeg, ladite expression signifie le registraire des aubains ennemis.

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ANNEXE A.

CERTIFICAT DE PAROLE.

Les présentes certifient que ..... maintenant résidant à....., un sujet..... âgé de ..... ans, pesant environ .....livres, de par la loi a le droit et l'obligation de porter ce certificat sur sa personne et de le produire pour le faire raisonnablement examiner quand demande lui en est faite par un officier de paix ou un officier militaire, et doit de plus se présenter chaque mois devant le premier officier de police à....., et que, sujet à son observation des prescriptions de la loi, il peut rester en liberté. Toutefois il n'a pas le droit de partir ni s'éloigner de..... sans faire endosser ce certificat par qui de droit.

Daté à.....ce.....jour de.....1916.

—

ANNEXE B.

ENDOSSEMENT.

Le dénommé au recto ..... a la permission de se transporter à..... où il doit immédiatement et à des intervalles d'un mois se présenter au premier officier de police de l'endroit.

Daté à .....ce.....jour de.....1916.

14–2

[2285]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que demande a été faite par les syndics de l'Eglise baptiste Good Hope de Keystone, dans la province de l'Alberta, de la concession pour les fins d'une église de 10 acres de terre situés à l'angle nord-est de la subdivision légale n° 8, de la section 15, township 48, rang 4, à l'ouest du 5e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que ladite demande soit accordée, et les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

En conséquence il plaît Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église 10 acres de terre situés à l'angle nord-est de la subdivision légale n° 8 de la section 15, township 48, rang 4, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession aux syndics de l'église Baptiste Good Hope de Keystone, dans la province de l'Alberta, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

14–4

[2256]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNERAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'à une assemblée de la corporation des commissaires du havre de Vancouver, tenue le 4 juillet 1916, il fut passé un nouveau règlement No 7*a*, (dont copie ci-annexée) dont le but est d'étendre les termes du présent règlement No 7 de la dite corporation aux fins d'élucider certaines questions nécessaires qui peuvent surgir dans l'application du dit règlement No 7;

Et attendu que le dit règlement a été soumis au Ministère de la Justice pour examen quant à sa légalité et que le dit ministère est d'avis qu'il n'existe aucune objection légale à son adoption ; et que le fonctionnaire du Ministère de la Marine et des Pêcheries préposé à l'inspection des affaires des différentes commissions des havres au Canada fait rapport qu'il a examiné le dit nouveau règlement et recommande son approbation, et que le Ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries approuve cette recommandation;—

En conséquence il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil de sanctionner par les présentes le règlement ci-annexé, No 7*a*, de la corporation des commissaires du havre de Vancouver.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

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COMMISSAIRES DU HAVRE DE VANCOUVER.

Vancouver, C.-B.

EXTRAIT des minutes de l'assemblée tenue le 4 juillet 1916.

Résolu :—

Qu'il est arrêté que ce qui suit doit être ajouté aux règlements, sous la désignation de règlement n° 7*a* :

"7*a*. La signature du secrétaire en fonctions à la date de l'exécution de toutes débentures émises en conformité de la loi concernant les Commissaires du havre de Vancouver, et tous amendements à cette loi, peut être gravée ou lithographiée sur les coupons attachés aux dites débentures, et la corporation devra tenir pour valable et liante telle signature gravée ou lithographiée, même si la dite personne n'était plus secrétaire au moment où les débentures sont signées, certifiées ou déliviées."

Certifié le 4 juillet 1916.

Signé : W. D. HARVIE,
Secrétaire.

14–2

[2312]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 28e jour de septembre 1916

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la municipalité rurale de Rosemount, n° 378, de la province de Saskatchewan, a demandé la concession pour les fins d'un cimetière de trois acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-ouest du quart de section sud-ouest de la section 34, township 37, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le ministère de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur ;

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'un cimetière trois acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-ouest du quart sud-ouest de la section 34, township 37, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession à la municipalité rurale de Rosemount, n° 378, de la province de Saskatchewan, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

LES Commissaires du Service Civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidatscapables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service Civil du Canada :—

Un commis technicien pour emploi temporaire dans la division des Arpentages topographiques du Ministère de l'Intérieur, à un traitement aux taux de $1,300 par année. On prendra en considération les demandes des gradués en sciences appliquées ou en hautes mathématiques d'une université autorisée, ou de ceux qui ont subi avec succès l'examen final des Arpenteurs du Dominion ou un examen équivalent.

L'emploi temporaire dont il est question dans le paragraphe ci-dessus ne peut d'après la *Loi modifiant la Loi du Service civil*, durer plus de six mois dans une même année fiscale, mais c'est l'intention du ministère de nommer la personne choisie à titre permanent à l'expiration de son terme d'emploi temporaire, si ses services ont été jugés satisfaisants, et s'il existe une vacance.

Un chimiste expérimentateur dans la division des Mines du département des Mines, dans la subdivision B de la 1ère division au traitement initial de $2,100 par année. Les candidats doivent être des chimistes expérimentateurs d'une compétence indiscutable et doivent de préférence bien connaître les combustibles et être capables de faire des recherches investigatrices dans la domaine de la chimie organique. Ils doivent être des gradués d'une université autorisée depuis au moins trois ans, et doivent s'être spécialisés en chimie ou en cette partie du génie relative à la chimie au cours et depuis leurs études universaires. Il est nécessaire que la personne nommée puisse lire le français et l'allemand, et soit capable d'appliquer les principes de la chimie physique aux problèmes à résoudre. Tous les candidats doivent soumettre une copie des travaux qu'ils peuvent avoir fait publier.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 23 octobre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 28 septembre 1916. 14–4

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de personnes qualifiées pour remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

Deux dessinateurs temporaires dans la subdivision B de la deuxième division, dans la division des levés hydrographiques du département du Service naval, au traitement au taux de $1,200 par année. Ces dessinateurs seront faits permanents le 1er avril 1917, si leurs services sont jugés satisfaisants. Les aspirants doivent être capables de faire le dessin ordinaire et être particulièrement habiles dans le lettrage, vu que le travai sera relatif à la publication des cartes.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Servi civil pas plus tard que le 9 octobre prochain. On peu obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 13 septembre 1916. 12–4

EXAMENS DU SERVICE CIVIL.

AVIS public est par le présent donné que des examens de concours généraux seront tenus, sous la direction de la Commission du Service Civil du Canada, les 15, 16 et 17 novembre 1916, à Prince-Rupert, Victoria, Vancouver, Nelson, Edmonton, Moose-Jaw, Calgary, Saskatoon, Régina, Brandon, Winnipeg, Port-Arthur, Sault-Ste-Marie, London, Hamilton, Toronto, Kingston, Ottawa, Montréal, Sherbrooke, Québec, Frédéricton, St-John, N.-B., Moncton, Charlottetown, Yarmouth, Halifax et Sydney. Des examens pourront aussi être tenus à d'autres endroits, pourvu qu'un nombre suffisant de candidats s'inscrivent à un même lieu.

Les examens seront tenus en vue de remplir les positions permanentes suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service Civil du Canada du 1er janvier au 30 juin 1917 :—

25 emplois (pour hommes) dans la subdivision B de la troisième division. Cinq de ces emplois seront donnés de préférence à des personnes connaissant la sténographie et la dactylographie.

30 emplois de commis (pour femmes) dans la subdivision B de la troisième division Dans le cas de vingt-cinq de ces emplois, les candidats doivent être des sténo-dactylographes.

Le traitement initial des commis et des sténo-dactylographes dans la subdivision B de la troisième division est de $500, mais au cas où il est nécessaire de posséder des aptitudes spéciales pour remplir les fonctions d'une charge, le Gouverneur en conseil peut ajouter au traitement minimum une somme additionnelle ne dépassant pas $300.

Les personnes qui désirent se présenter à l'un des examens mentionnés ci-dessus peuvent obtenir tous les renseignements nécessaires, copies des règlements et formules de demande d'inscription, en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission du Service Civil, à Ottawa, soit personnellement ou par écrit.

Les formules de demande d'inscription des aspirations, dûment remplies, et accompagnées des honoraires requis, $4.00, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service Civil pas plus tard que le 16 octobre prochain. Cette règle est de rigueur.

N. B.—L'examen de concours ordinaire pour positions dans la subdivision B de la deuxième division ne sera pas tenu en novembre, vu que les besoins de l'administration ne rendent pas cet examen nécessaire.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 12 septembre 1916. 12–4

Panther Rubber Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 16e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Harry Redfern Fraser, conseil du Roi, Frederic Samuel Rugg, avocat, Charles Allen Joslin, gérant, Harriet Maud Terrill, teneur de livres, et Cora May Coombs, sténographe, tous de la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir et prendre comme une industrie active la propriété et les biens au Canada de la compagnie dite " The Panther Rubber Manufacturing Company of Stoughton" dans l'Etat de Massachusetts et la payer par une émission du capital-stock de la présente compagnie complètement libérée et non sujette à appels ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie de négociants en caoutchouc, de fabricants et marchands de talons, semelles, jantes, tubes, tapis, tuyaux en caoutchouc et tous articles mécaniques ou moulés en caoutchouc ; bottes et souliers en caoutchouc de toutes descriptions, chaussures desquelles le caoutchouc est une des parties, et toute marchandise, tissus, draps, soies caoutchoutées et tous articles dans lesquels le caoutchouc est une des parties constituantes et tous les sous-produits du caoutchouc ; fabriquer, vendre et trafiquer d'articles, effets et marchandises pouvant être avantageusement fabriqués, vendus et disposés en rapport avec telles marchandises ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, concession, échange ou autre titre légal et construire, ériger, exploiter, maintenir, gérer des usines, ateliers, magasins, dépôts, ateliers de construction de machines, rotondes et autres structures et édifices nécessaires pour ses affaires et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire ou utile à l'exercice d'aucune des fins de la compagnie, les louer, vendre et en disposer ;

(*d*) Demander, obtenir, enrégistrer, acheter, louer ou licencier par droits régaliens ou autrement, acquérir, détenir, utiliser, posséder, exploiter, introduire, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de marques de fabrique, marques de commerce, brevets d'invention, perfectionnements, procedés enregistrés ou autrement, utiles pour les affaires de la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, developper, octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir aucune telles márques de fabrique, marques de commerce, inventions, licences, procédés et choses de même nature et aucun tels droits ou proprietés;

(*e*) Exercer toute autre industrie manufacturière ou autre pouvant être exercée en rapport directement ou indirectement, avec les fins dela compagnie ou pouvant lui être profitable ou avantageuse;

(f) Acquérir l'achalandage, la propriété, droits et bieus et assumer les engagements d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la compagnie ou faisant des affaires semblables à celles conduites par la compagnie et les payer en espèces ou en valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement;

(*g*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété, droits, pouvant être acquis ou avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou travaux faits pour la compagnie ou pour le paiement ou le règlement des dettes ou des engagements dûs par la compagnie ;

(*h*) Lever ou aider à lever des fonds ou aider par voie de bonus, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie ou autrement toute personne ou personnes, maison, compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations d'affaires, gérer, exécuter tout contrat assumé par telle personne ou personnes, maison, compagnie ou corporation ;

(*i*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement les actions d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant en tout ou en partie une industrie similaire à celle que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, ou autrement acquérir et assumer toute autre entreprise et industrie similaire, en tout ou en partie à celle de la compagnie y compris son installation, achalandage, franchises et biens de toute espèce et engagements, exercer aucune autre industrie pouvant être facilement exercée en rapport avec aucun des objets ci-dessus ou de nature, directement ou indirectement à augmenter la valeur ou à faciliter la réalisation ou à rendre profitable aucun des biens, propriété ou entreprise de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Vendre ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) S'amalgamer ou conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les coucessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou s'engager dans toute industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou toute industrie ou transaction pouvant être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et prêter des deniers, garantir les contrats et autrement aider telle personne, maison ou compagnie et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions et valeurs d'aucune telle compagnie, les vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*l*) Faire tous les actes nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux ;

(*m*) Les pouvoirs de chaque paragraphe ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Panther Rubber Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 19e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

F. E. Phelan, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 20e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Frederick Edward Phelan, marchand, et Charles Albert Hale et Auguste Angers, avocats, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, tous deux conseils de Sa Majesté, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de libraires, imprimeurs, lithographes, stéréotypeurs, électrotypeurs, imprimeurs-photographes, photo-lithographes, graveurs, médailleurs, fabricants d'enveloppes, relieurs, fabricants de livres de compte, règleurs à la mécanique, papetiers, fabricants de sacs de papier et livres blancs, fabricant de caisses, fabricants de carton, fabricants et marchands de cartes à jouer, cartes de visite, billets de chemins de fer, cartes de fête, cartes complimentaires et cartes de fantaisie, marchands de parchemin, vendeurs de timbres, agents de publicité, inventeurs, dessinateurs, fabricants d'encre, libraires, éditeurs, fabricants de papier et marchands de toutes les matières employées dans la fabrication du papier, et marchands généralement ou manufacturiers de tous les autres articles ou choses d'un caractère semblable ou analogue à ce qui précède ou à l'un d'eux ou s'y rattachant ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie;

(*c*) Acquérir ou entreprendre en tout ou en partie l'industrie, biens d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie;

(*d*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans toute industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement assister toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie ; prendre autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer et s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions dans aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être, directement ou indirectement conduite avantageusement pour cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Prêter des fonds aux clients ou autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie et garantir l'exécution de contrats par aucune de ces personnes ;

(*g*) Vendre ou disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie tous les frais et dépenses se rapportant à l'incorporation et l'organisation de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Faire aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*j*) Rémunérer par paiement en espèces ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en actions, obligations ou de toute autre manière, toute personne ou personnes, corporation ou corporations pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant et aidant à placer ou garantissant le placement d'aucunes obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de sa formation ou formation de la compagnie ou d'aucune autre manière que ce soit dans la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*k*) Les pouvoirs et fins, ci-dessus mentionnés, de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendant les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre et exercer aucun des tels objets, pouvoirs et fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "F. E. Phelan, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 20e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY.
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

14-2

Manville Asbestos Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 20e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Gordon Walters MacDougall, conseil du Roi, William Bridges Scott, avocat, James Geary Cartwright, comptable, et Bertha Elizabeth Blachford et Ethel Maud Kelley, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de mineurs, manufacturiers, marchands et commerçants d'amiante et de toute sorte de minéraux, métaux et substances métalliques et tous leurs produits naturels et produits secondaires, et manufacturer, acheter, vendre, louer, exploiter et faire le commerce de toute sorte de propriétés, machinerie, outils, instruments et inventions et accessoires mécaniques de n'importe quel nom et d'une nature quelconque qui seront jugés nécessaires ou utiles pour les dites fins et d'une manière générale, acheter, manufacturer ou acquérir autrement, posséder, détenir, traiter, vendre, céder, transférer ou autrement disposer de toutes sortes d'articles, effets et marchandises appartenant de quelque manière ou se rattachant à la dite industrie ; exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers et marchands de toutes sortes d'appareils, inventions, découvertes, outils, mécanismes, accessoires, procédés et choses qui peuvent être utiles en rapport avec la fabrication de l'un des articles quelconques ci-dessus mentionnés, et extraire, travailler, manufacturer et préparer pour la vente d'aucune manière et par un procédé quelconque tous minéraux ou produits métalliques ou chimiques ou autres produits et en faire le commerce ;

(*b*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer ou licencier par droits régaliens ou autrement, détenir, posséder, utiliser, exploiter, introduire, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer d'aucune ou de toutes marques de fabrique, marques de commerce, marques spéciales, droits d'auteur, droits de brevets et autres inventions, améliorations et procédés employés en rapport ou obtenus en vertu de lettres patentes du Dominion du Canada ou ailleurs ou autrement, les employer, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir aucune telles marques de fabrique, marques de commerce, brevets, licences, concessions, procédés et choses de même nature ou tous autres droits de propriété et informations ainsi acquis et cela avec l'idée de les exploiter et développer ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, bail, concessions, échange ou autrement, construire, ériger, exploiter, maintenir, gérer des fabriques, ateliers, magasins, dépôts, ateliers de construction, rotonde, ponts et toute autre structure et bâtiments nécessaires à son industrie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire et utile à la réalisation d'aucune des fins de la compagnie, les louer, vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*d*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée aux fins et objets mentionnés dans les présentes et que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie;

(*e*) Construire, acquérir, posséder, gérer, affréter, exploiter, donner ou prendre en location, toute espèce de bateaux à vapeur ou à voiles, remorqueurs, barges, chalands et autres vaisseaux, quais, jetées, élévateurs, magasins et autres édifices nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucun gouvernement ou autorité municipale, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces gouvernements ou autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, que la compagnie jugera convenables d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ;

(*g*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations ou débentures de la compagnie pour le paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou immobilière, brevets, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions, contrats ou autres avantages que la compagnie peut légalement acquérir ;

(*h*) Nonobsaant les prescriptions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acheter, acquérir, posséder, détenir, vendre, réémettre des actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou corporation exerçant en tout ou en partie une industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie, et les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ; garantir le paiement du principal ou des dividendes et intérêts de telles actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, et exercer, pendant la possession de telles actions du stock, obligations, valeurs ou autres engagements, aucun ou tous leurs pouvoirs de voter par ses officiers dûment auto-

risés ou par des fondés de pouvoir dûment nommés ; exploiter, conduire comme gérants les propriétés, franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune corporation dont les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs sont détenues par la compagnie pour telle rémunération qu'il pourra sembler raisonnable et convenable ;

(*i*) Se consolider ou s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ; acquérir par achat, location ou autrement les biens, franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune telle corporation, en assumer le passif ; et les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Promouvoir ou aider à promouvoir ou devenir actionnaires d'aucune autre compagnie subsidiaire, alliée ou autre exerçant ou ayant pour ses fins d'exercer une industrie en tout ou en partie similaire à celle de cette compagnie, conclure des arrangements pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres avec toute personne ou compagnie et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir les actions et valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie et les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, les détenir, vendre, réémettre avec ou sans garantie du principal, intérêts et dividendes ou autrement en disposer.

(*k*) Acquérir l'achalandage, biens, droits, actif et assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie semblable à celle conduite par la compagnie, et les payer en espèces ou valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement :

(*l*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété, droits, franchises et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 du dit acte ;

(*m*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir de toute ou aucune des propriétés, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges, détenus par aucune personne ou maison, ou par aucune compagnie ou compagnies exerçant une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer soit en son nom ou au nom d'aucune autre personne, maison ou compagnie et payer pour telle propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*n*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non-immédiatement requis en telles valeurs et de telle manière qu'il en sera déterminé de temps à autre ;

(*o*) Aider d'aucune manière et garantir les obligations de toute compagnie dont aucunes des actions du capital-stock, obligations ou autres engagements sont détenus ou sont d'aucune manière garantie par cette compagnie et faire tous actes ou choses pour la préservation, protection, amélioration et augmentation de la valeur d'aucunes actions du capital-stock, obligations et autres engagements et faire tous actes et choses pouvant augmenter la valeur et la propriété d'aucune telle compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Manville Asbestos Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de un million de dollars, divisé en 10,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 20e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

14–2

Montreal Exporting Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 16e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Alphonse Décary, conseil du Roi, Paul Antonio Decary et Elphege Marier, avocats, Mildred Dubord, sténographe et Eva Cusson Moffatt, comptable, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer en gros et en détail l'industrie de marchands de liqueurs, épiceries, produits alimentaires et marchandises de toutes espèces et descriptions et pour ces fins acquérir une ou des licences par cession ou autrement ; exercer d'embouteilleurs, de fabricants et marchands d'ale, bière, bière lager, porter, eaux gazeuses et minérales et autres boissons, et dans ce but acquérir une ou des licences par cession ou autrement, agir comme agents pour d'autres fabricants ou marchands dans le même genre d'affaires ; acheter, préparer, fabriquer, vendre des liqueurs, ale, bière, bière lager, porter, eaux gazeuses et minérales et autres boissons, produits alimentaires et autres articles et marchandises se rapportant aux affaires ci-dessus ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie de charroyeurs, entreposeurs, convoyeurs, d'expéditeurs et de messageries, acquérir, détenir, exploiter et disposer de matériel roulant ;

(*c*) Acquérir, posséder, louer, donner à bail, vendre, échanger toute propriété immobilière pour les fins des dites affaires ;

(*d*) Construire, acheter, prendre à bail ou autrement acquérir des édifices, entrepôts, écuries, magasins et autres propriétés ou structures capables d'être avantageusement utilisées en rapport avec l'exercice de l'industrie de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et assumer tout ou partie des biens, affaires, propriétés, privilèges, contrats, droits, obligations, engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou aucune industrie similaire ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins des présentes et que la compagnie peut avoir par les présentes le pouvoir d'acheter ou autrement acquérir, les payer en stock, obligations, débentures ou valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Emettre ou répartir, en tout ou en partie, des actions libérées du capital-stock de la dite compagnie, obligations ou autres valeurs et les donner en paiement d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière ou de services ;

(*g*) Vendre, louer, céder, transférer tout ou partie de la propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits, franchises, achalandage, affaires ou licence de la dite compagnie ou d'aucunes autres compagnies, maisons, individus ou corporations exerçant une industrie similaire à celle de cette compagnie et en paiement de la dite propriété accepter des espèces ou des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de toute telles maisons, compagnies ou corporations ; distribuer comme dividendes ou autrement, des espèces ou autre propriété de la dite compagnie, des obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs.

(*h*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires a ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant aucune industrie alliée aux objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée.

(*i*) Faire des avances de fonds aux clients et personnes ayant des relations avec la compagnie et donner des garanties ou des indemnités jugées nécessaires en rapport avec les transactions de tels clients ou personnes;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Montreal Exporting Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 100 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 19e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

14–2

Chateau Batiscan Auto & Boating Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 20e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Philippe Morel, agent, Jean Charbonneau et James Edward Coulin, avocats, Joseph Siméon Pilon, sténographe, et Charles Joseph Eugène Charbonneau, notaire, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Etablir un club champêtre pour l'encouragement du canotage, de l'automobilisme et autres sports, et pour l'entretien d'un endroit à la campagne pour des réunions sociales des touristes en automobile et autres ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre et faire le commerce de toutes sortes d'articles et marchandises qu'achètent généralement les touristes en automobile et autres ou qu'on leur vend ;

(*c*) Exercer l'industrie d'hôtelier dans toutes ses spécialités et pour les dites fins ériger des hôtels et leurs dépendances, et passer des contrats avec le propriétaire du terrain ou d'aucuns des dits édifices pour la construction, l'érection ou l'agrandissement, le changement ou l'embellisement d'aucuns des dits édifices ;

(*d*) Acheter ou acquérir autrement, posséder, détenir, gérer et contrôler, et vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de biens meubles et immeubles ;

(*e*) Acheter, louer ou acquérir autrement, pour la compensation que la compagnie jugera raisonnable, toute industrie semblable dans son caractère et ses objets à l'une quelconque des industries de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Emettre et répartir comme acquitté le stock de la compagnie constituée par la présente charte en paiement complet ou partiel de toute propriété mobilière et immobilière, ou pour tous droits, baux, industries, franchises, entreprises, pouvoirs, privilèges, permis, concessions, stocks, obligations et débentures ou autres biens ou droits qu'elle peut légitimement acquérir en vertu des pouvoirs qui lui sont conférés par la présente charte ou les payer en totalité ou en partie en obligations ou débentures de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*g*) Distribuer entre les actionnaires de la compagnie en nature tous biens de la compagnie et en particulier les actions, débentures ou valeurs de toutes autres compagnies appartenant à la présente compagnie ou dont elle pourrait avoir le pouvoir de disposer, et faire tous les actes et exercer tous les pouvoirs et entreprendre toute opération se rattachant à la bonne exécution des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie est constituée ;

(*h*) Fusionner avec toute autre compagnie ou compagnies dont les objets sont semblables ou en partie semblables à ceux de la présente compagnie, et prendre des actions de ces dites compagnies et se porter garants de l'exécution des contrats par toute personne ou compagnie ;

(*i*) Acheter, prendre ou acquérir par souscription originale ou autrement, et détenir, vendre, engager ou disposer autrement d'actions ordinaires ou d'actions-priorité, débentures, obligations et autres effets de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont semblables ou en partie semblables aux objets de la présente compagnie, ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être conduite de façon à profiter à la présente compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, et voter en vertu des actions ainsi détenues par l'entremise de l'agent ou des agents que les directeurs choisiront ;

(*j*) Placer et affecter les deniers disponibles de la compagnie en la manière qui sera arrêtée de temps à autre ;

(*k*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie, ou avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en actions de la compagnie ou en deniers comptants et en actions, tous les frais se rattachant à la formation, l'établissement, la publicité et l'obtention de la charte de la compagnie ou en plaçant ou en aidant à placer ou en garantissant le placement des actions du capital de la compagnie ou toutes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Chateau Batiscan Auto & Boating Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 3,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 21e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

14-2

The Transfer Realty and Investment Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la premirèe partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigué *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 19e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Arthur Chevalier, boulanger, de la cité de Maisonneuve, dans la province de Québec ; Joseph Hector Goyette, comptable, Cecilia Hogan, épouse de Richard Duckett, dûment autorisée par son époux, et Alfred Guilbault, agent, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, et Georgianna Paulet, épouse de François-Xavier Pierre Goyette, dûment autorisée par son époux, de la cité de Sorel, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, louer, prendre en échange ou acquérir autrement des terres, tènements et héritages ou des intérêts en ces dits biens, ainsi que tous les édifices ou constructions qui pourraient se trouver sur ces dites terres ou l'une d'elles, et les diviser, défricher, construire, développer, cultiver, coloniser ou autrement les améliorer et les utiliser, et vendre, affermer, échanger ou autrement disposer de la totalité ou d'une partie des édifices ou constructions qui y sont actuellement érigées ou qui le seront plus tard, et prendre les garanties à cet effet qui seront jugées nécessaires ;

(*b*) Eriger et construire des travaux et édifices publics et privés, ou des travaux de tous genres sur les terrains de la compagnie ou tous autres terrains, et reconstruire, altérer, décorer, meubler et embellir les maisons qui s'y trouvent, les édifices, fabriques, entrepôts, quais et facilités de toutes sortes ou travaux existants, et conclure des contrats avec la Couronne ou toute compagnie ou personne pour l'exécution des travaux qui peuvent être entrepris par la compagnie, et généralement dans ce but exercer l'industrie de constructeurs et entrepreneurs ;

(*c*) Acheter, louer, échanger ou acquérir autrement et vendre ou autrement disposer de tous droits, privilèges ou franchises découlant, appartenant ou reliés autrement aux immeubles, convenables ou propres aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Agir en qualité d'agents à commission ou non pour l'achat, la vente ou l'administration de biens meubles ou immeubles ou tout intérêt en ces dits biens et pour le placement de fonds, et à cette fin, agir en qualité d'agents financiers ou autrement ;

(*e*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou sur le point d'exercer ou entreprendre une industrie ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou entreprendre, et prêter des deniers, garantir les contrats ou aider autrement toute telle personne ou compagnie, et prendre ou acquérir autrement des actions et valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, les détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie ou en disposer autrement ;

(*f*) Se charger de toute hypothèque et la purger, et acquitter toute charge, bail ou toute autre imposition qui pourrait exister sur toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière dans laquelle la compagnie peut avoir acquis ou se propose d'acquérir quelque part ou intérêt ;

(*g*) Acquérir et prendre à son nom comme industrie active toute industrie exercée actuellement ou qui le sera plus tard, par toute personne, maison ou corporation engagée ou exerçant une industrie semblable à celle qu'exerce la compagnie, et la payer soit en deniers comptants ou en valeurs ou actions acquittées ou en partie acquittées de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*h*) Acquérir et détenir des parts du capital-actions de toutes autres compagnies, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*i*) Vendre ou céder l'entreprise de la compagnie ou toute partie de son entreprise pour la compensation que la compagnie jugera acceptable, et recevoir, acquérir, détenir, posséder et disposer des actions, obligations, débentures, hypothèques ou autres valeurs reçues comme telle compensation ;

(*j*) Diviser des terrains pour des fins de construction, et les construire ou embellir, les morceler, subdiviser, louer avec permis de construction, faire des avances de fonds aux personnes qui y font des constructions ou les développent autrement :

(*k*) Entreprendre, améliorer, entretenir, exploiter, gérer, exécuter ou contrôler tous chemins, embranchements ou voies d'évitement, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau, égouts, quais, manufactures, ateliers, magasins, édifices et autres travaux et facilités censés accroître directement ou indirectement les intérêts de la compagnie, et contribuer, subventionner ou aider autrement ou prendre part à leur construction, embellissement, entretien, exploitation, gérance, exécution ou contrôle ;

(*l*) Etablir des chutes d'eau, des usines hydrauliques et électriques, y compris la construction des installations nécessaires pour produire, distribuer et utiliser des chutes d'eau, l'énergie hydraulique ou électrique, et vendre, louer et céder telle force, eau ou énergie ; pourvu, toutefois que la vente, la distribution ou la transmission de la force ou énergie électrique, hydraulique, pneumatique ou autre au delà des terrains de la compagnie soient subordonnées aux règlements locaux et municipaux à ce sujet ;

(*m*) Fusionner avec toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont semblables à ceux de la présente compagnie;

(*n*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou non, que la compagnie jugera capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ce qui précède ou censée accroître directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie ou les rendre profitables ;

(*o*) Distribuer les biens de la compagnie en espèces entre les actionnaires ;

(*p*) Faire tout ce qui sera nécessaire, convenable ou à propos pour l'accomplissement de l'un ou plusieurs des objets pour lesquels la présente compagnie est constituée ;

(*q*) Les pouvoirs conférés dans chaque paragraphe de la présente charte ne seront en aucune façon limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes de tout autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Transfer Realty and Investment Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 20e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

14-2

Food Distributors, Limited.

AVIS PUBLIC est par le présent donné qu'en vertu des prescriptions de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts refondus du Canada, 1906, dénommée la *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes datées le 16e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Howard Salter Ross et Eugène Réal Angers, avocats, Henry Murray Gardner, comptable incorporé, George Thomas Porter, comptable, et Florence Salmon, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, et vendre, en qualité d'agents ou comme principaux, toutes sortes d'articles, effets et marchandises et des biens de tous genres ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie (manufacturière ou non) que la compagnie jugera capable d'être avantageusement exercée en rapport avec les objets ci-dessus, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur de la propriété ou des droits de la compagnie ou les rendre profitables ;

(*c*) Acquérir la totalité ou une partie de la clientèle, les droits, propriétés, biens, actions du capital et obligations et débentures de toutes autres corporations, y compris toute option, concession ou choses semblables de tout particulier, maison, association ou corporation dont les objets sont semblables ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie, et les payer en totalité ou en partie en deniers comptants ou en paiement complet ou partiel de ces choses, répartir et émettre, comme acquittées et non cotisables, des parts du capital-actions de la compagnie, souscrites ou non ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou acquérir autrement tous brevets, permis, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre renseignement au sujet d'une invention ou de procédés quelconques, et faire valoir, vendre, affermer ou céder autrement ces brevets, permis ou concessions ;

(*e*) Détenir, acheter ou acquérir autrement, vendre, céder, transférer ou disposer autrement de parts du capital-actions et d'obligation, débentures ou autres créances d'autres compagnies exerçant une industrie semblable ou en partie semblable à celle de la compagnie :

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* et vendre ou autrement céder le stock, les actions, valeurs ou entreprises de toute autre compagnie ayant pour l'un de ses objets l'exercice des pouvoirs quelconques de la compagnie ou transférer son actif ou ses entreprises à toute telle compagnie ou compagnies ou fusionner avec elles ;

(*g*) Garantir le paiement des dividendes ou de l'intérêt sur toutes actions, stocks, débentures ou autres valeurs émises ou tout autre contrat ou obligation de toute compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable ou en partie semblable à celle de la compagnie lorsque la chose sera propice ou nécessaire pour l'industrie de la compagnie, et garantir les contrats de toute personne, maison ou corporation ayant des relations d'affaires avec la compagnie ;

(*h*) Vendre, ou céder autrement la totalité ou une partie de la propriété, l'actif, les droits, les entreprises ou la clientèle de la compagnie et en accepter le paiement complet ou partiel en deniers comptants, obligations, actions ou autres valeurs de toute corporation ou compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable ou en partie semblable à celle de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que la présente compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*j*) Faire autoriser, enregistrer ou reconnaître autrement la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes comme fondés de pouvoirs ou représentants de la compagnie avec plein pouvoirs de représenter la compagnie dans toutes questions, conformément aux lois de ce pays étranger et accepter la signification de pièces pour et au nom de la compagnie dans tout procès ou litige ;

(*k*) Distribuer en espèces ou autrement, selon que la chose aura été résolue, tous biens de la compagnie entre ses membres, et en particulier les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie qui aurait pris à son nom la totalité ou une partie de l'actif ou du passif de la présente compagnie ;

(*l*) L'idustrie ou le but de la compagnie est de faire de temps à autre l'un ou plusieurs des actes et choses mentionnées dans la présente charte, et tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque de la présente ne sera ni limité ni restreint par induction ou déduction des termes et tout autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Food Distributors, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 19e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

14-2

The A. L. Johnson Shoe Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 19e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Andrew Louis Johnson, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, marchand de gros ; John Stanley Hough, Aylmer Everett Dilts et Harry Haslett Dunwoody, avocats, et John Stanley McRae, étudiant en droit, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Faire, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, acheter pour revendre à commission et autrement faire le commerce de chaussures et de toutes les choses se rattachant à l'industrie de la chaussure ; manufacturer, tanner et traiter, et acheter, vendre et autrement faire le commerce des cuirs de tous genres ; faire, manufacturer et faire le commerce de formes, comptoirs de chaussures, cartons, caisses en bois, vernis à chaussures et autres piéces et outillages se rattachant à la fabrication des chaussures ; manufacturer, acheter, vendre, acheter pour revendre à commission et autrement faire le commerce de chaussures de toutes sortes en caoutchouc ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie (manufacturière ou autre) que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés, des droits ou des produits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir ou assumer, tout ou partie des affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tou brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer :

(*f*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière, droits, privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de ses affaires et en particulier aucune machinerie, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*g*) Prêter des fonds aux clients ou autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie, garantir l'exécution de contrats par aucunes telles personnes ;

(*i*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables ;

(*j*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*k*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*m*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The A. L. Johnson Shoe Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent mille dollars, divisé en 2,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 20e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
14-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Scrap Metals, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 21e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Edward Joseph Lyons et Henry Alphonse Larin, commis, Anselme Guillaume Laporte, commis pharmacien, Henry William Bordeleau, optométriste, et Adélard Savard, pharmacien, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, louer, échanger, et généralement faire le commerce de toutes sortes de métaux coulés, forgés, bruts, en feuilles ou tréfilés, produits et et accessoires de quincaillerie, ainsi que tous les autres articles d'une nature semblable fabriqués en totalité ou en partie avec les dits métaux et s'engager dans l'industrie de la fabrication du fer, de l'acier et des métaux, fondeurs, machinistes, forgerons, électroplaqueurs, galvanoplastes, chaudronniers et électriciens dans toutes leurs diverses spécialités ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers, marchands, importateurs et exportateurs, commerçants en gros et en détail, et acheter, vendre et généralement faire le commerce de toutes sortes d'articles, effets et marchandises ;

(*c*) Acheter et acquérir autrement de toutes sortes de biens meubles et immeubles ;

(*d*) Organiser, gérer ou développer, ou aider à l'organisation, l'administration ou le développemeut de toute corporation, compagnie, syndicat ou entreprise ;

(*e*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, toute autre compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable ou en en partie semblable à celle de la compagnie et se porter garants de l'exécution des contrats par toute telle compagnie ou corporation, ou par toute autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires ;

(*f*) Souscrire, acheter, prendre ou acquérir autrement et détenir, soit comme principal ou agent, et absolument en qualité de propriétaire, ou par voie de garantie collatérale, et posséder, vendre, échanger, voter en vertu de ces dites valeurs ou disposer autrement du stock, des obligations, débentures et autres valeurs de tout gouvernement ou corporation municipale ou compagnie industrielle ou financière, exerçant une industrie semblable ou en partie semblable à celle de la présente compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*g*) Emettre et répartir comme acquittées des parts de la compagnie en paiement complet ou partiel de toute industrie, franchise, entreprise, propriété, droits, pouvoirs, privilèges, baux, permis, contrats, immeubles, stock, obligations, débentures ou autres biens ou droits qu'elle peut légitimement acquérir en vertu des pouvoirs qui lui sont accordés par la présente charte ;

(*h*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou censée accroître la valeur des biens ou des valeurs de la compagnie, et prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ou fusionner avec toute telle compagnie ;

(*i*) Distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie en nature toutes actions, valeurs ou biens appartenant à la compagnie ou desquels la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*j*) Vendre, louer ou disposer autrement de la totalité ou d'une partie des biens et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*k*) Faire tous les actes nécessaires pour l'entreprise, l'exercice ou l'accomplissement de l'une des industries quelconques que la compagnie peut exercer ou entreprendre ;

(*l*) Nul pouvoir accordé par la présente charte ne sera limité ou restreint par l'application ou l'interprétation de tout autre pouvoir ainsi accordé.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Scrap Metals, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 21e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

14–2

Aetna Development Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 26e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation George Vipond Cousins, Nathanial Rennie Curry et Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, avocats, Darley Burley-Smith, gérant, et Dorothy Dance, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir comme placement ou pour revendre, détenir absolument comme propriétaires ou autrement, vendre à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera opportuns, trafiquer de terres, maisons et autres propriétés quelqu'en soit la tenure et d'aucuns intérêts dans icelles, créer, vendre et disposer de terrains à bail ou en franc-alleu, et généralement disposer et trafiquer par vente, bail, échange ou autrement de terres, maisons et autres propriétés foncières ou personnelles, exercer en général les affaires d'une agence immobilière y compris les travaux de recherches, évaluations, ventes, échanges, baux, subdivisions et choses de même nature ;

(*b*) Développer, faire valoir aucune terre acquise par la compagnie ou dans laquelle elle est intéressée et en particulier en la disposant et la préparant pour des fins de construction ou autrement, en construisant, modifiant, démolissant, décorant, entretenant, aménageant et améliorant des édifices et en plantant, pavant, égoutant, affermant, cultivant, louant sur des baux ou sur des contrats de construction, en avançant des fonds et en étant partie dans des contrats ou conventions de toute nature avec des constructeurs, locataires ou autres ;

(*c*) Construire, ériger, bâtir, réparer et modifier des édifices et autres structures, acheter, vendre et disposer de bâtiments de tous genres et descriptions et de pierres, chaux, sable, briques, bois, quincaillerie et autres matériaux de construction ;

(*d*) Faire et conclure des ententes ou conventions pour le pavage, macadamisation, nivellement, nettoyage ou arrosage des rues ou routes et pour la construction, ouverture et réparation de conduites, citernes, égouts, drains, ou rues ;

(*e*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement et assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant aucune industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations, débentures, actions libérées ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement ou prendre les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer ou engagée dans une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer :

(*g*) Emettre et répartir, comme libérés des actions en paiement partiel ou total de toutes affaires, entreprises, franchises, propriété, droit, pouvoir, privilège, bail, licence, contrat, que la compagnie peut acquérir ;

(*h*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*i*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucun gouvernement, autorité municipale ou locale ou avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou entreprendre une industrie ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie ; et garantir les contrats avec ou sans cautionnement, ou prêter des fonds ou aider autrement toute telle personne ou compagnie ou toute personne ou compagnie entreprenant de construire ou d'améliorer toute propriété dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée et généralement telle personne ou compagnie et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables et en particulier les locataires, constructeurs et entrepreneurs ;

(*j*) Garantir le paiement des fonds obtenus ou payables en vertu d'obligations, actions, contrats, hypothèques, charges, engagements ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou entreprise ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucun gouvernement ou autorité fédérale, provinciale, municipale, locale ou autre, pouvant être utiles aux objets de la compagnie ou à aucun d'eux ;

(*l*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis sur telles valeurs et de telle manière qui pourra en être déterminée de temps en temps ;

(*m*) Distribuer les biens de la compagnie en espèces entre les actionnaires :

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, constructeurs ou fondés de pouvoirs ;

(*o*) Faire tous les actes nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre aucun des objets ci-dessus ;

(*p*) Les pouvoirs conférés dans chaque paragraphe ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ou par déduction ou injonction du nom de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Aetna Development Company Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 28e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

15–2

The F. E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 25e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation George Vipond Cousins et Nathaniel Rennie Curry, avocats, Frederick Everett Partridge et Vincent Cooke, manufacturiers, et Dorothy Dance, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers et de négociants en caoutchouc, produits du caoutchouc et tous articles de quelque nature qu'ils soient faits de caoutchouc ou dans lesquels le caoutchouc est ou peut être employé ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, concession, échange ou autrement, construire, ériger, exploiter, posséder, maintenir, jouir, gérer, vendre ou autrement disposer de toutes usines, ateliers, entrepôts, magasins, cours, salles de machine, rotondes de locomotives, voies de raccordement et autres constructions et bâtiments nécessaires à l'exercice de l'industrie de la compagnie, et toutes autres propriétés, mobilières ou immobilières, foncières ou personnelles, contrats, concessions, franchises, entreprises, bénéfices, droits et privilèges nécessaires, utiles ou avantageux à l'exercice d'aucune des industries que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et payer pour telle propriété, mobilière ou immobilière, contrats, concessions, privilèges, droits, bénéfices ou pour les obtenir, partiellement ou en totalité en obligations, débentures, actions libérées et non sujettes à appel, communes ou privilégiées ou en aucune valeur de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer ou obtenir des droits régaliens ou autrement, acquérir, détenir, employer, posséder, exploiter, jouir, présenter, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes marques de fabrique, noms de commerce, brevets d'invention, améliorations, procédés enregistrés ou autrement utiles à l'industrie de la compagnie, les employer, exploiter, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir telles marques de fabrique, noms de commerce, inventions, licences, procédés et choses semblables ou tous tels autres droits ou propriétés ;

(*d*) Conclure des arrangements avec toutes autorités, suprêmes, gouvernementales, municipales, locales ou autres ou avec aucune compagnie, associations ou personnes pouvant être d'aucun avantage aux objets de la compagnie ou à aucun d'eux, obtenir d'aucunes telles autorités des droits, privilèges, concessions, contrats ou garanties que la compagnie juge désirable d'obtenir ; appliquer, exercer, exécuter tels arrangements, droits, privilèges, contrats et concessions ; payer pour aucun tel contrat, ou pour l'obtenir, en tout ou en partie, en espèces ou en tout ou en partie en actions libérées de la compagnie ou en obligations, débentures, entreprises ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Développer, exploiter tout pouvoir, ou pouvoirs hydrauliques ; produire et accumuler de l'électricité et de l'énergie électrique ou autre pouvoir semblable pour la production de la lumière, de la chaleur et de la force motrice pour l'usage de la compagnie, avec pouvoir de vendre ou autrement disposer d'aucun surplus non requis ; fournir cette énergie pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et la force motrice à aucune personne ou corporation aux termes qui pourront être convenus, pourvu que les pouvoirs mentionnés dans ce paragraphe, lorsqu'ils seront exercés en dehors des propriétés de la compagnie, soient sujets aux lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*f*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, pouvant être exercée en rapport avec les objets ou l'industrie de la compagnie ou pouvant être avantageuse et profitable à la compagnie ;

(*g*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, acheter, acquérir, posséder, détenir, vendre, réémettre les actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou corporation, et les payer, en tout ou en partie, en espèces, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, garantir le paiement du principal ou des dividendes et intérêts de telles actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ; gérer, exploiter, conduire comme gérant les propriétés, franchises, entreprises et industries d'aucune compagnie dont les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs sont détenues par la compagnie, pour telle rémunération que les directeurs jugeront convenable ;

(*h*) Emettre et répartir, comme acquittées, des actions du capital-actions de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété personnelle, mobilière, immobilière ou mixte et d'aucuns droits, contrats, privilèges, bénéfices ou concessions achetés ou acquis par la compagnie ;

(*i*) Promouvoir ou aider à promouvoir et devenir actionnaire dans aucune compagnie exerçant ou prête à exercer ou autorisée à exercer, ou ayant pour objet l'exercice d'aucune industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de cette compagnie ; conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec telle personne ou compagnie et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs de telle compagnie et les payer, en tout ou en partie en espèces, en tout ou en partie en actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie et les détenir, vendre, réémettre avec ou sans garantie du principal, intérêts et dividendes ou en disposer autrement ;

(*j*) Acquérir l'achalandage, les propriétés, droits, actif et assumer le passif de toute personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la compagnie ou exerçant aucune industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie et les payer en espèces ou en actions libérées ou en valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*k*) Se consolider ou s'amalgamer avec toute autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ; acquérir par achat, bail au autrement tout ou partie des propriétés, franchises, droits, entreprise et industrie d'aucune autre corporation, en assumer le passif et les payer, totalement ou partiellement, en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer des propriétés, droits, contrats, franchises et entreprises de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, pour telle compensation que les directeurs jugeront convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*m*) Distribuer parmi ses membres, en espèces, en nature ou autrement, comme il pourra en être décidé par les directeurs de la compagnie, aucun des biens de la compagnie et particulièrement les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie qui pourra prendre tout ou partie de l'actif ou du passif de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Accepter en paiement d'aucune dette due à la compagnie du stock, des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ;

(*o*) Faire des avances en espèces à toute personne, corporation ou compagnie faisant des transactions avec la compagnie, et garantir l'exécution des contrats par toute telle personne ;

(*p*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, détenir, exploiter, jouir de toute ou aucune propriété, contrats, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs, bénéfices, privilèges détenus, possédés ou tenus en jouissance par aucune personne ou maison ou par aucune compagnie ou compagnies, corporation ou corporations, exerçant ou autorisées à exercer aucune industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer soit en son nom ou au nom d'aucune autre personne, maison, corporation ou compagnie et payer pour telle propriété, contrats, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs, bénéfices et privilèges, totalement ou partiellement en espèces, ou totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées, et non sujettes à appel, de la compagnie ou autrement et assumer le passif d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*q*) Aider d'aucune manière toute corporation dont les actions ou le capital-stock, les obligations ou autres engagements sont détenus ou garantis d'aucune manière par cette compagnie, faire tous les actes ou choses pour la conservation, protection, amélioration, augmentation de la valeur d'aucunes telles actions, obliga-

tions ou autres engagements ; faire tous les actes et choses tendant ou pouvant augmenter la valeur d'aucune des propriétés, mobilières ou immobilières, détenues ou contrôlées, en aucun temps, par cette compagnie ;

(*r*) Placer et disposer des fonds ou propriétés de la compagnie, non immédiatement requis, sur telles valeurs et de telle manière que les directeurs pourront en décider de temps à autre ;

(*s*) Aucun des pouvoirs accordés par aucun des paragraphes des présentes ne sera limité ou restreint par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe des présentes ou par induction ou déduction du nom de la compagnie ;

(*t*) Rémunérer par paiement en espèces, stock, obligations ou d'aucune autre manière toute personne ou personnes, corporation ou corporations pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant à placer ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune des actions du stock, des obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou à propos de la formation ou de la promotion de la compagnie ou en procurant ou conduisant aucune des industries que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The F. E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 1,250 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Tip-it Welding Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 23e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Henry Weinfield, Marcus Meyer Sperber, Jacob Yale Fortier et Abraham Wilfrid Muhlstock, avocats, et Florence Varney, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Fabriquer, acheter, vendre, trafiquer, disposer de toutes espèces d'articles de quincaillerie pour les ingénieurs, les chemins de fer, la marine, les entrepreneurs, meuniers, constructeurs, les fournitures pour machinistes et les moteurs, machines et appareils de toute nature et genre en rapport avec les dites fins ou s'y rattachant ;

(*b*) Fabriquer, produire, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, en gros et en détail, toute espèce de produits de tous genres et descriptions en acier, cuivre et fer et les matières premières qui y sont utilisées, les machines, outils, appareils employés dans leur fabrication, équipement, étiquettes d'empaquetage, formules d'annonce employées ou utiles pour la mise sur le marché des article ci-dessus, et généralement en faire le négoce comme principaux ou agents ;

(*d*) Agir comme agents pour les négociants, marchands, fabricants de tous effets, articles et marchandises ;

(*e*) Acquérir ou prendre comme une industrie active ou autrement, les entreprises industrielles, l'actif et passif de toute personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable ou une industrie se rapportant à celle de cette compagnie, les payer tout ou partie en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement ou assumer tout ou partie des affaires, propriétés ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Conclure aucun contrat avec toute personne ou compagnie pour services à rendre par telle personne ou compagnie et payer pour tel contrat ou services en espèces ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires en actions libérées de la compagnie ou partie en espèces et partie en actions libérées de cette compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir des marques de fabrique, brevets, brevets d'invention, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif, non-exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) Généralement, acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété foncière et personnelle et tous droits et privilèges que la compagnie juge nécessaires ou convenant aux fins de ses affaires et en particulier des terres, bâtiments, servitude, machinerie, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*j*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions dans aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44, de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*k*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie tous les frais et dépenses se rapportant à l'incorporation et à l'organisation de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables.

(*n*) Prêter des fonds aux clients ou autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie, garantir l'exécution de contrats par aucunes telles personnes ;

(*o*) Les pouvoirs conférés par aucun paragraphe ci-dessus ne seront en rien limités par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de "Tip-it Welding Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars, divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

Compagnie des Modes, Limitée—Millinery Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'État du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 31e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Arthur Roy, marchand, Jean-Baptiste Jodoin, gérant, Raoul Jodoin, comptable, Arthur Yvon, avocat, et Agnès Jodoin, épouse contractuellement séparée de biens de Arthur Roy, marchand, et de ce dernier dûment autorisée, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, acquérir et prendre à sa charge le commerce actuellement exploité par la Compagnie des Modes, Limitée, corporation ayant son bureau chef en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, dûment incorporée par lettres patentes émises sous le Grand Sceau de la dite province, ainsi que le tout ou partie de l'actif et du passif de la dite compagnie, ses agences, affaires, clientèle (good-will) et payer tout ou partie du dit commerce, etc., au moyen d'actions libérées et non cotisables de la présente compagnie ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, produire, manufacturer et faire le commerce de toutes espèces de marchandises articles de modes et nouveautés;

(*c*) Agir comme agents de manufacture ou agents à commission de toute autre compagnie, société ou personne faisant l'importation, l'exportation et la vente d'articles similaires;

(*d*) Acheter, construire, posséder ou autrement acquérir toute propriété immobilière que la compagnie jugera utile à ses opérations, et vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de toute telle propriété immobilière aux conditions qu'elle jugera convenables ;

(*e*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir le commerce, actif et passif, propriété immobilière, de toute personne, société ou compagnie engagée dans une industrie similaire, ainsi que la clientèle de telle personne, société ou compagnie, et émettre des actions acquittées, obligations, débentures ou autres garanties de la compagnie en paiement complet ou partiel de tous biens, droits, mobiliers ou immobiliers, qui peuvent être acquis par icelle ;

(*f*) Vendre, louer ou céder la totalité ou une partie des biens mobiliers ou immobiliers de la compagnie aux prix, termes et conditions qu'elle jugera convenables et en particulier accepter en paiement complet ou partiel des actions, obligations, débentures, ou valeurs quelconques de toutes compagnies, personnes ou sociétés ;

(*g*) Se fusionner avec toute compagnie dont le commerce est en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la présente compagnie ;

(*h*) Acheter, détenir, transférer, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions d'obligations ou débentures de toute autre compagnie dont le but est semblable à celui de la présente compagnie, nonobstaut l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies.*

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Compagnie des Modes, Limitée,– Millinery Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de trente mille dollars divisé en 300 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour d'octobre 1916.

15–2 THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Felsen Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 21e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Louis Athanase David, Joseph Sinai Lamarre et Segfried Hinson Read Bush, avocats, Edward Charles Baker, comptable, et Benjamin Robinson, étudiant, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants de confections et de vêtements de tous genres, de fabricants et marchands de confections, blouses, costumes, tissus, d'importateurs et d'exportateurs, de marchands en gros et en détail de tissus et de tissus à robes de toutes espèces, de modes, garnitures et en général de tous objets et articles personnels, vêtements et de toutes fournitures manufacturées ; manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer de marchandises de nouveautés, soies, toiles de tous genres et autres articles, effets et marchandises dans n'importe quel état et condition de fabrication, les mettre à même d'être utilisés par tous les procédés pour l'usage et le bénéfice de la compagnie, exercer en gros et en détail les affaires de marchands généraux de nouveautés, drapiers, merciers, modistes, couturiers, tailleurs, fourreurs, marchands de dentelles, confectionneurs, gantiers, chapeliers et de costumiers en général ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, la totalité ou une partie de l'industrie, de toute personne, maison ou corporation ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et obtenir une protection provisoire ou autre et des licences concernant aucune invention ou prétendue invention, brevets, marques de fabrique ou de commerce, droits d'auteur, projets, idées, secrets ou autres procédés et choses de même nature, pouvant paraître avantageux ou essentiels à la compagnie, les essayer, développer, prolonger, renouveler, exercer, utiliser, vendre, en octroyer des licences exclusives ou autres ou autrement disposer de tous ou d'aucun ;

(*d*) Placer aucun des fonds de la compagnie en tels placements ou valeurs qui sembleront opportuns de temps à autre, prêter ou avancer des deniers, garantir les contrats ou engagements, répondre pour ou financièrement aider aucune personnes, maison ou compagnie ou corporation ayant des relations avec cette compagnie.

(*e*) Demander, souscrire, accepter, détenir, assurer, disposer, placer ou garantir le placement d'aucune action, script, stock, débentures, débentures-stock, obligations ou valeur d'aucune compagnie ou corporation, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*f*) Vendre, transférer ou disposer de tout ou partie des affaires ou de l'entreprise de cette compagnie à aucune autre compagnie ou à aucune autre personne, maisons ou corporation et accepter comme compensation pour aucune telle vente, transfert ou disposition des actions, débentures-stock, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie similaire à celle de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Distribuer, en nature, parmi les membres de la compagnie les actions, débentures, valeurs ou propriété appartenant à la compagnie ;

(*h*) Agir comme agents pour aucune compagnie, société ou personne exerçant une industrie similaire ;

(*i*) Payer pour aucun service rendu ou aucune propriété ou droits acquis par la compagnie, de telle manière qu'il pourra sembler opportune et en particulier, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, par l'émission d'actions ou valeurs de la compagnie, créditées comme totalement ou partiellement libérées ou autrement ;

(*j*) Faire tout ou aucune des choses susdites comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, et seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Felsen Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante mille dollars divisé en 400 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

Western Power Company of Canada, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 27e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Charles Macpherson Holt et Alexandre Chase-Casgrain, tous deux conseil du Roi, Errol Malcolm McDougall et Pierre François Casgrain, avocats, John Buchanan Henderson, commis, John Alden Aylen, étudiant en droit, et Florence Ellen Seymour, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir l'entreprise, les franchises, affaires, contrats, propriété et autres biens de la compagnie dite Western Canada Power Company, Limited, une compagnie dûment incorporée en vertu des dispositions de la première partie du chapitre 79 des statuts revisés du Canada (1906) désigné *Loi des compagnies*, par lettres patentes du 14e jour de mai 1909 ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie d'une compagnie de lumière, de chaleur et de forces électriques, dans toutes les branches, et généralement procurer, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, et construire, poser, ériger, établir, exploiter, entretenir et exécuter tous les travaux nécessaires, stations, machines, machinerie, outillage, câbles, fils, ouvrages, lignes, générateurs, accumulateurs, lampes, compteurs, transformeurs et appareils reliés à la production, accumulation, distribution, transmission, fourniture, emploi et utilisation de l'énergie électrique ; et produire, accumuler, et distribuer de l'énergie

électrique pour fournir la lumière, la chaleur et la force motrice. et pour des fins industrielles et autres, et, subordonnément à tous les statuts législatifs et municipaux à cet égard entreprendre et conclure des sontrats et conventions pour l'éclairage des cités, villes, rues, édifices et autres endroits, et pour fournir la lumière, la chaleur et les forces électriques pour toutes fins publiques et privées ;

(*c*) Faire, bâtir, construire, ériger, poser et entretenir des réservoirs, aqueducs, citernes, digues, canaux, tunnels, ponceaux, flumes, conduites, tuyaux et appareils ; et exécuter et faire tous les autres travaux et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour obtenir, emmagasiner, vendre, délivrer, mesurer, et distribuer l'eau pour la création, entretien et développement de la force hydraulique, électrique ou mécanique, ou pour l'irrigation des terres ou pour d'autres fins de la compagnie :

(*d*) Construire, améliorer, entretenir, travailler, gérer, exécuter, acheter, louer, ou contrôler des chemins, voies, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau, canaux, quais, manufactures, entrepôts, usines électriques, boutiques, magasins et autres travaux de commodités qui seront jugés propres à avancer les intérêts de la compagnie, et équiper, entretenir et exploiter, par la force électrique, hydraulique ou mécanique, tous les travaux appartenant à la compagnie, ou dans lesquels la compagnie est intéressée, et contribuer, subventionner, ou autrement aider, ou prendre part à leur construction amélioration, entretien, fonctionnement, administration, exécution ou contrôle ;

(*e*) De temps à autre demander, acheter, acquérir par statut, concessions, cession, transfert, bail ou autrement, et exercer, exécuter et utiliser toute concession, franchise, droit, privilège ou pouvoir concernant la production, accumulation, développement, distribution, fourniture, emploi et utilisation de l'énergie électrique, les chutes d'eau ou forces hydrauliques que tout gouvernement ou autorité publique, fédérale, provinciale, municipale ou locale, ou toute corporation ou autre corps public, en vertu de tout acte, statut, ordonnance, permis ou pouvoir, peut être légalement autorisé à statuer, faire ou accorder; et payer, aider et contribuer à les mettre en vigueur; et appliquer les actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour en défrayer les les frais, charges et dépenses nécessaires ;

(*f*) Demander ou acheter ou autrement acquérir toutes patentes, brevets d'invention, licences, baux concessions, et autres choses semblables, conférant un droit exclusif et non exclusif ou limité de se servir, ou tout secret ou autre renseignement touchant toute invention qui semblera propre à être employée pour aucunes des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition paraîtra de nature à être directement ou indirectement avantageuse à la compagnie ; et utiliser, exercer, développer, et permettre l'usage, ou autrement rendre profitables la propriété, les droits, intérêts ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*g*) Etablir, maintenir et exploiter pour l'usage de la compagnie, ses employés, locataires et autres, des services de protection contre l'incendie, de distribution d'eau, de gaz et de lumière électrique et de faire en vertu d'iceux les contrats qui seront jugés opportuns et nécessaires ; pourvu cependant que la vente, distribution ou transmission de gaz, d'électricité, de pouvoir ou de lumière soient sujettes aux règlements locaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*h*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, employer les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, ou les fonds de la compagnie à l'achat ou acquisition, et prendre et détenir, ou vendre les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie ou corporation semblable, et garantir le paiement du principal et de l'intérêt des obligations, débentures ou dividendes sur les actions de toute semblable compagnie ou corporation, et promouvoir toute compagnie ou corporation ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, et tant que la compagnie les détiendra elle pourra exercer tous les droits et pouvoirs d'un propriétaire de ces actions, y compris le droit de voter sur ces actions ;

(*i*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir de toutes ou aucune des propriétés, franchises, achalandages, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges, détenus ou en jouissance d'aucune personne ou maison, ou par aucune compagnie ou compagnies exerçant ou formées pour exercer une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer soit en son nom ou au nom d'aucune autre personne, maison ou compagnie et payer pour telle propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*j*) Se consolider ou s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Emettre et répartir des actions libérées du capital-stock de la compagnie pour le paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière, immobilière ou mixte et d'aucuns droits ou concessions. achetés ou acquis par la compagnie ;

(*l*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproque, ou autrement, avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une entreprise ou transaction que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou à entreprendre et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, émettre ou réémettre avec ou sans garantie du principal ou des intérêts ou autrement en disposer ;

(*m*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou non, que la compagnie jugera propre à être exercée avantageusement en rapport avec l'industrie ou les objets de la compagnie, ou censée augmenter la valeur de la propriété et des droits de la compagnie ou les rendre profitables ;

(*n*) Vendre, louer, échanger, ou autrement disposer de la propriété, des droits, franchises et entreprise de la compagnie, en tout ou en partie, pour la compensation que la compagnie jugera bon, et en particulier pour des actions, obligations, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie, dont le but est semblable à celui de la présente compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44, de la dite loi ;

(*o*) Les directeurs pourront de temps à autre, et sont par les présentes autorisés, à employer aucunes des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, ou les fonds de la compagnie à acheter ou autrement acquérir, prendre, détenir et vendre les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation semblable, garantir le paiement du principal et de l'intérêt des obligations et débentures ou les dividendes des actions d'aucune compagnie ou corporation similaire, promouvoir aucune compagnie ou corporation ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie et pendant leur détention exercer tous les droits et pouvoirs de propriétaires y compris ceux de voter ;

(*p*) Faire licencier, enregistrer ou autrement reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes comme fondés de pouvoirs ou représentants de la compagnie pour représenter la compagnie en toutes choses conformément aux lois de ce pays étranger, et accepter signification des pièces et avis pour et au nom de la compagnie dans tout procès ou poursuite ;

(*q*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, escompter et exécuter des billets à ordre, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négotiables ou transférables ;

(*r*) Faire des avances de fonds aux clients et personnes en relations d'affaires avec la compagnie, et garantir l'exécution de contrats par ces personnes ;

(*s*) Rémunérer par paiement en espèces et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en actions, obligations ou de toute autre manière, toute personne ou personnes, corporation ou corporations pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer ou garantissant le placement d'aucunes actions du stock de la compagnie ou d'aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*t*) Distribuer en espèces ou autrement, selon que la chose aura été résolue, tous biens de la compagnie entre ses membres, et en particulier les actions, obligations,

débentures ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie qui aurait pris la totalité ou une partie de l'actif ou du passif de la présente compagnie ;

(*u*) Faire toutes choses nécessaires ou convenables pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus ;

(*v*) Faire tout ce qui précède au Canada ou ailleurs en qualité de principaux, d'agents ou de fondés de pouvoirs ;

(*w*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés, les pouvoirs ou fins de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendant les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre et exercer aucun ou plusieurs des tels objets, pouvoirs et fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins ;

(*x*) L'industrie ou le but de la compagnie est d'exécuter de temps à autre un ou plusieurs des actes et choses énoncés plus hàut ; et la compagnie pourra exercer son industrie dans toute province ou territoire du Canada, ou dans les pays étrangers, et pourra avoir un bureau, ou plus d'un bureau, et tenir les livres de la compagnie en tout endroit où la compagnie peut faire des affaires quoique hors du Canada, subordonnément aux lois et statuts à cet égard.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Western Power Company of Canada, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix millions de dollars, divisé en 100,000 actions de cent dollars, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 28e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

D'Allaird Mfg. Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 21e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Dreanan, sténographe, Michael Joseph O'Brien et Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses spécialités l'industrie de fabricants, négociants et marchands de toutes espèces d'articles, effets et marchandises ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, trafiquer et disposer de toutes espèces et de tous genres de blouses, robes, lingerie, sous-vêtements, chemises, cols, fourniture de mercerie, soies, cotons, dentelles, et généralement de marchandises en pièces, confections et vêtements pour hommes, femmes et enfants, de toutes descriptions et tous autres articles utilisés en rapport avec leur fabrication ou leur vente ;

(*c*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir, prendre et exercer comme une industrie active l'industrie maintenant exercée dans la cité de Montréal, dans la province Québec, et ailleurs, sous le nom et la raison sociale de D'Allaird Mfg. Co. et tous ou aucun des biens et engagements possédés ou utilisés en rapport avec icelle et son achalandage et les payer en actions libérées de cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Lever et assister en levant des fonds pour aider par voie de boni, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, toute autre compagnie ou corporation, exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie similaire à celle de la compagnie et en garantir l'exécution des contrats par telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*f*) Nonobstant quoi que ce soit des dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, utiliser aucuns des fonds de la compagnie à l'achat ou acquisition d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs émises par n'importe quelle personne, maison ou corporation ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières, foncières ou personnelles d'aucune espèce et nature qui seront jugées convenables aux fins de la société ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et autres choses semblables, conférant tout droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité de se servir, ou tout secret ou autre information, au sujet de toute invention qui pourrait sembler susceptible d'être employée pour les fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition sera censée être utile à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et employer, développer, exercer ou accorder des licences s'y rattachant ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, droits ou informations ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer, ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer entre les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs que la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*k*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses susdites comme principaux, agents, fabricants ou autrement, et seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*l*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " D'Allaird Mfg. Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 26 septembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des pouvoirs conférés au Directeur Général des Postes par l'arrêté en conseil n° 94 sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé au journal " Buffalo Volksfreund," un journal hebdomadaire imprimé en langue allemande et publié par la Buffalo Volksfreund Printing Company, 46-48 Brodway, Buffalo, New-York, et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière. D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tout tel journal ou un numéro quelconque de ce journal déjà publié ou qui sera ensuite publié, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tout tel journal sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
15-2 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 27 septembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des pouvoirs conférés au Directeur Général des Postes par l'arrêté en conseil n° 94 sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé

" Der Staats Anzeiger, " un journal hebdomadaire imprimé en langue allemande et publié par la Bismarck Printing Co., Bismarck, D.-W., et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière. D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tout tel journal ou un numéro quelconque de ce journal déjà publié ou qui sera ensuite publié, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tout tel journal sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
15–2 Sous-Directeur Général des Postes.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 27 septembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des pouvoirs conférés au Directeur Général des Postes, par arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé au " Dakota Freie Presse " et au " Neue Presse, " tons deux hebdomadaires imprimés en langue allemande et publiés par la Freie Presse Printing Co., D.-S., et leur circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière :—

D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tous tels journaux ou un numéro quelconque de ces journaux déjà publiés ou qui seront ensuite publiés et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tous tels journaux sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
15–2 Sous-maître général des Postes.

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois de juillet 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondu. Can., 1906.)

DT.	$ c.		AV. $
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 30 juin 1916	40,213,861 48	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	672,739 82
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,050,997 24		
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert			
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	2,194 33		
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,060 13	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373 36
	41,270,113 18		41,270,113 18

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER.
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 14 septembre 1916

14–tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois d'août 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants. $ c.	Total. $ c.
ACCISE.		
Spiritueux	819,328 05	
Liqueur de malt	11,430 65	
Malt	290,597 13	
Tabac	1,061,603 92	
Cigares	66,803 98	
Fabrications en entrepôt	13,308 04	
Acide acétique	1,095 35	
Saisies	205 00	
Autres revenus	11,242 55	
Total du revenu de l'accise		2,275,614 67
Spiritueux pyroxyliques		13,486 03
Passages d'eau		5 00
Inspection des poids et mesures		14,663 70
Inspection du gaz		4,225 35
Inspection de la lumière électrique		5,643 15
Timbres de pièces judiciaires		983 25
Autres revenus		474 47
Taxe de guerre		260,226 35
Grand revenu total		2,575,321 97

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous-Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 22 septembre 1916.

14–tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fourn s au département des Finances pour le 30 septembre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE.			1915	1916.
PASSIF.			$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			757,960 94	118,645,070 94
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Prêts temporaires			150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,802,646 32	$40,930,124 46		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,939,801 94	13,572,820 03		
			52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total de la dette brute			774,896,755 36	1,071,657,373 51
ACTIF.				
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total de l'actif			290,055,121 63	391,381,928 61
Total de la dette nette au 30 septembre			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
" au 31 août			472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Augmentation de la dette			12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois septembre, 1915.	Total au 30 septembre, 1915.	Mois septembre, 1916.	Total au 30 septembre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Accise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Département des Postes	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Divers	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
DÉPENSES	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	14,541,003 47	44,127,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	3,482,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Subventions aux chemins de fer	155,032 00	723,021 14		363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 4 octobre 1916. 15-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE*.

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste.	
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots.....	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste.....	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions.	
Total.....	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension.....	$ 100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session.....	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000.....	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000.....	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000.....	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000.....	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000.....	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel.....	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

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RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressée au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* ; le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal* :—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone* :—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs ;* ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de fidéicommis ;* une *compagnie de prêt ;* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une declaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous, établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit "

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SENAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé ; il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills privés.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session : aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt apres la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent pour le trimestre courant, étant au taux de 10 pour cent par année sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré, et sera payable à la banque en cette cité et à ses succursales, dès et après le 1er jour de novembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés à la clôture des affaires le 14e jour d'octobre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

D. C. MACAROW,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 26 septembre 1916. 14–5

MANVILLE ASBESTOS COMPANY, LIMITED.

REGLEMENT SPÉCIAL NO. 3.

Intitulé règlement à l'effet d'augmenter le nombre des directeurs de la compagnie.

ATTENDU que le nombre des directeurs de la compagnie dite "Manville Asbestos Company, Limited," est de cinq et qu'il est opportun d'en augmenter le nombre ;—

En conséquence, la dite "Manville Asbestos Company, Limited," statue comme suit :

Que le conseil des directeurs de la dite compagnie soit et il est par le présent augmenté de cinq à six dont trois d'entre eux formeront quorum.

—

Je, soussigné, secrétaire de la compagnie dite "Manville Asbestos Company, Limited," certifie par le présent que le règlement qui précède fut dûment adopté à une assemblée des directeurs de la compagnie tenue le 28e jour de septembre 1916, et qu'il fut dûment approuvé, sanctionné et confirmé par le vote unanime de tous les actionnaires de la compagnie présents à une assemblée générale spéciale dûment convoquée pour étudier ce règlement et tenue le 28e jour de septembre 1916.

[L.S.] JAMES G. CARTWRIGHT,
15-1 Secrétaire.

MANVILLE ASBESTOS COMPANY, LIMITED.

RÈGLEMENT SPÉCIAL NO 4.

Intitulé règlement à l'effet de changer le siège social de la compagnie en Canada.

ATTENDU que par les lettres patentes constituant la compagnie il est déclaré que la principale place d'affaires de la compagnie en Canada est à la cité de Montréal, dans le comté d'Hochelaga, et qu'il est jugé nécessaire et à propos de la changer;—

En conséquence, la dite "Manville Asbestos Company, Limited," statue comme suit :

Que la principale place d'affaires de la compagnie en Canada soit changée de la cité de Montréal, dans le comté d'Hochelaga, à la ville d'Asbestos, dans le comté de Richmond, P. Q.

—

Je, soussigné secrétaire de la compagnie dite "Manville Asbestos Company Limited," certifie par le présent que le règlement qui précède fut dûment adopté à une assemblée des directeurs de la compagnie tenue le 30e jour de septembre 1916, et qu'il fut dûment approuvé, sanctionné et confirmé par le vote unanime de tous les actionnaires de la compagnie présents à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires dûment convoquée pour étudier le dit règlement et tenue le 30e jour de septembre, 1916.

[L.S.] JAMES G. CARTWRIGHT,
15-1 Secrétaire.

CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par les présentes donné, suivant les dispositions de l'article 5 de la *Loi des Sociétés de Caisses de Retraite*, Chapitre 123, S.R.C., que la Société de la Caisse de Retraite de la Banque d'Hochelaga a été constituée, conformément à cette loi, et que son bureau principal est situé au n° civique 112 St. Jacques, à Montréal.

Ernest Guimont est le secrétaire de la société, et toutes pièces de procédures légales peuvent lui être signifiées.

Montréal, ce trois octobre mil neuf cent seize.

LA SOCIÉTÉ DE LA CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA,
15-4 ERNEST GUIMONT, Sec.

BANQUE MOLSONS.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque Molsons aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, lundi, le sixième jour de novembre prochain, à trois heures de l'après-midi.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
gérant général.

Montréal, 4 octobre 1916. 15-4

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

JEUDI, le 2 novembre prochain, et après, cette banque paiera à ses actionnaires un dividende de deux pour cent, étant au taux de huit pour cent par année, sur son capital, pour le trimestre finissant le 31 octobre prochain.

Ce dividende sera payé suivant la liste des actionnaires inscrits à la date du 16 octobre prochain.

Par ordre du bureau de direction,

N. LAVOIE,
Gérant général.

Québec, le 19 septembre 1916. 13-5

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The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Royal Highness the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 7th October, 1916.

Thomas Cotton, of Halcourt, in the Province of Alberta, farmer : to be a Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the provisions of the Naturalization Act, being chapter 77 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906.

Richard Keeves, of Bezanson, in the Province of Alberta, storekeeper : to be a Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the provisions of The Naturalization Act, being chapter 77 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906.

PROCLAMATIONS.

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in any wise concern,—Greeting :

A PROCLAMATION.

W. STUART EDWARDS, for Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is in and by Part XII of the Canada Shipping Act, Chapter 113, Revised Statutes, 1906, amongst other things, in effect, enacted that said Part XII, shall apply to such ports only as are from time to time designated for that purpose by proclamation ;

And whereas by an order of our Governor in Council bearing date the nineteenth day of September, A.D. 1916, the harbour of Pender in the Province of British Columbia, is designated as a port to which said Part XII shall apply, and it is declared that the limits of said Port shall be as follows :—

" Comprising all the waters of Pender harbour and " of Malaspina strait, including the tidal portions of " streams, inlets, etc., and of flats up to high water " mark, enclosed by right lines drawn from the ex- " tremity of Norman point to the north tangent of " Pearson island, and from the west tangent of Pearson " island to the west tangent of Francis point and from " the south tangent of Francis point due east by com- " pass to the Mainland of Sechelt peninsula,"—

Now Know Ye that we do under and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by said Part XII and Order in Council respectively proclaim and declare that said Part XII shall hereafter apply to the said port of Pender, in the Province of British Columbia.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Most Dear and Entirely Beloved Uncle and Most Faithful Counsellor, Field Marshal His Royal Highness Prince Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, Earl of Sussex (in the Peerage of the United Kingdom) ; Prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha ; Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter ; Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle ; Knight of Our Most Illustrious Order of Saint Patrick ; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Great Master of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Exalted Order of the Star of India ;

Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order ; Our Personal Aide-de-Camp ; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of SEPTEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign

By Command,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

15–3

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you— GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Tuesday, the twelfth day of the month of September instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on SATURDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST day of the month of OCTOBER next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Most Dear and Entirely beloved Uncle and Most Faithful Counsellor Field Marshal His Royal Highness PRINCE ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, Earl of Sussex (in the Peerage of the United Kingdom); Prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha : Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter ; Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle ; Knight of Our Most Illustrious Order of Saint Patrick ; one of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Great Master of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Exalted Order of the Star of India ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order; Our Personal Aide-de-Camp ; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this EIGHTH day of SEPTEMBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for Canada.

11-tf

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *10th October, 1916.*]

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION MAKING CERTAIN ADDITIONS TO AND AMENDMENTS IN THE LIST OF ARTICLES TO BE TREATED AS CONTRABAND OF WAR.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS, on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities or until We did give further public notice, and

Whereas, on the 27th day of January, 1916, the 12th day of April, 1916 and the 27th day of June, 1916, We did by Our Royal Proclamations of those dates make certain additions to and modifications in the said list of articles to be treated as contraband, and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to the said list,—

Now, therefore, We do hereby declare by and with the advice of Our Privy Council that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamation aforesaid mentioned :

Insulating materials, raw and manufactured ; fatty acids ; cadmium alloys and cadmium ore albumen.

And We do hereby further declare that as from this date the following amendments shall be made in Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation of the 14th day of October, 1915, aforementioned :

For item 6, "paraffine wax," there shall be substituted, "waxes of all kinds."

And We do hereby further declare that the following article shall, as from this date, be treated as conditional contraband in addition to those set out in Our Proclamation aforementioned :

Yeast.

Given at our Court at Buckingham Palace this THIRD day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING. 16-3

DESPATCHES, ETC.

[*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 8th September, 1916.*]

At the Court at *Windsor Castle*, the 7th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Aliens Restriction (Consolidation) Order 1916 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Order), His Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred by the Aliens Restriction Act, 1914, has been pleased to impose restrictions on aliens, and to make various regulations for carrying these restrictions into effect ;

And whereas the principal Order has been extended and amended by subsequent Orders in Council, and it is expedient further to amend the provisions of the principal Order in manner hereinafter appearing, —

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

The following article shall be inserted after article 22*a* of the principal Order :—

22*b*. As from and after the first day of October, 1916, a person shall not take steps to obtain the services for work other than munitions work in the United Kingdom of aliens or any alien not in the United Kingdom except with the permission in writing of the Board of Trade, and subject to such special or general conditions as the Board of Trade may impose.

15–3 ALMERIC FITZROY.

(*Extract from the Supplement to* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 8th September, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,
9th September, 1916.

THE undermentioned Officers have been awarded a Bar to their Military Cross for subsequent acts of conspicuous gallantry :—

Lt. (Act'g. Capt.) Alfred Syer Trimmer, Can. Infy.

For coolness, bravery and great devotion to duty. Under heavy fire for two days, he, with the assistance of two of his platoon, carried out the special duties assigned to him in a most heroic manner.

(The Military Cross was awarded in the *London Gazette* dated 15th March, 1916, (see *Canada Gazette* 8th April, 1916). 16–1

[*Extract from the Second Supplement to* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 25th of August, 1916.*]

WAR OFFICE,
26th August, 1916.

THE MILITARY CROSS.
REVISED ROYAL WARRANT.

GEORGE THE FIFTH by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India : To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting :

WHEREAS We did by Royal Warrant under Our Sign Manual dated 28th December, 1914, institute and create a new Decoration entitled "The Military Cross" to be awarded to Officers of certain ranks in Our Army in recognition of distinguished and meritorious services in time of war ;

And whereas We are desirous that certain alterations should be made in the regulations governing the said Decoration, We do hereby ordain that the provisions of Our said Royal Warrant shall be cancelled, and that the following regulations shall be substituted in lieu thereof :—

Firstly : It is ordained that the Cross shall be designated "The Military Cross."

Secondly : It is ordained that The Military Cross shall consist of a Cross of Silver having on each arm the Imperial Crown and bearing in the centre the Royal and Imperial Cipher.

Thirdly : It is ordained that no person shall be eligible for this decoration nor be nominated thereto unless he be a Captain, a Commissioned Officer of a lower grade, of a Warrant Officer Class I or Class II in Our Army, or Our Indian or Colonial Military Forces, and that the Millitary Cross shall be awarded only to Officers of the above ranks on a recommendation to Us by Our Principal Secretary of State for War.

Fourthly : It is ordained that Foreign Officers of an equivalent rank to those above mentioned, who have been associated in Military Operations with Our Army, or Our Indian or Colonial Military Forces, shall be eligible for the award of The Military Cross.

Fifthly : It is ordained that anyone who, after having performed services for which the Military Cross is awarded, subsequently, performs an approved act of gallantry which, if he had not received the Cross, would have entitled him to it, shall be awarded a bar to be attached to the riband by which the Cross is suspended, and for every additional such act an additional bar may be added.

Sixthly : It is ordained that the names of those upon whom We may be pleased to confer this Decoration shall be published in *The London Gazette*, and that a Register thereof shall be kept in the Office of Our Principal Secretary of State for War.

Seventhly : It is ordained that the Military Cross shall be worn immediately after all Orders and before all Decorations and Medals (the Victoria Cross alone excepted), and shall be worn on the left breast pendent from a riband of one inch and three-eighths in width, which shall be in colour white with a purple stripe.

Eightly : It is ordained that the Military Cross shall not confer any individual precedence, but shall entitle the recipient to the addition after his name of the letters M.C.

Ninthly : It is ordained that any person whom by an especial Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual We declare to have forfeited the Military Cross shall return the said Decoration to the Office of Our Principal Secretary of State for War, and that his name shall be erased from the Register of those upon whom the said Decoration shall have been conferred.

Lastly : We reserve to Ourselves, Our heirs and successors full power of annulling, altering, abrogating, augmenting, interpreting, or dispensing with these Regulations, or any part thereof, by a notification under Our Royal Sign Manual.

Given at Our Court of St. James's, this 23rd day of August, 1916, in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,
D. LLOYD GEORGE.

MEMORANDUM.

This Warrant is in substitution for the original Warrant of 28th December, 1914, and the Supplementary Warrant of 31st May, 1916. The insertion of the letters M.C. after the recipient's name, under Clause 8, will be carried out in the October Army List. 14-3

(*Extract from the Second Supplement to the* LONDON GAZETTE *of the 25th August, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,
26th August, 1916.

ROYAL WARRANT INSTITUTING A BAR FOR THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER.

WHEREAS We are desirous of providing for the recognition of further distinguished services in the case of Officers who have been awarded the "Distinguished Service Order."

It is Our will and pleasure and we do hereby ordain that anyone who, after having performed services for which the Distinguished Service Order is awarded, subsequently performs an approved act of gallantry which, if he had not received the Order, would have entitled him to it, shall be awarded a Bar to be attached to the riband by which the Order is suspended, and for every additional such act an additional Bar may be added.

Given at Our Court at St. James's the 23rd day of August, 1916, in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,
14–3 D. LLOYD GEORGE.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2285]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the trustees of the Good Hope Baptist Church of Keystone, of the Province of Alberta, for a grant for church purposes of 10 acres of land comprised in the N.E. corner of Legal Subdivision 8 of Section 15, Township 48, Range 4, west of the Fifth Meridian;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore, His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes 10 acres of land comprised in the N. E. Corner of Legal Subdivision 8 of Section 15, Township 48, Range 4, west of the Fifth Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the trustees of the Good Hope Baptist Church of Keystone, of the Province of Alberta, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2394]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 29th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made by Messrs. Alexander Smith and William Henry Fares, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, to purchase those portions of the lands hereinafter enumerated, formerly covered by the waters of Rush Lake, and as shown coloured red on the Township plan hereto attached ;

The Minister further reports that Messrs. Smith and Fares have had filed in the Departmend of the Interior, evidence showing them to be the registered owners of land lying immediately alongside the parcels applied for,—

The Minister recommends that in accordance with the present departmental practice which permits of formerly submerged portions of quarter sections being sold to the registered owners of the balance thereof, and under the provisions of section 32 of The Dominion Lands Act, the lands in question comprising a total area of 851·5 acres, be sold to Messrs. Smith and Fares at the respective values placed thereon by a Homestead Inspector and on the usual terms of payment.

The lands in question and their value per acre are as follows : —

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 16, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 1·5 acres—$6.00 an acre.

Part of the E. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 17, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 59·5 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 17, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 71·4 acres —$5.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 20, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 11·5 acres —$7.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 20, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 120·8 acres —$8.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 19, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 101·0 acres —$6.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 19, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 5·5 acres— $5.00 an acre.

Part of the N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 18, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 52·4 acres—$9.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 1, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 0·9 acre— $10.00 an acre.

Part of the S. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 57·0 acres—$10.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 91·0 acres—$7.00 an acre.

Part of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 125·0 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 14, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 53·0 acres —$7.00 an acre.

Part of the N. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 60·0 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 41·0 acres —$5.00 an acre.

The Committee concur in the foregoing and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

16–4

[2429]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is deemed desirable in the execution of the powers conferred by section 2 of The Seed Control Act, that special grades of grain should be established exclusively for seed purposes without affecting the commercial grades fixed under the authority of The Canada Grain Act ;

And whereas the primary purpose of providing a special grade of grain that may be suitable for seed is to create a substantial supply of Red Fife and Marquis wheat, white oats and six-rowed barley that is clean, of superior quality and reasonably pure as to variety or type of grain, so that such supply of grain may conveniently be made available to farmers, seed merchants or grain dealers who sell seed at the minimum cost ; the main object is the improvement of field crops,—

Therefore the Govenor General in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 2 of The Seed Control Act, is pleased to order and it is herein ordered as follows :—

The nomenclature of grades of grain for seed purposes shall be as follows—the same having been revised and approved by the chief Inspector of Grain and recommended for approval by the Minister of Agriculture, viz :—

No. 1 Canada Western seed oats shall be composed of No. 1 or No. 2 C. W. oats shall contain 95% of white oats, sound, clean and free from other grain ; shall be free from noxious weed seeds within the meaning of The Seed Control Act, and shall weigh not less than 34 pounds to the bushel.

No. 3 Canada Western seed barley shall be composed of the six-rowed variety, sound, plump, free from other grain, of fair colour, free from noxious weed seeds within the meaning of The Seed Control Act, and shall weigh not less than 45 pounds to the bushel.

No. 1 Manitoba Northern seed wheat shall be composed of 85 % of Red Fife, or 85% of Marquis wheat, sound, clean and free from other grain, and free from noxious weed seeds within the meaning of The Seed Control Act, weighing not less than 60 pounds to the bushel.

For No. 1 seed purposes Red Fife and Marquis wheat shall be kept separate.

No. 2 seed wheat shall be composed of grades No. 2 Northern, No. 3 Northern, or No. 4 slightly frosted wheat of Red Fife or Marquis variety, and when recleaned shall be practically free from other grain and noxious weed seeds, and the weight not less than 58 pounds to the bushel.

For No. 2 seed purposes Red Fife and Marquis wheat shall be kept separate.

No grain shall be accepted for seed which will require a large dockage to clean.

Seed Inspectors shall observe the foregoing regulations in the grading of grain for seed purposes, nevertheless inasmuch as the operations of seed inspectors are dependent upon and follow after the operations of grain inspectors in respect of the grain to be examined as to suitability for seed purposes, the seed inspectors will remain subject to the approval of the chief inspector of grain or his deputy in all matters of procedure and prompt attendance to duties and for efficiency and accuracy of technical work done, seed inspectors shall be responsible to the Minister of Agriculture.

Seed inspectors are hereby authorized to certify ex-elevator the grain graded for seed purposes pursuant to the foregoing regulations.

The Order in Council, dated 30th September, 1915, establishing special grades of grain for seed purposes is hereby rescinded.

This Order in Council shall be published twice in the *Canada Gazette.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

16–2

[2139]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 9th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council of the 22nd January, 1914, approval was given to General Train and Interlocking Rules for use on the Canadian Government Railways ;

And whereas, under date the 2nd September, 1916, the General Manager of Government Railways has advised that recent improvements in the apparatus of the Interlocking Block Signals make it necessary and advisable, in order to insure safety in train operation, that certain portions of the present Rules be cancelled, namely : Definitions and Indications under the heading "Automatic Block Signals," and Definitions and Indications under the heading "Interlocking Signals," and that the following be substituted in lieu thereof :—

AUTOMATIC BLOCK SIGNALS.

Definitions and Indications.

Block—A length of track of defined limits, the use of which by trains is controlled by block signals.

Block Signal—A fixed signal controlling the use of the block.

Home Block Signal—A fixed signal at the entrance of a block to control trains entering and using the block.

A semaphore arm standing horizontal indicates "stop". When in this position at night a red light is displayed.

A semaphore arm 90 degrees above the horizontal indicates "proceed". When in this position at night a green light is displayed.

Distant Block Signal.—A fixed signal used in connection with a Home Block Signal to regulate the approach thereto.

A semaphore arm standing 45 degrees above horizontal indicates "Proceed, prepared to stop at next signal." When in this position at night a yellow light is displayed.

A semaphore arm 90 degrees above the horizontal indicates "proceed." When in this position at night a green light is displayed.

The semaphore blade of an Automatic Block Signal has a pointed end which indicates a permissive or "stop and proceed" signal. The front is painted yellow with a black stripe, the back is painted black with a white stripe.

Marker Lights.—A lunar white light is used on automatic signals to indicate the shape of signal blade, and is placed six feet below the signal light. A marker light located vertically bebow the signal light indicates a square end blade ; when diagonally below signal light, it indicates a pointed blade.

Indicator—A device "usually employed in connection with a switch" used to show the position of a signal to which it refers. A miniature arm or disc is displayed which assumes the stop position when the home signal protecting the block is in stop position ; or a train is closely approaching it. At main track crossovers the indicators at the switch in each track relate to the signal protecting the block on the other track.

Automatic Block System—A series of consecutive blocks in which the signals are operated by electric, pneumatic or other agency actuated by a train or by certain conditions affecting the use of the block.

INTERLOCKING SIGNALS.

Definitions and Indications.

Interlocking—An arrangement of switch, lock and signal appliances so interconnected that their movements must succeed one another in a predetermined order.

Interlocking plant—An assemblage of switch, lock and signal appliances interlocked.

Interlocking station—A place from which an interlocking plant is operated.

Interlocking signals—The fixed signals of an interlocking plant.

Home signal—A fixed signal governing movements over a certain route or routes and located at a point where trains are required to stop when the route is not clear.

A semaphore arm standing horizontal indicates "stop." When in this position at night a red light is displayed.

A semaphore arm 60 degrees below or 90 degrees above the horizontal indicates "proceed." When in this position at night a green light is displayed.

Distant signal—A fixed signal used in connection with a home signal to regulate the approach thereto.

A semaphore arm standing at 45 degrees above horizontal indicates "Proceed, prepared to stop at next signal." When in this position at night a yellow light is displayed.

A semaphore arm 60 degrees below or 90 degrees above the horizontal indicates "proceed." When in this position at night a green light is displayed.

Dwarf signal—A low small signal of semaphore type, used as a home signal governing one or more diverging or unusual routes.

Pot Signal—A small revolving signal used to indicate the position of a switch or as a substitute for a dwarf signal.

Route—The course of way taken by a train passing from one point to another, especially a customary or predetermined course, or any one of several possible combinations of turnouts or crossovers by which the train will travel through an interlocking plant.

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to approve the Rules above set forth, and the said Rules are hereby approved and adopted in supercession of those portions above referred to of the Rules approved by the Order in Council of the 22nd January, 1914.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2195]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 19th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

HIS Royal Highness the Governor General in Council, in view of the present uncertain condition of the labour market in the Province of British Columbia, is pleased, pursuant to the authority conferred by subsection (*c*) of section 38 of The Immigration Act, 9–10 Edward VII, to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

From and after the 1st day of October, 1916, and until the 31st day of March, 1917, the landing at any port of entry in British Columbia, hereinafter specified, of any immigrant of any of the following classes or occupation, viz, artizans ; labourers, skilled and unskilled, is hereby prohibited.

The following ports of entry in British Columbia are hereby designated as the ports of entry at which this order shall apply :—

Vancouver,	Ganges Harbour,	Paterson,
Victoria,	Douglas,	Aldergrove,
New Westminster,	Gateway,	Rykerts,
Nanaimo,	Grand Forks,	Rossland,
Prince Rupert,	Huntingdon,	Stewart,
Port Simpson,	Kamloops,	Union Bay
Anyox,	Keremeos,	Upper Sumas,
Atlin,	Kingsgate,	Waneta,
Chilliwack,	Ladner,	Pacific Highway,
Bridesville,	Myncaster,	White Rock,
Chopaka,	Ladysmith,	Mission Junction,
Carson,	Midway,	Whales Island,
Cascade,	Steveston,	Newport,
Comox,	Chemainus,	Alberni.
Osoyoos,	Powell River,	White Pass.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2312]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 28th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the Rural Municipality of Rosemount, No. 378, of the Province of Saskatchewan, for a grant for cemetery purposes of three acres of land comprised in N.W. corner of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 34, Township 37, Range 16, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for cemetery purposes three acres of land comprised in the N.W. corner of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 34, Township 37, Range 16, west of the Third Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Rural Municipality of Rosemount, No. 378, of the Province of Saskatchewan, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[The following Order in Council was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *10th October, 1916.*]

[2363]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1915.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is represented that persons are endeavouring to secure commissions for procuring contracts with the Imperial Munitions Board upon the grounds that such persons have influence with the Board by which they are enabled to secure such contracts ;

And whereas it is considered that the bargaining for or taking of commissions or reward in such circumstances should be prohibited upon the considerations which led to the enactment of section 158 of The Criminal Code, and subject to the same penalities,—

Therefore, with a view to preventing such practices, His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Regulation and the same is hereby made and established accordingly :—

REGULATION.

Everyone is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and not exceeding one thousand dollars, and to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, and not less than one month, and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a further period not exceeding six months, who, by reason of or under the pretence of possessing influence with the Government, demands, exacts, stipulates or negotiates for or receives, or offers or attempts to obtain or receive from any person any compensation, commission, fee or reward for procuring or furthering the obtaining by himself or any other person of any contract, order or other benefit from the Government, or who offers, promises or pays under the circumstances, and for the causes aforesaid, or any of them, any such compensation, commission, fee or reward.

The expression "Government," for the purpose of this regulation, shall mean and include His Majesty's Government whether in respect of the United Kingdom or of Canada, and any Minister or official thereof, as well as any officer, board or commission appointed or named by His Majesty or by any Minister of the Crown, or by any other officer or authority whether in respect of His Majesty's Government of the United Kingdom or of Canada.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16-2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[30/2323]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of the Interior, reporting that Mr. Harry Chawner Adams obtained South African Volunteer Bounty Scrip Location for the east half of Section 6, Township 40, Range 16, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 5th November, 1912; that information has been received that the entrant performed no residence duties on the land itself, owing to the fact that he was unable to secure water thereon, but he resided on his purchased land, the southeast quarter of Section 7, in the same Township and Range, from 1st May, 1912 to 15th September, 1913, when he was obliged to discontinue residence duties owing to illness ; that the improvements on the scrip location above mentioned consist of 160 acres fencing, and it was shown that the entrant was the owner of the following stock :—1912, 171 head ; 1913, 391 head ; 1914, 60 head.

The Minister, under the circumstances, recommends that further residence on the part of Mr. Adams be dispensed with in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of section 20, chapter 20, 7-8 Edward VII, so that free patent may be issued to Mr. Adams upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been satisfied.

The Board concur in the above recommendation and submit the same for favourable consideration.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2284]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of the Board of Management of the Church and Manse Building Fund of the Presbyterian Church in Canada for Manitoba and the North West for a grant for church purposes of one acre of land comprised in the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 31, Range 22, west of the Principal Meridian;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore, His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes one acre of land comprised in the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 31 Range 22, west of the Principal Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Board of Management of the Church and Manse Building Fund of the Presbyterian Church in Canada for Manitoba and the North West for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2268]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 19th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. Frank A. Collins, Superintendent of School Lands, Winnipeg, has recommended that auction sales of School Lands be held in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta

during the present autumn at the following points, namely :—Kamsack, Blaine Lake and Biggar in the Province of Saskatchewan, and at Provost, Sedgewick and Chinook in the Province of Alberta;

That before making any arrangements for these sales, the Premiers of Saskatchewan and Alberta were asked for an expression of their opinion as to the advisability of holding auction sales of School Lands in these Provinces during the present year;

That in reply a letter was received from the Provincial Treasurer of Saskatchewan stating that his Government was of the opinion that the present autumn would be an opportune time for holding sales of School Lands at Blaine Lake and Biggar in that Province;

That the Premier of Alberta has also expressed the concurrence of his Government in the proposed sales in the Province of Alberta,—

As the Minister is of opinion, in view of the representations made to him, that it would be in the interests of the School Lands Fund to hold auction sales of School Lands at points mentioned during the present autumn, he recommends that the authority of Council be given for that purpose. The lands will be inspected before the sales are held and will be offered at such upset prices as will safeguard the interests of the School Lands Endowment Fund. The sales will also be subject to the provisions of The Dominion Lands Act with respect to auction sales of School Lands.

Authority was given by Order in Council of the 12th February, 1916, for the holding of auction sales of School Lands in the Province of Manitoba at Rossburn, Glenella and Dauphin during the months of June and July last, when auction sales were also held at several points in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta, but as the inspections of the lands to be offered in Manitoba were greatly delayed owing to the lateness of the season, it was not found possible to offer the Manitoba School Lands at that time.

The Minister, therefore, recommends that authority be given for the sale of these lands at Rossburn, Glenella and Dauphin during the present autumn.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council

14–4

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

Supplement No. 1 to
C.P. Ry., C.R.C. No. W. 1948.
Includes all Changes.

Advance.

Supplement No. 1 to
C. P. Ry. No. W. 3225.

Includes all changes.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

(Lines Port Arthur, Ont., and West thereof.)

STANDARD Mileage Freight Tariff applying between stations and ports of call on the Canadian Pacific Railway western lines, also on interchange traffic between stations and ports of call defined above and stations east of Port Arthur, Ont., to Sudbury, Ont.

To be applied in the absence of special tariffs quoting lower rates.

See application of rates on page 4 of tariff as amended.

Amend tariff as shown herein.

Subject to rules and conditions of original tariff.

Issued 12th September, 1916.

In compliance with the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, order No. 25327, dated Ottawa, 29th August, 1916.

W. B. LANIGAN,
Asst. Frt. Traf. Mgr. C.P. & E. & N. Rys.,
Winnipeg, Man.

Issued by R. G. HOLMES,
Chief of Tariff Bureau, C.P. Ry.,
Winnipeg, Man.

* Substitute the following for conflicting portion of page 4 of tariff :—

Section No. 2.

"B.C. LAKES" STANDARD

(See Rates.)

Applies locally between ports of call on the
Arrow Lake,
Slocan Lake,
Kootenay Lake,
Okanagan Lake,
Columbia River.

Will not apply where a rail haul intervenes.

* Advance account elimination of Trout Lake ports of call.

15-2

GENERAL ORDERS.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,

OTTAWA, 1st August, 1916.

G.O. 72.

ORGANIZATION.

VALCARTIER CAMP, PETAWAWA CAMP, CAMP BORDEN AND CAMP HUGHES TO BE TEMPORARY MILITARY DISTRICTS.

1. In pursuance of the authority contained in Section 21 (*a*) of the Militia Act, the hereinafter mentioned portions of Canada were on First of January, 1916, formed into temporary military districts as hereinafter described, namely :—

(*a*) A circular area in the County of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, was separated from Military District No. 5, and was formed into a Military District to be known as the "Valcartier Military District", with Headquarters at the camp established therein. The said circular area has the Valcartier Post Office as its centre, and has a radius of ten miles.

(*b*) The area composed of the townships of Petawawa, Mckay, Wylie and Buchanan in the County of Renfrew, in the Province of Ontario, was separated from M. D. No. 3, and was formed into a Military District to be known as the "Petawawa Military District".

(*c*) The area composed of the townships of Tossorontio, Sunnidale and Essa in the County of Simcoe, in the Province of Ontario, was separated from Military District No. 2, and was formed into a Military District to be known as the "Camp Borden Military District" with Headquarters at the permanent camp established therein.

(*d*) The area composed of Townships 7, 8, 9 and 10, Ranges 14, 15, 16 and 17 west of Principal Meridian in the Province of Manitoba, was separated from Military District No. 10, and was formed into a Military District to be known as the "Camp Hughes Military District", with Headquarters at the camp established therein.

2. The Officer who has been or who from time to time hereafter shall be detailed in Militia Orders to command the camp in one of the Military Districts thus created, has been, and, during his tenure of such command, shall be the District Officer commanding the District in which such camp is situate, with full right and authority to exercise therein all the powers which by the Regulations are conferred on a District Officer Commanding.

(H.Q. 142-8-1.)

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G.O. 73.

RESERVE MILITIA.

MILITARY DISTRICT No. 12.—The organization of a company of Reserve Militia, with headquarters at Lloydminster, Sask., is authorized.

(H.Q. 32-24-6.

G.O. 74.

DECORATIONS AND MEDALS.

1. The Colonial Auxiliary Forces Officers' Decoration.

The undermentioned officers have been awarded the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Officers' Decoration, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant, dated 18th May, 1899, and General Order 132 of November, 1901 :—

Rank.	Name.	Corps.
Lt.-Colonel.....	S. H. Hill.....	8th Regt. (Royal Rifles).
Lt.-Colonel	H. S. Birkett.....	C. A. M. C.
Lt.-Colonel.....	John B. MacLean.	R. O.
Major.	Lionel C. Soy.....	13th Royal Regiment.
Major.	H. F. Adams.....	63rd Regt. (Halifax Rifles).
Capt. & Bt.-Major..	J. E. Morse	69th Annapolis Regiment.

2. The Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medal.

The undermentioned Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and Men are awarded the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medal, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant, dated 18th May, 1899, and General Order 132 of November, 1901 :—

Rank.	Name.	Corps.
Lieut.-Colonel.. ..	G. E. Burns.....	Corps of Guides.
Lieut.-Colonel.....	Sandford F. Smith	G. G. B. G.
Major.	G. Belleau.....	9th Regt. (Voltigeurs de Quebec).
Major	C. V. Campbell...	51st Regt. (Soo Rifles).
Hon. Major.....	T. C. Grothe.....	85th Regt.
Capt. & Bt.-Major..	G. F. Gabriel.....	36th Peel Regt.
Captain.	E. A. Vossnack...	63rd Regt. (Halifax) Rifles.
Captain.	E. Dowden.... ..	66th Regt. (Princess Louise Fus.)
Staff Sergt.-Major..	A. E. Clayton	No. 2 O. T. D., A. S. C.
Co'y. Sgt.-Major...	Harry Ainsworth..	1st (Halifax) Regt.
Co'y. Sgt.-Major...	T. W. Ridgeway..	66th Regt. (Princess Louise Fus.)
Colour Sergt.....	Godber Jackson...	21st Regt. (Essex Fusiliers).
Colour Sergt.....	J. P. Monaghan...	63rd Regt. (Halifax) Rifles.
Sergt	W. W. Boutilier..	1st (Halifax Regt.) C. G. A.
Sergt..... ..	F. L. Barrett.....	25th Regt. (Middlesex L. I.)
Sergeant.....	G. I. Dyson	34th (Ontario) Regt.
Sergeant.....	H. G. James.....	33rd (Huron) Regt.
Corpl.....	J. E. Tessier-dit-Plante	9th Regt. (Voltigeurs de Quebec).
Gunner..	Robt. Thomson, jr.	1st Regt., C. G. A.
Bugler.....	George Andrews.	13th Royal Regt.
Private..... .	William John.....	37th (Haldimand) Rifles.
Private.....	Oswald Boutilier..	66th (Princess Louise Fus.)

(H.Q. 1825-1.)

3. Long Service and Good Conduct Medal.

The undermentioned Non-commissioned Officers and men have been awarded a medal for long service and good conduct :—

Quartermaster-Sergeant Richard Aitchison, Royal Canadian Engineers.

(H.Q. 1-40-28.)

Quartermaster-Sergeant H. M. Brown, Royal Canadian Horse Artillery.

(H.Q. 41-B-12.)

Quartermaster-Sergeant M. H. Ford, Corps of Military Staff Clerks.

(H.Q. 28-F-1.)

Quartermaster-Sergeant Edward J. Ryan, Royal Canadian Regiment.

(H.Q. 51-7-726.)

Quartermaster-Sergeant D. F. Scanlon, Corps of Military Staff Clerks.

(H.Q. 28-S-3.)

Sergeant Edwin Beach, No. 1 Co. Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery.

(H.Q. 51-7-737.)

Corporal William Neil, Royal Canadian Regiment.

(H.Q. 14-2-57.)

Gunner Patrick McCann, No. 2 Co. Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery.

(H.Q. 51-7-736.)

By Command,

W. Hodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

1916.

Headquarters,
Ottawa, 31st August, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions, retirements and confirmations of rank are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council.

G. O. 81.

Districts.

Military District No. 11.—*To be Assistant Adjutant-General in charge of Administration from District Staff Adjutant: Captain (temporary Major) F. W. L. Moore, Permanent Staff, 11th March, 1916.

Permanent Force.

The Corps of Military Staff Clerks.—To be Officer Clerks with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant: Sergeant-Majors (Warrant Officers) *Richard Edwards Apperley, *William Henry Moncrieff Roberson, *John Chessar Armstrong, and *Edmund John Harvey, 21st August, 1916.

* Temporary appointments.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

Cavalry.

8th Princess Louise's New Brunswick Hussars.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Kenneth Seymour Barnes, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

9th Mississauga Horse.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. K. Kingsmill is seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 20th June, 1916.

14th King's Canadian Hussars.—Provisional Lieutenant(supernumerary) J. D. Spidell is permitted to retire. 23rd July, 1916.

20th Border Horse.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Ritchie Hemphill, gentleman. 5th January, 1916.

29th Light Horse.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Gilbert Nevan Hughes, gentleman. 1st March, 1916.

ARTILLERY.

Canadian Field Artillery.

14TH BRIGADE.—13TH (WINNIPEG BATTERY).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. G. Robertson is permitted to retire. 19th June, 1916.

Canadian Garrison Artillery.

THE MONTREAL SIEGE COMPANY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Duncan Gordon Campbell, gentleman. 4th August, 1916.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Alexander Barclay, gentleman.. 10th July, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) E. D. Timmerman, from the McGill University Contingent, Canadian Officers Training Corps. 19th July, 1916.

George Lewis Burland, gentleman. 3rd August, 1916.

Frank James Nicolas, gentleman. 12th August, 1916.

CANADIAN OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS.

MCGILL UNIVERSITY CONTINGENT.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) E. D. Timmerman is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 19th July, 1916.

LAVAL UNIVERSITY CONTINGENT, MONTREAL, P. Q.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. J. E. Barcelo is transferred to the 65th Carabiniers (Mont-Royal). 21st June, 1916.

INFANTRY.

1ST REGIMENT (CANADIAN GRENADIER GUARDS).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) W. H. Jackson is permitted to retire. 22nd August, 1916.

10TH REGIMENT (ROYAL GRENADIERS).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) H. W. S. Vacher is seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 20th June, 1916.

11TH REGIMENT (IRISH FUSILIERS OF CANADA).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) R. F. Macnaghten is permitted to resign his commission. 15th August, 1916.

12TH REGIMENT (YORK RANGERS).—Lieutenants (supernumerary) K. C. MacIver and G. C. Newton are seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 20th June, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) S. M. McEachern is permitted to retire. 18th August, 1916.

13TH ROYAL REGIMENT.—To be Major: Captain and Brevet Major A. F. Zimmerman. 14th August, 1916.

20TH REGIMENT (HALTON RIFLES).—Lieutenants (supernumerary) S. R. Wilkins, J. M. Hutcheson, A.H. Parker are seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 20th June, 1916.

22ND REGIMENT (THE OXFORD RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Alexander Cecil Fyfe Hotson, gentleman. 8th May, 1916

24TH KENT REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. M. Blakely is transferred to the Army Medical Corps. 26th May, 1916.

35TH REGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Bertram Wood Hutcheson, gentleman. 23rd May, 1916.

James Norman Hooey, gentleman. 14th July, 1916.

42ND LANARK AND RENFREW REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert George Entwistle, gentleman. 14th August, 1916.

45TH VICTORIA REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. P. Kent is seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 20th June, 1916.

63RD REGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Otto William Lingham, gentleman. 12th August, 1916.

65TH CARABINIERS (MONT-ROYAL).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. J. E. Barcelo, from the Laval University Contingent, Montreal, P. Q., Canadian Officers Training Corps. 21st June, 1916.

77TH WENTWORTH REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) S. E. Lyons is seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 20th June, 1916.

90TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sigurdur Martin Julius Arnason Sigurdson, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

101ST REGIMENT (EDMONTON FUSILIERS).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. A. Clayton is transferred to the Corps of School Cadet Instructors. 23rd June 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Horace Greely Barber, gentleman. 8th August 1916.

102ND REGIMENT (ROCKY MOUNTAIN RANGERS).—The name of Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. F. A. Rutherford is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 25th August, 1916.

103RD REGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—To be provisisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Edgar Farren, gentleman. 10th July, 1916.

105TH REGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): David Alexander Wightman, gentleman. 14th August, 1916.

107TH EAST KOOTENAY REGIMENT.—To be Captain: Lieutenant H. E. Barnes, *vice* provisional Captain G. F. Stalker, who is retired. 25th August, 1916.

109TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Donald Gifford Muir Galbraith, gentleman. 20th July, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Irwin Burdett Cassidy, gentleman. 19th May, 1916.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

To be Captains: Lieutenants (supernumerary):
W. F. Mackay,
D. R. Shewan. 26th October, 1915.
R. A. Ireland. 2nd December, 1915.
C. C. Tatham. 1st March, 1916.
G. H. Bowlby. 6th July, 1916.

To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. M. Blakely, from the 24th Kent Regiment. 29th May, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
Robert Dickson Ferguson,
*Wilbur Clouston Lowry, gentlemen. 10th July, 1916.

James Simpson Macpherson, gentleman. 11th July, 1916.

To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Walter John Weaver, gentleman. 7th August, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Reginald Stewart MacArthur, gentleman. 12th August, 1916.

*George Clarence Paine, gentleman. 14th August, 1916.

*Subject to qualification under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

The following officers are seconded for service with the Royal Army Medical Corps:

Provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary)
P. B. Brown. 15th June, 1916.
R. D. Ferguson. 10th July, 1916.

Nursing Sister E. Bradley is granted the temporary rank of Matron whilst acting as Matron of "Onguanada" Military Hospital, Kingston, Ont. 7th August, 1916.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary):
Frank Montgomery Marshall. 21st July 1916.
Beatrice Edith Williams. 27th July, 1916.
Agnes Thomas. 29th July, 1916.
Agnes Ethel Handley. 31st July, 1916.

Berta Smith. 1st August, 1916.
Leonie Marie La Chapelle. 8th August, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY VETERINARY CORPS.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. Cowan reverts to Regimental duty from the seconded list. 25th March, 1916.

CORPS OF SCHOOL CADET INSTRUCTORS.

To be Lieutenant : Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. A. Clayton from the 101st Regiment (Edmonton Fusiliers). 23rd June, 1916.

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank as stated :—

To be Lieutenant-Colonel : Major R. B. Simmonds, 66th Regiment (Princess Louise Fusiliers) whilst in command of the Chain Lakes Detachment. 11th August, 1914.

To be Majors : Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. Æ. Shaw, 50th Regiment, whilst in charge of Internment Camp, Morrissey, B.C. 1st August, 1916.

Mortimer Mowbray McLearn, Esquire, whilst in charge of Railway Terminals, Camp Borden. 26th August, 1916.

To be Captain : Officer Clerk and Honorary Lieutenant G. Sisman, The Corps of Military Staff Clerks, whilst performing the duties of Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, Military District No. 11. 11th March, 1916.

With reference to General Order 76, 1916, under "Memoranda" and paragraph dealing with the promotion of Captain R. B. S. Burton, 105th Regiment (Saskatoon Fusiliers) to the temporary rank to Major, *add* "and to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank."

To be Chaplains with the Honorary rank of Captain :
The Reverend Frank Cecil Harper. 19th June, 1916.
The Reverend William Charles White. 10th July, 1916.
The Reverend Edward William Hughes. 10th July, 1916.
The Reverend Joseph Dimock Spidell. 23rd July, 1916.

With reference to General Orders No. 108 and 135, 1915, under 69th Annapolis Regiment and confirmations respectively, for "Lloyd Ernest Jongley" read "Lloyd Ernest Longley" and "L. E. Longley."

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia, as stated, whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force :

To be Lieutenants :
Joseph Clarke Wallace, gentleman. 21st September, 1914.
Charles Eldon Sinclair, gentleman. 3rd May, 1916.
John Ramsey Merrifield, gentleman. 29th May, 1916.
Henry Walter Ritchie Gemmel, gentleman. 15th June, 1916.
Albert Grounds Peace, gentleman. 16th June, 1916.
John Gray Hayward, gentleman. 29th June, 1916.
William Douglas Eves Morley, gentleman. 7th July, 1916.
Jeremiah Joseph Sullivan, gentleman. 10th July, 1916.
Alexander Roderick Mackenzie, gentleman. 11th July, 1916.
Robert Maxam Hazelton, gentleman. 13th July, 1916.
Gervase Scott Bush,
George Stanley Duckett,
George Crawford Smyth,
Samuel Greenshields Torrance, gentlemen. 23rd July, 1916.
Cyril Joseph Decle,
Ernest Alfred Robinson, gentlemen. 25th July 1916.
Lorne Cuthbert Montgomery, gentleman. 26th July, 1916.
John Wilson Thomson, gentleman. 28th July, 1916.
Douglas Barrington Taylor,
Gerald Earnshaw, gentlemen. 31st July, 1916.
Henry Thomas Skelly,
Reuben Smith, gentlemen. 1st August, 1916.
George Ernest MacMullen, gentleman. 2nd August, 1916.
Richard Harvey Lloyd, gentleman. 5th August, 1916.
Melville Sims Parry, gentleman. 8th August, 1916.

To be Honorary Lieutenants :
William Cochrane Harvey, gentleman. 1st July, 1916.
Frank Arthur Chew,
Albert James Mansell, gentlemen. 8th July, 1916.
Douglas Dewar, gentleman. 12th July, 1916.
Albert A. Peachy, gentleman. 18th July, 1916.
Charles Henry Fletcher Nesbit, gentleman. 25th July, 1916.
Frederick Oscar Bovill, gentleman. 26th July, 1916.
Bertram Lewis Lima, gentleman. 27th July, 1916.
Henry George Monger, gentleman. 4th August, 1916.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for their appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names :—

Lieutenant E. H. Mansfield, 50th Regiment, 5th August, 1916.
Lieutenant W. M. Harris, 107th Regiment, 25th July, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. F. Haliburton, 1st Rgt. C.G.A., 4th September, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. J. O'Connell, 1st Rgt. C.G.A., 26th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. B. Isnor, 1st Rgt. C.G.A., 26th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. G. Esther, 1st Rgt. C.G.A., 27th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. H. Coll, 1st Rgt. C.G.A., 10th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. C. Thompson, 5th Rgt. C.G.A., 6th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. R. Finnick, 5th Rgt. C.G.A., 8th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. H. deCarteret, 5th Rgt. C.G.A., 8th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. S. Hamilton, 5th Rgt. C.G.A., 25th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. B. Timberlake, C.O.T.C. (McGill), 1st November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. D. Beatson, 6th Regiment, 24th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. C. Graham, 6th Regiment, 12th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. G. Blair, 6th Regiment, 18th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. L. Peers, 6th Regiment, 22nd February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. V. Prenter, 6th Regiment, 16th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. F. T. Stewart, 11th Regiment, 15th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. L. Frame, 11th Regiment, 4th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. B. Moore, 11th Regiment, 14th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. W. Laidlaw, 11th Regiment, 15th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. M. Drost, 11th Regiment, 28th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary I. Davis, 11th Regiment, 29th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. J. Gordon, 11th Regiment, 15th June, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. A. Cameron, 15th Regiment, 8th August, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. V. Thomson, 22nd Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. D. Montgomery, 22nd Regiment, 24th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary I. L. McCall, 24th Regiment, 28th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. D. Swift, 27th Regiment, 30th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. G. Courtney, 50th Regiment, 10th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary P. A. King, 50th Regiment, 11th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Gray, 50th Regiment, 26th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. W. R. Moore, 50th Regiment, 28th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. R. McCallum, 50th Regiment, 29th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. C. Macdonald, 50th Regiment, 30th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. F. McGovern, 55th Regiment, 18th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. T. Hewitt, 72nd Regiment, 27th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. F. Taaffe, 72nd Regiment, 18th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. J. Simpson, 72nd Regiment, 22nd March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. L. Darling, 72nd Regiment, 6th May, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. Walker, 72nd Regiment, 15th May, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Peters, 74th Regiment, 21st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary D. O. Vicars, 102nd Regiment, 1st February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. H. Reade, 102nd Regiment, 12th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. W. Duncan, 102nd Regiment, 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary B. C. Thwaites, 102nd Regiment, 18th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary S. B. Cash, 102nd Regiment, 4th April, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary. F. A. Hewer, 104th Regiment, 18th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary B. G. Rennie, 107th Regiment, 11th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. Rosewarn, 107th Regiment, 29th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. A. L. F. Smith, 107th Regiment, 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. H. Seaman, 107th Regiment, 23rd February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary P. Adams, 107th Regiment, 1st March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. B. Milliken, 107th Regiment, 1st March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. S. McCreery, 107th Regiment, 20th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Brechin, 107th Regiment, 25th July, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. J. Brick, C.A.S.C. (11 Coy.), 1st September, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. A. Wood, C.A.S.C. (Regt'l List), 1st October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. P. Carmichael, C.A.S.C. (Regt'l. List), 18th November, 1915

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. B. Campbell, C.A.S.C., (Regt'l. List), 1st December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. Boyle, C.A.S.C. (Regt'l. List), 1st December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. A. Walcot, C.A.S.C. (Regt'l. List), 1st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. C. Orr, C.A.S.C. (Regt'l. List), 1st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary D. A. Stewart, C.A.V.C., 30th August, 1915.

By Command,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,
OTTAWA, 7th September, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions, retirements and confirmations of rank, are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council.

G. O. 86.

DISTRICTS.

MILITARY DISTRICT NO. 3—7TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.—The period of tenure of appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Kent as Brigade Commander is extended to the 1st September, 1917.

MILITARY DISTRICT NO. 5—19TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.—The period of tenure of appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel E. F. Würtele as Brigade Commander is extended to the 1st July, 1917.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

CAVALRY.

9TH MISSISSAUGA HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Howard Augustus Bartlett, gentleman. 15th June, 1916.

14TH KING'S CANADIAN HUSSARS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Raymond Robbins Haley, gentleman. 9th August, 1916.

17TH DUKE OF YORK'S ROYAL CANADIAN HUSSARS (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Gordon Hamilton Rochester, gentleman. 15th July, 1916.

28TH NEW BRUNSWICK DRAGOONS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Morris James Mullaney, gentleman. 1st July, 1916.

ARTILLERY.

Canadian Field Artillery.

9TH BRIGADE—5TH (KINGSTON) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Colin Macaulay Vere Hamilton, gentleman. 18th August, 1916.

14TH BRIGADE—13TH (WINNIPEG) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harry Garnett, gentleman. 10th August, 1916.

26TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Thomas Russell MacNutt, gentleman. 3rd August, 1916.

Heavy Artillery.

THE MONTREAL HEAVY BRIGADE.—2ND HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Franklin George Lemo Beall, gentleman. 16th August, 1916.

Canadian Garrison Artillery.

1ST (HALIFAX) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):

Donald Alexander Forsyth, gentleman. 20th August, 1916.

Robert Richard Grace Crosby, gentleman. 23rd August, 1916.

James Augustine O'Leary, gentleman. 29th August, 1916.

5TH (BRITISH COLUMBIA) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frederick Montague Russell, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. G. Bell is permitted to retire. 21st August, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. H. Burbidge, from the 13th Royal Regiment. 9th August, 1916.

Lieutenants (supernumerary) R. A. Paul, from the 30th Regiment (Wellington Rifles), and G. Sproule, from the 90th Regiment (Winnipeg Rifles). 18th August, 1916.

Grover Cairnes Hagedorn, gentleman. 23rd August, 1916.

Ogilvie James Marchbank, gentleman. 24th August, 1916.

5TH FIELD COMPANY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sergeant Forde William McCarthy. 17th August, 1916.

CANADIAN OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO CONTINGENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (sueprnumerary): Sergeant Harry Mitchell Pearson. 23rd August, 1916.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA CONTINGENT.—To be Captain: Provisional Lieutenant F. N. Ruttan. 1st June, 1916.

INFANTRY.

3RD REGIMENT (VICTORIA RIFLES OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Napier Smith, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

5TH REGIMENT (ROYAL HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Maurice Edward Davis (junior), gentleman. 3rd August, 1916.

Campbell Lorne Smart, gentleman. 8th August, 1916.

Eric Albany Millar, gentleman. 30th August, 1916.

7TH REGIMENT (FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Lawrence Gurnsey Glass, gentleman. 15th August, 1916.

9TH REGIMENT (VOLTIGEURS DE QUEBEC).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Joseph Louis Lionel Roberge, gentleman. 26th August, 1916.

12TH REGIMENT (YORK RANGERS).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. McNeil is permitted to retire. 18th August, 1916.

13TH ROYAL REGIMENT.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. H. Burbidge is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 9th August, 1916.

30TH REGIMENT (WELLINGTON RIFLES).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) R. A. Paul is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 18th August, 1916.

36TH PEEL REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Stewart Russell Jarvis, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

James Howard Gourlie, gentleman. 24th August, 1916.

49TH REGIMENT (HASTINGS RIFLES).—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Wilbur Astley MacMullen, gentleman. 22nd August, 1916.

50TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Reginald Dunn, gentleman. 27th June, 1916.

52ND REGIMENT (PRINCE ALBERT VOLUNTEERS).—The name of Captain G. E. Ellis is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 28th August, 1916.

58TH REGIMENT (WESTMOUNT RIFLES).—Provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary) T. M. Hubley, L. H. Parsons, W. R. Baillie are seconded. 2nd June, 1916.

60TH RIFLES OF CANADA.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Thomas Perkins, gentleman. 1st June, 1916.

65TH CARABINIERS (MONT-ROYAL).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) R. Laurin is permitted to resign his commission. 30th August, 1916.

67TH REGIMENT (CARLETON LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Leon Joseph Ruet, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

65TH ANNAPOLIS REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Aubrey Arnold Turnbull, gentleman. 21st August, 1916.

72ND REGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Alexander Martin, gentleman. 11th August, 1916.

Frank Edwin Dorchester, gentleman. 20th August, 1916.

73RD NORTHUMBERLAND REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frederick Morrison Girvan, gentleman. 14th August, 1916.

88TH REGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS).—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): John William Southin, gentleman. 24th August, 1916.

90TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. Sproule is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 18th August, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Richardt Julius Peter Munch, gentleman. 11th July, 1916.

John Oswald Fernstrom, gentleman. 17th July, 1916.

91ST REGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Edwin Lloyd Skedden, gentleman. 25th August, 1916.

99TH MANITOBA RANGERS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Albert Fisher Gledhill, gentleman. 27th June, 1916.

100TH WINNIPEG GRENADIERS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Ronald MacMillan, gentleman. 21st August, 1916.

103RD REGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Thomas Alison Stewart, gentleman. 26th July, 1916.

Frederick Stanley Albright, gentleman. 31st July, 1916.

104 REGIMENT (WESTMINSTER FUSILIERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Norman Allen Watt, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

106TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Charles Ranson Gross, gentleman. 19th August, 1916.

Stanley George Thomson, gentleman. 24th August, 1916.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

To be Captain: Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. E. A. DeWitt. 21st May, 1914.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):

Charles William Buckley, gentleman. 27th March, 1916.

*William Kidwell Turner, gentleman. 29th March, 1916.

Howard Grant Gillissie, gentleman. 12th May, 1916.

Arthur Herbert Naylor, gentleman. 27th July, 1916.

*Herbert Spencer White, gentleman. 28th July, 1916.

Harvey Anson Christie and Samuel Whitehouse, gentlemen. 1st August, 1916.

Charles Howit Elliott, gentleman. 24th August, 1916.

*Subject to qualification under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary): Maude Pearl Gaskin. 20th July, 1916.
Buelah V. Philip. 27th July, 1916.
Aris McIntyre Crawford. 1st August, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY DENTAL CORPS.

The name of Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. P. Gallagher is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 28th August, 1916.
To be Captain: Guy Bernard Manzer, Esquire. 6th July, 1916.
To be Lieutenants (supernumerary): Frederick William Tweddle, gentleman. 12th June, 1916.
Robert William Conn, gentleman. 24th July, 1916.
Sergeant Harry Lyle Smith. 1st August, 1916.
Jules Arthur Le Blanc, gentleman. 8th August, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY VETERINARY CORPS.

To be Major: Captain W. G. Gilpin. 2nd July, 1915.

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned are granted the temporary rank of Major, and to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank, with effect from 1st April, 1916:—

Captain G. K. Thomson, C.A.D.C., whilst performing the duties of Assistant Director, Dental Services, Military District No. 6.

Captain J. M. Wilson, C.A.D.C., whilst performing the duties of Assistant Director, Dental Services, Military District No. 3.

Captain J. M. Magee, C.A.D.C., whilst performing the duties of Assistant Director, Dental Services, Military District No. 4.

Captain A. Dubord, C.A.D.C., whilst performing the duties of Assistant Director, Dental Services, Military District No. 5.

Captain W. G. Thompson, C.A.D.C., whilst performing the duties of Assistant Director, Dental Services, Military District No. 2.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) F. P. Shaw, C.A.D.C., whilst performing the duties of Assistant Director, Dental Services, Military District No. 1.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) T. C. Bruce, C.A.D.C., whilst performing the duties of Assistant Director, Dental Services, Military District No. 13.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) H. T. Minogue, C.A.D.C. whilst performing the duties of Assistant Director, Dental Services, Military District No. 11.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) W. W. Wright, C.A.D.C., whilst performing the duties of Assistant Director, Dental Services, Military District No. 10.

Lieutenant J. S. Harvey, 50th Regiment, is granted the temporary rank of Major, whilst in command of "J" Unit, Military Hospitals Commission Command. 1st September, 1916.

To be Chaplains with the honorary rank of Captain:
The Reverend Clarence Mackinnon. 1st March, 1916.
The Reverend William Robert Ramsay Armitage. 23rd June, 1916.
The Reverend Edward Moore Jackson Burwash. 20th July, 1916.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) A. E. Craddock, 5th (British Columbia) Regiment, C.G.A., continues to hold the temporary rank of Captain conferred upon him by General Order 22, 1916, whilst performing the duties of Paymaster, "J" Unit, Military Hospitals Commission Command. 2nd September, 1916.

With reference to General Order 142, 1915, the temporary rank of Captain granted to Lieutenant J. S. L. Brunton, Canadian Engineers, will carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank with effect from 3rd June, 1916.

Lieutenant C. B. Bruce, 15th Light Horse, is granted the temporary rank of Captain, whilst performing the duties of Signalling Officer, Military District No. 13. 28th August, 1916.

The resignations of Provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary) T. M. Hubley, L. H. Parsons and W. R. Baillie, 58th Regiment (Westmount Rifles), which appeared in General Order No. 57, 1916, are hereby cancelled.

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia as stated, whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force:—
To be Lieutenants:
William Lloyd Affleck, gentleman. 12th July, 1916.
Alfred Conyers Longbourne, gentleman. 25th July, 1916.
William Jackson Rutherford, gentleman. 28th July, 1916.
Harold Alexander Frater Gibson, gentleman. 2nd August, 1916.
Illtyd Arthur Evan Daniel and Wilfrid Haynes Hutchinson, gentlemen. 10th August, 1916.
Richard Pierce Williams, gentleman. 23rd August, 1916.
To be honorary Lieutenant:
James Mitchell, gentleman. 10th July, 1916.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names:—

Lieutenant-Colonel S. L. Penhorwood, 51st Regiment, 19th May, 1916.
Lieutenant W. Noblett, C.O.T.C. (Dalhousie), 21st February, 1916.
Lieutenant G. M. Brock, C.O.T.C. (Western), 10th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Fry, G.G.B.G., 7th July, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary K. Strother, G.G.B.G., 22nd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. F. Proctor, G.G.B.G., 27th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. L. Crowther, G.G.B.G. 11th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. F. Parkinson, G.G.B.G., 20th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Zimmerman, G.G.B.G., 4th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. C. Kelk, G.G.B.G., 16th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary N. E. Kelk, G.G.B.G., 17th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. H. Beatty, G.G.B.G., 19th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. S. Beatty, G.G.B.G., 21st February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. Somerville, G.G.B.G., 7th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. G. Gardiner, G.G.B.G. 2nd May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. W. H. Palmer, 2nd Dragoons, 26th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. A. A. Devitt, 5th Dragoons, 5th October, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. W. Mathews, 5th Dragoons, 21st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. S. MacTavish, 5th Dragoons, 29th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. L. Cameron, 5th Dragoons, 25th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. F. McBride, 6th Hussars, 10th September, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. A. Case, 9th Horse, 4th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. H. Dallas, 9th Horse, 18th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. E. Guilfoyle, 9th Horse, 9th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. J. Wickett, 9th Horse, 27th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. S. Pate, 9th Horse, 21st February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. B. MacDonald, 9th Horse, 21st February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. E. Evans, 9th Horse, 14th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. W. Baldwin, 9th Horse, 15th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. C. Quail, 9th Horse, 16th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. A. H. Hollingshead, 9th Horse, 30th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. R. Durand, 9th Horse, 30th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. H. MacBrien, 9th Horse, 17th April, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. H. Pepler, 9th Horse, 1st June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary B. M. Saunders, 13th Dragoons, 19th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. Shaw, 16th Horse, 29th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Perrigo, 17th Hussars, 12th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. L. Brandon, 25th Dragoons, 1st February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. Ryley, 25th Dragoons, 12th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. C. Ballantine, 26th Battery C.F.A., 3rd December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. O'Connor, G.G.F.G., 14th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. R. Hamilton, 3rd Regiment, 3rd March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. G. R. Shuter, 3rd Regiment, 11th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Young, 5th Regiment, 27th May, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary L. E. L. Koelle, 5th Regiment, 10th September, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. F. Gardiner, 6th Regiment, 24th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. A. Pratt, 15th Regiment, 10th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. B. Finlayson, 42nd Regiment, 9th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary D. B. Hanna, 50th Regiment, 25th April, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. A. March, 62nd Regiment, 15th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. L. Short, 62nd Regiment, 10th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. A. Courtenay, 62nd Regiment, 27th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. Laurin, 65th Regiment, 8th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary L. Guillet, 65th Regiment, 10th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. E. Leprohon, 65th Regiment, 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary P. A. Bruneau, 65th Regiment, 17th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. MacKenzie, 67th Regiment, 10th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. Blanchard, 74th Regiment, 15th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. W. H. Perley, 78th Regiment, 4th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Dansereau, 80th Regiment, 24th July, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. G. Hart, 80th Regiment, 30th August, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary D. C. G. Searle, 81st Regiment, 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary V. Morris, 82nd Regiment, 1st October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. G. Macdonald, 82nd Regiment, 27th October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. B. Cosh, 82nd Regiment, 8th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. Stevenson, 82nd Regiment, 25th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. C. Thompson, 82nd Regiment, 1st December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary D. A. Sutherland, 82nd Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. G. M. Hulme, 88th Regiment, 1st June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary M. A. W. Bridgman, 88th Regiment, 9th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary L. E. MacDonald, 94th Regiment, 1st October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. W. Sutherland, 94th Regiment, 13th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. A. Pertus, 94th Regiment, 17th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. M. Rimmer, 95th Regiment, 14th May, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. S. Leary, 102nd Regiment, 11th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. L. Tibbs, 102nd Regiment, 8th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. C. R. Yuill, 102nd Regiment, 10th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary N. H. Cape, 103rd Regiment, 1st June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. F. Mahaffy, 104th Regiment, 28th July, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. H. Cox, 107th Regiment, 28th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. Lewis, 107th Regiment, 16th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. S. Frosst, C.A.S.C. (Regt'l List), 4th April, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. S. Moorhead, A.M.C. 22nd April, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. H. Elliott, A.M.C., 23rd April, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. G. Hodgson, A.M.C., 14th July, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary B. L. Guyatt, A.M.C., 15th September, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. McClelland, A.M.C., 11th October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Jordan, A.M.C., 19th October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. Cardwell, A.M.C., 27th October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. A. J. Duff, A.M.C., 3rd November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. E. Kane, A.M.C., 15th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary B. S. Hutcheson, A.M.C., 15th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. B. Shuttleworth, A.M.C., 22nd November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. L. Starr, A.M.C., 22nd November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary B. R. O'Reilly, A.M.C., 1st December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. M. Tovell, A.M.C., 2nd December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. W. Mann, A.M.C., 8th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. W. Graham, A.M.C., 8th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. Macpherson, A.M.C., 8th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary B. Hannah, A.M.C., 18th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. A. Campbell, A.M.C., 21st December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. A. W. Brown, A.M.C., 27th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. E. Binkley, A.M.C., 29th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary O. R. Mabee, A.M.C., 30th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. A. Parker, A.M.C., 1st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. L. Parr, A.M.C., 3rd January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. P. Parker, A.M.C., 4th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. S. Simpson, A.M.C., 5th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. A. Thomas, A.M.C., 5th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. W. Smuck, A.M.C., 6th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. Livingston, A.M.C. 12th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. Burr, A.M.C., 21st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. K. Mossman, A.M.C., 24th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary P. E. Faed, A.M.C., 26th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R.A. Jamieson, A.M.C., 27th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. P. Chalmers, A.M.C., 29th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. C. Harrison, A.M.C., 29th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Smith, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. F. Richardson, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. D. Fripp, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. J. Clark, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. A. Carson, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. B. Greenwood, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. Ryan, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary D. L. Kennedy, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. J. Wilson, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. Gunn, A.M.C., 31st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. A. Langmaid, A.M.C., 4th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. W. Wright, A.M.C., 8th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. E. Gallie, A.M.C., 8th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. M. McPhedran, A.M.C., 10th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary M. H. V. Cameron, A.M.C., 15th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary D. Jordan, A.M.C., 16th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Glendinning, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary D. H. Boddington, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary M. B. Whyte, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. T. Noble, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. J. Wagner, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. C. A. Reynolds, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. C. Trebilcock, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. Sheard (Jr.), A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. A. Beatty, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. A. Davies, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. Baldwin, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. S. Minns, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. E. McLaughlin, 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. L. Morrison, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Z. Gillies, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. M. Bowen, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. H. Robertson, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. D. Defries, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. E. Ferguson, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. M. McCormick, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. W. Jones, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. J. Healy, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Clare, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. W. Ross, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. Linscott, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. T. Hamilton, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. Dale, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. Adams, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. F. Hazlewood, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. R. Graham, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. G. Fleming, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. M. Adams, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. V. Hamlin, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. A. Jones, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. M. Cooke, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. R. Gibson, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. L. Gilbert, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. Bates, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. Oille, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. W. Rolph, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. S. Foulds, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. C. Wales, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. J. Trow, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. S. Fawns, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. McCollum, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. N. McKinley, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. Dalrymple, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. W. Pringle, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. H. Carveth, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. G. McCormack, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. H. Hair, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. H. Lawson, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. G. Hargrave, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. E. Treble, A.M.C., 18th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. M. Ecclestone, A.M.C., 18th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. Cerswell, A.M.C., 19th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. C. Beatty, A.M.C., 20th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. B. Archer, A.M.C., 2nd March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. P. Lewis, A.M.C., 20th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. K. Detweiler, A.M.C., 20th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. E. Brown, A.M.C., 20th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. P. Mitchell, A.M.C., 20th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. H. Eby, A.M.C., 20th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. M. Cameron, A.M.C., 12th June, 1916.

By Command.

W. Stodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 10th October, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32041. "Canadian Guide to Bonded Lawyers." (A.) (Book.) Leonard-Parmiter, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 4th October, 1916.

32042. "Canadian Guide to Bonded Lawyers." (B.) (Book.) Leonard-Parmiter, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 4th October, 1916.

32043. "Canadian Commercial Collector." (Book.) Leonard-Parmiter, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 4th October, 1916.

32044. "These Bold Canadian Boys." By F. McGuire. (Poem.) Francis McGuire, Kennedy, Sask., 4th October, 1916.

32045. "A Tribute to Our Soldiers." Part I. By F. McGuire. (Poem.) Francis McGuire, Kennedy, Sask., 4th October, 1916.

32046. "A Tribute to Our Soldiers." Part II. By F. McGuire. (Poem.) Francis McGuire, Kennedy, Sask., 4th October, 1916.

32047. "Nova Scotia Highlanders, 85th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F." (Book.) Nova Scotia Highlanders, 85th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F. of Nova Scotia, 4th October, 1916.

32048. "I Want to Kiss Daddy Goodnight." Words and Music by Gordon V. Thompson. Thompson Publishing Company, Toronto, Ont., 5th October, 1916.

32049. "Officers of the 148th Overseas Battalion." (Photo.) Davidson & Turnbull, Montreal, Que., 5th October, 1916.

32050. "Sir Wilfred Laurier at Montreal." (Photo.) Montreal Standard Publishing Company, Limited, Montreal, Que., 5th October, 1916.

32051. "The Silver Dove." A Story for Children. By Rosamonde Bigge. (Book.) Rosamonde Backhouse Bigge, Enderby, British Columbia, 6th October, 1916.

32052. "The Beech Woods." By Duncan Armbrest. (Book.) Duncan Armbrest, Toronto, Ont., 6th October, 1916.

32053. "The Roll-Call of McGill." Words by Witty Warren. Music by A. E. J. McCreary. A. E. J. McCreary, Montreal, Que., 6th October, 1916.

32054. "Daughters of the Empire." Valse Chantée. Words and Music by A. E. J. McCreary. A. E. J. McCreary, Montreal, Que., 6th October, 1916.

32055. "Sometime." Words by William Jerome. Music by Harry Tierney. Whaley, Royce & Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont., 6th October, 1916.

32056. "The Bulletin of the Canadian Mining Institute, No. 54, October, 1916." (Book.) Canadian Mining Institute, Montreal, Que., 7th October, 1916.

32057. "Ce que Chantait Grand'Mère." Petite Pièce dans le Style Ancien. Par Louis Michiels. (Musique.) J. E. Bélair, Montréal, Qué., 7 octobre 1916.

32058. "Cours Élémentaire de Langue Française." Par les Frères du Sacré-Cœur. (Livre.) Les Frères du Sacré-Cœur, Montréal, Qué., 7 octobre 1916.

32059. "Cours Elémentaire de Langue Anglaise." Par Les Frères du Sacré-Cœur. (Livre.) Les Frères du Sacré-Cœur, Montréal, Qué., 7 octobre 1916.

32060. "The North Woods Tragedy." (Photo Play.) William Walter Rutter, Edmonton, Alta., 7th October, 1916.

32061. "The 1916 Worlds' Championship Base-Ball Series Articles." (Temporary Copyright.) By Grantland Rice. (Book.) The Tribune Association, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 7th October, 1916.

32062. "Shocking Surprise." (Photo.) Walter H. Colder, Vancouver, British Columbia, 7th October, 1916.

32063. "Songs of the Service." By F. C. Whitehouse. (Book.) Francis Cecil Whitehouse, Red Deer, Alta., 10th October, 1916.

32064. "The Western Law Reporter (Canada) and Index-Digest." 31st March, 1916,—31st August, 1916. Volume XXXIV. Edited by E. K. Williams. (Book.) The Carswell Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 10th October, 1916.

32065. "Western Weekly Reports." Volume X. March-September, 1916. Editor-in-Chief : Walter S. Scott, LL.D. (Book.) Burroughs & Company, Limited, Calgary, Alta., 10th October, 1916.

32066. "Lettres à Claude." Par Fernand Saint-Jacques. (Livre.) Rév. Victorian Germain, Québec, Qué., 10 octobre 1916.

32067. "Official Telephone Directory, Northern Ontario. October, 1916." (Book.) The Bell Telephone Company, of Canada, Limited, Montreal, Que., 10th October, 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHT.

1842. "The Nova Scotia Highlander." (Book.) Board of Publication of "The Nova Scotia Highlander," Aldershot, Nova Scotia, 7th October, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
16-1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

Ottawa, 28th September, 1916.

SPECIAL FISHERIES REGULATIONS—PROVINCE OF ONTARIO—*(Amendment.)*

BY Order in Council P. O. 2274, 23rd September, 1916, the special fisheries regulations for the province of Ontario are amended as follows :—

"Subsection (*b*) of section 13 of the Special Fishery Regulations for the Province of Ontario, established by Order in Council of the 29th October, 1915, is hereby rescinded, and the following Regulation is hereby made and substituted in lieu thereof,—

"(*b*). In waters other than those of the Great Lakes, Georgian Bay, North Channel and connecting waters where commercial fishing with gill-nets is permitted, no one shall fish for, catch or kill any whitefish or salmon trout from the 5th day of October to the 30th day of November in each year, both days inclusive ; provided that in that portion of the Bay of Quinte westward of a straight line drawn due south astronomic across the bay from Conway, in the county of Lennox, to the opposite shore in the county of Prince Edward, and in the waters of the Lake of the Woods, Rainy Lake, Namakan Lake and Lake LeCroix, no one shall fish for, catch or kill any whitefish or salmon-trout from the 1st to the 30th day of November in each year, both days inclusive." 15–2

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of subsection 2 of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act, withdrawn Section 31, Township 62, Range 19, west of the 4th Meridian, from the operation of the provisions of The Dominion Lands Act, relating to homestead and pre-emption entry and entry by private sale, and has set the same apart as School Lands.

By Order,

LYNDWODE PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 23rd September, 1916. 14–4

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 29th September, 1916.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that by M. & F. Order No. 41 in 1916, dated 28th September, 1916, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act, has granted permission to change the name of the barge "Powell River, No. 1," of Vancouver, B.C., official number 130,701, owned by the Kingcome Navigation Company, Limited, of Vancouver, to that of "K. N., No. 1."

A. JOHNSTON,
15-2 Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 19th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 413 has this day been issued to the Insurance Company of North America authorizing it to transact in Canada the business of explosion insurance in addition to the classes for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
14–4 Superintendent of Insurance.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 19th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 415 has this day been issued to The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Limited, authorizing it to transact in Canada the business of burglary insurance and automobile insurance in addition to the classes for which it is already licensed

G. D. FINLAYSON,
14–4 Superintendent of Insurance.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 26th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Buffalo Volksfreund," a weeekly paper printed in the German language and published by the Buffalo Volksfreund Printing Company, 46-48 Broadway, Buffalo, N.Y., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such paper, or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
15–2 Deputy Postmaster General

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 27th September, 1916

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, "Der Staats Anzeiger," a weekly newspaper printed in the German language and published by the Bismarck Printing Co., Bismarck, N.D., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such paper or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
15–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 27th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Dakota Freie Presse" and the "Neue Deutsche Presse," both issued weekly, printed in the German language and published by the Freie Press Printing Co., Aberdeen, S.D., are from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and are prohibited from circulation in Canada in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such papers or of any issues thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such papers shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
15–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

DOMINION LANDS SURVEYS ACT.

IN accordance with the provision of section 58 of The Dominion Lands Surveys Act, public notice is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has received a petition from owners of lands or from persons holding lands as homesteads in Township forty-five, Range two, west of the Third Meridian, representing that the monuments of the original survey of the said township have disappeared, and requesting that a resurvey be ordered.

Any person who claims to know the position of one or more of the survey monuments defining the lands to be resurveyed, or to be in possession of information whereby the position of such monuments can be established, is hereby requested to give notice thereof by registered letter addressed to the Minister of the Interior on or before the 31st October, 1916.

E. DEVILLE,
Surveyor general of Dominion Lands.
Ottawa, 12th September, 1916. 13–4

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada :—

One technical clerk for temporary employment in the Topographical Surveys Branch of the Department of the Interior, at a salary at the rate of $1,300 per annum. Applications will be considered from graduates in applied science or honour mathematics of some recognized university, or those who have passed the final examination for Dominion Land Surveyors or an equivalent examination.

The temporary employment referred to in the above paragraph cannot, under the provisions of The Civil Service Amendment Act, 1908, continue for a longer period than six months in a fiscal year, but it is the intention of the Department to recommend the successful candidate for permanent appointment at the expiration of his term of temporary employment if his services are found satisfactory, and if a vacancy then exists.

A Research Chemist in the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Subdivision B of the First Division, initial salary $2,100 per annum. Candidates must be thoroughly competent research chemists, preferably those who have had experience with fuels, capable of carrying out research investigations in organic chemistry. They must be graduates of three years' standing of a recognized university, and have specialized in chemistry or chemical engineering during and since their academic career. It is necessary that the person to be appointed should have a reading knowledge of French and German, and be able to apply the principles of physical chemistry to the problems to be investigated. All candidates should submit copies of any papers which they may have published.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 23rd day of October next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission Ottawa.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.
Ottawa, 28th September, 1916. 14-4

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

LIST OF ALIENS to whom Certificates of Naturalization under section 2 of the Naturalization Act, 1914, have been granted by the Secretary of State of Canada and whose oaths of allegiance have been registered in the office of the Secretary of State of Canada up to the 30th September, 1916.

Series A.

No.	Name.	Country.	Date of Oath of Allegiance.	Occupation.	Residence.
0097	Christian Bergener	Switzerland	27th June, 1916	Jeweller	Wellington, Ont.
0098	Nicholas Pappadopulos	Greece	9th June, 1916	Merchant	220 Princess St., Kingston, Ont.
0100	Walter Hudson Burr	U.S.A	29th June, 1916	Traffic Manager	60 Rowanwood Ave., Toronto, Ont.
0102	Theodore Scharer	Switzerland	3 July, 1916	Dining Car Conductor on the Canadian Pacific Railroad	28 Plateau St., Montreal, Que.
0103	Lyman Root	U.S.A.	8th July, 1916	Insurance Company Manager.	64 Rosehill Ave., Toronto, Ont.
0104	Jacob Albert Seger	Switzerland	8th July, 1916	Tool maker	McGill St., Peterboro, Ont
0105	John Ward Hughson	U.S.A.	14th July, 1916	Manufacturer	441 Queen St., Ottawa, Ont.
0106	Herman Frederick Max Dahlmann	U.S.A.	14th July, 1916	Civil Servant	16 Ossington Ave., Ottawa, Ont.
0107	Anton Borgerson	Norway	15th July, 1916	Labourer	160 Cambie St., Vancouver, B.C.
0108	Bernard S. Bick	Roumania	22nd July, 1916	Jeweller	1626 13th Ave. E., Vancouver, B.C. (P.O. box 1329).
0109	Harry Falconer McLean	U.S.A.	26th July, 1916	Railway Contractor	Ritz Carlton Hotel, cor. Drummond and Sherbrooke St. W., Montreal, Que.
0110	Frederick J. Bergmann	U.S.A.	4th August, 1916	Clergyman	259 Spencer St., Winnipeg, Man.
0111	Paul Lally Smith	U.S.A.	14th August, 1916	District Traffic Chief of Bell Telephone Co. of Canada.	758 Echo Drive, Ottawa, Ontario.
0113	Seihachi Nose	Japan	31st August, 1916	Book-keeper	229 Powell St., Vancouver, B.C.
0114	George Boich	Montenegro	19th August, 1916	Miner	Yukonia Hotel, 1st Ave., Dawson, Y.T.
0116	Wibo Bernhardus Uytwerf Sterling	The Netherlands	26th June, 1916	Loan Company Manager	224 Wellington Crescent, Winnipeg, Manitoba.
0117	Adrien Emile Girardeau	France	6th September, 1916	Carpenter	Garden City, Victoria, B.C.
0118	Cornelius Francis Moriarty	U.S.A.	12th September, 1916	Telegrapher	1827 Hollywood Crescent, Victoria, B.C.

Series B.

0024	Robert Gibb Morice	U.S.A.	13th July, 1916	Contractor	816 Victoria Drive, Vancouver, B.C.
0024	Walter Holmes Morrice			Minor child.	
0024	Annie Elizabeth Morrice			Minor child.	
0024	Mary Carnie Morrice			Minor child.	
0024	Robert Gibb Morrice			Minor child.	
0024	William Abel Morrice			Minor child.	
0024	Lucy Catherine Morrice			Minor child.	
0025	Joseph Albert Genest	U.S.A.	3rd July, 1916	Clerk	28 Lee St., Quebec, Que.
0025	Rachel Genest			Minor child.	
0025	Louis Albert Genest			Minor child.	
0025	Antoinette Genest			Minor child.	
0025	Cecile Genest			Minor child.	
0025	Omer Genest			Minor child.	
0026	Jacobus Caljouw	Holland	3rd July, 1916	Farmer	Big Qualicum, Bowser P.O., B.C.
0026	Charles Bernard Caljouw			Minor child.	
0026	William Cornelius Caljouw			Minor child.	
0027	Morris Tatarinsky	U.S.A.	27th July, 1916	Steamship Ticket Agent	20 De Montigny St. E., Montreal, Que.
0027	David Tatarinsky			Minor child.	
0027	Rosie Tatarinsky			Minor shild.	
0027	Max Tatarinsky			Minor child.	
0027	Clara Tatarinsky			Minor child.	

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

List of Aliens to whom Certificates of Naturalization under section 4 of The Naturalization Act, 1914, have been granted by the Secretary of State of Canada and whose oaths of allegiance have been registered in the office of the Secretary of State of Canada up to the 30th September, 1916.

Series D.

No.	Name.	Date of Oath of Allegiance.	Occupation.	Residence.
0008	William Henry McAuliffe	11th August, 1916	Lumber Manufacturer	57 Duke St., Ottawa, Ont.

THE NATURALIZATION ACT, 1914.

LIST OF PERSONS to whom Certificates of Naturalization under section 6 of The Naturalization Act, 1914, have been granted by the Secretary of State of Canada up to the 30th September, 1916.

Series E.

No.	Name.	Country.	Date of Previous Certificate.	Occupation.	Residence.
0106	Ho Lem	China	12th September, 1911	Restaurant keeper	Calgary, Alta.
0107	William Rowan Granger	U.S.A.	14th September, 1911	Importer and Manufacturer	72 St. Antoine St., Montreal, Que.
0109	Bertram Wilson Huffman	U.S.A.	20th September, 1911	Farmer	Dept. Natural Resources, C.P.R., Calgary, Alta.
0110	Albert Ernest Forget	France	12th May, 1911	Agent	40 St. Jerome St., Montreal, Que.
0111	Kotaro Yamasaki	Japan	5th June, 1894	Manufacturer	174 Dufferin St. W., Vancouver, B.C.
0112	Niro Hayakawa	Japan	13th October, 1909	Tailor	586 Seymour St., Vancouver, B.C.
0113	Warren Young Soper	U.S.A.	11th June, 1863	Electrical Engineer	Ottawa, Ont.
0114	Ole Solberg	Norway	3rd March, 1913	Farmer	Maleb, Alberta.
0115	Yajui Fukui	Japan	30th December, 1912	Merchant	433 Alexander St., Vancouver, B.C.
0116	Peter Paul Kroeker	Russia	10th April, 1906	Merchant	Herbert, Sask.
0117	Joseph Tyler Smith	U.S.A.	6th November, 1912	Farmer	Oyen, Alta.
0118	Anders G. Blomqvist	Russia	19th April, 1894	Tailor	Truro, N.S.
0119	Antonio Vannucchi	Italy	4th May, 1907	Foreman, Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. of Canada, Trail, B.C.	Box 324, Trail, B.C.
0120	Peter Hanson Bush	Sweden	30th April, 1909	Rooming-house keeper	25 Hastings St. E., Vancouver, B.C.
0121	Daizo Kishimoto	Japan	2nd November, 1914	Merchant	213 Powell St., Vancouver, B.C.
0122	Danzo Tanabe	Japan	26th October, 1914	Merchant	213 Powell St., Vancouver, B.C.

Federal Estates, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of September, 1916, incorporating Thomas Arthur Beament and Alan Haskett Armstrong, barristers-at-law, Mona Devine and Katie Howe, stenographers, and Henry Dell Bradley, law student, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to own real estate ; to sell, lease, convey, exchange, dispose of or otherwise deal with such real estate or any portion thereof, and to develop, improve and lay out any such property in building lots, streets, lanes, squares or otherwise ; to construct dwelling houses and other buildings upon such real estate or any part thereof ; to lease, own and operate apartment houses, warehouses and factory flats, and generally to carry on the business of building, owning, leasing, maintaining and operating all kinds of buildings to be used for any purpose, together with all forms of conveniences usual or necessary or which can be advantageously furnished or supplied in connection therewith ;

(*b*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any municipal or local authority, or with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to guarantee the contracts of, either with or without security, and to lend money to, or otherwise assist, any such person, firm or company, or any person, firm or company undertaking to build on or improve any property in which the company is interested, and generally such persons, firms or companies and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit ;

(*c*) To take and hold mortgages, hypothecs, liens or charges to secure the payment of the purchase price of any property sold by the company or any money due to the company from purchasers or advanced by the company to purchasers or others for building purposes or other improvements ;

(*d*) To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, shares, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations or other securities of any company or undertaking having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, or undertake the whole or any part of the business, franchises, property, rights or liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this company is authorize to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold, transfer, sell and dispose of shares, stock, debentures or securities in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company or carrying on business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Acts ;

(*g*) To issue fully paid-up and non-assessable shares, bonds or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any real or personal property, rights or other assets acquired by the company by any title, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered by way of promotion or otherwise ;

(*h*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of in whole or in part, the property, rights or undertakings of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*i*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined;

(*j*) To underwrite, subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold, either as principal or agent, and absolutely as owner or by way of collateral security or otherwise, and to sell, exchange, transfer, assign or otherwise dispose of or deal in the bonds or debentures, stocks, shares or other securities of any government or municipal or school corporation, or of any chartered bank, or of any other duly incorporated company or companies ;

(*k*) To assist in the promotion, organization, development or management of any corporation or company, and to raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures, or other securities, or otherwise, any other company or corporation, and to offer for public subscription any shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation ;

(*l*) To act as agent for the purpose of issuing or countersigning certificates of stock, bonds or other obligations of any association or corporation, municipal or otherwise ; to act as transfer agents and registrars in connection with said stock, bonds or other obligations, and to manage any sinking fund therefor on such terms as may be agreed upon ; .

(*m*) To act generally as attorneys and agents for the transaction of business, the investment of funds, the management of estates, the collection of loans, rents, interests, dividends, debts, mortgages, debentures, bonds, bills, notes, coupons and other securities or moneys ;

(*n*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privileges, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*o*) To purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, interests or information so acquired ;

(*p*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*q*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, and to take shares therein ; to guarantee the performance of contracts by any person or company with which the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, debentures or securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any of the above objects, whether as principals, agents, brokers or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Federal Estates, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

15–2

Graphite Products, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of September, 1916, incorporating Louis Athanase David, Segfried Read Hinson Bush and Joseph Sinai Lamarre, advocates, and Edward Charles Baker and Sara Farmer Innes, accountants, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase and acquire any interest in, and to hold, use and occupy, graphite and other mines, minerals, mining rights, easements and privileges, timber and other lands and timber licenses ; to mine, quarry, work, mill and prepare for sale, and to transport, sell and deal in, graphite, iron, stone, asbestos, phosphates, mica, and other minerals and metals, clays and mineral substances ; to carry on the businesses of mine and graphite owners, smelters of metals, quarrymen, ore and metal dealers, and to produce, manufacture and refine and sell graphite and all other minerals and their products ;

(*b*) To build, acquire, own, charter, or lease, navigate and use, steam and other vessels for the purpose of the company ;

(*c*) To build, construct and maintain all necessary wharves, warehouses, piers, docks, elevators, roadways, and public and private works of every description, reservoirs, dams, water powers and other works necessary to the business of the company ;

(*d*) To acquire, develop and utilize water powers for the purpose of compressing air, for generating electricity for lighting, heating and motive purposes, in connection with the buildings and other works of the company, and to sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus of electricity or power generated by the company's works, and to construct and operate lines for the sale and conveyance of such surplus power, subject always to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*e*) To have and hold supply stores and to sell and deal in general provisions, supplies and merchandise ;

(*f*) To farm any land held by the company and for that purpose to buy, sell and deal in any farm stock or produce ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, trade marks, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or trade mark or trade name which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*k*) To issue, or guarantee the issue or the payment of interest on the shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities or obligations of any company or association with which the company may have dealings under the above objects or any of them, and to pay or provide for brokerage, commission and underwriting in respect of any such issue.

(*l*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular either for cash or for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or partly for cash and partly for such shares, debentures or securities ;

(*m*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*n*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized, either alone or in conjunction with or as factors or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Graphite Products, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Consolidated Stationery and Fancy Goods Company, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of August, 1916, incorporating Alexander Parker, retired farmer, Frank Alvin Earnest Hamilton, barrister-at-law, Walter James Lawrence Scrimes and Walter Wilson Scrimes, insurance agents, and Elizabeth Parker, married woman, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business both wholesale and retail as general stationers and booksellers, publishers and printers including paper ruling and book binding in all its branches and other work usual in such a business, lithographers, hardware merchants and dry goods merchants, dealers in stationery, paper of all kinds, paper bags, twine, printers, lithographers and engravers, goods and supplies of all kinds, electric fittings, furnishings and supplies of all kinds, ornaments, bric-a-brac, notions and fancy goods of every nature and kind, jewelry, sporting goods of all kinds and descriptions, musical instruments, rubber goods of every description and kind, pipes, tobaccos and smokers supplies and sundries, photographic supplies, household utensils and effects including amongst other things chinaware, glassware, crockery, woodenware, enameled ware, tinware and all other household utensils, furnishings and fittings of every nature and kind, drugs and all articles and commodities of personal or household use and consumption ;

(*b*) To acquire, erect, maintain, operate and manage warehouses and storehouses including cold storage plants, and to manufacture, sell and trade in all goods usually dealt in by warehousemen ;

(*c*) To buy and sell, wholesale and retail, manufacture, repair, alter, barter and exchange, let or hire, export and deal in any and all of the above articles and things and all kinds of articles and things which may be required for the purposes of any of the said businesses, or commonly supplied or dealt in by persons engaged in any such business, or which may seem capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any such business or carry on any other

business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking and business of any company whether incorporated or unincorporated, carrying on or engaged in the same or similar businesses or any one or more of them ;

(*e*) To purchase, acquire, hold and improve all such real estate as may be necessary for the purpose of carrying on, or considered necessary or desirable in connection with the carrying on of the business of the company and to rent, sell, lease, or mortgage, build and improve the same or any portion thereof as may seem necessary or desirable.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Consolidated Stationery and Fancy Goods Company, Limited," with a capital stock of seventy-five thousand dollars, divided into 750 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

M. Schachter & Sons, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of October, 1916, incorporating Samuel Gerald Tritt and Saul Tritt, advocates, Max Herman, manager, Nicholas Swan, accountant, and Alexander Seay, clerk, all of the City of Montréal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes :

(*a*) To acquire the business of bakers presently carried on by M. Schachter & Sons, at the City and District of Montreal, as a going concern, together with all or any of the rights and properties in relation thereto, and to assume all or any of the liabilities in connection therewith, and to pay for the same in whole or in part either in cash, paid-up stock or otherwise ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of biscuit makers and bakers and of general agents, merchants and manufacturers of all commodites dealt in by biscuit makers and bakers ;

(*c*) To manufacture, buy, sell, deal in, repair, convert, alter and lease, plants, engines, machinery, tools, implements, metals, boilers, rolling stock and hardware for the business of the company ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell, and deal in goods, wares and merchandise, and to acquire by purchase or otherwise build or deal with farm and other property, flour mills, paper mills and property of all kinds in which pulp, grain and other products are handled, manufactured or used, and to buy and sell at wholesale or retail wood, pulp, grain and products of all kinds ;

(*e*) To purchase and acquire any business of a similar nature, and to purchase and acqnire any interest or control in any business of a similar nature, and to pay for the same in cash, bonds or paid-up stock of the comdany ;

(*f*) To acquire the good-will, rights, property and assets of all kinds, and to undertake the whole or any part of the liabilities of any individual, firm or association, carryiug on a similar business, and to pay for the same in cash, stock, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, or otherwise ;

(*g*) To apply for, obtain, purchase, or otherwise acquire and dispose of, letter patent of invention, trade-marks, trade-names or secret processes of all kinds, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect thereto and otherwise turn the same to account ;

(*h*) To manufacture and produce steam, gas and electricity for heat, light and power for the purposes of the company, and to sell the surplus thereof, subject to all municipal and provincial regulations in that behalf ;

(*i*) To advance moneys to, guarantee the contracts or engagements of, become surety for, or financially assist any firm or association in whose business the company may be interested ;

(*j*) To purchase, hold and dispose of bonds and securities in any company carrying on a similar business ;

(*k*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*l*) To pay for any property or rights or things acquired for the use or benefit of this company, in paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company or otherwise ;

(*m*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or undertaking of the company, and to receive payment thereof in cash, stocks or bonds or other security ;

(*n*) To acquire by purchase, lease, manage, deal with, exchange or otherwise dispose of, land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure or description and any estate or interest therein and any rights over or connected with land so situate, and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient, and in particular by preparing building sites and by constructing, re-constructing, altering, improving, decorating, furnishing and maintaining offices, flats, houses, factories, warehouses, shops, wharves, buildings, works and conveniences of all kinds, and by consolidating or connecting or subdividing properties and by leasing and disposing of the same ;

(*o*) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on or possess, and property suitable for the purposes of this company, and to pay for the same or part thereof with fully paid-up and non-assessable stock of the company ;

(*p*) To advance and lend money to builders, tenants and others who may be willing to build on or improve any land or buildings in which the company is interested, on such terms as may be arranged ;

(*q*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ;

(*r*) To draw, make, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*s*) To carry on the aforesaid businesses, or any part thereof, as principal or agents or by or through agents, trustees or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "M. Schachter & Sons, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

U-Need-a-Mattress Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating, Elie Beauregard, advocate, Michel Steinberg, accountant, Charles Desmarais, clerk, and Marie-Louise Campbell, spinster, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and Edward Labelle, of the City of Outremont, in the said Province of Quebec, advocate, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire and dispose of raw cotton, wool, cotton waste and textile fabrics of every description or articles manufactured therefrom ; to manufacture cotton, wollens, shoddy and waste, yarns and fabrics of

every description, and to bleach, dye, print or otherwise convert the raw products, yarn or manufactured goods; to construct, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to sell, lease and operate manufactories of cotton and other textiles of any and every description, or of articles manufactured therefrom; to buy, sell and otherwise dispose of, hold, own, manufacture, produce, export and deal in, either as principal or agent and upon commission, consignment or otherwise, goods, wares, products and merchandise of any kind and nature whatsoever; to do a general merchant's merchandise brokerage, selling agents' and factors' business;

(*b*) To apply for, purchase, adopt, register or otherwise acquire any patents, trade-marks, trade-names, designs, printers labels, brevets d'invention, grants, license, leases, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right, and any formulae and processes and any inventions patented or otherwise, and any information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company and to pay for the same in cash, shares or other securities of the company or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account, the property, rights, interests or information so acquired;

(*c*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being carried on in connection with the business or objects of the compnny or calculated directly or indirectly to emhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to pay for the same in cash or in the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of this company, and to hold, sell, vote or otherwise deal in the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities so purchased, and to guarantee payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on said shares, bonds, debentures or other securities and to promote any company or corporation having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being carried on so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company;

(*e*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertaking of the company, the assets thereof or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or corporation carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transactions capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, issue or re-issue the same, with or without guarantee of principal and interest, and otherwise deal in the same;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, exercise and enjoy in its own name or in the names of persons, firms, company or companies hereinafter referred to, if thereunto duly authorized, all or any of the property, franchises, good will, rights, powers and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on or formed for carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for such property, franchise, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company;

(*h*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be acquired by, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts or liabilities owing by the company;

(*i*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country and to designate and appoint persons therein as attorneys or representatives of this company with full power to represent in all matters according to the laws of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of this country of any process or suit.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "U-Need-a-Mattress Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

15–2

Canadian Lamp and Stamping Company, Limited.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of October, 1916, incorporating George Edgar Edmunds, and William Theodore Jones, manufacturers, and Lawrence Henry Bedford, treasurer, all of the City of Detroit, in the State of Michigan, one of the United States of America, and Bernhard Frederick Kiesel, manufacturer, and Charles Harold Hampton, secretary, of Ford City, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

To manufacture, sell and deal in cast and sheet metal and brass, steel and other metal products.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian Lamp and Stamping Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at Ford City, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

15–2

John MacGregor, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, book-keeper; George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers: Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on business as a general construction company and as general contractors and engineers, and to construct, execute, carry out, equip, improve, work develop, administer, manage or control public or private works, conveniences and undertakings of all kinds, including railways, tramways, telegraph and telephone lines, with respect to the construction and equipment thereof, and docks, harbours, piers, wharves, canals, reservoirs, embankments, irrigations, reclamation, improvement, sewerage, drainage, sanitary, water, gas, electric light and power supply works, and hotels, warehouses, markets and public or private buildings, and all other works or conveniences of public or private utility;

(*b*) To acquire, enter into and take over contracts of every description, and to transfer, assign, sublet, or

otherwise dispose of any contract or undertaking of the company in whole or in part, and to enter into, carry out, perform and sublet contracts for doing work and supplying materials in connection with any of the operations of the company ;

(*c*) To acquire, construct, manufacture, build, maintain and operate all stock-in-trade, plant, machinery equipment and appliances necessary or convenient for the proper carrying on of any of its undertakings ; and for this purpose to acquire also patent rights, patents of invention, licenses, secret processes, and other rights and privileges, and to use, exercise, develop and grant licenses in respect thereof, or otherwise to turn the same to account ;

(*d*) To mine, smelt, roll, draw and otherwise work copper, tin, zinc and other metals and alloys, and to manufacture and deal in metals, alloys and the products thereof generally, including the manufacture of shells, bombs, cartridges, cartridge cases, fuses, tubes, adapters, bullets, caps and all kinds of projectiles, ammunition and explosives used in connection therewith; and to manufacture and deal in guns, mortars, howitzers and cannon of all calibres, gun carriages, turrets, limbers and mountings of every description, ammunition wagons, armoured cars and other vehicles and artillery, generally, torpedoes, submarines and aircraft and all parts and appurtenances thereof;

(*e*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, chattels, merchandise, provisions and supplies which are required or which can be dealt in with advantage by the company in connection with its operations ;

(*f*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, own, sell or otherwise dispose of lands, buildings and other properties, movable or immovable, or any interest therein, and generally to deal and traffic in such property in any manner whatsoever ;

(*g*) To develop, improve, exploit and lay out any such property in streets, squares, lanes, subdivision lots or otherwise, and to erect houses, buildings and other constructions on said property acquired by the company, or any part thereof, and generally to develop and turn to account any lands or other property acquired by or in which the company is interested ,

((*h*) To advance moneys by way of loan or loans to the purchaser or purchasers or lessees of any part of the company's property for the purpose of building or other improvements thereon ; to aid by advances of money the construction and maintenance of roads, streets, lanes, waterworks, drains, sewers and other works calculated to give better access to the property of the company and to enhance its value ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being carried on in connection with its business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's rights or property ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, or undertake the whole or any part of the assets, business, property or liabilities or any person, firm or company, carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*k*) To pay for any assets, business, property or rights acquired by the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or to be rendered to the company, either in cash or in fully paid-up shares or by any securities which the company has power to issue, or partly in one mode and partly in another or others, and generally on such terms and conditions as the company may determine ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any government, municipal or local authority, or with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to guarantee the contracts of, either with or without security, or to lend money to, or otherwise assist, any such person, firm or company, or any person, firm or company undertaking to build on or improve any property in which the company is interested ;

(*m*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the entire undertaking, property and assets of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit, and in particular for the shares, debentures and securities of any other company ;

(*n*) To distribute among the shareholders in specie by way of dividend or bonus, or in any other manner deemed advisable, any property of the company or any proceeds of the sale or disposal of any property of the company ;

(*o*) To carry on or do any of the businesses, acts and things aforesaid, either as principals or agents, or by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with another or others ;

(*p*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the objects hereinabove enumerated ;

(*q*) The intention is that the objects specified in paragraphs (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*), (*g*), (*h*), and (*i*) hereof shall be independent objects, and shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "John MacGregor, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Winnipeg Steamship Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of October, 1916, changing the corporate name of the "Winnipeg Steamship Company, Limited," to that of "Woodward & Company, Limited," and cancelling the powers granted by the Letters Patent incorporating the said company and substituting therefor the powers and objects hereinafter set forth, viz.:—

(*a*) To carry on the general business of grain dealers, grain merchants, elevator owners and elevator operators in all its branches, and to purchase, sell and deal in grain, cereals, seeds and general merchandise of every kind, and to store and handle merchandise ;

(*b*) To carry on in all its branches the business of grain commission merchants and grain brokers ;

(*c*) For any of the purposes aforesaid to become licensed as required under any of the provisions of The Canada Grain Act and its amendments or any Acts amending the same or substituted therefor, and to make and execute all necessary bonds and obligations thereby required for any of the said purposes ;

(*d*) To carry on the general business of coal dealers and dealers in all classes of fuel, either by wholesale or by retail, and to make and manufacture all kinds of patented fuel ;

(*e*) To advance money from time to time to persons, firms or corporations engaged in business having objects similar to those of the company, and to secure the repayment thereof by receiving and taking mortgages upon real and personal property or other evidences of indebtedness or other security, and from time to time to guarantee the payment by any person, firm or corporation having objects similar to those of this company, of any debt or obligation incurred or to be incurred by such person, firm or corporation, and for such purpose to make or enter into any contract of guarantee ;

(*f*) To act as agents for any person, firm or corporation carrying on a similar business ;

(*g*) To acquire and take over as a going concern any business or operations now or hereafter carried on by any person, firm or corporation engaged in or empowered to engage in any business within the powers of the company, and to pay for the same either in cash or wholly or partly by shares, debentures or other securities of the company ;

(*h*) To purchase, hold, sell and dispose of shares of the capital stock of any other company or corporation and to invest its funds in the purchase of any such stock and to pay for the same either in cash or in shares of the capital stock or debentures of the company, or partly in cash or partly in the capital stock or debentures of the company ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or any portions thereof or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's property and rights.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Louis McLain Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Louis McLain, George Ernest Cathcart and Perez Rogers Babcock, brokers, and Clive Jeffery Macleod and Campbell Reid, students-at-law, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as wholesale and retail merchants in all commodities of every nature and kind which are or may be the subject of mercantile transactions, and to buy, sell and deal in all such merchandise either for cash or for credit ; to carry on business and act as jobbers, manufacturers' agents, merchants' agents, or produce and commission agents ; to carry on a mail order business by way of catalogue in dealing with any and all kinds of merchandise, and to buy, sell, manufacture, trade in or act as agent in respect of all products of mine, forest, lake or stream ;

(*b*) To acquire and hold land and property necessary for the purposes of the business of the company, and to erect and acquire all necessary buildings, whether house, plant, material or machinery, and to sell, lease and otherwise dispose of the same in such manner as the company may deem advisable ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to hold, utilize and sell patents of invention, trademarks and licenses or concessions of any kind, granting any exclusive or limited rights in respect of any article, combination, preparation or process whatsoever ;

(*d*) To acquire, take over by purchase, lease or in any other way, and on such terms as may be agreed upon, the business, industry or undertaking of any person, firm or corporation engaged in or having power to engage in any of the business or operations hereby authorized in whole or in part as a going concern or otherwise, and to carry on such business, industry or undertaking ;

(*e*) To issue stock of the company in payment in whole or in part for any real or personal property, securities, businesses or undertakings purchased or acquired by the company ;

(*f*) To establish branches in such places in Canada or elsewhere as the company may deem desirable ;

(*g*) To invest, purchase or otherwise acquire, own and hold shares of the capital stock of any other corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership of such stock, including the right to vote thereon ;

(*h*) To dispose of all or any of the assets of the company ;

(*i*) To do all things necessary for the carrying out of the above objects and powers to the same extent and as fully as any person might or could do in any part of the world as agents, principals or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Louis McLain Company, Limited," with a capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, divided into 300 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

George G. Dunning Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating George Garnet Dunning, manufacturer, Ethel Campbell and Ellen Belcher Martin, stenographers, Mary Esther Dunning, married woman, and Alexander Wolfe, real estate broker, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on all or any of the businesses of clothiers, tailors, costumers, drapers, hosiers, milliners, hatters, furriers, glovers, haberdashers, portmanteau makers, general outfitters and dealers in India rubber and waterproof goods, umbrellas, walking sticks, ornaments and toilet requisites, and to manufacture and deal in cloth, fabrics, laces, textiles, clothing of every nature and kind, and all and any commodities, notions, materials, goods, merchandise and accessories necessary or incidental to all or any of the foregoing businesses ; to acquire, construct, own and operate departmental or other stores in all lines of mercantile business, and to acquire, own and carry on the business of wholesale and retail dealers in and purchasers and manufacturers of all kinds and classes of goods, wares and merchandise incidental thereto or entering into production of such goods, wares and merchandise, and to act as agents for dealers in or manufactures of any such goods, wares and merchandise and to establish agencies and branch stores ; to carry on all or any business both wholesale and retail as shopkeepers, general merchants, manufacturers, shippers, general agents and warehousemen and to buy, sell, make, manufacture, import, export, warehouse, store and deal in products of every description, goods, wares, merchandise and manufacturing articles ; to act as agents, commission merchants, brokers, or representatives in Canada for European commercial houses; to act as agents, commission merchants, brokers and representatives in Europe for Canadian commercial houses ;

(*b*) To acquire, dispose of and deal in cotton, silk wool, flax, hemp, cotton waste, shoddy, yarns, cordage and all other fibrous substances : to prepare, spin, weave, comb, dye, bleach, print or otherwise treat any of the foregoing and to manufacture any and all articles, goods, merchandise or products in the manufacture of which any or all of the foregoing can be used either in whole or in part ;

(*c*) To work, maintain, operate, acquire and purchase, use, lease, sell and dispose of all necessary and convenient mills, buildings, plant, transmission lines, machinery, appliances and equipments necessary or incidental to any or all of the above undertakings ;

(*d*) To purchase, acquire, receive, hold, sell and dispose of shares in the capital stock of and bonds debentures and debenture stock of other companies, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 44 of this Act ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership in partnership ventures with other trading companies and with individuals and firms carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company ;

(*f*) To guarantee any indebtedness of any other company with which the company may have business relations ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company and germane thereto ;

(*h*) To acquire, register, use and deal in any patents, patent rights, licenses and trade marks, processes or privileges and to grant licenses thereunder ;

(*i*) To procure the company to be registered and licensed or recognized in any country or place ;

(*j*) To do all or any part of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*k*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by and such person ;

(*l*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*m*) To purchase, sell, lease or otherwise acquire, own, enjoy, contract for, manage, improve and assist in improving lands, factories, warehouses, sheds, offices, dwellings and buildings of every description and to sell, mortgage or dispose of the same ;

(*n*) To issue in payment or part payment for any properties, rights or privileges acquired by the company or for any guarantee of the company's securities or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered, shares of the company's capital stock, whether subscribed for or not, as fully paid up and non-assessable or the company's securities ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Geo. G. Dunning Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

T. W. Capp Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Samuel King and Oscar Heuman King, solicitors, William Cherry, caretaker, Gertrude Pittis and Eva Olive Reid, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, under the style or firm of T. W. Capp Company and to acquire a portion of the assets and the good-will of the said business now carried on under the style or firm T. W. Capp Company;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell and otherwise deal in jewellery, watches, clocks, optical goods, stationery, jewellers' and watchmakers' findings and sundries and all other fancy goods usually kept in stock and sold by retail jewellers as well as all goods, wares and merchandise used in and incidental to the manufacture of jewellery, and to buy, sell and otherwise deal in diamonds and other precious and semi-precious stones, cameos and articles of vertu usually carried by jewellers ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable y of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*i*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employes of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevelent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "T. W. Capp Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Under-Secretary of State

Tuckett, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, incorporating Harry Blois Witton, Howard Sudlow Ambrose and John Joseph Markham, manufacturers, and Edward Herbert Ambrose and John Roy Marshall, barristers-at-law, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, manufacture and sell tobacco and the products of tobacco and such goods as are usually sold in connection therewith ; to carry on business and to act as merchants, traders and commission agents and to import, export, buy, sell, manufacture and deal in goods, wares and merchandise and chattels and effects of all kinds ;

(*b*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking and all or any of the assets and liabilities of Tuckett, Limited, incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*g*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required, in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*h*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*i*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*j*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be determined any of the property of the company among its shareholders and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may acquire the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*k*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards an donations ;

(*l*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*m*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Tuckett, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Western Exporting Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Roderick John Byrnes and Edmund Francis Byrnes, barristers-at-law, Martha Elizabeth Davidson, stenographer, Edith Brown, bookkeeper, and James McManus, accountant, all of the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell, import, deal and trade in all sorts of beverages and liquids, and to carry on the business of general merchants ; to act as commission agents, consignees, bottlers and warehouse keepers ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) For the said purposes to acquire by purchase, lease, transfer, exchange or otherwise, and to own, hold, use, build, exchange, improve, manage, charge, lease, sell, dispose of and deal in, all things and rights, movable or immovable, real or personal, and to erect and construct buildings of every description on any land of the company or upon any other lands ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, build, equip, maintain, exchange and operate all such transportation facilities, whether by land or water, as may be necessary or convenient to the conduct of its operations and sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same;

(*e*) To take over, acquire, hold, use, sell, lease, exchange and convey, such trade-marks, patents, license franchise or rights thereunder as may be deeme

necessary or expedient for the purposes for which the company is incorporated;

(*f*) To construct or acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise, and operate, works for the production, sale and disposal of steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic and other power or force, and to produce, generate, create, develop, acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise control, and generally deal in and use, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of such steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic and other power or force for the purpose of light, heat or power or for any other uses and purposes to which the same are adapted, subject to all the laws and regulations of the provincial and municipal authorities in that behalf;

(*g*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes thereof, or which this company may be hereby empowered to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire;

(*h*) To promote, form or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of the company or incidental thereto;

(*i*) To take, subscribe or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having similar objects to those of the company or carrying on any business which is germane to the objects for which this company is incorporated;

(*j*) To make advance to, to raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities, or otherwise, any person or corporation in the capital stock of which the company holds shares, or with which it may have business relations; to act as employees, agents or managers for any person or any such corporation and to guarantee the performance and payment of contracts, agreements or debts by any such person or any such corporation or by any person with whom the company may have business relations;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interests with any person or corporation carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in;

(*l*) To take, acquire and hold as a consideration or security for goods supplied or work done, shares, debentures, bonds, mortgages, hypotheus, pledges, chattel mortgages, liens or any other securities of any person trading in or any company having objects similar to those of the company and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same;

(*m*) To distribute any of the property of the company among the members in specie; to invest in whole or in part the profits of the company, or its reserve fund, or any other funds than its capital fund, in shares, obligations, debentures or bonds of any company or corporation or in mortgages, chattel mortgages, movable and immovable property, patents, inventions or processes as the company may deem fit and expedient;

(*n*) To sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of such investments and reinvest.

(*o*) To do all acts and exercise all powers incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Western Exporting Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

15–2

Canadian American Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Canadian American Corporation, Limited" from the sum of three hundred thousand dollars to the sum of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, such increase to consist of fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

15-2

Dr. A. C. Daniels Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of September, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Dr. A. C. Daniels Company of Canada, Limited," from the sum of ten thousand dollars to the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars, such increase to consist of one hundred and forty shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

15–2

Maxville Creamery, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of October, 1916, incorporating Roderick Miles Easton, civil servant, Norman McKay Retallack and Charles Lount Bray, barristers, Abbott DeLacey Helmer, real estate agent, and Donald Archibald Roe, merchant, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To purchase and acquire as a going concern the assets and good-will of the Modern Dairy Company and the Maxville Creamery, and to assume the liabilities of the said companies and to acquire and take over all their contracts, plant, stock in trade and equipment, and to pay for the same in specie or in fully paid up shares of this company, and to issue paid-up and non-assessable stock of this company, whether common or preferred, in payment thereof;

(*b*) To produce, buy, sell and deal in milk and cream and all beverages, foods, compositions and supplies into which milk and cream or any of their products enter or may enter as component parts, mineral, aerated, distilled and other waters, and meats, foods, beverages, compositions and supplies, and all products of the farm and dairy;

(*c*) To purchase, lease, maintain and operate farms, poultry farms, mineral springs, stores, shops, restaurants and marts for the production, storage, distribution and sale of the above mentioned products, or any of them, and all compounds, compositions, articles and substances containing the same or any of them;

(*d*) To acquire as going concerns or otherwise the businesses and the assets and good-wills of the businesses of any persons, firms or corporations carrying on any business which the company hereby incorporated is authorized to carry on;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*f*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention

which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*g*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*h*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding section 44 of the said Act ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*l*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*m*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*n*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*o*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*p*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, in street cars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*q*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*r*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Maxville Creamery, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 4,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Millinery Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Arthur Roy, merchant, Jean Baptiste Jodoin, manager, Raoul Jodoin, accountant, Arthur Yvon, advocate, and Agnès Jodoin, wife separate as to property of Arthur Roy, and duly authorized by the aforesaid, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, acquire and take over the business now carried on by "La Compagnie des Modes, Limitée," a corporation having its head office in the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, duly incorporated by letters patent under the Great Seal of the said Province, together with all or any part of the assets and liabilities of the said company, its agencies, affairs, good-will and to pay for the same wholly or partly in fully paid-up and non-assessable shares of this company ;

(*b*) To purchase, sell, import, export, produce, manufacture and deal in all kinds of merchandise, millinery and fancy goods ;

(*c*) To act as manufacturers' agents or commission agents for any other company, firm or person carrying on the business of importing, exporting and selling similar articles ;

(*d*) To purchase, construct, own or otherwise acquire any immovable property which the company may deem useful for its undertakings, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of such immovable property upon such conditions as the company shall see fit ;

(*e*) To purchase or otherwise acquire the business, assets and liabilities, immovable property of any person, firm or company engaged in a similar business, together with the good-will of such person, firm or company, and to issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment of any assets, rights, movables or immovables which it may acquire ;

(*f*) To sell, lease or dispose of the whole or any part of the property, movable or immovable, of the company for such price and upon such terms and conditions as the company shall see fit and in particular to accept in payment or part payment therefor shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any companies, persons or firms ;

(*g*) To amalgamate with any company carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company ;

(*h*) To purchase, hold, transfer, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, bonds or debentures of any other company having objects similar to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Compagnie des Modes, Limitée,"—"Millinery Company, Limited," with a capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, divided into 300 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16–2 Under Secretary of State.

Pressed Metals, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of October, 1916, incorporating John Wycliffe Leighton, manufacturer, Owen John Pitts Crick, engineer, James Henry Chewett, civil engineer, Angus McKenzie Dewar, solicitor, and Edward Verral Boyd, accountant, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of engineers, foundrymen and manufacturers ; to construct, acquire, operate and maintain machine and blacksmith shops, foundries, smelters, refineries, concentrating and other works; to manufacture, sell and deal in all the products or by-products thereof, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, to manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, assemble, load and deal in shells, bombs, time fuses and all parts thereof and in munitions generally, and in guns, mortars, howitzers and cannon of all calibres, gun carriages, turrets, limbers and mountings of every description, ammunition waggons, armored cars, motor and other vehicles and artillery generally ;

(*b*) To manufacture and sell, either wholly or in part, any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things for the manufacture of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire machinery and any and all apparatus necessary or useful in connection with the business of the company, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*d*) To acquire and operate any plant, machinery, stock in trade, rights or privileges that the company may deem necessary for the purpose of its undertakings or any part thereof ; to acquire property, either real or personal, movable or immovable, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in the stock and bonds of the company ;

(*e*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out and control any roads, ways, branches, sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, shops, stores or other works, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to advance the company's interest, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist in the construction, improvement, maintenance, management or control thereof ;

(*f*) To furnish aid by way of loans, bonus, endorsement, agreement, guarantee, management or other service, to any business or undertaking similar in whole or in part to that of the company with which the company may have business relations, and to manage, supervise and control the same in whole or in part and to act as agent or attorney for the same ;

(*g*) To acquire the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation carrying on business in whole or in part similar to the business of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, and to pay for the same in the shares of the company or otherwise, and to guarantee payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on said shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, and to promote or acquire the rights, property and liabilities of any company or corporation having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being carried on so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ;

(*h*) To dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertakings of the company, the assets thereof or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business which may seem capable of being conveniently or advantageously carried on in connection with the business of the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of, to facilitate the realization of or to render more profitable any of the company's businesses, properties or rights ;

(*j*) To acquire, protect, prolong and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like relating to any secret or other information as to any invention, process or discovery which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit the company, and generally to use and turn to account as may seem best the property, rights or information so acquired, and to pay for the same in the paid-up stock of the company ;

(*k*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange or otherwise deal with the property or rights of the company as may from time to time be advisable or necessary for the company's business ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangement with any governments or authorities that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority such authorizations as may be necessary or advisable or which the company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*m*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or corporation carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, issue or re-issue the same, with or without guarantee of principal or interest, and otherwise to deal in the same;

(*n*) To establish and support, or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company or its predecessors in business, or the dependents and connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe to or guarantee money for charitable and benevolent objects, or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*o*) To promote, consolidate or amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company, for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property or liabilities thereof, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*p*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants or other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*q*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient or advisable ;

(*r*) To make cash advances to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*s*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved, any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*t*) To do all such things as may seem directly or indirectly to be incidental or conducive to or convenient or proper for the accomplishment of the purposes or the attainment of the objects of the company or any of them, or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company ;

(*u*) To apply for, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privileges, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant, and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*v*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*w*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or to or from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Pressed Metals, Limited," with a capital stock of sixty thousand dollars, divided into 600 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Ocean Steamship Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 10th day of October, 1916, incorporating Clive Pringle and Norman Gregor Guthrie, solicitors, Ruby Ann Blake and William Edward Stitt, clerks, and Edward Blake Johnson, secretary, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To build, buy, sell, equip, operate and own steamships, steamboats, sailing ships, boats and other property to be used in business, trade, commerce and navigation, and to purchase, sell, own and hold and lease all kinds of vessels and boats apparel, tackle and furniture, wharves, piers and warehouses; to carry on the business of engaging, receiving, transporting and delivering merchandise upon freight or for hire between any port or ports; the business of owning or chartering vessels therefor; the business of operating vessels in such service; the business of contracting or arranging for the transportation of merchandise to or from any of such ports by rail, boat or otherwise, or to any inland or coast place or places; to enter into contracts for the carriage of mails, passengers, goods, and merchandise by any means either by its own vessels or by or over the vessels, railways or conveyance of others; to gather, receive, distribute and deliver goods and merchandise, and to carry on a general transportation, freight and express business; to employ as ship's husband and managing agent of any vessel owned by the company, any person, firm or company whether limited or not, and that although he or they may not be entitled to any interest or share in the said vessel in question or in the company; to carry on the business of storage, wharfage, warehousing and forwarding, and the doing of every act, or acts, thing or things, incidental or growing out of or connected with said business, including the owning, leasing, holding, erecting and maintaining of docks, bulkheads, piers, basins and warehouses; the storage and docking of ships, steam vessels, and boats of every kind and description; the loading and unloading thereof; the issue of storage and warehouse receipts, negotiable and non-negotiable covering all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise; the collection and receipt of dockage, wharfage and storage dues and other compensation; and the advancing of freight, duties, fire and marine insurance and liens of every kind and nature upon goods, wares and merchandise received on storage or for the purpose of being warehoused;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's

shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To sell, improve, manage, delevop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*s*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*t*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Ocean Steamship Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The White Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, incorporating Wilfrid Maynard Cox and Howard Armour Harrison, barristers-at-law, William John Beattie, student at-law, and Richard George Roberts and John Frederick Van Lane, accountants, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, build, buy, sell, repair, convert, alter, let on hire, deal in, import and export, automobiles, motor cars, motor boats, motor trucks, stationary, portable and traction engines, tractors, tools, machinery, implements, gas engines, steam engines and all other types of engines, and the various parts and equipment thereof, and to carry on generally an automobile business in all its branches ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights.

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any portion of the business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company, and to pay for the same in cash, bonds or paid-up shares or partly in cash and partly in bonds or paid-up shares of the company, as may be agreed upon ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, copyrights, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person, firm, association or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person, firm, association or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares, bonds, and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, issue or re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with or dispose of the same ;

(*f*) To take, acquire, lease, hold, sell and dispose of real estate and personal property of every nature and kind as security for or in satisfaction wholly or in part of debts, liabilities or obligations incurred or to incurred in respect of or in connection with the business aforesaid, or any of the purposes or objects of the company ; and to purchase, lease, erect or otherwise acquire, exchange, sell, let, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of, own, maintain, develop and improve any and all property, real and personal, necessary to effect the carrying out of the purposes of the company;

(*g*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*h*) To accept in payment of any debt or debts due or owing to the company, the stock, shares, bonds, debentures of any other company or companies, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to use any of the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, or the funds of the company, to purchase or otherwise acquire and to take, hold, assign, transfer or sell the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of or in any other company or corporation, and to guarantee the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds, debentures or dividends upon the shares of any other company or corporation, and while holding such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation to exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof, including the right to vote thereon through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to distribute such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities or any assets of such other company in specie upon a division of profits or distribution of capital among the shareholders ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*j*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*m*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calcul-

ated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*n*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*o*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments:

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons resident therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit;

(*q*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars or catalogues, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*r*) To sell, lease, transfer or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, to such person, firm or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular either for cash or for shares, bonds, debentures or securities of any other company (whether promoted by this company or not) having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, or partly for cash or partly for such shares, bonds, debentures or securities;

(*s*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise any corporation in the capital stock of which the company holds shares or whose bonds or debentures or obligations are held by the company, or with which it may have business relations, and to do any act or thing for the preservation, protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares, bonds, debentures or other obligations, and to act as employee, agent or manager of any such corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such corporation or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations;

(*t*) To lease, purchase, construct, own, maintain and alter any buildings or work necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company and to take options on lands and buildings belonging to others and to exercise such options or not as may be deemed expedient;

(*u*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the real and personal property, rights and franchises of the company and to give options thereon or any part thereof;

(*v*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as the directors may from time to time determine;

(*w*) To employ brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company and to provide for the remuneration of such person or any other persons rendering services of any kind to the company;

(*x*) To remunerate any person, firm, association or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital or any debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation, promotion, organization or incorporation of the company or the conduct of its business;

(*y*) To pay all or any costs, charges or expenses preliminary or incidental to or incurred in connection with the promotion, organization, formation, establishment, registration and incorporation of the company; and to purchase or otherwise acquire on such terms and in such manner as the directors of the company from time to time decide any shares of the capital stock of this company, provided that the consideration therefor be paid out of the company's profits or surplus, if any, and not out of the capital of the company;

(*z*) The business or purpose of the company is from time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth either alone or in conjunction with others or as principals, factors, contractors or agents, and to do all and everything necessary, suitable and convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time appear to be conducive to or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company; and it is hereby declared that in the interpretation of this clause the meaning of any of the objects of the company shall not be restricted by reference to any other object or by the juxtaposition of two or more objects, and that in the event of any ambiguity this clause shall be construed in such manner as to widen and not to restrict the powers of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The White Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16-2 Under-Secretary of State.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 88 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 40.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(295) South coast—Sambro—Buoy established.

Position.—320 feet southeast of the outer end of the Neville Packing Co's wharf at Sambro, to mark a shoal off the wharf.

Lat. N. 44° 28′ 35″, Long. W. 63° 35′ 56″

Description.—Wooden spar buoy.

Colour.—Red.

N. to M. No. 88 (295) 16-9-16.

Authority: Report from N. S. Supt. of Lights.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2410, 729 and 730.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 143.
Departmental File: No. 30304.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(296) South coast — Halifax harbour — Halifax to Dartmouth—Cable laid—Caution.

Cable.—A submarine electric power cable has been laid by the Halifax Electric Tramway Company across Halifax harbour between Halifax and Dartmouth.

Position.—Runs from the foot of Hanover street, Halifax, at a point about 400 feet northwesterly from the Nova Scotia Sugar refinery, in Lat. N. 44° 39′ 57½″, Long. W. 63° 35′ 52½″, on a course of 69° 45′ (S. 88° 30′ E. mag.) 0.42 mile to the Dartmouth shore near the pond, about ¼ mile southeast of Army and Navy Brewery wharf, in Lat. N. 44° 40′ 6″, Long. W. 63° 35′ 19½″.

Signboards.—A signboard has been placed on the bank at each end of this cable, with the words "Submarine Cable. Do not anchor" marked thereon.

Caution.—Mariners are warned not to anchor their vessels in the vicinity of this cable.

N. to M. No. 88 (296) 16-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 21° 45′ W.
Authority: Report from N.S. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 311, 2320, 2410, 729 and 1651.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot 1911, pages 133 and 136.
Departmental File: No. 37204.

QUEBEC.

(297) Chaleur bay—Port Daniel west—Lighthouse destroyed by fire—Temporary light.

Position.—On West point, Port Daniel.

Lat. N. 48° 9′ 13″, Long. W. 64° 56′ 18″

Lighthouse destroyed by fire.—Port Daniel west lighthouse was destroyed by fire on 6th September, 1916.

Temporary light.—A temporary fixed white light will be shown from an anchor lens lantern on a pole until further notice.

N. to M. No. 88 (297) 16-9-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1633, 1715 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 313.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 969.
Departmental File: No. 20969R.

MANITOBA.

(298) Hudson bay, west side—Approach to Port Nelson —Nelson shoal—Beacon light destroyed.

Former notice.—No. 96 (344) of 1915.

Position.—On Nelson shoal, 1.3 mile from its south end.
Lat. N. 57° 35′ 30″, Long. W. 92° 16′ 19″

Beacon light destroyed.—Nelson shoal beacon light has been destroyed.

N. to M. No. 88 (298) 16-9-16.

Authority: Telegram from N. S. Agent of Dept. of Marine, 13th Sept., 1916.
Admiralty chart: No. 863.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 403 and 405.
Publication: Arctic Pilot, Vol. 3, 1915, page 257.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1023.2.
Departmental File: No. 35155.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 16th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

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NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 87 of 1916.

(Inland No. 27.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(294) Georgian bay, east side—Port Severn channel —Beacons, buoys and hydrographic notes.

Port Severn channel. Beacons and buoys.—The channel leading northward to Port Severn from the point where the alignment of the Severn river range lights intersects the alignment of the Waubaushene range lights has been marked by the Department of Marine with day beacons and spar buoys arranged in accordance with the annexed tabular list, to mark a channel with a least depth of nine feet.

Port Severn. Hydrographic notes.—Since Port Severn was surveyed by Captain Boulton the conditions have materially changed in consequence of the discontinuance of sawmill operations. The wharf on the west side, originally a slab wharf, is overgrown with vegetation and is no longer recognizable as a wharf; the quay shown joining the east shore with a small island has rotted down and disappeared; the Union church has been removed; the burner has also disappeared.

A fine reinforced concrete dam and bridge, forming the western terminus of the Trent Canal system, have been constructed by the Department of Railways and Canals across the mouth of Severn river. The bridge has a swing span near its western extremity over a lock intended to raise vessels from the level of Georgian bay to the first flooded section of Severn river. The centre of the swing span is in Lat. N. 44° 48′ 12″, Long. W. 79° 43′ 9″.

N. to M. No. 87 (294) 14-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 7° 15′ W.
Authority: Report from Mr. W. H. Carson, District Engineer.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 83.
Publication: Sailing directions for Georgian Bay, 1915, pages 326, 327 and 328.
Departmental File: No. 36972.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 14th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

LIST OF BEACONS AND BUOYS MARKING PORT SEVERN CHANNEL.

Number	NAME	LOCATION	Lat. N. Long. W.	Depth in feet	Height of top above H.W.	Colour	DESCRIPTION	Year established
2	Long point shoal buoy.....	On east edge of channel, between Mary rock and Long point shoal, 660 feet 127° (S. 45° 45′ E. mag.) from Mary rock....	44° 46′ 7″ 79° 43′ 12″	17	4	Red	Wooden spar	1916
3	Mary rock buoy.....	On west side of channel, 95 feet 64° (N. 71° 15′ E. mag.) from Mary rock	44° 46′ 14″ 79° 43′ 17″	11	3	Black	Wooden spar	
5	Mary rock beacon	On Mary rock, 35 feet west from water's edge.....	44° 46′ 12″ 79° 43′ 19″		18	White, with black top	Triangular wooden frame, with slats on two sides	1916
6	Sweet shoal buoy.....	On east side of channel, 2,376 feet 67° 15′ (N. 74° 30′ E. mag.) from Marshal island and southwest of Sweet shoal.....	44° 46′ 54″ 79° 43′ 25″	14	4	Red	Wooden spar	
8	Murray shoal buoy.....	On east side of channel, southwest of the shoal off Murray island; 1760 feet 78° 45′ (N. 86° E. mag.) from Moreau rock.	44° 47′ 14″ 79° 43′ 30″	10	3	Red	Wooden spar	1916
10	Murray island beacon.....	On west side of Murray island, 20 feet east from water's edge.	44° 47′ 24″ 79° 43′ 30″		26	White, with red top	Triangular wooden frame, with slats on two sides	1916
11	Picnic rock beacon.....	On east side of big rock off Picnic point, 21 feet west from water's edge	44° 47′ 27″ 79° 43′ 40″		19	White, with black top	Triangular wooden frame, with slats on two sides	1916
12	Sawdust shoal buoy.....	On east side of channel at turn into tug channel, 650 feet 236° (S. 63° 15′ W. mag.) from small rock at turn into tug channel.	44° 47′ 43″ 79° 43′ 47″	11	4	Red	Wooden spar	
13	Tug channel turn north buoy.	On north side of channel, opposite red buoy No. 14.....	44° 47′ 50″ 79° 43′ 41″	9	5	Black	Wooden spar	1916

LIST OF BEACONS AND BUOYS MARKING PORT SEVERN CHANNEL.—CONT.

Number	NAME	LOCATION	Lat. N. Long. W.	Depth in feet	Height of top above H.W.	Colour	DESCRIPTION	Year established
14	Tug channel turn south buoy.	On south side of channel, 220 feet 321° (N. 31° 45′ W. mag.) from small rock at turn into tug channel.....	44° 47′ 49″ 79° 43′ 40″	15	5	Red	Wooden spar	
16	Tug channel rock beacon.....	On north side of rock at turn into tug channel 17 feet south from water's edge.....	44° 47′ 47″ 79° 43′ 37″		17	White, with red top	Triangular wooden frame, with slats on two sides	1916
17	Tug channel north buoy.....	On north side of channel opposite small rock in bay, 1,050 feet 49° (N. 56° 15′ E. mag.) from small rock at turn into tug channel.....	44° 47′ 54″ 79° 43′ 26″	9	4	Black	Wooden spar	1916
18	Tug channel south buoy.....	On south side of channel opposite black buoy No. 17.....	44° 47′ 51″ 79° 43′ 23″	15	4	Red	Wooden spar	1916
20	Sawmill shoal buoy.....	On east side of channel, off Port Severn sawmill wharf, about 90 feet southwest from lower small island.....	44° 47′ 58″ 79° 43″ 14°	9	5	Red	Wooden spar	1916
22	Lock approach south buoy	On east side of channel, off shoal.....	44° 48′ 6″ 79° 43′ 7″		3	Red	Wooden spar	1915
24	Lock approach north buoy.....	On east side of channel, opposite new concrete wharf at entrance to lock.....	44° 48′ 8″ 79° 43′ 8″		3	Red	Wooden spar	1915

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NOTE.—Buoys Nos. 22 and 24 were established by Canal Authorities on completion of lock.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 89 of 1916

(Inland No. 28)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(299) Great Lakes and River St. Lawrence—Dates to which lights will be kept in operation.

All Canadian lights and fog alarms on the St. Lawrence river above Montreal, lake Ontario, lake Eric, lake St. Clair, lake Huron, Georgian bay, lake Superior, and connecting waters, will be maintained in operation until the morning of December 25th, 1916, excepting the Southeast shoal lightship, lake Erie, which may be forced to abandon her station by ice conditions before the general close of navigation, and also Lonely island, Georgian bay, from which the keeper may be removed before the close of navigation, also certain stations on lake Superior, namely,—

Slate islands ;
Battle island ;
Lamb island ;
Shaganash ;
Point Porphyry ;
Thunder cape ;
Welcome islands ;
Pie island ;
Victoria island ;

which will be closed after the last sailings to or from Port Arthur and Fort William.

All gas buoys and other floating aids to navigation will be maintained in position as long as ice conditions will permit and in cases where it is necessary to remove gas buoys before the close of navigation the more important ones will be replaced by spars.

Lightkeepers will govern themselves accordingly; they are hereby cautioned to maintain their stations in operation until the time above mentioned, namely, the morning of December 25th, 1916. Also they are directed to acknowledge receipt of this notice, addressing acknowledgment to the Deputy Minister, Department of Marine, Ottawa.

N. to M. No. 89 (299) 18-9-16.

Authority: Memo. from Commissioner of Lights.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 1502 to 2204,
Departmental File: No. 28628.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 18th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

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NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 90 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 41)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(300) Cape Breton island—South coast—St. Peter canal partially closed to navigation.

St. Peter canal is partially closed to navigation, and vessels drawing more than 16 feet water cannot pass through the canal. At present vessels drawing not more than 16 feet water can be passed

through the canal between half tide flood and half tide ebb, and it is expected that in a short time such vessels can be passed through the canal at any stage of the tide.

N. to M. No. 90 (300) 20-9-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. W. A. Bowden, Chief Engineer, Dept. of Railways and Canals.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2756, 2758, 2342, 2727 and 1651.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 93.
Departmental File: No. 19950.

QUEBEC.

(301) River St. Lawrence—Les Eboulements wharf—Dredging.

Dredging.—Dredging has been done by the Department of Public Works of Canada in front of Les Eboulements government wharf at Cap St. Joseph to a depth of 15 feet below low water level. The area dredged extends from a point 183 feet eastward of the southwest corner of the wharf to a point 247 feet westward of the southwest corner of the wharf.

N. to M. No. 90 (301) 20-9-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. Armand Dupuis, District Engineer, P.W. D.
Admiralty chart: No. 314.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 207.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 140..
Departmental File: No. 30784.

QUEBEC.

(302) River St. Lawrence above Quebec—Quebec bridge—Centre span sunk in river; navigation not obstructed.

Former notice.—No. 67 (223) of 1916.

Navigation at bridge not obstructed.—On 11th September, 1916, the centre span of the Quebec bridge, built to span the space between the cantilever arms, collapsed while being hoisted into position and sank in the river. The channel in the vicinity has been swept to a depth of 50 feet at low tide and found to be clear of obstruction to this depth.

N. to M. No. 90 (302) 20-9-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. V. W. Forneret, Superintending Engineer, St. Lawrence Ship Channel.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2777 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 20, 21 and 24.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 27.
Departmental File: No. 18273.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(303) Massachusetts—Boston harbour—The Graves—Whistling buoy replaced by gas and whistling buoy.

Position.—In 14 fathoms water, northeast of The Graves.

Gas and whistling buoy established.—Graves whistling buoy, 1 A, has been replaced by a combined gas and whistling buoy.

Description.—Black, cylindrical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Character of light.—Flashing white light every 6 seconds, flash 2 seconds duration.

Elevation.—16 feet.

Power.—390 candles.

N. to M. No. 90 (303) 20-9-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2482, 2492 and 2670.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 20th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 86 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 39.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK

(290) Bay of Fundy—Grand Manan—Southwest head—Intended change in position of bell buoy—Whistling buoy to be established

Former notice—No. 146 (514) of 1915.

(*1*) *Intended change in position of bell buoy*—On or about 1st November, 1916, Southwest head bell buoy will, without further notice, be moved about $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles northward to a new position in the entrance to Seal cove, 100 yards southeast of Buck rock.

Lat. N. 44° 36′ 6″, Long. W. 66° 52′ 27″

Description—Iron buoy, surmounted by a bell.

Colour—Black.

(*2*) *Whistling buoy to be established*—On or about 1st November, 1916, a whistling buoy will, without further notice, be established 1.7 miles 156° (S. 5° E. mag.) from Southwest head lighthouse.

Lat. N. 44° 34′ 26″, Long. W. 66° 53′ 18″

Description—Iron conical buoy, surmounted by a 10-inch whistle.

Colour—Alternate black and white vertical stripes.

N. to M. No. 86 (290) 8-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 19° W.
Authority: Memo. from Commissioner of Lights
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2539, 352, 1651, 2492 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, pages 276 and 270.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 8.
Departmental File: No. 19484½.

QUEBEC

(291) River St. Lawrence—Port of Quebec—Limits of Examination anchorage.

Former notice—No. 40 (145) of 1916.

Limits of Examination anchorage—The Examination anchorage for the port of Quebec is the area included between the bearings 48° (N. 66° E. mag.) and 87° (S. 75° E. mag.) from the beacon on Pointe Martinière for a distance of 2500 yards.

N. to M. No. 86 (291) 8-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 18° W.
Authority: Department of Naval Service.
Admiralty chart: No. 315.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 208.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 127.
Departmental File: No. 31 89.

ENGLAND

(292) South coast—Tor-bay—Brixham—Breakwater completed; light established.

Position—On the outer end of the extension of Victoria breakwater which has now been completed, in the position hitherto occupied by the dolphin with two red lights.

Lat. 50° 24½′ N., Long. 3° 30¾′ W.

Character—An *occulting red* light *every fifteen seconds*, thus:—

Light 12 secs. / eclipse. 3 secs.

Elevation—30 feet.

Structure—Grey lighthouse.

Remarks—The dolphin referred to above has been demolished and the two red lights discontinued.

N. to M. No. 86 (292) 8-9-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 872 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 26, 1613, 2620, 2675b and 1598.
Publication: Channel Pilot, Part 1, 1908, page 132.

ENGLAND

(293) East coast—River Thames—Mucking light and fog signal discontinued; light-buoys established.

1. Mucking light and fog-signal discontinued:

Position—On the eastern portion of Mucking flats.

Lat. 51° 30¼′ N., Long. 0° 29′ E.

Details—The occulting light with white and red sectors and the fog-bell, at Mucking lighthouse, have been permanently discontinued.

Remarks—The lighthouse structure is marked at night by two *fixed red* lights placed vertically, 6 feet apart.

2. Light-buoys established:

(*a*) No. 1 light-and-bell-buoy:

Position—At a distance of 2 cables, 150° (S. 16° E. mag.), from the two fixed red lights mentioned above.

Description—A light-and-bell-buoy painted black with conical superstructure, exhibiting an *occulting red* light *every five seconds*, thus:—

Light, 3½ secs. / eclipse. 1½ secs.

(*b*) No. 3 light-buoy:

Position—At a distance of 8 cables, 243° (S. 77° W. mag.), from the outer end of the jetty on the eastern side of Lower Hope point.

Description—A light-buoy painted black with conical superstructure, exhibiting a *group occulting red* light showing *two* eclipses *every ten seconds*, thus:—

Light, 5 secs. / eclipse, 1½ secs. / light, 2 secs. / eclipse, 1½ secs.

N to M. No. 86 (293) 8-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 14° W.
Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 886 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2151 and 1185.
Publication: North Sea Pilot, Part 3, 1914, pages 368, 370, 371 and 372.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 8th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

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NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 91 of 1916.

Pacific No. 22

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(304) Vancouver island—Southeast coast—Victoria harbour—Laurel point—Change in position of light—New structure.

Former notice.—No. 20 (44) of 1909.

New position.—On rock that dries on northwest extremity of Laurel point.

Lat. N. 48° 25′ 27″, Long. W. 123° 22′ 38″.

Character.—Fixed red electric light.

Elevation.—18 feet.

Visibility.—One mile from all points of approach by water.

Structure.—Square concrete base, surmounted by a staff supporting a red wooden slatwork cone, with lantern on top.

N. to M. No. 91 (304) 21-9-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1897b, 576, 2840, 2689, 1911, 1917 and 2531.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 64.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2280.
Departmental File: No. 22280M.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(305) Cape Flattery—Search for reported rock—Decreased depth found.

Former notice.—No. 47 (169) of 1916.

The vicinity of the breaker reported by the S.S. "Colonel L. Drake" $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles 230° 30′ (S 25° 30′ W. mag.) from cape Flattery light has been carefully examined by a U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey party and a rock of small extent, with a least depth of $46\frac{1}{2}$ feet over it at mean lower low water, located $1\frac{1}{3}$ miles from the lighthouse on the above bearing.

N. to M. No. 91 (305) 21-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 25° E.
Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce, N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1911, 1917 and 2531.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, pa c 34.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(306) Puget sound—Seattle harbour—Off Duwamish head—Bell buoy replaced by gas and bell buoy.

Position.—Off Duwamish head.

Gas and bell buoy to be established.—About 20th September, 1916, Duwamish head bell buoy, 2, will be replaced by a combined gas and bell buoy.

Description.—Cylindrical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Character of light.—Flashing white light every 3 seconds, flash 0.3 second duration.

Elevation.—12 feet.

Power.—70 candles.

N. to M. No. 91 (306) 21-9-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1427, 1947 and 2531.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 92.

ALASKA.

(307) Tongass narrows—Potter rock—Gas buoy to be established.

Position.—Lat. N. 55° 18′ 5″, Long. W. 131° 34′ 35″.

Gas buoy to be established.—About 15th September, 1916, Potter rock buoy was to be replaced by a gas buoy.

Description.—Cylindrical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Colour.—Red and black horizontal bands.

Character of light.—Flashing white light every 2 seconds, flash 0.4 second duration.

Elevation.—12 feet.

Power.—70 candles.

N. to M. No. 91 (307) 21-9-16.

Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M., No. 37 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1524 and 2458.
Publication: Alaska and Bering Sea Pilot, 1908, page 143.

ALASKA.

(308) Wrangell strait—Midway rock—Intended change in characteristic of light.

Position.—On Midway rock.

Lat. N. 56° 31′ 43″, Long. W. 132° 57′ 51″.

Characteristic of light to be changed.—About 15th October, 1916, the characteristic of the light will be changed to flashing white every 3 seconds, flash 0.3 second duration.

N. to M. No. 91 (308) 21-9-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 3022 and 2431.
Publication: Alaska and Bering Sea Pilot, 1908, page 303.

ALASKA.

(309) Wrangell strait—Spike rock—Light to be established—Float light to b iscontinued.

Position.—On highest part of Spike rock.

Lat. N. 56° 35′ 52″, Long. W. 132° 58′ 34″.

Date of establishment.—About 1st October, 1916.

Character.—Fixed white light.

Elevation.—9 feet.

Power.—40 candles.

Structure.—Brown steel-cased cylindrical concrete pier, surmounted by a black square daymark.

Float light to be discontinued.—Spike rock float light, 3, will be discontinued and the float removed about 1st November, 1916.

N. to M. No. 91 (309) 21-9-1

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 3022 and 2431.
Publication: Alaska and Bering Sea Pilot. 1908, page 305.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 21st September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

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NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an astèrisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagn er la demande.

	Price
AGRICULTURE	
Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp.	0.15
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for October, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus..	0.10
Annual subscription	1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, septembre 1916, 108 pp. illus.	0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, July, 1916, 332 pp. 11 x 8.	0.20
* * * Annual subscription	2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, July, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.	
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.	
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.	
* Drainage de la ferme (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 41, 4 pp. Gratuit.	
* Alimentation des porcs (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 60, 4 pp. Gratuit.	
* Râteliers et crèches à moutons (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 66, 4 pp. Gratuit.	
* Flax for fibre (Division of Botany). Bulletin No. 28. Free.	
* Finish the Feeders in Canada (Live Stock Branch). Pamphlet No. 20. Free.	
* Beurre, La fabrication du (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 69, 4 pp. Gratuit.	
* Cultivateurs, conservez votre fumier (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 55. Gratuit.	
BOARD OF RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS FOR CANADA.	
Judgments, Orders, Regulations, and Rulings (fortnightly edition). Vol. VI (new) No. 13.	
Annual subscription	3.00
Single numbers	0.20
CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.	
* Miscellaneous Information (Third Edition) 8 pp. Free.	
COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION.	
* "Conservation", monthly bulletin, October 1916, vol. v. No. 9. Free.	
* La Conservation, bulletin mensuel, avril 1916, vol. v. No. 4, 8 pp. Gratuit.	
* "Conservation of Life." Quarterly bulletin, July-September, 1916, vol. II, No. 4. Free.	
* Poisson, des Oiseaux et du Gibier, Conservation du, 247 pp. Gratuit.	
CUSTOMS.	
Trade and Navigation returns for July, 1916, 532 pp. 8vo	0 10
* War Measures—Prohibited Exports, 10th June, 1916, 24 pp. Free.	
EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.	
* Revised Passport Requirements of Foreign Countries. 4 pp. Free.	
INSURANCE.	
Superintendent of Insurance, Report of the, Vol. II, Life Insurance Companies, year ending December 31, 1915..	0.50
INLAND REVENUE.	
Adulteration of Food : Reports, Returns and Statistics of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part III, 604 pp	0.25
Falsification des substances alimentaires : Rapports, Etats et statistiques des Revenus de l'Intérieur pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916. Partie III, 604 pp..	0.30
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* Alfalfa Growing, 16 pp. Free.	
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* Townships 1 to 16, West of the Second Meridian, Extracts from Report on, to March 31, 1915, 158 pp. Free.	
* Renseignements pour les colons futurs, 32 pp. Gratuit.	
* Irrigation Association, Report of proceedings Convention Western Canada, 244 pp., illus. Free.	
LABOUR.	
* Labour Gazette, September, 1916, 97 pp. 8vo.	.03
* La Gazette du Travail, septembre 1916, 104 pp. 8vo	0·03
* Labour Organization in Canada, fifth annual report on, (For the Calendar Year 1915), 232 pp. Free.	
MARINE.	
* List of Vessels 1915, supplement to, 12 pp. Free.	

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* Militia Orders, weekly (English or French), per annum 1.00
* General Orders, (English or French), per annum 0.50
* General Orders, printed on one side only (English), per annum 0.50
* Militia List (quarterly issue), per annum 1.00
" single copies 0.30
* Appointments, Promotions and Retirements, Canadian Militia, 10th, 17th and 24th August.
* Nominations, Promotions et Retraites, Milice Canadienne, 17 et 24 août.
* Militia Orders, weekly parts, 4th September.
* Ordres de Milice, édition hebdomadaire du 4 septembre.
* Report on the Examination for Admission to the Royal Military College of Canada (May, 1916) 36 pp. Free.
Physical Training Vocabulary (English and French) 10 pp. Free.
* Soldiers' Pensions, proceedings of the special committee appointed to consider, 200 pp. 0.10
* 4th official list of casualties to members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force—reported between January 1st and March 31st, 1916, issued with Militia Orders.
* 4th Brigade Canadian Field Artillery, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 9th Brigade Canadian Field Artillery, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 29th Battalion, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* Bayonet Training, 1916.
* 3rd Divisional Canadian Engineers, 9th, 10th and 11th Field Companies, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* Divisional Cyclists, 1st, 2nd and 3rd Reinforcing Drafts, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 2nd Divisional Ammunition Column, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 3rd Divisional Ammunition Supply, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 4th Divisional Ammunition Sub-Park, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 2nd Divisional Supply Column, C.A.S.C., nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 7th Canadian Field Artillery Brigade, Reinforcing Drafts from 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th Batteries, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Milltia Orders.
60th Battalion (and Reinforcing Draft), nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.

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Postal Guide, 1916 ; Canada Official. Paper cover 0.25
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" " cloth cover 0.40
" " " including supplements 0.65

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Statuts du Canada, 1916 ..... 2.50

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Buckram binding 3.00
Paper cover 2.00
Separate sheets 0.05
Sheets per dozen 0.50

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* **Atlas of Canada.** 124 pp. 17 x 12, 80 maps, 64 diagrams. 12 pp. statistics, cloth and leather binding 3.00

1916-17 **1916-17**

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th September, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.	1915.	1916.
LIABILITIES.	$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—		
Payable in New York		75,357,000 00
do in Canada	757,960 94	118,645,070 94
do in London	362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Temporary Loans	150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund	5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes	152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
SAVINGS BANKS—		
Post Office Savings Banks (1915: $38,302,646 32; 1916: $40,930,124 46)		
Dominion Government Savings Banks (1915: 13 939,801 94; 1916: 13,572,826 03)		
	52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Trust Funds	10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Province Accounts	11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts	28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total Gross Debt	774,896,755 36	1,071,657,373 51
ASSETS.		
INVESTMENTS—		
Sinking Funds	11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Other Investments	107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS	2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS	168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total Assets	290,055,121 63	391,381,928 61
Total Net Debt 30th September	484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
do do to 31st August	472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Increase of Debt	12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of September, 1915.	Total to 30th September, 1915	Month of September, 1916.	Total to 30th September, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Excise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Post Office	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Miscellaneous	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
EXPENDITURE	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	14,541,003 47	44,427,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	3,481,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Railway Subsidies	155,032 00	723,021 14	.....	363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance.

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 4th October, 1916. 15-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,773 25
Fractional	985,848 04
$1	14,247,509 00
$2	10,481,046 50
$4	45,919 00
$5	2,931,112 50
$50	10,250 00
$100	2,000 00
$500	1,974,000 00
$1,000	4,223,000 00
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	200,500 00
$1,000 " " "	1,274,000 00
$5,000 " " "	137,900,000 00
	$ 174,302,958 29

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,301 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,773 25

Gold held September 30, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,141,023 24
Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits— 10 p.c. on $54,502,944.49 under The Savings Banks Act	5,450,294 45
Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,690,728 79

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th October, 1916.

16-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of August, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	819,328 05	
Malt Liquor	11,430 65	
Malt	290,597 13	
Tobacco	1,061,603 92	
Cigars	66,803 98	
Manufactures in Bond	13,308 04	
Acetic Acid	1,095 35	
Seizures	205 00	
Other Receipts	11,242 55	
Total Excise Revenue		2,275,614 67
Methylated Spirits		13,486 03
Ferry		5 00
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,663 70
Gas Inspection		4,225 35
Electric Light Inspection		5,643 15
Law Stamps		983 25
Other Revenues		474 47
War Tax		260,226 35
Grand Total Revenue		2,575,321 97

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 22nd September, 1916

14-tf

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of July, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.			CR.		
	$	cts.		$	cts.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 30th June, 1916.	40,213,861	48	WITHDRAWALS during the month	672,739	82
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,050,997	24			
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—					
PRINCIPAL $					
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer					
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	2,194	33			
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,060	13	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373	36
	41,270,113	18		41,270,113	18

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th September, 1916.

14-tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirty-first August, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 31st July, 1916.	Deposits August, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for August, 1916.	Balance on 31st August, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	582,392 03	6,737 35	589,129 38	7,018 94	582,110 44
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,179,335 74	40,034 02	1,219,369 76	30,225 57	1,189,144 19
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,976,532 65	28,067 00	2,004,599 65	28,706 52	1,975,893 13
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	271,192 89	6,668 00	277,860 89	1,171 51	276,689 38
St. John	5,483,910 85	70,493 55	5,554,404 40	81,402 76	5,473,001 64
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	137,141 15	498 00	137,639 15	1,200 45	136,438 70
Guysboro'	118,242 86	1,830 00	120,072 86	1,006 46	119,066 40
Halifax	2,534,998 02	38,855 47	2,573,853 49	42,264 21	2,531,589 28
Kentville	231,862 32	3,553 00	235,415 32	3,921 13	231,494 19
Lunenburg	420,121 75	3,385 00	423,506 75	4,904 35	418,602 40
Port Hood	91,388 46	320 00	91,708 46	750 00	90,958 46
Shelburne	226,443 97	1,759 00	228,202 97	1,209 58	226,993 39
Sherbrooke	101,079 28	1,897 00	102,976 28	1,282 32	101,693 96
Wallace	136,236 86	1,251 00	137,487 86	1,636 69	135,851 17
Totals	13,490,878 83	205,348 39	13,696,227 22	206,700 49	13,489,526 73

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT
OTTAWA, 9th September, 1916

12-t

8909—4

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA ON THE 1ST OCTOBER, 1916.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY AND PROVINCE OR TERRITORY.	POSTMASTER.
Alcona		Thunder Bay & Rainy River **O.**	Mrs. Sarah Morgan.
Bondiss (opened 20th Sept)	Sec. 5, Tp. 65, R. 18, W. 4th M.	Victoria **Alberta.**	Mrs. May Lee.
Caldwell Brook	Perth	Victoria **N.B.**	Miss Barbara McKellar.
Cariss	Sec. 17, Tp. 4, R. 21, W. 3rd M.	Moose Jaw **Sask.**	James Hanline.
Centurion (opened 26th September)	Chaffey	Muskoka **O.**	Alex. Jamison.
Clivale	Sec. 1, Tp. 27, R. 16, W. 4th M	Medicine Hat **Alberta.**	Wm. Van Horn.
Conflict	Sec. 7, Tp. 6, R. 13, W. 3rd M.	Moose Jaw **Sask.**	Gus A. Spring.
Fork Lake	Sec. 16, Tp. 63, R. 11, W. 4th M.	Victoria **Alberta.**	J. W. Smith.
Garnet Lake (opened 20th September)	Sec. 20, Tp. 60, R. 12. W. 4th M	Victoria **Alberta.**	Miss Gwen Flack.
Garsvold	On Banks Island	Comox-Atlin **B.C.**	Sam Larsen.
Lake Thomas		Halifax **N.S.**	Mrs. Edith S. McQuarrie.
La Madeleine (opened 8th September)	Sec. 34, Tp. 60, R. 10, W. 4th M.	Victoria **Alberta.**	F. X. Breault.
Regina Sub-Office No. 1 (opened 1st September).	Cor. 5th Avenue and Broad St.	Regina **Sask.**	J. A. Yorston.
Shenley Nord	Shenley	Beauce **P.Q.**	Adelard Roy.
Silver Springs	Sec. 32, Tp. 34, R. 8, W. 2nd M.	Mackenzie **Sask.**	Percy B. Huntington.
Toronto Sub Office No. 29 (opened 7th. Sept)	University of Toronto.	Toronto Centre, **O**	Graham Campbell.
Vallican		Kootenay **B.C.**	Ewen McFadyen.
Venice (opened 8th Sept).	Sec. 12 Tp. 66, R. 15, W. 4th M.	Victoria **Alberta**	J. O. Billos.

NOTE:—*Silver Granite Post Office*, County of Compton, P.Q., was closed on the 21st Sept. for the winter.

Pleasant Point Post Office, District of Victoria and Haliburton, O., was closed on the 15th September, 1915. On the 1st August, 1916, the name of Hayes Point Post Office, District of Victoria and Haliburton, O., was changed to Pleasant Point.

Caspaco, Summer Office, District of Comox-Atlin, B.C. has been constituted a regular post office.

Toronto Sub Office No. 63 was closed on the 1st September and re-opened on the 25th September at 354 Weston Road, County York, S.R., O., with Mr. James Strachan as Sub Postmaster.

The closing of *St. Lionel Post Office*, District of Dauphin, M., published in the July Supplement—was not due to Rural Delivery.

Durham Post Office, County of Pictou, N.S., published last month as closed remained open until the 30th Sept.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

Names Changed.

Brookville Station	County of St. John	N.B to Brookville.

Offices Closed.

b	Altona	County of Ontario, S.R.	O.	Closed 16th September.
b	Baie Hatee	County of Rimouski	P.Q.	Closed 15th September.
b	Bald Hill	County of Sunbury and Queens	N.B.	Closed 15th September.
b	Baldwin's Road	County of Kings	P.E.I.	
b	Bernadette	County of Levis	P.Q.	Closed 8th September.
	Big Stick Lake	District of Moosejaw	Sask.	Closed 23rd September.
	Broughdale	County of Middlesex, E.R.,	O.	
	Buckland Siding	County of Prince Albert	Sask.	Closed 31st August.
b	Campbell's Corner	County of Megantic	P.Q.	Closed 25th September.
	Cap Laurentides	County of Portneuf	P.Q.	Closed 11th September.
	Chelsea Green	County of Middlesex, E.R.	O.	
	Cosy Nook	District of Battleford	Sask.	
b	Davisburg	District of Macleod	Alberta.	
	De Sota	District of Victoria	Alberta.	Closed 15th September.
	Dinant	District of Victoria	Alberta	Closed 28th September.
	Eglington Sub-Office, Toronto	District of York, S.R.	O.	Closed 28th December, 1915
b	Fauteux	County of Drummond-Arthabaska	P.Q.	Closed 7th March.
	Flaxland	District of Medicine Hat	Alberta	
b	Glen Lloyd	County of Megantic	P.Q.	Closed 20th September.
b	Glen Murray	County of Megantic	P.Q.	Closed 25th September.
	Halliday	District of Moosejaw	Sask.	Closed 15th July.
b	Hillside	County of Kings and Albert	N.B.	
b	Huiette	County of Lotbinière	P.Q.	Closed 8th September.
	Koshee	District of Muskoka	O	
b	La Manufacture	County of Three Rivers and St. Maurice	P.Q.	Closed 11th September.
b	Lysander	County of Megantic	P.Q.	Closed 20th September.
	Mapledale	District of Moosejaw	Sask.	
b	Marigot	County of Lotbinière	P.Q.	Closed 8th September.
b	Maskinonge	County of Maskinongé	P.Q.	Closed 6th September.
	Michael's Bay	District of Algoma, E.R.	O	Closed 15th September.
	Pinto Creek	District of Moosejaw	Sask.	
b	Plamondons Mills	County of Richmond and Wolfe	P.Q	Closed 11th September.
	St. Alcide de Ham	County of Richmond and Wolfe	P.Q.	
b	Soucy	County of Yamaska	P.Q.	
	Sparwood	District of Kootenay	B C.	Closed 14th September.
b	The Grange	County of Peel	O.	Closed 16th September.
	Tullisville	District of Moosejaw	Sask.	Closed 13th September.
	Upper Coal Creek	County of Sunbury and Queens	N.B.	
b	York Mills	County of York	N.B.	Closed 15th September.

b Closed on the inauguration of Rural Free Delivery.

16–

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE*.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules :

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch) ; subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy ; the amount of which should be calculated as follows.

First insertion :	
Flat charge for title and signature.....	$1.00
Add two cents per word actual count.....	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words.....	.....
Other insertions :	
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Add one cent per word actual count.....	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total.....	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted.

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions :—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws etc—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, &c.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursdays will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette*.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same ; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bil is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill ; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz :—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension.....	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week.....	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session.	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000.....	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000.....	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000, and does not exceed $1,000,000.....	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000.....	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000.....	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof.....	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill ; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petitio for any such Bill has been presented in this Hous within the first six weeks of the session, the additiona charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 2 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills o any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notic published in the *Canada Gazette;* such Notice shal clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on beha of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed compan shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company:*—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company:*—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges;* or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Act* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation of a "railway company, or of a canal company, or for an "extension of the line of any existing or authorized "railway or canal, shall be considered by the Examiner "or by the Standing Orders Committee until there has "been filed with that committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each "county, township, municipality or district through "which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch "or extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway or "canal company or for changing the route of the railway or of the canal of any company already incorporated shall be considered by the Railway Committee "until there has been filed with the committee, at least "one week before the consideration of the bill:—"

(*a.*) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not less "than half an inch to the mile, showing the location "upon which it is intended to construct the proposed "work, and showing also the lines of existing or authorized works of a similar character within, or in any way "affecting the district, or any part thereof, which the "proposed work is intended to serve; and such map "or plan shall be signed by the engineer or other "person making the same;"

(*b.*) "An exhibit showing the total amount of capital "proposed to be raised for the purpose of the undertaking, and the manner in which it is proposed to "raise the same, whether by ordinary shares, bonds, "debentures, or other securities, and the amount of "each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1906

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be

published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessful, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitioner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893.*

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(*7*) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210.)

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

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THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette;* such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges;* or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also, to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal ; or for the construction of branches thereto ; —the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized :—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights) ; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company ; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers ; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company :—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks ; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages ; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed 'Private Bill Notice ;' or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders ; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate, the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels ; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session ; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session ; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Austin Barnwell, of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Albert, locomotive foreman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Clara Carey Barnwell, of the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Calgary, this twenty-seventh day of July, 1916.

W. C. POLLARD,
Clarence Block, Calgary, Alberta,
6–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Newton Salter, of the Village of Winchester, in the County of Dundas and Province of Ontario, labourer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Elizabeth Salter, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Winchester, in the Province of Ontario, this first day of June, A.D. 1916.

JOHN NEWTON SALTER,
Winchester P.O.,
9-14 Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13–14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE CANADIAN CASUALTY AND BOILER INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been made by The Canadian Casualty and Boiler Insurance Company to the Honourable the Minister of Finance for a release on the twenty-fifth day of October, 1916, of the securities of the company deposited with the said Minister, and all Canadian policy nolders of the said company, who desire to oppose such release are hereby notified to file their opposition with the said Minister on or before the said date.

Dated at Toronto, July 6th, 1916.

THE CANADIAN CASUALTY AND BOILER INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 157 Bay Street, Toronto.

by MACDONALD & MACINTOSH,
of 26 Adelaide Street, West, Toronto,
3 15 Solicitors for the said Company.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of ten per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and will be payable at its banking house in this city and at its branches, on and after the 1st day of November next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day of October.

By order of the Board,

D. C. MACAROW,
General manager.

Montreal, 26th September, 1916. 14–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

THE Canadian Northern Western Railway Company hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registration District of Northern Alberta at Edmonton, a description of the site, plans and elevation of bridge proposed to be buiit across the Sturgeon River, in S.E. quarter of twenty-three (23), Township fifty-six (56), Range twenty-three (23), west of the Fourth Meridian, in the Province of Alberta.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Canadian Northern Western Railway Company will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval to the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said bridge across Sturgeon River.

Dated at Winnipeg this 29th day of September, A.D. 1916.

CANADIAN NORTHERN WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By CLARK & JACKSON
15-4 (Its solicitors).

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after Thursday, the 2nd of November next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders a dividend of two per cent, being at the rate of eight per cent per annum, upon its capital, for the quarter ending on the 31st of October next.

This dividend will be paid according to the list of shareholders of record on the 16th of October next.

By order of the board of directors,

N. LAVOIE,
General manager.

Quebec, 19th September, 1916. 13–5

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND NO. 105.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of twelve per cent (12 %) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the three months ending 31st October, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Wednesday, the first day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st October, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. HAY,
General manager.

Toronto, 20th September, 1916. 14–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R. S. C. CHAP., 115.

THE Glenwood Natural Gas Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the County of Kent at the City of Chatham, a description of the site and plans of certain piers proposed to be built in Lake Erie in front of lots Nos. 165 to 187 (both inclusive) in the Townships of Romney and East Tilbury, County of Kent and Province of Ontario.

The approval asked for is

1. To be allowed to modify the specification for building piers authorized under Order in Council No. 2851 this modification to apply to such of the piers as have been authorized but not built.

2. To be allowed to put down additional wells which are Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 in accordance with the modified specifications.

3. To be allowed to build piers Nos. 9 and 10 in accordance with drawing No. 103 and accompanying specification.

4. Of the changed location of well No. 8 which is not at present in the position approved by the said Order in Council.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, The Glenwood Natural Gas Company, Limited, will. under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said piers.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1916.

THE GLENWOOD NATURAL GAS COMPANY,
14–4 LIMITED.

THE STERLING BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and one half per cent (1½%) for the quarter ending 31st October, inst., (being at the rate of six per cent (6%) per annum), on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches of the Bank on and after the 15th day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed on the 17th of October to the 31st of October, both days inclusive.

By order of the board.

A. H. WALKER.
General manager.

Toronto, 27th September, 1916. 14–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

THE Imperial Oil Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the County of Halifax at Halifax, Nova Scotia, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf proposed to be built in the harbour of Halifax in front of lands adjoining Fort Clarence to the southward on the eastern side of said harbour.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, the Imperial Oil Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Halifax aforesaid this 11th day of October, 1916.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, LIMITED,
McINNES, MELLISH, FULTON & KENNY,
Solicitors,
Halifax, N.S.

16–4

CITY OF BRANTFORD.

NOTICE is hereby given that upon the expiration of one month from the date of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the application can be heard, an application will be made on behalf of the City of Brantford, to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, for a recommendation to the Governor in Council for the sanction of an agreement dated 28th June, 1916, between the said City and the Lake Erie & Northern Railway Company for the sale by the said City to the said Railway Company of a portion of the Grand Valley Railway (so called) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the said agreement.

This notice is given pursuant to the provisions of section 361 of The Railway Act, R.S.C., 1906, chapter 37, and Statutes of Canada, 6-7 George V (1916), chapter 42, section 6.

Dated 10th October, 1916.

H. F. LEONARD,
City Clerk, City of Brantford.

16–5

THE QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Bank will be held at the head office of the said Bank in the City of Quebec, Que., on Tuesday the 28th day of November, A.D. 1916, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering an agreement for the sale by the said The Quebec Bank of its assets to The Royal Bank of Canada, upon the terms set out in such agreement, a copy of which will be mailed to each shareholder with this notice, and, if deemed advisable, of passing a resolution or resolutions approving the said agreement and authorizing the President and General Manager of the Quebec Bank to affix to said agreement the corporate seal of the Bank and to sign and execute the same for and in the name of, and on behalf of the Bank; and also for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, of passing all such other and further resolutions for fully carrying out the said agreement and the terms thereof as the shareholders shall consider expedient or advisable, and for the purpose of authorizing the board of directors to give all such notices and make all such applications and to pass and execute all such other acts, resolutions, deeds, instruments, matters and things as may be deemed necessary for procuring the assent of the Governor in Council to the said agreement, and for carrying out the same and distributing the proceeds of the said sale.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec, 10th October, 1916. 16–7

THE SAINT JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE—The Saint John and Quebec Railway Company has deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and the Registrar of Kings County, Province of New Brunswick, a plan and description of the site of the proposed bridge across the Jones' Creek in the Parish of Greenwich, County of Kings, in the Province of New Brunswick, mile 57.

Take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Saint John and Quebec Railway Company will apply to the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plan and for permission to construct the said bridge.

THE SAINT JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY,
EDWARD GIROUARD,
Secretary.

Dated at Fredericton, N.B., this 27th day of September, 1916. 15–4

THE MOLSONS BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Molsons Bank will be held at its banking-house, in this City, on Monday the 6th of November next at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By the order of the Board.

EDWARD C. PRATT,
General manager.

Montreal, 4th October, 1916. 15–4

CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of The Pension Fund Societies Act, chapter 123, R.S.C., La Société de la Caisse de Retraite de la Banque d'Hochelaga has been incorporated according to the said Act, and that its principal place of business is situated at civic No. 112, St. James, at Montreal.

Ernest Guimont is the secretary of the society, upon whom all legal process may be served.

Montreal, this 3rd October, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

LA SOCIÉTÉ DE LA CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA,
ERNEST GUIMONT,
Secretary.

15-4

THE F. E. PARTRIDGE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW No. 46.

"THE Company's head office in Canada shall be in the City of Guelph, in the Province of Ontario.
"The company may also have offices at such other "places either in the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere "as the board of directors may appoint."

—

I, F. M. Ker, secretary of The F. E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of By-law No. 46 of The F. E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited, as enacted by the board of directors of the said company at a meeting of directors, held in the City of Montreal on the 29th day of September, 1916, at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon, and that the said by-law was approved by a vote of all of the shareholders of the said company at a meeting of shareholders, held at the City of Montreal on the 30th day of September, 1916, at 11.45 o'clock in the forenoon.

In witness whereof I have hereunto affixed my hand and the corporate seal of the company, at the City of Guelph, this fifth day of October, A.D. 1916.

[L.S.] F. M. KER,
Secretary.

16-1

CEMENT PRODUCTS CO. OF CANADA, LTD.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Province of Quebec, District of Quebec. No. 1145. } SUPERIOR COURT.

IN THE MATTER OF :

THE Cement Products Company of Canada, Limited, manufacturers of the products of cement, having its head office in the City of Quebec, Province of Quebec, in liquidation.

Notice is hereby given that in virtue of an order of the Court, dated the twenty-second day of September, 1916, the undersigned was appointed liquidator, and Ernest F. Wurtele, inspector of the above estate, and the powers of the directors are continued.

All persons having claims against this company are requested to file them with me, attested under oath, within one month from this date.

Signed S. C. FOWLER,
Liquidator.

Office : Canadian Bank of Commerce Bldg.,
No. 70 St. Paul Street, Quebec, Que.

5th October, 1916. 16–1

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NOTICE No. 104.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of thirteen per cent per annum upon the capital stock of this bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending the 31st day of October, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office in this City, and its branches on and after Wednesday, the 1st day of November, 1916, to shareholders of record of the 23rd of October, 1916.

By order of the Board,

G. P. SCHOLFIELD,
General manager.

Toronto, 27th September, 1916. 14-1–16–1

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, CHAPTER 115.

THE Empire Elevator Company, Limited, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company hereby give notice that they have, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Thunder Bay at the City of Port Arthur, Ontario, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf or dock proposed to be built in Thunder Bay, at the mouth of the Kaministiquia River, on a portion of the water lot or lands covered by the waters of Thunder Bay lying east and in front of lots 17 and 18 in Concession "K" of the Township of Neebing Additional, now in the City of Fort William in the District of Thunder Bay.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Empire Elevator Company, Limited, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf and dock.

Dated at Fort William, Ontario, this sixth day of October, 1916.

EMPIRE ELEVATOR CO. LTD., AND CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.,
Per MORRIS & BABE,
Their solicitors.

16–4

THE VANCOUVER, FRASER VALLEY AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of The Vancouver, Fraser Valley and Southern Railway Company will be held at the offices of the company, 425 Carrall Street, Vancouver, B.C., on Friday, the 10th day of November, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon.

Dated at Vancouver, the 4th day of October, 1916.

J. V. ARMSTRONG,
Secretary.

16-4

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 7 octobre 1916.

THOMAS COTTON, de Halcourt, dans la province d'Alberta, cultivateur : Commissaire pour faire prêter serment en vertu des dispositions de la *Loi de la naturalisation*, étant le chapitre 77 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906.

RICHARD KEEVES, de Bezanson, dans la province d'Alberta, marchand : Commissaire pour faire prêter serment en vertu de la *Loi de la naturalisation*, étant le chapitre 77 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906.

PROCLAMATIONS.

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

W. STUART EDWARDS, pour le Sous-Ministre de la Justice, Canada.

ATTENDU que dans et par la Partie XII, de la *Loi de la marine marchande au Canada*, chapitre 113, Statuts revisés, 1906, il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que la dite Partie XII s'appliquera aux ports seulement qui sont désignés à cet effet de temps à autre par proclamation ;

ET ATTENDU que par un arrêté de Notre Gouverneur en conseil, en date du dix-neuvième jour de septembre, A.D. 1916, le port de Pender, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, est désigné comme un port auquel la dite Partie XII s'appliquera, et il est déclaré que les limites du port seront comme suit :—

"Comprenant toutes les eaux du port de Pender et "du détroit de Malaspina, y compris les parties des "cours d'eau, anses, etc., baignées par la marée et des "bancs jusqu'à la marque des hautes eaux, comprises "entre des lignes droites tirées de l'extrémité de la "pointe Norman jusqu'à la tangente nord de l'île Pear-"son, et de la tangente ouest de l'île Pearson jusqu'à "la tangente ouest de la pointe Francis et de la tan-"gente sud de la pointe Francis franc est par compas "jusqu'à la terre ferme de la péninsule Sechelt,—

SACHEZ DONC, que par et en vertu de l'autorité qui nous est conférée par la dite Partie XII et le dit arrêté en conseil respectivement, Nous proclamons et déclarons que la dite Partie XII s'appliquera désormais au dit port de Pender, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis de prendre connaissance et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très cher et Bien-aimé Oncle et Très fidèle Conseiller le Feld-maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Prince ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, Duc de Connaught et Strathearn, comte de Sussex (dans la pairie du Royaume-Uni), Prince du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Duc de Saxe, Prince de Saxe-Cobourg et Gotha ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très noble de la Jarretière ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très ancien et Très noble du Chardon ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très illustre de Saint-Patrice ; l'un de Notre Très honorable Conseil Privé ; Grand Maître de Notre Ordre Très honorable du Bain ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très exalté de l'Etoile de l'Inde ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très éminent de l'Empire Indien ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria ; Notre Aide-de-camp personnel ; Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef de Notre Puissance du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'Ottawa ce DIX-NEUVIÈME jour de SEPTEMBRE en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, et de Notre règne la septième.

Par ordre,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

15-3

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à mardi, le douzième jour du mois de septembre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa : SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada, en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, SAMEDI, le VINGT ET UNIÈME jour du mois d'OCTOBRE prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN : Notre Très cher et Bien-aimé Oncle et Très Fidèle Conseiller le Feld-maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Prince ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, Duc de Connaught et Strathearn, comte de Sussex (dans la pairie du Royaume-Uni), Prince du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Duc de Saxe, Prince de Saxe-Cobourg et Gotha ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très noble de la Jarretière, Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très ancien et Très noble du Chardon ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très illustre de Saint-Patrice ; l'un de Notre Très honorable Conseil Privé ; Grand Maître de Notre Ordre Très honorable du Bain ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très exalté de l'Etoile de l'Inde ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très éminent de l'Empire Indien ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria ; Notre Aide-de-Camp personnel ; Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef de Notre Puissance du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce HUITIÈME jour de SEPTEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie pour le Canada.

11-tf

[La proclamation suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* Gazette du Canada, daté *le 10 octobre 1916.*]

PAR LE ROI.

Proclamation à l'effet d'ajouter certains item et faire certaines modifications à la liste des articles qui doivent être traités comme contrebande de guerre.

GEORGE R. I.

ATTENDU que le 14e jour d'octobre 1915, Nous avons lancé Notre proclamation royale mentionnant les articles que Nous avions l'intention de traiter comme contrebande de guerre durant les hostilités ou jusqu'à ce que Nous en donnions un nouvel avis public ;

Et attendu que le 27e jour de janvier 1916, le 12e jour d'avril 1916 et le 27e jour de juin 1916 Nous avons par Nos proclamations royales de ces dates, fait certaines additions et modifications à la liste des articles qui doivent être traités comme contrebande de guerre ;

Et attendu qu'il est opportun de faire de nouveau certaines additions et modifications à la dite liste,—

En conséquence, Nous déclarons par les présentes, par et avec l'avis de Notre Conseil privé, que pendant la durée de la guerre ou jusqu'à ce que Nous en donnions un nouvel avis public, les articles suivants seront traités comme contrebande de guerre absolue outre ceux inscrits dans Nos proclamations royales ci-dessus mentionnées ;—

Matériaux isolants, bruts et fabriqués ; acides gras ; alliages de cadmium et albumine de minerai de cadmium.

Et Nous déclarons en outre qu'à compter de la présente date les modifications suivantes seront faites à l'Annexe I de Notre proclamation royale du 14e jour d'octobre 1915 susdite.

Pour l'item 6, " cire de paraffine," sera substitué " cires de tous genres."

Et Nous déclarons en outre que l'article suivant, à compter de la présente date, sera traité comme contrebande conditionnelle outre ceux indiqués dans Notre proclamation royale ci-dessus mentionnée :

Levain.

Donné à Notre Cour au Palais de Buckingham, ce TROISIÈME jour d'OCTOBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, et de Notre règne la septième.

DIEU SAUVE LE ROI. 16–3

DÉPÊCHES, Etc.

(Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la London Gazette *du 25 août 1916.)*

War Office,
26 août 1916.

MANDAT ROYAL INSTITUANT UNE AGRAFE POUR L'ORDRE DU SERVICE DISTINGUÉ.

ATTENDU que Nous désirons que soient reconnus les nouveaux services distingués dans le cas d'officiers qui ont déjà été décorés de l'Ordre du Service Distingué :—

C'est Notre désir et plaisir et Nous ordonnons par le présent que ceux qui, après avoir rendu des services pour lesquels l'Ordre du Service Distingué est décerné, accompliront de nouveau un acte de bravoure approuvé, qui, s'ils n'avaient pas déjà reçu l'Ordre, leur donnerait le droit de l'obtenir, recevront une agrafe qui sera attachée au ruban par lequel l'Ordre est suspendu et pour chaque tel acte additionnel, une agrafe additionnelle pourra être ajoutée.

Donné à Notre Cour à St. James, le 23e jour d'août 1916, dans la septième année de Notre règne.

Par ordre de Sa Majesté,

15–3 D. LLOYD GEGRGE.

(Extrait de la London Gazette *du 8 septembre 1916.)*

A la cour au château de Windsor, le 7e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

Sa Très Excellente Majesté le Roi en Conseil.

ATTENDU que par l'arrêté dit " The Aliens Restriction (Consolidation) Order, 1916," (ci-après désigné l'arrêté principal), il a plu à Sa Majesté, dans l'exercice des pouvoirs qui lui sont conférés par la loi dite " The Aliens Restriction Act, 1914," d'imposer des restrictions relatives aux aubains, et de faire divers règlements et mettre ces restrictions en vigueur ;

Et attendu que l'arrêté principal a été étendu et modifié par des arrêtés en conseil subséquents, et qu'il est opportun de modifier les dispositions de l'arrêté principal de la manière ci-après énoncée,—

En conséquence, il plaît à Sa Majesté, par et avec l'avis de Son Conseil privé, d'ordonner et il est ordonné comme suit :

L'article suivant sera inséré après l'article 22*a* de l'arrêté principal :

22*b*. A compter du premier jour d'octobre 1916, nul ne prendra des mesures pour obtenir les services d'aubains ou de tout aubain qui n'est pas dans le Royaume-Uni, sauf pour travailler aux munitions dans le Royaume-Uni, à moins d'en avoir obtenu la permission écrite du Board of Trade, et subordonnément aux conditions spéciales ou générales que le Board of Trade pourra imposer.

15–3 ALMERIC FITZROY.

[*Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la* London Gazette *du 25 août 1916.*]

War Office,
26 août 1916.

LA CROIX MILITAIRE. MANDAT ROYAL REVISÉ.

GEORGE CINQ par la Grâce de Dieu Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes : A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront, Salut :—

ATTENDU que par Notre Mandat Royal sous Notre Seing Manuel daté le 28 décembre 1914, Nous avons institué et créé une nouvelle décoration intitulée " La Croix Militaire " décernée aux officiers de certains grades dans notre armée en récompense de services distingués et méritoires en temps de guerre :

Et attendu que Nous désirons que certains changements soient faits aux règlements concernant la dite décoration, Nous ordonnons par le présent que les dispositions de Notre dit Mandat Royal soient cancellées et que les règlements suivants leur soient substitués :—

Premièrement.—Il est ordonné que la croix sera désignée " La Croix Militaire."

Deuxièmement.—Il est ordonné que la croix militaire consistera en une croix d'argent ayant sur chaque bras notre couronne Impériale et portant au centre les lettres G.R.I.

Troisièmement.—Il est ordonné que personne ne pourra obtenir cette décoration, ni y être nommée à moins d'être un capitaine, un officier subalterne ou un sous-officier à brevet de la 1ère classe ou de la 2e classe dans Notre armée ou dans Nos forces militaires de l'Inde ou des Colonies, et que la Croix Militaire ne sera décernée qu'aux officiers des grades ci-dessus mentionnés après qu'une recommandation Nous aura été faite à cet effet par Notre Principal Secrétaire d'Etat pour la Guerre.

Quatrièmement.—Il est ordonné que les officiers étrangers d'un grade équivalent à ceux ci-dessus mentionnés, qui ont pris part à des opérations militaires avec Notre armée ou Nos forces militaires de l'Inde ou des Colonies, pourront obtenir la Croix Militaire.

Cinquièmement.—Il est ordonné que ceux qui, après avoir rendu des services pour lesquels la Croix Militaire est décernée, accomplissent subséquemment un acte de bravoure approuvé qui, s'ils n'avaient pas reçu la Croix leur donnerait le droit de l'obtenir recevront

une agrafe qui sera attachée au ruban par lequel la Croix est suspendue, et pour chaque tel acte additionnel une agrafe additionnelle pourra être ajoutée.

Sixièmement.—Il est ordonné que les noms de ceux auxquels il Nous fera plaisir de décerner cette décoration seront publiés dans la *London Gazette*, et qu'un registre de ces noms sera tenu au bureau de Notre Principal Secrétaire d'Etat pour la Guerre.

Septièmement.—Il est ordonné que la Croix Militaire sera portée immédiatement après les ordres et avant toutes les décorations et médailles (sauf la Croix de Victoria seulement) et sur le côté gauche de la poitrine pendue à un ruban d'un pouce et trois huitièmes de large qui sera de couleur blanche avec une bande pourpre.

Huitièmement.—Il est ordonné que la Croix Militaire ne confèrera pas de préséance individuelle mais permettra au récipiendaire d'ajouter les lettres C.M. après son nom.

Neuvièmement.—Il est ordonné que toute personne qui aura été déclarée déchue de la Croix Militaire, par un mandat spécial sous Notre Seing Manuel Royal renverra la dite décoration au Bureau de Notre Principal Secrétaire d'Etat pour la Guerre, et son nom sera biffé du Registre dans lequel sont inscrits les noms de ceux à qui la dite décoration a été conférée.

Finalement.—Nous nous réservons à Nous, Nos héritiers et successeurs, le plein pouvoir d'annuler, altérer, abroger, augmenter, interpréter ou Nous dispenser de ces règlements ou de toute partie des dits règlements, par avis donné sous Notre Seing Manuel Royal.

Donné à Notre Cour, à Saint-James, ce vingt-troisième jour d'août mil neuf cent seize, dans la septième année de Notre règne.

Par ordre de Sa Majesté.

D. LOYD GEORGE.

—

MEMORANDUM.

Le présent Mandat est pour être substitué au Mandat original du 28 décembre 1914 et au Mandat supplémentaire du 31 mai 1916. L'insertion des lettres C.M. après le nom de celui qui reçoit la Croix, sous la clause 8 sera mise en vigueur dans la Liste de l'armée du mois d'octobre. 14–3

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[2284]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

ATTENDU que, au nom du bureau de direction pour le Manitoba et le Nord-Ouest du fonds de construction d'églises et presbytères de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada, demande a été faite d'une concession pour les fins d'une église d'un acre de terre situé dans le ¼ sud-ouest de la section 13, township 31, rang 22, à l'ouest du principal méridien;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que la dite demande soit accordée, et les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

En conséquence il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église un acre de terre situé dans le ¼ sud-ouest de la section 13, township 31, rang 22, à l'ouest du principal méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession au bureau de direction pour le Manitoba et le Nord-Ouest du fonds de construction d'églises et presbytères de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14–4 Greffier du Conseil prive.

[2394]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU Comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 29 septembre 1916, représentant que messieurs Alexander Smith et William Henry Fares, de Winnipeg, dans la Province de Manitoba, ont demandé d'acheter les parties des terrains ci-dessous énumérés, autrefois submergés par les eaux du lac Rush et indiquées en rouge sur le tracé ci-annexé du township ;

Le Ministre ajoute que messieurs Smith et Fares ont fait déposer au Ministère de l'Intérieur la preuve démontrant qu'ils sont les propriétaires enregistrés des terrains contigus aux terrains demandés,—

Attendu que la pratique actuelle du Ministère est d'autoriser la vente de parties de quarts de section autrefois submergées aux propriétaires enregistrés de l'autre partie, le Ministre propose que, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 32 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, les terrains en question, comprenant une étendue totale de 851·5 acres, soient vendus à messieurs Smith et Fares aux prix auxquels ils ont été respectivement évalués par un inspecteur de homesteads et aux conditions ordinaires de paiement.

Les terrains en question et leurs valeurs respectives par acre sont comme suit :—

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 16, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du troisième méridien, comprenant 1·5 acres—$6 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ E. du ¼ S.-E. de la section 17, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 59·5 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 17, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 71·4 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 20, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 11·5 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 20, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 120·8 acres—$8 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 19, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 101·0 acres—$6 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 19, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 5·5 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ N. du ¼ N.-O. de la section 18, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 52·4 acres—$9 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 1, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 0·9 acre—$10 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ S. du ¼ S.-E. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 57·0 acres—$10 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 91·0 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-O. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 125·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 14, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 53·0 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ N. du ¼ S.-O. de la section 13, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 60·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 13, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 41·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2312]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 28e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la municipalité rurale de Rosemount, n° 378, de la province de Saskatchewan, a demandé la concession pour les fins d'un cimetière de trois acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-ouest du quart de section sud-ouest de la section 34, township 37, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le ministère de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur ;

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'un cimetière trois acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-ouest du quart sud-ouest de la section 34, township 37, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession à la municipalité rurale de Rosemount, n° 378, de la province de Saskatchewan, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[1820]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 9e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil du 22 janvier 1914 ont été sanctionnés des règlements généraux concernant les trains et les enclenchements usités sur les chemins de fer de l'Etat ;

Et attendu que dans un rapport, daté le 2 septembre 1916, le gérant général des chemins de fer de l'Etat a représenté que, à cause de récentes améliorations dans le mécanisme d'enclenchement des signaux du *block-system*, et dans le but d'assurer la sécurité dans le mouvement des trains, il est expédient et nécessaire que certains articles des règlements actuels soient abrogés, savoir, certaines des "Définitions et indications" sous le titre "Signaux automatiques du *block-system*" et certaines des "Définitions et indications" sous le titre "Signaux d'enclenchements", et qu'aux dits articles soient substitués les suivants :

Signaux automatiques du block-system.
Définitions et indications.

Section (Block)—Partie d'une voie d'une longueur déterminée, sur laquelle le passage des trains est réglé par les signaux de section (block).

Signal de section (Block signal)—Signal fixe pour régler le passage sur la section (block).

Signal de section contigu (Home block signal)—Signal fixe à l'entrée de la section pour régler l'entrée et le passage sur la section.

Une aile de sémaphore dans une position horizontale indique "Arrêtez" Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière rouge.

Une aile de sémaphore à 90 degrés au-dessus de l'horizontale indique "Passez." Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière verte.

Signal de section à distance (Distant block signal)—Signal fixe relié à un signal de section contigu pour en régler l'approche.

Une aile de sémaphore à 45 degéts au-dessus de l'horizontale indique "Passez de manière à arrêter au signal suivant." Dans la même position la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière jaune.

Une aile de sémaphore à 90 degrés au-dessus de l'horizontale indique "Passez." Dans la même position la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière verte.

L'aile d'un sémaphore dans un signal automatique de section (automatic block signal) se termine en une pointe qui indique "Arrêtez et passez." La face est peinte en jaune avec une barre et le revers en noir avec une barre blanche.

Feux marqueurs—Les signaux automatiques portent une lumière blanche luniforme pour indiquer la forme de l'aile du signal, et se trouve à six pieds au-dessous de la lumière du signal. Un feu marqueur placé verticalement au-dessous de la lumière du signal indique que l'aile a une extrémité carrée ; placé diagonalement au-dessous de la lumière du signal, il indique une aile pointue.

Indicateur—Appareil "ordinairement manœuvré en rapport avec une aiguille", pour indiquer la position du signal auquel il réfère. Il porte une aile de petite dimension ou un disque qui prend la position d'arrêt quand le signal de section contigu prend la position d'arrêt, ou quand un train est près de s'engager sur la section. Aux croisements de la voie principale, les indicateurs placés près de chacune des voie, à l'aiguille, réfère au signal qui protège la section (block) sur l'autre voie.

Block-system automatique—Succession de sections (blocks) consécutives dont les signaux sont manœuvrés au moyen de l'électricité, de l'air ou d'un mécanisme quelconque mis en activité par le passage d'un train ou par certaines conditions résultant de la manœuvre sur la section (block).

SIGNAUX D'ENCLENCHEMENT.

Définitions et indications.

Enclenchement.—Disposition d'aiguilles, de clefs et de signaux reliés entre eux de façon à ce que leurs mouvements se suivent nécessairement dans un certain ordre fixé à l'avance.

Mécanisme d'enclenchement.—Ensemble des appareils d'aiguillage, de clefs et de signaux enclenchés.

Poste d'enclenchement.—Endroit d'où se manœuvre le mécanisme d'enclenchement.

Signaux d'enclenchement.—Signaux fixes d'un mécanisme d'enclenchement.

Signal contigu (Home signal)—Signal fixe pour règler le mouvement des trains sur une voie ou des voies, et placé à un point où les trains doivent s'arrêter quand la voie est fermée.

Une aile de sémaphore dans la position horizontale indique "Arrêtez." Dans la même position la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière rouge.

Une aile de sémaphore à soixante degrés au dessous, ou 90 degrés au-dessous de l'horizontale indique "Passez." Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière verte.

Signal à distance—Signal fixe relié à un signal contigu (home signal) pour en régler l'approche.

Une aile de sémaphore à 45 degrés au-dessus de l'horizontale indique "Passez de manière à vous arrêter au prochain signal." Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière jaune.

Une aile de sémaphore à 60 degrés au-dessous, ou 90 degrés au-dessus, de l'horizontale indique "Passez." Dans la même position, la nuit, le sémaphore porte une lumière verte.

Signal minuscule (dwarf signal)—Petit signal bas, du genre sémaphore, servant de signal contigu (home signal) pour garder une ou plusieurs voies divergentes ou nouvelles.

Lanterne signal (pot signal)—Un petit signal pour indiquer la position d'une aiguille ou remplacer un signal minuscule (dwarf signal).

Voie—Le chemin que prend un train en passant d'un point à un autre, surtout un chemin habituel ou fixé à l'avance, ou toutes combinaisons possibles d'embranchements ou croisements sur lesquels le train passe par un mécanisme d'enclenchement.

En conséquence, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur Général en conseil de sanctionner l'adoption des règlements établis comme ci-dessus en remplacement de ces parties ci-dessus mentionnées des règlements sanctionnés par l'arrêté en conseil du 22 janvier 1914.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[L'arrêté en conseil suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 10 octobre 1916.*]

[2363]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'il est représenté que certaines personnes cherchent à obtenir des commissions pour faire accorder des entreprises par la Commission impériale des munitions sous le prétexte que ces dites personnes ont auprès de la commission une influence qui leur permet de faire accorder ces entreprises ;

Et attendu que, pour les mêmes considérations qui ont conduit à la promulgation de l'article 158 du Code criminel, il est jugé nécessaire de prohiber la sollicitation ou l'acceptation de commissions ou de récompenses dans de telles circonstances, et d'imposer les mêmes peines,—

A ces causes, aux fins d'empêcher de telles pratiques, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil d'établir par les présentes le règlement suivant, savoir :—

RÈGLEMENT.

Est coupable d'un acte criminel et passible d'une amende d'au moins cent dollars et n'excédant pas mille dollars, et d'emprisonnement pour un terme n'excédant pas une année et d'au moins un mois, et, à défaut du paiement de l'amende, à l'emprisonnement pour un autre terme n'excédant pas six mois, quiconque possédant ou prétextant posséder de l'influence auprès du gouvernement, demande, exige, stipule, sollicite ou reçoit ou offre ou tente d'obtenir ou recevoir une compensation, une commission, un honoraire, ou une récompense quelconque pour faire accorder ou aider à obtenir, par lui-même ou par une autre personne, une entreprise, une commande ou un autre bénéfice du Gouvernement ; ou qui offre, promet ou paye dans de telles circonstances et pour les fins susmentionnées, ou pour aucune d'entre elles, une compensation, une commission, un honoraire ou une récompense comme susdit.

Le mot "Gouvernement," pour les fins du présent règlement, signifie et comprend le Gouvernement de Sa Majesté, soit pour le Royaume-Uni soit pour le Canada, et tout Ministre ou fonctionnaire qui en fait partie, ainsi que tout officier, tout bureau et toute commission nommés ou établis par Sa Majesté ou par un Ministre de la Couronne, ou par tout autre fonctionnaire ou toute autre autorité qui fait partie du Gouvernement de Sa Majesté, soit pour le Royaume-Uni soit pour le Canada.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16-2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2268]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 19 septembre 1916, représentant que M. Frank A. Collins, surintendant des terres des écoles à Winnipeg, a recommandé qu'il soit fait au cours du présent automne des ventes à l'enchère de terres des écoles dans les provinces de la Saskatchewan et de l'Alberta aux endroits suivants, savoir : Kamsack, Lac Blaine et Biggar, dans la province de la Saskatchewan, et à Provost, Sedgewick et Chinook, dans la province de l'Alberta ;

Que, avant de faire les arrangements pour ces ventes, les premiers ministres de la Saskatchewan et de l'Alberta ont été consultés quant à la sagesse de mettre à l'enchère des terres des écoles dans ces provinces au cours de cette année ;

Que, en réponse, une lettre du Trésorier provincial de la Saskatchewan déclarait que son ministère était d'avis que le présent automne était une époque convenable pour mettre à l'enchère les terres des écoles au Lac Blaine et à Biggar dans cette province ;

Que le premier ministre de l'Alberta a aussi signifié que son ministère approuvait les dites ventes dans la province de l'Alberta ;

Le Ministre, étant d'avis, d'après les représentations qui lui ont été faites qu'il serait dans l'intérêt du fonds des terres des écoles de mettre à l'enchère des terres des écoles aux endroits susmentionnés au cours du présent automne, recommande que le Conseil donne l'autorisation nécessaire à ces fins. Les terres en question seront inspectées avant que les ventes aient lieu et des mises à prix seront fixées suffisantes pour sauvegarder les intérêts du fonds des terres scolaires ;

Les ventes se feront aussi selon les conditions stipulées dans la *Loi des terres fédérales* en ce qui concerne la mise à l'enchère des terres des écoles ;

Un arrêté en conseil du 12 février 1916, autorisait la mise à l'enchère de terres des écoles dans la province du Manitoba, à Rossburn, Glenella et Dauphin, au cours des mois de juillet et juin derniers, alors qu'il a été fait aussi des ventes à l'enchère à plusieurs endroits dans les provinces de la Saskatchewan et de l'Alberta, mais comme l'inspection des terres qui devaient être mises à l'enchère au Manitoba a été beaucoup retardée à cause de la saison avancée, il a été impossible de mettre à l'enchère à cette époque les terres des écoles au Manitoba,—

En conséquence, le Ministre recommande que soit autorisée la vente des dites terres à Rossburn, Glenella et Dauphin au cours du présent automne.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2195]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 19e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe (*c*) de l'article 38 de la *Loi de l'immigration*, 9–10 Edouard VII, et, en vue de l'encombrement du marché de la main-d'œuvre, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, de décréter par ces présentes ce qui suit :

Est prohibé du 1er jour d'octobre 1916 jusqu'au 31e jour de mars 1917, le débarquement aux ports d'entrée de la Colombie-Britannique ci-dessous spécifiés des émigrants des catégories et métiers suivants :

Artisans ; journaliers, experts ou non.

Le présent arrêté en conseil s'applique aux ports d'entrée suivants de la Colombie-Britannique :

Vancouver,	Ganges Harbour,	Paterson,
Victoria,	Douglas,	Aldergrove,
New Westminster,	Gateway,	Rykerts,
Nanaïmo,	Grand Forks,	Rossland,
Prince Rupert,	Huntingdon,	Stewart,
Port Simpson,	Kamloops,	Union Bay,
Anyox,	Keremeos,	Upper Sumas,
Atlin,	Kingsgate,	Waneta,
Chilliwack,	Ladner,	Pacific Highway,
Bridesville,	Myncaster,	White Rock,
Chopaka,	Ladysmith,	Mission Junction,
Carson,	Midway,	Whales Island,
Cascade,	Steveston,	Newport,
Comox,	Chemainus,	Alberni.
Osoyoos,	Powell River.	White Pass.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2285]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que demande a été faite par les syndics de l'Eglise baptiste Good Hope de Keystone, dans la province de l'Alberta, de la concession pour les fins d'une église de 10 acres de terre situés à l'angle nord-est de la subdivision légale n° 8, de la section 15, township 48, rang 4, à l'ouest du 5e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que ladite demande soit accordée, et les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

En conséquence il plaît Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église 10 acres de terre situés à l'angle nord-est de la subdivision légale n° 8 de la section 15, township 48, rang 4, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession aux syndics de l'église Baptiste Good Hope de Keystone, dans la province de l'Alberta, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2429]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

CONSIDÉRANT qu'il serait utile, en exécution des pouvoirs conférés par l'article II de la *Loi du contrôle des semences*, d'établir des qualités spéciales de grain de semence, exclusivement pour servir de semence, sans affecter aucunement les qualités commerciales établies sous l'autorité de la *Loi des grains du Canada ;*

Considérant que le premier objet de l'établissement d'une qualité spéciale de grain de semence est de créer un bon approvisionnement de blés Red Fife et Marquis, d'avoine blanche et d'orge à six rangs, propres, de qualité supérieure, raisonnablement purs, en ce qui concerne la variété et le type, et d'offrir ces grains à un prix minimum à tous les cultivateurs, les marchands et les commerçants qui vendent des semences dans le but principal d'améliorer les récoltes, il plaît au Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 2 de la *Loi du contrôle des semences*, d'ordonner par ces présentes ce qui suit :—

La nomenclature des qualités de grain de semence sera la suivante, ces qualités ayant été revisées et approuvées par l'inspecteur en chef des grains et recommandées pour approbation par le Ministre de l'Agriculture, savoir :

L'avoine de semence de l'ouest du Canada No 1 sera composée d'avoine No 1 ou No 2 de l'Ouest (No 1 or No 2 Canada Western seed oats,) comprendra 95% d'avoine blanche, saine, propre, sans mélange d'autres grains et sans graines de mauvaises herbes dangereuses, dans la limite prescrite par la *Loi du contrôle des semences*, et ne pèsera pas moins de 34 livres au bo sseau.

L'orge de semence de l'ouest du Canada n° 3 (No 3 Canada Western seed barley) sera composée de la variété à six rangs ; elle sera saine, bien nourrie, sans mélange d'autres grains, de bonne couleur, sans graines de mauvaises herbes dangereuses, dans la limite prescrite par la *Loi du contrôle des semences* et ne pèsera pas moins de 45 livres au boisseau.

Le blé de semence du nord du Manitoba n° 1, (No 1 Manitoba Northern seed wheat) sera composé de 85% de Red Fife ou de 85% de blé Marquis, sain, propre, sans mélange d'autres grains, sans graines de mauvaises herbes dangerenses, dans la limite prescrite par la *Loi du contrôle des semences*, et ne pèsera pas moins de 60 livres au boisseau.

Les blés de semence n° 1 Red Fife et Marquis seront tenus séparément.

Le blé de semence n° 2 sera composé des blés du nord des qualités n° 2 ou n° 3, ou des variétés Red Fife ou Marquis n° 4 légèrement endommagées par la gelée ; ce blé de semence, après avoir été nettoyé de nouveau, devra être pratiquement exempté de graines étrangères et de graines de mauvaises herbes et ne peser pas moins de 58 livres au boisseau.

Les blés de semence n° 2 Red Fife et Marquis seront tenus séparément.

On n'acceptera pas, comme semence, du grain qui ne pourrait être nettoyé sans une forte réduction de volume.

Les inspecteurs de semence se conformeront aux règlements qui précèdent pour le classement du grain de semence; mais, comme les opérations de ces inspecteurs dépendent des opérations des inspecteurs de grain et font suite à ces dernières, en ce qui concerne le grain qui doit être examiné au point de vue de son aptitude à servir comme semence, les inspecteurs de semence restent sujets à l'approbation de l'inspecteur en chef des grains ou de son député dans toutes les questions de méthodes et d'assiduité à remplir leurs fonctions ; quant à l'efficacité et à l'exactitude des travaux techniques, les inspecteurs de semence sont responsables au Ministre de l'Agriculture.

Ces inspecteurs de semence sont autorisés à certifier au sortir de l'élévateur, les grains classés pour la semence, suivant les règlements qui précèdent.

L'arrêté en conseil daté le 30 septembre 1915, établissant des qualités spéciales de grains de semence, est par ces présentes rescindé.

Le présent arrêté en conseil sera publié deux fois dans la *Gazette du Canada.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[30/2323]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT:

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU Bureau du Trésor a été soumis un mémoire de l'honorable Ministre de l'Intérieur représentant que M. Harry Chawner Adams a obtenu, le 5 novembre 1912, par script des volontaires de la guerre Sud-Africaine, la concession de la moitié est de la section 6, township 40, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ; que d'après les renseignements reçus l'inscrit ne s'est acquitté d'aucune des obligations de résidence sur le terrain même, vu qu'il lui a été impossible d'y trouver de l'eau, mais qu'il a résidé sur le terrain qu'il avait acheté, soit le quart sud-est de la section 7, dans le même township et le même rang, du 1er mai 1912 au 15 septembre 1913, alors qu'il fut obligé de cesser d'y résider pour cause de maladie ; que les améliorations sur la concession ci-dessus mentionnée consistent en clôture pour 160 acres de terrain, et que l'inscrit était le propriétaire du bétail suivant : en 1912, 171 têtes de bétail ; en 1913, 391 têtes de bétail ; en 1914, 60 têtes de bétail.

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande que M. Adams soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence conformément aux dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20, chapitre 20, 7–8 Edouard VII, afin que la patente gratuite de son terrain puisse lui être accordée dès qu'il aura été prouvé de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le Bureau du Trésor agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,
OTTAWA, 1er août 1916.

O.G. 72.

ORGANISATION.

LE CAMP DE VALCARTIER, LE CAMP DE PETAWAWA, LE CAMP BORDEN ET LE CAMP HUGHES SERONT DES DISTRICTS MILITAIRES TEMPORAIRES.

1. Conformément à l'autorisation contenue dans l'article 21(*a*) de la *Loi de la milice*, les parties du Canada ci-après mentionnées furent formées, le 1er janvier 1916, en districts militaires temporaires tels que décrits plus bas, savoir :—

(*a*) Une étendue de territoire circulaire dans le comté de Québec, dans la province de Québec, fut détachée du district militaire n° 5 et fut formée en un district militaire désigné "District militaire de Valcartier," avec quartier général au camp qui y est établi. Le bureau de poste de Valcartier se trouve au centre de la dite étendue de territoire circulaire, et elle a un rayon de dix milles.

(*b*) Le territoire composé des townships de Petawawa, McKay, Wylie et Buchanan, dans le comté de Renfrew, dans la province d'Ontario, fut détaché du district militaire n° 3 et formé en un district militaire désigné "District militaire de Petawawa."

(*c*) L'étendue de territoire composée des townships de Tossorontio, Sunnidale et Essa, dans le comté de Simcoe, dans la province d'Ontario, fut détachée du district militaire n° 2 et formée en un district militaire désigné "District militaire du camp Borden," avec quartier général au camp permanent qui y est établi.

(*d*) L'étendue de territoire composée des townships 7, 8, 9 et 10, rangs 14, 15, 16 et 17, à l'onest du méridien principal, dans la province de Manitoba, fut détachée du district militaire n° 10 et fut formée en un district militaire désigné "District militaire du camp Hughes," avec quartier général au camp qui y est établi.

2. L'officier qui a été ou qui sera de temps à autre à l'avenir désigné dans les ordres de la milice comme commandant de l'un des districts militaires ainsi créés a été, et durant son terme d'office il sera l'officier de district commandant le district dans lequel ce camp est situé, avec pleine autorisation d'y exercer tous les pouvoirs qui sont conférés à un officier commandant de district par les règlements.

(Q.G. 142-8-1).

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O.G. 73.

MILICE DE RÉSERVE.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 12. — L'organisation d'une compagnie de la milice de réserve, avec chef-lieu à Lloydminster, Sask., est autorisée.

Q.G. 32-24-6.)

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O.G. 74.

DECORATIONS ET MÉDAILLES.

1. DÉCORATION DES OFFICIERS DES TROUPES AUXILIAIRES COLONIALES.

Les officiers sous-mentionnés ont reçu la décoration des officiers des troupes auxiliaires coloniales, en vertu des dispositions du mandat royal daté le 18 mai 1899, et de l'ordre général 132 de novembre 1901 :—

GRADE.	NOM.	CORPS.
Lieut.-colonel....	S. H. Hill.....	8e régiment (Royal Rifles).
"	H. S. Birkett.....	S. S. de l'A.
"	John B. MacLean. .	O. R.
Major	Lionel C. Soy	13e régiment royal.
"	H. F. Adams.	63e régim. (Halifax Rifles).
Capitaine et major à brevet....	J. E. Morse	69erég. d'Annapolis.

2. MÉDAILLE DE LONG SERVICE DANS LES TROUPES AUXILIAIRES COLONIALES.

Les militaires sous-mentionnés reçoivent la médaille de long service dans les troupes auxiliaires coloniales, en vertu des dispositions du mandat royal daté le 18 mai 1899, et de l'ordre général 132 de novembre 1901 :—

GRADE.	NOM.	CORPS.
Lieut.-colonel....	G. E. Burns.....	Corps des guides.
Lieut.-colonel....	Sandford F. Smith..	G. du C. du G.G.
Major.....	G. Belleau..	9e régiment (Voltigeurs de Québec).
Major	C. V. Campbell....	51e régiment (Soo Rifles).
Major honoraire..	T. C. Grothé.....	85e régiment.
Capitaine et major à brevet....	G. F. Gabriel.	36e régim. de Peel.
Capitaine..... ..	E. A. Vossnack.....	63e régiment (Halifax Rifles).
Capitaine..	E. Dowden.....	66e régiment (Princess Louise Fus.)
Sergent-major d'état-major...	A. E. Clayton.....	Dépôt d'entraînement d'outre-mer No 2, I.M.C.
Maréchal des logis chef de comp. .	Harry Ainsworth...	1er régiment (Halifax).
Sergent-major de compagnie.....	T. W. Ridgeway....	66e régiment (Princess Louise Fus.)
1er sergent.....	Godber Jackson.....	21e régiment (Essex Fusiliers).
1er sergent.....	J. P. Monaghan....	63e régiment (Halifax Rifles).
Maréchal des logis	W. W. Boutilier ...	1er régiment (Halifax) A. de P.C.
Sergent.....	F. L. Barrett.....	25e régiment (Middlesex Lt. Inf.)
Sergent.....	G. L. Dyson.....	34e régiment d'Ontario).
Sergent..	H. G. James.. ...	33e régim. de Huron.
Caporal.....	J. E. Tessier dit Plante.....	9e régiment (Voltigeurs de Québec).
Canonnier.....	Robert Thompson, jeune.....	1er régiment A. de P.C.
Clairon.....	George Andrews....	13e régiment royal.
Soldat.....	William John..... .	37e (Haldimand Rifles).
Soldat.....	Oswald Boutilier....	66e (Princess Louise Fusiliers).

(Q.G. 1825-1-)

3. MÉDAILLE DE LONG SERVICE ET DE BONNE CONDUITE.

Des médailles de long service et de bonne conduite ont été conférées aux sous-officiers et au canonnier ci-dessous nommés:—

Sergent fourrier Richard Aitchison, génie royal canadien.

(Q.G. 1-40-28.)

Maréchal des logis fourrier H. M. Brown, artillerie royale canadienne à cheval.

Q.G. (41-B-12.)

Sergent fourrier M. H. Ford, corps des commis milaires d'état-major.

(Q.G. 28-F-1)

Sergent fourrier Edward J. Ryan, régiment royal canadien.

(Q.G. 51-7-726.)

Sergent fourrier D. F. Scanlon, corps des commis militaires d'état-major.

(Q.G. 28-S-3.)

Maréchal des logis Edwin Beech, artillerie de place royale canadienne, compagnie n° 1.

(Q.G. 51-7-737.)

Caporal William Neil, régiment royal canadien.

(Q.G. 14-2-57.

Canonnier Patrick McCann, artillerie de place royale canadienne, compagnie n° 2.

(Q.G. 51-7-736.)

Par ordre,

W. Westmacott.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,
OTTAWA, 31 août 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O. G. 81.

DISTRICTS.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 11.—Est nommé aide-adjudant général en charge de l'administration du grade d'adjudant d'état-major de district : le capitaine (major temporaire) *F. W. L. Moore, état-major permanent. 11 mars 1916.

TROUPES PERMANENTES.

CORPS DES COMMIS MILITAIRES D'ÉTAT-MAJOR.—Sont nommés officiers commis avec le grade honorifique de lieutenant : les sergents majors (sous-officiers à brevet) *Richard Edwards Apperley, *William Henry Moncrieff Robertson, *John Chessar Armstrong et *Edmund John Harvey. 21 août 1916.

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*Nominations temporaires.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

8E HUSSARDS DE LA PRINCESSE LOUISE, NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Kenneth Seymour Barnes, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

9E CAVALERIE DE MISSISSAUGA.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. K. Kingsmill est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 20 juin 1916.

14E HUSSARDS CANADIENS DE KING.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. D. Spidell a la permission de se retirer. 23 juillet 1916.

20E (BORDER HORSE).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Ritchie Hemphill, gentilhomme. 5 janvier 1916.

29E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Gilbert Nevan Hughes, gentilhomme. 1er mars 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

14E BRIGADE.—13E BATTERIE DE WINNIPEG.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. G. Robertson a la permission de se retirer. 19 juin 1916.

Artillerie de place canadienne.

COMPAGNIE DE SIÈGE DE MONTRÉAL.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Duncan Gordon Campbell, gentilhomme. 4 août 1916.

GÉNIE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Alexander Barclay, gentilhomme. 10 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) E. D. Timmerman, du contingent de l'université McGill, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens. 19 juillet 1916.

George Lewis Burland, gentilhomme. 3 août 1916.

Frank James Nicolas, gentilhomme. 12 août 1916.

CORPS DE DRESSAGE DES OFFICIERS CANADIENS.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ MCGILL.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) E. D. Timmerman est transféré au génie canadien. 19 juillet 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ LAVAL, MONTRÉAL, P.Q.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. J. E. Barcelo est transféré au 65e carabiniers (Mont-Royal). 21 juin 1916.

INFANTERIE.

1ER RÉGIMENT (CANADIAN GRENADIER GUARDS).—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) W. H. Jackson a la permission de se retirer. 22 août 1916.

10E REGIMENT (GRENADIERS ROYAUX.)—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) H. W. S. Vacher est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 20 juin 1916.

11E RÉGIMENT (IRISH FUSILIERS OF CANADA.)—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. F. Macnaghten a la permission de démissionner. 15 août 1916.

12E RÉGIMENT (YORK RANGERS.)—Les lieutenants (surnuméraires) K. C. MacIver et G. C. Newton sont hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 20 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) S. H. McEachern a la permission de se retirer. 18 août 1916.

13E RÉGIMENT ROYAL.—Est nommé major : le capitaine et major à brevet A. D. Zimmerman. 14 août 1916.

20E RÉGIMENT (HALTON RIFLES).—Les lieutenants (surnuméraires) S. R. Wilkins, J. M. Hutcheson, A. H. Parker, sont hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 20 juin 1916.

22E RÉGIMENT (THE OXFORD RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Alexander Cecil Fyfe Hotson, gentilhomme. 8 mai 1916.

24E RÉGIMENT DE KENT.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. M. Blakely est transféré aux services de santé de l'armée. 29 mai 1916.

35E RÉGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Bertram Wood Hutcheson, gentilhomme. 23 mai 1916.

James Norman Hooey, gentilhomme. 14 juillet 1916.

42E RÉGIMENT DE LANARK ET RENFREW.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Robert George Entwistle, gentilhomme. 14 août 1916.

45E RÉGIMENT DE VICTORIA.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. P. Kent est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 20 juin 1916.

63E RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Otto William Lingham, gentilhomme. 12 août 1916.

65E CARABINIERS (MONT ROYAL).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. J. E. Barcelo, du contingent de l'université Laval, Montréal, P.Q., Corps de dressage des officiers canadiens. 21 juin 1916.

77E RÉGIMENT DE WENTWORTH.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) S. E. Lyons est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 20 juin 1916.

90E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Sigurdur Martin Julius Arnason Sigurdson, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

101E RÉGIMENT (EDMONTON FUSILIERS.)—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) G. A. Clayton est transféré au corps des instructeurs des cadets d'écoles. 23 juin 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Horace Greely Barber, gentilhomme. 8 août 1916.

102E RÉGIMENT (ROCKY MOUNTAIN RANGERS.)—Le nom du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) G. F. A. Rutherford est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 25 août 1916.

103E RÉGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Edgar Farren, gentilhomme. 10 juillet 1916.

105E RÉGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : David Alexander Wightman, gentilhomme. 14 août 1916.

107E RÉGIMENT (EAST KOOTENAY.)—Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant H. E. Barnes, *vice* le capitaine provisoire G. F. Stalker, qui est retraité. 25 août 1916.

109E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Donald Gifford Muir Galbraith. 20 juillet 1916.

INTENDANCE MILITAIRE CANADIENNE.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Irwin Burdett Cassidy, gentilhomme. 19 mai 1916.

SERVICES DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE.

Personnel du service de santé militaire.

Sont nommés capitaines : les lieutenants (surnuméraires) :

W. F. Mackay,
D. R. Shewan. 26 octobre 1915.
R. A. Ireland. 2 décembre 1915.
C. C. Tatham. 1er mars 1916.
G. H. Bowlby. 6 juillet 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. M. Blakely, du 24e régiment de Kent. 29 mai 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Robert Dickson Ferguson,
*Wilbur Clouston Lowry, gentilshommes. 10 juillet 1916.

James Simpson Macpherson, gentilhomme. 11 juillet 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Walter John Weaver, gentilhomme. 7 août 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Reginald Stewart MacArthur, gentilhomme. 12 août 1916.

*George Clarence Paine, gentilhomme. 14 août 1916.

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* Pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis en vertu des dispositions de l'Ordre de milice n° 65, 1913.

Les officiers ci-après sont hors cadre pour prendre du service dans les seruices de santé de l'armée royale :—

Les lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

P. B. Brown, 15 juin 1916.
R. D. Ferguson. 10 juillet 1916.

Le grade temporaire de directrice est conféré à la sœur hospitalière E. Bradley, tant qu'elle agira en qualité de directrice de l'hôpital militaire "Onguanada," Kingston, Ont. 7 août 1916.

Sont nommés sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires):—

Frank Montgomery Marshall. 21 juillet 1916.
Beatrice Edith Willians. 27 juillet 1916.
Agnes Thomas. 29 juillet 1916.
Agnes Ethel Handley. 31 juillet 1916.
Berta Smith. 1er août 1916.
Leonie Marie LaChapelle. 8 août 1916.

VÉTÉRINAIRES MILITAIRES CANADIENS.

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. Cowan reprend ses fonctions régimentaires de la liste des officiers hors cadre. 25 mars 1916.

INSTRUCTEURS DES CADETS D'ÉCOLES.

Est nommé lieutenant : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) G. A. Clayton, du 101e régiment (Edmonton Fusiliers). 23 juin 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Les officiers ci-dessous mentionnés obtiennent des grades temporaires comme ci-après :

Est nommé lieutenant-colonel : le major R. B. Simmonds, 66e régiment (Princess Louise Fusiliers), tant qu'il commandera le détachement de Chain-Lakes. 11 août 1914.

Sont nommés majors : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) G. Æ. Shaw, 50e régiment, tant qu'il sera en charge du camp d'internement, Morrissey, C.-B. 1er août 1916.

Mortimer Mowbray McLearn, écuyer, tant qu'il sera en charge des voies ferrées de la tête de ligne au camp Borden. 26 août 1916.

Est nommé capitaine : l'officier commis et lieutenant honoraire G. Sisman, corps des commis militaires d'état-major, tant qu'il remplira les fontions d'aide-adjudant suppléant et quartier-maître général, district militaire n° 11. 11 mars 1916.

Relativement à l'ordre général 76, 1916, *sous* "Memoranda" dans le paragraphe traitant de la promotion du capitaine R. B. S. Burton, 105e régiment (Saskatoon Fusiliers) au grade temporaire de major, *ajoutez* " et avec la solde et les allocations de ce grade."

Sont nommés aumôniers avec le grade honorifique de capitaine :

Le révérend Frank Cecil Harper. 19 juin 1916.
Le révérend William Charles Whyte. 10 juillet 1916.
Le révérend Edward William Hughes. 10 juillet 1916.
Le révérend Joseph Dimock Spiddell. 23 juillet 1916.

Relativement aux ordres généraux Nos 108 et 135, 1915, *sous* 69e régiment d'Annapolis et confirmations respectivement, *pour* " Lloyd Ernest Jongley " *lisez* " Lloyd Ernest Longley ", et " L. E. Longley."

Un grade temporaire dans la milice canadienne, tel que ci-après, est conféré aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :—

Sont nommés lieutenants :

Joseph Clarke Wallace, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1914.
Charles Eldon Sinclair, gentilhomme. 3 mai 1916.
John Ramsey Merrifield, gentilhomme. 29 mai 1916.
Henry Walter Ritchie Gemmel, gentilhomme. 15 juin 1916.
Albert Grounds Peace, gentilhomme. 16 juin 1916.
John Gray Hayward, gentilhomme. 29 juin 1916.
William Douglas Eves Morley, gentilhomme. 7 juillet 1916.
Jeremiah Joseph Sullivan, gentilhomme. 10 juillet 1916.
Alexander Roderick Mackenzie, gentilhomme. 11 juillet 1916.
Robert Maxam Hazelton, gentilhomme. 13 juillet 1916.
Gervase Scott Bush,
George Stanley Duckett,
George Crawford Smyth,
Samuel Greenshields Torrance, gentilshommes. 23 juillet 1916.
Cyril Joseph Decle,
Ernest Alfred Robinson, gentilshommes. 25 juillet 1916.
Lorne Cuthbert Montgomery, gentilhomme 26 juillet 1916
John Wilson Thomson, gentilhomme. 28 juillet 1916.
Douglas Barrington Taylor,
Gerald Earnshaw, gentilshommes. 31 juillet 1916.
Henry Thomas Skelly,
Reuben Smith, gentilshommes. 1er août 1916.
George Ernest MacMullen, gentilhomme. 2 août 1916.
Richard Harvey Lloyd, gentilhomme. 5 août 1916.
Melville Sims Parry, gentilhomme. 8 août 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants honoraires :

William Cochrane Harvey, gentilhomme. 1er juillet 1916.
Frank Arthur Chew,
Albert James Mansell, gentilshommes. 8 juillet 1916.
Douglas Dewar, gentilhomme. 12 juillet 1916.
Albert A. Peachy, gentilhomme. 18 juillet 1916.
Charles Henry Fletcher Nesbit, gentilhomme, 25 juillet 1916.
Frederick Oscar Bovill, gentilhomme. 26 juillet 1916.
Bertram Lewis Lima, gentilhomme. 27 juillet 1916.
Henry George Monger, gentilhomme. 4 août 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le lieutenant E. H. Mansfield, 50e régiment, 5 août 1916.

Le lieutenant W. M. Harris, 107e régiment, 25 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. P. Haliburton, 1er régiment, artillerie de place canadienne, 4 septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. J. O'Connell, 1er régiment, artillerie de place canadienne, 26 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. B. Isnor, 1er régiment, artillerie de place canadienne, 26 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. G. Esther, 1er régiment, artillerie de place canadienne, 27 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. H. Coll, 1er régiment, artillerie de place canadienne, 10 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. C. Thompsou, 5e régiment, artillerie de place canadienne. 6 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. R. Finnick, 5e régiment, artillerie de place canadienne, 8 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. H. de Carteret, 5e régiment, artillerie de place canadienne, 8 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. S. Hamilton, 5e régiment, artillerie de place canadienne, 25 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. B. Timberlake, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (McGill), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. D. Beatson, 6e régiment, 24 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. G. Graham, 6e régiment, 12 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. G. Blair, 6e régiment, 18 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. L. Peers, 6e régiment, 22 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. V. Prenter, 6e régiment, 16 mars 1916..

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. F. T. Stewart, 11e régiment, 15 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. L. Frame, 11e régiment, 4 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. B. Moore, 11e régiment, 14 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. A. W. Laidlaw, 11e régiment, 15 mars 1916,

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. M. Drost, 11e régiment, 28 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire I. Davis, 11e régiment, 29 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. J. Gordon, 11e régiment, 15 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. A. Cameron, 15e régiment, 8 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. V. Thomson, 22e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. D. Montgomery, 22e régiment, 24 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire I. L. McCall, 24e régiment, 28 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. D. Swift, 27e régiment, 30 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. G. Courtney, 50e régiment, 10 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire P. A. King, 50e régiment, 11 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Gray, 50e régiment, 26 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. W. R. Moore, 50e régiment, 28 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. R. McCallum, 50e régiment, 29 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. C. Macdonald, 50e régiment, 30 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. F. McGovern, 55e régiment, 18 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. T. Hewitt, 72e régiment, 27 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. F. Taaffe, 72e régiment, 18 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. J. Simpson, 72e régiment, 22 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. L. Darling, 72e régiment, 6 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. Walker, 72e régiment, 15 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Peters, 74e régiment 21 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. O. Vicars, 102e régiment, 1er février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. H. Reade, 102e régiment, 12 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. W. Duncan, 102e régiment, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. C. Thwaites, 102e régiment, 18 février 1916

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. B. Cash, 102e régiment, 4 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. A. Hewer, 104e régiment, 10 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. G. Rennie, 107e régiment, 11 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. Rosewarn, 107e régiment, 29 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. A. L. F. Smith, 107e régiment, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. H. Seaman, 107e régiment, 23 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire P. Adams, 107e régiment, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. B. Milliken, 107e régiment, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. S. McCreery, 107e régiment, 20 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Brechin, 107e régiment, 25 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. J. Brick, intendance miiitaire canadienne (11e compagnie), 1er septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. A. Wood, intendance militaire canadienne (liste régimentaire) 1er octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. P. Carmichael, intendance militaire canadienne (liste régimentaire), 18 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnumérire W. B. Campbell, intendance militaire canadienne (liste régimentaire), 1er décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. Boyle, intendance militaire canadienne (liste régimentaire), 1er décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. A. Walcot, intendance militaire canadienne (liste régimentaire), 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. C. Orr, intendance militaire canadienne (liste régimentaire), 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. A. Stewart, intendance militaire canadienne, 30 août 1915.

Par ordre

Westmagins.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 7 septembre 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent, sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O. G. 86.

DISTRICTS.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE No 3.—7e brigade d'infanterie.—La durée de la nomination du lieutenant-colonel R. E. Kent, en qualité de commandant de brigade, est prorogée jusqu'au 1er septembre 1917.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 5.—11e brigade d'infanterie.—La durée de la nomination du lieutenant-colonel E. F. Würtele, en qualité de commandant de brigade, est prorogée jusqu'au 1er juillet 1917.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE

9E CAVALERIE DE MISSISSAUGA. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Howard Augustus Bartlett, gentilhomme. 15 juin 1916.

14E HUSSARDS CANADIENS DE KINGS. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Raymond Robbins Haley, gentilhomme. 9 août 1916.

17E HUSSARDS ROYAUX CANADIENS DU DUC D'YORK (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Gordon Hamilton Rochester, gentilhomme. 15 juillet 1916.

28E DRAGONS DU NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Morris James Mullaney, gentilhomme. 1er juillet 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

9E BRIGADE.—5E BATTERIE DE KINGSTON—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Colin Macaulay Vere Hamilton, gentilhomme. 18 août 1916.

14E BRIGADE.—13E BATTERIE DE WINNIPEG.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Harry Garnett, gentilhomme. 10 août 1916.

26E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Thomas Russell MacNutt, gentilhomme. 3 août 1916.

Artillerie lourde.

BRIGADE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE DE MONTRÉAL.—2E BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Franklin George Lemo Beall, gentilhomme. 16 août 1916.

Artillerie de place canadienne.

1ER RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Donald Alexander Forsyth, gentilhomme. 20 août 1916.

Robert Richard Grace Crosby, gentilhomme. 23 août 1916.

James Augustine O'Leary, gentilhomme. 29 août 1916.

5E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Frederick Montague Russell, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

GÉNIE CANADIEN

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) G. G. Bell a la permission de se retirer. 21 août 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) G. H. Burbidge, du 13e régiment royal. 9 août 1916.

Les lieutenants (surnuméraires) R. A. Paul, du 30e régiment (Wellington Rifles), et G. Sproule, du 90e régiment (Winnipeg Rifles). 18 août 1916.

Grover Cairnes Hagedorn, gentilhomme. 23 août 1916.

Ogilvie James Marchbank, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.

5E COMPAGNIE DE CAMPAGNE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le sergent Forde William McCarthy. 17 août 1916.

CORPS DE DRESSAGE DES OFFICIERS CANADIENS.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE TORONTO. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le sergent Harry Mitchell Pearson, gentilhomme. 23 août 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE MANITOBA.—Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant provisoire F. N. Ruttan. 1er juin 1916.

INFANTERIE.

3E RÉGIMENT (VICTORIA RIFLES OF CANADA.) — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Napier Smith, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916

5E RÉGIMENT (ROYAL HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires): Maurice Edward Davis, (jeune), gentilhomme. 3 août 1916.

Campbell Lorne Smart, gentilhomme. 8 août 1916.

Eric Albany Millar, gentilhomme. 30 août 1916

7E RÉGIMENT (FUSILIERS.) — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Lawrence Gurnsey Glass, gentilhomme. 15 août 1916.

9E RÉGIMENT (VOLTIGEURS DE QUÉBEC).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Joseph Louis Lionel Roberge, gentilhomme. 26 août 1916.

12E RÉGIMENT (YORK RANGERS).—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. McNeil a la permission de se retirer. 18 août 1916.

13E RÉGIMENT ROYAL.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) G. H. Burbidge est transféré au génie canadien. 9 août 1916.

30E RÉGIMENT (WELLINGTON RIFLES).—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. A. Paul est transféré au génie canadien. 18 août 1916.

36E RÉGIMENT DE PEEL. — Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Stewart Russell Jarvis, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

James Howard Gourlie, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.

49E RÉGIMENT (HASTINGS RIFLES.) — Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Wilbur Astley MacMullen, gentilhomme. 22 août 1916.

50E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Reginald Dunn, gentilhomme. 27 juin 1916.

52E RÉGIMENT (PRINCE ALBERT VOLUNTEERS.) — Le nom du capitaine G. E. Ellis est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 28 août 1916.

58E RÉGIMENT (WESTMOUNT RIFLES.)—Les lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) W. R. Baillie, T. M. Hubley et L. H. Parsons sont hors cadre. 2 juin 1916.

60E CARABINIERS DU CANADA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Thomas Perkins, gentilhomme. 1er juin 1916.

65E CARABINIERS (MONT-ROYAL.)—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. Laurin a la permission de démissionner. 30 août 1916.

67E RÉGIMENT (CARLETON LIGHT INFANTRY.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Léon Joseph Ruet, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

69E RÉGIMENT D'ANNAPOLIS.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Aubrey Arnold Turnbull, gentilhomme. 21 août 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA). —Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Alexander Martin, gentilhomme. 11 août 1916.

Frank Edwin Dorchester, gentilhomme. 20 août 1916.

73E RÉGIMENT DE NORTHUMBERLAND.— Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Frederick Morrison Girvan, gentilhomme. 14 août 1916.

88E RÉGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS.) — Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : John William Southin, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.

90E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) G. Sproule est transféré au génie canadien. 18 août 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Richard Julius Peter Munch, gentilhomme. 11 juillet 1916.

John Oswald Fernstrom, gentilhomme. 17 juillet 1916.

91E REGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Charles Edwin Lloyd Skedden, gentilhomme. 25 août 1916.

99E (MANITOBA RANGERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Albert Fisher Gledhill, gentilhomme. 27 juin 1916.

100E GRENADIERS DE WINNIPEG.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): John Ronald MacMillan, gentilhomme. 21 août 1916.

103E RÉGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES). — Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Thomas Alison Stewart, gentilhomme. 26 juillet 1916.

Frederick Stanley Albright, gentilhomme. 31 juillet 1916.

104E RÉGIMENT (WESTMINSTER FUSILIERS OF CANADA. Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Norman Allen Watt, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

106E RÉGIMENT (INFANTERIE LÉGÈRE DE WINNIPEG.)— Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires): Charles Ranson Gross, gentilhomme. 19 août 1916.

Stanley George Thomson, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.

SERVICES DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE.

Personnel du service de santé militaire.

Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant (surnuméraire): C. E. A. DeWitt. 21 mai 1914.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Charles William Buckley, gentilhomme. 27 mars 1916.

*William Kidwell Turner, gentilhomme. 29 mars 1916.

Harold Grant Gillissie, gentilhomme. 12 mai 1916.

Arthur Herbert Naylor, gentilhomme. 27 juillet 1916.

*Herbert Spencer White, gentilhomme. 28 juillet 1916.

Harvey Anson Christie,
Samuel Whitehouse, gentilshommes. 1er août 1916.
Charles Howit Elliott, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.

*Pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis en vertu des dispositions de l'Ordre de la milice 65, 1913.

Sont nommés sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) :
Maude Pearl Gaskin. 20 juillet 1916.
Buelah V. Philip. 27 juillet 1916.
Aris McIntyre Crawford. 1er août 1916.

SERVICE DENTAIRE MILITAIRE CANADIEN.

Le nom du lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. P. Gallagher est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 28 août 1916.

Est nommé capitaine : Guy Bernard Manzer, écuyer. 6 juillet 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants (surnuméraires) : Frederick William Tweddle, gentilhomme. 12 juin 1916

Robert William Conn, gentilhomme. 24 juillet 1916.

Le sergent Harry Lyle Smith. 1er août 1916.

Jules Arthur Le Blanc, gentilhomme. 8 août 1916.

VÉTÉRINAIRES MILITAIRES CANADIENS.

Est nommé major : le capitaine W. G. Gilpin. 2 juillet 1915.

MEMORANDA.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré aux officiers ci-dessous mentionnés, avec la solde et les allocations de ce grade, à compter du 1er avril 1916 :

Au capitaine G. K. Thomson, S.D.M.C., tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-directeur, services dentaires, district militaire n° 6.

Au capitaine J. M. Wilson, S.D.M.C., tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-directeur, services dentaires, district militaire n° 3.

Au capitaine J. M. Magee, S.D.M.C., tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-directeur, services dentaires, district militaire n° 4.

Au capitaine A. Dubord, S.D.M.C., tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-directeur, services dentaires, district militaire n° 5.

Au capitaine W. G. Tompson, S.D.M.C., tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-directeur, services dentaires, district militaire n° 2.

Au lieutenant (surnuméraire) F. P. Shaw, S D.M.C., tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-directeur, services dentaires, district militaire n° 1.

Au lieutenant (surnuméraire) T. C. Bruce, S.D.M.C., tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-directeur, services dentaires, district militaire n° 13.

Au lieutenant (surnuméraire) H. T. Minogue, S.D.M.C., tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-directeur, services dentaires, district militaire n° 11.

Au lieutenant (surnuméraire) W. W. Wright, S.D.M.C., tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-directeur, services dentaires, district militaire n° 10.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré au lieutenant J. S. Harvey, 50e régiment, tant qu'il commandera l'unité "J," sous l'autorité de la commission des hôpitaux militaires, 1er septembre 1916.

Sont nommés aumôniers avec le grade honorifique de capitaine :

Le révérend Clarence Mackinnon. 1er mars 1916.

Le révérend William Robert Ramsay Armitage. 23 juin 1916.

Le révérend Edward Moore Jackson Burwash. 20 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant (capitaine temporaire) A. E. Craddock, 5e régiment (British Columbia) A. de P.C., continue à détenir le grade temporaire de capitaine qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre général 22, 1916, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de payeur, unité "J," sous l'autorité de la commission des hôpitaux militaires. 2 septembre 1916.

Relativement à l'ordre général 142, 1915, le grade temporaire de capitaine conféré au lieutenant J. S. L. Brunton, génie canadien, comportera la solde et les allocations de ce grade à compter du 3 juin 1916.

Le grade temporaire de capitaine est conféré au lieutenant G. B. Bruce, 15e chevau-légers, tant qu'il remplira les services d'officier signaleur, district militaire n° 13. 26 août 1916.

La démission des lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) T. H. Hubley, L. H. Parsons et W. R. Baillie, 58e régiment (Westmount Rifles), qui a paru dans l'Ordre général n° 57, 1916, est cancellée par le présent.

Un grade temporaire tel que ci-après est conféré aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :

Sont nommés lieutenants :—

William Lloyd Affleck, gentilhomme. 12 juillet 1916.

Alfred Conyers Longbourne, gentilhomme. 25 juillet 1916.

William Jackson Rutherford, gentilhomme. 28 juillet 1916.

Harold Alexander Frater Gibson, gentilhomme. 2 août 1916.

Illtyd Arthur Evan Daniel,

Wilfrid Haynes Hutchinson, gentilshommes. 10 août 1916.

Richard Pierce Williams, gentilhomme. 23 août 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant honoraire :—

James Mitchell, gentilhomme. 10 juillet 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le lieutenant-colonel S. L. Penhorwood, 51e régiment, 19 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant W. Noblett, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Dalhousie), 21 février 1916.

Le lieutenant G. M. Brook, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Western), 10 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Fry, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 7 juillet 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire K. Strother, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 22 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. F. Proctor, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 27 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. L. Crowther, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 11 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. F. Parkinson, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 20 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Zimmerman, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 4 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. C. Kelk, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 16 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire N. E. Kelk, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. H. Beatty, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 19 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. S. Beatty, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 21 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. A. Somerville, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 7 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. G. Gardiner, gardes du corps du Gouverneur général, 2 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. W. H. Palmer, 2e dragons, 26 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. A. A. Devitt, 5e dragons, 5 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. W. Mathews, 5e dragons, 21 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. S. MacTavish, 5e dragons, 29 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. L. Cameron, 5e dragons, 25 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. F. McBride, 6e hussards, 10 septembre 1915

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. A. Case, 9e cavalerie, 4 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. H. Dallas, 9e cavalerie, 18 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. E. Guilfoyle, 9e cavalerie, 9 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. J. Wickett, 9e cavalerie, 27 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. S. Pate, 9e cavalerie, 21 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. B. MacDonald, 9e cavalerie, 21 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. E. Evans, 9e cavalerie, 14 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. W. Baldwin, 9e cavalerie, 15 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. C. Quail, 9e cavalerie, 16 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. A. H. Hollingshead, 9e cavalerie, 30 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. R. Durand, 9e cavalerie, 30 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. H. MacBrien, 9e cavalerie, 17 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. H. Pepler, 9e cavalerie, 1er juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. M. Saunders, 13e dragons, 19 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. Shaw, 16e cavalerie, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Perrigo, 17e hussards, 12 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. L Brandon, 25e dragons, 1er février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. Ryley, 25e dragons, 12 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. C. Ballantine, 26e batterie, A. de C.C., 3 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. O'Connor, gardes à pied du Gouverneur général, 14 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. R. Hamilton, 3e régiment, 3 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. G. R. Shuter, 21e régiment, 11 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Young, 5e régiment, 27 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. L. Koelle, 5e régiment, 10 septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. F. Gardiner, 6e régiment, 24 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. A. Pratt, 15e régiment, 10 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. B. Finlayson, 42e régiment, 9 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. B. Hanna, 50e régiment, 25 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. E. March, 62e régiment, 15 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. L. Short, 62e régiment, 10 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. A. Courtenay, 62e régiment, 27 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. Laurin, 65e régiment, 8 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. Guillet, 65e régiment, 10 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. E. Leprohon, 65e régiment, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire P. A. Bruneau, 65e régiment, 17 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. MacKenzie, 67e régiment, 10 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. Blanchard, 74e régiment, 15 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. W. H. Perley, 78e régiment, 4 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Dansereau, 80e régiment, 24 juillet 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. G. Hart, 80e régiment, 30 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. C. G. Searle, 81e régiment, 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire V. Morris, 82e régiment, 1 er octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. G. Macdonald, 82e régiment, 27 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. B. Cosh, 82e régiment, 8 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. Stevenson, 82e régiment, 25 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. C. Thompson, 82e régiment, 1er décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. A. Sutherland, 82e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. G. M. Hulme, 88e régiment, 1er juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. A. W. Bridgman, 88e régiment, 9 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. E. MacDonald, 94e régiment, 1er octobre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. W. Sutherland, 94e régimant, 13 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. A. Pertus, 94e régiment, 17 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. M. Rimmer, 95e régiment, 14 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. S. Leary, 102e régiment, 11 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. L. Tibbs, 102e régiment, 8 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. C. R. Yuill, 102e régiment, 10 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire N. H. Cape, 103e régiment, 1er juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. F. Mahaffy, 104e régiment, 28 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. H. Cox, 107e régiment, 28 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. Lewis, 107e régiment, 16 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. S. Frosst, intendance militaire canadienne (liste régimentaire), 4 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. S. Moorhead, services de santé de l'armée, 22 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. H. Elliott, services de santé de l'armée, 23 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. G. Hodgson, services de santé de l'armée, 14 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. L. Guyatt, services de santé de l'armée, 15 septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. McClelland, services de santé de l'armée, 11 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Jordan, services de santé de l'armée, 19 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. Cardwell, services de santé de l'armée, 27 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. A. J. Duff, services de santé de l'armée, 3 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. E. Kane, services de santé de l'armée, 15 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. S. Hutcheson, services de santé de l'armée, 15 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. B. Shuttleworth, services de santé de l'armée, 22 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. L. Starr, services de santé de l'armée, 22 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. R. O'Reilly, services de santé de l'armée, 1er décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. M. Towell, services de santé, 2 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. W. Mann, services de santé de l'armée, 8 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. W. Graham, services de santé de l'armée, 8 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. A. Macpherson, services de santé de l'armée, 8 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. Hannah, services de santé de l'armée, 18 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. A. Campbell, services de santé de l'armée, 21 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. A. W. Brown, services de santé de l'armée, 27 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. E. Binkley, services de santé de l'armée, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire O. R. Mabee, services de santé de l'armée, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. A. Parker, services de santé de l'armée, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. L. Parr, services de santé de l'armée, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. P. Parker, services de santé de l'armée, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. S. Simpson, services de santé de l'armée, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. A. Thomas, services de santé de l'armée, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. W. Smuck, services de santé de l'armée, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. Livingston, services de santé de l'armée, 12 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. Burr, services de santé de l'armée, 21 janvier 1916

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. K. Mossman, services de santé de l'armée, 24 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire P. E. Faed, services de santé de l'armée, 26 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. A. Jamieson, services de santé de l'armée, 27 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. P. Chalmers, services de santé de l'armée, 29 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. C. Harrison, services de santé de l'armée, 29 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Smith, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. F. Richardson, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. D. Fripp, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. J. Clark, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. A. Carson, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. B. Greenwood, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. Ryan, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. L. Kennedy, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. J. Wilson, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. Gunn, services de santé de l'armée, 31 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. A. Langmaid, services de santé de l'armée, 4 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. W. Wright, services de santé de l'armée, 8 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. E. Gallie, services de santé de l'armée, 8 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. M. McPhedran, services de santé de l'armée, 10 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. H. V. Cameron, services de santé de l'armée, 15 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. Jordan, services de santé de l'armée, 16 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Glendinning, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. H. Boddington, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. B. Whyte, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. T. Noble, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. J. Wagner, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. C. A. Reynolds, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. C. Trebilcock, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. Sheard (jeune), services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. A. Beatty, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. A. Davies, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. Baldwin, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. S. Minns, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. E. McLaughlin, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. L. Morrison, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Z. Gillies, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. M. Bowen, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. H. Robertson, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. D. Defries, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. E. Ferguson, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. M. McCormick, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. W. Jones, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. J. Healy, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Clare, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. W. Ross, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. Linscott, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. T. Hamilton, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. H. Dale, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. Adams, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. F. Hazlewood, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. R. Graham, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. G. Fleming, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. M. Adams, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. V. Hamlin, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. A. Jones, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. M. Cooke, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. R. Gibson, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. L. Gilbert, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. A. Bates, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. Oille, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. W. Rolph, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. S. Foulds, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. C. Wales, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. J. Trow, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. S. Fawns, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. McCollum, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. N. McKinley, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. Dalrymple, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. W. Pringle, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. H. Carveth, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. G. McCormack, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. H. Hair, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. H. Lawson, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. G. Hargrave, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. E. Treble, services de santé de l'armée, 18 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. M. Ecclestone, services de santé de l'armée, 18 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. Cerswell, services de santé de l'armée, 19 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. C. Beatty, services de santé de l'armée, 20 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. B. Archer, services de santé de l'armée, 2 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. P. Lewis, services de santé de l'armée, 20 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. M. Detweiler, services de santé de l'armée, 20 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. E. Brown, services de santé de l'armée, 20 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. P. Mitchell, services de santé de l'armée, 20 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. H. Eby, services de santé de l'armée, 20 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. M. Cameron, services de santé de l'armée, 12 juin 1916.

Par ordre,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major général.
Adjudant général suppléant.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

LES Commissaires du Service Civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service Civil du Canada :—

Un commis technicien pour emploi temporaire dans la division des Arpentages topographiques du Ministère de l'Intérieur, à un traitement aux taux de $1,300 par année. On prendra en considération les demandes des gradués en sciences appliquées ou en hautes mathématiques d'une université autorisée, ou de ceux qui ont subi avec succès l'examen final des Arpenteurs du Dominion ou un examen équivalent.

L'emploi temporaire dont il est question dans le paragraphe ci-dessus ne peut d'après la *Loi modifiant la Loi du Service civil*, durer plus de six mois dans une même année fiscale, mais c'est l'intention du ministère de nommer la personne choisie à titre permanent à l'expiration de son terme d'emploi temporaire, si ses services ont été jugés satisfaisants, et s'il existe une vacance.

Un chimiste expérimentateur dans la division des Mines du département des Mines, dans la subdivision B de la 1ère division au traitement initial de $2,100 par année. Les candidats doivent être des chimistes expérimentateurs d'une compétence indiscutable et doivent de préférence bien connaître les combustibles et être capables de faire des recherches investigatrices dans la domaine de la chimie organique. Ils doivent être des gradués d'une université autorisée depuis au moins trois ans, et doivent s'être spécialisés en chimie ou en cette partie du génie relative à la chimie au cours et depuis leurs études universaires. Il est nécessaire que la personne nommée puisse lire le français et l'allemand, et soit capable d'appliquer les principes de la chimie physique aux problèmes à résoudre. Tous les candidats doivent soumettre une copie des travaux qu'ils peuvent avoir fait publier.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 23 octobre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 28 septembre 1916. 14–4

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 26 septembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des pouvoirs conférés au Directeur Général des Postes par l'arrêté en conseil n° 94 sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé au journal "Buffalo Volksfreund," un journal hebdomadaire imprimé en langue allemande et publié par la Buffalo Volksfreund Printing Company, 46-48 Brodway, Buffalo, New-York, et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière. D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tout tel journal ou un numéro quelconque de ce journal déjà publié ou qui sera ensuite publié, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tout tel journal sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

15–2

Graphite Products, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 28e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Louis Athanase David, Segfried Hinson Bush et Joseph Sinai Lamarre, avocats, et Edward Charles Baker et Sara Farmer Innes, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, acquérir des intérêts, détenir, utiliser, occuper des mines de graphite et autres, des minéraux, droits miniers, servitudes, privilèges, terres à bois et autres, et des permis de coupe, miner ; extraire, exploiter, broyer, préparer pour la vente, transporter, vendre et trafiquer de graphite, fer, pierre, amiante, phosphates, mica et autres minéraux et métaux, argiles et substances minérales ; exercer l'industrie de propriétaires de mines et de graphite, de fondeurs de métaux, carriers, négociants en minerais et métaux ; produire, manufactuer, affiner, vendre du graphite et autres minéraux et leurs produits ;

(*b*) Bâtir, acquérir, posséder, affréter, louer, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Bâtir, construire, maintenir des quais, magasins, jetées, bassins, élévateurs, routes, travaux publics et privés nécessaires de toute description, réservoirs, barrages, pouvoirs hydrauliques et autres travaux nécessaires pour les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir, développer, utiliser des pouvoirs hydrauliques dans le but de produire de l'air comprimé, de l'électricité pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et la force motrice en rapport avec les bâtiments et autres édifices de la compagnie, vendre ou autrement disposer de tout surplus d'électricité ou de pouvoir produits dans les usines de la compagnie, construire et exploiter des lignes pour la vente et la transmission de l'excédent de pouvoir, toujours sujet aux lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*e*) Avoir, tenir des magasins d'approvisionnements, vendre et trafiquer de produits alimentaires, provisions, marchandises en général ;

(*f*) Affermer toute terre détenue par la compagnie et dans ce but acheter, vendre et trafiquer d'animaux pour la ferme et de produits ;

(*g*) Acquérir ou assumer, tout ou partie des affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention ou marques de fabriques et de commerce qui paraîtront capable d'être utilisés pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profit, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*j*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*k*) Emettre ou garantir l'émission ou le paiement des intérêts sur les actions, débentures, débentures stocks, obligations ou autres valeurs ou engagements d'aucune compagnie ou société avec laquelle la compagnie peut avoir des relations pour les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux, payer ou pourvoir au courtage, commission, garanties se rapportant à aucune telle émission ;

(*l*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou de toute partie d'icelle, pour toute compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des espèces ou pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou partie en espèces et partie en telles actions, débentures ou valeurs ;

(*m*) Distribuer parmi ses membres, en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra en être résolu, les biens de la compagnie et en particulier aucunes actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie formée pour prendre tout ou partie des biens ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres comme facteurs ou agents ou pour aucunes autres compagnies ou personnes, ou par l'entremise d'aucuns facteurs, fidéicommissaires ou agents.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout la Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de "Graphite Products, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinq cent mille dollars, divisé en 5,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 2e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

John MacGregor, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 3e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie d'une compagnie de construction en générale et d'ingénieurs et entrepreneurs-généraux, construire, exécuter, conduire, équiper, améliorer, travailler, développer, administrer, gérer ou contrôler des travaux publics et privés, commodités et entreprises de toutes espèces y compris des chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe et téléphone, comprenant leur construction et équipement, bassins, ports, jetées, quais, canaux, réservoirs, digues, travaux d'irrigation, assèchement, améliorations, égouttage, drainage, travaux sanitaires, eau, gaz, usines pour le service de la lumière électrique et la force motrice, hôtels, entrepôts, marchés, édifices publics ou privés et tous autres travaux et commodités d'utilité publique ou privée ;

(*b*) Acquérir, prendre part à et prendre des contrats de toute description ; transférer, céder, sous-louer ou autrement disposer de tout contrat ou entreprise de la compagnie en tout ou en partie ; prendre part, exécuter, conduire, sous-louer des contrats pour faire des travaux et fournir des matériaux en rapport avec aucune des opérations de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir, construire, manufacturer, bâtir, entretenir, exploiter tout fonds de commerce, outillage, machinerie, équipement et appareils nécessaires ou convenables à l'exercice normal d'aucune de ses entreprises ; et dans ce but acquérir aussi des droits de brevet, brevets d'invention, licences, procédés secrets et autres droits et privilèges, les utiliser, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement les faire valoir ;

(*d*) Miner, fondre, laminer, tréfiler et autrement travailler le cuivre, l'étain, le zinc et autres métaux et alliages ; manufacturer et trafiquer de métaux, alliages et leurs produits en général y compris la fabrication des obus, bombes, cartouches, douilles pour cartouches, fusées, étoupilles douilles taraudées, balles, capsules et projectiles de toute espèce, et les munitions et explosifs employés avec iceux ; fabriquer et trafiquer de fusils, mortiers, obusiers, canons de tous calibres, affûts, tourelles, avant-trains et affûts de toutes descriptions, wagons de munitions, wagons blindés et antres véhicules et matériel d'artillerie en général, torpilles, sous-marins, bâtiments aériens, leurs parties et accessoires ;

(*e*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, meubles, marchandises, produits alimentaires, fournitures étant requis ou pouvant être avantageusement disposés par la compagnie en rapport avec ses opérations ;

(*f*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, posséder, vendre ou disposer de terres, bâtiments et autres propriétés mobilière ou immobilière ou d'aucun intérêt dans icelles et généralement disposer et trafiquer de telle propriété et de toute manière que ce soit ;

(*g*) Développer, améliorer, exploiter et disposer d'aucune telle propriété en rues, squares, ruelles, subdivisions en lots ou autrement, ériger des maisons, bâtiments et autres constructions sur les dites propriétés acquises par la compagnie ou sur aucune partie d'icelles, généralement développer et faire valoir toutes terres et autres propriétés acquises par la compagnie ou dans lesquelles elle est intéressée ;

(*h*) Avancer des fonds au moyen de prêt ou prêts aux acheteur ou acheteurs ou locataires d'aucune partie de la propriété de la compagnie pour des fins de construction ou autres améliorations d'icelle ; aider par des avances de fonds la construction et l'entretien des chemins, rues, ruelles, aqueducs, drains, égouts et autres travaux de nature à donner un meilleur accès à la propriété de la compagnie ou à en augmenter la valeur ;

(*i*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement ou assumer tout ou partie des biens, affaires, propriétés ou engagements d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Payer pour les biens, affaires, propriétés ou droits acquis par la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou à rendre à la compagnie, en espèces ou en actions libérées ou en aucunes valeurs que la compagnie à le pouvoir d'émettre, ou partie d'une manière et partie d'une autre ou d'autres, et généralement à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie pourra déterminer ;

(*l*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucun gouvernement, autorité municipale ou locale ou avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou entreprendre une industrie ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie ; et garantir les contrats avec ou sans cautionnement, ou prêter des fonds ou aider autrement toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie ou toute personne, maison ou compagnie entreprenant de construire ou d'améliorer toute propriété dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*n*) Distribuer en espèces parmi les actionnaires, par voie de dividendes, boni ou d'aucune manière jugée avisable, toute propriété de la compagnie ou tout produit de la vente ou de la disposition d'aucune propriété de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Exercer, faire aucune des affaires, actes et choses, ci-dessus mentionnés comme principaux, agents ou par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec un autre ou d'autres ;

(*p*) Faire tout ce qui sera nécessaire, convenable ou à propos pour l'accomplissement de l'une ou plusieurs des fins ou permettant d'atteindre un ou plusieurs des objets ci-dessus énumérés ;

(*q*) L'intention est que les objets spécifiés dans les clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*). (*f*), (*g*), (*h*) et (*i*) des présentes soient des objets indépendants, et ne soient aucunement limités ou restreints par déduction ou induction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ou du nom de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "John MacGregor, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Victor Box Toe & Counter, Limited.

AVIS est donne au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 5e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Antonio Vigneault, clerc ; Joseph Armand Hamelin, notaire, Gustave Dutaud, avocat, Emile Delorme, bourgeois, et Joseph Bruneau Trudeau, huissier, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes ;

(*a*) Faire, manufacturer, vendre, acheter, commercer et transiger, et autrement faire le commerce de chaussures, souliers, et de tous autres objets se rapportant à l'industrie et à la vente de la chaussure ; manufacturer, tanner, acheter et vendre et faire le commerce de cuir sous toutes ses formes ; faire, manufacturer, vendre, exporter, importer des formes, des contre-forts, " shoe counters " des bouts, " Box toe," des boucles, des lacets, des crochets, des boutons, des semelles, des demi-semelles, des semelles doubles, des talons, des œillets, des trépointes, et tous autres accessoires pouvant entrer dans le commerce et dans la confection de la chaussure ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, et louer toutes sortes de machines requises, soit directement ou indirectement pour les fins de l'exploitation, de l'industrie et du commerce de la présente compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter, recevoir, détenir, vendre, disposer, les actions soit communes, soit privilégiées, les débentures, et autres obligations de toute compagnie ayant une exploitation semblable et dont les affaires pourraient bénéficier, directement ou indirectement, à la présente compagnie ;

(*d*) Vendre, importer et disposer, en tout ou en partie, des affaires de la compagnie, ou de toute autre compagnie, société ou personne et accepter en retour une considération ;

(*e*) Faire toutes choses nécessaires pour l'accomplissement de l'objet que la présente compagnie a en vue.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Victor Box Toe & Counter, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The F. E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'État du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 25e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation George Vipond Cousins et Nathaniel Rennie Curry, avocats, Frederick Everett Partridge et Vincent Cooke, manufacturiers, et Dorothy Dance, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers et de négociants en caoutchouc, produits du caoutchouc et tous articles de quelque nature qu'ils soient faits de caoutchouc ou dans lesquels le caoutchouc est ou peut être employé ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, concession, échange ou autrement, construire, ériger, exploiter, posséder, maintenir, jouir, gérer, vendre ou autrement disposer de toutes usines, ateliers, entrepôts, magasins, cours, salles de machine, rotondes de locomotives, voies de raccordement et autres constructions et bâtiments nécessaires à l'exercice de l'industrie de la compagnie, et toutes autres propriétés, mobilières ou immobilières, foncières ou personnelles, contrats, concessions, franchises, entreprises, bénéfices, droits et privilèges nécessaires, utiles ou avantageux à l'exercice d'aucune des industries que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et payer pour telle propriété, mobilière ou immobilière, contrats, concessions, privilèges, droits, bénéfices ou pour les obtenir, partiellement ou en totalité en obligations, débentures, actions libérées et non sujettes à appel, communes ou privilégiées ou en aucune valeur de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer ou obtenir des droits régaliens ou autrement, acquérir, détenir, employer, posséder, exploiter, jouir, présenter, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes marques de fabrique, noms de commerce, brevets d'invention, améliorations, procédés enregistrés ou autrement utiles à l'industrie de la compagnie, les employer, exploiter, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir telles marques de fabrique, noms de commerce, inventions, licences, procédés et choses semblables ou tous tels autres droits ou propriétés ;

(*d*) Conclure des arrangements avec toutes autorités, suprêmes, gouvernementales, municipales, locales ou autres ou avec aucune compagnie, associations ou personnes pouvant être d'aucun avantage aux objets de la compagnie ou à aucun d'eux, obtenir d'aucunes telles autorités des droits, privilèges, concessions, contrats ou garanties que la compagnie juge désirable d'obtenir ; appliquer, exercer, exécuter tels arrangements, droits, privilèges, contrats et concessions ; payer pour aucun tel contrat, ou pour l'obtenir, en tout ou en partie, en espèces ou en tout ou en partie en actions libérées de la compagnie ou en obligations, débentures, entreprises ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Développer, exploiter tout pouvoir, ou pouvoirs hydrauliques ; produire et accumuler de l'électricité et de l'énergie électrique ou autre pouvoir semblable pour la production de la lumière, de la chaleur et de la force motrice pour l'usage de la compagnie, avec pouvoir de vendre ou autrement disposer d'aucun surplus non requis ; fournir cette énergie pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et la force motrice à aucune personne ou corporation aux termes qui pourront être convenus, pourvu que les pouvoirs mentionnés dans ce paragraphe, lorsqu'ils seront exercés en dehors des propriétés de la compagnie, soient sujets aux lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*f*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, pouvant être exercée en rapport avec les objets ou l'industrie de la compagnie ou pouvant être avantageuse et profitable à la compagnie ;

(*g*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, acheter, acquérir, posséder, détenir, vendre, réémettre les actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou corporation, et les payer, en tout ou en partie, en espèces, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, garantir le paiement du principal ou des dividendes et intérêts de telles actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ; gérer, exploiter, conduire comme gérant les propriétés, franchises, entreprises et industries d'aucune compagnie dont les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs sont détenues par la compagnie, pour telle rémunération que les directeurs jugeront convenable ;

(*h*) Emettre et répartir, comme acquittées, des actions du capital-actions de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété personnelle, mobilière, immobilière ou mixte et d'aucuns droits, contrats, privilèges, bénéfices ou concessions achetés ou acquis par la compagnie ;

(*i*) Promouvoir ou aider à promouvoir et devenir actionnaire dans aucune compagnie exerçant ou prête à exercer ou autorisée à exercer, ou ayant pour objet l'exercice d'aucune industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de cette compagnie ; conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec telle personne ou compagnie et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs de telle compagnie et les payer, en tout ou en partie en espèces, en tout ou en partie en actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie et les détenir, vendre, réémettre avec ou sans garantie du principal, intérêts et dividendes ou en disposer autrement ;

(*j*) Acquérir l'achalandage, les propriétés, droits, actif et assumer le passif de toute personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la compagnie ou exerçant aucune industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie et les payer en espèces ou en actions libérées ou en valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*k*) Se consolider ou s'amalgamer avec toute autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ; acquérir par achat, bail au autrement tout ou partie des propriétés, franchises, droits, entreprise et industrie d'aucune autre corporation, en assumer le passif et les payer, totalement ou partiellement, en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer des propriétés, droits, contrats, franchises et entreprises de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, pour telle compensation que les directeurs jugeront convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*m*) Distribuer parmi ses membres, en espèces, en nature ou autrement, comme il pourra en être décidé par les directeurs de la compagnie, aucun des biens de la compagnie et particulièrement les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie qui pourra prendre tout ou partie de l'actif ou du passif de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Accepter en paiement d'aucune dette due à la compagnie du stock, des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ;

(*o*) Faire des avances en espèces à toute personne, corporation ou compagnie faisant des transactions avec la compagnie, et garantir l'exécution des contrats par toute telle personne ;

(*p*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, détenir, exploiter, jouir de toute ou aucune propriété, contrats, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs, bénéfices, privilèges détenus, possédés ou tenus en jouissance par aucune personne ou maison ou par aucune compagnie ou compagnies, corporation ou corporations, exerçant ou autorisées à exercer aucune industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer soit en son nom ou au nom d'aucune autre personne, maison, corporation ou compagnie et payer pour telle propriété, contrats, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs, bénéfices et privilèges, totalement ou partiellement en espèces, ou totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées, et non sujettes à appel, de la compagnie ou autrement et assumer le passif d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*q*) Aider d'aucune manière toute corporation dont les actions ou le capital-stock, les obligations ou autres engagements sont détenus ou garantis d'aucune manière par cette compagnie, faire tous les actes ou choses pour la conservation, protection, amélioration, augmentation de la valeur d'aucunes telles actions, obliga-

tions ou autres engagements ; faire tous les actes et choses tendant ou pouvant augmenter la valeur d'aucune des propriétés, mobilières ou immobilières, détenues ou contrôlées, en aucun temps, par cette compagnie ;

(*r*) Placer et disposer des fonds ou propriétés de la compagnie, non immédiatement requis, sur telles valeurs et de telle manière que les directeurs pourront en décider de temps à autre ;

(*s*) Aucun des pouvoirs accordés par aucun des paragraphes des présentes ne sera limité ou restreint par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe des présentes ou par induction ou déduction du nom de la compagnie ;

(*t*) Rémunérer par paiement en espèces, stock, obligations ou d'aucune autre manière toute personne ou personnes, corporation ou corporations pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant à placer ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune des actions du stock, des obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou à propos de la formation ou de la promotion de la compagnie ou en procurant ou conduisant aucune des industries que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The F. E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 1,250 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Tip-it Welding Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 23e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Henry Weinfield, Marcus Meyer Sperber, Jacob Yale Fortier et Abraham Wilfrid Muhlstock, avocats, et Florence Varney, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Fabriquer, acheter, vendre, trafiquer, disposer de toutes espèces d'articles de quincaillerie pour les ingénieurs, les chemins de fer, la marine, les entrepreneurs, meuniers, constructeurs, les fournitures pour machinistes et les moteurs, machines et appareils de toute nature et genre en rapport avec les dites fins ou s'y rattachant ;

(*b*) Fabriquer, produire, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, en gros et en détail, toute espèce de produits de tous genres et descriptions en acier, cuivre et fer et les matières premières qui y sont utilisées, les machines, outils, appareils employés dans leur fabrication, équipement, étiquettes d'empaquetage, formules d'annonce employées ou utiles pour la mise sur le marché des article ci-dessus, et généralement en faire le négoce comme principaux ou agents ;

(*d*) Agir comme agents pour les négociants, marchands, fabricants de tous effets, articles et marchandises ;

(*e*) Acquérir ou prendre comme une industrie active ou autrement, les entreprises industrielles, l'actif et passif de toute personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable ou une industrie se rapportant à celle de cette compagnie, les payer tout ou partie en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement ou assumer tout ou partie des affaires, propriétés ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Conclure aucun contrat avec toute personne ou compagnie pour services à rendre par telle personne ou compagnie et payer pour tel contrat ou services en espèces ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires en actions libérées de la compagnie ou partie en espèces et partie en actions libérées de cette compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir des marques de fabrique, brevets, brevets d'invention, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif, non-exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) Généralement, acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété foncière et personnelle et tous droits et privilèges que la compagnie juge nécessaires ou convenant aux fins de ses affaires et en particulier des terres, bâtiments, servitude, machinerie, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*j*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions dans aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44, de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*k*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie tous les frais et dépenses se rapportant à l'incorporation et à l'organisation de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables.

(*n*) Prêter des fonds aux clients ou autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie, garantir l'exécution de contrats par aucunes telles personnes ;

(*o*) Les pouvoirs conférés par aucun paragraphe ci-dessus ne seront en rien limités par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de "Tip-it Welding Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars, divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

Compagnie des Modes, Limitée—Millinery Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'État du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 31e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Arthur Roy, marchand, Jean-Baptiste Jodoin, gérant, Raoul Jodoin, comptable, Arthur Yvon, avocat, et Agnès Jodoin, épouse contractuellement séparée de biens de Arthur Roy, marchand, et de ce dernier dûment autorisée, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, acquérir et prendre à sa charge le commerce actuellement exploité par la Compagnie des Modes, Limitée, corporation ayant son bureau chef en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, dûment incorporée par lettres patentes émises sous le Grand Sceau de la dite province, ainsi que le tout ou partie de l'actif et du passif de la dite compagnie, ses agences, affaires, clientèle (good-will) et payer tout ou partie du dit commerce, etc., au moyen d'actions libérées et non cotisables de la présente compagnie ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, produire, manufacturer et faire le commerce de toutes espèces de marchandises articles de modes et nouveautés;

(*c*) Agir comme agents de manufacture ou agents à commission de toute autre compagnie, société ou personne faisant l'importation, l'exportation et la vente d'articles similaires;

(*d*) Acheter, construire, posséder ou autrement acquérir toute propriété immobilière que la compagnie jugera utile à ses opérations, et vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de toute telle propriété immobilière aux conditions qu'elle jugera convenables ;

(*e*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir le commerce, actif et passif, propriété immobilière, de toute personne, société ou compagnie engagée dans une industrie similaire, ainsi que la clientèle de telle personne, société ou compagnie, et émettre des actions acquittées, obligations, débentures ou autres garanties de la compagnie en paiement complet ou partiel de tous biens, droits, mobiliers ou immobiliers, qui peuvent être acquis par icelle ;

(*f*) Vendre, louer ou céder la totalité ou une partie des biens mobiliers ou immobiliers de la compagnie aux prix, termes et conditions qu'elle jugera convenables et en particulier accepter en paiement complet ou partiel des actions, obligations, débentures, ou valeurs quelconques de toutes compagnies, personnes ou sociétés ;

(*g*) Se fusionner avec toute compagnie dont le commerce est en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la présente compagnie ;

(*h*) Acheter, détenir, transférer, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions d'obligations ou débentures de toute autre compagnie dont le but est semblable à celui de la présente compagnie, nonobstaut l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies.*

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Compagnie des Modes, Limitée,– Millinery Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de trente mille dollars divisé en 300 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour d'octobre 1916.

15–2 THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Felsen Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 21e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Louis Athanase David, Joseph Sinai Lamarre et Segfried Hinson Read Bush, avocats, Edward Charles Baker, comptable, et Benjamin Robinson, étudiant, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants de confections et de vêtements de tous genres, de fabricants et marchands de confections, blouses, costumes, tissus, d'importateurs et d'exportateurs, de marchands en gros et en détail de tissus et de tissus à robes de toutes espèces, de modes, garnitures et en général de tous objets et articles personnels, vêtements et de toutes fournitures manufacturées ; manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer de marchandises de nouveautés, soies, toiles de tous genres et autres articles, effets et marchandises dans n'importe quel état et condition de fabrication, les mettre à même d'être utilisés par tous les procédés pour l'usage et le bénéfice de la compagnie, exercer en gros et en détail les affaires de marchands généraux de nouveautés, drapiers, merciers, modistes, couturiers, tailleurs, fourreurs, marchands de dentelles, confectionneurs, gantiers, chapeliers et de costumiers en général ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, la totalité ou une partie de l'industrie, de toute personne, maison ou corporation ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et obtenir une protection provisoire ou autre et des licences concernant aucune invention ou prétendue invention, brevets, marques de fabrique ou de commerce, droits d'auteur, projets, idées, secrets ou autres procédés et choses de même nature, pouvant paraître avantageux ou essentiels à la compagnie, les essayer, développer, prolonger, renouveler, exercer, utiliser, vendre, en octroyer des licences exclusives ou autres ou autrement disposer de tous ou d'aucun ;

(*d*) Placer aucun des fonds de la compagnie en tels placements ou valeurs qui sembleront opportuns de temps à autre, prêter ou avancer des deniers, garantir les contrats ou engagements, répondre pour ou financièrement aider aucune personnes, maison ou compagnie ou corporation ayant des relations avec cette compagnie.

(*e*) Demander, souscrire, accepter, détenir, assurer, disposer, placer ou garantir le placement d'aucune action, script, stock, débentures, débentures-stock, obligations ou valeur d'aucune compagnie ou corporation, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*f*) Vendre, transférer ou disposer de tout ou partie des affaires ou de l'entreprise de cette compagnie à aucune autre compagnie ou à aucune autre personne, maisons ou corporation et accepter comme compensation pour aucune telle vente, transfert ou disposition des actions, débentures-stock, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie similaire à celle de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Distribuer, en nature, parmi les membres de la compagnie les actions, débentures, valeurs ou propriété appartenant à la compagnie ;

(*h*) Agir comme agents pour aucune compagnie, société ou personne exerçant une industrie similaire ;

(*i*) Payer pour aucun service rendu ou aucune propriété ou droits acquis par la compagnie, de telle manière qu'il pourra sembler opportune et en particulier, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, par l'émission d'actions ou valeurs de la compagnie, créditées comme totalement ou partiellement libérées ou autrement ;

(*j*) Faire tout ou aucune des choses susdites comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement. et seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Felsen Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante mille dollars divisé en 400 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

Western Power Company of Canada, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 27e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Charles Macpherson Holt et Alexandre Chase-Casgrain, tous deux conseil du Roi, Errol Malcolm McDougall et Pierre François Casgrain, avocats, John Buchanan Henderson, commis, John Alden Aylen, étudiant en droit, et Florence Ellen Seymour, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir l'entreprise, les franchises, affaires, contrats, propriété et autres biens de la compagnie dite Western Canada Power Company, Limited, une compagnie dûment incorporée en vertu des dispositions de la première partie du chapitre 79 des statuts revisés du Canada (1906) désigné *Loi des compagnies*, par lettres patentes du 14e jour de mai 1909 ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie d'une compagnie de lumière, de chaleur et de forces électriques, dans toutes les branches, et généralement procurer, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, et construire, poser, ériger, établir, exploiter, entretenir et exécuter tous les travaux nécessaires, stations, machines, machinerie, outillage, câbles, fils, ouvrages, lignes, générateurs, accumulateurs, lampes, compteurs, transformeurs et appareils reliés à la production, accumulation, distribution, transmission, fourniture, emploi et utilisation de l'énergie électrique ; et produire, accumuler, et distribuer de l'énergie

électrique pour fournir la lumière, la chaleur et la force motrice, et pour des fins industrielles et autres, et, subordonnément à tous les statuts législatifs et municipaux à cet égard entreprendre et conclure des sontrats et conventions pour l'éclairage des cités, villes, rues, édifices et autres endroits, et pour fournir la lumière, la chaleur et les forces électriques pour toutes fins publiques et privées ;

(*c*) Faire, bâtir, construire, ériger, poser et entretenir des réservoirs, aqueducs, citernes, digues, canaux, tunnels, ponceaux, flumes, conduites, tuyaux et appareils ; et exécuter et faire tous les autres travaux et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour obtenir, emmagasiner, vendre, délivrer, mesurer, et distribuer l'eau pour la création, entretien et développement de la force hydraulique, électrique ou mécanique, ou pour l'irrigation des terres ou pour d'autres fins de la compagnie :

(*d*) Construire, améliorer, entretenir, travailler, gérer, exécuter, acheter, louer, ou contrôler des chemins, voies, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau, canaux, quais, manufactures, entrepôts, usines électriques, boutiques, magasins et autres travaux de commodités qui seront jugés propres à avancer les intérêts de la compagnie, et équiper, entretenir et exploiter, par la force électrique, hydraulique ou mécanique, tous les travaux appartenant à la compagnie, ou dans lesquels la compagnie est intéressée, et contribuer, subventionner, ou autrement aider, ou prendre part à leur construction amélioration, entretien, fonctionnement, administration, exécution ou contrôle ;

(*e*) De temps à autre demander, acheter, acquérir par statut, concessions, cession, transfert, bail ou autrement, et exercer, exécuter et utiliser toute concession, franchise, droit, privilège ou pouvoir concernant la production, accumulation, développement, distribution, fourniture, emploi et utilisation de l'énergie électrique, les chutes d'eau ou forces hydrauliques que tout gouvernement ou autorité publique, fédérale, provinciale, municipale ou locale, ou toute corporation ou autre corps public, en vertu de tout acte, statut, ordonnance, permis ou pouvoir, peut être légalement autorisé à statuer, faire ou accorder; et paver, aider et contribuer à les mettre en vigueur; et appliquer les actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour en défrayer les les frais, charges et dépenses nécessaires ;

(*f*) Demander ou acheter ou autrement acquérir toutes patentes, brevets d'invention, licences, baux concessions, et autres choses semblables, conférant un droit exclusif et non exclusif ou limité de se servir, ou tout secret ou autre renseignement touchant toute invention qui semblera propre à être employée pour aucunes des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition paraîtra de nature à être directement ou indirectement avantageuse à la compagnie ; et utiliser, exercer, développer, et permettre l'usage, ou autrement rendre profitables la propriété, les droits, intérêts ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*g*) Etablir, maintenir et exploiter pour l'usage de la compagnie, ses employés. locataires et autres, des services de protection contre l'incendie, de distribution d'eau, de gaz et de lumière électrique et de faire en vertu d'iceux les contrats qui seront jugés opportuns et nécessaires ; pourvu cependant que la vente, distribution ou transmission de gaz, d'électricité, de pouvoir ou de lumière soient sujettes aux règlements locaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*h*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, employer les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, ou les fonds de la compagnie à l'achat ou acquisition, et prendre et détenir, ou vendre les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie ou corporation semblable, et garantir le paiement du principal et de l'intérêt des obligations, débentures ou dividendes sur les actions de toute semblable compagnie ou corporation, et promouvoir toute compagnie ou corporation ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, et tant que la compagnie les détiendra elle pourra exercer tous les droits et pouvoirs d'un propriétaire de ces actions, y compris le droit de voter sur ces actions ;

(*i*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir de toutes ou aucune des propriétés, franchises, achalandages, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges, détenus ou en jouissance d'aucune personne ou maison, ou par aucune compagnie ou compagnies exerçant ou formées pour exercer une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer soit en son nom ou au nom d'aucune autre personne, maison ou compagnie et payer pour telle propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*j*) Se consolider ou s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Emettre et répartir des actions libérées du capital-stock de la compagnie pour le paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière, immobilière ou mixte et d'aucuns droits ou concessions. achetés ou acquis par la compagnie ;

(*l*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproque, ou autrement, avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une entreprise ou transaction que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou à entreprendre et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, émettre ou réémettre avec ou sans garantie du principal ou des intérêts ou autrement en disposer ;

(*m*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou non, que la compagnie jugera propre à être exercée avantageusement en rapport avec l'industrie ou les objets de la compagnie, ou censée augmenter la valeur de la propriété et des droits de la compagnie ou les rendre profitables ;

(*n*) Vendre, louer, échanger, ou autrement disposer de la propriété, des droits, franchises et entreprise de la compagnie, en tout ou en partie, pour la compensation que la compagnie jugera bon, et en particulier pour des actions, obligations, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie, dont le but est semblable à celui de la présente compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44, de la dite loi ;

(*o*) Les directeurs pourront de temps à autre, et sont par les présentes autorisés, à employer aucunes des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, ou les fonds de la compagnie à acheter ou autrement acquérir, prendre, détenir et vendre les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation semblable, garantir le paiement du principal et de l'intérêt des obligations et débentures ou les dividendes des actions d'aucune compagnie ou corporation similaire, promouvoir aucune compagnie ou corporation ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie et pendant leur détention exercer tous les droits et pouvoirs de propriétaires y compris ceux de voter ;

(*p*) Faire licencier, enregistrer ou autrement reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes comme fondés de pouvoirs ou représentants de la compagnie pour représenter la compagnie en toutes choses conformément aux lois de ce pays étranger, et accepter signification des pièces et avis pour et au nom de la compagnie dans tout procès ou poursuite ;

(*q*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, escompter et exécuter des billets à ordre, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négotiables ou transférables ;

(*r*) Faire des avances de fonds aux clients et personnes en relations d'affaires avec la compagnie, et garantir l'exécution de contrats par ces personnes ;

(*s*) Rémunérer par paiement en espèces et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en actions, obligations ou de toute autre manière, toute personne ou personnes, corporation ou corporations pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer ou garantissant le placement d'aucunes actions du stock de la compagnie ou d'aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*t*) Distribuer en espèces ou autrement, selon que la chose aura été résolue, tous biens de la compagnie entre ses membres, et en particulier les actions, obligations,

débentures ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie qui aurait pris la totalité ou une partie de l'actif ou du passif de la présente compagnie ;

(*u*) Faire toutes choses nécessaires ou convenables pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus ;

(*v*) Faire tout ce qui précède au Canada ou ailleurs en qualité de principaux, d'agents ou de fondés de pouvoirs ;

(*w*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés, les pouvoirs ou fins de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendant les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre et exercer aucun ou plusienrs des tels objets, pouvoirs et fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins ;

(*x*) L'industrie ou le but de la compagnie est d'exécuter de temps à autre un ou plusieurs des actes et choses énoncés plus hàut ; et la compagnie pourra exercer son industrie dans toute province ou territoire du Canada, ou dans les pays étrangers, et pourra avoir un bureau, ou plus d'un bureau, et tenir les livres de la compagnie en tout endroit où la compagnie peut faire des affaires quoique hors du Canada, subordonnément aux lois et statuts à cet égard.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Western Power Company of Canada, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix millions de dollars, divisé en 100,000 actions de cent dollars, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 28e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

D'Allaird Mfg. Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 21e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Dreanan, sténographe, Michael Joseph O'Brien et Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses spécialités l'industrie de fabricants, négociants et marchands de toutes espèces d'articles, effets et marchandises ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, trafiquer et disposer de toutes espèces et de tous genres de blouses, robes, lingerie, sous-vêtements, chemises, cols, fourniture de mercerie, soies, cotons, dentelles, et généralement de marchandises en pièces, confections et vêtements pour hommes, femmes et enfants, de toutes descriptions et tous autres articles utilisés en rapport avec leur fabrication ou leur vente ;

(*c*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir, prendre et exercer comme une industrie active l'industrie maintenant exercée dans la cité de Montréal, dans la province Québec, et ailleurs, sous le nom et la raison sociale de D'Allaird Mfg. Co. et tous ou aucun des biens et engagements possédés ou utilisés en rapport avec icelle et son achalandage et les payer en actions libérées de cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Lever et assister en levant des fonds pour aider par voie de boni, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, toute autre compagnie ou corporation, exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie similaire à celle de la compagnie et en garantir l'exécution des contrats par telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*f*) Nonobstant quoi que ce soit des dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, utiliser aucuns des fonds de la compagnie à l'achat ou acquisition d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs émises par n'importe quelle personne, maison ou corporation ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières, foncières ou personnelles d'aucune espèce et nature qui seront jugées convenables aux fins de la société ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et autres choses semblables, conférant tout droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité de se servir, ou tout secret ou autre information, au sujet de toute invention qui pourrait sembler susceptible d'être employée pour les fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition sera censée être utile à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et employer, développer, exercer ou accorder des licences s'y rattachant ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, droits ou informations ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer, ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer entre les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs que la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*k*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses susdites comme principaux, agents, fabricants ou autrement, et seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*l*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " D'Allaird Mfg. Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Aetna Development Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 26e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation George Vipond Cousins, Nathanial Rennie Curry et Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, avocats, Darley Burley-Smith, gérant, et Dorothy Dance, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir comme placement ou pour revendre, détenir absolument comme propriétaires ou autrement, vendre à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera opportuns, trafiquer de terres, maisons et autres propriétés quelqu'en soit la tenure et d'aucuns intérêts dans icelles, créer, vendre et disposer de terrains à bail ou en franc-alleu, et généralement disposer et trafiquer par vente, bail, échange ou autrement de terres, maisons et autres propriétés foncières ou personnelles, exercer en général les affaires d'une agence immobilière y compris les travaux de recherches, évaluations, ventes, échanges, baux, subdivisions et choses de même nature ;

(*b*) Développer, faire valoir aucune terre acquise par la compagnie ou dans laquelle elle est intéressée et en particulier en la disposant et la préparant pour des fins de construction ou autrement, en construisant, modifiant, démolissant, décorant, entretenant, aménageant et améliorant des édifices et en plantant, pavant, égoutant, affermant, cultivant, louant sur des baux ou sur des contrats de construction, en avançant des fonds et en étant partie dans des contrats ou conventions de toute nature avec des constructeurs, locataires ou autres ;

(*c*) Construire, ériger, bâtir, réparer et modifier des édifices et autres structures, acheter, vendre et disposer de bâtiments de tous genres et descriptions et de pierres, chaux, sable, briques, bois, quincaillerie et autres matériaux de construction ;

(*d*) Faire et conclure des ententes ou conventions pour le pavage, macadamisation, nivellement, nettoyage ou arrosage des rues ou routes et pour la construction, ouverture et réparation de conduites, citernes, égouts, drains, ou rues ;

(*e*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement et assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant aucune industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations, débentures, actions libérées ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement ou prendre les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer ou engagée dans une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*g*) Emettre et répartir, comme libérés des actions en paiement partiel ou total de toutes affaires, entreprises, franchises, propriété, droit, pouvoir, privilège, bail, licence, contrat, que la compagnie peut acquérir ;

(*h*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*i*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucun gouvernement, autorité municipale ou locale ou avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou entreprendre une industrie ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie ; et garantir les contrats avec ou sans cautionnement, ou prêter des fonds ou aider autrement toute telle personne ou compagnie ou toute personne ou compagnie entreprenant de construire ou d'améliorer toute propriété dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée et généralement telle personne ou compagnie et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables et en particulier les locataires, constructeurs et entrepreneurs ;

(*j*) Garantir le paiement des fonds obtenus ou payables en vertu d'obligations, actions, contrats, hypothèques, charges, engagements ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou entreprise ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucun gouvernement ou autorité fédérale, provinciale, municipale, locale ou autre, pouvant être utiles aux objets de la compagnie ou à aucun d'eux ;

(*l*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis sur telles valeurs et de telle manière qui pourra en être déterminée de temps en temps ;

(*m*) Distribuer les biens de la compagnie en espèces entre les actionnaires ;

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, constructeurs ou fondés de pouvoirs ;

(*o*) Faire tous les actes nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre aucun des objets ci-dessus ;

(*p*) Les pouvoirs conférés dans chaque paragraphe ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ou par déduction ou injonction du nom de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Aetna Development Company Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 28e jour de septembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

M. Schachter & Sons, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 2e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Samuel Gerald Tritt and Saul Tritt, avocats, Max Herman, gérant, Nicholas Swan, comptable, et Alexander Seay, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir comme une industrie active, l'industrie de boulangerie actuellement exercée par M. Schachter & Sons, dans la cité et le district de Montréal, avec tous ou aucun des droits et propriétés s'y rapportant, assumer tous ou aucun de ses engagements, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions libérées ou autrement ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants de biscuits, de boulangers et d'agents généraux et de fabricants de toutes commodités dont trafiquent les fabricants de biscuits et les boulangers ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, trafiquer, réparer, convertir, modifier, louer des outillages, machines, machineries, outils, instruments, métaux, chaudières, matériel roulant et quincaillerie pour les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises, acquérir par achat ou autrement, bâtir, disposer de fermes et autres propriétés, moulins à farine, usines à papier et propriétés de tous genres dans lesquelles la pulpe, les grains et autres produits sont manutentionnés, manufacturés ou utilisés, acheter et vendre en gros et en détail du bois, de la pulpe, des grains et des produits de tous genres ;

(*e*) Acheter, acquérir toute industrie d'une nature similaire ; acheter, acquérir tout intérêt au contrôle dans aucune industrie d'une nature similaire, les payer en espèces, obligations ou actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir l'achalandage, droits, propriété et biens de toute nature, assumer tout ou partie des engagements d'aucun individu, maison ou association exerçant une industrie semblable, les payer en espèces, stock, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*g*) Demander, obtenir, acheter ou autrement acquérir et disposer de brevets d'invention, marques de fabrique, marques de commerce ou procédés secrets de tous genres, les employer, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences et autrement les faire valoir ;

(*h*) Manufacturer, produire de la vapeur, du gaz et de l'électricité pour le chauffage, la lumière et la force motrice pour les fins de la compagnie, en vendre le surplus, sujet à tous les règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*i*) Avancer des fonds, garantir les contrats ou les engagements, se porter garants ou autrement aider toute maison ou association dans les affaires desquelles la compagnie peut-être intéressée ;

(*j*) Acheter, détenir, disposer d'obligations et valeurs d'aucune compagnie exerçant une industrie similaire ;

(*k*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) Payer pour toute propriété, droits ou choses acquis pour l'usage ou le bénéfice de cette compagnie en actions libérées du capital-stock de la compagnie ou autrement :

(*m*) Vendre ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie des affaires ou de l'entreprise de la compagnie, et recevoir en paiement des espèces, stocks, obligations ou autres valeurs ;

(*n*) Acquérir par achat, location, gérer, trafiquer, échanger ou autrement disposer de terres, édifices et héritages de toute tenure ou description, d'aucune propriété ou intérêts dans iceux et de tous droits sur ou se rapportant aux terres dans ces conditions, les faire

valoir comme il en sera jugé opportun et particulièrement en préparant des lots à bâtir et en construisant, reconstruisant, modifiant, améliorant, décorant, meublant et entretenant des bureaux, appartements, maisons, fabriques, entrepôts, magasins, quais, édifices, travaux et commodités de tout genre et en consolidant, reliant ou subdivisant des propriétés, les louant et en disposant;

(*o*) Acquérir et assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant aucune industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en stock de la compagnie, libéré et non sujet à appel de fonds ;

(*p*) Avancer, prêter des fonds aux constructeurs, locataires et autres étant consentant de bâtir et d'améliorer toute terre ou édifices dans lesquels la compagnie est intéressée, à des termes qui seront convenus ;

(*q*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions de toute autre compagnie, ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaire à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant toute industrie pouvant être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement ;

(*r*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change et autres instruments négociables et transférables ;

(*s*) Exercer en tout ou en partie l'industrie ci-dessus mentionnée comme principaux ou agents ou par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires ou autrement.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "M. Schachter & Sons, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

16–2

U-Need-A-Mattress Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sçeau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 3e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Elie Beauregard, avocat, Michel Steinberg, comptable, Charles Desmarais, commis, et Marie-Louise Campbell, fille majeure, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec et Edouard Labelle de la cité d'Outremont de la dite province de Québec, avocat, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir et disposer de coton brut, laine, déchets de coton, de matières textiles de toutes descriptions et de leurs produits manufacturés ; manufacturer des cotonnades, lainages, laines effilochures et déchets, fils et tissus de toute description et blanchir, teindre, imprimer et autrement convertir les matières brutes en fils ou produits ; construire, acheter ou autrement acquérir et vendre, louer et exploiter des manufactures de coton et autres matières textiles de toutes descriptions ou de leurs produits manufacturés ; acheter, vendre et autrement disposer, détenir, posséder, fabriquer, produire, exporter et trafiquer comme principaux ou agents, à commission, en consignation ou autrement d'effets, articles, produits et marchandises de tous genres et de toute nature ; faire les affaires de marchands généraux, courtiers en marchandises, agents pour la vente et facteurs ;

(*b*) Demander, acheter, adopter enregistrer ou autrement acquérir toutes patentes, brevets d'invention, licences, baux, concessions, marques de fabrique, marques de commerce, dessins, étiquettes imprimées, permis, et autres choses semblables, conférant un droit exclusif et non exclusif ou limité, et aucune formule et procédé et aucune invention brevetée ou autre, ou tout autre renseignement touchant toute invention qui semblera propre à être employée pour aucunes des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition paraîtra de nature à être directement ou indirectement avantageuse à la compagnie, les payer en espèces, actions ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ; et utiliser, exercer, développer, et permettre l'usage, en octroyer des licences, ou autrement rendre profitables la propriété, les droits, intérêts ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*c*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou non, que la compagnie jugera propre à être exercée en rapport avec l'industrie ou les objets de la compagnie, ou censée, directement ou indirectement, augmenter la valeur de la propriété et des droits de la compagnie ou les rendre profitables ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir les actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, les payer en espèces ou en actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie ; détenir, vendre, voter ou autrement disposer des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs ainsi achetées, garantir le paiement du principal ou des intérêts des dites actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ; promouvoir toute compagnie ou corporation ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être directement ou indirectement, avantageusement exercée pour cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété, des biens, franchises, entreprises de la compagnie, son actif ou aucune partie de son actif, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*f*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie du principal et des intérêts ou autrement en disposer ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir en son nom ou au nom des personnes, maisons, compagnie ou compagnies ci-après référées, si dûment autorisées pour cela, toute ou aucune des propriétés, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges, détenus par ou en puissance d'aucune personne ou maison, ou d'aucune compagnie ou compagnies exerçant ou formées pour exercer une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et payer pour telle propriété, franchise, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*h*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété ou droits pouvant être acquis par la compagnie, ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires pour aucuns services rendus ou pour travaux faits pour la compagnie, ou pour le règlement de dettes ou engagements dus par la compagnie ;

(*i*) Faire enregistrer, licencier ou autrement reconnaître la compagnie dans tous pays étrangers, y désigner et nommer des personnes comme fondés de pouvoir ou représentants de cette compagnie avec pleins pouvoirs de la représenter en toutes matières suivant les lois de tels pays étrangers et d'accepter pour et pour le compte de cette compagnie la signification d'aucune procédure ou action ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "U-Need-A-Mattress Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

16–2

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 27 septembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des pouvoirs conférés au Directeur Général des Postes, par arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé au " Dakota Freie Presse " et au " Neue Presse, " tous deux hebdomadaires imprimés en langue allemande et publiés par la Freie Presse Printing Co., D.-S., et leur circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière :—

D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tous tels journaux ou un numéro quelconque de ces journaux déjà publiés ou qui seront ensuite publiés et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tous tels journaux sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

15–2

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 27 septembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des pouvoirs conférés au Directeur Général des Postes par l'arrêté en conseil n° 94 sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé " Der Staats Anzeiger, " un journal hebdomadaire imprimé en langue allemande et publié par la Bismarck Printing Co., Bismarck, D.-W., et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière. D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tout tel journal ou un numéro quelconque de ce journal déjà publié ou qui sera ensuite publié, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tout tel journal sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-Directeur Général des Postes.

15–2

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois de juillet 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondus Can., 1906.)

DT. AV.

	$ c.		$
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 30 juin 1916	40,213,861 48	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	672,739 82
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,050,997 24		
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert			
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	2,194 33		
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,060 13	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373 36
	41,270,113 18		41,270,113 18

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.
DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 14 septembre 1916

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

14–tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances pour le 30 septembre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE.			1915.	1916.
PASSIF.			$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			757,960 94	118,645,070 94
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Prêts temporaires			150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,802,646 32	$40,930,124 46		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,939,801 94	13,572,820 03		
			52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total de la dette brute			774,896,755 36	1,071,657,373 51
ACTIF				
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total de l'actif			290,055,121 63	331,381,928 61
Total de la dette nette au 30 septembre			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
" au 31 août			472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Augmentation de la dette			12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois septembre, 1915.	Total au 30 septembre, 1915.	Mois septembre, 1916.	Total au 30 septembre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Accise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Département des Postes	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Divers	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
DÉPENSES	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	14,541,003 47	44,127,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	3,482,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Subventions aux chemins de fer	155,032 00	723,021 14		363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa 4 octobre 1916. 15-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste.	
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots.....	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste.....	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions.	
Total.....	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

99. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension.....$	100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session.....	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000.....	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000.....	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000.....	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000.....	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000.....	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel.....	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

—

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressée au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* ; le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal* :—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone* :—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs* ; ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque* ; une *compagnie d'assurance* ; une *compagnie de fidéicommis* ; une *compagnie de prêt* ; ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une déclaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous, établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit "

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SÉNAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé : il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills privés.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt après la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent pour le trimestre courant, étant au taux de 10 pour cent par année sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré, et sera payable à la banque en cette cité et à ses succursales, dès et après le 1er jour de novembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés à la clôture des affaires le 14e jour d'octobre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

D. C. MACAROW,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 26 septembre 1916. 14–5

CEMENT PRODUCTS CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.

AVIS AUX CRÉANCIERS.

Province de Québec, District de Québec, N° 1145. } COUR SUPÉRIEURE.

DANS L'AFFAIRE DE :

LA compagnie dite "Cement Products Company of Canada, Limited," manufacturiers de produits du ciment, ayant son principal lieu d'affaires en la cité de Québec, province de Québec, en liquidation.

Avis est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un ordre de la cour, daté le vingt-deuxième jour de septembre 1916, le soussigné a été nommé liquidateur, et Ernest F. Wurtèle, inspecteur de l'actif ci-dessus et que les pouvoirs des directeurs ont été continués.

Toutes personnes ayant des réclamations contre la dite compagnie sont priées de les déposer entre mes mains, attestées sous serment, sous un mois de la présente date.

Signé : S. C. FOWLER,
Liquidateur.

Bureau :
Immeuble de la Canadian Bank of Commerce,
No 70, rue Saint-Paul, Québec, P.Q.
5 octobre 1916. 16–1

BANQUE MOLSONS.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque Molsons aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, lundi, le sixième jour de novembre prochain, à trois heures de l'après-midi.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,
EDWARD C. PRATT,
gérant général.

Montréal, 4 octobre 1916. 15–4

THE F. E. PARTRIDGE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

RÈGLEMENT N° 46.

"LE siège social de la compagnie en Canada sera en la cité de Guelph, dans la province d'Ontario. La compagnie pourra aussi avoir d'autres bureaux aux autres endroits, soit dans le Dominion du Canada ou ailleurs, selon que le conseil de direction le décidera."

—

Je, F. M. Ker, secrétaire de la compagnie dite "The F. E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited," certifie par le présent que ce qui précède est une copie fidèle et exacte du règlement n° 46 de la compagnie dite "The F. E. Partridge Rubber Company, Limited," tel que statué par le conseil de direction de la dite compagnie à une assemblée des directeurs tenue en la cité de Montréal, le 29e jour de septembre 1916, à 11.30 heures de l'avant-midi, et que le dit règlement a été approuvé par le vote de tous les actionnaires de la dite compagnie à une assemblée des actionnaires tenue en la cité de Montréal, le 30e jour de septembre 1916, à 11.45 heures de l'avant-midi.

En foi de quoi j'ai apposé aux présentes ma signature et le sceau corporatif de la compagnie à la cité de Guelph, ce 5e jour d'octobre A.D. 1916.

[L.S.] F. M. KER,
16–1 Secrétaire.

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec aura lieu au siège social de la dite banque, en la cité de Québec, P.Q., le mardi, 28e jour de novembre A.D. 1916, à trois heures de l'après-midi, dans le but d'étudier une convention pour la vente par la dite Banque de Québec de son actif à la Banque Royale du Canada aux conditions stipulées dans la dite convention, dont copie sera adressée par la malle à chaque actionnaire avec le présent avis, et si la chose est jugé opportune, adopter une résolution ou des résolutions approuvant la dite convention et autorisant le président et gérant général de la Banque de Québec d'apposer le sceau corporatif de la banque à la dite convention et de la signer et l'exécuter pour et au nom de la banque ; et aussi dans le but de prendre en considération et, si la chose est jugée opportune, adopter toutes les autres et subséquentes résolutions dans le but de mettre la dite convention et les conditions en vigueur selon que les actionnaires le jugeront convenable ou à propos et dans le but d'autoriser le conseil de direction à donner tous les avis et à faire toutes les demandes et à adopter et exécuter tous les autres actes, résolutions, contrats, instruments, matières et choses qui seront jugés nécessaires pour obtenir que la dite convention soit sanctionnée par le Gouverneur en conseil et pour l'exécuter et distribuer les recettes de la dite vente.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,
B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Québec, 10 octobre 1916. 16–7

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

JEUDI, le 2 novembre prochain, et après, cette banque paiera à ses actionnaires un dividende de deux pour cent, étant au taux de huit pour cent par année, sur son capital, pour le trimestre finissant le 31 octobre prochain.

Ce dividende sera payé suivant la liste des actionnaires inscrits à la date du 16 octobre prochain.

Par ordre du bureau de direction,
N. LAVOIE,
Gérant général.

Québec, le 19 septembre 1916. 13–5

CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par les présentes donné, suivant les dispositions de l'article 5 de la *Loi des Sociétés de Caisses de Retraite*, Chapitre 123, S.R.C., que la Société de la Caisse de Retraite de la Banque d'Hochelaga a été constituée, conformément à cette loi, et que son bureau principal est situé au n° civique 112 St. Jacques, à Montréal.

Ernest Guimont est le secrétaire de la société, et toutes pièces de procédures légales peuvent lui être signifiées.

Montréal, ce trois octobre mil neuf cent seize.

LA SOCIÉTÉ DE LA CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA,
15–4 ERNEST GUIMONT, Sec.

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OTTAWA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Royal Highness the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 31st August, 1916.

To be Third Class Excise Officers in the Inland Revenue Divisions as stated in their respective cases:—

Names.	Divisions.
Charles Vezina,	Quebec, in the Province of Quebec.
Amedee Louis Aucoin,	Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.
Prosper Eugene Brisette,	Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.
Louis Elesee Noel,	Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.
Edward George Blaylock,	Belleville, in the Province of Ontario.
Frederick Holmes McLenaghan,	Perth, in the Province of Ontario.
Robert Howard LaMarsh,	Windsor, in the Province of Ontario.
John Christopher Miller,	Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.
Ward Harry Bell,	Moose Jaw, in the Province of Saskatchewan.
John Lytton Mara,	Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

said appointments to date from 1st August, 1916.

—

8th September, 1916.

Joseph Philias Ethier, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario : to be (from 1st September, 1916), Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures, in the Weights and Measures Division of Ottawa, in the said Province.

Hugh Allen Rogers, of the City of Belleville, in the Province of Ontario : to be a Third Class Excise Officer, on probation, in the Inland Revenue Division of Belleville, in the said Province, from 1st August 1916.

—

5th October, 1916.

Thomas Maxwell, of Big River, in the Province of Saskatchewan : to be a Fishery Officer, with the rank of Fishery Overseer in and for the said Province of Saskatchewan, in the room and stead of Edward Beatty and during his term of office as such Fishery Overseer with the powers of a Justice of the Peace *ex officio* for the purposes of The Fisheries Act.

—

7th October, 1916.

Frederick Augustus Morrison, of Vegreville, in the Province of Alberta, Esquire, one of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law : to be Judge of the District Court of the District of Stettler, in the said Province of Alberta.

Charles F. Sprott, J.P., of Burnaby Lake, in the Province of British Columbia : to be a member of the North Fraser Harbour Commission, in the room and stead of Robert Abernethy, resigned.

—

11th October, 1916.

Captain Thomas Templeman, of Port Lorne, in the County of Annapolis, in the Province of Nova Scotia : to be Harbour Master for that port, in the room and stead of Freeman Beardsley.

Captain Thomas Templeman, of Port Lorne, in the Province of Nova Scotia : to be Wharfinger of the Government wharf at that place, in the room and stead of Freeman Beardsley.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *10th October, 1916.*]

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION MAKING CERTAIN ADDITIONS TO AND AMENDMENTS IN THE LIST OF ARTICLES TO BE TREATED AS CONTRABAND OF WAR.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS, on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities or until We did give further public notice, and

Whereas, on the 27th day of January, 1916, the 12th day of April, 1916 and the 27th day of June, 1916, We did by Our Royal Proclamations of those dates make certain additions to and modifications in the said list of articles to be treated as contraband, and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to the said list,—

Now, therefore, We do hereby declare by and with the advice of Our Privy Council that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamation aforesaid mentioned :

Insulating materials, raw and manufactured ; fatty acids ; cadmium alloys and cadmium ore albumen.

And We do hereby further declare that as from this date the following amendments shall be made in Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation of the 14th day of October, 1915, aforementioned :

For item 6, "paraffine wax," there shall be substituted, "waxes of all kinds."

And We do hereby further declare that the following article shall, as from this date, be treated as conditional contraband in addition to those set out in Our Proclamation aforementioned :

Yeast.

Given at our Court at Buckingham Palace this THIRD day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING. 16-3

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in any wise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

W. STUART EDWARDS, for Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada.

WHEREAS it is in and by Part XII of the Canada Shipping Act, Chapter 113, Revised Statutes, 1906, amongst other things, in effect, enacted that said Part XII, shall apply to such ports only as are from time to time designated for that purpose by proclamation ;

And whereas by an order of our Governor in Council bearing date the nineteenth day of September, A.D. 1916, the harbour of Pender in the Province of British Columbia, is designated as a port to which said Part XII shall apply, and it is declared that the limits of said Port shall be as follows :—

" Comprising all the waters of Pender harbour and " of Malaspina strait, including the tidal portions of " streams, inlets, etc., and of flats up to high water " mark, enclosed by right lines drawn from the ex- " tremity of Norman point to the north tangent of " Pearson island, and from the west tangent of Pearson " island to the west tangent of Francis point and from " the south tangent of Francis point due east by com- " pass to the Mainland of Sechelt peninsula,"—

Now KNOW YE that we do under and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by said Part XII and Order in Council respectively proclaim and declare that said Part XII shall hereafter apply to the said port of Pender, in the Province of British Columbia.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Most Dear and Entirely Beloved Uncle and Most Faithful Counsellor, Field Marshal His Royal Highness PRINCE ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, Earl of Sussex (in the Peerage of the United Kingdom) ; Prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha ; Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter ; Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle ; Knight of Our Most Illustrious Order of Saint Patrick ; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Great Master of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Exalted Order of the Star of India ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Commander of Our Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order ; Our Personal Aide-de-Camp ; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of SEPTEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign

By Command,

THOMAS MULVEY,
15-3 Under-Secretary of State.

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *14th October, 1916.*]

CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, P.C., G.C.M.G., LL.D., etc., etc., etc., Chief Justice of Canada, and Administrator of the Government of the Dominion of Canada.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Majesty King George the Fifth, was graciously pleased by a Commission under His Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date at the Court of Saint James's the sixth day of March, 1911, and in the first year of His Reign, to appoint Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught to be Governor General and Commander in Chief of the Dominion of Canada ;

And Whereas by section VII of the Letters Patent bearing date the fifteenth day of June, 1905, constituting the office of Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada it is provided that in the event of the absence of the Governor General out of the Dominion of Canada all and every the powers and authorities therein granted to him shall, until His Majesty's further pleasure is signified therein, be vested in such person as may be appointed by His Majesty under His Sign Manual and Signet to be the Lieutenant Governor of the said Dominion or if there shall be no such Lieutenant Governor in the said Dominion, then in such person or persons as may be appointed under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet to administer the Government of the same ; and in case there shall be no person or persons within the said Dominion so appointed, then in the Chief Justice for the time being of the Supreme Court of the said Dominion, or in case of the death, incapacity, removal, or absence out of the said Dominion of the said Chief Justice for the time being, then

in the Senior Judge for the time being of the said Supreme Court then residing in the said Dominion and not being under incapacity ;

And Whereas by reason of the absence of the said Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, etc., etc., etc., out of Canada, and under and in virtue of the letters patent aforesaid all and every the powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent granted to the Governor General have become vested in me as being the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for the time being of the Dominion of Canada, and having taken the necessary oath as required by the said Letters Patent, I have therefore thought fit to issue this Proclamation to make known the same, and I do hereby require and command that all and singular His Majesty's officers and ministers in the said Dominion of Canada do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places and employments, and that His Majesty's loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern do take notice thereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at arms at the City of OTTAWA, this THIRTEENTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of His Majesty's Reign.

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrator of the Government.

17-3

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrator.

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you— GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Saturday, the twenty-first day of the month of October instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on THURSDAY, the THIRTIETH day of the month of NOVEMBER next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-beloved Councillor the Right Honourable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and St. George ; Chief Justice of Canada ; Administrator of the Government of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this EIGHTEENTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for Canada.

17-tf

9179—1½

DESPATCHES, ETC.

CANADA.
No. 1096.

DOWNING STREET,
27th September, 1916.

SIR,—With reference to my predecessor's despatch No. 8 of 5th January, 1915, I have the honour to request Your Royal Highness to inform your Ministers that His Majesty's Government have decided to increase the rate charged for insurance against war risks on hulls under the Government War Risks Insurance Scheme, to £1 per cent for a voyage and £2 per cent for a round voyage or for a time policy of 91 days.

2. The new rates came into force on the 20th of September.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your Royal Highness's most obedient,
humble servant,
(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Royal Highness
The Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., &c., &c., &c.

17-3

(Extract from the Third Supplement to the LONDON GAZETTE *of the 19th September, 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
21st September, 1916.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the field to the undermentioned Non-commissioned Officers and Men :—

CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

419043 Pte. J. V. H. Bellers, Inf.
8069 Sjt. R. N. Broad, Inf.
71548 Pte. H. C. Burnell, Inf.
55407 Pte. R L. Dinsmore, Inf.
8659 Pte S. Gracey, Can. A.M.C.
319 Driver W. Harper, Can. Eng.
55766 Sjt. J. R. Holk, Inf.
418997 Pte. B. S. Jackes, Inf.
427024 Pte. A. Maquard, Inf.
71198 Pte. G. S. Muir, Inf.
8486 Pte. R. A. Murphy, Inf.
73308 Pte. J. E. Price, Inf.
432171 Sjt. L E. Rawlinson, Inf.
71836 Pte. J. Rogers, Inf.
447229 Pte. S. Taylor, Inf.

17-1

(Extract from the Supplement to THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 26th September, 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
26th September, 1916.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to confer the Military Cross on the undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the field :—

CANADIAN FORCE.

Lt. Lawrence Francis Gartner Bole, R. Can. R.
For conspicuous gallantry after a raid. With two other officers he worked for 45 minutes under heavy fire clearing the casualties. He did fine work throughout the raid and afterwards.

Lt. Owen Sydney Dunn, Can. Inf.
For conspicuous gallantry. When sent with a patrol to secure a prisoner he surprised a party of the enemy and shot and wounded one of them. The enemy retired throwing bombs, pursued by Lt. Dunn, who finally brought the wounded man back after dispersing the enemy party with bombs and repelling a rescue party.

Lt. Ernest Dorland Hicks, Can. Force and R.F.C.
For conspicuous gallantry and skill. He brought down two enemy machines and attacked and drove

back over their lines three others. On one occasion he came down to 800 feet and bombed trains. On another he came down to 300 feet and dropped bombs on a station.

Capt. Ivan Steele Ralston, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during an attack. Although twice buried by shell fire he refused to leave the front line till relieved 48 hours later. He showed great coolness and judgment in organizing his defences.

Lt. Harry Roy Urie, Can. Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry. When the enemy blew a camouflet damaging one of our galleries in which some men were working he entered the shaft at great personal risk and succeeded in getting out the four remaining men into safety. The fifth man had been killed by the explosion.

Lt. John Gordon Young, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry. At a critical time he went out to the front line, reorganized the bombers and recaptured a bombing post which had been lost. Later he went over the parapet and brought in a wounded prisoner.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field :—

CANADIAN FORCE.

415151 Pte. G. McNamara, Can. Mtd. Rif.

For conspicuous gallantry. He went out in broad daylight and in full view of the enemy, and brought in a wounded serjeant under machine gun and rifle fire.

17-1

(*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE, *of the 26th September, 1916.*

CHANCERY OF THE ORDER OF SAINT MICHAEL AND SAINT GEORGE.

DOWNING STREET,
14th September, 1916.

THE KING has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following promotion in and appointment to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George.

To be an Ordinary Member of the Second Class, or Knight Commander of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

Colonel Arthur Percy Sherwood, C.M.G., M.V.O., Chief Commissioner of Police of the Dominion of Canada.

To be an Ordinary Member of the Third Class, or Companion of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

Lieutenant-colonel Edward Alexander Stanton, Military Secretary to His Royal Highness the Governor general and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

17-1

[*Extracts from the Supplement to* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 22nd September, 1916.*]

WAR OFFICE,
22nd September, 1916.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the appointments of the undermentioned Officers to be Companions of the Distinguished Service Order, in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the field :—

CANADIAN FORCE.

Capt. Charles Edward Kilmer, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He led with great skill a successful daylight attack on the enemy's trenches. Though severely wounded, he was the last man to withdraw after all his party, including the wounded, had got clear.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to confer the Military Cross on the undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the field :—

CANADIAN FORCE.

Lt. Arthur Spencer Allen, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry on several occasions, notably when he organized and led parties against an enemy post, dispersing them with bombs. He also volunteered and cut a gap in the enemy's wire previous to a raid.

Lt. James Clifford Andrews, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallanty during a raid on the enemy's trenches. He captured a prisoner and removed him from the trench under heavy fire. When the officer in charge was wounded he took command and displayed great coolness during the withdrawal.

Lt. Guy Sedden Clarkson, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and skill when leading a raiding party into the enemy's trenches. He inflicted heavy casualties and withdrew with one prisoner and some valuable identifications. His party suffered only one slight casualty.

Lt. Harry Robertson Dillon, Can. Fd. Art.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He rescued a wounded officer from close to the enemy's wire. He also controlled the fire of his battery from an exposed point within forty-five yards of the enemy's trenches, standing up and exposed to machine-gun fire

Lt. Sydney Baker Harris, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during a raid on the enemy's trenches. He killed two of the enemy with his revolver and three with bombs. After being wounded he continued to encourage his men and to throw bombs. Finally he helped to carry a wounded serjeant back to our lines under heavy fire.

Lt. Thomas Lewis Owen Williams, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry when leading a raid into the enemy's trenches. After a fight his party succeeded in entering the trenches and in bringing back a prisoner and valuable information. He was himself severely wounded, and, has since lost both his legs.

Lt. John Stanley Woods, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry when destroying an enemy post with its garrison. With another officer and a supply of explosive he forced his way through the wire round the post, and, though the enemy bombed him heavily, he laid and exploded his charge successfully.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

CANADIAN FORCE.

71409 Sjt. J. M. Mackie, Can. Infy.

For conspicuous gallantry. He crawled 200 yards across "No Man's Land" in broad daylight to within 20 yards of the enemy's parapet in order to reconnoitre. Later he entered the enemy's trench with a raiding party, killing three of the enemy with his revolver and wounding others with bombs. Though badly wounded he helped other wounded men out of the trench.

55914 Pte. J. Newton, Can Infy.

For conspicuous gallantry. After a raid it was found that an officer had been wounded and left in "No Man's Land." Private Newton, with a comrade, volunteered to go out under heavy rifle and machine gun fire. They found the officer helpless and brought him back to our trenches in broad daylight.

73821 Pte. R. F. Phillips, Can. Inf'y.

For conspicuous gallantry during a raid on the enemy's trenches. He entered the trench under heavy bombing fire, and covered his officer while the later

reconnoitred and secured a prisoner. During the withdrawal he stood on the parapet throwing bombs, and finally assisted back the wounded.

61618 Sjt. C. E. Pouliot, Can. Infy.

For conspicuous gallantry when on patrol. He attacked an hostile patrol, taking two prisoners. He spent four consecutive nights in hostile trenches with a view to making prisoners for identification.

18833 Sjt. G. W. Thorold, Can. Infy.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in collecting and leading a party, under heavy shell fire, to dig out the grenade squad of another platoon which was buried by an enemy trench mortar bomb.

55955 Pte. W. Wilson, Can. Infy.

For conspicuous gallantry. After a raid in which he had taken part, he volunteered to go with a comrade under heavy rifle and machine-gun fire and search for a wounded officer. They found the officer lying helpless and brought him back safely in broad daylight.

17–1

[*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 8th September, 1916.*]

At the Court at *Windsor Castle*, the 7th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Aliens Restriction (Consolidation) Order 1916 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Order), His Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred by the Aliens Restriction Act, 1914, has been pleased to impose restrictions on aliens, and to make various regulations for carrying these restrictions into effect ;

And whereas the principal Order has been extended and amended by subsequent Orders in Council, and it is expedient further to amend the provisions of the principal Order in manner hereinafter appearing, —

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

The following article shall be inserted after article 22*a* of the principal Order :—

22*b*. As from and after the first day of October, 1916, a person shall not take steps to obtain the services for work other than munitions work in the United Kingdom of aliens or any alien not in the United Kingdom except with the permission in writing of the Board of Trade, and subject to such special or general conditions as the Board of Trade may impose.

15–3 ALMERIC FITZROY.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2513]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 13th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that a permanent harbour headline be established at Port Maitland, Ontario, in accordance with the plan and description attached hereto, beyond which line wharfs, piers, breakwaters and similar works shall not in future be constructed.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

NOTE.—The plan and description referred to may be seen at the offices of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and of the District Engineer of the Department of Public Works, at Windsor, Ont. 17-2

[2324]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Royal Highness the Governor General in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 48 of chapter 87, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, intituled The Gas Inspection Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

The Order in Council, dated 26th June, 1915, establishing fees for the verification of gas meters and for calorific and purity tests of gas is hereby cancelled as and from the first day of November, 1916, and the following Schedule is hereby established and substituted in lieu thereof, to take effect from the first day of November, 1916.

SCHEDULE OF FEES.

Fees for the Verification of Tin Meters :—	
10 Lights and under	$ 0.60
Over 10 Lights, up to 50 Lights	1.00
Over 50 Lights, up to 100 Lights	2.00
Each additional 20 Lights or fraction thereof	0.50
Fees for the Verification of Iron Meters :—	
No. 1 Iron Meter	0.60
No. 2 Iron Meter	1.00
No. 3 Iron Meter	1.50
Each additional number	0.50
Fees for the Verification of Proportional Meters :—	
Each Proportional Meter, the owner in addition to pay freight charges on testing apparatus and the travelling expenses of the Inspector, and to make the necessary connections	10.00
Fees for the Technical Analysis of Gas :—	
Each Analysis of Natural Gas	10.00
Each Analysis of Manufactured Gas	5.00
Fees for the Testing of Calorific Power :—	
Each Test of Calorific Power, regular or special	2.50
Fees for the Testing of Purity :—	
Each Test for Sulphuretted Hydrogen, when made at the same time as a calorific test	0.25
Each separate or special Test for Sulphuretted Hydrogen	1.00

Classification of Companies and Frequency of Tests.

Gas companies shall be classified in accordance with the number of meters they have in use, and the frequency of calorific and purity tests shall be according to said classification, all as per the following table, namely :—

No. of Meters in Use.	Class of Company.	When Tests are to be Made.
Over 10,000....	1	Daily except Sundays and holidays.
5001 to 10,000.	2	Twelve times per month.
2001 to 5000. .	3	Eight times per month.
1001 to 2000...	4	Four times per month.
1000 or under..	5	Twice per month.

Issuance of Certificates :—

Certificates for calorific power and purity are to be issued immediately in the case of all special tests, for regular tests they are to be issued four times per month at approximately equal intervals, for Class 1, 2, 3 and 4 Companies, and semi-monthly for Class 5 Companies.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2511]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 13th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that Port Maitland, in the Province of Ontario, be established as an Outport of Customs and Warehousing Port, under the survey of the Port of Hamilton, Ontario, on and from the 16th day of October, 1916.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2362]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Saturday, the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS cases have occured in ports in the Oversea Dominions in which it would have been an advantage if the Master of Admiralty transports had been in a position to invoke, for the maintenance of discipline on board their ships a Regulation similar to section, 39A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (Imperial), which deals with cases of indiscipline on board Admiralty transports in ports in the United Kingdom, and which, it is represented, has proved effective in checking in the United Kingdom, offences of drunkenness and failure to join on the part or merchant seamen engaged in ships requisitioned of chartered by the Admiralty and in enabling such ships to avoid delays in departure from ports in the United Kingdom,—

Therefore, His Royal Higness the Governor General in Council, with a like object in view, and under the power in that behalf conferred upon him by section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, or otherwise vested in the Governor General in Council, is pleased to make the following orders and regulations, and the same are hereby made and established accordingly :—

1. If whilst within the jurisdiction a seaman lawfully engaged in accordance with The Merchant Shipping Acts, 1894 to 1914, to serve on board any British ship belonging to or chartered or requisitioned by the Admiralty :—

(*a*) Neglects or refuses without reasonable cause to join his ship or to proceed to sea in his ship, or is absent without leave from his ship or from his duty at any time, or

(*b*) Joins his ship or is whilst on board his ship in a state of drunkenness so that the performance of his duties or the navigation of his ship is thereby impeded he shall be guilty of an offence and punishable by summary proceedings under Part XV of the Criminal Code : and the master, mate, or owner of the ship, or his agent, or any commissioned naval officer, may, with or without the assistance of the local police officers or constables, convey on board of his ship any seaman whom he has reason to believe to be guilty of an offence under this section ; and may also arrest him without first procuring a warrant and police officers or constables are hereby directed to give assistance if required. Provided always that no commissioned naval officer acting in pursuance of the powers aforesaid shall be liable to any penalty or to any action for damages for false imprisonment.

2. If such seaman is charged with having committed an offence under this section, he shall, if the offence comes within the provisions of paragraph (*a*) be liable to the penalties prescribed for such offences in section 221 of The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, and if the offence comes within the provisions of paragraph (*b* he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $25.00.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2394]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 29th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made by Messrs. Alexander Smith and William Henry Fares, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, to purchase those portions of the lands hereinafter enumerated, formerly covered by the waters of Rush Lake, and as shown coloured red on the Township plan hereto attached ;

The Minister further reports that Messrs. Smith and Fares have had filed in the Departmend of the Interior, evidence showing them to be the registered owners of land lying immediately alongside the parcels applied for,—

The Minister recommends that in accordance with the present departmental practice which permits of formerly submerged portions of quarter sections being sold to the registered owners of the balance thereof, and under the provisions of section 32 of The Dominion Lands Act, the lands in question comprising a total area of 851·5 acres, be sold to Messrs. Smith and Fares at the respective values placed thereon by a Homestead Inspector and on the usual terms of payment.

The lands in question and their value per acre are as follows : —

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 16, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 1·5 acres—$6.00 an acre.

Part of the E. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 17, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 59·5 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 17, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 71·4 acres —$5.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 20, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 11·5 acres —$7.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 20, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 120·8 acres —$8.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 19, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 101·0 acres —$6.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 19, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 5·5 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 18, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 52·4 acres—$9.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 1, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 0·9 acre—$10.00 an acre.

Part of the S. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 57·0 acres—$10.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 91·0 acres—$7.00 an acre.

Part of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 125·0 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 14, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 53·0 acres —$7.00 an acre.

Part of the N. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 60·0 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 41·0 acres —$5.00 an acre.

The Committee concur in the foregoing and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2429]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is deemed desirable in the execution of the powers conferred by section 2 of The Seed Control Act, that special grades of grain should be established exclusively for seed purposes without affecting the commercial grades fixed under the authority of The Canada Grain Act ;

And whereas the primary purpose of providing a special grade of grain that may be suitable for seed is to create a substantial supply of Red Fife and Marquis wheat, white oats and six-rowed barley that is clean, of superior quality and reasonably pure as to variety or type of grain, so that such supply of grain may conveniently be made available to farmers, seed merchants or grain dealers who sell seed at the minimum cost ; the main object is the improvement of field crops,—

Therefore the Govenor General in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 2 of The Seed Control Act, is pleased to order and it is herein ordered as follows :—

The nomenclature of grades of grain for seed purposes shall be as follows—the same having been revised and approved by the chief Inspector of Grain and recommended for approval by the Minister of Agriculture, viz :—

No. 1 Canada Western seed oats shall be composed of No. 1 or No. 2 C. W. oats shall contain 95% of white oats, sound, clean and free from other grain ; shall be free from noxious weed seeds within the meaning of The Seed Control Act, and shall weigh not less than 34 pounds to the bushel.

No. 3 Canada Western seed barley shall be composed of the six-rowed variety, sound, plump, free from other grain, of fair colour, free from noxious weed seeds within the meaning of The Seed Control Act, and shall weigh not less than 45 pounds to the bushel.

No. 1 Manitoba Northern seed wheat shall be composed of 85 % of Red Fife, or 85% of Marquis wheat, sound, clean and free from other grain, and free from noxious weed seeds within the meaning of The Seed Control Act, weighing not less than 60 pounds to the bushel.

For No. 1 seed purposes Red Fife and Marquis wheat shall be kept separate.

No. 2 seed wheat shall be composed of grades No. 2 Northern, No. 3 Northern, or No. 4 slightly frosted wheat of Red Fife or Marquis variety, and when recleaned shall be practically free from other grain and noxious weed seeds, and the weight not less than 58 pounds to the bushel.

For No. 2 seed purposes Red Fife and Marquis wheat shall be kept separate.

No grain shall be accepted for seed which will require a large dockage to clean.

Seed Inspectors shall observe the foregoing regulations in the grading of grain for seed purposes, nevertheless inasmuch as the operations of seed inspectors are dependent upon and follow after the operations of grain inspectors in respect of the grain to be examined as to suitability for seed purposes, the seed inspectors will remain subject to the approval of the chief inspector of grain or his deputy in all matters of procedure and prompt attendance to duties and for efficiency and accuracy of technical work done, seed inspectors shall be responsible to the Minister of Agriculture.

Seed inspectors are hereby authorized to certify ex-elevator the grain graded for seed purposes pursuant to the foregoing regulations.

The Order in Council, dated 30th September, 1915, establishing special grades of grain for seed purposes is hereby rescinded.

This Order in Council shall be published twice in the *Canada Gazette*.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

16-2

[2312]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 28th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the Rural Municipality of Rosemount, No. 378, of the Province of Saskatchewan, for a grant for cemetery purposes of three acres of land comprised in N.W. corner of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 34, Township 37, Range 16, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for cemetery purposes three acres of land comprised in the N.W. corner of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 34, Township 37, Range 16, west of the Third Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Rural Municipality of Rosemount, No. 378, of the Province of Saskatchewan, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

15-4

[The following Order in Council was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *10th October, 1916.*]

[2363]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1915.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is represented that persons are endeavouring to secure commissions for procuring contracts with the Imperial Munitions Board upon the grounds that such persons have influence with the Board by which they are enabled to secure such contracts ;

And whereas it is considered that the bargaining for or taking of commissions or reward in such circumstances should be prohibited upon the considerations which led to the enactment of section 158 of The Criminal Code, and subject to the same penalities,—

Therefore, with a view to preventing such practices, His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Regulation and the same is hereby made and established accordingly :—

REGULATION.

Everyone is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and not exceeding one thousand dollars, and to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, and not less than one month, and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a further period not exceeding six months, who, by reason of or under the pretence of possessing influence with the Government, demands, exacts, stipulates or negotiates for or receives, or offers or attempts to obtain or receive from any person any compensation, commission, fee or reward for procuring or furthering the obtaining by himself or any other person of any contract, order or other benefit from the Government, or who offers, promises or pays under the circumstances, and for the causes aforesaid, or any of them, any such compensation, commission, fee or reward.

The expression "Government," for the purpose of this regulation, shall mean and include His Majesty's Government whether in respect of the United Kingdom or of Canada, and any Minister or official thereof, as well as any officer, board or commission appointed or named by His Majesty or by any Minister of the Crown, or by any other officer or authority whether in respect of His Majesty's Government of the United Kingdom or of Canada.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

16-2

[2285]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the trustees of the Good Hope Baptist Church of Keystone, of the Province of Alberta, for a grant for church purposes of 10 acres of land comprised in the N.E. corner of Legal Subdivision 8 of Section 15, Township 48, Range 4, west of the Fifth Meridian;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore, His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes 10 acres of land comprised in the N. E. Corner of Legal Subdivision 8 of Section 15, Township 48, Range 4, west of the Fifth Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the trustees of the Good Hope Baptist Church of Keystone, of the Province of Alberta, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2284]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of the Board of Management of the Church and Manse Building Fund of the Presbyterian Church in Cana la for Manitoba and the North West for a grant for church purposes of one acre of land comprised in the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 31, Range 22, west of the Principal Meridian;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore, His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes one acre of land comprised in the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 31 Range 22, west of the Principal Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Board of Management of the Church and Manse Building Fund of the Presbyterian Church in Canada for Manitoba and the North West for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2268]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 23rd day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 19th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. Frank A. Collins, Superintendent of School Lands, Winnipeg, has recommended that auction sales of School Lands be held in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta during the present autumn at the following points, namely :—Kamsack, Blaine Lake and Biggar in the Province of Saskatchewan, and at Provost, Sedgewick and Chinook in the Province of Alberta;

That before making any arrangements for these sales, the Premiers of Saskatchewan and Alberta were asked for an expression of their opinion as to the advisability of holding auction sales of School Lands in these Provinces during the present year;

That in reply a letter was received from the Provincial Treasurer of Saskatchewan stating that his Government was of the opinion that the present autumn would be an opportune time for holding sales of School Lands at Blaine Lake and Biggar in that Province;

That the Premier of Alberta has also expressed the concurrence of his Government in the proposed sales in the Province of Alberta,—

As the Minister is of opinion, in view of the representations made to him, that it would be in the interests of the School Lands Fund to hold auction sales of School Lands at points mentioned during the present autumn, he recommends that the authority of Council be given for that purpose. The lands will be inspected before the sales are held and will be offered at such upset prices as will safeguard the interests of the School Lands Endowment Fund. The sales will also be subject to the provisions of The Dominion Lands Act with respect to auction sales of School Lands.

Authority was given by Order in Council of the 12th February, 1916, for the holding of auction sales of School Lands in the Province of Manitoba at Rossburn, Glenella and Dauphin during the months of June and July last, when auction sales were also held at several points in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta, but as the inspections of the lands to be offered in Manitoba were greatly delayed owing to the lateness of the season, it was not found possible to offer the Manitoba School Lands at that time.

The Minister, therefore, recommends that authority be given for the sale of these lands at Rossburn, Glenella and Dauphin during the present autumn.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14–4 Clerk of the Privy Council

[2195]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 19th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

HIS Royal Highness the Governor General in Council, in view of the present uncertain condition of the labour market in the Province of British Columbia, is pleased, pursuant to the authority conferred by subsection (*c*) of section 38 of The Immigration Act, 9–10 Edward VII, to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

From and after the 1st day of October, 1916, and until the 31st day of March, 1917, the landing at any port of entry in British Columbia, hereinafter specified, of any immigrant of any of the following classes or occupation, viz, artizans ; labourers, skilled and unskilled, is hereby prohibited.

The following ports of entry in British Columbia are hereby designated as the ports of entry at which this order shall apply :—

Vancouver,	Ganges Harbour,	Paterson,
Victoria,	Douglas,	Aldergrove,
New Westminster,	Gateway,	Rykerts,
Nanaimo,	Grand Forks,	Rossland,
Prince Rupert,	Huntingdon,	Stewart,
Port Simpson,	Kamloops,	Union Bay
Anyox,	Keremeos,	Upper Sumas,
Atlin,	Kingsgate,	Waneta,
Chilliwack,	Ladner,	Pacific Highway,
Bridesville,	Myncaster,	White Rock,
Chopaka,	Ladysmith,	Mission Junction,
Carson,	Midway,	Whales Island,
Cascade,	Steveston,	Newport,
Comox,	Chemainus,	Alberni.
Osoyoos,	Powell River,	White Pass.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2487]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 5th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior representing that Milton J. McCreary was granted preemption entry for the north-east ¼ of Section 13, Township 10, Range 22, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 29th day of October, 1910 ;

The Minister observes that it would appear from evidence furnished that Mr. McCreary may have performed one term of residence and that he has done a sufficient amount of breaking ;

The Minister submits a copy of a medical certificate from W. B. Kendall, M.D., stating that Mr. McCreary is suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis,—

The Minister, under the circumstances, recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in this case under the authority of subsection 2 of section 20 of the Act, so that free patent may issue to Mr. McCreary for the quarter section above described, upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that other conditions of the law have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the above recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2361]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 27th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that on the 29th May, 1913, one Sam Ollie—an Assyrian—obtained the south-west quarter of Section 9, Township 18, Range 13, west of the 3rd Meridian, under homestead entry ; that, according to evidence submitted, he erected a dwelling house and broke ten acres of land, and that he developed leprosy and has been segregated at the leper colony in Tracadie, New Brunswick,—

The Minister recommends, as the malady from which Mr. Ollie suffers is hopelessly incurable, that the performance of further settlement duties under subsection 2 of section 20 of The Dominion Lands Act of 1908 be waived and that the Department of the Interior be empowered to issue a free patent.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2156]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 13th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 7th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Samuel Gill Warke, who was granted homestead entry for the south east quarter of Section 31, township 19, Range 11, west of the Principal Meridian, is blind ;

The Minister states that Mr. Warke, at a cost of $400, had 30 acres of his homestead brought under cultivation and a portion thereof cropped in each of four years, the total area of cultivation, 30 acres, having been cropped in the year 1916. Owing to his affliction, Mr. Warke was unable to go into residence on the land but resided with his uncle on the adjoining quarter-section. A Homestead Inspector investigated the case and furnished evidence corroborating the improvements set out above,—

Under the circumstances, the Minister recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in connection with M. Warke's homestead, the south east quarter of Section 31, Township 19, Range 11, west of the Principal Meridian, under the authority of subsection 2 of section 20 of the Act, so that free patent may be issued to Mr. Warke for his homestead upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2348]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the trustees of the church of the Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende for a grant for church purposes of ten acres of land comprised in the N.E. corner of the N.W. ¼ of Section 23, Township 14, Range 8, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes ten acres of land comprised in the N. E. corner of the N.W.¼ of Section 23, Township 14, Range 8, west of the Third Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the trustees of the church of the Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[30/2323]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of the Interior, reporting that Mr. Harry Chawner Adams obtained South African Volunteer Bounty Scrip Location for the east half of Section 6, Township 40, Range 16, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 5th November, 1912; that information has been received that the entrant performed no residence duties on the land itself, owing to the fact that he was unable to secure water thereon, but he resided on his purchased land, the south east quarter of Section 7, in the same Township and Range, from 1st May, 1912 to 15th September, 1913, when he was obliged to discontinue residence duties owing to illness ; that the improvements on the scrip location above mentioned consist of 160 acres fencing, and it was shown that the entrant was the owner of the following stock :—1912, 171 head ; 1913, 391 head ; 1914, 60 head.

The Minister, under the circumstances, recommends that further residence on the part of Mr. Adams be dispensed with in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of section 20, chapter 20, 7–8 Edward VII, so that free patent may be issued to Mr. Adams upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been satisfied.

The Board concur in the above recommendation and submit the same for favourable consideration.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2490]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 13th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS under an Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland entitled "The British Ships (Transfer Restriction) Act, 1915," the transfer of British ships to unqualified persons is restricted and controlled ; and

Whereas by regulations enacted by an Order of the Governor General in Council, dated the ninth day of March, 1915, similar legislation was enacted under the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914 ; and

Whereas by an Act of the said Parliament of the United Kingdom, entitled "An Act to amend and extend the British Ships (Transfer Restriction) Act, 1915," mortgages and transfers of mortgages of British ships registered elsewhere than in India and the self-governing Dominions to foreigners and foreign controlled companies are restricted and controlled, and

Whereas it is deemed desirable that similar legisation be enacted by Canada,—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to make the following regulations and the same are hereby made and enacted accordingly :—

1.–(1). The regulations enacted by the Order in Council of the ninth March, 1915, (P.C. 505) are hereby extended so as to apply to mortgages (including transfers of mortgages) of ships made after the tenth day of August, nineteen hundred and sixteen as it applies to transfers of ships, and shall apply to mortgages (including transfer of mortgages) and transfers of ships to foreign controlled companies made after the tenth day of August, nineteen hundred and sixteen as it applies to transfers of ships to persons not qualified to own a British ship.

(2). The expression "foreign controlled company" means any corporations—

(*a*) Where the majority of the directors, or persons occupying the position of directors by whatever name called are not British subjects ; or

(*b*) Where the majority of the voting power is in the hands of persons who are not British subjects, or who exercise their voting powers directly or indirectly on behalf of persons who are not British subjects ; or

(*c*) Where the control is by any other means whatever in the hands of persons who are not British subjects ; or

(*d*) Where the executive is a foreign controlled company, or where the majority of the executive are appointed by a foreign controlled company.

A corporation shall not be deemed to be a British subject for the purposes of this section unless it is established in and subject to the laws of some part of His Majesty's Dominions or of some British Protectorate, and has its principal place of business therein.

(3.) The Minister of Marine and Fisheries may require any person who is the owner or mortgagee of a British ship, or who applies to be registered as owner or mortgagee of a British ship, to furnish to him such particulars as appear necessary to him for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not that person is, or is a trustee for, or otherwise represents, a foreign controlled company, and, in the case of a corporation, may also require the secretary, or any other officer of the corporation performing the duties of secretary to furnish those particulars.

If any person fails to supply such particulars as it is in his power to give when required, or furnishes particulars which are false in any material particular, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

2. Where, after the passing of these regulations, any person who is the owner or mortgagee of a British ship ceases to be a British subject or becomes a foreign controlled company, that ship, or, in the case of a mortgagee of a ship, the interest of the mortgagee, shall be subject to forfeiture, and the provisions of Part I of The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, relating to the forfeiture of ships shall apply thereto.

3. (1). In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, any reference to a ship shall include a reference to a share in a ship.

(2). The said regulations made on the ninth of March, 1915, (P.C. 505) and these regulations shall have effect during the continuance of the present war and a period of three years thereafter, and section three of the said regulations made on the ninth March, 1915, (P.C. 505) is hereby entended accordingly.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2424]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council dated 21st day of July, 1910, the Minister of the Interior was authorized to set apart Section 17, Township 9, Range 17, west of the 4th Meridian as school lands in lieu of a portion of Section 11, Township 9, Range 26, west of the 4th Meridian, which it was proposed to grant to the Town of Macleod ;

And whereas it was subsequently decided not to take this action, but to put up the undisposed of portions of Section 11, in question, at public auction, which was accordingly done ;

And whereas Section 17, in question, is, therefore, no longer required for the School Lands Endowment ;

And whereas Section 17 was never gazetted as School Lands ;

And whereas the Order in Council of the 21st of July, 1910, above referred to, would appear to have the effect of reserving Section 17 for the School Lands Endowment,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to order, as Section 17 is no longer required for the School Lands Endowment, that the said Order in Council of the 21st July, 1910, be, and the same is hereby rescinded.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

THE TORONTO, HAMILTON AND BUFFALO RAILWAY COMPANY.

STANDARD Mileage Freight Tariff C.R.C. No. 1113 having been approved by order of the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, No. 25457, dated the 22nd day of September, 1916, the same is hereby published, as required by The Railway Act.

G.F.D. No. 324 Re-Issue C.R.C. No. 1113
Cancels C.F.D. No. 1 Reduction Cancels C.R.C. No. 1.

TORONTO, HAMILTON & BUFFALO RY. CO.,

Standard Mileage Freight Tariff

Applying between stations on the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Ry. (Applicable where no other tariffs are in effect.

Governed by Canadian classification, and the general rules and conditions of carriage adopted by this company, also to the car service, warehouse storage, cartage and switching rates and regulations published in tariffs relating thereto.

Between competitive points the competing railways' mileage will govern if distance is shorter than via T.H. & B. Ry.

Issued 15th September, 1916.

Effective 23rd September, 1916.

G. C. MARTIN,
General Freight Agent,
Hamilton, Ont.

R. F. HILL,
Asst. General Freight Agent,
Hamilton, Ont.

(150) (T.B.I.—Sec. 6.)

STANDARD MILEAGE RATES.

Distances.		Classes in cents per 100 lbs.									
Miles over.	Miles not over.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
....	5.....	8	7	6	5	4	4	4	3	3	3
5.....	10.....	10	8	7	6	5	5	4	4	4	4
10.....	15.....	12	11	9	8	6	6	R 5	5	5	4
15.....	20.....	14	12	11	9	7	6	6	6	6	5
20.....	25.....	16	14	12	10	8	7	6	7	7	5
25.....	30.....	18	16	14	11	9	8	7	8	7	6
30.....	35.....	20	18	15	13	10	9	7	8	8	6
35.....	40.....	22	19	17	14	11	10	8	9	8	7
40.....	45.....	24	21	18	15	12	11	8	9	8	7
45.....	50.....	24	21	18	15	12	11	9	10	9	7
50.....	55.....	26	23	20	16	13	12	10	10	10	8
55.....	60.....	26	23	20	16	13	12	10	11	10	8
60.....	65.....	28	25	21	18	14	13	11	11	11	9
65.....	70.....	28	25	21	18	14	13	11	12	11	9
70.....	75.....	30	26	23	19	15	14	12	12	11	10
75.....	80.....	32	28	24	20	16	14	12	13	12	10
80.....	85.....	32	28	24	20	16	14	12	13	12	10
85.....	90.....	34	30	26	21	17	15	13	14	12	11
90.....	95.....	34	30	26	21	17	15	13	14	13	11
95.....	100.....	36	32	27	23	18	16	13	14	13	11
100.....	110.....	36	32	27	23	18	16	14	15	14	12
110.....	120.....	38	33	29	24	19	17	14	15	14	12
120.....	130.....	38	33	29	24	19	17	15	15	15	13
130.....	140.....	40	35	30	25	20	18	15	16	16	13
140.....	150.....	40	35	30	25	20	18	16	16	16	14
150.....	160.....	42	37	32	26	21	19	16	17	17	14
160.....	170.....	42	37	32	26	21	19	17	17	17	15
170.....	180.....	44	39	33	28	22	20	17	18	18	15
180.....	190.....	46	40	35	29	23	21	17	18	18	15
190.....	200.....	46	40	35	29	23	21	18	19	19	16

R—Reduction. 17-2

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA

1916.

HEADQUARTERS.
OTTAWA, 14th September, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions retirements and confirmations of rank are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council.

G. O. 87.

PERMANENT FORCE.

CANADIAN PERMANENT ARMY SERVICE CORPS.—To be Quartermaster (supernumerary) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant: 1st. Class Staff Sergeant-Major *Albert Thomas Hughes. 7th September, 1916.

CANADIAN ORDNANCE CORPS.—To be Inspectors of Ordnance Machinery (subject to qualification), with the honorary rank of Lieutenant: Armament Sergeant-Majors *Norman Thomas Morton, and *George Elbourne Joseph Ball. 8th September, 1916.

*Temporary appointments.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

CAVALRY.

14HT KING'S CANADIAN HUSSARS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Mayne Bligh, gentleman. 24th August, 1916.

19TH ALBERTA DRAGOONS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Alphonse Lachance, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

28TH NEW BRUNSWICK DRAGOONS.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) K. A. Brown is transferred to the 3rd. (New Brunswick) Regiment, Canadian Garrison Artillery. 28th August, 1916.

29TH LIGHT HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Arthur Girling Holmes Mast, gentleman. 31st August, 1916.

ARTILLERY.

Canadian Field Artillery.

3RD BRIGADE—18TH BATTERY.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. E. Horne is transferred to the 1st (Halifax) Regiment, Canadian Garrison Artillery. 22nd August, 1916

7TH BRIGADE—22ND BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants(supernumerary): Angus White Hodgson, gentleman. 24th August, 1916.
Howard Knight Stevens, gentleman. 31st August 1916.

8TH BRIGADE—2ND (OTTAWA) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Lieutenant W. H. Falkner, from the 96th Lake Superior Regiment. 10th April, 1916.

AMMUNITION COLUMN.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) O. B. Haycock is seconded. 9th March, 1916.

13TH BRIGADE—33RD BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sydney Thomas Tribute, gentleman. 31st August, 1916.

Canadian Garrison Artillery.

1ST (HALIFAX) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Osborne Randolph Crowell, gentleman. 19th August, 1916.
Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. E. Horne, from the 18th Battery, 3rd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. 22nd August, 1916.
Ronald Manning Fielding, gentleman. 23rd August, 1916.
Frank Andrew Grant, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

3RD (NEW BRUNSWICK) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) K. A. Brown, from the 28th New Brunswick Dragoons. 28th August, 1916.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. S. Mitchell, from the 12th Regiment (York Rangers). 16th August, 1916.
Lieutenant F. C. Raymond, from the 7th Regiment (Fusiliers). 18th August, 1916.

7TH FIELD COMPANY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): George Cameron Graham, gentleman. 23rd August, 1916.

INFANTRY.

2ND REGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) H. B. Duncan-Clark is permitted to retire. 25th August 1916.

3RD REGIMENT (VICTORIA RIFLES OF CANADA).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) K. B. Johnston is seconded. 25th August, 1916.

6TH REGIMENT (THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S OWN) RIFLES).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) R. V. Prenter is seconded. 21 August, 1916.

7TH REGIMENT (FUSILIERS).—Lieutenant F. C. Raymond is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 18th August, 1916.

8TH REGIMENT (ROYAL RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Harold Anderson Scott and Alfred Maurice Blanchet, gentlemen. 6th September, 1916.

10TH REGIMENT (ROYAL GRENADIERS): Lieutenant (supernumerary) B. B. Hayes is seconded for service with the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve. 14th September, 1916.

12TH REGIMENT (YORK RANGERS).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) J S. Mitchell is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 16th August, 1916.

23RD REGIMENT (THE NORTHERM PIONEERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Leonard Edgar Gowing, gentleman. Ist June, 1916.

37TH REGIMENT (HALIDMAND RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Douglas Hepburn Burns, gentleman. 3rd August, 1916.

42ND LANARK AND RENFREW REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Jack Allan, gentleman, 5th September, 1916.

49TH REGIMENT (HASTINGS RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Kenneth Joseph Robert Cumming, gentleman. 25th August, 1916.

50TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Walter Fletcher Loveland, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

52ND REGIMENT (PRINCE ALBERT VOLUNTEERS).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): George Henry Chapman, gentleman. 24th August 1916.
John Joseph Mountford, gentleman. 25th August, 1916.
George Moorhouse, gentleman. 29th August, 1916.

54TH REGIMENT (CARABINIERS DE SHERBROOKE).—The name of Lieutenant C. M. McKenzie is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 11th September, 1916.

62ND REGIMENT (ST. JOHN FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William James Brown, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

63RD REGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William LeRoy Coleman, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

68TH REGIMENT (EARL GREY'S OWN RIFLES).Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) B. C. Affleck is seconded. 21st July, 1916.

72NDREGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Leiutenant (supernumerary): Leslie Hay Kennedy, gentleman. 30th August, 1916.

73RD NORTHUMBERLAND REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Henry Rusk Woods, gentleman. 25th August, 1916.

88TH REGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Aubone Boothroyd Hoyle, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

91ST REGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Hugh Murray, gentleman. 7th February, 1916.

94TH VICTORIA REGIMENT (ARGYLL HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary); Theodore Chisholm, gentleman. 29th August, 1916.

95TH SASKATCHEWAN RIFLES.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Gordon Walker, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

96TH LAKE SUPERIOR REGIMENT.—Lieutenant W. H. Falkner is transferred to the 2nd (Ottawa) Battery, 8th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. 10th April, 1916.

97TH REGIMENT (ALGONQUIN RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Benjamin Wallace Hughes, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.
Frederic William Rous, gentleman. 7th August, 1916.
Alexander Gordon Kirk, gentleman. 15th August, 1916.
William Alfred Millen, gentleman. 31st August, 1916.

103RD REGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Henry Clement King, gentleman. 27th July, 1916.
Robert Hurst Carter, gentleman, 16th August, 1916.
John Norris Eaton, Stanley Donald Skene, gentlemen. 24th August, 1916.

107TH EAST KOOTENAY REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. B. Thomson is permitted to resign his commission. 30th August, 1916.
To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Bishop Arlington Wilson, gentleman. 1st June, 1916.

109TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): James Patrick Donovan, gentleman. 27th August, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

No.16 COMPANY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Edwin Carruthers, gentleman. 26th November, 1915.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

Captain C. U. Holmes is seconded for service with the Military Hospitals Commission Command. 25th August, 1916.

To be Captain: Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. A. M. Campbell. 26th January, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
John Roy McRae, gentleman, 1st April, 1916.
EdwinCampbell McArthur, gentleman, 8thApril, 1916.
Albert Washington Stinson, gentleman, 5th June, 1916.
George Everett Learmonth, gentleman, 28th July, 1916.
George Wilbur Staples, gentleman, 29th July 1916.
Hugh William Schwartz, gentleman, 1st August, 1916.
John Gordon Wilson, gentleman, 9th August 1916.
*Allan Young McNair, gentleman, 10th August 1916.
Joseph Phoenix Decosse, gentleman, 21st August 1916.
Richard McAllister, gentleman, 22nd August, 1916.
George Robert Sutherland, gentleman, 25th August, 1916.

*Subject to qualification under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

To be Quartermaster (supernumerary) with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant: Frank Henry Elliott, gentleman. 5th July, 1916.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary):
Grace Alison Elder, 7th January, 1916.
Ruth Magness, 24th February, 1916.
Georgie Etta McKenzie; Mary Louise Danby Smith, 8th March, 1916.
Dorothy Isabelle Lane, 5th April, 1916.
Pearl Allison Everett, Jewel Gladys Hudson, 7th April, 1916.

Flora Letitia Pyke, 24th May, 1916.
Eleanor Gardiner Upper, 27th May, 1916.
Eleanora Holwell Kirkby; Ellon Sagar. 26th June, 1916.
Charlotte Rachel Tanner; Marie Louise Thompson, 17th July ,1916.
Mary Elizabeth Barnhill, 19th July, 1916.
Grace Stagg Kenney, 28th August, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY VETERINARY CORPS.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Hedley Perin Welbanks, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.
Nathaniel McCarthy, gentleman. 7th August, 1916.
Samuel Alexander Hill, gentleman, 22nd August, 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. B. Keenleyside, 95th Saskatchewan Rifles, is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel whilst commanding 249th (Overseas) Battalion, C.E.F. 6th September, 1916.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) W. O. Morris, 9th Mississauga Horse is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst commanding 215th (Overseas) Battalion, C.E.F. 9th September, 1916.

The temporary rank of Major granted to Captain F. J. Munn, Army Medical Corps, by General Order 62, 1916, will be effective, and will carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank from the 21st February, 1916.

To be Brevet Majors:—
Captain W. R. Kingsford, The Royal Canadian Dragoons.
Captain F. B. Eaton, Canadian Permanent Army Service Corps.
Captain J. L. Regan, Canadian Army Pay Corps.
Captain (temporary Major) W. T. Lawless, Permanent staff.
Captain W. G. Hagarty, The Royal Canadian Artillery.
Lieutenant and Brevet Captain F. Gilman, The Royal Canadian Dragoons.
Lieutenant and Brevet Captain W. H. Bell, The Royal Canadian Dragoons.
Captain C. R. Grant, The Royal Canadian Artillery.
Captain (temporary Major) F. W. L. Moore, Permanent Staff.
Lieutenant and Brevet Captain J. H. MacBrien, D.S.O., The Royal Canadian Dragoons.
Captain G. C. Lawson, Permanent Army Medical Corps.
Captain A. E. Snell, Permanent Army Medical Corps. 11th September, 1916.

The undermentioned are granted the temporary rank of Major, whilst employed as Instructors at the School of Infantry, Military District No. 2.
Captain C. R. Young, Canadian Officers Training Corps, (Toronto University Contingent).
Captain H. H. Madill, Canadian Officers Training Corps, (Toronto University Contingent).
Captain W. F. Kirk, Corps of School Cadet Instructors. 6th September, 1916.

To be Chaplains with the Honorary rank of Captain:
The Reverend James Burnside Paulin, 1st March, 1916.
The Reverend Charles Howard Boulden, 8th June, 1916.
The Reverend John Albert Harold McLean, 27th July, 1916.
The Reverend Joseph Thackeray, 7th September, 1916.

With reference to General Order 118, 1915, the temporary rank of Captain granted to Lieutenant W. Turnbull, 50th Regiment, will carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank, with effect from the 1st June, 1916.

Lieutenant A. J. Sinclair, 48th Regiment Highlanders, is granted the temporary rank of Captain and to carry with it the pay and allowance of that rank, whilst performing the duties of Provost Marshal, Toronto. 1st September, 1916.

General Order 134, 1915, is so far as it relates to the appointment of Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) B.R. Macdougall, 97th Regiment (Algonquin Rifles) is hereby cancelled.

General Order 15, 1916, in so far as it relates to the appointment of Nursing Sister Margaret Kennedy, Army Medical Corps, is hereby cancelled.

General Order 60, 1916, in so far as it relates to the appointment of Lieutenant J. Johnston, Army Medical Corps, is hereby cancelled.

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia, as stated, whilst serving in the Canadian Expeditionary Force:
To be honorary Lieutenants:
Shirley Greenshields Dixon, gentleman, 1st June, 1915.
Andrew Gordon Rainnie, gentleman, 15th December, 1915.
E. W. Hume Blake, gentlemen, 21st December, 1915.
William Edward Bradden Holt-White, gentleman, 18th January, 1916.
Alan MacLachlan; William Marsh; Alfred Reginald McMullen, gentlemen, 13th March, 1916.
Frank Reginald Sawdon, gentleman, 27th March, 1916.
Clifford Edward Field, gentleman. 11th April 1916.
Frederick Bert Macmahon; William Henry Barnes, gentlemen. 29th April, 1916.
Thomas Twist, gentleman, 16th May, 1916.
Oram Wilmot Plante, gentleman. 6th June, 1916.
Harry Dickson; Gordon Richard Virgo, gentlemen. 28th July, 1916.
John William Smith, gentleman. 4th August 1916.
Thomas Dorrington Patterson, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names:—

Mayor W. M. O. Lochead, 108th Regiment, 18th August, 1916.
Captain J. C. F. Hyndman, 21 Co. C.A.S.C., 4th May, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. H. Booth, 8th Bde. Amm. Col. 18th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. P. Mulock, 9th Battery C.F.A. 30th August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumeray H. W. Larkin, 9th Battery, C.F.A. 4th October, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. L. B. Hamlin, C.O.T.C. (McGill) 28th June, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. H. Parsons, 58th Regiment, 3rd February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. Julier, 68th Regiment. 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. J. Wright, 69th Regiment. 26th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. J. W. Fane, 101st Regiment. 27th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. Farren, 103rd Regiment. 10th July, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. A. Stewart, 103rd Regiment. 26th July, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. T. Cooper, 109th Regiment, 30th August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary I. B. Cassidy, C.A.S.C. (R.L.) 19th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. S. Day, 21 Company C.A.S.C. 1st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. N. Wemyss, 21 Company C.A.S.C. 1st December, 1915.

By command,

W. Hodgins.

Major-General
Acting Adjutant-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 17th October, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32068. "Feed Your Bees In Winter Time On Lantic Sugar." (Postal Card.) L. de B. Corriveau, Montreal, Que., 11th October, 1916.

32069. "Canadian Poets." Chosen and Edited by John W. Garvin, B.A. (Book.) McClelland, Goodchild & Stewart, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 11th October, 1916.

32070. "Notes Historiques sur la Paroisse de Saint-Léon le Grand." (Livre.) Amanda Plourde, St. Léon, Maskinongé, Qué., 11 octobre 1916.

32071. "Ames Françaises." Par Aimé Plamondon. (Drame.) Aimé Plamondon, Québec, Qué., 13 octobre 1916.

32072. "Aviation Waltz." Composed by Marion Agnes Russell. (Music.) Marion Agnes Russell, Bolton, Ont., 16th October, 1916.

32073. "The Dawn of Peace." Words by Helen M. Radford. Music by Muriel E. Bruce. F. W. Oates, Toronto, Ont., 16th October, 1916.

32074. "Kitchener's Prayer." Words by Helen M. Radford. Music by E. Williamson Helene M. Radford, Hamilton, Ont., 16th October, 1916.

32075. "Canada for Me." Words and Music by Evelyn Gunne. Evelyn Gunne, Kenora, Ont., 16th October, 1916.

32076. "Daisy Lane." Words and Music by A. G. E. Lowman. Arranged by W. M. Miles. Anglo-Canadian Music Publishers Association, Limited, London, England, 16th October, 1916.

32077. "The Home Bells are Ringing." Words by Helen Taylor. Music by Ivor Novello. Anglo-Canadian Music Publishers Association, Limited, London, England, 16th October, 1916.

32078. "The Sailors of the King." Words by Leonard Cooke. Music by Theo. Bonheur. Anglo-Canadian Music Publishers Association, Limited, London, England, 16th October, 1916.

32079. "When Canada Mourns." Words by Lillie A. Brooks. Music by W. K. E. Vincent. Anglo-Canadian Music Publishers Association, Limited, London, England, 16th October, 1916.

32080. "Diplôme d'Admission de la Congrégation de la Sainte-Vierge." (Gravure.) Desmarais & Robitaille, Limitée, Montréal, Québec, 16 octobre 1916.

32081. "Diplôme d'admission de la Congrégation des Dames de Sainte-Anne." (Gravure.) Desmarais & Robitaille, Limitée, Montréal, Qué., 16 octobre 1916.

32082. "Panel of Beauties." (Panel *re* Coiffures.) W. T. Pember, Toronto, Ont., 16th October, 1916.

32083. "Kitchener." Words by Cecil E. Selwyn. Music by Arthur A. Benn. Cecil Edward Selwyn, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 17th October, 1916.

32084. "The Higher Art of Piano Playing." (Circular.) W. O. Forsyth, Toronto, Ont., 17th October, 1916.

32085. "MacLean's Magazine, October, 1916." (Book.) The MacLean Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 17th October, 1916.

32086. "Dance of the Teenie Weenies." By Alma Sanders. (Music.) Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 17th October, 1916.

32087. "What's A Fellow Goin' to do." Words and Music by Harold Weeks. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U S.A., 17th October, 1916.

32088. "Nice and Easy." By Cliff McKay. (Music.) Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U. S.A., 17th October, 1916.

32089. "Drifting." Idyl. By Uriel Davis. (Music.) Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U. S.A., 17th October, 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHTS.

1843. "Referendex Specification Index." (Book.) The Referendex Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 16th October, 1916.

1844. "The Double." (Book.) Joseph Henry Cherrington, Hamilton, Ont., 17th October, 1916.

1845. "Calendrier du Bon-Pasteur, Dédié aux Familles Chrétiennes." (Calendrier.) Les Religieuses de Notre-Dame de Charité du Bon-Pasteur, Montréal, Qué., 17 octobre 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
17-1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

OTTAWA, 12th Oct., 1916.

Special Fisheries Regulations for Province of Nova Scotia —Amendment.

BY Order in Council, P.C. 2468, of the 11th October, 1916, the special Fisheries Regulations for the Province of Nova Scotia are amended as follows :—

10A.—PROHIBITIONS.

The use of spears of any kind in fishing for eels or other fish is prohibited along that portion of the route of the cable of the Commercial Cable Company from Horne's Point to the mouth of Gaspereaux Brook, both inclusive, Guysboro County. 17-2

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

OTTAWA, 13th October, 1916.

Special Fisheries Regulations for the Province of Ontario —Amendment.

BY Order in Council P.C. 2467, dated the 11th October, 1916, the Special Fisheries Regulations for the Province of Ontario are amended as follows :—

"Subsection (*a*) of section 13 of the Special Fisheries Regulations for the Province of Ontario, adopted by Order in Council of the 29th October, 1915, and subsection (*b*) of this section as amended by Order in Council of the 23rd September, 1916, shall be and the same are hereby so amended as not to apply to fishing by means of angling."

17-2

SCHEME OF PENSIONS APPLICABLE TO NAVAL SERVICE.

OTTAWA, 18th Oct., 1916.

ORDER in Council P.C. 1712 of the 21st July, 1915, establishing Naval Rates of Pensions hereby cancelled ; Rates of Pensions now applicable to the Naval Service have been established by Order in Council P.C. 1334 of the 3rd June, 1916, and P.C. 2442 of the 11th October, 1916. 17-2

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada :—

Five Assistant Analysts for temporary employment in the Laboratory of the Department of Inland Revenue, at a salary at the rate of $1,300 per annum, with a view to their permanent appointment, if there services prove satisfactory, in Subdivision A of the Second Division, at an initial salary of $1,600 per annum. The work consists in the microscopic and chemical analysis of food stuffs. Candidates are required to be graduates of some recognized university, and to have had at least one year's experience in chemical work since graduation.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 13th day of November next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 19th October, 1916. 17-4

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION OF CANADA.

Civil Service Examinations.

Change in Regulations.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that by an Order in Council dated the 12th October, 1916, the following changes have been made in the Regulations governing Civil Service Examinations :—

(1) *Preference to returned soldiers.*—In making all appointments to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, preference shall be given to those candidates having at least the minimum qualifications required by law, who have served overseas in His Majesty's Forces during the present war, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, especially to those who through disability occasioned by active military service are unable to fill their previous occupations.

(2) *Extension of age limits.*—(*a*) During the continuance of the present war, the minimum age limit for examination for, and appointment to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, shall be reduced from eighteen years to sixteen years.

(*b*) During the continuance of the present war a candidate for examination for, and appointment to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, who has served overseas in His Majesty's Forces and has been honorably discharged therefrom, or who has offered himself for active service in the present war and has been rejected or who has desired or has offered to enlist and has been refused upon the ground that his services are of more value to the State in the employment in which he is engaged than if he should enlist for active service in the naval or military forces, and who is therefor a holder of the badge issued in such cases. shall not be ineligible by reason of the fact that his age is greater than thirty five years.

(3) *Restrictions on appointments.*—During the continuance of the present war no male person of military age shall be appointed to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or in the Outside Service, unless he is included in one of the classes given in clause 2 (*b*) and is a holder of the badge issued in such cases.

(4) *Exemption from examination fees.*—A candidate who has served overseas in His Majesty's Forces, and has been honorably discharged therefrom, shall not be required to pay a fee for admission to any of the several examinations held under the direction of the Civil Service Commission for admission to or promotion in the Civil Service whether in the Inside or in the Outside Service.

In view of the above changes, it has been decided to postpone the Civil Service Examinations which were advertised to take place in the month of November, 1916, until the month of December, 1916, when they will be held on the following dates :

Preliminary Examination for the Outside Service, December 19.

Qualifying Examination for the Outside Service, December 20 and 21.

Third Division Examination (Inside Service), December 20, 21 and 22.

Full information respecting the number and nature of the vacancies to be filled in the Inside Service, and the rules and regulations for all the examinations, together with the necessary application forms, may be obtained from the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission, Ottawa, either on personal application or by writing.

Application forms of intending candidates, duly filled in and accompanied by the prescribed examination fee, must be filed with the Civil Service Commission not later than the 1st December, 1916. No exception can or will be made to this rule.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 16th October, 1916 17–4

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada :—

One technical clerk for temporary employment in the Topographical Surveys Branch of the Department of the Interior, at a salary at the rate of $1,300 per annum. Applications will be considered from graduates in applied science or honour mathematics of some recognized university, or those who have passed the final examination for Dominion Land Surveyors or an equivalent examination.

The temporary employment referred to in the above paragraph cannot, under the provisions of The Civil Service Amendment Act, 1908, continue for a longer period than six months in a fiscal year, but it is the intention of the Department to recommend the successful candidate for permanent appointment at the expiration of his term of temporary employment if his services are found satisfactory, and if a vacancy then exists.

A Research Chemist in the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Subdivision B of the First Division, initial salary $2,100 per annum. Candidates must be thoroughly competent research chemists, preferably those who have had experience with fuels, capable of carrying out research investigations in organic chemistry. They must be graduates of three years' standing of a recognized university, and have specialized in chemistry or chemical engineering during and since their academic career. It is necessary that the person to be appointed should have a reading knowledge of French and German, and be able to apply the principles of physical chemistry to the problems to be investigated. All eandidates should submit copies of any papers which they may have published.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 23rd day of October next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission Ottawa.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 28th September, 1916. 14-4

SUCCESSFUL candidate for the position of Assistant Engineering Chemist in the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Subdivision "A" of the Second Division, initial salary $1,600 per annum.

Robert Charles Cantelo, St. Thomas, Ont.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 19th October, 1916. 17-1

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 19th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 413 has this day been issued to the Insurance Company of North America authorizing it to transact in Canada the business of explosion insurance in addition to the classes for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
14–4 Superintendent of Insurance.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 19th September, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 415 has this day been issued to The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Limited, authorizing it to transact in Canada the business of burglary insurance and automobile insurance in addition to the classes for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
14–4 Superintendent of Insurance.

Pressed Metals, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of October, 1916, incorporating John Wycliffe Leighton, manufacturer, Owen John Pitts Crick, engineer, James Henry Chewett, civil engineer, Angus McKenzie Dewar, solicitor, and Edward Verral Boyd, accountant, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of engineers, foundrymen and manufacturers ; to construct, acquire, operate and maintain machine and blacksmith shops, foundries, smelters, refineries, concentrating and other works; to manufacture, sell and deal in all the products or by-products thereof, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, to manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, assemble, load and deal in shells, bombs, time fuses and all parts thereof and in munitions generally, and in guns, mortars, howitzers and cannon of all calibres, gun carriages, turrets, limbers and mountings of every description, ammunition waggons, armored cars, motor and other vehicles and artillery generally ;

(*b*) To manufacture and sell, either wholly or in part, any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things for the manufacture of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire machinery and any and all apparatus necessary or useful in connection with the business of the company, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*d*) To acquire and operate any plant, machinery, stock in trade, rights or privileges that the company may deem necessary for the purpose of its undertakings or any part thereof ; to acquire property, either real or personal, movable or immovable, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in the stock and bonds of the company ;

(*e*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out and control any roads, ways, branches, sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, shops, stores or other works, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to advance the company's interest, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist in the construction, improvement, maintenance, management or control thereof ;

(*f*) To furnish aid by way of loans, bonus, endorsement, agreement, guarantee, management or other service, to any business or undertaking similar in whole or in part to that of the company with which the company may have business relations, and to manage, supervise and control the same in whole or in part and to act as agent or attorney for the same ;

(*g*) To acquire the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation carrying on business in whole or in part similar to the business of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, and to pay for the same in the shares of the company or otherwise, and to guarantee payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on said shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, and to promote or acquire the rights, property and liabilities of any company or corporation having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being carried on so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ;

(*h*) To dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertakings of the company, the assets thereof or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business which may seem capable of being conveniently or advantageously carried on in connection with the business of the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of, to facilitate the realization of or to render more profitable any of the company's businesses, properties or rights ;

(*j*) To acquire, protect, prolong and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like relating to any secret or other information as to any invention, process or discovery which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit the company, and generally to use and turn to account as may seem best the property, rights or information so acquired, and to pay for the same in the paid-up stock of the company ;

(*k*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange or otherwise deal with the property or rights of the company as may from time to time be advisable or necessary for the company's business ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangement with any governments or authorities that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority such authorizations as may be necessary or advisable or which the company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*m*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or corporation carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, issue or re-issue the same, with or without guarantee of principal or interest, and otherwise to deal in the same;

(*n*) To establish and support, or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company or its predecessors in business, or the dependents and connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe to or guarantee money for charitable and benevolent objects, or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*o*) To promote, consolidate or amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company, for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property or liabilities thereof, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*p*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants or other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*q*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient or advisable ;

(*r*) To make cash advances to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*s*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved, any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*t*) To do all such things as may seem directly or indirectly to be incidental or conducive to or convenient or proper for the accomplishment of the purposes or the attainment of the objects of the company or any of them, or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company ;

(*u*) To apply for, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privileges, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant, and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*v*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*w*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or to or from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Pressed Metals, Limited," with a capital stock of sixty thousand dollars, divided into 600 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Ocean Steamship Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 10th day of October, 1916, incorporating Clive Pringle and Norman Gregor Guthrie, solicitors, Ruby Ann Blake and William Edward Stitt, clerks, and Edward Blake Johnson, secretary, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To build, buy, sell, equip, operate and own steamships, steamboats, sailing ships, boats and other property to be used in business, trade, commerce and navigation, and to purchase, sell, own and hold and lease all kinds of vessels and boats apparel, tackle and furniture, wharves, piers and warehouses; to carry on the business of engaging, receiving, transporting and delivering merchandise upon freight or for hire between any port or ports; the business of owning or chartering vessels therefor; the business of operating vessels in such service; the business of contracting or arranging for the transportation of merchandise to or from any of such ports by rail, boat or otherwise, or to any inland or coast place or places; to enter into contracts for the carriage of mails, passengers, goods, and merchandise by any means either by its own vessels or by or over the vessels, railways or conveyance of others; to gather, receive, distribute and deliver goods and merchandise, and to carry on a general transportation, freight and express business; to employ as ship's husband and managing agent of any vessel owned by the company, any person, firm or company whether limited or not, and that although he or they may not be entitled to any interest or share in the said vessel in question or in the company; to carry on the business of storage, wharfage, warehousing and forwarding, and the doing of every act, or acts, thing or things, incidental or growing out of or connected with said business, including the owning, leasing, holding, erecting and maintaining of docks, bulkheads, piers, basins and warehouses; the storage and docking of ships, steam vessels, and boats of every kind and description; the loading and unloading thereof; the issue of storage and warehouse receipts, negotiable and non-negotiable covering all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise; the collection and receipt of dockage, wharfage and storage dues and other compensation; and the advancing of freight, duties, fire and marine insurance and liens of every kind and nature upon goods, wares and merchandise received on storage or for the purpose of being warehoused;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's

shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To sell, improve, manage, delevop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*s*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*t*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Ocean Steamship Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The White Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, incorporating Wilfrid Maynard Cox and Howard Armour Harrison, barristers-at-law, William John Beattie, student at-law, and Richard George Roberts and John Frederick Van Lane, accountants, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, build, buy, sell, repair, convert, alter, let on hire, deal in, import and export, automobiles, motor cars, motor boats, motor trucks, stationary, portable and traction engines, tractors, tools, machinery, implements, gas engines, steam engines and all other types of engines, and the various parts and equipment thereof, and to carry on generally an automobile business in all its branches ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights.

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any portion of the business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company, and to pay for the same in cash, bonds or paid-up shares or partly in cash and partly in bonds or paid-up shares of the company, as may be agreed upon ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, copyrights, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person, firm, association or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person, firm, association or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares, bonds, and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, issue or re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with or dispose of the same ;

(*f*) To take, acquire, lease, hold, sell and dispose of real estate and personal property of every nature and kind as security for or in satisfaction wholly or in part of debts, liabilities or obligations incurred or to incurred in respect of or in connection with the business aforesaid, or any of the purposes or objects of the company ; and to purchase, lease, erect or otherwise acquire, exchange, sell, let, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of, own, maintain, develop and improve any and all property, real and personal, necessary to effect the carrying out of the purposes of the company;

(*g*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*h*) To accept in payment of any debt or debts due or owing to the company, the stock, shares, bonds, debentures of any other company or companies, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to use any of the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, or the funds of the company, to purchase or otherwise acquire and to take, hold, assign, transfer or sell the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of or in any other company or corporation, and to guarantee the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds, debentures or dividends upon the shares of any other company or corporation, and while holding such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation to exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof, including the right to vote thereon through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to distribute such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities or any assets of such other company in specie upon a division of profits or distribution of capital among the shareholders ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*j*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*m*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calcul-

ated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*n*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*o*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments:

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons resident therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit;

(*q*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars or catalogues, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*r*) To sell, lease, transfer or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, to such person, firm or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular either for cash or for shares, bonds, debentures or securities of any other company (whether promoted by this company or not) having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, or partly for cash or partly for such shares, bonds, debentures or securities;

(*s*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise any corporation in the capital stock of which the company holds shares or whose bonds or debentures or obligations are held by the company, or with which it may have business relations, and to do any act or thing for the preservation, protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares, bonds, debentures or other obligations, and to act as employee, agent or manager of any such corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such corporation or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations;

(*t*) To lease, purchase, construct, own, maintain and alter any buildings or work necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company and to take options on lands and buildings belonging to others and to exercise such options or not as may be deemed expedient;

(*u*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the real and personal property, rights and franchises of the company and to give options thereon or any part thereof;

(*v*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as the directors may from time to time determine;

(*w*) To employ brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company and to provide for the remuneration of such person or any other persons rendering services of any kind to the company;

(*x*) To remunerate any person, firm, association or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital or any debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation, promotion, organization or incorporation of the company or the conduct of its business;

(*y*) To pay all or any costs, charges or expenses preliminary or incidental to or incurred in connection with the promotion, organization, formation, establishment, registration and incorporation of the company; and to purchase or otherwise acquire on such terms and in such manner as the directors of the company from time to time decide any shares of the capital stock of this company, provided that the consideration therefor be paid out of the company's profits or surplus, if any, and not out of the capital of the company;

(*z*) The business or purpose of the company is from time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth either alone or in conjunction with others or as principals, factors, contractors or agents, and to do all and everything necessary, suitable and convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time appear to be conducive to or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company; and it is hereby declared that in the interpretation of this clause the meaning of any of the objects of the company shall not be restricted by reference to any other object or by the juxtaposition of two or more objects, and that in the event of any ambiguity this clause shall be construed in such manner as to widen and not to restrict the powers of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The White Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Maxville Creamery, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of October, 1916, incorporating Roderick Miles Easton, civil servant, Norman McKay Retallack and Charles Lount Bray, barristers, Abbott DeLacey Helmer, real estate agent, and Donald Archibald Roe, merchant, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To purchase and acquire as a going concern the assets and good-will of the Modern Dairy Company and the Maxville Creamery, and to assume the liabilities of the said companies and to acquire and take over all their contracts, plant, stock in trade and equipment, and to pay for the same in specie or in fully paid up shares of this company, and to issue paid-up and non-assessable stock of this company, whether common or preferred, in payment thereof;

(*b*) To produce, buy, sell and deal in milk and cream and all beverages, foods, compositions and supplies into which milk and cream or any of their products enter or may enter as component parts, mineral, aerated, distilled and other waters, and meats, foods, beverages, compositions and supplies, and all products of the farm and dairy;

(*c*) To purchase, lease, maintain and operate farms, poultry farms, mineral springs, stores, shops, restaurants and marts for the production, storage, distribution and sale of the above mentioned products, or any of them, and all compounds, compositions, articles and substances containing the same or any of them;

(*d*) To acquire as going concerns or otherwise the businesses and the assets and good-wills of the businesses of any persons, firms or corporations carrying on any business which the company hereby incorporated is authorized to carry on;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*f*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention

which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*g*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*h*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding section 44 of the said Act ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*l*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*m*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*n*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*o*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*p*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, in street cars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*q*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*r*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Maxville Creamery, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 4,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Millinery Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Arthur Roy, merchant Jean Baptiste Jodoin, manager, Raoul Jodoin, accountant, Arthur Yvon, advocate, and Agnès Jodoin, wife separate as to property of Arthur Roy, and duly authorized by the aforesaid, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, acquire and take over the business now carried on by "La Compagnie des Modes, Limitée," a corporation having its head office in the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, duly incorporated by letters patent under the Great Seal of the said Province, together with all or any part of the assets and liabilities of the said company, its agencies, affairs, good-will and to pay for the same wholly or partly in fully paid-up and non-assessable shares of this company ;

(*b*) To purchase, sell, import, export, produce, manufacture and deal in all kinds of merchandise, millinery and fancy goods ;

(*c*) To act as manufacturers' agents or commission agents for any other company, firm or person carrying on the business of importing, exporting and selling similar articles ;

(*d*) To purchase, construct, own or otherwise acquire any immovable property which the company may deem useful for its undertakings, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of such immovable property upon such conditions as the company shall see fit ;

(*e*) To purchase or otherwise acquire the business, assets and liabilities, immovable property of any person, firm or company engaged in a similar business, together with the good-will of such person, firm or company, and to issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment of any assets, rights, movables or immovables which it may acquire ;

(*f*) To sell, lease or dispose of the whole or any part of the property, movable or immovable, of the company for such price and upon such terms and conditions as the company shall see fit and in particular to accept in payment or part payment therefor shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any companies, persons or firms ;

(*g*) To amalgamate with any company carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company ;

(*h*) To purchase, hold, transfer, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, bonds or debentures of any other company having objects similar to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Compagnie des Modes, Limitée,"—"Millinery Company, Limited," with a capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, divided into 300 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16–2 Under Secretary of State.

Stobarts, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of October, 1916, extending the undertaking of "Stobarts, Limited," to include the objects and purposes hereinafter set forth, viz :—

(*a*) To guarantee mercantile and negotiable paper, or contracts or liabilities of any customer or of any person or firm or other company having business dealings or relations with the company and any company any of whose shares of capital stock or obligations are held by the company ;

(*b*) To distribute any of the property or assets of the company among the shareholders of the company.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 17th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

17-2

Canada Gelatine Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of October, 1916, incorporating Lloyd Harris, gentleman, and Samuel Percy Davies accountant, of the City of Brantford, in the Province of Ontario, and George Upton, Jesse Lyman and King Upton, of the City of Boston, in the State of Mas-achussetts, one of the United States of America, manufacturers, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in glue stock, ossein, glues, gelatines of all kinds, isinglass, chemical fertilizers and all by-products produced in the manufacture of the articles herein enumerated ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in conveniences, provisions and things capable of being used in connection with the manufacturing and other operations which the company may carry on or be interested in or required by workmen or others employed by the company ;

(*c*) To buy, sell or deal in all such articles and goods as the company may consider capable of being conveniently dealt in in relation to its business, and to manufacture and establish, equip, maintain and operate factories for manufacturing articles and goods for any or all of the above mentioned purposes ;

(*d*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*e*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant and stock in trade ;

(*g*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*h*) To prosecute, amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, the union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or about to carry on business similar to that of the company or ancillary thereto ; to advance money to or guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company having business engagements with this company or indebted to it, and to invest any of the moneys of the company in the shares of any other company carrying on a similar business ;

(*i*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Act, to subscribe for, receive, purchase or otherwise acquire the shares or securities of any company carrying on a similar business or to accept the same in whole or in part payment or discharge of the price or consideration of the sale, lease, concession or other disposal of any property rights or debts which may be held, enjoyed by or due to this company, and such shares or securities to hold, vote upon, sell, re-issue or otherwise deal with as this company may see fit ;

(*j*) To purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire and possess and deal in all movable and immovable property which the company may deem necessary or useful for its business or operations, including trade marks, industrial designs, patents, patent rights, licenses, franchise or other rights and privileges of any kind whatsoever ;

(*k*) To issue shares of the company, common or preferred, in payment for property acquired by or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to the company, including services rendered to the promoters in connection with the incorporation and organization of the company or for franchises, options, contracts or other rights, benefits or privileges ;

(*l*) To do all or any of the above things authorized by letters patent as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*m*) The powers in each of the foregoing clauses to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or infereuce from the terms of any other clause.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canada Gelatine Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Brantford, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 17th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

17–2

Toys, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of October, 1916, incorporating Eratus Edwin Howard and Jacob DeWitt, advocates, Harold Ernest Andrews Rose, student-at-law, Henry Charles McNeil, accountant, and Helen Burns, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, exchange and otherwise trade and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all descriptions ;

(*b*) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other obligations and securities of any company carrying on or engaged in a business which the company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ; to promote or amalgamate with any other such company ; to buy the assets and good-will of any company, individual or firm carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for the same in whole or in part by bonds or paid-up stock of this company ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to hold such property, movable and immovable, as may be deemed necessary and requisite for the purposes of the company's business, including stores, warehouses, machine shops, foundries, wharves, docks and other

establishments, and to erect and construct the same when and where advisable ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account, the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold security of any kind, real or personal, for debts, liabilities and obligations of the company in respect of its purposes and objects, and to improve, manage, develop, sell, lease or dispose of any of the property and rights of the company ;

(*g*) To carry on or promote a company to carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which is germane to any of the objects above specified ;

(*h*) To exercise all the foregoing powers either as principals or as agents for others on commission, sharing of profits or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Toys, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 17th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

River Front Land Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of October, 1916, incorporating Philippe Morel, of the City of Maisonneuve, in the Province of Quebec, agent ; Jean Charbonneau and James Edward Coulin, advocates, Joseph Siméon Pilon, stenographer, and Charles Joseph Eugène Charbonneau, notary, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on a general real estate business and to build, manage and sell houses and building lots ; to act as general agents and real estate, investment and insurance brokers ;

(*b*) To acquire and take over the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on a business similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*c*) To buy or otherwise acquire, own, hold, manage and control and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of property, real and personal ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire for such consideration as the company may think proper any business similar in character and object to any of the business of the company ;

(*e*) To issue and allot, as fully paid up, stock of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment for any property, movable or immovable, or for any rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, powers, privileges, licenses, concessions, stock, bonds and debentures or other property or rights, which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the power hereby granted, or to pay for the same or any part thereof wholly or partly in bonds or debentures of the company or otherwise ;

(*f*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of other companies belonging to the company or which the company may have the power to dispose of and to do all acts and exercise all powers and to carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilling of the business for which the company is incorporated ;

(*g*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, and to take shares in and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any person or company ;

(*h*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations, in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being carried on so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, nothwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, and to vote on such shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*i*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such a manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*j*) To pay out of the funds of the company, with the approval of the shareholders, by shares in the company or by both cash and shares, all expenses of or incidental to the formation, floatation, advertising and procuring the charter of the company or in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any bonds, debentures or other securities of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "River Front Land Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

North End Amusement Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of October, 1916, incorporating Humbert Cecil George Mariotti, advocate, and George William Elliott, broker, both of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec ; Egbert William Westover, Charles Mackay Cotton and Frederick Thomas Enright, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, advocates, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, produce, buy, sell, lease and deal in moving picture feature films, motion real films and films of all kinds used for the production of moving pictures ;

(*b*) To build, purchase or lease and operate theatres of all kinds, including moving picture theatres, and in such theatres to give all kinds of theatrical and vaudeville performances and exhibit motion picture reels ;

(*c*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and obtain provisional and other protection and licences in respect of any inventions or alleged inventions, patents, trade marks or names, designs, copyrights, schemes, ideas, secret or other processes and the like, which may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the company, and to test, develop, prolong, renew, exercise, use, vend, grant exclusive or other licenses in respect of or otherwise deal with all or any of the same ;

(*d*) To purchase, acquire, possess and hold or otherwise deal in and deal with any securities, stocks, bonds, debentures or shares of any company whatsoever, having objects in whole or in part similar to this company,

notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act ;

(*e*) To enter into any arrangement for amalgamation, joinder of interest or reciprocal concession with any company, firm or person carrying on business in whole or in part similar to that of this company ;

(*f*) To purchase or otherwise acquire the whole or any part of the business, property, assets and liabilities, as a going concern or otherwise, of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is autorized to carry on, or possessed of any property suitable for the purposes of this company, and to pay for such business or property in whole or in part with the stock and bonds of this company ;

(*g*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company's capital or of any debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*h*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company, or the whole or any part of its assets, for shares, debentures or securities of any other company carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*i*) To do any and all other things or to carry on any other business that may be expedient for or incidental to the due carrying out of the above objects ;

(*j*) To do any of the above things that the company is authorized to do either as principal or agent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "North End Amusement Co., Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 15,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Victor Box Toe & Counter, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, incorporating Antonio Vigneault, clerk, Joseph Armand Hamelin, notary, Gustave Dutaud, advocate, Emile Delorme, gentleman, and Joseph Bruneau Trudeau, bailiff, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To make, manufacture, sell, buy, deal in and transact or otherwise carry on a boot and shoe business, and all other businesses relating to the manufacture and sale of footwear ; to manufacture, tan, purchase and sell and to deal in and deal with leather in any and all forms : to make, manufacture, sell, export and import lasts, stiffeners, shoe counters, box toes, buckles, laces, hooks, buttons, soles, half soles, double soles, heels, eyelets, welts, and all other supplies entering into the business and manufacture of footwear ;

(*b*) To purchase, sell, import, export and lease all kinds of machinery directly or indirectly connected with or required for this company's business ;

(*c*) To purchase, receive, hold, sell, dispose of shares, whether common or preferred, debentures and other obligations of any company carrying on a similar business, and calculated to benefit the company directly or indirectly ;

(*d*) To sell, import and dispose of the whole or any part of the business of the company or of any other company, firm or person and to accept consideration therefor ;

(*e*) To do all and everything necessary for the accomplishment of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Victor Box Toe & Counter, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

E. J. Sibley, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of September, 1916, incorporating Edwin John Sibley, contractor, James Dawson Hutchinson, Richard Balmer Proctor and Percy Roycroft, accountants, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and William Geraghty, broker, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as roofers, contractors, builders and dealers in and manufacturers of roofing preparations, concrete, cement, asphalt, sheet metal and other materials which can be used directly or indirectly by roofers, contractors or builders ;

(*b*) To act as agents for other persons or corporations carrying on similar business and also to carry on any other business of a like nature or incidental to the foregoing ;

(*c*) To amalgamate with any individual, firm or corporation, or buy, or otherwise acquire shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those herein enumerated, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, property, real or personal, and good-will, rights, franchises, privileges, contracts and assets of any kind useful or incidental to the business of the company, on such terms and conditions as may be deemed advisable and to pay for the same in cash or in part cash or paid-up shares or bonds or other securities of the company, as may be agreed upon and to sell, dispose of or otherwise deal with the whole or any portion of the property so acquired.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "E. J. Sibley, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Evans & Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of October, 1916, incorporating George Douglas Evans, importer, George Henry Densley and Walter Francis Lee, bookkeepers, Thomas James Coulter and William Stanley Jones, accountants, all of the City of Montreal,

in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, import, export, deal in, at wholesale or retail, all kinds of merchandise, goods, wares and products, generally and specially to import and deal in sponges, sisal, chamois, brushes and other toilet articles, and to act as manufacturers' agents or commission agents in all kinds of manufactured articles, goods, wares, merchandise and materials ;

(*b*) To carry on any business of a like nature, or which can be carried on with advantage to the company ;

(*c*) To purchase and acquire the business now carried on by Shaw & Evans, of the City of Montreal, as a going concern, including good-will, and to pay for the same by the allotment and issue of fully paid shares of the company ;

(*d*) To acquire and undertake generally the whole or any part of the business,property, good-will and undertaking, rights and assets, and to assume the whole or any part of the liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business with objects similar in whole or in part to those which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange, lease or otherwise, and to hold, own, possess, use, lease, change, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal in and operate immovable and movable property useful for the purposes of the company, and to pay for the same in paid-up shares or partly paid-up shares of the company ;

(*f*) To issue any part of the capital stock of the company as fully paid-up and non-assessable stock, in payment of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, or other assets acquired or leased by the company, or for any other consideration which may be deemed sufficient by the directors of the company ;

(*g*) To acquire, hold and own shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other corporation doing business of like nature notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to pay for the same in cash or part cash, and to allot and issue fully paid-up shares of the company in payment or part payment therefor, and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*h*) To amalgamate with any individual, firm or corporation doing business similar to the business which the company is authorized to carry on, and to give or accept paid-up shares or partly paid-up shares for the same ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such company or person or customer or persons having dealings with the company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such companies, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*j*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking of the company and to accept for full payment or part payment therefor shares, bonds or other securities of any company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to distribute the same amongst the shareholders of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Evans & Co., Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Manor Estates, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 17th day of October, 1906, incorporating Robert Abercrombie Pringle, Thomas Anderson Burgess and Louis Cote, barristers-at-law, Robert Hatfield Pringle, customs broker, and Mary Ida Keays, stenographer, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, concession or otherwise, city lots, farm lands; mining or fruit lands, town sites, grazing and timber lands, and any description of real estate and real property or any interests or rights therein, legal or equitable or otherwise howsoever ; to take, build upon, hold, own, maintain, work, develop, sell, lease, exchange, improve and otherwise deal in and dispose of such lots, lands, sites, real estate and real property or any interest therein ; to deal with any portion of the lands and property so acquired, subdividing the same into building lots, and generally laying the same out into lots, streets and building sites for residential purposes or otherwise ;

(*b*) To construct streets upon the land of the company, necessary sewerage and drainage system, to build upon same for residential purposes or otherwise, and to supply buildings so erected with electric light, heat, gas, water or other requisites therefor ;

(*c*) To act as agents for the sale and purchase of real estate and all interests therein and to procure real estate investments for any person ; to act as selling agents for the owners of any real estate, subdivision, building sites, town sites or lands of any kind or any interest therein, and to take over and acquire from any person or corporation any agency, inclusive or otherwise, for the sale of any such lands, sites or interest therein, and to accept an assignment of and perform any contracts made by any person with any other person or corporation for the sale of any such lands, sites or interest therein as agents or otherwise, and generally to act as real estate, house and rental agents, and as incidental thereto to carry on the business of fire insurance agents ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*g*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Manor Estates, Limited" with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

American Linseed Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 17th day of October, 1916, incorporating Allen Phillip Allensworth, manager, Henry Platt Grundy, barrister-at-law, Frederick William Louthood, accountant, and Thomas Ernest Meredith and Charles Stubbs Brown, law clerks, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the general business of grain dealers, grain merchants, grain brokers and grain commission merchants, elevator owners and elevator operators in all the branches thereof, and as principal, broker or agent to buy, sell, trade and deal in grain and cereals of every kind, and to manufacture, buy and sell flour, oatmeal, linseed oil, linseed cake and other products and by-products of grain or cereals, and for the said purposes or any of them to erect, acquire, buy, maintain, own, sell, convey, improve and operate factories, flour mills, elevators and other buildings, using the same for any of the said purposes, and for the production and storage of grain and cereals and of all kinds of goods which may be produced from or in conjunction therewith or for the purpose of cleaning and storage of grain, cereals and seeds and for the storage of general merchandise ; and for any of the purposes aforesaid to become licensed as required under any of the provisions of "The Canada Grain Act" and its amendments or any act or acts which may be substituted therefor, and to make and execute all necessary bonds and obligations thereby required for any of the said purposes ; to carry on the general business of coal dealers and dealers in all classes of fuel either by wholesale or by retail and to make and manufacture all kinds of patented fuel ; and to manufacture, buy or otherwise acquire and to hold, own, sell or otherwise dispose of and to invest, trade, deal in and deal with, goods, wares and merchandise of every description ;

(*b*) To act as agent or broker for any persons, firms or corporations carrying on business similar in whole or in part to that of this company ;

(*c*) To issue certificates, warrants and warehouse receipts, negotiable or otherwise, to persons warehousing goods with the company and to make advances or loans upon the security of such goods or otherwise ;

(*d*) To make or receive advances on any grain, merchandise, goods and chattels which may be stored with, by or in the custody of or be on any railway or vessel or ship in course of transit to or from the company or any of the elevators, mills or warehouses thereof ;

(*e*) To build, purchase or acquire, charter, lease and operate steamships, vessels, tugs, barges and other conveniences for the transport of freight and passengers by water ; to construct, purchase, lease and acquire docks, wharves or other convenient terminal facilities and to carry on all or any of the businesses of shipowners, ship brokers, managers of shipping property, carriers by land and water, barge owners or operators, transport and forwarding agents, warehousemen and wharfingers ;

(*f*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the business and all the estate, property and effects of, and to assume the liability of, any person, firm or corporation having objects similar to this company, and to pay for same either wholly or partially by cash or wholly or partially by the shares of the capital stock or debentures of this company ;

(*g*) To purchase, hold, sell and dispose of shares of the capital stock or other securities of any other company or corporation and to invest its funds in the purchase of any such stock or other securities and to pay for the same either in cash or in shares of the capital stock or debentures of the company, or partly in cash and partly in the capital stock or debentures of the company ;

(*h*) To invest and lend the surplus moneys of the company upon the security of real and personal estate, goods and chattels, stocks, bonds and debentures ;

(*i*) To enter into any partnership or into any agreement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on and engage in ;

(*j*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of or turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, lease, take in exchange or otherwise acquire lands or interests therein, together with any buildings or structures that may be on the said lands or any of them, and to sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of, the whole or any part of the lands of the company and all or any of the buildings or structures that are now or may hereafter be erected thereon, and to improve, alter and manage the said lands and buildings ;

(*l*) To advance or lend moneys from time to time to any persons, firms or corporations engaged in business having objects similar to those of the company and to take or receive mortgages upon real or personal property as security for the repayment thereof or to take such other security as the company deems advisable ; and to guarantee the payment by any person, firm or corporation having objects similar to those of this company of any debt or obligation incurred or to be incurred by such person, firm or corporation and for any and all such purposes to make or enter into any contract of guarantee ;

(*m*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or any portions thereof or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's property and rights.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "American Linseed Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY
17-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Universal Button Fastening and Button Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1916, incorporating John Munroe Longyear, lumber dealer, Howard Williams Longyear, surgeon, Ernest Taylor Tappey, doctor of medicine, Frank Goff Smith, banker, and Franklin Scott McKenney, gentleman, all of the City of Detroit, in the State of Michigan, one of the United States of America, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, manufacture and deal in buttons and button fasteners of every description and automatic machines for attaching buttons and fasteners, and to purchase, manufacture and place on the market articles or wares composed of metal, cloth, wood or other material or partly of any of such material ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any trade marks, trade names, inventions, processes, improvements, patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise

turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*e*) To acquire and take over as a going concern or otherwise the whole or any part of the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person, firm or corporation, carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and to pay for the same either wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in the bonds, debentures, paid-up shares or other securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company, and to pay for such shares, stock, debentures or bonds either wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise, and to vote all shares owned or held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*g*) To distribute in specie or otherwise any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures and other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets and liabilities of the company ;

(*h*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*i*) To sell or dispose of the whole or any part of the assets and undertakings of the company as a going concern or otherwise, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To enter into any arrangements with any government authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or assuming all or any of the property and liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company, and generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business ;

(*l*) To make advances to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any suit or legal proceeding ;

(*o*) To obtain any provisional order or Act of Parliament for enabling the company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for any purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the company's interest;

(*p*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*r*) To do all such others things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*s*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in any part similar to those of this company ;

(*t*) The interpretation of any of the powers granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Universal Button Fastening and Button Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Walkerville, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

17–2

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of subsection 2 of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act, withdrawn Section 31, Township 62, Range 19, west of the 4th Meridian, from the operation of the provisions of The Dominion Lands Act, relating to homestead and pre-emption entry and entry by private sale, and has set the same apart as School Lands.

By Order,

LYNDWODE PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 23rd September, 1916. 14–4

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act withdrawn the southwest quarter of Section 36, Township 39, Range 11, west of the 5th Meridian, from the operations of the said Act which relate to homestead and pre-emption entry, and entry by private sale, and has set the same apart as School Lands in place of the northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 40, Range 11, west of the 5th Meridian, for which homested entry is claimed on the ground of settlement prior to survey.

By order,

LYNDWODE L. PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1916. 17–4

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 86 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 39.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK

(290) Bay of Fundy—Grand Manan—Southwest head—Intended change in position of bell buoy—Whistling buoy to be established

Former notice—No. 146 (514) of 1915.

(*1*) *Intended change in position of bell buoy*—On or about 1st November, 1916, Southwest head bell buoy will, without further notice, be moved about $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles northward to a new position in the entrance to Seal cove, 100 yards southeast of Buck rock.

Lat. N. 44° 36′ 6″, Long. W. 66° 52′ 27″

Description—Iron buoy, surmounted by a bell.

Colour—Black.

(*2*) *Whistling buoy to be established*—On or about 1st November, 1916, a whistling buoy will, without further notice, be established 1.7 miles 156° (S. 5° E. mag.) from Southwest head lighthouse.

Lat. N. 44° 34′ 26″, Long. W. 66° 53′ 18″

Description—Iron conical buoy, surmounted by a 10-inch whistle.

Colour—Alternate black and white vertical stripes.

N. to M. No. 86 (290) 8-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 19° W.
Authority: Memo. from Commissioner of Lights
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2539, 352, 1651, 2492 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, pages 276 and 270.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 8.
Departmental File: No. 19484½.

QUEBEC

(291) River St. Lawrence—Port of Quebec—Limits of Examination anchorage.

Former notice—No. 40 (145) of 1916.

Limits of Examination anchorage—The Examination anchorage for the port of Quebec is the area included between the bearings 48° (N. 66° E. mag.) and 87° (S. 75° E. mag.) from the beacon on Pointe Martinière for a distance of 2500 yards.

N. to M. No. 86 (291) 8 9-16.

Variation in 1916: 18° W.
Authority: Department of Naval Service.
Admiralty chart: No. 315.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 208.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 127.
Departmental File: No. 31 89.

ENGLAND

(292) South coast—Tor-bay—Brixham—Breakwater completed; light established.

Position—On the outer end of the extension of Victoria breakwater which has now been completed, in the position hitherto occupied by the dolphin with two red lights.

Lat. 50° 24½′ N., Long. 3° 30¾′ W.

Character—An *occulting red* light *every fifteen seconds*, thus:—

Light 12 secs. / eclipse. 3 secs.

Elevation—30 feet.

Structure—Grey lighthouse.

Remarks—The dolphin referred to above has been demolished and the two red lights discontinued.

N. to M. No. 86 (292) 8-9-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 872 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 26, 1613, 2620, 2675b and 1598.
Publication: Channel Pilot, Part 1, 1908, page 32.

ENGLAND

(293) East coast—River Thames—Mucking light and fog signal discontinued; light-buoys established.

1. Mucking light and fog-signal discontinued:

Position—On the eastern portion of Mucking flats.

Lat. 51° 30¼′ N., Long. 0° 29′ E.

Details—The occulting light with white and red sectors and the fog-bell, at Mucking lighthouse, have been permanently discontinued.

Remarks—The lighthouse structure is marked at night by two *fixed red* lights placed vertically, 6 feet apart.

2. Light-buoys established:

(*a*) No. 1 light-and-bell-buoy:

Position—At a distance of 2 cables, 150° (S. 16° E. mag.), from the two fixed red lights mentioned above.

Description—A light-and-bell-buoy painted black with conical superstructure, exhibiting an *occulting red* light *every five seconds*, thus:—

Light, 3½ secs. / eclipse. 1½ secs.

(*b*) No. 3 light-buoy:

Position—At a distance of 8 cables, 243° (S. 77° W. mag.), from the outer end of the jetty on the eastern side of Lower Hope point.

Description—A light-buoy painted black with conical superstructure, exhibiting a *group occulting red* light showing *two* eclipses *every ten seconds*, thus:—

Light, 5 secs. / eclipse, 1½ secs. / light, 2 secs. / eclipse, 1½ secs.

N to M. No. 86 (293) 8 9-16.

Variation in 1916: 14° W.
Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 886 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2151 and 1 85.
Publication: North Sea Pilot, Part 3, 1914, pages 368, 370, 371 and 372.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 8th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

16-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 91 of 1916.

Pacific No. 22

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(304) Vancouver island—Southeast coast—Victoria harbour—Laurel point—Change in position of light—New structure.

Former notice.—No. 20 (44) of 1909.

New position.—On rock that dries on northwest extremity of Laurel point.

Lat. N. 48° 25′ 27″, Long. W. 123° 22′ 38″.

Character.—Fixed red electric light.

Elevation.—18 feet.

Visibility.—One mile from all points of approach by water.

Structure.—Square concrete base, surmounted by a staff supporting a red wooden slatwork cone, with lantern on top.

N. to M. No. 91 (304) 21-9-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1897b, 576, 2840, 2689, 1911, 1917 and 2531.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 64.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2280.
Departmental File: No. 22280M.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(305) Cape Flattery—Search for reported rock—Decreased depth found.

Former notice.—No. 47 (169) of 1916.

The vicinity of the breaker reported by the S.S. "Colonel L. Drake" 1½ miles 230° 30′ (S 25° 30′ W. mag.) from cape Flattery light has been carefully examined by a U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey party and a rock of small extent, with a least depth of 46½ feet over it at mean lower low water, located 1⅓ miles from the lighthouse on the above bearing.

N. to M. No. 91 (305) 21-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 25° E.
Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce, N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1911, 1917 and 2531.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 34.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(306) Puget sound—Seattle harbour—Off Duwamish head—Bell buoy replaced by gas and bell buoy.

Position.—Off Duwamish head.

Gas and bell buoy to be established.—About 20th September, 1916, Duwamish head bell buoy, 2, will be replaced by a combined gas and bell buoy.

Description.—Cylindrical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Character of light.—Flashing white light every 3 seconds, flash 0.3 second duration.

Elevation.—12 feet.

Power.—70 candles.

N. to M. No. 91 (306) 21-9-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1427, 1947 and 2531.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 92.

ALASKA.

(307) Tongass narrows—Potter rock—Gas buoy to be established.

Position.—Lat. N. 55° 18′ 5″, Long. W. 131° 34′ 35″.

Gas buoy to be established.—About 15th September, 1916, Potter rock buoy was to be replaced by a gas buoy.

Description.—Cylindrical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Colour.—Red and black horizontal bands.

Character of light.—Flashing white light every 2 seconds, flash 0.4 second duration.

Elevation.—12 feet.

Power.—70 candles.

N. to M. No. 91 (307) 21-9-16.

Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M., No. 37 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1524 and 2458.
Publication: Alaska and Bering Sea Pilot, 1908, page 143.

ALASKA.

(308) Wrangell strait—Midway rock—Intended change in characteristic of light.

Position.—On Midway rock.

Lat. N. 56° 31′ 43″, Long. W. 132° 57′ 51″.

Characteristic of light to be changed.—About 15th October, 1916, the characteristic of the light will be changed to flashing white every 3 seconds, flash 0.3 second duration.

N. to M. No. 91 (308) 21-9-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 3022 and 2431.
Publication: Alaska and Bering Sea Pilot, 1908, page 303.

ALASKA.

(309) Wrangell strait—Spike rock—Light to be established—Float light to b iscontinued.

Position.—On highest part of Spike rock.

Lat. N. 56° 35′ 52″, Long. W. 132° 58′ 34″.

Date of establishment.—About 1st October, 1916.

Character.—Fixed white light.

Elevation.—9 feet.

Power.—40 candles.

Structure.—Brown steel-cased cylindrical concrete pier, surmounted by a black square daymark.

Float light to be discontinued.—Spike rock float light, 3, will be discontinued and the float removed about 1st November, 1916.

N. to M. No. 91 (309) 21-9-1

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 36 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 3022 and 2431.
Publication: Alaska and Bering Sea Pilot. 1908, page 305.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 21st September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

16-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 92 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 42.*)

bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(310) Bay of Fundy—Lurcher shoal—Lightship replaced on her station.

Former notice.—No. 72 (240) of 1916.
Lightship on station.—The lightship maintained on Lurcher shoal, which has been off her station temporarily while undergoing repairs, has been replaced on her station.

N. to M. No. 92 (310) 26-9-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 352, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 237.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 198.
Departmental File: No. 20198M.

QUEBEC.

(311) Chaleur bay—Little Bonaventure—Change in position of light.

Former notice.—No. 139 (456) of 1914.
New position.—Little Bonaventure pole light has been moved on to the breakwater, 182 feet from its outer end; and 285 feet 117° (S. 38° 30′ E. mag.) from its old position.
Lat. N. 48° 3′ 59″, Long. W. 65° 32′ 41″
Character.—Fixed red light.
Elevation.—22 feet.
Visibility.—6 miles from all points of approach by water.
Structure.—Pole, with white shed at base.

N. to M. No. 92 (311) 26-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 24° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Mr. J. A. Smith, District Engineer, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1715 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 316.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 965.5
Departmental File: No. 20965.5L.

ST. PIERRE ISLAND.

(312) Galantry head—Fog siren in normal working order.

Fog siren in working order.—The fog siren on Galantry head is now in normal working order.
Whenever the siren is out of order, a gun at the lighthouse will be fired once every half hour.
Position of lighthouse.—Lat. N. 46° 45′ 43″, Long. W. 56° 9′ 36″

N. to M. No. 92 (312) 26-9-16.

Authority: Letter from Mr. C. E. Bonin, Consul General for France.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 303, 893, 232a, 2516 and 2666.
Publication: Newfoundland Pilot, 1907, page 115.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Page 184.
Departmental File: No. 31738.

ENGLAND.

(313) South coast—Isle of Wight—The Needles—Obstruction reported southward of.

Position.—At a distance of about 6 miles southward of the Needles rocks.
Lat. 50° 33′ 40″ N., Long. 1° 33′ 40″ W.
Description.—A submerged obstruction, over which a depth of 20 feet is reported.

N. to M. No. 92 (313) 26-9-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 192 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2045, 2450, 2675b and 1598.
Publication: Channel Pilot. Part 1, 1908, page 179.

(314) Notice to all masters, shipowners and others concerned.

The attention of all Masters or other persons in command or charge of vessels is directed to the duty of obeying promptly and strictly all orders, whether by way of signal or otherwise, given by any Officer in Command of any of His Majesty's Ships or by any Naval or Military Officer engaged in the defence of the coast. Cases have been reported to the British Admiralty in which British Merchant vessels have wilfully disregarded the Orders given by Patrol Boats, &c., and it is therefore considered necessary to remind all persons concerned of the penalties provided for such acts of disobedience.

Where vessels neglect to obey Orders so given the person in charge is liable to prosecution under the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations 1914, and upon conviction to be fined £100 or imprisoned for six months or, where the disobedience was of an aggravated kind, to suffer both penalties.

It should also be noted that failure to obey orders may necessitate the seizure and detention of the vessel, when found in any port of the United Kingdom subsequently to the time at which the act of disobedience was committed.

N. to M. No. 92 (314) 26 9-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 990 of 19'6.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 26th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

17-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 93 of 1916.

(Pacific No. 23.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(315) Vancouver island—Southeast coast—Victoria harbour —Westward of Pelly island—Channel rock —Buoy withdrawn.

Position.—Westward of Pelly island.

Buoy discontinued.—Channel rock black platform buoy will be withdrawn without further notice, the rock having been dredged out to the same depth as the channel.

N. to M. No. 93 (315)28-9-16

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1897b, 576 and 2840
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 64.
List of Buoys and Beacons in British Columbia, 1916: No. 115.
Departmental File: No. 28240.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(315) Vancouver island—Southeast coast—Victoria harbour— Off Songhies point—Beaver rock—Buoy withdrawn.

Position.—Off Songhies point.

Buoy discontinued.—On 18th October, 1916, Beaver (Tuzo) rock black spar buoy will be withdrawn without further notice, the rock having been dredged out to the same depth as the channel.

N. to M. No. 93 (316) 28-9-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty chart: Nos. 1897b, 576 and 2840.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 64.
List of Buoys and Beacons in British Columbia, 1916: No. 118.
Departmental File: No. 13285

JAPAN.

(317) Gulf of Tokyo—Uraga Suido—Ashika Jima —Beacon light established.

Position.—On Ashika Jima.
Lat. N. 35° 12′ 51″, Long. E.139° 44′ 19″

Character.—Flashing white light, showing one flash every 3 seconds.

Elevation.—48 feet.

Visibility.—11½ miles from all points of approach.

Power.—150 candles.

Illuminant.—Acetylene.

Structure.—Lower part concrete, upper part iron latticework, painted black.

Remarks.—The light is unwatched, and if extinguished there may be some delay in relighting.

N to M. No. 93 (317) 28-9-16.

Authority: Notice No. 688 of Dept. of Communications, Japan.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 28th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

17-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 94 of 1916

(*Inland No. 29*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO

(318) Georgian bay, north side—Killarney harbour—Change in positions and colour of buoys at western entrance.

Former notice.—No. 51 (180) of 1916.

The three spar buoys marking the dredged channel at the western entrance to Killarney harbour will hereafter be moored on the north side of the channel in the under-mentioned positions; and the colour of these three buoys will be changed from black to red.

(1) *Position of easterly buoy.*—On north side of channel, 400 feet westward of Le Haye point.

Lat. N. 45° 58′ 18″, Long. W. 81° 31′ 29″

Colour.—Red.

(2) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, 0.15 mile westward of Le Haye point.

Lat. N. 45° 58′ 21″, Long. W. 81° 31′ 35″

Colour.—Red.

(3) *Position of westerly buoy.*—On north side of dredged channel at its west end, 0.25 mile westward of Le Haye point.

Lat. N. 45° 58′ 26″, Long. W. 81° 31′ 41″

Note.—The channel past Killarney will hereafter be treated as a through channel leading upstream from the east entrance.

N. to M. No. 94 (318) 30-9-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 86.
Publication: Sailing Directions for the Canadian shores of Lake Huron and Georgian Bay, 1915, pages 349, 350 and 351.
Departmental File: No. 36940.

ONTARIO

(319) Georgian bay, north side—Western approach to Killarney—Ann Long bank—Change in colour of buoy.

Former notice.—No. 50 (179) of 1913.

Position.—Marks the northwest extreme of Ann Long bank.

Lat. N. 45° 58′ 22″, Long. W. 81° 32′ 38″

Change in colour of buoy.—The colour of the spar buoy will, without further notice, be changed from red to black. (See note above).

N. to M. No. 94 (319) 30-9-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 86.
Publication: Sailing Directions for the Canadian shores of Lake Huron and Georgian Bay, 1915, page 349.
Departmental File: No. 30279.

ONTARIO

(320) Lake Superior—Thunder bay—Fort William—Mission channel entrance—Dredging.

Former notice.—No. 39 (142) of 1916.

Dredging.—The northerly 450 feet of the dredged channel in Thunder bay leading to Mission channel has been dredged by the Department of Public Works of Canada to a depth of 25 feet below the zero of the harbour gauge, which is 601.86 feet above Mean Tide level, New York.

An additional width of 100 feet, having a least depth of 21 feet, is available bordering the deep channel on its south side, or between it and the Mission channel revetment wall. Adjacent to the wall the depth of water varies from 15 to 25 feet.

N. to M. No. 94 (320) 30-9-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. H. B. R. Craig, District Engineer, P.W. Dept.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 101.
Publication: U.S.H.O. Publication No. 108A, 1906, page 82.
Departmental File: No. 37273.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

(321) Lake Huron—Calcite—Gas buoy established.

Position.—Off the entrance to the port of Calcite.

Date of establishment.—About 25th September, 1916.

Description.—Conical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Character of light.—Occulting red light, visible 5 seconds and eclipsed 5 seconds alternately.

Elevation.—10 feet.

Power.—25 candles.

N. to M. No. 94 (321) 30-9-16.

Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M. No. 39 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 519, and 678.
Publication: U.S.H.O. Publication No. 108C, 1907, page 58.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 30th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

17-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 95 of 1916.

(Inland No. 30.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO—MICHIGAN.

(322) River St. Mary—Sault Ste. Marie canals—Draft limit for vessels destined for passage through lake St. Clair.

Draft limit for vessels.—Owing to the lowering of water at this season of the year, in order to guard against grounding of vessels in the lake St. Clair channels, the draft limit for vessels passing through the Sault Ste. Marie canals and destined for passage through lake St. Clair has been fixed by the United States Government at twenty feet four inches.

No vessel drawing more than twenty feet four inches will be permitted to pass through lake St. Clair.

N. to M. No. 95 (322) 4-10 16.

Authority: Telegram from Wm. Livingstone, Esq., President Lake Carriers' Association.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 324, 320 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108 A, 1906, pages 24 to 26.
Departmental File: No. 28025.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(323) Lake Erie—Erie harbour approach—Wreck of "Rob Roy" lighted.

Position.—In about 7 fathoms water, about $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles northeast of the entrance to Erie harbour, with her spars showing above water.

Light on wreck.—A fixed white light is shown on the wreck.

N. to M. No. 95 (323) 4-10-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 39 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 332 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108D, 1907, page 32.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(324) River St. Mary, upper end—Middle ground above Round island—Bell buoy to replace spar buoy.

Date.—About 10th October, 1916.

Position.—A bell buoy will be established at east end of Middle ground, River St. Mary, near the intersection of the range lines of the Brush point and Cedar point range lights, and at the junction of the main channel with Bay Mills channel, replacing Middle ground east end spar buoy.

Colour.—Red and black in horizontal bands.

N. to M. No. 95 (324) 4-10-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 39 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 324 and 320.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108A, 1906, page 30.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 4th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 17-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 96 of 1916

(Atlantic No. 43)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0 (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(325) Bay of Fundy—Quaco lightstation—Storm signals discontinued.

The storm signals heretofore displayed from a mast east of the lighthouse have been discontinued and the mast taken down.

N. to M. No. 96 (325) 5-10-16.

Authority: The Director, Meteorological Service, Toronto.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 353, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, pages 12 and 318.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 118.
Departmental File: No. 13999.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(326) South coast—Southward of Betty island—Uncharted shoal.

Position—162° 30′ (S. 4° W. mag.) 4200 feet from Betty island lighthouse.

Lat. N. 44° 25′ 42″, Long. W. 63° 45′ 36″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal.

Summit of Aspotogan	0°	
Dover lighthouse	17°	50′
Betty island lighthouse	31	20
Hospital Hill triangulation station	70	25
South tangent of Mars head	20	35

Depth.—5½ fathoms.

Description.—Flat rock, area under 10 fathoms 10 yards across, only one cast of 5½ fathoms. Half a cable off or to the south of the shoal the depth is over 30 fathoms. The shoal breaks in heavy sea.

N. to M. No. 96 (26) 5-10-16.

Variation in 1916 : 21° 30′ W.
Authority : Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographie Survey steamer "Aeadia."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 343, 730, 1651, 2666 and 2670.
Publication : Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 148.
Departmental File : No. 31589.

QUEBEC.

(327) River St. Lawrence—Westward of Les Mechins—Uncharted rock.

Position.—About 3 cables from the shore, about 2 miles westward of Les Mechins.

Lat. N. 49° 0′ 15″, Long. W. 67° 2′ 50″

The rock bears 243° (S. 88° W. mag.) 12.8 miles from cap Chat lighthouse.

Clearing line.—Cap Chat seen open to the northward of Cape Michaux and bearing 64° (N. 89° E. mag.), clears it to the northward in about 20 fathoms water.

Depth.—5 feet.

Description.—The rock is about 30 feet square, with 16 and 20 fathoms close-to, north of it, and 7 fathoms south of it.

N. to M. No. 96 (327) 5-10-16.

Variation in 1916 : 25° W.
Authority : Report from Mr. C. Savary, Officer in charge of Hydrographie Survey steamer "Aeadia."
Admiralty charts : Nos. 307 and 2516.
Publication : St. Lawrenee Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916, page 108.
Departmental File : No. 31589.

NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN.

(328) South of Newfoundland—Westward of Miquelon islands—Derelict.

Position.—Thirty miles west of Miquelon islands, approximately in Lat. N. 46° 50′, Long. W. 57° 10′.

Derelict.—The schooner "Airs" waterlogged and abandoned.

Date.—Reported on 27th September, 1916.

N. to M. No. 96 (328) 5-10-16.

Authority : Telegram from British Consul, St. Pierre, 27th Sept., 1916.
Admiralty charts : Nos. 232a, 2516 and 2666.
Departmental File : No. 14191.

ENGLAND.

(329) West coast—River Mersey—North Wall lighthouse—Alteration in fog signal.

Position.—Lat. 53° 27′ N., long. 3° 01′ W.

Alteration.—The siren has been altered to give a group of *two* short blasts with an interval of five seconds between them, *every minute*.

N. to M. No. 96 (329) 5-10-16.

Authority : British Admiralty N. to M. No. 1024 of 1916.
Admiralty charts : Nos. 3477, 1951 and 1170b.
Publication : W. C. England Pilot, 1910, page 388.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 5th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

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NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagn er la demande.

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* * * Annual subscription 2.00
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* Cultivateurs, conservez votre fumier (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 55. Gratuit.
* Conseils pour la saison—novembre 1916 (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). 16 pp. Gratuit.
* L'Occasion qui s'offre aux èleveurs canadiens—discours prononcé par monsieur John Bright, 18 pp. Gratuit.
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1916-17 **1916-17**

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th September, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.	1915.	1916.
LIABILITIES.	$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—		
Payable in New York		75,357,000 00
do in Canada	757,960 94	118,645,070 94
do in London	362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Temporary Loans	150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund	5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes	152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
SAVINGS BANKS— (1915. / 1916.)		
Post Office Savings Banks — $38,302,646 32 / $40,930,124 46		
Dominion Government Savings Banks — 13,939,801 94 / 13,572,820 03		
	52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Trust Funds	10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Province Accounts	11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts	28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total Gross Debt	774,896,755 36	1,071,657,373 51
ASSETS.		
INVESTMENTS—		
Sinking Funds	11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Other Investments	107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS	2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS	168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total Assets	290,055,121 63	391,381,928 61
Total Net Debt 30th September	484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
do do to 31st August	472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Increase of Debt	12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of September, 1915.	Total to 30th September, 1915	Month of September, 1916.	Total to 30th September, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Excise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Post Office	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Miscellaneous	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
EXPENDITURE	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	14,541,003 47	44,427,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	3,481,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Railway Subsidies	155,032 00	723,021 14	.....	363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance.

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 4th October, 1916.

15-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,773 25	Gold held September 30, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,141,023 24
Fractional	985,848 04		
$1	14,247,509 00		
$2	10,481,046 50		
$4	45,919 00		
$5	2,931,112 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50	10,250 00		
$100	2,000 00	10 p.c. on $54,502,944.49 under The Savings Banks Act	5,450,294 45
$500	1,974,000 00		
$1,000	4,223,000 00		
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	200,500 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,690,728 79
$1,000 " " "	1,274,000 00		
$5,000 " " "	137,900,000 00		
	$ 174,302,958 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,301 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,773 25

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th October, 1916.

16 tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of August, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	819,328 05	
Malt Liquor	11,430 65	
Malt	290,597 13	
Tobacco	1,061,603 92	
Cigars	66,803 98	
Manufactures in Bond	13,308 04	
Acetic Acid	1,095 35	
Seizures	205 00	
Other Receipts	11,242 55	
Total Excise Revenue		2,275,614 67
Methylated Spirits		13,486 03
Ferry		5 00
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,663 70
Gas Inspection		4,225 35
Electric Light Inspection		5,643 15
Law Stamps		983 25
Other Revenues		474 47
War Tax		260,226 35
Grand Total Revenue		2,575,321 97

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 22nd September, 1916

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POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of July, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts. CR.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 30th June, 1916.	40,213,861 48	WITHDRAWALS during the month	672,739 82
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,050,997 24		
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer			
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	2,194 33		
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,060 13	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36
	41,270,113 18		41,270,113 18

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg. Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th September, 1916.

14-tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirty-first August, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 31st July, 1916.	Deposits August, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for August, 1916.	Balance on 31st August, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	582,392 03	6,737 35	589,129 38	7,018 94	582,110 44
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,179,335 74	40,034 02	1,219,369 76	30,225 57	1,189,144 19
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,976,532 65	28,067 00	2,004,599 65	28,706 52	1,975,893 13
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	271,192 89	6,668 00	277,860 89	1,171 51	276,689 38
St. John	5,483,910 85	70,493 55	5,554,404 40	81,402 76	5,473,001 64
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	137,141 15	498 00	137,639 15	1,200 45	136,438 70
Guysboro'	118,242 86	1,830 00	120,072 86	1,006 46	119,066 40
Halifax	2,534,998 02	38,855 47	2,573,853 49	42,264 21	2,531,589 28
Kentville	231,862 32	3,553 00	235,415 32	3,921 13	231,494 19
Lunenburg	420,121 75	3,385 00	423,506 75	4,904 35	418,602 40
Port Hood	91,388 46	320 00	91,708 46	750 00	90,958 46
Shelburne	226,443 97	1,759 00	228,202 97	1,209 58	226,993 39
Sherbrooke	101,079 28	1,897 00	102,976 28	1,282 32	101,693 96
Wallace	136,236 86	1,251 00	137,487 86	1,636 69	135,851 17
Totals	13,490,878 83	205,348 39	13,696,227 22	206,700 49	13,489,526 73

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT
OTTAWA, 9th September, 1916

12-t

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUÉBEC, ON THE 31st DAY OF AUGUST, 1916.

	CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand. 1	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand. 2	Other deposits payable on demand. 3	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 4	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 5	Other deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 6	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Trust. 7	Liabilities not included under the foregoing heads. 8	Total Liabilities.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	93,341 86	.....	.....		.....	31,451,378 12	180,000 00	40,760 41	31,765,480 39
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	140,000 00	1 200 00	10,362,466 03	83,000 00	590,669 27	11,187,335 30
Total.....	3,000,000 00	1,250,000 00	93,341 86	.....	.....	140,000 00	1 200 00	41,813,844 15	263 000 00	631,429 68	42,952,815 69

ASSETS.

	Dominion, Provincial and other public securities. 1	Cash in hand and on deposit in chartered banks. 2	Canadian municipal bonds or securities, schools bonds or debentures and securities approved by Treasury Board. 3	Other bonds, debentures and securities. 4	Loans to governments, municipal corporations, fabriques de paroisses, syndics pour l'érection d'églises and corporations on resolutions of their boards of directors. 5	Loans for which bank stocks are held as collateral security. 6	Loans for which stocks, bonds, debentures or securities other than bank stocks are held as collateral security. 7	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund investments. 8	Investments in bank stock made previous to the incorporation of the bank. 9	Bank premises. 10	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads. 11	Total Assets
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts
City and District Savings Bank	3,094,223 91	6,087,438 52	14,658,964 14	1,335,948 03	.....	1,339,226 25	6,809,628 92	180,000 00	.....	475,000 00	240,394 33	34,220,824 10
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.. ...	1,421,333 73	1,266,077 91	4,390,916 62	1,939,533 33	.....	454,277 50	2,777,230 15	83,000 00	9 600 00	140,000 00	214,237 61	12,696,206 85
Total.....	4,515,557 64	7,353.516 43	19,049,880 76	3,275,481 36	.....	1,792,503 75	9,586,859 07	263,000 00	9,600 00	615,000 00	454,631 94	46,917,030 95

T C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 18th September, 1916.

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TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE.*

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules:

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."

2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch); subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy; the amount of which should be calculated as follows:

First insertion:	
Flat charge for title and signature	$1 00
Add two cents per word actual count	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words	.....
Other insertions:	
Flat charge for title and signature	0 50
Add one cent per word actual count	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions:—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws, etc.—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, etc.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thurs days will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette*.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

Rules relative to Notices for Private Bills.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

Map or Plan, with Petition.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Com-"mittee until there has been filed with that com-"mittee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, town-"ship, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

Maps, Plans and Exhibits, with Bills.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a.*) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar char-"acter within, or in any way affecting the dis-"trict, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b.*) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordina y "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

Substance of Rules of the Senate relating to Notices and Applications for Bills of Divorce.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893.*

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(*7*) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be, for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14-14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Newton Salter, of the Village of Winchester, in the County of Dundas and Province of Ontario, labourer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Elizabeth Salter, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Winchester, in the Province of Ontario, this first day of June, A.D. 1916.

JOHN NEWTON SALTER,
Winchester P.O.,
9-14 Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13-14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Austin Barnwell, of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Albert, locomotive foreman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Clara Carey Barnwell, of the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Calgary, this 27th day of July, 1916.

W. C. POLLARD,
Clarence Block, Calgary, Alberta,
6–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lavilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
17–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

THE Canadian Northern Western Railway Company hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registration District of Northern Alberta at Edmonton, a description of the site, plans and elevation of bridge proposed to be buiit across the Sturgeon River, in S.E. quarter of twenty-three (23), Township fifty-six (56), Range twenty-three (23), west of the Fourth Meridian, in the Province of Alberta.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Canadian Northern Western Railway Company will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval to the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said bridge across Sturgeon River.

Dated at Winnipeg this 29th day of September, A.D. 1916.

CANADIAN NORTHERN WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By CLARK & JACKSON
15-4 (Its solicitors).

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 105.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of twelve per cent (12 %) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the three months ending 31st October, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Wednesday, the first day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st October, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. HAY,
General manager.

Toronto, 20th September, 1916. 14–5

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after Thursday, the 2nd of November next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders a dividend of two per cent, being at the rate of eight per cent per annum, upon its capital, for the quarter ending on the 31st of October next.

This dividend will be paid according to the list of shareholders of record on the 16th of October next.

By order of the board of directors,

N. LAVOIE,
General manager.

Quebec, 19th September, 1916. 13–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R. S. C. CHAP., 115.

THE Glenwood Natural Gas Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the County of Kent at the City of Chatham, a description of the site and plans of certain piers proposed to be built in Lake Erie in front of lots Nos. 165 to 187 (both inclusive) in the Townships of Romney and East Tilbury, County of Kent and Province of Ontario.

The approval asked for is

1. To be allowed to modify the specification for building piers authorized under Order in Council No. 2851 this modification to apply to such of the piers as have been authorized but not built.

2. To be allowed to put down additional wells which are Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 in accordance with the modified specifications.

3. To be allowed to build piers Nos. 9 and 10 in accordance with drawing No. 103 and accompanying specification.

4. Of the changed location of well No. 8 which is not at present in the position approved by the said Order in Council.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, The Glenwood Natural Gas Company, Limited, will. under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said piers.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1916.

THE GLENWOOD NATURAL GAS COMPANY,
14–4 LIMITED.

THE CANADIAN CASUALTY AND BOILER INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been made by The Canadian Casualty and Boiler Insurance Company to the Honourable the Minister of Finance for a release on the twenty-fifth day of October, 1916, of the securities of the company deposited with the said Minister, and all Canadian policy holders of the said company, who desire to oppose such release are hereby notified to file their opposition with the said Minister on or before the said date.

Dated at Toronto, July 6th, 1916.

THE CANADIAN CASUALTY AND
BOILER INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 157 Bay Street, Toronto.
by MACDONALD & MACINTOSH,
of 26 Adelaide Street, West, Toronto,
3 15 Solicitors for the said Company.

THE STERLING BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and one half per cent (1½%) for the quarter ending 31st October, inst., (being at the rate of six per cent (6%) per annum), on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches of the Bank on and after the 15th day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed on the 17th of October to the 31st of October, both days inclusive.

By order of the board.

A. H. WALKER.
General manager.

Toronto, 27th September, 1916. 14–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

THE Imperial Oil Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the County of Halifax at Halifax, Nova Scotia, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf proposed to be built in the harbour of Halifax in front of lands adjoining Fort Clarence to the southward on the eastern side of said harbour.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, the Imperial Oil Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Halifax aforesaid this 11th day of October, 1916.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, LIMITED,
McINNES, MELLISH, FULTON & KENNY,
Solicitors,
16–4 Halifax, N.S.

CITY OF BRANTFORD.

NOTICE is hereby given that upon the expiration of one month from the date of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the application can be heard, an application will be made on behalf of the City of Brantford, to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, for a recommendation to the Governor in Council for the sanction of an agreement dated 28th June, 1916, between the said City and the Lake Erie & Northern Railway Company for the sale by the said City to the said Railway Company of a portion of the Grand Valley Railway (so called) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the said agreement.

This notice is given pursuant to the provisions of section 361 of The Railway Act, R.S.C., 1906, chapter 37, and Statutes of Canada, 6-7 George V (1916), chapter 42, section 6.

Dated 10th October, 1916.

H. F. LEONARD,
16–5 City Clerk, City of Brantford.

THE QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Bank will be held at the head office of the said Bank in the City of Quebec, Que., on Tuesday the 28th day of November, A.D. 1916, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering an agreement for the sale by the said The Quebec Bank of its assets to The Royal Bank of Canada, upon the terms set out in such agreement, a copy of which will be mailed to each shareholder with this notice, and, if deemed advisable, of passing a resolution or resolutions approving the said agreement and authorizing the President and General Manager of the Quebec Bank to affix to said agreement the corporate seal of the Bank and to sign and execute the same for and in the name of, and on behalf of the Bank; and also for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, of passing all such other and further resolutions for fully carrying out the said agreement and the terms thereof as the shareholders shall consider expedient or advisable, and for the purpose of authorizing the board of directors to give all such notices and make all such applications and to pass and execute all such other acts, resolutions, deeds, instruments, matters and things as may be deemed necessary for procuring the assent of the Governor in Council to the said agreement, and for carrying out the same and distributing the proceeds of the said sale.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.
Quebec, 10th October, 1916. 16–7

THE SAINT JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE—The Saint John and Quebec Railway Company has deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and the Registrar of Kings County, Province of New Brunswick, a plan and description of the site of the proposed bridge across the Jones' Creek in the Parish of Greenwich, County of Kings, in the Province of New Brunswick, mile 57.

Take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Saint John and Quebec Railway Company will apply to the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plan and for permission to construct the said bridge.

THE SAINT JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY,
EDWARD GIROUARD,
Secretary.

Dated at Fredericton, N.B., this 27th day of September, 1916. 15–4

THE MOLSONS BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Molsons Bank will be held at its banking-house, in this City, on Monday the 6th of November next at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By the order of the Board.

EDWARD C. PRATT,
General manager.
Montreal, 4th October, 1916. 15–4

CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of The Pension Fund Societies Act, chapter 123, R.S.C., La Société de la Caisse de Retraite de la Banque d'Hochelaga has been incorporated according to the said Act, and that its principal place of business is situated at civic No. 112, St. James, at Montreal.

Ernest Guimont is the secretary of the society, upon whom all legal process may be served.

Montreal, this 3rd October, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

LA SOCIÉTÉ DE LA CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA,
ERNEST GUIMONT,
15-4 Secretary.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, CHAPTER 115.

THE Empire Elevator Company, Limited, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company hereby give notice that they have, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Thunder Bay at the City of Port Arthur, Ontario, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf or dock proposed to be built in Thunder Bay, at the mouth of the Kaministiquia River, on a portion of the water lot or lands covered by the waters of Thunder Bay lying east and in front of lots 17 and 18 in Concession "K" of the Township of Neebing Additional, now in the City of Fort William in the District of Thunder Bay.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Empire Elevator Company, Limited, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf and dock.

Dated at Fort William, Ontario, this sixth day of October, 1916.

EMPIRE ELEVATOR CO. LTD., AND CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.,
Per MORRIS & BABE,
16–4 Their solicitors.

YUKON COPPER, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF HEAD OFFICE OR CHIEF PLACE OF BUSINESS.

By-Law No. 44.

WHEREAS the head office of the company now is at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario ;

And whereas it has been deemed expedient that the same should be changed to the Town of White Horse, in the Yukon Territory,—

Therefore the company enacts as follows :—

That the head office of Yukon Copper, Limited, be and the same is hereby changed from the City of Ottawa to the Town of White Horse.

J. F. SMELLIE,
Secretary.

17–1

BRAZILIAN TRACTION LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the laws of Canada.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this company has declared a dividend of one per cent on the issued Ordinary Capital Stock of the company, payable in Toronto, on the 1st December, 1916, to all shareholders of record on the registers at the close of business on the 31st October, 1916.

Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer on detaching Coupon No. 17 from such warrants and lodging same at The Canadian Bank of Commerce, 2 Lombard Street, London, E.C., England, will receive the value of such coupon on and after the 1st December, 1916, representing the amount of the aforesaid dividend.

Dated at Toronto, Canada, the 18th October, 1916.

J. M. SMITH,
Secretary.

NOTE :—The Canadian Stock Registers are kept at the offices of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto and Montreal, Canada.

National Trust Company, Limited, are Transfer Agents in Toronto and Montreal, Canada.

The London office of the Company is at Threadneedle House, 34 Bishopsgate, E.C. 17–1

THE SAO PAULO TRAMWAY LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the laws of Ontario, Canada.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the board of directors of this company has declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent on the issued common stock of the company, payable on 1st November, 1916, to all shareholders of record on the 16th October, 1916, on presentation of their certificates at the head office of the company, 9 Toronto street, Toronto, Canada.

Holders of share warrants to bearer on lodging the same at the offices of the British Empire Trust Company, Ltd., 34 Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, London, E.C., England, will receive on and after 1st November, 1916, the amount of the aforesaid dividend.

Payments made in London are subject to the income tax.

J. M. SMITH,
Secretary.

Toronto, Canada, 12th October, 1916. 17–1

THE RIO DE JANEIRO TRAMWAY LIGHT & POWER COMPANY LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the laws of Canada.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the board of directors of the company has declared a dividend of one and a quarter per cent on the issued capital stock of the company, payable on 1st November, 1916, to all shareholders of record on the 16th October, 1916, on presentation of their certificates at the head office of the company, 9 Toronto Street, Toronto, Canada.

Holders of share warrants to bearer on lodging the same at the London office of the company, 34 Bishopsgate, E.C., will receive on and after 1st November, 1916, the amount of the aforesaid dividend.

Payments made in London are subject to the income tax.

J. M. SMITH,
Secretary.

Toronto, Canada, 12th October, 1916. 17-1

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 117.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum) upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current quarter, and will be payable at the Bank and its branches on nd after Friday, the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record of 15th November.

By order of the Board.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, P.Q., 17th October, 1916. 17–6

THE VANCOUVER, FRASER VALLEY AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of The Vancouver, Fraser Valley and Southern Railway Company will be held at the offices of the company, 425 Carrall Street, Vancouver, B.C., on Friday, the 10th day of November, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon.

Dated at Vancouver, the 4th day of October, 1916.

J. V. ARMSTRONG,
Secretary.

16-4

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of ten per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and will be payable at its banking house in this city and at its branches, on and after the 1st day of November next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day of October.

By order of the Board,

D. C. MACAROW,
General manager.

Montreal, 26th September, 1916. 14–5

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 31 août 1916.

Sont nommés préposés à l'accise de troisième classe dans les divisions du revenu de l'intérieur indiquées vis-à-vis leurs noms respectifs :—

NOMS.	DIVISIONS.
Charles Vézina,	Québec, dans la province de Québec.
Amédée Louis Aucoin,	Montréal, dans la province de Québec.
Prosper Eugène Brisette,	Montréal, dans la province de Québec.
Louis Elesee Noel,	Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario.
Edward George Blaylock,	Belleville, dans la province d'Ontario.
Frederick Holmes McLenaghan,	Perth, dans la province d'Ontario.
Robert Howard LaMarsh,	Windsor, dans la province d'Ontario.
John Christopher Miller,	Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba.
Ward Harry Bell,	Moose-Jaw, dans la province de la Saskatchewan.
John Lytton Mara,	Victoria, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique.

les dites nominations dateront du 1er août 1916.

—

8 septembre 1916.

JOSEPH PHILIAS ETHIER, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario : Aide-inspecteur des poids et mesures (à compter du 1er septembre 1916) dans la division des poids et mesures d'Ottawa, dans la dite province.

HUGH ALLEN ROGERS, de la cité de Belleville dans la province d'Ontario : Préposé à l'accise de troisième classe, stagiaire, dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Belleville, dans la dite province à compter du 1er août 1916.

—

5 octobre 1916.

THOMAS MAXWELL, de Big-River, dans la province de la Saskatchewan : Officier des pêcheries, avec le grade de surveillant des pêcheries dans et pour la dite province de la Saskatchewan, en remplacement de Edward Beatty, et durant son terme d'office en cette dite qualité de surveillant des pêcheries il aura les pouvoirs d'un juge de paix *ex officio* pour les fins de la *Loi des pêcheries.*

—

7 octobre 1916.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS MORRISON, de Vegreville, dans la province d'Alberta, écuyer, conseil de Sa Majesté : Juge de la cour de District du district de Stettler, dans la dite province d'Alberta.

CHARLES F. SPROTT, J.P., de Burnaby-Lake, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique : Membre de la commission du havre de North-Fraser, en remplacement de Robert Abernethy, démissionnaire,

Le capitaine THOMAS TEMPLEMAN, de Port-Lorne, dans le comté d'Annapolis, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse : Maître de havre à ce port, en remplacement de Freeman Beardsley.

Le capitaine THOMAS TEMPLEMAN, de Port-Lorne, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse : Gardien du quai de l'Etat à cet endroit, en remplacement de Freeman Beardsley.

PROCLAMATIONS.

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrateur.

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, ROI du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à samedi, le vingt et unième jour du mois d'octobre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa : SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada, en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le TRENTIEME jour du mois de NOVEMBRE prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN : Notre Très fidèle et Bien-Aimé conseiller le Très Honorable SIR CHARLES FITZPATRICK, Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Juge en chef du Canada ; Administrateur du Gouvernement de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour d'OCTOBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,
JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
17-tf pour le Canada.

—

ARTHUR.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

W. STUART EDWARDS, pour le Sous-Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que dans et par la Partie XII, de la *Loi de la marine marchande au Canada*, chapitre 113, Statuts revisés, 1906, il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que la dite Partie XII s'appliquera aux ports seulement qui sont désignés à cet effet de temps à autre par proclamation ;

ET ATTENDU que par un arrêté de Notre Gouverneur en conseil, en date du dix-neuvième jour de septembre, A.D. 1916, le port de Pender, dans la province de la

Colombie-Britannique, est désigné comme un port auquel la dite Partie XII s'appliquera, et il est déclaré que les limites du port seront comme suit :—

"Comprenant toutes les eaux du port de Pender et "du détroit de Malaspina, y compris lès parties des "cours d'eau, anses, etc., baignées par la marée et des "bancs jusqu'à la marque des hautes eaux, comprises "entre des lignes droites tirées de l'extrémité de la "pointe Norman jusqu'à la tangente nord de l'île Pear-"son, et de la tangente ouest de l'île Pearson jusqu'à "la tangente ouest de la pointe Francis et de la tan-"gente sud de la pointe Francis franc est par compas "jusqu'à la terre ferme de la péninsule Sechelt,—

SACHEZ DONC, que par et en vertu de l'autorité qui nous est conférée par la dite Partie XII et le dit arrêté en conseil respectivement, Nous proclamons et déclarons que la dite Partie XII s'appliquera désormais au dit port de Pender, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis de prendre connaissance et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très cher et Bien-aimé Oncle et Très fidèle Conseiller le Feld-maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Prince ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, Duc de Connaught et Strathearn, comte de Sussex (dans la pairie du Royaume-Uni), Prince du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Duc de Saxe, Prince de Saxe-Cobourg et Gotha ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très noble de la Jarretière ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très ancien et Très noble du Chardon ; Chevalier de Notre Ordre Très illustre de Saint-Patrice ; l'un de Notre Très honorable Conseil Privé ; Grand Maître de Notre Ordre Très honorable du Bain ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très exalté de l'Etoile de l'Inde ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Commandeur de Notre Ordre Très éminent de l'Empire Indien ; Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria ; Notre Aide-de-camp personnel ; Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef de Notre Puissance du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'Ottawa ce DIX-NEUVIÈME jour de SEPTEMBRE en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, et de Notre règne la septième.

Par ordre,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

15-3

[La proclamation suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 10 octobre 1916.*]

PAR LE ROI.

PROCLAMATION À L'EFFET D'AJOUTER CERTAINS ITEM ET FAIRE CERTAINES MODIFICATIONS À LA LISTE DES ARTICLES QUI DOIVENT ÊTRE TRAITÉS COMME CONTREBANDE DE GUERRE.

GEORGE R. I.

ATTENDU que le 14e jour d'octobre 1915, Nous avons lancé Notre proclamation royale mentionnant les articles que Nous avions l'intention de traiter comme contrebande de guerre durant les hostilités ou jusqu'à ce que Nous en donnions un nouvel avis public ;

Et attendu que le 27e jour de janvier 1916, le 12e jour d'avril 1916 et le 27e jour de juin 1916 Nous avons par Nos proclamations royales de ces dates, fait certaines additions et modifications à la liste des articles qui doivent être traités comme contrebande de guerre ;

Et attendu qu'il est opportun de faire de nouveau certaines additions et modifications à la dite liste,—

En conséquence, Nous déclarons par les présentes, par et avec l'avis de Notre Conseil privé, que pendant la durée de la guerre ou jusqu'à ce que Nous en donnions un nouvel avis public, les articles suivants seront traités comme contrebande de guerre absolue outre ceux inscrits dans Nos proclamations royales ci-dessus mentionnées ;—

Matériaux isolants, bruts et fabriqués ; acides gras ; alliages de cadmium et albumine de minerai de cadmium.

Et Nous déclarons en outre qu'à compter de la présente date les modifications suivantes seront faites à l'Annexe I de Notre proclamation royale du 14e jour d'octobre 1915 susdite.

Pour l'item 6, "cire de paraffine," sera substitué "cires de tous genres."

Et Nous déclarons en outre que l'article suivant, à compter de la présente date, sera traité comme contrebande conditionnelle outre ceux indiqués dans Notre proclamation royale ci-dessus mentionnée :

Levain.

Donné à Notre Cour au Palais de Buckingham, ce TROISIÈME jour d'OCTOBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, et de Notre règne la septième.

DIEU SAUVE LE ROI. 16-3

[La proclamation suivante a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA daté *le 14 octobre 1916.*]

CANADA.

Par Son Excellence le Très Honorable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, C.P., G.C.M G., LLD., etc., etc., etc., Juge en chef du Canada et Administrateur du Gouvernement du Dominion du Canada.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU qu'il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi George Cinq par commission sous le seing royal, daté au Château de St. James, le sixième jour de mars 1911, et dans la première année de Son Règne, de nommer le Feld-Maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Duc de Connaught Gouverneur général et commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada ;

ET ATTENDU que par l'article VII des lettres patentes datées le quinzième jour de juin 1905, constituant la charge de Gouverneur général et commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada, il est statué qu'advenant l'absence du Dominion du Canada du Gouverneur général, tous les pouvoirs et autorités conférés au dit Gouverneur général par les dites lettres patentes seront donnés à telle personne qui sera nommée, sous les sceau et seing royaux, lieutenant-gouverneur du dit Dominion, durant le bon plaisir royal ; ou s'il n'y a pas de lieutenant-gouverneur dans le dit Dominion alors à telle personne ou personnes ainsi nommées sous les seing et sceau de Sa Majesté pour administrer le dit gouvernement, et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de telle personne ou personnes ainsi nommées dans le dit Dominion, alors au juge en chef alors en exercice de la cour Suprême du dit Dominion, ou dans le cas de mort, incapacité, déplacement ou absence du Canada du dit juge en chef alors en exercice, alors au juge le plus ancien en exercice de la dite cour Suprême résidant dans le dit Dominion, et ne souffrant pas d'incapacité ;

ET ATTENDU que, pour cause de l'absence du Canada du dit Feld-Maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Duc de Connaught, etc., etc., etc., et par et en vertu des lettres patentes susdites, tous les pouvoirs et autorités accordés au Gouverneur général par les dites lettres patentes, ne sont dévolus comme étant le juge en chef de la cour Suprême du dit Dominion du Canada, et après avoir dûment prêté le serment nécessaire tel que requis par les dites lettres patentes, j'ai jugé convenable d'émettre la présente proclamation pour ce faire connaître ; et par icelle ordonne et commande que tous, officiers et ministres de Sa Majesté, dans le dit Dominion du Canada, conti-

nuent à exercer les devoirs respectifs de leurs places et emplois, et que les féaux sujets de Sa Majesté et tous autres que les présentes pourront concerner, en prennent connaissance et se conduisent en conséquence.

Donné sous mon seing et le sceau de mes armes, en la cité d'OTTAWA, ce TREIZIÈME jour du mois d'OCTOBRE, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil neuf cent seize, et du règne de Sa Majesté la septième.

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrateur du gouvernement. 17-3

DÉPÊCHES, ETC.

(Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 25 août 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
26 août 1916.

MANDAT ROYAL INSTITUANT UNE AGRAFE POUR L'ORDRE DU SERVICE DISTINGUÉ.

ATTENDU que Nous désirons que soient reconnus les nouveaux services distingués dans le cas d'officiers qui ont déjà été décorés de l'Ordre du Service Distingué :—

C'est Notre désir et plaisir et Nous ordonnons par le présent que ceux qui, après avoir rendu des services pour lesquels l'Ordre du Service Distingué est décerné, accompliront de nouveau un acte de bravoure approuvé, qui, s'ils n'avaient pas déjà reçu l'Ordre, leur donnerait le droit de l'obtenir, recevront une agrafe qui sera attachée au ruban par lequel l'Ordre est suspendu et pour chaque tel acte additionnel, une agrafe additionnelle pourra être ajoutée.

Donné à Notre Cour à St. James, le 23e jour d'août 1916, dans la septième année de Notre règne.

Par ordre de Sa Majesté,

15-3 D. LLOYD GEGRGE.

(Extrait de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 8 septembre 1916.)*

A la cour au château de Windsor, le 7e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

Sa Très Excellente Majesté le ROI en Conseil.

ATTENDU que par l'arrêté dit "The Aliens Restriction (Consolidation) Order, 1916," (ci-après désigné l'arrêté principal), il a plu à Sa Majesté, dans l'exercice des pouvoirs qui lui sont conférés par la loi dite "The Aliens Restriction Act, 1914," d'imposer des restrictions relatives aux aubains, et de faire divers règlements et mettre ces restrictions en vigueur ;

Et attendu que l'arrêté principal a été étendu et modifié par des arrêtés en conseil subséquents, et qu'il est opportun de modifier les dispositions de l'arrêté principal de la manière ci-après énoncée,—

En conséquence, il plaît à Sa Majesté, par et avec l'avis de Son Conseil privé, d'ordonner et il est ordonné comme suit :

L'article suivant sera inséré après l'article 22*a* de l'arrêté principal :

22*b*. A compter du premier jour d'octobre 1916, nul ne prendra des mesures pour obtenir les services d'aubains ou de tout aubain qui n'est pas dans le Royaume-Uni, sauf pour travailler aux munitions dans le Royaume-Uni, à moins d'en avoir obtenu la permission écrite du Board of Trade, et subordonnément aux conditions spéciales ou générales que le Board of Trade pourra imposer.

15-3 ALMERIC FITZROY.

(Extrait du Troisième Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 19 septembre 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
21 septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le ROI de conférer la Médaille Militaire pour bravoure en campagne aux sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés :

CONTINGENT CANADIEN.

419043 soldat J. V. H. Bellers, inf.
8069 sergent R. N. Broad, inf.
71548 soldat H. C. Burrell, inf.
55407 soldat R. L. Dinsmore, inf.
8659 soldat S. Gracey, services de santé de l'armée can.
319 chauffeur W. Harper, génie canadien.
55766 sergent J. R. Holk, inf.
418997 soldat B. S Jackes, inf.
427024 soldat A. Maquard, inf.
71198 soldat G. S. Muir, inf.
8486 soldat R. A. Murphy, inf.
73308 soldat J. E. Price, inf.
432171 sergent L. E. Rawlinson, inf.
71836 soldat J. Rogers, inf.
447229 soldat S. Taylor, inf. 17-1

(Extrait du supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 8 septembre 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
9 septembre 1916.

Une agrafe à leur Croix Militaire a été décernée aux officiers ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes subséquents de bravoure évidente :—

Lt. (cap. supp.) Alfred Syer Trimmer, inf. can.

Pour son sang-froid, sa bravoure et son grand attachement à son devoir. Durant deux jours, sous un feu violent, avec l'aide de deux soldats de son peloton, il remplit les fonctions spéciales qui lui avaient été dévolues, de la manière la plus héroïque.

(La Croix Militaire fut décernée dans la *London Gazette* en date du 15 mars 1916 (*voir* la *Gazette du Canada* du 8 avril 1916.) 17-1

CANADA,
N° 1096.

DOWNING STREET,
27 septembre 1916.

MONSIEUR—Relativement à la dépêche n° 8 de mon prédécesseur, en date du 5 janvier 1915, j'ai l'honneur de prier Votre Altesse Royale d'informer Vos Ministres que le Gouvernement de Sa Majesté a décidé d'augmenter le taux exigé pour l'assurance contre les risques de guerre sur les coques, en vertu du système dit "Government War Risks Insurance Scheme," à £1 pour cent pour un voyage simple et £2 pour cent pour un voyage de retour ou pour une police à terme de 91 jours.

2. Les nouveaux taux sont entrés en vigueur le 20 septembre.

J'ai l'honneur d'être,
Monsieur,
de Votre Altesse Royale,
le très humble et très obéissant serviteur,

(Signé) A. BONAR LAW.

Au Gouverneur général
Son Altesse Royale
le Duc de Connaught et
de Strathern, C.J., C C.,
C.P., G.C.B., G.C. Etoile de l'I.,
G.C.M.G., G.C. Empire des
Indes, G. C. O. V.,
etc., etc., etc. 17-3

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[2284]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

ATTENDU que, au nom du bureau de direction pour le Manitoba et le Nord-Ouest du fonds de construction d'églises et presbytères de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada, demande a été faite d'une concession pour les fins d'une église d'un acre de terre situé dans le ¼ sud-ouest de la section 13, township 31, rang 22, à l'ouest du principal méridien;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que la dite demande soit accordée, et les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

En conséquence il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église un acre de terre situé dans le ¼ sud-ouest de la section 13, township 31, rang 22, à l'ouest du principal méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession au bureau de direction pour le Manitoba et le Nord-Ouest du fonds de construction d'églises et presbytères de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Greffier du Conseil prive.

[2511]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 13e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil de décréter par les présentes que Port-Maitland, dans la province d'Ontario, soit créé port auxiliaire de douane et port d'entrepôt sous le contrôle du port de Hamilton, Ontario, à partir du 16 octobre 1916.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2487]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 5 octobre 1916, représentant que, le 29 octobre 1910, M. Milton J. McCreary a obtenu l'inscription de préemption du quart nord-est de la section 13, township 10, rang 22, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Le Ministre fait observer que certaines preuves semblent établir que M. McCreary a accompli un terme de résidence et défoncé une étendue suffisante de terrain ;

Le Ministre soumet une copie du certificat médical du docteur W. B. Kendall, établissant que M. McCreary souffre de tuberculose pulmonaire,—

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande que sous l'empire du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la loi, M. McCreary soit relevé des obligations de résidence requises par la *Loi des terres fédérales*, et que patente gratuite du dit terrain lui soit délivrée sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2394]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU Comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 29 septembre 1916, représentant que messieurs Alexander Smith et William Henry Fares, de Winnipeg, dans la Province de Manitoba, ont demandé d'acheter les parties des terrains ci-dessous énumérés, autrefois submergés par les eaux du lac Rush et indiquées en rouge sur le tracé ci-annexé du towuship ;

Le Ministre ajoute que messieurs Smith et Fares ont fait déposer au Ministère de l'Intérieur la preuve démontrant qu'ils sont les propriétaires enregistrés des terrains contigus aux terrains demandés,—

Attendu que la pratique actuelle du Ministère est d'autoriser la vente de parties de quarts de section autrefois submergées aux propriétaires enregistrés de l'autre partie, le Ministre propose que, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 32 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, les terrains en question, comprenant une étendue totale de 851·5 acres, soient vendus à messieurs Smith et Fares aux prix auxquels ils ont été respectivement évalués par un inspecteur de homesteads et aux conditions ordinaires de paiement.

Les terrains en question et leurs valeurs respectives par acre sont comme suit :—

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 16, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du troisième méridien, comprenant 1·5 acres—$6 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ E. du ¼ S.-E. de la section 17, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 59·5 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 17, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 71·4 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 20, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 11·5 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 20, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 120·8 acres—$8 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 19, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 101·0 acres—$6 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 19, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 5·5 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ N. du ¼ N.-O. de la section 18, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 52·4 acres—$9 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 1, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 0·9 acre—$10 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ S. du ¼ S.-E. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 57·0 acres—$10 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 91·0 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-O. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 125·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 14, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 53·0 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ N. du ¼ S.-O. de la section 13, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 60·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 13, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 41·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[L'arrêté en conseil suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 10 octobre 1916.*]

[2363]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'il est représenté que certaines personnes cherchent à obtenir des commissions pour faire accorder des entreprises par la Commission impériale des munitions sous le prétexte que ces dites personnes ont auprès de la commission une influence qui leur permet de faire accorder ces entreprises ;

Et attendu que, pour les mêmes considérations qui ont conduit à la promulgation de l'article 158 du Code criminel, il est jugé nécessaire de prohiber la sollicitation ou l'acceptation de commissions ou de récompenses dans de telles circonstances, et d'imposer les mêmes peines,—

A ces causes, aux fins d'empêcher de telles pratiques, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil d'établir par les présentes le règlement suivant, savoir :—

RÈGLEMENT.

Est coupable d'un acte criminel et passible d'une amende d'au moins cent dollars et n'excédant pas mille dollars, et d'emprisonnement pour un terme n'excédant pas une année et d'au moins un mois, et, à défaut du paiement de l'amende, à l'emprisonnement pour un autre terme n'excédant pas six mois, quiconque possédant ou prétextant posséder de l'influence auprès du gouvernement, demande, exige, stipule, sollicite ou reçoit ou offre ou tente d'obtenir ou recevoir une compensation, une commission, un honoraire, ou une récompense quelconque pour faire accorder ou aider à obtenir, par lui-même ou par une autre personne, une entreprise, une commande ou un autre bénéfice du Gouvernement ; ou qui offre, promet ou paye dans de telles circonstances et pour les fins susmentionnées, ou pour aucune d'entre elles, une compensation, une commission, un honoraire ou une récompense comme susdit.

Le mot " Gouvernement," pour les fins du présent règlement, signifie et comprend le Gouvernement de Sa Majesté, soit pour le Royaume-Uni soit pour le Canada, et tout Ministre ou fonctionnaire qui en fait partie, ainsi que tout officier, tout bureau et toute commission nommés ou établis par Sa Majesté ou par un Ministre de la Couronne, ou par tout autre fonctionnaire ou toute autre autorité qui fait partie du Gouvernement de Sa Majesté, soit pour le Royaume-Uni soit pour le Canada.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16-2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2268]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 19 septembre 1916, représentant que M. Frank A. Collins, surintendant des terres des écoles à Winnipeg, a recommandé qu'il soit fait au cours du présent automne des ventes à l'enchère de terres des écoles dans les provinces de la Saskatchewan et de l'Alberta aux endroits suivants, savoir : Kamsack, Lac Blaine et Biggar, dans la province de la Saskatchewan, et à Provost, Sedgewick et Chinook, dans la province de l'Alberta ;

Que, avant de faire les arrangements pour ces ventes, les premiers ministres de la Saskatchewan et de l'Alberta ont été consultés quant à la sagesse de mettre à l'enchère des terres des écoles dans ces provinces au cours de cette année ;

Que, en réponse, une lettre du Trésorier provincial de la Saskatchewan déclarait que son ministère était d'avis que le présent automne était une époque convenable pour mettre à l'enchère les terres des écoles au Lac Blaine et à Biggar dans cette province ;

Que le premier ministre de l'Alberta a aussi signifié que son ministère approuvait les dites ventes dans la province de l'Alberta ;

Le Ministre, étant d'avis, d'après les représentations qui lui ont été faites qu'il serait dans l'intérêt du fonds des terres des écoles de mettre à l'enchère des terres des écoles aux endroits susmentionnés au cours du présent automne, recommande que le Conseil donne l'autorisation nécessaire à ces fins. Les terres en question seront inspectées avant que les ventes aient lieu et des mises à prix seront fixées suffisantes pour sauvegarder les intérêts du fonds des terres scolaires ;

Les ventes se feront aussi selon les conditions stipulées dans la *Loi des terres fédérales* en ce qui concerne la mise à l'enchère des terres des écoles ;

Un arrêté en conseil du 12 février 1916, autorisait la mise à l'enchère de terres des écoles dans la province du Manitoba, à Rossburn, Glenella et Dauphin, au cours des mois de juillet et juin derniers, alors qu'il a été fait aussi des ventes à l'enchère à plusieurs endroits dans les provinces de la Saskatchewan et de l'Alberta, mais comme l'inspection des terres qui devaient être mises à l'enchère au Manitoba a été beaucoup retardée à cause de la saison avancée, il a été impossible de mettre à l'enchère à cette époque les terres des écoles au Manitoba,—

En conséquence, le Ministre recommande que soit autorisée la vente des dites terres à Rossburn, Glenella et Dauphin au cours du présent automne.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2195]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 19e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe (*c*) de l'article 38 de la *Loi de l'immigration*, 9-10 Edouard VII, et, en vue de l'encombrement du marché de la main-d'œuvre, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, de décréter par ces présentes ce qui suit :

Est prohibé du 1er jour d'octobre 1916 jusqu'au 31e jour de mars 1917, le débarquement aux ports d'entrée de la Colombie-Britannique ci-dessous spécifiés des émigrants des catégories et métiers suivants :

Artisans ; journaliers, experts ou non.

Le présent arrêté en conseil s'applique aux ports d'entrée suivants de la Colombie-Britannique :

Vancouver,	Ganges Harbour,	Paterson,
Victoria,	Douglas,	Aldergrove,
New Westminster,	Gateway,	Rykerts,
Nanaïmo,	Grand Forks,	Rossland,
Prince Rupert,	Huntingdon,	Stewart,
Port Simpson,	Kamloops,	Union Bay,
Anyox,	Keremeos,	Upper Sumas,
Atlin,	Kingsgate,	Waneta,
Chilliwack,	Ladner,	Pacific Highway,
Bridesville,	Myncaster,	White Rock,
Chopaka,	Ladysmith,	Mission Junction,
Carson,	Midway,	Whales Island,
Cascade,	Steveston,	Newport,
Comox,	Chemainus,	Alberni.
Osoyoos,	Powell River.	White Pass.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2285]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 23e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que demande a été faite par les syndics de l'Eglise baptiste Good Hope de Keystone, dans la province de l'Alberta, de la concession pour les fins d'une église de 10 acres de terre situés à l'angle nord-est de la subdivision légale n° 8, de la section 15, township 48, rang 4, à l'ouest du 5e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que ladite demande soit accordée, et les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

En conséquence il plaît Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église 10 acres de terre situés à l'angle nord-est de la subdivision légale n° 8 de la section 15, township 48, rang 4, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession aux syndics de l'église Baptiste Good Hope de Keystone, dans la province de l'Alberta, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
14–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2429]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

CONSIDÉRANT qu'il serait utile, en exécution des pouvoirs conférés par l'article II de la *Loi du contrôle des semences*, d'établir des qualités spéciales de grain de semence, exclusivement pour servir de semence, sans affecter aucunement les qualités commerciales établies sous l'autorité de la *Loi des grains du Canada ;*

Considérant que le premier objet de l'établissement d'une qualité spéciale de grain de semence est de créer un bon approvisionnement de blés Red Fife et Marquis, d'avoine blanche et d'orge à six rangs, propres, de qualité supérieure, raisonnablement purs, en ce qui concerne la variété et le type, et d'offrir ces grains à un prix minimum à tous les cultivateurs, les marchands et les commerçants qui vendent des semences dans le but principal d'améliorer les récoltes, il plaît au Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 2 de la *Loi du contrôle des semences*, d'ordonner par ces présentes ce qui suit :—

La nomenclature des qualités de grain de semence sera la suivante, ces qualités ayant été revisées et approuvées par l'inspecteur en chef des grains et recommandées pour approbation par le Ministre de l'Agriculture, savoir :

L'avoine de semence de l'ouest du Canada No 1 sera composée d'avoine No 1 ou No 2 de l'Ouest (No 1 or No 2 Canada Western seed oats,) comprendra 95% d'avoine blanche, saine, propre, sans mélange d'autres grains et sans graines de mauvaises herbes dangereuses, dans la limite prescrite par la *Loi du contrôle des semences*, et ne pèsera pas moins de 34 livres au boisseau.

L'orge de semence de l'ouest du Canada n° 3 (No 3 Canada Western seed barley) sera composée de la variété à six rangs ; elle sera saine, bien nourrie, sans mélange d'autres grains, de bonne couleur, sans graines de mauvaises herbes dangereuses, dans la limite prescrite par la *Loi du contrôle des semences* et ne pèsera pas moins de 45 livres au boisseau.

Le blé de semence du nord du Manitoba n° 1, (No 1 Manitoba Northern seed wheat) sera composé de 85% de Red Fife ou de 85% de blé Marquis, sain, propre, sans mélange d'autres grains, sans graines de mauvaises herbes dangerenses, dans la limite prescrite par la *Loi du contrôle des semences*, et ne pèsera pas moins de 60 livres au boisseau.

Les blés de semence n° 1 Red Fife et Marquis seront tenus séparément.

Le blé de semence n° 2 sera composé des blés du nord des qualités n° 2 ou n° 3, ou des variétés Red Fife ou Marquis n° 4 légèrement endommagées par la gelée ; ce blé de semence, après avoir été nettoyé de nouveau, devra être pratiquement exempté de graines étrangères et de graines de mauvaises herbes et ne peser pas moins de 58 livres au boisseau.

Les blés de semence n° 2 Red Fife et Marquis seront tenus séparément.

On n'acceptera pas, comme semence, du grain qui ne pourrait être nettoyé sans une forte réduction de volume.

Les inspecteurs de semence se conformeront aux règlements qui précèdent pour le classement du grain de semence; mais, comme les opérations de ces inspecteurs dépendent des opérations des inspecteurs de grain et font suite à ces dernières, en ce qui concerne le grain qui doit être examiné au point de vue de son aptitude à servir comme semence, les inspecteurs de semence restent sujets à l'approbation de l'inspecteur en chef des grains ou de son député dans toutes les questions de méthodes et d'assiduité à remplir leurs fonctions ; quant à l'efficacité et à l'exactitude des travaux techniques, les inspecteurs de semence sont responsables au Ministre de l'Agriculture.

Ces inspecteurs de semence sont autorisés à certifier au sortir de l'élévateur, les grains classés pour la semence, suivant les règlements qui précèdent.

L'arrêté en conseil daté le 30 septembre 1915, établissant des qualités spéciales de grains de semence, est par ces présentes rescindé.

Le présent arrêté en conseil sera publié deux fois dans la *Gazette du Canada*.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[30/2323]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT:

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU Bureau du Trésor a été soumis un mémoire de l'honorable Ministre de l'Intérieur représentant que M. Harry Chawner Adams a obtenu, le 5 novembre 1912, par script des volontaires de la guerre Sud-Africaine, la concession de la moitié est de la section 6, township 40, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ; que d'après les renseignements reçus l'inscrit ne s'est acquitté d'aucune des obligations de résidence sur le terrain même, vu qu'il lui a été impossible d'y trouver de l'eau, mais qu'il a résidé sur le terrain qu'il avait acheté, soit le quart sud-est de la section 7, dans le même township et le même rang, du 1er mai 1912 au 15 septembre 1913, alors qu'il fut obligé de cesser d'y résider pour cause de maladie ; que les améliorations sur la concession ci-dessus mentionnée consistent en clôture pour 160 acres de terrain, et que l'inscrit était le propriétaire du bétail suivant : en 1912, 171 têtes de bétail ; en 1913, 391 têtes de bétail ; en 1914, 60 têtes de bétail.

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande que M. Adams soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence conformément aux dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20, chapitre 20, 7–8 Edouard VII, afin que la patente gratuite de son terrain puisse lui être accordée dès qu'il aura été prouvé de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le Bureau du Trésor agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2490]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 13e jour d'octobre 1916

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'en vertu d'une loi du parlement du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, intitulée "*Loi de 1915 concernant la restriction du transfert des navires britanniques.*" "The British Ships (Transfer Restriction) Act, 1915," le transfert de navires britanniques à des personnes inhabiles à posséder des navires britanniques est soumis à des restrictions et des règlements ; et

Attendu que, par des règlements établis par un arrêté du Gouverneur général en conseil, daté le 9e jour de mars 1915, des mesures semblables ont été décrétées sous le régime de la *Loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre ;* et

Attendu qu'en vertu d'une loi du dit parlement du Royaume-Uni intitulée *Loi pour modifier la loi de 1915 concernant la restriction du transfert des navires britannique et en étendre l'application* "An Act to amend and extend the British ships Transfer (Restriction) Act, 1915", les hypothèques et les transferts d'hypothèques de navires britanniques enregistrés ailleurs que dans l'Inde et dans les Dominions autonomes, à des étrangers ou à des compagnies sous direction étrangère, sont soumis à des restrictions et des règlements ; et

Attendu qu'il est jugé expédient que de semblables mesures soient décrétées pour le Canada,—

A ces fins, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de la *Loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre*, d'établir par les présentes les règlements suivants :

L'application des règlements établis par l'arrêté en conseil du 9 mars 1915 (C.P. 505) est par les présentes étendue, et les dits règlements s'appliquent aux hypothèques (y compris les transferts d'hypothèques) de navires, faits après le dixième jour d'août 1916 de la même manière qu'ils s'appliquent aux transferts de navires, et s'appliquent aux hypothèques (y compris les transferts d'hypothèques) et les transferts de navires à des compagnies sous direction étrangère, faits après le dixième jour d'août 1916 de la même manière qu'ils s'appliquent aux transferts de navires à des personnes qui sont inhabibles à posséder un navires britannique.

(2.) L'expression " Compagnie sous direction étrangère " signifie toute corporation :—

(*a*) Dont la majorité des directeurs, ou des personnes occupant la position de directeurs, quels que soient leurs désignations, ne sont pas sujets britanniques ; ou

(*b*) Dont la majorité des votes est entre les mains de personnes qui ne sont pas sujets britanniques, ou qui exerçent leur droit de vote directement ou indirectement au nom de personnes qui ne sont pas sujets britanniques ; ou

(*c*) Dont la prépondérance de la direction est, par tout autre moyen quelconque, entre les mains de personnes qui ne sont pas sujets britanniques ; ou

(*d*) Dont l'exécutif est une compagnie sous direction étrangère, ou dont la majorité de l'exécutif est nommée par une compagnie sous direction étrangère.

Une corporation ne sera pas censée être sujet britannique pour les fins du présent article à moins qu'elle ne soit établie dans quelque partie des Dominions de Sa Majesté ou de quelque protectorat britannique, et ne soit soumise aux lois d'icelle et n'ait son principal lieu d'affaire dans icelle.

(3.) Le Ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries peut exiger de toute personne qui n'est pas le propriétaire ou l'hypothécaire d'un navire britannique, ou qui demande d'être enregistré comme propriétaire ou hypothécaire d'un navire britannique de lui fournir tels renseignements qu'il lui semble nécessaires afin de s'assurer si la dite personne est ou n'est pas une compagnie sous direction étrangère ou un fiduciaire ou autre représentant d'icelle, et, dans le cas d'une corporation, peut aussi exiger du secrétaire ou de tout autre officier de la corporation qui remplit les devoirs de secrétaire de lui fournir ces renseignements.

Toute personne qui néglige de fournir tels renseignements qui sont en son pouvoir de fournir quand demande lui en est faite, ou qui fournit des renseignements qui sont faux dans un détail matériel quelconque, sera coupable d'un délit.

2. Après la promulgation des présents règlements, si une personne qui est propriétaire ou hypothécaire d'un navire britannique cesse d'être sujet britannique, ou devient une compagnie sous direction étrangère, le dit navire, ou, dans le cas de l'hypothécaire d'un navire, les droits du dit hypothécaire sont sujets à confiscation, et les dispositions de la partie I de la *Loi de 1894 de la marine marchande* concernant la confiscation de navires, s'y appliqueront.

3. (1) Dans les présents règlements, à moins que le contexte ne l'exige autrement, toute mention de navire comprendra la mention d'une part dans le dit navire.

(2) Les dits règlements établis le 9e jour de mars 1915, (C. P. 505) et les présents règlements resteront en vigueur pendant toute la durée de la présente guerre et une période subséquente de trois années, et l'application de l'article 3 des dits règlements établis le 9e jour de mars 1915 (C. P. 505), est en conséquence prolongée.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

17–2

[2361]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 27 septembre 1916, représentant que le 29 mai 1913, un Assyrien du nom de Sam Ollie a obtenu l'inscription de homestead du quart sud-ouest de la section 9, township 18, rang 13, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ; que, d'après la preuve soumise, l'inscrit y avait érigé une maison et fait dix acres de défoncement, alors qu'il fut atteint de la lèpre et interné au lazaret de Tracadie, Nouveau-Brunswick.

Vu que la maladie dont souffre M. Ollie est incurable, le Ministre recommande que cet inscrit soit exempté de toute autre obligation de résidence en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales, 1908*, et que le Département de l'Intérieur soit autorisé à émettre une patente gratuite.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil prive.

17–4

[2348]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les syndics de l'église dite " Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende " ont demandé la concession, pour les fins d'une église, de dix acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-est du quart nord-ouest de la section 23, township 14, rang 8, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église dix acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-est du quart nord-ouest de la section 23, township 14, rang 8, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession aux syndics de l'église dite " Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende " pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

17–4

[2324]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 48 de la *Loi de l'inspection du gaz,* chapitre 87 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, de décreter ce qui suit :—

L'arrêté en conseil daté le 26 juin 1915, fixant les honoraires pour la vérification des gazomètres ainsi que pour les épreuves calorifiques et les épreuves de pureté du gaz est par les présentes rescindé à dater du 1er novembre, 1916, et le tarif d'honoraires suivant, par ces présentes établi, y est substitué, ce tarif entrant en vigueur le 1er novembre 1916.

TARIF.

Honoraires pour la vérification des gazomètres en fer-blanc.

10 lumières et moins	$0 60
Excédant 10 et n'excédant pas 50	1 00
" 50 " 100	2 00
Pour chaque 20 lumières de plus ou fraction de 20 lumières	0 50

Honoraires pour la vérification des gazomètres en fer.

Gazomètre n° 1 en fer	$0 60
" n° 2 en fer	1 00
" n° 3 en fer	1 50
Pour chaque numéro additionnel	0 50
Honoraires pour l'épreuve de chaque compteur d'écoulement, le propriétaire devant payer, en plus, le fret de l'appareil et les frais de voyage de l'inspecteur, et faire les raccordements nécessaires	10 00

Honoraires pour analyse technique du gaz :—

Pour chaque analyse de gaz naturel	$10 00
" " fabriqué	5 00

Honoraires pour l'épreuve de la puissance calorifique :-

Pour chaque épreuve de la puissance calorifique, régulière ou spéciale	$2.50

Honoraires pour les épreuves de pureté :—

Pour chaque épreuve révélant la présence ou l'absence d'hydrogène sulfuré, si elle est faite en même temps que l'épreuve de capacité calorifique	0.25
Pour chaque épreuve révélant la présence ou l'absence d'hydrogène sulfuré	1.00

Classification des compagnies de gaz et fréquence des épreuves.

Les compagnies de gaz seront classifiées d'après leur nombre respectif de gazomètres en usage, et la fréquence des épreuves de pureté et de puissance calorifique sera basée sur cette classification, à telles époques qui sont indiquées dans le tableau suivant, savoir :—

Nombre de gazomètres en usage.	Classes des compagnies.	Quand se feront les épreuves.
Au delà de 10 000	1	Tous les jours, sauf les dimanches et congés.
5001 à 10 000	2	Douze fois par mois.
2001 à 5 000	3	Huit fois par mois.
1001 à 2 000	4	Quatre fois par mois.
1000 et moins	5	Deux fois par mois.

Emissions de certificats :—

Des certificats indiquant les résultats des épreuves de pureté et de puissance calorifique seront délivrés concurremment avec chaque épreuve lorsqu'il s'agira d'épreuves spéciales, et quatre fois par mois, à intervalles égaux, pour les épreuves régulières dans le cas des classes 1, 2, 3 et 4, et deux fois par mois dans le cas des compagnies de la classe 5.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2156]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 13e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 7 septembre 1916, représentant que M. Samuel Gill Warke, qui avait obtenu l'inscription de homested du quart sud-est de la section 31, township 19, rang 11, à l'ouest du méridien principal, est devenu aveugle ;

Le Ministre déclare que M. Warke, au coût de $400, a mis en état de culture 30 acres de son homestead, en a ensemencé une partie annuellement pendant quatre ans, l'ensemencement total des 30 acres ayant été effectué en l'année 1916. La maladie a empêché M. Warke de résider sur son homestead, mais il demeura avec son oncle sur le quart de section y attenant. Après enquête, un inspecteur de homestead a produit la preuve que les améliorations susmentionnées ont été faites,—

Vu les circonstances, le Ministre recommande que sous l'empire du paragraphe 2, de l'article 20 de la loi, M. Warke soit relevé des obligations de résidence exigées par la *Loi des terres fédérales* en rapport avec son homestead, soit le quart sud-est de la section 31, township 19, rang 11, à l'ouest du méridien principal, et que patente gratuite lui en soit délivrée sur preuve établie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2424]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil daté le 21 juillet 1910, le Ministre de l'Intérieur a été autorisé à mettre en réserve, à titre de terres des écoles, la section 17, township 9, rang 17, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, pour remplacer une partie de la section 11, township 9, rang 26, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, dont la concession à la ville de McLeod était projetée ;

Et attendu qu'il a été subséquemment décidé de ne pas donner suite à ce projet, mais de mettre à l'enchère publique les parties non concédées de la section 11 en question, ce qui a été fait en conséquence ;

Et attendu que la section 17 en question n'est plus requise, par conséquent, pour le fonds des terres des écoles ;

Et attendu que la section 17 en question n'a jamais été mentionnée dans la *Gazette du Canada* comme faisant partie des terres des écoles ;

Et attendu que le dit arrêté en conseil du 21 juillet 1910 semblerait avoir pour effet de réserver la section 17 pour les fins du fonds des terres des écoles,—

Par conséquent, et en vertu du fait que la section 17 n'est plus requise pour le fonds des terres des écoles, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que le dit arrêté en conseil du 21 juillet 1910 soit par ces présentes rescindé.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2312]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 28e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la municipalité rurale de Rosemount, n° 378, de la province de Saskatchewan, a demandé la concession pour les fins d'un cimetière de trois acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-ouest du quart de section sud-ouest de la section 34, township 37, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le ministère de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur ;

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'un cimetière trois acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-ouest du quart sud-ouest de la section 34, township 37, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession à la municipalité rurale de Rosemount, n° 378, de la province de Saskatchewan, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2362]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNERAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'il s'est présenté des cas dans des ports des possessions britanniques d'outre-mer où il aurait été à l'avantage des capitaines des transports de l'amirauté de pouvoir invoquer, pour le maintien de la discipline à bord de leurs navires, un règlement semblable à l'article 39a des règlements impériaux pour la défense du Royaume, qui traite des cas d'indiscipline à bord des transports de l'amirauté dans des ports du Royaume-Uni et qui, représente-t-on, a été efficace dans le Royaume-Uni pour réprimer les délits d'ivrognerie et d'absence du bord de la part des marins de la marine marchande engagée sur des navires réquisitionnés ou affrétés par l'amirauté, ainsi que pour permettre à ces navires d'éviter les délais dans leur départ de divers ports du Royaume-Uni,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, dans le même but, et en vertu des pouvoirs à cet effet qui lui sont conférés par l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, ou dont le Gouverneur général en conseil est autrement investi, d'établir les ordres et règlements suivants, et ces ordres et règlements sont par ces présentes établis en conséquence.

1. Si, lorsqu'il est dans les limites de la juridiction, un marin légalement engagé conformément aux dispositions des *Lois de la marine marchande, 1894 à 1914*, pour servir à bord d'un navire appartenant à l'Amirauté, ou affrété ou réquisionné par l'Amirauté :

(*a*) Néglige ou refuse, sans cause raisonnable, de se rendre ou de partir sur son navire ou qui sans permission, s'absente en quelque temps que ce soit de son navire ou de son service, ou

(*b*) Rejoint son navire ou se trouve à bord dans un tel état d'ivresse que son service ou la navigation du navire en souffre, est coupable de délit et passible, sur conviction sommaire, sous l'empire de la partie XV de la *Loi criminelle ;* et le capitaine, second ou propriétaire du navire, ou son agent, ou tout officier breveté de la marine peut, avec ou sans l'aide des agents de police ou constables locaux, conduire à bord de son navire tout marin qu'il a raison de croire coupable de contravention au présent article ; et il peut aussi l'appréhender au corps sans se pourvoir au préalable d'un mandat d'arrestation, et il est par ces présentes ordonné aux agents de police ou constables de prêter main-forte lorsqu'ils en sont requis. Toutefois, nul officier breveté de la marine qui agit en exécution des pouvoirs susdits ne sera passible de peine quelconque ou d'action pour emprisonnement illégal.

2. Tel marin accusé d'infraction de l'article précédent, si l'infraction tombe sous les dispositions du paragraphe (*a*), est passible des peines prescrites pour telles infractions par l'article 221 de la *Loi de la marine marchande, 1894*, et si l'infraction tombe sous les dispositions du paragraphe (*b*), est passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $25.00.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,
OTTAWA, 14 septembre 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O. G. 87.

TROUPES PERMANENTES.

INTENDANCE MILITAIRE CANADIENNE PERMANENTE.—Est nommé quartier-maître (surnuméraire) avec le grade honorifiue de lieutenant : le sergent-major d'état-major de 1ère classe * Albert Thomas Hughes. 7 septembre 1916.

SERVICES DE L'ARTILLERIE CANADIENNE.—Sont nommés inspecteur des machineries de l'artillerie, (pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis), avec le grade honorifique de lieutenant : les maréchaux des logis chefs * Norman Thomas Morton et * George Elbourne Joseph Ball. 8 septembre 1916.

* Nominations temporaires.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

14E HUSSARDS CANADIENS DE KINGS. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): William Mayne Bligh, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.

19E DRAGONS D'ALBERTA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Alphonse Lachance, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

28E DRAGONS DU NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) K. A. Brown est transféré au 3e régiment du (Nouveau-Brunswick), artillerie de place canadienne. 28 août 1916.

29E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Arthur Girling Holmes Mast, gentilhomme. 31 août 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

3E BRIGADE.—18E BATTERIE.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. E. Horne est transféré au 1er régiment d'Halifax, artillerie de place canadienne. 22 août 1916.

7E BRIGADE.—22E BATTERIE.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Angus White Hodgson, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.
Howard Knight Stovens, gentilhomme. 31 août 1916.

8E BRIGADE.—2E BATTERIE (OTTAWA).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) le lieutenant W. H. Falkner, du 96e régiment du Lac Supérieur. 10 avril 1916.

SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) O. B. Haycock est hors cadre. 9 mars 1916.

13E BRIGADE.—33E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Sydney Thomas Tribute, gentilhomme. 31 août 1916.

Artillerie de place canadienne.

1ER RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Osborne Randolph Crowell, gentilhomme. 19 août 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. E. Horne, de la 18e batterie, 3e brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 22 août 1916.

Ronald Manning Fielding, gentilhomme. 23 août 1916.

Frank Andrew Grant, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

3E RÉGIMENT (NEW BRUNSWICK).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) K. A. Brown, du 28e dragons du Nouveau-Brunswick. 28 août 1916.

GENIE CANADIEN

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. S. Mitchell, du 12e régiment (York Rangers). 16 août 1916.

Le lieutenant F. C. Raymond, du 7e régiment (Fusiliers) 10 août 1916.

7E COMPAGNIE DE CAMPAGNE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : George Cameron Graham, gentilhomme. 23 août 1916.

INFANTERIE.

2E RÉGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA.)—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) H. B. Duncan-Clark a la permission de se retirer. 25 août 1916.

3E RÉGIMENT (VICTORIA RIFLES OF CANADA). — Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) K. B. Johnston est hors cadre. 25 août 1916.

6E RÉGIMENT (THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S OWN RIFLES).—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. W. Prenter est hors cadre. 21 août 1916.

7E RÉGIMENT (FUSILIERS).— Le lieutenant F. C. Raymond est transféré au génie canadien. 18 août 1916.

8E RÉGIMENT (ROYAL RIFLES.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Harold Anderson Scott and Alfred Maurice Blanchet, gentilshommes. 6 septembre 1916.

10E RÉGIMENT (ROYAL GRENADIERS).—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) B. B. Hayes est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans la réserve navale royale volontaire. 14 septembre 1916.

12E RÉGIMENT (YORK RANGERS).—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. S. Mitchell est transféré au génie canadien. 16 août 1916.

23E REGIMENT (THE NORTHERN PIONEERS). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Leonard Edgar Gowing, gentilhomme. 1er juin 1916.

37E RÉGIMENT (HALDIMAND RIFLES.) — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Douglas Hopburn Burns, gentilhomme. 3 août 1916.

42E RÉGIMENT DE LANARK ET RENFREW.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Jack Allan, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

49E RÉGIMENT (HASTINGS RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Kenneth Joseph Robert Cumming, gentilhomme. 25 août 1916.

50E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Walter Fletcher Loveland, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

52E RÉGIMENT (PRINCE ALBERT VOLUNTEERS.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : George Henry Chapman, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.

John Joseph Mountford, gentilhomme. 25 août 1916.

George Moorhouse, gentilhomme. 29 août 1916.

54E RÉGIMENT (CARABINIERS DE SHERBROOKE).—Le nom du lieutenant C. M. McKenzie est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 11 septembre 1916.

62E RÉGIMENT (ST. JOHN FUSILIERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William James Brown, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

63E RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES).— Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William LeRoy Coleman, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

68E RÉGIMENT (EARL GREY'S OWN RIFLES). — Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) B. C. Affleck est hors cadre. 21 juillet 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA). Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Leslie Hay Kennedy, gentilhomme. 30 août 1916.

73E RÉGIMENT DE NORTHUMBERLAND.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Henry Rusk Woods, gentilhomme. 25 août 1916.

88TH RÉGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Aubone Boothroyd Hoyle, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

91E RÉGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Hugh Murray, gentilhomme. 7 février 1916.

94E RÉGIMENT DE VICTORIA (ARGYLL HIGHLANDERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Théodore Chisholm, gentilhomme. 29 août 1916.

95E CARABINIERS DE LA SASKATCHEWAN.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Gordon Walker, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

96E RÉGIMENT DU LAC SUPÉRIEUR.—Le lieutenant W. H. Falkner est transféré à la 2e batterie d'Ottawa, 8e brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 10 avril 1916.

97E RÉGIMENT (ALGONQUIN RIFLES.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Benjamin Wallace Hughes, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

Frederic William Rous, gentilhomme. 7 août 1916.

Alexander Gordon Kirk, gentilhomme. 15 août

William Alfred Millen, gentilhomme. 31 août 1916.

103E RÉGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Henry Clement King, gentilhomme. 27 juillet 1916.

Robert Hurst Carter, gentilhomme. 16 août 1916.

John Norris Eaton,

Stanley Donald Skene, gentilshommes. 24 août 1916.

107E RÉGIMENT (EAST KOOTENAY). — Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) G. B. Thomson a la permmission de démissionner. 30 août 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Bishop Arlington Wilson, gentilhomme. 1er juin 1916.

109E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : James Patrick Donovan, gentilhomme. 27 août 1916.

INTENDANCE MILITAIRE CANADIENNE.

COMPAGNIE N° 16.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Edwin Carruthers, gentilhomme. 26 novembre 1915.

SERVICE DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE.

Personnel du service de santé militaire.

Le capitaine C. U. Holmes est hors cadre pour prendre du service sous l'autorité de la commission des hôpitaux militaires. 25 août 1916.

Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. A. M. Campbell. 26 janvier 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

John Roy McRae, gentilhomme. 1er avril 1916.

Edwin Campbell McArthur, gentilhomme. 8 avril 1916.
Albert Washington Stinson, gentilhomme. 5 juin 1916.
George Everett Learmonth, gentilhomme. 28 juillet 1916.
George Wilbur Staples, gentilhomme. 29 juillet 1916.
Hugh William Schwartz, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.
John Gordon Wilson, gentilhomme. 9 août 1916.
*Allan Young McNair, gentilhomme. 10 août 1916.
Joseph Phœnix Decosse, gentilhomme. 21 août 1916.
Richard McAllister, gentilhomme. 22 août 1916.
George Robert Sutherland, gentilhomme. 25 août 1916.

* Pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis en vertu de l'Ordre de la milice 65, 1913.

Est nommé quartier-maître (surnuméraire) avec le grade honorifique de lieutenant: Frank Henry Elliott, gentilhomme. 5 juillet 1916.

Sont nommées sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) :
Grace Alison Elder. 7 janvier 1916.
Ruth Magness. 24 février 1916.
Georgie Etta McKenzie,
Mary Louise Danby Smith. 8 mars 1916.
Dorothy Isabelle Lane. 5 avril 1916.
Pearl Allison Everett,
Jewel Gladys Hudson. 7 avril 1916.
Flora Letitia Pyke. 24 mai 1916.
Eleanor Gardiner Upper. 27 mai 1916,
Eleanora Holwell Kirkby,
Ellen Sagar. 26 juin 1916.
Charlotte Rachel Tanner,
Marie Louise Thompson. 17 juillet 1916.
Mary Elizabeth Barnhill. 19 juillet 1916.
Grace Stagg Kenney. 28 août 1916.

VÉTÉRINAIRES MILITAIRES CANADIENS.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires):
Hedley Perin Welbanks, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.
Nathaniel McCarthy, gentilhomme. 7 août 1916.
Samuel Alexander Hill, gentilhomme. 22 août 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel est conféré au lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) C. B. Keenleyside, 95e carabiniers de la Saskatchewan, tant qu'il commandera le 249e bataillon d'outre-mer, T.E.C. 6 septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel est conféré au lieutenant (capitaine temporaire) W. O. Morris, 9e cavalerie de Mississauga, tant qu'il commandera le 215e bataillon d'outre-mer, T.E.C. 9 septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major conféré au capitaine F. J. Munn, services de santé de l'armée, par l'ordre général 62, 1916, sera en vigueur et comportera la solde et les allocations de ce grade à compter du 21 février 1916.

Sont nommés majors à brevet :—
Le capitaine W. R. Kingsford, dragons royaux canadiens.
Le capitaine F. B. Eaton, intentendance militaire canadienne permanente.
Le capitaine J. L. Regan, solde des corps dans l'armée canadienne.
Le capitaine (major temporaire) W. T. Lawless, état-major permanent.
Le capitaine W. G. Hagarty, artillerie royale canadienne.
Le lieutenant et capitaine à brevet F. Gilman, dragons royaux canadiens.
Le lieutenant et capitaine à brevet W. H. Bell, dragons royaux canadieus
Le capitaine C. R. Grant, artillerie royale canadienne.
Le capitaine (major temporaire) F. W. L. Moore, état-major permanent.
Le lieutenant et capitaine à brevet J. H. MacBrien, O.S.D., dragons royaux canadiens.
Le capitaine G. C. Lawson, services de santé de l'armée permanente.

Le capitaine A. E. Snell, services de santé de l'armée permanente. 11 septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré aux officiers ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils seront employés en qualité d'instructeurs à l'école d'infanterie, district militaire n° 2.

Au capitaine C. R. Young, corps de dressage des officiens, (contingent de l'université de Toronto).

Au capitaine H. H. Madill, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, (contingent de l'université de Toronto)

Au capitaine W. F. Kirk, corps des instructeurs des cadets d'écoles. 6 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés aumôniers avec le grade honorifique de capitaine :
Le révérend James Burnside Paulin. 1er mars 1916.
Le révérend Charles Howard Boulden. 8 juin 1916.
Le révérend John Albert Harold McLean. 27 juillet 1916.
Le révérend Joseph Thackeray. 7 septembre 1916.

Relativement à l'ordre général 118, 1915, le grade temporaire de capitaine conféré au lieutenant W. Turnbull, 50e régiment, comportera la solde et les allocations de ce grade, à compter du 1er juin 1916.

Le grade temporaire de capitaine est conféré au lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. J. Sinclair, 48e régiment Highlanders, et il comportera la solde, et les allocations de ce grade tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de grand prévôt, Toronto. 1er septembre 1916.

L'Ordre général 134, 1915, en tant qu'il s'agit de la nomination du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) B. R. Macdougall, 97e régiment (Algonquin Rifles) est cancellé par le présent.

L'Ordre général 15, 1916, en tant qu'il s'agit de la nomination de la sœur hospitalière Margaret Kennedy, services de santé de l'armée, est cancellé par le présent.

L'Ordre général 60, 1916, en tant qu'il s'agit de la nomination du lieutenant J. Johnston, services de santé de l'armée est cancellé par le présent.

Des commissions temporaires comme ci-après sont accordées aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :—

Sont nommés lieutenants honoraires :—
Shirley Greenshields Dixon, gentilhomme. 1er juin 1915.
Andrew Gordon Rainnie, gentilhomme. 15 décembre 1915.
E. W. Hume Blake, gentilhomme. 21 décembre 1915.
William Edward Bradden Holt-White, gentilhomme. 18 janvier 1916.
Alan MacLachlan,
William Marsh,
Alfred Reginald McMullen, gentilshommes. 13 mars 1916.
Frank Reginald Sawdon, gentilhomme. 27 mars 1916.
Clifford Edward Field, gentilhomme. 11 avril 1916.
Frederick Bert MacMahon,
William Henry Barnes, gentilshommes. 29 avril 1916.
Thomas Twist, gentilhomme. 16 mai 1916.
Oram Wilmot Plante, gentilhomme. 6 juin 1916.
Harry Dickson,
Gordon Richard Virgo, gentilshommes. 28 juillet 1916.
John William Smith, gentilhomme. 4 août 1916.
Thomas Dorrington Patterson, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—
Le major W. M. O. Lochead, 108e régiment, 18 août 1916.

Le capitaine J. C, F. Hyndman, 21e compagnie, intendance militaire canadienne, 4 mai 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. H. Booth, 8e brigade section de munitions, 18 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. P. Mulock, 9e batterie,artillerie de campagne canadienne, 30 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. W. Larkin, 9e batterie, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 4 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. L. B. Hamlin, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (McGill), 28 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. H. Parsons, 58e régiment, 3 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. Julier, 68e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnumeraire W. J. Wright, 69e régiment, 26 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméaire F. J. U. Fane, 101e régiment, 27 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. Farron, 103e régiment, 10 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. A. Stewart, 103e régiment, 26 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. T. Cooper, 109e régiment, 30 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire I. B. Cassidy, intendance militaire canadienne (liste régim.), 19 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. S. Day, 21e compagnie, intendance militaire canadienne, 1er décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. N. Wemyss, 21e compagnie, intendance militaire canadienne, 1er décembre 1916.

Par ordre,

Westmagins.

Major général,
Adjudant-général suppléant.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

M. Schachter & Sons, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 2e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Samuel Gerald Tritt and Saul Tritt, avocats, Max Herman, gérant, Nicholas Swan, comptable, et Alexander Seay, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir comme une industrie active, l'industrie de boulangerie actuellement exercée par M. Schachter & Sons, dans la cité et le district de Montréal, avec tous ou aucun des droits et propriétés s'y rapportant, assumer tous ou aucun de ses engagements, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions libérées ou autrement ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants de biscuits, de boulangers et d'agents généraux et de fabricants de toutes commodités dont trafiquent les fabricants de biscuits et les boulangers ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, trafiquer, réparer, convertir, modifier, louer des outillages, machines, machineries, outils, instruments, métaux, chaudières, matériel roulant et quincaillerie pour les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises, acquérir par achat ou autrement, bâtir, disposer de fermes et autres propriétés, moulins à farine, usines à papier et propriétés de tous genres dans lesquelles la pulpe, les grains et autres produits sont manutentionnés, manufacturés ou utilisés, acheter et vendre en gros et en détail du bois, de la pulpe, des grains et des produits de tous genres ;

(*e*) Acheter, acquérir toute industrie d'une nature similaire ; acheter, acquérir tout intérêt au contrôle dans aucune industrie d'une nature similaire, les payer en espèces, obligations ou actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir l'achalandage, droits, propriété et biens de toute nature, assumer tout ou partie des engagements d'aucun individu, maison ou association exerçant une industrie semblable, les payer en espèces, stock, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*g*) Demander, obtenir, acheter ou autrement acquérir et disposer de brevets d'invention, marques de fabrique, marques de commerce ou procédés secrets de tous genres, les employer, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences et autrement les faire valoir ;

(*h*) Manufacturer, produire de la vapeur, du gaz et de l'électricité pour le chauffage, la lumière et la force motrice pour les fins de la compagnie, en vendre le surplus, sujet à tous les règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*i*) Avancer des fonds, garantir les contrats ou les engagements, se porter garants ou autrement aider toute maison ou association dans les affaires desquelles la compagnie peut-être intéressée ;

(*j*) Acheter, détenir, disposer d'obligations et valeurs d'aucune compagnie exerçant une industrie similaire ;

(*k*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) Payer pour toute propriété, droits ou choses acquis pour l'usage ou le bénéfice de cette compagnie en actions libérées du capital-stock de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*m*) Vendre ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie des affaires ou de l'entreprise de la compagnie, et recevoir en paiement des espèces, stocks, obligations ou autres valeurs ;

(*n*) Acquérir par achat, location, gérer, trafiquer, échanger ou autrement disposer de terres, édifices et héritages de toute tenure ou description, d'aucune propriété ou intérêts dans iceux et de tous droits sur ou se rapportant aux terres dans ces conditions, les faire valoir comme il en sera jugé opportun et particulièrement en préparant des lots à bâtir et en construisant, reconstruisant, modifiant, améliorant, décorant, meublant et entretenant des bureaux, appartements, maisons, fabriques, entrepôts, magasins, quais, édifices, travaux et commodités de tout genre et en consolidant, reliant ou subdivisant des propriétés, les louant et en disposant ;

(*o*) Acquérir et assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant aucune industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en stock de la compagnie, libéré et non sujet à appel de fonds ;

(*p*) Avancer, prêter des fonds aux constructeurs, locataires et autres étant consentant de bâtir et d'améliorer toute terre ou édifices dans lesquels la compagnie est intéressée, à des termes qui seront convenus ;

(*q*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions de toute autre compagnie, ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaire à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant toute industrie pouvant être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement ;

(*r*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change et autres instruments négociables et transférables ;

(*s*) Exercer en tout ou en partie l'industrie ci-dessus mentionnée comme principaux ou agents ou par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires ou autrement.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "M. Schachter & Sons, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Graphite Products, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 28e jour de septembre 1916, constituant en corporation Louis Athanase David, Segfried Hinson Bush et Joseph Sinai Lamarre, avocats, et Edward Charles Baker et Sara Farmer Innes, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, acquérir des intérêts, détenir, utiliser, occuper des mines de graphite et autres, des minéraux, droits miniers, servitudes, privilèges, terres à bois et autres, et des permis de coupe, miner ; extraire, exploiter, broyer, préparer pour la vente, transporter, vendre et trafiquer de graphite, fer, pierre, amiante, phosphates, mica et autres minéraux et métaux, argiles et substances minérales ; exercer l'industrie de propriétaires de mines et de graphite, de fondeurs de métaux, carriers, négociants en minerais et métaux ; produire, manufactuer, affiner, vendre du graphite et autres minéraux et leurs produits ;

(*b*) Bâtir, acquérir, posséder, affréter, louer, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Bâtir, construire, maintenir des quais, magasins, jetées, bassins, élévateurs, routes, travaux publics et privés nécessaires de toute description, réservoirs, barrages, pouvoirs hydrauliques et autres travaux nécessaires pour les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir, développer, utiliser des pouvoirs hydrauliques dans le but de produire de l'air comprimé, de l'électricité pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et la force motrice en rapport avec les bâtiments et autres édifices de la compagnie, vendre ou autrement disposer de tout surplus d'électricité ou de pouvoir produits dans les usines de la compagnie, construire et exploiter des lignes pour la vente et la transmission de l'excédent de pouvoir, toujours sujet aux lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*e*) Avoir, tenir des magasins d'approvisionnements, vendre et trafiquer de produits alimentaires, provisions, marchandises en général ;

(*f*) Affermer toute terre détenue par la compagnie et dans ce but acheter, vendre et trafiquer d'animaux pour la ferme et de produits ;

(*g*) Acquérir ou assumer, tout ou partie des affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention ou marques de fabriques et de commerce qui paraîtront capable d'être utilisés pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profit, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*j*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*k*) Emettre ou garantir l'émission ou le paiement des intérêts sur les actions, débentures, débentures stocks, obligations ou autres valeurs ou engagements d'aucune compagnie ou société avec laquelle la compagnie peut avoir des relations pour les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux, payer ou pourvoir au courtage, commission, garanties se rapportant à aucune telle émission ;

(*l*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou de toute partie d'icelle, pour toute compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des espèces ou pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou partie en espèces et partie en telles actions, débentures ou valeurs ;

(*m*) Distribuer parmi ses membres, en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra en être résolu, les biens de la compagnie et en particulier aucunes actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie formée pour prendre tout ou partie des biens ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres comme facteurs ou agents ou pour aucunes autres compagnies ou personnes, ou par l'entremise d'aucuns facteurs, fidéicommissaires ou agents.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout la Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de "Graphite Products, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinq cent mille dollars, divisé en 5,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 2e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

16–2

John MacGregor, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 3e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie d'une compagnie de construction en générale et d'ingénieurs et entrepreneurs-généraux, construire, exécuter, conduire, équiper, améliorer, travailler, développer, administrer, gérer ou contrôler des travaux publics et privés, commodités et entreprises de toutes espèces y compris des chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe et téléphone, comprenant leur construction et équipement, bassins, ports, jetées, quais, canaux, réservoirs, digues, travaux d'irrigation, assèchement, améliorations, égouttage, drainage, travaux sanitaires, eau, gaz, usines pour le service de la lumière électrique et la force motrice, hôtels, entrepôts, marchés, édifices publics ou privés et tous autres travaux et commodités d'utilité publique ou privée ;

(*b*) Acquérir, prendre part à et prendre des contrats de toute description ; transférer, céder, sous-louer ou autrement disposer de tout contrat ou entreprise de la compagnie, en tout ou en partie ; prendre part, exécuter, conduire, sous-louer des contrats pour faire des travaux et fournir des matériaux en rapport avec aucune des opérations de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir, construire, manufacturer, bâtir, entretenir, exploiter tout fonds de commerce, outillage, machinerie, équipement et appareils nécessaires ou convenables à l'exercice normal d'aucune de ses entreprises ; et dans ce but acquérir aussi des droits de brevet, brevets d'invention, licences, procédés secrets et autres droits et privilèges, les utiliser, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement les faire valoir ;

(*d*) Miner, fondre, laminer, tréfiler et autrement travailler le cuivre, l'étain, le zinc et autres métaux et alliages ; manufacturer et trafiquer de métaux, alliages et leurs produits en général y compris la fabrication des obus, bombes, cartouches, douilles pour cartouches, fusées, étoupilles douilles taraudées, balles, capsules et projectiles de toute espèce, et les munitions et explosifs employés avec iceux ; fabriquer et trafiquer de fusils, mortiers, obusiers, canons de tous calibres, affûts, tourelles, avant-trains et affûts de toutes descriptions, wagons de munitions, wagons blindés et antres véhicules et matériel d'artillerie en général, torpilles, sous-marins, bâtiments aériens, leurs parties et accessoires ;

(*e*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'ffets, meubles, marchandises, produits alimentaires, fournitures étant requis ou pouvant être avantageusement disposés par la compagnie en rapport avec ses opérations ;

(*f*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, posséder, vendre ou disposer de terres, bâtiments et autres propriétés mobilière ou immobilière ou d'aucun intérêt dans icelles et généralement disposer et trafiquer de telle propriété et de toute manière que ce soit ;

(*g*) Développer, améliorer, exploiter et disposer d'aucune telle propriété en rues, squares, ruelles, subdivisions en lots ou autrement, ériger des maisons, bâtiments et autres constructions sur les dites propriétés acquises par la compagnie ou sur aucune partie d'icelles, généralement développer et faire valoir toutes terres et autres propriétés acquises par la compagnie ou dans lesquelles elle est intéressée ;

(*h*) Avancer des fonds au moyen de prêt ou prêts aux acheteur ou acheteurs ou locataires d'aucune partie de la propriété de la compagnie pour des fins de construction ou autres améliorations d'icelle ; aider par des avances de fonds la construction et l'entretien des chemins, rues, ruelles, aqueducs, drains, égouts et autres travaux de nature à donner un meilleur accès à la propriété de la compagnie ou à en augmenter la valeur ;

(*i*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement ou assumer tout ou partie des biens, affaires, propriétés ou engagements d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Payer pour les biens, affaires, propriétés ou droits acquis par la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou à rendre à la compagnie, en espèces ou en actions libérées ou en aucunes valeurs que la compagnie à le pouvoir d'émettre, ou partie d'une manière et partie d'une autre ou d'autres, et généralement à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie pourra déterminer ;

(*l*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucun gouvernement, autorité municipale ou locale ou avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou entreprendre une industrie ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie ; et garantir les contrats avec ou sans cautionnement, ou prêter des fonds ou aider autrement toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie ou toute personne, maison ou compagnie entreprenant de construire ou d'améliorer toute propriété dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*n*) Distribuer en espèces parmi les actionnaires, par voie de dividendes, boni ou d'aucune manière jugée avisable, toute propriété de la compagnie ou tout produit de la vente ou de la disposition d'aucune propriété de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Exercer, faire aucune des affaires, actes et choses, ci-dessus mentionnés comme principaux, agents ou par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec un autre ou d'autres ;

(*p*) Faire tout ce qui sera nécessaire, convenable ou à propos pour l'accomplissement de l'une ou plusieurs des fins ou permettant d'atteindre un ou plusieurs des objets ci-dessus énumérés ;

(*q*) L'intention est que les objets spécifiés dans les clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*). (*f*), (*g*), (*h*) et (*i*) des présentes soient des objets indépendants, et ne soient aucunement limités ou restreints par déduction ou induction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ou du nom de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "John MacGregor, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

Victor Box Toe & Counter, Limited.

AVIS est donne au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 5e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Antonio Vigneault, clerc ; Joseph Armand Hamelin, notaire, Gustave Dutaud, avocat, Emile Delorme, bourgeois, et Joseph Bruneau Trudeau, huissier, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes ;

(*a*) Faire, manufacturer, vendre, acheter, commercer et transiger, et autrement faire le commerce de chaussures, souliers, et de tous autres objets se rapportant à l'industrie et à la vente de la chaussure ; manufacturer, tanner, acheter et vendre et faire le commerce de cuir sous toutes ses formes ; faire, manufacturer, vendre, exporter, importer des formes, des contre-forts, " shoe counters " des bouts, " Box toe," des boucles, des lacets, des crochets, des boutons, des semelles, des demi-semelles, des semelles doubles, des talons, des œillets, des trépointes, et tous autres accessoires pouvant entrer dans le commerce et dans la confection de la chaussure ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, et louer toutes sortes de machines requises, soit directement ou indirectement pour les fins de l'exploitation, de l'industrie et du commerce de la présente compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter, recevoir, détenir, vendre, disposer, les actions soit communes, soit privilégiées, les débentures, et autres obligations de toute compagnie ayant une exploitation semblable et dont les affaires pourraient bénéficier, directement ou indirectement, à la présente compagnie ;

(*d*) Vendre, importer et disposer, en tout ou en partie, des affaires de la compagnie, ou de toute autre compagnie, société ou personne et accepter en retour une considération ;

(*e*) Faire toutes choses nécessaires pour l'accomplissement de l'objet que la présente compagnie a en vue.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Victor Box Toe & Counter, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Ocean Steamship Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 10e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Clive Pringle et Norman Gregor Guthrie, avocats, Ruby Ann Blake et William Edward Stitt, commis, et Edward Blake Johnson, secrétaire, tous de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Bâtir, acheter, vendre, équiper, exploiter, posséder des bateaux à vapeur, voiliers, bateaux et autres propriétés employées dans l'industrie, le négoce, le commerce et la navigation ; acheter, vendre, posséder, détenir, louer toutes espèces d'appareils pour vaisseaux et bateaux, palans et accessoires, quais, jetées et entrepôts ; exercer l'industrie d'engager, recevoir, transporter et livrer des marchandises comme fret ou en louage pour tout port ou ports ; l'industrie de posséder ou d'affréter des vaisseaux dans ce but ; l'industrie de l'exploitation de vaisseaux pour tels services ; l'industrie de conclure des contrats ou des arrangements pour le transport de marchandises à ou d'aucun tels ports par rail, bateau ou autrement ou à aucun endroit ou endroits de l'intérieur ou sur les côtes ; conclure des contrats pour le transport des malles, voyageurs, effets et marchandises par tous les moyens, soit dans ses propres vaisseaux ou dans les vaisseaux, chemins de fer ou véhicules d'autres ; réunir, recevoir, distribuer, livrer des effets et marchandises, exercer en général l'industrie des transports, de la grande et de la petite vitesse ; employer comme patron de navire et agent-gérant d'aucun vaisseau posséder par la compagnie, toute personne, maison ou compagnie, qu'elle soit limitée ou non, et cela malgré qu'ils puissent n'avoir droit à aucun intérêt ou action dans le dit vaisseau en question ou dans la compagnie ; exercer l'industrie de l'emmagasinage, quaiage, entreposage et des expéditions, de l'exécution de tout acte ou actes, chose ou choses se rapportant, découlant ou se liant aux dites industries y compris la possession, location, détention, érection, entretien de docks, caissons, jetées, bassins et entrepôts, l'emmagasinage de toutes espèces d'effets, articles et marchandises, l'emmagasinage et quaiage de vaisseaux, bâtiments à vapeur et bateaux de toute espèce et description ; leur chargement et déchargement ; l'émission de reçus d'entrepôts et d'emmagasinage négociables ou non, couvrant les articles, effets et marchandises de tous genres, la perception et réception des droits de bassin, de quai et d'emmagasinage et autres compensations ; et avancer le fret, les droits, l'assurance maritime et contre le feu, prendre des gages de toute manière et de toute nature sur les effets, articles et marchandises reçus en entrepôt ou dans le but d'être entreposés ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie (manufacturière ou autre) que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés, ou droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir ou assumer, tout ou partie des affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directemefit ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage au autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*f*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*g*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité municipale, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, que la compagnie jugera convenables d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ;

(*h*) Etablir, supporter ou aider à établir et supporter des associations, institutions, fonds, fidéicommis, accommodations, pouvant être avantageux aux employés ou ex-employés de la compagnie, ou ses prédécesseurs en affaires, ou les personnes dépendant ou apparentées de telles personnes et octroyer des pensions et des gratuités, faire des paiements aux assurances, souscrire, garantir des paiements dans un but de charité ou de prévoyance ou pour aucune exposition ou pour aucune fin publique, générale ou utile ;

(*i*) Promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir tous ou aucun des biens et engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera, directement ou indirectement, de nature à profiter à la compagnie ;

(*j*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière, droits, privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de ses affaires et en particulier aucune machinerie, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*k*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, développer, gérer, exploiter, contrôler tous chemins, voies, embranchements ou voies d'évitement, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau, quais, usines électriques, fabriques, entrepôts, ateliers et autres usines et installations de nature, directement ou indirectement, à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie, et contribuer, subventionner ou aider autrement ou prendre part à leur construction, amélioration, entretien, gérance. direction, exercice ou contrôle ;

(*l*) Prêter des fonds aux clients ou autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie, garantir l'exécution de contrats par aucunes telles personnes ;

(*m*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables ;

(*n*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Demander, obtenir, acquérir par cession, transfert, achat ou autrement, exercer, exploiter et jouir d'aucune charte, licence, pouvoir, autorité, franchise, concession, droits ou privilèges, qu'aucun gouvernement ou autorité, ou aucune corporation ou autre corps public à le pouvoir d'octroyer, les payer, aider et contribuer à leur donner effet et approprier aucunes des actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour défrayer le coût, les charges et dépenses nécessaires à cela ;

(*p*) Faire, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger et y désigner les personnes pour représenter la compagnie suivant les lois de tels pays étrangers et accepter la signification d'aucune procédure ou poursuite pour et au nom de la compagnie ;

(*q*) Lever ou aider à lever des fonds, aider par voie de boni, prêt, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, aucune autre compagnie ou corporation, garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou

par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*r*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*s*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*t*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Ocean Steamship Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent mille dollars, divisé en 2,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

U-Need-A-Mattress Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 3e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Elie Beauregard, avocat, Michel Steinberg, comptable, Charles Desmarais, commis, et Marie-Louise Campbell, fille majeure, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec et Edouard Labelle de la cité d'Outremont de la dite province de Québec, avocat, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir et disposer de coton brut, laine, déchets de coton, de matières textiles de toutes descriptions et de leurs produits manufacturés ; manufacturer des cotonnades, lainages, laines effilochures et déchets, fils et tissus de toute description et blanchir, teindre, imprimer et autrement convertir les matières brutes en fils ou produits ; construire, acheter ou autrement acquérir et vendre, louer et exploiter des manufactures de coton et autres matières textiles de toutes descriptions ou de leurs produits manufacturés ; acheter, vendre et autrement disposer, détenir, posséder, fabriquer, produire, exporter et trafiquer comme principaux ou agents, à commission, en consignation ou autrement d'effets, articles, produits et marchandises de tous genres et de toute nature ; faire les affaires de marchands généraux, courtiers en marchandises, agents pour la vente et facteurs ;

(*b*) Demander, acheter, adopter enregistrer ou autrement acquérir toutes patentes, brevets d'invention, licences, baux, concessions, marques de fabrique, marques de commerce, dessins, étiquettes imprimées, permis, et autres choses semblables, conférant un droit exclusif et non exclusif ou limité, et aucune formule et procédé et aucune invention brevetée ou autre, ou tout autre renseignement touchant toute invention qui semblera propre à être employée pour aucunes des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition paraîtra de nature à être directement ou indirectement avantageuse à la compagnie, les payer en espèces, actions ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ; et utiliser, exercer, développer, et permettre l'usage, en octroyer des licences, ou autrement rendre profitables la propriété, les droits, intérêts ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*c*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou non, que la compagnie jugera propre à être exercée en rapport avec l'industrie ou les objets de la compagnie, ou censée, directement ou indirectement, augmenter la valeur de la propriété et des droits de la compagnie ou les rendre profitables ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir les actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, les payer en espèces ou en actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie ; détenir, vendre, voter ou autrement disposer des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs ainsi achetées, garantir le paiement du principal ou des intérêts des dites actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ; promouvoir toute compagnie ou corporation ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être directement ou indirectement, avantageusement exercée pour cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété, des biens, franchises, entreprises de la compagnie, son actif ou aucune partie de son actif, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*f*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie du principal et des intérêts ou autrement en disposer ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir en son nom ou au nom des personnes, maisons, compagnie ou compagnies ci-après référées, si dûment autorisées pour cela, toute ou aucune des propriétés, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges, détenus par ou en puissance d'aucune personne ou maison, ou d'aucune compagnie ou compagnies exerçant ou formées pour exercer une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et payer pour telle propriété, franchise, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*h*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété ou droits pouvant être acquis par la compagnie, ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires pour aucuns services rendus ou pour travaux faits pour la compagnie, ou pour le règlement de dettes ou engagements dus par la compagnie ;

(*i*) Faire enregistrer, licencier ou autrement reconnaître la compagnie dans tous pays étrangers, y désigner et nommer des personnes comme fondés de pouvoir ou représentants de cette compagnie avec pleins pouvoirs de la représenter en toutes matières suivant les lois de tels pays étrangers et d'accepter pour et pour le compte de cette compagnie la signification d'aucune procédure ou action ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "U-Need-A-Mattress Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
16–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

Cinq aides-analystes pour emploi temporaire au laboratoire du Ministère du Revenu de l'Intérieur, au traitement au taux de $1,300 par année, dans le but de les nommer permanemment, si leurs services sont satisfaisants, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, à un traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Le travail consistera dans l'analyse microscopique et chimique des produits alimentaires. Les candidats doivent être gradués d'une université autorisée, et avoir eu au moins

une année d'expérience dans les travaux de chimie depuis qu'ils ont été gradués.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 13 novembre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules du Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 19 octobre 1916. 17-4

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

LES Commissaires du Service Civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service Civil du Canada :—

Un commis technicien pour emploi temporaire dans la division des Arpentages topographiques du Ministère de l'Intérieur, à un traitement aux taux de $1,300 par année. On prendra en considération les demandes des gradués en sciences appliquées ou en hautes mathématiques d'une université autorisée, ou de ceux qui ont subi avec succès l'examen final des Arpenteurs du Dominion ou un examen équivalent.

L'emploi temporaire dont il est question dans le paragraphe ci-dessus ne peut d'après la *Loi modifiant la Loi du Service civil*, durer plus de six mois dans une même année fiscale, mais c'est l'intention du ministère de nommer la personne choisie à titre permanent à l'expiration de son terme d'emploi temporaire, si ses services ont été jugés satisfaisants, et s'il existe une vacance.

Un chimiste expérimentateur dans la division des Mines du département des Mines, dans la subdivision B de la 1ère division au traitement initial de $2,100 par année. Les candidats doivent être des chimistes expérimentateurs d'une compétence indiscutable et doivent de préférence bien connaître les combustibles et être capables de faire des recherches investigatrices dans la domaine de la chimie organique. Ils doivent être des gradués d'une université autorisée depuis au moins trois ans, et doivent s'être spécialisés en chimie ou en cette partie du génie relative à la chimie au cours et depuis leurs études universaires. Il est nécessaire que la personne nommée puisse lire le français et l'allemand, et soit capable d'appliquer les principes de la chimie physique aux problèmes à résoudre. Tous les candidats doivent soumettre une copie des travaux qu'ils peuvent avoir fait publier.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 23 octobre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 28 septembre 1916. 14-4

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois de juillet 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondus Can., 1906.)

DT.	$ c.		$	AV.
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 30 juin 1916	40,213,861 48	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	672,739 82	
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,050,997 24			
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert				
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	2,194 33			
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,060 13	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373 36	
	41,270,113 18		41,270,113 18	

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 14 septembre 1916. 14-tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances pour le 30 septembre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE.			1915.	1916.
		PASSIF.	$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			757,960 94	118,645,070 94
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Prêts temporaires			150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,802,646 32	$40,930,124 46		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,939,801 94	13,572,820 03		
			52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total de la dette brute			774,896,755 36	1,071,657,373 51
		ACTIF.		
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total de l'actif			290,055,121 63	391,381,923 61
Total de la dette nette au 30 septembre			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
" au 31 août			472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Augmentation de la dette			12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois septembre, 1915.	Total au 30 septembre, 1915.	Mois septembre, 1916.	Total au 30 septembre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Accise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Département des Postes	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Divers	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
DÉPENSES	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	14,541,003 47	44,427,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux	3,482,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Subventions aux chemins de fer	155,032 00	723,021 14		363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 4 octobre 1916.

15-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste	.....
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions	.....
Total	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesnres à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension	$ 100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter, sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

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RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressées au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* : le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal* :—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone* :—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs ;* ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de fidéicommis ;* une *compagnie de prêt ;* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient insérés dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une déclaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous, établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit"

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SÉNAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé ; il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le repré entant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills prives.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt après la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent pour le trimestre courant, étant au taux de 10 pour cent par année sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré, et sera payable à la banque en cette cité et à ses succursales, dès et après le 1er jour de novembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés à la clôture des affaires le 14e jour d'octobre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

D. C. MACAROW.
Gérant général.

Montréal, 26 septembre 1916. 14–5

BANQUE MOLSONS.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque Molsons aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, lundi, le sixième jour de novembre prochain, à trois heures de l'après-midi.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
gérant général.

Montréal, 4 octobre 1916. 15–4

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec aura lieu au siège social de la dite banque, en la cité de Québec, P.Q., le mardi, 28e jour de novembre A.D. 1916, à trois heures de l'après-midi, dans le but d'étudier une convention pour la vente par la dite Banque de Québec de son actif à la Banque Royale du Canada aux conditions stipulées dans la dite convention, dont copie sera adressée par la malle à chaque actionnaire avec le présent avis, et si la chose est jugé opportune, adopter une résolution ou des résolutions approuvant la dite convention et autorisant le président et gérant général de la Banque de Québec d'apposer le sceau corporatif de la banque à la dite convention et de la signer et l'exécuter pour et au nom de la banque ; et aussi dans le but de prendre en considération et, si la chose est jugée opportune, adopter toutes les autres et subséquentes résolutions dans le but de mettre la dite convention et les conditions en vigueur selon que les actionnaires le jugeront convenable ou à propos et dans le but d'autoriser le conseil de direction à donner tous les avis et à faire toutes les demandes et à adopter et exécuter tous les autres actes, résolutions, contrats, instruments, matières et choses qui seront jugés nécessaires pour obtenir que la dite convention soit sanctionnée par le Gouverneur en conseil et pour l'exécuter et distribuer les recettes de la dite vente.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Québec, 10 octobre 1916. 16–7

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

JEUDI, le 2 novembre prochain, et après, cette banque paiera à ses actionnaires un dividende de deux pour cent, étant au taux de huit pour cent par année, sur son capital, pour le trimestre finissant le 31 octobre prochain.

Ce dividende sera payé suivant la liste des actionnaires inscrits à la date du 16 octobre prochain.

Par ordre du bureau de direction,

N. LAVOIE,
Gérant général.

Québec, le 19 septembre 1916. 13–5

CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par les présentes donné, suivant les dispositions de l'article 5 de la *Loi des Sociétés de Caisses de Retraite*, Chapitre 123, S.R.C., que la Société de la Caisse de Retraite de la Banque d'Hochelaga a été constituée, conformément à cette loi, et que son bureau principal est situé au n° civique 112 St. Jacques, à Montréal.

Ernest Guimont est le secrétaire de la société, et toutes pièces de procédures légales peuvent lui être signifiées.

Montréal, ce trois octobre mil neuf cent seize.

LA SOCIÉTÉ DE LA CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA,

15–4 ERNEST GUIMONT, Sec.

BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.
DIVIDENDE N° 117.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de trois pour cent (au taux de douze pour cent par année) sur le capital payé de cette banque, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et sera payable à la banque et à ses succursales, à compter de vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 15 novembre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, P.Q., 17 octobre 1916. 17–6

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OTTAWA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Royal Highness the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz :—

Ottawa, 5th October, 1916.

Barney W. Collinson, of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, Esquire, Barrister-at-law : to be Commissioner of Police within the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta and the North West Territories, under and pursuant to section two of chapter 92 of the Revised Statutes, 1906.

—

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 20th October, 1916.

George Alpheus Allen, of the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, special class Exciseman : to be Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division of Vancouver, in the said Province, in the room and stead of E. B. Parkinson, deceased.

—

21st October, 1916.

Lieutenant Colonel Hugh Clark, of the Town of Kincardine, in the Province of Ontario, Member of the House of Commons for the Electoral District of North Bruce, in the said Province : to be Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs, during the continuance of the present war.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* Canada Gazette, dated the *14th October, 1916.*]

CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, P.C., G.C.M.G., LL.D., etc., etc., etc., Chief Justice of Canada, and Administrator of the Government of the Dominion of Canada.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—Greeting :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Majesty King George the Fifth, was graciously pleased by a Commission under His Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date at the Court of Saint James's the sixth day of March, 1911, and in the first year of His Reign, to appoint Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught to be Governor General and Commander in Chief of the Dominion of Canada ;

And Whereas by section VII of the Letters Patent bearing date the fifteenth day of June, 1905, constituting the office of Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada it is provided that in the event of the absence of the Governor General out of the Dominion of Canada all and every the powers and authorities therein granted to him shall, until His Majesty's further pleasure is signified therein, be vested in such person as may be appointed by His Majesty under His Sign Manual and Signet to be the Lieutenant Governor of the said Dominion or if there shall be no such Lieutenant Governor in the said Dominion, then in such person or persons as may be appointed under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet to administer the Government of the same ; and in case there shall be no person or persons within the said Dominion so appointed, then in the Chief Justice for the time being of the Supreme Court of the said Dominion, or in case of the death

incapacity, removal, or absence out of the said Dominion of the said Chief Justice for the time being, then in the Senior Judge for the time being of the said Supreme Court then residing in the said Dominion and not being under incapacity ;

And Whereas by reason of the absence of the said Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, etc., etc., etc., out of Canada, and under and in virtue of the letters patent aforesaid all and every the powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent granted to the Governor General have become vested in me as being the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for the time being of the Dominion of Canada, and having taken the necessary oath as required by the said Letters Patent, I have therefore thought fit to issue this Proclamation to make known the same, and I do hereby require and command that all and singular His Majesty's officers and ministers in the said Dominion of Canada do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places and employments, and that His Majesty's loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern do take notice thereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at arms at the City of OTTAWA, this THIRTEENTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of His Majesty's Reign.

C. FITZPATRICK,
17–3 Administrator of the Government.

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrator.

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you— GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Saturday, the twenty-first day of the month of October instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by andwith the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on THURSDAY, the THIRTIETH day of the month of NOVEMBER next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-beloved Councillor the Right Honourable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and St. George ; Chief Justice of Canada ; Administrator of the Government of Our Dominion of Canada.

AT Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this EIGHTEENTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
17-tf for Canada.

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *10th October, 1916.*]

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION MAKING CERTAIN ADDITIONS TO AND AMENDMENTS IN THE LIST OF ARTICLES TO BE TREATED AS CONTRABAND OF WAR.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS, on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities or until We did give further public notice, and

Whereas, on the 27th day of January, 1916, the 12th day of April, 1916 and the 27th day of June, 1916, We did by Our Royal Proclamations of those dates make certain additions to and modifications in the said list of articles to be treated as contraband, and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to the said list,—

Now, therefore, We do hereby declare by and with the advice of Our Privy Council that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamation aforesaid mentioned :

Insulating materials, raw and manufactured ; fatty acids ; cadmium alloys and cadmium ore albumen.

And We do hereby further declare that as from this date the following amendments shall be made in Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation of the 14th day of October, 1915, aforementioned :

For item 6, "paraffine wax," there shall be substituted, "waxes of all kinds."

And We do hereby further declare that the following article shall, as from this date, be treated as conditional contraband in addition to those set out in Our Proclamation aforementioned :

Yeast.

Given at our Court at Buckingham Palace this THIRD day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING. 16-3

DESPATCHES, ETC.

CANADA.
No. 1096.

DOWNING STREET,
27th September, 1916.

SIR,—With reference to my predecessor's despatch No. 8 of 5th January, 1915, I have the honour to request Your Royal Highness to inform your Ministers that His Majesty's Government have decided to increase the rate charged for insurance against war risks on hulls under the Government War Risks Insurance Scheme, to £1 per cent for a voyage and £2 per cent for a round voyage or for a time policy of 91 days.

2. The new rates came into force on the 20th of September.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your Royal Highness's most obedient,
humble servant,

(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Royal Highness
The Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, K.G.,
K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E.,
G.C.V.O., &c., &c., &c. 17–3

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

24th October, 1916.

ENQUIRY having been made of the Chinese Government as to the authority of its Consular Officers in Canada to receive articles and money due to Chinese subjects not resident in Canada, and to give valid receipts therefor, the despatch published below has been received by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government, intimating that Chinese Consular Officers have such authority :—

From the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the Governor General.

CANADA.
No, 1092.

DOWNING STREET,
27th September, 1916.

SIR,—With reference to Your Royal Highness's despatch No. 354 of the 26th of May, I have the honour to transmit to you, for the information of your Ministers, a copy of a despatch from His Majesty's Minister at Peking relative to the authority of Chinese Consular Officers in Canada to receive the assets of deceased Chinese emigrants and to give a valid receipt.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your Royal Highness's most obedient,
humble servant,

(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Royal Highness
The Duke of Connaught and
of Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P.,
&c., &c., &c.

—

Copy.
Consular.
No. 100.

PEKING, 4th August, 1916.

MY LORD,—With reference to your despath No. 74 Consular of 15th June (112656/K/16), I have the honour to forward herewith translation of a despatch which I have received from the Wai Chiao Pu informing me, in reply to my enquiry on the subject, that under the Consular Regulations Chinese Consular officers in Canada are authorized to receive the assets of deceased Chinese emigrants and to give a valid receipt.

I have, &c.,

(Sgd) J. N. JORDAN.

VISCOUNT GREY, K.G.,
&c., &c., &c.

—

[TRANSLATION.]
Note.

From Wai Chiao Pu to H. M. Minister.

PEKING, 3rd August, 1916.

SIR,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's note (of the 21st July), stating that your Foreign Office enquire whether Chinese Consular Officers in Canada are authorized to receive the assets of deceased Chinese emigrants and to give a valid receipt.

I have the honour to state in reply that Article 9 of the Consular Regulations, promulgated in January, 1915, provides that in the event of a Chinese emigrant dying abroad without leaving a will or having any relations to claim the property left by him, the Consul shall temporarily take over the same and report to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs for their consideration. It is clear therefore that under the provisions of these regulations Chinese Consular Officers in Canada are authorized to receive these assets and to give a valid receipt.

I avail, etc.,

(seal of the Wai Chiao Pu).

18-3

9486—1½

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2324]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Royal Highness the Governor General in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 48 of chapter 87, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, intituled The Gas Inspection Act, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

The Order in Council, dated 26th June, 1915, establishing fees for the verification of gas meters and for calorific and purity tests of gas is hereby cancelled as and from the first day of November, 1916, and the following Schedule is hereby established and substituted in lieu thereof, to take effect from the first day of November, 1916.

SCHEDULE OF FEES.

Fees for the Verification of Tin Meters :—
- 10 Lights and under ..... $ 0.60
- Over 10 Lights, up to 50 Lights 1.00
- Over 50 Lights, up to 100 Lights 2.00
- Each additional 20 Lights or fraction thereof 0.50

Fees for the Verification of Iron Meters :—
- No. 1 Iron Meter 0.60
- No. 2 Iron Meter 1.00
- No. 3 Iron Meter 1.50
- Each additional number 0.50

Fees for the Verification of Proportional Meters :—
- Each Proportional Meter, the owner in addition to pay freight charges on testing apparatus and the travelling expenses of the Inspector, and to make the necessary connections 10.00

Fees for the Technical Analysis of Gas :—
- Each Analysis of Natural Gas 10.00
- Each Analysis of Manufactured Gas 5.00

Fees for the Testing of Calorific Power :—
- Each Test of Calorific Power, regular or special 2.50

Fees for the Testing of Purity :—
- Each Test for Sulphuretted Hydrogen, when made at the same time as a calorific test 0.25
- Each separate or special Test for Sulphuretted Hydrogen 1.00

Classification of Companies and Frequency of Tests.

Gas companies shall be classified in accordance with the number of meters they have in use, and the frequency of calorific and purity tests shall be according to said classification, all as per the following table, namely :—

No. of Meters in Use.	Class of Company.	When Tests are to be Made.
Over 10,000....	1	Daily except Sundays and holidays.
5001 to 10,000.	2	Twelve times per month.
2001 to 5000...	3	Eight times per month.
1001 to 2000...	4	Four times per month.
1000 or under..	5	Twice per month.

Issuance of Certificates :—

Certificates for calorific power and purity are to be issued immediately in the case of all special tests, for regular tests they are to be issued four times per month at approximately equal intervals, for Class 1, 2, 3 and 4 Companies, and semi-monthly for Class 5 Companies.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

17-2

[2511]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 13th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that Port Maitland, in the Province of Ontario, be established as an Outport of Customs and Warehousing Port, under the survey of the Port of Hamilton, Ontario, on and from the 16th day of October, 1916.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-2 Clerk of the Privy Council

[2362]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Saturday, the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS cases have occured in ports in the Over-sea Dominions in which it would have been an advantage if the Master of Admiralty transports had been in a position to invoke, for the maintenance of discipline on board their ships a Regulation similar to section, 39A of the Defence of the Realm Regulations (Imperial), which deals with cases of indiscipline on board Admiralty transports in ports in the United Kingdom, and which, it is represented, has proved effective in checking in the United Kingdom, offences of drunkenness and failure to join on the part or merchant seamen engaged in ships requisitioned of chartered by the Admiralty and in enabling such ships to avoid delays in departure from ports in the United Kingdom,—

Therefore, His Royal Higness the Governor General in Council, with a like object in view, and under the power in that behalf conferred upon him by section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, or otherwise vested in the Governor General in Council, is pleased to make the following orders and regulations, and the same are hereby made and established accordingly :—

1. If whilst within the jurisdiction a seaman lawfully engaged in accordance with The Merchant Shipping Acts, 1894 to 1914, to serve on board any British ship belonging to or chartered or requisitioned by the Admiralty :—

(*a*) Neglects or refuses without reasonable cause to join his ship or to proceed to sea in his ship, or is absent without leave from his ship or from his duty at any time, or

(*b*) Joins his ship or is whilst on board his ship in a state of drunkenness so that the performance of his duties or the navigation of his ship is thereby impeded he shall be guilty of an offence and punishable by summary proceedings under Part XV of the Criminal Code : and the master, mate, or owner of the ship, or his agent, or any commissioned naval officer, may, with or without the assistance of the local police officers or constables, convey on board of his ship any seaman whom he has reason to believe to be guilty of an offence under this section ; and may also arrest him without first procuring a warrant and police officers or constables are hereby directed to give assistance if required. Provided always that no commissioned naval officer acting in pursuance of the powers aforesaid shall be liable to any penalty or to any action for damages for false imprisonment.

2. If such seaman is charged with having committed an offence under this section, he shall, if the offence comes within the provisions of paragraph (*a*) be liable to the penalties prescribed for such offences in section 221 of The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, and if the offence comes within the provisions of paragraph (*b* he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $25.00.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2394]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 29th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made by Messrs. Alexander Smith and William Henry Fares, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, to purchase those portions of the lands hereinafter enumerated, formerly covered by the waters of Rush Lake, and as shown coloured red on the Township plan hereto attached ;

The Minister further reports that Messrs. Smith and Fares have had filed in the Departmend of the Interior, evidence showing them to be the registered owners of land lying immediately alongside the parcels applied for,—

The Minister recommends that in accordance with the present departmental practice which permits of formerly submerged portions of quarter sections being sold to the registered owners of the balance thereof, and under the provisions of section 32 of The Dominion Lands Act, the lands in question comprising a total area of 851·5 acres, be sold to Messrs. Smith and Fares at the respective values placed thereon by a Homestead Inspector and on the usual terms of payment.

The lands in question and their value per acre are as follows : –

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 16, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 1·5 acres—$6.00 an acre.

Part of the E. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 17, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 59·5 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 17, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 71·4 acres —$5.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 20, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 11·5 acres —$7.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 20, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 120·8 acres —$8.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 19, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 101·0 acres —$6.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 19, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 5·5 acres— $5.00 an acre.

Part of the N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 18, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 52·4 acres—$9.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 1, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 0·9 acre— $10.00 an acre.

Part of the S. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 57·0 acres—$10.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 91·0 acres—$7.00 an acre.

Part of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 125·0 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 14, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 53·0 acres —$7.00 an acre.

Part of the N. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 60·0 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 41·0 acres —$5.00 an acre.

The Committee concur in the foregoing and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2490]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 13th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS under an Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland entitled "The British Ships (Transfer Restriction) Act, 1915," the transfer of British ships to unqualified persons is restricted and controlled ; and

Whereas by regulations enacted by an Order of the Governor General in Council, dated the ninth day of March, 1915, similar legislation was enacted under the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914 ; and

Whereas by an Act of the said Parliament of the United Kingdom, entitled "An Act to amend and extend the British Ships (Transfer Restriction) Act, 1915," mortgages and transfers of mortgages of British ships registered elsewhere than in India and the self-governing Dominions to foreigners and foreign controlled companies are restricted and controlled, and

Whereas it is deemed desirable that similar legislation be enacted by Canada,—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to make the following regulations and the same are hereby made and enacted accordingly :—

1.-(1). The regulations enacted by the Order in Council of the ninth March, 1915, (P.C. 505) are hereby extended so as to apply to mortgages (including transfers of mortgages) of ships made after the tenth day of August, nineteen hundred and sixteen as it applies to transfers of ships, and shall apply to mortgages (including transfer of mortgages) and transfers of ships to foreign controlled companies made after the tenth day of August, nineteen hundred and sixteen as it applies to transfers of ships to persons not qualified to own a British ship.

(2). The expression "foreign controlled company" means any corporations—

(*a*) Where the majority of the directors, or persons occupying the position of directors by whatever name called are not British subjects ; or

(*b*) Where the majority of the voting power is in the hands of persons who are not British subjects, or who exercise their voting powers directly or indirectly on behalf of persons who are not British subjects ; or

(*c*) Where the control is by any other means whatever in the hands of persons who are not British subjects ; or

(*d*) Where the executive is a foreign controlled company, or where the majority of the executive are appointed by a foreign controlled company.

A corporation shall not be deemed to be a British subject for the purposes of this section unless it is established in and subject to the laws of some part of His Majesty's Dominions or of some British Protectorate, and has its principal place of business therein.

(3.) The Minister of Marine and Fisheries may require any person who is the owner or mortgagee of a British ship, or who applies to be registered as owner or mortgagee of a British ship, to furnish to him such particulars as appear necessary to him for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not that person is, or is a trustee for, or otherwise represents, a foreign controlled company, and, in the case of a corporation, may also require the secretary, or any other officer of the corporation performing the duties of secretary to furnish those particulars.

If any person fails to supply such particulars as it is in his power to give when required, or furnishes particulars which are false in any material particular, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

2. Where, after the passing of these regulations, any person who is the owner or mortgagee of a British ship ceases to be a British subject or becomes a foreign controlled company, that ship, or, in the case of a mortgagee of a ship, the interest of the mortgagee, shall be subject to forfeiture, and the provisions of Part I of The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, relating to the forfeiture of ships shall apply thereto.

3. (1). In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, any reference to a ship shall include a reference to a share in a ship.

(2). The said regulations made on the ninth of March, 1915, (P.C. 505) and these regulations shall have effect during the continuance of the present war and a period of three years thereafter, and section three of the said regulations made on the ninth March, 1915, (P.C. 505) is hereby entended accordingly.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2424]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council dated 21st day of July, 1910, the Minister of the Interior was authorized to set apart Section 17, Township 9, Range 17, west of the 4th Meridian as school lands in lieu of a portion of Section 11, Township 9, Range 26, west of the 4th Meridian, which it was proposed to grant to the Town of Macleod ;

And whereas it was subsequently decided not to take this action, but to put up the undisposed of portions of Section 11, in question, at public auction, which was accordingly done ;

And whereas Section 17, in question, is, therefore, no longer required for the School Lands Endowment ;

And whereas Section 17 was never gazetted as School Lands ;

And whereas the Order in Council of the 21st of July, 1910, above referred to, would appear to have the effect of reserving Section 17 for the School Lands Endowment,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to order, as Section 17 is no longer required for the School Lands Endowment, that the said Order in Council of the 21st July, 1910, be, and the same is hereby rescinded.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2312]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 28th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the Rural Municipality of Rosemount, No. 378, of the Province of Saskatchewan, for a grant for cemetery purposes of three acres of land comprised in N.W. corner of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 34, Township 37, Range 16, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for cemetery purposes three acres of land comprised in the N.W. corner of the S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 34, Township 37, Range 16, west of the Third Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Rural Municipality of Rosemount, No. 378, of the Province of Saskatchewan, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2487]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 5th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior representing that Milton J. McCreary was granted preemption entry for the north-east $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 10, Range 22, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 29th day of October, 1910 ;

The Minister observes that it would appear from evidence furnished that Mr. McCreary may have performed one term of residence and that he has done a sufficient amount of breaking ;

The Minister submits a copy of a medical certificate from W. B. Kendall, M.D., stating that Mr. McCreary is suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis,—

The Minister, under the circumstances, recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in this case under the authority of subsection 2 of section 20 of the Act, so that free patent may issue to Mr. McCreary for the quarter section above described, upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that other conditions of the law have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the above recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2361]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 27th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that on the 29th May, 1913, one Sam Ollie—an Assyrian—obtained the south-west quarter of Section 9, Township 18, Range 13, west of the 3rd Meridian, under homestead entry ; that, according to evidence submitted, he erected a dwelling house and broke ten acres of land, and that he developed leprosy and has been segregated at the leper colony in Tracadie, New Brunswick,—

The Minister recommends, as the malady from which Mr. Ollie suffers is hopelessly incurable, that the performance of further settlement duties under subsection 2 of section 20 of The Dominion Lands Act of 1908 be waived and that the Department of the Interior be empowered to issue a free patent.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2156]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 13th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 7th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Samuel Gill Warke, who was granted homestead entry for the south east quarter of Section 31, township 19, Range 11, west of the Principal Meridian, is blind ;

The Minister states that Mr. Warke, at a cost of $400, had 30 acres of his homestead brought under cultivation and a portion thereof cropped in each of four years, the total area of cultivation, 30 acres, having been cropped in the year 1916. Owing to his affliction, Mr. Warke was unable to go into residence on the land but resided with his uncle on the adjoining quarter-section. A Homestead Inspector investigated the case and furnished evidence corroborating the improvements set out above,—

Under the circumstances, the Minister recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in connection with M. Warke's homestead, the south east quarter of Section 31, Township 19, Range 11, west of the Principal Meridian, under the authority of subsection 2 of section 20 of the Act, so that free patent may be issued to Mr. Warke for his homestead upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2348]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the trustees of the church of the Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende for a grant for church purposes of ten acres of land comprised in the N.E. corner of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 23, Township 14, Range 8, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes ten acres of land comprised in the N. E. corner of the N.W.$\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 23, Township 14, Range 8, west of the Third Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the trustees of the church of the Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[30/2323]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of the Interior, reporting that Mr. Harry Chawner Adams obtained South African Volunteer Bounty Scrip Location for the east half of Section 6, Township 40, Range 16, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 5th November, 1912; that information has been received that the entrant performed no residence duties on the land itself, owing to the fact that he was unable to secure water thereon, but he resided on his purchased land, the southeast quarter of Section 7, in the same Township and Range, from 1st May, 1912 to 15th September, 1913, when he was obliged to discontinue residence duties owing to illness ; that the improvements on the scrip location above mentioned consist of 160 acres fencing, and it was shown that the entrant was the owner of the following stock :—1912, 171 head ; 1913, 391 head ; 1914, 60 head.

The Minister, under the circumstances, recommends that further residence on the part of Mr. Adams be dispensed with in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of section 20, chapter 20, 7–8 Edward VII, so that free patent may be issued to Mr. Adams upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been satisfied.

The Board concur in the above recommendation and submit the same for favourable consideration.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2565]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 20th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 14th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made by Mr. Patrick Goachin, of Grand Prairie, in the Province of Alberta, for a grant of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 8, Township 71, Range 9, west of the 6th Meridian, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian title.

Evidence has been submitted showing the applicant to have been in residence on the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8, in the summer of 1899, and the Minister therefore recommends that under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, a grant be authorized to Mr. Goachin of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 8, Township 71, Range 9, west of the 6th Meridian.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2518]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 14th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a request has been received from the Department of Indian Affairs for the setting apart for the Indians of a tract of land known as the Hole or Hollow Water Indian Reserve, selected under the provisions of Treaty No. 5, in 1884, and shown on the official plans of Townships 25 and 26, Range 9, east of the Principal Meridian, approved and confirmed on the 22nd day of February, 1915, and the 6th day of March, 1915, respectively ; containing by admeasurement three thousand five hundred and seventy-four acres, more or less ;

And whereas the said lands are available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that the tract of land above described be withdrawn from the operation of The Dominion Lands Act and be set apart for the purposes of the said reserve.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2195]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 19th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Royal Highness the Governor General in Council, in view of the present uncertain condition of the labour market in the Province of British Columbia, is pleased, pursuant to the authority conferred by subsection (*c*) of section 38 of The Immigration Act, 9-10 Edward VII, to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

From and after the 1st day of October, 1916, and until the 31st day of March, 1917, the landing at any port of entry in British Columbia, hereinafter specified, of any immigrant of any of the following classes or occupation, viz, artizans ; labourers, skilled and unskilled, is hereby prohibited.

The following ports of entry in British Columbia are hereby designated as the ports of entry at which this order shall apply :—

Vancouver,	Ganges Harbour,	Paterson,
Victoria,	Douglas,	Aldergrove,
New Westminster,	Gateway,	Rykerts,
Nanaimo,	Grand Forks,	Rossland,
Prince Rupert,	Huntingdon,	Stewart,
Port Simpson,	Kamloops,	Union Bay
Anyox,	Keremeos,	Upper Sumas,
Atlin,	Kingsgate,	Waneta,
Chilliwack,	Ladner,	Pacific Highway,
Bridesville,	Myncaster,	White Rock,
Chopaka,	Ladysmith,	Mission Junction,
Carson,	Midway,	Whales Island,
Cascade,	Steveston,	Newport,
Comox,	Chemainus,	Alberni.
Osoyoos,	Powell River,	White Pass.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2513]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 13th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that a permanent harbour headline be established at Port Maitland, Ontario, in accordance with the plan and description attached hereto, beyond which line wharfs, piers, breakwaters and similar works shall not in future be constructed.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

NOTE.—The plan and description referred to may be seen at the offices of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and of the District Engineer of the Department of Public Works, at Windsor, Ont. 17-2

[The following Order in Council was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *24th October, 1916.*]

[2521]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 14th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order that the regulations respecting aliens of enemy nationality sanctioned by Order in Council of 20th September, 1916, shall be and the same are hereby amended by adding at the end of No. 10 the following :—

> The said expression "Chief Officer of Police" shall moreover mean and include for that portion of the Province of Manitoba adjacent to the International Boundary which is patrolled by the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, the principal officer of that force exercising authority in the district so patrolled.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18-2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2471]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Minister of Finance has had under consideration a By-law made by the National Battlefields Commission, amending the By-laws approved by the Governor General in Council on the 10th day of March, 1915 ;

And whereas the said By-law, (copy of which is hereto annexed), is intended to regulate the use of lights on motor vehicles in the National Battlefields Park ;

And whereas the Minister of Finance recommends that the said amendment to the By-laws be approved by the Governor in Council and published in the *Canada Gazette*,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to approve the said By-law and the same is hereby approved accordingly.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

—

THE NATIONAL BATTLEFIELDS COMMISSION.

By-laws Respecting the National Battlefields Park.

WHEREAS by the Statutes of Canada, 7 and 8 Edward VII, chap. 57 and 58, 9 and 10 Edward VII, chap. 42, 1 and 2 George V, chap. 5, and 4 and 5 George V, chap. 46, the National Battlefields Commission was authorized to establish a park or public place on its grounds and to make by-laws for the direction, conduct and management of its property real and personal, as well as for the maintenance, preservation and protection of its lands, works and other property belonging to the Commission or under its jurisdiction, control or care and the access of the public thereto, and the prevention of injury to or encroachments upon the property of the Commission ;

Whereas certain by-laws have been adopted by the National Battlefields Commission on the 19th of October, 1914, which were approved by the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the Act, the 10th of March, 1915, and published in the *Canada Official Gazette*, the first of May, 1915 ;

Whereas it is expedient to add certain enactments thereto respecting motor vehicles in the said park,—

It is therefore ordained and enacted by the National Battlefields Commission and the said Commission ordains and enacts as follows, to wit :

Sub-paragraph E is added to the paragraph 2 of said by-laws in the following terms :

E. The operator or chauffeur of any motor vehicle shall not make use of any acetylene, electric or other headlight in the park, unless so lowered as not to dazzle or blind any other driver either of a motor vehicle, or the operator of any motor vehicle or any pedestrian on the streets or avenues of the said park, or make it in any way unsafe or difficult for any such driver, operator or pedestrian to ride, drive, or walk in the said park and every such operator or chauffeur shall immediately comply with such directions as may be given to him in this regard by any Superintendent, Guardian or Police Officer on duty in the said park.

Every violation of the provision of these by-laws, except in so far as another penalty is therefor by law provided, shall be punishable, on summary conviction, by a fine not exceeding $50 and costs or imprisonment for a term not exceeding sixty days or by both fine and imprisonment.

18–2

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

THE TORONTO, HAMILTON AND BUFFALO RAILWAY COMPANY.

STANDARD Mileage Freight Tariff C.R.C. No. 1113 having been approved by order of the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, No. 25457, dated the 22nd day of September, 1916, the same is hereby published, as required by The Railway Act.

G.F.D. No. 324 Re-Issue C.R.C. No. 1113
Cancels C.F.D. No. 1 Reduction Cancels C.R.C. No. 1.

TORONTO, HAMILTON & BUFFALO RY. CO.,

Standard Mileage Freight Tariff

Applying between stations on the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Ry. (Applicable where no other tariffs are in effect.

Governed by Canadian classification, and the general rules and conditions of carriage adopted by this company, also to the car service, warehouse storage, cartage and switching rates and regulations published in tariffs relating thereto.

Between competitive points the competing railways' mileage will govern if distance is shorter than via T.H. & B. Ry.

Issued 15th September, 1916.

Effective 23rd September, 1916.

G. C. MARTIN,
General Freight Agent,
Hamilton, Ont.

R. F. HILL,
Asst. General Freight Agent,
Hamilton, Ont.

(150) (T.B.I.—Sec. 6.)

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STANDARD MILEAGE RATES.

Distances.		Classes in cents per 100 lbs.									
Miles over.	Miles not over.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
....	5.....	8	7	6	5	4	4	4	3	3	3
5.....	10.....	10	8	7	6	5	5	4	4	4	4
10.....	15.....	12	11	9	8	6	6	R 5	5	5	4
15.....	20.....	14	12	11	9	7	6	6	6	6	5
20.....	25.....	16	14	12	10	8	7	6	7	7	5
25.....	30.....	18	16	14	11	9	8	7	8	7	6
30.....	35.....	20	18	15	13	10	9	7	8	8	6
35.....	40.....	22	19	17	14	11	10	8	9	8	7
40.....	45.....	24	21	18	15	12	11	8	9	8	7
45.....	50.....	24	21	18	15	12	11	9	10	9	7
50.....	55.....	26	23	20	16	13	12	10	10	10	8
55.....	60.....	26	23	20	16	13	12	10	11	10	8
60.....	65.....	28	25	21	18	14	13	11	11	11	9
65.....	70.....	28	25	21	18	14	13	11	12	11	9
70.....	75.....	30	26	23	19	15	14	12	12	11	10
75.....	80.....	32	28	24	20	16	14	12	13	12	10
80.....	85.....	32	28	24	20	16	14	12	13	12	10
85.....	90.....	34	30	26	21	17	15	13	14	12	11
90.....	95.....	34	30	26	21	17	15	13	14	13	11
95.....	100.....	36	32	27	23	18	16	13	14	13	11
100.....	110.....	36	32	27	23	18	16	14	15	14	12
110.....	120.....	38	33	29	24	19	17	14	15	14	12
120.....	130.....	38	33	29	24	19	17	15	15	15	13
130.....	140.....	40	35	30	25	20	18	15	16	16	13
140.....	150.....	40	35	30	25	20	18	16	16	16	14
150.....	160.....	42	37	32	26	21	19	16	17	17	14
160.....	170.....	42	37	32	26	21	19	17	17	17	15
170.....	180.....	44	39	33	28	22	20	17	18	18	15
180.....	190.....	46	40	35	29	23	21	17	18	18	15
190.....	200.....	46	40	35	29	23	21	18	19	19	16

R—Reduction.

17-2

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,
OTTAWA, 21st September, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions, retirements and confirmations of rank are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council

G. O. 89.

EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE OF CANADA.—The undermentioned Gentlemen-Cadets are granted their discharge:—

Morice Goldwin Smith,
Roger Hull Ptolemy,
Samuel Stanford McNairn,
Stewart Lyon McClenaghan.
John Yeo Kelvin Walbank,
Robert Hay,
John Strathearn Hay,
John Edward Cohoe,
John Coleridge Patteson,
Raymond Kingsley Arthur. 15th July, 1916.
William Douglas Robertson,
Reginald Arthur Harvey Galbraith,
Hugh Redford Dale Harris,
John Walter Ings,
Percy Bidwell Ham Vrooman,
Henry Bartram Wood,
Percy Arthur Stanley Todd,
Herbert Cust Boyd,
Philip Elias Durnford,
Alan Ferrier Gates,
Alexander Meredith Ramsay,
Malcolm Charlton Crerar,
Edward Patrick Ryan,
George Alan Trorey. 2nd August, 1916.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

CAVALRY.

5TH (THE PRINCESS LOUISE) DRAGOON GUARDS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Idington, gentleman. 8th August, 1916.

14TH KING'S CANADIAN HUSSARS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harold Murray Smith, gentleman. 13th September, 1916.

16TH LIGHT HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): James William Montgomery, gentleman. 1st June, 1916.
Edward Sexton Wilson, gentleman. 5th August, 1916.

17TH DUKE OF YORK'S ROYAL CANADIAN HUSSARS (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): William Arthur Faulkner, John Leiper Lang, Henry Herbert White, gentlemen. 1st September, 1916.
Thomas Ross Malcolm, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.

21ST ALBERTA HUSSARS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Hugh George Macdonell, gentleman. 25th August, 1916.

29TH LIGHT HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): David Clelland, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.
Soren Peter Petersen, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

ARTILLERY.

Canadian Field Artillery.

8TH BRIGADE—2ND (OTTAWA) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): James Ernest Harris Paisley, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

23RD BATTERY.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. E. Cuzner is seconded for service with the Royal Flying Corps. 3rd September, 1916.

9TH BRIGADE—8TH (GANANOQUE) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Adiel Dickinson Steacy, gentleman. 11th September, 1916.

11TH BRIGADE—28TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Kenneth Allan Morrison, gentleman. 14th July, 1916.

14TH BRIGADE—13TH (WINNIPEG) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary). Battery Sergeant-Major George Dixon Morrow. 1st September, 1916.

Canadian Garrison Artillery.

1ST (HALIFAX) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Maurice Aloysius Foley, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

3RD (NEW BRUNSWICK) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Frederick Passmore Gutelius (Junior), gentleman. 7th August, 1916.
Lieutenant H. F. Bennett, from the Corps of Guides. 14th August, 1916.

5TH (BRITISH COLUMBIA) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Howard Manley Stewart Bell, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

THE MONTREAL SIEGE COMPANY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Eugene Vinet, gentleman. 6th September, 1916.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Temporary Lieutenant-Colonel B. Ripley, C.M. 14th April, 1916.
Henry Belfrage Miller, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.
John Smythe Hall, gentleman. 16th September, 1916.

CORPS OF GUIDES.

Lieutenant H. F. Bennett is transferred to the 3rd (New Brunswick) Regiment, Canadian Garrison Artillery. 14th August, 1916.

CANADIAN OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS.

MACDONALD COLLEGE CONTINGENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harold Sankey Hammond, gentleman. 15th August, 1916.

LAVAL UNIVERSITY CONTINGENT, MONTREAL., P.Q.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sergeant-Major Armand Hay. 1st September, 1916.
To be Quartermaster with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant: Quartermaster-Sergeant Joseph Hilarion Leroux. 1st August, 1916.

INFANTRY.

1ST REGIMENT (CANADIAN GRENADIER GUARDS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Andrew Hamilton Allan, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.

2ND REGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. L. MacDonald is transferred to the 13th Royal Regiment. 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant R. G. Bruce is transferred to the Corps Reserve. 17th August, 1916.

11TH REGIMENT (IRISH FUSILIERS OF CANADA).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) E. S. Hopper is permitted to retire. 7th September, 1916

13TH ROYAL REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. L. MacDonald, from the 2nd Regiment (Queen's Own Rifles of Canada). 28th December, 1915.

17TH REGIMENT.—Lieutenant-Colonel L. J. D. Marquis is transferred to the Reserve of Officers on expiration of his tenure of command. 21st September, 1916.

21ST REGIMENT (ESSEX FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): George Arthur Fergusson, gentleman. 4th August, 1916.

29TH REGIMENT (HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY OF CANADA).—To be Captain: Lieutenant H. W. de Guerre. 12th September, 1916.

32ND BRUCE REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Walter Meyer Knechtel, gentleman. 16th August, 1916.

36TH PEEL REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Charles Henry Parr, gentleman. 26th August, 1916.

Cyril Thomas Houston, gentleman. 6th September, 1916.

Thomas Boles Greer, gentleman. 8th September, 1916.

42ND LANARK AND RENFREW REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Temporary Lieutenant W. L. Affleck, C.M. 21st August, 1916.

44TH LINCOLN AND WELLAND REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert McGeachie, gentleman. 26th August, 1916.

46TH DURHAM REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harold Frederick Clarke, gentleman. 8th August, 1916.

50TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Thomas Frederick Oliphant, John Frederick Miller Cranko, gentlemen. 2nd September, 1916.

54TH REGIMENT (CARABINIERS DE SHERBROOKE).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Louis Taschereau Panet, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.

57TH REGIMENT (PETERBOROUGH RANGERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Theodore William Quinn, gentleman. 19th July, 1916.

62ND REGIMENT (ST. JOHN FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Russell Scott, gentleman. 10th September, 1916.

63RD REGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES).—Chaplain and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. Macmillan is permitted to resign his commission. 1st October, 1916.

66TH REGIMENT (PRINCESS LOUISE FUSILIERS).—To be Signalling Officer: Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. J. Colwell, *vice* Lieutenant L. E. Van Buskirk, who vacates the appointment. 1st August, 1916.

67TH REGIMENT (CARLETON LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Elphage Legere, gentleman. 15th February, 1916.
James Ewart Porter, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

69TH ANNAPOLIS REGIMENT.—Major W. Purdy is retired under the provisions of Para. 231, K.R. & O. C.M., 1910, and is granted permission to retain his rank on retirement. 11th September, 1916.

72ND REGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Lucius James Conkey, gentleman. 18th June, 1916.
Thomas Herbert Taylor, gentleman. 20th June, 1916.

Arthur Digby Banting, gentleman. 22nd August, 1916.

Hugh McLeod, gentleman. 27th August, 1916.

Angus Munro, gentleman. 28th August, 1916.

William Cultham Woodward, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.
Horace Melville Underhill, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

76TH COLCHESTER AND HANTS RIFLES.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Archibald McLennan (Junior), gentleman. 6th September, 1916.

82ND (ABEGWEIT LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be Signalling Officer: Lieutenant J. P. Noy, *vice* Captain A. R. Crockett, who vacates the appointment. 24th August, 1916.

86TH THREE RIVERS REGIMENT.—Chaplain and Honorary Captain (supernumerary) E. L. Denoncourt is permitted to resign his commission. 9th September, 1916.

Lieutenant E. L. Wilson is seconded. 31st August, 1916.

87TH QUEBEC REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) : Camille William Lawrence Carrier, gentleman. 13th September, 1916.

88TH REGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William John Beauchamp Pinder, gentleman. 2nd August, 1916.

91ST REGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Kenneth McClure McLaren, gentleman. 8th September, 1916.

93RD CUMBERLAND REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harold Charles Lowther, gentleman. 12th June, 1916.

95TH SASKATCHEWAN RIFLES.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): George Douglas Waite, gentleman. 28th July, 1916.

Bernhardt Maurice Laubach, Beverley Charles Leech, gentlemen. 28th August, 1916.

Augustus Harry Ball, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.

99TH MANITOBA RANGERS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Daniel McPhail, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.

103RD REGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Leon MacIntosh Ellis, gentleman. 4th September, 1916.

104TH REGIMENT (WESTMINSTER FUSILIERS OF CANADA).—To be Major: Captain G. B. Corbould. 1st December, 1915.

106TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Henry Lawrence Belcher, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

110TH IRISH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Ernest Ford Crossland, gentleman 25th May, 1916.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
James Everett Barry, gentleman. 17th February, 1916.
John Stanley Wray, gentleman. 17th July, 1916.
Harry Knight Mitchell, gentleman. 2nd August, 1916.
*Daniel Logan Stewart, Charles Terrell Lewis, gentlemen. 15th August, 1916.
Austin Dwight Irvine, gentleman. 31st August, 1916.
Richard Chambers Hill, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

* Subject to qualifications under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary):
Edith MacAlpine. 14th January, 1916.
Rebecca Hervey. 21st July, 1916.
Isabella Innes,
Blanche Swan. 1st September, 1916.
Caroline Buell McLenaghan. 6th September, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY VETERINARY CORPS.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary) : Norman Beaver, Alfred Louis Rooks, gentlemen. 22nd July, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. L. Rooks is seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 13th September, 1916.

MEMORANDA.

The date of promotion of Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) J. C. MacDougall, C.M.G., to the rank of Major-General, which appeared in General Order 79, 1916, is amended to read from the 21st September, 1915.

General Order No. 61, 1916, in so far as it relates to "Colonel O. A. Fages," is amended to read "Colonel A. O. Fages."

To be Colonel C.M., Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Belton, Permanent Army Medical Corps. 24th May, 1916.

With reference to General Order 55, 1916, under "Memoranda," and following the name of Major W. D. Birchall, 5th Regiment (Royal Highlanders of Canada), for whilst performing the duties of Officer Commanding Regiment" read "whilst performing the duties of Officer Commanding 1st Battalion."

Major G. E. Marquis, 17th Regiment, is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst performing the duties of Officer Commanding Regiment. 21st September, 1916.

Joseph W. Boyle, Esquire, is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Canadian Militia. 13th September, 1916.

To be Brevet Major: Captain J. S. Knight, 4th Hussars. 30th November, 1915.

Captains T. C. Keefer and S. D. Parker, Canadian Engineers, are granted the temporary rank of Major and to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank, whilst employed at Engineer Training Depot, Canada. 1st September, 1916.

Captain A. R. Tilley, Army Medical Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Major and to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank, whilst performing the duties of Officer in charge Military Hospital, Petawawa Camp. 9th September, 1916.

Captain H. Ritchie, 10th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery (Corps Reserve) is granted the temporary rank of Major and to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank, whilst performing the duties of Cammanding Royal Canadian Engineers, Military District No. 11. 11th September, 1916.

Captain C. L. Wain, 102nd Regiment (Rocky Mountain Rangers), is granted the temporary rank of Major whilst performing the duties of Officer Commanding Regiment. 15th July, 1916.

Captain H. Aubry, Army Medical Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Major whilst performing the duties of Officer Commanding No. XX Field Ambulance. 16th September, 1916.

With reference to General Order 118, 1915, under "Memoranda," the temporary rank of Captain granted to Lieutenant S. H. Headland, No. 18 Company, Canadian Army Service Corps, will carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank with effect from the 5th July, 1916.

To be Chaplain with the honorary rank of Captain C.M.: the Reverend David Edward Dicey Robertson. 8th January, 1916.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. S. Easton, 26th Regiment (Middlesex Light Infantry) is granted the honorary rank of Captain in the Canadian Militia whilst attached to the Canadian Expeditionary Force as a representative of the Young Men's Christian Association. 31st August, 1916.

The appointment of Frank Henry Elliott, gentleman, as Quartermaster with the honorary rank of Lieutenant Army Medical Corps, which appeared in General Order 87, 1916, is hereby cancelled.

The undermentioned are granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant in the Canadian Militia whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force:—

John Alexander MacDonald Parke, gentleman. 9th February, 1916.

Alfred Thomas Neale, gentleman. 25th February, 1916.

Ernest Bryden Archibald, gentleman. 26th February, 1916.

Edward Jeffery,
George Francis Mason, gentlemen. 7th March, 1916.

Sydney Hastings Burwash, gentleman, 8th March, 1916.

Frederick Samuel Hamilton, gentleman, 10th March, 1916.

George Duncan Patterson, gentleman. 13th March, 1916.

Albert Chilton,
Ernest Nicholas Johnson, gentlemen. 14th March, 1916.

Robert Vernon Macaulay, gentleman. 17th March, 1916.

John Stanley White, gentleman. 20th March, 1916.

Hermann Otto Lyndhurst Grant Meyer.
Mark Harold McKay, gentlemen. 27th March, 1916.

Arthur Erskine Goodeve,
Lionel Shirley Yuill, gentlemen. 29th March, 1916.

Harold Arthur Ardagh Bray,
Francis Michael Tordiffe, gentlemen. 30th March, 1916.

Edgar Beverley Neff, gentleman. 31st March, 1916.

Warren Davison Nelson, gentleman. 3rd April, 1916.

Egerton Andrew Torrance,
Mark Arthur Wolff, gentlemen. 4th April, 1916.

Duncan Andrew Anderson,
Wilfred Henry Jolliffe, gentlemen, 6th April, 1916.

Ernest Bowler.
Frank Alexander Duchesnay, gentlemen. 7th April, 1916.

Osborne Cluny Macpherson, gentleman. 8th April, 1916.

John Cummings,
William Jeffrie Holliday, gentlemen, 11th April, 1916.

Ludlow St. John Haskell,
Fraser Benjamin McConnell,
John MacGregor, gentlemen. 12th Aprilj,1916.

Maurice Alexander Jaques,
Charles Stuart Martin, gentlemen. 13th April, 1916.

John Archibald Gordon,
Edward Albert Johnson, gentlemen. 15th April, 1916.

William Carless, gentleman. 17th April, 1916.

Alexander Cox, gentleman. 22nd April, 1916.

William Bilsland,
James Harold Budd,
Richard Coulson,
Coulson Norman Mitchell, gentlemen. 28th April, 1916.

Charles William Cowper, gentleman. 29th April, 1916.

Frank Harold Allwood,
Lewis Grant McNab,
Arnel Roderick Milburn, gentlemen. 3rd May, 1916.

Robert Girdlestone,
Harry Gladstone Lean,
Henry Rivington Pcussette, gentlemen. 4th May, 1916.

Ralph Bradford Clark,
James Edgar Elkins,
John Francis Fitzpatrick,
William John Fitzpatrick,
William Berkeley Monteith, gentlemen. 6th May, 1916.

Hector John Roderick Jackson,
Thomas Jerome MacKinnon,
Frederick Harold Sutherland,
Lindsay Garwood Warren, gentlemen. 9th May, 1916.

Alex John Kitto, gentleman. 10th May, 1916.

Arthur Chaplin, gentleman. 11th May, 1916.

Eric McNeill Grant, gentleman. 12th May, 1916.

Cecil Charles Stewart, gentleman. 18th May, 1916.

Lancelot William Empson,
Stanley Horace Hawkins,
Thomas Gilford Holley, gentlemen. 19th May, 1916

Melville Tenbroeke,
Alfred Cyril White, gentlemen. 20th May, 1916.

Charles Herbert Hopkins,
Henry Ford Richardson, gentlemen. 23rd May, 1916.

William Waldie Murray, gentleman. 29th May, 1916.

Cyril Bernard Sumpter, gentleman. 8th June, 1916.
Edward Hart, gentleman. 10th June, 1916.
Fordyce Luke Thompson, gentleman. 19th June, 1916.
Wilfrid Madgwick Parsons, gentleman. 23rd June, 1916.
William Strong, gentleman. 27th June, 1916.
Acheson Gosford Goulding, gentleman. 29th June, 1916.
Charles Alvarez, gentleman. 1st July, 1916.
Wilbert Stewart Laing,
Ferdinand Valle Yznaga, gentlemen. 7th July, 1916.
Herbert Welford, gentleman. 8th July, 1916.
Arthur Augustus Rollit, gentleman. 10th July, 1916.
Robert Dane Miller, gentleman. 16th July, 1916.
Montague Holt Neville, gentleman. 19th July, 1916.
George Fisher, gentleman. 21st July, 1916.
Thomas Redpath, gentleman. 25th July, 1916.
Howard Grestock, gentleman. 26th July, 1916.
Harold Gwynne McCullough,
Don John Perry, gentlemen. 27th July, 1916.
Charles Edwin Gage,
Richard Ross Laing,
James Darling McCall, gentlemen. 28th July, 1916.
Chester Sessions Day, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.
Harry Chandler Beatty,
Stanley Anderson Cornell,
Arthur Justin Cowan,
Arthur Gibb Cushing,
Ernest Hastings Jordan,
Charles Gordon MacDougall,
Lawrence Delmar, McClintock,
James Alan Mitchell,
Thomas Holliday Musgrove,
Don Francis Pepler, gentlemen. 3rd August, 1916.
Leonard Noble, gentleman. 9th August, 1916.
Gordon Ogilvie Thom, gentleman. 10th August, 1916.
Stewart Lyon McClenaghan, gentleman. 15th August, 1916.
Fredrick Charles Percy Roberts, gentleman. 16th August, 1916.
Cecil Blackmore Belk, gentleman. 17th August, 1916.
Atholl Stewart Robertson, gentleman. 21st August, 1916.

Confirmation of Rank.

The under mentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names:—

Lieutenant Supernumerary L. G. Glass, 7th Regiment, 15th August, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary M. J. O'Brien, 43rd Regiment, 1st March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. J. Shaughnessy, 46th Regiment, 20th June, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. Martin, 72nd Regiment, 11th August, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. B. Hoyle, 88th Regiment, 1st August, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. W. Dinnie, 101st Regiment, 13th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. H. Nursey, 101st Regiment, 22nd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. A. Graham, 101st Regiment, 16th June, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary B. A. Wilson, 107th Regiment, 1st June, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. E. Morgan, A.M.C., 17th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. B. Jackson, A.M.C., 18th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. McKee, A.M.C., 8th May, 1916.

By Command,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

1916.

Headquarters,
Ottawa, 28th September, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions, retirements and confirmations of rank, are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council.

G. O. 91.

Districts.

Military District No. 2.—1st Mounted Brigade.—The period of tenure of appointment of Major C. H. R. Riches, 9th Mississauga Horse as Brigade Major is extended to the 14th July, 1917.

Educational Establishments.

Royal Military College of Canada.—The undermentioned Gentlemen-Cadets are granted their discharge:—
Reginald Lawrence Sladen. 15th July, 1916.
Godfrey Allan Peuchen. 2nd August, 1916.

Permanent Force.

The Royal Canadian Artillery.—To be Lieutenant: *Harry LeMoine Ruggles, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

*Temporary appointment.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

Cavalry.

5th (The Princess Louise) Dragoon Guards.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert Russell Sparks, gentleman. 6th September, 1916.

7th Hussars.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): James Compton Klock, gentleman. 19th September, 1916.

17th Duke of York's Royal Canadian Hussars (Argenteuil Rangers).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Evan David James, Neil McKechnie Ferguson, gentlemen. 1st July, 1916.
William McClure Calder, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.
Paul Ogilvie, gentleman. 16th September, 1916.

19th Alberta Dragoons.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. Tibbits is transferred to the 25th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery. 17th August, 1916.
To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Rowan Purdon FitzGerald, gentleman. 3rd August, 1916.

21st Alberta Hussars.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Gerald Charles Northcott Cooke, Harold Porter Randolph Brown, gentlemen. 2nd September, 1916.
Sydney Joslin Warner, gentleman. 9th September, 1916.

23rd Alberta Rangers.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Willoughby Charles Bryan, gentleman. 7th May, 1916.
Robert Spencer Lawrence, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

24th Regiment (Grey's Horse).—The period of tenure of command of Lieutenant-Colonel T. R. Mayberry is further extended to the 3rd August, 1917.

27th Light Horse.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Christopher Hickey Simpson, gentleman. 18th March, 1916.

29TH LIGHT HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Arthur Schofield, gentleman. 1st July, 1916.

William Stanley Glover, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

Henry James Steer, Robert MacInnes, Percy Harradence, gentlemen. 1st September, 1916.

31ST REGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA HORSE).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Alfred Shuttleworth, gentleman. 10th July, 1916.

32ND MANITOBA HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Edward Allan Carnegy deBalinhard, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

35TH CENTRAL ALBERTA HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Edgar George Johns, gentleman. 14th September, 1916.

ARTILLERY.

Canadian Field Artillery.

5TH BRIGADE—20TH BATTERY.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Philippe Ouellet, gentleman. 31st January, 1916.

8TH BRIGADE—23RD BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Donald Cameron Gordon, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

10TH BRIGADE—14TH (MIDLAND) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Benjamin James George MacBeth, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.

11TH BRIGADE—27TH BATTERY.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) H. L. Ruggles retires on appointment to the Permanent Force. 23rd September, 1916.

25TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. Tibbits, from the 19th Alberta Dragoons. 17th August, 1916.

36TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): James Frederick McCallum, James Stanley Lyle Crossen, gentlemen. 1st September, 1916.

Heavy Artillery.

THE MONTREAL HEAVY BRIGADE—2ND HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) S. L. Rohr is transferred to the General List, C.M. 24th August, 1916.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) E. S. Hoare is seconded. 28th August, 1916.

Canadian Garrison Artillery.

3RD (NEW BRUNSWICK) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Hubert Yelverton Haines, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

5TH (BRITISH COLUMBIA) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Arthur Weldon Mable, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.

THE MONTREAL SIEGE COMPANY.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. Matthews is transferred to the General List, C.M. 24th August, 1916.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) (temporary Captain) C. C. Rous is transferred to the General List, C.M. 24th August, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. P. McKenzie, from the 105th Regiment (Saskatoon Fusiliers). 12th July, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) E. S. Kent, from the 106th Regiment (Winnipeg Light Infantry). 12th August, 1916.

William Chester Warren, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

Alan Timbrell, gentleman. 4th September, 1916.

Frank Hyatt McCullough, Loring Brooks Adams, gentlemen. 13th September, 1916.

5TH FIELD COMPANY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harvey Arnold Smail, gentleman. 17th June, 1916.

CANADIAN OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS.

MCGILL UNIVERSITY CONTINGENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Gratton Dalrymple Thompson, gentleman. 1st January, 1916.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO CONTINGENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): George Frickleton McKelvey, gentleman. 28th August, 1916.

DALHOUSIE UNIVERSITY CONTINGENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Alexander Rudland, gentleman. 4th March, 1916.

INFANTRY.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S FOOT GUARDS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Thomas Lewis Blakeney, gentleman. 20th September, 1916.

2ND REGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) D. E. M. Grier, is transferred to the Canadian Army Service Corps. 26th May, 1916.

6TH REGIMENT (THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S OWN RIFLES).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. A. Duncan, is seconded. 3rd July, 1916.

7TH REGIMENT (FUSILIERS).—To be Captain: Lieutenant A. G. Calder. 22nd August, 1916.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. Van W. Laughton, is seconded. 1st June, 1916.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. F. MacDonald is seconded for service with the Royal Flying Corps. 5th September, 1916.

15TH REGIMENT (ARGYLL LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) Harry Canniff Leavens, gentleman. 19th September, 1916.

22ND REGIMENT (THE OXFORD RIFLES).—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Edward John Langdon Coles, gentleman. 13th September, 1916.

28TH PERTH REGIMENT.—To be Honorary Major: Chaplain and Honorary Captain W. T. Cluff. 7th April, 1916.

29TH REGIMENT (HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY OF CANADA).—Lieutenant-Colonel A. J. Oliver is transferred to the Reserve of Officers on expiration of his tenure of command. 26th July, 1916.

To be Major: Captain L. W. Johnston. 11th September, 1916.

32ND BRUCE REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Andrew McLean Moffat, gentleman. 17th November, 1915.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Frederick Benjamin James, Harold Chapman Harcourt, gentlemen. 2nd September, 1916.

35TH REGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Joseph Francis Ganley, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

36TH PEEL REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Norman Clifford Bolton, gentleman. 10th August, 1916.

40TH NORTHUMBERLAND REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary): M. G. Gunn, is seconded for service with the Royal Flying Corps. 18th September, 1916.

48TH REGIMENT (HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Thomas Geoffrey Leith, gentleman. 9th May, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) T. G. Leith, is seconded for service with the Royal Flying Corps. 1st July, 1916.

50TH REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Lieutenant J. M. Paterson, from the Corps of School Cadet Instructors. 31st August, 1916.

56TH GRENVILLE REGIMENT (LISGAR RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Guy Charles O'Shea, gentleman. 31st July, 1916.

57TH REGIMENT (PETERBOROUGH RANGERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Gordon Shaw, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.

60TH RIFLES OF CANADA.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Francis Herbert Brown, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

62ND REGIMENT (ST. JOHN FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Louis McCoskery Ritchie, gentleman. 1st May, 1916.

65TH CARABINIERS (MONT-ROYAL).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) D. J. Tremblay is permitted to retire. 18th July, 1916.

70TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Joseph Arthur Bastien, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.

Joseph Powell Valiquet, gentleman. 19th September, 1916.

72ND REGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA)—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary:

Anthony Lavelle McHugh, gentleman. 6th July, 1916.

Reginald Gordon Spear, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

John Erskine, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

William Roswell Smith, gentleman. 16th September, 1916.

73RD NORTHUMBERLAND REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Clarence Caleb McCulley, gentleman. 12th August, 1916.

78TH PICTOU REGIMENT (HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sergeant Robert Alexander McPherson. 29th August, 1916.

79TH CAMERON HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Frank Robert McAuley, Ross Morrison Macdonald, gentlemen. 1st September, 1916.

81ST HANTS REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Allan Marsters, gentleman. 13th September, 1916.

85TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Fernand Dansereau, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

88TH REGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Andrew Victor Hamilton, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

William Arthur Burdett Garrard, gentleman. 16th September, 1916.

90TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) E. W. Jefferson is seconded. 14th August, 1916.

91ST REGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—To be Honorary Major: Quartermaster and Honorary Captain J. Somerville. 28th March, 1916.

95TH SASKATCHEWAN RIFLES.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Walter Morton Logan, gentleman. 8th September, 1916.

101ST REGIMENT (EDMONTON FUSILIERS).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) L. R. Coles is transferred to the Army Medical Corps. 7th February, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Martin Wingate Eagar, gentleman. 14th April, 1916.

103RD REGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harry Philip Wright, gentleman. 2nd August, 1916.

105TH REGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. P. McKenzie is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 12th July, 1916.

106TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG LIGHT INFANTRY).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) E. S. Kent is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 12th August, 1916.

107TH EAST KOOTENAY REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frederic William McLaine, gentleman. 4th September, 1916.

110TH IRISH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Albert Gladstone Ghent, gentleman. 16th May, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Lieutenant (supernumerary) D. E. M. Grier, from the 2nd Regiment (Queen's Own Rifles of Canada). 26th May, 1916.

No. 16 COMPANY.—To be Major: Captain E. E. Williams (to remain seconded). 1st October, 1915.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

Captain E. M. Vesey is permitted to resign his commission. 14th August, 1916.

To be Captains: Lieutenants (supernumerary)
R. H. Sheard, 22nd May, 1915.
H. R. Macintyre. 10th December, 1915.
R. H. Ells. 23rd February, 1916.
E. P. Lewis. 20th March, 1916.
W. W. McKenzie. 28th May, 1916.
G. W. A. Aitken. 9th August, 1916.
F. L. Thompson. 20th August, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
Hermon Brookfield Van Wyck, gentleman. 6th October, 1915.

George Munro Ross, gentleman. 26th February, 1916.

Egerton Llewellyn Pope, gentleman. 18th April, 1916.

Donald George Turnbull, gentleman. 6th May, 1916.

Victor Bourgeault, gentleman. 17th May, 1916.

John Howard Slayter, gentleman. 8th June, 1916.

Joseph Arthur Avila Watters,
Joseph Henry Albiny Paquette, gentlemen. 19th July, 1916.

*Burton Oreno Kinney, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

Henry Edgar Harrison Chipman, gentleman. 3rd August, 1916.

*Thomas Vincent Plews,
William Alexander Macdonald,
Francois Adhelme Joncas, gentlmen. 5th August, 1916.

Richard McAllister, gentleman. 22nd August, 1916.

Norman Monk,
Harry Coppinger, gentlemen. 26th August, 1916.

Aubon Earl Stewart, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.

Thomas Richard Wellwood, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.

Thomas Henry Macdonald, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

*Subject to qualification under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

To be Quartermaster (supernumerary) with the the honorary rank of Lieutenant: Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) L. R. Coles, from the 101st Regiment (Edmonton Fusiliers). 7th February, 1916.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. P. Proctor is seconded for service with the Military Hospitals Commission Command. 1st September, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) B. O. Kinney is seconded for service with the Royal Army Medical Corps. 13th September, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) S. Bonnell is seconded for service with the Military Hospitals Commission Command. 16th September, 1916.

Nursing Sister (supernumerary) A. B. Lilley is permitted to retire. 13th September, 1916.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary):
Marguerite Condon. 10th June, 1916.
Ethel Pearl Johnston. 1st July, 1916.
Evadne Kilgour Cotter. 31st July, 1916.
Edith Marion Young. 8th August, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY VETERINARY CORPS.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) T. H. R. Hoggan reverts to Regimental Duty from the Seconded List. 29th January, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) H. H. Bishop reverts to Regimental Duty from the Seconded List. 9th August, 1916.

CORPS OF SCHOOL CADET INSTRUCTORS.

Lieutenant J. M. Paterson is transferred to the 50th Regiment. 31st August, 1916.

MEMORANDA.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel: Captain A. T. K. Evans, Reserve of Officers. 23rd September, 1916.

Major A. D. LePan, Canadian Officers Training Corps (Toronto University Contingent) is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel whilst performing the duties of Commandant, School of Military Instruction, Military District No. 2. 23rd September, 1916.

Major S. J. Anderson, D.S.O., C.E.F., to be graded temporarily as a General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade, whilst employed at Valcartier Camp. 1st September, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. B. Shuttleworth, Army Medical Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Major, and to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank, while performing the duties of Senior Medical Officer, in charge of the Surgical Services, Base Hospital, Toronto, Ontario. 23rd September, 1916.

To be Captains, C.M.:—

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) S. L. Rohr, from the 2nd Heavy Battery and Ammunition Column, The Montreal Heavy Brigade, C.G.A.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. Matthews, from The Montreal Siege Company.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) (temporary Captain) C. C. Rous, from the Canadian Engineers. 24th August, 1916.

To be Captain: Lieutenant E. Hibbert, 97th Regiment (Algonquin Rifles). 15th August, 1916.

To be Chaplains with honorary rank of Captain: The Reverend Thomas O'Sullivan. 28th June, 1916.

The Reverend George Claremont Taylor, 6th July, 1916.

The Reverend Heber Hannington Kerr Greene, 17th July, 1916.

The Reverend Sydney Hawthorne. 5th August, 1916.

The Reverend Charles George Fox. 11th August, 1916.

The resignation of Lieutenant (supernumerary) R. F. Macnaghten, 11th Regiment (Irish Fusiliers of Canada), which appeared in General Order 81, 1916, is hereby cancelled.

The appointment of Albert Fyfe, gentleman, as provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) in the 72nd Regiment (Seaforth Highlanders of Canada), which appeared in G.O. 51, 1916, is hereby cancelled.

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia as stated, whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force:—

To be Honorary Captain: G. G. Coulter, Esq., 2nd September, 1916.

To be Lieutenants:—

Sergeant-Major-Instructor (Warrant Officer) James Richard Sparks, Lord Strathcona's Horse (Royal Canadians). 22nd September, 1914.

Charles Austin Bell, gentleman. 12th March, 1916.

Henry Ross Wilkinson, gentleman. 24th July, 1916.

Edwin Soulby,
Reginald Edmund Pearse Hooper,
William Moncrief Ferguson, gentlemen. 15th August, 1916.

Evelyn Banwell,
David Murray,
Thomas Anwyl Williams,
William Andrew Robert Angus,
Samuel Clifford Montgomery,
Albert Edward Bright,
Philip James Stuart-Smith,
Richard Ambrose Coppen, gentlemen. 17th August, 1916.

Jens Fredrick Larson,
John Marriott, gentlemen. 19th August, 1916.

Robert Brown.
Rufus Hugh MacKenzie,
George Herbert Mason.
Roland Thomas Hinton Moor,
Raymond John Pearson,
Bartholomew Smith,
Gordon Cummings Patterson,
David Murray Denholm,
Richard Palin Thompson,
Thomas Bechraft,
Richard Godfrey Simmins,
Alfred Reeve Elton,
William Reynolds Hepburn,
Cyprian Alfred Thompson,
Cecil Henley Edward Rawlings,
William Marsh,
George Miller,
Ralph Guest,
Sydney Thomas Norburn,
Harold Alexander Johnson,
Edgar James Kerr Norris,
John Felix Pearch,
Dennis Ashby,
Ralph Marsden,
James Stonehewer,
Christopher Salmon Macpherson,
Lancelot Joseph Bertrand,
Raymond Henry Parker,
Bruce Thompson,
Robert Hamilton Bliss,
John Moir,
James MacLaren Morton,
Harry Edwin Ryland Niblett,
Thomas William Greenfield,
Godfrey Cooper,
Arthur Warren Larmour,
John Whyte Bennett,
John MacKay,
Hubert Nelson Pitcher,
William Alfred Henry Fellows,
Walter Douglas Darling,
Montague Henry Goslett,
Douglas Farquharson Small,
Frank Stuart Painter,
William George Broadbridge,
Thomas Weir,
Charles Kemp McRorie,
Walter Leonard Hart,
Albert Robert Madgett,
Francis Darrell Gifford,
Alexander Baird McAughey,
Robert Daniel Chubbuck,
Norman Alfred Stott,
Thomas Raisbeck,
Powell Max Humme,
David Hugh Ross,
Thomas Alvin Morrow,
William Henry Bolt,
Henry Thomas Crumplin,
George Gordon,
Edward Alfred Milnes Townsend,
Donald Sadlier Rashleigh,
George Francis Clingan,
Arthur John Plant,
John Samuel Watson Moll,
Kenneth Bertram McKellar,
Joseph Patrick Connolly,
Cyril George Huggins,
William Eric Bottrill,
John Blake,
Maurice Bertram Watts,
Francis Eugene Hinds,
Richard Pearne,
William Bradley Bay,
William Henry McKinley,
George Ledingham,
John Soden Cooke,
Benjamin Ethelbert Nicholls,

Wilfred Derbyshire,
Selby Brittan Longstreet,
Alexander William Logie,
Daniel Arthur Bissett,
Percy Wright,
John Hampden Duthie, gentlemen. 21st August, 1916.

Grant Edward Rice, gentleman. 22nd August, 1916.

Richard Roe Oliver, gentleman. 24th August, 1916.

Hugh McLeod, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

Sergeant-Major (Warrant Officer) Fred Tomkins, Lord Strathcona's Horse (Royal Canadians).

James McGregor, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916

To be Honorary Lieutenants:—

Arthur Ernest Clifton, gentleman. 16th August, 1915.

David Widdowson, gentleman. 19th May, 1916.

Sergeant-Major (Warrant Officer) Donald Murray Murphy, Army Medical Corps. 1st July, 1916.

Howard Buell Wilcox, gentleman. 21st July, 1916.

Alfred Richard Upton, gentleman. 10th August, 1916.

Stuart Simonet Scott, gentleman. 9th September, 1916.

Confirmation of Rank.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names:—

Captain C. S. Riley, 38th Battery, C.F.A., 26th August, 1916.

Captain J. Dall, C.O.T.C. (Queens), 16th October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. P. Vokes, 9th Bty., C.F.A., 13th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary O. A. McC. Wilson, 1st Regt. C.G.A., 23rd February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. H. Thomson, 1st Regt., C.G.A., 29th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. W. Crocheron, 7th Regiment, 8th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. A. Urquhart, 43rd Regiment, 8th July, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. V. Browne, 43rd Regiment, 14th July, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. L. Stroud, 45th Regiment, 22nd March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. Dunn, 50th Regiment, 27th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. M. Ward, 50th Regiment, 2nd July, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. F. Loveland, 50th Regiment, 1st September, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. F. Strickland, 57th Regiment, 26th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. E. Dorchester, 72nd Regiment, 20th August, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary L. H. Kennedy, 72nd Regiment, 30th August, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. W. G. Anderson, 95th Regiment, 6th August, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary N. S. Harper, 102nd Regiment, 1st March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. Gosby, 102nd Regiment, 14th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. G. Neill, 102nd Regiment, 8th May, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. E. Higgett, 103rd Regiment, 10th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. N. Eaton, 103rd Regiment, 24th August, 1916.

By Command,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 24th October, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch

32090. "C.P.R. Viaduct." (Photo.) John William Waddell, Lethbridge, Alberta, 18th October, 1916.

32091. "Poems." By Marie Byrnes King. (Book.) Rev. J. D. Byrnes, North Bay, Ont., 18th October, 1916.

32092. "Cash Sales System's Book of Instructions for Operating Profit-Sharing Plan and Catalogue, 'A'." (Catalogue and Book of Plans.) Cash Sales Systems, St. John, New Brunswick, 18th October, 1916.

32093. "Laurèce." Valse par Louis Payette. (Musique). Louis Payette, Montréal, Qué., 19 octobre 1916.

32094. "Toujours Toi." Paroles de R. Brisson. Musique de Lucien d'Avril. Louis Payette, Montréal, Qué., 19 octobre 1916.

32095. "The 'Automobile' Year Book, 1916-17." (Booklet.) The Canada Cycle & Motor Co. Limited, Toronto, Ont., 19th October, 1916.

32096. "Representative Poetry." Selected and Annotated for Class Use in the University of Toronto. 2nd Edition. (Book.) University of Toronto Press, Toronto, Ont., 19th October, 1916.

32097 "Good News Bulletin, Vancouver, B.C." Vol. I. No. I. (Publication.) Frank E. Blair & Co., Vancouver, British Columbia, 20th October, 1916.

32098. "A Housewife and a Little Girl In a Kitchen." (Picture.) Stone Limited, Toronto, Ont., 20th October, 1916.

32099. "The Canadian Commonwealth Series." Edited by Oscar D. Skelton. Preliminary Pr spectus. (Book.) Glasgow, Brook & Company, Toronto, Ont., 20th October, 1916.

32100. "Peg O' My Heart." A Comedy in Three Acts. By J. Hartley Manners. (Book.) Claude G. Smith, Calgary, Alberta, 21st October, 1916

32101. "Strike for the Grand Old Flag." Words and Music by Eddie Foley. Arranged by Jules Brazil. Eddie Foley, Toronto, Ont., 21st October, 1916.

32102. "Choosing Our Emblem." (The Maple Leaf.) Words by Margaret E. Harrison. Music by Muriel E. Bruce. Margaret E. Harrison, Toronto, Ont., 21st October, 1916.

32103. "In Old Ireland Where the River Shannon Flows." Words by Joseph Affront. Music by J. E. Andino. Joseph Affront, Galt, Ont., 23rd October, 1916

32104. "The Economist's Calendar." (Calendar.) The Franklyn Publishing Company, Toronto, Ont., 23rd October, 1916.

32105. "Floral Designs." (Engraving.) Duff & Merrill, Montreal, Que., 23rd October, 1916.

32106. "Tributs Floraux." (Engraving.) Joseph Rubin, Montreal, Que., 23rd October, 1916.

32107. "The Legion of Frontiersmen." (Book.) Frank A. Robinson, Calgary, Alberta, 23rd October, 1916.

32108. "The Efficiency Increasing Power of Music." (Pamphlet.) Frank Keen, Rossland, British Columbia. 23rd October, 1916.

32109. "Harbor of Dreams." Reverie By J. R. Shannon. (Music.) Vandersloot Music Publishing Company, Williamsport, Penn., U.S.A., 23rd October. 1916.

32110. "Ford Times. November, 1916." Vol. IV No. 4. (Booklet.) Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, Ford, Ont., 23rd October, 1916.

32111. "British Boys." Words and Music by A. G. E. Lowman. Arranged by W. M. Miles, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 23rd October, 1916.

32112. "Dairy Farm." (Engraved Vignette.) American Bank Note Company, Ottawa, Ont., 23rd October, 1916.

32113. "When the World Has Peace Again." Words and Music by Albert E. MacNutt. Anglo-Canadian Music Publishers Association, Limited, London, England, 23rd October, 1916.

32114. "Famous Women Character Representation." An Historic Entertainment. By Lucile Vessot Galley.

(Book.) Lucille Vessot Galley, North Gower, Ont., 24th October, 1916.

32115. "Rends-Moi Ton Amour." Paroles et Melodie de Hervey Germain. Musique de Louis Payette. Louis Payette, Montreal, Qué., 24 octobre 1916.

32116. "Mon Petit Sergent." Paroles de R. Brisson. Musique de Lormès et Payette. Louis Payette, Montréal, Que., 24 octobre 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHT.

1846. "Dilettante." Valse par Gilles R. Amiot. (Musique.) Gilles R. Amiot, Valleyfield, Qué., 20 octobre 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
18–1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 19th October, 1916.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that by M. & F. Order No. 43 in 1916, dated 18th October, 1916, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act, has granted permission to change the name of the steamer "Caledonia," which has been purchased from foreigners by J. R. Smith of Fort William, Ont., to that of "Gale Staples."

A. JOHNSTON,
18-2 Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 19th October, 1916.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that by M. & F. Order No. 42 in 1916, dated 18th October, 1916, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act, has granted permission to change the name of the steamer "Juanita," which has been purchased from foreigners by the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, to that of "Courcelette."

A. JOHNSTON,
18–2 Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 20th October, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an Order in Council of the 30th day of October 1915 (P.C. 2519) made in pursuance of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures' Act, the Secretary of State upon the authority of the Attorney General of Canada has certified under his hand to the Postmaster General of Canada that an article or articles, letter, communication, report or news contravening the Order in Council of the 10th of June, 1915, has appeared in Pearson's Magazine, a publication printed and issued monthly by the Pearson Publishing Company, 425–435 East 24th Street, New York City, in the United States of America; that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada based upon the said certificate and executed in pursuance of the provisions of the said Order in Council dated the 30th day of October, 1915, and an Order in Council dated the 6th day of November, 1914, made pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures' Act and published in an extra of the *Canada Gazette* of the 6th day of November, 1914, the said Pearson's Magazine, a publication printed and issued monthly by the Pearson Publishing Company, 425–435 East 24th Street, New York City, in the United States of America, has been refused the privilege of the mails in Canada and has been prohibited from circulation in Canada; and that no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of said Pearson's Magazine or of any issue thereof already published or hereafter to be published, and that any person in possession of such magazine shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

R M. COULTER,
18–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION OF CANADA.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS.

Change in Regulations.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that by an Order in Council dated the 12th October, 1916, the following changes have been made in the Regulations governing Civil Service Examinations:—

(1) *Preference to returned soldiers.*—In making all appointments to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, preference shall be given to those candidates having at least the minimum qualifications required by law, who have served overseas in His Majesty's Forces during the present war, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, especially to those who through disability occasioned by active military service are unable to fill their previous occupations

(2) *Extension of age limits.*—(*a*) During the continuance of the present war, the minimum age limit for examination for, and appointment to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, shall be reduced from eighteen years to sixteen years.

(*b*) During the continuance of the present war a candidate for examination for, and appointment to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, who has served overseas in His Majesty's Forces and has been honorably discharged therefrom, or who has offered himself for active service in the present war and has been rejected or who has desired or has offered to enlist and has been refused upon the ground that his services are of more value to the State in the employment in which he is engaged than if he should enlist for active service in the naval or military forces, and who is therefor a holder of the badge issued in such cases, shall not be ineligible by reason of the fact that his age is greater than thirty five years.

(3) *Restrictions on appointments.*—During the continuance of the present war no male person of military age shall be appointed to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or in the Outside Service, unless he is included in one of the classes given in clause 2 (*b*) and is a holder of the badge issued in such cases.

(4) *Exemption from examination fees.*—A candidate who has served overseas in His Majesty's Forces, and has been honorably discharged therefrom, shall not be required to pay a fee for admission to any of the several examinations held under the direction of the Civil Service Commission for admission to or promotion in the Civil Service whether in the Inside or in the Outside Service.

In view of the above changes, it has been decided to postpone the Civil Service Examinations which were advertised to take place in the month of November, 1916, until the month of December, 1916, when they will be held on the following dates:

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION for the Outside Service, December 19.

QUALIFYING EXAMINATION for the Outside Service, December 20 and 21.

THIRD DIVISION EXAMINATION (Inside Service), December 20, 21 and 22.

Full information respecting the number and nature of the vacancies to be filled in the Inside Service, and the rules and regulations for all the examinations, together with the necessary application forms, may be obtained from the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission, Ottawa, either on personal application or by writing.

Application forms of intending candidates, duly filled in and accompanied by the prescribed examination fee, must be filed with the Civil Service Commission not later than the 1st December, 1916. No exception can or will be made to this rule.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 16th October, 1916. 17–4

Stobarts, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of October, 1916, extending the undertaking of "Stobarts, Limited," to include the objects and purposes hereinafter set forth, viz :—

(*a*) To guarantee mercantile and negotiable paper, or contracts or liabilities of any customer or of any person or firm or other company having business dealings or relations with the company and any company any of whose shares of capital stock or obligations are held by the company ;

(*b*) To distribute any of the property or assets of the company among the shareholders of the company.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 17th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canada Gelatine Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of October, 1916, incorporating Lloyd Harris, gentleman, and Samuel Percy Davies accountant, of the City of Brantford, in the Province of Ontario, and George Upton, Jesse Lyman and King Upton, of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachussetts, one of the United States of America, manufacturers, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in glue stock, ossein, glues, gelatines of all kinds, isinglass, chemical fertilizers and all by-products produced in the manufacture of the articles herein enumerated ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in conveniences, provisions and things capable of being used in connection with the manufacturing and other operations which the company may carry on or be interested in or required by workmen or others employed by the company ;

(*c*) To buy, sell or deal in all such articles and goods as the company may consider capable of being conveniently dealt in in relation to its business, and to manufacture and establish, equip, maintain and operate factories for manufacturing articles and goods for any or all of the above mentioned purposes ;

(*d*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*e*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant and stock in trade ;

(*g*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*h*) To prosecute, amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, the union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or about to carry on business similar to that of the company or ancillary thereto ; to advance money to or guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company having business engagements with this company or indebted to it, and to invest any of the moneys of the company in the shares of any other company carrying on a similar business ;

(*i*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Act, to subscribe for, receive, purchase or otherwise acquire the shares or securities of any company carrying on a similar business or to accept the same in whole or in part payment or discharge of the price or consideration of the sale, lease, concession or other disposal of any property rights or debts which may be held, enjoyed by or due to this company, and such shares or securities to hold, vote upon, sell, re-issue or otherwise deal with as this company may see fit ;

(*j*) To purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire and possess and deal in all movable and immovable property which the company may deem necessary or useful for its business or operations, including trade marks, industrial designs, patents, patent rights, licenses, franchise or other rights and privileges of any kind whatsoever ;

(*k*) To issue shares of the company, common or preferred, in payment for property acquired by or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to the company, including services rendered to the promoters in connection with the incorporation and organization of the company or for franchises, options, contracts or other rights, benefits or privileges ;

(*l*) To do all or any of the above things authorized by letters patent as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*m*) The powers in each of the foregoing clauses to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or infereuce from the terms of any other clause.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canada Gelatine Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Brantford, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 17th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Toys, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of October, 1916, incorporating Eratus Edwin Howard and Jacob DeWitt, advocates, Harold Ernest Andrews Rose, student-at-law, Henry Charles McNeil, accountant, and Helen Burns, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, exchange and otherwise trade and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all descriptions ;

(*b*) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other obligations and securities of any company carrying on or engaged in a business which the company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ; to promote or amalgamate with any other such company ; to buy the assets and good-will of any company, individual or firm carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for the same in whole or in part by bonds or paid-up stock of this company ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to hold such property, movable and immovable, as may be deemed necessary and requisite for the purposes of the company's business, including stores, warehouses, machine shops, foundries, wharves, docks and other

establishments, and to erect and construct the same when and where advisable ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account, the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold security of any kind, real or personal, for debts, liabilities and obligations of the company in respect of its purposes and objects, and to improve, manage, develop, sell, lease or dispose of any of the property and rights of the company ;

(*g*) To carry on or promote a company to carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which is germane to any of the objects above specified ;

(*h*) To exercise all the foregoing powers either as principals or as agents for others on commission, sharing of profits or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Toys, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 17th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

River Front Land Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of October, 1916, incorporating Philippe Morel, of the City of Maisonneuve, in the Province of Quebec, agent ; Jean Charbonneau and James Edward Coulin, advocates, Joseph Siméon Pilon, stenographer, and Charles Joseph Eugène Charbonneau, notary, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on a general real estate business and to build, manage and sell houses and building lots ; to act as general agents and real estate, investment and insurance brokers ;

(*b*) To acquire and take over the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on a business similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*c*) To buy or otherwise acquire, own, hold, manage and control and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of property, real and personal ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire for such consideration as the company may think proper any business similar in character and object to any of the business of the company ;

(*e*) To issue and allot, as fully paid up, stock of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment for any property, movable or immovable, or for any rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, powers, privileges, licenses, concessions, stock, bonds and debentures or other property or rights, which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the power hereby granted, or to pay for the same or any part thereof wholly or partly in bonds or debentures of the company or otherwise ;

(*f*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of other companies belonging to the company or which the company may have the power to dispose of and to do all acts and exercise all powers and to carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilling of the business for which the company is incorporated ;

(*g*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, and to take shares in and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any person or company ;

(*h*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations, in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being carried on so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, nothwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, and to vote on such shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*i*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such a manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*j*) To pay out of the funds of the company, with the approval of the shareholders, by shares in the company or by both cash and shares, all expenses of or incidental to the formation, floatation, advertising and procuring the charter of the company or in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any bonds, debentures or other securities of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "River Front Land Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

North End Amusement Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of October, 1916, incorporating Humbert Cecil George Mariotti, advocate, and George William Elliott, broker, both of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec ; Egbert William Westover, Charles Mackay Cotton and Frederick Thomas Enright, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, advocates, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, produce, buy, sell, lease and deal in moving picture feature films, motion real films and films of all kinds used for the production of moving pictures ;

(*b*) To build, purchase or lease and operate theatres of all kinds, including moving picture theatres, and in such theatres to give all kinds of theatrical and vaudeville performances and exhibit motion picture reels ;

(*c*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and obtain provisional and other protection and licences in respect of any inventions or alleged inventions, patents, trade marks or names, designs, copyrights, schemes, ideas, secret or other processes and the like, which may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the company, and to test, develop, prolong, renew, exercise, use, vend, grant exclusive or other licenses in respect of or otherwise deal with all or any of the same ;

(*d*) To purchase, acquire, possess and hold or otherwise deal in and deal with any securities, stocks, bonds, debentures or shares of any company whatsoever, having objects in whole or in part similar to this company,

notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act ;

(*e*) To enter into any arrangement for amalgamation, joinder of interest or reciprocal concession with any company, firm or person carrying on business in whole or in part similar to that of this company ;

(*f*) To purchase or otherwise acquire the whole or any part of the business, property, assets and liabilities, as a going concern or otherwise, of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is autorized to carry on, or possessed of any property suitable for the purposes of this company, and to pay for such business or property in whole or in part with the stock and bonds of this company ;

(*g*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered in placing or assisting to place or guranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company's capital or of any debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*h*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company, or the whole or any part of its assets, for shares, debentures or securities of any other company carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*i*) To do any and all other things or to carry on any other business that may be expedient for or incidental to the due carrying out of the above objects ;

(*j*) To do any of the above things that the company is authorized to do either as principal or agent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "North End Amusement Co., Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 15,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Victor Box Toe & Counter, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, incorporating Antonio Vigneault, clerk, Joseph Armand Hamelin, notary, Gustave Dutaud, advocate, Emile Delorme, gentleman, and Joseph Bruneau Trudeau, bailiff, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To make, manufacture, sell, buy, deal in and transact or otherwise carry on a boot and shoe business, and all other businesses relating to the manufacture and sale of footwear ; to manufacture, tan, purchase and sell and to deal in and deal with leather in any and all forms ; to make, manufacture, sell, export and import lasts, stiffeners, shoe counters, box toes, buckles, laces, hooks, buttons, soles, half soles, double soles, heels, eyelets, welts, and all other supplies entering into the business and manufacture of footwear ;

(*b*) To purchase, sell, import, export and lease all kinds of machinery directly or indirectly connected with or required for this company's business ;

(*c*) To purchase, receive, hold, sell, dispose of shares, whether common or preferred, debentures and other obligations of any company carrying on a similar business, and calculated to benefit the company directly or indirectly ;

(*d*) To sell, import and dispose of the whole or any part of the business of the company or of any other company, firm or person and to accept consideration therefor ;

(*e*) To do all and everything necessary for the accomplishment of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Victor Box Toe & Counter, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

E. J. Sibley, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of September, 1916, incorporating Edwin John Sibley, contractor, James Dawson Hutchinson, Richard Balmer Proctor and Percy Roycroft, accountants, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and William Geraghty, broker, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as roofers, contractors, builders and dealers in and manufacturers of roofing preparations, concrete, cement, asphalt, sheet metal and other materials which can be used directly or indirectly by roofers, contractors or builders ;

(*b*) To act as agents for other persons or corporations carrying on similar business and also to carry on any other business of a like nature or incidental to the foregoing ;

(*c*) To amalgamate with any individual, firm or corporation, or buy, or otherwise acquire shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those herein enumerated, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, property, real or personal, and good-will, rights, franchises, privileges, contracts and assets of any kind useful or incidental to the business of the company, on such terms and conditions as may be deemed advisable and to pay for the same in cash or in part cash or paid-up shares or bonds or other securities of the company, as may be agreed upon and to sell, dispose of or otherwise deal with the whole or any portion of the property so acquired.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "E. J. Sibley, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Evans & Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of October, 1916, incorporating George Douglas Evans, importer, George Henry Densley and Walter Francis Lee, bookkeepers, Thomas James Coulter and William Stanley Jones, accountants, all of the City of Montreal

in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, import, export, deal in, at wholesale or retail, all kinds of merchandise, goods, wares and products, generally and specially to import and deal in sponges, sisal, chamois, brushes and other toilet articles, and to act as manufacturers' agents or commission agents in all kinds of manufactured articles, goods, wares, merchandise and materials ;

(*b*) To carry on any business of a like nature, or which can be carried on with advantage to the company ;

(*c*) To purchase and acquire the business now carried on by Shaw & Evans, of the City of Montreal, as a going concern, including good-will, and to pay for the same by the allotment and issue of fully paid shares of the company ;

(*d*) To acquire and undertake generally the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will and undertaking, rights and assets, and to assume the whole or any part of the liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business with objects similar in whole or in part to those which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange, lease or otherwise, and to hold, own, possess, use, lease, change, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal in and operate immovable and movable property useful for the purposes of the company, and to pay for the same in paid-up shares or partly paid-up shares of the company ;

(*f*) To issue any part of the capital stock of the company as fully paid-up and non-assessable stock, in payment of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, or other assets acquired or leased by the company, or for any other consideration which may be deemed sufficient by the directors of the company ;

(*g*) To acquire, hold and own shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other corporation doing business of like nature notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to pay for the same in cash or part cash, and to allot and issue fully paid-up shares of the company in payment or part payment therefor, and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*h*) To amalgamate with any individual, firm or corporation doing business similar to the business which the company is authorized to carry on, and to give or accept paid-up shares or partly paid-up shares for the same ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such company or person or customer or persons having dealings with the company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such companies, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*j*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking of the company and to accept for full payment or part payment therefor shares, bonds or other securities of any company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to distribute the same amongst the shareholders of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Evans & Co., Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Manor Estates, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 17th day of October, 1906, incorporating Robert Abercrombie Pringle, Thomas Anderson Burgess and Louis Cote, barristers-at-law, Robert Hatfield Pringle, customs broker, and Mary Ida Keays, stenographer, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, concession or otherwise, city lots, farm lands, mining or fruit lands, town sites, grazing and timber lands, and any description of real estate and real property or any interests or rights therein, legal or equitable or otherwise howsoever ; to take, build upon, hold, own, maintain, work, develop, sell, lease, exchange, improve and otherwise deal in and dispose of such lots, lands, sites, real estate and real property or any interest therein ; to deal with any portion of the lands and property so acquired, subdividing the same into building lots, and generally laying the same out into lots, streets and building sites for residential purposes or otherwise ;

(*b*) To construct streets upon the land of the company, necessary sewerage and drainage system, to build upon same for residential purposes or otherwise, and to supply buildings so erected with electric light, heat, gas, water or other requisites therefor ;

(*c*) To act as agents for the sale and purchase of real estate and all interests therein and to procure real estate investments for any person ; to act as selling agents for the owners of any real estate, subdivision, building sites, town sites or lands of any kind or any interest therein, and to take over and acquire from any person or corporation any agency, inclusive or otherwise, for the sale of any such lands, sites or interest therein, and to accept an assignment of and perform any contracts made by any person with any other person or corporation for the sale of any such lands, sites or interest therein as agents or otherwise and generally to act as real estate, house and rental agents, and as incidental thereto to carry on the business of fire insurance agents ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*g*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Manor Estates, Limited" with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

American Linseed Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 17th day of October, 1916, incorporating Allen Phillip Allensworth, manager, Henry Platt Grundy, barrister-at-law, Frederick William Louthood, accountant, and Thomas Ernest Meredith and Charles Stubbs Brown, law clerks, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the general business of grain dealers, grain merchants, grain brokers and grain commission merchants, elevator owners and elevator operators in all the branches thereof, and as principal, broker or agent to buy, sell, trade and deal in grain and cereals of every kind, and to manufacture, buy and sell flour, oatmeal, linseed oil, linseed cake and other products and by-products of grain or cereals, and for the said purposes or any of them to erect, acquire, buy, maintain, own, sell, convey, improve and operate factories, flour mills, elevators and other buildings, using the same for any of the said purposes, and for the production and storage of grain and cereals and of all kinds of goods which may be produced from or in conjunction therewith or for the purpose of cleaning and storage of grain, cereals and seeds and for the storage of general merchandise ; and for any of the purposes aforesaid to become licensed as required under any of the provisions of "The Canada Grain Act" and its amendments or any act or acts which may be substituted therefor, and to make and execute all necessary bonds and obligations thereby required for any of the said purposes ; to carry on the general business of coal dealers and dealers in all classes of fuel either by wholesale or by retail and to make and manufacture all kinds of patented fuel ; and to manufacture, buy or otherwise acquire and to hold, own, sell or otherwise dispose of and to invest, trade, deal in and deal with, goods, wares and merchandise of every description ;

(*b*) To act as agent or broker for any persons, firms or corporations carrying on business similar in whole or in part to that of this company ;

(*c*) To issue certificates, warrants and warehouse receipts, negotiable or otherwise, to persons warehousing goods with the company and to make advances or loans upon the security of such goods or otherwise ;

(*d*) To make or receive advances on any grain, merchandise, goods and chattels which may be stored with, by or in the custody of or be on any railway or vessel or ship in course of transit to or from the company or any of the elevators, mills or warehouses thereof ;

(*e*) To build, purchase or acquire, charter, lease and operate steamships, vessels, tugs, barges and other conveniences for the transport of freight and passengers by water ; to construct, purchase, lease and acquire docks, wharves or other convenient terminal facilities and to carry on all or any of the businesses of shipowners, ship brokers, managers of shipping property, carriers by land and water, barge owners or operators, transport and forwarding agents, warehousemen and wharfingers ;

(*f*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the business and all the estate, property and effects of, and to assume the liability of, any person, firm or corporation having objects similar to this company, and to pay for same either wholly or partially by cash or wholly or partially by the shares of the capital stock or debentures of this company ;

(*g*) To purchase, hold, sell and dispose of shares of the capital stock or other securities of any other company or corporation and to invest its funds in the purchase of any such stock or other securities and to pay for the same either in cash or in shares of the capital stock or debentures of the company, or partly in cash and partly in the capital stock or debentures of the company ;

(*h*) To invest and lend the surplus moneys of the company upon the security of real and personal estate, goods and chattels, stocks, bonds and debentures ;

(*i*) To enter into any partnership or into any agreement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on and engage in ;

(*j*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of or turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, lease, take in exchange or otherwise acquire lands or interests therein, together with any buildings or structures that may be on the said lands or any of them, and to sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of, the whole or any part of the lands of the company and all or any of the buildings or structures that are now or may hereafter be erected thereon, and to improve, alter and manage the said lands and buildings ;

(*l*) To advance or lend moneys from time to time to any persons, firms or corporations engaged in business having objects similar to those of the company and to take or receive mortgages upon real or personal property as security for the repayment thereof or to take such other security as the company deems advisable ; and to guarantee the payment by any person, firm or corporation having objects similar to those of this company of any debt or obligation incurred or to be incurred by such person, firm or corporation and for any and all such purposes to make or enter into any contract of guarantee ;

(*m*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or any portions thereof or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's property and rights.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "American Linseed Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY
17–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Universal Button Fastening and Button Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1916, incorporating John Munroe Longyear, lumber dealer, Howard Williams Longyear, surgeon, Ernest Taylor Tappey, doctor of medicine, Frank Goff Smith, banker, and Franklin Scott McKenney, gentleman, all of the City of Detroit, in the State of Michigan, one of the United States of America, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, manufacture and deal in buttons and button fasteners of every description and automatic machines for attaching buttons and fasteners, and to purchase, manufacture and place on the market articles or wares composed of metal, cloth, wood or other material or partly of any of such material ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any trade marks, trade names, inventions, processes, improvements, patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise

turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*e*) To acquire and take over as a going concern or otherwise the whole or any part of the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person, firm or corporation, carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and to pay for the same either wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in the bonds, debentures, paid-up shares or other securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company, and to pay for such shares, stock, debentures or bonds either wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise, and to vote all shares owned or held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*g*) To distribute in specie or otherwise any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures and other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets and liabilities of the company ;

(*h*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*i*) To sell or dispose of the whole or any part of the assets and undertakings of the company as a going concern or otherwise, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or assuming all or any of the property and liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company, and generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business ;

(*l*) To make advances to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any suit or legal proceeding ;

(*o*) To obtain any provisional order or Act of Parliament for enabling the company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for any purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the company's interest;

(*p*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*r*) To do all such others things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*s*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in any part similar to those of this company ;

(*t*) The interpretation of any of the powers granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Universal Button Fastening and Button Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Walkerville, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
17-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Fort William Elevator Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of October, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "The Fort William Elevator Company, Limited," from the sum of five hundred thousand dollars to the sum of one million dollars, such increase to consist of five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Newspaper Syndicate, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of October, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Dominion Newspaper Syndicate, Limited," to that of "Rapid Electrotype Company of Canada, Limited," and increasing the capital stock of the said company from the sum of twenty thousand dollars to the sum of seventy thousand dollars, such increase to consist of one thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Crucible Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of October, 1916. incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers, Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in crucibles, graphite, clay and other refractory materials and the products thereof ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to hold, use and operate graphite and other mines, minerals, mining rights and privileges, timber and other lands and timber licenses and to mine, quarry, mill and prepare for sale and to transport sell and deal in graphite, iron, stone, asbestos, phosphates, mica, and other minerals and metals, clays and mineral substances and the products and by-products thereof, and generally to carry on the business of miners, quarrymen, smelters of metals and dealers in ores and metals and the products and by-products thereof ;

(*c*) To build, acquire, own, charter or lease, navigate and use steam and other vessels for the purpose of the company ;

(*d*) To build, construct and maintain all necessary wharves, warehouses, piers, docks, elevators, roadways, and public and private works of every description, reservoirs, dams, waterpowers and other works necessary to the busines of the company ;

(*e*) To acquire, develop and use waterpowers for the purpose of compressing air, for generating electricity for lighting, heating and motive purposes in connection with the buildings and other works of the company, and to sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus of electricity or power generated by the company's works, and to construct and operate lines for the sale and conveyance of such surplus power, subject always to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*f*) To have and hold supply stores and to sell and deal in general provisions, supplies and merchandise ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, trade marks, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or trade mark or trade name which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwife, with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*k*) To remunerate any person for services rendered to the company or for any property or rights acquired by the company, in such manner as the company ma deem expedient and more particularly by the issue an allotment of shares, bonds or other securities of the company, fully paid up and non-assessable ;

(*l*) To issue or guarantee the issue or the payment of interest on the shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities or obligations of any company or association with which the company may have dealings under the above objects or any of them, and to pay or provide for brokerage, commission and underwriting in respect of any such issue ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular either for cash or for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or partly for cash and partly for such shares, debentures or securities ;

(*n*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with or as factors or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout tne Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Dominion Crucible Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

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van der Linde Rubber Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of October, 1916, incorporating Sophia Tutty, bookkeeper, Ella Lester Kelly, Susie Ross and Myrtle Etoile Thurgarland, stenographers, William Archibald McFarlane and Vincent Thomas Aloysius Foley, students-at-law, and Lester Millman Keachie, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Provice of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in rubber and moulded goods and goods and products in which rubber of any kind whatsoever or any analogous substance may be used and to manufacture and deal in plastic goods, materials and products of all kinds whatsoever, and to cultivate rubber plants, guayule and all other plants capable of being used for the manufacture of rubber or similar products and plastic goods, and to carry on the business of rubber plantations in all of its branches, and to carry on and work the business of manufacturers, winners and buyers of every kind of rubber plants and vegetable, mineral or other product of the soil ; to prepare, manufacture and render marketable any such product, and to sell, dispose of and deal in any such product, either in its prepared, manufactured or raw state, either by wholesale or retail. and to carry on the business of chemists and electricians, and manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of chemicals and electrical goods ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, manufacture, refine, manipulate, import, export and deal in all substances, apparatus and goods capable of being used in any such business as aforesaid or required by customers of or persons having dealings with the company, either by wholesale or retail ;

(*c*) To own, construct, operate, manage and deal with ships, barges, vessels and other marine craft, and so far as may be expedient to carry on the business of gene-

ral merchants and buy, lease or otherwise acquire and to clear, plant and work rubber estates and plantations or any interest therein, as may be deemed advisable in the interests of the company ;

(*d*) For the purpose of supplying the needs of the company's business, to purchase, lease or acquire any interests in lands, water powers and water privileges and to develop therefrom any power, electrical or other energy needed for said business on or outside the lands of the company and to use and transmit the same and to sell, lease or dispose of said lands or interests therein and to sell or dispose of surplus power or energy not required for the needs of the company and to enter into working arrangements with other companies, persons, firms or corporations for the use or transmission of such surplus and to establish, operate and maintain any electric, gas or other lighting, heating or power plant and to sell or dispose of such surplus electric, gas or other light, heat and power and all the residual products of such plant ; provided, however, that any sale, distribution or transmission of electric energy for light, heat and power beyond the lands of the company shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, exchange or otherwise, land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure or description and any estate or interest therein, and any right over or connected with land, and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient, and to construct, reconstruct, erect, alter, operate, maintain and manage all buildings, erections, factories, shops, storehouses, depots, machine shops, engine houses and other constructions and erections for its business and to hold, improve, decorate, furnish such buildings and erections as may be deemed proper, and to acquire as aforesaid all other property, movable and immovable, necessary and useful for carrying on any of the purposes of the company, and with power to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of any such property, lands or interests therein or rights thereover as the company may deem proper ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and use, any inventions, patents, brevets d'invention, trade marks, trade names, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or discovery which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop, improve or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of sections 44 of the said Act ;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*l*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subcribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*m*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*n*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade, as may be required and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*o*) To construct, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, tramways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*p*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined, and to lend money to such persons and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*q*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*r*) With the approval of the shareholders, to remunerate any person or company by the issue of fully paid-up stock or otherwise, for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any debentures, bonds or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*t*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which the company may desire to acquire or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered or to be rendered or for any work done or to be done for the company or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts or liabilities owing by the company ;

(*u*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*v*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*w*) To bo all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*x*) None of the powers given by any paragraph aforesaid are to be restricted or limited by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "van der Linde Rubber Company, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 3,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Continental Construction Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of October, 1916, incorporating Leopold Choquette, advocate, George Edward Chart and Lorne Clayton Herdman, accountants, and May Beatrice Flannigan and Berthe Charlebois, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of shipbuilders and shipwrights in all its branches, as also that of builders and manufacturers of and dealers in engines and machinery of any and every kind and description ;

(*b*) To build, erect, construct, manufacture, fit out, equip and repair ships, steamboats, ferry boats, barges, dredges, tugs, scows, lighters, torpedo boats, submarine boats, and other vessels, of every description, whether intended for the purpose of commerce, war or any other purpose ; submarine mines, towing, wrecking and salvage outfits ; aeroplanes, hydroplanes and balloons of every kind and description, engines (marine, stationary, aeroplane, hydroplane, automobile, motor boat and engines of every kind and description), machinery, tackle, ships' furniture and stores, aeroplane, hydroplane, balloon, automobile and motor boat fixtures and fittings and other articles of every kind and description required for or used in ships and vessels of any description and in aeroplanes, hydroplanes, balloons, automobiles and motor boats of every kind and description or in connection therewith ;

(*c*) For the purposes aforesaid, to carry on the trade or business of steel makers and manufacturers in all its branches, and all businesses and operations incident thereto or connected therewith, including the processes used or which may be used in the making or manufacture of steel, and including the purchase and sale of steel, and of foreign and other iron and the manufacture of iron ; and to carry on the trades or businesses of engineers, steel rollers, manufacturers of engines, tools, machinery, railway and other plant, steel and iron merchants, iron founders and general contractors in all their branches, and whether as patentees, licensees or otherwise, and to make, purchase, hire, let for hire and sell articles appertaining to such trades and businesses ;

(*d*) For the purposes aforesaid to carry on also the business of lumbermen and manufacturers and exporters of and dealers in lumber, logs, timber and wood of every kind and description, and in connection with same to acquire, erect, own and operate lumber and saw-mills and planing and joining mills and factories and all other mills, factories and plant necessary or advisable in connection with a general lumber business ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to construct, maintain and operate on the property of the company or on property leased to or controlled by the company, graving and other docks, dock yards, marine railways, slips, basins, wharves, terminal and other elevators and warehouses or similar enterprises and tramways, sidings or other transportation facilities, canals, dams, flumes, aqueducts, bridges, shipbuilding plants, engine works, rolling mills and other buildings and machinery, and all such other premises and things as may be necessary or convenient for carrying out any of the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to maintain, operate and develop water powers and other works, plant, building and machinery for the manufacture, production and conversion of electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force, and to sell, distribute or otherwise dispose of any surplus of such electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force, subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*h*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, own, hold, make use of and enjoy any land, buildings or real estate, beach lots or deep water lots, timber limits, timber rights, mines, minerals and mineral rights, oil and gas wells and other like properties and rights as may be necessary, suitable, convenient or proper for the carrying on of the company's business ;

(*i*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, lease or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privileges which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant, and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to apply, appropriate or otherwise make use of any of the company's shares, bonds and assets towards or for the paying, either in whole or in part, of the costs, charges and expenses incidental thereto ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase, exchange, lease or otherwise and to take over the whole or any part of the undertaking, business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on a like business which this company is authorized to carry on;

(*k*) To enter into any agreement for sharing of profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, management of the affairs of, carrying on the business of the company, or other arrangements of a like nature with any person or company or companies carrying on or about to carry on and to take all such steps and proceedings and do all such matters and things as may be necessary or expedient to carry out and give effect to such agreements or any of same ;

(*l*) To subsbribe for, purchase, take in exhange or in payment or otherwise acquire, hold and own, and while holding same to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of holders and owners thereof, receive and distribute as profits the dividends and interest thereon, and to guarantee, sell, with or without guarantee, and otherwise dispose of, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, deal in the shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of any other company or companies having purposes and objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to establish, promote or otherwise assist any such other company or companies;

(*m*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, or other securities, for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, or other rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, power, privilege, license, or concession, which this company may lawfully acquire, as also, with the approval of the shareholders, in payment of services rendered to the company by way of promotion or otherwise, and to issue fully paid shares in payment of or exchange for shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities, of any company doing a business similar or incidental to the business of this company ;

(*n*) To sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of or deal with, all or any of the assets, property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration

as the company may think proper, and in particular for shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, to hold, own, sell, assign and transfer or otherwise dispose of and to trade and deal in, goods, wares, stores, implements, provisions, supplies, materials and merchandise of every kind and description and act as general storekeepers and to provide board and lodging, clothing and provisions and generally all supplies to those engaged in or about any of the company's works, and to contract for the providing of the same ;

(*p*) To lend money to persons or companies having dealings with the company, and guarantee the performance of contracts as also the performance of any obligations or undertaking of any other company or person in which the company is interested, including the payment of dividends, interest on bonds, debentures, debenture stock, or other securities, mortgages or liabilities of any such company or person, and to accept as security for such loans and guarantee any security that may be offered by such company or person, including shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, mortgages, pledges, liens or other securities of such other companies, or of or upon the property of such persons or companies ;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants, securities under The Bank Act, and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*r*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved, any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*s*) From time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth, and to exercise and enjoy all such rights and privileges, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, as also to carry on any business germane to the purposes and objects above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Continental Construction Company, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The H. Fortier Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of October, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers, Herbert William Jackson, clerk and Frank Breadon Common, student at law, all of the City at Montreal, in the province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers, merchants, jobbers, importers and wholesale and retail dealers in cigars, cigarettes, tobaccos and tobacconist's sundries in all states and conditions of manufacture and all articles required by or useful to smokers or which are or may be dealt in or required by tobacconists ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, repair and deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, products, articles and things necessary or useful for carrying on such business as aforesaid or which are or may be dealt in by persons engaged therein ;

(*c*) To erect, construct, maintain and operate any buildings, works, machinery and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company, carrying on business with objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company or possessed of property suitable or proper for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue such fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold and own the capital stock, bonds or other securities of any other company, corporation or individual carrying on or engaged in any business which this company is empowered to carry on or engage in and to acquire, hold or otherwise dispose of such shares, bonds or other securities notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act.

(*g*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, partnership or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction wich this company is authorized to engage in or carry on or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or otherwise any other company or corporation with whom the company may have business relations and to guarantee the performance of contracts by such company or corporation ;

(*i*) To make advances to customers and others with or without security and upon such terms as the company may approve and to guarantee the debts and contracts of customers and others ;

(*j*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property or assets of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company or companies which may have purchased or taken over either in whole or in part the property, assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*l*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies whose objects are or include objects similar to those of this company, whether by sale or purchase (for shares or otherwise) of the undertaking, subject to the liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid, or by partnership or any arrangement of the nature of partnership, or in any other manner ;

(*m*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of in whole or in part the property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To make donations and subscriptions to any object likely to promote the interests of the company, and to create and contribute to pension and other funds and schemes for the benefit of persons employed by the company, or the wives, widows, children or dependents of any such persons and to subscribe or guarantee money for any charitable or public object ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, and to carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects set forth and which may seem to the company capable of

being conveniently carried on or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of its property or rights ;

(*p*) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares of the company's capital or any bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*q*) The objects above set out shall, unless otherwise expressed, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause or paragraph of this charter ; on the contrary the objects and powers specified in each clause shall be deemed to be independent and separate from the objects and powers conferred by the other clauses above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The H. Fortier Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one million dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Kendall Bros, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of October, 1916, incorporating Alexander Papineau Mathieu, Armand Mathieu, Robert Thomas Mullin, advocates, Antonia Catelli, stenographer, and John Phelan Callaghan, manager, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise and to lease and equip, maintain, own and operate transportation facilities, whether by land, air or water, and to sell, lease or otherwiee dispose of same ; to do business as general contractors for carting, hauling, moving, transporting all kinds of goods, merchandise, wares, natural products, all minerals and any kind of things which can be sold, transported, moved or hauled ;

(*b*) To enter inta any agreement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on, and to take or otherwise acquire shares or securities of any such company, and to sell, hold or re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*c*) To remunerate, with the approval of the shareholders, by payments in cash, shares or otherwise, any person or company for services rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital stock or any debentures or other securities of the company or in the conduct of the business or the organization of the company ;

(*d*) To build, construct and equip, public and private works of every description, and to acquire, hold, sell, manufacture and produce, dispose of and supply all kinds of material for use in the construction and equipment of such public and private works and to sublet any and all such contracts ;

(*e*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property, franchises, undertaking and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company ;

(*f*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the companymaydeemproper and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or which may be of value to the company, and to issue paid-up or partially paid-up shares of this company in consideration or part consideration therefor, or to lend money to and guarantee the contracts of or to otherwise assist any person, firm or corporation with which this company may have business relations ;

(*h*) To acquire, purchase, sell, deal in outright or on royalty, patented devices of all kinds and patents thereof, or to apply for patents of any devices so purchased or acquired, and to acquire, purchase, obtain, sell and register, lease or license on royalty or otherwise, and to hold, use, own, operate, introduce, sell, assign or otherwise dispose of any trade marks, trade names, patents and inventions, improvements and processes, under registration or otherwise, useful to the business of the company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect thereof, or otherwise turn to account any such trade marks, trade names, inventions, licenses, processes and the like or other such property or rights ;

(*i*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be required by or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts and liabilities owing by the company ; to accept in payment of any debt due to the company stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company ;

(*j*) To construct, maintain, alter, make, own and operate on property owned or controlled by the company, and on property adjacent thereto, all such reservoirs, dams, flumes, race and other ways, water powers, aqueducts, wells, ditches, canals, wharves, slide-piers, roadways, log-rolls, and any other erections and works as may be necessary ;

(*k*) To invest moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined by the company ;

(*l*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind and property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or any other securities of any other company belonging to the company, or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*m*) To acquire by purchase, concessions, exchange or other legal title, and to construct, erect, operate, maintain and manage all factories, shops, stores, houses, saw-mills, hotels, depots, machine shops, engine houses and all other structures and erections necessary to its business, and all other property movable and immoveable, necessary and useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company and to lease, sell and dispose of the same ;

(*n*) To purchase, sell, manufacture, let or hire, deal in all kinds of goods, wares or merchandise, minerals, which may be required for the purposes of any of the said business or which may seem capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the said businesses or the company ;

(*o*) To acquire, purchase, lease, let, operate mine and quarries and dispose of the same in the interest and for the benefit and advantage of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Kendall Bros, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 24th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Commercial Chemical, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Earl Adlai Seburn, accountant, Percy Robinson, student, Ethel May Lennox and Margaret Jane Martin, stenographers, and Marcus Smith, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise ; and in particular and without in any way restricting the generality of the foregoing to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in chemicals ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may be deemed necessary for the company's business ;

(*c*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of this company or any part thereof for such consideration as this company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*d*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property rights of the company ;

(*e*) To do all or any of the above things, as principals, agents, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*f*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Commercial Chemicals, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 24th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

A.R.Whittall Can Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Albert Richard Whittall and Fred Richard Whittall, manufacturers, and Michael Arthur Phelan, advocate, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec, and David Shadrach Whittall, manufacturer, and Joseph Alphonse L'Heureux, bookkeeper, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturing cans and containers of every description, whether made of metal, wood, paper or other material ; to carry on the business of carpentry, casting, forging, rolling, tinning, galvanizing, lithographing, enamelling, painting, coating and plating of metals, and of manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in cast, forged and sheet metal, and articles made wholly or partly therefrom, of enamelled wares on sheet and other metals, of kitchen and household wares and ornaments made from and upon metal of any and every kind, and to mine, manufacture, sell, buy and generally deal in all materials used in the manufacture of any of the above described wares, or in any business similar thereto or connected therewith ;

(*b*) To take and accept conveyance of real and personal estate in payment and satisfaction, in whole or part, of the price of goods manufactured or to be manufactured as aforesaid and sold or to be sold to purchasers thereof, and to have and to hold the said real and personal estate and to transfer, sell or otherwise dispose thereof as may be deemed expedient from time to time ;

(*c*) To manufacture and deal in timber, wood and metal, all articles into the manufacture of which wood or metal enters, and all kinds of natural products and by-products thereof, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*d*) To purchase, take on lease, or otherwise acquire, any lands, buildings, easements, or property, real or personal, which may be requisite for the purpose of or capable of being conveniently used in connection with any of the objects of the company, and to sell and dispose of the same from time to time as the company may see fit ;

(*e*) To purchase, lease or acquire water power and water privileges and to develop therefrom any water power, electrical or other energy, and to use the same in connection with their business, and to transmit the same and sell, lease or dispose of any surplus power and to enter into working arrangements with other companies, persons, firms or corporations for the use thereof either for power or for electrical lighting purposes, and to establish, operate and maintain any electrical lighting, heating or power plant, and to sell and dispose of electric light, heat and power ; provided always that the rights and privileges hereby conferred upon the company to generate, sell and dispose of electrical energy for light, heat and power, when exercised outside the property of the company, shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*f*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of stock, bonds, debentures or other securities in any other corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking ;

(*h*) To acquire, lease, sell, license or otherwise dispose of trade marks, industrial designs, patents or patent rights for and in respect of any invention which may be deemed useful to the company's business and to acquire and work any patent of invention or any license to use any invention which may be deemed to be of use in connection with the company's business ;

(*i*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the property, works, business, stock in trade, assets and good-will, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person or company having objects or carrying on any business similar to the objects or business to this company, and to pay for the same in cash, stock, bonds, debentures or other securities of this company or otherwise as the directors may determine ;

(*j*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise, any corporation in the capital of which the company holds shares, or with which it may have business relations, and to act as employee, agent or manager of any such corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such corporations or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*k*) To enter into any agreement for sharing of profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or other arrangement of a like nature with any person or company or companies carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on or having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*l*) To lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the property and assets of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem fit, including shares, debentures or securities of any other company ;

(*m*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the due carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking ;

(*n*) To do all and any of the above things as principals, agents or attorneys.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "A. R. Whittall Can Company, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 24th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

18–2

Machine Builders, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 20th day of October, 1916, incorporating John Wilson Cook, advocate and King's counsel, Theodore Bigelow Heney and Henry Robert Mulvena, advocates, Thomas Barnard Gould, accountant, and Pearl Catherine Mahoney, clerk, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, construct and deal in copper, brass and all other metals from the ore to the finished product thereof ; to manufacture, construct and deal in all goods, wares and merchandise in which copper or brass or any other metal is or may be used ; to manufacture, construct and deal in machinery and machine work in all the various branches thereof ; to manufacture, construct and deal in all weapons and munitions of war and any parts of any weapon or munition of war ; to manufacture, construct and deal in all goods, wares and merchandise in which sand, lumber and other materials are or may be used, and generally to carry on the business of a copper and brass company ;

(*b*) To construct or acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to own and operate on its own account or for hire, tugs, barges and other vessels for the towage and conveyance of goods and merchandise of every description by water, and generally for the purposes aforesaid to carry on the business of forwarders, wharfingers and warehousemen ;

(*c*) To acquire, own and operate such motive power as may be deemed necessary in connection with the business of the company, and to sell any surplus power not required for the purposes of the company, subject to such provincial and municipal laws and regulations as may exist ;

(*d*) To carry on any other business, whether designing and planning, manufacturing, selling, warehousing, storing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*e*) To acquire or undertake by purchase, lease or otherwise, from any individual, firm or company, the whole or any part of the business, property, real and personal, and the good-will, franchises, rights, privileges, contracts, assets and liabilities of any and every kind useful or incidental to the business of the company, upon such terms and conditions as may be deemed advisable ; and to pay for the same in cash or part cash or paid up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise, as may be agreed upon, and to sell or otherwise dispose of or otherwise deal with the whole or any portion of the same ;

(*f*) To apply for, maintain, register, lease, acquire and hold or to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any patents of invention, improvements or processes trade marks, trade names and the like, necessary to or beneficial for any of the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To raise or assist in raising money for, or to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities, or otherwise any other company or corporation, with which this company may have business dealings, and to manage and perform any contract undertaken by any such company or corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*h*) To distribute amongst the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*i*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem proper, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company, and to advance money to, guarantee the contracts of and otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares and securities of any such company and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*k*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others, or as factors or agents ;

(*l*) To do all such other things as may be necessary to the due carrying out of the above objects or any of them ;

(*m*) The powers in each paragraph hereof are to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Machine Builders, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 24th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

18–2

La Compagnie de Pneus Roger, Limitée.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of October, 1916, incorporating Wilfrid Joseph George Roger, traveller, Telesphore Leduc, butcher, Charles Romulus Lasalle and Adjutor Saucier, merchants, and Telesphore Yacinthe Ouellette, gentleman, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell, trade and carry on the business of manufacturers of automobiles, automobile tires (pneus), cycles, bicycles, motors, engines, carriages and conveyances of all kinds, and in all articles used in the construction thereof ; to manufacture leather and rubber footwear of every description, and to manufacture, purchase, import, sell and deal in leather, rubber, gutta percha and all products thereof, and all goods, ingredients and compounds in any way relating or appertaining thereto or used in the manufacture thereof ; to buy, sell and deal in hides, raw and manufactured ; to carry on a general tannery business and to buy, sell and deal in all products and raw materials incidental thereto, and to carry on the business of manufacturers of and importers, exporters and dealers in boots, shoes,

and footwear of every kind, and all other goods in any way appertaining to or incidental to the said business ;

(*f*) To apply for, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'inventions, licenses, concessions or the like conferring exclusive or limited right to use any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company and to use, exercise, lease, sell or grant licenses in respect thereof, or otherwise turn to account the property or rights so acquired ;

(*c*) To manufacture, buy, sell, lease, import, export and deal in machinery of all kinds in connection with or incidental to the manufacture of boots, shoes, rubbers, soles, lasts and all kinds of leather, rubber, felt and cloth footwear ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell, import, export and deal in all kinds of blacking, polishing, varnishes, fasteners and other articles of merchandise incidental thereto ;

(*e*) To manufacture machinery required or useful in the business aforesaid and for such purposes to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in brass, gunmetal and iron and to carry on the business of finishers, galvanizers, annealers, electro-platers, cable workers, tin plate makers, machine and implement manufacturers, boiler makers, smiths, perterers, electrical engineers, gas, hot water and steam fitters, joiners, glaziers and tool makers, sawyers, turners, timber merchant and mechanical engineers, and to buy, sell, make, manufacture and convert, import, export and deal in engines and machinery of every description, and all component parts thereof, boilers, rolling stock, metals, woods and glass of all kinds, and any other goods, wares, articles or things necessary or convenient for any of the objects or purposes of the company ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To act as general or special agents for any corporation or company, firm or firms in relation to any of the above matters, and also to act as commission merchants ;

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire or obtain provisional or other protection and licenses, in respect of any inventions or alleged inventions, patents, trade marks, names, designs, copyrights, schemes, contracts, agreements, ideas, secrets or secret processes, and to pay for the same, either wholly or in part, in cash or by paid-up stock or otherwise ;

(*i*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view thereto, so acquire all or any of the shares, bonds, debentures debts or liabilities of such company ;

(*j*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or into arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the businesses, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*m*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others, or as factors or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "La Compagnie de Pneus Roger, Limitée," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of twenty-five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Varnish Specialties of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of October, 1916, incorporating Ralph Erskin Allan, advocate, William Taylor, manager, Bruce Stuart Crombie, secretary, James William Cairns, cashier, and Angus McLeod Murray, clerk, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of wholesale and retail merchants and manufacturers of varnishes, oils and paints, and appliances used in their manufacture, and for that purpose to buy, sell, deal in and manufacture all kinds of appliances and materials used in connection with painting and varnishing. and in general to carry on the business of a paint and varnish manufacture in all its branches ;

(*b*) To apply for, obtain, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, own, use, operate, introduce and sell, assign or otherwise dispose of, any and all trade marks, formulæ, secret processes and trade names, which may be necessary for the purposes of the company ;

(*c*) To manufacture, buy, sell or otherwise deal in appliances, containers, tins, boxes, labels and other articles required in connection with the said business, and to carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's undertakings ;

(*d*) To acquire all or any part of the good-will, rights, property, assets, shares of the capital stock, and bonds and debentures of other corporations, including any option, concession or the like of any individual, firm, association or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of this company, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds or securities, or in payment or part payment therefor to allot and issue, as fully paid up and non-assessable, shares of the capital stock of the company, whether subscribed for or not ;

(*e*) To hold, purchase, or otherwise acquire, or sell, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of, shares of the capital stock and bonds, debentures or other evidences of the indebtedness created by other companies ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, and to sell or otherwise dispose of, the stock, shares, securities or undertaking of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its assets or undertaking to, or to amalgamate with any such company or companies ;

(*g*) To guarantee the payment of dividends or interest on any shares, stock, debentures or other securities

issued by, or any other contract or obligation of any company having dealings with this company, and to guarantee the contracts of any such person, firm or corporation ;

(*h*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the property, assets, rights, undertakings or good-will of the company, and to accept payment for the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds, stock or other securities of any corporation or company ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any firm or company carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To distribute the assets of the company in cash or specie ;

(*k*) To do all acts and exercise all powers, and to carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Varnish Specialties of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under Secretary of State.

The Roy Elevator-Milling Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of October, 1916, incorporating John King, contractor, Marie Clemence King, married woman, Ozias Sabourin, clerk, Francis Peter Germain, grain clerk, and Cedric Martin Dickinson, accountant, all of the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To build, erect, construct and equip with all necessary plant and machinery an hospital elevator and a mill elevator, both within the meaning of the interpretation clause of The Canada Grain Act, 1912, and to do and carry on in said elevators all the business of grain handling, in any and every manner permitted by the said Act and any amendments thereto, to be done, transacted and carried on in such elevators ; and to carry on the business of purchasing, selling, producing, raising, transporting, storing, shipping drying, cleaning, bagging, exporting, importing, milling, trimming, loading into and out of cars and ships, and otherwise dealing in and with grain of every description and the by-products thereof ; to manufacture, buy, own and sell flour and all other products of grain; to construct, acquire, operate, hire, lease, sell or otherwise dispose of elevators for elevating, drying, storing, treating, cleaning grain and the products thereof, and generally to carry on a grain elevator, storage and warehousing business ;

(*b*) To build, equip, furnish, fit, purchase, take in exchange, or otherwise acquire and hold, ships, vessels and boats of any description, or any shares or interests in ships, vessels or boats ; and also shares, stock and securities of any companies possessed of or interested in any ships, vessels or boats, and to operate, navigate, maintain, repair, improve, alter, sell, exchange or let out to hire, or charter or otherwise deal with and dispose of, any ships, vessels, boats or shares or securities aforesaid, and to engage in domestic and foreign commerce by water ;

(*c*) To acquire, build, maintain, manage and otherwise deal with warehouses, factories, cold storage plants, wharves, quays, piers, docks and other plants and conveniences ;

(*d*) To acquire, develop, manage, farm, till and otherwise deal with farming, ranching and grazing lands, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in the products and by-products thereof ;

(*e*) To buy, own, export, import, cart, dray, transport, produce, raise, store, lease, repair, improve, manufacture and sell goods, wares and merchandise of every description ;

(*f*) To purchase, lease, take in exchange or otherwise acquire lands or interests therein, together with any buildings or structures that may be on the said lands or any of them, and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the lands, and all or any buildings and structures that are now or may hereafter be erected thereon, and to improve, alter and manage the said lands and buildings ;

(*g*) To take or hold mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase money on any of the lands, buildings or structures so sold, and to sell or otherwise dispose of said mortgages ;

(*h*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*i*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*j*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, or other person or company with whom the company has business dealings ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*n*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*p*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves,

manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores, dwelling houses, buildings and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*r*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders, present or represented by proxy at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*s*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any other business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to issue in exchange therefor its own stock, bonds or other obligations ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, enchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent, as principal, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To do all such other things as are incidental or condueive to the attainment of the above objects, and of the objects set out in the letters patent or supplementary letters patent ;

(*w*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall in no way be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof, or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Roy Elevator-Milling Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 100,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

18–2

The David Evans Shipping Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of October, 1916, incorporating Tampion Walter Brown London and Mansel Hay Thorburn, merchants, Walter Blundell Johnson, dock manager, James Hill Lawson, solicitor, and Roy Wilfred Ginn, student-at-law, all of the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To construct, hire, charter, load, purchase, manage and work steamships and other vessels of any class and to establish and maintain lines of regular service of steamships or other vessels, and generally to carry on the business of ship owners and the conveyance of mails, passengers, goods and chattels in steamships between such places as the company may from time to time determine, and to enter into contracts for the carriage of mails, passengers, goods and chattels by any means and either by its own vessels or conveyances or by or over the vessels, conveyances and railways of others ;

(*b*) To acquire, erect, construct, operate, maintain and manage for the use of the company or for letting out on hire, dry docks of all classes and all other docks, piers, wharves, quays and other appurtenances and conveniences for the building, repairing or docking of ships and other vessels, and to aid in or contribute to the construction of such works, and to build, fit out and repair ships and vessels of every description ;

(*c*) For the purposes of the company, to carry on the trade or business of mechanical and other engineers, tool makers, brass founders, metal workers, boiler makers, machinists, iron and steel converters, smiths, wood workers, builders, painters, metallurgists and manufacturers of all kinds of machinery, articles and things used in or necessary for the building and equipment of ships and vessels of all kinds, and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in machinery, implements and hardware of all kinds ;

(*d*) To erect, construct, maintain, alter or repair docks, wharves, piers, ships and vessels of every description, and to supply and use any machinery and to carry out any ancillary or other works comprised in any of the above ;

(*e*) To import, export, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions, or otherwise, with any person, persons, partnership, association or corporation; to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any person, association or corporation being customers of or having dealings with the company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such person, association or corporation, and to sell, hold re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same, and to consolidate with or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of this company;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and use, grant licenses or rights of or otherwise turn to account patents, patent rights, licenses, concessions, trade marks, secret processes, british, canadian and foreign, as to any invention, improvements or process which may be considered conducive to the attainment of any of the objects of the company, or which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*i*) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*j*) Generally to purchase, take on lease, hire or otherwise acquire any property wheresoever situated, and any rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and to sell or otherwise dispose of, and turn to account all or any part of the same ;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*l*) To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association or company, possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, or carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conveniently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the company calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to pay for any lands, business, property, rights, privileges and concessions acquired or agreed to be acquired by the company, and

generally to satisfy any payment by or obligations of the company by the issue of shares of this company or any other company credited as fully or partly paid up, or of debentures or other securities of this or any other company credited as fully or partly paid up ;

(*m*) To undertake and carry into effect all such financial, trading or other operations or businesses in connection with the objects of the company as the company may think fit :

(*n*) To subscribe for, take, acquire, hold, sell and give guarantees by way of underwriting or otherwise in relation to stocks, shares, debentures, obligations and securities of any company with which the company has business relations or carrying on a similar business or any supreme, municipal, public or local board of authority, notwithstanding section 44 of The Companies Act ;

(*o*) To sell, lease, exchange, surrender or otherwise deal with, the whole of the undertaking and property and rights of the company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for any shares (whether credited as partly or fully paid up or otherwise) debentures or securities of any other company, and to divide such part or parts as may be determined by the company of the purchase moneys, whether in cash, shares or other equivalent, which may at any time be received by the company on a sale of or other dealing with the whole or part of the property, estate and rights of the company amongst the members of the company by way of dividend or bonus in proportion to their shares, or to the amount paid up on their shares, or otherwise to deal with the same as the company may determine ;

(*p*) To enter into any arrangement with any government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's interest, and to obtain from any such government or authority, or take over from other persons or companies possessed of the same, any rights, privileges, bonuses or concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*q*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, hospitals, stores, shops and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions or allowances and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money or make grants of land to or for any charitable or benevolent objects or purposes or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful objects ;

(*r*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*s*) To issue, make, draw, accept, endorse and negotiate promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, obligations, and all other negotiable and transferable instruments ;

(*t*) To obtain any Act of Parliament or to apply to the executive authority for any order for enabling the company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or application which may seem calculated, directly or indirectly to prejudice the company's interests ;

(*u*) To do all acts and things which may be necessary or desirable in connection with or to procure for the company a legal recognition, domicile and status in any colony, state or territory in which any of its property, estate, effects or rights may be situated, or in which the company may desire to carry on business and to appoint local boards or committees, attorneys or agents with such powers as the directors of the company may determine, to represent the company in any such colony, state or territory ;

(*v*) To distribute any of the assets of the company among its members in specie ;

(*w*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company, and to remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital, or guaranteeing any debenture or other securities of the company in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*x*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them, so that the objects specified in each paragraph of this clause shall, except when otherwise explained in such paragraph, be in no wise restricted or limited by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The David Evans Shipping Company, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Castle Corner, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of October, 1916, incorporating John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, King's counsel, Charles Albert Hale, advocate, Paul Émile Champoux, student-at-law, Edythe Lilian Pearson, Norah Phoebe Smith and Anna Brennan, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise any land, buildings or any interest or rights therein, and to sell, lease, exchange, transfer or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*b*) To construct houses, buildings or works of any description on any lands of the company or upon any other land, and to rebuild, enlarge, alter and improve existing houses, buildings or works thereon, and generally to deal with and improve the property of the company ;

(*c*) To own, exploit, manage and operate theatres, offices, buildings, apartment houses, warehouses, restaurants and hotels ;

(*d*) To undertake the management, administration or sale of the land, buildings or other real property of any other person, firm or corporation ;

(*e*) To subscribe for, take, purchase or in any wise acquire stock, bonds, shares, debentures or other securities, or obligations of any company having objects similar to those of this company ; to vote thereon, and to sell or otherwise dispose thereof, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act ;

(*f*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*g*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, and to guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company ;

(*h*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or attainment of any of the objects herein enumerated ;

(*i*) To remunerate by payment in cash from the funds of the company or, with the approval of the shareholders, in stocks, bonds or otherwise, any person, firm or corporation for services rendered or to be

endered in placing or guaranteeing the placing of any of the stock, debentures or other securities of the company, or for the formation or promotion of the company, or in exchange for any land, buildings or other valuable security ;

(*j*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other, and the company may pursue, enjoy and carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them and no clause above shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Castle Corner, Limited," with a capital stock of four hundred thousand dollars, divided into 4,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Labonté, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of October, 1916, incorporating Joseph Alfred Labonté, grocer, Louis Edgar Deguise, foreman, René Chênevert, barrister-at-law, Arthur Salvas, druggist, and John Fleming Woodcock, agent, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on the business of wholesale and retail dealers in groceries, wines, liquors, spirits, drugs, chemical and pharmaceutical products, spices, extracts, teas, coffees, fruits, provisions, hay, grain, wood, peat and coal, and to carry on generally the business of importers and exporters of grocery goods and act as well as commission merchants of all goods above described and owning and operating vineyards, orchards, lands and buildings for the said purposes in all their respective branches, provided that the exercise of the powers enumerated in this paragraph shall be subject to all provincial and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, manufacture, exchange, import, export and deal in all kinds of articles and things which may be required for the purpose of the business of the company, or which may seem capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with its business ;

(*c*) To purchase bonds and dispose of real estate, erect, construct and operate works, buildings, warehouses, cold storages, machinery and plant for the purposes of the said business and to act as agents for manufacturers and dealers in any of the material herein mentioned or those of a similar nature ;

(*d*) To acquire, lease and dispose of trade marks, patent rights, formulæ, recipes, privileges or authorities for or in respect of any invention which may be deemed useful to the company, in connection with such business, and to acquire and work any patents of invention or any license to use any invention which may be of use in connection with the said business, and to sell, lease and dispose of the same ;

(*e*) To acquire and take over, as a going concern, the good-will, rights, property and assets and to undertake the whole or any part of the liabilities or engagements of any concern, at present or in future belonging to any private individual or company, incorporated or otherwise, carrying on business similar in whole or in part to that of the company and to pay for the same in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise ; to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act.

(*f*) To sell and dispose of any part of the undertakings and assets of the company for such consideration as the company may think fit, including shares, debentures or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*g*) To amalgamate, share profits, unite or co-operate with any person or persons or company engaged in or about to carry on any business which the company is authorized to carry on ;

(*h*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the due carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertakings

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Labonté, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Montreal Suspender & Umbrella Manufacturing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of October, 1916, incorporating Henri Beaudry and Jules Beaudry, manufacturers, and Casimir Dessaulles, advocate, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec ; Joseph Beaudry, of the City of Outremont, in the said Province of Quebec, manufacturer, and John Hepworth, of the Town of Lachine, in the said Province of Quebec, merchant, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, tan and treat and to purchase, sell and otherwise deal in leather of all kinds ; to manufacture, weave, treat and prepare for trade elastic and non-elastic cords, web, webbing and tape, yarn and other fabrics of whatever material made and articles manufactured therefrom ; to manufacture, purchase, sell and otherwise deal in suspenders, garters, belts, chains, bands, trusses, fasteners, bandages, weight-carrying appliances and any other articles made of rubber, leather, metal or any other material, and all component parts of such articles ; to manufacture, purchase, sell and otherwise deal in umbrellas, parasols, umbrella parts, canes and all component parts of such articles; to manufacture, purchase, sell or otherwise deal in hand bags, satchels, bags, purses, portfolios, valises, trunks, kits, whether made of leather, canvas, wood, metal or any other material ; to manufacture, purchase, and sell or otherwise deal in knitted goods, hosiery and underwear ; and to deal in and carry on the business of manufacturing cotton and other fibrous substances, wool, linen, yarn, textile fabrics of every description and to bleach, dye, print and otherwise convert the raw products, yarn or manufactured goods;

(*b*) To construct, purchase or otherwise acquire and to sell, lease, use and operate manufactories of any and every one of the goods and articles above mentioned ;

(*c*) To acquire, hold, lease and use, alienate and convey all property, real or personal, that may be deemed useful in connection with any business or operation which the company is authorized to carry on ;

(*d*) To acquire, hold, alienate, lease and operate patents of invention, licenses, manufacturing processes or devices, secrets of trade, concessions or privileges that may be deemed useful in connection with any of its operations or undertakings ;

(*e*) To make and issue fully paid-up stock, shares or bonds of the company, whether subscribed or not, and allot and hand over such stock, shares or bonds in pay-

ment for property, real or personal, patent or other rights, business, or good-will thereof, plant or materials of any kind acquired by the company ;

(*f*) With the approval of the shareholders, to pay for the services rendered to the company in selling or underwriting its stock, bonds or other securities either in cash or in paid-up stock, or partly in cash and partly in paid-up stock ;

(*g*) Notwithstanding section 44 of The Companies Act, to acquire, hold, deal with and dispose of shares, bonds or other securities of any other company any of whose powers are within the scope of those of the company or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company ;

(*i*) To acquire, hold, use, and operate as a going concern the manufactory, business and undertaking and the property real and personal, and the good-will of the commercial partnership between the said Henri Beaudry and Joseph Beaudry at present doing business in the City of Montreal under the name of Montreal Suspender & Umbrella Manufacturing Company;

(*j*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company any of whose objects are within the scope of those of the company;

(*k*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Montreal Suspender & Umbrella Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

18–2

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act withdrawn the southwest quarter of Section 36, Township 39, Range 11, west of the 5th Meridian, from the operations of the said Act which relate to homestead and pre-emption entry, and entry by private sale, and has set the same apart as School Lands in place of the northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 40, Range 11, west of the 5th Meridian, for which homested entry is claimed on the ground of settlement prior to survey.

By order,

LYNDWODE L. PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1916. 17–4

SCHEME OF PENSIONS APPLICABLE TO NAVAL SERVICE.

OTTAWA, 18th Oct., 1916.

ORDER in Council P.C. 1712 of the 21st July, 1915, establishing Naval Rates of Pensions hereby cancelled ; Rates of Pensions now applicable to the Naval Service have been established by Order in Council P.C. 1334 of the 3rd June, 1916, and P.C. 2442 of the 11th October, 1916. 17–2

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada:—

Five Assistant Analysts for temporary employment in the Laboratory of the Department of Inland Revenue, at a salary at the rate of $1,300 per annum, with a view to their permanent appointment, if there services prove satisfactory, in Subdivision A of the Second Division, at an initial salary of $1,600 per annum. The work consists in the microscopic and chemical analysis of food stuffs. Candidates are required to be graduates of some recognized university, and to have had at least one year's experience in chemical work since graduation.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 13th day of November next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 19th October, 1916. 17–4

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

OTTAWA, 13th October, 1916.

Special Fisheries Regulations for the Province of Ontario —Amendment.

BY Order in Council P.C. 2467, dated the 11th October, 1916, the Special Fisheries Regulations for the Province of Ontario are amended as follows :—

"Subsection (*a*) of section 13 of the Special Fisheries Regulations for the Province of Ontario, adopted by Order in Council of the 29th October, 1915, and subsection (*b*) of this section as amended by Order in Council of the 23rd September, 1916, shall be and the same are hereby so amended as not to apply to fishing by means of angling."

17–2

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

OTTAWA, 12th Oct., 1916.

Special Fisheries Regulations for Province of Nova Scotia —Amendment.

BY Order in Council, P.C. 2468, of the 11th October, 1916, the special Fisheries Regulations for the Province of Nova Scotia are amended as follows :—

10A.—PROHIBITIONS.

The use of spears of any kind in fishing for eels or other fish is prohibited along that portion of the route of the cable of the Commercial Cable Company from Horne's Point to the mouth of Gaspereaux Brook, both inclusive, Guysboro County. 17–2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 92 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 42.*)

bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(310) Bay of Fundy—Lurcher shoal—Lightship replaced on her station.

Former notice.—No. 72 (240) of 1916.
Lightship on station.—The lightship maintained on Lurcher shoal, which has been off her station temporarily while undergoing repairs, has been replaced on her station.

N. to M. No. 92 (310) 26-9-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 352, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 237.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 198.
Departmental File: No. 20198M.

QUEBEC.

(311) Chaleur bay—Little Bonaventure—Change in position of light.

Former notice.—No. 139 (456) of 1914.
New position.—Little Bonaventure pole light has been moved on to the breakwater, 182 feet from its outer end; and 285 feet 117° (S. 38° 30′ E. mag.) from its old position.
Lat. N. 48° 3′ 59″, Long. W. 65° 32′ 41″
Character.—Fixed red light.
Elevation.—22 feet.
Visibility.—6 miles from all points of approach by water.
Structure.—Pole, with white shed at base.

N. to M. No. 92 (311) 26-9-16.

Variation in 1916: 24° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Mr. J. A. Smith, District Engineer, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1715 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 316.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 965.5
Departmental File: No. 20965.5L.

ST. PIERRE ISLAND.

(312) Galantry head—Fog siren in normal working order.

Fog siren in working order.—The fog siren on Galantry head is now in normal working order.
Whenever the siren is out of order, a gun at the lighthouse will be fired once every half hour.
Position of lighthouse.—Lat. N. 46° 45′ 43″, Long. W. 56° 9′ 36″

N. to M. No. 92 (312) 26-9-16.

Authority: Letter from Mr. C. E. Bonin, Consul General for France.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 303, 893, 232a, 2516 and 2666.
Publication: Newfoundland Pilot, 1907, page 115.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Page 184.
Departmental File: No. 31738.

ENGLAND.

(313) South coast—Isle of Wight—The Needles—Obstruction reported southward of.

Position.—At a distance of about 6 miles southward of the Needles rocks.
Lat. 50° 33′ 40″ N., Long. 1° 33′ 40″ W.
Description.—A submerged obstruction, over which a depth of 20 feet is reported.

N. to M. No. 92 (313) 26-9-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 992 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2045, 2450, 2675b and 1598.
Publication: Channel Pilot, Part 1, 1908, page 179.

(314) Notice to all masters, shipowners and others concerned.

The attention of all Masters or other persons in command or charge of vessels is directed to the duty of obeying promptly and strictly all orders, whether by way of signal or otherwise, given by any Officer in Command of any of His Majesty's Ships or by any Naval or Military Officer engaged in the defence of the coast. Cases have been reported to the British Admiralty in which British Merchant vessels have wilfully disregarded the Orders given by Patrol Boats, &c., and it is therefore considered necessary to remind all persons concerned of the penalties provided for such acts of disobedience.

Where vessels neglect to obey Orders so given the person in charge is liable to prosecution under the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations 1914, and upon conviction to be fined £100 or imprisoned for six months or, where the disobedience was of an aggravated kind, to suffer both penalties.

It should also be noted that failure to obey orders may necessitate the seizure and detention of the vessel, when found in any port of the United Kingdom subsequently to the time at which the act of disobedience was committed.

N. to M. No. 92 (314) 26-9-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 990 of 1916.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 26th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

17-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 93 of 1916.

(Pacific No. 23.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(315) Vancouver island—Southeast coast—Victoria harbour—Westward of Pelly island—Channel rock—Buoy withdrawn.

Position.—Westward of Pelly island.

Buoy discontinued.—Channel rock black platform buoy will be withdrawn without further notice, the rock having been dredged out to the same depth as the channel.

N. to M. No. 93 (315)28-9-16

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1897b, 576 and 2840.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 64.
List of Buoys and Beacons in British Columbia, 1916: No. 115.
Departmental File: No. 28240.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(315) Vancouver island—Southeast coast—Victoria harbour—Off Songhies point—Beaver rock—Buoy withdrawn.

Position.—Off Songhies point.

Buoy discontinued.—On 18th October, 1916, Beaver (Tuzo) rock black spar buoy will be withdrawn without further notice, the rock having been dredged out to the same depth as the channel.

N. to M. No. 93 (316) 28-9-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1897b, 576 and 2840.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 64.
List of Buoys and Beacons in British Columbia, 1916: No. 118.
Departmental File: No. 13285

JAPAN.

(317) Gulf of Tokyo—Uraga Suido—Ashika Jima—Beacon light established.

Position.—On Ashika Jima.
Lat. N. 35° 12′ 51″, Long. E.139° 44′ 19″

Character.—Flashing white light, showing one flash every 3 seconds.

Elevation.—48 feet.

Visibility.—11½ miles from all points of approach.

Power.—150 candles.

Illuminant.—Acetylene.

Structure.—Lower part concrete, upper part iron latticework, painted black.

Remarks.—The light is unwatched, and if extinguished there may be some delay in relighting.

N to M. No. 93 (317) 28-9-16.

Authority: Notiee No. 688 of Dept. of Communications, Japan

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 28th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

17-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 94 of 1916

(Inland No. 29)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO

(318) Georgian bay, north side—Killarney harbour—Change in positions and colour of buoys at western entrance.

Former notice.—No. 51 (180) of 1916.

The three spar buoys marking the dredged channel at the western entrance to Killarney harbour will hereafter be moored on the north side of the channel in the under-mentioned positions; and the colour of these three buoys will be changed from black to red.

(1) *Position of easterly buoy.*—On north side of channel, 400 feet westward of Le Haye point.

Lat. N. 45° 58′ 18″, Long. W. 81° 31′ 29″

Colour.—Red.

(2) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, 0.15 mile westward of Le Haye point.

Lat. N. 45° 58′ 21″, Long. W. 81° 31′ 35″

Colour.—Red.

(3) *Position of westerly buoy.*—On north side of dredged channel at its west end, 0.25 mile westward of Le Haye point.

Lat. N. 45° 58′ 26″, Long. W. 81° 31′ 41″

Note.—The channel past Killarney will hereafter be treated as a through channel leading upstream from the east entrance.

N. to M. No. 94 (318) 30-9-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 86.
Publication: Sailing Directions for the Canadian shores of Lake Huron and Georgian Bay, 1915, pages 349, 350 and 351.
Departmental File: No. 36940.

ONTARIO

(319) Georgian bay, north side—Western approach to Killarney —Ann Long bank—Change in colour of buoy.

Former notice.—No. 50 (179) of 1913.

Position.—Marks the northwest extreme of Ann Long bank.

Lat. N. 45° 58′ 22″, Long. W. 81° 32′ 38″

Change in colour of buoy.—The colour of the spar buoy will, without further notice, be changed from red to black. (See note above).

N to M. No. 94 (319) 30-9-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 86.
Publication: Sailing Directions for the Canadian shores of Lake Huron and Georgian Bay, 1915, page 349.
Departmental File: No. 30279.

ONTARIO

(320) Lake Superior—Thunder bay—Fort William—Mission channel entrance—Dredging.

Former notice.—No. 39 (142) of 1916.

Dredging.—The northerly 450 feet of the dredged channel in Thunder bay leading to Mission channel has been dredged by the Department of Public Works of Canada to a depth of 25 feet below the zero of the harbour gauge, which is 601.86 feet above Mean Tide level, New York.

An additional width of 100 feet, having a least depth of 21 feet, is available bordering the deep channel on its south side, or between it and the Mission channel revetment wall. Adjacent to the wall the depth of water varies from 15 to 25 feet.

N. to M. No. 94 (320

Authority: Report from Mr. H. B. R. Craig, District Engineer, P.W. Dept.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 101.
Publication: U.S.H.O. Publication No. 108A, 1906, page 82.
Departmental File: No. 37273.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

(321) Lake Huron—Calcite—Gas buoy established.

Position.—Off the entrance to the port of Calcite.

Date of establishment.—About 25th September, 1916.

Description.—Conical buoy, with skeleton superstructure.

Character of light.—Occulting red light, visible 5 seconds and eclipsed 5 seconds alternately.

Elevation.—10 feet.

Power.—25 candles.

N. to M. No. 94 (321) 30-9-16.

Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M. No. 39 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 519, and 678.
Publication: U.S.H.O. Publication No. 108C, 1907, page 58.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 30th September, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

17-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 95 of 1916.

(Inland No. 30.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO—MICHIGAN.

(322) River St. Mary—Sault Ste. Marie canals—Draft limit for vessels destined for passage through lake St. Clair.

Draft limit for vessels.—Owing to the lowering of water at this season of the year, in order to guard against grounding of vessels in the lake St. Clair channels, the draft limit for vessels passing through the Sault Ste. Marie canals and destined for passage through lake St. Clair has been fixed by the United States Government at twenty feet four inches.

No vessel drawing more than twenty feet four inches will be permitted to pass through lake St. Clair.

N. to M. No. 95 (322) 4-10 16.

Authority: Telegram from Wm. Livingstone, Esq., President Lake Carriers' Association.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 324, 320 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108 A, 1906, pages to 26.
Departmental File: No. 28025.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(323) Lake Erie—Erie harbour approach—Wreck of "Rob Roy" lighted.

Position.—In about 7 fathoms water, about $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles northeast of the entrance to Erie harbour, with her spars showing above water.

Light on wreck.—A fixed white light is shown on the wreck.

N. to M. No. 95 (323) 4-10-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commeree N. to M. No. 39 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 332 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publieation No. 108D, 1907, page 32.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(324) River St. Mary, upper end—Middle ground above Round island—Bell buoy to replace spar buoy.

Date.—About 10th October, 1916.

Position.—A bell buoy will be established at east end of Middle ground, River St. Mary, near the intersection of the range lines of the Brush point and Cedar point range lights, and at the junction of the main channel with Bay Mills channel, replacing Middle ground east end spar buoy.

Colour.—Red and black in horizontal bands.

N. to M. No. 95 (324) 4-10-16.

Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commeree N. to M. No. 39 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 324 and 320.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108A, 1906, page 30.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE.
OTTAWA, CANADA, 4th Oetober, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other faets affeeting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such eommunications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 17-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 96 of 1916

(Atlantic No. 43)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0 (North) to 360°, measured elockwise, followed by the magnetie bearing in degrees in braekets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(325) Bay of Fundy—Quaco lightstation—Storm signals discontinued.

The storm signals heretofore displayed from a mast east of the lighthouse have been discontinued and the mast taken down.

N. to M. No. 96 (325) 5-10-16.

Authority: The Director, Meteorological Service, Toronto.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 353, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, pages 12 and 318.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 118.
Departmental File: No. 13999.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(326) South coast—Southward of Betty island—Uncharted shoal.

Position—162° 30′ (S. 4° W. mag.) 4200 feet from Betty island lighthouse.

Lat. N. 44° 25′ 42″, Long. W. 63° 45′ 36″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal.

Summit of Aspotogan	0°	
Dover lighthouse	17°	50′
Betty island lighthouse	31	20
Hospital Hill triangulation station	70	25
South tangent of Mars head	20	35

Depth.—5½ fathoms.

Description.—Flat rock, area under 10 fathoms 10 yards across, only one cast of 5½ fathoms. Half a cable off or to the south of the shoal the depth is over 30 fathoms. The shoal breaks in heavy sea.

N. to M. No. 96 (326) 5-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 21° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 343, 730, 1651, 2666 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 148.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

QUEBEC.

(327) River St. Lawrence—Westward of Les Mechins—Uncharted rock.

Position.—About 3 cables from the shore, about 2 miles westward of Les Mechins.

Lat. N. 49° 0′ 15″, Long. W. 67° 2′ 50″

The rock bears 243° (S. 88° W. mag.) 12.8 miles from cap Chat lighthouse.

Clearing line.—Cap Chat seen open to the northward of Cape Michaux and bearing 64° (N. 89° E. mag.), clears it to the northward in about 20 fathoms water.

Depth.—5 feet.

Description.—The rock is about 30 feet square, with 16 and 20 fathoms close-to, north of it, and 7 fathoms south of it.

N. to M. No. 96 (327) 5-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 25° W.
Authority: Report from Mr. C. Savary, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 307 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916, page 108.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN.

(328) South of Newfoundland—Westward of Miquelon islands—Derelict.

Position.—Thirty miles west of Miquelon islands, approximately in Lat. N. 46° 50′, Long. W. 57° 10′.

Derelict.—The schooner "Airs" waterlogged and abandoned.

Date.—Reported on 27th September, 1916.

N. to M. No. 96 (328) 5-10-16.

Authority: Telegram from British Consul, St. Pierre, 27th Sept., 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 232a, 2516 and 2666.
Departmental File: No. 14191.

ENGLAND.

(329) West coast—River Mersey—North Wall lighthouse—Alteration in fog signal.

Position.—Lat. 53° 27′ N., long. 3° 01′ W.

Alteration.—The siren has been altered to give a group of *two* short blasts with an interval of five seconds between them, *every minute.*

N. to M. No. 96 (329) 5-10-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 1024 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 3477, 1951 and 1170b
Publication: W. C. England Pilot, 1910, page 388.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 5th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

17-2

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

PRICE

AGRICULTURE

Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp. 0.15
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for October, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus.. ..... 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, septembre 1916, 108 pp. illus..... ..... 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, July, 1916, 332 pp. 11 x 8..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription..... 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, August, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Drainage de la ferme (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 41, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Alimentation des porcs (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 60, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Râteliers et crèches à moutons (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 66, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Flax for fibre (Division of Botany). Bulletin No. 28. Free.
* Finish the Feeders in Canada (Live Stock Branch). Pamphlet No. 20. Free.
* Beurre, La fabrication du (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 69, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Cultivateurs, conservez votre fumier (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 55. Gratuit.
* Conseils pour la saison—novembre 1916 (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). 16 pp. Gratuit.
* L'Occasion qui s'offre aux èleveurs canadiens—discours prononcé par monsieur John Bright, 18 pp. Gratuit.
* Charpente de la grange (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 92, 4 pp. Gratuit.

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Falsification des substances alimentaires : Rapports, Etats et statistiques des Revenus de l'Intérieur pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916. Partie III, 604 pp.. ..... 0.30
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INTERIOR—*Continued.*

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* 3rd Divisional Ammunition Column, nominal roll of officers and men, " "
* 50th Battalion (Reinforcing Draft), " " " "
* 58th " and " " " " "
* 64th " " " " "
* 73th " " " " "
* 78th " and Reinforcing Draft, " " " "

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1916-17 **1916-17**

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th September, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.			1915.	1916.
	LIABILITIES.		$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—				
Payable in New York				75,357,000 00
do in Canada			757,960 94	118,645,070 94
do in London			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Temporary Loans			150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes			152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
SAVINGS BANKS—	1915.	1916.		
Post Office Savings Banks	$38,302,646 32	$40,930,124 46		
Dominion Government Savings Banks	13 939,801 94	13,572,826 03		
			52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Trust Funds			10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Province Accounts			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts			28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total Gross Debt			774,896,755 36	1,071,637,373 51
	ASSETS.			
INVESTMENTS—				
Sinking Funds			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Other Investments			107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS			168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total Assets			290,055,121 63	391,381,928 61
Total Net Debt 30th September			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
do do to 31st August			472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Increase of Debt			12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of September, 1915.	Total to 30th September, 1915	Month of September, 1916.	Total to 30th September, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Excise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Post Office	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Miscellaneous	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
EXPENDITURE	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	14,541,003 47	44,427,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	3,481,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Railway Subsidies	155,032 00	723,021 14		363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance.

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 4th October, 1916. 15-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,773 25	Gold held September 30, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,141,023 24
Fractional	985,848 04		
$1	14,247,509 00		
$2	10,481,046 50		
$4	45,919 00		
$5	2,931,112 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50	10,250 00	10 p.c. on $54,502,944.49 under The Savings Banks Act	5,450,294 45
$100	2,000 00		
$500	1,974,000 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,690,728 79
$1,000	4,223,000 00		
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	200,500 00		
$1,000 " " "	1,274,000 00		
$5,000 " " "	137,900,000 00		
	$ 174,302,958 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,301 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,773 25

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th October, 1916.

16-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of September, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	848,287 62	
Malt Liquor	11,641 35	
Malt	197,582 10	
Tobacco	982,648 53	
Cigars	62,461 36	
Manufactures in Bond	15,642 83	
Acetic Acid	741 27	
Seizures	468 58	
Other Receipts	4,338 38	
Total Excise Revenue		2,123,812 02
Methylated Spirits		13,178 28
Ferry		
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,472 52
Gas Inspection		7,153 80
Electric Light Inspection		4,427 75
Law Stamps		406 35
Other Revenues		803 01
War Tax		76,366 22
Grand Total Revenue		2,237,619 95

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 23rd October, 1916.

18-tf

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of August, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts.	CR.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36	WITHDRAWALS during the month	691,788 19	
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,172,945 57			
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer				
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	3,672 24			
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,860 45	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st August, 1916.	41,086,063 43	
	41,777,851 62		41,777,851 62	

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th October, 1916.

18-tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirtieth September, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 31st August, 1916.	Deposits September, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for September, 1916.	Balance on September 30, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	582,110 44	10,601 00	592,711 44	7,691 35	585,020 09
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,189,144 19	23,653 25	1,212,797 44	23,411 49	1,189,385 95
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,975,893 13	25,240 00	2,001,133 13	39,803 42	1,961,329 71
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	276,689 38	1,666 00	278,355 38	7,083 23	271,272 15
St. John	5,473,001 64	56,366 13	5,529,367 77	85,637 25	5,443,730 52
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	136,438 70	410 00	136,848 70	2,355 67	134,493 03
Guysboro'	119,066 40	795 00	119,861 40	2,129 61	117,731 79
Halifax	2,531,589 28	38,569 33	2,570,158 61	51,338 32	2,518,820 29
Kentville	231,494 19	5,677 00	237,171 19	3,007 61	234,163 58
Lunenburg	418,602 40	3,401 00	422,003 40	3,857 65	418,145 75
Port Hood	90,958 46	123 00	91,081 46	3,760 71	87,320 75
Shelburne	226,993 39	1,963 52	228,956 91	2,892 46	226,064 45
Sherbrooke	101,693 96	806 89	102,500 85	701 43	101,799 42
Wallace	135,851 17	1,683 00	137,534 17	862 31	136,671 86
Totals	13,489,526 73	170,955 12	13,660,481 85	234,532 51	13,425,949 34

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT
OTTAWA, 25th October, 1916.

18-tf

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUÉBEC, ON THE 30th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1916.

	CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand. 1	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand. 2	Other deposits payable on demand. 3	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 4	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 5	Other deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 6	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Trust. 7	Liabilities not included under the foregoing heads. 8	Total Liabilities.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	cts.
City and District Savings Bank	2,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	348,001 86					32,040,833 83	180,000 00	60,105 72	32,628,941 41
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec	1,000,000 00	250,000 00				140,000 00	11,200 00	10,460,905 23	83,000 00	631,020 79	11,326,126 02
Total	3,000,000 00	1,250,000 00	348,001 86			140,000 00	11,200 00	42,501,739 06	263 000 00	691,126 51	43,955,067 43

ASSETS.

	Dominion, Provincial and other public securities. 1	Cash in hand and on deposit in chartered banks 2	Canadian municipal bonds or securities, schools bonds or debentures and securities approved by Treasury Board. 3	Other bonds, debentures and securities. 4	Loans to governments, municipal corporations, fabriques de paroisses, syndics pour l'erection d'eglises and corporations on resolutions of their boards of directors. 5	Loans for which bank stocks are held as collateral security. 6	Loans for which stocks, bonds, debentures or securities other than bank stocks are held as collateral security. 7	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund investments. 8	Investments in bank stock made previous to the incorporation of the bank. 9	Bank premises. 10	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads. 11	Total Assets
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts
City and District Savings Bank	3,288,048 91	6,633,317 89	14,601,240 28	1,329,889 03		1,314,702 36	6 869,878 39	180,000 00		475,000 00	240,418 13	34,932,494 90
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec	1,421,333 73	1,290,851 41	4,387,587 22	1,939,533 33		454,127 60	2,885,961 65	83,000 00	9 600 00	140,000 00	223,002 63	12,834,997 57
Total	4,709,382 64	7,924 169 30	18,988,827 50	3,269,422 36		1,768,829 96	9,755,839 95	263,000 00	9,600 00	615,000 00	463,420 76	47,767,492 47

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 24th October, 1916.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
18-tf

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE.*

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules:

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."

2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch); subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy; the amount of which should be calculated as follows:

First insertion:	
Flat charge for title and signature	$1 00
Add two cents per word actual count	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words	.....
Other insertions:	
Flat charge for title and signature	0 50
Add one cent per word actual count	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions:—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws, etc.—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, etc.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thurs days will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette.*

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Committee until there has been filed with that committee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, township, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a*.) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar character within, or in any way affecting the district, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b*.) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordina y "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(*7*) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

untention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Newton Salter, of the Village of Winchester, in the County of Dundas and Province of Ontario, labourer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Elizabeth Salter, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Winchester, in the Province of Ontario, this first day of June, A.D. 1916.

JOHN NEWTON SALTER,
Winchester P.O.,
9-14 Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13–14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solicitors for applicant

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Austin Barnwell, of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Albert, locomotive foreman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Clara Carey Barnwell, of the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Calgary, this 27th day of July, 1916.

W. C. POLLARD,
Clarence Block, Calgary, Alberta,
6–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lauilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
17–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
18–14 Solicitor for applicant.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hareby given that the Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to change its name and to amend and extend its powers.

Montreal, 17th October, 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
18-5 Solicitors for applicant.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

THE Canadian Northern Western Railway Company hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registration District of Northern Alberta at Edmonton, a description of the site, plans and elevation of bridge proposed to be buiit across the Sturgeon River, in S.E. quarter of twenty-three (23), Township fifty-six (56), Range twenty-three (23), west of the Fourth Meridian, in the Province of Alberta.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Canadian Northern Western Railway Company will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval to the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said bridge across Sturgeon River.

Dated at Winnipeg this 29th day of September, A.D. 1916.

CANADIAN NORTHERN WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By CLARK & JACKSON
15-4 (Its solicitors).

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 105.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of twelve per cent (12 %) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the three months ending 31st October, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Wednesday, the first day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st October, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. HAY,
General manager.

Toronto, 20th September, 1916. 14–5

THE STERLING BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and one half per cent (1½%) for the quarter ending 31st October, inst., (being at the rate of six per cent (6%) per annum), on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches of the Bank on and after the 15th day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed on the 17th of October to the 31st of October, both days inclusive.

By order of the board.

A. H. WALKER.
General manager.

Toronto, 27th September, 1916. 14–5

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 117.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum) upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current quarter, and will be payable at the Bank and its branches on nd after Friday, the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record of 15th November.

By order of the Board.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, P.Q., 17th October, 1916. 17–6

THE VANCOUVER, FRASER VALLEY AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of The Vancouver, Fraser Valley and Southern Railway Company will be held at the offices of the company, 425 Carrall Street, Vancouver, B.C., on Friday, the 10th day of November, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon.

Dated at Vancouver, the 4th day of October, 1916.

J. V. ARMSTRONG,
16-4 Secretary.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

THE Imperial Oil Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the County of Halifax at Halifax, Nova Scotia, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf proposed to be built in the harbour of Halifax in front of lands adjoining Fort Clarence to the southward on the eastern side of said harbour.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, the Imperial Oil Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Halifax aforesaid this 11th day of October, 1916.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, LIMITED,
McINNES, MELLISH, FULTON & KENNY,
Solicitors,
16–4 Halifax, N.S.

CITY OF BRANTFORD.

NOTICE is hereby given that upon the expiration of one month from the date of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the application can be heard, an application will be made on behalf of the City of Brantford, to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, for a recommendation to the Governor in Council for the sanction of an agreement dated 28th June, 1916, between the said City and the Lake Erie & Northern Railway Company for the sale by the said City to the said Railway Company of a portion of the Grand Valley Railway (so called) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the said agreement.

This notice is given pursuant to the provisions of section 361 of The Railway Act, R.S.C., 1906, chapter 37, and Statutes of Canada, 6-7 George V (1916), chapter 42, section 6.

Dated 10th October, 1916.

H. F. LEONARD,
16–5 City Clerk, City of Brantford.

THE QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Bank will be held at the head office of the said Bank in the City of Quebec, Que., on Tuesday the 28th day of November, A.D. 1916, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering an agreement for the sale by the said The Quebec Bank of its assets to The Royal Bank of Canada, upon the terms set out in such agreement, a copy of which will be mailed to each shareholder with this notice, and, if deemed advisable, of passing a resolution or resolutions approving the said agreement and authorizing the President and General Manager of the Quebec Bank to affix to said agreement the corporate seal of the Bank and to sign and execute the same for and in the name of, and on behalf of the Bank; and also for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, of passing all such other and further resolutions for fully carrying out the said agreement and the terms thereof as the shareholders shall consider expedient or advisable, and for the purpose of authorizing the board of directors to give all such notices and make all such applications and to pass and execute all such other acts, resolutions, deeds, instruments, matters and things as may be deemed necessary for procuring the assent of the Governor in Council to the said agreement, and for carrying out the same and distributing the proceeds of the said sale.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.
Quebec, 10th October, 1916. 16–7

THE SAINT JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE—The Saint John and Quebec Railway Company has deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and the Registrar of Kings County, Province of New Brunswick, a plan and description of the site of the proposed bridge across the Jones' Creek in the Parish of Greenwich, County of Kings, in the Province of New Brunswick, mile 57.

Take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Saint John and Quebec Railway Company will apply to the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plan and for permission to construct the said bridge.

THE SAINT JOHN AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY,
EDWARD GIROUARD,
Secretary.

Dated at Fredericton, N.B., this 27th day of September, 1916. 15–4

THE MOLSONS BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Molsons Bank will be held at its banking-house, in this City, on Monday the 6th of November next at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By the order of the Board.

EDWARD C. PRATT,
General manager.
Montreal, 4th October, 1916. 15–4

CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of The Pension Fund Societies Act, chapter 123, R.S.C., La Société de la Caisse de Retraite de la Banque d'Hochelaga has been incorporated according to the said Act, and that its principal place of business is situated at civic No. 112, St. James, at Montreal.

Ernest Guimont is the secretary of the society, upon whom all legal process may be served.

Montreal, this 3rd October, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

LA SOCIÉTÉ DE LA CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA,
ERNEST GUIMONT,
15-4 Secretary.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, CHAPTER 115.

THE Empire Elevator Company, Limited, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company hereby give notice that they have, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Thunder Bay at the City of Port Arthur, Ontario, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf or dock proposed to be built in Thunder Bay, at the mouth of the Kaministiquia River, on a portion of the water lot or lands covered by the waters of Thunder Bay lying east and in front of lots 17 and 18 in Concession "K" of the Township of Neebing Additional, now in the City of Fort William in the District of Thunder Bay.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Empire Elevator Company, Limited, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf and dock.

Dated at Fort William, Ontario, this sixth day of October, 1916.

EMPIRE ELEVATOR CO. LTD., AND CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.,
Per MORRIS & BABE,
16–4 Their solicitors.

THE QUEBEC BANK.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at its banking-house in this city, and at its branches, on and after Friday, the first day of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec, 24th October, 1916. 18–5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and a quarter per cent (2¼ %) (being at the rate of 9 % per annum) has been declared by the directors of the Banque d'Hochelaga, on the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, for the quarter ending on the 30th day of November, 1916. This dividend, bearing No. 103, will be payable at the head office, or at the branches of the Bank, on or after the first of December, 1916, to the shareholders of record on the 15th of November, 1916.

By order of the Board,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
General manager.

18–5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current quarter, also a bonus of one per cent., both payable on and after Friday, the first day of December next, to shareholders of record of 31st October, 1916.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution, on Monday, the fourth day of December next.

The Chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
General manager.

Montreal, 20th October, 1916. 18–5

BANK OF HAMILTON.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (twelve per cent per annum) on the paid-up capital of the bank, for the quarter ending 30th November, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on 1st December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 23rd to the 30th November, both inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. P. BELL,
General manager.

Hamilton, 23rd October, 1916. 18–5

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 119.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of eight per cent per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of the Union Bank of Canada has been declared for the current quarter, together with a bonus of one per cent, and that the same will be payable at its banking house in the City of Winnipeg, and also at its branches, on and after Friday, the 1st day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

G. H. BALFOUR,
General manager.

Winnipeg, 19th October, 1916. 18–4

THE BANK OF OTTAWA.

DIVIDEND No. 101.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has this day been declared for the current three months, and that the said dividend will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Friday, the first day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 17th of November next.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the banking house in this City, on Wednesday, the 20th day of December next, the chair to be taken at 3 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
General manager.

Ottawa, Ont., 16th October, 1916. 18–5

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND No. 141.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and three-quarters per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of eleven per cent pe annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day of November next.

By order of the Board,

THOS. F. HOW,
General manager.

The Bank of Toronto,
Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

THE HOME BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 40.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of five per cent (5%) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the three months ending the 30th November, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Friday the 1st of September, 1916. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th of November to the 30th of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. COOPER MASON,
Acting general manager.

Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

GUARANTY TRUST CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 27th day of October, 1916, there was deposited in the office of the Secretary of State for the Dominion of Canada, a duly executed agreement dated October 2, 1916, supplemental to lease dated November 23, 1910, between the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, and The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company; The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company; The Michigan Central Railroad Company; The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company, and the Chicago, Indiana and Southern Railroad Company, under the New York Central Lines Equipment Trust of 1910, in pursuance of chapter 38 of the Statutes of Canada for 1907, being An Act to amend The Railway Act and amendments thereto.

Dated October 27, 1916.

ALBERT H. HARRIS,
Vice-president and general counsel.

18–2

COPELAND-CHATTERSON-CRAIN, LIMITED.

By-law No. 40.

WHEREAS the company's offices have heretofore been at Toronto but they have been removed to the Town of Brampton, and it is desirable to change the head office or chief place of business of the company,—

Now therefore be it enacted as by-law of Copeland-Chatterson-Crain Limited that hereafter the head office and chief place of business in Canada of the company shall be Brampton, Ontario.

Passed this 16th day of May, 1916.

[L.S.] R. J. COPELAND,
President.
W. J. WHARIN,
Secretary.

—

I, William J. Wharin, secretary-treasurer of Copeland-Chatterson-Crain Limited, hereby certify that at a meeting of shareholders of the said company duly called for the purpose and held at Toronto on the 16th day of May, 1916, the by-law above set out, changing the head office of the company from Toronto to Brampton, was read and was unanimously approved of by the shareholders present in person and by proxy.

Given under may hand and the seal of the said company this 25th day of May, 1916.

18–1 [L.S.] W. J. WHARIN.

SHAWINIGAN ELECTRO METALS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Special By-Law No. 5.—Entitled a by-law to increase the number of the company's directors.

WHEREAS the number of the directors of the Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited, is five and it is expedient that the number should be increased.

Now therefore the said Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited, enacts as follows :—

That the board of directors of the said company be and the same is hereby increased from five to seven, of whom three shall form a quorum.

—

I, the undersigned Secretary of Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited, do hereby certify that the foregoing by-law was duly passed at a meeting of the directors of the company held on the 25th day of October, 1916, and that the same was duly approved, sanctioned and confirmed by the vote of shareholders of the company representing more than two-thirds of the subscribed and issued capital stock of the company present at a special general meeting duly called for considering such by-law and held on the 25th day of October, 1916.

[L.S.] H. G. BUDDEN,
18-1 Secretary.

THE HULL LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice of change of name of head office or principal place of business.

Copy of By-law unanimously sanctioned in writing by the shareholders of the company, 22nd September, 1916.

WHEREAS by the letters patent incorporating the company, the chief place of business of the company within the Dominion of Canada is the City of Hull, in the Province of Quebec, and

Whereas it has been deemed expedient that the same shall be changed to the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, and that a by-law be passed for that purpose,—

Now therefore be it enacted, and it is enacted, as follows :—That the head office of the Hull Lumber Company, Limited, be and the same is hereby changed from the City of Hull, in the Province of Quebec, to the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

CHARLES E. READ,
18-1 Managing director.

ATLAS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED.

By-Law III, Section 1.

" Unanimously resolved :

" THAT whereas by-law 3, section 1, provides that the board of directors of this company shall consist of five directors to be elected annually or at a general meeting of the shareholders called for such purpose, of whom a majority shall form a quorum ; and

" Whereas in the opinion of the directors, it is expedient and advisable that said by-law 3, section 1, be rescinded and annulled and replaced by a by-law reading as follows :—

" ' *Section 1.*—A board of three directors shall be elected at an annual general meeting or at a general meeting of shareholders specially called for such purpose, of whom a majority shall form a quorum.' "

" Be and it is hereby adopted as a by-law of this company."

—

Certified a true copy of by-law 3, section 1, of the Atlas Construction Company, Limited, passed by the directors at a meeting held on the 21st October, 1916, and approved by a special general meeting of shareholders held on the same date, as required by law.

[L.S.] MICHAEL GURNEY,
President.
E. G. SMART,
18–1 Secretary.

THE HOLJOHN COMPANY, LIMITED.

By-law No. 22.

A BY-LAW to authorize the increase of the number of directors of The Holjohn Company, Ltd., from three to five.

Be it enacted by the directors of The Holjohn Company, Limited, as a by-law of the company, as follows :—

1. The number of the directors of the company is hereby increased from three to five.

2. The board of directors may, from time to time, between the confirmation of this by-law and the next annual general meeting, elect to the board qualified shareholders of the company until there shall have been elected a sufficient number to make a full board.

3. Until a full board is elected the present number of directors, or the present number and any shareholder elected by them as director, shall manage the affairs of the company.

4. By-law No. 6 is amended by inserting the word "five" instead of the word "three" where it appears therein.

—

We hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and verbatim copy of a by-law sanctioned and approved of by the unanimous vote of the shareholders of The Holjohn Company, Ltd., present in person or by proxy at a special general meeting of said shareholders duly convened and held for considering said by-law, at the City of Montreal, on the 19th day of October, A.D. 1916, and we further certify that there were present, at said meeting, in person or represented by proxy, the holders of 363 shares out of a total of 490 issued shares of the said company, being more than two-thirds in value of the entire capital stock of the company issued and outstanding.

In witness whereof we have signed these presents and have affixed the common seal of the said company at Montreal aforesaid, this 20th day of October, A.D. 1916.

[L.S.] J. A. Wm. JOHNSTON,
President.
W. W. ROBERTSON, Jr.,
18-1 Secretary.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of ten per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and will be payable at its banking house in this city and at its branches, on and after the 1st day of November next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day of October.

By order of the Board,

D. C. MACAROW,
General manager.

Montreal, 26th September, 1916. 14–5

CANADIAN ZINC PRODUCTS COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW No. 3 (*a*).

THE board of directors shall consist of three directors to be elected annually by the shareholders from amongst their number, and shall hold office until the next annual meeting, or until their successors are elected.

Certified to be a true extract from the by-laws of Canadian Zinc Products Company, Limited.

(Sgd) LEWIS JONES,
Secretary.

Montreal, 17th October, 1916. 18–1

LONG CHEMICAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

I HEREBY certify that the paper writing hereunto annexed, marked "A," is a true copy of the by-law of The Long Chemical Company, Limited, passed on the 22nd day of September, 1916, increasing the number of directors of the said company from three to five.

Witness the seal of the company and my signature, this 21st day of October, 1916.

[L.S.] CHAS. B. WATTS,
Pres.

—

"A"

By-law number 2 of the Long Chemical Compang, Limited.

Be it enacted by The Long Chemical Company, Limited, as a by-law of the said company, that the number of directors of the company be increased from three directors to five directors. 18-1

NOTICE is hereby given that J. W. McConnell, of the City of Montreal, will apply to the Governor in Council and to the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, for permission to erect a sand washing and screening plant on Lot No. 1154 on the Official Plan and Book of Reference of the Parish of Notre Dame de Pierreville, County of Yamaska, Province of Quebec, said plant to consist of steam boiler, engires, pumps and screening structure.

PERRON, TASCHEREAU, RINFRET,
VALLEE & GENEST.

18-1

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire la nomination suivante :—

Ottawa, 5 octobre 1916.

BARNEY W. ROLLINSON, de la cité de Calgary, dans la province d'Alberta, écuyer, avocat : Commissaire de police dans les provinces de Saskatchewan et d'Alberta et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, par et en vertu de l'article deux du chapitre 92 des Statuts revisés, 1906.

—

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU GOUVERNEMENT de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 20 octobre 1916.

GEORGE ALPHEUS ALLEN, de la cité de Vancouver, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, préposé à l'accise de classe spéciale : Percepteur du revenu de l'intérieur pour la division de Vancouver, dans la dite province, en remplacement de E. B. Parkinson, décédé.

—

21 octobre 1916.

Le lieutenant-colonel HUGH CLARK, de la ville de Kincardine, dans la province d'Ontario, membre de la Chambre des Communes pour le district électoral de North-Bruce, dans la dite province : Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat parlementaire pour les Affaires extérieures, tant que la présente guerre durera.

PROCLAMATIONS.

C. FITZPATRICK,

Administrateur.

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, ROI du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à samedi, le vingt et unième jour du mois d'octobre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa : SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada, en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le TRENTIEME jour du mois de NOVEMBRE prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN : Notre Très fidèle et Bien-Aimé conseiller le Très Honorable SIR CHARLES FITZPATRICK, Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Juge en chef du Canada ; Administrateur du Gouvernement de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour d'OCTOBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
17-tf pour le Canada.

—

[La proclamation suivante a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA daté *le 14 octobre 1916.*]

CANADA.

Par Son Excellence le Très Honorable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, C.P., G.C.M G., LLD., etc., etc., etc., Juge en chef du Canada et Administrateur du Gouvernement du Dominion du Canada.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU qu'il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi George Cinq par commission sous le seing royal, daté au Château de St. James, le sixième jour de mars 1911, et dans la première année de Son Règne, de nommer le Feld-Maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Duc de Connaught Gouverneur général et commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada ;

ET ATTENDU que par l'article VII des lettres patentes datées le quinzième jour de juin 1905, constituant la charge de Gouverneur général et commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada, il est statué qu'advenant l'absence du Dominion du Canada du Gouverneur général, tous les pouvoirs et autorités conférés au dit Gouverneur général par les dites lettres patentes seront donnés à telle personne qui sera nommée, sous les sceau et seing royaux, lieutenant-gouverneur du dit Dominion, durant le bon plaisir royal ; ou s'il n'y a pas de lieutenant-gouverneur dans le dit Dominion alors à telle personne ou personnes ainsi nommées sous les seing et sceau de Sa Majesté pour administrer le dit gouvernement, et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de telle personne ou personnes ainsi nommées dans le dit Dominion, alors au juge en chef alors en exercice de la cour Suprême du dit Dominion, ou dans le cas de mort, incapacité, déplacement ou absence du Canada du dit juge en chef alors en exercice, alors au juge le plus ancien en exercice de la dite cour Suprême résidant dans le dit Dominion, et ne souffrant pas d'incapacité ;

ET ATTENDU que, pour cause de l'absence du Canada du dit Feld-Maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Duc de Connaught, etc., etc., etc., et par et en vertu des lettres patentes susdites, tous les pouvoirs et autorités accordés au Gouverneur général par les dites lettres patentes, me sont dévolus comme étant le juge en chef de la cour Suprême du dit Dominion du Canada, et après avoir dûment prêté le serment nécessaire tel que requis par les dites lettres patentes, j'ai jugé convenable d'émettre la présente proclamation pour ce faire connaître ; et par icelle ordonne et commande que tous, officiers et ministres de Sa Majesté, dans le dit Dominion du Canada, continuent à exercer les devoirs respectifs de leurs places et emplois, et que les féaux sujets de Sa Majesté et tous autres que les présentes pourront concerner, en prennent connaissance et se conduisent en conséquence.

Donné sous mon seing et le sceau de mes armes, en la cité d'OTTAWA, ce TREIZIÈME jour du mois d'OCTOBRE, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil neuf cent seize, et du règne de Sa Majesté la septième.

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrateur du gouvernement. 17-3

[La proclamation suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* Gazette du Canada, daté *le 10 octobre 1916.*]

PAR LE ROI.

Proclamation à l'effet d'ajouter certains item et faire certaines modifications à la liste des articles qui doivent être traités comme contrebande de guerre.

GEORGE R. I.

ATTENDU que le 14e jour d'octobre 1915, Nous avons lancé Notre proclamation royale mentionnant les articles que Nous avions l'intention de traiter comme contrebande de guerre durant les hostilités ou jusqu'à ce que Nous en donnions un nouvel avis public ;

Et attendu que le 27e jour de janvier 1916, le 12e jour d'avril 1916 et le 27e jour de juin 1916 Nous avons par Nos proclamations royales de ces dates, fait certaines additions et modifications à la liste des articles qui doivent être traités comme contrebande de guerre ;

Et attendu qu'il est opportun de faire de nouveau certaines additions et modifications à la dite liste,—

En conséquence, Nous déclarons par les présentes, par et avec l'avis de Notre Conseil privé, que pendant la durée de la guerre ou jusqu'à ce que Nous en donnions un nouvel avis public, les articles suivants seront traités comme contrebande de guerre absolue outre ceux inscrits dans Nos proclamations royales ci-dessus mentionnées ;—

Matériaux isolants, bruts et fabriqués ; acides gras ; alliages de cadmium et albumine de minerai de cadmium.

Et Nous déclarons en outre qu'à compter de la présente date les modifications suivantes seront faites à l'Annexe I de Notre proclamation royale du 14e jour d'octobre 1915 susdite.

Pour l'item 6, " cire de paraffine," sera substitué " cires de tous genres."

Et Nous déclarons en outre que l'article suivant, à compter de la présente date, sera traité comme contrebande conditionnelle outre ceux indiqués dans Notre proclamation royale ci-dessus mentionnée :

Levain.

Donné à Notre Cour au Palais de Buckingham, ce TROISIÈME jour d'OCTOBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, et de Notre règne la septième.

DIEU SAUVE LE ROI. 16-3

DÉPÊCHES, Etc.

(Extrait du Supplément de la London Gazette *du 26 septembre 1916)*

War Office,
26 septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi de conférer la Croix Militaire aux officiers et sous-officiers à brevet ci-dessous mentionnés en récompense de leur bravoure et de leur dévouement en campagne :—

TROUPES CANADIENNES.

Le lieutenant Lawrence Francis Gartner Bole, régiment royal canadien.

Pour bravoure remarquable après une attaque. Avec deux autres officiers il s'employa pendant 45 minutes, sous un feu violent, à l'évacuation des blessés. Il accomplit une belle tâche pendant toute l'attaque et après.

Le lieutenant Owen Sydney Dunn, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Ayant été envoyé avec une patrouille pour s'emparer d'un prisonnier, il surprit un groupe d'ennemis, tira et blessa l'un d'eux. L'ennemi se retira, en lançant des bombes, poursuivit par le lieutenant Dunn qui, finalement, ramena le blessé après avoir dispersé l'ennemi à coups de bombe et repoussé une patrouille envoyée à son secours.

Le lieutenant Ernest Dorland Hicks, troupes canadiennes et corps royal d'aviation.

Pour bravoure remarquable et habileté. Il abattit deux machines ennemies, en attaqua et repoussa trois autres derrière leurs lignes. En une occasion il descendit à 800 pieds et bombarda des trains. Une autre fois il descendit à 300 pieds et laissa tomber des bombes sur une station.

Le capitaine Ivan Steele Ralston, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au cours d'une attaque. Bien que deux fois enseveli par un feu d'obus il refusa de quitter la ligne de feu jusqu'à ce qu'il fut relevé 48 heures plus tard. Il montra beaucoup de sang-froid et de jugement en organisant la défense.

Le lieutenant Harry Roy Urie, génie canadien.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Après que l'ennemi eut explosé un camouflet, endommageant une de nos galeries dans laquelle plusieurs hommes travaillaient, il descendit dans le puits, courant personnellemeut un grand danger, et réussit à ramener en lieu de sûreté quatre des hommes ensevelis. Le cinquième homme avait été tué par l'explosion.

Le lieutenant John Gordon Young, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable. A un moment critique il alla sur la ligne de feu, réorganisa les bombardiers, et reprit un poste de bombardement qui avait été perdu. Plus tard il sauta par dessus le parapet et ramena un prisonnier blessé.

Il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers et soldats ci-dessous mentionnés pour leurs actes de bravoure et leur dévouement en campagne :—

TROUPES CANADIENNES.

415151 soldat G. McNamara, carabiniers à cheval canadiens.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Il alla, au grand jour et en pleine vue de l'ennemi, chercher un sergent blessé et le ramena sous un feu de mitrailleuse et de mousqueterie.

—

Extraits de la London Gazette *du 26 septembre 1916.)*

CHANCELLERIE DE L'ORDRE DE SAINT-MICHEL ET SAINT-GEORGES.

Downing Street,
14 septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu au Roi de donner des instructions afin que les promotions et les nominations suivantes soient faites à l'Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georgos :—

Est nommé membre ordinaire de la deuxième Classe ou Chevalier Commandeur du dit Ordre Très Distingué :—

Le colonel Arthur Percy Sherwood C.M.G.. M.O.V., Commissaire de Police en chef du Dominion du Canada.

Sont nommés membres ordinaires de la troisième classe ou Compagnons du dit Ordre Très Distingué :—

Le lieutenant-colonel Edward Alexander Stanton, secrétaire militaire de Son Altesse Royale, Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada.

—

[*Extrait du Supplément de la* London Gazette *du 22 septembre 1916.*]

War Office,
22 septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que les officiers ci-dessous mentionnés soient nommés Compagnons de l'Ordre du Service Distingué en récompense de leur bravoure et de leur dévouement en campagne :—

TIOUPES CANADIENNES.

Le capitaine Charles Edward Kilmer, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable pendant les opérations. Il conduisit avec grande habileté et succès une attaque de jour des tranchées ennemies. Bien que sérieusement blessé il ne se retira qu'après que tous les hommes qu'il commandait, y compris les blessés, furent en sûreté.

—

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi de conférer aux officiers et sous-officiers à brevet ci-dessous mentionnés la Croix Militaire en récompense de leur bravoure et de leur dévouement en campagne :—

TROUPES CANADIENNES.

Le lieutenant Arthur Spencer Allen, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable en plusieurs occasions, notamment quand il organisa et conduisit des attaques contre un poste d'ennemis, les dispersant à coups de bombes. Il alla, en volontaire, avant une attaque, couper une ouverture dans les fils de fer de l'ennemi.

Le lieutenant James Clifford Andrews, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au cours d'une attaque des tranchées ennemies. Il fit un prisonnier et l'emmena de sa tranchée sous un feu intense. Lorsque l'officier commandant fut blessé il prit le commandement et l'exerça avec beaucoup de sang-froid pendant la retraite.

Le lieutenant Guy Sedden Clarkson, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable et habileté en conduisant une attaque des tranchées ennemies. Il infligea de lourdes pertes et revint avec un prisonnier et des renseignements précieux. Un seul homme de son groupe fut légèrement blessé.

Le lieutenant Harry Robertson Dillon, artillerie canadienne de campagne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au cours des opérations. Il sauva un officier blessé tombé près des fils barbelés de l'ennemi. Il contrôla le feu de sa batterie d'un point exposé situé à quarante-cinq verges des tranchées ennemies se tenant debout sous le feu des mitrailleuses.

Le lieutenant Sydney Baker Harris, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au cours d'une attaque des tranchées ennemies. Il tua deux ennemis à coups de revolver et trois avec des bombes. Après avoir été blessé il continua d'encourager ses hommes et de jeter des bombes. Finalement il aida à transporter dans nos lignes, sous un feu violent un sergent blessé

Le lieutenant Thomas Lewis Owen Williams, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable en conduisant une attaque des tranchées ennemies. Après une lutte son groupe réussit à pénétrer dans les tranchées et à ramener un prisonnier et des renseignements précieux. Il fut gravement blessé et depuis perdit les deux jambes.

Le lieutenant John Stanley Woods, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable lors de la destruction d'un poste ennemi et de sa garnison. Il força avec un autre officier et une provision d'explosifs, un passage à travers les fils de fer entourant le poste, et, bien que fortement bombardé par l'ennemi, réussit à placer sa mine et à la faire exploser.

—

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officier et soldats ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne :—

TROUPES CANADIENNES.

71409 sergent-major J. M. Mackie, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable. En plein jour il rampa sur une distance de 200 verges entre les tranchées des deux fronts, jusqu'à 20 verges du parapet des ennemis pour reconnaître le terrain. Plus tard il pénétra dans une tranchée ennemie avec une colonne d'assaut, tuant trois des ennemis avec son revolver et en blessant d'autres avec des bombes. Bien que dangereusement blessé il aida d'autres blessés à sortir de la tranchée.

55914 soldat J. Newton, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Après une attaque on constata qu'un officier ayant été blessé était resté entre les deux lignes de front. Le soldat Newton, avec un camarade, partirent volontairement le chercher sous un feu violent de mousqueterie et de mitrailleuses. Ils trouvèrent l'officier, incapable de s'aider, et le ramenèrent dans nos tranchées en plein jour.

73821 soldat R. F. Phillips, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au cours d'une attaque des tranchées ennemies. Il entra dans la tranchée, sous un violent feu de bombes et couvrit son officier alors que ce dernier reconnaissait le terrain et s'emparait d'un prisonnier. Pendant la retraite il se tint debout sur le parapet lançant des bombes et finalement aida au retour des blessés.

61618 sergent C. E. Pouliot, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable étant en patrouille. Il attaqua une patrouille ennemie et fit deux prisonniers. Il passa quatre nuits consécutives dans les tranchées ennemies afin de faire des prisonniers pour renseignements.

18833 sergent G. W. Thorold, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement à ses devoirs en formant et conduisant, sous un violent feu d'obus, un peloton pour déterrer l'escouade de bombardiers d'un autre peloton ensevelie par l'effet d'une bombe d'un mortier de tranchée de l'ennemi.

55955 soldat W. William, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Après une attaque à laquelle il avait pris part, il alla volontairement, avec un camarade, sous un violent feu de mousqueterie et de mitrailleuses à la recherche d'un officier blessé. Ils trouvèrent l'officier couché, incapable de s'aider, et le ramenèrent en plein jour en lieu de sûreté. 18–1

CANADA,
N° 1096.

DOWNING STREET,
27 septembre 1916.

MONSIEUR—Relativement à la dépêche n° 8 de mon prédécesseur, en date du 5 janvier 1915, j'ai l'honneur de prier Votre Altesse Royale d'informer Vos Ministres que le Gouvernement de Sa Majesté a décidé d'augmenter le taux exigé pour l'assurance contre les risques de guerre sur les coques, en vertu du système dit "Government War Risks Insurance Scheme," à £1 pour cent pour un voyage simple et £2 pour cent pour un voyage de retour ou pour une police à terme de 91 jours.

2. Les nouveaux taux sont entrés en vigueur le 20 septembre.

J'ai l'honneur d'être,
Monsieur,
de Votre Altesse Royale,
le très humble et très obéissant serviteur,

(Signé) A. BONAR LAW.

Au Gouverneur général
Son Altesse Royale
le Duc de Connaught et
de Strathern, C.J., C.C.,
C.P., G.C.B., G.C. Etoile de l'I.,
G.C.M.G., G.C. Empire des
Indes, G. C. O. V.,
etc., etc., etc. 17–3

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[2195]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 19e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe (*c*) de l'article 38 de la *Loi de l'immigration*, 9–10 Edouard VII, et, en vue de l'encombrement du marché de la main-d'œuvre, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, de décréter par ces présentes ce qui suit :

Est prohibé du 1er jour d'octobre 1916 jusqu'au 31e jour de mars 1917, le débarquement aux ports d'entrée de la Colombie-Britannique ci-dessous spécifiés des émigrants des catégories et métiers suivants :

Artisans ; journaliers, experts ou non.

Le présent arrêté en conseil s'applique aux ports d'entrée suivants de la Colombie-Britannique :

Vancouver,	Ganges Harbour,	Paterson,
Victoria,	Douglas,	Aldergrove,
New Westminster,	Gateway,	Rykerts,
Nanaïmo,	Grand Forks,	Rossland,
Prince Rupert,	Huntingdon,	Stewart,
Port Simpson,	Kamloops,	Union Bay,
Anyox,	Keremeos,	Upper Sumas,
Atlin,	Kingsgate,	Waneta,
Chilliwack,	Ladner,	Pacific Highway,
Bridesville,	Myncaster,	White Rock,
Chopaka,	Ladysmith,	Mission Junction,
Carson,	Midway,	Whales Island,
Cascade,	Steveston,	Newport,
Comox,	Chemainus,	Alberni.
Osoyoos.	Powell River.	White Pass.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2362]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNERAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'il s'est présenté des cas dans des ports des possessions britanniques d'outre-mer où il aurait été à l'avantage des capitaines des transports de l'amirauté de pouvoir invoquer, pour le maintien de la discipline à bord de leurs navires, un règlement semblable à l'article 39a des règlements impériaux pour la défense du Royaume, qui traite des cas d'indiscipline à bord des transports de l'amirauté dans des ports du Royaume-Uni et qui, représente-t-on, a été efficace dans le Royaume-Uni pour réprimer les délits d'ivrognerie et d'absence du bord de la part des marins de la marine marchande engagée sur des navires réquisitionnés ou affrétés par l'amirauté, ainsi que pour permettre à ces navires d'éviter les délais dans leur départ de divers ports du Royaume-Uni,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, dans le même but, et en vertu des pouvoirs à cet effet qui lui sont conférés par l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, ou dont le Gouverneur général en conseil est autrement investi, d'établir les ordres et règlements suivants, et ces ordres et règlements sont par ces présentes établis en conséquence.

1. Si, lorsqu'il est dans les limites de la juridiction, un marin légalement engagé conformément aux dispositions des *Lois de la marine marchande, 1894 à 1914*, pour servir à bord d'un navire appartenant à l'Amirauté, ou affrété ou réquisionné par l'Amirauté :

(*a*) Néglige ou refuse, sans cause raisonnable, de se rendre ou de partir sur son navire ou qui sans permission, s'absente en quelque temps que ce soit de son navire ou de son service, ou

(*b*) Rejoint son navire ou se trouve à bord dans un tel état d'ivresse que son service ou la navigation du navire en souffre, est coupable de délit et passible, sur conviction sommaire, sous l'empire de la partie XV de la *Loi criminelle ;* et le capitaine, second ou propriétaire du navire, ou son agent, ou tout officier breveté de la marine peut, avec ou sans l'aide des agents de police ou constables locaux, conduire à bord de son navire tout marin qu'il a raison de croire coupable de contravention au présent article ; et il peut aussi l'appréhender au corps sans se pourvoir au préalable d'un mandat d'arrestation, et il est par ces présentes ordonné aux agents de police ou constables de prêter main-forte lorsqu'ils en sont requis. Toutefois, nul officier breveté de la marine qui agit en exécution des pouvoirs susdits ne sera passible de peine quelconque ou d'action pour emprisonnement illégal.

2. Tel marin accusé d'infraction de l'article précédent, si l'infraction tombe sous les dispositions du paragraphe (*a*), est passible des peines prescrites pour telles infractions par l'article 221 de la *Loi de la marine marchande, 1894*, et si l'infraction tombe sous les dispositions du paragraphe (*b*), est passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $25.00.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2518]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le Département des Affaires des Sauvages a démandé la mise en réserve pour les sauvages d'une étendue de terrain, connue sous le nom de "Réserve du trou ou d'eau basse," choisie en 1884 en vertu du traité n° 5 et indiquée sur les plans officiels des townships 25 et 26 approuvés et confirmés le 22 février 1915, et le 6 mars 1915, respectivement, et contenant, après arpentage, trois mille cinq cent soixante-quatorze acres, plus ou moins ;

Et attendu que les dits terrains sont disponibles d'après les archives du Ministère de l'Intérieur,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil de décréter par ces présentes que les terrains ci-haut décrits soient soustraits de l'application de la *Loi des terres fédérales* et mis en réserve pour les fins susdites.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2565]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 20e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 14 octobre 1916, représentant que M. Patrick Goachin, de Grand Prairie, province d'Alberta, a demandé la concession du quart nord-ouest de la section 8, township 71, rang 9, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, en raison de son occupation du dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages.

La preuve a été faite démontrant que le pétitionnaire avait sa résidence sur le dit terrain à la date de la sanction du traité des sauvages n° 8, au cours de l'été 1899, et pour ces causes le Ministre recommande que, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, autorisation soit accordée de céder à M. Goachin le quart nord-ouest de la section 8, township 71, rang 9, à l'ouest du 6e méridien.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU.
18–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2312]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 28e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la municipalité rurale de Rosemount, n° 378, de la province de Saskatchewan, a demandé la concession pour les fins d'un cimetière de trois acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-ouest du quart de section sud-ouest de la section 34, township 37, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le ministère de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur ;

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'un cimetière trois acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-ouest du quart sud-ouest de la section 34, township 37, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession à la municipalité rurale de Rosemount, n° 378, de la province de Saskatchewan, pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
15–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2511]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 13e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil de décréter par les présentes que Port-Maitland, dans la province d'Ontario, soit créé port auxiliaire de douane et port d'entrepôt sous le contrôle du port de Hamilton, Ontario, à partir du 16 octobre 1916.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2487]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 5 octobre 1916, représentant que, le 29 octobre 1910, M. Milton J. McCreary a obtenu l'inscription de préemption du quart nord-est de la section 13, township 10, rang 22, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Le Ministre fait observer que certaines preuves semblent établir que M. McCreary a accompli un terme de résidence et défoncé une étendue suffisante de terrain ;

Le Ministre soumet une copie du certificat médical du docteur W. B. Kendall, établissant que M. McCreary souffre de tuberculose pulmonaire,—

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande que sous l'empire du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la loi, M. McCreary soit relevé des obligations de résidence requises par la *Loi des terres fédérales*, et que patente gratuite du dit terrain lui soit délivrée sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2394]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU Comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 29 septembre 1916, représentant que messieurs Alexander Smith et William Henry Fares, de Winnipeg, dans la Province de Manitoba, ont demandé d'acheter les parties des terrains ci-dessous énumérés, autrefois submergés par les eaux du lac Rush et indiquées en rouge sur le tracé ci-annexé du township ;

Le Ministre ajoute que messieurs Smith et Fares ont fait déposer au Ministère de l'Intérieur la preuve démontrant qu'ils sont les propriétaires enregistrés des terrains contigus aux terrains demandés,—

Attendu que la pratique actuelle du Ministère est d'autoriser la vente de parties de quarts de section autrefois submergées aux propriétaires enregistrés de l'autre partie, le Ministre propose que, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 32 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, les terrains en question, comprenant une étendue totale de 851·5 acres, soient vendus à messieurs Smith et Fares aux prix auxquels ils ont été respectivement évalués par un inspecteur de homesteads et aux conditions ordinaires de paiement.

Les terrains en question et leurs valeurs respectives par acre sont comme suit :—

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 16, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du troisième méridien, comprenant 1·5 acres—$6 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ E. du ¼ S.-E. de la section 17, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 59·5 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 17, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 71·4 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 20, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 11·5 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 20, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 120·8 acres—$8 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 19, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 101·0 acres—$6 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 19, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 5·5 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ N. du ¼ N.-O. de la section 18, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 52·4 acres—$9 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 1, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 0·9 acre—$10 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ S. du ¼ S.-E. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 57·0 acres—$10 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 91·0 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-O. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 125·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 14, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 53·0 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ N. du ¼ S.-O. de la section 13, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 60·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 13, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 41·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2490]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 13e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'en vertu d'une loi du parlement du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, intitulée "*Loi de 1915 concernant la restriction du transfert des navires britanniques.*" "The British Ships (Transfer Restriction) Act, 1915," le transfert de navires britanniques à des personnes inhabiles à posséder des navires britanniques est soumis à des restrictions et des règlements ; et

Attendu que, par des règlements établis par un arrêté du Gouverneur général en conseil, daté le 9e jour de mars 1915, des mesures semblables ont été décrétées sous le régime de la *Loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre ;* et

Attendu qu'en vertu d'une loi du dit parlement du Royaume-Uni intitulée *Loi pour modifier la loi de 1915 concernant la restriction du transfert des navires britannique et en étendre l'application* "An Act to amend and extend the British ships Transfer (Restriction) Act, 1915", les hypothèques et les transferts d'hypothèques de navires britanniques enregistrés ailleurs que dans l'Inde et dans les Dominions autonomes, à des étrangers ou à des compagnies sous direction étrangère, sont soumis à des restrictions et des règlements ; et

Attendu qu'il est jugé expédient que de semblables mesures soient décrétées pour le Canada,—

A ces fins, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de la *Loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre*, d'établir par les présentes les règlements suivants :

L'application des règlements établis par l'arrêté en conseil du 9 mars 1915 (C.P. 505) est par les présentes étendue, et les dits règlements s'appliquent aux hypothèques (y compris les transferts d'hypothèques) de navires, faits après le dixième jour d'août 1916 de la même manière qu'ils s'appliquent aux transferts de navires, et s'appliquent aux hypothèques (y compris les transferts d'hypothèques) et les transferts de navires à des compagnies sous direction étrangère, faits après le dixième jour d'août 1916 de la même manière qu'ils s'appliquent aux transferts de navires à des personnes qui sont inhabibles à posséder un navires britannique.

(2.) L'expression " Compagnie sous direction étrangère " signifie toute corporation :—

(*a*) Dont la majorité des directeurs, ou des personnes occupant la position de directeurs, quels que soient leurs désignations, ne sont pas sujets britanniques ; ou

(*b*) Dont la majorité des votes est entre les mains de personnes qui ne sont pas sujets britanniques, ou qui exerçent leur droit de vote directement ou indirectement au nom de personnes qui ne sont pas sujets britanniques ; ou

(*c*) Dont la prépondérance de la direction est, par tout autre moyen quelconque, entre les mains de personnes qui ne sont pas sujets britanniques ; ou

(*d*) Dont l'exécutif est une compagnie sous direction étrangère, ou dont la majorité de l'exécutif est nommée par une compagnie sous direction étrangère.

Une corporation ne sera pas censée être sujet britannique pour les fins du présent article à moins qu'elle ne soit établie dans quelque partie des Dominions de Sa Majesté ou de quelque protectorat britannique, et ne soit soumise aux lois d'icelle et n'ait son principal lieu d'affaire dans icelle.

(3.) Le Ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries peut exiger de toute personne qui n'est pas le propriétaire ou l'hypothécaire d'un navire britannique, ou qui demande d'être enregistré comme propriétaire ou hypothécaire d'un navire britannique de lui fournir tels renseignements qu'il lui semble nécessaires afin de s'assurer si la dite personne est ou n'est pas une compagnie sous direction étrangère ou un fiduciaire ou autre représentant d'icelle, et, dans le cas d'une corporation, peut aussi exiger du secrétaire ou de tout autre officier de la corporation qui remplit les devoirs de secrétaire de lui fournir ces renseignements.

Toute personne qui néglige de fournir tels renseignements qui sont en son pouvoir de fournir quand demande lui en est faite, ou qui fournit des renseignements qui sont faux dans un détail matériel quelconque, sera coupable d'un délit.

2. Après la promulgation des présents règlements, si une personne qui est propriétaire ou hypothécaire d'un navire britannique cesse d'être sujet britannique, ou devient une compagnie sous direction étrangère, le dit navire, ou, dans le cas de l'hypothécaire d'un navire, les droits du dit hypothécaire sont sujets à confiscation, et les dispositions de la partie I de la *Loi de 1894 de la marine marchande* concernant la confiscation de navires, s'y appliqueront.

3. (1) Dans les présents règlements, à moins que le contexte ne l'exige autrement, toute mention de navire comprendra la mention d'une part dans le dit navire.

(2) Les dits règlements établis le 9e jour de mars 1915, (C.P. 505) et les présents règlements resteront en vigueur pendant toute la durée de la présente guerre et une période subséquente de trois années, et l'application de l'article 3 des dits règlements établis le 9e jour de mars 1915 (C.P. 505), est en conséquence prolongée.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2361]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 27 septembre 1916, représentant que le 29 mai 1913, un Assyrien du nom de Sam Ollie a obtenu l'inscription de homestead du quart sud-ouest de la section 9, township 18, rang 13, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ; que, d'après la preuve soumise, l'inscrit y avait érigé une maison et fait dix acres de défoncement, alors qu'il fut atteint de la lèpre et interné au lazaret de Tracadie, Nouveau-Brunswick.

Vu que la maladie dont souffre M. Ollie est incurable, le Ministre recommande que cet inscrit soit exempté de toute autre obligation de résidence en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales, 1908*, et que le Département de l'Intérieur soit autorisé à émettre une patente gratuite.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2348]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les syndics de l'église dite " Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende " ont demandé la concession, pour les fins d'une église, de dix acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-est du quart nord-ouest de la section 23, township 14, rang 8, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église dix acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-est du quart nord-ouest de la section 23, township 14, rang 8, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession aux syndics de l'église dite " Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende " pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2324]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 48 de la *Loi de l'inspection du gaz*, chapitre 87 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, de décreter ce qui suit :—

L'arrêté en conseil daté le 26 juin 1915, fixant les honoraires pour la vérification des gazomètres ainsi que pour les épreuves calorifiques et les épreuves de pureté du gaz est par les présentes rescindé à dater du 1er novembre, 1916, et le tarif d'honoraires suivant, par ces présentes établi, y est substitué, ce tarif entrant en vigueur le 1er novembre 1916.

TARIF.

Honoraires pour la vérification des gazomètres en fer-blanc.

10 lumières et moins	$0 60
Excédant 10 et n'excédant pas 50	1 00
" 50 " 100	2 00
Pour chaque 20 lumières de plus ou fraction de 20 lumières	0 50

Honoraires pour la vérification des gazomètres en fer.

Gazomètre n° 1 en fer	$0 60
" n° 2 en fer	1 00
" n° 3 en fer	1 50
Pour chaque numéro additionnel	0 50
Honoraires pour l'épreuve de chaque compteur d'écoulement, le propriétaire devant payer, en plus, le fret de l'appareil et les frais de voyage de l'inspecteur, et faire les raccordements nécessaires	10 00

Honoraires pour analyse technique du gaz :—

Pour chaque analyse de gaz naturel	$10 00
" " fabriqué	5 00

Honoraires pour l'épreuve de la puissance calorifique :-

Pour chaque épreuve de la puissance calorifique, régulière ou spéciale	$2.50

Honoraires pour les épreuves de pureté :—

Pour chaque épreuve révélant la présence ou l'absence d'hydrogène sulfuré, si elle est faite en même temps que l'épreuve de capacité calorifique	0.25
Pour chaque épreuve révélant la présence ou l'absence d'hydrogène sulfuré	1.00

Classification des compagnies de gaz et fréquence des épreuves.

Les compagnies de gaz seront classifiées d'après leur nombre respectif de gazomètres en usage, et la fréquence des épreuves de pureté et de puissance calorifique sera basée sur cette classification, à telles époques qui sont indiquées dans le tableau suivant, savoir :—

Nombre de gazomètres en usage.	Classes des compagnies.	Quand se feront les épreuves.
Au delà de 10 000	1	Tous les jours, sauf les dimanches et congés.
5001 à 10 000	2	Douze fois par mois.
2001 à 5 000	3	Huit fois par mois.
1001 à 2 000	4	Quatre fois par mois.
1000 et moins	5	Deux fois par mois.

Emissions de certificats :—

Des certificats indiquant les résultats des épreuves de pureté et de puissance calorifique seront délivrés concurremment avec chaque épreuve lorsqu'il s'agira d'épreuves spéciales, et quatre fois par mois, à intervalles égaux, pour les épreuves régulières dans le cas des classes 1, 2, 3 et 4, et deux fois par mois dans le cas des compagnies de la classe 5.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

17–2

9486—5

[2156]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 13e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 7 septembre 1916, représentant que M. Samuel Gill Warke, qui avait obtenu l'inscription de homested du quart sud-est de la section 31, township 19, rang 11, à l'ouest du méridien principal, est devenu aveugle ;

Le Ministre déclare que M. Warke, au coût de $400, a mis en état de culture 30 acres de son homestead, en a ensemencé une partie annuellement pendant quatre ans, l'ensemencement total des 30 acres ayant été effectué en l'année 1916. La maladie a empêché M. Warke de résider sur son homestead, mais il demeura avec son oncle sur le quart de section y attenant. Après enquête, un inspecteur de homestead a produit la preuve que les améliorations susmentionnées ont été faites,—

Vu les circonstances, le Ministre recommande que sous l'empire du paragraphe 2, de l'article 20 de la loi, M. Warke soit relevé des obligations de résidence exigées par la *Loi des terres fédérales* en rapport avec son homestead, soit le quart sud-est de la section 31, township 19, rang 11, à l'ouest du méridien principal, et que patente gratuite lui en soit délivrée sur preuve établie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

17-4

[2424]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRESENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil daté le 21 juillet 1910, le Ministre de l'Intérieur a été autorisé à mettre en réserve, à titre de terres des écoles, la section 17, township 9, rang 17, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, pour remplacer une partie de la section 11, township 9, rang 26, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, dont la concession à la ville de McLeod était projetée ;

Et attendu qu'il a été subséquemment décidé de ne pas donner suite à ce projet, mais de mettre à l'enchère publique les parties non concédées de la section 11 en question, ce qui a été fait en conséquence ;

Et attendu que la section 17 en question n'est plus requise, par conséquent, pour le fonds des terres des écoles ;

Et attendu que la section 17 en question n'a jamais été mentionnée dans la *Gazette du Canada* comme faisant partie des terres des écoles ;

Et attendu que le dit arrêté en conseil du 21 juillet 1910 semblerait avoir pour effet de réserver la section 17 pour les fins du fonds des terres des écoles,—

Par conséquent, et en vertu du fait que la section 17 n'est plus requise pour le fonds des terres des écoles, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que le dit arrêté en conseil du 21 juillet 1910 soit par ces présentes rescindé.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

17-4

[30/2323]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT:

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU Bureau du Trésor a été soumis un mémoire de l'honorable Ministre de l'Intérieur représentant que M. Harry Chawner Adams a obtenu, le 5 novembre 1912, par script des volontaires de la guerre Sud-Africaine, la concession de la moitié est de la section 6, township 40, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ; que d'après les renseignements reçus l'inscrit ne s'est acquitté d'aucune des obligations de résidence sur le terrain même, vu qu'il lui a été impossible d'y trouver de l'eau, mais qu'il a résidé sur le terrain qu'il avait acheté, soit le quart sud-est de la section 7, dans le même township et le même rang, du 1er mai 1912 au 15 septembre 1913, alors qu'il fut obligé de cesser d'y résider pour cause de maladie ; que les améliorations sur la concession ci-dessus mentionnée consistent en clôture pour 160 acres de terrain, et que l'inscrit était le propriétaire du bétail suivant : en 1912, 171 têtes de bétail ; en 1913, 391 têtes de bétail ; en 1914, 60 têtes de bétail.

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande que M. Adams soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence conformément aux dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20, chapitre 20, 7–8 Edouard VII, afin que la patente gratuite de son terrain puisse lui être accordée dès qu'il aura été prouvé de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le Bureau du Trésor agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[L'arrêté en conseil suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 24 octobre 1916.*]

[2521]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil de décréter que les règlements concernant les aubains de nationalité ennemie, règlements sanctionnés par un arrêté en conseil du 20 septembre 1916, soient par ces présentes modifiés en ajoutant à la fin du n° 10 ce qui suit :—

La dite expression " premier officier de police " signifie et comprend de plus,—pour la partie de la province de Manitoba adjacente à la frontière internationale où la royale gendarmerie à cheval du Nord-Ouest fait la patrouille,—le premier officier de ce corps en autorité dans le district ainsi patrouillé.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 21 septembre 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O.G. 89.

ÉTABLISSEMENTS D'ÉDUCATION.

COLLÈGE MILITAIRE ROYAL DU CANADA.—Les gentilshommes cadets ci-dessous mentionnés obtiennent leur congé définitif :—

Morice Goldwin Smith,
Roger Hall Ptolemy,
Samuel Stanford McNairn,
Stewart Lyon McClenaghan,
John Yeo Kelvin Walbank,
Robert Hay,
John Strathearn Hay,
John Edward Cohoe,
John Coleridge Patteson,
Raymond Kingsley Arthur. 15 juillet 1916.
William Douglas Robertson,
Reginald Arthur Harvey Galbraith,
Hugh Redford Dale Harris,
John Walter Ings,
Percy Bidwell Ham Vrooman,
Henry Bartram Wood,
Percy Arthur Stanley Todd,
Herbert Cust Boyd,
Philip Elias Durnford,
Alan Ferrier Gates,
Alexander Meredith Ramsay,
Malcolm Charlton Crerar,
Edward Patrick Ryan,
George Alan Trorey. 2 août 1916.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

5E DRAGONS DE LA GARDE DE LA PRINCESSE LOUISE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Idington, gentilhomme. 8 août 1916.

14E HUSSARDS CANADIENS DE KINGS. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Harold Murray Smith, gentilhomme. 13 septembre 1916.

16E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : James William Montgomery, gentilhomme. 1er juin 1916.

Edward Sewton Wilson, gentilhomme. 5 août 1916.

17E HUSSARDS ROYAUX CANADIENS DU DUC D'YORK (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : William Arthur Faulkner, John Leiper Lang, Henry Herbert White, gentilshommes. 1er septembre 1916.

Thomas Ross Malcolm, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

21E HUSSARDS D'ALBERTA. — Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Hugh George Macdonell, gentilhomme. 25 août 1916.

29E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : David Clelland, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

Soren Peter Petersen, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

8E BRIGADE.—2E BATTERIE (OTTAWA).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : James Ernest Harris Paisley, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

23E BATTERIE—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. E. Cuzner est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans le corps royal d'aviation. 3 septembre 1916.

9E BRIGADE.—8E BATTERIE DE GANANOQUE. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Adiel Dickinson Steacy, gentilhomme. 11 séptembre 1916.

11E BRIGADE.—28E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Kenneth Allan Morrison, gentilhomme. 14 juillet 1916.

14E BRIGADE.—13E BATTERIE DE WINNIPEG. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) le maréchal des logis chef de batterie. 1er septembre 1916.

Artillerie de place canadienne.

1ER RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Maurice Aloysius Foley, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

3E RÉGIMENT DU NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Frederick Passmore Gutelius (jeune), gentilhomme. 7 août 1916.

Le lieutenant H. F. Bennett, corps des guides. 14 août 1916.

5E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA).—Est nommé lieuenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Howard Manley Stewart Bell, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

LA COMPAGNIE DE SIÈGE DE MONTRÉAL.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Eugène Vinet, gentilhomme. 6 septembre 1916.

GÉNIE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : le lieutenant-colonel temporaire B. Ripley, M. C. 14 avril 1916.

Henry Belfrage Miller, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

John Smythe Hall, gentilhomme. 16 septembre 1916.

CORPS DES GUIDES.

Le lieutenant H. F. Bennett est transféré au 3e régiment du Nouveau-Brunswick, artillerie de place canadienne 14 août 1916.

CORPS DE DRESSAGE DES OFFICIERS CANADIENS.

CONTINGENT DU COLLÈGE DE MACDONALD.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Harold Sankey Hammond, gentilhomme. 15 août 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ LAVAL, MONTRÉAL, P. Q.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le sergent-major Armand Hay. 1er septembre 1916.

Est nommé quartier-maître avec le grade honorifique de lieutenant : le sergent fourrier Joseph Hilarion Leroux. 1er août 1916.

INFANTERIE.

1ER RÉGIMENT (CANADIAN GRENADIER GUARDS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Andrew Hamilton Allan, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.

2E RÉGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA.)—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. L. MacDonald, est transféré au 13e régiment royal. 28 décembre 1916.

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. G. Bruce, est transféré à la réserve des corps. 17 août 1916.

11E RÉGIMENT (IRISH FUSILIERS OF CANADA). — Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) E. S. Hopper a la permission de se retirer. 7 septembre 1916.

13E RÉGIMENT ROYAL.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. L. MacDonald, du 2e régiment (Queen's Own Rifles of Canada) 28 décembre 1915.

17E RÉGIMENT.—Le lieutenant-colone J. D. Marquis est transféré à la réserve des officiers à l'expiration de son terme de commandement. 21 septembre 1916.

21E RÉGIMENT (ESSEX FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : George Arthur Fergusson, gentilhomme 4 août 1916.

29E RÉGIMENT (HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY OF CANADA.)—Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant H. W. de Guerre. 12 septembre 1916.

32E RÉGIMENT DE BRUCE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Walter Meyer Knechtel, gentilhomme. 16 août 1916.

36E RÉGIMENT DE PEEL.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Charles Henry Parr, gentilhomme. 26 août 1916.

Cyril Thomas Houston, gentilhomme. 6 septembre 1916.

Thomas Boles Greer, gentilhomme. 8 septembre 1916.

42E RÉGIMENT DE LANARK ET RENFREW.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant temporaire W. L. Affleck, M.C. 21 août 1916.

44E RÉGIMENT DE LINCOLN ET WELLAND.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Robert McGeachie, gentilhomme. 26 août 1916.

46E RÉGIMENT (DE DURHAM). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Harold Frederick Clarke, gentilhomme. 8 août 1916.

50E RÉGIMENT.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Thomas Frederick Oliphant,

John Frederick Miller Cranko, gentilshommes. 2 septembre 1916.

54E RÉGIMENT (CARABINIERS DE SHERBROOKE.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Louis Taschereau Panet, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

57E RÉGIMENT (PETERBOROUGH RANGERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Théodore William Quinn, gentilhomme. 19 juillet 1916.

62E RÉGIMENT (ST. JOHN FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Russell Scott, gentilhomme. 10 septembre 1916.

63E RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES.)—L'aumônier et lieutenant-colonel honoraire J. W. Macmillan a la permission de démissionner. 1er octobre 1916.

66E RÉGIMENT (PRINCESS LOUISE FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé officier signaleur : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) G. J. Colwell, *vice* le lieutenant L. E. Van-Buskirk, qui quitte l'emploi. 1er août 1916.

67E RÉGIMENT (CARLETON LIGHT INFANTRY).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Elphage Legere, gentilhomme. 15 février 1916.

James Ewart Porter, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

69E RÉGIMENT D'ANNAPOLIS. — Le major W. Purdy est retraité en vertu des dispositions du parag. 231, O. et R.R.M.C., 1910, et permission lui est accordée de conserver son grade en se retirant. 11 septembre 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.) —Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Lucius James Conkey, gentilhomme. 18 juin 1916.

Thomas Herbert Taylor, gentilhomme. 20 juin 1916.

Arthur Digby Banting, gentilhomme. 22 août 1916.

Hugh McLeod, gentilhomme. 27 août 1916.

Angus Munro, gentilhomme. 28 août 1916.

William Cultham Woodward, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

Horace Melville Underhill, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

76E CARABINIERS DE COLCHESTER ET HANTS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Archibald McLennan (jeune), gentilhomme. 6 septembre 1916.

82E RÉGIMENT (ABEGWEIT LIGHT INFANTRY.) — Est nommé officier signaleur : le lieutenant J. P. Noy, *vice* le capitaine A. R. Crockett, qui quitte l'emploi. 24 août 1916.

86E RÉGIMENT DE TROIS-RIVIÈRES. — L'aumônier et capitaine honoraire (surnuméraire) E. L. Denoncourt a la permission de démissionner. 9 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant E. L. Wilson est hors cadre. 31 août 1916.

87E RÉGIMENT DE QUÉBEC.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Camille William Lawrence Carrier, gentilhomme. 13 septembre 1916.

88E RÉGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William John Beauchamp Pinder, gentilhomme. 2 août 1916.

91E RÉGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Kenneth McClure McLaren, gentilhomme. 8 septembre 1916.

93E RÉGIMENT DE CUMBERLAND.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Harold Charles Lowther, gentilhomme. 12 juin 1916.

95E CARABINIERS DE SASKATCHEWAN.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : George Douglas Waite, gentilhomme. 28 juillet 1916.

Bernhardt Maurice Laubach,

Beverley Charles Leech, gentilhomme. 28 août 1916.

Augustus Harry Ball, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

99E RANGERS DE MANITOBA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Daniel McPhail, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

103E RÉGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Léon MacIntosh Ellis, gentilhomme. 4 septembre 1916.

104E RÉGIMENT (WESTMINSTER FUSILIERS OF CANADA). —Est nommé major : le capitaine G. B. Corbould. 1er décembre 1915.

106E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG LIGHT INFANTRY).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Henry Lawrence Belcher, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

110E RÉGIMENT IRLANDAIS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Ernest Ford Crossland, gentilhomme. 25 mai 1916.

SERVICES DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE.

Personnel du service de santé militaire.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

James Everett Barry, gentilhomme. 17 février 1916.

John Stanley Wray, gentilhomme. 17 juillet 1916.

Harry Knight Mitchell, gentilhomme. 2 août 1916.

*Daniel Logan Stewart,

Charles Terrell Lewis, gentilshommes. 15 août 1916.

Austin Dwight Irvine, gentilhomme. 31 août 1916.

Richard Chambers Hill, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

*Pourvu qu'il subissent les examens requis en vertu des dispositions de l'ordre de la milice 65, 1913.

Sont nommées sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) :

Edith MacAlpine. 14 janvier 1916.

Rebecca Hervey. 21 juillet 1916.

Isabella Innes,

Blanche Swan. 1er septembre 1916.

Caroline Buell McLenaghan. 6 septembre 1916.

VÉTÉRINAIRES MILITAIRES CANADIENS.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Norman Beaver, Alfred Louis Rooks, gentilshommes. 22 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. L. Rooks est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 13 septembre 1916.

MEMORANDA.

La date de la promotion du colonel (brigadier général temporaire) J. C. MacDougall, C.M.G., au grade de major général, dans l'ordre général 79, 1916, est modifiée de manière à se lire : "21 septembre 1915."

L'ordre général n° 61, 1916, en tant qu'il s'agit du colonel O. A. Fages, est modifié de manière à se lire : "colonel A. O. Fages."

Est nommé colonel, M.C.: le lieutenant-colonel C.W. Belton, services de santé de l'armée permanente. 24 mai 1916.

Relativement à l'ordre général 55, 1916, *sous* "Memoranda" et suivant le nom du major W. D. Birchall, 5e régiment (Royal Highlanders of Canada), *pour* tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier commandant du régiment, *lisez* "tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier commandant du 1er bataillon."

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel est conféré au major G. E. Marquis, 17e régiment, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier commandant du régiment. 21 septembre 1916.

Le grade honorifique de lieutenant-colonel de la milice canadienne est conféré à Joseph W. Boyle, écuyer 13 septembre 1916.

Est nommé major à brevet :

Le capitaine J. S. Knight, 4e hussards. 30 novembre 1915.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré aux capitaines T. C. Keefer et S. D. Parker, génie canadien, et il comportera la solde et les allocations attachées à ce grade, tant qu'ils seront employés au dépôt d'entraînement du génie, Canada. 1er septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré au capitaine A. R. Tilley, services de santé de l'armée, et il comportera la solde et les allocations attachées à ce grade. tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier en charge de l'hôpital militaire, camp de Petewawa. 9 septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré au capitaine H. Ritchie, 10e brigade, artllerie de campagne canadienne, (réserve des corps), et il comportera la solde et les allocations attachées à ce grade, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de commandant du génie royal, district militaire n° 11. 11 septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré au capitaine C. L. Wain, 102e régiment (Rocky Mountain Rangers), tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier commandant du régiment. 15 juillet 1916.

Le grade temporaire de maior est conféré au capitaine H. Aubry, services de santé de l'armée, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de commandant de l'ambulance de campagne n° XX. 16 septembre 1916.

Relativement à l'ordre général 118, 1915, *sous* "Memoranda," le grade temporaire de capitaine conféré au lieutenant S. H. Headland, compagnie n° 18, intendance militaire canadienne, comportera la solde et les allocations de ce grade à compter du 5 juillet 1916.

Est nommé aumônier avec le grade honorifique de capitaine, M.C. : le révérend David Edward Dicey Robertson. 8 janvier 1916.

Le grade honorifique de capitaine de la milice canadienne est conféré au lieutenant (surnuméraire) G. S. Easton, 26e régiment (Middlesex Light Infantry), tant qu'il sera attaché aux troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes en qualité de représentant de la Young Men's Christian Association. 31 août 1916.

La nomination de Frank Henry Elliott, gentilhomme, en qualité de quartier-maître avec le grade honorifique de lieutenant, services de santé de l'armée, publiée dans l'ordre général 87, 1616, est cancellée par le présent.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant de la milice canadienne est conféré aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :—

John Alexander MacDonald Parke, gentilhomme. 9 février 1916.

Alfred Thomas Neale, gentilhomme. 25 février 1916.

Ernest Bryden Archibald, gentilhomme. 26 février 1916.

Edward Jeffery,

George Francis Mason, gentilshommes. 7 mars 1916.

Sydney Hasting Burwash, gentilhomme. 8 mars 1916.

Frederick Samuel Hamilton, gentilhomme. 10 mars 1916.

George Duncan Patterson, gentilhomme. 13 mars 1916.

Albert Chilton,

Ernest Nicholas Johnson, gentilshommes. 14 mars 1916.
Robert Vernon Macaulay, gentilhomme. 17 mars 1916.
John Stanley White, gentilhomme. 20 mars 1916.
Hermann Otto Lyndhurst Grant Meyer,
Mark Harold McKay, gentilshommes. 27 mars 1916.
Arthur Erskine Goodeve,
Lionel Shirley Yuill, gentilshommes. 29 mars 1916.
Harold Arthur Ardagh Bray,
Francis Michæl Tordiffe, gentilshommes. 30 mars 1916.
Edgar Beverley Neff, gentilhomme. 31 mars 1916.
Warren Davison Nelson, gentilhomme. 3 avril 1916.
Egerton Andrew Torrance,
Mark Arthur Wolff, gentilshommes. 4 avril 1916.
Duncan Andrew Anderson,
Wilfred Henry Jolliffe, gentilshommes. 6 avril 1916.
Ernest Bowler,
Frank Alexander Duchesnay, gentilshommes. 7 avril 1916.
Osborne Cluny Macpherson, gentilhomme. 8 avril 1916.
John Cummings,
William Jeffrie Holliday, gentilshommes. 11 avril 1916.
Ludlow St. John Haskell,
Fraser Benjamin McConnell,
John MacGregor, gentilshommes. 12 avril 1916.
Maurice Alexander Jaques,
Charles Stuart Martin, gentilshommes. 13 avril 1916.
John Archibald Gordon,
Edward Albert Johnson, gentilshommes 15 avril 1916.
William Carless, gentilhomme. 17 avril 1916.
Alexander Cox, gentilhomme. 22 avril 1916.
William Bilsland,
James Harold Budd,
Richard Coulson,
Coulson Norman Mitchell, gentilshommes. 28 avril 1916.
Charles William Cowper, gentilhomme. 29 avril 1916.
Frank Harold Allwood,
Lewis Grant McNab,
Arnel Roderick Milburn, gentilshommes. 3 mai 1916.
Robert Girdlestone,
Harray Gladstone Lean,
Henry Rivington Poussette, gentilshommes. 4 mai 1916.
Ralph Bradford Clark,
James Edgar Elkins,
John Francis Fitzpatrick,
William John Fitzpatrick,
William Berkeley Monteith, gentilshommes. 6 mai 1916.
Hector John Roderick Jackson,
Thomas Jerome MacKinnon,
Frederick Harold Sunderland,
Lindsay Garwood Warren, gentilshommes. 9 mai 1916.
Alex. John Kitto, gentilhomme. 10 mai 1916.
Arthur Chaplin, gentilhomme. 11 mai 1916.
Brig McNeill Grant, gentilhomme. 12 mai 1916.
Cecil Charles Stewart, gentilhomme. 18 mai 1916.
Lancelot William Empson,
Stanley Horace Hawkins,
Thomas Gilford Holley, gentilshommes. 19 mai 1916.
Melville Tenbrœke,
Alfred Cyril White, gentilshommes. 20 mai 1916.
Gharles Herbert Hopkins,
Henry Ford Richardson, gentilshommes. 23 mai 1916.
William Waldie Murray, gentilhomme. 29 mai 1916.
Cyril Bernard Sumpter, gentilhomme 8 juin 1916.
Edward Hart, gentilhomme. 10 juin 1916.
Fordyce Luke Thompson, gentilhomme. 19 juin 1916.
Wilfrid Madgwick Parsons, gentilhomme. 23 juin 1916.
William Strong, gentilhomme. 27 juin 1916.
Acheson Gosford Goulding, gentilhomme. 29 juin 1916.
Charles Alvarez, gentilhomme. 1er juillet 1916.
Wilbert Stewart Laing,
Ferdinand Valle Yznaga, gentilshommes. 7 juillet 1916.
Herbert Welford, gentilhomme. 8 juillet 1916.
Arthur Augustus Rollit, gentilhomme. 10 juillet 1916.
Robert Dane Miller, gentilhomme. 16 juillet 1916.
Montague Holt Neville, gentilhomme. 19 juillet 1916.
George Fisher, gentilhomme. 21 juillet 1916.
Thomas Redpath, gentilhomme. 25 juillet 1916.
Heward Grestock, gentilhomme. 26 juillet 1916.
Harold Gwynne McCullough,
Don John Perry, gentilshommes. 27 juillet 1916.
Charles Edwin Gage,
Richard Ross Laing,
James Darling McCall, gentilshommes. 28 juillet 1916.
Chester Sessions Day, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.
Harry Chandler Beatty,
Stanley Anderson Cornell,
Arthur Justin Cowan,
Arthur Gibb Cushing,
Ernest Hastings Jordan,
Charles Gordon MacDougall,
Lawrence Delmar McClintock,
James Alan Mitchell,
Thomas Holliday Musgrove,
Don Francis Pepler, gentilhomme. 3 août 1916.
Leonard Noble, gentilhomme. 9 août 1916
Gordon Ogilvie Thom, gentilshommes. 10 août 1916.
Stewart Lyon McClenaghan, gentilhomme. 15 août 1916.
Fredrick Charles Percy Roberts, gentilhomme. 16 août 1916.
Cecil Blackmore Belk, gentilhomme. 17 août 1916.
Atholl Stewart Robertson, gentilhomme. 21 août 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. G. Glass, 7e régiment, 15 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. J. O'Brien, 43e régiment, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. J. Shaugnessy, 46e régiment, 20 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. Martin, 72e régiment. 11 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. B. A. Hoyle, 88e régiment, 1er août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. W. Dinnie, 101e régiment, 13 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. H. Nursey, 101e régiment, 22 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. A. Graham, 101e régiment, 16 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. A. Wilson, 107e régiment, 1er juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. E. Morgan, services de santé de l'armée, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. B. Jackson, services de santé de l'armée, 18 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. McKee, services de santé de l'armée, 8 mai 1916.

Par ordre,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 28 septembre 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O. G. 91.

DISTRICTS.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 2.—1RE BRIGADE À CHEVAL.—La durée de la nomination du major C. H. R. Riches, 9e cavalerie de Mississauga, en qualité de major de brigade, est prorogée jusqu'au 14 juillet 1917.

ÉTABLISSEMENTS D'ÉDUCATION.

COLLÈGE MILITAIRE ROYAL DU CANADA.—Les gentilshommes cadets ci-dessous mentionnés obtiennent leur congé définitif :—

Reginald Lawrence Sladen. 15 juillet 1916.

Godfrey Allan Peuchen. 2 août 1916.

TROUPES PERMANENTES.

ARTILLERIE ROYALE CANADIENNE.—Est nommé lieutenant : * Harry LeMoine Ruggles, gentilhomme. 23 septembre 1916.

* Nomination temporaire.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

5E DRAGONS DE LA GARDE DE LA PRINCESSE LOUISE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Robert Russell Sparks, gentilhomme. 6 septembre 1916.

7E HUSSARDS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : James Compton Klock, gentilhomme. 19 septembre 1916.

17E HUSSARDS ROYAUX CANADIENS DU DUC D'YORK (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS). — Sont nommés lieutenants (surnuméraires) : Evan David James, Neil McKechnie Ferguson, gentilhomme. 1er juillet 1916.

William McClure Calder, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

Paul Ogilvie, gentilhomme. 16 septembre 1916.

19E DRAGONS D'ALBERTA.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. Tibbits est transféré à la 25e batterie, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 17 août 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Rowan Purdon FitzGerald, gentilhomme. 3 août 1916.

21E HUSSARDS D'ALBERTA.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Gerard Charles Northcott Cooke, Harold Porter Randolph Brown, gentilshommes. 2 septembre 1916.

Sydney Joslin Warner, gentilhomme. 9 septembre 1916.

23E ALBERTA RANGERS.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Willoughby Charles Bryan, gentilhomme. 7 mai 1916.

Robert Spencer Lawrence, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

24E RÉGIMENT (GREY'S HORSE).—La durée de commandement du lieutenant-colonel T. R. Mayberry est de nouveau prorogée jusqu'au 3 août 1917.

27E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Christopher Hickey Simpson, gentilhomme. 18 mars 1916.

29E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Arthur Schofield, gentilhomme. 1er juillet 1916.

William Stanley Glover, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

Henry James Steer, Robert MacInnes, Percy Harradence, gentilshommes. 1er septembre 1916.

31E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA HORSE).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Alfred Shuttleworth, gentilhomme. 10 juillet 1916.

32E CAVALERIE DE MANITOBA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Edward Allan Carnegy de Balinhard, gentilhomme. 23 septembre 1916.

35E (CENTRAL ALBERTA HORSE.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Edgar George Johns, gentilhomme. 14 septembre 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

5E BRIGADE.—20E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Philippe Ouellet, gentilhomme. 31 janvier 1916.

8E BRIGADE.—23E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Donald Cameron Gordon, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

10E BRIGADE.—14E BATTERIE (MIDLAND.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Benjamin James George MacBoth, gentilhomme. 10 septembre 1916.

11E BRIGADE.—27E BATTERIE.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) H. L. Ruggles se retire à sa nomination dans les troupes permanentes. 23 septembre 1916.

25E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. Tibbits, du 19e dragons d'Alberta. 17 août 1916.

36E BATTERIE.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : James Frederick McCallum, James Stanley Lyle Crossen, gentilshommes. 1er septembre 1916.

Artillerie lourde.

BRIGADE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE DE MONTRÉAL.—1RE BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Le lieutenant capitaine (temporaire) S. L. Rohr est transféré à la liste générale, M. C. 24 août 1916.

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) E. S. Hoare est hors cadre. 28 août 1916.

Artillerie de place canadienne.

3E RÉGIMENT DU NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Hubert Yelverton Haines, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1916.

5E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Arthur Welden Mable, gentilhomme. 18 septembre 1916.

COMPAGNIE DE SIÈGE DE MONTRÉAL. — Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) C. Matthews est transféré à la liste générale, M.C. 24 août 1916.

GÉNIE CANADIEN.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) (capitane temporaire) C. C. Rous est transféré à la liste général, M.C. 24 août 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. P. McKenzie, du 105e régiment (Saskatoon Fusiliers). 12 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) E. S. Kent, du 106e régiment (Winnipeg Light Infantry). 12 août 1916.

William Chester Warren, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

Alan Timbrell, gentilhomme. 4 septembre 1916.

Frank Hyatt McCullough, Loring Brooks Adams, gentilshommes. 13 septembre 1916.

5E COMPAGNIE DE CAMPAGNE.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Harvey Arnold Smail, gentilhomme. 17 juin 1916.

CORPS DE DRESSAGE DES OFFICIERS CANADIENS.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ McGILL.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Gratton Dalrymple Thompson, gentilhomme. 1er janvier 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE TORONTO.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : George Frickleton McKelvey, gentilhomme. 28 août 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE DALHOUSIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Alexander Rudland, gentilhomme. 4 mars 1916.

INFANTERIE.

GARDES À PIED DU GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Thomas Lewis Blackerey, gentilhomme. 20 septembre 1916.

2E REGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA).— Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) D. E. M. Grier, est transféré à l'intendance militaire canadienne. 26 mai 1916.

6E RÉGIMENT (THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S OWN RIFLES.)— Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) C. A. Duncan, est hors cadre. 30 juillet 1916.

7E RÉGIMENT (FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant A. G. Calder. 22 août 1916.

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) G. Van W. Laughton est hors cadre. 1er juin 1916.

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. F. Macdonald est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans le corps royal d'aviation. 5 septembre 1916.

15E RÉGIMENT (ARGYLL LIGHT INFANTRY).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Harry Canniff Leavens, gentilhomme. 19 septembre 1916.

22E RÉGIMENT (THE OXFORD RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Edward Langdon Coles, gentilhomme. 13 septembre 1916.

28E RÉGIMENT DE PERTH.—Est nommé major honoraire : l'aumônier et capitaine honoraire W. T. Cluff. 7 avril 1916.

29TH RÉGIMENT (HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY OF CANADA).—Le lieutenant-colonel A. J. Oliver est transféré à la réserve des officiers à l'expiration de son terme de commandement. 26 juillet 1916.

Est nommé major : le capitaine L. W. Johnston. 11 septembre 1916.

32E RÉGIMENT DE BRUCE.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Andrew McLean Moffat, gentilhomme. 17 novembre 1915.

Sont nommés lieutenants (surnuméraires) : Frederick Benjamin James, Harold Chapman Harcourt, gentilshommes. 2 septembre 1916.

35E RÉGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Joseph Francis Ganley, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

36E RÉGIMENT DE PEEL.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Norman Clifford Bolton, gentilhomme. 10 août 1916.

40E RÉGIMENT DE NORTHUMBERLAND.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) M. G. Gunn, est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans le corps royal d'aviation. 18 septembre 1916.

48E RÉGIMENT (HIGHLANDERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Thomas Geoffrey Leith, gentilhomme. 9 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : T. G. Leith, est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans le corps royal d'aviation. 1er juillet 1916.

50E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant J. M. Paterson, du corps des instructeurs des cadets d'écoles. 31 août 1916.

56E RÉGIMENT DE GRENVILLE (LISGAR RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Guy Charles O'Shea, gentilhomme. 31 juillet 1916.

57E RÉGIMENT (PETERBOROUGH RANGERS).—Est nomnommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Gordon Shaw, gentilhomme.. 18 septembre 1916.

60E CARABINIERS DU CANADA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Francis Herbert Brown, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

62E RÉGIMENT (ST. JOHN FUSILIERS). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Louis McCoskery Ritchie, gentilhomme. 1er mai 1916.

65E CARABINIERS (MONT-ROYAL).—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : D. J. Tremblay a la permission de se retirer 18 juillet 1916.

70E RÉGIMENT.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Joseph Arthur Bastien, gentilhomme. 18 septembre 1916.

Joseph Powell Valiquet, gentilhomme. 19 septembre 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.)— Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Anthony Lavelle McHugh, gentilhomme. 6 juillet 1916.

Reginald Gordon Spear, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

John Erskine, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1916.

William Roswell Smith, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

73E RÉGIMENT DE NORTHUMBERLAND. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Clarence Caleb McCulley, gentilhomme. 12 août 1916.

78E RÉGIMENT (PICTOU HIGHLANDERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le sergent Robert Alexander McPherson. 29 août 1916.

79E (CAMERON HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA). — Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Frank Robert McAuley, Ross Morrison Macdonald, gentilshommes. 1er septembre 1916.

81E RÉGIMENT DE HANTS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Allan Marstors, gentilhomme. 13 septembre 1916.

85E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Fernand Dansereau, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

88E RÉGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Andrew Victor Hamilton, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

William Arthur Burdett Garrard, gentilhomme. 16 septembre 1916.

90E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) E. W. Jefferson est hors cadre. 14 août 1916.

91E RÉGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—Est nommé major honoraire : le quartier-maître et capitaine honoraire J. Somerville. 28 mars 1916.

95E CARABINIERS DE LA SASKATCHEWAN.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Walter Morton Logan, gentilhomme. 8 septembre 1916.

101E RÉGIMENT (EDMONTON FUSILIERS).—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : L. R. Coles est transféré aux services de santé de l'armée. 7 février 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Martin Wingate Eagar, gentilhomme. 14 avril 1916.

103E RÉGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Harry Philip Wright, gentilhomme. 2 août 1916.

105E RÉGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS.)—Le lieutetenant (surnuméraire) J. P. McKenzie est transféré au génie canadien. 12 juillet 1916.

106E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG LIGHT INFANTRY).— Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) E. S. Kent est transféré au génie canadien. 12 août 1916.

107E RÉGIMENT (EAST KOOTENAY).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Frederic William McLaine, gentilhomme. 4 septembre 1916.

110E RÉGIMENT (IRISH).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Albert Gladstone Ghent, gentilhomme. 16 mai 1916.

INTENDANCE MILITAIRE CANADIENNE.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) D. E. M. Grier, du 2e régiment (Queen's Own Rifles of Canada). 26 mai 1916.

COMPAGNIE N° 16.—Est nommé major : le capitaine E. E. Williams, (et il demeure hors cadre). 1er octobre 1916.

SERVICES DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE

Personnel du service de santé.

Le capitaine E. M. Vesey a la permission de démissionner. 14 août 1916.

Sont nommés capitaines : les lieutenants (surnuméraires) :

R. H. Sheard. 22 mai 1915.
H. R. Macintyre 10 décembre 1915.
R. H. Ells. 23 février 1916.
E. P. Lewis. 20 mars 1916.
W. W. McKenzie. 28 mai 1916.
G. W. A. Aitken. 9 août 1916.
F. L. Thompson. 20 août 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires(surnuméraires) :

Hermon Brookfield Van Wyck, gentilhomme. 6 octobre 1915.

George Munro Ross, gentilhomme. 26 février 1916.

Egerton Llewellyn Pope, gentilhomme. 18 avril 1916.

Donald George Turnbull, gentilhomme. 6 mai 1916.

Victor Bourgeault, gentilhomme. 17 mai 1916.

John Howard Slayter, gentilhomme. 8 juin 1916.

Joseph Arthur Avila Watters,

Joseph Henry Albiny Paquette, gentilhomme. 19 juillet 1916.

*Burton Oreno Kinney, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

Henry Edgar Harrison Chipman, gentilhomme. 3 août 1916.

*Thomas Vincent Plows,

William Alexander Macdonald,

François Adhelme Joncas, gentilhomme. 5 août 1916.

Richard McAllister, gentilhomme. 22 août 1916.

Norman Monk,

Harry Coppinger, gentilshommes. 26 août 1916.

Aubon Earl Stewart, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.

Thomas Richard Wellwood, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

Thomas Henry Macdonald, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

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* Pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis en vertu des dispositions de l'Ordre de milice 65, 1913.

Est nommé quartier-maître avec le grade honorifique de lieutenant :—

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) L. R. Coles, du 101e régiment (Edmonton Fusiliers). 7 février 1916.

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. P. Proctor est hors cadre pour prendre du service sous l'autorité de la commission du service des hôpitaux militaires. 1er septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) B. O. Kinney est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans le corps royal d'aviation. 13 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) S. Bonnell est hors cadre pour prendre du service sous l'autorité de la commission du service des hôpitaux militaires. 16 septembre 1916.

La sœur hospitalière (surnuméraire) A. B. Lilley a la permission de se retirer. 13 septembre 1916.

Sont nommées sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) :

Marguerite Condon. 10 juin 1916.
Ethel Pearl Johnston. 1er juillet 1916.
Evadne Killgour Cotter. 31 juillet 1916.
Edith Marion Young. 8 août 1916.

VÉTÉRINAIRES MILITAIRES CANADIENS.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) T. R. R. Hoggan reprend ses fonctions régimentaires de la liste des officiers hors cadre. 29 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) H. H. Bishop reprend ses fonctions régimentaires de la liste des officiers hors cadre. 9 août 1916.

CORPS DES INSTRUCTEURS DES CADETS D'ÉCOLES.

Le lieutenant J. M. Paterson est transféré au 50e régiment. 31 août 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Est nommé lieutenant-colonel :—

Le capitaine A. T. K. Evans, réserve des officiers. 23 septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel est conféré au major A. D. LePan, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, contingent de l'Université de Toronto, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de commandant, école d'instruction militaire, district militaire n° 2. 23 septembre 1916.

Le major S. J. Anderson, O.S.D., T.E.C., obtient le grade temporaire de 2e officier d'état-major général tant qu'il sera employé au camp de Valcartier. 1er septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré au lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) C. B. Shuttleworth, services de santé de l'armée, et il comportera la solde et les allocations de ce grade tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier de santé le plus ancien, en charge des services chirurgicaux, hôpital principal, Toronto, Ontario. 23 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés capitaines, M.C. :

Le lieutenant (capitaine temporaire) S. L. Rohr, de la 2e batterie d'artillerie lourde et section de munitions, brigade d'artillerie lourde de Montréal, A. de P. C.

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) C. Matthews, de la Compagnie de siège de Montréal.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) (capitaine temporaire C. C. Rous, du génie canadien. 24 août 1916.

Est nommé capitaine :

Le lieutenant E. Hibbert, 97e régiment (Algonquin Rifles). 15 août 1916.

Sont nommés aumôniers avec le grade honorifique de capitaine :

Le révérend Thomas O'Sullivan. 28 juin 1916.

Le révérend George Claremont Taylor. 6 juillet 1916.

Le révérend Heber Hannington Kerr Greene. 17 juillet 1916.

Le révérend Sydney Hawthorne. 5 août 1916.

Le révérend Charles George Fox. 11 août 1916.

La démission du lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. F. Macnaghten, 11e régiment (Irish Fusiliers of Canada), publiée dans l'ordre général 81, 1916, est cancellée par le présent.

La nomination d'Albert Fyfe, gentilhomme, en qualité de lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) dans le 72e régiment (Seaforth Highlanders of Canada), publiée dans l'O.G. 51, 1916, est cancellée par le présent.

Un grade temporaire dans la milice canadienne tel que ci-après, est conféré aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :

Est nommé capitaine honoraire :

G. G. Coulter, écuyer. 2 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants :

Le maréchal des logis chef instructeur (sous-officier à brevet) James Richard Sparks, cavalerie de Lord Strathcona (canadienne royale). 22 septembre 1914.

Charles Austin Bell, gentilhomme. 12 mars 1916.

Henry Ross Wilkinson, gentilhomme. 24 juillet 1916.

Edwin Soulby,

Reginald Edmund Pearse Hooper,

William Moncrief Ferguson, gentilshommes. 15 août 1916.

Evelyn Banwell,

David Murray,
Thomas Anwyl Williams,
William Andrew Robert Angus,
Samuel Clifford Montgomery,
Albert Edward Bright,
Philip James Stuart-Smith,
Richard Ambrose Coppen, gentilshommse. 17 août 1916.
Jens Fredrick Larson,
John Marriott, gentilshommes. 19 août 1916.
Robert Brown,
Rufus Hugh MacKenzie,
George Herbert Mason,
Roland Thomas Hinton Moor,
Raymond John Pearson,
Bartholomew Smith,
Gordon Cummings Patterson,
David Murray Denholm,
Richard Palin Thompson,
Thomas Bechraft,
Richard Godfrey Simmins,
Alfred Reeve Elton,
William Reynolds Hepburn,
Cyprian Alfred Thompson,
Cecil Henley Edward Rawlings,
William Marsh,
George Miller,
Ralph Guest,
Sydney Thomas Norburn,
Harold Alexander Johnson,
Edgar James Kerr Norris,
John Felix Pearch,
Denis Ashby,
Ralph Marsden,
James Stonehewer,
Christopher Salmon Macpherson,
Lancelot Joseph Bertrand,
Raymond Henry Parker,
Bruce Thompson,
Robert Hamilton Bliss,
John Moir,
James MacLaren Morton,
Harry Edwin Ryland Niblett,
Thomas William Greenfield,
Godfrey Cooper,
Arthur Warren Larmour,
John Whyte Bennett,
John MacKay,
Hubert Nelson Pitcher,
William Alfred Henry Fellows,
Walter Douglas Darling,
Montague Henry Goslett,
Douglas Farquharson Small,
Frank Stuart Painter,
William George Broadbridge,
Thomas Weir,
Charles Kemp McRoric,
Walter Leonard Hart,
Albert Robert Madgett,
Francis Darrell Gifford,
Alexander Baird McAughey,
Robert Daniel Chubbuck,
Norman Alfred Stott,
Thomas Raisheck,
Powell Max Humme,
David Hugh Ross,
Thomas Alvin Morrow,
William Henry Bolt,
Henry Thomas Crumplin,
George Gordon,
Edward Alfred Milness Townsend,
Donald Sadlier Rashleigh,
George Francis Clingan,
Arthur John Plant,
John Samuel Watson Moll,
Kenneth Bertram Mc. Kellar,
Joseph Patrick Connolly,
Cyril George Huggins,
William Eric Bottrill,
John Blake,
Maurice Bertram Watts,
Francis Eugene Hinds,
Richard Pearne,
William Bradley Bay,
William Henry McKinley,
George Ledingham,
John Soden Cooke,
Benjamin Ethelbert Nicholls,
Wilfred Derbyshire,
Selby Brittan Longstreet,
Alexander William Logie,
Daniel Arthur Bissett,
Percy Wright,
John Hampden Duthie, gentilshommes. 21 août 1916.
Grant Edward Rice, gentilhomme. 22 août 1916.
Richard Roe Oliver, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.
Hugh McLeod, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

Le maréchal des logis chef (sous-officier à brevet) Fred Tomkins, cavalerie de lord Strathcona (royale canadienne).

James McGregor, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants honoraires :

Arthur Ernest Clifton, gentilhomme. 16 août 1916.
David Widdowson, gentilhomme. 19 mai 1916.

Le sergent major (sous-officier à brevet) Donald Murray Murphy, services de santé de l'armée. 1er juillet 1916.

Howard Buell Wilcox, gentilhomme. 21 juillet 1916. 1916.
Alfred Richard Upton, gentilhomme. 10 août 1916.
Stuart Simonet Scott, gentilhomme. 9 septembre 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le capitaine C. S. Riley, 38e batterie A. de C. C., 26 août 1916.

Le capitaine J. Dall, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Queen), 16 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. P. Vokes, 9e batterie, A. de C.C., 13 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire O. A. McC. Wilson, 1er régiment, A. de P.C., 23 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. H. Thomson, 1er régiment A. de P. C., 29 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. W. Crocheron, 7e régiment, 8 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. A. Urquhart, 43e régiment, 8 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. V. Browne, 43e régiment, 14 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. L. Stroud, 45e régiment, 22 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. Dunn, 50e régiment, 27 june 1916.

Le lieutenant surnumérair F. M. Ward, 50e régiment, 2 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. F. Loveland, 50e régiment, 1er septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. F. Strickland, 57e régiment, 26 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. E. Dorchester, 72e régiment, 20 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. H. Kennedy, 72e régiment, 30 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. W. G. Anderson, 95e régiment, 6 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire N. S. Harper, 102e régiment, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. Gosby, 102e régiment, 14 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. C. Neill, 102e régiment, 8 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. E. Higgett, 103e régiment, 10 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. N. Eaton, 103e régiment, 24 août 1916.

Par ordre,

W. Hodgins.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

Cinq aides-analystes pour emploi temporaire au laboratoire du Ministère du Revenu de l'Intérieur, au traitement au taux de $1,300 par année, dans le but de les nommer permanents, si leurs services sont satisfaisants, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, à un traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Le travail consistera dans l'analyse microscopique et chimique des produits alimentaires. Les candidats doivent être gradués d'une université autorisée, et avoir eu au moins une année d'expérience dans les travaux de chimie depuis qu'ils ont été gradués.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 13 novembre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules du Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 19 octobre 1916. 17-4

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

EXAMENS DU SERVICE CIVIL.

Modifications aux règlements.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu d'un arrêté en conseil, daté du 12 octobre 1916, les modifications suivantes sont apportées aux règlements concernant les examens du Service civil :

(1) Préférence accordée aux soldats réformés.—Dans toutes les nominations au Service civil, soit au Service intérieur, soit au Service extérieur, préférence sera accordée aux candidats ayant au moins le minimum des aptitudes qu'exige la loi et ayant fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté au cours de la présente guerre, et qui en ont été honorablement réformés, spécialement à ceux qui par suite de blessures reçues en service militaire actif sont incapables de vaquer à leurs occupations habituelles.

(2) *Extension des limites d'âge.*—(*a*) Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, la limite d'âge minimum pour les examens du service civil, ainsi que pour l'admission au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur, est réduite de dix-huit à seize ans.

(*b*) Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, un aspirant aux examens et aux emplois du Service civil, tant inférieur qu'extérieur, qui a fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté et qui en a été honorablement réformé, ou qui s'est offert pour service actif au cours de la présente guerre et n'a pas été admis, ou qui a désiré s'enrôler et a demandé à l'être et a été refusé parce que ses services étaient plus utiles à l'Etat dans les fonctions qu'il remplissait que s'il s'était enrôlé pour service actif dans la marine ou dans l'armée, et qui est en conséquence détenteur de l'insigne accordée en pareil cas, ne sera pas inéligible en raison du fait qu'il a plus de trente-cinq ans.

(3) *Restrictions aux nominations.*—Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, aucun homme d'âge militaire sera nommé au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur, à moins qu'il ne soit compris dans l'une des catégories de personnes données dans la classe 2 (*b*), et qu'il ne soit détenteur de l'insigne accordée en pareil cas.

(4) *Exemption d'honoraires d'examen.*—Un aspirant qui a fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté, et qui en a été honorablement réformé, n'aura pas à payer d'honoraires pour l'un quelconque des divers examens tenus sous la juridiction de la Commission du Service civil pour admission ou pour promotion au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur.

Vu les changements qui précèdent, il a été décidé de remettre les examens du Service Civil qui devaient avoir lieu au mois de novembre 1916, au mois de décembre 1916, alors qu'ils seront tenus aux jours suivants :

Examen préliminaire du Service extérieur, 19 décembre.

Examen d'aptitudes du Service extérieur, 20 et 21 décembre.

Examen de troisième division (Service intérieur), 20, 21 et 22 décembre.

On peut obtenir du Secrétaire de la Commission du Service Civil, à Ottawa, soit personnellement, soit par écrit, tous les renseignements nécessaires concernant le nombre et la nature des vacances à remplir au Service intérieur et les règlements de tous les examens, ainsi que les formules de demande d'inscription à remplir.

Les formules de demande des aspirants, dûment remplies et accompagnées des honoraires requis, doivent parvenir ou bureau de la Commission du Service Civil pas plus tard que le 1er décembre 1916. Cette règle est de rigueur.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 24 octobre 1916. 18-4

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 20 octobre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en conformité d'un arrêté en conseil du 30e jour d'octobre 1915 (C.P. 2519), adopté sous l'empire des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre*, le Secrétaire d'Etat, sous l'autorité du Solliciteur général du Canada, a certifié sous son seing au Directeur général des Postes du Canada qu'un article ou des articles, lettre, communication, rapport ou nouvelles contrevenant à l'arrêté en conseil du 10 juin 1915 avaient paru dans le "Pearson's Magazine," une publication mensuelle imprimée et publiée par la compagnie dite "Pearson Publishing Company," 425-435 24e rue est, cité de New-York, dans les Etats-Unis d'Amérique ; que conformément à un mandat du Directeur général des Postes du Canada basé sur le dit certificat et exécuté sous l'empire des dispositions du dit arrêté en conseil daté le 30e jour d'octobre 1915 et d'un arrêté en conseil daté le 6e jour de novembre 1914 adopté en conformité des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre*, et publié dans un *Extra* de la *Gazette du Canada* du 6e jour de novembre 1914, le privilège des malles du Canada a été refusé à la dite " Pearson's Magazine," une publication imprimée et publiée par la compagnie dite " Pearson Publishing Company," 425-435 24e rue est, cité de New-York, dans les Etats-Unis d'Amérique, et sa circulation en Canada a été prohibée ; et personne en Canada n'aura la permission à l'avenir d'être en possession de la dite " Pearson's Magazine," ou d'un exemplaire quelconque de la dite magazine déjà publiée ou qui le sera plus tard, et toute personne en possession de cette magazine sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas cinq mille dollars ou d'emprisonnement pour un terme quelconque n'excédant pas cinq ans ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

18-2

Ocean Steamship Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 10e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Clive Pringle et Norman Gregor Guthrie, avocats, Ruby Ann Blake et William Edward Stitt, commis, et Edward Blake Johnson, secrétaire, tous de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Bâtir, acheter, vendre, équiper, exploiter, posséder des bateaux à vapeur, voiliers, bateaux et autres propriétés employées dans l'industrie, le négoce, le commerce et la navigation ; acheter, vendre, posséder, détenir, louer toutes espèces d'appareils pour vaisseaux et bateaux, palans et accessoires, quais, jetées et entrepôts ; exercer l'industrie d'engager, recevoir, transporter et livrer des marchandises comme fret ou en louage pour

tout port ou ports ; l'industrie de posséder ou d'affréter des vaisseaux dans ce but ; l'industrie de l'exploitation de vaisseaux pour tels services ; l'industrie de conclure des contrats ou des arrangements pour le transport de marchandises à ou d'aucun tels ports par rail, bateau ou autrement ou à aucun endroit ou endroits de l'intérieur ou sur les côtes ; conclure des contrats pour le transport des malles, voyageurs, effets et marchandises par tous les moyens, soit dans ses propres vaisseaux ou dans les vaisseaux, chemins de fer ou véhicules d'autres ; réunir, recevoir, distribuer, livrer des effets et marchandises, exercer en général l'industrie des transports, de la grande et de la petite vitesse ; employer comme patron de navire et agent-gérant d'aucun vaisseau posséder par la compagnie, toute personne, maison ou compagnie, qu'elle soit limitée ou non, et cela malgré qu'ils puissent n'avoir droit à aucun intérêt ou action dans le dit vaisseau en question ou dans la compagnie ; exercer l'industrie de l'emmagasinage, quaiage, entreposage et des expéditions, de l'exécution de tout acte ou actes, chose ou choses se rapportant, découlant ou se liant aux dites industries y compris la possession, location, détention, érection, entretien de docks, caissons, jetées, bassins et entrepôts, l'emmagasinage de toutes espèces d'effets, articles et marchandises, l'emmagasinage et quaiage de vaisseaux, bâtiments à vapeur et bateaux de toute espèce et description ; leur chargement et déchargement ; l'émission de reçus d'entrepôts et d'emmagasinage négociables ou non, couvrant les articles, effets et marchandises de tous genres, la perception et réception des droits de bassin, de quai et d'emmagasinage et autres compensations ; et avancer le fret, les droits, l'assurance maritime et contre le feu, prendre des gages de toute manière et de toute nature sur les effets, articles et marchandises reçus en entrepôt ou dans le but d'être entreposés ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie (manufacturière ou autre) que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés, ou droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir ou assumer, tout ou partie des affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directemefit ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage au autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*f*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*g*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité municipale, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, que la compagnie jugera convenables d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ;

(*h*) Etablir, supporter ou aider à établir et supporter des associations, institutions, fonds, fidéicommis, accommodations, pouvant être avantageux aux employés ou ex-employés de la compagnie, ou ses prédécesseurs en affaires, ou les personnes dépendant ou apparentées de telles personnes et octroyer des pensions et des gratuités, faire des paiements aux assurances, souscrire, garantir des paiements dans un but de charité ou de prévoyance ou pour aucune exposition ou pour aucune fin publique, générale ou utile ;

(*i*) Promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir tous ou aucun des biens et engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera, directement ou indirectement, de nature à profiter à la compagnie ;

(*j*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière, droits, privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de ses affaires et en particulier aucune machinerie, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*k*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, développer, gérer, exploiter, contrôler tous chemins, voies, embranchements ou voies d'évitement, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau, quais, usines électriques, fabriques, entrepôts, ateliers et autres usines et installations de nature, directement ou indirectement, à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie, et contribuer, subventionner ou aider autrement ou prendre part à leur construction, amélioration, entretien, gérance. direction, exercice ou contrôle ;

(*l*) Prêter des fonds aux clients ou autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie, garantir l'exécution de contrats par aucunes telles personnes ;

(*m*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables ;

(*n*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Demander, obtenir, acquérir par cession, transfert, achat ou autrement, exercer, exploiter et jouir d'aucune charte, licence, pouvoir, autorité, franchise, concession, droits ou privilèges, qu'aucun gouvernement ou autorité, ou aucune corporation ou autre corps public à le pouvoir d'octroyer, les payer, aider et contribuer à leur donner effet et approprier aucunes des actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour défrayer le coût, les charges et dépenses nécessaires à cela ;

(*p*) Faire, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger et y désigner les personnes pour représenter la compagnie suivant les lois de tels pays étrangers et accepter la signification d'aucune procédure ou poursuite pour et au nom de la compagnie ;

(*q*) Lever ou aider à lever des fonds, aider par voie de boni, prêt, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, aucune autre compagnie ou corporation, garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*r*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*s*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*t*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Ocean Steamship Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent mille dollars, divisé en 2,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

17–2

Toys, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 14e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Eratus Edwin Howard et Jacob DeWitt, avocats, Harold Ernest Andrews Rose, étudiant en droit, Henry Charles McNeil, comptable, et Helen Burns, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, vendre, échanger et autrement trafiquer et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises de toutes descriptions ;

(*b*) Souscrire, acheter ou autrement acquérir du stock, des actions, obligations, débentures et autres obligations et valeurs de toute compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ; promouvoir ou s'amalgamer avec toute telle compagnie ; acheter les biens, l'achalandage d'aucune compagnie, individu ou maison exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations ou en stock libéré de cette compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement et détenir telle propriété mobilière ou immobilière qui sembleront nécessaires ou requises pour les fins des affaires de la compagnie y compris des magasins, entrepôts, ateliers de construction de machines, fonderies, et autres établissements, les ériger et construire là et quand ce sera à propos ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) Vendre ou disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir des garanties de toute nature, foncières ou personnelles, pour dettes, engagements et obligations de la compagnie contractés pour ses fins et objets ; améliorer, gérer, développer, vendre, louer ou disposer d'aucuns des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Exercer ou promouvoir une compagnie pour exercer aucune autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée à aucun des objets ci-dessus spécifiés ;

(*h*) Exercer tous les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés comme principaux ou comme agents à commission pour d'autres, participant dans les bénéfices ou autrement.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Toys, Limited," avec un capital actions de quarante-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 17e jour d'octobree 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Evans & Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 12e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation George Douglas Evans, importateur, George Henry Densley et Walter Francis Lee, teneur de livres, Thomas James Coulter et William Stanley Jones, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, trafiquer, en gros et en détail, de toutes espèces de marchandises, articles, effets et produits ; généralement et spécialement importer et trafiquer d'éponges, agavés, chamois, brosses et autres articles pour la toilette, agir comme agents de manufacture, agents à commission en articles manufacturés, articles, effets, marchandises et matériels de tous genres ;

(*b*) Exercer aucune industrie de même nature, ou pouvant être exercée avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter et acquérir comme une industrie active l'industrie maintenant exercée par Shaw & Evans, de la cité de Montréal, y compris l'achalandage, et la payer par l'émission et la répartition d'actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir ou assumer généralement tout ou partie des affaires, propriété, achalandage, entreprise, droits et biens, assumer tout ou partie des engagements d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir par achat, concession, échange, location ou autrement, détenir, posséder, utiliser, louer, changer, vendre, disposer ou autrement trafiquer et exploiter des propriétés mobilières et immobilières utiles pour les fins de la compagnie, les payer en actions libérées ou partiellement libérées de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Emettre aucune partie du capital stock de la compagnie comme libérée et non sujette à appel de fonds en paiement de toute propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou immobilière ou autres biens acquis ou loués par la compagnie ou pour toute autre compensation qui sera jugée suffisante par les directeurs de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir, détenir et posséder des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation faisant des affaires de même nature, nonobs. les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, les payer en espèces ou partie en espèces, émettre et répartir des actions libérées de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel, les vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*h*) S'amalgamer avec aucun individu, maison ou corporation faisant des affaires semblables aux affaires que la compagnie est autorisée de faire, et pour cela donner ou accepter des actions totalement ou partiellement libérées ;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie ou client ou personnes faisant des transactions avec la compagnie, et prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toutes telles compagnies, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*j*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie et accepter en paiement total ou partiel des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, et les distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercéra son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de "Evans & Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Sous-Secrétaired'Etat.

E. J. Sibley, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 12e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Edwin John Sibley, entrepreneur, James Dawson Hutchinson, Richard Balmer Proctor et Percy Roycroft, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et William Geraghty, courtier, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de couvreurs, entrepreneurs, constructeurs, négociants et fabricants de préparations pour toitures, béton, ciment asphalte, tôles métalliques et autres matériaux pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, employés par les couvreurs, entrepreneurs et constructeurs ;

(*b*) Agir comme agents pour d'autres personnes ou corporations exerçant une industrie similaire, exercer également aucune autre industrie de même nature ou se rapportant aux industries ci-dessus mentionnées ;—

(*b*) S'amalgamer avec tout individu, maison ou corporation, acheter ou autrement acquérir des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets semblables à ceux énumérés dans les présentes, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, les vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement des propriétés foncières ou personnelles, achalandage, droits, franchises, privilèges, contrats et biens de tous genres utiles ou nécessaires aux affaires de la compagnie, à tels termes et conditions qui sembleront convenables, les payer en espèces ou partie en espèces ou actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, comme il pourra en être convenu ; vendre, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou d'aucune partie des biens ainsi acquis.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "E. J. Sibley, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

18–2

River Front Land Company, Limited.

AVIS PUBLIC est par le présent donné qu'en vertu des prescriptions de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts refondus du Canada, 1906, dénommée la *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes datées le 12e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Philippe Morel, de la cité de Maisonneuve, dans la province de Québec, agent, Jean Charbonneau et James Edward Coulin, avocats, Joseph Siméon Pilon, sténographe, et Charles Joseph Eugène Charbonneau, notaire, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Faire généralement les transactions immobilières, construire, gérer, vendre des maisons et des lots à bâtir ; agir comme agents généraux et courtiers en immeubles, placements et assurances ;

(*b*) Acquérir et prendre tout ou partie des affaires, propriété et engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie similaire à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, posséder, détenir, gérer, contrôler, vendre, louer, ou autrement disposer de propriétés foncières et personnelles ;

(*d*) Acheter. louer ou autrement acquérir pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convensble toute industrie ayant un caractère et un objet similaires à aucune des affaires de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Emettre et répartir comme complètement libéré du stock de la compagnie constituée par les présentes en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière ou de tous droits, bail, affaires, franchise, entreprises, pouvoirs, privilèges, licences, concessions, stock, obligations et débentures ou autres propriétés ou droits, pouvant être légalement acquis en vertu des pouvoirs octroyés par les présentes, ou les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations ou débentures de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*f*) Distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie et en particulier les actions, débentures ou valeurs d'autres compagnies appartenant à la compagnie ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer, faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, exercer aucune industrie se rattachant à l'exercice normal des affaires pour lesquelles la compagnie est incorporée ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, en prendre des actions, garantir l'exécution des contrats par toute personne ou compagnie ;

(*h*) Acheter, prendre ou acquérir par souscription originale ou autrement, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions du stock, ordinaires ou priorité, débentures, obligations et autres engagements d'aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires aux objets de cette compagnie, ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, exercer avantageusement pour cette compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, et voter sur telles actions ainsi détenues, par l'entremise de tel agent ou agents que les directeurs pourront nommer ;

(*i*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être déterminé de temps à autre ;

(*j*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, par actions de la compagnie, ou partie en espèces et partie en actions, toutes dépenses de, ou se rapportant à la formation, flottaison, annonce et obtention de la charte de la compagnie ou en plaçant ou en aidant à placer ou à garantir le placement d'aucune des actions du capitalde la compagnie, ou d'aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "River Front Land Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

18–2

Canadian Juvenile Shoe Company, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 25e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Joseph Louis Bruno Leclaire, industriel, Jean-Baptiste Willie Leclaire, comptable, et Joseph Norbert Arthur Leclaire, commerçant, tous trois de la cité de Sorel, dans la province de Québec, et Joseph Everette Harpin et Wesley Havelock Sharp, manufacturiers, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Fabriquer, importer, exporter, vendre, acheter, et faire le commerce des chaussures, de toutes sortes, en cuir, en caoutchouc, en feutre, en drap ou en toile, ou de quelque matière que ce soit, et de toutes matières premières s'y rapportant ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, fabriquer et confectionner tous articles en cuir, en caoutchouc, en feutre, en drap et en toile et se rapportant aux chaussures, à la sellerie, à la cordonnerie, à la ganterie, à la carosserie et au vêtement et en dérivant ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, fabriquer et confectionner tous articles, matières ou objets nécessaires à l'exploitation des commerce et industrie de la chaussure, faire tous réceptacles et boîtes de quelque matière que ce soit, pour l'empaquetage des chaussures et autres articles du commerce ;

(*d*) Préparer et vendre toutes matières premières et tous sous-produits se rapportant à l'industrie de la chaussure et en dérivant, confectionner et faire tous articles se rattachant à la cordonnerie et en dérivant ;

(*e*) Aux fins ci-dessus acquérir, posséder ou autrement prendre, occuper, construire, bâtir, réparer et exploiter, vendre ou autrement transférer, tous biens meubles et immeubles, manufactures, usines et magasins, matières, substances et articles, machines et instruments ; acquérir, posséder, louer ou autrement céder tous brevets d'invention, droits de propriété, licence, marque de commerce, franchises, droits et privilèges et tous autres bénéfices ; acquérir et posséder, vendre et transférer tous bons, débentures, garanties et actions de toutes compagnies ; devenir actionnaire dans toutes compagnies faisant le même genre d'affaires et permettre à toutes telles compagnies de devenir actionnaire de la présente compagnie ; investir tout capital dans toutes entreprises et industries semblables à celles de cette compagnie ; s'amalgamer avec toutes compagnies faisant le même genre d'affaires ; émettre, faire, et tirer, accepter, endosser et exécuter tous billets, bons, lettres de change et autres valeurs négociables pour les fins et avantages de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Canadian Juvenile Shoe Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, diviséen 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Sorel, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 25e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

North End Amusement Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 11e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Humbert Cecil George Mariotti, avocat, George William Elliott, courtier, tous deux de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec ; Egbert William Westover, Charles MacKay Cotton et Frederick Thomas Enright, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, avocats, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, produire, acheter, vendre, louer et disposer de pellicules pour vues animées, de pellicules prises sur le vif et de pellicules de tous genres utilisées dans la production des vues animées ;

(*b*) Bâtir, acheter ou louer et exploiter des théâtres de tous genres, y compris des théâtres de vues animées et donner dans tels théâtres des représentations théâtrales, et de vaudeville de tous genres et de pellicules de vues animées ;

(*c*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et obtenir des protections et licences provisoires et autres à propos de toutes inventions, ou supposées inventions, brevets, marques ou noms de fabrique, dessins, droits d'auteur, projets, idées, procédés secrets ou autres et choses de même nature qui sembleront devoir être avantageuses ou utiles à la compagnie, et les essayer, développer, prolonger, renouveler, exploiter, employer, vendre, en accorder des licences exclusives ou autres ou autrement disposer de toutes ou de chacune de ces choses ;

(*d*) Acheter, acquérir, posséder et détenir ou autrement disposer de toutes valeurs, stocks, obligations, débentures ou actions d'aucune compagnie, quelle qu'elle soit, ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*e*) Faire tous arrangements pour l'amalgamation, l'union des intérêts, les concessions réciproques avec toute compagnie, maison ou personne exploitant une industrie en tout ou en partie similaire à celle de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir la totalité ou aucune partie des affaires, propriétés, actif et passif, comme une industrie active ou autrement, d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, ou possédant aucune propriété convenant aux objets de cette compagnie et payer pour telle industrie ou propriété, totalement ou partiellement avec le stock et les obligations de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Rémunérer toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus en plaçant ou en aidant à placer ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune des actions du capital de la compagnie ou aucune des débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou à propos de la formation ou de la promotion de la compagnie ou de la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*h*) Vendre ou autrement disposer, en tout ou en partie, de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou d'aucune partie de son actif pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie, en tout ou en partie, similaire à celle de la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies ;*

(*i*) Faire aucune ou toutes autres choses, ou exercer aucune autre industrie pouvant être utile ou nécessaire à l'exercice normal des objets ci-dessus ;

(*j*) Faire aucune des choses ci-dessus, que la compagnie est autorisée de faire, comme principaux ou agents ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "North End Amusement Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 15,000 actions de dix dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 13e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois d'août 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondus Can., 1906.)

DT.	$ c.		$	AV.
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373 36	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	691,788 19	
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,172,945 57			
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert				
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	3,672 24			
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,860 45	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 août 1916	41,086,063 43	
	11,777,851 62		41,777,851 62	

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 12 octobre 1916. 18–tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois de septembre 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants.	Total.
ACCISE.	$ c.	$ c.
Spiritueux	848,287 62	
Liqueur de malt	11,641 35	
Malt	197,582 10	
Tabac	982,648 53	
Cigares	62,461 36	
Fabrications en entrepôt	15,642 83	
Acide acétique	741 27	
Saisies	468 58	
Autres revenus	4,338 38	
Total du revenu de l'accise		2,123,812 02
Spiritueux pyroxyliques		13,178 28
Passages d'eau		
Inspection des poids et mesures		14,472 52
Inspection du gaz		7,153 80
Inspection de la lumière électrique		4,427 75
Timbres de pièces judiciaires		406 35
Autres revenus		803 01
Taxe de guerre		76,366 22
Grand revenu total		2,237,619 95

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous-Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 23 octobre 1916. 18–tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances pour le 30 septembre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE.			1915.	1916.
PASSIF.			$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			757,960 94	118,645,070 94
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Prêts temporaires			150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,802,646 32	$40,930,124 46		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,939,801 94	13,572,820 03		
			52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,92 ,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total de la dette brute			774,896,755 36	1,071,657,373 51
ACTIF.				
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total de l'actif			290,055,121 63	391,381,928 61
Total de la dette nette au 30 septembre			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
" au 31 août			472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Augmentation de la dette			12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois septembre, 1915.	Total au 30 septembre, 1915.	Mois septembre, 1916	Total au 30 septembre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Accise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Département des Postes	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Divers	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
DÉPENSES	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	14,541,003 47	44,427,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	3,482,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Subventions aux chemins de fer	155,032 00	723,021 14		363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 4 octobre 1916.

15-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste	.....
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions	.....
Total	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Dépôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension	$ 100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capita social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionne est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté." comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressée au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada ;* le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l objet de la demande, et devra etre signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal :*— Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone :*—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs ;* ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de fidéicommis ;* une *compagnie de prêt ;* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une déclaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous, établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit"

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SÉNAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé ; il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée " partie défenderesse ".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills privés.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changements pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt après la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company," s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte pour changer son nom et modifier et étendre ses pouvoirs.

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
18–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE MOLSONS.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque Molsons aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, lundi, le sixième jour de novembre prochain, à trois heures de l'après-midi.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
gérant général.

Montréal, 4 octobre 1916. 15–4

SHAWINIGAN ELECTRO METALS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Règlement spécial n° 5 intitulé règlement à l'effet d'augmenter le nombre des directeurs de la compagnie.

ATTENDU que le nombre des directeurs de la compagnie dite "Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited," est de cinq et qu'il est à propos d'en augmenter le nombre;

En conséquence, la dite "Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited," statue comme suit:

Que le conseil de direction de la dite compagnie soit et il est par le présent augmenté de cinq à sept dont trois forment quorum.

—

Je, soussigné secrétaire de la compagnie dite "Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited," certifie que le règlement ci-dessus a été dûment adopté à une réunion des directeurs de la compagnie tenue le 25e jour d'octobre 1916, et que le dit règlement fut dûment approuvé, sanctionné et confirmé par le vote des actionnaires de la compagnie, représentant plus des deux tiers du capital-actions souscrit et émis de la compagnie, à une assemblée générale spéciale dûment convoquée pour étudier le dit règlement et tenu le 25e jour d'octobre 1916.

[L.S.] H. G. BUDDEN,
18–1 Secrétaire.

HULL LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

AVIS DE CHANGEMENT DE SON SIÈGE SOCIAL OU PRINCIPAL LIEU D'AFFAIRES.

Copie d'un règlement sanctionné unanimement par écrit par les actionnaires de la compagnie le 22 septembre 1916.

ATTENDU que par les lettres patentes constituant la compagnie, le principal lieu d'affaires de la compagnie dans le Dominion du Canada est en la cité de Hull, dans la province de Québec ; et

Attendu qu'il a été jugé à propos de le changer à la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, et qu'un règlement soit passé à cet effet,—

En conséquence qu'il soit statué et il est statué comme suit : Que le siège social de la compagnie dite "The Hull Lumber Company, Limited," soit et il est par le présent changé de la cité de Hull, dans la province de Québec, à la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario.

CHARLES E. READ,
18–1 Directeur gérant.

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec aura lieu au siège social de la dite banque, en la cité de Québec, P.Q., le mardi, 28e jour de novembre A.D. 1916, à trois heures de l'après-midi, dans le but d'étudier une convention pour la vente par la dite Banque de Québec de son actif à la Banque Royale du Canada aux conditions stipulées dans la dite convention, dont copie sera adressée par la malle à chaque actionnaire avec le présent avis, et si la chose est jugé opportune, adopter une résolution ou des résolutions approuvant la dite convention et autorisant le président et gérant général de la Banque de Québec d'apposer le sceau corporatif de la banque à la dite convention et de la signer et l'exécuter pour et au nom de la banque ; et aussi dans le but de prendre en considération et, si la chose est jugée opportune, adopter toutes les autres et subséquentes résolutions dans le but de mettre la dite convention et les conditions en vigueur selon que les actionnaires le jugeront convenable ou à propos et dans le but d'autoriser le conseil de direction à donner tous les avis et à faire toutes les demandes et à adopter et exécuter tous les autres actes, résolutions, contrats, instruments, matières et choses qui seront jugés nécessaires pour obtenir que la dite convention soit sanctionnée par le Gouverneur en conseil et pour l'exécuter et distribuer les recettes de la dite vente.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Québec, 10 octobre 1916. 17-6

CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par les présentes donné, suivant les dispositions de l'article 5 de la *Loi des Sociétés de Caisses de Retraite*, Chapitre 123, S.R.C., que la Société de la Caisse de Retraite de la Banque d'Hochelaga a été constituée, conformément à cette loi, et que son bureau principal est situé au n° civique 112 St. Jacques, à Montréal.

Ernest Guimont est le secrétaire de la société, et toutes pièces de procédures légales peuvent lui être signifiées.

Montréal, ce trois octobre mil neuf cent seize.

LA SOCIÉTÉ DE LA CAISSE DE RETRAITE DE LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA,

15–4 ERNEST GUIMONT, Sec.

BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE N° 117.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de trois pour cent (au taux de douze pour cent par année) sur le capital payé de cette banque, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et sera payable à la banque et à ses succursales, à compter de vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 15 novembre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, P.Q., 17 octobre 1916. 17–6

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent pour le trimestre courant, étant au taux de 10 pour cent par année sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré, et sera payable à la banque en cette cité et à ses succursales, dès et après le 1er jour de novembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés à la clôture des affaires le 14e jour d'octobre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

D. C. MACAROW.
Gérant général.

Montréal, 26 septembre 1916. 14–5

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de un et trois quarts pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable à sa banque, en cette cité et à ses succursales, le et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre prochain.

Les livres de transport seront fermés du 16 jusqu'au 30 novembre 1916, les deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Quebec, le 24 octobre 1916. 18–

BANQUE UNION DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE No 119.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende au taux de huit pour cent par année, a été déclaré sur le capital payé de la Banque Union du Canada pour le trimestre courant, plus un pour cent et sera payable à la banque en la cité de Winnipeg et à ses succursales, dès et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre 1916, aux actionnaires enregistrés à la clôture des affaires, le 15e jour de novembre prochain.

Les livres de transferts seront fermés du 16 au 30 de novembre 1916, ces deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

G. H. BALFOUR,
Gérant général.

Winnipeg, 19 octobre 1916. 18–4

CANADIAN ZINC PRODUCTS COMPANY, LIMITED.

RÈGLEMENT N° 3 (*a*).

LE conseil de direction se composera de trois directeurs qui seront élus annuellement par les actionnaires et choisis parmi eux, et ils resteront en fonctions jusqu'à l'assemblée annuelle suivante ou jusqu'à ce que leurs successeurs aient été élus.

Copie certifiée et authentique extraite des règlements de la compagnie dite " Canadian Zinc Products Company, Limited."

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

(Signé) LÉWIS JONES,
Secrétaire.

18–1

AVIS est donné par le présent que J. W. McConnell, de la cité de Montréal, s'adressera au Gouverneur en conseil et au Ministère des Travaux Publics, à Ottawa, afin d'obtenir la permission d'installer un outillage pour le lavage et le tamisage du sable sur le lot n° 1154 des plan et livre de renvoi officiel de la paroisse de Notre-Dame de Pierreville, comté d'Yamaska, province de Québec, le dit outillage consistant en une chaudière à vapeur, des machines à vapeur, des pompes et une construction pour le tamisage.

PERRON, TASCHEREAU, RINFRET,
VALLÉE & GENEST.

18–1

ATLAS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED.

RÈGLEMENT N° 3—ARTICLE 1.

Résolu à l'unanimité :

ATTENDU que le règlement n° 3, article 1 statue que le conseil de direction de la présente compagnie se composera de cinq directeurs qui seront élus chaque année ou à une assemblée générale des actionnaires convoquée dans ce but, dont la majorité formera quorum ; et

Attendu que les directeurs sont d'avis qu'il est opportun et à propos que le dit règlement 3, article 1 soit rescindé et annulé et remplacé par un règlement qui se lira comme suit :

Article 1.—Un conseil de trois directeurs sera élu à l'assemblée générale des actionnaires spécialement convoquée dans ce but, dont la majorité formera quorum."

Qu'il soit et il est par le présent adopté comme un règlement de la présente compagnie.

—

Vraie copie certifiée du règlement n° 3, article 1 de la compagnie dite "Atlas Construction Company, Limited," adopté par les directeurs à une assemblée tenue le 21 octobre 1916, et approuvé par les actionnaires à une assemblée générale spéciale, tenue à la même date, tel que l'exige la loi.

[L.S.] MICHAEL GURNEY,
Président.

E. G. SMART,
Secrétaire.

18–1

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par les présentes donné qu'un dividende de deux et un quart pour cent (2¼ %) (soit au taux de 9% par année) a été déclaré par les directeurs de la Banque d'Hochelaga, sur le capital versé de la banque, pour le trimestre finissant le 30 novembre 1916. Ce dividende, portant le n° 103, sera payable au bureau principal ou aux succursales de la banque, le ou vers le 1er décembre 1916, aux actionnaires inscrits dans les livres à la fermeture des guichets de la banque, le 15 novembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
Gérant général.

18–5

BANQUE DE MONTREAL.

AVIS est donné par les présentes qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, ainsi qu'un boni d'un pour cent, et qu"ils seront payables le et après vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 31 octobre 1916.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la maison de banque de l'institution, lundi, le 4e jour de décembre prochain.

L'assemblée commencera à midi.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 20 octobre 1916. 18–5

THE HOLJOHN COMPANY, LIMITED.

RÈGLEMENT N° 22.

RÈGLEMENT à l'effet d'autoriser l'augmentation du nombre des directeurs de la compagnie dite " The Holjohn Company, Ltd.," de trois à cinq.

" Qu'il soit statué par les directeurs de la compagnie dite " The Holjohn Company, Limited," comme règlement de la compagnie, ce qui suit :—

1. Le nombre des directeurs est par le présent augmenté de trois à cinq.

2. Le conseil de direction pourra, de temps à autre entre la confirmation du présent règlement et la prochaine assemblée annuelle, élire au conseil des actionnaires qualifiés de la compagnie jusqu'à ce qu'il ait été élu en outre des directeurs actuels, un nombre suffisant pour que le conseil soit au complet.

3. Jusqu'à ce qu'un conseil au complet ait été élu, les directeurs actuels et les actionnaires choisis par eux de temps à autre comme directeurs, administreront les affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le règlement n° 6 est modifié en insérant le mot "cinq" au lieu du mot " trois" partout où il paraît dans le dit règlement.

—

Nous certifions par le présent que ce qui précède est une copie fidèle et complète d'un règlement sanctionné et approuvé par le vote unanime des actionnaires de la compagnie dite "The Holjohn Company, Ltd.," présents en personne ou représentés par fondés de pouvoir à une assemblée générale spéciale des dits actionnaires dûment convoquée et tenue pour prendre le dit règlement en considération en la cité de Montréal, le 19e jour d'octobre A.D. 1916, et nous certifions en outre qu'à la dite assemblée il y avait en personne ou représentés par fondés de pouvoirs, les détenteurs de 363 actions du nombre total de 490 actions émises par la dite compagnie, étant plus des deux tiers en valeur de tout le capital-actions de la compagnie émis et à émettre.

En foi de quoi nous avons signé les présentes et y avons apposé le sceau de la dite compagnie à Montréal susdit ce 20e jour d'octobre A.D., 1916.

[L.S.] J. A. WM. JOHNSTON,
Président.

W. W. ROBERTSON, jeune,
Secrétaire.

18–1

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OTTAWA.—Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

A GAZETTE, November 25th, 1916

KS OF THE DOMINIO

st, 1916.

12 of the Bank Act, Chapter 9, of the St

LIABILITIES—PASSIF.

	Loans from other banks in Canada, secured, including bills rediscounted. — Emprunts faits à d'autres banques en Canada, garantis, y compris les billets renouvelés.	Deposits made by and balances due to other banks in Canada. — Dépôts faits par d'autres banques en Canada et balances dues à ces banques.	Due to banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom. — Balances dues à des banques et des correspondants de banques dans le Royaume-Uni.	Due to ba and banking pondents els than in Cana the United K — Balances due banques et de pondants de l ailleurs qu'au et dans le Ro Uni.	rage amount rrent gold and sidiary coin d during the month. — Chiffre en des espèces possédées ant le mois.	Average amount of Dominion notes held during the month. — Chiffre moyen des billets de la Puissance possédés durant le mois.	Greatest amount of notes in circulation at any time during the month. — Montant le plus élevé des billets en circulation à une date quelconque durant le mois.	
	7	8	9	10				
	$	$	$	$	$		$	
9	.....	5,663,390	.....		18,954,433	31,114,071	22,335,374	1
..	.....	355,119	.....		356,014	1,089,029	2,873,883	2
2	.....	130,887	55,348		6,166,706	8,331,753	8,032,233	3
	.....	4,051	1,217		2,054,719	3,059,014	5,325,729	4
..	.....	263,689	.....		923,082	8,096,715	5,269,200	5
..	.....	222,722	29,165		549,417	3,924,514	5,056,500	5
7	.....	7,291	.....		202,844	1,440,433	3,782,250	7
4	.....	733,608	49,707		4,629,170	8,798,023	9,384,656	8
..	.....	323	364,999		69,294	137,345	1,216,413	9
5	.....	233,874	1,681,066		1,024,591	5,919,355	8,875,782	10
5	.....	547,662	1,055,183	4	12,256,000	18,078,000	19,217,728	11
3	.....	264,204	166,620	4	10,755,005	16,749,496	17,517,118	12
4	.....	403,401	499		1,924,000	7,161,000	6,425,121	13
..	.....	54,071	.....		849,635	2,653,399	4,024,141	14
..	.....	427,593	.....	.....	1,254,889	3,707,005	4,596,448	15
..	.....	56	15,251		376,695	2,325,417	4,269,842	16
..	.....	17,171	13,342		1,257,578	3,203,418	4,568,010	17
..	.....	310,237	1,701		1,643,778	7,880,984	7,308,743	18
..	.....	2,549	.....		122,000	666,680	2,740,500	19
..	.....	6,910	.....		203,352	968,477	2,688,930	20
..	.....	237,488	.....	.....	53,138	746,749	1,252,500	21
..	.....	.....	.....	.....	16,245	117,800	371,572	22

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CANADA GAZETTE, November 25th, 1916.

RETURN OF THE CHARTERED BANKS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA

OCTOBER 31st, 1916.

Made to the Minister of Finance in conformity with Section 112 of the Bank Act, Chapter 9, of the Statutes of 1913.

	NAME OF BANK. — NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CAPITAL STOCK.				LIABILITIES—PASSIF.																	
		Capital authorized. — Capital autorisé.	Capital subscribed. — Capital souscrit.	Capital paid up. — Capital versé.	Amount of rest or reserve fund. — Montant du fonds de réserve.	Rate per cent of last dividend declared. — Taux pour cent du dernier dividende déclaré.	Notes in circulation. — Billets en circulation.	Balance due to Dominion Government, after deducting advances for credits, pay-lists, etc. — Balance due au gouvernement fédéral, déduction faite des avances sur crédits ouverts, bordereaux de paie, etc.	Balances due to provincial governments. — Balance due aux gouvernements provinciaux.	Deposits by the public, payable on demand in Canada. — Dépôts du public remboursables à demande, en Canada.	Deposits by the public, payable after notice or on a fixed day in Canada. — Dépôts du public remboursables après avis ou à une date fixe en Canada.	Deposits elsewhere than in Canada. — Dépôts reçus ailleurs qu'en Canada.	Loans from other banks in Canada, secured, including bills rediscounted. — Emprunts faits à d'autres banques en Canada, garantis, y compris les billets renouvelés.	Deposits made by and balances due to other banks in Canada. — Dépôts faits par d'autres banques en Canada et balances dues à ces banques.	Due to banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom. — Balances dues à des banques et des correspondants de banques dans le Royaume-Uni.	Due to banks and banking correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom. — Balances dues à des banques et des correspondants de banques ailleurs qu'au Canada et dans le Royaume-Uni.	Bills payable. — Billets à payer.	Acceptances under letters of credit. — Acceptations sur lettres de crédit.	Liabilities not included under foregoing heads. — Engagements non compris dans les articles qui précèdent.	Total Liabilities. — Total du passif.	Aggregate amount of loans to directors, and firms of which they are partners. — Montant collectif des prêts faits à des directeurs et à des raisons sociales dont ils forment partie.	Average amount of current gold and subsidiary coin held during the month. — Chiffre moyen des espèces possédées durant le mois.	Average amount of Dominion notes held during the month. — Chiffre moyen des billets de la Puissance possédés durant le mois.	Greatest amount of notes in circulation at any time during the month. — Montant le plus élevé des billets en circulation à une date quelconque durant le mois.	
							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13					
		$	$	$	$		$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	
1	Bank of Montreal	25,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000	10	21,779,134	999,301	1,351,424	101,430,959	126,993,004	68,431,359		5,663,390		545,282	1,225,935	2,179,360	641,964	331,241,117	692,822	18,954,433	31,114,071	22,335,374	1
2	Quebec Bank	5,000,000	2,735,000	2,735,000	1,000,000	7	2,809,138	200,445	383,723	5,026,101	10,984,084			355,119		14,421			188,693	19,961,727	342,279	356,014	1,089,029	2,873,883	2
3	Bank of Nova Scotia	10,000,000	6,500,000	6,500,000	12,000,000	14	7,742,999	1,644,293	254,697	23,390,392	48,163,916	15,158,582		130,887	55,348	715,657		361,466	5,444	97,623,685	652,571	6,166,706	8,331,753	8,032,233	3
4	Bank of British North America	4,866,666	4,866,666	4,866,666	3,017,333	6	5,325,729	1,406,943	522,878	13,831,370	27,086,300	4,099,199		4,051	1,217	475,745	1,955,259	1,757,894	1,465,177	57,931,761	12,881	2,054,719	3,059,014	5,325,729	4
5	Bank of Toronto	10,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	6,000,000	11	5,201,718	1,006,853	184,400	18,893,361	32,921,585			263,689		113,749		384,412	297	58,970,066	192,296	923,082	8,096,715	5,269,200	5
6	Molsons Bank	5,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,800,000	11	4,988,335	1,580,879	416,566	10,835,274	32,906,818			222,722	29,165	106,033		211,414	1,532,128	52,829,337	574,056	549,417	3,924,514	5,056,500	6
7	Banque Nationale	5,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,900,000	8	3,755,820	832,380	188,390	5,185,855	17,981,223	1,316,817		7,291		3,107		59,915		29,330,801	414,721	202,844	1,440,433	3,782,250	7
8	Merchants Bank of Canada	10,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	10	9,221,086	1,664,744	2,606,210	30,737,946	48,769,510	830,464		733,608	49,707	591,307		1,022,895	175,817	96,403,298	679,990	4,629,170	8,798,023	9,384,656	8
9	Banque Provinciale du Canada	2,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	650,000	7	1,190,613	1,009,232	195,802	2,606,598	9,476,182			323	364,999	400,000			9,221	15,252,972		69,294	137,345	1,216,413	9
10	Union Bank of Canada	8,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	3,400,000	8	8,875,782	1,038,695	5,758,820	36,794,132	42,133,431	934,175		233,874	1,681,066	107,643		514,626	8,941	98,080,589	637,700	1,024,591	5,919,355	8,875,782	10
11	Canadian Bank of Commerce	25,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	13,500,000	10	19,082,432	6,710,266	2,778,705	85,235,231	103,558,331	21,527,555		547,662	1,055,183	4,757,546	1,104,001	2,121,325	2,865	248,481,106	994,359	12,256,000	18,078,000	19,217,728	11
12	Royal Bank of Canada	25,000,000	12,000,000	11,997,500	12,560,000	12	17,341,823	7,256,099	736,499	49,804,305	92,614,141	53,392,713		264,204	166,620	4,048,772	310,870	349,117	7,066	226,292,234	489,222	10,755,005	16,749,496	17,517,118	12
13	Dominion Bank	10,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	7,000,000	12	6,425,121	2,768,954	201,222	22,467,574	47,384,098	510,064		403,401	499	842,791	118,728	400,415	291,966	81,814,838	564,903	1,924,000	7,161,000	6,425,121	13
14	Bank of Hamilton	5,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,300,000	12	3,913,531	691,458	397,811	16,126,521	28,614,997			54,071		316,282		110,901		50,225,576	293,640	849,635	2,653,399	4,024,141	14
15	Standard Bank of Canada	5,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	4,000,000	13	4,596,448	3,103,135	363,041	15,492,827	29,375,813			427,593				21,256		53,380,116	27,701	1,254,889	3,707,005	4,596,448	15
16	Banque d'Hochelaga	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	3,700,000	9	4,262,347	283,085	50,564	6,685,965	21,531,610			56	15,251	165,791		93,937		33,088,610	218,800	376,695	2,325,417	4,269,842	16
17	Bank of Ottawa	5,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,750,000	12	4,531,485	2,731,350	467,667	11,425,517	31,460,220			17,171	13,342	116,256		27,567	91,871	50,882,450	153,258	1,257,578	3,203,418	4,568,010	17
18	Imperial Bank of Canada	10,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	12	7,062,279	4,133,456	2,171,868	18,051,918	40,110,375			310,237	1,701	129,023		46,414		72,017,274	297,236	1,643,778	7,880,984	7,308,743	18
19	Home Bank of Canada	5,000,000	2,000,000	1,946,575	300,000	5	2,706,255	450,000	921,744	3,424,555	7,122,321			2,549		166,320				14,793,746	167,464	122,000	666,680	2,740,500	19
20	Northern Crown Bank	6,000,000	1,431,200	1,428,797	715,600	6	2,688,930	825,081	759,865	7,952,524	8,238,248			6,910		10,590		21,837	53,322	20,557,310	446,996	203,352	968,477	2,688,930	20
21	Sterling Bank of Canada	3,000,000	1,266,600	1,208,630	300,000	6	1,180,040	654,183	315,073	2,521,902	6,027,695			237,488				26,124	2,341	10,964,847	251,721	53,138	746,749	1,252,500	21
22	Weyburn Security Bank	1,000,000	632,200	347,710	130,000	5	350,622	470	24,930	1,309,407	843,502								46,601	2,575,534	90,186	16,245	117,800	371,572	22
	Total	188,866,666	113,431,666	113,030,878	113,022,933		145,031,667	40,991,302	21,051,899	489,230,234	814,297,404	166,200,928		9,886,295	3,434,098	13,625,715	4,714,793	9,710,875	4,523,714	1,722,698,994	8,194,802	65,642,585	136,168,677	147,132,673	

RETURN OF THE CHARTERED BANKS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, October, 31st, 1916

ASSETS—ACTIF.

NAME OF BANK. — NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CURRENT GOLD AND SUBSIDIARY COIN. — MONNAIE D'OR DU COURS ET MONNAIE SUBSIDIAIRE.			DOMINION NOTES. — BILLETS DU DOMINION.			Deposit with the Minister of Finance for the security of note circulation. — Dépôts entre les mains du Ministre des Finances pour garantie du fonds de circulation des billets.	Deposit in the central gold reserves. — Dépôts aux réserves centrales d'or.	Notes of other banks. — Billets d'autres banques.	Cheques on other banks. — Chèques sur d'autres banques.	Loans to other banks in Canada, secured, including bills rediscounted. — Prêts faits à d'autres banques en Canada, garantis, y compris les billets renouvelés.	Deposits made with and balances due from other banks in Canada. — Dépôts faits dans d'autres banques en Canada et balances dues par ces banques.	Due from banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom. — Dû par des banques et correspondants de banques dans le Royaume-Uni.	Due from banks and banking correspondents, elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom. — Dû par des banques et correspondants de banques en dehors du Canada et du Royaume-Uni.	Dominion government and provincial government securities. — Obligations ou effets du gouvernement fédéral ou des gouvernements provinciaux.	Canadian municipal securities, and British, foreign and colonial public securities other than Canadian. — Effets des municipalités canadiennes, et effets publics britanniques, étrangers, ou coloniaux autres que des effets canadiens.	Railway and other debentures and stocks. — Obligations, debentures et actions de chemins de fer et autres.	Call and short (not exceeding thirty days) loans in Canada on stocks, debentures and bonds. — Prêts à demande, et à courte échéance, ne dépassant pas trente jours au Canada, sur actions, débentures et obligations.	Call and short (not exceeding thirty days) loans elsewhere than in Canada. — Prêts à demande, et à courte échéance, ne dépassant pas trente jours, ailleurs qu'au Canada.	Other current loans and discounts in Canada. — Autres prêts courants et escomptes au Canada.	Other current loans and discounts elsewhere than in Canada. — Autres prêts courants et escomptes ailleurs qu'au Canada.	Loans to the Government of Canada. — Prêts au gouvernement du Canada.	Loans to provincial governments. — Prêts aux gouvernements provinciaux.	Loans to cities, towns, municipalities and school districts. — Prêts à des cités, villes, municipalités et circonscriptions scolaires.	Overdue debts. — Créances en souffrance.	Real estate, other than bank premises. — Immeubles autres que les édifices de la banque.	Mortgages on real estate sold by the bank. — Hypothèques sur des immeubles vendus par la banque.	Bank premises at not more than cost, less amounts (if any) written off. — Immeubles de la banque, au prix de revient, moins les sommes qu'il faut en déduire (s'il en est.)	Liabilities of customers under letters of credit as per contra. — Engagements des clients sur lettres de crédit par contre.	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads. — Autres créances non comprises dans les item précédents.	Total Assets. — Total de l'actif.
	In Canada. — Au Canada.	Elsewhere. — Ailleurs.	Total.	In Canada. — Au Canada.	Elsewhere. — Ailleurs.	Total.																										
			1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$		
1 Bank of Montreal	19,480,280	1,560,522	21,040,803	20,264,464	8,751	20,273,216	790,000	7,500,000	1,749,441	14,832,868		13,043,626	18,587,611	419,736	21,796,159	13,947,120		113,002,097	87,243,008	6,493,263	5,978,655	742,401	11,255,571	350,954	3,858	115,464	4,000,000	2,179,360	120,323	365,465,541	1
2 Quebec Bank	356,437		356,437	1,423,592		1,423,592	105,000	200,000	160,795	1,365,053		180,025	909,398	95,590	1,863,146	1,724,590	4,531,233		8,071,581	600,000			105,540	232,843	63,389	7,720	1,618,631		168,831	23,783,400	2
3 Bank of Nova Scotia	3,618,453	2,936,130	6,554,583	7,028,515	1,312	7,029,827	358,179	1,750,000	1,187,068	4,348,168		3,971,210	3,021,251	2,993,963	10,304,240	4,757,354	6,275,507	11,517,983	42,986,417	6,119,802			300,468	302,224	326,250	2,875	2,492,624	361,466	84,847	117,046,314	3
4 Bank of British North America	1,897,072	179,526	2,076,598	2,961,383	26	2,961,409	1,385,694		482,424	2,396,355		9,474	103,662	990,720	2,115,116	10,517,095	125,495	2,485,017	8,548,883	21,981,263	6,062,800		331	1,172,824	476,626	43,340	12,688	2,311,301	1,757,894	191,876	68,208,885	4
5 Bank of Toronto	949,506		949,506	6,120,980		6,120,980	254,634	500,000	596,786	2,240,602		1,423	642,732	2,991,354	1,406,529	5,707,965	997,966	3,338,096		39,311,083		1,000,000		1,264,922	277,346			3,519,608	384,412		71,505,949	5
6 Molsons Bank	550,395		550,395	3,840,224		3,840,224	200,000	1,000,000	463,644	2,714,476		13,308	1,867,654	1,591,904	1,415,822	6,210,573	1,173,407	4,932,915		32,515,509				976,058	188,017	89,685	4,429	2,079,922	211,414	251,037	62,290,403	6
7 Banque Nationale	201,067	1,249	202,317	1,247,722		1,247,722	100,000	1,700,000	572,115	1,126,065		332	104,488	1,038,675	1,500,000	1,375,117	1,043,781	2,913,148		18,412,141				437,512	28,351	290,778	210,448	1,044,905	59,915	-29,589	33,437,406	7
8 Merchants Bank of Canada	2,696,228	1,001,483	3,697,711	8,273,376		8,273,376	375,000	2,500,000	760,879	5,082,595		2,635	865,121	2,507,153	2,278,167	10,232,832	4,244,976	6,319,728	4,945,103	50,854,910	377,685			1,306,177	214,211	266,841	23,324	4,660,620	1,022,895	155,892	110,967,839	8
9 Banque Provinciale du Canada	72,307		72,307	173,823		173,823	63,397		367,759	1,157,680		1,357,248	16,192	125,916		2,126,717	1,306,341	2,420,537		6,730,028				374,111	108,087	112,310	16,492	294,241		195,231	17,018,423	9
10 Union Bank of Canada	947,549	170,750	1,118,299	5,990,091		5,990,091	260,000	4,000,000	537,778	3,538,397		44,712	156,676	3,953,985	2,600,547	14,182,705	3,373,571	7,587,081	5,841,809	45,887,057	3,327,319		237,307	2,292,984	766,909	355,637	101,336	1,152,200	514,626	7,990	107,829,527	10
11 Canadian Bank of Commerce	6,273,911	5,732,337	12,006,249	17,514,369	9,900	17,524,269	806,964	4,500,000	2,185,539	10,509,980		9,859	815,512	6,805,184	6,571,159	18,072,283	8,550,936	14,726,352	21,253,741	120,579,909	20,350,729		98,608	4,409,613	418,801	1,196,311	388,186	4,979,364	2,121,325	100,506	278,981,390	11
12 Royal Bank of Canada	4,067,273	6,790,930	10,858,203	17,860,738	2,446	17,863,185	595,340	5,960,000	3,829,387	10,965,060		8,819	450,246	11,213,512	1,040,292	14,002,023	15,040,069	10,375,683	20,990,400	79,606,004	36,039,081	4,000,000	114,186	3,015,513	851,874	1,100,430		5,349,602	349,117	115,938	253,703,974	12
13 Dominion Bank	1,958,311	230	1,958,541	6,282,215		6,282,215	261,950	500,000	929,276	4,010,017		12,083	155,991	2,597,391	2,105,120	8,559,344	4,212,517	5,046,421	3,031,200	49,278,808	31,392			393,643	107,831	27,739	13,950	5,591,853	400,415		95,507,706	13
14 Bank of Hamilton	870,108		870,108	3,715,278		3,715,278	157,000	1,000,000	483,435	2,344,463		7,719	1,243,631	1,019,776	781,777	7,024,091	649,957	4,887,988		27,910,024		750,000	56,82	1,173,160	182,955	413,618	75,623	2,105,615	110,901	302,450	57,266,405	14
15 Standard Bank of Canada	1,269,278		1,269,278	4,044,198		4,044,198	150,000	1,500,000	343,626	2,344,024			522,554	1,518,322	594,717	5,371,287	390,327	3,669,094		35,343,587		1,000,000		1,072,556	552,647	19,507	1,300	1,210,712	21,256	132,753	61,071,752	15
16 Banque d'Hochelaga	391,921		391,921	2,562,202		2,562,202	171,467	500,000	851,014	1,515,093		717,307	302,634	1,447,696	925,567	3,688,159	386,459	1,376,128		22,620,842				1,293,637	545,445	192,700	64,674	1,549,770	93,937	257,363	41,454,024	16
17 Bank of Ottawa	1,019,722	250,000	1,269,722	3,406,531		3,406,531	212,180	450,000	446,300	2,359,938		2,192,181	116,811	2,037,864	6,888,842	8,648,308	662,670	2,125,925		25,103,222				1,585,318	797,387	210,368	31,408	1,754,503	27,567	105,022	60,432,074	17
18 Imperial Bank of Canada	1,656,880		1,656,880	7,214,670		7,214,670	343,437		942,167	2,797,583		624,472	3,914,070	7,092,881	4,522,496	7,816,794	966,571	5,211,449		35,892,711	4,837		60,781	4,523,355	272,698	375,841	424,468	2,634,611	46,414	47,106	87,386,303	18
19 Home Bank of Canada	120,086		120,086	769,733		769,733	92,288	500,000	311,501	743,088		108,589	6,873	144,194		2,112,911	392,318	1,595,292		9,022,615	32,713			189,909	72,940	55,406	75,295	742,757		39,805	17,128,321	19
20 Northern Crown Bank	201,693		201,693	1,048,134		1,048,134	100,500	1,600,000	192,050	1,964,870		1,143,391	1,072,937	794,626	2,153,981	1,676,754	1,484,242	334,205		7,726,411			165,799	293,844	258,172	36,788	95,619	377,974	21,837	88,846	22,832,683	20
21 Sterling Bank of Canada	54,153		54,153	743,571		743,571	58,607		121,692	579,598		9,279	39,141	663,481	349,995	1,862,821	559,600	260,224		6,742,228				122,889	16,757			275,607	26,124	82,951	12,568,735	21
22 Weyburn Security Bank	14,798		14,798	158,801		158,801	15,200		38,442	17,172		587,882		106,265		228,952	10,137		215,000	1,108,864	20,000			53,926	144,947	9,080	2,320	157,106		164,348	3,053,244	22
Total	48,667,428	18,593,157	67,260,588	122,644,610	22,435	122,667,047	6,856,837	35,660,000	17,553,118	78,953,145		6,850,713	29,591,786	71,159,159	40,759,416	163,380,276	66,000,404	90,412,023	189,346,216	774,928,222	79,459,621	12,728,655	1,476,240	37,613,530	7,168,022	5,189,876	1,668,119	49,903,526	9,710,875	2,642,704	1,968,940,288	

Column No. 4. Of this deposit $7,210,000 is in gold coin; the balance is in Dominion notes.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, November, 21st, 1916.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

OTTAWA: Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

Loans to cities, towns, municipalities and school districts.	Overdue debts.	Real estate, other than bank premises.	Mortgages on real estate sold by the bank.	Bank premises at not more than cost, less amounts (if any) written off.	Liabilities of customers under letters of credit as per contra.	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads.	Total Assets.	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Prêts à des cités, villes, municipalités et circonscriptions scolaires.	Créances en souffrance.	Immeubles autres que les édifices de la banque.	Hypothèques sur des immeubles vendus par la banque.	Immeubles de la banque, au prix de revient, moins les sommes qu'il faut en déduire (s'il en est.)	Engagements des clients sur lettres de crédit par contre.	Autres créances non comprises dans les item précédents.	Total de l'actif.	
20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	
,255,571	350,954	3,858	115,464	4,000,000	2,179,360	120,323	365,465,541	1
105,540	232,843	63,389	7,720	1,618,631	.....	168,831	23,783,400	2
300,468	302,224	326,250	2,875	2,492,624	361,466	84,847	117,046,314	3
,172,824	476,626	43,340	12,688	2,311,301	1,757,894	191,876	68,208,885	4
,264,922	277,346	.....	.....	3,519,608	384,412	.....	71,505,949	5
976,058	188,017	89,685	4,429	2,079,922	211,414	251,037	62,290,403	6
437,512	28,351	290,778	210,448	1,044,905	59,915	29,589	33,437,406	7
,306,177	214,211	266,841	23,324	4,660,620	1,022,895	155,892	110,967,839	8
374,111	108,087	112,310	16,492	294,241	.....	195,231	17,018,423	9
,292,984	766,909	355,637	101,836	1,152,200	514,626	7,990	107,829,527	10
,409,613	418,801	1,196,311	388,186	4,979,364	2,121,325	100,506	278,981,390	11
,015,513	851,874	1,100,430	.....	5,349,602	349,117	115,938	253,703,974	12
393,643	107,831	27,739	13,950	5,591,853	400,415	.....	95,507,706	13
,173,160	182,955	413,618	75,623	2,105,615	110,901	302,450	57,266,405	14
,072,556	552,647	19,507	1,300	1,210,712	21,256	132,753	61,071,752	15
,293,637	545,445	192,700	64,674	1,549,770	93,937	257,363	41,454,024	16
,585,318	797,387	210,368	31,408	1,754,503	27,567	105,022	60,432,074	17
,523,355	272,698	375,841	424,468	2,634,611	46,414	47,106	87,386,303	18
189,909	72,940	55,406	75,295	742,757	.....	39,805	17,128,321	19
293,844	258,172	36,788	95,619	377,974	21,837	88,846	22,832,683	20
122,889	16,757	.....	.....	275,607	26,124	82,951	12,568,725	21
53,926	144,947	9,080	2,320	157,106	.....	164,348	3,053,244	22
,613,530	7,168,022	5,189,876	1,668,119	49,903,526	9,710,875	2,642,704	1,968,940,288	

T. C. BOVILLE,

Deputy Minister of Finance.

No. 19. Vol. L.

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 20th October, 1916.

Willie Poirier, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Temporary Excise Officer : to be a Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Montreal, in the said Province, from 1st October, 1916.

Douglas Allen, of Fraserville, in the Province of Nova Scotia : to be a Fishery Officer, with the rank of Fishery Overseer in and for the said Province, in the room and stead of D. W. Holmes, resigned ; and during his term of office as such Fishery Overseer, with the powers of a Justice of the Peace *ex officio* for the purpose of The Fisheries Act.

Captain Vincent G. Comeau, of Meteghan, in the Province of Nova Scotia, to be Wharfinger of the Government wharf at Comeau Cove, in the County of Digby, in the said Province.

—

21st October, 1916.

William Mitchell Acworth, of the City of London, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, Esquire : to be a Commissioner to enquire into and report upon the general problem of transportation in Canada, in the room and stead of Commissioner Sir George Paish, who has resigned the said office.

1st November, 1916.

William Linney Griffith, of the City of London, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, Esquire, Secretary of the office of the High Commissioner for the Dominion of Canada, in the United Kingdom, aforesaid : to be a Commissioner *per dedimus protestatem* to take from and administer oaths to persons employed in any office or place of trust under the Government of Canada, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

PROCLAMATIONS.

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrator.

CANADA.

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you— Greeting :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Saturday, the twenty-first day of the month of October instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. Now Know Ye, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance

at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on THURSDAY, the THIRTIETH day of the month of NOVEMBER next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-beloved Councillor the Right Honourable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and St. George; Chief Justice of Canada; Administrator of the Government of Our Dominion of Canada.

AT Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this EIGHTEENTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

17–tf

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *14th October, 1916.*]

CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, P.C., G.C.M.G., LL.D., etc., etc., etc., Chief Justice of Canada, and Administrator of the Government of the Dominion of Canada.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Majesty King George the Fifth, was graciously pleased by a Commission under His Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date at the Court of Saint James's the sixth day of March, 1911, and in the first year of His Reign, to appoint Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught to be Governor General and Commander in Chief of the Dominion of Canada;

And Whereas by section VII of the Letters Patent bearing date the fifteenth day of June, 1905, constituting the office of Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada it is provided that in the event of the absence of the Governor General out of the Dominion of Canada all and every the powers and authorities therein granted to him shall, until His Majesty's further pleasure is signified therein, be vested in such person as may be appointed by His Majesty under His Sign Manual and Signet to be the Lieutenant Governor of the said Dominion or if there shall be no such Lieutenant Governor in the said Dominion, then in such person or persons as may be appointed under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet to administer the Government of the same; and in case there shall be no person or persons within the said Dominion so appointed, then in the Chief Justice for the time being of the Supreme Court of the said Dominion, or in case of the death, incapacity, removal, or absence out of the said Dominion of the said Chief Justice for the time being, then in the Senior Judge for the time being of the said Supreme Court then residing in the said Dominion and not being under incapacity;

And Whereas by reason of the absence of the said Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, etc., etc., etc., out of Canada, and under and in virtue of the letters patent aforesaid all and every the powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent granted to the Governor General have become vested in me as being the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for the time being of the Dominion of Canada, and having taken the necessary oath as required by the said Letters Patent, I have therefore thought fit to issue this Proclamation to make known the same, and I do hereby require and command that all and singular His Majesty's officers and ministers in the said Dominion of Canada do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places and employments, and that His Majesty's loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern do take notice thereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at arms at the City of OTTAWA, this THIRTEENTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of His Majesty's Reign.

C. FITZPATRICK,
17–3 Administrator of the Government.

DESPATCHES, ETC.

[*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 10th October, 1916.*]

FOREIGN OFFICE,
24th August, 1916.

The KING has been pleased to approve of—

Mr. Bradstreet S. Rairden as Consul of the United States of America at Rivière du Loup, Quebec;

Mr. Elliott Verne Richardson as Consul of the United States of America at Moncton, New Brunswick.

—

FOREIGN OFFICE,
9th September, 1916.

The KING has been pleased to approve of—

Mr. George N. West as Consul-General of the United States of America at Vancouver, British Columbia.

19-1

CANADA.
No. 1096.

DOWNING STREET,
27th September, 1916.

SIR,—With reference to my predecessor's despatch No. 8 of 5th January, 1915, I have the honour to request Your Royal Highness to inform your Ministers that His Majesty's Government have decided to increase the rate charged for insurance against war risks on hulls under the Government War Risks Insurance Scheme, to £1 per cent for a voyage and £2 per cent for a round voyage or for a time policy of 91 days.

2. The new rates came into force on the 20th of September.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your Royal Highness's most obedient,
humble servant,

(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Royal Highness
The Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., &c., &c., &c. 17–3

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

24th October, 1916.

ENQUIRY having been made of the Chinese Government as to the authority of its Consular Officers in Canada to receive articles and money due to Chinese subjects not resident in Canada, and to give valid re-

ceipts therefor, the despatch published below has been received by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government, intimating that Chinese Consular Officers have such authority :—

From the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the Governor General.

CANADA.
No, 1092.

DOWNING STREET,

27th September, 1916.

SIR,—With reference to Your Royal Highness's despatch No. 354 of the 26th of May, I have the honour to transmit to you, for the information of your Ministers, a copy of a despatch from His Majesty's Minister at Peking relative to the authority of Chinese Consular Officers in Canada to receive the assets of deceased Chinese emigrants and to give a valid receipt.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your Royal Highness's most obedient,
humble servant,

(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Royal Highness
The Duke of Connaught and
of Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P.,
&c., &c., &c.

—

Copy.
Consular.
No. 100.

PEKING, 4th August, 1916.

MY LORD,—With reference to your despath No. 74 Consular of 15th June (112656/K/16), I have the honour to forward herewith translation of a despatch which I have received from the Wai Chiao Pu informing me, in reply to my enquiry on the subject, that under the Consular Regulations Chinese Consular officers in Canada are authorized to receive the assets of deceased Chinese emigrants and to give a valid receipt.

I have, &c.,

(Sgd) J. N. JORDAN.

VISCOUNT GREY, K.G.,
&c., &c., &c.

—

[TRANSLATION.]
Note.

From Wai Chiao Pu to H. M. Minister.

PEKING, 3rd August, 1916.

SIR,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's note (of the 21st July), stating that your Foreign Office enquire whether Chinese Consular Officers in Canada are authorized to receive the assets of deceased Chinese emigrants and to give a valid receipt.

I have the honour to state in reply that Article 9 of the Consular Regulations, promulgated in January, 1915, provides that in the event of a Chinese emigrant dying abroad without leaving a will or having any relations to claim the property left by him, the Consul shall temporarily take over the same and report to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs for their consideration. It is clear therefore that under the provisions of these regulations Chinese Consular Officers in Canada are authorized to receive these assets and to give a valid receipt.

I avail, etc.,

(seal of the Wai Chiao Pu).

18-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2608]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for a grant for church purposes of five acres of land comprised in the N.W. ¼ of Section 10, Township 37, Range 27, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, is, hereby, pleased to set apart and appropriate the said land for church purposes and to authorize a grant thereof to La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2607]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for a grant for cemetery purposes of five acres of land comprised in the S. E. ¼ of Section 16, Township 37, Range 27, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, is hereby pleased to set apart and appropriate the said land for cemetery purposes and to authorize a grant thereof to La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[24/2574]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 20th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council, under the provisions of section 23, chapter 24, of the Revised Statutes of Canada, "The Consolidated Revenue and Audit Act", is pleased to order as follows :—

From the 9th September, 1916, inclusive, the Town of Kenora, in the Inland Revenue Division of Port Arthur, shall be and the same is hereby detached therefrom, and added to the Inland Revenue division of Winnipeg ;

From the 1st October, 1916, inclusive, the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe, which has heretofore formed part of the Inland Revenue Division of Owen Sound, shall be and the same is hereby detached therefrom, and added to the Inland Revenue Division of Toronto.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2424]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council dated 21st day of July, 1910, the Minister of the Interior was authorized to set apart Section 17, Township 9, Range 17, west of the 4th Meridian as school lands in lieu of a portion of Section 11, Township 9, Range 26, west of the 4th Meridian, which it was proposed to grant to the Town of Macleod ;

And whereas it was subsequently decided not to take this action, but to put up the undisposed of portions of Section 11, in question, at public auction, which was accordingly done ;

And whereas Section 17, in question, is, therefore, no longer required for the School Lands Endowment ;

And whereas Section 17 was never gazetted as School Lands ;

And whereas the Order in Council of the 21st of July, 1910, above referred to, would appear to have the effect of reserving Section 17 for the School Lands Endowment,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to order, as Section 17 is no longer required for the School Lands Endowment, that the said Order in Council of the 21st July, 1910, be, and the same is hereby rescinded.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

———

[2565]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 20th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 14th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made by Mr. Patrick Goachin, of Grand Prairie, in the Province of Alberta, for a grant of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 8, Township 71, Range 9, west of the 6th Meridian, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian title.

Evidence has been submitted showing the applicant to have been in residence on the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8, in the summer of 1899, and the Minister therefore recommends that under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, a grant be authorized to Mr. Goachin of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 8, Township 71, Range 9, west of the 6th Meridian.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

———

[16/2593]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 21st day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council, is pleased to make the following Regulations for granting a drawback of Customs duty on articles used in the original construction of vessels built in Canada on and after 1st November, 1916, and the same are hereby made and established accordingly:—

1. A drawback not exceeding ninety-nine per cent of the Customs duty paid, may be granted and paid by the Minister of Customs on materials used in the original construction of ships and vessels measuring over five hundred tons gross tonnage, built in Canada, when such ships or vessels are authorized by Order in Council to be exported for registry outside of Canada or are British Registered in Canada and are constructed so as to obtain a class in Lloyds, Bureau Veritas, British Corporation, or other recognized classification satisfactory to the Minister of Customs ;

Provided that the drawback payable under this section shall be in lieu of any drawback based on a specific rate per registered ton.

2. The claimant for drawback must be the builder of the ship or vessel. Drawback shall be paid only on ships or vessels which have within themselves the power of independent navigation, either by means of sails, steam or other motive power.

3. The payment of the drawback shall be subject to the following conditions, viz :—

(*a*) The quantity of materials used and the amount of duty paid thereon shall be ascertained.

(*b*) The claimant for drawback shall be required to make a declaration in the terms set forth in Schedule "A" hereto.

(*c*) There shall be furnished by the claimant, a certificate from the Registrar of Shipping in the terms set forth in Schedule "B" hereto.

(*d*) The claim for drawback shall be verified under oath, before a Collector of Customs or Justice of the Peace, to the satisfaction of the Minister of Customs, in such form as he shall prescribe. The Minister of Customs may also require in any case the production of such further evidence, in addition to the usual averments, as he deems necessary to establish the bona fides of the claim;

(*e*) All applications for payment of drawback shall be placed before the Customs Department with evidence as above mentioned complete, within a period of six months from the date of registration or launching of the ship or vessel upon which the claim is made, otherwise the same shall be rejected.

Schedule "A".

I, ...of..... do hereby declare that I am the builder of, and claimant for drawback, on materials used in the construction of a.....called the.....built at..... .....in the Dominion of Canada (1) and launched on the.....day of..... 19.. , as per certificate attached.

I further declare that the said.....is an entirely new vessel, built with knees and..... .....classed for.....years as per classification Certificate of.....bearing date.....

Declared before me
this.....day of 19
Collector of Customs. } ..... Builder.

Schedule "B".

I, the undersigned Registrar of Shipping at..... ...., do hereby certify that the above named vessel is entirely new, built during the season of..... ..... by..... .at..... as above stated, and launched on the..... day of....., that the tonnage thereof is..... .....tons gross, and that the said vessel is built with .....knees, and that the registered owners are (1)..... ....

I further certify to having examined the Certificates of classification, and find that the said vessel is classed at.....for.....years, and that the said vessel has within itself the power of independent navigation.

Port of } .....
Registrar of Shipping.

(1) State Name if registered in Canada—otherwise insert the words "Not registered in Canada."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2471]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Minister of Finance has had under consideration a By-law made by the National Battlefields Commission, amending the By-laws approved by the Governor General in Council on the 10th day of March, 1915 ;

And whereas the said By-law, (copy of which is hereto annexed), is intended to regulate the use of lights on motor vehicles in the National Battlefields Park ;

And whereas the Minister of Finance recommends that the said amendment to the By-laws be approved by the Governor in Council and published in the *Canada Gazette*,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to approve the said By-law and the same is hereby approved accordingly.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

—

THE NATIONAL BATTLEFIELDS COMMISSION.

By-laws Respecting the National Battlefields Park.

WHEREAS by the Statutes of Canada, 7 and 8 Edward VII, chap. 57 and 58, 9 and 10 Edward VII, chap. 42, 1 and 2 George V, chap. 5, and 4 and 5 George V, chap. 46, the National Battlefields Commission was authorized to establish a park or public place on its grounds and to make by-laws for the direction, conduct and management of its property real and personal, as well as for the maintenance, preservation and protection of its lands, works and other property belonging to the Commission or under its jurisdiction, control or care and the access of the public thereto, and the prevention of injury to or encroachments upon the property of the Commission ;

Whereas certain by-laws have been adopted by the National Battlefields Commission on the 19th of October, 1914, which were approved by the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the Act, the 10th of March, 1915, and published in the *Canada Official Gazette*, the first of May, 1915 ;

Whereas it is expedient to add certain enactments thereto respecting motor vehicles in the said park,—

It is therefore ordained and enacted by the National Battlefields Commission and the said Commission ordains and enacts as follows, to wit :

Sub-paragraph E is added to the paragraph 2 of said by-laws in the following terms :

E. The operator or chauffeur of any motor vehicle shall not make use of any acetylene, electric or other headlight in the park, unless so lowered as not to dazzle or blind any other driver either of a motor vehicle, or the operator of any motor vehicle or any pedestrian on the streets or avenues of the said park, or make it in any way unsafe or difficult for any such driver, operator or pedestrian to ride, drive, or walk in the said park and every such operator or chauffeur shall immediately comply with such directions as may be given to him in this regard by any Superintendent, Guardian or Police Officer on duty in the said park.

Every violation of the provision of these by-laws, except in so far as another penalty is therefor by law provided, shall be punishable, on summary conviction, by a fine not exceeding $50 and costs or imprisonment for a term not exceeding sixty days or by both fine and imprisonment.

18–2

[2394]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 29th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made by Messrs. Alexander Smith and William Henry Fares, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, to purchase those portions of the lands hereinafter enumerated, formerly covered by the waters of Rush Lake, and as shown coloured red on the Township plan hereto attached ;

The Minister further reports that Messrs. Smith and Fares have had filed in the Departmend of the Interior, evidence showing them to be the registered owners of land lying immediately alongside the parcels applied for,—

The Minister recommends that in accordance with the present departmental practice which permits of formerly submerged portions of quarter sections being sold to the registered owners of the balance thereof, and under the provisions of section 32 of The Dominion Lands Act, the lands in question comprising a total area of 851·5 acres, be sold to Messrs. Smith and Fares at the respective values placed thereon by a Homestead Inspector and on the usual terms of payment.

The lands in question and their value per acre are as follows : –

Part of the S.W. ¼ of Section 16, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 1·5 acres—$6.00 an acre.

Part of the E. ½ of the S.E. ¼ of Section 17, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 59·5 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. ¼ of Section 17, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 71·4 acres —$5.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. ¼ of Section 20, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 11·5 acres —$7.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. ¼ of Section 20, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 120·8 acres —$8.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. ¼ of Section 19, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 101·0 acres —$6.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. ¼ of Section 19, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 5·5 acres— $5.00 an acre.

Part of the N. ½ N.W. ¼ of Section 18, Township 17, Range 10, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 52·4 acres—$9.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. ¼ of Section 1, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 0·9 acre— $10.00 an acre.

Part of the S. ½ of the S.E. ¼ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 57·0 acres—$10.00 an acre.

Part of the S.W. ¼ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 91·0 acres—$7.00 an acre.

Part of the N.W. ¼ of Section 12, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 125·0 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the S.E. ¼ of Section 14, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 53·0 acres —$7.00 an acre.

Part of the N. ½ of the S.W. ¼ of Section 13, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 60·0 acres—$5.00 an acre.

Part of the N.E. ¼ of Section 13, Township 17, Range 11, west of the Third Meridian, comprising 41·0 acres —$5.00 an acre.

The Committee concur in the foregoing and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

16–4

[2487]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 5th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior representing that Milton J. McCreary was granted preemption entry for the north-east $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 10, Range 22, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 29th day of October, 1910 ;

The Minister observes that it would appear from evidence furnished that Mr. McCreary may have performed one term of residence and that he has done a sufficient amount of breaking ;

The Minister submits a copy of a medical certificate from W. B. Kendall, M.D., stating that Mr. McCreary is suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis,—

The Minister, under the circumstances, recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in this case under the authority of subsection 2 of section 20 of the Act, so that free patent may issue to Mr. McCreary for the quarter section above described, upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that other conditions of the law have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the above recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2361]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 27th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that on the 29th May, 1913, one Sam Ollie—an Assyrian—obtained the south-west quarter of Section 9, Township 18, Range 13, west of the 3rd Meridian, under homestead entry ; that, according to evidence submitted, he erected a dwelling house and broke ten acres of land, and that he developed leprosy and has been segregated at the leper colony in Tracadie, New Brunswick,—

The Minister recommends, as the malady from which Mr. Ollie suffers is hopelessly incurable, that the performance of further settlement duties under subsection 2 of section 20 of The Dominion Lands Act of 1908 be waived and that the Department of the Interior be empowered to issue a free patent.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2156]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 13th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 7th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Samuel Gill Warke, who was granted homestead entry for the south east quarter of Section 31, township 19, Range 11, west of the Principal Meridian, is blind ;

The Minister states that Mr. Warke, at a cost of $400, had 30 acres of his homestead brought under cultivation and a portion thereof cropped in each of four years, the total area of cultivation, 30 acres, having been cropped in the year 1916. Owing to his affliction, Mr. Warke was unable to go into residence on the land but resided with his uncle on the adjoining quarter-section. A Homestead Inspector investigated the case and furnished evidence corroborating the improvements set out above,—

Under the circumstances, the Minister recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in connection with M. Warke's homestead, the south east quarter of Section 31, Township 19, Range 11, west of the Principal Meridian, under the authority of subsection 2 of section 20 of the Act, so that free patent may be issued to Mr. Warke for his homestead upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2348]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the trustees of the church of the Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende for a grant for church purposes of ten acres of land comprised in the N.E. corner of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 23, Township 14, Range 8, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes ten acres of land comprised in the N. E. corner of the N.W.$\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 23, Township 14, Range 8, west of the Third Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the trustees of the church of the Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[30/2323]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of the Interior, reporting that Mr. Harry Chawner Adams obtained South African Volunteer Bounty Scrip Location for the east half of Section 6, Township 40, Range 16, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 5th November, 1912; that information has been received that the entrant performed no residence duties on the land itself, owing to the fact that he was unable to secure water thereon, but he resided on his purchased land, the southeast quarter of Section 7, in the same Township and Range, from 1st May, 1912 to 15th September, 1913, when he was obliged to discontinue residence duties owing to illness ; that the improvements on the scrip location above mentioned consist of 160 acres fencing, and it was shown that the entrant was the owner of the following stock :—1912, 171 head ; 1913, 391 head ; 1914, 60 head.

The Minister, under the circumstances, recommends that further residence on the part of Mr. Adams be dispensed with in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of section 20, chapter 20, 7–8 Edward VII, so that free patent may be issued to Mr. Adams upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been satisfied.

The Board concur in the above recommendation and submit the same for favourable consideration.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2606]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA,

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the regulations at present in force governing the cutting of ice for sale within Dominion Parks provide for the payment to the Department of the Interior of a royalty of two cents a ton ;

And whereas it has been represented that in cases where contracts to supply a large quantity of ice are let by tender the imposition of a royalty operates to the disadvantage of persons tendering who wish to take the ice from waters within Dominion Parks,—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order that the regulation in this connection, established by Order in Council of the 29th day of June, 1916, shall be and the same is hereby amended by striking out the words :—

"and in addition dues at two cents per ton shall be "charged on the quantity cut."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2518]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Saturday, the 14th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a request has been received from the Department of Indian Affairs for the setting apart for the Indians of a tract of land known as the Hole or Hollow Water Indian Reserve, selected under the provisions of Treaty No. 5, in 1884, and shown on the official plans of Townships 25 and 26, Range 9, east of the Principal Meridian, approved and confirmed on the 22nd day of February, 1915, and the 6th day of March, 1915, respectively ; containing by admeasurement three thousand five hundred and seventy-four acres, more or less ;

And whereas the said lands are available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that the tract of land above described be withdrawn from the operation of The Dominion Lands Act and be set apart for the purposes of the said reserve.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[The following Order in Council was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *24th October, 1916.*]

[2521]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 14th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order that the regulations respecting aliens of enemy nationality sanctioned by Order in Council of 20th September, 1916, shall be and the same are hereby amended by adding at the end of No. 10 the following :—

The said expression "Chief Officer of Police" shall moreover mean and include for that portion of the Province of Manitoba adjacent to the International Boundary which is patrolled by the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, the principal officer of that force exercising authority in the district so patrolled.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18-2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

GENERAL ORDERS.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,
OTTAWA, 2nd October, 1916.

INSTRUCTIONS, REGULATIONS, &c.

AMENDMENTS TO PAY AND ALLOWANCE REGULATIONS, 1916

G.O. 92.

Add new Article.

670*a*.

A Provost Marshal will receive Pay at the rate of $3.00 per diem regimental pay and 75c. p. d. Field Allowance. Where, however, appointed to a Camp Staff, Staff rate of Field allowance as for a Captain, will be granted.

(H.Q. 305-5-4.

—

G.O. 93.

ORGANIZATION.

RESERVE MILITIA.

Military District No. 10.—The organization of a battalion of Reserve Militia, with headquarters at Portage la Prairie, Man., is authorized.

(H.Q. 32-24-9.)

Military District No. 11.—The organization of a company of Reserve Militia, with headquarters at Invermere, B.C., is authorized.

(H.Q. 32-24-10.)

Military District No. 11.—The organization of a company of Reserve Militia, with headquarters at Trail, B.C., is authorized.

(H.Q. 262-1-6.)

By Command,

W. Hagins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 31st October, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32117. "The Floor Plan of a Barn Known as the 'Visible Interior' Plan." (Plan.) Norman Greenshields Neill, Winnipeg, Man., 24th October, 1916.

32118. "The Floor Plan of a House Known as the 'Visible Interior' Plan." (Plan.) Norman Greenshields Neill, Winnipeg, Man., 24th October, 1916.

32119. La Jurisprudence du Droit Municipal (Jurisprudence of Municipal Law)." Par Jean François Pouliot. (Livre.) L'Imprimerie 'Le Saint-Laurent' Limitée, Fraserville, Qué., 25 octobre 1916.

32120. "151 Overseas Battalion, C.E.F., Sarcee Camp, Calgary, Alberta, Canada, 25th September, 1916." (Photo.) McDermid Engraving Co., Ltd., Edmonton, Alta., 26th October, 1916.

32121. 202nd Sports'men's Overseas Battalion, C.E.F., Edmonton, Alberta, Canada. Photo Taken at Sarcee Camp, Alberta, 14th October, 1916." (Photo.) McDermid Engraving Co., Ltd., Edmonton, Alta., 26th October, 1916.

32122. "Punch Him Right." (Print.) Samuel Sager, Winnipeg, Alta., 27th October, 1916.

32123. "Army and Navy." (Card Playing Instructions.) William George Knights, Calgary, Alta., 27th October, 1916.

32124. "Official Telephone Directory, Montreal, November, 1916." (Book.) The Bell Telephone Company of Canada, Limited, Montreal, Que., 27th October, 1916.

32125. "The Morris Differential Block." (Bulletin.) The Herbert Morris Crane & Hoist Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 27th October, 1916.

32126. "242nd O. S. Forestry Bn. C. E. F., Montreal, Oct., 1916. (Photo.) The Union Photo Company, Montreal, Que., 28th October, 1916.

32127. "The Manitoba Reports." Volume XXV. Editor: Geo. Patterson, K.C. (Book.) The Law Society of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man., 28th October, 1916.

32128. "Hurrah! for the Front." Written and Composed by Margaret Callaghan Nicolle. (Music.) Margaret Callaghan Nicolle, Chathan, Ont., 30th October, 1915.

32129. "The School." Volume V. No.3. November, 1916. (Magazine.) W. J. Dunlop, Toronto, Ont., 30th October, 1916.

32130. "Thru on Time." (Print.) Harold Joseph Lupton, Winnipeg, Man., 30th October, 1916.

32131. "Neodiarsenol." (Book.) Synthetic Drug Co., Toronto, Ont., 30th October, 1916.

32132. "Eaton's Grocery Catalogue." No. 53A. November, December, January, 1916-17. (Book.) The T. Eaton Company, Limited, Winnipeg, Man., 30th October, 1915.

Unveiling by Sir G. E. Foster, monument re Fur Traders' Post.

32133. "An Historical Event." No. 1—President Peter McKellar reading address. (Photo.) Thunder Bay Historical Society, Fort William, Ont., 30th October, 1916.

Unveiling by Sir G. E. Foster, monument re Fur Traders' Post.

32134. "An Historical Event." No. 2—Sir George E. Foster speaking after the unveiling. (Photo.) Thunder Bay Historical Society, Fort William, Ont., 30th October, 1916.

32135. "The Red Watch." With the First Canadian Division in Flanders. By Colonel J. A. Currie, M.P. (Book.) McClelland, Goodchild & Stewart, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 30th October, 1916.

32136. "Practical English." By Boyd Allen. (Book.) A. & W. McKinley, Limited, Halifax, Nova Scotia, 30th October, 1916.

32137. "Dilettante." Valse. Par Gilles R. Amiot. (Musique.) Gilles R. Amiot, Valleyfield, Qué., 31 octobre 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHT.

1847. "Rhymes of a Red Cross Man." (Book.) Robert W. Service, Paris, France, 30th October, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
19–1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

General Order.

A GENERAL sitting of "The Exchequer Court of Canada," under the provisions of Rule 166, for the trial of cases, etc., will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Fraserville, P.Q., commencing on Tuesday, the 16th day of January, A.D. 1917, at 11 a.m.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of October, A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE,
19-4 *J.E.C.*

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Ottawa, 19th October, 1916.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that by M. & F. Order No. 42 in 1916, dated 18th October, 1916, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act, has granted permission to change the name of the steamer "Juanita," which has been purchased from foreigners by the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, to that of "Courcelette."

A. JOHNSTON,
18–2 Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION OF CANADA.

Civil Service Examinations.

Change in Regulations.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that by an Order in Council dated the 12th October, 1916, the following changes have been made in the Regulations governing Civil Service Examinations:—

(1) *Preference to returned soldiers.*—In making all appointments to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, preference shall be given to those candidates having at least the minimum qualifications required by law, who have served overseas in His Majesty's Forces during the present war, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, especially to those who through disability occasioned by active military service are unable to fill their previous occupations.

(2) *Extension of age limits.*—(*a*) During the continuance of the present war, the minimum age limit for examination for, and appointment to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, shall be reduced from eighteen years to sixteen years.

(*b*) During the continuance of the present war a candidate for examination for, and appointment to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, who has served overseas in His Majesty's Forces and has been honorably discharged therefrom, or who has offered himself for active service in the present war and has been rejected or who has desired or has offered to enlist and has been refused upon the ground that his services are of more value to the State in the employment in which he is engaged than if he should enlist for active service in the naval or military forces, and who is therefor a holder of the badge issued in such cases, shall not be ineligible by reason of the fact that his age is greater than thirty five years.

(3) *Restrictions on appointments.*—During the continuance of the present war no male person of military age shall be appointed to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or in the Outside Service, unless he is included in one of the classes given in clause 2 (*b*) and is a holder of the badge issued in such cases.

(4) *Exemption from examination fees.*—A candidate who has served overseas in His Majesty's Forces, and has been honorably discharged therefrom, shall not be required to pay a fee for admission to any of the several examinations held under the direction of the Civil Service Commission for admission to or promotion in the Civil Service whether in the Inside or in the Outside Service.

In view of the above changes, it has been decided to postpone the Civil Service Examinations which were advertised to take place in the month of November, 1916, until the month of December, 1916, when they will be held on the following dates:

Preliminary Examination for the Outside Service, December 19.

Qualifying Examination for the Outside Service, December 20 and 21.

Third Division Examination (Inside Service), December 20, 21 and 22.

Full information respecting the number and nature of the vacancies to be filled in the Inside Service, and the rules and regulations for all the examinations, together with the necessary application forms, may be obtained from the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission, Ottawa, either on personal application or by writing.

Application forms of intending candidates, duly filled in and accompanied by the prescribed examination fee, must be filed with the Civil Service Commission not later than the 1st December, 1916. No exception can or will be made to this rule.

By order of the Commission,

Wm. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 16th October, 1916 17–4

Dominion Crucible Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of October, 1916. incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers, Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in crucibles, graphite, clay and other refractory materials and the products thereof ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to hold, use and operate graphite and other mines, minerals, mining rights and privileges, timber and other lands and timber licenses and to mine, quarry, mill and prepare for sale and to transport, sell and deal in graphite, iron, stone, asbestos, phosphates, mica, and other minerals and metals, clays and mineral substances and the products and by-products thereof, and generally to carry on the business of miners, quarrymen, smelters of metals and dealers in ores and metals and the products and by-products thereof ;

(*c*) To build, acquire, own, charter or lease, navigate and use steam and other vessels for the purpose of the company ;

(*d*) To build, construct and maintain all necessary wharves, warehouses, piers, docks, elevators, roadways, and public and private works of every description, reservoirs, dams, waterpowers and other works necessary to the busines of the company ;

(*e*) To acquire, develop and use waterpowers for the purpose of compressing air, for generating electricity for lighting, heating and motive purposes in connection with the buildings and other works of the company, and to sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus of electricity or power generated by the company's works, and to construct and operate lines for the sale and conveyance of such surplus power, subject always to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*f*) To have and hold supply stores and to sell and deal in general provisions, supplies and merchandise ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, trade marks, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or trade mark or trade name which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwife, with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*k*) To remunerate any person for services rendered to the company or for any property or rights acquired by the company, in such manner as the company may deem expedient and more particularly by the issue and allotment of shares, bonds or other securities of the company, fully paid up and non-assessable ;

(*l*) To issue or guarantee the issue or the payment of interest on the shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities or obligations of any company or association with which the company may have dealings under the above objects or any of them, and to pay or provide for brokerage, commission and underwriting in respect of any such issue ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular either for cash or for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or partly for cash and partly for such shares, debentures or securities ;

(*n*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with or as factors or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Crucible Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

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van der Linde Rubber Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of October, 1916, incorporating Sophia Tutty, bookkeeper, Ella Lester Kelly, Susie Ross and Myrtle Etoile Thurgarland, stenographers, William Archibald McFarlane and Vincent Thomas Aloysius Foley, students-at-law, and Lester Millman Keachie, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Provice of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in rubber and moulded goods and goods and products in which rubber of any kind whatsoever or any analogous substance may be used and to manufacture and deal in plastic goods, materials and products of all kinds whatsoever, and to cultivate rubber plants, guayule and all other plants capable of being used for the manufacture of rubber or similar products and plastic goods, and to carry on the business of rubber plantations in all of its branches, and to carry on and work the business of manufacturers, winners and buyers of every kind of rubber plants and vegetable, mineral or other product of the soil ; to prepare, manufacture and render marketable any such product, and to sell, dispose of and deal in any such product, either in its prepared, manufactured or raw state, either by wholesale or retail, and to carry on the business of chemists and electricians, and manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of chemicals and electrical goods ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, manufacture, refine, manipulate, import, export and deal in all substances, apparatus and goods capable of being used in any such business as aforesaid or required by customers of or persons having dealings with the company, either by wholesale or retail ;

(*c*) To own, construct, operate, manage and deal with ships, barges, vessels and other marine craft, and so far as may be expedient to carry on the business of gene-

ral merchants and buy, lease or otherwise acquire and to clear, plant and work rubber estates and plantations or any interest therein, as may be deemed advisable in the interests of the company ;

(*d*) For the purpose of supplying the needs of the company's business, to purchase, lease or acquire any interests in lands, water powers and water privileges and to develop therefrom any power, electrical or other energy needed for said business on or outside the lands of the company and to use and transmit the same and to sell, lease or dispose of said lands or interests therein and to sell or dispose of surplus power or energy not required for the needs of the company and to enter into working arrangements with other companies, persons, firms or corporations for the use or transmission of such surplus and to establish, operate and maintain any electric, gas or other lighting, heating or power plant and to sell or dispose of such surplus electric, gas or other light, heat and power and all the residual products of such plant ; provided, however, that any sale, distribution or transmission of electric energy for light, heat and power beyond the lands of the company shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, exchange or otherwise, land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure or description and any estate or interest therein, and any right over or connected with land, and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient, and to construct, reconstruct, erect, alter, operate, maintain and manage all buildings, erections, factories, shops, storehouses, depots, machine shops, engine houses and other constructions and erections for its business and to hold, improve, decorate, furnish such buildings and erections as may be deemed proper, and to acquire as aforesaid all other property, movable and immovable, necessary and useful for carrying on any of the purposes of the company, and with power to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of any such property, lands or interests therein or rights thereover as the company may deem proper ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and use, any inventions, patents, brevets d'invention, trade marks, trade names, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or discovery which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop, improve or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of sections 44 of the said Act ;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*l*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subcribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*m*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*n*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade, as may be required and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*o*) To construct, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, tramways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*p*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined, and to lend money to such persons and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*q*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*r*) With the approval of the shareholders, to remunerate any person or company by the issue of fully paid-up stock or otherwise, for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any debentures, bonds or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*t*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which the company may desire to acquire or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered or to be rendered or for any work done or to be done for the company or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts or liabilities owing by the company ;

(*u*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*v*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*w*) To bo all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(x) None of the powers given by any paragraph aforesaid are to be restricted or limited by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "van der Linde Rubber Company, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 3,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State

Continental Construction Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of October, 1916, incorporating Leopold Choquette, advocate, George Edward Chart and Lorne Clayton Herdman, accountants, and May Beatrice Flannigan and Berthe Charlebois, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(a) To carry on the business of shipbuilders and shipwrights in all its branches, as also that of builders and manufacturers of and dealers in engines and machinery of any and every kind and description ;

(b) To build, erect, construct, manufacture, fit out, equip and repair ships, steamboats, ferry boats, barges, dredges, tugs, scows, lighters, torpedo boats, submarine boats, and other vessels, of every description, whether intended for the purpose of commerce, war or any other purpose ; submarine mines, towing, wrecking and salvage outfits ; aeroplanes, hydroplanes and balloons of every kind and description, engines (marine, stationary, aeroplane, hydroplane, automobile, motor boat and engines of every kind and description), machinery, tackle, ships' furniture and stores, aeroplane, hydroplane, balloon, automobile and motor boat fixtures and fittings and other articles of every kind and description required for or used in ships and vessels of any description and in aeroplanes, hydroplanes, balloons, automobiles and motor boats of every kind and description or in connection therewith ;

(c) For the purposes aforesaid, to carry on the trade or business of steel makers and manufacturers in all its branches, and all businesses and operations incident thereto or connected therewith, including the processes used or which may be used in the making or manufacture of steel, and including the purchase and sale of steel, and of foreign and other iron and the manufacture of iron ; and to carry on the trades or businesses of engineers, steel rollers, manufacturers of engines, tools, machinery, railway and other plant, steel and iron merchants, iron founders and general contractors in all their branches, and whether as patentees, licensees or otherwise, and to make, purchase, hire, let for hire and sell articles appertaining to such trades and businesses ;

(d) For the purposes aforesaid to carry on also the business of lumbermen and manufacturers and exporters of and dealers in lumber, logs, timber and wood of every kind and description, and in connection with same to acquire, erect, own and operate lumber and saw-mills and planing and joining mills and factories and all other mills, factories and plant necessary or advisable in connection with a general lumber business ;

(e) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(f) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to construct, maintain and operate on the property of the company or on property leased to or controlled by the company, graving and other docks, dock yards, marine railways, slips, basins, wharves, terminal and other elevators and warehouses or similar enterprises and tramways, sidings or other transportation facilities, canals, dams, flumes, aqueducts, bridges, shipbuilding plants, engine works, rolling mills and other buildings and machinery, and all such other premises and things as may be necessary or convenient for carrying out any of the purposes of the company ;

(g) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to maintain, operate and develop water powers and other works, plant, building and machinery for the manufacture, production and conversion of electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force, and to sell, distribute or otherwise dispose of any surplus of such electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force, subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(h) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, own, hold, make use of and enjoy any land, buildings or real estate, beach lots or deep water lots, timber limits, timber rights, mines, minerals and mineral rights, oil and gas wells and other like properties and rights as may be necessary, suitable, convenient or proper for the carrying on of the company's business ;

(i) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, lease or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privileges which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant, and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to apply, appropriate or otherwise make use of any of the company's shares, bonds and assets towards or for the paying, either in whole or in part, of the costs, charges and expenses incidental thereto ;

(j) To acquire by purchase, exchange, lease or otherwise and to take over the whole or any part of the undertaking, business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on a like business which this company is authorized to carry on;

(k) To enter into any agreement for sharing of profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, management of the affairs of, carrying on the business of the company, or other arrangements of a like nature with any person or company or companies carrying on or about to carry on and to take all such steps and proceedings and do all such matters and things as may be necessary or expedient to carry out and give effect to such agreements or any of same ;

(l) To subsbribe for, purchase, take in exhange or in payment or otherwise acquire, hold and own, and while holding same to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of holders and owners thereof, receive and distribute as profits the dividends and interest thereon, and to guarantee, sell, with or without guarantee, and otherwise dispose of, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, deal in the shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of any other company or companies having purposes and objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to establish, promote or otherwise assist any such other company or companies ;

(m) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, or other securities, for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, or other rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, power, privilege, license, or concession, which this company may lawfully acquire, as also, with the approval of the shareholders, in payment of services rendered to the company by way of promotion or otherwise, and to issue fully paid shares in payment of or exchange for shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities, of any company doing a business similar or incidental to the business of this company ;

(n) To sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of or deal with, all or any of the assets, property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration

as the company may think proper, and in particular for shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, to hold, own, sell, assign and transfer or otherwise dispose of and to trade and deal in, goods, wares, stores, implements, provisions, supplies, materials and merchandise of every kind and description and act as general storekeepers and to provide board and lodging, clothing and provisions and generally all supplies to those engaged in or about any of the company's works, and to contract for the providing of the same ;

(*p*) To lend money to persons or companies having dealings with the company, and guarantee the performance of contracts as also the performance of any obligations or undertaking of any other company or person in which the company is interested, including the payment of dividends, interest on bonds, debentures, debenture stock, or other securities, mortgages or liabilities of any such company or person, and to accept as security for such loans and guarantee any security that may be offered by such company or person, including shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, mortgages, pledges, liens or other securities of such other companies, or of or upon the property of such persons or companies ;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants, securities under The Bank Act, and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*r*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved, any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*s*) From time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth, and to exercise and enjoy all such rights and privileges, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, as also to carry on any business germane to the purposes and objects above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Continental Construction Company, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The H. Fortier Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as " The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of October, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers, Herbert William Jackson, clerk and Frank Breadon Common, student at law, all of the City at Montreal, in the province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers, merchants, jobbers, importers and wholesale and retail dealers in cigars, cigarettes, tobaccos and tobacconist's sundries in all states and conditions of manufacture and all articles required by or useful to smokers or which are or may be dealt in or required by tobacconists ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, repair and deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, products, articles and things necessary or useful for carrying on such business as aforesaid or which are or may be dealt in by persons engaged therein ;

(*c*) To erect, construct, maintain and operate any buildings, works, machinery and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company, carrying on business with objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company or possessed of property suitable or proper for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue such fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold and own the capital stock, bonds or other securities of any other company, corporation or individual carrying on or engaged in any business which this company is empowered to carry on or engage in and to acquire, hold or otherwise dispose of such shares, bonds or other securities notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act.

(*g*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, partnership or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction wich this company is authorized to engage in or carry on or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or otherwise any other company or corporation with whom the company may have business relations and to guarantee the performance of contracts by such company or corporation ;

(*i*) To make advances to customers and others with or without security and upon such terms as the company may approve and to guarantee the debts and contracts of customers and others ;

(*j*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property or assets of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company or companies which may have purchased or taken over either in whole or in part the property, assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*l*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies whose objects are or include objects similar to those of this company, whether by sale or purchase (for shares or otherwise) of the undertaking, subject to the liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid, or by partnership or any arrangement of the nature of partnership, or in any other manner ;

(*m*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of in whole or in part the property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To make donations and subscriptions to any object likely to promote the interests of the company, and to create and contribute to pension and other funds and schemes for the benefit of persons employed by the company, or the wives, widows, children or dependents of any such persons and to subscribe or guarantee money for any charitable or public object ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, and to carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects set forth and which may seem to the company capable of

being conveniently carried on or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of its property or rights ;

(*p*) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares of the company's capital or any bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*q*) The objects above set out shall, unless otherwise expressed, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause or paragraph of this charter ; on the contrary the objects and powers specified in each clause shall be deemed to be independent and separate from the objects and powers conferred by the other clauses above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The H. Fortier Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one million dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Kendall Bros, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of October, 1916, incorporating Alexander Papineau Mathieu, Armand Mathieu, Robert Thomas Mullin, advocates, Antonia Catelli, stenographer, and John Phelan Callaghan, manager, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise and to lease and equip, maintain, own and operate transportation facilities, whether by land, air or water, and to sell, lease or otherwiee dispose of same ; to do business as general contractors for carting, hauling, moving, transporting all kinds of goods, merchandise, wares, natural products, all minerals and any kind of things which can be sold, transported, moved or hauled ;

(*b*) To enter inta any agreement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on, and to take or otherwise acquire shares or securities of any such company, and to sell, hold or re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*c*) To remunerate, with the approval of the shareholders, by payments in cash, shares or otherwise, any person or company for services rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital stock or any debentures or other securities of the company or in the conduct of the business or the organization of the company ;

(*d*) To build, construct and equip, public and private works of every description, and to acquire, hold, sell, manufacture and produce, dispose of and supply all kinds of material for use in the construction and equipment of such public and private works and to sublet any and all such contracts ;

(*e*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property, franchises, undertaking and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company ;

(*f*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may deem proper and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or which may be of value to the company, and to issue paid-up or partially paid-up shares of this company in consideration or part consideration therefor, or to lend money to and guarantee the contracts of or to otherwise assist any person, firm or corporation with which this company may have business relations ;

(*h*) To acquire, purchase, sell, deal in outright or on royalty, patented devices of all kinds and patents thereof, or to apply for patents of any devices so purchased or acquired, and to acquire, purchase, obtain, sell and register, lease or license on royalty or otherwise, and to hold, use, own, operate, introduce, sell, assign or otherwise dispose of any trade marks, trade names, patents and inventions, improvements and processes, under registration or otherwise, useful to the business of the company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect thereof, or otherwise turn to account any such trade marks, trade names, inventions, licenses, processes and the like or other such property or rights ;

(*i*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be required by or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts and liabilities owing by the company ; to accept in payment of any debt due to the company stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company ;

(*j*) To construct, maintain, alter, make, own and operate on property owned or controlled by the company, and on property adjacent thereto, all such reservoirs, dams, flumes, race and other ways, water powers, aqueducts, wells, ditches, canals, wharves, slide-piers, roadways, log-rolls, and any other erections and works as may be necessary ;

(*k*) To invest moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined by the company ;

(*l*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind and property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or any other securities of any other company belonging to the company, or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*m*) To acquire by purchase, concessions, exchange or other legal title, and to construct, erect, operate, maintain and manage all factories, shops, stores, houses, saw-mills, hotels, depots, machine shops, engine houses and all other structures and erections necessary to its business, and all other property movable and immoveable, necessary and useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company and to lease, sell and dispose of the same ;

(*n*) To purchase, sell, manufacture, let or hire, deal in all kinds of goods, wares or merchandise, minerals, which may be required for the purposes of any of the said business or which may seem capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the said businesses or the company ;

(*o*) To acquire, purchase, lease, let, operate mine and quarries and dispose of the same in the interest and for the benefit and advantage of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Kendall Bros, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 24th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Commercial Chemical, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Earl Adlai Seburn, accountant, Percy Robinson, student, Ethel May Lennox and Margaret Jane Martin, stenographers, and Marcus Smith, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise ; and in particular and without in any way restricting the generality of the foregoing to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in chemicals ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may be deemed necessary for the company's business ;

(*c*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of this company or any part thereof for such consideration as this company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*d*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property rights of the company ;

(*e*) To do all or any of the above things, as principals, agents, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*f*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Commercial Chemicals, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 24th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

A.R.Whittall Can Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of October, 1916, incorporating Albert Richard Whittall and Fred Richard Whittall, manufacturers, and Michael Arthur Phelan, advocate, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec, and David Shadrach Whittall, manufacturer, and Joseph Alphonse L'Heureux, bookkeeper, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturing cans and containers of every description, whether made of metal, wood, paper or other material ; to carry on the business of carpentry, casting, forging, rolling, tinning, galvanizing, lithographing, enamelling, painting, coating and plating of metals, and of manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in cast, forged and sheet metal, and articles made wholly or partly therefrom, of enamelled wares on sheet and other metals, of kitchen and household wares and ornaments made from and upon metal of any and every kind, and to mine, manufacture, sell, buy and generally deal in all materials used in the manufacture of any of the above described wares, or in any business similar thereto or connected therewith ;

(*b*) To take and accept conveyance of real and personal estate in payment and satisfaction, in whole or part, of the price of goods manufactured or to be manufactured as aforesaid and sold or to be sold to purchasers thereof, and to have and to hold the said real and personal estate and to transfer, sell or otherwise dispose thereof as may be deemed expedient from time to time ;

(*c*) To manufacture and deal in timber, wood and metal, all articles into the manufacture of which wood or metal enters, and all kinds of natural products and by-products thereof, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*d*) To purchase, take on lease, or otherwise acquire, any lands, buildings, easements, or property, real or personal, which may be requisite for the purpose of or capable of being conveniently used in connection with any of the objects of the company, and to sell and dispose of the same from time to time as the company may see fit ;

(*e*) To purchase, lease or acquire water power and water privileges and to develop therefrom any water power, electrical or other energy, and to use the same in connection with their business, and to transmit the same and sell, lease or dispose of any surplus power and to enter into working arrangements with other companies, persons, firms or corporations for the use thereof either for power or for electrical lighting purposes, and to establish, operate and maintain any electrical lighting, heating or power plant, and to sell and dispose of electric light, heat and power ; provided always that the rights and privileges hereby conferred upon the company to generate, sell and dispose of electrical energy for light, heat and power, when exercised outside the property of the company, shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*f*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of stock, bonds, debentures or other securities in any other corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking ;

(*h*) To acquire, lease, sell, license or otherwise dispose of trade marks, industrial designs, patents or patent rights for and in respect of any invention which may be deemed useful to the company's business and to acquire and work any patent of invention or any license to use any invention which may be deemed to be of use in connection with the company's business ;

(*i*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the property, works, business, stock in trade, assets and good-will, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person or company having objects or carrying on any business similar to the objects or business to this company, and to pay for the same in cash, stock, bonds, debentures or other securities of this company or otherwise as the directors may determine ;

(*j*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise, any corporation in the capital of which the company holds shares, or with which it may have business relations, and to act as employee, agent or manager of any such corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such corporations or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*k*) To enter into any agreement for sharing of profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or other arrangement of a like nature with any person or company or companies carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on or having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*l*) To lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the property and assets of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem fit, including shares, debentures or securities of any other company

(*m*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the due carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking ;

(*n*) To do all and any of the above things as principals, agents or attorneys.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "A. R. Whittall Can Company, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 24th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Machine Builders, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 20th day of October, 1916, incorporating John Wilson Cook, advocate and King's counsel, Theodore Bigelow Heney and Henry Robert Mulvena, advocates, Thomas Barnard Gould, accountant, and Pearl Catherine Mahoney, clerk, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, construct and deal in copper, brass and all other metals from the ore to the finished product thereof ; to manufacture, construct and deal in all goods, wares and merchandise in which copper or brass or any other metal is or may be used ; to manufacture, construct and deal in machinery and machine work in all the various branches thereof ; to manufacture, construct and deal in all weapons and munitions of war and any parts of any weapon or munition of war ; to manufacture, construct and deal in all goods, wares and merchandise in which sand, lumber and other materials are or may be used, and generally to carry on the business of a copper and brass company ;

(*b*) To construct or acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to own and operate on its own account or for hire, tugs, barges and other vessels for the towage and conveyance of goods and merchandise of every description by water, and generally for the purposes aforesaid to carry on the business of forwarders, wharfingers and warehousemen ;

(*c*) To acquire, own and operate such motive power as may be deemed necessary in connection with the business of the company, and to sell any surplus power not required for the purposes of the company, subject to such provincial and municipal laws and regulations as may exist ;

(*d*) To carry on any other business, whether designing and planning, manufacturing, selling, warehousing, storing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*e*) To acquire or undertake by purchase, lease or otherwise, from any individual, firm or company, the whole or any part of the business, property, real and personal, and the good-will, franchises, rights, privileges, contracts, assets and liabilities of any and every kind useful or incidental to the business of the company, upon such terms and conditions as may be deemed advisable ; and to pay for the same in cash or part cash or paid up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise, as may be agreed upon, and to sell or otherwise dispose of or otherwise deal with the whole or any portion of the same ;

(*f*) To apply for, maintain, register, lease, acquire and hold or to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any patents of invention, improvements or processes trade marks, trade names and the like, necessary to or beneficial for any of the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To raise or assist in raising money for, or to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities, or otherwise any other company or corporation, with which this company may have business dealings, and to manage and perform any contract undertaken by any such company or corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*h*) To distribute amongst the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*i*) To sell, lease or othewise dispose of the undertaking of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem proper, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company, and to advance money to, guarantee the contracts of and otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares and securities of any such company and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*k*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others, or as factors or agents ;

(*l*) To do all such other things as may be necessary to the due carrying out of the above objects or any of them ;

(*m*) The powers in each paragraph hereof are to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Machine Builders, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 24th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Under-Secretary of State.

La Compagnie de Pneus Roger, Limitée.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of October, 1916, incorporating Wilfrid Joseph George Roger, traveller, Telesphore Leduc, butcher, Charles Romulus Lasalle and Adjutor Saucier, merchants, and Telesphore Yacinthe Ouellette, gentleman, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell, trade and carry on the business of manufacturers of automobiles, automobile tires (pneus), cycles, bicycles, motors, engines, carriages and conveyances of all kinds, and in all articles used in the construction thereof ; to manufacture leather and rubber footwear of every description, and to manufacture, purchase, import, sell and deal in leather, rubber, gutta percha and all products thereof, and all goods, ingredients and compounds in any way relating or appertaining thereto or used in the manufacture thereof ; to buy, sell and deal in hides, raw and manufactured ; to carry on a general tannery business and to buy, sell and deal in all products and raw materials incidental thereto, and to carry on the business of manufacturers of and importers, exporters and dealers in boots, shoes,

and footwear of every kind, and all other goods in any way appertaining to or incidental to the said business ;

(*f*) To apply for, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'inventions, licenses, concessions or the like conferring exclusive or limited right to use any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company and to use, exercise, lease, sell or grant licenses in respect thereof, or otherwise turn to account the property or rights so acquired ;

(*c*) To manufacture, buy, sell, lease, import, export and deal in machinery of all kinds in connection with or incidental to the manufacture of boots, shoes, rubbers, soles, lasts and all kinds of leather, rubber, felt and cloth footwear ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell, import, export and deal in all kinds of blacking, polishing, varnishes, fasteners and other articles of merchandise incidental thereto ;

(*e*) To manufacture machinery required or useful in the business aforesaid and for such purposes to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in brass, gunmetal and iron and to carry on the business of finishers, galvanizers, annealers, electro-platers, cable workers, tin plate makers, machine and implement manufacturers, boiler makers, smiths, perterers, electrical engineers, gas, hot water and steam fitters, joiners, glaziers and tool makers, sawyers, turners, timber merchant and mechanical engineers, and to buy, sell, make, manufacture and convert, import, export and deal in engines and machinery of every description, and all component parts thereof, boilers, rolling stock, metals, woods and glass of all kinds, and any other goods, wares, articles or things necessary or convenient for any of the objects or purposes of the company ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To act as general or special agents for any corporation or company, firm or firms in relation to any of the above matters, and also to act as commission merchants ;

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire or obtain provisional or other protection and licenses, in respect of any inventions or alleged inventions, patents, trade marks, names, designs, copyrights, schemes, contracts, agreements, ideas, secrets or secret processes, and to pay for the same, either wholly or in part, in cash or by paid-up stock or otherwise ;

(*i*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view thereto, so acquire all or any of the shares, bonds, debentures debts or liabilities of such company ;

(*j*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or into arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the businesses, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*m*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others, or as factors or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "La Compagnie de Pneus Roger, Limitée," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of twenty-five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Varnish Specialties of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of October, 1916, incorporating Ralph Erskin Allan, advocate, William Taylor, manager, Bruce Stuart Crombie, secretary, James William Cairns, cashier, and Angus McLeod Murray, clerk, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of wholesale and retail merchants and manufacturers of varnishes, oils and paints, and appliances used in their manufacture, and for that purpose to buy, sell, deal in and manufacture all kinds of appliances and materials used in connection with painting and varnishing, and in general to carry on the business of a paint and varnish manufacture in all its branches ;

(*b*) To apply for, obtain, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, own, use, operate, introduce and sell, assign or otherwise dispose of, any and all trade marks, formulæ, secret processes and trade names, which may be necessary for the purposes of the company ;

(*c*) To manufacture, buy, sell or otherwise deal in appliances, containers, tins, boxes, labels and other articles required in connection with the said business, and to carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's undertakings ;

(*d*) To acquire all or any part of the good-will, rights, property, assets, shares of the capital stock, and bonds and debentures of other corporations, including any option, concession or the like of any individual, firm, association or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of this company, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds or securities, or in payment or part payment therefor to allot and issue, as fully paid up and non-assessable, shares of the capital stock of the company, whether subscribed for or not ;

(*e*) To hold, purchase, or otherwise acquire, or sell, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of, shares of the capital stock and bonds, debentures or other evidences of the indebtedness created by other companies ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, and to sell or otherwise dispose of, the stock, shares, securities or undertaking of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its assets or undertaking to, or to amalgamate with any such company or companies ;

(*g*) To guarantee the payment of dividends or interest on any shares, stock, debentures or other securities

issued by, or any other contract or obligation of any company having dealings with this company, and to guarantee the contracts of any such person, firm or corporation ;

(*h*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the property, assets, rights, undertakings or good-will of the company, and to accept payment for the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds, stock or other securities of any corporation or company ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any firm or company carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To distribute the assets of the company in cash or specie ;

(*k*) To do all acts and exercise all powers, and to carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by, the name of "Varnish Specialties of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under Secretary of State.

The Roy Elevator-Milling Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of October, 1916, incorporating John King, contractor, Marie Clemence King, married woman, Ozias Sabourin, clerk, Francis Peter Germain, grain clerk, and Cedric Martin Dickinson, accountant, all of the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To build, erect, construct and equip with all necessary plant and machinery an hospital elevator and a mill elevator, both within the meaning of the interpretation clause of The Canada Grain Act, 1912, and to do and carry on in said elevators all the business of grain handling, in any and every manner permitted by the said Act and any amendments thereto, to be done, transacted and carried on in such elevators ; and to carry on the business of purchasing, selling, producing, raising, transporting, storing, shipping drying, cleaning, bagging, exporting, importing, milling, trimming, loading into and out of cars and ships, and otherwise dealing in and with grain of every description and the by-products thereof ; to manufacture, buy, own and sell flour and all other products of grain; to construct, acquire, operate, hire, lease, sell or otherwise dispose of elevators for elevating, drying, storing, treating, cleaning grain and the products thereof, and generally to carry on a grain elevator, storage and warehousing business ;

(*b*) To build, equip, furnish, fit, purchase, take in exchange, or otherwise acquire and hold, ships, vessels and boats of any description, or any shares or interests in ships, vessels or boats ; and also shares, stock and securities of any companies possessed of or interested in any ships, vessels or boats, and to operate, navigate, maintain, repair, improve, alter, sell, exchange or let out to hire, or charter or otherwise deal with and dispose of, any ships, vessels, boats or shares or securities aforesaid, and to engage in domestic and foreign commerce by water ;

(*c*) To acquire, build, maintain, manage and otherwise deal with warehouses, factories, cold storage plants, wharves, quays, piers, docks and other plants and conveniences :

(*d*) To acquire, develop, manage, farm, till and otherwise deal with farming, ranching and grazing lands, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in the products and by-products thereof ;

(*e*) To buy, own, export, import, cart, dray, transport, produce, raise, store, lease, repair, improve, manufacture and sell goods, wares and merchandise of every description ;

(*f*) To purchase, lease, take in exchange or otherwise acquire lands or interests therein, together with any buildings or structures that may be on the said lands or any of them, and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the lands, and all or any buildings and structures that are now or may hereafter be erected thereon, and to improve, alter and manage the said lands and buildings ;

(*g*) To take or hold mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase money on any of the lands, buildings or structures so sold, and to sell or otherwise dispose of said mortgages ;

(*h*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*i*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*j*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, or other person or company with whom the company has business dealings ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*n*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*p*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves,

manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores, dwelling houses, buildings and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*r*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders, present or represented by proxy at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*s*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any other business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to issue in exchange therefor its own stock, bonds or other obligations ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, enchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent, as principal, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To do all such other things as are incidental or condueive to the attainment of the above objects, and of the objects set out in the letters patent or supplementary letters patent ;

(*w*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall in no way be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof, or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Roy Elevator-Milling Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 100,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The David Evans Shipping Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of October, 1916, incorporating Tampion Walter Brown London and Mansel Hay Thorburn, merchants, Walter Blundell Johnson, dock manager, James Hill Lawson, solicitor, and Roy Wilfred Ginn, student-at-law, all of the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To construct, hire, charter, load, purchase, manage and work steamships and other vessels of any class and to establish and maintain lines of regular service of steamships or other vessels, and generally to carry on the business of ship owners and the conveyance of mails, passengers, goods and chattels in steamships between such places as the company may from time to time determine, and to enter into contracts for the carriage of mails, passengers, goods and chattels by any means and either by its own vessels or conveyances or by or over the vessels, conveyances and railways of others ;

(*b*) To acquire, erect, construct, operate, maintain and manage for the use of the company or for letting out on hire, dry docks of all classes and all other docks, piers, wharves, quays and other appurtenances and conveniences for the building, repairing or docking of ships and other vessels, and to aid in or contribute to the construction of such works, and to build, fit out and repair ships and vessels of every description ;

(*c*) For the purposes of the company, to carry on the trade or business of mechanical and other engineers, tool makers, brass founders, metal workers, boiler makers, machinists, iron and steel converters, smiths, wood workers, builders, painters, metallurgists and manufacturers of all kinds of machinery, articles and things used in or necessary for the building and equipment of ships and vessels of all kinds, and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in machinery, implements and hardware of all kinds ;

(*d*) To erect, construct, maintain, alter or repair docks, wharves, piers, ships and vessels of every description, and to supply and use any machinery and to carry out any ancillary or other works comprised in any of the above ;

(*e*) To import, export, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions, or otherwise, with any person, persons, partnership, association or corporation; to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any person, association or corporation being customers of or having dealings with the company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such person, association or corporation, and to sell, hold re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same, and to consolidate with or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of this company;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and use, grant licenses or rights of or otherwise turn to account patents, patent rights, licenses, concessions, trade marks, secret processes, british, canadian and foreign, as to any invention, improvements or process which may be considered conducive to the attainment of any of the objects of the company, or which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*i*) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes o the company ;

(*j*) Generally to purchase, take on lease, hire or otherwise acquire any property wheresoever situated, and any rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and to sell or otherwise dispose of, and turn to account all or any part of the same ;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*l*) To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association or company, possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, or carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conveniently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the company calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to pay for any lands, business, property, rights, privileges and concessions acquired or agreed to be acquired by the company, and

generally to satisfy any payment by or obligations of the company by the issue of shares of this company or any other company credited as fully or partly paid up, or of debentures or other securities of this or any other company credited as fully or partly paid up ;

(*m*) To undertake and carry into effect all such financial, trading or other operations or businesses in connection with the objects of the company as the company may think fit ;

(*n*) To subscribe for, take, acquire, hold, sell and give guarantees by way of underwriting or otherwise in relation to stocks, shares, debentures, obligations and securities of any company with which the company has business relations or carrying on a similar business or any supreme, municipal, public or local board of authority, notwithstanding section 44 of The Companies Act ;

(*o*) To sell, lease, exchange, surrender or otherwise deal with, the whole of the undertaking and property and rights of the company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for any shares (whether credited as partly or fully paid up or otherwise) debentures or securities of any other company, and to divide such part or parts as may be determined by the company of the purchase moneys, whether in cash, shares or other equivalent, which may at any time be received by the company on a sale of or other dealing with the whole or part of the property, estate and rights of the company amongst the members of the company by way of dividend or bonus in proportion to their shares, or to the amount paid up on their shares, or otherwise to deal with the same as the company may determine ;

(*p*) To enter into any arrangement with any government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's interest, and to obtain from any such government or authority, or take over from other persons or companies possessed of the same, any rights, privileges, bonuses or concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*q*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, hospitals, stores, shops and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions or allowances and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money or make grants of land to or for any charitable or benevolent objects or purposes or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful objects ;

(*r*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*s*) To issue, make, draw, accept, endorse and negotiate promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, obligations, and all other negotiable and transferable instruments ;

(*t*) To obtain any Act of Parliament or to apply to the executive authority for any order for enabling the company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or application which may seem calculated, directly or indirectly to prejudice the company's interests ;

(*u*) To do all acts and things which may be necessary or desirable in connection with or to procure for the company a legal recognition, domicile and status in any colony, state or territory in which any of its property, estate, effects or rights may be situated, or in which the company may desire to carry on business and to appoint local boards or committees, attorneys or agents with such powers as the directors of the company may determine, to represent the company in any such colony, state or territory ;

(*v*) To distribute any of the assets of the company among its members in specie ;

(*w*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company, and to remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital, or guaranteeing any debenture or other securities of the company in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*x*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them, so that the objects specified in each paragraph of this clause shall, except when otherwise explained in such paragraph, be in no wise restricted or limited by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The David Evans Shipping Company, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Castle Corner, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of October, 1916, incorporating John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, King's counsel, Charles Albert Hale, advocate, Paul Emile Champoux, student-at-law, Edythe Lilian Pearson, Norah Phoebe Smith and Anna Brennan, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise any land, buildings or any interest or rights therein, and to sell, lease, exchange, transfer or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*b*) To construct houses, buildings or works of any description on any lands of the company or upon any other land, and to rebuild, enlarge, alter and improve existing houses, buildings or works thereon, and generally to deal with and improve the property of the company ;

(*c*) To own, exploit, manage and operate theatres, offices, buildings, apartment houses, warehouses, restaurants and hotels ;

(*d*) To undertake the management, administration or sale of the land, buildings or other real property of any other person, firm or corporation ;

(*e*) To subscribe for, take, purchase or in any wise acquire stock, bonds, shares, debentures or other securities, or obligations of any company having objects similar to those of this company ; to vote thereon, and to sell or otherwise dispose thereof, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act ;

(*f*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*g*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, and to guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company ;

(*h*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or attainment of any of the objects herein enumerated ;

(*i*) To remunerate by payment in cash from the funds of the company or, with the approval of the shareholders, in stocks, bonds or otherwise, any person, firm or corporation for services rendered or to be

rendered in placing or guaranteeing the placing of any of the stock, debentures or other securities of the company, or for the formation or promotion of the company, or in exchange for any land, buildings or other valuable security ;

(*j*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other, and the company may pursue, enjoy and carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them and no clause above shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Castle Corner, Limited," with a capital stock of four hundred thousand dollars, divided into 4,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Labonté, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of October, 1916, incorporating Joseph Alfred Labonté, grocer, Louis Edgar Deguise, foreman, René Chênevert, barrister-at-law, Arthur Salvas, druggist, and John Fleming Woodcock, agent, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on the business of wholesale and retail dealers in groceries, wines, liquors, spirits, drugs, chemical and pharmaceutical products, spices, extracts, teas, coffees, fruits, provisions, hay, grain, wood, peat and coal, and to carry on generally the business of importers and exporters of grocery goods and act as well as commission merchants of all goods above described and owning and operating vineyards, orchards, lands and buildings for the said purposes in all their respective branches, provided that the exercise of the powers enumerated in this paragraph shall be subject to all provincial and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, manufacture, exchange, import, export and deal in all kinds of articles and things which may be required for the purpose of the business of the company, or which may seem capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with its business ;

(*c*) To purchase bonds and dispose of real estate, erect, construct and operate works, buildings, warehouses, cold storages, machinery and plant for the purposes of the said business and to act as agents for manufacturers and dealers in any of the material herein mentioned or those of a similar nature ;

(*d*) To acquire, lease and dispose of trade marks, patent rights, formulæ, recipes, privileges or authorities for or in respect of any invention which may be deemed useful to the company, in connection with such business, and to acquire and work any patents of invention or any license to use any invention which may be of use in connection with the said business, and to sell, lease and dispose of the same ;

(*e*) To acquire and take over, as a going concern, the good-will, rights, property and assets and to undertake the whole or any part of the liabilities or engagements of any concern, at present or in future belonging to any private individual or company, incorporated or otherwise, carrying on business similar in whole or in part to that of the company and to pay for the same in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise ; to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act.

(*f*) To sell and dispose of any part of the undertakings and assets of the company for such consideration as the company may think fit, including shares, debentures or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*g*) To amalgamate, share profits, unite or co-operate with any person or persons or company engaged in or about to carry on any business which the company is authorized to carry on ;

(*h*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the due carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertakings

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Labonté, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Montreal Suspender & Umbrella Manufacturing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC. Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of October, 1916, incorporating Henri Beaudry and Jules Beaudry, manufacturers, and Casimir Dessaulles, advocate, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec ; Joseph Beaudry, of the City of Outremont, in the said Province of Quebec, manufacturer, and John Hepworth, of the Town of Lachine, in the said Province of Quebec, merchant, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, tan and treat and to purchase, sell and otherwise deal in leather of all kinds ; to manufacture, weave, treat and prepare for trade elastic and non-elastic cords, web, webbing and tape, yarn and other fabrics of whatever material made and articles manufactured therefrom ; to manufacture, purchase, sell and otherwise deal in suspenders, garters, belts, chains, bands, trusses, fasteners, bandages, weight-carrying appliances and any other articles made of rubber, leather, metal or any other material, and all component parts of such articles ; to manufacture, purchase, sell and otherwise deal in umbrellas, parasols, umbrella parts, canes and all component parts of such articles; to manufacture, purchase, sell or otherwise deal in hand bags, satchels, bags, purses, portfolios, valises, trunks, kits, whether made of leather, canvas, wood, metal or any other material ; to manufacture, purchase, and sell or otherwise deal in knitted goods, hosiery and underwear ; and to deal in and carry on the business of manufacturing cotton and other fibrous substances, wool, linen, yarn, textile fabrics of every description and to bleach, dye, print and otherwise convert the raw products, yarn or manufactured goods;

(*b*) To construct, purchase or otherwise acquire and to sell, lease, use and operate manufactories of any and every one of the goods and articles above mentioned ;

(*c*) To acquire, hold, lease and use, alienate and convey all property, real or personal, that may be deemed useful in connection with any business or operation which the company is authorized to carry on ;

(*d*) To acquire, hold, alienate, lease and operate patents of invention, licenses, manufacturing processes or devices, secrets of trade, concessions or privileges that may be deemed useful in connection with any of its operations or undertakings ;

(*e*) To make and issue fully paid-up stock, shares or bonds of the company, whether subscribed or not, and allot and hand over such stock, shares or bonds in pay-

ment for property, real or personal, patent or other rights, business, or good-will thereof, plant or materials of any kind acquired by the company ;

(*f*) With the approval of the shareholders, to pay for the services rendered to the company in selling or underwriting its stock, bonds or other securities either in cash or in paid-up stock, or partly in cash and partly in paid-up stock ;

(*g*) Notwithstanding section 44 of The Companies Act, to acquire, hold, deal with and dispose of shares, bonds or other securities of any other company any of whose powers are within the scope of those of the company or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company ;

(*i*) To acquire, hold, use, and operate as a going concern the manufactory, business and undertaking and the property real and personal, and the good-will of the commercial partnership between the said Henri Beaudry and Joseph Beaudry at present doing business in the City of Montreal under the name of Montreal Suspender & Umbrella Manufacturing Company;

(*j*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company any of whose objects are within the scope of those of the company;

(*k*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Montreal Suspender & Umbrella Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

18–2

The Fort William Elevator Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of October, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "The Fort William Elevator Company, Limited," from the sum of five hundred thousand dollars to the sum of one million dollars, such increase to consist of five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

18–2

Dominion Newspaper Syndicate, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of October, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Dominion Newspaper Syndicate, Limited," to that of "Rapid Electrotype Company of Canada, Limited," and increasing the capital stock of the said company from the sum of twenty thousand dollars to the sum of seventy thousand dollars, such increase to consist of one thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

18–2

Canadian Juvenile Shoe Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of October, 1916, incorporating Joseph Louis Bruno Leclaire, manufacturer, Jean-Baptiste Willie Leclaire, accountant, and Joseph Norbert Arthur Leclaire, merchant, all three of the City of Sorel, in the Province of Quebec, and Joseph Everette Harpin and Wesley Havelock Sharp, manufacturers, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, sell, purchase and deal in boots and shoes of all kinds, made of leather, rubber, felt, cloth or duck or of any other material, and any raw products relating thereto ;

(*b*) To make, manufacture and produce all kinds of leather, rubber, felt, cloth and duck goods and merchandise relating to footwear, saddlery, shoemaking, glovemaking, carriagemaking and clothing and otherwise ;

(*c*) To manufacture, make and produce any articles, materials or objects necessary for the carrying on of the footwear business, to make all kinds of containers and boxes for the packing of boots and shoes and other articles of commerce ;

(*d*) To prepare and sell any raw products and by-products relating to the boot and shoe business ; to manufacture and make any articles relating to shoemaking ;

(*e*) For the above purposes to acquire, own or otherwise take, use, construct, build, repair and operate, sell and otherwise transfer any property, movable and immovable, manufactories, shops and stores, materials, substances and articles, machinery and implements ; to acquire, own, lease or otherwise dispose of any brevets d'invention, property rights, licenses, trade marks, franchises, rights and privileges and any other benefit ; to acquire and own, sell and transfer any bonds, debentures, securities and shares of any other companies ; to become a shareholder in any companies carrying on a similar business, and to allow any such companies to become shareholders in this company ; to invest any funds in any undertakings and businesses similar to those of this company ; to amalgamate with any company carrying on a similar bnsiness ; to issue, make, and to draw, accept, endorse and execute any promissory notes, bonds, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments for the purposes and benefit of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian Juvenile Shoe Company, Limited, with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Sorel, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

The Dominion Fire Brick and Clay Products, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, incorporating Arthur Hitchcock, banker, Edward Charles Mathews, agent, Alfred Russell Turnbull and James Willows McCullough, medical doctors, John Henry Kern, insurance agent, and Herbert Gordon Love, merchant, all of the City of Moose Jaw, in the Province of Saskatchewan, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in brick, fire brick and in clay products of all kinds; terra cotta, pottery, tiles, drain and sewer pipes, cement, marl, lime, paint, fertilizers, stone and artificial stone and its products and all compositions into which any of the said articles and materials can be converted or used and to erect buildings, buy, sell and deal in building material of all kinds and for said purposes ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise or sell, trade, barter or otherwise deal in lands, timber, manufactories, kilns, buildings and other property required for or suitable for the purpose of the company ;

(*c*) To buy, sell, establish, maintain or operate manufactories, kilns, warehouses, agencies and depots for the manufacturing, buying, selling, storing, or distributing the products of the company ;

(*d*) To develop, transmit, distribute or otherwise deal with electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power, and to buy, provide, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to construct, lay down, erect, establish, operate, maintain and carry out all necessary works, stations, engines, machinery, plant, cables, wires, lamps, meters, transformers, apparatus, appurtenances and appliances connected with the generation, distribution, transmission, supply, sale, use and employment of electricity and to generate, accumulate, distribute, supply and sell electricity for the purposes of electric heating, lighting, traction and motive power and for industrial and other purposes in connection with any of the property or the undertakings of the company ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts bonds debentures and other obligations of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose or acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*k*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking and good-will, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on or purchase property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*l*) To acquire by purchase, subscription or otherwise, and to hold, use, deal with, sell or otherwise dispose of stocks, bonds or any other obligations of any corporation having objects similar, or in part similar, to the objects of the company, or formed for or engaged in or pursuing any one or more of the kinds of business, purposes, objects or operations above indicated, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, or owning or holding any property of any kind herein mentioned, or owning or holding the stocks, bonds or obligations of any such corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and while owner of any such stock, bonds or obligations to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership thereof, and to exercise any or all voting powers therein ;

(*m*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons or companies ;

(*n*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments :

(*o*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertakings, property, liabilities or franchises of the company or interest therein, to any other person, company or companies, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and, in particular, for shares, debentures or securities of any company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things and all things authorized by the letters patent as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*r*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them ;

(*s*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control, any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and dwellings ond other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*t*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*u*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its shareholders, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of any other company formed to take over, or which may acquire the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*v*) To issue shares of the company, common or preferred, in payment for property acquired by, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to the company, including services rendered by the promoters in connection with the incorporation and organization of the company;

(*w*) To pay out of the funds of the company, or by the issue of shares in the company's capital stock, or partly in funds and partly in stock, all the expenses of or incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company;

(*x*) The power in each of the forgoing clauses to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause:

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Dominion Fire Brick and Clay Products, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Moose Jaw, in the Province of Saskatchewan.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

Loblaw Stores, Limited.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1916, incorporating Theodore Pringle Loblaw and Frederick Eugene Robson, merchants, Samuel Rogers, barrister, and Kate May Rose and Margaret Duncan Watson, stenographers, all of the City of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:

(*a*) To manufacture, export, import, grow, ship and deal in all kinds of goods and merchandise such as are commonly or conveniently manufactured, exported, imported, grown and dealt in by grocers, including, but not restricting the generality of the foregoing, all kinds of pickles, sauces, spices, relishes, jams, jellies, jelly powders, custard powders, preserves, table delicacies, canned goods, soaps, prepared meats and foods and all grocers' sundries and accessories;

(*b*) To manufacture, export, import, grow, ship and deal in all commodities used or suitable to be used in the manufacture or preparation of any of the articles referréd to in paragraph (*a*);

(*c*) To establish stores, agencies, depots and other markets for the sale of the products of the company and to enter into agreements from time to time with individuals and corporations now or here after carrying on similar business, for the purpose of marketing and selling the products of the company;

(*d*) To manufacture and deal in cans, boxes, jars, containers, labels and all grocers' supplies;

(*e*) To carry on business as warehousemen;

(*f*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangment for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engage in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, reissue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*j*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*l*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*m*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*n*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*o*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*p*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*r*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Loblaw Stores, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

Henry McMullen, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of October, 1916, incorporating Henry McMullen, manufacturer, John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, both of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, and Auguste Angers and Charles Albert Hale, advocates, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of manufacturers, traders and dealers in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise, and especially to manufacture, buy, sell, import, export, traffic and deal in all manner and kinds of shirt waists, dresses, whitewear, underwear, shirts, collars, haberdashers' supplies, silks, cottons, laces and piece goods generally, men's, women's and children's clothing and wearing apparel generally of every description, and all other articles and things capable of being used in connection with the manufacture and sale of the same ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to take over the whole or any part of the undertaking, business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on a business similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for the same in whole or in part by cash or shares or other securities of the company wholly or partly paid-up, and, with the approval of the shareholders, to pay in like manner for any services rendered to the company, whether in connection with its organization or the conduct of its business or otherwise ;

(*d*) To enter into any agreement for sharing of profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, management of the affairs of the company or other arrangements of a like nature with any person or companies carrying on or about to carry on business similar to that of the company and to take all such steps and proceedings and do all such matters and things as may be necessary or expedient to carry out and give effect to such agreements or any of same;

(*e*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any person, company or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding anything under section 44 of the Companies Act, to acquire, hold and dispose of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities issued by any person, firm or corporation carrying on a similar business ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire movable or immovable, real or personal property of any kind and nature that may be deemed suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any trade-marks or patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) To lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration or upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit, and in particular for the shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*j*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*k*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*l*) Generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*m*) The above powers and purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other, and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed as having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Henry McMullen, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

E. A. Cole & Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1916, incorporating, Jean Panneton, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec, advocate, and William Stuart Gordon, accountant, Dora Lenoble and Bertha Barrow, stenographers, and Gertrude Green, clerk, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire, take over and carry on as a going concern the business now carried on in Montreal and elsewhere by Walter Otis Cameron Hillman as dealer in wholesale paper and stationery under the name and style of E. A. Cole & Co. at Montreal, and all or any of the assets and liabilities of the said Walter Otis Cameron Hillman in connection with such business and to pay for the same by the issue of fully paid-up shares of the company or otherwise ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of printers, publishers, and lithographers, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in paper, paper products, cardboard, butcher supplies, chemicals, dyes, and all kinds of staticnery, including bound books, binders, carbon papers, typewriters, typewriting supplies, twine, rope, small wares and office supplies of every nature and kind whatsoever ;

(*c*) To manufacture, sell and deal in all kinds of machines, apparatus and merchandise generally comprised under the words, office or store supplies, specialties and stationery ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, own, hold, operate and dispose of patents, patent devices, inventions, licenses, concessions, and the like, conferring any exclusive, unexclusive or limited right to use any secret or other process, patent or any information as to any invention or patent of invention ;

(*e*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, own, hold, operate, lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the business, businesses, real estate, lands, properties, buildings, building rights, plant, stock, rights, contracts and liabilities of or appertaining to any person, firm or corporation carrying on business akin to the business which this Company is authorized to carry on or similar to the purposes for which incorporation is sought or who or which may be possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company or any shares in the capital stock, bonds, or other securities in such corporation or interest, share or right of any such person in any such business and to use the funds of this Company for the acquiring the same in the name and on behalf of this Company notwithstanding the provisions of Section 44 of the Companies Act to pay for any such in fully paid up and non-assessable share, bonds, debentures or other securities of the Company, if desired, or in any other was.

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold, sell and dispose of shares in any other company having objects similar to those of this company and to pay therefor in fully paid up and non-assessable shares of this company ;

(*g*) To pay in fully paid up and non-assessable shares of the capital stock of the company for any property, rights or things required by the company or with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered or to be rendered to the company, including services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to be placed any of the shares of stock of the company ;

(*h*) To act as agents for dealers in or manufacturers of or producers of any of the foregoing, and to enter into any agreement as to the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, amalgamation and reciprocal concession with and to aid by guarantee and endorsements, loan, guarantee or contract or otherwise, any person, firm or corporation engaged in or about to carry on any business similar to the business for which incorporation is now sought ;

(*i*) To sell, assign, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertakings of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular, but without limiting the scope of the foregoing, for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company, and to distribute any property of the company in kind among the members thereof;

(*j*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*k*) To do all matters and things, transact all business and acquire by purchase, lease, concessions, license, exchange, or other legal title, own, hold, alienate, cede, transfer, lease, or otherwise dispose of and deal in all rights, property and properties or other assets or things necessary or in the opinion of the company useful or convenient for or incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which incorporation is sought, or for the purpose of enlarging, extending, or in any way advancing the intention, scope or extent of the business to be hereby incorporated ;

(*l*) The powers enumerated in each paragraph hereof to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "E. A. Cole & Co., Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19-2

Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1916, incorporating William Thomson Hamilton, manufacturer, Charles Walter Cate, John Perley Wells and Charles Dickinson White, of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, and Jean May Stewart, accountant, all of the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To make, manufacture, purchase, sell, job and otherwise deal in boots, shoes and all thinks incidental to footwear ;

(*b*) To manufacture, tan and treat, and to purchase, sell and otherwise deal in leather of all kinds.

(*c*) To make, manufacture and deal in last, shoe counters, cartoons, wood-cases, shoe dressing and other parts and findings connected with the manufacture of footwear ;

(*d*) To purchase, sell, manufacture, job in and otherwise deal in rubber and rubber footwear of all kind ;

(*e*) To manufacture and produce steam, gas and electricity, for heat, light and power for the purposes of the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire and continue any similar business heretofore carried on or that may be hereafter carried on, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, debentures or other securities of the company ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange or other legal title, and to construct, erect, operate, maintain and manage all factories, shops, storehouses, depots, machine shops, engine houses and other structures, and erections necessary for its business and all other property movable and immovable, necessary and useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company, and to lease, sell and dispose of the same ;

(*h*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or license on royalty or otherwise acquire and hold, use, own. operate and introduce and to sell, assign, or otherwise dispose of any trade marks trade names, patents of invention, improvements and processes under registration or otherwise, useful to the businese of the company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise, turn to account any such trade marks, trade names and inventions, licenses, processes and the like or any such other property or rights;

(*i*) To manage, promote, assist in promoting and become a shareholder in any subsidiary, allied or other company carrying on wholly or in part business of a similar character, and to sell to or otherwise deal with the same, to amalgamate with any other company, to let or sublet any property of the company, to sell or otherwise dispose of the business, property or undertaking or part thereof, for such consideration as the company may deem fit, and in particular for shares, debentures of any other company and to hold, sell, reissue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends and to distribute such securities or any other assets of the company in specie among its members, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or attainment of any one or more of the objects hereinbefore enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named or which shall or may at any time appear to be conducive to or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company, either as holders of or interested in any property or otherwise, under the name of "Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited."

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19-2

Hodgens & Roberts, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of October, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographer, Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers, merchants, jobbers, importers and wholesale and retail dealers in, cigars, cigarettes, tobaccos and tobacconist's sundries in all states and conditions of manufacture, and all articles required by or useful to smokers or which are or may be dealt in or required by tobacconists ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, repair and deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, products, articles and things necessary or useful for carrying on such business as aforesaid or which are or may be dealt in by persons engaged therein ;

(*c*) To erect, construct, maintain and operate any buildings, works, machinery and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on business with objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company, or possessed of property suitable or proper for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue such fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold and own the capital stock, bonds or other securities of any other company, corporation or individual carrying on or engaged in any business which this company is empowered to carry on or engage in, and to acquire, hold or otherwise dispose of such shares, bonds or other securities, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, partnership or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or otherwise, any other company or corporation with whom the company may have business relations and to guarantee the performance of contracts by such company or corporation ;

(*i*) To make advances to customers and others, with or without security and upon such terms as the company may approve, and to guarantee the debts and contracts of customers and others ;

(*j*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property or assets of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company or companies which may have purchased or taken over, either in whole or in part, the property, assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*l*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies whose objects are or include objects similar to those of this company, whether by sale or purchase (for shares or otherwise) of the undertaking, subject to the liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid, or by partnership or any arrangement of the nature of partnership, or in any other manner ;

(*m*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of, in whole or in part, the property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To make donations and subscriptions to any object likely to promote the interests of the company, and to create and contribute to pension and other funds and schemes for the benefit of persons employed by the company, or the wives, widows, children or dependents of any such persons, and to subscribe or guarantee money for any charitable or public object ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, and to carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects set forth and which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of its property or rights ;

(*p*) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares of the company's capital or any bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business;

(*q*) The objects above set out shall, unless otherwise expressed, be no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause or paragraph of this charter. On the contrary the objects and powers specified in each clause shall be deemed to be independent and seperate from the objects and powers conferred by the other clauses above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Hodgens & Roberts, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars, divided into 3,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Phenarsenyl Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of October, 1916, incorporating George Hermyle Baril, physician, Louis Alexandre Normandin, merchant, Théophile Viau, manager, Eugène Arthur Ouimet, financial agent, and Frédéric Auguste Béïque, King's counsel, all of the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, deal in, import and export chemicals, medicinal preparations and other products, and generally carry on wholesale business as manufacturers, buyers and vendors of all kinds of medicines and chemicals, patented articles, machinery, scientific apparatus, surgical instruments and supplies, and to carry on the trade of chemists, druggists, apothecaries, and traders, importers and exporters and manufacturers of medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the companys property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person

or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*g*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*i*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*j*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*k*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*l*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*m*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*n*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*o*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*p*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*q*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*r*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*t*) To acquire and take over as a going concern any business or operations now or hereafter carried on by any person, firm or corporation engaged in or empowered to engage in any business within the powers of the company, and to pay for the same either in cash or wholly or partly by shares, debentures or other securities of the company ;

(*u*) To purchase, hold, sell and dispose of shares of the capital stock of any other company or corporation having objects in whole or in part similar to those of the company, and to invest its funds in the purchase of any such stock and to pay for the same either in cash or shares of the capital stock or debentures of the company or partly in cash and partly in capital stock or debentures of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Phenarsenyl Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-eight thousand dollars, divided into 480 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Porcelain Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of October, 1906, incorporating Gideon Grant, Mervil MacDonald, Bruce Williams and Edwin Smily, barristers-at-law, and Edward Wesley Rhodes, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in porcelain, porcelain and clay products, and to assemble parts thereof and to acquire, own and carry on the business of wholesale and retail dealers in all kinds of porcelain, porcelain and clay products, and to act as agents for dealers or manufacturers of any such goods, wares and merchandise, and to establish agencies and branch stores ; to carry on all or any businesses, both wholesale and retail, as shopkeepers, general merchants, manufacturers, shippers, general agents and warehousemen, and to buy, sell, make, manufacture, import, export, warehouse, store and deal in products of every description, goods, wares, merchandise and manufactured articles ;

(*b*) To take, acquire, lease, hold, sell and dispose of real estate and personal property of every nature and kind as security for or in satisfaction wholly or in part of debts, liabilities or obligations incurred or to be incurred in respect of or in connection with the business aforesaid, or any of the purposes of the company ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the com

pany capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any portion of the business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company, and to pay for the same in cash, bonds or paid-up shares or partly in cash and partly in bonds or paid-up shares of the company as may be agreed upon ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, copyrights, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*g*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*i*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*j*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*k*) To lease, purchase, construct, own, maintain and altar any buildings or work necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company and to take options on lands and buildings belonging to others and to exercise such options or not as may be deemed expedient ;

(l) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with, all or any part of the real and personal property, rights and franchise of the company and to give options thereon on any part thereof ;

(*m*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as the directors may from time to determine ;

(*n*) To employ brokers, commission agent and underwriters upon any issues of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company and to provide for the remuneration of such person or any other persons rendering services of any kind to the company ;

(*o*) To remunerate any person, firm or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the company's capital or any debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation, promotion, organization or incorporation of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*p*) To pay all the costs, charges or expenses preliminary or incidental to or incurred in connection with the promotion, organization, formation, establishment, registration and incorporation of the company ;

(*q*) The business or purposes of the company is from time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth, either alone or in conjunction with others or as principals, factors, contractors or agents, and to do all and everything necessary, suitable and convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time appear to be conducive or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company. And it is hereby declared that in the interpretation of this clause the meaning of any of the objects of the company shall not be restricted by reference to any other object or by the juxtaposition of two or more objects, and that in the event of any ambiguity this clause shall be construed in such manner as to widen and not restrict the powers of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Porcelain Corporation, Limited" with a capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 1,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Preston, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Foundry Products, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Daniel Lee Redman, barrister-at-law, Charles William Coole, law clerk, Peter Duncan McAlpine, student-at-law, and Molly Mortimer and Mary Elizabeth Glasford, stenographers, all of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as iron masters, iron founders and smelters, steel makers or steel converters in all their respective branches, and to buy, sell, prepare for market, manipulate, import, export and deal in iron in any and every form, and to manufacture and deal in articles of every kind and description manufactured from iron or the products thereof, or in the manufacture of which iron in any form is used ; to manufacture and deal in, either wholesale or retail, or to assist in the manufacture of and to produce, buy, sell, deal and trade in all kinds and descriptions of materials and equipment used in the building or construction of buildings, railways, bridges, pipe lines, transmission lines, gas and oil wells, and other structures and undertaking of every kind and description whatsoever, and to prepare sketches, designs, drafts, plans, specifications and estimates for and to enter into and carry out contracts for or to supervise the building, erection, construction, repairing, furnishing, fitting, equiping, installing or drilling of works, buildings, factories, machinery, plants, rafineries, elevators, warehouses, roads, bridges, viaducts, aqueducts, mines, quarries, stores, pipe lines, oil, gas and water wells, water, electric or gas distributing systems and to manufacture or otherwise produce, furnish or provide materials for the same and generally and without limitation, by reason of the foregoing enumeration, to carry on the business of architects, engineers, surveyors, contractors and supply merchants in all and any of their branches and to sublet all or any part of any such contracts or undertakings or to carry on, execute and complete the same and to do all matters and things in connection therewith ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise and to build, erect, construct, own, operate, maintain, equip and control foundries, furnaces, steel and iron mills, refineries, plants, boilers, engines, machinery and all other structures and equipment for the working and producing of iron and the products thereof in any and every form ;

(*c*) To acquire, construct, erect, lay down, drill, maintain, enlarge, alter, work and use and dispose of all rands, buildings, erections, derricks, easements, gas and other works, wells, reservoirs, machinery, plant, stock, pipes, pipe lines, lamps, motors, fittings, meters, apparatus, equipment, material and things and to supply all such material, products and things as may be necessary, incidental or convenient in connection therewith ;

(*d*) To construct, purchase, acquire, lease, erect, own, equip, maintain, improve, operate and control mills, factories, manufactories, warehouses, cold storage depots and plants, foundries, smelters, elevators, electric works, power houses, workshops, cars, engines, sidings, tracks, spurs, shipping facilities, and such other works, buildings, machinery, plant and conveniences as may seem directly or indirectly to advance the interests of the company, and to contribute to and otherwise assist or take part in the construction, equipment, improvement, working, management, operation and control thereof, and generally to construct, purchase or otherwise acquire and alter any buildings, stores, offices, plants, machinery, works or other undertakings that may be necessary or convenient for the purpose of the company ;

(*e*) To prospect for, develop, drill, bore, sink, mine, dig for, produce, manufacture, buy, sell, use, dispose of and deal in natural gas, oil and other natural, artificial or manufactured fuel products, and to carry on all or any of the businesses that are usually or may be conveniently carried on by natural gas, oil or other natural or manufactured fuel produce companies;

(*f*) To buy, sell, lease or take in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property and any rights, franchises, easements and privileges which the company may think expedient or desirable to purchase or acquire for the purposes of its business or any of them;

(*g*) To install, own, equip, maintain and operate a telephone or telegraph system in connection with and for the purposes of any of the business of the company; provided always that such telegraph and telephone systems shall not be exercised beyond the limit of the company's property ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, manage and superintend, or to aid in the construction, improvement, maintenance, management and superintendance of roads, bridges, viaducts and aqueducts and other works, for any of the purposes of the company ;

(*i*) To trade and deal in all kinds of natural products, goods, wares and merchandise, provisions and supplies in connection with the undertaking of the company ;

(*j*) To acquire the good-will of any business and acquire or undertake the sale of all or any of the assets and liabilities of any such business, and take over as a going concern the business in connection therewith ;

(*k*) To purchase or otherwise acquire or undertake all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any company, society, partnership or person formed for all or any of the purposes within the objects of this company, or carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company, and to conduct ond carry on or liquidate and wind up any such business ;

(*l*) To let on lease or to hire the whole or any part of the real and personal property of the company on such terms as the company shall determine ;

(*m*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patent rights, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, transfer or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the rights or information so acquired ;

(*n*) To enter into any contract, agreeing and arrangement with any federal, territorial, provincial municipal, civic or local authorities, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority or company property, franchises, rights, privileges or concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, adopt, exercise and comply with such contracts, agreements and arrangements, franchises, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*o*) To make, draw, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warehouse receipts, warrants, securities under The Bank Act, and other negotiable and transferable instruments or securities of every nature and kind whatsoever ;

(*p*) To issue or guarantee the issue of, or the payment of interest on, the shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds of other securities or obligations of the company or other association with which this company may have business relations and to provide for brokerage, commission and underwriting in respect of any such issue ;

(*q*) To advance and lend money to customers and others having dealings with this company upon such security as may be thought proper or without taking any security therefor ;

(*r*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*s*) To acquire by subscription, purchase or otherwise, and to accept and take, hold or sell, shares or stock in any company, society or undertaking, the object of which shall, either in whole or in part, be similar to those of this company, or such as may be likely to promote or advance the interests of this company ;

(*t*) To provide for the welfare of persons in the employment of the company, or formerly engaged in any business acquired by the company, and the wives and widows and families of such persons, by grants of money, pensions, insurance or other payments, and by providing or subscribing towards places of instruction and recreation and hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance, and other assistance, as the company shall see fit, and to form, subscribe or to otherwise aid, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or objects which shall have any moral or other claims to support or aid by the company by reason of the locality of its operations or otherwise;

(*u*) To pay the expenses of and preliminary and incidental to the formation, establishment and registration of the company;

(*v*) Upon the issue of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, to employ brokers, commission agents and underwriters, and to provide for remuneration of such persons for their services by payment in cash or, with the approval of the shareholders, by the issue of shares, debentures or other securities of the company, or by the granting of options to take the same, or in any other manner allowed by the law ;

(*w*) To sell, dispose of or transfer the business property, assets and undertakings of the company or any part thereof for any consideration which the company may see fit to accept and to accept stock or shares in, or the bonds, mortgages, debentures or other securities of any other company in payment or part payment for any services rendered or for any sale made to or debt owing from any such company ;

(*x*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among the members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*y*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with, or as factors or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents ;

(*z*) Generally to carry on any other business, whether organized or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently or profitably carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of and render profitable any of the company's properties or rights, and to do all and everything necessary, suitable, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes, or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, incidental to the powers

herein named or which shall at any time appear to be conducive to or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company, and it is hereby declared that, in the interpretation of this clause, the meaning of any of the company's objects shall not be restricted by reference to any other object, or by the juxtaposition of two or more objects, and that in the event of any ambiguity this clause shall be constructed in such a way as to widen and not to restrict the powers of the company ;

(*aa*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*bb*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals, and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Foundry Products, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

The Sterling Engine Works, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Vincent Clinton Maddock, manufacturer, Roy Mitchell Wolvin, grain merchant, William James Leaney, engineer, Garnet Coulter, barrister-at-law, and Frank Nilan, accountant, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of building and manufacturing steam engines, gasoline engines, boilers, agricultural implements, and any and all kinds of machinery, including the business of tool makers, brass and iron founders, metal workers, boiler makers, millwrights, machinists, iron and steel converters, smiths, wood workers, metallurgists, steel and iron rollers, steel makers, metal forgers, tin plate makers, electricians, electrical supply makers and fitters, wire manufacturers and drawers, water supply engineers, carriers and merchants ; to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in machinery, implements, rolling stock and hardware of all kinds ; and generally to engage in all occupations pertaining to the business of metal workers, fabricators and mechanical manufacturers and engineers ; to carry on the business of electrical, mechanical, hydraulic and civil engineers and contractors, and any business in which the application of electricity or any other power is or may be useful or convenient ; to carry on the business of general contractors for and builders of works, public and private ;

(*b*) To acquire and develop any water power, and to construct, maintain and operate works for the generation, accumulation and distribution of light, heat and power, provided that when such business is carried on outside the property of the company, it shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*c*) To design, build, own and operate vessels of every decription and to equip same with motive power, and to sell and trade in the same and to design and erect dry docks, wharves and marine ways and to own and operate any of the same ;

(*d*) To manufacture, construct, erect, deal in and sell wood, iron and steel masonry concrete, and reinforced concrete bridges ; to manufacture, construct and erect and deal in steel metal work in all the various branches thereof ;

(*e*) To acquire, purchase, take over and operate the work, property franchises and assets of any person, firm or corporation carrying on businesses similar in detail or part to the objects of this company and enter into any arrangements for such purposes and to assume the liabilities of such firm or corporation taken over ;

(*f*) To purchase and in any manner acquire mechanical or chemical patents or patented processes, and the same to manufacture, make and use and to sell the same or to sell the articles or products of the said patent or patented processes ;

(*g*) To purchase and sell lands and buildings necessary or useful to the company in carrying out any of their powers and to enter into leases either as lessors or lessees of any lands and buildings or other physical assets of the company and geuerally to sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property, rights and products of the company ;

(*h*) To do all or any of the above things and to exercise any of the powers and rights of the company as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*i*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out, control any roads, power, transmission lines, ways, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufacturies, warehouse, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any machinery plant or stock in trade ;

(*k*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*l*) To issue, make, draw, accept, endorse, pay or otherwise deal in bills, notes, cheques, and negotiable instruments of every kind and nature ; to issue and distribute any of the property of the company in specie among its shareholders ;

(*m*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*n*) To pay out of the funds of the company all the costs and expenses of and incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company ;

(*o*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to do all such other businesses as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Sterling Engine Works, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

Anglo-Canadian Associates, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1916, incorporating Alfred Sear and Claude Herbert Philpot, brokers, Frederick Royden Morris and Frederick Babe, barristers-at-law and Dorothy Elizabeth Nott, stenographer, all of the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, option, lease, take in exchange, or otherwise acquire, lands or interests therein, together with any buildings, structures or fixtures that may be on the said lands or any of them, and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of and deal with the whole or any part of the company's lands and interests therein and all or any of the buildings, structures and fixtures that are now or may hereafter be erected or placed thereon, for such consideration and upon such terms as to credit or otherwise as the directors may think fit, and to improve, alter, manage and turn the said lands, buildings, structures and fixtures to account in such manner as the directors may deem fit ;

(*b*) To erect, alter, repair and maintain buildings, structures and fixtures upon any lands, whether belonging to the company or not ;

(*c*) To form and promote and assist financially or otherwise corporations, syndicates and associations carrying on a business similar or subsidiary to that of the company, and to give any lawful guarantee in connection therewith for the payment of money or for the performance of any obligation or undertaking ;

(*d*) To purchase, subscribe for, acquire, hold, sell, exchange, deal in and deal with, stocks, bonds, debentures, obligations or other securities of any corporation, government or municipality ;

(*e*) To act as agents or brokers in the business of marine, fire, life, accident and fidelity insurance, in the business of giving protections to principals and employers and in any other kind or class of insurance in all its branches, and in buying, selling and dealing with real estate ;

(*f*) To act as agents or representatives of owners or other persons or corporations having or claiming to have any interest in merchandise, vessels, cargoes, freight or other objects of insurance ;

(*g*) To farm, till, develop or othewise deal with the lands of the company and to manufacture, produce or otherwise deal with any products or by-products thereof ;

(*h*) To guarantee and otherwise assist in the performance of contracts or mortgages of persons, firms or corporations with whom the company may have dealings, and to assume and take over such mortgages or contracts on default ;

(*i*) To purchase, own, acquire and sell agreements of sale respecting lands and interests therein ;

(*j*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*k*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*l*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company;

(*m*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*n*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contrats of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, or other person or company with whom the company has business dealings ;

(*o*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*p*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*q*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any road, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores, dwelling houses, and other works, buildings and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*r*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*s*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44, of The Companies Act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of, shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any other business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to issue in exchange therefor of its own stock, bonds or other obligations ;

(*w*) The objects specified in each paragrapn hereof shall in no way be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Anglo-Canadian Associates, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada:—

Five Assistant Analysts for temporary employment in the Laboratory of the Department of Inland Revenue, at a salary at the rate of $1,300 per annum, with a view to their permanent appointment, if there services prove satisfactory, in Subdivision A of the Second Division, at an initial salary of $1,600 per annum. The work consists in the microscopic and chemical analysis of food stuffs. Candidates are required to be graduates of some recognized university, and to have had at least one year's experience in chemical work since graduation.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 13th day of November next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 19th October, 1916. 17–4

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 20th October, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an Order in Council of the 30th day of October 1915 (P.C. 2519) made in pursuance of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures' Act, the Secretary of State upon the authority of the Attorney General of Canada has certified under his hand to the Postmaster General of Canada that an article or articles, letter, communication, report or news contravening the Order in Council of the 10th of June, 1915, has appeared in Pearson's Magazine, a publication printed and issued monthly by the Pearson Publishing Company, 425–435 East 24th Street, New York City, in the United States of America; that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada based upon the said certificate and executed in pursuance of the provisions of the said Order in Council dated the 30th day of October, 1915, and an Order in Council dated the 6th day of November, 1914, made pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures' Act and published in an extra of the *Canada Gazette* of the 6th day of November, 1914, the said Pearson's Magazine, a publication printed and issued monthly by the Pearson Publishing Company, 425–435 East 24th Street, New York City, in the United States of America, has been refused the privilege of the mails in Canada and has been prohibited from circulation in Canada; and that no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of said Pearson's Magazine or of any issue thereof already published or hereafter to be published, and that any person in possession of such magazine shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

R M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

18–2

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act withdrawn the southwest quarter of Section 36, Township 39, Range 11, west of the 5th Meridian, from the operations of the said Act which relate to homestead and pre-emption entry, and entry by private sale, and has set the same apart as School Lands in place of the northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 40, Range 11, west of the 5th Meridian, for which homested entry is claimed on the ground of settlement prior to survey.

By order,

LYNDWODE L. PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1916. 17–4

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 19th October, 1916.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that by M. & F. Order. No. 43 in 1916, dated 18th October, 1916, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act, has granted permission to change the name of the steamer "Caledonia," which has been purchased from foreigners by J. R. Smith of Fort William, Ont., to that of "Gale Staples."

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

18-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 101 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 46.)

NOVA SCOTIA.

(342) South coast—Halifax harbour—Regulation relating to the movements of vessels—Warning to mariners.

All vessels are hereby warned that they must not approach His Majesty's Ships in Harbour during the hours of darkness, within a distance of 200 yards, unless engaged on official business, when they must answer the challenge of the ship they are passing or proceeding to otherwise they will lay themselves open to be fired on. The Ferry Boats of the Dartmouth Ferry Commission will be considered exempt from this order.

N. to M. No. 101 (342) 18-10-16.

Authority: Department of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 32504.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 18th October, 1916. 19-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 97 of 1916.

(Inland No. 31.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

QUEBEC.

(330) River St. Lawrence—Lake St. Louis, west end—Eastward of Cascades island—Shoal depths in channel.

Depths eastward of Cascades island.—An examination of the channel between Cascades island and the 3-foot shoal to the east of it shows that the water throughout this channel has shoaled greatly since 1906, and that spots with depths down to 10 feet are numerous. In particular there is one spot with a depth of 10 feet lying 2375 feet 84° 15′ (S. 82° E. mag.) from the north extreme of Cascades island. From the 3-foot spot a spit extends 1200 feet southwesterly having depths of 11 and 13 feet.

N. to M. No. 97 (330) 7-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 13° 45′ W.
Authority: Report from Mr. V. W. Forneret, Superintending Engineer, St. Lawrence ship channel.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2789a, 2789b and 259a.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 50.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 119.
Departmental File: No. 18286.

ONTARIO.

(331) Bay of Quinte—Deseronto—Light discontinued.

Light discontinued.—The maintenance of the fixed white light on the railway wharf, Deseronto, has been discontinued.

Lat. N. 44° 11′ 27″, Long. W. 77° 2′ 55″.

N. to M. No. 97 (331) 7-10-16

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1152 and 797.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 68 and 69
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108 D, 1907, page 149.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1763.
Departmental File: No. 21763K.

ONTARIO.

(332) Georgian bay, east side—Freddy channel—Dredging.

Dredging—A channel has been dredged by the Department of Public Works of Canada through shoals in Freddy channel, leading to Muskoka mills north of Portage island, to a depth of nine feet below the zero of the gauge, which is 580 feet above mean tide level, New York. The following is a description of the three dredged portions :—

(1) An area north of Portage island, 50 feet wide for a distance of 409 feet, the east end of this area being at a point 800 feet east of McLeod point.

The axis of this portion is marked by two range day beacons. The front beacon is on the north shore of the channel, 1400 feet east of McLeod point, in Lat. N. 44° 56′ 20″, Long. W. 79° 54′ 4″. The back beacon is 85 feet 284° (N. 69° W. mag.) from the front one.

(2) An area north of Portage island, 50 feet wide for a distance of 260 feet, the east end of this area being at a point 350 feet west of the above described front range beacon.

(3) The channel north of island No. 95 (which lies west of Portage island) for a distance of 945 feet westward from the north point of island No. 95. The easterly 480 feet of this distance is 50 feet wide; the width of the next 265 feet westward is 50 feet at its east end and 25 feet its west end; and the westerly 200 feet is 25 feet wide.

N. to M. No. 97 (332) 7-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 7° W.
Authority: Report from Mr. J. H. Armstrong, District Engineer, P. W. Dept.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 83.
Publication: Sailing Directions for Georgian Bay, 1915, pages 270 and 282.
Departmental File: No. 37326.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 7th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage

19-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 98 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 44.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA

(333) Cape Breton island—West coast—Margaree harbour entrance—Shoaling of channel.

Shoaling in entrance.—Soundings recently taken by the Department of Public Works of Canada in the entrance to Margaree harbour show that considerable filling in has taken place in the dredged channel. In the portion lying eastward of the breakwater on the west side of the entrance depths as little as 3.8 and 4 feet at low water were found. In the channel outside the breakwater over a distance of 350 feet from its outer end depths as little as 6.5 and 6.7 feet at low water were found.

Caution.—Vessels not having local knowledge are advised not to attempt to enter the harbour on the range of lights.

N. to M. No. 98 (333) 12-10-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. G. A. Bernasconi, District Engineer, P. W. Dept.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2034 and 2727.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 161.
Departmental File: No. 25955.

QUEBEC

(334) Gulf of St. Lawrence—Magdalen islands—Bird rocks—Use of explosive fog signals to be discontinued.

Former notice.—No. 137 (368) of 1907.
Position.—On Great Bird rock.

Lat. N. 47° 50′ 40″, Long. W. 61° 8′ 20″

Explosive fog signals to be discontinued.—The use of cotton powder bombs as an emergency fog signal will be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

N. to M. No. 98 (334) 12-10-16.

Authority: Memo. from Commissioner of Lights.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1134, 2516 and 2666.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916; page 63.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1029.
Departmental File: No. 21029F.

QUEBEC

(335) River St. Lawrence below Quebec—Off Cap St. Ignace—Gas buoy placed temporarily for dredging purposes.

Position.—About $1\frac{1}{3}$ miles off Cap St. Ignace.

Lat. N. 47° 3′ 44″, Long. W. 70° 29′ 33″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the gas buoy:—

Hospital rock low light....	0°
St. Ignace church	118° 47″
Crane island light	113 31

Description.—Cylindrical steel gas buoy.
Character of light.—Fixed white light.
Colour.—White.
Depth.—3 fathoms.
Note.—This buoy is only placed temporarily and is intended to mark the dumping ground for dredging. It is not to be used for navigation purposes.

N. to M. No. 98 (335) 12-10-16.

Authority: Report from Supt. of Lights, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 315 and 318.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 208.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 119.
Departmental File: No. 11785.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 12th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters, to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

19-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 99 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 32*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(336) Lake Erie—West end of Long point—Light to be discontinued.

Former notice.—No. 130 (466) of 1915.

Position.—At West end of Long point, on the neck between the lake and inner bay.

Lat. N. 42° 34′ 52″, Long. W. 80° 23′ 50″.

Light to be discontinued.—The maintenance of the flashing white catoptric light at West end of Long point will, without further notice, be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

N. to M. No. 99 (336) 13-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 332 and 678.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 75.
Publication: Sailing directions for the Canadian shore of Lake Erie, 1897, page 9.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1851.
Departmental File: No. 21851M.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(337) Change in the system of night storm warnings displayed on the Great Lakes.

The Chief, United States Weather Bureau, Department of Agriculture, in Circular No. 111, of Oct. 1, 1916, gave notice that the following change in the system of night storm warnings displayed on the Great Lakes would become effective on and after Oct. 15, 1916:

A new system of night storm-warning displays will be effective, on the Great Lakes only, to begin with the first signal displayed after 8 a.m., Oct. 15, 1916.

EXPLANATION OF SMALL CRAFT, STORM, AND HURRICANE WARNINGS.

The small craft warning.—A red pennant indicates that moderately strong winds that will interfere with the safe operation of small craft are expected. No night display of small craft warnings is made.

The northeast storm warning.—A red pennant above a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or two red lanterns, one above the other, displayed by night, indicate the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the northeast.

The southeast storm warning.—A red pennant below a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or one red lantern displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the southeast.

The southwest storm warning.—A white pennant below a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or a white lantern below a red lantern displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the southwest.

The northwest storm warning.—A white pennant above a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or a white lantern above a red lantern displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the northwest.

Hurricane or whole gale warning.—Two square flags, red with black centres, one above the other, displayed by day, or two red lanterns, with a white lantern between, displayed by night, indicate the approach of a tropical hurricane, or of one of the extremely severe and dangerous storms which occasionally move across the Great Lakes.

N. to M. No. 99 (337) 13-10-16.

Authority: U. S. Hydrographic Bulletin No. 1414.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 13th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information o dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

PRICE

AGRICULTURE

Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp. 0.15
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de la Chimie, de la Culture du Sol, et de l'Elevage, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 596 pp. 0.45
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for October, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus. 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, octobre 1916, 108 pp. illus. 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, July, 1916, 332 pp. 11 x 8. ..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, August, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Cultivateurs, conservez votre fumier (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 55. Gratuit.
* Conseils pour la saison—novembre 1916 (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). 16 pp. Gratuit.
* L'Occasion qui s'offre aux èleveurs canadiens—discours prononcé par monsieur John Bright, 18 pp. Gratuit.
* Charpente de la grange (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 92, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Candling of Eggs (Live Stock Branch). Circular No. 3, 4 pp. Free.

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Annual subscription 3.00
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COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION.

* Annual report, for year ending March 31, 1916, 284 pp. Free.
* "Conservation", monthly bulletin, October 1916, vol. v. No. 9. Free.
* La Conservation, bulletin mensuel, avril 1916, vol. v No. 4, 8 pp. Gratuit.
* "Conservation of Life." Quarterly bulletin, July-September, 1916, vol. II, No. 4. Free.
* Poisson, des Oiseaux et du Gibier, Conservation du, 247 pp. Gratuit.

CUSTOMS.

Trade and Navigation returns for July, 1916, 532 pp. 8vo. 0 10
* War Measures—Prohibited Exports, 10th June, 1916, 24 pp. Free.

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

* Revised Passport Requirements of Foreign Countries. 4 pp. Free.

INSURANCE.

Superintendent of Insurance, Report of the, Vol. II, Life Insurance Companies, year ending December 31, 1915. 0.50
Surintendant des assurances, rapport du, Vol. I. Compagnies d'assurance autres que les compagnies d'assurance sur la vie, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 décembre 1915, 810 pp 0.50

INLAND REVENUE.

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Falsification des substances alimentaires : Rapports, Etats et statistiques des Revenus de l'Intérieur pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916. Partie III, 604 pp. 0.30
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* Liquid Extract of Nux Vomica : Bulletin No. 342, 4 pp. Free.

INTERIOR.

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GOVERNMENT OF CANADA PUBLICATIONS—*Continued.*

INTERIOR—*Continued.*

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* " 1 to 16, west of the second meridian " " 158 "
* " west of the second and third meridians " " 24 "
* " west of the fourth meridian " " 24 "
* " west of the fifth and sixth meridians " " (Province of Alberta and Peace River Block, British Columbia), 56 pp. Free.
* " in the Railway Belt, British Columbia, extracts from reports on, to March 31, 1916, 40 pp. Free.
Levés hydrographiques du Manitoba, rapport des, pour les années civiles 1912-13-14, 310 pp..... .

JUSTICE.

Inspecteurs des Pénitenciers, rapport des, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 232 pp. 0.20

LABOUR.

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* La Gazette du Travail, septembre 1916, 104 pp. 8vo..... ..... 0.03
* Labonr Organization in Canada, fifth annual report on, (For the Calendar Year 1915), 232 pp. Free.

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* Nominations, Promotions et Retraites, Milice Canadienne, 7 et 14 septembre.
* Militia Orders, weekly parts, 11th September.
* Ordres de Milice, édition hebdomadaire du 11 et 18 septembre.
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* No. 3 General Hospital, nominal roll of officers, nursing sisters and men, " "
* 3rd Divisional Ammunition Column, nominal roll of officers and men, " "
* 50th Battalion (Reinforcing Draft), " " " "
* 58th " and " " " " "
* 64th " " " " "
* 73th " " " " "
* 78th " and Reinforcing Draft, " " " "
* 34th Battalion, also 1st and 2nd Reinforcing Drafts, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
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* 74th " " " " "

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* Census and Statistics Monthly, September, 1916. Free.
* Trade Bulletin, No. 666, 8vo. October 9. Free.
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* Russian Trade, reprint of articles dealing with (supplementary to weekly bulletin), 100 pp. Free.
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* Exhibition of Enemy Samples (Commercial Intelligence Service) 8 pp. Free.
* National Trade and Commerce convention, memorandum regarding, 56 pp. Free,
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Statuts du Canada, 1916..... 2.50

1916-17 **1916-17**

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th September, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.			1915.	1916.
	LIABILITIES.		$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—				
Payable in New York				75,357,000 00
do in Canada			757,960 94	118,645,070 94
do in London			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Temporary Loans			150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes			152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
SAVINGS BANKS—	1915.	1916.		
Post Office Savings Banks	$38,302,646 32	$40,930,124 46		
Dominion Government Savings Banks	13,939,801 94	13,572,826 03		
			52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Trust Funds			10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Province Accounts			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts			28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total Gross Debt			774,896,755 36	1,071,637,373 51
	ASSETS.			
INVESTMENTS—				
Sinking Funds			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Other Investments			107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS			168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total Assets			290,055,121 63	391,381,928 61
Total Net Debt 30th September			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
do do to 31st August			472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Increase of Debt			12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of September, 1915.	Total to 30th September, 1915	Month of September, 1916.	Total to 30th September, 1916.
REVENUE:	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Excise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Post Office	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Miscellaneous	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
EXPENDITURE	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	14,541,003 47	44,427,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	3,481,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Railway Subsidies	155,032 00	723,021 14	.....	363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 4th October, 1916.

15-t

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

Provincial	$ 27,773 25	Gold held September 30, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,141,023 24
Fractional	985,848 04		
$1	14,247,509 00		
$2	10,481,046 50		
$4	45,919 00		
$5	2,931,112 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50	10,250 00	10 p.c. on $54,502,944.49 under The Savings Banks Act	5,450,294 45
$100	2,000 00		
$500	1,974,000 00		
$1,000	4,223,000 00		
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	200,500 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,690,728 79
$1,000 " " "	1,274,000 00		
$5,000 " " "	137,900,000 00		
	$ 174,302,958 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,301 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,773 25

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th October, 1916.

16-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of September, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	848,287 62	
Malt Liquor	11,641 35	
Malt	197,582 10	
Tobacco	982,648 53	
Cigars	62,461 36	
Manufactures in Bond	15,642 83	
Acetic Acid	741 27	
Seizures	468 58	
Other Receipts	4,338 38	
Total Excise Revenue		2,123,812 02
Methylated Spirits		13,178 28
Ferry		
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,472 52
Gas Inspection		7,153 80
Electric Light Inspection		4,427 75
Law Stamps		406 35
Other Revenues		803 01
War Tax		76,366 22
Grand Total Revenue		2,237,619 95

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 23rd October, 1916.

18 t

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of August, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts.	CR.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36	WITHDRAWALS during the month	691,788 19	
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,172,945 57			
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer				
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	3,672 24			
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,860 45	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st August, 1916.	41,086,063 43	
	41,777,851 62		41,777,851 62	

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th October, 1916.

18-tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirtieth September, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 31st August, 1916.	Deposits September, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for September, 1916.	Balance on September 30, 1916
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	582,110 44	10,601 00	592,711 44	7,691 35	585,020 09
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,189,144 19	23,653 25	1,212,797 44	23,411 49	1,189,385 95
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,975,893 13	25,240 00	2,001,133 13	39,803 42	1,961,329 71
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	276,689 38	1,666 00	278,355 38	7,083 23	271,272 15
St. John	5,473,001 64	56,366 13	5,529,367 77	85,637 25	5,443,730 52
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	136,438 70	410 00	136,848 70	2,355 67	134,493 03
Guysboro'	119,066 40	795 00	119,861 40	2,129 61	117,731 79
Halifax	2,531,589 28	38,569 33	2,570,158 61	51,338 32	2,518,820 29
Kentville	231,494 19	5,677 00	237,171 19	3,007 61	234,163 58
Lunenburg	418,602 40	3,401 00	422,003 40	3,857 65	418,145 75
Port Hood	90,958 46	123 00	91,081 46	3,760 71	87,320 75
Shelburne	226,993 39	1,963 52	228,956 91	2,892 46	226,064 45
Sherbrooke	101,693 96	806 89	102,500 85	701 43	101,799 42
Wallace	135,851 17	1,683 00	137,534 17	862 31	136,671 86
Totals	13,489,526 73	170,955 12	13,660,481 85	234,532 51	13,425,949 34

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT
OTTAWA, 25th October, 1916.

18-tf

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE*.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules:

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."

2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch); subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy; the amount of which should be calculated as follows:

First insertion:	
Flat charge for title and signature	$1 00
Add two cents per word actual count	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words	.....
Other insertions:	
Flat charge for title and signature	0 50
Add one cent per word actual count	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions:—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws, etc.—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, etc.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thurs days will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette*.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.
Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette;* such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper,* as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule,* shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses.*

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Committee until there has been filed with that committee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, township, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a.*) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar character within, or in any way affecting the district, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b.*) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordina y "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(*7*) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privilcges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Newton Salter, of the Village of Winchester, in the County of Dundas and Province of Ontario, labourer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Elizabeth Salter, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Winchester, in the Province of Ontario this first day of June, A.D. 1916.

JOHN NEWTON SALTER,
Winchester P.O.,
9-14 Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13–14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solicitors for applicant

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Austin Barnwell, of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Albert, locomotive foreman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Clara Carey Barnwell, of the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Calgary, this 27th day of July, 1916.

W. C. POLLARD,
Clarence Block, Calgary, Alberta,
6–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lavilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
17–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
18–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rozilla Lamb, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, nurse, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, George Alfred Lamb, of Toronto, Ontario, machinist, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, this 31st day of October, 1916.

LEE & O'DONOGHUE,
241-2 Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto, Ont.,
19–14 Solicitors for applicant.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hareby given that the Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to change its name and to amend and extend its powers.

Montreal, 17th October, 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
18-5 Solicitors for applicant.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 117.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum) upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current quarter, and will be payable at the Bank and its branches on nd after Friday, the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record of 15th November.

By order of the Board.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, P.Q., 17th October, 1916. 17–6

THE VANCOUVER, FRASER VALLEY AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of The Vancouver, Fraser Valley and Southern Railway Company will be held at the offices of the company, 425 Carrall Street, Vancouver, B.C., on Friday, the 10th day of November, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon.

Dated at Vancouver, the 4th day of October, 1916.

J. V. ARMSTRONG,
16-4 Secretary.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

THE Imperial Oil Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the County of Halifax at Halifax, Nova Scotia, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf proposed to be built in the harbour of Halifax in front of lands adjoining Fort Clarence to the southward on the eastern side of said harbour.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, the Imperial Oil Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Halifax aforesaid this 11th day of October, 1916.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, LIMITED,
McINNES, MELLISH, FULTON & KENNY,
Solicitors,
16–4 Halifax, N.S

CITY OF BRANTFORD.

NOTICE is hereby given that upon the expiration of one month from the date of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the application can be heard, an application will be made on behalf of the City of Brantford, to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, for a recommendation to the Governor in Council for the sanction of an agreement dated 28th June, 1916, between the said City and the Lake Erie & Northern Railway Company for the sale by the said City to the said Railway Company of a portion of the Grand Valley Railway (so called) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the said agreement.

This notice is given pursuant to the provisions of section 361 of The Railway Act, R.S.C., 1906, chapter 37, and Statutes of Canada, 6-7 George V (1916), chapter 42, section 6.

Dated 10th October, 1916.

H. F. LEONARD,
16–5 City Clerk, City of Brantford

THE QUEBEC BANK.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at its banking-house in this city, and at its branches, on and after Friday, the first day of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec, 24th October, 1916. 18–5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and a quarter per cent (2¼ %) (being at the rate of 9 % per annum) has been declared by the directors of the Banque d'Hochelaga, on the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, for the quarter ending on the 30th day of November, 1916. This dividend, bearing No. 103, will be payable at the head office, or at the branches of the Bank, on or after the first of December, 1916, to the shareholders of record on the 15th of November, 1916.

By order of the Board,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
General manager.

18–5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current quarter, also a bonus of one per cent., both payable on and after Friday, the first day of December next, to shareholders of record of 31st October, 1916.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution, on Monday, the fourth day of December next.

The Chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
General manager.

Montreal, 20th October, 1916. 18–5

BANK OF HAMILTON.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (twelve per cent per annum) on the paid-up capital of the bank, for the quarter ending 30th November, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on 1st December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 23rd to the 30th November, both inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. P. BELL,
General manager.

Hamilton, 23rd October, 1916. 18–5

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 119.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of eight per cent per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of the Union Bank of Canada has been declared for the current quarter, together with a bonus of one per cent, and that the same will be payable at its banking house in the City of Winnipeg, and also at its branches, on and after Friday, the 1st day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

G. H. BALFOUR,
General manager.

Winnipeg, 19th October, 1916. 18–4

THE BANK OF OTTAWA.

DIVIDEND No. 101.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has this day been declared for the current three months, and that the said dividend will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Friday, the first day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 17th of November next.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the banking house in this City, on Wednesday, the 20th day of December next, the chair to be taken at 3 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
General manager.

Ottawa, Ont., 16th October, 1916. 18–5

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND No. 141.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and three-quarters per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of eleven per cent pe annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day of November next.

By order of the Board,

THOS. F. HOW,
General manager.

The Bank of Toronto,
Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

THE HOME BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 40.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of five per cent (5%) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the three months ending the 30th November, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Friday the 1st of September, 1916. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th of November to the 30th of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. COOPER MASON,
Acting general manager.

Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

GUARANTY TRUST CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 27th day of October, 1916, there was deposited in the office of the Secretary of State for the Dominion of Canada, a duly executed agreement dated October 2, 1916, supplemental to lease dated November 23, 1910, between the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, and The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company; The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company; The Michigan Central Railroad Company; The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company, and the Chicago, Indiana and Southern Railroad Company, under the New York Central Lines Equipment Trust of 1910, in pursuance of chapter 38 of the Statutes of Canada for 1907, being An Act to amend The Railway Act and amendments thereto.

Dated October 27, 1916.

ALBERT H. HARRIS,
Vice-president and general counsel.

18–2

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

IN THE MATTER of the petition of Edward O. Kolb, of the Town of Scranton, in the State of Pennsylvania, United States of America, manufacturers, and

IN THE MATTER of a specific Trade Mark including the the word Dandykake, to be used in connection with the manufaeture and sale of cakes.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 26th day of October, A.D. 1916, there was filed in the Exchequer Court of Canada the petition of Edward O. Kolb, of Scranton, in the State of Pennsylvania, U.S.A., praying that an order might be made directing that their trade mark including the word Dandykake, to be used in connection with the manufacture and sale of cakes.

Any person desiring to oppose the said petition must within fourteen days from the date of the last insertion of the present notice in the *Canada Gazette* (the date of the last insertion being 25th November, A.D. 1916), file a statement of his objections with the Registrar of the Exchequer Court at Ottawa, and serve a copy thereof upon the petitioner or his solicitor.

Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of October, A.D. 1916.

FEATHERSTONHAUGH & SMART,
5 Elgin St., Ottawa,
19-4 Solicitors for the petitioners.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

THE Public Works Department of British Columbia, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of New Westminster, at New Westminster, a description of the site and plans of a bridge proposed to be buiit across Sturgeon Slough, on the road allowance between Sections 13 & 14, Township 40, east of the Coast Meridian.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, The Public Works Department of British Columbia will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said bridge.

Dated at Victoria, this 21st day of October, 1916.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,
J. E. GRIFFITH,
19-4 Deputy Minister & Public Works Engineer.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

DIVIDEND NO. 119.

NOTICE is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent upon the capital stock of this bank has been declared for the three months ending 30th of November next, together with a bonus of one per cent, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after Friday, 1st December, 1916. The Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

JOHN AIRD,
General manager

Toronto, 27th October, 1916. 19 4

QUEBEC ORIENTAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Oriental Railway Company will be held at the company's offices, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, London, England, on Thursday, the 28th December, 1916, at 2.30 p.m., for the transaction of the general business of the company.

By order,

E. S. ELVEY,
Secretary.

London, England, 12th October, 1916. 19–4

THE QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Bank will be held at the head office of the said Bank in the City of Quebec, Que., on Tuesday the 28th day of November, A.D. 1916, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering an agreement for the sale by the said The Quebec Bank of its assets to The Royal Bank of Canada, upon the terms set out in such agreement, a copy of which will be mailed to each shareholder with this notice, and, if deemed advisable, of passing a resolution or resolutions approving the said agreement and authorizing the President and General Manager of the Quebec Bank to affix to said agreement the corporate seal of the Bank and to sign and execute the same for and in the name of, and on behalf of the Bank; and also for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, of passing all such other and further resolutions for fully carrying out the said agreement and the terms thereof as the shareholders shall consider expedient or advisable, and for the purpose of authorizing the board of directors to give all such notices and make all such applications and to pass and execute all such other acts, resolutions, deeds, instruments, matters and things as may be deemed necessary for procuring the assent of the Governor in Council to the said agreement, and for carrying out the same and distributing the proceeds of the said sale.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec 10th October, 1916. 16–7

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, CHAPTER 115.

THE Empire Elevator Company, Limited, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company hereby give notice that they have, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Thunder Bay at the City of Port Arthur, Ontario, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf or dock proposed to be built in Thunder Bay, at the mouth of the Kaministiquia River, on a portion of the water lot or lands covered by the waters of Thunder Bay lying east and in front of lots 17 and 18 in Concession "K" of the Township of Neebing Additional, now in the City of Fort William in the District of Thunder Bay.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Empire Elevator Company, Limited, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf and dock.

Dated at Fort William, Ontario, this sixth day of October, 1916.

EMPIRE ELEVATOR CO LTD., AND CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.,
Per MORRIS & BABE,
16–4 Their solicitors.

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU GOUVERNEMENT de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 20 octobre 1916.

WILLIE POIRIER, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, préposé à l'accise temporaire : Douanier dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Montréal, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er octobre 1916.

DOUGLAS ALLEN, de Fraserville, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse : Officier des pêcheries avec le grade de surveillant des pêcheries dans et pour la dite province, en remplacement de D. W. Holmes, démissionnaire ; et durant son terme d'office en cette dite qualité de surveillant des pêcheries, il aura les pouvoirs d'un juge de paix *ex officio*, pour les fins de la *Loi des pêcheries.*

Le capitaine VINCENT G. COMEAU, de Meteghan, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse : Gardien du quai de l'Etat à Comeau-Cove, dans le comté de Digby, dans la dite province.

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21 octobre 1916.

WILLIAM MITCHELL ACWORTH, de la cité de Londres, dans cette partie du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande appelée Angleterre, écuyer : Commissaire pour s'enquérir et faire rapport au sujet du problème général du transport en Canada, en remplacement du commissaire sir George Paish, démissionnaire.

—

1er novembre 1916.

WILLIAM LINNEY GRIFFITH, de la cité de Londres, dans cette partie du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande appelée Angleterre, écuyer, secrétaire au bureau du Haut Commissaire pour le Dominion du Canada, dans le Royaume-Uni susdit : Commissaire *per dedimus potestatem* pour faire prêter serment aux personnes employées à toutes fonctions ou places de confiance sous le gouvernement du Canada, dans le Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande.

PROCLAMATIONS.

C. FITZPATRICK,

Administrateur.

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, ROI du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à samedi, le vingt et unième jour du mois d'octobre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa : SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodite de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada, en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le TRENTIEME jour du mois de NOVEMBRE prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN : Notre Très fidèle et Bien-Aimé conseiller le Très Honorable SIR CHARLES FITZPATRICK, Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Juge en chef du Canada ; Administrateur du Gouvernement de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour d'OCTOBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
17-tf pour le Canada.

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[La proclamation suivante a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA daté *le 14 octobre 1916.*]

CANADA.

Par Son Excellence le Très Honorable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, C.P., G.C.M G., LLD., etc., etc., etc., Juge en chef du Canada et Administrateur du Gouvernement du Dominion du Canada.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU qu'il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi George Cinq par commission sous le seing royal, daté au Château de St. James, le sixième jour de mars 1911, et dans la première année de Son Règne, de nommer le Feld-Maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Duc de Connaught Gouverneur général et commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada ;

ET ATTENDU que par l'article VII des lettres patentes datées le quinzième jour de juin 1905, constituant la charge de Gouverneur général et commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada, il est statué qu'advenant l'absence du Dominion du Canada du Gouverneur général, tous les pouvoirs et autorités conférés au dit Gouverneur général par les dites lettres patentes seront donnés à telle personne qui sera nommée, sous les sceau et seing royaux, lieutenant-gouverneur du dit Dominion, durant le bon plaisir royal ; ou s'il n'y a pas de lieutenant-gouverneur dans le dit Dominion alors à telle personne ou personnes ainsi nommées sous les seing et sceau de Sa Majesté pour administrer le dit gouvernement, et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de telle personne ou personnes ainsi nommées dans le dit Dominion, alors au juge en chef alors en exercice de la cour Suprême du dit Dominion, ou dans le cas de mort, incapacité, déplacement ou absence du Canada du dit juge en chef alors en exercice, alors au juge le plus ancien en exercice de la dite cour Suprême résidant dans le dit Dominion, et ne souffrant pas d'incapacité ;

ET ATTENDU que, pour cause de l'absence du Canada du dit Feld-Maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Duc de Connaught, etc., etc., etc., et par et en vertu des lettres patentes susdites, tous les pouvoirs et autorités accordés au Gouverneur général par les dites lettres patentes, me sont dévolus comme étant le juge en chef de la cour Suprême du dit Dominion du Canada, et après avoir dûment prêté le serment

nécessaire tel que requis par les dites lettres patentes, j'ai jugé convenable d'émettre la présente proclamation pour ce faire connaître; et par icelle ordonne et commande que tous, officiers et ministres de Sa Majesté, dans le dit Dominion du Canada, continuent à exercer les devoirs respectifs de leurs places et emplois, et que les féaux sujets de Sa Majesté et tous autres que les présentes pourront concerner, en prennent connaissance et se conduisent en conséquence.

Donné sous mon seing et le sceau de mes armes, en la cité d'OTTAWA, ce TREIZIÈME jour du mois d'OCTOBRE, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil neuf cent seize, et du règne de Sa Majesté la septième.

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrateur du gouvernement. 17-3

DÉPÊCHES, Etc.

CANADA,
N° 1096.

DOWNING STREET,
27 septembre 1916.

MONSIEUR—Relativement à la dépêche n° 8 de mon prédécesseur, en date du 5 janvier 1915, j'ai l'honneur de prier Votre Altesse Royale d'informer Vos Ministres que le Gouvernement de Sa Majesté a décidé d'augmenter le taux exigé pour l'assurance contre les risques de guerre sur les coques, en vertu du système dit "Government War Risks Insurance Scheme," à £1 pour cent pour un voyage simple et £2 pour cent pour un voyage de retour ou pour une police à terme de 91 jours.

2. Les nouveaux taux sont entrés en vigueur le 20 septembre.

J'ai l'honneur d'être,
Monsieur,
de Votre Altesse Royale,
le très humble et très obéissant serviteur,

(Signé) A. BONAR LAW.

Au Gouverneur général
Son Altesse Royale
le Duc de Connaught et
de Strathern, C.J., C.C.,
C.P., G.C.B., G.C. Etoile de l'I.,
G.C.M.G., G.C. Empire des
Indes, G. C. O. V.,
etc., etc., etc. 17-3

MINISTÈRE DES AFFAIRES ETRANGÈRES.

24 octobre 1916.

DEMANDE ayant été faite au gouvernement chinois au sujet de l'autorité que possèdent les fonctionnaires de ses consulats de recevoir des articles et deniers dus à des sujets chinois ne résidant pas en Canada, et d'en donner quittance valable, Son Excellence l'Administrateur du Gouvernement à reçu la dépêche publiée ci-après déclarant que les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois possèdent cette autorisation.

—

Du Secrétaire d'Etat paur les Colonies au Gouverneur géneral du Canada.

CANADA.
N° 1092.

DOWNING STREET,
27 septembre 1916.

MONSIEUR—Relativement à la dépêche N° 334 de Votre Altesse Royale en date du 26 mai, j'ai l'honneur de Vous transmettre, pour le renseignement de Vos Ministres, copie d'une dépêche du Ministre de Sa Magesté à Pékin au sujet de l'autorisation que possèdent les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada de recevoir les biens des émigrants chinois décédés et d'en donner quittance valable.

J'ai l'honneur d'être,
Monsieur,
de Votre Altesse Royale
Le très humble et très obéissant serviteur,

(Signé) A. BONAR LAW.

Le Gouverneur général Son Altesse Royale
Le Duc de Connaught et Strathearn, C.J.,
C.C. C.P., etc., etc., etc.

—

Copie.
Consulaire.
N° 100.

PÉKIN, 4 août 1916.

MILORD.—Relativement à votre dépêche consulaire n° 74 du 15 juin (112656/K/16), j'ai l'honneur de vous adresser la traduction ci-jointe d'une dépêche que j'ai reçue du Wai Chiao Pu, m'informant, en réponse à ma demande à ce sujet, qu'en vertu des règlements consulaires, les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada possèdent l'autorisation de recevoir les biens des émigrants chinois décédés et d'en donner quittance valable.

J'ai, etc.,
(Signé) J. N. JORDAN.

Vicomte Grey, C.J.,
etc. etc. etc.

—

[TRADUCTION.]

Note.

Du Wai Chiao Pu au Ministre de Sa Majesté.

PÉKIN, 3 août 1916.

MONSIEUR,—J'ai l'honneur d'accuser réception de la note de Votre Excellence (du 21 juillet) déclarant que Votre Foreign Office demande si les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada sont autorisés à recevoir les biens des émigrants chinois décédés et d'en donner quittance valable.

J'ai l'honneur de vous annoncer en réponse que l'article 9 des Règlements consulaires promulgués en janvier 1915 stipule qu'au cas où un émigrant chinois mourrait à l'étranger sans laisser de testament ou n'ayant pas de parents quelconques pour réclamer les biens qu'il laisse, le Consul s'en emparera temporairement et il en fera rapport au Ministére des Affaires Etrangères qui en délibèrera. En conséquence, il est évident qu'en vertu des dispositions de ces règlements, les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada sont autorisés à recevoir ces biens et a en donner quittance valable.

Je profite, etc.,
19-3 (Sceau du Wai Chiao Pu.)

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[L'arrêté en conseil suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 24 octobre 1916.*]

[2521]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil de décréter que les règlements concernant les aubains de nationalité ennemie, règlements sanctionnés par un arrêté en conseil du 20 septembre 1916, soient par ces présentes modifiés en ajoutant à la fin du n° 10 ce qui suit :—

La dite expression "premier officier de police" signifie et comprend de plus,—pour la partie de la province de Manitoba adjacente à la frontière internationale où la royale gendarmerie à cheval du Nord-Ouest fait la patrouille,—le premier officier de ce corps en autorité dans le district ainsi patrouillé.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18-2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2394]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU Comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 29 septembre 1916, représentant que messieurs Alexander Smith et William Henry Fares, de Winnipeg, dans la Province de Manitoba, ont demandé d'acheter les parties des terrains ci-dessous énumérés, autrefois submergés par les eaux du lac Rush et indiquées en rouge sur le tracé ci-annexé du township ;

Le Ministre ajoute que messieurs Smith et Fares ont fait déposer au Ministère de l'Intérieur la preuve démontrant qu'ils sont les propriétaires enregistrés des terrains contigus aux terrains demandés,—

Attendu que la pratique actuelle du Ministère est d'autoriser la vente de parties de quarts de section autrefois submergées aux propriétaires enregistrés de l'autre partie, le Ministre propose que, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 32 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, les terrains en question, comprenant une étendue totale de 851·5 acres, soient vendus à messieurs Smith et Fares aux prix auxquels ils ont été respectivement évalués par un inspecteur de homesteads et aux conditions ordinaires de paiement.

Les terrains en question et leurs valeurs respectives par acre sont comme suit :—

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 16, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du troisième méridien, comprenant 1·5 acres—$6 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ E. du ¼ S.-E. de la section 17, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 59·5 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 17, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 71·4 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 20, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 11·5 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 20, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 120·8 acres—$8 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 19, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 101·0 acres—$6 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 19, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 5·5 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ N. du ¼ N.-O. de la section 18, township 17, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 52·4 acres—$9 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 1, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 0·9 acre—$10 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ S. du ¼ S.-E. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 57·0 acres—$10 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-O. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 91·0 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-O. de la section 12, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 125·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ S.-E. de la section 14, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 53·0 acres—$7 l'acre.

Partie de la ½ N. du ¼ S.-O. de la section 13, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 60·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Partie du ¼ N.-E. de la section 13, township 17, rang 11, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, comprenant 41·0 acres—$5 l'acre.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

16-4

9855—4½

[2518]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le Département des Affaires des Sauvages a démandé la mise en réserve pour les sauvages d'une étendue de terrain, connue sous le nom de " Réserve du trou ou d'eau basse," choisie en 1884 en vertu du traité n° 5 et indiquée sur les plans officiels des townships 25 et 26 approuvés et confirmés le 22 février 1915, et le 6 mars 1915, respectivement, et contenant, après arpentage, trois mille cinq cent soixante-quatorze acres, plus ou moins ;

Et attendu que les dits terrains sont disponibles d'après les archives du Ministère de l'Intérieur,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil de décréter par ces présentes que les terrains ci-haut décrits soient soustraits de l'application de la *Loi des terres fédérales* et mis en réserve pour les fins susdites.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

18–4

[2565]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 20e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 14 octobre 1916, représentant que M. Patrick Goachin, de Grand Prairie, province d'Alberta, a demandé la concession du quart nord-ouest de la section 8, township 71, rang 9, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, en raison de son occupation du dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages.

La preuve a été faite démontrant que le pétitionnaire avait sa résidence sur le dit terrain à la date de la sanction du traité des sauvages n° 8, au cours de l'été 1899, et pour ces causes le Ministre recommande que, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, autorisation soit accordée de céder à M. Goachin le quart nord-ouest de la section 8, township 71, rang 9, à l'ouest du 6e méridien.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU.
Greffier du Conseil privé.

18–4

[2348]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les syndics de l'église dite " Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende " ont demandé la concession, pour les fins d'une église, de dix acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-est du quart nord-ouest de la section 23, township 14, rang 8, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église dix acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-est du quart nord-ouest de la section 23, township 14, rang 8, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession aux syndics de l'église dite " Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende " pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

17–4

[16/2593]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 21e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT:

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil d'établir les règlements suivants accordant un drawback de droits de douane sur les matériaux employés originairement dans la construction des navires construits au Canada, à dater du 1er novembre 1916, et ces dits règlements sont par les présentes établis en conséquence :—

1. Un drawback n'excédant pas quatre-vingt-dix-neuf pour cent du droit de douane qui a été payé peut être accordé et payé par le Ministre des Douanes pour les matériaux qui ont servi originairement à la construction de navires et de vaisseaux jaugeant au delà de cinq cent tonneaux de tonnage brut et construits au Canada, si l'autorisation a été donnée par un arrêté en conseil que les dits navires ou vaisseaux soient exportés pour enregistrement ailleurs qu'au Canada ou si les dits navires ou vaisseaux sont enregistrés au Canada sous l'empire des règlements britanniques et sont construits de manière à pouvoir obtenir une classification par Lloyds, Bureau Veritas, Corporation Britannique, ou une autre classification reconnue approuvée par le Ministre des Douanes ;

Sauf cependant que le drawback remboursable en vertu du présent article tienne lieu de tout drawback calculé d'après un taux spécifique par tonneau enregistré.

2. Quiconque fait la demande d'un drawback doit être le constructeur du navire ou vaisseau. Un drawback sera payé seulement sur les navires ou vaisseaux qui sont eux-mêmes munis de pouvoir de navigation indépendante, soit au moyen de voiles, de vapeur, soit d'autre énergie motrice.

Le paiement du drawback se fait sujet aux conditions suivantes, savoir :

(*a*) On doit s'assurer de la quantité des matériaux employés et du droit de douane payé.

(*b*) Quiconque demande un drawback doit faire une déclaration dans les termes de la formule "A" ci-annexée.

(*c*) Quiconque demande un drawback devra fournir un certificat du régistrateur des navires dans les termes de la formule "B" ci-annexée.

(*d*) La demande d'un drawback doit être vérifiée sous serment pris devant un percepteur des douanes ou un juge de paix, tel qu'approuvé par le Ministre des Douanes, dans des termes par lui prescrits. Le Ministre des Douanes peut aussi exiger dans chaque cas, en plus des déclarations ordinaires, telles preuves additionnelles qu'il juge nécessaires aux fins d'établir la bonne foi de la réclamation.

(*e*) Toute demande d'un drawback doit parvenir au Ministère des Douanes avec les déclarations ci-haut mentionnées avant six mois de la date de l'enregistrement ou du lancement du navire ou vaisseau qui fait le sujet de la réclamation autrement la réclamation sera refusée

ANNEXE.

FORMULE "A."

Je .....de.....déclare par les présentes que je suis le constructeur du nommé..... que j'ai fait la demande d'un drawback sur les matériaux qui ont servi à la construction du dit..... et que le dit..... a été construit à..... dans le Dominion du Canada (1) et lancé le..... jour de.....19....dont fait foi le certificat ci-annexé.

Je déclare aussi que le dit.....est un navire entièrement neuf bâti avec courbes et.....classé pour.....année dont fait foi le certificat de classification de.....daté le..... Déclaré devant moi.....ce.....jour de.....19.....

.....

Percepteur des douanes.

Constructeur.

FORMULE "B"

Je.....régistrateur de navire soussigné à .....certifie par les présentes que le navire ci-haut mentionné est entièrement neuf, construit durant la saison de.....par.....tel que ci-haut déclaré et lancé le.... .....jour de..... ....que son tonnage est de.....tonneaux bruts et que le dit navire est construit avec..... courbes et que les propriétaires enregistrés sont (1)

Je certifie aussi que j'ai examiné le certificat de classification et vérifié aussi que le dit navire est classé à.... .....pour.....années et que le dit navire est lui-même muni de pouvoir de navigation indépendante.

Port de { .....
Régistrateur des navires.

(1) Indiquez les noms si le navire est enregistré au Canada—Sinon, insérez les mots "Non enregistré au Canada."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

19–2

[2606]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les règlements actuellement en vigueur autorisant le commerce de la glace coupée dans les eaux des parcs fédéraux imposent un droit régalien de deux cents par tonne, payable au Département de l'Intérieur.

Et attendu qu'il a été représenté que dans les cas où on met en adjudication l'approvisionnement de quantités considérables de glace, l'imposition d'un droit régalien est au désavantage des soumissionnaires qui désirent extraire la glace des eaux comprises dans les limites des parcs fédéraux,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter que le règlement à ce sujet, établi par un arrêté en conseil du 29e jour de juin 1916, soit par ces présentes modifié en en retranchant les mots : "et, de plus, il sera perçu des droits de deux cents par tonne sur la quantité de glace coupée."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

19–4

[2487]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 5 octobre 1916, représentant que, le 29 octobre 1910, M. Milton J. McCreary a obtenu l'inscription de préemption du quart nord-est de la section 13, township 10, rang 22, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Le Ministre fait observer que certaines preuves semblent établir que M. McCreary a accompli un terme de résidence et défoncé une étendue suffisante de terrain ;

Le Ministre soumet une copie du certificat médical du docteur W. B. Kendall, établissant que M. McCreary souffre de tuberculose pulmonaire,—

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande que sous l'empire du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la loi, M. McCreary soit relevé des obligations de résidence requises par la *Loi des terres fédérales*, et que patente gratuite du dit terrain lui soit délivrée sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

17–4

[2361]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 27 septembre 1916, représentant que le 29 mai 1913, un Assyrien du nom de Sam Ollie a obtenu l'inscription de homestead du quart sud-ouest de la section 9, township 18, rang 13, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ; que, d'après la preuve soumise, l'inscrit y avait érigé une maison et fait dix acres de défoncement, alors qu'il fut atteint de la lèpre et interné au lazaret de Tracadie, Nouveau-Brunswick.

Vu que la maladie dont souffre M. Ollie est incurable, le Ministre recommande que cet inscrit soit exempté de toute autre obligation de résidence en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales, 1908*, et que le Département de l'Intérieur soit autorisé à émettre une patente gratuite.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Greffier du Conseil prive.

[2156]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 13e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 7 septembre 1916, représentant que M. Samuel Gill Warke, qui avait obtenu l'inscription de homested du quart sud-est de la section 31, township 19, rang 11, à l'ouest du méridien principal, est devenu aveugle ;

Le Ministre déclare que M. Warke, au coût de $400, a mis en état de culture 30 acres de son homestead, en a ensemencé une partie annuellement pendant quatre ans, l'ensemencement total des 30 acres ayant été effectué en l'année 1916. La maladie a empêché M. Warke de résider sur son homestead, mais il demeura avec son oncle sur le quart de section y attenant. Après enquête, un inspecteur de homestead a produit la preuve que les améliorations susmentionnées ont été faites,—

Vu les circonstances, le Ministre recommande que sous l'empire du paragraphe 2, de l'article 20 de la loi, M. Warke soit relevé des obligations de résidence exigées par la *Loi des terres fédérales* en rapport avec son homestead, soit le quart sud-est de la section 31, township 19, rang 11, à l'ouest du méridien principal, et que patente gratuite lui en soit délivrée sur preuve établie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2424]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRESENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil daté le 21 juillet 1910, le Ministre de l'Intérieur a été autorisé à mettre en réserve, à titre de terres des écoles, la section 17, township 9, rang 17, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, pour remplacer une partie de la section 11, township 9, rang 26, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, dont la concession à la ville de McLeod était projetée ;

Et attendu qu'il a été subséquemment décidé de ne pas donner suite à ce projet, mais de mettre à l'enchère publique les parties non concédées de la section 11 en question, ce qui a été fait en conséquence ;

Et attendu que la section 17 en question n'est plus requise, par conséquent, pour le fonds des terres des écoles ;

Et attendu que la section 17 en question n'a jamais été mentionnée dans la *Gazette du Canada* comme faisant partie des terres des écoles ;

Et attendu que le dit arrêté en conseil du 21 juillet 1910 semblerait avoir pour effet de réserver la section 17 pour les fins du fonds des terres des écoles,—

Par conséquent, et en vertu du fait que la section 17 n'est plus requise pour le fonds des terres des écoles, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que le dit arrêté en conseil du 21 juillet 1910 soit par ces présentes rescindé.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[30/2323]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 5e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT:

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU Bureau du Trésor a été soumis un mémoire de l'honorable Ministre de l'Intérieur représentant que M. Harry Chawner Adams a obtenu, le 5 novembre 1912, par script des volontaires de la guerre Sud-Africaine, la concession de la moitié est de la section 6, township 40, rang 16, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ; que d'après les renseignements reçus l'inscrit ne s'est acquitté d'aucune des obligations de résidence sur le terrain même, vu qu'il lui a été impossible d'y trouver de l'eau, mais qu'il a résidé sur le terrain qu'il avait acheté, soit le quart sud-est de la section 7, dans le même township et le même rang, du 1er mai 1912 au 15 septembre 1913, alors qu'il fut obligé de cesser d'y résider pour cause de maladie ; que les améliorations sur la concession ci-dessus mentionnée consistent en clôture pour 160 acres de terrain, et que l'inscrit était le propriétaire du bétail suivant : en 1912, 171 têtes de bétail ; en 1913, 391 têtes de bétail ; en 1914, 60 têtes de bétail.

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande que M. Adams soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence conformément aux dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20, chapitre 20, 7–8 Edouard VII, afin que la patente gratuite de son terrain puisse lui être accordée dès qu'il aura été prouvé de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le Bureau du Trésor agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
16–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2607]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert a demandé, pour les fins d'un cimetière, la concession de cinq acres de terrain compris dans le quart sud-est de la section 16, township 37, rang 27, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du Département de l'Intérieur,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter le dit terrain aux fins d'un cimetière et d'en autoriser la concession à la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2608]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert a demandé pour les fins d'une église la concession de cinq acres de terrain compris dans le quart nord-ouest de la section 10, township 37, rang 27, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur ;

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter le dit terrain aux fins de cette église et d'en autoriser la concession à la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[24/2574]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 20e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 23 du chapitre 24 des Statuts revisés du Canada, *Loi du Revenu consolidé et de l'audition*, de décréter ce qui suit :—

A dater du 9 septembre 1916, ce jour compris, la ville de Kenora, dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Port Arthur, sera et elle est par les présentes détachée de la dite divison et ajoutée à la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Winnipeg ;

A dater du 1er octobre 1916, ce jour compris, la ville de Collingwood, dans le comté de Simcoe, qui a jusqu'ici fait partie de la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Owen-Sound, sera et elle est par les présentes détachée de la dite division et ajoutée à la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Toronto.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19-2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 2 octobre 1916.

O.G. 92.

INSTRUCTIONS, RÈGLEMENTS, ETC.

MODIFICATIONS AUX RÈGLEMENTS CONCERNANT LA SOLDE ET LES ALLOCATIONS, 1916.

Ajoutez le nouvel article.

670*a*.

La solde d'un grand-prévôt sera computée au taux de $3.00 par jour de solde régimentaire et 75 cents par jour d'allocation de campagne. Cependant lorsqu'il est nommé à l'état-major d'un camp, le taux de l'allocation de campagne de l'état-major lui sera accordé comme s'il était capitaine.

(Q.G. 305-5-4.)

O.G. 93.

ORGANISATION.

MILICE DE RÉSERVE.

District militaire n° 10.—L'organisation d'un bataillon de la milice de réserve, avec chef-lieu à Portage-La-Prairie, Man., est autorisée.

(Q.G. 32-24-9.)

District militaire n° 11.—L'organisation d'une compagnie de la milice de réserve, avec chef-lieu à Inververmere, C.-B., est autorisée.

(Q.G. 32-24-10.)

District militaire n° 11.—L'organisation d'une compagnie de la milice de réserve, avec chef-lieu à Trail, C.-B., est autorisée.

(Q.G. 262-1-6.)

Par ordre,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

Cinq aides-analystes pour emploi temporaire au laboratoire du Ministère du Revenu de l'Intérieur, au traitement au taux de $1,300 par année, dans le but de les nommer permanents, si leurs services sont satisfaisants, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, à un traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Le travail consistera dans l'analyse microscopique et chimique des produits alimentaires. Les candidats doivent être gradués d'une université autorisée, et avoir eu au moins une année d'expérience dans les travaux de chimie depuis qu'ils ont été gradués.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 13 novembre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules du Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 19 octobre 1916. 17-4

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 20 octobre 1916.

AVIS est donne par le présent qu'en conformité d'un arrêté en conseil du 30e jour d'octobre 1915 (C.P. 2519), adopté sous l'empire des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre*, le Secrétaire d'Etat, sous l'autorité du Solliciteur général du Canada, a certifié sous son seing au Directeur général des Postes du Canada qu'un article ou des articles, lettre, communication, rapport ou nouvelles contrevenant à l'arrêté en conseil du 10 juin 1915 avaient paru dans le "Pearson's Magazine," une publication mensuelle imprimée et publiée par la compagnie dite "Pearson Publishing Company," 425-435 24e rue est, cité de New-York, dans les Etats-Unis d'Amérique ; que conformément à un mandat du Directeur général des Postes du Canada basé sur le dit certificat et exécuté sous l'empire des dispositions du dit arrêté en conseil daté le 30e jour d'octobre 1915 et d'un arrêté en conseil daté le 6e jour de novembre 1914 adopté en conformité des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre*, et publié dans un *Extra* de la *Gazette du Canada* du 6e jour de novembre 1914, le privilège des malles du Canada a été refusé à la dite "Pearson's Magazine," une publication imprimée et publiée par la compagnie dite "Pearson Publishing Company," 425-435 24e rue est, cité de New-York, dans les Etats-Unis d'Amérique, et sa circulation en Canada a été prohibée ; et personne en Canada n'aura la permission à l'avenir d'être en possession de la dite "Pearson's Magazine," ou d'un exemplaire quelconque de la dite magazine déjà publiée ou qui le sera plus tard, et toute personne en possession de cette magazine sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas cinq mille dollars ou d'emprisonnement pour un terme quelconque n'excédant pas cinq ans ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
18-2 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

Toys, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'État du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 14e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Eratus Edwin Howard et Jacob DeWitt, avocats, Harold Ernest Andrews Rose, étudiant en droit, Henry Charles McNeil, comptable, et Helen Burns, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, vendre, échanger et autrement trafiquer et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises de toutes descriptions ;

(*b*) Souscrire, acheter ou autrement acquérir du stock, des actions, obligations, débentures et autres obligations et valeurs de toute compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ; promouvoir ou s'amalgamer avec toute telle compagnie ; acheter les biens, l'achalandage d'aucune compagnie, individu ou maison exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations ou en stock libéré de cette compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement et détenir telle propriété mobilière ou immobilière qui sembleront nécessaires ou requises pour les fins des affaires de la compagnie y compris des magasins, entrepôts, ateliers de construction de machines, fonderies, et autres établissements, les ériger et construire là et quand ce sera à propos ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) Vendre ou disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir des garanties de toute nature, foncières ou personnelles, pour dettes, engagements et obligations de la compagnie contractés pour ses fins et objets ; améliorer, gérer, développer, vendre, louer ou disposer d'aucuns des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Exercer ou promouvoir une compagnie pour exercer aucune autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée à aucun des objets ci-dessus spécifiés ;

(*h*) Exercer tous les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés comme principaux ou comme agents à commission pour d'autres, participant dans les bénéfices ou autrement.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Toys, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 17e jour d'octobree 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Evans & Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'État du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 12e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation George Douglas Evans, importateur, George Henry Densley et Walter Francis Lee, teneur de livres, Thomas James Coulter et William Stanley Jones, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, trafiquer, en gros et en détail, de toutes espèces de marchandises, articles, effets et produits ; généralement et spécialement importer et trafiquer d'éponges, agavés, chamois, brosses et autres articles pour la toilette, agir comme agents de manufacture, agents à commission en articles manufacturés, articles, effets, marchandises et matériels de tous genres ;

(*b*) Exercer aucune industrie de même nature, ou pouvant être exercée avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter et acquérir comme une industrie active l'industrie maintenant exercée par Shaw & Evans, de la cité de Montréal, y compris l'achalandage, et la payer par l'émission et la répartition d'actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir ou assumer généralement tout ou partie des affaires, propriété, achalandage, entreprise, droits et biens, assumer tout ou partie des engagements d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir par achat, concession, échange, location ou autrement, détenir, posséder, utiliser, louer, changer, vendre, disposer ou autrement trafiquer et exploiter des propriétés mobilières et immobilières utiles pour les fins de la compagnie, les payer en actions libérées ou partiellement libérées de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Emettre aucune partie du capital stock de la compagnie comme libérée et non sujette à appel de fonds en paiement de toute propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou immobilière ou autres biens acquis ou loués par la compagnie ou pour toute autre compensation qui sera jugée suffisante par les directeurs de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir, détenir et posséder des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation faisant des affaires de même nature, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, les payer en espèces ou partie en espèces, émettre et répartir des actions libérées de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel, les vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*h*) S'amalgamer avec aucun individu, maison ou corporation faisant des affaires semblables aux affaires que la compagnie est autorisée de faire, et pour cela donner ou accepter des actions totalement ou partiellement libérées ;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie ou client ou personnes faisant des transactions avec la compagnie, et prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toutes telles compagnies, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*j*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie et accepter en paiement total ou partiel des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, et les distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de " Evans & Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18-2 Sous-Secrétaired'Etat

E. J. Sibley, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 12e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Edwin John Sibley, entrepreneur, James Dawson Hutchinson, Richard Balmer Proctor et Percy Roycroft, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et William Geraghty, courtier, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de couvreurs, entrepreneurs, constructeurs, négociants et fabricants de préparations pour toitures, béton, ciment asphalte, tôles métalliques et autres matériaux pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, employés par les couvreurs, entrepreneurs et constructeurs ;

(*b*) Agir comme agents pour d'autres personnes ou corporations exerçant une industrie similaire, exercer également aucune autre industrie de même nature ou se rapportant aux industries ci-dessus mentionnées ;—

(*b*) S'amalgamer avec tout individu, maison ou corporation, acheter ou autrement acquérir des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets semblables à ceux énumérés dans les présentes, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, les vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement des propriétés foncières ou personnelles, achalandage, droits, franchises, privilèges, contrats et biens de tous genres utiles ou nécessaires aux affaires de la compagnie, à tels termes et conditions qui sembleront convenables, les payer en espèces ou partie en espèces ou actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, comme il pourra en être convenu ; vendre, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou d'aucune partie des biens ainsi acquis.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "E. J. Sibley, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

River Front Land Company, Limited.

AVIS PUBLIC est par le présent donné qu'en vertu des prescriptions de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts refondus du Canada, 1906, dénommée la *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes datées le 12e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Philippe Morel, de la cité de Maisonneuve, dans la province de Québec, agent, Jean Charbonneau et James Edward Coulin, avocats, Joseph Siméon Pilon, sténographe, et Charles Joseph Eugène Charbonneau, notaire, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Faire généralement les transactions immobilières, construire, gérer, vendre des maisons et des lots à bâtir ; agir comme agents généraux et courtiers en immeubles, placements et assurances ;

(*b*) Acquérir et prendre tout ou partie des affaires, propriété et engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie similaire à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, posséder, détenir, gérer, contrôler, vendre, louer, ou autrement disposer de propriétés foncières et personnelles ;

(*d*) Acheter. louer ou autrement acquérir pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convensble toute industrie ayant un caractère et un objet similaires à aucune des affaires de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Emettre et répartir comme complètement libéré du stock de la compagnie constituée par les présentes en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière ou de tous droits, bail, affaires, franchise, entreprises, pouvoirs, privilèges, licences, concessions, stock, obligations et débentures ou autres propriétés ou droits, pouvant être légalement acquis en vertu des pouvoirs octroyés par les présentes, ou les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations ou débentures de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*f*) Distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie et en particulier les actions, débentures ou valeurs d'autres compagnies appartenant à la compagnie ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer, faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, exercer aucune industrie se rattachant à l'exercice normal des affaires pour lesquelles la compagnie est incorporée ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, en prendre des actions, garantir l'exécution des contrats par toute personne ou compagnie ;

(*h*) Acheter, prendre ou acquérir par souscription originale ou autrement, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions du stock, ordinaires ou priorité, débentures, obligations et autres engagements d'aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires aux objets de cette compagnie, ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, exercer avantageusement pour cette compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, et voter sur telles actions ainsi détenues, par l'entremise de tel agent ou agents que les directeurs pourront nommer ;

(*i*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être déterminé de temps à autre ;

(*j*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, par actions de la compagnie, ou partie en espèces et partie en actions, toutes dépenses de, ou se rapportant à la formation, flottaison, annonce et obtention de la charte de la compagnie ou en plaçant ou en aidant à placer ou à garantir le placement d'aucune des actions du capitalde la compaguie, ou d'aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "River Front Land Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
18–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Canadian Juvenile Shoe Company, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 25e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Joseph Louis Bruno Leclaire, industriel, Jean-Baptiste Willie Leclaire, comptable, et Joseph Norbert Arthur Leclaire, commerçant, tous trois de la cité de Sorel, dans la province de Québec, et Joseph Everette Harpin et Wesley Havelock Sharp, manufacturiers, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Fabriquer, importer, exporter, vendre, acheter, et faire le commerce des chaussures, de toutes sortes, en cuir, en caoutchouc, en feutre, en drap ou en toile, ou de quelque matière que ce soit, et de toutes matières premières s'y rapportant ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, fabriquer et confectionner tous articles en cuir, en caoutchouc, en feutre, en drap et en toile et se rapportant aux chaussures, à la sellerie, à la cordonnerie, à la ganterie, à la carosserie et au vêtement et en dérivant ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, fabriquer et confectionner tous articles, matières ou objets nécessaires à l'exploitation des commerce et industrie de la chaussure, faire tous réceptacles et boîtes de quelque matière que ce soit, pour l'empaquetage des chaussures et autres articles du commerce ;

(*d*) Préparer et vendre toutes matières premières et tous sous-produits se rapportant à l'industrie de la chaussure et en dérivant, confectionner et faire tous articles se rattachant à la cordonnerie et en dérivant ;

(*e*) Aux fins ci-dessus acquérir, posséder ou autrement prendre, occuper, construire, bâtir, réparer et exploiter, vendre ou autrement transférer, tous biens meubles et immeubles, manufactures, usines et magasins, matières, substances et articles, machines et instruments ; acquérir, posséder, louer ou autrement céder tous brevets d'invention, droits de propriété, licence, marque de commerce, franchises, droits et privilèges et tous autres bénéfices ; acquérir et posséder, vendre et transférer tous bons, débentures, garanties et actions de toutes compagnies ; devenir actionnaire dans toutes compagnies faisant le même genre d'affaires et permettre à toutes telles compagnies de devenir actionnaire de la présente compagnie ; investir tout capital dans toutes entreprises et industries semblables à celles de cette compagnie ; s'amalgamer avec toutes compagnies faisant le même genre d'affaires ; émettre, faire, et tirer, accepter, endosser et exécuter tous billets, bons, lettres de change et autres valeurs négociables pour les fins et avantages de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Canadian Juvenile Shoe Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, diviséen 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Sorel, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 25e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

18–2

Machine Builders, Limited.

AVIS est donne au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 20e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation John Wilson Cook, avocat et conseil du Roi, Theodore Bigelow Heney et Henri Robert Mulvena, avocats, Thomas Barnard Gould, comptable, et Pearl Catherine Mahoney, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, construire et trafiquer de cuivre, bronze et tous autres métaux depuis les minerais jusqu'aux produits ouvrés ; manufacturer, construire et trafiquer de tous articles, effets et marchandises dans lesquels le cuivre ou le bronze ou aucun autre métal peuvent être employés ; manufacturer, construire et disposer de machinerie et d'ateliers de machine dans toutes leurs diverses spécialités ; manufacturer, construire et trafiquer de toutes armes et munitions de guerre et d'aucune partie d'armes et de munitions de guerre ; manufacturer, construire et disposer de tous articles, effets et marchandises dans lesquels le sable, le bois et autres matériaux sont ou peuvent être employés, généralement exercer l'industrie d'une compagnie de cuivre et de bronze ;

(*b*) Construire ou acquérir par achat, location ou autrement, posséder et exploiter pour son propre compte, ou pour louer, des remorqueurs, chalans et autre vaisseaux pour le tonnage ou transport par eau d'effets et marchandises de toute description et, pour les fins susdites généralement exercer l'industrie d'expéditeurs, gardiens de quai et d'entrepôt ;

(*c*) Acquérir, posséder, exploiter tels pouvoirs moteurs jugés nécessaires en rapport avec l'industrie de la compagnie, vendre tout excédent de pouvoir non requis pour les fins de la compagnie, sujet à tels lois, règlements provinciaux et municipaux pouvant exister.

(*d*) Exercer aucune autre industrie soit pour préparer les plans, manufacturer, vendre, entreposer, emmagasiner ou autrement, pouvant être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ses affaires ou, directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur ou à rendre profitable aucun des biens ou des propriétés de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir ou assumer par achat, bail ou autrement, d'aucun individu, maison ou compagnie tout ou partie des affaires, propriétés, foncières ou personnelles, achalandage, franchises, droits, privilèges, contrats, actif et passif de tous genres, utiles ou nécessaires pour les affaires de la compagnie, à tels termes et conditions qui seront jugés opportuns ; les payer en espèces ou partie en espèces et en actions libérées, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement, comme il en sera agréé, et vendre ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer du tout ou d'aucune portion d'icelles ;

(*f*) Demander, maintenir, enregistrer, louer, acquérir et détenir, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer, octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir tout brevet d'invention, perfectionnement, procédés, marques fabrique, marques de commerce et choses semblables, nécessaires ou avantageuses pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Lever ou aider à lever des fonds ou aider par voie de boni, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement toute compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations d'affaires, gérer, exécuter tout contrat assumé par telle compagnie ou corporation, ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*h*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie aucune propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier aucunes actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie appartenant à la compagnie ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) S'amalgamer ou conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans toute industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou toute industrie ou transaction pouvant être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et prêter des deniers, garantir les contrats et autrement aider telle personne, maison ou compagnie et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions et valeurs d'aucune telle compagnie, les vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*k*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, comme facteurs ou agents ;

(*l*) Faire toutes autres choses nécessaires pour exercer normalement les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux ;

(*m*) Les pouvoirs d'aucun paragraphe ci-dessus ne seront en rien limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Machine Builders, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

19–2

Continental Construction Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Leopold Choquette, avocat, George Edward Chart and Lorne Clayton Herdman, comptables, and Mary Béatrice Flanagan and Berthe Charlebois, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de constructeurs et charpentiers de navires dans toutes ses spécialités, ainsi que celle de constructeurs, fabricants et marchands de machines et machineries de tous genres et descriptions ;

(*b*) Bâtir, ériger, construire, manufacturer, aménager, équiper, réparer des navires, bateaux à vapeur, traversiers, chalands, dragueurs, remorqueurs, bacs, allèges, torpilleurs, sous-marins et autres vaisseaux de toutes descriptions, qu'ils soient destinés à des fins de commerce, de guerre ou autres, mines sous-marines, fournitures pour le remorquage et le sauvetage, aéroplanes, hydroplanes, ballons de tous genres et descriptions, machines (marines, stationnaires, aéroplanes, hydroplanes, bateaux automobiles, et machines de tous genres et descriptions, fournitures et équipements pour aéroplanes, hydroplanes, ballons, automobiles, canots automobiles et autres articles de tous genres et descriptions requis ou employés pour les bateaux, vaisseaux de toute description, les aéroplanes, hydroplanes, ballons, automobiles, bateaux automobiles de tous genres et descriptions ou en rapport avec iceux ;

(*c*) Pour les fins susmentionnées exercer le commerce ou l'industrie de manufacturiers d'acier dans toutes ses spécialités ainsi que toutes les affaires et opérations incédentes ou s'y rapportant, y compris les procédés employés ou qui pourront être employés dans la fabrication de l'acier, y compris l'achat et la vente de l'acier, de fers étrangers et autres et la fabrication du fer ; exercer le commerce et l'industrie d'ingénieurs, lamineurs d'acier, manufacturiers de machines motrices, outils, machinerie, chemins de fer et autres installations, marchands de fer et d'acier, fondeurs de fer, entrepreneurs généraux dans toutes les branches, comme brevetés, licenciés ou autrement ; faire, acheter, donner ou prendre en location et vendre les articles appartenant à tels commerces et industries ;

(*d*) Pour les fins susmentionnées exercer également l'industrie de l'exploitation du bois, manufacturiers, exportateurs, négociants en bois de service, billes, bois de charpente et bois de tous genres et descriptions ; et en rapport avec ces industries acquérir, ériger, posséder, exploiter des scieries, des machines à planer et à embouveter, des usines et tous autres moulins, fabriques et outillages nécessaires ou utiles en rapport avec l'industrie du bois en général ;

(*e*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement et construire, maintenir et exploiter sur les propriétés de la compagnie ou sur des propriétés louées ou contrôlées par la compagnie, des bassins de radoub et autres bassins, chantiers maritimes, chemins de fer maritimes, glissoirs, bassins, quais, élévateurs de têtes de ligne et autres, entrepôts et entreprises semblables, tramways, voies d'évitement, ou autres moyens de transport, canaux, barrages, flumes, aqueducs, ponts, outillage pour la construction des navires, ateliers de machines motrices, laminoirs et autres édifices et machinerie et toutes telles autres structures et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour accomplir aucuns des objets de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement et maintenir, exploiter, développer des pouvoirs d'eau et autres travaux, outillages, édifices et machinerie pour la fabrication, production et conversion du pouvoir ou de l'énergie électrique, pneumatique, hydraulique ou autre ; vendre, distribuer ou autrement disposer de tout excédent de tel pouvoir ou énergie électrique pneumatique, hydraulique ou autre, sujet aux règlements locaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*h*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, posséder, utiliser, détenir, jouir d'aucunes terres, édifices ou biens fonciers, lots de grève ou d'eau profonde limites à bois, droits forestiers, mines, minéraux, droits miniers, puits à pétrole et à gaz et autres propriétés et droits semblables comme il en sera nécessaire, approprié ou convenable pour l'exercice des affaires de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Demander, obtenir, acquérir par cession, transfert bail ou autrement, exercer, appliquer et jouir de tout permis, charte, pouvoir, autorité, franchise, concessions, droits ou privilèges qu'aucun gouvernement ou autorité, ou aucune corporation ou corps public peuvent avoir le pouvoir d'octroyer, les payer, aider, contribuer à leur mise en œuvre et appliquer, approprier ou autrement utiliser aucune des actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour défrayer en tout ou partie les frais, charges et dépenses nécessaires s'y rapportant ;

(*j*) Acquérir par achat, échange, bail ou autrement, et se charger de la totalité ou d'une partie de l'entreprise, industrie, propriété, actif ou passif de toute personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que la présente compagnie a le pouvoir d'exercer ;

(*k*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion, la consolidation ou l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, la gérance et la conduite des affaires de la compagnie ou autres arrangements de même nature avec toute personne ou compagnie ou compagnies exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie, prendre telles mesures et procédure, faire toutes choses nécessaires ou utiles pour accomplir et et donner effet à tels arrangements ou à chacun d'eux ;

(*l*) Souscrire, acheter, prendre en échange ou en paiment ou autrement acquérir, détenir, posséder et, pendant leur détention, exercer tous les droits, pouvoirs et privilèges de détenteurs ou possesseurs, en recevoir et distribuer comme profit les dividentes et intérêts, garantir, vendre, avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, disposer d'actions d'obligations, débentures, actions-débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies ayant, en tout ou en partie, des fins et objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être directement ou indirectement conduite avantageusement pour cette compagnie, établir, promouvoir ou autrement assister aucune telle compagnie ou compagnie ;

(*m*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures, actions-débentures ou autres valeurs en paiement, total ou partiel, d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière ou autres droits, bail, affaires, franchises, entreprises, pouvoir, privilège, licence ou concession que cette compagnie peut légalement acquérir, et aussi, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en paiement de services rendus à la compagnie par voie de promotion ou autrement, et émettre des actions libérées en paiement ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures, actions-débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant des affaires semblables ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*n*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de tous ou aucun des biens, propriétés, droits ou entreprises de la compagnie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, actions-débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Fabriquer, acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, posséder, vendre, céder, transférer ou autrement disposer, échanger ou trafiquer d'effets, articles, victuailles, instruments, denrées, fournitures, matériaux et marchandises de toutes espèces et descriptions, agir comme magasiniers généraux, pourvoir à la pension, logement, habillement, aux victuailles et généralement à tous les besoins de ceux engagés dans les ateliers de la compagnie ou au dehors et conclure des contrats pour pourvoir à leurs besoins ;

(*p*) Prêter des fonds aux personnes ou compagnies ayant des relations avec la compagnie, garantir l'exécution de tous contrats ainsi que l'exécution de tous engagements ou entreprise d'aucune autre personne ou compagnie dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée, y compris le paiement de dividendes, intérêts sur obligations, débentures, actions-débentures, ou autres valeurs, mortgages ou engagements d'aucune telle compagnie ou personne ; accepter comme garantie de tels prêts et garanties toute valeur qui pourra être offerte par telle compagnie et personne, y compris des actions, obligations, débentures, actions-débentures, mortgages, nantissements, gages ou autres valeurs de telles autres compagnies ou sur la propriété de telles personnes ou compagnies ;

(*q*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, mandats, valeurs en vertu de l'*Acte des banques*, et autres instruments négociables et transférables ;

(*r*) Distribuer parmi ses membres en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra en être décidé, aucun des biens de la compagnie, et particulièrement les actions, obligations, débentures, actions-débentures, ou autrss valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie formée pour prendre tout ou partie de l'actif ou du passif de la compagnie ;

(*s*) Faire, de temps à autre, un ou plusieurs des actes et choses mentionnés dans les présentes, exercer et jouir de tous tels droits et privilèges et faire tous tels autres actes et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux ou, aussi, exercer aucune industrie alliée aux fins et objets énumérés ci-dessns.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Continental Construction Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 100 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Varnish Specialites of Canada, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 19e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Ralph Erskin Allan, avocat, William Taylor, gérant, Bruce Stuart Crombie, secrétaire, James William Cairns, caissier, et Angus McLeod Murray, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de marchands et de manufacturiers en gros et en détail de vernis, huiles, peintures et accessoires employés dans leur fabrication et dans ce but acheter, vendre, trafiquer, manufacturer des accessoires et matériaux employés en rapport avec la peinture et le vernissage, exercer généralement l'industrie d'un fabricant de peintures et de vernis dans toutes ses spécialités ;

(*b*) Demander, obtenir, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, détenir, posséder, employer, exploiter, introduire, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer d'aucune et de toutes marques de fabrique, formules, procédés, secrêts, marques de commerce, pouvant être nécessaires pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Fabriquer, acheter, vendre ou autrement disposer d'accessoires, réceptacles, boîtes en ferblanc, boîtes, étiquettes et autres articles requis en rapport avec les dites affaires, exercer aucune autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, qui semblera à la compagnie, pouvoir être convenablement conduite en rapport avec celle ci-dessus ou, directement ou indirectement de nature à augmenter la valeur de l'entreprise de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir tout ou partie de l'achalandage, droits, propriété, biens, actions du capital-stock, obligations, débentures d'autres corporations, y compris aucune option, concessions ou choses semblables d'aucun individu, maison, société ou corporation exerçant une industrie, en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, obligations ou valeurs ou, pour les payer totalement ou partiellement, émettre et répartir des actions du capital-stock de la compagnie comme pleinement libérées et non sujettes à appel, qu'elles soient souscrites ou non ;

(*e*) Détenir, acheter ou autrement acquérir, vendre, céder, transférer ou autrement disposer d'actions du capital-stock, obligations, débentures ou autres preuves de dettes créées par d'autres compagnies ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* et vendre ou autrement disposer du stock, actions, valeurs ou entreprises de toute autre compagnie ayant pour l'un de ses objets l'exercice des pouvoirs quelconques de la compagnie ou transférer son actif ou ses entreprises à toute telle compagnie ou compagnies ou fusionner avec elles;

(*g*) Garantir le paiement des dividendes ou de l'intérêt sur toutes actions, stocks, débentures ou autres valeurs émises par, ou tout autre contrat ou obligation de toute compagnie ayant des relations d'affaires avec cette compagnie ; garantir les contrats d'aucune telle personne, maison ou corporation ;

(*h*) Vendre ou autrement céder en tout ou en partie la propriété, l'actif, les droits, les entreprises ou la clientèle de la compagnie et en accepter le paiement complet ou partiel en deniers comptants, obligations, actions, stock ou autres valeurs de toute corporation ou compagnie ;

(*i*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres avec toute maison ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que la présente compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer les biens de la compagnie au comptant ou en espèces ;

(*k*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, exercer aucune industrie se rapportant à l'accomplissement normale des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Varnish Specialties of Canada, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars, divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

A. R. Whittall Can Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 23e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Albert Richard Whittall et Fred. Richard Whittall, manufacturiers, Michael Arthur Phelan, avocat, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec, et David Shadrach Whittall, manufacturier, Joseph Alphonse L'Heureux, teneur de livres, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de la fabrication des bidons et réceptacles de toutes descriptions, qu'ils soient en métal, bois, papier ou autre matière; exercer l'industrie de la charpenterie, de la fonte, de la forge, laminerie, étamage, galvanisation, lithographie, de l'émaillage, peinture, vernissage et du placage des métaux, fabriquer, acheter, vendre, disposer de métaux fondus, forgés et en feuilles et d'articles faits en tout ou en partie d'iceux, d'articles émaillés sur métaux en feuilles ou autres, d'articles de cuisine et de maison et d'ornements faits de ou sur métaux de toute espèce, miner, manufacturer, vendre, acheter et généralement trafiquer de tous matériaux employés dans la fabrication d'aucun

des articles décrits ci-dessus ou dans aucune industrie similaire ou y étant reliée ;

(*b*) Prendre, accepter des transports de biens personnels ou fonciers en paiement et règlement total ou partiel du prix des articles ci-dessus fabriqués ou à fabriquer, vendus ou à être vendus aux clients, avoir et détenir les dits bien personnels ou fonciers, les transférer, vendre ou autrement en disposer comme il pourra en être jugé opportun de temps à autre ;

(*c*) Manufacturer et disposer de bois de service, bois et métaux, de tous articles dans la fabrication desquels entrent le bois ou les métaux et toutes espèces de produits naturels et leurs sous-produits, manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises ;

(*d*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou autrement acquérir aucunes terres, bâtiments, servitudes ou propriété foncière ou personnelle pouvant être requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou capable d'être convenablement employés en rapport avec aucun des objets de la compagnie, les vendre et en disposer de temps à autre, comme la compagnie le jugera convenable ;

(*e*) Acheter, louer ou acquérir des pouvoirs hydrauliques et privilèges hydrauliques, en developper du pouvoir hydraulique, electrique ou autres, les utiliser en rapport avec son industrie, les transmettre, vendre, louer ou disposer de tout excédent de pouvoir, conclure des arrangements avec d'autres compagnies, personnes, maisons ou corporations pour leur utilisation soit comme pouvoir ou pour des fins d'éclairage électrique, établir, exploiter et entretenir tout outillage d'éclairage électrique, de chauffage et de force motrice, vendre et disposer de lumière électrique, chauffage et force motrice, pourvu toutefois que les droits et privilèges conférés à la compagnie de produire, vendre, disposer d'énergie électrique pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et la force motrice, quand ils seront exercés en dehors de la propriété de la compagnie, soient sujets à toutes les lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*f*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions du stock, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi :

(*g*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec les affaires ou objets de la compagnie et nécessaires pour permettre à la compagnie de conduire avantageusement son entreprise ;

(*h*) Acquérir, louer, vendre, licencier ou autrement disposer de marques de commerce, dessins industriels, brevets, droits de brevet se rattachant à toute invention pouvant être utile à l'industrie de la compagnie, acquérir et exploiter tout brevet d'invention ou tout permis d'employer aucune invention qui semblera pouvoir être utilisée en rapport avec les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et assumer tout ou partie de la propriété, travaux, affaires, fonds de commerce, biens, achalandage, contrats, droits, obligations et engagements de toute personne ou compagnie ayant des objets ou exerçant une industrie similaires aux objets ou à l'industrie de cette compagnie, les payer en espèces, stock, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie ou autrement comme les directeurs pourront en décider ;

(*j*) Lever ou aider à lever des fonds, aider par voie de boni, promesses, endossement, garantie ou autrement, aucune corporation dans le capital de laquelle la compagnie détient des actions ou avec laquelle elle peut avoir des relations commerciales, agir comme employés, agents ou gérants de toute telle compagnie, garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*k*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, l'amalgamation, la consolidatton ou l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autre arrangement de même nature avec toute personne ou compagnies exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou à entreprendre ou ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) Louer, vendre ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété et des biens de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable y compris des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*m*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs et faire toutes les affaires nécessaires pour l'exercice normal des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée et nécessaires pour permettre à la compagnie de conduire avantageusement son entreprise ;

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents ou fondés de pouvoirs.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout la Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de " A. R. Whittall Can Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinq cent mille dollars, divisé en 5,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Castle Corner, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 19e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, conseil du Roi, Charles Albert Hale, avocat, Paul Emile Champoux, étudiant en droit, Edythe Lilian Pearson, Norah Phœbé Smith et Anna Brennan, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat, location, échange ou autrement des terres, bâtiments ou aucuns intérêts ou droits dans iceux, et les vendre, louer, échanger, transférer ou autrement en disposer ;

(*b*) Construire des maisons, bâtiments ou travaux de toute description sur aucune terre de la compagnie ou sur aucune autre terre et rebâtir, agrandir, modifier, améliorer les maisons, bâtiments, travaux existant sur icelles et généralement disposer et améliorer la propriété de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Posséder, exploiter, gérer et diriger des théâtres, bureaux, bâtiments, maisons à appartements, entrepôts, restaurants et hôtels ;

(*d*) Entreprendre la gérance, administration ou vente de terres, bâtiments ou autre propriété foncière d'aucune autre personne, maison ou corporation ;

(*e*) Souscrire, prendre, acheter ou acquérir d'aucune manière du stock, des obligations, actions, débentures ou autres valeurs ou engagements d'aucune compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ; voter en vertu d'iceux, les vendre ou autrement en disposer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*.

(*f*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou de toute partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une entreprise ou transaction que la compagnie est autorisé à exercer ou entreprendre, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ;

(*h*) Faire tout ce qui sera nécessaire, convenable ou à propos pour l'accomplissement des fins ou permettant d'atteindre un ou plusieurs des objets ci-dessus énumérés ;

(*i*) Rémunérer par paiement en espèces, des fonds de la compagnie, ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires,

en stocks, obligations ou autrement, toute personne, maison ou corporation pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou garantissant le placement du stock, des débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou en échange d'aucune terre, édifices ou autre garantie de valeur ;

(*j*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés, les pouvoirs ou fins de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendant les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre, jouir et exercer aucun ou plusieurs des tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Castle Corner, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quatre cent mille dollars, divisé en 4,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 25e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Labonté, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Joseph Alfred Labonté, épicier ; Louis Edgar Deguise, contremaître ; René Chenevert, avocat, Arthur Salvas, pharmaciens, et John Fleming Woodcock, agent, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de marchands en gros et en détail d'épiceries, vins, liqueurs, spiritueux, drogues, produits chimiques et pharmaceutiques, épices, extraits, thés, cafés, fruits, denrées, foin, grains, bois, tourbe, charbon et exercer généralement l'industrie d'importateurs et d'exportateurs d'articles d'épiceries, agir également comme marchands à commission pour tous les articles ci-dessus mentionnés, posséder et exploiter des vignobles, vergers, terres et bâtiments pour les dites fins dans toutes leurs branches respectives, pourvu que l'exercice des pouvoirs énumérés dans ce paragraphe soient sujets à tous les règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, manufacturer, échanger, importer, exporter, disposer de tous genres d'articles et choses pouvant être requis pour les fins des affaires de la compagnie ou qui sembleront pouvoir être disposés avantageusement en rapport avec ses affaires ;

(*c*) Acheter des obligations et disposer de biens fonciers, ériger, construire et exploiter des usines, bâtiments, entrepôts, entrepôts frigorifiques, machinerie et outillage pour les fins des dites affaires ; agir comme agents pour des manufacturiers et négociants d'aucune des matières mentionnées dans les présentes ou d'une nature similaire ;

(*d*) Acquérir, louer et disposer de marques de fabrique, droits de brevet, formules, recettes, privilèges ou autorités se rapportant à aucune invention qui semblera utile à la compagnie, et en rapport avec telles affaires, acquérir, exploiter tous brevets d'invention ou aucun permis d'employer aucune invention pouvant être utilisée en rapport avec les dites affaires, les vendre, louer et en disposer ;

(*e*) Acquérir et prendre, comme une industrie active, l'achalandage, droits, propriété et biens, assumer tout ou partie du passif ou des engagements d'aucune exploitation appartenant à présent ou dans l'avenir à aucun particulier ou compagnie, incorporée ou autrement, exerçant une industrie similaire, en tout ou en partie à celle de la compagnie, les payer en espèces, actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ; prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*f*) Vendre ou disposer d'aucune partie de l'entreprise et des biens de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, y compris des actions, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer, partager les bénéfices, s'unir ou coopérer avec aucune personne ou personnes ou compagnies engagées ou prêtes à exercer aucune industrie que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer ;

(*h*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires se rapportant à l'exercice normal des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée et nécessaires pour permettre à la compagnie de conduire avantageusement ses entreprises.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Labonté, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 20e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY.
19–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The H. Fortier Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 19e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants, marchands, soldeurs, importateurs, négociants en gros et en détail de cigars, cigarettes, tabacs et fournitures pour marchands de tabac, dans tout état et forme de fabrication, et tous articles requis ou utiles pour les fumeurs pouvant être disposés ou requis par les marchands de tabac ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, disposer de toute espèce d'outillage, machinerie, appareils, outils, ustensiles, produits, articles et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour l'exercice de l'industrie susdite ou qui sont ou peuvent être disposés par les personnes qui y sont engagées ;

(*c*) Eriger, construire, maintenir, exploiter des édifices, ateliers, machinerie et commodités qui sembleront directement ou indirectement se rapporter à aucun des objets de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, propriété, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou possédant des propriétés convenant ou nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations ou débentures en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages pouvant être légalement acquis par la compagnie, émettre aussi telles actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant, en tout ou en partie, des affaires semblables ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, détenir, posséder le capital-stock, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, corporation ou individu exerçant ou engagé dans une industrie que la compagnie a le pouvoir d'exercer, d'entreprendre et d'acquérir, détenir ou autrement disposer de telles actions, obligations ou autres valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*g*) Conclure tout arrangement pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant ou ayant l'intention d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou une transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée d'entreprendre ou d'exercer ou de s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*h*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autrement, toute autre compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires et garantir l'exécution des contrats par telle compagnie ou corporation;

(*i*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres, avec ou sans garantie, à tels termes que la compagnie pourra approuver et garantir les dettes et contrats des clients ou autres ;

(*j*) Placer les fonds de la compagnie non immediatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*k*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, aucune propriété ou biens de la compagnie, et en particulier aucunes actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies qui auront pu acheter ou assumer en tout ou partie la propriété, les biens ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnie dont les objets sont ou comprennent des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, soit par vente ou achat de l'entreprise (pour des actions ou autrement) sujet au passif de cette ou d'aucune telle compagnie comme susdit, ou par association ou tout arrangement de la nature d'une association ou d'aucune autre manière ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer des propriétés, droits, contrats ou entreprises de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, pour telle compensation qui pourra être agréée, en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire des dons et souscrire à tout objet pouvant promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie, créer et contribuer à des fonds de pensions et autres fonds et projets pour le bénéfice des personnes employées par la compagnie ou les femmes veuves, enfants et dépendants d'aucune telle personne, souscrire ou garantir des fonds pour aucun objet charitable ou public ;

(*o*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, faire tous autres actes ou choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ou aucuns d'eux, exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée aux fins ou objets énumérés ci-dessus et qui semblera pouvoir être aisément conduite par la compagnie, ou directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur des propriétés et des droits de la compagnie ou à les rendre profitables ;

(*p*) Rémunérer toute personne pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer aucunes actions du capital-actions de la compagnie ou aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*q*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ne seront, à moins qu'il en soit autrement exprimé, en aucune manière limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucune autre clause ou paragraphe de cette charte. Au contraire les objets et pouvoirs spécifiés dans chaque clause seront réputés indépendants et séparés des objets et pouvoirs conférés par les autres clauses énoncées ci-dessus.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The H. Fortier Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions d'un million de dollars, divisé en 10,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

19-2

Dominion Crucible Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer de creusets, graphite, argiles et autres matières réfractaires et de leurs produits ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, détenir, utiliser, exploiter des mines de graphite et autres, des minéraux, droits miniers, privilèges, terres à bois et autres, et des permis de coupe, miner, extraire, exploiter, broyer, préparer pour la vente, transporter, vendre et trafiquer de graphite, fer, pierre, amiante, phosphates, mica et autres minéraux et métaux, argiles et substances minérales, leurs produits et sous-produits, et généralement exercer l'industrie de propriétaires de mines, de fondeurs de métaux, carriers, négociants en minerais et métaux, leurs produits et sous-produits ;

(*c*) Bâtir, acquérir, posséder, affréter, louer, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Bâtir, construire, maintenir des quais, magasins, jetées, bassins, élévateurs, routes, travaux publics et privés nécessaires de toute description, réservoirs, barrages, pouvoirs hydrauliques et autres travaux nécessaires pour les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir, développer, utiliser des pouvoirs hydrauliques dans le but de produire de l'air comprimé, de l'électricité pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et la force motrice en rapport avec les bâtiments et autres édifices de la compagnie, vendre ou autrement disposer de tout surplus d'électricité ou de pouvoir produit dans les usines de la compagnie, construire et exploiter des lignes pour la vente et la transmission de l'excédent de pouvoir, toujours sujet aux lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*f*) Avoir, tenir des magasins d'approvisionnements, vendre et trafiquer de produits alimentaires, provisions marchandises en général ;

(*g*) Acquérir ou assumer, tout ou partie des affaires biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets marques de fabrique licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention ou marques de fabriques ou de commerce qui paraîtront capables d'être utilisés pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, disposer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*j*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la com-

pagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*k*) Remunérer aucune personne pour services rendus à la compagnie ou pour aucune propriété ou droits acquis par la compagnie, de telle manière que la compagnie jugera opportune et plus particulièrement par l'émission et la répartition d'actions, obligations et autres valeurs de la compagnie, entièrement libérées et non sujettes à appel de fonds.

(*l*) Emettre ou garantir l'émission ou le paiement des intérêts sur les actions, débentures, débentures stocks, obligations ou autres valeurs ou engagements d'aucune compagnie ou société avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations pour les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux, payer ou pourvoir au courtage, commission, garanties se rapportant à aucune telle émission:

(*m*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compa- ou de toute autre partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des espèces ou pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou partie en espèces et partie en telles actions, débentures ou valeurs;

(n) Distribuer parmi ses membres, en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra en être résolu, les biens de la compagnie et en particulier, les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie formée pour prendre tout ou partie des biens ou engagements de cette compagnie.

(o) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres comme facteurs ou agents ou pour aucunes autres compagnies ou personnes, ou par l'entremise d'aucuns facteurs, fidèicommissaires ou agents.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Dominion Crucible Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent mille dollars, divisé en 2,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 25e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

19-2

La Compagnie de Pneus Roger, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Wilfrid Joseph George Roger, voyageur de commerce, Télesphore Leduc, boucher, Charles Romulus Lasalle et Adjutor Saucier, marchands, et Télesphore Yacinthe Ouellette, gentilhomme, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, vendre, faire le négoce et exercer l'industrie de fabricants d'automobiles, jantes d'automobiles (pneus), cyclettes, bicycles, moteurs, machines à vapeur, voitures et véhicules de tous genres et de tous articles employés dans leur construction ; manufacturer des chaussures de toutes descriptions en cuir et en caoutchouc, manufacturer, acheter, importer, vendre et faire le négoce de cuirs, caoutchouc, guttapercha et de tous articles, ingrédients et composés s'y rapportant ou leur appartenant ou employés dans leur fabrication ; acheter, vendre, trafiquer de peaux brutes ou ouvrées ; exercer généralement l'industrie du tannage, acheter, vendre, trafiquer de tous produits et matières brutes s'y rapportant, exercer l'industrie de fabricants, importateurs, exportateurs et marchands de bottes, souliers et chaussures de toutes espèces et de toutes autres marchandises appartenant à la dite industrie ;

(*b*) Demander, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des brevets, brevets d'invention, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif ou limité d'utiliser toute information qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie et utiliser, exercer, louer, vendre ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété ou les droits ainsi acquis ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, louer, importer, exporter et trafiquer de machinerie de tous genres en rapport avec ou se rattachant à la fabrication des bottes, souliers, caoutchoucs, semelles, formes et de toutes espèces de cuirs, caoutchoucs, feutre et tissus pour chaussures ;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter et trafiquer de toutes espèces de cirages, vernis à chaussures, vernis, fermoirs et autres articles marchands s'y rapportant ;

(*e*) Manufacturer la machinerie requise ou utile dans la dite industrie et pour telles fins de fabrication, acheter, vendre et trafiquer de cuivre, bronze et fer, exercer l'industrie de finisseurs, galvaniseurs, recuiteurs, galvanoplastes, fabricants de câbles, de fer-blanc, de machines et instruments, de chaudières, celles de forgerons, potiers d'étain, ingénieurs-électriciens, ajusteurs pour le gaz, l'eau chaude et la vapeur, menuisers, vitriers et fabricants d'outils, scieurs, tourneurs, marchands de bois, ingénieurs-mécaniciens, et acheter, vendre, faire, convertir, importer, exporter et trafiquer de machines à vapeur et machineries de toutes descriptions, et toutes leurs parties constituantes, chaudières, matériel roulant, métaux, bois et verres de tous genres et toutes autres marchandises, effets, articles ou choses nécessaires ou utiles pour aucun des objets ou des fins de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, pouvant être convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Agir comme agents généraux ou spéciaux pour toute corporation ou compagnie, maison ou maisons en rapport avec aucune des affaires ci-dessus, agir également comme marchands commissionnaires ;

(*h*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir ou obtenir une protection et des licences provisoires ou autres se rapportant à toutes inventions ou prétendues inventions, brevets, marques de fabrique, noms, dessins, droits d'auteur, projets, contrats, arrangements, idées, secrets ou procédés secrets, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en stock libéré ou autrement ;

(*i*) Acquérir et prendre comme une industrie active l'entreprise, les biens et le passif de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle que compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, et en ayant en vue l'acquisition de toutes ou d'aucunes actions, obligations, débentures, dettes ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, acheter, prendre ou acquérir par souscription originale ou autrement, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions, de stock, ordinaire ou priorité, débentures, obligations ou autres engagements d'aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires aux objets de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour cette compagnie, voter sur toutes actions ainsi détenues par l'entremise de tel agent ou agents que les directeurs pourront nommer ;

(*k*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profit, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*l*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou d'aucune partie des affaires, entreprise, propriété, engaments et franchises de la compagnie, à toute personne

ou compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute compagnie dont les objets sont en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*m*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres comme facteurs ou agents ou pour aucunes autres compagnies ou personnes, ou par l'entremise d'aucuns facteurs, fidéicommissaires ou agents.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de Pneus Roger, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de deux cent cinquant mille dollars, divisé en 10,000 actions de vingt-cinq dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Montreal Suspender and Umbrella Manufacturing Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Henri Beaudry et Jules Beaudry, manufacturiers, et Casimir Dessaulles, avocat, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec ; Joseph Beaudry, de la cité d'Outremont, dans la province de Québec, manufacturier, et John Hepworth, de la ville de Lachine, dans la dite province de Québec, marchand, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, tanner, traiter, acheter, vendre et autrement disposer de cuir de toutes espèces, manufacturer, tisser, traiter, préparer pour le commerce des cordons élastiques et non élastiques, toiles, sangles et rubans, fils et autres tissus faits de n'importe quelle matière et leurs articles ouvrés ; manufacturer, acheter, vendre et autrement disposer de bretelles, jarretières, ceintures, chaînes, bandes, trousses, fermoirs, bandages, appareils de gymnastique, et autres articles faits de caoutchouc, cuir, métaux ou d'aucune autre matière et les parties constituantes de tels articles ; manufacturer, acheter, vendre ou autrement disposer de sacs à mains, sacs de voyage, sacs, porte-monnaies, portefeuilles, valises, malles, sacs militaires, qu'ils soient faits en cuir, toile, bois, métal ou autre matière ; manufacturer, acheter vendre ou autrement disposer de marchandises tricotées, bonneterie et sous-vêtements ; faire et exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers de coton et autres substances textiles, laines, toiles, fils, tissus de toute description, blanchir, teindre, imprimer et autrement convertir les produits bruts, fils et articles manufacturés ;

(*b*) Construire, acheter ou autrement acquérir et vendre, louer, utiliser, exploiter des manufactures d'aucun et de chacun des effets et articles ci-dessus mentionnés ;

(*c*) Acquérir, détenir, louer et utiliser, aliéner, transporter toute propriété foncière ou personnelle qui semblera utile en rapport avec les affaires ou opérations que la compagnie est autorisée de faire ;

(*d*) Acquérir, détenir, aliéner, louer, exploiter des brevets d'invention, licences, procédés ou moyens industriels, secrets de métier, concessions ou privilèges paraissant utiles en rapport avec aucune de ses opérations ou entreprises ;

(*e*) Créer et émettre des actions du stock complètement libérées ou des obligations de la compagnie, souscrites ou non, répartir et remettre tel stock, actions ou obligations, en paiement de propriété foncière ou personnelle ou autres droits, affaires, achalandage, outillage ou matériaux de tous genres acquis par la compagnie ;

(*f*) Avec l'approbation des actionnaires, payer en espèces ou en stock libéré ou partie en espèces et partie en stock libéré, pour services rendus à la compagnie en vendant ou garantissant ses stock, obligations ou autres valeurs ;

(*g*) Nonobstant l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* acquérir, détenir, trafiquer ou disposer des actions, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie dont les pouvoirs sont dans les limites de ceux de la compagnie ou s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*h*) S'associer ou conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et prêter des deniers, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ;

(*i*) Acquérir, détenir, utiliser, exploiter comme une industrie active la manufacture, commerce, entreprise, la propriété foncière et personnelle, l'achalandage de la société commerciale entre les dits Henri Beaudry et Joseph Beaudry faisant actuellement affaires dans la cité de Montréal sous le nom de "Montreal Suspender and Umbrella Manufacturing Company" ;

(*j*) Vendre ou disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie dont les objets sont dans les limites de ceux de la compagnie ;

(*k*) Faire tous les actes nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Montreal Suspender & Umbrella Manufacturing Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 25e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Kendall Bros, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 21e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Alexander Papineau Mathieu, Armand Mathieu, Robert Thomas Mullin, avocats, Antonia Catelli, sténographe, et John Phelan Callaghan, gérant, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement, louer, équiper, maintenir, posséder, exploiter des moyens de transport par terre, air ou eau, les vendre, louer ou autrement en disposer ; faire les affaires d'entrepreneurs généraux pour le charroyage, halage, déplacement, transport d'effets, marchandises, articles, produits naturels, minéraux et de toutes espèces de choses pouvant être vendues, transportées, déplacées ou halées ;

(*b*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage, des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer et prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs d'aucune compagnie, les vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie ou en disposer autrement ;

(*c*) Rémunérer, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, par paiements en espèces, actions ou autrement toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus en plaçant ou aidant à placer, ou garantissant le placement d'aucunes actions du capital-stock de la compagnie ou aucunes débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou dans la conduite des affaires ou l'organisation de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Se consolider ou s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie, acquérir par achat, location ou autrement les biens, franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune telle corporation, en assumer les engagements et les payer, totalement ou partiellement, en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Vendre ou autrement disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires ou en partie similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir ou assumer tout ou partie des affaires, biens et engagements de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou qui peut avoir de la valeur pour la compagnie, et émettre des actions de cette compagnie totalement ou partiellement libérées comme compensation totale ou partielle, ou prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute personne, maison ou compagnie avec lesquelles cette compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*h*) Acquérir, acheter, vendre, disposer définitivement ou par un droit régalieu de procédés brevetés de tous genres et leurs brevets, ou demander des brevets pour tout procédé ainsi acheté ou acquis, acquérir, acheter, obtenir, vendre, enrégistrer, louer ou licencier contre un droit régalien ou autrement et détenir, employer, posséder, exploiter, introduire, vendre céder ou autrement disposer d'aucune marque de fabrique, marque de commerce, brevets d'inventions, perfectionnements et procédés enregistrés ou autrement utiles pour les affaires de la compagnie : employer, exercer, développer, octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir aucune telles marques de fabriques, marques de commerce, inventions, licences, procédés et choses de même nature ou toute autre propriété ou droits ;

(*i*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété ou droits, pouvant être acquis ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou travaux faits pour la compagnie ou pour le paiement ou le règlement des dettes et des engagements dûs par la compagnie, accepter en paiement d'aucune dette due par la compagnie du stock, actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ;

(*j*) Construire, maintenir, modifier, faire, posséder, exploiter sur les propriétés possédées ou contrôlées par la compagnie ou sur les propriétés adjacentes des réservoirs, barrages, flumes, coursiers, et autres voies, pouvoirs hydrauliques, aqueducs, puits, fossés, canaux, quais, jetées de glissoirs, chemins, descentes pour billes et toute autre construction ou travaux pouvant être nécessaires ;

(*k*) Placer les fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être déterminé, de temps à autre par la compagnie ;

(*l*) Distribuer entre les actionnaires de la compagnie en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'autres compagnies appartenant à la compagnie ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*m*) Acquérir par achat, concessions, échange ou autre titre légal, construire, ériger, exploiter, maintenir, gérer des fabriques, ateliers, magasins, maisons, scieries, hôtels, dépôts, ateliers de construction, rotondes et toute autre structure et bâtiments nécessaires à son industrie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire et utile à la réalisation d'aucune des fins de la compagnie, les louer, vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*n*) Acheter, vendre, manufacturer, prendre ou donner à bail, trafiquer de toutes espèces d'articles, effets, marchandises et minéraux pouvant être requis pour les fins d'aucune des dites affaires ou qui sembleront de nature à pouvoir être avantageusement disposés en rapport avec aucune des dites affaires de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Acquérir, acheter, prendre ou donner à bail, exploiter des mines et carrières, en disposer dans l'intérêt, pour le bénéfice et à l'avantage de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Kendall Bros, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

19–2

North End Amusement Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 11e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Humbert Cecil George Mariotti, avocat, George William Elliott, courtier, tous deux de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec ; Egbert William Westover, Charles MacKay Cotton et Frederick Thomas Enright, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, avocats, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, produire, acheter, vendre, louer et disposer de pellicules pour vues animées, de pellicules prises sur le vif et de pellicules de tous genres utilisées dans la production des vues animées ;

(*b*) Bâtir, acheter ou louer et exploiter des théâtres de tous genres, y compris des théâtres de vues animées et donner dans tels théâtres des représentations théâtrales, et de vaudeville de tous genres et de pellicules de vues animées ;

(*c*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et obtenir des protections et licences provisoires et autres à propos de toutes inventions, ou supposées inventions, brevets, marques ou noms de fabrique, dessins, droits d'auteur, projets, idées, procédés secrets ou autres et choses de même nature qui sembleront devoir être avantageuses ou utiles à la compagnie, et les essayer, développer, prolonger, renouveler, exploiter, employer, vendre, en accorder des licences exclusives ou autres ou autrement disposer de toutes ou de chacune de ces choses :

(*d*) Acheter, acquérir, posséder et détenir ou autrement disposer de toutes valeurs, stocks, obligations, débentures ou actions d'aucune compagnie, quelle qu'elle soit, ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*e*) Faire tous arrangements pour l'amalgamation, l'union des intérêts, les concessions réciproques avec toute compagnie, maison ou personne exploitant une industrie en tout ou en partie similaire à celle de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir la totalité ou aucune partie des affaires, propriétés, actif et passif, comme une industrie active ou autrement, d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, ou possédant aucune propriété convenant aux objets de cette compagnie et payer pour telle industrie ou propriété, totalement ou partiellement avec le stock et les obligations de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Rémunérer toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus en plaçant ou en aidant à placer ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune des actions du capital de la compagnie ou aucune des débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou à propos de la formation ou de la promotion de la compagnie ou de la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*h*) Vendre ou autrement disposer, en tout ou en partie, de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou d'aucune partie de son actif pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie, en tout ou en partie, similaire à celle de la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*i*) Faire aucune ou toutes autres choses, ou exercer aucune autre industrie pouvant être utile ou nécessaire à l'exercice normal des objets ci-dessus ;

(*j*) Faire aucune des choses ci-dessus, que la compagnie est autorisée de faire, comme principaux ou agents ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "North End Amuse-

ment Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 15,000 actions de dix dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 13e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

18-2

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

Examens du service civil.

Modifications aux règlements.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu d'un arrêté en conseil, daté du 12 octobre 1916, les modifications suivantes sont apportées aux règlements concernant les examens du Service civil :

(1) Préférence accordée aux soldats réformés.—Dans toutes les nominations au Service civil, soit au Service intérieur, soit au Service extérieur, préférence sera accordée aux candidats ayant au moins le minimum des aptitudes qu'exige la loi et ayant fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté au cours de la présente guerre, et qui en ont été honorablement réformés, spécialement à ceux qui par suite de blessures reçues en service militaire actif sont incapables de vaquer à leurs occupations habituelles.

(2) *Extension des limites d'âge.*—(*a*) Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, la limite d'âge minimum pour les examens du service civil, ainsi que pour l'admission au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur, est réduite de dix-huit à seize ans.

(*b*) Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, un aspirant aux examens et aux emplois du Service civil, tant inférieur qu'extérieur, qui a fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté et qui en a été honorablement réformé, ou qui s'est offert pour service actif au cours de la présente guerre et n'a pas été admis, ou qui a désiré s'enrôler et a demandé à l'être et a été refusé parce que ses services étaient plus utiles à l'Etat dans les fonctions qu'il remplissait que s'il s'était enrôlé pour service actif dans la marine ou dans l'armée, et qui est en conséquence détenteur de l'insigne accordée en pareil cas, ne sera pas inéligible en raison du fait qu'il a plus de trente-cinq ans.

(3) *Restrictions aux nominations.*—Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, aucun homme d'âge militaire sera nommé au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur, à moins qu'il ne soit compris dans l'une des catégories de personnes données dans la classe 2 (*b*), et qu'il ne soit détenteur de l'insigne accordée en pareil cas.

(4) *Exemption d'honoraires d'examen.*—Un aspirant qui a fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté, et qui en a été honorablement réformé, n'aura pas à payer d'honoraires pour l'un quelconque des divers examens tenus sous la juridiction de la Commission du Service civil pour admission ou pour promotion au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur.

Vu les changements qui précèdent, il a été décidé de remettre les examens du Service Civil qui devaient avoir lieu au mois de novembre 1916, au mois de décembre 1916, alors qu'ils seront tenus aux jours suivants :

Examen préliminaire du Service extérieur, 19 décembre.
Examen d'aptitudes du Service extérieur, 20 et 21 décembre.
Examen de troisième division (Service intérieur), 20, 21 et 22 décembre.

On peut obtenir du Secrétaire de la Commission du Service Civil, à Ottawa, soit personnellement, soit par écrit, tous les renseignements nécessaires concernant le nombre et la nature des vacances à remplir au Service intérieur et les règlements de tous les examens, ainsi que les formules de demande d'inscription à remplir.

Les formules de demande des aspirants, dûment remplies et accompagnées des honoraires requis, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service Civil pas plus tard que le 1er décembre 1916. Cette règle est de rigueur.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 24 octobre 1916. 18-4

COUR DE L'ECHIQUIER DU CANADA.

ORDRE GÉNÉRAL.

UNE séance générale de la cour de l'Echiquier du Canada, sous les dispositions de la règle 166, pour l'instruction des causes, etc., sera tenue au Palais de Justice, dans la ville de Fraserville, P.Q., commençant mardi, le 16e jour de janvier A.D. 1917 à 11 heures a. m.

Daté à Ottawa ce 27e jour d'octobre A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE, J.C.E.

19-4

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois d'août 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondus Can., 1906.)

DT.			AV.	
	$	c.		$
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373	36	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	691 788 19
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,172,945	57		
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert				
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	3,672	24		
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,860	45	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 août 1916	41,086,063 43
	11,777,851	62		41,777,851 62

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.
DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 12 octobre 1916.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

18-tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois de septembre 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants.	Total.
ACCISE.	$ c.	$ c.
Spiritueux	848,287 62	
Liqueur de malt	11,641 35	
Malt	197,582 10	
Tabac	982,648 53	
Cigares	62,461 36	
Fabrications en entrepôt	15,642 83	
Acide acétique	741 27	
Saisies	468 58	
Autres revenus	4,338 38	
Total du revenu de l'accise		2,123,812 02
Spiritueux pyroxyliques		13,178 28
Passages d'eau		
Inspection des poids et mesures		14,472 52
Inspection du gaz		7,153 80
Inspection de la lumière électrique		4,427 75
Timbres de pièces judiciaires		406 35
Autres revenus		803 01
Taxe de guerre		76,366 22
Grand revenu total		2,237,619 95

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 23 octobre 1916.

18-tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fourn s au département des Finances pour le 30 septembre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE.			1915.	1916.
PASSIF.			$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			757,960 94	118,645,070 94
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Prêts temporaires			150,407,017 54	116,553,474 70
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			152,133,310 66	174,533,077 29
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,802,646 32	$40,930,124 46		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,939,801 94	13,572,820 03		
			52,742,448 26	54,502,944 49
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,234,613 35	10,284,430 16
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			28,328,851 69	33,788,636 12
Total de la dette brute			774,896,755 36	1,071,657,373 51
ACTIF				
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			107,834,259 43	128,913,596 06
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			168,553,160 62	247,443,513 93
Total de l'actif			290,055,121 63	391,381,928 61
Total de la dette nette au 30 septembre			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
" au 31 août			472,408,885 24	659,621,270 08
Augmentation de la dette			12,432,748 49	20,654,174 82

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois septembre, 1915.	Total au 30 septembre, 1915.	Mois septembre, 1916	Total au 30 septembre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	7,686,394 77	43,206,579 50	11,084,903 11	64,114,674 82
Accise	1,772,980 46	10,190,055 13	2,171,421 75	11,941,551 52
Département des Postes	1,400,000 00	7,999,779 65	1,850,000 00	8,800,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	1,771,008 05	7,834,871 68	2,433,173 49	12,876,089 82
Divers	523,934 87	4,012,228 63	1,864,373 81	5,857,363 94
Total	13,154,318 15	73,243,514 59	19,403,872 16	103,589,680 10
DÉPENSES	7,400,910 10	46,271,622 22	10,851,454 10	49,757,711 60
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	14,541,003 47	44,127,893 11	28,228,176 09	104,538,895 20
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	3,482,175 35	16,811,845 76	2,139,830 18	11,155,531 67
Subventions aux chemins de fer	155,032 00	723,021 14		363,478 61
Total	18,177,210 82	61,962,760 01	30,368,006 27	116,057,905 48

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 4 octobre 1916. 15-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste	.....
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions	.....
Total	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension	$ 100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter, sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

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RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressées au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada ;* le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal* :—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone* :—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs ;* ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de fidéicommis ;* une *compagnie de prêt ;* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une déclaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous, établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit "

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SÉNAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé : il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SÉNAT.

Avis de bills privés.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situ's ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt après la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company," s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte pour changer son nom et modifier et étendre ses pouvoirs.

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
18–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec aura lieu au siège social de la dite banque, en la cité de Québec, P.Q., le mardi, 28e jour de novembre A.D. 1916, à trois heures de l'après-midi, dans le but d'étudier une convention pour la vente par la dite Banque de Québec de son actif à la Banque Royale du Canada aux conditions stipulées dans la dite convention, dont copie sera adressée par la malle à chaque

actionnaire avec le présent avis, et si la chose est jugé opportune, adopter une résolution ou des résolutions approuvant la dite convention et autorisant le président et gérant général de la Banque de Québec d'apposer le sceau corporatif de la banque à la dite convention et de la signer et l'exécuter pour et au nom de la banque ; et aussi dans le but de prendre en considération et, si la chose est jugée opportune, adopter toutes les autres et subséquentes résolutions dans le but de mettre la dite convention et les conditions en vigueur selon que les actionnaires le jugeront convenable ou à propos et dans le but d'autoriser le conseil de direction à donner tous les avis et à faire toutes les demandes et à adopter et exécuter tous les autres actes, résolutions, contrats, instruments, matières et choses qui seront jugés nécessaires pour obtenir que la dite convention soit sanctionnée par le Gouverneur en conseil et pour l'exécuter et distribuer les recettes de la dite vente.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Québec, 10 octobre 1916. 17–6

BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

Dividende N° 117.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de trois pour cent (au taux de douze pour cent par année) sur le capital payé de cette banque, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et sera payable à la banque et à ses succursales, à compter de vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 15 novembre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, P.Q., 17 octobre 1916. 17–6

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de un et trois quarts pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable à sa banque, en cette cité et à ses succursales, le et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre prochain.

Les livres de transport seront fermés du 16 jusqu'au 30 novembre 1916, les deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Quebec, le 24 octobre 1916. 18–5

BANQUE UNION DU CANADA.

Dividende No 119.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende au taux de huit pour cent par année, a été déclaré sur le capital payé de la Banque Union du Canada pour le trimestre courant, plus un pour cent et sera payable à la banque en la cité de Winnipeg et à ses succursales, dès et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre 1916, aux actionnaires enregistrés à la clôture des affaires, le 15e jour de novembre prochain.

Les livres de transferts seront fermés du 16 au 30 de novembre 1916, ces deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

G. H. BALFOUR,
Gérant général.

Winnipeg, 19 octobre 1916. 18–4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par les présentes donné qu'un dividende de deux et un quart pour cent (2¼ %) (soit au taux de 9% par année) a été déclaré par les directeurs de la Banque d'Hochelaga, sur le capital versé de la banque, pour le trimestre finissant le 30 novembre 1916. Ce dividende, portant le n° 103, sera payable au bureau principal ou aux succursales de la banque, le ou vers le 1er décembre 1916, aux actionnaires inscrits dans les livres à la fermeture des guichets de la banque, le 15 novembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
Gérant général.

18–5

BANQUE DE MONTREAL.

AVIS est donné par les présentes qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, ainsi qu'un boni d'un pour cent, et qu"ils seront payables le et après vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 31 octobre 1916.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la maison de banque de l'institution, lundi, le 4e jour de décembre prochain.

L'assemblée commencera à midi.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 20 octobre 1916. 18–5

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER QUÉBEC-ORIENTAL.

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer Québec-Oriental aura lieu aux bureaux de la compagnie, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, Londres, Angleterre, jeudi le 28e jour de décembre 1916, à 2.30 heures de l'après-midi, pour l'expédition des affaires générales de la compagnie.

Londres, Angleterre, 12 octobre 1916.

Par ordre,

E. S. ELVEY,
Secrétaire.

19–4

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No. 20. Vol. L.

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 31st October, 1916.

The Honourable Sir George Halsey Perley, K.C.M.G., Acting High Commissioner for Canada : to be Minister of Overseas Military Forces for Canada in the United Kingdom.

Etienne Boudet, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures : to be a Preventive Officer in the Division of Montreal, in the said Province.

Jean Baptiste Gilbert Nicéphore Brabant, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Second Class Excise Officer : to be a Preventive Officer in the Division of Montreal, in the said Province.

Joseph Gaudiose Aimé Valin, Assistant Analyst in the Department of Inland Revenue : to be a Member of the Special Examining Board to determine and certify to the competency in chemical and microscopical knowledge and skill of all applicants for appointments as Public Analysts, in the room and stead of Professor J. J. MacKenzie, who is engaged on Military duty in France.

—

2nd November, 1916.

Joseph Coulson Judd, of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, one of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law for the said Province : to be Junior Judge of the County Court of the County of Middlesex, in the said Province of Ontario, in the room and stead of His Honour Judge Elliott, deceased

His Honour Joseph Coulson Judd, Junior Judge of the County Court of the County of Middlesex, in the Province of Ontario : to be Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario, with the style and title of a Local Judge of the Supreme Court.

John Michael McNamara, of North Bay, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, one of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law for the said Province : to be Judge of the County Court of the County of Renfrew, in the said Province of Ontario, in the room and stead of His Honour Judge Donahue, deceased.

His Honour John Michael McNamara, Judge of the County Court of the County of Renfrew, in the Province of Ontario : to be a Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario, with the style and title of a Local Judge of the Supreme Court.

PROCLAMATIONS.

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrator.

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Saturday, the twenty-first day of the month of October instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by andwith the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on THURSDAY, the THIRTIETH day of the month of NOVEMBER next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-beloved Councillor the Right Honourable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and St. George; Chief Justice of Canada; Administrator of the Government of Our Dominion of Canada.

AT Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this EIGHTEENTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

17–tf

DESPATCHES, ETC.

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

24th October, 1916.

ENQUIRY having been made of the Chinese Government as to the authority of its Consular Officers in Canada to receive articles and money due to Chinese subjects not resident in Canada, and to give valid receipts therefor, the despatch published below has been received by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government, intimating that Chinese Consular Officers have such authority:—

From the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the Governor General.

CANADA.
No, 1092.

DOWNING STREET,

27th September, 1916.

SIR,—With reference to Your Royal Highness's despatch No. 354 of the 26th of May, I have the honour to transmit to you, for the information of your Ministers, a copy of a despatch from His Majesty's Minister at Peking relative to the authority of Chinese Consular Officers in Canada to receive the assets of deceased Chinese emigrants and to give a valid receipt.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your Royal Highness's most obedient,
humble servant,

(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Royal Highness
The Duke of Connaught and
of Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P.,
&c., &c., &c.

—

Copy.
Consular.
No. 100.

PEKING, 4th August, 1916.

MY LORD,—With reference to your despath No. 74 Consular of 15th June (112656/K/16), I have the honour to forward herewith translation of a despatch which I have received from the Wai Chiao Pu informing me, in reply to my enquiry on the subject, that under the Consular Regulations Chinese Consular officers in Canada are authorized to receive the assets of deceased Chinese emigrants and to give a valid receipt.

I have, &c.,

(Sgd) J. N. JORDAN.

VISCOUNT GREY, K.G.,
&c., &c., &c.

—

[TRANSLATION.]

Note.

From Wai Chiao Pu to H. M. Minister.

PEKING, 3rd August, 1916.

SIR,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's note (of the 21st July), stating that your Foreign Office enquire whether Chinese Consular Officers in Canada are authorized to receive the assets of deceased Chinese emigrants and to give a valid receipt.

I have the honour to state in reply that Article 9 of the Consular Regulations, promulgated in January, 1915, provides that in the event of a Chinese emigrant dying abroad without leaving a will or having any relations to claim the property left by him, the Consul shall temporarily take over the same and report to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs for their consideration. It is clear therefore that under the provisions of these regulations Chinese Consular Officers in Canada are authorized to receive these assets and to give a valid receipt.

I avail, etc.,

18-3 (seal of the Wai Chiao Pu).

(*Extract from the Second Supplement to the* LONDON GAZETTE *of the 10th October, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,
11th October, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the field to the undermentioned:—

CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

71084 Pte. J. Adams, Inf.
20139 Pte. R. Adamson, Inf.
16619 Sjt. R. M. Allison, Inf.
1619 Sjt. G. Angus, Inf.
13079 Pte. W. Barratt, Inf.
24095 Sjt. L. F. Bell, Inf.
65077 Pte. S. J. Bethune, Inf.
5784 Cpl. F. C. Betts, Can. Eng.
28564 Sjt. (now Lieut.) C. Bevan, Inf.

27044 Act. Sjt. W. J. Binny, Inf.
77803 Pte. O. G. A. Bjornsfielt, Inf.
18316 Sjt. J. Blachford, late Inf.
26851 Pte. G. Blair, Inf.
59072 Pte. B. R. Blanchard, Inf.
76355 Cpl. A. Blinko, Inf.
6894 Cpl. M. le M. Blondell, M. Gun Coy.
55787 Pte. R. Blunt, Inf.
24029 Sjt. W. Blyth, Inf.
8524 Pte. J. Bond, Inf.
5341 Cpl. R. A. Bolton, Inf.
11041 Pte. G. Booker, Inf.
71352 Pte. H. Bowden, Inf.
45013 Coy. S/M. F. Bowles, Can. Eng.
13609 L/Sjt. J. H. Bowyer, Inf.
9166 Act. Cpl. W. C. Brailford, Inf.
A 373 Sjt. J. R. Brook, Inf.
59098 Pte. D. R. Brooklyn, Inf.
42081 Far. Sjt. D. Brown, Fd. Art.
420830 Act. Sjt. F. Bull, Inf.
19113 Pte. H. Caminer, Inf.
61328 Pte. A. Carbonneau, Inf.
73878 L/C. W. J. Carey, Inf.
59147 Pte. L. Casselman, Inf.
14504 Act. Cpl. D. S. Charleson, Can. C. Cav. R.
13724 Cpl. A. A. E. R. Chievers-Wilson, Inf.
611 Coy. Q.M. Sqt. O. S. Coad, Inf.
71796 Coy, Q.M. Sjt. J. W. Collingwood, Inf.
65192 Pte. E. G. Collins, Inf.
81174 Sjt. M. Cook, Inf.
30250 Driver F. C. Counter, Can. A.S.C.
20454 Cpl. A. Courtney, Inf.
5634 Act. Cpl. T. R. Craven, Can. Eng.
85 2nd Cpl. A. W. Crawford, C.E.
16877 Cpl. F. W. Currell, Inf.
59224 Pte. W. Currie, Inf.
835 L./C. G. Dougherty, Inf.
14985 Pte. G. F. Dudley, Can. C. Cav. R.
25823 Actg. Coy. Sjt/M. T. Duffin, Inf.
65290 L./C. E. E. Duley, Inf.
42480 Act. Cpl. H. T. Dundas, Fd. Art.
1955 Pte. C. G. Durham, Can. C. Cav. R.
63283 Pte. D. K. Dwyer, Inf.
445 Pte. R. C. Dyer, Inf.
63313 Pte. J. O. Eddie, Inf.
19631 Pte. H. Eden, Inf.
454169 Pte. J. J. Edgar, Inf.
63325 Pte. J. D. Elliott, Inf.
30276 L./Sjt. W. Etty, Can. A.S.C.
57627 L./C. W. A. Ewing, Inf.
5665 Actg. Sjt. H. J. Faulkner, Can. Eng.
48 Pte. A. E. Fawcett, Inf.
420510 Pte. R. T. Fernie, Inf.
210 Sjt. W. H. Figsby, Inf.
420159 Actg. Cpl. N. V. Fitton, Inf.
10039 Coy. S./M. D. Forgie, Inf.
30314 Sjt. J. W. Forrest, Can. A.S.C.
24352 Sjt. A. French, Inf.
8441 Sjt. J. B. French, Inf.
458446 Pte. A. J. Fuller, Inf.
77006 Sjt. J. J. Fyles, Inf.
72210 L/C. E. P. Guilbert, Inf.
8209 Pte. J. Gilbey, Can. M. Gun Coy.
9199 Sjt. W. H. Gillard, Can. M. Gun Coy.
59368 Pte. F. H. Gillett, Inf.
65366 L/C. A. Gillespie, Inf.
30070 Sjt. R. Givens, Can. A.S.C.
55205 Pte. L. M. Goodfellow, Inf.
22058 Sjt. W. Graham, Inf.
22741 Sjt. B. Greer, Inf.
18351 Cpl. A. P. Green, M.M. Gun Bde.
57644 Pte. R. Green, Inf.
47006 Pte. A. Grossart, Inf.
23396 Sjt. A. E. Hall, Inf.
13640 Sjt. A. M. Hanson, Inf.
75051 Sjt. J. Harvey, Inf.
41806 Cpl. (now Lt.) R. Hickson, Fd. Art.
42042 Sjt. E. O. Holt, Fd. Art.
55444 Pte. W. C. Holtum, Inf.
59479 L/C. K. C. Hopkinson, Fd. Art.
9210 Sjt. H. G. Hughes, Can. Eng.
22589 Pte. M. S. Johnson, M. Gun Coy.
32971 S/M. W. Keith, Can. A.M.C.
14828 Pte. M. S. Kennedy, M.M. Gun Bde.
71171 L/C. A. R. Kilborn, Inf.
77781 Sjt. R. Lane, Inf.
40442 Cpl. H. C. Laundy, Fd. Art.
61021 Sjt. (now Lt.) L. R. Lavoie, Inf.
58316 Pte. H. G. Lennard, Inf.
18215 Act. Sjt. R. Levey, M.M. Gun Bde.
7994 Sjt. J. D. Lightfoot, Inf.
12641 Sjt. R. Lingford, Inf.
30280 L/C. A. Little, Can. A.S.C.
18055 Cpl. H. T. Lord, C.C.A.C.
75951 Pte. R. W. Lumbard, Inf.
10144 Sjt. G. K. MacAgy, Inf.
5713 Actg. Cpl. C. H. MacDonald, Can. Eng.
6246 Coy. Q.M.Sjt. J.C.MacDonald, Can.M.Gun Coy.
75112 Sjt. W. L. Machell, Inf.
45556 Arm. Cpl. S. Macoun, Can. M.M. Gun Bde.
87685 Pte. F. A. MacLean, Inf.
81548 Cpl. F. Madkins, Inf.
A44193 Pte. A. J. Mahar, Inf.
15512 Pte. A. D. Mann, Can. C. Cav. R.
A26153 Cpl. R. Marven, Inf.
33112 Cpl. L. H. Mansell, Can. A.M.C.
A13004 L/C. F. Mason, Inf.
45605 Sjt. P. Matthews, Can. M.M. Gun Bde.
22927 Coy. S/M. (now Lt.) W. Maybin, Inf.
5421 C.S.M. P. McAndrew, Can. Eng.
A44189 Pte. P. A. McAuley, Inf.
5422 Sapper A. G. McBeath, C.E.
1696 Pte. J. E. McGillivray, C.A.M.C.T.S.
59719 L/C. D. McGinnis, Inf.
65696 Sjt. K. C. McIntyre, Inf.
87118 Bombr. R. McIntyre, Fd. Art.
57343 Cpl. R. McKie, Inf.
55484 Pte. H. E. McLean, Inf.
76165 Sjt. D. McLeod, Can. Eng.
5015 Sjt. A. Melville, Can. Eng.
42720 Driver G. Miles, Fd. Art.
A34307 Pte. J. T. Milne, Inf
29047 Cpl. A. W. Minchin, Inf.
81615 Sjt. J. H. Murray, Inf.
304295 Gunner C. Nelson, Fd. Art.
26154 Actg. Coy. Q.M.Sjt. F. K. Neilson, Inf.
25873 Cpl. C. J. Nicholls, Can. Eng.
304293 Gunner C. H. Norman, Fd. Art.
25753 Pte. Norton, Inf.
19586 L/C. A. Nowell, Inf.
22780 Actg. Coy. S.M. J. P. Nuttall, Inf.
73546 Sjt. D. O'Brien, Can. Eng.
9230 Cpl. C. E. Ogden, Can. Eng.
13456 Sjt. A. Patton, Inf.
77688 Pte. W. G. Pavey, Inf.
13030 Pte. J. C. Peacey, Inf.
25627 Sjt. (now Lt.) A. Plow, Inf.
18461 Sjt. (now Lt) J. P. Pringle, Inf.
55692 Pte. R. Ratcliffe, Inf.
9602 Sjt. S. G. Rennie, M. Gun Co.
5192 Sjt. E. Rhodes, Can. Eng.
41146 Sjt. W. F. Richardson, Fd. Art.
59836 L/C. G. A. F. Riley, Inf.
65841 Sjt. N. W. Robins, Inf.
18160 Sjt. J. Robitaille, Inf.
42196 Sjt. W. Ross, Fd. Art.
22917 Sjt. J. Rousseau, Inf.
5185 Cpl. B. W. Ryan, Can. Eng.
55936 Pte. W. C. Scott, Inf.
5742 Cpl. H. D. Sharp, Can. Eng.
59879 Pte. W. T. Shephard, Inf.
53504 Pte. R. C. Sheridan, Inf.
81800 Pte. T. R. Simpson, Inf.
61402 Pte. J. Simoneau, Inf.
45200 L/C. W. Sinclair, Can. Eng.
25533 Pte. G. C. Smith, Inf.
19255 Pte. J. A. Stephen, Can. Eng.
59921 Pte. F. Stillman, Inf.
25646 Pte. W. Stokes, Inf.
424213 Pte. J. D. Straker, Inf.
59931 L/C. L. Strong, Inf.
20278 Reg. S/M. D. Stuart, Inf.
20881 Sjt. S. Sydenham, Inf.
75434 B. R. W. Taylor, Inf.
5763 Sjt. E. O. Thompson, Can. Eng.
75450 Pte. W. R. Taylor, Inf.
1939 Cpl. R. R. Tooley, Can. C. Cav. R.
55944 L/Sjt. E. A. Trendell, Inf.

9406 Pte. C. T. Varney, Inf.
95526 Pte. J. F. S. Victor, Inf.
57777 Sjt. E. J. Vout, Inf.
71439 Pte. H. H. Wakeman, Inf.
5604 Act. Sjt. E. G. Weeks, Can. Eng.
13045 Pte. R. Weir, Inf.
66032 Sjt. W. Westwater, Inf.
71443 Cpl. H. P. Withell, Inf.
42421 Cpl. F. White, Fd. Art.
66150 Pte. J. H. White, Inf.
60077 Cpl. H. W. Wilmer, Inf.
71848 Pte. J. Wright, Inf.
C40282 Actg. Bombr. F. L. Yeomans, Fd. Art.
60106 Corpl. W. York, Inf
66092 L/C. M. Young, Inf.
427294 Pte. W. Young, Inf.

NOTE.—These Military Medals have been awarded for services rendered on various occasions during the progress of the campaign and the ranks now shown are not in all cases the ranks held by the recipients of the decorations when the acts of gallantry were performed.
20–1

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2608]
AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for a grant for church purposes of five acres of land comprised in the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 10, Township 37, Range 27, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, is, hereby, pleased to set apart and appropriate the said land for church purposes and to authorize a grant thereof to La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council

19–4

[2607]
AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for a grant for cemetery purposes of five acres of land comprised in the S. E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 16, Township 37, Range 27, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, is hereby pleased to set apart and appropriate the said land for cemetery purposes and to authorize a grant thereof to La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

19–4

[24/2574]
AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 20th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council, under the provisions of section 23, chapter 24, of the Revised Statutes of Canada, "The Consolidated Revenue and Audit Act", is pleased to order as follows :—

From the 9th September, 1916, inclusive, the Town of Kenora, in the Inland Revenue Division of Port Arthur, shall be and the same is hereby detached therefrom, and added to the Inland Revenue division of Winnipeg ;

From the 1st October, 1916, inclusive, the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe, which has heretofore formed part of the Inland Revenue Division of Owen Sound, shall be and the same is hereby detached therefrom, and added to the Inland Revenue Division of Toronto.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

19–2

[2606]
AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA,

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the regulations at present in force governing the cutting of ice for sale within Dominion Parks provide for the payment to the Department of the Interior of a royalty of two cents a ton ;

And whereas it has been represented that in cases where contracts to supply a large quantity of ice are let by tender the imposition of a royalty operates to the disadvantage of persons tendering who wish to take the ice from waters within Dominion Parks,—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order that the regulation in this connection, established by Order in Council of the 29th day of June, 1916, shall be and the same is hereby amended by striking out the words :—

"and in addition dues at two cents per ton shall be "charged on the quantity cut."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

19–4

[2518]
AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Saturday, the 14th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a request has been received from the Department of Indian Affairs for the setting apart for the Indians of a tract of land known as the Hole or Hollow Water Indian Reserve, selected under the provisions of Treaty No. 5, in 1884, and shown on the official plans of Townships 25 and 26, Range 9, east of the Principal Meridian, approved and confirmed on the 22nd day of February, 1915, and the 6th day of March, 1915, respectively ; containing by admeasurement three thousand five hundred and seventy-four acres, more or less ;

And whereas the said lands are available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that the tract of land above described be withdrawn from the operation of The Dominion Lands Act and be set apart for the purposes of the said reserve.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

18–4

[2424]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council dated 21st day of July, 1910, the Minister of the Interior was authorized to set apart Section 17, Township 9, Range 17, west of the 4th Meridian as school lands in lieu of a portion of Section 11, Township 9, Range 26, west of the 4th Meridian, which it was proposed to grant to the Town of Macleod ;

And whereas it was subsequently decided not to take this action, but to put up the undisposed of portions of Section 11, in question, at public auction, which was accordingly done ;

And whereas Section 17, in question, is, therefore, no longer required for the School Lands Endowment ;

And whereas Section 17 was never gazetted as School Lands ;

And whereas the Order in Council of the 21st of July, 1910, above referred to, would appear to have the effect of reserving Section 17 for the School Lands Endowment,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased to order, as Section 17 is no longer required for the School Lands Endowment, that the said Order in Council of the 21st July, 1910, be, and the same is hereby rescinded.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

———

[2565]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 20th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 14th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made by Mr. Patrick Goachin, of Grand Prairie, in the Province of Alberta, for a grant of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 8, Township 71, Range 9, west of the 6th Meridian, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian title.

Evidence has been submitted showing the applicant to have been in residence on the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8, in the summer of 1899, and the Minister therefore recommends that under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, a grant be authorized to Mr. Goachin of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 8, Township 71, Range 9, west of the 6th Meridian.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

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[16/2593]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 21st day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council, is pleased to make the following Regulations for granting a drawback of Customs duty on articles used in the original construction of vessels built in Canada on and after 1st November, 1916, and the same are hereby made and established accordingly:—

1. A drawback not exceeding ninety-nine per cent of the Customs duty paid, may be granted and paid by the Minister of Customs on materials used in the original construction of ships and vessels measuring over five hundred tons gross tonnage, built in Canada, when such ships or vessels are authorized by Order in Council to be exported for registry outside of Canada or are British Registered in Canada and are constructed so as to obtain a class in Lloyds, Bureau Veritas, British Corporation, or other recognized classification satisfactory to the Minister of Customs ;

Provided that the drawback payable under this section shall be in lieu of any drawback based on a specific rate per registered ton.

2. The claimant for drawback must be the builder of the ship or vessel. Drawback shall be paid only on ships or vessels which have within themselves the power of independent navigation, either by means of sails, steam or other motive power.

3. The payment of the drawback shall be subject to the following conditions, viz :—

(*a*) The quantity of materials used and the amount of duty paid thereon shall be ascertained.

(*b*) The claimant for drawback shall be required to make a declaration in the terms set forth in Schedule "A" hereto.

(*c*) There shall be furnished by the claimant, a certificate from the Registrar of Shipping in the terms set forth in Schedule "B" hereto.

(*d*) The claim for drawback shall be verified under oath, before a Collector of Customs or Justice of the Peace, to the satisfaction of the Minister of Customs, in such form as he shall prescribe. The Minister of Customs may also require in any case the production of such further evidence, in addition to the usual averments, as he deems necessary to establish the bona fides of the claim;

(*e*) All applications for payment of drawback shall be placed before the Customs Department with evidence as above mentioned complete, within a period of six months from the date of registration or launching of the ship or vessel upon which the claim is made, otherwise the same shall be rejected.

Schedule "A".

I, ...of..... do hereby declare that I am the builder of, and claimant for drawback, on materials used in the construction of a.....called the.....built at..... .....in the Dominion of Canada (1) and launched on the.....day of..... 19.. , as per certificate attached.

I further declare that the said.....is an entirely new vessel, built with knees and..... .....classed for.....years as per classification Certificate of.....bearing date.....

Declared before me
this .....day of 19
Collector of Customs.

.....
Builder.

Schedule "B".

I, the undersigned Registrar of Shipping at..... ...., do hereby certify that the above named vessel is entirely new, built during the season of..... ..... by..... .at..... as above stated, and launched on the..... day of....., that the tonnage thereof is..... .....tons gross, and that the said vessel is built with .....knees, and that the registered owners are (1)..... ....

I further certify to having examined the Certificates of classification, and find that the said vessel is classed at.....for.....years, and that the said vessel has within itself the power of independent navigation.

Port of

.....
Registrar of Shipping.

(1) State Name if registered in Canada—otherwise insert the words "Not registered in Canada."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2487]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 5th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior representing that Milton J. McCreary was granted preemption entry for the north-east $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 10, Range 22, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 29th day of October, 1910 ;

The Minister observes that it would appear from evidence furnished that Mr. McCreary may have performed one term of residence and that he has done a sufficient amount of breaking ;

The Minister submits a copy of a medical certificate from W. B. Kendall, M.D., stating that Mr. McCreary is suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis,—

The Minister, under the circumstances, recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in this case under the authority of subsection 2 of section 20 of the Act, so that free patent may issue to Mr. McCreary for the quarter section above described, upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that other conditions of the law have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the above recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2361]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday the 7th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 27th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that on the 29th May, 1913, one Sam Ollie—an Assyrian—obtained the south-west quarter of Section 9, Township 18, Range 13, west of the 3rd Meridian, under homestead entry ; that, according to evidence submitted, he erected a dwelling house and broke ten acres of land, and that he developed leprosy and has been segregated at the leper colony in Tracadie, New Brunswick,—

The Minister recommends, as the malady from which Mr. Ollie suffers is hopelessly incurable, that the performance of further settlement duties under subsection 2 of section 20 of The Dominion Lands Act of 1908 be waived and that the Department of the Interior be empowered to issue a free patent.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2156]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 13th day of September, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 7th September, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Samuel Gill Warke, who was granted homestead entry for the south east quarter of Section 31, township 19, Range 11, west of the Principal Meridian, is blind ;

The Minister states that Mr. Warke, at a cost of $400, had 30 acres of his homestead brought under cultivation and a portion thereof cropped in each of four years, the total area of cultivation, 30 acres, having been cropped in the year 1916. Owing to his affliction, Mr. Warke was unable to go into residence on the land but resided with his uncle on the adjoining quarter-section. A Homestead Inspector investigated the case and furnished evidence corroborating the improvements set out above,—

Under the circumstances, the Minister recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in connection with M. Warke's homestead, the south east quarter of Section 31, Township 19, Range 11, west of the Principal Meridian, under the authority of subsection 2 of section 20 of the Act, so that free patent may be issued to Mr. Warke for his homestead upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2348]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by the trustees of the church of the Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende for a grant for church purposes of ten acres of land comprised in the N.E. corner of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 23, Township 14, Range 8, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the customary requirements have been complied with,—

Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes ten acres of land comprised in the N. E. corner of the N.W.$\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 23, Township 14, Range 8, west of the Third Meridian, and to authorize a grant thereof to the trustees of the church of the Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende, for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[The following Order in Council was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *8th November, 1916.*]

[2685]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 4th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

The Order in Council of 27th April, 1915, prohibiting the exportation of certain goods to various destinations is hereby amended by deleting from the list of articles, the export of which was prohibited to foreign destinations, the following articles, viz :—

Phenacetin,
Acetyl Salicylic Acid, (aspirin).

This Order in Council shall be proclaimed by publication in the *Canada Gazette.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[8/2684]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 31st day of October, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order that the name of the Customs Port now known as Berlin, in the Province of Ontario, shall be and the same is hereby changed to "Kitchener."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20-2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2663]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 31st day of October, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 24th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that application has been received from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for a parcel of land comprising the surface rights over the tunnels and the land required for a change in the right of way between Hector and Field, in Township 28, Ranges 17 and 18, west of the 5th Meridian, in the Yoho Park, as shown on the plan of the grade revision and extra land required between Hector and Field, British Colombia, Mile 125·7 to Mile 133·7, approved and confirmed by E. Deville, surveyor general, and on record in the Department of the Interior as right of way of plan No. 19704.

The Minister states that the company have surrendered to the Crown the title to the original right of way.

The Minister therefore recommends that under the authority of section 16 of The Forest Reserves and Parks Act, he be authorized to issue patent to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the land required as above described; this patent to be subject to the following conditions:—

That it shall be subject to all Dominion Parks Regulations now in force or which may be made from time to time in that behalf by the Governor in Council.

That such land, subject to the use for which it is granted, shall still be part of the reserve within which it is situate; and if any such land ceases to be used for the purpose for which it was so granted it shall forthwith revert to the Crown.

That the Department reserves the right to enter on the surface land above the tunnels or on any of the extra land along the right of way over and above the usual allowance of 100 feet for right of way, being 50 feet on each side of the centre line of the railway tracks for the purpose of constructing roads, paths, etc., or for any park or public purpose whatsoever, and also to reserve the right to permit the public to resort thereto, providing that the use of this land does not unduly interfere with the operation of the company's railway lines or tunnels.

That the company shall not be held responsible for any claims from any persons by reason of damages resulting from any accident occurring on the property, any surface rights in connection with which have been reserved by the Department, providing it can be clearly shown that such accident is not the result of any negligence on the part of the company or its employees.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2645]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 27th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by Mr. Bessie Eaton, of Griffin Creek, of the Province of Alberta, for a free grant of lot numbered 7 of Shaftesbury Settlement, in the said Province of Alberta, comprising an area of 82·6 acres;

And whereas evidence has been filed in the Department of the Interior showing Mrs. Eaton to have acquired the said lot through the assignees of the reverend Henry Robinson, who was in undisturbed occupation thereof at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8, in the summer of 1899, and was, therefore, entitled to a free grant of the same;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to authorize a free grant of lot numbered 7 of Shaftesbury Settlement, in the said Province of Alberta, comprising an area of 82·6 acres to Mrs. Eaton.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

GENERAL ORDERS.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,

OTTAWA, 1st September, 1916.

G.O. 82.

INSTRUCTIONS, REGULATIONS, ETC.

DISTINCTIONS IN DRESS FOR OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS WHO HAVE BEEN WOUNDED.

The following distinctions in dress will be worn on the service dress jacket by all officers and soldiers who have been wounded in any of the campaigns since the 4th of August, 1914:—

"Strips of gold Russia braid, No. 1, two inches in length sewn perpendicularly on the left sleeve of the jacket to mark each occasion on which wounded."

In the case of officers, the lower end of the first strip of gold braid will be immediately above the upper point of the flap on cuff. Warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men will wear the gold braid on the left sleeve, the lower edge of the braid to be three inches from the bottom of the sleeve. The additional strips of gold braid, marking each subsequent occasion on which wounded, will be placed on either side of the original one at half-inch interval.

"Gold braid will be obtained free on indent from the Canadian Ordnance Corps; the sewing on will be carried out regimentally without expense to the public."

(H.Q. 96-11-64.)
(H.Q. 1961-16.)
(Army Order 54 of 1916,)

RIBAND OF THE LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT MEDAL AND THE MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL.

1. "His Majesty, the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the colour of the riband suspending the Long Service and Good Conduct Medal, and the Meritorious Service Medal, which heretofore has been crimson, being altered to crimson with white edges."

2. "The new riband will be taken into wear by all officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men who are in possession of the medals and are now serving."

(H.Q. 51-7-37.)
(H.Q. 1961-16.)
Army Order 183 of 1916.)

—

G.O. 83.

ORGANIZATION.

RESERVE MILITIA.

MILITARY DISTRICT No. 11.—The organization of a company of Reserve Militia, with headquarters at Vernon, B.C., is authorized.

(H.Q. 32-1-416.)

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G.O. 84.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

HEADQUARTERS, MILITARY DISTRICTS.

The following staff for Headquarters of Military Districts is authorized :—

Officer Commanding.

GENERAL STAFF.

General Staff Officer.

ATTACHED TO GENERAL STAFF.

District Intelligence Officer.
District Signal Officer.

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF.

Asst. Adjt. General in charge of Administration.
Deputy Asst. Adjt. and Quartermaster General.

TECHNICAL, DEPARTMENTAL AND CADET SERVICES.

(Attached to Administrative Staff).

Commanding Royal Canadian Engineer.
Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport.
Assistant Director of Medical Services.
Deputy Assistant Director of Medical Services.
Senior Ordnance Officer.
District Paymaster.
Principal Veterinary Officer.
Organizer and Inspector of Cadet Corps.

MILITARY DISTRICT No. 2. Add :
1 General Staff Officer, 3rd Grade.

MILITARY DISTRICT No. 6. Add :
General Staff Officer, 3rd Grade. } For Halifax Fortress.
Deputy Asst. Adjt. and Quartermaster General. } For Halifax Fortress.
Intelligence Officer. } For Halifax Fortress.

(H.Q. 77-1-12.)

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ESTABLISHMENTS—AMENDMENTS.

SCHOOL OF INSTRUCTION CANADIAN ARMY GYMNASTIC STAFF, C.E.F.

Adverting to General Order 10, 1916, as amended by General Order 48, 1916, establishment of the School of Bayonet Fighting and Physical Training, the following will be substituted therefor :-

The designation of this organization will be "Canadian Army Gymnastic Staff, C.E.F.", and the establishment will be as follows :—

Director & Inspector	Lt. Colonel	1
Superintendents	Captains or Majors	2
Adjutant	Lieutenant or Captain	1
Inspecting Officers	Lieutenants	4
Army Gymnastic Staff	Warrant Officers	5
Regimental Sergt. Majors	Instructors	7
Qr. Mr. Sergeants	Instructors	3
Company Sergt. Majors	Instructors	24
Orderly Room Clerks	Sergeants	4
Batmen	Privates	3

Totals to be amended accordingly.

(H.Q. 313-54-1.)

G.O. 85.

RIFLE ASSOCIATIONS.

The disbandment of the undermentioned rifle associations is authorized :—

Civilian.

No. 674, The Winnipeg Legion of Frontiersmen Rifle Association, with headquarters at Winnipeg, Man.

(H.Q. 29-L-31.)

By Command,

W. Stodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 7th November, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32138. "Four Part Songs for Children's or Women's Voices. Annie Laurie--Allan Water--Jack and Jill--Three Blind Mice." Arranged and Composed by Clifford Higgin. (Music.) Clifford Higgin, Brantford, Ont., 1st November, 1916.

32139. "Sing for Our Passing Brave." Full Chorus for Mixed Voices. Words by Marian Keith. Music by Chas. E. Wheeler. Anglo-Canadian Music Publishers Association, Limited, London, England, 2nd November, 1916.

32140. "The Story of the Hudson Seal," (Booklet.) David Magee, Saint John, New Brunswick, 2nd November, 1916.

32141. "We're in the Ranks Now, Comrades." Words by Joseph Freeman Tupper. Music by Edward W. Miller. Joseph Freeman Tupper, Pictou, Nova Scotia, 2nd November, 1916.

32142. Manuel de la Menagère." (Livre.) J. S. Picard, Montréal, Qué., 2 novembre 1916.

32143. "Take Me Back to Old New Brunswick." Words and Music by J. B. Rainsford. J. B. Rainsford, Saint John, New Brunswick, 2nd November, 1916.

32144. "Dominion Law Reports, Cited 'D.L.R.'." Vol. 28. Robert Reid Cromarty, Toronto, Ont., 2nd November, 1916.

32145. "Dominion Law Reports, Cited 'D.L.R.'." Vol. 29. Robert Reid Cromarty, Toronto, Ont., 2nd November, 1916.

32146. "The Ontario Law Reports." Vol. XXXVI. Part 3. 1916. Editor : Edward B. Brown, K.C. (Book.) Law Society of Upper Canada, Toronto, Ont., 2nd November, 1916.

32147. "The Ontario Law Reports." Vol. XXXVI.-1916. Editor : Edward B. Brown, K. C. (Book.) Law Society of Upper Canada, Toronto, Ont., 2nd November, 1916.

32148. "Charge of the Canadians at Ypres." (Sculpture.) Frederick Kann, Montreal, Que., 2nd November, 1916.

32149. "Tokology : A Book for Every Woman." By Alice B. Stockham, M. D. (Book.) McClelland, Goodchild & Stewart, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 2nd November, 1916.

32150. "A Catechism of Christian Doctrine." (Book.) Rt. Rev. Alexander MacDonald, D.D., Victoria, British Columbia, 2nd November, 1916.

32151. "Dips and Dabs." Vol. I, No. 4, Oct., 1916. (Book.) Brandram-Henderson, Limited, Montreal, Que., 3rd November, 1916.

32152. "Insurance Plan of Guelph, Ont." Sheets 35, 36, 37 and 38. (Plan.) Chas. E Goad Co., Toronto, Ont., 3rd November, 1916.

32153. "Monthly Bulletin of the Canadian Mining Institute." No. 55. November, 1916. (Book.) The Canadian Mining Institute, Montreal, Que., 4th November 1916.

32154. "Trotting Fox." By Percy Trepanier. (Musique.) Louis Payette, Montréal, Qué., 4 novembre 1916.

32155. "Maclean's Magazine." Volume XXX. No.I. (Book.) The Maclean Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 4th November, 1916.

32156. "Morris Travelling Spur-Gear Chain-Block." (Bulletin.) The Herbert Morris Crane & Hoist Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 4th November, 1916.

32157. "The Canadian Magazine." Vol. XLVIII. No. I. November, 1916. (Book.) The Ontario Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 4th November, 1916.

32158. "180th (Sportsmen) Battalion, C.E.F." (Photo.) D. Smith Reid, St. John, New Brunswick, 6th November, 1916.

32159. "'The White Comrade' And Other Poems." By Katherine Hale. (Book.) McClelland, Goodchild & Stewart, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 6th November, 1916.

32160. "Love's Sacrifice." Written by Mrs. Bessie Bates. Words and Music by H. A. Leigh. Herbert Alfred Leigh, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 6th November, 1916.

32161. "Ross's Football Fighters." Words and Music by H. A. Leigh. Herbert Alfred Leigh, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 6th November, 1916.

32162. "The Charleswood Rose." Written by Mrs. Bessie Bate. Words and Music by H A. Leigh. Herbert Alfred Leigh, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 6th November, 1916.

32163. "Old Timers." (Picture.) Ogilvie Flour Mills, Co., Limited, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 6th November, 1916.

32164. "L'Hôpital Général de Montréal." (Livre.) Communauté des Sœurs Grises de Montréal, Montréal, Qué., 7 novembre 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHTS.

1848. "Canadians at Ypres." (Artistic Work,) W. H. Veno, Manchester, England, 2nd November, 1916.

1849. "Business Directory and Household Guide." (Chart.) Harry M. Ellison and Colin S. McPhail trading as Ellison & McPhail, Port Stanley, Ont., 3rd November, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
20-1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act withdrawn the southwest quarter of Section 36, Township 39, Range 11, west of the 5th Meridian, from the operations of the said Act which relate to homestead and pre-emption entry, and entry by private sale, and has set the same apart as School Lands in place of the northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 40, Range 11, west of the 5th Meridian, for which homested entry is claimed on the ground of settlement prior to survey.

By order,

LYNDWODE L. PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1916. 17-4

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 31st October, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 417 has this day been issued to The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania, authorizing the transaction of Tornado Insurance in Canada in addition to Fire Insurance for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
20-4 Superintendent of Insurance.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, November 6, 1916.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that by M. & F. Order No. 47 in 1916, dated 3rd November, 1916. the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act, has granted permission to change the name of the steamer "Cora," which has been purchased from foreigners, (U.S.A.) to that of "Thomas B."

A. JOHNSTON,
20-2 Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of subsection 2 of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act, withdrawn from the operation of the provisions of the said Act, which relate to homestead and pre-emption entry and entry by private sale, the east half of the northwest quarter of Section 25, Township 51, Range 26, west of the 2nd Meridian, and has set the same apart as School Lands in lieu of the south half of Section 29, Township 63, Range 24, west of the 3rd Meridian, to be included in the Pierce Lake Indian Reserve.

By Order,

LYNDWODE PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 2nd November, 1916. 20-4

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

GENERAL ORDER.

A GENERAL sitting of "The Exchequer Court of Canada," under the provisions of Rule 166, for the trial of cases, etc., will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Fraserville, P.Q., commencing on Tuesday, the 16th day of January, A.D. 1917, at 11 a.m.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of October, A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE,
19-4 *J.E.C.*

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada:—

Five Assistant Analysts for temporary employment in the Laboratory of the Department of Inland Revenue, at a salary at the rate of $1,300 per annum, with a view to their permanent appointment, if there services prove satisfactory, in Subdivision A of the Second Division, at an initial salary of $1,600 per annum. The work consists in the microscopic and chemical analysis of food stuffs. Candidates are required to be graduates of some recognized university, and to have had at least one year's experience in chemical work since graduation.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 13th day of November next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 19th October, 1916. 17-4

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION OF CANADA.

Civil Service Examinations.

Change in Regulations.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that by an Order in Council dated the 12th October, 1916, the following changes have been made in the Regulations governing Civil Service Examinations :—

(1) *Preference to returned soldiers.*—In making all appointments to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, preference shall be given to those candidates having at least the minimum qualifications required by law, who have served overseas in His Majesty's Forces during the present war, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, especially to those who through disability occasioned by active military service are unable to fill their previous occupations

(2) *Extension of age limits.*—(*a*) During the continuance of the present war, the minimum age limit for examination for, and appointment to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, shall be reduced from eighteen years to sixteen years.

(*b*) During the continuance of the present war a candidate for examination for, and appointment to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or the Outside Service, who has served overseas in His Majesty's Forces and has been honorably discharged therefrom, or who has offered himself for active service in the present war and has been rejected or who has desired or has offered to enlist and has been refused upon the ground that his services are of more value to the State in the employment in which he is engaged than if he should enlist for active service in the naval or military forces, and who is therefor a holder of the badge issued in such cases, shall not be ineligible by reason of the fact that his age is greater than thirty five years.

(3) *Restrictions on appointments.*—During the continuance of the present war no male person of military age shall be appointed to the Civil Service, whether in the Inside or in the Outside Service, unless he is included in one of the classes given in clause 2 (*b*) and is a holder of the badge issued in such cases.

(4) *Exemption from examination fees.*—A candidate who has served overseas in His Majesty's Forces, and has been honorably discharged therefrom, shall not be required to pay a fee for admission to any of the several examinations held under the direction of the Civil Service Commission for admission to or promotion in the Civil Service whether in the Inside or in the Outside Service.

In view of the above changes, it has been decided to postpone the Civil Service Examinations which were advertised to take place in the month of November, 1916, until the month of December, 1916, when they will be held on the following dates :

Preliminary Examination for the Outside Service, December 19.

Qualifying Examination for the Outside Service, December 20 and 21.

Third Division Examination (Inside Service), December 20, 21 and 22.

Full information respecting the number and nature of the vacancies to be filled in the Inside Service, and the rules and regulations for all the examinations, together with the necessary application forms, may be obtained from the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission, Ottawa, either on personal application or by writing.

Application forms of intending candidates, duly filled in and accompanied by the prescribed examination fee, must be filed with the Civil Service Commission not later than the 1st December, 1916. No exception can or will be made to this rule.

By order of the Commission,

Wm. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 16th October, 1916 17–4

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

Ottawa, 11th November, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the following newspapers :—

"New York American," a daily paper published in New York City.

"New York Sunday American," a Sunday paper published in New York City.

"New York Journal," a daily paper published in New York City.

"Boston American," a daily paper published in Boston, Mass.

"Boston Sunday American," a Sunday paper published in Boston, Mass.

"Chicago Examiner," a daily paper published in Chicago, Ill.

"Chicago Sunday Examiner," a Sunday paper published in Chicago, Ill.

"Chicago American," a daily paper published in Chicago, Ill.

"San Francisco Examiner," a daily paper published in San Francisco, Cal.

"San Francisco Sunday Examiner" a Sunday paper published in San Francisco, Cal.

"Los Angeles Examiner," a daily paper published in Los Angeles, Cal.

"Los Angeles Sunday Examiner," a Sunday paper published in Los Angeles, Cal.

"Los Angeles Herald," a daily paper published in Los Angeles, Cal.

"Atlanta Georgian," a daily paper published in Atlanta, Ga.

"Atlanta American," a Sunday paper published in Atlanta, Ga.,

are from this date refused the privileges of the mails in Canada, and are prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such newspapers, or of any issues thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such newspapers shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

20–2

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

Ottawa, 11th November, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the correspondence of the International News Service, New York City, and its branches elsewhere, is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada and is prohibited from circulation in Canada in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such correspondence already issued or hereafter to be issued and further any person in possession of any such correspondence shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

20–2

The Dominion Fire Brick and Clay Products, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of October, 1916, incorporating Arthur Hitchcock, banker, Edward Charles Mathews, agent, Alfred Russell Turnbull and James Willows McCullough, medical doctors, John Henry Kern, insurance agent, and Herbert Gordon Love, merchant, all of the City of Moose Jaw, in the Province of Saskatchewan, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in brick, fire brick and in clay products of all kinds; terra cotta, pottery, tiles, drain and sewer pipes, cement, marl, lime, paint, fertilizers, stone and artificial stone and its products and all compositions into which any of the said articles and materials can be converted or used and to erect buildings, buy, sell and deal in building material of all kinds and for said purposes ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise or sell, trade, barter or otherwise deal in lands, timber, manufactories, kilns, buildings and other property required for or suitable for the purpose of the company ;

(*c*) To buy, sell, establish, maintain or operate manufactories, kilns, warehouses, agencies and depots for the manufacturing, buying, selling, storing, or distributing the products of the company ;

(*d*) To develop, transmit, distribute or otherwise deal with electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power, and to buy, provide, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to construct, lay down, erect, establish, operate, maintain and carry out all necessary works, stations, engines, machinery, plant, cables, wires, lamps, meters, transformers, apparatus, appurtenances and appliances connected with the generation, distribution, transmission, supply, sale, use and employment of electricity and to generate, accumulate, distribute, supply and sell electricity for the purposes of electric heating, lighting, traction and motive power and for industrial and other purposes in connection with any of the property or the undertakings of the company ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts bonds debentures and other obligations of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose or acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*k*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking and good-will, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on or purchase property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*l*) To acquire by purchase, subscription or otherwise, and to hold, use, deal with, sell or otherwise dispose of stocks, bonds or any other obligations of any corporation having objects similar, or in part similar, to the objects of the company, or formed for or engaged in or pursuing any one or more of the kinds of business, purposes, objects or operations above indicated, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, or owning or holding any property of any kind herein mentioned, or owning or holding the stocks, bonds or obligations of any such corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and while owner of any such stock, bonds or obligations to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership thereof, and to exercise any or all voting powers therein ;

(*m*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons or companies ;

(*n*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments :

(*o*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertakings, property, liabilities or franchises of the company or interest therein, to any other person, company or companies, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and, in particular, for shares, debentures or securities of any company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things and all things authorized by the letters patent as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*r*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them ;

(*s*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control, any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and dwellings ond other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*t*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*u*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its shareholders, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of any other company formed to take over, or which may acquire the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*v*) To issue shares of the company, common or preferred, in payment for property acquired by, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to the company, including services rendered by the promoters in connection with the incorporation and organization of the company;

(*w*) To pay out of the funds of the company, or by the issue of shares in the company's capital stock, or partly in funds and partly in stock, all the expenses of or incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company;

(*x*) The power in each of the forgoing clauses to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause:

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Dominion Fire Brick and Clay Products, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Moose Jaw, in the Province of Saskatchewan.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

Loblaw Stores, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1916, incorporating Theodore Pringle Loblaw and Frederick Eugene Robson, merchants, Samuel Rogers, barrister, and Kate May Rose and Margaret Duncan Watson, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, export, import, grow, ship and deal in all kinds of goods and merchandise such as are commonly or conveniently manufactured, exported, imported, grown and dealt in by grocers, including, but not restricting the generality of the foregoing, all kinds of pickles, sauces, spices, relishes, jams, jellies, jelly powders, custard powders, preserves, table delicacies, canned goods, soaps, prepared meats and foods and all grocers' sundries and accessories ;

(*b*) To manufacture, export, import, grow, ship and deal in all commodities used or suitable to be used in the manufacture or preparation of any of the articles referred to in paragraph (*a*) ;

(*c*) To establish stores, agencies, depots and other markets for the sale of the products of the company and to enter into agreements from time to time with individuals and corporations now or here after carrying on similar business, for the purpose of marketing and selling the products of the company ;

(*d*) To manufacture and deal in cans, boxes, jars, containers, labels and all grocers' supplies ;

(*e*) To carry on business as warehousemen ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangment for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engage in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, reissue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*l*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*m*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*n*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*o*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*p*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*r*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Loblaw Stores, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Henry McMullen, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of October, 1916, incorporating Henry McMullen, manufacturer, John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, both of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, and Auguste Angers and Charles Albert Hale, advocates, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of manufacturers, traders and dealers in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise, and especially to manufacture, buy, sell, import, export, traffic and deal in all manner and kinds of shirt waists, dresses, whitewear, underwear, shirts, collars, haberdashers' supplies, silks, cottons, laces and piece goods generally, men's, women's and children's clothing and wearing apparel generally of every description, and all other articles and things capable of being used in connection with the manufacture and sale of the same ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to take over the whole or any part of the undertaking, business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on a business similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for the same in whole or in part by cash or shares or other securities of the company wholly or partly paid-up, and, with the approval of the shareholders, to pay in like manner for any services rendered to the company, whether in connection with its organization or the conduct of its business or otherwise ;

(*d*) To enter into any agreement for sharing of profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, management of the affairs of the company or other arrangements of a like nature with any person or companies carrying on or about to carry on business similar to that of the company and to take all such steps and proceedings and do all such matters and things as may be necessary or expedient to carry out and give effect to such agreements or any of same;

(*e*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any person, company or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding anything under section 44 of the Companies Act, to acquire, hold and dispose of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities issued by any person, firm or corporation carrying on a similar business ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire movable or immovable, real or personal property of any kind and nature that may be deemed suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any trade-marks or patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) To lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration or upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit, and in particular for the shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*j*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*k*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*l*) Generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*m*) The above powers and purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other, and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed as having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Henry McMullen, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

E. A. Cole & Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1916, incorporating, Jean Panneton, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec, advocate, and William Stuart Gordon, accountant, Dora Lenoble and Bertha Barrow, stenographers, and Gertrude Green, clerk, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire, take over and carry on as a going concern the business now carried on in Montreal and elsewhere by Walter Otis Cameron Hillman as dealer in wholesale paper and stationery under the name and style of E. A. Cole & Co. at Montreal, and all or any of the assets and liabilities of the said Walter Otis Cameron Hillman in connection with such business and to pay for the same by the issue of fully paid-up shares of the company or otherwise ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of printers, publishers, and lithographers, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in paper, paper products, cardboard, butcher supplies, chemicals, dyes, and all kinds of stationery, including bound books, binders, carbon papers, typewriters, typewriting supplies, twine, rope, small wares and office supplies of every nature and kind whatsoever ;

(*c*) To manufacture, sell and deal in all kinds of machines, apparatus and merchandise generally comprised under the words, office or store supplies, specialties and stationery ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, own, hold, operate and dispose of patents, patent devices, inventions, licenses, concessions, and the like, conferring any exclusive, unexclusive or limited right to use any secret or other process, patent or any information as to any invention or patent of invention ;

(*e*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, own, hold, operate, lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the business, businesses, real estate, lands, properties, buildings, building rights, plant, stock, rights, contracts and liabilities of or appertaining to any person, firm or corporation carrying on business akin to the business which this Company is authorized to carry on or similar to the purposes for which incorporation is sought or who or which may be possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company or any shares in the capital stock, bonds, or other securities in such corporation or interest, share or right of any such person in any such business and to use the funds of this Company for the acquiring the same in the name and on behalf of this Company notwithstanding the provisions of Section 44 of the Companies Act to pay for any such in fully paid up and non-assessable share, bonds, debentures or other securities of the Company, if desired, or in any other was.

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold, sell and dispose of shares in any other company having objects similar to those of this company and to pay therefor in fully paid up and non-assessable shares of this company ;

(*g*) To pay in fully paid up and non-assessable shares of the capital stock of the company for any property, rights or things required by the company or with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered or to be rendered to the company, including services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to be placed any of the shares of stock of the company ;

(*h*) To act as agents for dealers in or manufacturers of or producers of any of the foregoing, and to enter into any agreement as to the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, amalgamation and reciprocal concession with and to aid by guarantee and endorsements, loan, guarantee or contract or otherwise, any person, firm or corporation engaged in or about to carry on any business similar to the business for which incorporation is now sought ;

(*i*) To sell, assign, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertakings of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular, but without limiting the scope of the foregoing, for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company, and to distribute any property of the company in kind among the members thereof;

(*j*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*k*) To do all matters and things, transact all business and acquire by purchase, lease, concessions, license, exchange, or other legal title, own, hold, alienate, cede, transfer, lease, or otherwise dispose of and deal in all rights, property and properties or other assets or things necessary or in the opinion of the company useful or convenient for or incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which incorporation is sought, or for the purpose of enlarging, extending, or in any way advancing the intention, scope or extent of the business to be hereby incorporated ;

(*l*) The powers enumerated in each paragraph hereof to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "E. A. Cole & Co., Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1916, incorporating William Thomson Hamilton, manufacturer, Charles Walter Cate, John Perley Wells and Charles Dickinson White, of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, and Jean May Stewart, accountant, all of the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To make, manufacture, purchase, sell, job and otherwise deal in boots, shoes and all thinks incidental to footwear ;

(*b*) To manufacture, tan and treat, and to purchase, sell and otherwise deal in leather of all kinds.

(*c*) To make, manufacture and deal in last, shoe counters, cartoons, wood-cases, shoe dressing and other parts and findings connected with the manufacture of footwear ;

(*d*) To purchase, sell, manufacture, job in and otherwise deal in rubber and rubber footwear of all kind ;

(*e*) To manufacture and produce steam, gas and electricity, for heat, light and power for the purposes of the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire and continue any similar business heretofore carried on or that may be hereafter carried on, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, debentures or other securities of the company ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange or other legal title, and to construct, erect, operate, maintain and manage all factories, shops, storehouses, depots, machine shops, engine houses and other structures, and erections necessary for its business and all other property movable and immovable, necessary and useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company, and to lease, sell and dispose of the same ;

(*h*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or license on royalty or otherwise acquire and hold, use, own. operate and introduce and to sell, assign, or otherwise dispose of any trade marks trade names, patents of invention, improvements and processes under registration or otherwise, useful to the businese of the company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise, turn to account any such trade marks, trade names and inventions, licenses, processes and the like or any such other property or rights;

(*i*) To manage, promote, assist in promoting and become a shareholder in any subsidiary, allied or other company carrying on wholly or in part business of a similar character, and to sell to or otherwise deal with the same, to amalgamate with any other company, to let or sublet any property of the company, to sell or otherwise dispose of the business, property or undertaking or part thereof, for such consideration as the company may deem fit, and in particular for shares, debentures of any other company and to hold, sell, reissue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends and to distribute such securities or any other assets of the company in specie among its members, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or attainment of any one or more of the objects hereinbefore enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named or which shall or may at any time appear to be conducive to or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company, either as holders of or interested in any property or otherwise, under the name of "Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited."

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

Hodgens & Roberts, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of October, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographer, Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers, merchants, jobbers, importers and wholesale and retail dealers in, cigars, cigarettes, tobaccos and tobacconist's sundries in all states and conditions of manufacture, and all articles required by or useful to smokers or which are or may be dealt in or required by tobacconists ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, repair and deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, products, articles and things necessary or useful for carrying on such business as aforesaid or which are or may be dealt in by persons engaged therein ;

(*c*) To erect, construct, maintain and operate any buildings, works, machinery and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on business with objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company, or possessed of property suitable or proper for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue such fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold and own the capital stock, bonds or other securities of any other company, corporation or individual carrying on or engaged in any business which this company is empowered to carry on or engage in, and to acquire, hold or otherwise dispose of such shares, bonds or other securities, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, partnership or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or otherwise, any other company or corporation with whom the company may have business relations and to guarantee the performance of contracts by such company or corporation ;

(*i*) To make advances to customers and others, with or without security and upon such terms as the company may approve, and to guarantee the debts and contracts of customers and others ;

(*j*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property or assets of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company or companies which may have purchased or taken over, either in whole or in part, the property, assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*l*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies whose objects are or include objects similar to those of this company, whether by sale or purchase (for shares or otherwise) of the undertaking, subject to the liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid, or by partnership or any arrangement of the nature of partnership, or in any other manner ;

(*m*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of, in whole or in part, the property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To make donations and subscriptions to any object likely to promote the interests of the company, and to create and contribute to pension and other funds and schemes for the benefit of persons employed by the company, or the wives, widows, children or dependents of any such persons, and to subscribe or guarantee money for any charitable or public object ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, and to carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects set forth and which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of its property or rights ;

(*p*) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares of the company's capital or any bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business;

(*q*) The objects above set out shall, unless otherwise expressed, be no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause or paragraph of this charter. On the contrary the objects and powers specified in each clause shall be deemed to be independent and seperate from the objects and powers conferred by the other clauses above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Hodgens & Roberts, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars, divided into 3,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

Phenarsenyl Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of October, 1916, incorporating George Hermyle Baril, physician, Louis Alexandre Normandin, merchant, Théophile Viau, manager, Eugène Arthur Ouimet, financial agent, and Frédéric Auguste Béïque, King's counsel, all of the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, deal in, import and export chemicals, medicinal preparations and other products, and generally carry on wholesale business as manufacturers, buyers and vendors of all kinds of medicines and chemicals, patented articles, machinery, scientific apparatus, surgical instruments and supplies, and to carry on the trade of chemists, druggists, apothecaries, and traders, importers and exporters and manufacturers of medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the companys property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person

or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*g*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*i*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*j*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*k*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*l*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*m*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*n*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*o*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*p*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*q*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*r*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*t*) To acquire and take over as a going concern any business or operations now or hereafter carried on by any person, firm or corporation engaged in or empowered to engage in any business within the powers of the company, and to pay for the same either in cash or wholly or partly by shares, debentures or other securities of the company ;

(*u*) To purchase, hold, sell and dispose of shares of the capital stock of any other company or corporation having objects in whole or in part similar to those of the company, and to invest its funds in the purchase of any such stock and to pay for the same either in cash or shares of the capital stock or debentures of the company or partly in cash and partly in capital stock or debentures of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Phenarsenyl Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-eight thousand dollars, divided into 480 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Porcelain Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of October, 1906, incorporating Gideon Grant, Mervil MacDonald, Bruce Williams and Edwin Smily, barristers-at-law, and Edward Wesley Rhodes, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in porcelain, porcelain and clay products, and to assemble parts thereof and to acquire, own and carry on the business of wholesale and retail dealers in all kinds of porcelain, porcelain and clay products, and to act as agents for dealers or manufacturers of any such goods, wares and merchandise, and to establish agencies and branch stores ; to carry on all or any businesses, both wholesale and retail, as shopkeepers, general merchants, manufacturers, shippers, general agents and warehousemen, and to buy, sell, make, manufacture, import, export, warehouse, store and deal in products of every description, goods, wares, merchandise and manufactured articles ;

(*b*) To take, acquire, lease, hold, sell and dispose of real estate and personal property of every nature and kind as security for or in satisfaction wholly or in part of debts, liabilities or obligations incurred or to be incurred in respect of or in connection with the business aforesaid, or any of the purposes of the company ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the com-

pany capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any portion of the business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company, and to pay for the same in cash, bonds or paid-up shares or partly in cash and partly in bonds or paid-up shares of the company as may be agreed upon ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, copyrights, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*g*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*i*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*j*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*k*) To lease, purchase, construct, own, maintain and altar any buildings or work necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company and to take options on lands and buildings belonging to others and to exercise such options or not as may be deemed expedient ;

(l) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with, all or any part of the real and personal property, rights and franchise of the company and to give options thereon on any part thereof ;

(*m*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as the directors may from time to determine ;

(*n*) To employ brokers, commission agent and underwriters upon any issues of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company and to provide for the remuneration of such person or any other persons rendering services of any kind to the company ;

(*o*) To remunerate any person, firm or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the company's capital or any debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation, promotion, organization or incorporation of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*p*) To pay all the costs, charges or expenses preliminary or incidental to or incurred in connection with the promotion, organization, formation, establishment, registration and incorporation of the company ;

(*q*) The business or purposes of the company is from time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth, either alone or in conjunction with others or as principals, factors, contractors or agents, and to do all and everything necessary, suitable and convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time appear to be conducive or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company. And it is hereby declared that in the interpretation of this clause the meaning of any of the objects of the company shall not be restricted by reference to any other object or by the juxtaposition of two or more objects, and that in the event of any ambiguity this clause shall be construed in such manner as to widen and not restrict the powers of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Porcelain Corporation, Limited" with a capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 1,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Preston, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Foundry Products, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Daniel Lee Redman, barrister-at-law, Charles William Coole, law clerk, Peter Duncan McAlpine, student-at-law, and Molly Mortimer and Mary Elizabeth Glasford, stenographers, all of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as iron masters, iron founders and smelters, steel makers or steel converters in all their respective branches, and to buy, sell, prepare for market, manipulate, import, export and deal in iron in any and every form, and to manufacture and deal in articles of every kind and description manufactured from iron or the products thereof, or in the manufacture of which iron in any form is used ; to manufacture and deal in, either wholesale or retail, or to assist in the manufacture of and to produce, buy, sell, deal and trade in all kinds and descriptions of materials and equipment used in the building or construction of buildings, railways, bridges, pipe lines, transmission lines, gas and oil wells, and other structures and undertaking of every kind and description whatsoever, and to prepare sketches, designs, drafts, plans, specifications and estimates for and to enter into and carry out contracts for or to supervise the building, erection, construction, repairing, furnishing, fitting, equiping, installing or drilling of works, buildings, factories, machinery, plants, rafineries, elevators, warehouses, roads, bridges, viaducts, aqueducts, mines, quarries, stores, pipe lines, oil, gas and water wells, water, electric or gas distributing systems and to manufacture or otherwise produce, furnish or provide materials for the same and generally and without limitation, by reason of the foregoing enumeration, to carry on the business of architects, engineers, surveyors, contractors and supply merchants in all and any of their branches and to sublet all or any part of any such contracts or undertakings or to carry on, execute and complete the same and to do all matters and things in connection therewith ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise and to build, erect, construct, own, operate, maintain, equip and control foundries, furnaces, steel and iron mills, refineries, plants, boilers, engines, machinery and all other structures and equipment for the working and producing of iron and the products thereof in any and every form ;

(*c*) To acquire, construct, erect, lay down, drill, maintain, enlarge, alter, work and use and dispose of all rands, buildings, erections, derricks, easements, gas and other works, wells, reservoirs, machinery, plant, stock, pipes, pipe lines, lamps, motors, fittings, meters, apparatus, equipment, material and things and to supply all such material, products and things as may be necessary, incidental or convenient in connection therewith ;

(*d*) To construct, purchase, acquire, lease, erect, own, equip, maintain, improve, operate and control mills, factories, manufactories, warehouses, cold storage depots and plants, foundries, smelters, elevators, electric works, power houses, workshops, cars, engines, sidings, tracks, spurs, shipping facilities, and such other works, buildings, machinery, plant and conveniences as may seem directly or indirectly to advance the interests of the company, and to contribute to and otherwise assist or take part in the construction, equipment, improvement, working, management, operation and control thereof, and generally to construct, purchase or otherwise acquire and alter any buildings, stores, offices, plants, machinery, works or other undertakings that may be necessary or convenient for the purpose of the company ;

(*e*) To prospect for, develop, drill, bore, sink, mine, dig for, produce, manufacture, buy, sell, use, dispose of and deal in natural gas, oil and other natural, artificial or manufactured fuel products, and to carry on all or any of the businesses that are usually or may be conveniently carried on by natural gas, oil or other natural or manufactured fuel produce companies;

(*f*) To buy, sell, lease or take in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property and any rights, franchises, easements and privileges which the company may think expedient or desirable to purchase or acquire for the purposes of its business or any of them;

(*g*) To install, own, equip, maintain and operate a telephone or telegraph system in connection with and for the purposes of any of the business of the company; provided always that such telegraph and telephone systems shall not be exercised beyond the limit of the company's property ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, manage and superintend, or to aid in the construction, improvement, maintenance, management and superintendance of roads, bridges, viaducts and aqueducts and other works, for any of the purposes of the company ;

(*i*) To trade and deal in all kinds of natural products, goods, wares and merchandise, provisions and supplies in connection with the undertaking of the company ;

(*j*) To acquire the good-will of any business and acquire or undertake the sale of all or any of the assets and liabilities of any such business, and take over as a going concern the business in connection therewith ;

(*k*) To purchase or otherwise acquire or undertake all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any company, society, partnership or person formed for all or any of the purposes within the objects of this company, or carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company, and to conduct ond carry on or liquidate and wind up any such business ;

(*l*) To let on lease or to hire the whole or any part of the real and personal property of the company on such terms as the company shall determine ;

(*m*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patent rights, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, transfer or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the rights or information so acquired ;

(*n*) To enter into any contract, agreeing and arrangement with any federal, territorial, provincial municipal, civic or local authorities, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority or company property, franchises, rights, privileges or concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, adopt, exercise and comply with such contracts, agreements and arrangements, franchises, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*o*) To make, draw, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warehouse receipts, warrants, securities under The Bank Act, aud other negotiable and transferable instruments or securities of every nature and kind whatsoever ;

(*p*) To issue or guarantee the issue of, or the payment of interest on, the shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds of other securities or obligations of the company or other association with which this company may have business relations and to provide for brokerage, commission and underwriting in respect of any such issue ;

(*q*) To advance and lend money to customers and others having dealings with this company upon such security as may be thought proper or without taking any security therefor ;

(*r*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*s*) To acquire by subscription, purchase or otherwise, and to accept and take, hold or sell, shares or stock in any company, society or undertaking, the object of which shall, either in whole or in part, be similar to those of this company, or such as may be likely to promote or advance the interests of this company ;

(*t*) To provide for the welfare of persons in the employment of the company, or formerly engaged in any business acquired by the company, and the wives and widows and families of such persons, by grants of money, pensions, insurance or other payments, and by providing or subscribing towards places of instruction and recreation and hospitals and dispensaries, medieal and other attendance, and other assistance, as the company shall see fit, and to form, subscribe or to otherwise aid, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or objects which shall have any moral or other claims to support or aid by the company by reason of the locality of its operations or otherwise;

(*u*) To pay the expenses of and preliminary and incidental to the formation, establishment and registration of the company;

(*v*) Upon the issue of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, to employ brokers, commission agents and underwriters, and to provide for remuneration of such persons for their services by payment in cash or, with the approval of the shareholders, by the issue of shares, debentures or other securities of the company, or by the granting of options to take the same, or in any other manner allowed by the law ;

(*w*) To sell, dispose of or transfer the business property, assets and undertakings of the company or any part thereof for any consideration which the company may see fit to accept and to accept stock or shares in, or the bonds, mortgages, debentures or other securities of any other company in payment or part payment for any services rendered or for any sale made to or debt owing from any such company ;

(*x*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among the members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*y*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with, or as factors or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents ;

(*z*) Generally to carry on any other business, whether organized or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently or profitably carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of and render profitable any of the company's properties or rights, and to do all and everything necessary, suitable, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes, or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, incidental to the powers

herein named or which shall at any time appear to be conducive to or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company, and it is hereby declared that, in the interpretation of this clause, the meaning of any of the company's objects shall not be restricted by reference to any other object, or by the juxtaposition of two or more objects, and that in the event of any ambiguity this clause shall be constructed in such a way as to widen and not to restrict the powers of the company ;

(*aa*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*bb*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals, and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Foundry Products, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

The Sterling Engine Works, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Vincent Clinton Maddock, manufacturer, Roy Mitchell Wolvin, grain merchant, William James Leaney, engineer, Garnet Coulter, barrister-at-law, and Frank Nilan, accountant, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of building and manufacturing steam engines, gasoline engines, boilers, agricultural implements, and any and all kinds of machinery, including the business of tool makers, brass and iron founders, metal workers, boiler makers, millwrights, machinists, iron and steel converters, smiths, wood workers, metallurgists, steel and iron rollers, steel makers, metal forgers, tin plate makers, electricians, electrical supply makers and fitters, wire manufacturers and drawers, water supply engineers, carriers and merchants ; to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in machinery, implements, rolling stock and hardware of all kinds ; and generally to engage in all occupations pertaining to the business of metal workers, fabricators and mechanical manufacturers and engineers ; to carry on the business of electrical, mechanical, hydraulic and civil engineers and contractors, and any business in which the application of electricity or any other power is or may be useful or convenient ; to carry on the business of general contractors for and builders of works, public and private ;

(*b*) To acquire and develop any water power, and to construct, maintain and operate works for the generation, accumulation and distribution of light, heat and power, provided that when such business is carried on outside the property of the company, it shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*c*) To design, build, own and operate vessels of every decription and to equip same with motive power, and to sell and trade in the same and to design and erect dry docks, wharves and marine ways and to own and operate any of the same ;

(*d*) To manufacture, construct, erect, deal in and sell wood, iron and steel masonry concrete, and reinforced concrete bridges ; to manufacture, construct and erect and deal in steel metal work in all the various branches thereof ;

(*e*) To acquire, purchase, take over and operate the work, property franchises and assets of any person, firm or corporation carrying on businesses similar in detail or part to the objects of this company and enter into any arrangements for such purposes and to assume the liabilities of such firm or corporation taken over ;

(*f*) To purchase and in any manner acquire mechanical or chemical patents or patented processes, and the same to manufacture, make and use and to sell the same or to sell the articles or products of the said patent or patented processes ;

(*g*) To purchase and sell lands and buildings necessary or useful to the company in carrying out any of their powers and to enter into leases either as lessors or lessees of any lands and buildings or other physical assets of the company and geuerally to sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property, rights and products of the company ;

(*h*) To do all or any of the above things and to exercise any of the powers and rights of the company as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*i*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out, control any roads, power, transmission lines, ways, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactuies, warehouse, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any machinery plant or stock in trade ;

(*k*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*l*) To issue, make, draw, accept, endorse, pay or otherwise deal in bills, notes, cheques, and negotiable instruments of every kind and nature ; to issue and distribute any of the property of the company in specie among its shareholders ;

(*m*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*n*) To pay out of the funds of the company all the costs and expenses of and incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company ;

(*o*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to do all such other businesses as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Sterling Engine Works, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

Anglo-Canadian Associates, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1916, incorporating Alfred Sear and Claude Herbert Philpot, brokers, Frederick Royden Morris and Frederick Babe, barristers-at-law and Dorothy Elizabeth Nott, stenographer, all of the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, option, lease, take in exchange, or otherwise acquire, lands or interests therein, together with any buildings, structures or fixtures that may be on the said lands or any of them, and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of and deal with the whole or any part of the company's lands and interests therein and all or any of the buildings, structures and fixtures that are now or may hereafter be erected or placed thereon, for such consideration and upon such terms as to credit or otherwise as the directors may think fit, and to improve, alter, manage and turn the said lands, buildings, structures and fixtures to account in such manner as the directors may deem fit ;

(*b*) To erect, alter, repair and maintain buildings, structures and fixtures upon any lands, whether belonging to the company or not ;

(*c*) To form and promote and assist financially or otherwise corporations, syndicates and associations carrying on a business similar or subsidiary to that of the company, and to give any lawful guarantee in connection therewith for the payment of money or for the performance of any obligation or undertaking ;

(*d*) To purchase, subscribe for, acquire, hold, sell, exchange, deal in and deal with, stocks, bonds, debentures, obligations or other securities of any corporation, government or municipality ;

(*e*) To act as agents or brokers in the business of marine, fire, life, accident and fidelity insurance, in the business of giving protections to principals and employers and in any other kind or class of insurance in all its branches, and in buying, selling and dealing with real estate ;

(*f*) To act as agents or representatives of owners or other persons or corporations having or claiming to have any interest in merchandise, vessels, cargoes, freight or other objects of insurance ;

(*g*) To farm, till, develop or othewise deal with the lands of the company and to manufacture, produce or otherwise deal with any products or by-products thereof ;

(*h*) To guarantee and otherwise assist in the performance of contracts or mortgages of persons, firms or corporations with whom the company may have dealings, and to assume and take over such mortgages or contracts on default ;

(*i*) To purchase, own, acquire and sell agreements of sale respecting lands and interests therein ;

(*j*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*k*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*l*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company;

(*m*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*n*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contrats of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, or other person or company with whom the company has business dealings ;

(*o*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*p*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*q*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any road, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores, dwelling houses, and other works, buildings and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*r*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*s*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44, of The Companies Act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of, shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any other business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to issue in exchange therefor of its own stock, bonds or other obligations ;

(*w*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall in no way be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Anglo-Canadian Associates, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

19–2

Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited" from the sum of two hundred thousand dollars to the sum of one million dollars, such increase to consist of eight thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Bermuda Bunkering Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating William Walter Perry, secretary, Kenneth MacKenzie, student-at-law, Charles Herbert Croft Leggott and Edna Fitzsimons, accountants, and Marguerite Lyola Halley, stenographer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy and sell, deal or traffic in, carry and transport, export or import, coal, coke and wood, and oil or other fuels, and also patent fuel, water and ice, and iron, steel and minerals and any and all by-products thereof, and other materials, natural or artificial, and to act as the agent of any individual or individuals, in buying, selling or dealing for them in such materials and by-products, and to engage in the business of handling, buying, selling and dealing in and with coal, or the other articles mentioned, for them or otherwise, and for the purpose of such business to own or rent or otherwise use or occupy storehouses and yards, docks, wharves, piers, boats, vessels of all description and barges, and any real estate necessary to the carrying on of the said business ;

(*b*) To purchase, take, hold, sell, convey, lease, explore, develop, improve or otherwise deal in coal or ore, lands, coal products, mines, mineral lands, mining rights, wood lands, fuel bearing lands or other lands or any interest therein, and to conduct mining operations of all kinds ;

(*c*) To own, use and operate ships, boats and other vessels, steam, motor and sail, for the purposes of the business of the corporation ;

(*d*) To furnish, supply, buy and sell water and ice to the shipping in the waters adjacent to the Island of Bermuda and to the inhabitants of said Island of Bermuda ;

(*e*) To purchase, own, sell, build, construct, lease or otherwise acquire and dispose of or encumber, houses, storage, warehouses and yards, store buildings, depots, hotels, docks, wharves and piers, and to maintain and conduct the same in connection with any of the objects herein set forth ;

(*f*) To buy and sell merchandise of all kinds at wholesale and retail and conduct a general mercantile business, and generally to carry on any other manufacturing or trading business which can be advantageously carried on with the business of the company or any business of a similar character which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business of the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's properties or rights ;

(*g*) To apply for, obtain, purchase or otherwise acquire the whole or partial title interest in any and all manuscript writings, secret formulæ, trade marks, processes, copyrights, inventions, patents or patent rights, proprietary articles or proprietary rights of any kind or nature whatsoever which may be or may seem to be capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect thereof, and otherwise turn to account the same ;

(*h*) To acquire the good-will, rights and property, and to undertake the whole or any part of the assets and liabilities of any person, firm, association or corporation, and to pay for the same in cash, stock or bonds of this corporation or otherwise ;

(*i*) To acquire, hold, use, sell, assign, lease, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise dispose of, Letters Patent of the Dominion of Canada and the Provinces thereof or any foreign country, patents, patent rights, licenses and privileges, inventions, improvements and processes, trade marks and trade names, relating to or useful in connection with any business of this corporation ;

(*j*) To enter into, make, perform and carry out contracts of every kind, for any lawful purposes, without limit as to amount, with any person, firm, association or corporation ;

(*k*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*l*) To have one or more offices to carry on all or any of its operations and business and without restriction or limit as to amount ; to purchase or otherwise acquire, to hold, own, sell, convey or otherwise dispose of real and personal property of every class and description in any of the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada and in any and all foreign countries, subject always to local laws ;

(*m*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principals, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by and through trustees, agents, sub-contractors or otherwise, and alone or jointly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all and everything necessary for and incidental to the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time be necessary for or incidental to the protection or benefit of the corporation ;

(*n*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Bermuda Bunkering Company, Limited," with a capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, divided into 300 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

The Regal Shirt, Company.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1916, incorporating John Roy Marshall, barrister-at-law, George Alexander Young, solicitor's clerk, Amy Helena Johnson and Myrtle Agnes Baker, stenographers, and Isabel Vila, bookkeeper, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in clothing and wearing apparel of all kinds and descriptions for men, women and children ;

(*b*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking and all or any of the assets and liabilities of The Regal Shirt Company, Limited, incorporated by letters patent under the Ontario Companies Act or all or any part of the shares or capital stock of the said company ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the com-

pany capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or process which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*h*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*i*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*j*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof or any of its assets for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*k*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of the capital stock or bonds, debentures or other securities of any other corporation ;

(*l*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*m*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To construct, alter, maintain, manage and otherwise deal with any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*o*) To do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of any of the property at any time held or controlled by this company ;

(*p*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be determined, any of the property of the company among its shareholders and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may acquire the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*q*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*r*) To sell, improve, manage develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Regal Shirt Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 1,250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Kingston Hosiery, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Arthur Breden Cunningham, solicitor, and Edna Isobel Moxley, Charlotte Isobel Mack, Emma Muriel Argue and Helen Elizabeth Carson, stenographers, all of the City of Kingston, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To deal in and carry on the business of manufacturing cotton and other fibrous substances, to treat, manufacture and prepare for market all the said products and by-products thereof, either in the prepared, manufactured or raw state, and either wholesale or retail ; to carry on all or any of the following businesses : cotton, flax and hemp spinners, linen manufacturers, woollen spinners, yarn merchants, worsted stuff manufacturers, bleachers and dyers, and makers of vitriol, bleaching and dyeing materials, and to purchase, comb, prepare, spin, dye and deal in flax, hemp, wool, silk and other fibrous substances, and to weave or otherwise manufacture, buy and sell and deal in cotton, linen cloth and other goods and fabrics, whether textile, trebled, netted or looped ; and to manufacture and deal in knitted goods of all sorts and to manufacture clothing and underwear of all sorts.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Kingston Hosiery, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Kingston, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dodge Manufacturing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Charles Frederick Wheaton, manufacturer ; William Grant Thurston and Francis Harvey Snyder, solicitors ; William Charles Caulton, accountant, and James Shand, superintendent, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on and engage in the business of engineering and sales and as founders, machinists and manufacturers, and to manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, to hold, own, sell, assign and transfer or otherwise dispose of, to invest, trade, deal in and deal with, goods, wares and merchandise and real and personal property, corporeal and incorporeal, of every class and description ; to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effect required by the company or its workmen or servants, and in particular, but without restricting the the general powers of the foregoing, to manufacture,

purchase, sell, trade and deal in and with engines, boilers, machines, motors, castings, iron ware and other productions of metals and wood and all other materials, power transmission appliances and machinery, friction clutches, shafting hangers, grain handling machinery and appliances, all kinds of pulleys, both iron and wood, including Dodge Standard Wood Pulleys with interchangeable bushing system, pressed steel split pulleys, sheet metal products, Process shafting, conveying and elevating machinery of all kinds, for the manufacture of pulp and paper and gearing of all kinds ;

(*b*) To grow and produce raw materials, live stock, grains, fruits, agricultural products, flax, hemp and jute, and to raise cattle, sheep, horses and live stock of every kind, and to manufacture any and all materials, goods, products and merchandise of any and every kind from the foregoing, and to acquire, own, lease, prospect for, open, explore, develop, work, improve, maintain and manage, mines, quarries, mineral oil, natural gas and other deposits and properties, and to dig for, raise, crush, wash, smelt, assay, analyse, reduce, amalgamate, refine, pipe, convey and otherwise treat ores, metals, minerals, clays, oils and natural gas, whether belonging to the company or not, and to render the same merchantable and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same or any part thereof or any interest therein ;

(*c*) To construct, acquire, own, work, manage, maintain, repair, alter, charter, operate, contract in reference to, hire, lease, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all kinds of plant equipment, machinery, supplies, steamships, vessels, barges, boats and water craft, cartage plant, forwarding plant, towing, wrecking and salvage plant, and shares or interests therein, and also elevators, sheds, warehouses, hotels, lodging houses, factories, foundries, including special foundries for the production of malleable steel and brass castings, dwelling houses, stores, shops, works, roadways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, gas and electrical works, hydraulic works and plant refrigerating works, wharves, docks, dry docks, harbours, buildings, yards, terminals, piers, cables, acqueducts, flumes, ditches and all such other structures, erections, works or conveniences as the directors may deem necessary or expedient for any of the purposes of the company ; to establish branch distributing warehouses or factories or both at any points throughout the Dominion of Canada and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof, or of any of the foregoing ;

(*d*) To work, manage, operate, turn to account, explore, develop and improve the properties of the company ;

(*e*) To deal in and contract with reference to timber licenses and timber rights and to cut, render merchantable, handle, manufacture, deal in and contract with reference to timber and lumber of all kinds and all products thereof ;

(*f*) To operate construction or building plants and to take and cary out contracts for building or for construction work of any kind ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease, take in exchange or otherwise acquire, lands or interests therein, leases and any real and personal property or any interest therein, together with any buildings or structures that may be on the said lands or any of them, and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of the whole or any portion of the lands and all or any of the buildings or structures that are now or may hereafter be erected thereon, and to take such security therefor as may be deemed necessary ; to erect buildings and deal in building material ; to take or hold mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase money on any of the lands, buildings or structures so sold and to sell or otherwise dispose of said mortgages ; to improve, alter and manage the said lands and buildings and to guarantee and otherwise assist in the performance of contracts or mortgages of persons, firms or corporations with whom the company may have dealings, and to assume and take over such mortgages or contracts on default ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the properties, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) To act as agents and brokers of all kinds in transactions within the objects of the company, and to assist, for remuneration or otherwise, any of the customers or tenants of the company in any part of their business or undertakings ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise water lots, water privileges and water power and steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power and force ; to manufacture or generate and deliver and supply power of all or any of the above kinds ; to utilize the same, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any surplus thereof for the purpose of light, heat and power, subject to any local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*k*) To purchase, take over, lease or otherwise acquire as a going concern or otherwise, the business, property, undertakings, good-will and assets of any person, firm or corporation carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and more particularly the business, assets and undertaking of the "Dodge Manufacturing Company, Limited," a company incorporated under the Ontario Companies Act, and to assume and undertake the liabilities of such person, firm or corporation, and to pay or partly pay for such business, property, undertakings, good-will and assets so acquired, purchased and taken over, or leased and taken over, in fully paid-up or partly paid-up preference or common or ordinary shares of the company or in the bonds, debentures or other securities of the company ;

(*l*) To take, acquire and hold by purchase for cash or otherwise or as the consideration for goods sold or supplied or otherwise disposed of or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*m*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*o*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises or any of the products, of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the properties, rights and liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company ;

(*o*) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to take, hold, sell, exchange and deal in, the shares, stocks, bonds, obligations or debentures or securities of any other company or corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to pay for the same in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of this company or in property of this company, and while holding the same to exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to guarantee payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company or corporation with which the company may have business relations, and to promote any company or corporation having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being carried on so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to exercise the rights, powers and franchises of any company

whose capital stock is owned by this company, in the name of such company or in its own name ;

(*p*) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being con ducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to lend money to, endorse for, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*q*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, federal, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, franchises and concessions ;

(*r*) To remunerate, with the approval of the shareholders, in shares or in any other way any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company's capital or any debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*s*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons and grant pensions and allowances and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*t*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*u*) To procure the company to be licensed, registered or otherwise recognized in any foreign country, and to designate persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company with power to represent the company in all matters according to the laws of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*v*) To distribute in kind or in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*w*) To carry on and undertake any other business which may from time to time seem to the directors of this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or objects or calculated directly or indirectly to render valuable or enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's privileges, property or rights and as incidental to the carrying on of its business, and to make and endorse negotiable paper ;

(*x*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*y*) To pay out of the funds of the company all the expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company ;

(*z*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principal, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and by and through trustees, agents, sub-contractors or otherwise and alone or jointly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all such other things and all and everything necessary for or incidental to the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time be necessary for or incidental to the protection or benefit of the corporation, and to conduct and carry on the business and undertakings of the company in foreign countries and throughout the British Empire ;

(*aa*) The business or purpose of the company is from time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth, and any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Dodge Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one million five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Boiler and Foundry, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Charles William Webb, manufacturer, Joseph Hector Charbonneau and Victor Pelletier, accountant, Frank Edward Lauer, superintendent, and Clement Antoine Guertin, advocate, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in iron, scrap iron, copper, steel and all their products ; to manufacture furnaces for heating by means of hot water, steam, gas, oil and electricity, also hot air furnaces, or any other power ; radiators and other apparatus for heating houses and public buildings, and also to manufacture accessories and appurtenances of the same ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandises ;

(*c*) To act as agents for other persons or companies in the purchase, sale, exchange or lease of all products concerning the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*d*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*e*) To acquire and use steam, electric or other powers for the purposes aforesaid ;

(*f*) To receive in payment of merchandise or for work done, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities issued by any similar company and to give and dispose of the same ; to acquire by way of purchase, exchange, lease or otherwise and own any similar business, name, machinery, stock, good-will, assets, property, privileges, franchises, contracts, leases, real estate or otherwise, rights of any person, firm or company doing a similar business or exercising industries or carrying on a trade which may be useful for the purposes of the company and to pay for same in cash or paid-up shares of the company such price as may be determined by the company ;

(*g*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects similar to those herein enumerated on such terms and conditions as the company may choose ;

(*h*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of, in whole or in part, the property, rights or undertaking

of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*i*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue such fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of this company ;

(*j*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may be from time to time determined ;

(*k*) To apply for and acquire on any terms letters patent of invention, patent rights, processes, concessions, licenses, trade-marks, copyrights or any other privileges or protections of a like nature for or connected with any matter, article or subject of manufacture or convenient for the business of the company, and to turn the same to account by manufacturing or working the same or granting licenses in respect thereof or otherwise ;

(*l*) To acquire, receive, hold, lease, exchange, alienate or otherwise dispose of any movable or immovable property ;

(*m*) To draw, accept, sign, endorse and negotiate bills of exchange, promissory notes, cheques and other negotiable instruments ;

(*n*) To acquire, hold, lease, guarantee, sell or exchange shares, stock or debentures or securities of any corporation carrying on a business similar to that of the company ;

(*o*) To acquire, purchase and hold any franchise and to pay therefor either in shares, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*p*) To do all things, exercise all the powers and carry on any business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Boiler and Foundry, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Montreal East, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Laporte-Irwin, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of November, 1916, incorporating John Irwin, manufacturer, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec ; Lawrence Macfarlane, advocate and King's counsel, William Bridges Scott and John MacNaughton, advocates, and James Geary Cartwright, office manager, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell and deal in or otherwise turn to account goods, wares and merchandise of all kinds whatsoever ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or may seem to the company calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, or to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's properties or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association or company possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company, or carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks or obligations of this company ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, joint adventures, reciprocal concession or co-operation with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to subsidize or guarantee the obligations of or otherwise assist any such company, person or persons ;

(*e*) To purchase, subscribe for, acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of stock, bonds, debentures, or other securities in any other corporation, and evidence of indebtedness in any such corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 44 of the Companies' Act ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, rights for privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business, and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds ;

(*g*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses and the like, conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the rights and information so acquired ;

(*h*) To sell, let, develop, dispose of or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the company, upon any terms with power to accept as the consideration any shares, stocks or obligations of or interest in any other company ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement with any government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, concessions and privileges that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them ;

(*j*) To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership or conjunction with any other person, firm, association or company, and in any part of the world ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, debentures or other securities in other companies belonging to the company, or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*l*) The powers in each paragraph are in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph ;

(m) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Laporte-Irwin, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 25,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

La Cie Internationale des Beaux-Arts, Limitée.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of November, 1916, incorporating John Albert Engel, advocate, James Burnett Taylor, ac-

countant, Max Bernfeld, student-at-law, Berthe Maysenhoelder and Mae Johnston, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase or otherwise acquire as a going concern with all its rights, obligations and good-will the business carried on at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, by La Cie Internationale d'Importation, dealers in stationery, post cards, novelties and accessories and to continue the said business ;

(*b*) To carry on business as printers, engravers, embossers and bookbinders, and to manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, exchange and otherwise trade and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all descriptions ;

(*c*) To establish, operate and conduct shops or depots for the sale of all articles manufactured or dealt in by the company and any other goods, wares and merchandise which may be advantageously dealt in in connection therewith ;

(*d*) To enter into any arrangements or contracts with any authorities, federal, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority licenses, privileges or concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, hold, operate under, exercise and comply with the same ;

(*e*) To manufacture and generate steam, gas, electrical and other energy, for heat, light or other power for the purposes of the company, and to sell or otherwise deal with the surplus thereof, subject to all laws, by-laws and municipal regulations applicable thereto ;

(*f*) To carry on any other enterprise or business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently or advantageously carried on in connection with the business and objects of the company, or calculated to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To procure the company to be licensed, registered and recognized in any other country and to designate persons therein to do such acts and things as may be expedient under the laws of such country to represent the company to enable it effectively to carry on business and prosecute its affairs in such country ;

(*h*) To acquire, use, lease and operate the business property or undertaking in whole or in part of any person or company, carrying on any business similar or incidental to or which may appear likely to be advantageous to this company ;

(*i*) To prosecute, amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, the union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions, or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or about to carry on any business similar to that of the company or ancillary thereto ; to advance money to, or guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company having business engagements with this company, or indebted to it, and to invest any of of the moneys of the company in the shares of any other company carrying on a similar business ;

(*j*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Act, to subscribe for, receive, purchase or otherwise acquire the shares or securities of any company carrying on a similar business or to accept the same in whole or in part payment or discharge of the price or consideration of the sale, lease, concessions or other disposal of any property, rights or debts which may be held, enjoyed by or due to this company ; and such shares or securities to hold, vote upon, sell, re-issue or otherwise deal with as this company may see fit ;

(*k*) To purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire and possess and deal in all movable and immovable property which the company may deem necessary or useful for its business or operations, including trademarks, industrial designs, patents rights, licenses, franchises or other rights and privileges of any kind whatsoever ;

(*l*) To issue, allot and hand over as fully paid-up and non-assessable, preferred or common shares, bonds debentures or other securities of this company in payment or part payment of the business so to be acquired by this company, including allowance for good-will, and of any other business property, contracts or rights which this company may from time to time acquire for the purposes of its business, or with the approval of the shareholders, of services which may be rendered to the company in its promotion or otherwise, or in settlement of any indebtedness of the company;

(*m*) To sell, exchange, lease or otherwise deal with any or all of the undertaking, property, movable or immovable, and the rights at any time owned or enjoyed by this compauy upon such terms and conditions as may be thought fit;

(*n*) To invest, loan or otherwise deal with the moneys or other property of the company not immediately required in such manner and in such securities as may from time to time be determined, or to distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved among its shareholders, any property or assets of the company ;

(*o*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and things conducive, useful and necessary to attain the above objects and carry on all business incidental to and germane to the objects of the company ;

(*p*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, brokers, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either separately or in conjunction with others ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "La Cie Internationale des Beaux-Arts, Limitée," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 8th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Samara Pulp Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating Arthur Ramsay Holden, King's counsel ; Pierre Amable Badeaux, advocate ; Ernest Geoffrey Bennett, accountant ; Arthur Charters, bookkeeper, and Alfred Boreham Wright, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, export, import and otherwise handle and deal in pulp and pulp woods paper products and like materials and products and to carry on business as general manufacturers, importers and exporters and as general merchants ;

(*b*) To cultivate, raise, produce, mine and otherwise acquire or obtain things or materials that may be deemed capable of being used as or changed into pulp or paper fibres or fibre products or things of like nature, whether alone or in conjunction with other things or materials ;

(*c*) To manufacture, treat and in any way handle and deal with any things or materials that may be deemed capable of being used as or changed or worked into pulp or paper fibres or fibre products or things of like nature, whether alone or in conjunction with other things or materials ;

(*d*) To buy, sell, import, export and generally deal in all products, materials, goods, wares, merchandise, articles and other things, and to act as agents, commission merchants, brokers and representatives of other companies, persons or enterprises wherever situated, and to engage or arrange with sub-agents and correspondents and to open sample rooms and to do all other things useful for such purposes ;

(*e*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to equip and operate transportation facilities, whether by air, land or water, and to lease, sell or otherwise dispose of or deal with the same ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to purchase or acquire in any way and to own, hold and sell, with or without war-

ranty, the shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any manufacturing or other corporation or enterprise carrying on business similar to that of this company, or to promote or contribute to or subsidize or otherwise assist the same, and to amalgamate or make any other working arrangements with any person, company or enterprise carrying on any similar enterprise, and to manage, operate and carry on the property, undertakings and affairs of any such business and to acquire the same, including its good-will, rights, liabilities and other accessories, by purchase, lease or otherwise ; and to issue, allot and deliver as fully paid-up and non-assessable the shares, debentures or other securities of this company in payment or part payment of any securities. right or things that it can acquire, and, with the approval of the shareholders, in payment or part payment for any services rendered to the company, whether in connection with its promotion and organization or its business or otherwise ;

(*g*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold, use (on lease, license or otherwise) and to exercise, develop and introduce, and to sell, assign, lease or otherwise dispose of or turn to account any patents, trade marks, inventions, copyrights, improvements and processes, concessions and the like useful to the business of the company, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in bonds, debentures or other securities or assets of the company, or by the issue of fully paid-up and non-assessable shares of its capital stock ;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company or enterprise carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on and to promote and assist in promoting and to become a shareholder of or participator in any such company or enterprise and to purchase or acquire the shares and securities thereof, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to hold, sell, re-issue or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To make advances to or guarantee the obligations or contracts of or otherwise assist in any manner any company whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held in whole or in part by this company, and to do any act or thing for the preservation, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares, bonds or obligations, and in like manner to advance money to or guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company having business engagements with the company or inbebted to it ;

(*j*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and to assume the liabilities of any person, firm corporation or enterprise indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that transacted by the company, and to pay for the same in cash or in fully paid-up and non-assessable shares or securities of this company or otherwise ;

(*k*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of or deal with the whole or any part of the undertaking of the company and of its assets and good-will and rights and obligations of any kind, for such consideration as the company may think fit, including shares, debentures and other securities of any other corporation having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company, and to distribute among its shareholders any cash, securities or other consideration so received ;

(*l*) To pay all costs incidental to procuring the charter of incorporation or in connection with the formation and organization of the company, and to do any such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the undertakings, assets, rights or liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated to benefit the company ;

(*m*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company cabable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*n*) To lend money to persons or companies having dealings with the company and to invest and deal with any funds or assets not immediately required for the purposes of the company as may be deemed expedient, and to invest money on behalf of any other company or individual and to guarantee the security of such investmeuts:

(*o*) To enter into any arrangement with any authority or government, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, concessions, subsidies or other benefits which it may seem desirable to obtain, and to carry out or exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights and benefits, and to procure the company to be licensed, registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein and do such acts and things as may be expedient under the laws of such country to represent the company and enable it effectively to carry on business or prosecute its affairs there and elsewhere ;

(*p*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, lease, sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange or otherwise dispose of or deal with any real estate, lands, buildings or other property or rights necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the company's business ;

(*q*) To do any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, managers, supervisors or otherwise, and by or through trustees or agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such things as may be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*r*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent upon each other, and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise restricted by reason of any other clauses of such objects, powers or purposes or otherwise ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Samara Pulp Company, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of fifty dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 8th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under Secretary of State.

Revolving Wardrobes Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Robert John Winsor Barker, manufacturer, John Shirley Denison, King's counsel, Leonard Alexander Richard, student-at-law, Elizabeth Young, secretary, and Ellen Jane McNaught, stenographer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To enter into any arrangement necessary for the purpose of carrying out an agreement or agreements between Oscar L. Smith, Grand Rapid Show Case Company and Jones Brothers and Co., Limited, either in their existing form or with such modifications as may be necessary ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in clothing wardrobes and all parts thereof ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or similar thereto or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*i*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the combany, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publieation of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principgls, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the obove objects ;

(*v*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company's capital or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Revolving Wardrobe Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Eclipse Plating and Sales Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating John Dorning, electroplater, Philip Marshall Grimes, manufacturers' agent, Frederick Drummond Hogg, barrister-at-law, and Katie Ellen Emma Argue and Sarah Evelyn Hamilton, stenographers, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business of electroplaters, manufacturers and repairers of and dealers in electrical supplies, apparatus, appliances and equipment, and manufacturers and repairers of and dealers in engines, machinery, tools, implements, metals and mechanical equipment, manufacturers' supplies and products of every kind and description ;

(*b*) To act as agents for others for the sale of all such goods, wares and merchandise, on commission or otherwise ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to hold such property, movable and immovable, as may be deemed necessary and requisite for the purposes of the company's business, including stores, warehousess, machine shops, factories and other establishments, and to erect and construct the same when and where advisable ;

(*d*) To apply for, acquire, lease and dispose of trademarks, industrial designs, licenses, patents and patent rights for and in respect of any invention that may be deemed useful and necessary for the company's business, and to use, operate and work the same ;

(*e*) To subcribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other obligations and securities of any company carrying on or engaged in a business which the company is authorized to carry

on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*f*) To acquire or undertake the or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on a business which the company is authorized to carry on, and in particular to acquire the movable property, stock in trade, assets and good-will of the business heretofore carried on by the Eclipse Plating Company, as also such other businesses of a like nature as this company may consider advisable ;

(*g*) To acquire and take over contracts from individuals, firms and corporations and to transfer, assign or otherwise dispose of any contract or undertaking of the company in whole or in part ;

(*h*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*i*) To acquire and hold security of any kind, real or personal, for debts, liabilities and obligations of the company in respect of its purposes and objects, and to improve, manage, develop, sell, lease or dispose of any of the property and rights of the company ;

(*j*) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment of any property, real, personal or mixed, and for any rights, privileges or covenants secured by purchase, lease or otherwise or for any liabilities owing by the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or agreed to be rendered to the company by any persons, firms or corporations in the formation and promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*k*) To carry on any other similar business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business of the company, and generally to do all such acts, matters and things as are incidental, requisite or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Eclipse Plating and Sales Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 8th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Electrograph Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 4th day of November, 1916, incorporating William Morell Houston, manufacturers' agent, Ora Macdonald Barker, clerk, Elsie Gertrude Houston, married woman, and William Redford Mulock, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba ; and Andrew James Tallman, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, company manager, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, purchase or acquire in any manner and to hold, own, lease, sell, transfer or in any manner dispose of and to deal and trade in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise and personal property of any and every description by wholesale or retail or otherwise and more particularly and without restricting the generality of the foregoing in electric, gas or other heaters and supplies of any and every description and electric signs ;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to construct, lay down, erect, establish, maintain and operate all necessary works, stations, engines, machinery, plant, cables, wires, lines, generators, accumulators, lamps, meters, transformers, apparatus, appurtenances and appliances connected with the generation, accumulation, distribution, transmission, supply, sale, use and employment of electricity and to generate, accumulate, transmit, distribute, supply and sell electricity for all public and private purposes;

(*c*) To operate and contract for the operation of electric signs and signboards and public and private lighting;

(*d*) To apply for and receive, or to acquire by enactment, grant, assignment, transfer, lease or otherwise and to maintain, exercise, operate and enjoy any statute, by-law or concession, license, power, authority franchise, right or privilege, relating to the generation development, accumulation, distribution, supply, sale use and employment of electric energy, which any government or authority parliamentary, legislative, municipal or local or any other public body or any corporation may be empowered to enact, make or grant, to pay for, aid and contribute towards carrying the same into effect and to mortgage, encumber, lease, sell, assign or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*e*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, own, exercise, operate, carry out and enjoy in its own name or in the name of the company hereinafter referred to, if thereunto duly authorized, all or any of the property, franchises, good will, rights, powers, and privileges, held or enjoyed by any company carrying on or formed for carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which, or any part of which, the company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for any such wholly or partly in cash, or wholly or partly in securities of or owned by the company or otherwise, or so undertake the liabilities of any such company;

(*f*) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to take, hold, vote upon, exchange, pledge, encumber, deal with, sell or otherwise dispose of securities of any other company notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to pay for the same in securities of or owned by the company and while holding the same to enjoy and exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof ;

(*g*) To receive any exemption, bonus or grant from any government, municipalty or company ;

(*h*) To pay for any property, real or personal, or any franchise, good-will, right, power or privilege acquired in any manner by the company or for any guarantee of any debt or undertaking of the company of for any service rendered to the company or to pay any debt of the company wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in securities of the company or owned by it or wholly or partly in shares of the capital stock of the company fully paid or otherwise;

(*i*) To guarantee payment of the principal and (or) interest on the securities of or the dividends of any company with which the company may be connected or may have business relations, and to promote any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or any of them.

(*j*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company or any of them and to enter into any arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any company with which the company has business relations, or which may be carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to engage in or carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To lend money to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any company by making advances or otherwise and to take or otherwise acquire as security therefor, securities of or owned by any such company, or any other security, and to issue or reissue the same, with or without guarantee of, principal or interest or otherwise, and to hold, vote upon, exchange, sell, deal with or otherwise dispose of the same and while holding the same to enjoy and exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof ;

(*l*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, licenses, leases, concessions or the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention or discovery which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which

may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop and sell the same or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise deal with or turn to account the property, rights, interests or information so acquired ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To promote any company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property or liabilities of the company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To distribute in specie or otherwise any assets of the company among its shareholders and to declare stock dividends ;

(*p*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*q*) To undertake and carry on any business germane to that for which or to any part of that for which the company is incorporated or which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*r*) To sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds, or other securities of or owned by any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or any of them ;

(*s*) To do all acts, deeds, matters and things and exercise all powers such as are incidental to or conducive to the attainment of the foregoing objects or any of them and to do all or any of the foregoing things as principal, agents or attorneys ;

(*t*) The term "securities" herein shall include "stocks, shares, bonds and debentures" ; the term "company" herein shall include "persons, firms and corporations" and the term "municipality" shall include any "city, town, village or rural municipality" ;

(*u*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation and incorporation of the company ;

(*v*) The business and purposes of the company is from time to time to do all or any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth, and any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall be constructed according to the evident intent and meaning thereof having reference to the greneral scope of the various powers of the company and shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph and in the event of any ambiguity the powers of the company shall be constructed in such a way as to widen and not restrict the powers of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Electrograph Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

United Pole Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of November, 1916, incorporating Frank Leopold Milner and Harry Alden Purdy, barristers-at-law, Florence Gardner Moffat and Caro Eleanor Ratchford, solicitor's clerks, and Margaret Anne Currie, stenographer, all of the Town of Amherst, in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, hold, lease, sell or otherwise acquire or dispose of real property and particularly lumber, pulp and timber lands ; to carry on business as timber merchants, saw-mill proprietors and timber growers, and to buy, sell, grow, prepare for market, manipulate, import, export, and deal in timber and wood of all kinds, and to manufacture and deal in articles of all kinds in the manufacture of which timber or wood is used, and to carry on business as shipowners and carriers by land and sea, and, so far as may be deemed expedient, the business of general merchants, and to buy, clear, plant and work timber estates ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and to sell or otherwise dispose of any personal property, and particularly machinery and to erect and maintain all suitable furnaces, mills, engines, electrical engines and plant, houses and buildings necessary or incidental to the objects of the company ;

(*c*) To manufacture and prepare for sale by any process the by-products of the manufacture of the company ;

(*d*) To construct and make, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out, control, purchase, hold or lease, alter and operate any roads, ways, sidings, harbours, breakwaters, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, docks, piers, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests ;

(*e*) To let or sub-let for buildings, mining, lumbering or any other purpose any property and to give and grant any rights, licenses, easements and privileges ;

(*f*) To establish depots and agencies in different parts of Canada ;

(*g*) To buy, sell, repair, alter and deal in apparatus, machinery, materials and articles of all kinds, which shall be capable of being used for the purposes of any business herein mentioned or likely to be required by customers of any such business ;

(*h*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above businesses or objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights for the time being ;

(*i*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*j*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*k*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, federal, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such

persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subcribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*n*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "United Pole Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Amherst, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Hamilton Steel Wheel Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November 1916, incorporating John Roy Marshall, barrister-at-law, George Alexander Young, solicitor's clerk, Amy Helena Johnson and MyrtleAgnes Baker, stenographers, and Isabel Vilo, bookkeeper, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province oi Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the trade or business of purchasing, hiring or otherwise acquiring and making, building or manufacturing railway carriages and wagons and other carriages, wagons, carts, trucks, vehicles, locomotives, engines, rolling stock and conveyances of all kinds whether for railway, tramway, road, field or other traffic or purposes or any parts thereof or equipment therefor, and also rails and railway and tramway plant and all machinery, materials and things applicable or used as accessory thereto, and of selling, exchanging and otherwise dealing in the same respectively ; to carry on the trades or businesses of iron masters, iron makers, steel makers, steel converters, smelters, engineers, tin-plate makers, colliery proprietors, coke manufacturers, miners, malleable iron manufacturers and iron founders in all their respective branches, and to work, make merchantable, sell and deal in iron, steel and other metals, materials and substances, and to carry on business as manufacturers and dealers in chemicals and as metallurgists and as mechanical engineers, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in, both by wholesale and retail, all kinds of mercantile commodities ;

(*b*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, evidences of indebtedness, obligations or securities in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint and to use any funds of the company in the purchase of shares in any other company ;

(*c*) To acquire by lease, license, purchase or otherwise hydraulic, electric or other power, and to utilize the same and dispose of any surplus power provided, however, that any sale, transmission, or distribution of hydraulic, electric or other power beyond the limits of the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*d*) To acquire by lease, license, purchase or otherwise trade marks, trade names, labels and designs and to apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents of invention, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to the use of the same or any secret or other information as to any invention or process which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the compauy and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect to or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To construct, acquire, operate, hire, lease, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of real estate and personal property, manufactories, sheds, shops, stores and warehouses for the manufacture and for the reception and storage of goods and merchandise with the requisite plant, machinery and appliances ;

(*f*) To construct or acquire by lease or otherwise and to operate and maintain undertakings, plant, machinery, works and appliances for the purpose or any of the purposes aforesaid and to own and to operate either by steam, electric or other power, tramways and railway sidings on or over land owned or controlled by the company or on or over lands adjacent to the lands of the company with the consent of the owner or holder thereof ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities or to acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or in whole or in part similar thereto or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares or securities or liabilities of any such company and to issue paid-up or partly paid-up preference or common shares of the capital stock of this company or bonds or debentures or other securities of this company in consideration or part consideration therefor or for any property or rights acquired by this company ;

(*h*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any agreement or arrangement for sharing of profit, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To enter into any agreements or arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*l*) To promote any ccompany or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*m*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, operate, develop, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, vessels, buildings, plant, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*n*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons and to draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*o*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertakings of the company or any part thereof or the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*p*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient ;

(*q*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*r*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*s*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be released any assets or property of the company amongst its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*t*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*u*) To remunerate by payment in cash, or with the approval of the shareholders in stock, bonds, or any other manner, any person or persons or corporation or corporations, for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of stock of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the conduct of its business ;

(*v*) To apply for and obtain registration or recognition from any province, state or country under the provisions of any law relating to foreign corporations in force in such province, state or country ;

(*w*) To do all or any of the above things or the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others and either as principals, agents, contractors, or factors for any other companies or persons or by or through any factors, trustees or agents ;

(*x*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*y*) And it is hereby declared that the word "Company" in paragraphs (*a*) to (*x*) both inclusive shall be deemed to include any person, partnership or other body of persons whether incorporated or not incorporated and whether domiciled in Canada or elsewhere, and the objects specified in each of said paragraphs shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Hamilton Steel Wheel Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two million dollars, divided into 80,000 shares of twenty-five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 8th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Federal Properties, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating Gerard Ruel and Reginald Herbert Montague Temple, barristers-at-law, George Norman Limpricht, draughtsman, Frederick Charles Allen, solicitor's clerk, and William Bowler, secretary, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, concession or otherwise city lots, farm lands, mining or fruit lands, town sites, grazing and timber lands, and any description of real estate and real property or any interest and rights therein, legal or equitable, or otherwise howsoever ; to take, build upon, hold, own, maintain, work, develop, sell, lease, exchange, improve and otherwise deal in and dispose of such lots, lands, sites, real estate and real property or any interest therein ; to deal with any portion of the lands and property so acquired, subdividing the same into building lots, streets, lanes, squares and sites for residential, business, manufacturing or other purposes whatsoever, with power to construct and pave highways streets and sidewalks thereon, and to construct and furnish facilities for sewerage and drainage, water, light, heat and other municipal requisites, and to build upon any lands for residential, business, manufacturing or other purpose whatsoever and to supply such buildings with all necessary facilities, plant and machinery to equip them for the purposes for which they are intended ;

(*b*) To build, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire manage or control, at such points or places along any line of railway or branch line of railway, or at any ports or places of call of any steamship lines, such buildings as it deems advisable for hotels and restaurants; and may purchase, lease and hold the land necessary for such purposes and may carry on any business in connection therewith, and afford such facilities as may tend to the comfort and convenience of the travelling public; and may let any such buildings for such purposes;

(*c*) To purchase, lease and hold lands required for, and lay out, establish and manage parks and pleasure grounds and give a lease whereof to, or contract with any person for the use thereof upon such terms as the company deems expedient ;

(*d*) To act as agents for the sale and purchase of real estate and all interests therein and for reward to procure real estate investments for any person ; to act as selling agents for the owners of any real estate, subdivision, building sites, town sites or lands of any kind or any interest therein, and to take over and acquire from any person or corporation any agency, inclusive or otherwise, for the sale of any such lands, sites or interest therein, and to accept an assignment of and perform any contracts made by any person with any other person or corporation for the sale of any such lands, sites or interest therein as agents or otherwise, and generally to act as real estate, house and rental agents ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the

contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, reissue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*h*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*o*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*p*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*q*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, bonds, debentures or other securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*r*) To issue in payment or part payment for any property, rights or privileges acquired by the company or for any guarantees of the company's securities, or with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered, shares of the company's capital stock, whether subscribed for or not, as fully paid up and non-assessable, or the company's securities ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Federal Properties, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Brompton Pulp & Paper Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, incorporating Errol Languedoc, Ralph Erskin Allan and Pierre Charbonneau, advocates, William Taylor and Frederick William Tofield, managers, Bruce Stuart Crombie, secretary, James William Cairns, accountant, Walter Wilson Rathie, auditor, and Angus McLeod Murray and Charles Frederick Wadsworth, clerks, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches a lumber, timber and pulpwood business, and to manufacture, produce, buy, sell and deal in timber, logs, lumber and wood of all kinds and for all purposes ;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire real estate, lands, locations, surface rights, timber limits, wood lands and timber lands, water lots, river rights, and government, municipal or other rights, privileges, franchises, easements and licenses of all kinds, and to sell, dispose of, exchange or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*c*) To improve and develop rivers and lakes, and to construct and maintain reservoirs, canals, dams, embankments, booms and other works and equipment of all kinds ;

(*d*) To construct, purchase or otherwise acquire steamers, barges, tugs or any other kind of craft or boats for inland or ocean navigation, and to employ and operate the same ;

(*e*) To construct, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire basins, docks, jetties, piers, wharves, warehouses, elevators or other buildings or works capable of being used in connection with the business of the company ;

(*f*) To construct and operate for the purpose of the company's business and on lands owned or controlled by the company, tramways and railway sidings ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and build and construct and maintain and operate lumber and saw-mills, and to engage in the business of manufacturing and preparing for market timber, lumber and wood of all kinds and descriptions for all purposes ,

(*h*) To import, export, buy, sell and otherwise deal in lumber and wood of all kinds, and to manufacture and deal in articles of all kinds in the manufacture of which timber or wood is used ;

(*i*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and build and construct and maintain and operate pulp and paper mills, and to carry on generally the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters and dealers in pulp, paper and substitutes of all kinds and descriptions, and of the raw materials and substances of every kind, pulps, preparations, mixtures, chemicals, solvents and combinations, or any by-product thereof, used or capable of being used in connection with the said business ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to utilize and develop water powers and other powers for the production of electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force, and to construct and operate works for the production of such power ;

(*k*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, electric or other power of any kind, for lighting, heating, motive or other purpose, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same, as well as of power and force produced by the company ;

(*l*) To construct and maintain poles, lines, transmission lines, telephone and telegraph lines, for the distribution of power and for the general purposes of the company's business ;

(*m*) To acquire all or any part of the good-will, rights, property and assets, including any option, concession or the like, of any individual, firm, association or corporation, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in cash or in bonds, or in payment or part payment therefor therefor to allot and issue as fully paid up and non-assessable shares of the capital stock of the company, whether subscribed for or not ;

(*n*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the property, assets, rights, undertaking or good-will of the company, and to accept payment for

the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds, stocks or other securities in any corporation or company ;

(*o*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention or process and to turn to account, sell, lease or otherwise deal in such patents, licenses or concessions ;

(*p*) To acquire and hold, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell or otherwise dispose of stock, shares, securities or undertaking of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its undertaking or assets to or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*q*) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*r*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, hold, sell and deal in the business, assets, good-will, stocks, shares or securities of any company or corporation, and generally to do all acts and exercise all powers and to carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Brompton Pulp & Paper Company, Limited," with a capital stock of nine million dollars, divided into 90,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

J. W. Scales, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers, Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers, merchants, jobbers, importers and wholesale and retail dealers in cigars, cigarettes, tobaccos and tobacconists' sundries in all states and conditions of manufacture, and all articles required by or useful to smokers or which are or may be dealt in or required by tobacconists ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, repair and deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, products, articles and things necessary or useful for carrying on such business as aforesaid or which are or may be dealt in by persons engaged therein ;

(*c*) To erect, construct, maintain and operate any buildings, works, machinery and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on business with objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company or possessed of property suitable or proper for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue such fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment, or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of the company;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold and own the capital stock, bond or other securities of any other company, corporation or individual carrying on or engaged in any business which this company is empowered to carry on or engage in, and to acquire hold or otherwise dispose of such shares, bonds or other securities, notwithstanping the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, partnership or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business, or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on or to amalgamate with any such company;

(*h*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or otherwise any other company or corporation with whom the company may have business relations and to guarantee the performance of contracts by such company or corporation;

(*i*) To make advances to customers and others, with or without security, and upon such terms as the company may approve and to guarantee the debts and contracts of customers and others ;

(*j*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property or assets of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company or companies which may have purchased or taken over either in whole or in part the property, assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*l*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies whose objects are or include objects similar to those of this company, whether by sale or by purchase (for shares or otherwise) of the undertaking, subject to the liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid, or by partnership or any arrangement of the nature of partnership, or in any other manner ;

(*m*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of in whole or in part the property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To make donations and subscriptions to any objects likely to promote the interests of the company, and to create and contribute to pension and other funds and schemes for the benefit of persons employed by the company, or the wives, widows, children or dependents of any such persons and to subscribe or guarantee money for any charitable or public objects ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, and to carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects set forth and which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of its property or rights ;

(*p*) To remunerate any parties for service rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares of the company's capital or any bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*q*) The above set out shall, unless otherwise expressed, be nowise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause or paragraph of this charter. On the contrary the objects and powers specified in each clause shall be deemed to be independent and separate from the objects and powers conferred by the other clauses above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere

by the name of "J. W. Scales, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20-2 Under-Secretary of State.

James McDonnell Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating Wilfrid Arnold Lyons, Thomas Francis Lyons and Ernest Oliver Dion, clerks, Alexander Ellison. merchant, and Adolphe Veilleux, chemist, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of traders in hay, grain and other farm and forest produce ; to deal in the products and by-products of such produce, and in all products of which they form a constituent part, and to manufacture, buy, sell and generally deal in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*h*) To erect, build, maintain and operate and to sell, lease and otherwise convey, mills, factories, warehouses, storage, elevators, wharves, docks and other works and buildings which may be deemed directly or indirectly conducive to the objects of the company ;

(*c*) To build, acquire, charter, lease and operate steamships, vessels, barges, tugs, vehicles and other conveniences for the transport of freight and passengers;

(*d*) To make advances or loans on any produce goods, merchandise or chattels which may be stored with or by or in the custody of any transportation company, in course of transit upon any cars, ships or vessels to or from this company, or may be in any of its warehouses elevators, factories or mills:

(*e*) To organize, manage or develop, or to assist in the organization, management or development of any corporation, company, syndicate, enterprise or undertaking ; to acquire the whole or part of the business of the company or to conduct a similar business ;

(*f*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities, or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company or corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*g*) To subscribe for, buy, take or otherwise acquire and to hold, either as principal or agent and absolutely as owner, or by way of collateral security, and to enjoy, sell, exchange, vote or otherwise deal in the stock, bonds, debenture and other securities of any government or municipal, industrial or financial corcorporation or company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 or The Companies Act ;

(*h*) To issue and allot as fully paid up the shares of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment of any business, franchise, undertaking, property, rights, powers, privileges, lease, license, contract, real estate, stocks, bonds, debentures or other property or rights, which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the powers hereby granted ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, or calculated to enhance the value of the company's properties or securities, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same, or to amalgamate with any such company;

(*j*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind and shares, debentures, securities or property belonging to the company or which the company may have the power to dispose of ;

(*k*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may see fit and in particular for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company ;

(*l*) To do all acts necessary for the undertaking, carrying on or the completion of any of the business which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in ;

(*m*) No power granted herein shall be restricted or limited by the application or interpretation of any other power so granted.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsehewre by the name of "James McDonnell Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Juvenile Shoe Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of October, 1916, incorporating Joseph Louis Bruno Leclaire, manufacturer, Jean-Baptiste Willie Leclaire, accountant, and Joseph Norbert Arthur Leclaire, merchant, all three of the City of Sorel, in the Province of Quebec, and Joseph Everette Harpin and Wesley Havelock Sharp, manufacturers, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, sell, purchase and deal in boots and shoes of all kinds, made of leather, rubber, felt, cloth or duck or of any other material, and any raw products relating thereto ;

(*b*) To make, manufacture and produce all kinds of leather, rubber, felt, cloth and duck goods and merchandise relating to footwear, saddlery, shoemaking, glovemaking, carriagemaking and clothing and otherwise ;

(*c*) To manufacture, make and produce any articles, materials or objects necessary for the carrying on of the footwear business, to make all kinds of containers and boxes for the packing of boots and shoes and other articles of commerce ;

(*d*) To prepare and sell any raw products and by-products relating to the boot and shoe business ; to manufacture and make any articles relating to shoemaking ;

(*e*) For the above purposes to acquire, own or otherwise take, use, construct, build, repair and operate, sell and otherwise transfer any property, movable and immovable, manufactories, shops and stores, materials, substances and articles, machinery and implements ; to acquire, own, lease or otherwise dispose of any brevets d'invention, property rights, licenses, trade marks, franchises, rights and privileges and any other benefit ; to acquire and own, sell and transfer any bonds, debentures, securities and shares of any other companies ; to become a shareholder in any companies carrying on a similar business, and to allow any such companies to become shareholders in this company ; to invest any funds in any undertakings and businesses similar to those of this company ; to amalgamate with any company carrying on a similar bnsiness ; to issue, make, and to draw, accept, endorse and execute any

promissory notes, bonds, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments for the purposes and benefit of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian Juvenile Shoe Company, Limited, with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Sorel, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 25th day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19-2 Under-Secretary of State.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 101 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 46.)

NOVA SCOTIA.

(342) South coast—Halifax harbour—Regulation relating to the movements of vessels—Warning to mariners.

All vessels are hereby warned that they must not approach His Majesty's Ships in Harbour during the hours of darkness, within a distance of 200 yards, unless engaged on official business, when they must answer the challenge of the ship they are passing or proceeding to otherwise they will lay themselves open to be fired on. The Ferry Boats of the Dartmouth Ferry Commission will be considered exempt from this order.

N. to M. No. 101 (342) 18-10-16.

Authority: Department of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 3 2504.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 18th October, 1916.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 97 of 1916.

(Inland No. 31.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

QUEBEC.

(330) River St. Lawrence—Lake St. Louis, west end—Eastward of Cascades island—Shoal depths in channel.

Depths eastward of Cascades island.—An examination of the channel between Cascades island and the 3-foot shoal to the east of it shows that the water throughout this channel has shoaled greatly since 1906, and that spots with depths down to 10 feet are numerous. In particular there is one spot with a depth of 10 feet lying 2375 feet 84° 15′ (S. 82° E. mag.) from the north extreme of Cascades island. From the 3-foot spot a spit extends 1200 feet southwesterly having depths of 11 and 13 feet.

N. to M. No. 97 (330) 7-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 13° 45′ W.
Authority: Report from Mr. V. W. Forneret, Superintending Engineer, St. Lawrence ship channel.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2789a, 2789b and 259a.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 50.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 119.
Departmental File: No. 18286.

ONTARIO.

(331) Bay of Quinte—Deseronto—Light discontinued.

Light discontinued.—The maintenance of the fixed white light on the railway wharf, Deseronto, has been discontinued.
Lat. N. 44° 11′ 27″, Long. W. 77° 2′ 55″.

N. to M. No. 97 (331) 7-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1152 and 797.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 68 and 69.
Publication: U. S H. O. Publication No. 108 D, 1907, page 149.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1763.
Departmental File: No. 21763K.

ONTARIO.

(332) Georgian bay, east side—Freddy channel—Dredging.

Dredging—A channel has been dredged by the Department of Public Works of Canada through shoals in Freddy channel, leading to Muskoka mills north of Portage island, to a depth of nine feet below the zero of the gauge, which is 580 feet above mean tide level, New York. The following is a description of the three dredged portions :—

(1) An area north of Portage island, 50 feet wide for a distance of 409 feet, the east end of this area being at a point 800 feet east of McLeod point.

The axis of this portion is marked by two range day beacons. The front beacon is on the north shore of the channel, 1400 feet east of McLeod point, in Lat. N. 44° 56′ 20″, Long. W. 79° 54′ 4″. The back beacon is 85 feet 284° (N. 69° W. mag.) from the front one.

(2) An area north of Portage island, 50 feet wide for a distance of 260 feet, the east end of this area being at a point 350 feet west of the above described front range beacon.

(3) The channel north of island No. 95 (which lies west of Portage island) for a distance of 945 feet westward from the north point of island No. 95. The easterly 480 feet of this distance is 50 feet wide; the width of the next 265 feet westward is 50 feet at its east end and 25 feet its west end; and the westerly 200 feet is 25 feet wide.

N. to M. No. 97 (332) 7-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 7° W.
Authority: Report from Mr. J. H. Armstrong, District Engineer, P. W. Dept.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 83.
Publication: Sailing Directions for Georgian Bay, 1915, pages 270 and 282.
Departmental File: No. 37326.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 7th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 98 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 44.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA

(333) Cape Breton island—West coast—Margaree harbour entrance—Shoaling of channel.

Shoaling in entrance.—Soundings recently taken by the Department of Public Works of Canada in the entrance to Margaree harbour show that considerable filling in has taken place in the dredged channel. In the portion lying eastward of the breakwater on the west side of the entrance depths as little as 3.8 and 4 feet at low water were found. In the channel outside the breakwater over a distance of 350 feet from its outer end depths as little as 6.5 and 6.7 feet at low water were found.

Caution.—Vessels not having local knowledge are advised not to attempt to enter the harbour on the range of lights.

N. to M. No. 98 (333) 12-10-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. G A. Bernasconi, District Engineer, P. W. Dept.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2034 and 2727.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 161.
Departmental File: No. 25955.

QUEBEC

(334) Gulf of St. Lawrence—Magdalen islands—Bird rocks—Use of explosive fog signals to be discontinued.

Former notice.—No. 137 (368) of 1907.
Position.—On Great Bird rock.

Lat. N. 47° 50′ 40″, Long. W. 61° 8′ 20″

Explosive fog signals to be discontinued.—The use of cotton powder bombs as an emergency fog signal will be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

N. to M. No. 98 (334) 12-10-16

Authority: Memo. from Commissioner of Lights.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1134, 2516 and 2666.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916; page 63.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1029.
Departmental File: No. 21029F.

QUEBEC

(335) River St. Lawrence below Quebec—Off Cap St. Ignace—Gas buoy placed temporarily for dredging purposes.

Position.—About $1\frac{1}{3}$ miles off Cap St. Ignace.

Lat. N. 47° 3′ 44″, Long. W. 70° 29′ 33″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the gas buoy:—

Hospital rock low light....	0°
St. Ignace church	118° 47″
Crane island light	113 31

Description.—Cylindrical steel gas buoy.
Character of light.—Fixed white light.
Colour.—White.
Depth.—3 fathoms.
Note.—This buoy is only placed temporarily and is intended to mark the dumping ground for dredging. It is not to be used for navigation purposes.

N. to M. No. 98 (335) 12-10-16.

Authority: Report from Supt. of Lights, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 315 and 318.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 208.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 119.
Departmental File: No. 11785.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 12th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters, to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 99 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 32*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(336) Lake Erie—West end of Long point—Light to be discontinued.

Former notice.—No. 130 (466) of 1915.

Position.—At West end of Long point, on the neck between the lake and inner bay.

Lat. N. 42° 34′ 52″, Long. W. 80° 23′ 50″.

Light to be discontinued.—The maintenance of the flashing white catoptric light at West end of Long point will, without further notice, be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

N. to M. No. 99 (336) 13-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 332 and 678.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 75.
Publication: Sailing directions for the Canadian shore of Lake Erie, 1897, page 9.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1851.
Departmental File: No. 21851M.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(337) Change in the system of night storm warnings displayed on the Great Lakes.

The Chief, United States Weather Bureau, Department of Agriculture, in Circular No. 111, of Oct. 1, 1916, gave notice that the following change in the system of night storm warnings displayed on the Great Lakes would become effective on and after Oct. 15, 1916:

A new system of night storm-warning displays will be effective, on the Great Lakes only, to begin with the first signal displayed after 8 a.m., Oct. 15, 1916.

EXPLANATION OF SMALL CRAFT, STORM, AND HURRICANE WARNINGS.

The small craft warning.—A red pennant indicates that moderately strong winds that will interfere with the safe operation of small craft are expected. No night display of small craft warnings is made.

The northeast storm warning.—A red pennant above a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or two red lanterns, one above the other, displayed by night, indicate the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the northeast.

The southeast storm warning.—A red pennant below a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or one red lantern displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the southeast.

The southwest storm warning.—A white pennant below a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or a white lantern below a red lantern displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the southwest.

The northwest storm warning.—A white pennant above a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or a white lantern above a red lantern displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the northwest.

Hurricane or whole gale warning.—Two square flags, red with black centres, one above the other, displayed by day, or two red lanterns, with a white lantern between, displayed by night, indicate the approach of a tropical hurricane, or of one of the extremely severe and dangerous storms which occasionally move across the Great Lakes.

N. to M. No. 99 (337) 13-10-16.

Authority: U. S. Hydrographic Bulletin No. 1414.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 13th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 100 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 45.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degree from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degre in brackets, miles are nautical milcs, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths arc at low watcr of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(338) Bay of Fundy—Gannet rock—Use of explosive fog signals to be discontinued

Former notice.—No. 137 (366) of 1907.

Position—On Gannet rock.

Lat. N. 44° 30′ 38″, Long. W. 66° 46′ 57″.

Explosive fog signals to be discontinued.—The use of cotton powder bombs as an emergency fog signal will be discontinued after the 1st January, 1917.

N. to M. No. 100 (338) 17-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2539, 352, 1651, 2492 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 272.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 4.
Departmental File: No. 20004F.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(339) East coast—Northumberland strait—Kouchibouguac bay—St. Louis gully—Hydrographic notes.

Hydrographic notes.—St. Louis gully as at present located has broken through the line of the outer sand dunes, 8 cables south of the position shown on Admiralty chart No. 2034. Inside this outer line of sand dunes the natural channel into the river follows the large curve shown on the chart. An artificial channel 40 feet wide and 3 feet deep at L. W. O. S. T. has been dredged across the chord of this curve in the alignment of the range lights. Both channels are marked by bushes. The entrance should not be attempted by strangers.

N. to M. No. 100 (339) 17-10-16.

Authority: Personal inspection by Chief Engincer, Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2034 1651 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 242.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 848.1 and 848.2.
Departmental File: No. 20848.1 M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(340) East coast—Miramichi bay—Sheldrake island front range light—Change in illuminating apparatus.

Position of front range light.—On the northeastern point of Sheldrake island.

Lat. N. 47° 5′ 37″, Long. W. 65° 19′ 8″.

Alteration.—A catoptric illuminating apparatus has been substituted for the fifth order lens heretofore used.

Characteristic of light.—Fixed white.

N. to M. No. 100 (340) 17-10-16.

Authority: Report from N. B. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1712, 2034, 1651, and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 281.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 876.
Departmental File No. 20876A.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(341) East coast—Miramichi bay—Lower Neguac—Back range light improved.

Position—Lat. N. 47° 15′ 45″, Long. W. 65° 2′ 50″,

Light improved—Lower Naguac wharf range back light on the beach has been improved by the substitution of a sixth order dioptric illuminating apparatus for the catoptric apparatus heretofore used.

Characteristic of light—Fixed white.

Authority: Report from N.B. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2034 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 289.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 891.
Departmental File: No. 20890A.

N. to M. No. 100 (341) 17-10-16.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 17th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.
20-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 102 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 47.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(343) South coast—Lockeport—Dredging—Buoyage.

Former notice.—No. 47 (158) of 1915.

Dredging.—Dredging has been done by the Department of Public Works of Canada at Lockeport, as follows, all to a depth of 15 feet at low water: an entrance channel 200 feet wide, a channel in front of the wharves, and a turning basin.

The north limit of the dredged portion runs from a point 0·22 mile 225° (S. 64° 30′ W. mag.) from Carter island light 1800 feet on a bearing of 252° (N. 88° 30′ W. mag.) to a point 75 feet south of the outer end of the Atlantic Canning Company's wharf; the west limit of the dredged channel in front of the wharves runs from the above-mentioned point 75 feet south of the Atlantic Canning Company's wharf on a bearing of 177° (S. 16° 30′ W. mag.) for a distance of 1200 feet.

Buoyage.—The dredged entrance channel and turning basin will, without further notice, be marked by nine wooden spar buoys, as follows:—

(1) *New position of buoy.*—On south side of dredged entrance channel at its outer end; 0·24 mile 217° (S. 56° 30′ W. mag.) from Carter island light.
Lat. N. 43° 42′ 2″, Long. W. 65° 6′ 10″.
Colour.—Black.

(2) *New buoy. Position.*—On north side of dredged entrance channel at its outer end, opposite and 200 feet distant from (1).
Lat. N. 43° 42′ 4″, Long. W. 65° 6′ 10″.
Colour.—Red.

(3) *New position of buoy.*—On south side of dredged entrance channel, 525 feet 252° (N. 88° 30′ W. mag.) from (1).
Colour.—Black.

(4) *New buoy. Position.*—On north side of dredged entrance channel, opposite and 200 feet distant from (3).
Colour.—Red.

(5) *New position of buoy.*—On south side of dredged entrance channel, 525 feet 252° (N. 88° 30′ W. mag.) from (3).
Colour.—Black.

(6) *New buoy. Position.*—On north side of dredged entrance channel, opposite and 200 feet distant from (5).
Colour.—Red.

(7) *New buoy. Position.*—At southeast corner of turning basin, 470 feet 179° (S. 18° 30′ W. mag.) from (5).
Colour.—Black.

(8) *New buoy. Position.*—On south side of turning basin, 250 feet 262° (N. 78° 30′ W. mag.) from (7).

Colour.—Black.

(9) *New buoy. Position.*—On south side of turning basin, 225 feet 228° (S. 67° 30′ W. mag.) from (8).

Colour.—Black.

N. to M. No. 102 (343) 20-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 19° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Mr. T J. Locke, District Engineer, P.W. Dept.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 340 and 730.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot 1911, page 198.
Departmental File: No. 19966.

ENGLAND.

(344) South coast—Isle of Wight—The Needles—Obstruction reported, southward of, destroyed.

Former notice.—No. 92 (313) of 1916.

Position.—At a distance of about 6 miles southward of the Needles rocks.

Lat. 50° 33¾′ N., Long. 1° 33¾′ W.

Details.—The submerged obstruction reported in the former Notice has been destroyed, and no longer constitutes a danger to navigation.

N. to M. No. 102 (344) 20-10-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 1083 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2045, 2450, 2675b and 1598.
Publication: Channel Pilot, Part I, 1908, page 179.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 20th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

20-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 103 of 1916.

(Pacific No. 24.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(345) Vancouver island—West coast—Off Clo-oose—Gong on submarine bell buoy.

Former notice.—No. 101 (336) of 1914.

Position.—Off Clo-oose.

Lat. N. 48° 39′ 15″, Long. W. 124° 50′ 30″

Date.—On or about 15th December, 1916, or as soon thereafter as is conveniently possible, without further notice.

Gong to be placed on submarine bell buoy.—Clo-oose submarine bell buoy will also be equipped with a gong above water. The buoy will be surmounted by a new pyramidal steel frame supporting the gong.

Remarks.—The gong will be sounded by the motion of the buoy on the waves.

N. to M. No. 103 (345) 23-10-16.

Authority: Memo. from Commissioner of Lights.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1911, 1917 and 2531.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 43.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2264·8.
Departmental Files: Nos. 27702 and 35466

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(346) Burrard inlet—North Vancouver—Private lights.

The following two lights have been placed by the Vancouver Creosoting Company on dolphins located near their wharf at North

Vancouver, on the north side of Burrard inlet, for the Company's own purposes. They are not to be considered as aids to navigation:—

(1) *Westerly light. Position.*—On a dolphin located 2629 feet 181° 40′ (S. 23° 20′ E. mag.) from the southwest corner of Block 26, District Lot 266, North Vancouver, in the prolongation of the east limit of Pemberton avenue, 110 feet westward of the Vancouver Creosoting Company's wharf; 3580 feet 29° (N. 4° E. mag.) from Brockton point light.

Lat. N. 49° 18′ 33″, Long. W. 123° 6′ 36″

Character.—Fixed white light.

Elevation.—23 feet.

Visibility.—5 miles from all points of approach.

(2) *Easterly light. Position.*—On a dolphin located 480 feet 84° (N. 59° E. mag.) from the westerly light, 320 feet eastward of the Vancouver Creosoting Company's wharf; 3918 feet 35° (N. 10° E. mag.) from Brockton point light.

Lat. N. 49° 18′ 33″, Long. W. 123° 6′ 28″

Character.—Fixed white light.

Elevation.—23 feet.

Visibility.—5 miles from all points of approach.

N. to M. No. 103 (346) 23-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 25° E.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 922, 1922 and 2689.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 293.
Departmental File: No. 38098.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(347) Burrard inlet—Burnaby—Private lights.

The following lights have been placed by the Shell Company of California on dolphins located near their wharf at Burnaby, on the south side of Burrard inlet, for the Company's own purposes. They are not to be considered as aids to navigation:—

(1) *Easterly light. Position.*—On a dolphin located 500 feet 350° (N. 35° W. mag.) from the point where the east boundary of District Lot 215, Municipality of Burnaby, cuts the south shore of Burrard inlet; 125 feet eastward of the wharf of the Shell Company of California; 1·1 miles 179° (S. 26° E. mag.) from the south point of Boulder island.

Lat. N. 49° 17′ 34″, Long. W. 122° 56′ 12″

Character.—A fixed green light placed vertically above a fixed white light.

Elevation.—23 feet.

Visibility.—One mile over an arc of 112° from 162° (S. 43° E. mag.) through S. and W. to 274° (S. 69° W. mag.)

(2) *Westerly light. Position.*—On a dolphin located 300 feet 252° (S. 47° W. mag.) from the easterly light; 125 feet westward of the wharf of the Shell Company of California.

Character.—A fixed green light placed vertically above a fixed white light.

Elevation.—23 feet.

Visibility.—Two miles over an arc of 112° from 50° (N. 25° E. mag.) through E. to 162° (S. 43° E. mag.)

N. to M. No. 103 (347) 3-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 25° E.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 922, 1922 and 2689.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 298.
Departmental File: No. 38098.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(348) Cordero channel—Lyall island—Uncharted shoal.

Capt. J. Cockle, Master of the S.S. "Cheakamus," reports the existence of an uncharted shoal in the west end of Cordero channel, between Lyall island and Grismond point.

Position.—The shoal extends about one cable in a 48° (N. 22° E. mag.) direction from Lyall island.

Depth.—The depth on the shoal varies from 8 feet to 20 feet.

Description.—The formation is rocky. The shoal is marked by kelp in summer.

Remarks.—There is a good channel with 10 fathoms and no bottom on the mainland side of mid-channel.

N. to M. No. 103 (348) 23-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 26° E.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 3260, 580, 2870 and 1917.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 377.
Departmental File: No. 38219.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 23rd October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

20-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 104 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 48.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(349) Bay of Fundy—Chignecto channel—Grindstone island—Change in fog alarm—Interruption of service.

Position.—On west end of Grindstone island.

Lat. N. 45° 43′ 17″, Long. W. 64° 37′ 21″.

Change in character of fog alarm.—The steam fog horn will, without further notice, be replaced by a diaphone, operated with air, compressed by an oil engine. The diaphone will give three blasts of 2 seconds, with intervals of 3 seconds between them, in each minute, thus :

Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent interval
2 secs.	3 secs.	2 secs.	3 secs.	2 secs.	48 secs.

Interruption in service.—During a period of about three weeks, probably in November, 1916, while the new machinery is being installed, no fog alarm will be sounded at this station. The exact dates of closing down and resuming of operation of fog alarm will be furnished to the local pilots.

N. to M. No. 104 (349) 24-10-16.

Authority: Departmental Records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 354, 353, 1651, and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 321.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 126.
Departmental File: No. 20126F.

QUEBEC.

(350) River St. Lawrence—Hare island knoll—Buoy no longer maintained.

Buoy no longer maintained.—Red conical buoy No. 48B, which formerly marked the northeast end of Hare island knoll, in the river St. Lawrence, was withdrawn in the fall of 1908, and is no longer maintained.

Lat. N. 47° 47′ 26″, Long. W. 69° 44′ 24″.

N. to M. No. 104 (350) 24-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty chart: No. 313.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 201.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 93.
Departmental File: No 11785.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

(351) East coast—Fogo island—Rags island—Light again in operation.

Former notice.—No. 31 (114) of 1916.

Position.—On Rags island.

Lat. N. 49° 43′ 45″, Long. W. 54° 15′ 50″.

Light in operation.—The fixed white light is again exhibited.

N. to M. No. 104 (351) 24-10-16.

Authority: Newfoundland N. to M. No. 4 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 291, 293, and 232b.
Publication: Newfoundland Pilot, 1907, page 386.

NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN.

(352) Rockall bank—Rockall—Magnetic disturbance reported.

Position.—Rockall, Lat. 57° 36′ N., Long. 13° 42′ W.

Details.—An area of magnetic disturbance is reported to exist to the northward and north-eastward of Rockall, the focus of the disturbance appears to be about 2 to 3 miles off the island.

Caution.—Care should be taken when navigating in the above vicinity.

N. to M. No. 104 (352) 24-10-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 1101 of 1916.
Admiralty chart: No. 2.
Publication: West coast of Scotland Pilot, part 2, 1911, page 272.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 24th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 20-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 106 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 50.)

CANADA, EAST COAST; AND NEWFOUNDLAND.

(356) Caution with regard to extinction of lights and discontinuance or removal of aids to navigation.

Caution.—Mariners are hereby warned that it may be necessary to extinguish certain lights and to discontinue or remove any aids to navigation on the east coast of Canada and on the coasts of Newfoundland without further notice.

N. to M. No. 106 (356) 28-10-16.

Authority: Department of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 32504.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(357) South coast—Halifax harbour entrance—Sambro outer bank—Lightship removed—Submarine bell discontinued.

Previous notice.—No. 70 (233) of 1916.

Lightship removed.—Sambro lightship, No. 15, has been removed from her station till further notice.

Submarine bell discontinued.—The submarine bell operated from the above lightship has consequently been discontinued.

N. to M. No. 106 (357) 28-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2410, 729, 1651, 2666 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 141.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 322.
Departmental Files: Nos. 21040M and 32504.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 28th October, 1916. 20-2

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

PRICE

AGRICULTURE.

Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp. 0.15
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de la Chimie, de la Culture du Sol, et de l'Elevage, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 596 pp. 0.45
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for October, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus.. . . . . 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, octobre 1916, 108 pp. illus. 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, August, 1916. . . . . 0.20
* * * Annual subscription. 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, August, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Cultivateurs, conservez votre fumier (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 55. Gratuit.
* Conseils pour la saison—novembre 1916 (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). 16 pp. Gratuit.
* L'Occasion qui s'offre aux èleveurs canadiens—discours prononcé par monsieur John Bright, 18 pp. Gratuit.
* Charpente de la grange (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 92, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Candling of Eggs (Live Stock Branch). Circular No. 3, 4 pp. Free.
* Payment for Eggs according to Quality (Live Stock Branch). Circular No. 6, 4 pp. Free.
* Industrie de la Canneberge (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 29, 32 pp. Gratuit.
* Production des Récoltes (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 64, 4 pp. Gratuit.

BOARD OF RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS FOR CANADA.

Judgments, Orders, Regulations, and Rulings (fortnightly edition). Vol. VI (new) No. 15.
Annual subscription. 3.00
Single numbers. 0.20

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

* Miscellaneous Information (Third Edition) 8 pp. Free.

COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION.

* Annual report, for year ending March 31, 1916, 284 pp. Free.
* "Conservation", monthly bulletin, November, 1916, vol. v. No. 9. Free.
* La Conservation, bulletin mensuel, avril 1916, vol. v No. 4, 8 pp. Gratuit.
* "Conservation of Life." Quarterly bulletin, July-September, 1916, vol. II, No. 4. Free.
* Poisson, des Oiseaux et du Gibier, Conservation du, 247 pp. Gratuit.

CUSTOMS.

Imports, Exports and Navigation of Canada, tables of, for year ending March 31, 1916. 540 pp. 0.50
Trade and Navigation returns for August, 1916, 532 pp. 8vo. 0.10
* War Measures—Prohibited Exports, 10th June, 1916, 24 pp. Free.

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

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* 3rd Divisional Ammunition Column, nominal roll of officers and men, " "
* 50th Battalion (Reinforcing Draft), " " " "
* 58th " and " " " " "
* 64th " " " " "
* 73th " " " " "
* 78th " and Reinforcing Draft, " " " "
* 34th Battalion, also 1st and 2nd Reinforcing Drafts, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
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1916-17 1916-17

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st October, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.			1915.	1916.
LIABILITIES.			$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT				
Payable in New York				75,357,000 00
do in Canada			750,360 94	150,202,277 73
do in London			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Temporary Loans			160,140,350 86	131,099,474 69
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes			164,630,286 16	174,863,077 29
SAVINGS BANKS—	1915.	1916.		
Post Office Savings Banks	$38 776,528 66	$40,877,801 16		
Dominion Government Savings Banks	13,857,473 07	13,550,297 64		
			52,634,001 73	54,428,098 80
Trust Funds			10,214,979 95	10,275,955 80
Province Accounts			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 26
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts			29,109,568 32	35,174,870 87
Total Gross Debt			797,772,100 88	1,119,393,494 99
ASSETS.				
INVESTMENTS—				
Sinking Funds			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Other Investments			108,017,819 43	131,204,412 71
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS			183,558,087 78	277,385,747 11
Total Assets			305,243,608 79	423,614,978 44
Total Net Debt 31st October			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
do do to 30th September			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
Increase of Debt			7,686,858 36	15,503,071 65

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of October, 1915.	Total to 31st October, 1915	Month of October, 1916.	Total to 31st October, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	7,847,784 37	51,054,363 87	11,076,575 47	75,191,250 29
Excise	1,844,700 02	12,034,755 15	2,043,742 22	13,985,293 74
Post Office	1,400,000 00	9,399,779 65	1,550,000 00	10,350,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,389,019 53	10,223,891 21	2,224,598 32	15,100,688 14
Miscellaneous	958,829 98	4,971,058 61	1,263,212 04	7,120,575 98
Total	14,440,333 90	87,683,848 49	18,158,128 05	121,747,808 15
EXPENDITURE	10,075,981 74	56,347,603 96	7,803,405 29	57,561,116 89
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	8,931,265 19	53,359,158 30	22,948,251 86	127,487,147 06
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,874,997 36	19,686,843 12	2,384,704 80	13,540,236 47
Railway Subsidies	244,889 57	967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	12 051,152 12	74,013,912 13	25,332,956 66	141,390,862 14

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th November, 1916. 20-tf

10202—4

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,773 25	Gold held October 31, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,130,169 53
Fractional	997,482 04		
$1	14,268,585 00		
$2	10,544,717 50		
$4	45,399 00		
$5	3,590,912 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50	10,250 00	10 p.c. on $54,428,098.80 under The Savings Banks Act	5,442,809 88
$100	2,000 00		
$500	2,024,500 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,687,359 65
$1,000	4,273,000 00		
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	204,000 00		
$1,000 " " "	1,396,000 00		
$5,000 " " "	137,250,000 00		
	$ 174,634,619 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,301 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,773 25

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

20-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of September, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	848,287 62	
Malt Liquor	11,641 35	
Malt	197,582 10	
Tobacco	982,648 53	
Cigars	62,461 36	
Manufactures in Bond	15,642 83	
Acetic Acid	741 27	
Seizures	468 58	
Other Receipts	4,338 38	
Total Excise Revenue		2,123,812 02
Methylated Spirits		13,178 28
Ferry		
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,472 52
Gas Inspection		7,153 80
Electric Light Inspection		4,427 75
Law Stamps		406 35
Other Revenues		803 01
War Tax		76,366 22
Grand Total Revenue		2,237,619 95

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 23rd October, 1916.

18-t

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of August, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36	WITHDRAWALS during the month	691,788 19
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,172,945 57		
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer			
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	3,672 24		
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,860 45	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st August, 1916.	41,086,063 43
	41,777,851 62		41,777,851 62

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th October, 1916.

18–tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirty-first October, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 30th September, 1916.	Deposits October, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for October, 1916.	Balance on October 31st, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	585,020 09	4,554 00	589,574 09	14,700 45	574,873 64
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,189,385 95	18,880 30	1,208,266 25	47,673 61	1,160,592 64
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,961,329 71	22,816 00	1,984,145 71	63,971 09	1,920,174 62
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	271,272 15	3,483 00	274,755 15	6,250 77	268,504 38
St. John	5,443,730 52	55,179 81	5,498,910 33	169,363 78	5,329,546 55
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	134,493 03	105 00	134,598 03	9,681 95	124,916 08
Guysboro'	117,731 79	2,592 15	120,323 94	3,522 07	116,801 87
Halifax	2,518,820 29	31,875 24	2,550,695 53	57,118 80	2,493,576 73
Kentville	234,163 58	7,723 00	241,886 58	2,663 61	239,222 97
Lunenburg	418,145 75	3,123 00	421,268 75	6,636 05	414,632 70
Port Hood	87,320 75		87,320 75	251 02	87,069 73
Shelburne	226,064 45	2,724 12	228,788 57	3,766 47	225,022 10
Sherbrooke	101,799 42	1,065 00	102,864 42	4,261 00	98,603 42
Wallace	136,671 86	1,702 00	138,373 86	2,136 10	136,237 76
Totals	13,425,949 34	155,822 62	13,581,771 96	391,996 77	13,189,775 19

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

20–tf

10202—4½

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUÉBEC, ON THE 30th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1916.

	CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES									
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand. 1	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand. 2	Other deposits payable on demand. 3	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 4	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 5	Other deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 6	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Trust. 7	Liabilities not included under the foregoing heads. 8	Total Liabilities.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	cts.
...an District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	348,001 86	....	.....			32,040,833 83	180 000 00	60,105 72	32,628,941 41
Ca ...d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	....	....	.....	140,000 00	11,200 00	10,460,905 23	83,000 00	631,020 79	11,326,126 02
Total	3,000,000 00	1,250,000 00	348,001 86	....	....	140,000 00	11,200 00	42,501,739 06	263 000 00	691,126 51	43,955,067 43

ASSETS.

	Dominion, Provincial and other public securities. 1	Cash in hand and on deposit in chartered banks 2	Canadian municipal bonds or securities, schools bonds or debentures and securities approved by Treasury Board. 3	Other bonds, debentures and securities. 4	Loans to governments, municipal corporations, fabriques de paroisses, syndics pour l'érection d'églises and corporations on resolutions of their boards of directors. 5	Loans for which bank stocks are held as collateral security. 6	Loans for which stocks, bonds, debentures or securities other than bank stocks are held as collateral security. 7	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund investments. 8	Investments in bank stock made previous to the incorporation of the bank. 9	Bank premises. 10	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads. 11	Total Assets
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts
City and District Savings Bank	3,288,048 91	6,633,317 89	14,601,240 28	1,329,889 03	....	1,314,702 36	6,869,878 39	180,000 00	.....	475,000 00	240,418 13	34,932,494 90
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.. ...	1,421,333 73	1,290,851 41	4,387,587 22	1,939,533 33	.....	454,127 60	2,885,961 65	83,000 00	9 600 00	140,000 00	223,002 63	12,834,997 57
Total.....	4,709,382 64	7,924,169 30	18,988,827 50	3,269,422 36	....	1,768,829 96	9,755,839 95	263,000 00	9,600 00	615,000 00	463,420 76	47,767,492 47

T C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 24th October, 1916.

18-t

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J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid..

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Committee until there has been filed with that committee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, township, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a*.) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar char-"acter within, or in any way affecting the dis-"trict, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b*.) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordina y "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(7) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

Extracts from the Standing Rules of the Senate.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Newton Salter, of the Village of Winchester, in the County of Dundas and Province of Ontario, labourer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Elizabeth Salter, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Winchester, in the Province of Ontario this first day of June, A.D. 1916.

JOHN NEWTON SALTER,
Winchester P.O.,
9-14 Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13–14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solicitors for applicant

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lavilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
17–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
18–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rozilla Lamb, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, nurse, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, George Alfred Lamb, of Toronto, Ontario, machinist, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, this 31st day of October, 1916.

LEE & O'DONOGHUE,
241-2 Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto, Ont.,
19–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, sheet metal worker, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret S. Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Toronto, this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORRIS & ROACH,
20-14 Solicitors for the applicant.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hareby given that the Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to change its name and to amend and extend its powers.

Montreal, 17th October, 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
18-5 Solicitors for applicant.

THE PEACE RIVER, McKENZIE AND COPPER MINE RIVER RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an act to incorporate a railway company under the name of "The Peace River, McKenzie and Copper Mine River Railway Company of Canada," with power to lay out, construct and operate a line of railway commencing at a point near Sawridge, on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway thence running north of the east end of Lesser Slave Lake to Buffalo Lake, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to Vermillion, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to the Falls or Chute of Peace River, thence crossing Peace River Falls at the head of the rapids above the Falls and continuing in a northerly direction to the foothills of the Cariboo Mountains, thence continuing northeasterly along the base of the Cariboo Mountains to the head waters of the Little Buffalo River, thence following the valley of the Little Buffalo River nord to the head waters of Salt River, thence continuing down Salt River Valley to a point on the west shore of the Great Slave River known as Bells Rock, approximately a distance of five hunded miles, with power to connect with any railway or railways now constructed or which may hereafter be constructed at or near the territory covered by this railway, and also with power to construct, operate and maintain all necessary bridges, roads, ways and ferries, and to build, acquire, own and maintain wharves and docks in connection with said railway and for such other powers as are usually given to railway companies.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
Solicitors for the applicants,
511 Union Bank Building,
20-5 Ottawa, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUPERIOR TILE COMPANY, LIMITED.

By-law No. 8.

A By-law to authorize an increase of the number of directors from three (3) to five (5).

Whereas the number of the directors of Superior Tile Company, Limited, is three and it is expedient that the number should be increased to five.

Now, therefore, the said Superior Tile Company, Limited, enacts as follows :

That the number of the directors of the said company be, and the same is hereby increased to five.

Done and passed at the City of Fort William, in the Province of Ontario, this 23rd day of October, 1916.

As witnessed by the corporate seal of the company and the hands of its proper officers in that behalf.

[L.S.] G. R. DUNCAN,
President.
HILDA CRYER,
Secretary.

Certified under the corporate seal of Superior Tile Company, Limited, and the hands of its president and secretary this sixth day of November, 1916, as having been sanctioned and approved by vote of at least two-thirds (2/3) in value of the company's stock represented by the shareholders present at a special general meeting duly called for considering the by-law.

[L.S.] G. R. DUNCAN,
President.
HILDA CRYER,
20–1 Secretary.

THE QUEBEC BANK.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at its banking-house in this city, and at its branches, on and after Friday, the first day of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th November, 1916, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Head Office in Quebec, on Monday, the 4th day of December next. The chair to be taken at 3 o'clock.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec, 24th October, 1916. 20–4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and a quarter per cent (2¼ %) (being at the rate of 9 % per annum) has been declared by the directors of the Banque d'Hochelaga, on the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, for the quarter ending on the 30th day of November, 1916. This dividend, bearing No. 103, will be payable at the head office, or at the branches of the Bank, on or after the first of December, 1916, to the shareholders of record on the 15th of November, 1916.

By order of the Board,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
General manager.

18–5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current quarter, also a bonus of one per cent., both payable on and after Friday, the first day of December next, to shareholders of record of 31st October, 1916.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution, on Monday, the fourth day of December next.

The Chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
General manager.

Montreal, 20th October, 1916. 18–5

BANK OF HAMILTON.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (twelve per cent per annum) on the paid-up capital of the bank, for the quarter ending 30th November, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on 1st December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 23rd to the 30th November, both inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. P. BELL,
General manager.

Hamilton, 23rd October, 1916. 18–5

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND No. 141.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and three-quarters per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of eleven per cent pe annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day of November next.

By order of the Board,

THOS. F. HOW,
General manager.

The Bank of Toronto,
Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

THE BANK OF OTTAWA.

DIVIDEND No. 101.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has this day been declared for the current three months, and that the said dividend will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Friday, the first day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 17th of November next.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the banking house in this City, on Wednesday, the 20th day of December next, the chair to be taken at 3 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
General manager.

Ottawa, Ont., 16th October, 1916. 18–5

THE HOME BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 40.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of five per cent (5%) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the three months ending the 30th November, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Friday the 1st of December, 1916. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th of November to the 30th of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. COOPER MASON,
Acting general manager.

Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 119.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of eight per cent per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of the Union Bank of Canada has been declared for the current quarter, together with a bonus of one per cent, and that the same will be payable at its banking house in the City of Winnipeg, and also at its branches, on and after Friday, the 1st day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

G. H. BALFOUR,
General manager.

Winnipeg, 19th October, 1916. 18–4

CITY OF BRANTFORD.

NOTICE is hereby given that upon the expiration of one month from the date of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the application can be heard, an application will be made on behalf of the City of Brantford, to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, for a recommendation to the Governor in Council for the sanction of an agreement dated 28th June, 1916, between the said City and the Lake Erie & Northern Railway Company for the sale by the said City to the said Railway Company of a portion of the Grand Valley Railway (so called) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the said agreement.

This notice is given pursuant to the provisions of section 361 of The Railway Act, R.S.C., 1906, chapter 37, and Statutes of Canada, 6-7 George V (1916), chapter 42, section 6.

Dated 10th October, 1916.

H. F. LEONARD,
City Clerk, City of Brantford

16–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, CHAPTER 115.

WILLIAM H. DWYER, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, grain merchant,

hereby gives notice that he has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the Office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Thunder Bay at the City of Port Arthur, in the District of Thunder Bay, a description of the site and the plans of a continuation of the present dock or wharf of Dwyer Elevator Company Limited, and of a retaining wall proposed to be built in the Kaministiquia River, at the City of Fort William, in the District of Thunder Bay, in front of Lot 8, in Concession "D," Neebing Additional, Island Number Two, now in the said City of Fort William.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, William H. Dwyer will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works, at his Office, in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said continuation of the present dock or wharf of Dwyer Elevator Company, Limited, and of the said retaining wall.

Dated at Fort William, Ontario, this twenty-eighth day of October, A.D. 1916.

WILLIAM H. DWYER,
per JOHN ARMOUR DYKE,
20–4 His solicitor.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

BRITANNIA Mining and Smelting Co., Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the above Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, Canada, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of New Westminister at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, the descriptions of the site and the plans of Tram Terminal Wharf proposed to be built in the waters of Howe Sound, at Britannia Beach, in front of Lot eight hundred and ninety-two (892), Group one (1) New Westminster District.

And take notice that after the expiration of one (1) month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Britannia Mining and Smelting Co., Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, Canada, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Britannia Beach, B.C., this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

BRITANNIA MINING AND SMELTING CO.,
20–4 LIMITED.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

THE Public Works Department of British Columbia, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of New Westminster, at New Westminster, a description of the site and plans of a bridge proposed to be buiit across Sturgeon Slough, on the road allowance between Sections 13 & 14, Township 40, east of the Coast Meridian.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, The Public Works Department of British Columbia will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said bridge.

Dated at Victoria, this 21st day of October, 1916.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,
J. E. GRIFFITH,
19-4 Deputy Minister & Public Works Engineer.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND NO. 117.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum) upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current quarter, and will be payable at the Bank and its branches on nd after Friday, the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record of 15th November.

By order of the Board.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, P.Q., 17th October, 1916. 17–6

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

IN THE MATTER of the petition of Edward O. Kolb, of the Town of Scranton, in the State of Pennsylvania, United States of America, manufacturers, and

IN THE MATTER of a specific Trade Mark including the the word Dandykake, to be used in connection with the manufaeture and sale of cakes.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 26th day of October, A.D. 1916, there was filed in the Exchequer Court of Canada the petition of Edward O. Kolb, of Scranton, in the State of Pennsylvania, U.S.A., praying that an order might be made directing that their trade mark including the word Dandykake, to be used in connection with the manufacture and sale of cakes.

Any person desiring to oppose the said petition must within fourteen days from the date of the last insertion of the present notice in the *Canada Gazette* (the date of the last insertion being 25th November, A.D. 1916), file a statement of his objections with the Registrar of the Exchequer Court at Ottawa, and serve a copy thereof upon the petitioner or his solicitor.

Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of October, A.D. 1916.

FEATHERSTONHAUGH & SMART,
5 Elgin St., Ottawa,
19-4 Solicitors for the petitioners.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

DIVIDEND NO. 119.

NOTICE is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent upon the capital stock of this bank has been declared for the three months ending 30th of November next, together with a bonus of one per cent, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after Friday, 1st December, 1916. The Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

JOHN AIRD,
General manager.

Toronto, 27th October, 1916. 19–4

QUEBEC ORIENTAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Oriental Railway Company will be held at the company's offices, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, London, England, on Thursday, the 28th December, 1916, at 2.30 p.m., for the transaction of the general business of the company.

By order,

E. S. ELVEY,
Secretary.

London, England, 12th October, 1916. 19–4

THE QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Bank will be held at the head office of the said Bank in the City of Quebec, Que., on Tuesday the 28th day of November, A.D. 1916, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering an agreement for the sale by the said The Quebec Bank of its assets to The Royal Bank of Canada, upon the terms set out in such agreement, a copy of which will be mailed to each shareholder with this notice, and, if deemed advisable, of passing a resolution or resolutions approving the said agreement and authorizing the President and General Manager of the Quebec Bank to affix to said agreement the corporate seal of the Bank and to sign and execute the same for and in the name of, and on behalf of the Bank; and also for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, of passing all such other and further resolutions for fully carrying out the said agreement and the terms thereof as the shareholders shall consider expedient or advisable, and for the purpose of authorizing the board of directors to give all such notices and make all such applications and to pass and execute all such other acts, resolutions, deeds, instruments, matters and things as may be deemed necessary for procuring the assent of the Governor in Council to the said agreement, and for carrying out the same and distributing the proceeds of the said sale.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec 10th October, 1916. 16–7

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU GOUVERNEMENT de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 31 octobre 1916.

L'honorable sir GEORGE HALSEY PERLEY, C.C.M.G., Haut-Commissaire suppléant pour le Canada : Ministre des troupes militaires d'outre-mer pour le Canada dans le Royaume-Uni.

ETIENNE BOUDET, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, sous-inspecteur des poids et mesures : Officier chargé d'empêcher la contrebande dans la division de Montréal, dans la dite province.

JEAN BAPTISE GILBERT NICÉPHORE BRABANT, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, préposé à l'accise de deuxième classe : Officier chargé d'empêcher la contrebande dans la division de Montréal, dans la dite province.

JOSEPH GAUDIOSE AIMÉ VALIN, aide-analyste dans le Ministère du Revenu de l'Intérieur : Membre d'une commission spéciale d'examen chargée de déterminer et donner des certificats d'aptitudes en fait de connaissances et d'habileté chimiques et microscopiques à tous les aspirants aux fonctions d'analystes publics, en remplacement du professeur J. J. MacKenzie, en service militaire en France.

—

2 novembre 1916.

JOSEPH COULSON JUDD, de la cité de London, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, conseil de Sa Majesté pour la dite province : Juge puîné de la cour de Comté du comté de Middlesex, dans la dite province d'Ontario, en remplacement de Son Honneur le juge Elliott, décédé.

Son Honneur JOSEPH COULSON JUDD, juge puîné de la cour de Comté du comté de Middlesex, dans la province d'Ontario: Juge local de la division de la Haute-Cour de la cour Suprême d'Ontario avec le titre de Juge local de la cour Suprême.

JOHN MICHAEL MCNAMARA, de North-Bay, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, conseil de Sa Majsté pour la dite province : Juge de la cour de Comté du comté de Renfrew, dans la dite province d'Ontario, en remplacement de Son Honneur le juge Donahue, décédé.

Son HONNEUR JOHN MICHAEL MCNAMARA, juge de la cour de Comté du comté de Renfrew, dans la province d'Ontario : Juge local de la division de la Haute-Cour de la cour Suprême d'Ontario, avec le titre de juge local de la cour Suprême.

PROCLAMATIONS.

C. FITZPATRICK,

Administrateur.

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, ROI du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous---SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à samedi, le vingt et unième jour du mois d'octobre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa: SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada, en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le TRENTIEME jour du mois de NOVEMBRE prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN : Notre Très fidèle et Bien-Aimé conseiller le Très Honorable SIR CHARLES FITZPATRICK, Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Juge en chef du Canada ; Administrateur du Gouvernement de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour d'OCTOBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
17-tf pour le Canada.

DÉPÊCHES, ETC.

MINISTÈRE DES AFFAIRES ETRANGÈRES.

24 octobre 1916.

DEMANDE ayant été faite au gouvernement chinois au sujet de l'autorité que possèdent les fonctionnaires de ses consulats de recevoir des articles et deniers dus à des sujets chinois ne résidant pas en Canada, et d'en donner quittance valable, Son Excellence l'Administrateur du Gouvernement à reçu la dépêche publiée ci-après déclarant que les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois possèdent cette autorisation.

—

Du Secrétaire d'Etat paur les Colonies au Gouverneur géneral du Canada.

CANADA.
N° 1092.

DOWNING STREET,
27 septembre 1916.

MONSIEUR—Relativement à la dépêche N° 334 de Votre Altesse Royale en date du 26 mai, j'ai l'honneur de Vous transmettre, pour le renseignement de Vos Ministres, copie d'une dépêche du Ministre de Sa Magesté à Pékin au sujet de l'autorisation que possèdent les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada de recevoir les biens des émigrants chinois décédés et d'en donner quittance valable.

J'ai l'honneur d'être,
Monsieur,
de Votre Altesse Royale
Le très humble et très obéissant
serviteur,
(Signé) A. BONAR LAW.

Le Gouverneur général Son Altesse Royale
Le Duc de Connaught et Strathearn, C.J.,
C.C. C.P., etc., etc., etc.

—

Copie.
Consulaire.
N° 100.

PÉKIN, 4 août 1916.

MILORD.—Relativement à votre dépêche consulaire n° 74 du 15 juin (112656/K/16), j'ai l'honneur de vous adresser la traduction ci-jointe d'une dépêche que j'ai reçue du Wai Chiao Pu, m'informant, en réponse à ma de-

mande à ce sujet, qu'en vertu des règlements consulaires, les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada possèdent l'autorisation de recevoir les biens des émigrants chinois décédés et d'en donner quittance valable.

J'ai, etc.,

(Signé) J. N. JORDAN.

Vicomte Grey, C.J.,
etc. etc. etc.

—

[TRADUCTION.]

Note.

Du Wai Chiao Pu au Ministre de Sa Majesté.

PÉKIN, 3 août 1916.

MONSIEUR,—J'ai l'honneur d'accuser réception de la note de Votre Excellence (du 21 juillet) déclarant que Votre Foreign Office demande si les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada sont autorisés à recevoir les biens des émigrants chinois décédés et d'en donner quittance valable.

J'ai l'honneur de vous annoncer en réponse que l'article 9 des Règlements consulaires promulgués en janvier 1915 stipule qu'au cas où un émigrant chinois mourrait à l'étranger sans laisser de testament ou n'ayant pas de parents quelconques pour réclamer les biens qu'il laisse, le Consul s'en emparera temporairement et il en fera rapport au Ministére des Affaires Etrangères qui en délibèrera. En conséquence, il est évident qu'en vertu des dispositions de ces règlements, les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada sont autorisés à recevoir ces biens et a en donner quittance valable.

Je profite, etc.,

19-3 (Sceau du Wai Chiao Pu.)

———

(Extraits de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 10 octobre 1916.)*

FOREIGN OFFICE,
24 août 1916.

Il a plu au ROI d'approuver que soient nommés :—

Monsieur Bradstreet S. Rairden, comme consul des Etats-Unis d'Amérique à Rivière-du-Loup, Québec ;

Monsieur Elliot Verne Richardson, comme consul des Etats-Unis d'Amérique à Moncton, Nouveau-Brunswick.

—

FOREIGN OFFICE,
9 septembre 1916.

Il a plu au ROI d'approuver que soit nommé :—

Monsieur George N. West, comme consul général des Etats-Unis d'Amérique à Vancouver, Colombie-Britannique. 20–1

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[16/2593]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 21e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT:

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil d'établir les règlements suivants accordant un drawback de droits de douane sur les matériaux employés originairement dans la construction des navires construits au Canada, à dater du 1er novembre 1916, et ces dits règlements sont par les présentes établis en conséquence :—

1. Un drawback n'excédant pas quatre-vingt-dix-neuf pour cent du droit de douane qui a été payé peut être accordé et payé par le Ministre des Douanes pour les matériaux qui ont servi originairement à la construction de navires et de vaisseaux jaugeant au delà de cinq cent tonneaux de tonnage brut et construits au Canada, si l'autorisation a été donnée par un arrêté en conseil que les dits navires ou vaisseaux soient exportés pour enregistrement ailleurs qu'au Canada ou si les dits navires ou vaisseaux sont enregistrés au Canada sous l'empire des règlements britanniques et sont construits de manière à pouvoir obtenir une classification par Lloyds, Bureau Veritas, Corporation Britannique, ou une autre classification reconnue approuvée par le Ministre des Douanes ;

Sauf cependant que le drawback remboursable en vertu du présent article tienne lieu de tout drawback calculé d'après un taux spécifique par tonneau enregistré.

2. Quiconque fait la demande d'un drawback doit être le constructeur du navire ou vaisseau. Un drawback sera payé seulement sur les navires ou vaisseaux qui sont eux-mêmes munis de pouvoir de navigation indépendante, soit au moyen de voiles, de vapeur, soit d'autre énergie motrice.

Le paiement du drawback se fait sujet aux conditions suivantes, savoir :

(*a*) On doit s'assurer de la quantité des matériaux employés et du droit de douane payé.

(*b*) Quiconque demande un drawback doit faire une déclaration dans les termes de la formule "A" ci-annexée.

(*c*) Quiconque demande un drawback devra fournir un certificat du régistrateur des navires dans les termes de la formule "B" ci-annexée.

(*d*) La demande d'un drawback doit être vérifiée sous serment pris devant un percepteur des douanes ou un juge de paix, tel qu'approuvé par le Ministre des Douanes, dans des termes par lui prescrits. Le Ministre des Douanes peut aussi exiger dans chaque cas, en plus des déclarations ordinaires, telles preuves additionnelles qu'il juge nécessaires aux fins d'établir la bonne foi de la réclamation.

(*e*) Toute demande d'un drawback doit parvenir au Ministère des Douanes avec les déclarations ci-haut mentionnées avant six mois de la date de l'enregistrement ou du lancement du navire ou vaisseau qui fait le sujet de la réclamation autrement la réclamation sera refusée

ANNEXE.

FORMULE "A."

Je ..... de..... déclare par les présentes que je suis le constructeur du nommé..... que j'ai fait la demande d'un drawback sur les matériaux qui ont servi à la construction du dit..... et que le dit..... a été construit à..... dans le Dominion du Canada (1) et lancé le..... jour de.....19....dont fait foi le certificat ci-annexé.

Je déclare aussi que le dit.....est un navire entièrement neuf bâti avec courbes et.....classé pour.....année dont fait foi le certificat de classification de.....daté le..... Déclaré devant moi.....ce.....jour de.....19.....

.....
Percepteur des douanes.

Constructeur.

FORMULE "B"

Je.....régistrateur de navire soussigné à .....certifie par les présentes que le navire ci-haut mentionné est entièrement neuf, construit durant la saison de.....par.....tel que ci-haut déclaré et lancé le.... .....jour de..... ....que son tonnage est de.....tonneaux bruts et que le dit navire est construit avec..... courbes et que les propriétaires enregistrés sont (1)

Je certifie aussi que j'ai examiné le certificat de classification et vérifié aussi que le dit navire est classé à.... .....pour.....années et que le dit navire est lui-même muni de pouvoir de navigation indépendante.

Port de { .....
Régistrateur des navires.

(1) Indiquez les noms si le navire est enregistré au Canada—Sinon, insérez les mots "Non enregistré au Canada."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2518]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le Département des Affaires des Sauvages a démandé la mise en réserve pour les sauvages d'une étendue de terrain, connue sous le nom de " Réserve du trou ou d'eau basse," choisie en 1884 en vertu du traité n° 5 et indiquée sur les plans officiels des townships 25 et 26 approuvés et confirmés le 22 février 1915, et le 6 mars 1915, respectivement, et contenant, après arpentage, trois mille cinq cent soixante-quatorze acres, plus ou moins ;

Et attendu que les dits terrains sont disponibles d'après les archives du Ministère de l'Intérieur,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil de décréter par ces présentes que les terrains ci-haut décrits soient soustraits de l'application de la *Loi des terres fédérales* et mis en réserve pour les fins susdites.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2565]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 20e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 14 octobre 1916, représentant que M. Patrick Goachin, de Grand Prairie, province d'Alberta, a demandé la concession du quart nord-ouest de la section 8, township 71, rang 9, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, en raison de son occupation du dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages.

La preuve a été faite démontrant que le pétitionnaire avait sa résidence sur le dit terrain à la date de la sanction du traité des sauvages n° 8, au cours de l'été 1899, et pour ces causes le Ministre recommande que, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, autorisation soit accordée de céder à M. Goachin le quart nord-ouest de la section 8, township 71, rang 9, à l'ouest du 6e méridien.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU.
18–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2348]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les syndics de l'église dite " Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende " ont demandé la concession, pour les fins d'une église, de dix acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-est du quart nord-ouest de la section 23, township 14, rang 8, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, les formalités ordinaires ayant été remplies,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église dix acres de terrain compris dans l'angle nord-est du quart nord ouest de la section 23, township 14, rang 8, à l'ouest du 3e méridien, et d'en autoriser la concession aux syndics de l'église dite " Evangelical Lutheran Salem Gemiende " pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2608]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert a demandé pour les fins d'une église la concession de cinq acres de terrain compris dans le quart nord-ouest de la section 10, township 37, rang 27, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur ;

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administeur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter le dit terrain aux fins de cette église et d'en autoriser la concession à la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert pour les dites fins

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[24/2574]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 20e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil en vertu des dispositions de l'article 23 du chapitre 24 des Statuts revisés du Canada, *Loi du Revenu consolidé et de l'audition*, de décréter ce qui suit :—

A dater du 9 septembre 1916, ce jour compris, la ville de Kenora, dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Port Arthur, sera et elle est par les présentes détachée de la dite divison et ajoutée à la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Winnipeg ;

A dater du 1er octobre 1916, ce jour compris, la ville de Collingwood, dans le comté de Simcoe, qui a jusqu'ici fait partie de la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Owen-Sound, sera et elle est par les présentes détachée de la dite division et ajoutée à la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Toronto.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2487]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 5 octobre 1916, représentant que, le 29 octobre 1910, M. Milton J. McCreary a obtenu l'inscription de préemption du quart nord-est de la section 13, township 10, rang 22, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Le Ministre fait observer que certaines preuves semblent établir que M. McCreary a accompli un terme de résidence et défoncé une étendue suffisante de terrain ;

Le Ministre soumet une copie du certificat médical du docteur W. B. Kendall, établissant que M. McCreary souffre de tuberculose pulmonaire,—

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande que sous l'empire du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la loi, M. McCreary soit relevé des obligations de résidence requises par la *Loi des terres fédérales*, et que patente gratuite du dit terrain lui soit délivrée sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2606]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les règlements actuellement en vigueur autorisant le commerce de la glace coupée dans les eaux des parcs fédéraux imposent un droit régalien de deux cents par tonne, payable au Département de l'Intérieur.

Et attendu qu'il a été représenté que dans les cas où on met en adjudication l'approvisionnement de quantités considérables de glace, l'imposition d'un droit régalien est au désavantage des soumissionnaires qui désirent extraire la glace des eaux comprises dans les limites des parcs fédéraux,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter que le règlement à ce sujet, établi par un arrêté en conseil du 29e jour de juin 1916, soit par ces présentes modifié en en retranchant les mots : "et, de plus, il sera perçu des droits de deux cents par tonne sur la quantité de glace coupée."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[8/2684]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Mardi, le 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter par ces présentes que le nom du port de douane actuellement connu sous la désignation de "Berlin" soit par ces présentes changé en celui de "Kitchener."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2663]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 24 octobre 1916, représentant que la Compagnie de chemin de fer Pacifique Canadien a demandé la concession d'un terrain comprenant les droits de surface au-dessus des tunnels, ainsi que le terrain requis pour un changement du passage de la voie entre Hector et Field, dans le township 28, rangs 17 et 18, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, dans le parc Yoho, ainsi qu'indiqué sur le plan du changement de la rampe et du terrain additionnel requis entre Hector et Field, Colombie-Britannique, mille 125·7 à mille 133·7, approuvé et confirmé par E. Deville, arpenteur général, et déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur sous la désignation "plan de passage n° 19704."

Le Ministre représente que la compagnie a cédé à la Couronne son titre au premier droit de passage,—

Par conséquent, le Ministre demande l'autorisation, sous l'empire de l'article 16 de la *Loi des rêserves forestières et des parcs fédéraux*, d'accorder la patente du terrain demandé et ci-haut décrit à la Compagnie de chemin de fer Pacifique Canadien, sujet cependant aux conditions suivantes :

Que le terrain en question sera sujet à l'application de tous les règlements des parcs fédéraux actuellement en vigueur, ainsi que de tous autres règlements que le Gouverneur en conseil peut à l'avenir promulguer à ce sujet.

Que le dit terrain, tout en servant aux fins pour lesquelles il a été cédé, continuera à faire partie de la réserve dans les limites de laquelle il est situé, et redeviendra propriété de la Couronne dès qu'il servira à des fins autres que celles qui sont prévues dans les présentes.

Le Département se réserve le droit de pénétrer sur le terrain au-dessus des tunnels ou sur toute autre partie du terrain additionnel susdit, le long du passage de la voie, excédant la concession ordinaire de cent pieds, soit cinquante pieds de chaque côté de la ligne de centre de la voie, pour la construction de chemins, routes, etc., ou pour les fins d'un parc ou autres fins publiques quelconques ; le Département se réserve aussi le droit de permettre au public de se servir de ces chemins ou routes et de fréquenter ces parcs, pourvu, toutefois, que cette permission ne nuise pas à l'exploitation des voies ferrées ou des tunnels de la compagnie.

La compagnie ne sera responsable dans aucune poursuite en dommages-intérêts par quiconque aura souffert d'un accident survenu sur la propriété dont les droits de surface ont été mis en réserve par le Département, pourvu toutefois qu'il soit clairement prouvé que cet accident n'est pas le résultat de négligence de la part de la compagnie ou de ses employés.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2607]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert a demandé, pour les fins d'un cimetière, la concession de cinq acres de terrain compris dans le quart sud-est de la section 16, township 37, rang 27, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du Département de l'Intérieur,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter le dit terrain aux fins d'un cimetière et d'en autoriser la concession à la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[L'arrêté en conseil suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 8 novembre 1916.*]

[2685]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 4e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter par ces présentes ce qui suit :—

L'arrêté en conseil du 27 avril 1915, prohibant l'exportation de certaines marchandises à diverses destinations, est par ces présentes modifié en retranchant de la liste des divers articles dont l'exportation à des destinations étrangères est prohibée, les articles suivants, savoir :—

Phénacétine.
Acide acétylsalicylique (aspirine).

Le présent arrêté en conseil sera promulgué par publication dans la *Gazette du Canada.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2361]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 27 septembre 1916, représentant que le 29 mai 1913, un Assyrien du nom de Sam Ollie a obtenu l'inscription de homestead du quart sud-ouest de la section 9, township 18, rang 13, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ; que, d'après la preuve soumise, l'inscrit y avait érigé une maison et fait dix acres de défoncement, alors qu'il fut atteint de la lèpre et interné au lazaret de Tracadie, Nouveau-Brunswick.

Vu que la maladie dont souffre M. Ollie est incurable, le Ministre recommande que cet inscrit soit exempté de toute autre obligation de résidence en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales, 1908*, et que le Département de l'Intérieur soit autorisé à émettre une patente gratuite.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2156]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 13e jour de septembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 7 septembre 1916, représentant que M. Samuel Gill Warke, qui avait obtenu l'inscription de homested du quart sud-est de la section 31, township 19, rang 11, à l'ouest du méridien principal, est devenu aveugle ;

Le Ministre déclare que M. Warke, au coût de $400, a mis en état de culture 30 acres de son homestead, en a ensemencé une partie annuellement pendant quatre ans, l'ensemencement total des 30 acres ayant été effectué en l'année 1916. La maladie a empêché M. Warke de résider sur son homestead, mais il demeura avec son oncle sur le quart de section y attenant. Après enquête, un inspecteur de homestead a produit la preuve que les améliorations susmentionnées ont été faites,—

Vu les circonstances, le Ministre recommande que sous l'empire du paragraphe 2, de l'article 20 de la loi, M. Warke soit relevé des obligations de résidence exigées par la *Loi des terres fédérales* en rapport avec son homestead, soit le quart sud-est de la section 31, township 19, rang 11, à l'ouest du méridien principal, et que patente gratuite lui en soit délivrée sur preuve établie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2424]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 7e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRESENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil daté le 21 juillet 1910, le Ministre de l'Intérieur a été autorisé à mettre en réserve, à titre de terres des écoles, la section 17, township 9, rang 17, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, pour remplacer une partie de la section 11, township 9, rang 26, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, dont la concession à la ville de McLeod était projetée ;

Et attendu qu'il a été subséquemment décidé de ne pas donner suite à ce projet, mais de mettre à l'enchère publique les parties non concédées de la section 11 en question, ce qui a été fait en conséquence ;

Et attendu que la section 17 en question n'est plus requise, par conséquent, pour le fonds des terres des écoles ;

Et attendu que la section 17 en question n'a jamais été mentionnée dans la *Gazette du Canada* comme faisant partie des terres des écoles ;

Et attendu que le dit arrêté en conseil du 21 juillet 1910 semblerait avoir pour effet de réserver la section 17 pour les fins du fonds des terres des écoles,—

Par conséquent, et en vertu du fait que la section 17 n'est plus requise pour le fonds des terres des écoles, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que le dit arrêté en conseil du 21 juillet 1910 soit par ces présentes rescindé.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
17-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2645]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 27e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que madame Bessie Eaton, de Griffin Creek, dans la province d'Alberta, a demandé la concession gratuite du lot n° 7 dans l'établissement de Shaftesbury, en la dite province d'Alberta, comprenant une superficie de 82·6 acres ;

Attendu que la preuve déposée au Département de l'Intérieur démontre que madame Eaton a acquis le lot en question par l'entremise des ayants droit du révérend Henry Robinson, qui occupait ce lot à la date de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8, à l'été de 1899, et qui, par conséquent, avait droit à la concession gratuite du dit lot ;

Attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du Département de l'Intérieur,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, d'autoriser la concession gratuite à madame Eaton du lot n° 7, de l'établissement de Shaftesbury, dans la dite province d'Alberta comprenant une superficie de 82 6 acres.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 1er septembre 1916.

O.G. 82.

INSTRUCTIONS, RÈGLEMENTS, Etc.

DISTINCTIONS DANS L'UNIFORME DES OFFICIERS ET SOLDATS QUI ONT ÉTÉ BLESSÉS.

Les distinctions ci-dessous dans l'uniforme seront portées sur la veste de service par tous les officiers et soldats qui ont été blessés dans les campagnes quelconques depuis le 4 août 1914 :—

" Des bandes de passepoil russe d'or n° 1, deux pouces de longueur cousues perpendiculairement sur la manche gauche de la veste afin d'indiquer chaque occasion dans laquelle ils ont été blessés."

Pour les officiers, le bout inférieur de la première bande de passepoil d'or sera placé immédiatement au-dessus de la pointe supérieure du revers du poignet. Les sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes porteront le passpoil d'or sur la manche gauche, le bord inférieur du passepoil étant à trois pouces du bas de la manche. Les bandes de passepoil d'or additionnelles marquant chaque occasion subséquente dans laquelle

ils ont été blessés, seront placées sur l'un ou l'autre côté de la bande originale à un demi-pouce de distance.

" On obtiendra gratuitement le passepoil d'or sur réquisition du corps des magasins militaires canadiens ; la couture se fera au régiment sans frais pour le public.

(Q.G. 96-11-64.)
(Q.G. 1961-16.)
(Ordre de l'armée 54 de 1916.)

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RUBAN DE LA MÉDAILLE DE LONG SERVICE ET DE BONNE CONDUITE ET RUBAN DE LA MÉDAILLE POUR SERVICE MÉRITOIRE.

1. " Il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que le ruban qui suspendait la Médaille de Long Service et de Bonne Conduite et la Médaille pour Service Méritoire qui était écarlate jusqu'ici, soit changée en écarlate avec bords blancs."

2. Le nouveau ruban sera immédiatement porté par tous les officiers, sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes qui sont en possession des médailles et qui sont actuellement en service.

(Q.G. 51-7-37.)
(Q.G. 1961-16.)
(Ordre de l'armée 183 de 1916.)

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O.G. 83.

ORGANISATION.

MILICE DE RÉSERVE.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 15.—L'organisation d'une compagnie de la milice de réserve avec chef-lieu à Vernon, C.-B., est autorisée.

(Q.G. 32-1-416.)

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O.G. 84.

EFFECTIFS.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL, DISTRICTS MILITAIRES.

L'état-major ci-dessous pour le quartier général des districts militaires est autorisé :—

Officier commandant.

ÉTAT-MAJOR GÉNÉRAL.

Officier d'état-major général.

ATTACHÉS À L'ÉTAT-MAJOR GÉNÉRAL.

Officier des renseignements de district.
Officier signaleur de district.

ÉTAT-MAJOR ADMIMISTRATIF.

Aide-adjudant général en charge de l'administration.
Sons-aide adjudant et quartier-maître général.

SERVICES TECHNIQUES, DE DÉPARTEMENT ET DES CADETS.

(Attachés à l'état-major administratif.

Commandant du génie royal canadien.
Sous-directeur des approvisionnements et du transport.
Sous-directeur des services de santé.
Officier d'artillerie le plus ancien.
Payeur de district.
Principal officier vétérinaire.
Organisateur et inspecteur des corps de cadets.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 2.—*Ajoutex :—*
Troisième officier d'état-major général.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 6.—*Ajoutez :—*
Troisième officier d'état-major général. } Pour la
Sous-aide-adjudant et quartier-maître général. } forteresse
Officier des renseignements. } d'Halifax.

(Q. G. 77-1-12.)

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EFFECTIFS—MODIFICATIONS.

PERSONNEL DE L'ÉCOLE CANADIENNE D'INSTRUCTION DE GYMNASTIQUE, T.E.C.

Relativement à l'ordre général 10, 1916, tel que modifié par l'ordre général 48, 1916, l'effectif de l'école de combat à la baïonnette et de culture physique, ce qui suit lui est substitué :—

La désignation de cette organisation sera " Ecole canadienne d'instruction de gymnastique, T.E.C., et l'effectif sera comme suit :—

Directeur et inspecteur (lieut.-colonel)	1
Surintendant (capitaines ou majors)	2
Adjudant (lieutenant ou capitaine)	1
Officiers inspecteurs (lieutenants)	4
Etat-major, gymnastique de l'armée (sous-officiers à brevet)	5
Sergents-majors régimentaires instructeurs	7
Sergents fourriers instructeurs	3
Sergents-majors de compagnie instructeurs	24
Commis de la salle des rapports (sergents)	4
Conducteurs (soldats)	3

Les totaux doivent être modifiés en conséquence.

(Q.G. 313-54-1.)

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O G. 85.

SOCIÉTÉS DE TIR.

LICENCIEMENT.

Le licenciement de la société de tir ci-dessous mentionnée est autorisé : —

Civile.

No 674, The Winnipeg Legion of Frontiersmen Rifle Association, avec chef-lieu à Winnipeg, Man.

(Q.G. 29-L-31.)

Par ordre,

W. Hodgins.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

Cinq aides-analystes pour emploi temporaire au laboratoire du Ministère du Revenu de l'Intérieur, au traitement au taux de $1,300 par année, dans le but de les nommer permanents, si leurs services sont satisfaisants, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, à un traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Le travail consistera dans l'analyse microscopique et chimique des produits alimentaires. Les candidats doivent être gradués d'une université autorisée, et avoir eu au moins une année d'expérience dans les travaux de chimie depuis qu'ils ont été gradués.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 13 novembre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules du Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 19 octobre 1916. 17-4

COUR DE L'ECHIQUIER DU CANADA.

ORDRE GÉNÉRAL.

UNE séance générale de la cour de l'Echiquier du Canada, sous les dispositions de la règle 166, pour l'instruction des causes, etc., sera tenue au Palais de Justice, dans la ville de Fraserville, P.Q., commençant mardi, le 16e jour de janvier A.D. 1917 à 11 heures a. m.

Daté à Ottawa ce 27e jour d'octobre A.D. 1916.

19-4 L. A. AUDETTE, J.C.E.

Continental Construction Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Leopold Choquette, avocat, George Edward Chart and Lorne Clayton Herdman, comptables, and Mary Béatrice Flanagan and Berthe Charlebois, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de constructeurs et charpentiers de navires dans toutes ses spécialités, ainsi que celle de constructeurs, fabricants et marchands de machines et machineries de tous genres et descriptions ;

(*b*) Bâtir, ériger, construire, manufacturer, aménager, équiper, réparer des navires, bateaux à vapeur, traversiers, chalands, dragueurs, remorqueurs, bacs, allèges, torpilleurs, sous-marins et autres vaisseaux de toutes descriptions, qu'ils soient destinés à des fins de commerce, de guerre ou autres, mines sous-marines, fournitures pour le remorquage et le sauvetage, aéroplanes, hydroplanes, ballons de tous genres et descriptions, machines (marines, stationnaires, aéroplanes, hydroplanes, bateaux automobiles, et machines de tous genres et descriptions, fournitures et équipements pour aéroplanes, hydroplanes, ballons, automobiles, canots automobiles et autres articles de tous genres et descriptions requis ou employés pour les bateaux, vaisseaux de toute description, les aéroplanes, hydroplanes, ballons, automobiles, bateaux automobiles de tous genres et descriptions ou en rapport avec iceux ;

(*c*) Pour les fins susmentionnées exercer le commerce ou l'industrie de manufacturiers d'acier dans toutes ses spécialités ainsi que toutes les affaires et opérations incédentes ou s'y rapportant, y compris les procédés employés ou qui pourront être employés dans la fabrication de l'acier, y compris l'achat et la vente de l'acier, de fers étrangers et autres et la fabrication du fer ; exercer le commerce et l'industrie d'ingénieurs, lamineurs d'acier, manufacturiers de machines motrices, outils, machinerie, chemins de fer et autres installations, marchands de fer et d'acier, fondeurs de fer, entrepreneurs généraux dans toutes les branches, comme brevetés, licenciés ou autrement ; faire, acheter, donner ou prendre en location et vendre les articles appartenant à tels commerces et industries ;

(*d*) Pour les fins susmentionnées exercer également l'industrie de l'exploitation du bois, manufacturiers, exportateurs, négociants en bois de service, billes, bois de charpente et bois de tous genres et descriptions ; et en rapport avec ces industries acquérir, ériger, posséder, exploiter des scieries, des machines à planer et à embouveter, des usines et tous autres moulins, fabriques et outillages nécessaires ou utiles en rapport avec l'industrie du bois en général ;

(*e*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement et construire, maintenir et exploiter sur les propriétés de la compagnie ou sur des propriétés louées ou contrôlées par la compagnie, des bassins de radoub et autres bassins, chantiers maritimes, chemins de fer maritimes, glissoirs, bassins, quais, élévateurs de têtes de ligne et autres, entrepôts et entreprises semblables, tramways, voies d'évitement, ou autres moyens de transport, canaux, barrages, flumes, aqueducs, ponts, outillage pour la construction des navires, ateliers de machines motrices, laminoirs et autres édifices et machinerie et toutes telles autres structures et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour accomplir aucuns des objets de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement et maintenir, exploiter, développer des pouvoirs d'eau et autres travaux, outillages, édifices et machinerie pour la fabrication, production et conversion du pouvoir ou de l'énergie électrique, pneumatique, hydraulique ou autre ; vendre, distribuer ou autrement disposer de tout excédent de tel pouvoir ou énergie électrique pneumatique, hydraulique ou autre, sujet aux règlements locaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*h*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, posséder, utiliser, détenir, jouir d'aucunes terres, édifices ou biens fonciers, lots de grève ou d'eau profonde limites à bois, droits forestiers, mines, minéraux, droits miniers, puits à pétrole et à gaz et autres propriétés et droits semblables comme il en sera nécessaire, approprié ou convenable pour l'exercice des affaires de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Demander, obtenir, acquérir par cession, transfert bail ou autrement, exercer, appliquer et jouir de tout permis, charte, pouvoir, autorité, franchise, concessions, droits ou privilèges qu'aucun gouvernement ou autorité, ou aucune corporation ou corps public peuvent avoir le pouvoir d'octroyer, les payer, aider, contribuer à leur mise en œuvre et appliquer, approprier ou autrement utiliser aucune des actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour défrayer en tout ou partie les frais, charges et dépenses nécessaires s'y rapportant ;

(*j*) Acquérir par achat, échange, bail ou autrement, et se charger de la totalité ou d'une partie de l'entreprise, industrie, propriété, actif ou passif de toute personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que la présente compagnie a le pouvoir d'exercer ;

(*k*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion, la consolidation ou l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, la gérance et la conduite des affaires de la compagnie ou autres arrangements de même nature avec toute personne ou compagnie ou compagnies exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie, prendre telles mesures et procédure, faire toutes choses nécessaires ou utiles pour accomplir et et donner effet à tels arrangements ou à chacun d'eux ;

(*l*) Souscrire, acheter, prendre en échange ou en paiment ou autrement acquérir, détenir, posséder et, pendant leur détention, exercer tous les droits, pouvoirs et privilèges de détenteurs ou possesseurs, en recevoir et distribuer comme profit les dividentes et intérêts, garantir, vendre, avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, disposer d'actions d'obligations, débentures, actions-débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies ayant, en tout ou en partie, des fins et objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être directement ou indirectement conduite avantageusement pour cette compagnie, établir, promouvoir ou autrement assister aucune telle compagnie ou compagnie ;

(*m*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures, actions-débentures ou autres valeurs en paiement, total ou partiel, d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière ou autres droits, bail, affaires, franchises, entreprises, pouvoir, privilège, licence ou concession que cette compagnie peut légalement acquérir, et aussi, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en paiement de services rendus à la compagnie par voie de promotion ou autrement, et émettre des actions libérées en paiement ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures, actions-débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant des affaires semblables ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*n*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de tous ou aucun des biens, propriétés, droits ou entreprises de la compagnie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, actions-débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Fabriquer, acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, posséder, vendre, céder, transférer ou autrement disposer, échanger ou trafiquer d'effets, articles, victuailles, instruments, denrées, fournitures, matériaux et marchandises de toutes espèces et descriptions, agir comme magasiniers généraux, pourvoir à la pension, logement, habillement, aux victuailles et généralement à tous les besoins de ceux engagés dans les ateliers de la compagnie ou au dehors et conclure des contrats pour pourvoir à leurs besoins ;

(*p*) Prêter des fonds aux personnes ou compagnies ayant des relations avec la compagnie, garantir l'exécution de tous contrats ainsi que l'exécution de tous engagements ou entreprise d'aucune autre personne ou compagnie dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée, y compris le paiement de dividendes, intérêts sur obligations, débentures, actions-débentures, ou autres valeurs, mortgages ou engagements d'aucune telle compagnie ou personne ; accepter comme garantie de tels prêts et garanties toute valeur qui pourra être offerte par telle compagnie et personne, y compris des actions, obligations, débentures, actions-débentures, mortgages, nantissements, gages ou autres valeurs de telles autres compagnies ou sur la propriété de telles personnes ou compagnies ;

(*q*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, mandats, valeurs en vertu de l'*Acte des banques*, et autres instruments négociables et transférables ;

(*r*) Distribuer parmi ses membres en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra en être décidé, aucun des biens de la compagnie, et particulièrement les actions, obligations, débentures, actions-débentures, ou autrss valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie formée pour prendre tout ou partie de l'actif ou du passif de la compagnie ;

(*s*) Faire, de temps à autre, un ou plusieurs des actes et choses mentionnés dans les présentes, exercer et jouir de tous tels droits et privilèges et faire tous tels autres actes et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux ou, aussi, exercer aucune industrie alliée aux fins et objets énumérés ci-dessns.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Continental Construction Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 100 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Varnish Specialites of Canada, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 19e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Ralph Erskin Allan, avocat, William Taylor, gérant, Bruce Stuart Crombie, secrétaire, James William Cairns, caissier, et Angus McLeod Murray, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de marchands et de manufacturiers en gros et en détail de vernis, huiles, peintures et accessoires employés dans leur fabrication et dans ce but acheter, vendre, trafiquer, manufacturer des accessoires et matériaux employés en rapport avec la peinture et le vernissage, exercer généralement l'industrie d'un fabricant de peintures et de vernis dans toutes ses spécialités ;

(*b*) Demander, obtenir, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, détenir, posséder, employer, exploiter, introduire, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer d'aucune et de toutes marques de fabrique, formules, procédés, secrêts, marques de commerce, pouvant être nécessaires pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Fabriquer, acheter, vendre ou autrement disposer d'accessoires, réceptacles, boîtes en ferblanc, boîtes, étiquettes et autres articles requis en rapport avec les dites affaires, exercer aucune autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, qui semblera à la compagnie, pouvoir être convenablement conduite en rapport avec celle ci-dessus ou, directement ou indirectement de nature à augmenter la valeur de l'entreprise de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir tout ou partie de l'achalandage, droits, propriété, biens, actions du capital-stock, obligations, débentures d'autres corporations, y compris aucune option, concessions ou choses semblables d'aucun individu, maison, société ou corporation exerçant une industrie, en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, obligations ou valeurs ou, pour les payer totalement ou partiellement, émettre et répartir des actions du capital-stock de la compagnie comme pleinement libérées et non sujettes à appel, qu'elles soient souscrites ou non ;

(*e*) Détenir, acheter ou autrement acquérir, vendre, céder, transférer ou autrement disposer d'actions du capital-stock, obligations, débentures ou autres preuves de dettes créées par d'autres compagnies ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* et vendre ou autrement disposer du stock, actions, valeurs ou entreprises de toute autre compagnie ayant pour l'un de ses objets l'exercice des pouvoirs quelconques de la compagnie ou transférer son actif ou ses entreprises à toute telle compagnie ou compagnies ou fusionner avec elles;

(*g*) Garantir le paiement des dividendes ou de l'intérêt sur toutes actions, stocks, débentures ou autres valeurs émises par, ou tout autre contrat ou obligation de toute compagnie ayant des relations d'affaires avec cette compagnie ; garantir les contrats d'aucune telle personne, maison ou corporation ;

(*h*) Vendre ou autrement céder en tout ou en partie la propriété, l'actif, les droits, les entreprises ou la clientèle de la compagnie et en accepter le paiement complet ou partiel en deniers comptants, obligations, actions, stock ou autres valeurs de toute corporation ou compagnie ;

(*i*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres avec toute maison ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que la présente compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer les biens de la compagnie au comptant ou en espèces ;

(*k*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, exercer aucune industrie se rapportant à l'accomplissement normale des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Varnish Specialties of Canada, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars, divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

A. R. Whittall Can Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 23e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Albert Richard Whittall et Fred. Richard Whittall, manufacturiers, Michael Arthur Phelan, avocat, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec, et David Shadrach Whittall, manufacturier, Joseph Alphonse L'Heureux, teneur de livres, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de la fabrication des bidons et réceptacles de toutes descriptions, qu'ils soient en métal, bois, papier ou autre matière; exercer l'industrie de la charpenterie, de la fonte, de la forge, laminerie, étamage, galvanisation, lithographie, de l'émaillage, peinture, vernissage et du placage des métaux, fabriquer, acheter, vendre, disposer de métaux fondus, forgés et en feuilles et d'articles faits en tout ou en partie d'iceux, d'articles émaillés sur métaux en feuilles ou autres, d'articles de cuisine et de maison et d'ornements faits de ou sur métaux de toute espèce, miner, manufacturer, vendre, acheter et généralement trafiquer de tous matériaux employés dans la fabrication d'aucun

des articles décrits ci-dessus ou dans aucune industrie similaire ou y étant reliée ;

(*b*) Prendre, accepter des transports de biens personnels ou fonciers en paiement et règlement total ou partiel du prix des articles ci-dessus fabriqués ou à fabriquer, vendus ou à être vendus aux clients, avoir et détenir les dits bien personnels ou fonciers, les transférer, vendre ou autrement en disposer comme il pourra en être jugé opportun de temps à autre ;

(*c*) Manufacturer et disposer de bois de service, bois et métaux, de tous articles dans la fabrication desquels entrent le bois ou les métaux et toutes espèces de produits naturels et leurs sous-produits, manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises ;

(*d*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou autrement acquérir aucunes terres, bâtiments, servitudes ou propriété foncière ou personnelle pouvant être requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou capable d'être convenablement employés en rapport avec aucun des objets de la compagnie, les vendre et en disposer de temps à autre, comme la compagnie le jugera convenable ;

(*e*) Acheter, louer ou acquérir des pouvoirs hydrauliques et privilèges hydrauliques, en developper du pouvoir hydraulique, electrique ou autres, les utiliser en rapport avec son industrie, les transmettre, vendre, louer ou disposer de tout excédent de pouvoir, conclure des arrangements avec d'autres compagnies, personnes, maisons ou corporations pour leur utilisation soit comme pouvoir ou pour des fins d'éclairage électrique, établir, exploiter et entretenir tout outillage d'éclairage électrique, de chauffage et de force motrice, vendre et disposer de lumière électrique, chauffage et force motrice, pourvu toutefois que les droits et privilèges conférés à la compagnie de produire, vendre, disposer d'énergie électrique pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et la force motrice, quand ils seront exercés en dehors de la propriété de la compagnie, soient sujets à toutes les lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*f*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions du stock, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporatfon, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi :

(*g*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec les affaires ou objets de la compagnie et nécessaires pour permettre à la compagnie de conduire avantageusement son entreprise ;

(*h*) Acquérir, louer, vendre, licencier ou autrement disposer de marques de commerce, dessins industriels, brevets, droits de brevet se rattachant à toute invention pouvant être utile à l'industrie de la compagnie, acquérir et exploiter tout brevet d'invention ou tout permis d'employer aucune invention qui semblera pouvoir être utilisée en rapport avec les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et assumer tout ou partie de la propriété, travaux, affaires, fonds de commerce, biens, achalandage, contrats, droits, obligations et engagements de toute personne ou compagnie ayant des objets ou exerçant uue industrie similaires aux objets ou à l'industrie de cette compagnie, les payer en espèces, stock, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie ou autrement comme les directeurs pourront en décider ;

(*j*) Lever ou aider à lever des fonds, aider par voie de boni, promesses, endossement, garantie ou autrement, aucune corporation dans le capital de laquelle la compagnie détient des actions ou avec laquelle elle peut avoir des relations commerciales, agir comme employés, agents ou gérants de toute telle compagnie, garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*k*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, l'amalgamation, la consolidatton ou l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autre arrangement de même nature avec toute personne ou compagnies exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou à entreprendre ou ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) Louer, vendre ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété et des biens de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable y compris des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*m*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs et faire toutes les affaires nécessaires pour l'exercice normal des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée et nécessaires pour permettre à la compagnie de conduire avantageusement son entreprise ;

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents ou fondés de pouvoirs.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout la Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de " A. R. Whittall Can Company, Limited," avecun capital-actionsde cinq cent mille dollars, divisé en 5,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

19–2

Castle Corner, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 19e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, conseil du Roi, Charles Albert Hale, avocat, Paul Emile Champoux, étudiant en droit, Edythe Lilian Pearson, Norah Phœbé Smith et Anna Brennan, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat, location, échange ou autrement des terres, bâtiments ou aucuns intérêts ou droits dans iceux, et les vendre, louer, échanger, transférer ou autrement en disposer ;

(*b*) Construire des maisons, bâtiments ou travaux de toute description sur aucune terre de la compagnie ou sur aucune autre terre et rebâtir, agrandir, modifier, améliorer les maisons, bâtiments, travaux existant sur icelles et généralement disposer et améliorer la propriété de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Posséder, exploiter, gérer et diriger des théâtres, bureaux, bâtiments, maisons à appartements, entrepôts, restaurants et hôtels ;

(*d*) Entreprendre la gérance, administration ou vente de terres, bâtiments ou autre propriété foncière d'aucune autre personne, maison ou corporation ;

(*e*) Souscrire, prendre, acheter ou acquérir d'aucune manière du stock, des obligations, actions, débentures ou autres valeurs ou engagements d'aucune compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ; voter en vertu d'iceux, les vendre ou autrement en disposer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*.

(*f*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou de toute partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une entreprise ou transaction que la compagnie est autorisé à exercer ou entreprendre, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ;

(*h*) Faire tout ce qui sera nécessaire, convenable ou à propos pour l'accomplissement des fins ou permettant d'atteindre un ou plusieurs des objets ci-dessus énumérés ;

(*i*) Rémunérer par paiement en espèces, des fonds de la compagnie, ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires,

en stocks, obligations ou autrement, toute personne, maison ou corporation pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou garantissant le placement du stock, des débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou en échange d'aucune terre, édifices ou autre garantie de valeur ;

(*j*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés, les pouvoirs ou fins de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendant les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre, jouir et exercer aucun ou plusieurs des tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Castle Corner, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quatre cent mille dollars, divisé en 4,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 25e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Labonté, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Joseph Alfred Labonté, épicier ; Louis Edgar Deguise, contremaître ; René Chenevert, avocat, Arthur Salvas, pharmaciens, et John Fleming Woodcock, agent, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de marchands en gros et en détail d'épiceries, vins, liqueurs, spiritueux, drogues, produits chimiques et pharmaceutiques, épices, extraits, thés, cafés, fruits, denrées, foin, grains, bois, tourbe, charbon et exercer généralement l'industrie d'importateurs et d'exportateurs d'articles d'épiceries, agir également comme marchands à commission pour tous les articles ci dessus mentionnés, posséder et exploiter des vignobles, vergers, terres et bâtiments pour les dites fins dans toutes leurs branches respectives, pourvu que l'exercice des pouvoirs énumérés dans ce paragraphe soient sujets à tous les règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, manufacturer, échanger, importer, exporter, disposer de tous genres d'articles et choses pouvant être requis pour les fins des affaires de la compagnie ou qui sembleront pouvoir être disposés avantageusement en rapport avec ses affaires ;

(*c*) Acheter des obligations et disposer de biens fonciers, ériger, construire et exploiter des usines, bâtiments, entrepôts, entrepôts frigorifiques, machinerie et outillage pour les fins des dites affaires ; agir comme agents pour des manufacturiers et négociants d'aucune des matières mentionnées dans les présentes ou d'une nature similaire ;

(*d*) Acquérir, louer et disposer de marques de fabrique, droits de brevet, formules, recettes, privilèges ou autorités se rapportant à aucune invention qui semblera utile à la compagnie, et en rapport avec telles affaires, acquérir, exploiter tous brevets d'invention ou aucun permis d'employer aucune invention pouvant être utilisée en rapport avec les dites affaires, les vendre, louer et en disposer ;

(*e*) Acquérir et prendre, comme une industrie active, l'achalandage, droits, propriété et biens, assumer tout ou partie du passif ou des engagements d'aucune exploitation appartenant à présent ou dans l'avenir à aucun particulier ou compagnie, incorporée ou autrement, exerçant une industrie similaire, en tout ou en partie à celle de la compagnie, les payer en espèces, actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ; prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*f*) Vendre ou disposer d'aucune partie de l'entreprise et des biens de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, y compris des actions, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer, partager les bénéfices, s'unir ou coopérer avec aucune personne ou personnes ou compagnies engagées ou prêtes à exercer aucune industrie que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer ;

(*h*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires se rapportant à l'exercice normal des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée et nécessaires pour permettre à la compagnie de conduire avantageusement ses entreprises.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Labonté, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 20e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY.
19-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The H. Fortier Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 19e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants, marchands, soldeurs, importateurs, négociants en gros et en détail de cigars, cigarettes, tabacs et fournitures pour marchands de tabac, dans tout état et forme de fabrication, et tous articles requis ou utiles pour les fumeurs pouvant être disposés ou requis par les marchands de tabac ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, disposer de toute espèce d'outillage, machinerie, appareils, outils, ustensiles, produits, articles et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour l'exercice de l'industrie susdite ou qui sont ou peuvent être disposés par les personnes qui y sont engagées ;

(*c*) Eriger, construire, maintenir, exploiter des édifices, ateliers, machinerie et commodités qui sembleront directement ou indirectement se rapporter à aucun des objets de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, propriété, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou possédant des propriétés convenant ou nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations ou débentures en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages pouvant être légalement acquis par la compagnie, émettre aussi telles actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant, en tout ou en partie, des affaires semblables ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, détenir, posséder le capital-stock, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, corporation ou individu exerçant ou engagé dans une industrie que la compagnie a le pouvoir d'exercer, d'entreprendre et d'acquérir, détenir ou autrement disposer de telles actions, obligations ou autres valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*g*) Conclure tout arrangement pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant ou ayant l'intention d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou une transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée d'entreprendre ou d'exercer ou de s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*h*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autrement, toute autre compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires et garantir l'exécution des contrats par telle compagnie ou corporation;

(*i*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres, avec ou sans garantie, à tels termes que la compagnie pourra approuver et garantir les dettes et contrats des clients ou autres ;

(*j*) Placer les fonds de la compagnie non immediatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*k*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, aucune propriété ou biens de la compagnie, et en particulier aucunes actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies qui auront pu acheter ou assumer en tout ou partie la propriété, les biens ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnie dont les objets sont ou comprennent des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, soit par vente ou achat de l'entreprise (pour des actions ou autrement) sujet au passif de cette ou d'aucune telle compagnie comme susdit, ou par association ou tout arrangement de la nature d'une association ou d'aucune autre manière ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer des propriétés, droits, contrats ou entreprises de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, pour telle compensation qui pourra être agréée, en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire des dons et souscrire à tout objet pouvant promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie, créer et contribuer à des fonds de pensions et autres fonds et projets pour le bénéfice des personnes employées par la compagnie ou les femmes veuves, enfants et dépendants d'aucune telle personne, souscrire ou garantir des fonds pour aucun objet charitable ou public ;

(*o*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, faire tous autres actes ou choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ou aucuns d'eux, exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée aux fins ou objets énumérés ci-dessus et qui semblera pouvoir être aisément conduite par la compagnie, ou directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur des propriétés et des droits de la compagnie ou à les rendre profitables ;

(*p*) Rémunérer toute personne pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer aucunes actions du capital-actions de la compagnie ou aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*q*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ne seront, à moins qu'il en soit autrement exprimé, en aucune manière limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucune autre clause ou paragraphe de cette charte. Au contraire les objets et pouvoirs spécifiés dans chaque clause seront réputés indépendants et séparés des objets et pouvoirs conférés par les autres clauses énoncées ci-dessus.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The H. Fortier Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions d'un million de dollars, divisé en 10,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

19-2

Dominion Crucible Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer de creusets, graphite, argiles et autres matières réfractaires et de leurs produits ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, détenir, utiliser, exploiter des mines de graphite et autres, des minéraux, droits miniers, privilèges, terres à bois et autres, et des permis de coupe, miner, extraire, exploiter, broyer, préparer pour la vente, transporter, vendre et trafiquer de graphite, fer, pierre, amiante, phosphates, mica et autres minéraux et métaux, argiles et substances minérales, leurs produits et sous-produits, et généralement exercer l'industrie de propriétaires de mines, de fondeurs de métaux, carriers, négociants en minerais et métaux, leurs produits et sous-produits ;

(*c*) Bâtir, acquérir, posséder, affréter, louer, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Bâtir, construire, maintenir des quais, magasins, jetées, bassins, élévateurs, routes, travaux publics et privés nécessaires de toute description, réservoirs, barrages, pouvoirs hydrauliques et autres travaux nécessaires pour les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir, développer, utiliser des pouvoirs hydrauliques dans le but de produire de l'air comprimé, de l'électricité pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et la force motrice en rapport avec les bâtiments et autres édifices de la compagnie, vendre ou autrement disposer de tout surplus d'électricité ou de pouvoir produit dans les usines de la compagnie, construire et exploiter des lignes pour la vente et la transmission de l'excédent de pouvoir, toujours sujet aux lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*f*) Avoir, tenir des magasins d'approvisionnements, vendre et trafiquer de produits alimentaires, provisions marchandises en général ;

(*g*) Acquérir ou assumer, tout ou partie des affaires biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets marques de fabrique licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention ou marques de fabriques ou de commerce qui paraîtront capables d'être utilisés pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, disposer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*j*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la com-

pagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*k*) Remunérer aucune personne pour services rendus à la compagnie ou pour aucune propriété ou droits acquis par la compagnie, de telle manière que la compagnie jugera opportune et plus particulièrement par l'émission et la répartition d'actions, obligations et autres valeurs de la compagnie, entièrement libérées et non sujettes à appel de fonds.

(*l*) Emettre ou garantir l'émission ou le paiement des intérêts sur les actions, débentures, débentures stocks, obligations ou autres valeurs ou engagements d'aucune compagnie ou société avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations pour les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux, payer ou pourvoir au courtage, commission, garanties se rapportant à aucune telle émission:

(*m*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compa- ou de toute autre partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des espèces ou pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou partie en espèces et partie en telles actions, débentures ou valeurs;

(n) Distribuer parmi ses membres, en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra en être résolu, les biens de la compagnie et en particulier, les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie formée pour prendre tout ou partie des biens ou engagements de cette compagnie.

(o) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres comme facteurs ou agents ou pour aucunes autres compagnies ou personnes, ou par l'entremise d'aucuns facteurs, fidèicommissaires ou agents.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Dominion Crucible Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent mille dollars, divisé en 2,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 25e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

La Compagnie de Pneus Roger, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Wilfrid Joseph George Roger, voyageur de commerce, Télesphore Leduc, boucher, Charles Romulus Lasalle et Adjutor Saucier, marchands, et Télesphore Yacinthe Ouellette, gentilhomme, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, vendre, faire le négoce et exercer l'industrie de fabricants d'automobiles, jantes d'automobiles (pneus), cyclettes, bicycles, moteurs, machines à vapeur, voitures et véhicules de tous genres et de tous articles employés dans leur construction ; manufacturer des chaussures de toutes descriptions en cuir et en caoutchouc, manufacturer, acheter, importer, vendre et faire le négoce de cuirs, caoutchouc, guttapercha et de tous articles, ingrédients et composés s'y rapportant ou leur appartenant ou employés dans leur fabrication ; acheter, vendre, trafiquer de peaux brutes ou ouvrées ; exercer généralement l'industrie du tannage, acheter, vendre, trafiquer de tous produits et matières brutes s'y rapportant, exercer l'industrie de fabricants, importateurs, exportateurs et marchands de bottes, souliers et chaussures de toutes espèces et de toutes autres marchandises appartenant à la dite industrie ;

(*b*) Demander, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des brevets, brevets d'invention, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif ou limité d'utiliser toute information qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie et utiliser, exercer, louer, vendre ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété ou les droits ainsi acquis ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, louer, importer, exporter et trafiquer de machinerie de tous genres en rapport avec ou se rattachant à la fabrication des bottes, souliers, caoutchoucs, semelles, formes et de toutes espèces de cuirs, caoutchoucs, feutre et tissus pour chaussures ;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter et trafiquer de toutes espèces de cirages, vernis à chaussures, vernis, fermoirs et autres articles marchands s'y rapportant ;

(*e*) Manufacturer la machinerie requise ou utile dans la dite industrie et pour telles fins de fabrication, acheter, vendre et trafiquer de cuivre, bronze et fer, exercer l'industrie de finisseurs, galvaniseurs, recuiteurs, galvanoplastes, fabricants de câbles, de fer-blanc, de machines et instruments, de chaudières, celles de forgerons, potiers d'étain, ingénieurs-électriciens, ajusteurs pour le gaz, l'eau chaude et la vapeur, menuisers, vitriers et fabricants d'outils, scieurs, tourneurs, marchands de bois, ingénieurs-mécaniciens, et acheter, vendre, faire, convertir, importer, exporter et trafiquer de machines à vapeur et machineries de toutes descriptions, et toutes leurs parties constituantes, chaudières, matériel roulant, métaux, bois et verres de tous genres et toutes autres marchandises, effets, articles ou choses nécessaires ou utiles pour aucun des objets ou des fins de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, pouvant être convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Agir comme agents généraux ou spéciaux pour toute corporation ou compagnie, maison ou maisons en rapport avec aucune des affaires ci-dessus, agir également comme marchands commissionnaires ;

(*h*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir ou obtenir une protection et des licences provisoires ou autres se rapportant à toutes inventions ou prétendues inventions, brevets, marques de fabrique, noms, dessins, droits d'auteur, projets, contrats, arrangements, idées, secrets ou procédés secrets, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en stock libéré ou autrement ;

(*i*) Acquérir et prendre comme une industrie active l'entreprise, les biens et le passif de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle que compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, et en ayant en vue l'acquisition de toutes ou d'aucunes actions, obligations, débentures, dettes ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, acheter, prendre ou acquérir par souscription originale ou autrement, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions, de stock, ordinaire ou priorité, débentures, obligations ou autres engagements d'aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires aux objets de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour cette compagnie, voter sur toutes actions ainsi détenues par l'entremise de tel agent ou agents que les directeurs pourront nommer ;

(*k*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profit, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*l*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou d'aucune partie des affaires, entreprise, propriété, engaments et franchises de la compagnie, à toute personne

ou compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute compagnie dont les objets sont en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*m*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres comme facteurs ou agents ou pour aucunes autres compagnies ou personnes, ou par l'entremise d'aucuns facteurs, fidéicommissaires ou agents.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de Pneus Roger, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de deux cent cinquant mille dollars, divisé en 10,000 actions de vingt-cinq dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Montreal Suspender and Umbrella Manufacturing Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Henri Beaudry et Jules Beaudry, manufacturiers, et Casimir Dessaulles, avocat, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec ; Joseph Beaudry, de la cité d'Outremont, dans la province de Québec, manufacturier, et John Hepworth, de la ville de Lachine, dans la dite province de Québec, marchand, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, tanner, traiter, acheter, vendre et autrement disposer de cuir de toutes espèces, manufacturer, tisser, traiter, préparer pour le commerce des cordons élastiques et non élastiques, toiles, sangles et rubans, fils et autres tissus faits de n'importe quelle matière et leurs articles ouvrés ; manufacturer, acheter, vendre et autrement disposer de bretelles, jarretières, ceintures, chaînes, bandes, trousses, fermoirs, bandages, appareils de gymnastique, et autres articles faits de caoutchouc, cuir, métaux ou d'aucune autre matière et les parties constituantes de tels articles ; manufacturer, acheter, vendre ou autrement disposer de sacs à mains, sacs de voyage, sacs, porte-monnaies, portefeuilles, valises, malles, sacs militaires, qu'ils soient faits en cuir, toile, bois, métal ou autre matière ; manufacturer, acheter vendre ou autrement disposer de marchandises tricotées, bonneterie et sous-vêtements ; faire et exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers de coton et autres substances textiles, laines, toiles, fils, tissus de toute description, blanchir, teindre, imprimer et autrement convertir les produits bruts, fils et articles manufacturés ;

(*b*) Construire, acheter ou autrement acquérir et vendre, louer, utiliser, exploiter des manufactures d'aucun et de chacun des effets et articles ci-dessus mentionnés ;

(*c*) Acquérir, détenir, louer et utiliser, aliéner, transporter toute propriété foncière ou personnelle qui semblera utile en rapport avec les affaires ou opérations que la compagnie est autorisée de faire ;

(*d*) Acquérir, détenir, aliéner, louer, exploiter des brevets d'invention, licences, procédés ou moyens industriels, secrets de métier, concessions ou privilèges paraissant utiles en rapport avec aucune de ses opérations ou entreprises ;

(*e*) Créer et émettre des actions du stock complètement libérées ou des obligations de la compagnie, souscrites ou non, répartir et remettre tel stock, actions ou obligations, en paiement de propriété foncière ou personnelle ou autres droits, affaires, achalandage, outillage ou matériaux de tous genres acquis par la compagnie ;

(*f*) Avec l'approbation des actionnaires, payer en espèces ou en stock libéré ou partie en espèces et partie en stock libéré, pour services rendus à la compagnie en vendant ou garantissant ses stock, obligations ou autres valeurs ;

(*g*) Nonobstant l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acquérir, détenir, trafiquer ou disposer des actions, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie dont les pouvoirs sont dans les limites de ceux de la compagnie ou s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*h*) S'associer ou conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement,et prêter des deniers,garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ;

(*i*) Acquérir, détenir, utiliser, exploiter comme une industrie active la manufacture, commerce, entreprise, la propriété foncière et personnelle, l'achalandage de la société commerciale entre les dits Henri Beaudry et Joseph Beaudry faisant actuellement affaires dans la cité de Montréal sous le nom de "Montreal Suspender and Umbrella Manufacturing Company" ;

(*j*) Vendre ou disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie dont les objets sont dans les limites de ceux de la compagnie ;

(*k*) Faire tous les actes nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Montreal Suspender & Umbrella Manufacturing Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 25e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Kendall Bros, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 21e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Alexander Papineau Mathieu, Armand Mathieu, Robert Thomas Mullin, avocats, Antonia Catelli, sténographe, et John Phelan Callaghan, gérant, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement, louer, équiper, maintenir, posséder, exploiter des moyens de transport par terre, air ou eau, les vendre, louer ou autrement en disposer ; faire les affaires d'entrepreneurs généraux pour le charroyage, halage, déplacement, transport d'effets, marchandises, articles, produits naturels, minéraux et de toutes espèces de choses pouvant être vendues, transportées, déplacées ou halées ;

(*b*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage, des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer et prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs d'aucune compagnie, les vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie ou en disposer autrement ;

(*c*) Rémunérer, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, par paiements en espèces, actions ou autrement toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus en plaçant ou aidant à placer, ou garantissant le placement d'aucunes actions du capital-stock de la compagnie ou aucunes débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou dans la conduite des affaires ou l'organisation de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Se consolider ou s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie, acquérir par achat, location ou autrement les biens, franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune telle corporation, en assumer les engagements et les payer, totalement ou partiellement, en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Vendre ou autrement disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires ou en partie similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir ou assumer tout ou partie des affaires, biens et engagements de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou qui peut avoir de la valeur pour la compagnie, et émettre des actions de cette compagnie totalement ou partiellement libérées comme compensation totale ou partielle, ou prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute personne, maison ou compagnie avec lesquelles cette compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*h*) Acquérir, acheter, vendre, disposer définitivement ou par un droit régalien de procédés brevetés de tous genres et leurs brevets, ou demander des brevets pour tout procédé ainsi acheté ou acquis, acquérir, acheter, obtenir, vendre, enregistrer, louer ou licencier contre un droit régalien ou autrement et détenir, employer, posséder, exploiter, introduire, vendre céder ou autrement disposer d'aucune marque de fabrique, marque de commerce, brevets d'inventions, perfectionnements et procédés enregistrés ou autrement utiles pour les affaires de la compagnie : employer, exercer, développer, octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir aucune telles marques de fabriques, marques de commerce, inventions, licences, procédés et choses de même nature ou toute autre propriété ou droits ;

(*i*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété ou droits, pouvant être acquis ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou travaux faits pour la compagnie ou pour le paiement ou le règlement des dettes et des engagements dûs par la compagnie, accepter en paiement d'aucune dette due par la compagnie du stock, actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ;

(*j*) Construire, maintenir, modifier, faire, posséder, exploiter sur les propriétés possédées ou contrôlées par la compagnie ou sur les propriétés adjacentes des réservoirs, barrages, flumes, coursiers, et autres voies, pouvoirs hydrauliques, aqueducs, puits, fossés, canaux, quais, jetées de glissoirs, chemins, descentes pour billes et toute autre construction ou travaux pouvant être nécessaires ;

(*k*) Placer les fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être déterminé, de temps à autre par la compagnie ;

(*l*) Distribuer entre les actionnaires de la compagnie en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'autres compagnies appartenant à la compagnie ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*m*) Acquérir par achat, concessions, échange ou autre titre légal, construire, ériger, exploiter, maintenir, gérer des fabriques, ateliers, magasins, maisons, scieries, hôtels, dépôts, ateliers de construction, rotondes et toute autre structure et bâtiments nécessaires à son industrie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire et utile à la réalisation d'aucune des fins de la compagnie, les louer, vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*n*) Acheter, vendre, manufacturer, prendre ou donner à bail, trafiquer de toutes espèces d'articles, effets, marchandises et minéraux pouvant être requis pour les fins d'aucune des dites affaires ou qui sembleront de nature à pouvoir être avantageusement disposés en rapport avec aucune des dites affaires de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Acquérir, acheter, prendre ou donner à bail, exploiter des mines et carrières, en disposer dans l'intérêt, pour le bénéfice et à l'avantage de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Kendall Bros, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

19–2

Machine Builders, Limited.

AVIS est donne au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 20e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation John Wilson Cook, avocat et conseil du Roi, Theodore Bigelow Heney et Henri Robert Mulvena, avocats, Thomas Barnard Gould, comptable, et Pearl Catherine Mahoney, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, construire et trafiquer de cuivre, bronze et tous autres métaux depuis les minerais jusqu'aux produits ouvrés ; manufacturer, construire et trafiquer de tous articles, effets et marchandises dans lesquels le cuivre ou le bronze ou aucun autre métal peuvent être employés ; manufacturer, construire et disposer de machinerie et d'ateliers de machine dans toutes leurs diverses spécialités ; manufacturer, construire et trafiquer de toutes armes et munitions de guerre et d'aucune partie d'armes et de munitions de guerre ; manufacturer, construire et disposer de tous articles, effets et marchandises dans lesquels le sable, le bois et autres matériaux sont ou peuvent être employés, généralement exercer l'industrie d'une compagnie de cuivre et de bronze ;

(*b*) Construire ou acquérir par achat, location ou autrement, posséder et exploiter pour son propre compte, ou pour louer, des remorqueurs, chalans et autre vaisseaux pour le tonnage ou transport par eau d'effets et marchandises de toute description et, pour les fins susdites généralement exercer l'industrie d'expéditeurs, gardiens de quai et d'entrepôt ;

(*c*) Acquérir, posséder, exploiter tels pouvoirs moteurs jugés nécessaires en rapport avec l'industrie de la compagnie, vendre tout excédent de pouvoir non requis pour les fins de la compagnie, sujet à tels lois, règlements provinciaux et municipaux pouvant exister ;

(*d*) Exercer aucune autre industrie soit pour préparer les plans, manufacturer, vendre, entreposer, emmagasiner ou autrement, pouvant être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ses affaires ou, directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur ou à rendre profitable aucun des biens ou des propriétés de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir ou assumer par achat, bail ou autrement, d'aucun individu, maison ou compagnie tout ou partie des affaires, propriétés, foncières ou personnelles, achalandage, franchises, droits, privilèges, contrats, actif et passif de tous genres, utiles ou nécessaires pour les affaires de la compagnie, à tels termes et conditions qui seront jugés opportuns ; les payer en espèces ou partie en espèces et en actions libérées, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement, comme il en sera agréé, et vendre ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer du tout ou d'aucune portion d'icelles ;

(*f*) Demander, maintenir, enregistrer, louer, acquérir et détenir, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer, octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir tout brevet d'invention, perfectionnement, procédés, marques fabrique, marques de commerce et choses semblables, nécessaires ou avantageuses pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Lever ou aider à lever des fonds ou aider par voie de boni, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement toute compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations d'affaires, gérer, exécuter tout contrat assumé par telle compagnie ou corporation, ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*h*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie aucune propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier aucunes actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie appartenant à la compagnie ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) S'amalgamer ou conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans toute industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou toute industrie ou transaction pouvant être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et prêter des deniers, garantir les contrats et autrement aider telle personne, maison ou compagnie et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions et valeurs d'aucune telle compagnie, les vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*k*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, comme facteurs ou agents ;

(*l*) Faire toutes autres choses nécessaires pour exercer normalement les objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux :

(*m*) Les pouvoirs d'aucun paragraphe ci-dessus ne seront en rien limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Machine Builders, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
19-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

E. A. Cole & Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 28e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Jean Panneton, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec, avocat, et William Stuart Gordon, comptable, Dora Lenoble et Bertha Barrow, sténographes, et Gertrude Green, commis, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir, assumer, exercer comme une industrie active, l'industrie actuellement exercée à Montréal et ailleurs par Walter Otis Cameron Hillman comme négociant en gros de papier et de papeterie, sous le nom et raison sociale de E. A. Cole et Co., à Montréal, et tous ou aucun desbiens et engagements du dit Walter Otis Cameron Hillman en rapport avec telle industrie, les payer par une émission d'actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie d'imprimeurs, éditeurs, lithographes, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer de papier, produits du papier, carton, fournitures de boucher, produits chimiques, teintures et papeterie de tous genres, y compris des livres reliés, reliures mobiles, papier carbone, machines à écrire, fournitures pour machines à écrire, bolduc, ficelles, menus articles et fournitures de bureau de toute nature et de tous genres ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, vendre et disposer de tout genre de machines, appareils et marchandises généralement inclus dans les mots : fournitures, spécialités et papeterie pour bureaux et magasins ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, posséder, détenir, exploiter, disposer de brevets, procédés brevetés, inventions, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant aucun droit exclusif, non exclusif ou limité d'employer tout secret ou autre procédé, brevet ou aucune information se rapportant à aucune invention ou brevet d'invention ;

(*e*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, ou autrement acquérir, posséder, détenir, exploiter, louer, vendre ou autrement disposer des affaires, biens fonciers, terres, propriétés, bâtiments, droits de bâtir, outillage, stock, droits, contrats et engagements de, ou appartenant à aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable à l'industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou similaire aux fins pour lesquelles l'incorporation est demandée ou qui pourraient être en possession de propriété convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, ou aucunes actions du capital-stock, obligations, ou autres valeurs de telle corporation ou des intérêts, part ou droit d'aucune telle personne dans toute telle industrie, employer les fonds de cette compagnie pour les acquérir au nom et pour le compte de cette compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, les payer en actions libérées, non sujettes à appel, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, si désiré, ou de tout autre manière ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, détenir, vendre, disposer d'actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, les payer en actions libérées, non sujettes à appel, de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Payer en actions libérées, non sujettes à appel, du capital-stock de cette compagnie toute propriété, droits ou choses requis par la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires pour services rendus ou à rendre à la compagnie, y compris les services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer les actions du stock de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Agir comme agents pour des négociants, fabricants, producteurs des choses ci-dessus, conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, aider par des cautionnements et des endossements, prêts, garantie, contrat ou autrement, toute personne, maison ou corporation engagée ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie semblable à l'industrie pour laquelle l'incorporation est demandée ;

(*i*) Vendre, céder, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie des biens et entreprises de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier, mais sans limiter la portée de ce qui précède, pour des actions, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie et distribuer en nature, parmi ses membres, toute propritété de la compagnie ;

(*j*) S'amalgamer avec toute autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Faire tous actes et choses, transiger toutes les affaires, acquérir par achat, bail, concessions, licence, échange ou autre titre légal, posséder, détenir, aliéner, céder, transférer, louer ou autrement disposer et trafiquer de tous droits, propriété et propriétés ou autres biens et choses nécessaires ou, dans l'opinion de la compagnie, utiles, convenant ou nécessaires à la réalisation normale des objets pour lesquels l'incorporation est demandée, ou dans le but d'élargir, étendre ou faire progresser d'aucune manière, l'intention, la portée, l'étendue de l'industrie incorporée par les présentes ;

(*l*) Les pouvoirs énumérés dans chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " E. A. Cole & Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Hodgens & Roberts, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertn de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1916, désigné *Lois des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 27e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants, marchants, soldeurs, importateurs, négociants en gros et en détail de cigars, cigarettes, tabacs et fournitures pour marchands de tabac, dans tout état et forme de fabrication, et tous articles requis ou utiles pour les fumeurs pouvant être disposés ou requis par les marchands de tabac;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, disposer de toute espèce d'outillage, machinerie, appareils, outils, ustensiles, produits, articles et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour l'exercice de l'industrie susdite ou qui sont ou peuvent être disposés par les personnes qui y sont engagées ;

(*c*) Eriger, construire, maintenir, exploiter des édifices, ateliers, machinerie et commodités qui sembleront directement ou indirectement se rapporter à aucun des objets de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et assumer en tout ou partie les affaires, propriété, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou possédant des propriétés convenant ou nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations ou débentures en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages pouvant être légalement acquis par la compagnie, émettre aussi telles actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant, en tout ou en partie, des affaires semblables ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, détenir, posséder le capital-stock, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, corporation ou individu exerçant ou engagé dans une industrie que la compagnie a le pouvoir d'exexcer, d'entreprendre et acquérir, détenir ou autrement disposer de telles actions, obligations ou autres valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*g*) Conclure tout arrangement pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant ou ayant l'intention d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou une transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée d'entreprendre ou d'exercer ou de s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*h*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autrement tout autre compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires et garantir l'exécution des contrats par telle compagnie ou corporation ;

(*i*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres, avec ou sans garantie, à tels termes que la compagnie pourra approuver et garantir les dettes et contrats des clients ou autres ;

(*j*) Placer les fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*k*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, aucune propriété ou biens de la compagnie, et en particulier aucunes actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies qui auront pu acheter ou assumer en tout ou partie la propriété, les biens ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies dont les objets sont ou comprennent des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, soit par vente ou achat de l'entreprise (pour des actions ou autrement) sujet au passif de cette ou d'aucune telle compagnie comme susdit, ou par association ou tout arrangement de la nature d'une association ou d'aucune autre manière ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer des propriétés, droits, contrats ou entreprises de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, pour telle compensation qui pourra être agréée, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire des dons et souscrire à tout objet pouvant promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie, créer et contribuer à des fonds de pensions et autres fonds et projets pour le bénéfice de personnes employées par la compagnie ou les femmes, veuves, enfants et dépendants d'aucune telle personne, souscrire ou garantir des fonds pour aucun objet charitable ou public ;

(*o*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, faire tous autres actes ou choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ou aucuns d'eux, exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée aux fins ou objets énumérés ci-dessus et qui semblera pouvoir être aisément conduite par la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur des propriésés et des droits de la compagnie ou à les rendre profitables ;

(*p*) Rémunérer toute personne pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*q*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ne seront, à moins qu'il en soit autrement exprimé, en aucune manière limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucune autre clause ou paragraphe de cette charte. Au contraire les objets et pouvoirs spécifiés dans chaque clause seront réputés indépendants et séparés des objets et pouvoirs conférés par les autres clauses énoncées ci-dessus.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Hodgens & Roberts, Limited," avec un capital-actions de trois cent mille dollars, divisé en 3,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Phenarsenyl Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 27e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Georges Hermyle Baril, médecin, Louis Alexandre Normandin, marchand, Théophile Viau, gérant, Eugène Arthur Ouimet, agent financier, et Frédéric Auguste Béique, conseil du Roi, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer, importer, exporter des produits chimiques, préparations pharmaceutiques et autres produits, généralement exercer le commerce en gros de manufacturiers, acheteurs et vendeurs de produits chimiques et médecines de tous genres, articles brevetés, machinerie, appareils scientifiques, instruments et fournitures de chirurgie, faire le commerce de chimistes, pharmaciens, droguistes, apothicaires et négociants, importateurs, exportateurs et manufacturiers de préparations médicinales et pharmaceutiques ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature,

directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir ou assumer, tout ou partie des affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*f*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité municipale, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ;

(*g*) Promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir tous ou aucun des biens et engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera, directement ou indirectement, de nature à profiter à la compagnie ;

(*h*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière, droits, privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de ses affaires et en particulier aucune machinerie, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*i*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, développer, gérer, exploiter, contrôler tous chemins, voies, embranchements ou voies d'évitement, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau, quais, fabriques, entrepôts, usiles électriques, ateliers et autres usines et installations, commodités de nature, directement ou indirectement, à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie, et contribuer, subventionner ou aider autrement ou prendre part à leur construction, amélioration, entretien, gérance, direction, exercice ou contrôle ;

(*j*) Prêter des fonds aux clients ou autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie, garantir l'exécution de contrats par aucunes telles compagnies ;

(*k*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables ;

(*l*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Demander, obtenir, acquérir par cession, transfert, achat ou autrement, exercer, exploiter et jouir d'aucune charte, licence, pouvoir, autorité, franchise, concession, droits ou privilèges, qu'aucun gouvernement ou autorité, ou aucune corporation ou autre corps public a le pouvoir d'octroyer, les payer, aider et contribuer à leur donner effet et approprier aucunes des actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour défrayer le coût, les charges et dépenses nécessaires à cela ;

(*n*) Faire, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger et y désigner les personnes pour représenter la compagnie suivant les lois de tels pays étrangers, et accepter la signification d'aucune procédure ou poursuite pour et au nom de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Lever ou aider à lever des fonds, aider par voie de boni, prêt, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, aucune autre compagnie ou corporation, garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des valeurs commerciales ;

(*p*) Adopter tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns de faire connaître les produits de la compagnie, en particulier par annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, achats et expositions de travaux d'art ou intéressants, par la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons ;

(*q*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*r*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*s*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent ;

(*t*) Acquérir et assumer comme une industrie active toute industrie ou opérations exercées actuellement ou dans l'avenir par aucune personne, maison ou corporation engagée ou ayant le pouvoir de s'engager dans aucune industrie étant dans les limites des pouvoirs de la compagnie et les payer en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*u*) Acheter, détenir, vendre et disposer d'actions du capital-stock d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie, placer ses fonds dans l'achat de tel stock et le payer en espèces ou en actions du capital-stock ou en débentures de la compagnie ou partie en espèces et partie en capital stock ou en débentures de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Phenarsenyl Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-huit mille dollars, divisé en 480 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

20-2

Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 28e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation William Thomson Hamilton, manufacturier, Charles Walter Cate, John Perley Wells et Charles Dickinson White, conseil du Roi et Jean May Stuart, comptable, tous de la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :

(*a*) Faire, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, solder et autrement disposer de bottes, souliers et de toutes choses se rapportant à la chaussure ;

(*b*) Fabriquer, tanner, traiter, acheter, vendre et autrement disposer de cuirs de toutes espèces ;

(*c*) Faire, manufacturer et disposer de formes, contreforts pour souliers, cartons, caisses en bois, cirages et autres parties et fournitures appartenant à la fabrication de la chaussure ;

(*d*) Acheter, vendre, manufacturer, solder et autrement disposer de chaussures en caoutchouc de tous genres ;

(*e*) Manufacturer et produire de la vapeur, du gaz et de l'électricité pour le chauffage, l'éclairage et la force motrice pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, continuer aucune industrie similaire exercée précédemment ou peuvent l'être dans l'avenir et la payer en tout ou en partie en espèces, actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat, concessions, échange et autre titre légal, construire, ériger, exploiter, maintenir, gérer des fabriques, ateliers, entrepôts, dépôts, ateliers de machines, rotonde pour locomotives et autres structures et édifices nécessaires pour ses affaires et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire ou utile pour l'exécution d'aucune des fins de la compagnie, les louer, vendre ou en disposer ;

(*h*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer ou permettre pour une royauté ou autrement, acquérir, détenir, employer, posséder, exploiter, présenter, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer d'aucune marque de fabrique, nom de commerce, brevet d'invention, améliorations et procédés enregistrés ou autrement, utiles aux affaires de la compagnie, les employer, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir aucune telles marques de fabrique, noms de commerce, inventions, licences, procédés et choses de nature ou aucune telles propriétés ou droits ;

(*i*) Gérer, promouvoir, aider à promouvoir et devenir actionnaires de toute compagnie subsidiaire, alliée ou autre exerçant, en tout ou en partie, une industrie d'un caractère similaire, les vendre ou autrement en disposer, s'amalgamer avec toute autre compagnie, louer ou sous-louer aucune propriété de la compagnie, vendre ou autrement disposer des affaires, propriété ou de l'entreprise, ou une partie d'icelles pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures d'aucune autre compagnie, et détenir, vendre, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, des intérêts et dividendes, et distribuer telles valeurs ou tous autres biens de la compagnie en espèces parmi ses membres ou autrement en disposer ;

(*j*) Faire toutes et chaque chose nécessaires, convenables ou normales pour accomplir aucune des fins ou atteindre un ou plusieurs des objets énumérés dans les présentes ou se rapportant aux pouvoirs qui y sont énumérés ou qui pourront, en aucun temps, paraître comme nécessaires ou utiles pour la protection ou le bénéfice de la compagnie, soit comme détenteurs ou intéressés dans aucune propriété ou autrement, sous le nom de "Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited."

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Henry McMullen, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 26e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Henry McMullen, manufacturier, John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, tous deux conseil du Roi, Auguste Angers et Charles Albert Hale, avocats, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses spécialités l'industrie de manufacturiers, négociants et marchands d'effets, marchandises, articles de tous genres, et spécialement manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, trafiquer et disposer de toutes espèces et de tous genres de blouses, robes, lingerie, sous-vêtements, chemises, cols, fourniture de mercerie, soies, cotons, dentelles, et généralement de marchandises en pièces, confections et vêtements de toutes descriptions pour hommes, femmes et enfants, et tous autres articles et choses pouvant être utilisés en rapport avec leur fabrication ou leur vente ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, assumer tout ou partie de l'entreprise, affaires, propriétés, biens ou engagements de toute personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, en actions ou autres valeurs de la compagnie totalement ou partiellement libérées et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, payer de la même manière pour services rendus à la compagnie en rapport avec son organisation ou la conduite de ses affaires ou autrement ;

(*d*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, l'amalgamation, la consolidation ou la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, la gérance des affaires de la compagnie ou autres arrangements de même nature avec toute personne ou compagnies exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie similaire à celle de la compagnie, prendre telles mesures et procédés, faire tels actes et choses nécessaires pour remplir et donner effet à tels arrangements ou à tout arrangnment de même nature ;

(*e*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, toute personne, compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable ou en partie semblable à celle de la compagnie et se porter garants de l'exécution des contrats par toute telle compagnie ou corporation, ou par toute autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires ;

(*f*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, détenir et disposer d'actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs émises par toute personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie similaire ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières de toutes espèces et de toute nature pouvant convenir aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir toutes marques de fabrique, brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie des biens et entreprises de la compagnie pour telle compensation et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenable et, plus particulièrement, accepter comme compensation des actions obligations ou débentures d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant en tout ou en partie une industrie similaire à celle exercée par là compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, toute propriété de la compagnie et particulièrement les actions, débentures ou valeurs dont la compagnie a le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*k*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses énumérées comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*l*) Faire généralement toutes telles autres choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus ;

(*m*) Les pouvoirs et fins de la compagnie seront supposés distincts et non dépendant l'un de l'autre, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard à aucun autre d'eux et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée en la comparant à toute autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Henry

McMullen, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 2,500 actions de cent dollars, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

20–2

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 11 novembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur Général des Postes, émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 dela *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé à la correspondance de l' "International News Service" de la cité de New-York, et à ses succursales ailleurs, et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière. D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession toute telle correspondance déjà publiée ou qui sera ensuite publiée, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession toute telle correspondance sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

20–2

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA

Examens du service civil.

Modifications aux règlements.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu d'un arrêté en conseil, daté du 12 octobre 1916, les modifications suivantes sont apportées aux règlements concernant les examens du Service civil :

(1) Préférence accordée aux soldats réformés.—Dans toutes les nominations au Service civil, soit au Service intérieur, soit au Service extérieur, préférence sera accordée aux candidats ayant au moins le minimum des aptitudes qu'exige la loi et ayant fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté au cours de la présente guerre, et qui en ont été honorablement réformés, spécialement à ceux qui par suite de blessures reçues en service militaire actif sont incapables de vaquer à leurs occupations habituelles.

(2) *Extension des limites d'âge.*—(*a*) Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, la limite d'âge minimum pour les examens du service civil, ainsi que pour l'admission au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur, est réduite de dix-huit à seize ans.

(*b*) Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, un aspirant aux examens et aux emplois du Service civil, tant inférieur qu'extérieur, qui a fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté et qui en a été honorablement réformé, ou qui s'est offert pour service actif au cours de la présente guerre et n'a pas été admis, ou qui a désiré s'enrôler et a demandé à l'être et a été refusé parce que ses services étaient plus utiles à l'Etat dans les fonctions qu'il remplissait que s'il s'était enrôlé pour service actif dans la marine ou dans l'armée, et qui est en conséquence détenteur de l'insigne accordée en pareil cas, ne sera pas inéligible en raison du fait qu'il a plus de trente-cinq ans.

(3) *Restrictions aux nominations.*—Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, aucun homme d'âge militaire sera nommé au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur, à moins qu'il ne soit compris dans l'une des catégories de personnes données dans la classe 2 (*b*), et qu'il ne soit détenteur de l'insigne accordée en pareil cas.

(4) *Exemption d'honoraires d'examen.*—Un aspirant qui a fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté, et qui en a été honorablement réformé, n'aura pas à payer d'honoraires pour l'un quelconque des divers examens tenus sous la juridiction de la Commission du Service civil pour admission ou pour promotion au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur.

Vu les changements qui précèdent, il a été décidé de remettre les examens du Service Civil qui devaient avoir lieu au mois de novembre 1916, au mois de décembre 1916, alors qu'ils seront tenus aux jours suivants :

Examen préliminaire du Service extérieur, 19 décembre.

Examen d'aptitudes du Service extérieur, 20 et 21 décembre.

Examen de troisième division (Service intérieur), 20, 21 et 22 décembre.

On peut obtenir du Secrétaire de la Commission du Service Civil, à Ottawa, soit personnellement, soit par écrit, tous les renseignements nécessaires concernant le nombre et la nature des vacances à remplir au Service intérieur et les règlements de tous les examens, ainsi que les formules de demande d'inscription à remplir.

Les formules de demande des aspirants, dûment remplies et accompagnées des honoraires requis, doivent parvenir ou bureau de la Commission du Service Civil pas plus tard que le 1er décembre 1916. Cette règle est de rigueur.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 24 octobre 1916. 18–4

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 11 novembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur Général des Postes émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé aux journaux suivants:—

" New York American," un journal quodidien publié dans la cité de New-York ;

" New York Sunday American," un journal du dimanche publié dans la cité de New-York ;

" New York Journal," un journal quotidien publié dans la cité de New-York ;

" Boston American," un journal quotidien publié à Boston, Mass.;

"Boston Sunday American," un journal du dimanche publié à Boston, Mass.;

" Chicago Examiner," un journal quotidien publié à Chicago, Ill.;

" Chicago Sunday Examiner," un journal du dimanche publié à Chicago, Ill.;

" Chicago American," un journal quotidien publié à Chicago, Ill.;

" San Francisco Examiner," un journal quotidien publié à San Francisco, Cal.;

" San Francisco Sunday Examiner," un journal du dimanche publié à San Francisco, Cal.;

" Los Angeles Examiner," un journal quotidien publié à Los Angeles, Cal.;

" Los Angeles Sunday Examiner," un journal du dimanche publié à Los Angeles, Cal.;

" Los Angeles Herald," un journal quotidien publié à Los Angeles, Cal.;

" Atlanta Georgian," un journal quotidien publié à Atlanta, Ge.;

" Atlanta American," un jonrnal du dimanche publié à Atlanta, Ge., et leur circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute matière.—

D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tous tels journaux ou un numéro quelconque de ces journaux déjà publiés ou qui seront ensuite publiés et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tous tels journaux sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

20–2

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois d'août 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondu. Can., 1906.)

DT.			AV.	
	$	c.		$
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373	36	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	691 788 19
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,172,945	57		
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert				
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	3,672	24		
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,860	45	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 août 1916	41,086,063 43
	11,777,851	62		41,777,851 62

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 12 octobre 1916. 18-tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois de septembre 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants.	Total.
ACCISE.	$ c.	$ c.
Spiritueux	848,287 62	
Liqueur de malt	11,641 35	
Malt	197,582 10	
Tabac	982,648 53	
Cigares	62,461 36	
Fabrications en entrepôt	15,642 83	
Acide acétique	741 27	
Saisies	468 58	
Autres revenus	4,338 38	
Total du revenu de l'accise		2,123,812 02
Spiritueux pyroxyliques		13,178 28
Passages d'eau		
Inspection des poids et mesures		14,472 52
Inspection du gaz		7,153 80
Inspection de la lumière électrique		4,427 75
Timbres de pièces judiciaires		406 35
Autres revenus		803 01
Taxe de guerre		76,366 22
Grand revenu total		2,237,619 95

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous-Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 23 octobre 1916. 18-tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances pour le 31 octobre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE			1915.	1916.
			$ c.	$ c.
PASSIF.				
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			750,360 94	150,202,277 73
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Prêts temporaires			160,140,350 86	131,099,474 69
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			164,630,286 16	174,863,077 29
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,776,528 66	$40,877,801 16		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,857,473 07	13,550,297 64		
			52,634,001 73	54,428,098 80
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,214,979 95	10,275,955 80
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			29,109,568 32	35,174,870 87
Total de la dette brute			797,772,100 88	1,119,393,494 99
ACTIF				
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			108,017,819 43	131,204,412 71
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			183,558,087 78	277,885,747 11
Total de l'actif			305,243,608 79	423,614,978 44
Total de la dette nette au 31 octobre			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
" au 30 septembre			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
Augmentation de la dette			7,686,858 36	15,503,071 65

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois octobre, 1915.	Total au 31 octobre, 1915.	Mois octobre, 1916	Total au 31 octobre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	7,847,784 37	51,054,363 87	11,076,575 47	75,191,250 29
Accise	1,844,700 02	12,034,755 15	2,043,742 22	13,985,293 74
Département des Postes	1,400,000 00	9,399,779 65	1,550,000 00	10,350,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	2,389,019 53	10,223,891 21	2,224,598 32	15,100,688 14
Divers	958,829 98	4,971,058 61	1,263,212 04	7,120,575 98
Total	14,440,333 90	87,683,848 49	18,158,128 05	121,747,808 15
DÉPENSES	10,075,981 74	56,347,603 96	7,803,405 29	57,561,116 89
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	8,931,265 19	53,359,158 30	22,948,251 86	127,487,147 06
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	2,874,997 36	19,686,843 12	2,384,704 80	13,540,236 47
Subventions aux chemins de fer	244,889 57	967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	12,051,152 12	74,013,912 13	25,332,956 66	141,390,862 14

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion
DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 7 novembre 1916. 20-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste.	
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots.....	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste.....	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions.	
Total.....	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentarres.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension.....$	100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session.....	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000.....	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000.....	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000.....	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000.....	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000.....	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel.....	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressée au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada ;* le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal :*—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone :*—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs ;* ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de fidéicommis ;* une *compagnie de prêt ;* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une déclaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous, établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit "

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant a la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SENAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé ; il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills privés.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt apres la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company," s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte pour changer son nom et modifier et étendre ses pouvoirs.

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
18–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec aura lieu au siège social de la dite banque, en la cité de Québec, P.Q., le mardi, 28e jour de novembre A.D. 1916, à trois heures de l'après-midi, dans le but d'étudier une convention pour la vente par la dite Banque de Québec de son actif à la Banque Royale du Canada aux conditions stipulées dans la dite convention, dont copie sera adressée par la malle à chaque

actionnaire avec le présent avis, et si la chose est jugé opportune, adopter une résolution ou des résolutions approuvant la dite convention et autorisant le président et gérant général de la Banque de Québec d'apposer le sceau corporatif de la banque à la dite convention et de la signer et l'exécuter pour et au nom de la banque ; et aussi dans le but de prendre en considération et, si la chose est jugée opportune, adopter toutes les autres et subséquentes résolutions dans le but de mettre la dite convention et les conditions en vigueur selon que les actionnaires le jugeront convenable ou à propos et dans le but d'autoriser le conseil de direction à donner tous les avis et à faire toutes les demandes et à adopter et exécuter tous les autres actes, résolutions, contrats, instruments, matières et choses qui seront jugés nécessaires pour obtenir que la dite convention soit sanctionnée par le Gouverneur en conseil et pour l'exécuter et distribuer les recettes de la dite vente.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Québec, 10 octobre 1916. 17–6

BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

Dividende N° 117.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de trois pour cent (au taux de douze pour cent par année) sur le capital payé de cette banque, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et sera payable à la banque et à ses succursales, à compter de vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 15 novembre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, P.Q., 17 octobre 1916. 17–6

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de un et trois quarts pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable à sa banque, en cette cité et à ses succursales, le et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre prochain.

Les livres de transport seront fermés du 16 jusqu'au 30 novembre 1916, les deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires sera tenue au bureau-chef de la banque à Québec, lundi, le 4 décembre prochain. L'assemblée aura lieu à trois heures.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Quebec, le 24 octobre 1916. 20–4

BANQUE UNION DU CANADA.

Dividende No 119.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende au taux de huit pour cent par année, a été déclaré sur le capital payé de la Banque Union du Canada pour le trimestre courant, plus un pour cent et sera payable à la banque en la cité de Winnipeg et à ses succursales, dès et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre 1916, aux actionnaires enregistrés à la clôture des affaires, le 15e jour de novembre prochain.

Les livres de transferts seront fermés du 16 au 30 de novembre 1916, ces deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

G. H. BALFOUR,
Gérant général.

Winnipeg, 19 octobre 1916. 18–4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par les présentes donné qu'un dividende de deux et un quart pour cent (2¼ %) (soit au taux de 9% par année) a été déclaré par les directeurs de la Banque d'Hochelaga, sur le capital versé de la banque, pour le trimestre finissant le 30 novembre 1916. Ce dividende, portant le n° 103, sera payable au bureau principal ou aux succursales de la banque, le ou vers le 1er décembre 1916, aux actionnaires inscrits dans les livres à la fermeture des guichets de la banque, le 15 novembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
Gérant général.

18–5

BANQUE DE MONTREAL.

AVIS est donné par les présentes qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, ainsi qu'un boni d'un pour cent, et qu"ils seront payables le et après vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 31 octobre 1916.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la maison de banque de l'institution, lundi, le 4e jour de décembre prochain.

L'assemblée commencera à midi.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 20 octobre 1916. 18–5

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER QUÉBEC-ORIENTAL.

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer Québec-Oriental aura lieu aux bureaux de la compagnie, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, Londres, Angleterre, jeudi le 28e jour de décembre 1916, à 2.30 heures de l'après-midi, pour l'expédition des affaires générales de la compagnie.

Londres, Angleterre, 12 octobre 1916.

Par ordre,

E. S. ELVEY,
Secrétaire.

19–4

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SUPPLEMENT

TO

The Canada Gazette

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OTTAWA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1916.

GENERAL ORDERS.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,

OTTAWA, September 21, 1916.

G. O. 90.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS

CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE

Extract from THE SUPPLEMENT OF THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 22nd of June, 1915, Wednesday, 23rd of June, 1915.*

WAR OFFICE, 23rd June, 1915.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the grant of the Victoria Cross to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officer for most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
24066....	Lance Corporal...	Fisher, Frederick, 13th Battalion.	On the 23rd of April, 1915, in the neighborhood of St. Julien, he went forward with the machine gun, of which he was in charge, under heavy fire, and most gallantly assisted in covering the retreat of a battery, losing four men of his gun team. Later, after obtaining four more men, he went forward again to the firing line and was himself killed while bringing his machine gun into action under very heavy fire, in order to cover the advance of supports.

(*Extract from* The Third Supplement of the London Gazette *of Tuesday, the 3rd of August, 1915. Thursday, 5th of August, 1915.*)

War Office, 5th August, 1915.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty whilst serving with the Expeditionary Forces, in France and Flanders.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
C42059..	Lieutenant (form. Corporal).	Baker, R. F., 3rd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry and ability on the 22nd and 23rd of April, 1915, when, after having had the teams of three ammunition wagons killed, he collected details and kept up the supply of ammunition by hand, under a very heavy shell and rifle fire.
51060....	Private.....	Bushby, B. J., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry on the 8th of May, 1915, at Hooge, when he assisted wounded men from a trench then in the hands of the enemy, and attempted to rescue a man, who was partially buried in the trench, although while doing so he had to keep at bay two Germans, who were trying to bayonet him. Previously he had made two journeys to the reserves to bring up ammunition under heavy fire.
C4033...	Sergeant-Major...	Donaldson, J. W. A., 1st Brigade Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry on the 22nd of April, 1915, at St. Julien and on the following days near Ypres, when being in charge of the ammunition supply of the battery, he kept up the supply under a continuous and heavy shell fire, and gave a fine example of courage and devotion to duty.
1593.....	Private.....	Inkster, C., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 8th of May, 1915, at Hooge Private Inkster stationed himself at the end of a communication trench and shot several of the enemy attempting to come down it. He was alone at the time. He also carried several important messages under a very heavy fire and was always willing to undertake any dangerous work.
C40665..	Gunner.....	James, A. W., 3rd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry and ability at Potyje, when he repaired telephone wire under a heavy shell and rifle fire, and continued to do so after he had been wounded. He showed a fine example of devotion to duty.
1199.....	Sergeant.....	Jordon, W., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry on the 8th of May, 1915, at Hooge Chateau, when, left in a trench with one man only, he successfully held it, accounting for a large number of the enemy. He showed a splendid example of courage and devotion.
C41434..	Quartermaster Sergeant.	Milburn, A. R., 2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry on the 24th of April, 1915, at Wieltye in bringing up ammunition under heavy shell fire. He also saved a wagon of ammunition under heavy fire after the drivers and horses had been killed.
C41055..	Corporal.....	Olsen, O. C., 2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For great gallantry and resource from the 22nd of April, to the 4th of May, 1915, in repairing telephone wires under heavy shell fire. Also for acting as scout, and obtaining valuable information on the 2nd of May, 1915, when all the wires had been cut.
C40870..	Corporal.....	Ritchie, A. B., 1st Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 22nd and the 23rd of April, 1915, at Ypres. During a retirement he went back under heavy shell fire to free men and horses from a disabled wagon. Later on he carried a wounded man out of the firing line under a heavy fire.
640.....	Sergeant.....	Scott, L., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry and resource on the 8th of May, 1915, at Hooge. All the Officers having been killed or wounded, he collected a party of men and succeeded in holding a trench in spite of a very heavy attack.
1298.....	Corporal.....	Stevens, B., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry on the 8th of May, 1915, at Hooge Chateau. After his trench had been abandoned, Corporal Stevens, with splendid courage and coolness, remained alone and continued to work his machine-gun until it was put out of action. He then brought the damaged gun back under very heavy fire.
C40085..	Gunner.....	Wilkinson, H. E., 1st Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For gallant conduct and devotion to duty, particularly on the 8th and 9th of May, 1915, near Ypres. Acting as a telephonest he kept up communication with Brigade and Infantry Headquarters under a very heavy shell and rifle fire, and showed great courage and resource.

(*Extract from* The Third Supplement of the London Gazette *of Friday, the 3rd of September, 1915. Monday, 6th September, 1915.*

War Office, 6th September, 1915.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty whilst serving with the Expeditionary Forces in France and Flanders.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
33303....	Private.....	Cameron, H. T., No. 3 Field Ambulance, Canadian Army Medical Corps.	For great bravery and devotion to duty on the night of the 20th and 21st of May, 1915, at Festubert. He was the first to volunteer to assist in collecting the wounded at the orchard captured from the enemy, and which was still under a heavy very fire. The task was one of great difficulty and danger, and of the party of eight men who undertook it, four were severely wounded.
1517.....	Squadron Sergeant-Major.	Collins, G. S., Lord Strathcona's Horse.	For conspicuous gallantry on the 1st of August, 1915, near Messines. A building in occupation of our troops, and containing a large supply of ammunition was set on fire by an enemy shell. Several of the bombs and hand grenades caught fire and one of the ammunition boxes began to burn, the cartridges exploded in all directions. Sergeant-Major Collins, together with an Officer of his regiment in spite of continuous shell fire directed upon the building, entered it with the greatest coolness and bravery, and assisted to put out the fire, and to remove the ammunition and bombs outside the building.
6920.....	Private.....	Gledhill, E., 1st Battalion.....	For conspicuous bravery on the 15th of June, 1915, at Givenchy. Finding himself alone, in a captured German trench and attacked by a bombing party he continued firing until his rifle was destroyed by a bomb. In withdrawing he found a man with both legs broken. He bound up his legs and carried him into safety through a very heavy rifle and machine-gun fire. His display of bravery and devotion to duty were most marked.
10538....	Lance Sergeant...	Hart, W. E., 4th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry, ability and devotion to duty on the 23rd of April, 1915, at Langemarcke, when he carried many messages for the Commanding Officer under a very heavy rifle, machine-gun and shell fire. From the 28th to the 31st of May, at Festubert. He repaired on no less than eleven occasions in broad daylight, under a heavy shell fire and while being constantly sniped at, breaks in the telephone wires. He was also every night engaged on this hazardous work. At Givenchy his cool bravery and excellent work, in the face of severe and constant fire, was mainly instrumental in keeping communications intact.
601.....	Color Sergeant....	Hay, J., 8th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry on the 23rd of May, 1915, at Festubert. After all the Company Officers had been killed or wounded, Colour-Sergeant Hay, took command of the Company, which was occupying a trench separated from the Battalion, and by his coolness and gallant behaviour under heavy fire set a fine example to all ranks, and greatly assisted to keep them steady throughout the day.
12605....	Private.....	Hester, E. H., 5th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and resource on the night of the 20th of May, 1915 at Festubert; in the neighborhood of "K.4". As a bomb thrower he did exceptionally good work showing the greatest bravery and skill. This was repeated on the following night when attacking with the 10th Canadian Battalion, and again all day on the 22nd of May, in assisting to hold a post and to repulse a German attack about noon. Private Hester was continuously on duty throughout this period and showed the greatest powers of endurance and devotion to duty. On the 24th of May he again did splendid work with the van of the attacking party, entering the bomb proof of the enemy and cutting all the wires connecting their mines, thus undoubtedly saving great loss of life. His daring skill and initiative throughout the operations were most marked.
63983	Corporal.....	Hobday, S. G., 3rd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry on the 15th of June, 1915, at Givenchy. After two men had been killed and one wounded in their efforts to dig out of a trench an officer and six men, who had been buried by the exploding of a high explosive shell, Corporal Hobday, took up the work under a heavy fire and succeeded in extricating the entire party, who must otherwise have perished. On the following day he participated in the attack on the German trenches, being one of the first in the advance. In the subsequent retirement he rendered assistance to four men who were badly wounded and who were brought in later. On all occasions throughout the operation his coolness and great bravery have proved a splendid example and given encouragement to all ranks.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
19589....	Lance-Corporal...	King, H. W., 10th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry on the night of the 22nd and 23rd of April, 1915, at Ypres; when he followed the Battalion during the charge of the woods with his telephone until his wires had been cut several times. He then reported to the 3rd Canadian Infantry Brigade Headquarters and acted under their orders and on the following night he brought a telephone to the captured German trench. Lance-Corporal King also displayed great bravery on the 20th of May, at Festubert when, the line from the 6th City of London Battalion to the fire trenches of his Battalion having been destroyed he laid, in broad daylight, and under an exceptionally heavy fire, a new line, so that communication was not lost for more than a short time.
660.....	Sergeant.....	MacDonald, J., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry near Hooge Chateau on the 8th of May, 1915, when a front line of trench had been obliterated by shell fire, he dug out under very heavy shell fire, two wounded men who had been buried. On the same day he carried a badly wounded man on his back, and at the same time assisted another wounded man into safety, under both shell and rifle fire.
12877....	Private.....	McKie, J. W., 5th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and resource on the 24th of May, 1915, at Festubert when he accompanied the men over the parapet in the charge of "K.5" and immediately began attending the wounded and rendering first aid under very heavy fire. He continued doing so all day, located the wounded in the open during daylight, and, when darkness came on, assisted to remove them to a place of safety. His bravery and devotion to duty were very marked.
9389.....	Sergeant.....	Mote, G. A., 3rd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry on the 24th of May, 1915, at Festubert. In company with another Non-Commissioned Officer, Sergeant Mote volunteered to attempt the rescue of an officer of his Battalion, who after being seriously wounded had been left in a place of cover within a few yards of the German trenches. They proceeded by different routes under a very heavy shell fire Seregant Mote, reaching the spot indicated only to find that the Officer was not there. The other non-commissioned officer lost his life in gallantly naking the attempt to rescue the Officer.
6409.....	Acting Company Sergeant-Major.	Owen, C., 1st Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and ability on the 15th of June, 1915, at Givenchy. When all the officers of his company had been killed or wounded he took command and displayed great courage and powers of leadership, and rendered valuable service at a critical period. After the withdrawal of our front line, he returned through a heavy rifle and machine-gun fire and rescued a wounded Officer, whom he carried into safety.
9617.....	Corporal.....	Palmer, J. E., 10th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and ability on the 22nd of May, 1915, at Festubert when he took his machine-gun to an advance position, covering the attack on "K.5" and completed checking the enemy's counter-attack by breaking up their bombing parties, and cutting a rope attached to a bag of bombs which the enemy were endeavoring to drag across from one trench to another. His devotion to duty and courage were most conspicuous.
6861.....	Private.....	Vincent, H., 1st Battalion.....	For conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty on the 15th of June, 1915, at Givenchy. In a position where a machine-gun tripod would not be used Private Vincent held the gun on his back under a heavy fire while an Officer fired over 1,000 rounds. Afterward, he dragged the heated gun through a fire swept zone and saved it from capture.

(*Extract from* THE SUPPLEMENT OF THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 14th of September, 1915. Wednesday, 15th of September, 1915.*)

WAR OFFICE, 15th of September, 1915.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officer for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty whilst serving with the Expeditionary Forces in France and Flanders.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
221.....	Corporal.....	Pym, J. S., Royal Canadian Dragoons.	For conspicuous gallantry at Festubert on the 26th May, 1915. He went out 100 yards to a wounded man between 6 and 7 a.m. and, having reached him called for assistance. A Sergeant went to his aid, but was shot through the thigh and was unable to move. Corporal Pym returned to the trench about 5 p.m., and with the assistance of two men went out again and brought the wounded man into safety. The shrapnel and rifle fire was continuous.

(*Extract from* THE THIRD SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Friday the 26th of November, 1915. Monday, 29th November, 1915.*,

WAR OFFICE, 29th November, 1915.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officer and Man for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty whilst serving with the Expeditionary Forces in France and Flanders.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
69805....	Sergeant.....	Ryer, W. C., 26th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry on the 13th of October, 1915. During a reconnaissance of a German crater Sergt. Ryer carried another Sergeant who was mortally wounded until the latter died, when he returned to the crater and with the assistance of another man carried back a second man. This was performed under heavy cross fire from machine-guns and rifles. He gave a fine example of bravery and devotion to duty.
73741....	Private.....	Compton, H. B., 28th Battalion...	For conspicuous bravery on the 8th of October, 1915, in front of Wytschaete. The enemy exploded mines and Pte. Compton was buried under the debris. On being dug out he immediately volunteered to go forward as a member of a party of bombers, and assisted in bombing the enemy from the crater in which they were advancing. He also assisted under heavy shell and machine-gun fire to dig out four men who had been buried by the explosion thus helping to save their lives. Throughout the action his courage resource and devotion to duty were most marked.

(*Extract from* THE SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Friday, the 21st of January, 1916. Saturday, 22nd of January, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE, 22nd of January, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty whilst serving with the Expeditionary Forces in France and Flanders.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
16858....	Sergeant.....	Ashby, H., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry on the night of the 16th and 17th of November, 1915, near Messines, Sergeants Meyerstein and Ashby with some scouts worked for four hours in bright moonlight cutting lanes through the wire close to a heavily manned German trench. They then placed a bridge over the Douvre river about sixteen yards from the enemy parapet, and guided our bombing parties through the lanes they had cut. Their coolness and courage rendered the bomb attack possible.
16395....	Lance-Corporal...	Babcock, E. L., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and resource near Messines on the night of the 16th and 17th of November, 1915, Corporal Babcock, Odlum and Weir and Lance-Corporal Berry worked for four hours on a bright moonlight night cutting wire close to a heavily manned German trench. They also assisted in placing a bridge over the Douvre river about sixteen yards from the German parapet, and guided bombing parties through the lanes they had cut. It was largely due to their coolness and resource that the attack was a success.
10718....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Benton, B., 4th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry at Wulverghem on the 20th of October, 1915, when he volunteered to go with Private J. Donaghue to the rescue of a comrade who had been shot down near the enemy's lines. He crawled three hundred yards, found the wounded man in a shell hole near the German wire, dressed his wounds and guided Private Donaghue who carried him back to our trenches.
77848....	Private.....	Berry, J., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and resource near Messines on the night of the 16th and 17th of November, 1915. Corporal Babcock, Odlum and Weir and Private Berry, worked for four hours on a bright moonlight night cutting wire close to a heavily manned German trench. They also assisted in placing a bridge over the Douvre River, about sixteen yards from the German parapet, and guided bombing parties through the lanes they had cut. It was largely due to their coolness and resource that the attack was a success.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
A40677..	Private.....	Coles, R. A., 5th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry during the attack and capture of the German advance barricade at Messines road on the 15th of December, 1915.
16297....	Corporal.....	Curry, A. K., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous coolness and courage when in charge of the blocking party during a bombing attack near Messines on the night of the 16th and 17th of November, 1915.
10535.. .	Private.....	Donaghue, J., 4th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry at Wulverghem on October 20th, 1915, when he volunteered to go out with Company Sergeant-Major Benton, and attempt to rescue a comrade who had been severely wounded near the enemy's lines. They crawled some three hundred yards, found the wounded man in a shell hole, and, after his wounds had been dressed by Company Sergeant-Major Benton, Private Donaghue crawled with him on his back. One rescue party had already gone out but failed to locate the wounded man.
9902.....	Private.....	Eastman, G. L., 3rd Battalion....	For conspicuous gallantry at Wulverghem on October the 30th, 1915. When on sentry duty in the front line trenches he saw a German bomb coming into the trench. It would have fallen into a dug-out in which were two of his comrades, but he dashed forward, caught the bomb and hurled it over the parapet, when it immediately exploded. Private Eastman's cool daring and presence of mind probably saved the lives of his two comrades.
A24174..	Private.....	Lindsay, J. H., 5th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and good work between the 12th and 14th of December, 1915, in scouting and reconnoitring previous to the attack on the German advanced barricade at Messines road. He was often under heavy fire at close range. Finally he did excellent wotk in the capture of the barricade.
A36224..	Company Sergeant-Major.....	Matheson, J. D., 4th Battalion....	For conspicuous gallantry at Wulverghem on October the 20th, 1915. When two of his patrol had been wounded but could not be located owing to the enemy's heavy fire, he led the remainder of his patrol back to our lines in safety and then went out alone under heavy fire and crawled along the enemy's wire searching for his wounded comrades.
16799....	Sergeant.....	Meyerstein, W. C., 7th Battalion..	For conspicuous gallantry on the night of the 16th and 17th of November, 1915, near Messines. Sergeants Meyerstein and Ashby, with some scouts, worked for four hours in bright moonlight cutting lanes through the wire close to a heavily manned German trench. They then placed a bridge over the Douve river, about sixteen yards from the enemy's parapet, and guided our bombing parties through, the lanes they had cut. Their coolness and courage rendered the bomb attack possible.
13200....	Sergeant.....	McGlasham, J. S., 5th Battalion..	For good all-round work from the 12th to the 15th of December, 1915, scouting, reconnoitring, and preparing for the attack on the Messines road barricade. He accounted for five Germans, who were making for cover.
16679....	Private.....	Odlum, H., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and resource near Messines on the night of the 16th and 17th of November, 1915. Corporal Babcock, Odlum and Weir and Lance-Corporal Berry, worked for four hours on a bright moonlight night cutting wire close to a heavily manned German trench. They also assisted in placing a bridge over the Douve river about sixteen yards from the German parapet, and guided bombing parties through the lanes they had cut. It was largely due to their coolness and resource that the attack was a success.
17163....	Sergeant.....	Robertson, A., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous courage and good work during a bombing attack on Petite Douve, near Messines, on the night of the 16th and 17th of November, 1915.
429729...	Lance-Corporal...	Weir, K., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and resource near Messines on the night of the 16th and 17th of November, 1915. Corporals Babcock, Odlum and Weir and Lance-Corporal Berry, worked for four hours on a bright moonlight night cutting wire close to a heavily manned German trench. They also assisted in placing a bridge over the Douve river about sixteen yards from the German parapet, and guided bombing parties through the lanes they had cut. It was largely due to their coolness and resource that the attack was a success.

(*Extract from* The Supplement to the London Gazette, *No. 29503 of Friday, the 10th of March, 1916. Saturday, 11th* March, *1916.*)

War Office, 11th March, 1916.

WITH reference to the announcement of the award of Distinguished Conduct Medals in the Honours Supplement to the London Gazette, dated 14th January, 1916, the following are the acts of gallantry for which the decorations have been awarded.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
24086....	Private.....	Abelson, F., 13th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. His company held the extreme left of the British line, and when the enemy broke through the line held by the troops on our immediate left, he rendered invaluable service to his Company Commander by rallying some native troops and getting them back to their trenches. He also directed their fire, as well as that of his own men. He showed the greatest bravery and coolness in the performance of his duties under very heavy fire, and in trying conditions, and ultimately was wounded.
20743....	Corporal.....	Baker, W. H., 9th Battalion (form. 10th Battalion).	For conspicuous gallantry. When a trench had been taken, Corporal Baker, went with a party of bombers towards an enemy redoubt, and after sixteen other bombers had been killed or wounded, he remained alone during the whole of the day within ten yards of this redoubt, using all available bombs to good effect.
18839....	Lance-Corporal...	Barrett, E. A., 4th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry, when in broad daylight and under severe shell and rifle fire and heavy bombing, he voluntarily left the trenches, rushed forward to the enemy's wire, and carried back safely to the trench a severely wounded man, who had been lying there since the attack of the previous day.
5318.....	Sergeant.....	Bevan, W. H. B., 2nd Field Company, Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry; he assisted in holding in check a large number of native troops who were retiring in disorder. Later he assisted in holding a trench, under severe fire, after the officer, non-commissioned officer and many men had been killed or wounded. On a later occasion, although knocked down and rendered, for a time, unconscious by a shell explosion, he refused to retire, but with great bravery he continued his work and inspired all ranks by his fine example.
41615....	Gunner.....	Bleakney, V. A., 8th Battery, 2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty when as linesman, he was working under heavy shell fire. He also did very good work under severe fire on two other occasions. He is always cheery and energetic.
72176....	Private.....	Bonner, A. V., 27th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. One of the enemy was lying close to the enemy's lines, and as identification was urgently asked for, it was decided to endeavour to bring the man in. Private Bonner volunteered to go out in daylight and with little cover. He succeeded in bringing back his cap, shoulder badge, postcard and newspapers, which gave sufficient identification.
25546....	Regimental Sergeant-Major.....	Bonshor, W. A., 14th Battalion....	For conspicuous gallantry on numerous occasions; he many times, with total disregard for his own safety, led men to positions which would afford them more safety. His bravery, resource, and splendid example have given the greatest encouragement to all ranks with him.
1247.....	Lance-Sergeant....	Bowler, E., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry and continuous fine work as Corporal to the Medical Section especially on one occasion, when he attended the wounded under very heavy fire. He made several trips to and from the dressing stations at great personal risk to obtain fresh supplies of dressings, and exhibited the greatest bravery and devotion in his work.
1346.....	Private.....	Bronguest, G., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry and excellent service; he showed great bravery and coolness in the performance of his duties, often at very critical moments.
81103....	Corporal.....	Brookes, W. R., 9th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry; he led a party under excessively heavy fire in front of the trenches to bring in an officer who had been severely wounded. The attempt was successful, and the wounded officer brought back to a place of safety.
9648.....	Private.....	Bruno, J., 3rd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry; he went out with his Company Commander and surprised and captured two of the enemy's patrols. In this dangerous operations one man of the enemy patrol fired at his Company officer. Before the second shot could be fired Private Bruno shot the man dead. His promptness and accuracy of fire enabled the members of the enemy's patrol to be captured without loss of life.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
5301.....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Chetwynd, G. R., 2nd Field Company, Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry and ability. On all occasions Company Sergeant-Major Chetwynd has displayed great bravery and resource in preparing bridges for demolition and in the performance of difficult engineering work, frequently under heavy shell and rifle fire. On another occasion he was present as a volunteer, at the attempt of a detachment to link up the Canadian lines with the advanced line, and, after the non-commissioned officer in charge and many men had been killed and wounded he rallied the survivors and led them forward with great bravery and skill, under an intensely heavy fire.
1576.....	Lance-Corporal...	Christie, J. M., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry, when he lay out in the open under heavy fire, and accounted for a large number of the enemy. On another occasion he carried out with great bravery, and in broad daylight, a difficult reconnaissance returning with much valuable information.
1220.....	Private.....	Clark, G. F., 8th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry; he brought in a wounded man under heavy fire, from close in front of the enemy wire. In doing this he was shot through the cap but immediately went out again, and, with great bravery succeeded, in recovering a machine-gun, which had been abandoned close to the enemy lines.
1806.....	Quarter-Master... Sergeant.	Cragg, G. W., 1st Canadian Divisional Headquarters Subordinate Staff.	For consistent devotion to duty when acting as Clerk to the Administration Branch.
25819....	Sergeant.....	Cowen, E., 14th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry when he went out twice under heavy fire, and assisted to bring in wounded men. During the night when no officer was left with his company, he took command, and successfully brought ammunition to the firing line under most tryng and dangerous conditions.
61931....	Private.....	Deblois, A., 22nd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty when, with another man, he carried in a severely wounded comrade under heavy fire. Having no stretcher they carried him on their shoulders, and, in doing so, had to cross barbed wire and several trenches. Their bravery and physical energy were most marked.
29167....	Sergeant.....	Denholme, A., 16th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and ability. After his officers had been killed or wounded, he rallied the men and led them forward, under heavy fire. On another occasion he exhibited the greatest bravery and coolness in the performance of similar work, and his devotion to duty was most marked on all occasions.
15066....	Private.....	Dunwoody, J. A., Lord Strathcona's Horse, Canadian Cavalry Division.	For conspicuous good work when reconnoitring the enemy's trenches.
5310.....	Sergeant.....	Ferris, C. B., 2nd Field Company, Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry and ability; he repaired roads under heavy fire. While in charge of a detachment of engineers, he was ordered to advance on a pre-arranged signal to link up communication between trenches. The signal was given, and in response he attempted to enter upon his work, in the face of very heavy fire, the opposing trenches being only 100 yards apart. After several men had been killed in the attempt to carry a line through, Sergeant Ferris, advanced alone, under extremely heavy fire to ascertain what was wrong, and, although severely wounded through the lungs at starting, he proceeded in his brave effort, ascertained the trouble and struggled back and made his report.
8397.....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Flinter, P. S., 12th Reserve Battalion (form. 2nd Battalion).	For conspicuous gallantry whilst in command of a platoon in the attack. He was occupying a position on the left, and was under exceptionally heavy gun and rifle fire, and his splendid bravery and example was such an inspiration to the men under his command that they withstood successfully all attacks upon them. Although wounded in the head, he realized the critical situation, and gallantly kept his men together. His bravery and devotion throughout were very fine.
27419....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Goodfellow, A., 15th Battalion....	For conspicuous gallantry. When his Company Commander had been wounded and other company officers killed or wounded, Company Sergeant-Major Goodfellow rallied the company, and assisted in taking up the new line, which the company finally held. His bravery, resource and devotion to duty were most marked.
42040....	Battery Sergeant-Major.	Hamshere, J., 10th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry. During important operations he performed his duties with bravery and resource, and showed a marked devotion to duty on all occasions.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
5112.....	Sapper.....	Harmon, B. W., 1st Field Company, Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion; he constructed a barricade with sandbags across a road under heavy fire, and kept repairing it, when partly demolished by heavy shell fire. Later he remained for thirty-six hours alone constructing tunnels. On another occasion he accompanied the assault in charge of a blocking party to barricade trenches gained. After the first line of trenches had been taken and nearly all the party killed or wounded, Sapper Harmon armed himself with bombs, and continued to force his way forward until he had exhausted the supply and could get no more. During the operations he was severely wounded in several places.
76317....	Private.....	Harris, W. B., 29th Battalion.....	For gallant conduct. Private Harris was throwing a bomb when his foot slipped, and the grenade fell on the side of a traverse, where the rest of the grenade class were standing. They all got away except one man. Private Harris realising his danger, rushed forward and threw himself on the bomb to save the men. The bomb exploded and he was severely wounded through his self-sacrificing act.
2873.....	Corporal.....	Hewetson, J. S., Lord Strathcona's Horse, Canadian Cavalry Division.	For conspicuous gallantry and good work, when leading patrols to the enemy wire, and obtaining valuable information.
23348....	Sergeant.....	Holland, J., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous and consistent good work during ten months at the front; he maintained communication with his battalion, which was in an exposed front position, and kept up the supply of rations and ammunition throughout the action. He repeatedly rode over a road in the face of intense fire.
75240....	Lance-Corporal...	Hourston, A. J., 29th Battalion....	For conspicuous gallantry when in charge of a working party. The enemy opened fire and with great bravery and skill he brought his party in under heavy machine and rifle fire. Whilst doing so he carried a wounded man, who was much larger and heavier than he was 100 yards to safety.
15576....	Lance-Corporal...	Jones, B., Signal Troop Canadian Cavalry Brigade (formerly 6th Battalion, Fort Garry Horse).	For conspicuous gallantry when repairing telephone wire under fire, and for general good work.
9063.....	Lance-Corporal...	Jones, E. H., 3rd Battalion.....	For conspicuous and consistent good work when he laid twenty-five telephone lines from the firing line under heavy artillery fire and succeeded in maintaining direct communication with advanced headquarters.
46282....	Lance-Sergeant...	Jones, W. N., 13th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. Immediately after an explosion Lance-Sergeant Jones, with great bravery, led a party to occupy the crater formed in face of heavy rifle, machine-gun and shell fire. He has on many occasions led patrol and reconnoitring parties with great skill and judgment, and brought in valuable information.
29116....	Regimental Sergeant-Major.	Kay, J., 16th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry since the formation of the battalion, in all the actions in which it has been engaged. He has invariably exhibited bravery and skill in the performance of his duties, and given a fine example of devotion to all ranks.
27001....	Sergeant-Major...	Keith, J., 15th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry in superintending the bringing up (frequently carrying boxes himself) of ammunition and rations to troops in the forward trenches under very heavy shell fire.
24142....	Corporal.....	Kranchel, O., 17th Battalion (formerly 13th Battalion).	For conspicuous gallantry in saving a machine gun. Later, when his section was in a most exposed position, he held on with great bravery for forty-eight hours after his battalion had been relieved, and until the relieving battalion had been able to replace him.
61589....	Private.....	Lambert, P. A., 22nd Battalion...	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion when, with another man, he carried in a severely wounded comrade under heavy fire. Having no stretcher, they carried him on their shoulders, and in so doing had to cross barbed wire and several trenches. Their bravery and physical energy was most marked.
40336....	Sergeant.....	Langford, J. R., 2nd Battery, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry; he displayed great bravery and coolness in the performance of his duties under heavy fire and most trying conditions.
74.....	Sergeant.....	Larkin, F. W., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry. When a team had been killed by a shell, Sergeant Larkin under very heavy fire, galloped up, unharnessed a dead horse, hooked on his own horse, and got the wagon away, delivering the rations and stores which it contained in the trenches. His bravery and devotion to duty has always been most marked.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
5410.....	Corporal.....	Law, G., 2nd Field Company Canadian Engincers.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on many occasions. For two periods of a fortnight and a week respectively he was continuously working under fire. On another occasion he assisted in dangerous mining operations and in repairing trenches under fire, and on another he assisted to place a mine in an advanced post just taken from the enemy.
880.....	Corporal.....	Legge, W., Royal Canadian Dragoons.	For conspicuous gallantry. A machine gun in the enemy's position having caused heavy losses and held up an attack. Corporal Legge crept out in the night, under heavy fire, located the gun, and enabled it to be silenced. His bravery and devotion were very marked.
28817....	Sergeant.....	Le Maitre, W., 16th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry since the formation of the battalion, and in all the actions in which it has been engaged. He has invariably exhibited bravery and skill in the performance of his duties, and given a fine example of devotion to all ranks with him.
28705....	Corporal.....	Lyons, A., 16th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry; he continually carried messages under very heavy fire. He also brought a wounded officer into safety, and exhibited great bravery and resource in several difficult reconnaissances to ascertain the enemy's position.
40217....	Sergeant.....	MacInnes, W., 1st Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry. Scrgeant MacInnes was gunlayer during a heavy engagement. When the officer and senior non-commissioned officers had all been killed or wounded he assumed command of his gun detachment, and by his bravery and resource undoubtedly saved a critical situation. He has invariably shown great devotion to duty.
81576....	Lance-Corporal...	Maxwell, J., 2nd Battalion.....	For conspicuous and consistent good service since he joined the battalion. He has frequently led patrols, notably on one occasion, when, with two men, he cut the enemy's wire and got on to the enemy parapet to examine the trench. Seeing a group of five men in the trench, he bombed them with good effect and then brought his patrol safely back.
11262....	Private.....	McCauley, M. G., 4th Battalion...	For conspicuous gallantry. When all the members of his machine gun team were either killed or wounded while advancing to take up a position, he snatched the gun from the last hit man and mounted it for action. In endeavouring to fire he found that the gun had been rendered temporarily uscless by a shell. He at once voluntarily went out in the face of severe shell and rifle fire and procured sufficient spare parts from his killed and wounded comrades, returned, dismounted the gun, and finally succeeded in repairing it. He rushed out again and obtaincd ammunition which had been dropped several hundred yards in the rear, and returned to his gun, opened fire, and rendered invaluable services to the advancing infantry. On many occasions his bravery and devotion to duty have been most marked.
650.....	Company Quartermaster-Sergeant	McDonell, G. L., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry...	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion when in charge of divisional headquarters transport, which were situated about 250 yards from the headquarters billets. The stables were set on fire by shell fire. Company Sergeant-Major McDonell, in order to save the horses, made four journeys from the billets to the stables, under very heavy shell fire. He succeeded in saving all the horses and other Government property besides.
42053....	Sergeant.....	McDougall, C. G., 4th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry when in command of his gun under heavy rifle and shell fire in the front line trenches. On one occasion Sergeant McDougall showed great bravery and skill in taking his gun safely from a dangerous position.
12736....	Corporal.....	McFeat, E. G., 5th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry when he went out twice and rescued two wounded men one after the other, under heavy fire. On another occasion he tended thc wounded under heavy shell fire.
13762....	Private.....	McIvor, J., 5th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry when he went out from the dressing station and carried in a wounded officer under heavy fire. On another occasion he again made an attempt to reach and rescue wounded, but unfortunately was severely wounded.
13760....	Private.....	McIvor, N., 5th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry when he went out from the dressing station and carried in a wounded officer under heavy fire. On another occasion he again made an attcmpt to reach and rescue wounded.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
1151.....	Sergeant.....	McKenzie, H., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry. His machine gun having been blown up by a shell and the whole crew killed or wounded Corporal McKenzie displayed the utmost coolness in stripping the wrecked gun of all undamaged parts and bringing them safely out of the trench, which by then had been absolutely demolished. Having no machine gun he volunteered to carry messages to and from Brigade Headquarters under terrific fire, and succeeded. His devotion to duty has always been most marked.
26621....	Lance-Corporal...	McLean, A. L., 14th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry in carrying despatches under heavy shrapnel and rifle fire. He also showed great bravery and resource in carrying messages from the advanced line to the Battalion Headquarters under trying conditions, being under shrapnel fire the whole time.
16922....	Private.....	McQueen, W. A., 30th Reserve Battalion (form. 7th Battalion).	For conspicuous gallantry. After an attack he took the lead in going out into the narrow 40 yards strip between the trenches to bring in the dead and rescue the wounded. Private McQueen has invariably shown great bravery and coolness on all occasions under heavy fire.
63640....	Private.....	Millard, J., 4th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. He accompanied an officer on a daring reconnaissance, and when the officer had been challenged and fired on near the enemy's parapet and had got hopelessly entangled in the wire, Private Millard regardless of the rapid fire opened on him by the enemy, rushed in, freed the officer, and helped him back to safety.
81597....	Sergeant.....	Milne, E. R., 10th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. When his platoon officer and every non-commissioned officer had been killed or wounded he took charge of the platoon and led it with conspicuous bravery and coolness. On another occasion he also showed the greatesa courage and coolness under heavy fire in the performance of his duties.
71410....	Private.....	Milne, J. J., 27th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. One of the enemy was lying close to the enemy's lines, and as identifications were urgently asked for, it was decided to endeavour to bring the man in. Private Milne volunteered to go out in daylight and with little cover. He succeeded in bringing back his cap, shoulder badge, postcard and newspaper, which gave sufficient identification.
1805.....	Quartermaster-Sergeant.	Orbinski, P. M., 1st Canadian Divisional Headquarters, Subordinate Staff.	For consistent gallant conduct and devotion to duty, especially during three operations, acting as clerk to the G.S.O.
2788.....	Private.....	Mitchell, A. W., Lord Strathcona's Horse.	For conspicuous gallantry; he carried messages and repaired broken telephone wires under heavy fire, exhibiting great courage and devotion to duty.
19584....	Sergeant.....	Morrison, C., 10th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry; in spite of intense bombardment, he went out time after time to repair breaks in the telephone wires, and later he ran a complete new telephone to the front firing line.
41654....	Corporal.....	Murray, D., 2nd Canadian Divisional Artillery Brigade Headquarters.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion. While in charge of Brigade telephonists and linesmen. he maintained telephonic communication between Brigade Headquarters and infantry, constantly under shell and rifle fire. He also laid the wires of the brigade and maintained them with great skill and bravery regardless of danger, during five months in action on different fronts.
6256.....	Private.....	Murray, J. F., 1st Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry, during a bombardment, he continually carried messages under heavy shrapnel fire. With a comrade's assistance he rescued three men who had been buried in a "feather" trench after the remaining five in the same place had been killed. He also did fine work on three other occasions.
616.....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Neighbour, H., 8th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. He has invariably shown the greatest bravery, coolness and devotion to duty and has given a fine example to all with him, under the most trying conditions.
6879.....	Sergeant.....	Newell, F. C. C., 1st Battalion....	For conspicuous gallantry. At a critical stage in the operations. After four men in succession had been killed in attempts to carry messages back from a captured trench to the British line, he volunteered to deliver the message and succeeded in so doing, although he was obliged to cross a zone heavily swept by fire.
5612.....	Second Corporal..	Norton, J. F., No. 4 Section 1st Canadian Divisional Signal Company Canadian Engineers, Training Depot.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty as a telephone linesman. He set a fine example under heavy shell and rifle fire.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
24204....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Osborne, N., 13th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion. When his platoon commander had been killed and the other company officers killed or wounded, Company Sergeant-Major Osborne collected the remains of his platoon and led them up to the firing line, under very heavy shell and rifle fire. During the whole of the action, he displayed great bravery and skill in controlling the fire and replenishing the supply of ammunition. His devotion to duty was most marked.
77902....	Private.....	Paterson, W., 30th Battalion (form. 7th Battalion).	For conspicuous gallantry on several occasions, notably when with a bombing party during an attack. He took over command of the party when the officer had become a casualty, and single-handed bombed into the enemy's trenches.
51383....	Lance-Corporal...	Pearson, A. G., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion. After practically all the garrison at the front trenches had been killed or wounded by the enemy's shell fire, Lance-Corporal Pearson, with a few men, still held on, and fortunately, although wounded himself, managed to bring out the survivors in safety after a new position had been taken up.
2586.....	Sergeant.....	Powell, F. C., Lord Strathconas' Horse.	For conspicuous gallantry in carrying messages, rallying, men and in the performance of his duties.
30006....	Corporal.....	Purton, M. S., No. 1 Company Divisional Train, Canadian Army Service Corps.	For conspicuous gallantry in carrying up supplies and bringing back wounded under heavy shell fire. He had four wagons under his charge, and displayed great bravery and skill in handling them.
40005....	Bombardier.....	Quilter, G., 1st Canadian Artillery Divisional Headquarters.	For conspicuous gallantry and good work first as telephonist, and later carrying messages under heavy shell and rifle fire.
8280.....	Sergeant.....	Richardson, J., 2nd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and ability. Sergeant Richardson, when orders were passed in English by enemy officers, scenting trouble, gave orders to his men to disregard all instructions from the right. One of the orders passed was to surrender, and that they were surrounded. His disregard of this order, and his prompt action, following it, saved the situation. For several months his bravery and example have inspired all ranks with him.
16269....	Sergeant.....	Robinson, J., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. In the progress of a heavy enemy attack, a mistaken order was passed through the trenches ordering retirement. As the men started to leave their position, Sergeant Robinson got them back, and with great coolness and bravery, kept them in their places. He has invariably exhibited great bravery and devotion, and in spite of his age, fifty-eight years, has always exhibited the greatest cheerfulness under dangerous conditions and trying times.
6856.....	Private.....	Smith, C. D., 1st Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. After the capture of the enemy's trenches, and all the supply of bombs having become exhausted, Private Smith, on his own initiative, and after several attempts had failed, made five successive journeys through a fire-swept zone and back, bringing up fresh supplies of bombs, thus contributing by his bravery and determination to the successful maintenance of the position won.
754.....	Private.....	Spalding, L. L., 39th Battalion (form. 8th Battalion).	For conspicuous gallantry when the machine guns of his regiment were supporting an infantry regiment in the trenches. The entire section was either killed or wounded, and. although Private Spalding was himself wounded, he stood in an exposed position working the gun till he was finally disabled.
9068.....	Sergeant.....	Spence, H. V., 3rd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty as Stretcher-bearer Sergeant. He has shown great coolness and personal bravery when aiding and removing the wounded.
5749.....	Sapper.....	Spencer, E. T., No. 2 Section, 1st Canadian Divisional Signal Company.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty when laying and repairing telephone lines under heavy shell and rifle fire. He has set a fine example in times of great danger.
12001....	Staff-Sergeant....	Sprange, A. P., Canadian Army Corps Headquarters.	For consistent good work as Chief Clerk in 2nd Canadian Infantry Brigade Office throughout heavy fighting. He was six days at the advanced report centre where the Brigade Major and Staff Captain were both seriously wounded in the dug-out in which he was working, and proved himself a thoroughly reliable man and of great service to the Corps.
25540....	Regimental Sergeant-Major.	Stephenson, J. M., 23rd Battalion (form. 14th Battalion).	For conspicuous gallantry; he was instrumental in keeping up the supply of ammunition, and, in many instances, he carried the boxes himself into the line, under very heavy shell fire, displaying the greatest bravery and devotion. He has twice been wounded in action.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
41265....	Gunner.....	Stickland, S., Reserve Brigade Canadian Artillery (form. 7th Battery).	For conspicuous gallantry as battery telephone linesman. During operations he was constantly under shell and rifle fire patrolling and repairing battery lines, until he was finally wounded by shrapnel while on duty as a telephonist in a forward infantry trench.
77089....	Private.....	Styles, B. A., 15th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry during an action; he assisted to carry wounded all day and night under heavy fire, and only gave up when thoroughly exhausted and having been slightly wounded.
30240....	Driver.....	Sutcliffe, F., No. 2 Company Divisional Train, Canadian Army Service Corps.	For conspicuous gallantry; he took wagons, loaded with bombs, to various infantry units along the trenches, under very heavy shell fire.
16958....	Sergeant.....	Swindells, W., 30th Battalion (form. 7th Battalion).	For conspicuous gallantry. When all his company officers had been killed or wounded, and the remnants of his company were forced from their trench by terrific fire, he rallied and led them back again, displaying the greatest bravery and daring on this and on many other occasions.
45006....	Company Sergeant-Major (now. Lieutenant).	Turner, G. R., 3rd Field Company Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion in carrying in wounded under heavy shell, machine-gun and rifle fire. He also showed great bravery and resource in charge of detachments, digging in new and advanced lines of trenches, and generally assisting with the defence, the work being carried on under heavy and continuous fire.
27020....	Sergeant.....	Venner, W. B., 15th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry in repairing telephone lines, under heavy fire, thereby enabling communication to be kept up.
41722....	Sergeant.....	Ward, J., 2nd Canadian Field Artillery Brigade, Ammunition Column.	For conspicuous gallantry during the operations. When the brigade ammunition column was forced out of two successive positions by heavy shell and rifle fire, Sergeant Ward maintained communication with the officer commanding the Brigade, and his reports were very valuable. He delivered ammunition supplies direct to the infantry in the trenches, although his horse had been shot under him.
42423....	Battery Sergeant-Major.	Wildgoose, R., 9th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry, especially during three important operations; he performed his duties with bravery and resource, and showed a marked devotion to duty on all occasions.
9066.....	Lance-Corporal...	Williams, F., 3rd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry; he voluntarily accompanied an officer to bring in a wounded officer in broad daylight, under heavy rifle and machine-gun fire. He also displayed great courage and resource in maintaining the wires for communication between the signalling station and other centres, under a continuous and heavy fire. The repairs had to be made under the most difficult and dangerous conditions.
8281.....	Sergeant.....	Winterbottom, G. G., 2nd Battalion	For conspicuous and consistent good service. He was in charge of a party which carried explosives to a mine under heavy fire. Also, on the same day, he took over command of a platoon when the officer was wounded and handled it with great skill. He has done efficient work as Acting Company Sergeant-Major.

Extract from THE SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *No. 29508 of Tuesday, the 14th of March, 1916. Wednesday, 15th March, 1916.*

WAR OFFICE, 15th March, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and men for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
74091....	Private.....	Andrews, J. C., 28th Battalion....	For conspicuous gallantry during an attack on the enemy's trenches. He led the bombers to where the enemy were in force, and there killed five and took one prisoner. He gave great assistance in guiding back his party.
22555....	Sergeant.....	Budd, A., 10th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. After returning much exhausted from an attack, he volunteered to go out for the wounded, and assisted in bringing in three. Later he carried a fourth badly wounded man nearly 400 yards into safety.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
74034....	Lance-Sergeant....	Burd, W., 28th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry during an attack on the enemy's trenches. He led the leading bombing party over the parapet and attacked a machine-gun emplacement. He continued bombing out a party of the enemy till he was seriously wounded, and then insisted on coming back alone.
21452....	Private.....	Cox, F. S., 10th Battalion (form. 11th Battalion).	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. During an attack on the enemy he did great execution as a bomber, and later volunteered to go out again and bring in the wounded. He did fine work.
55636....	Private.....	Hutchison, J., 19th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry Lance-Sergeant Jackson and Private Hutchison accompanied the Battalion Grenade Officer into the enemy's trench, and remained there reconnoitring for half an hour. Valuable information resulted from this hazardous expedition.
79312....	Private.....	Jackson, A. H., 31st Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. A large bomb fell among a party working in the front trench. Private Jackson at once, at great personal risk, drew the fuse out, thus rendering the bomb harmless and saving many casualties.
55763....	Lance-Sergeant....	Jackson, L., 19th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. Lance Sergeant Jackson and Private Hutchison accompanied the Battalion Grenade Officer into the enemy's trench, and remained there reconnoitring for half an hour. Valuable information resulted from this hazardous expedition.
75070....	Lance-Sergeant....	Kirkland, F. W., 29th Battalion...	For conspicuous gallantry during a raid on the enemy's trenches. He assisted in cutting the wire, working several hours close to an enemy machine-gun. He helped Lieutenant Wilmot in leading the assault, and though wounded, he marked the line for the withdrawal. He had previously done excellent reconnaissance work.
19913....	Private.....	Sixby, F., 10th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry, when with a wire cutting party. He cut 16 yards of the enemy's wire, and then joined in the attack which followed, displaying great coolness.
74076....	Lance-Corporal...	Turner, G. S., 28th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and determination. Prior to a night attack on the enemy's trenches he crawled out with a corporal and in 4½ hours cut a passage through the enemy's wire just under a machine-gun. He then joined in the assault and was one of the first to enter the enemy's trenches, and displayed great courage.
20924....	Private.....	Zuidema, L., 10th Battalion.....	For conspicuous coolness when with the covering party cutting wire. One of the party was killed, but he at once took charge, steadied the men, and carried on the work.

CLASP TO DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL.

81597....	Sergeant.....	Milne, E. R., 10th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He cut 21 yards of the enemy's wire in six hours, returned to the trenches, and led the attacking party through the wire subsequently commanding one of the bombing parties. He was four times wounded, but remained with his men throughout with the greatest determination.

(*Extract from* SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Friday the 14th April, 1916. Saturday, 15th April, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE, 15th April, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officer and Man for acts of Gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
6641.....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Whitfield, R., 1st Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. A post in rear of the line having been severely shelled, he made his way up under heavy shell fire. When the post was evacuated, he returned to rescue two machine gunners who had been buried and whose cries for help he had heard. He showed throughout absolute disregard for personal safety.
47086....	Private.....	Schwan, E. D., 19th Battalion....	For conspicuous gallantry. When with a wiring party he returned to fetch a stretcher for a wounded comrade and with assistance brought him in. He was under heavy machine-gun fire at the time.

(*Extract from* SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday the 16th of May, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE, 16th of May, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officer and Man for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
16411....	Lance-Corporal...	Carlisle, J., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. Hearing sounds of a fight near the enemy's wire, he went out at once and assisted in bringing in a wounded officer.
108122...	Private.....	Bulger, J. F., 1st Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous gallantry. He picked up and threw over the parapet a live bomb that had fallen back into the trench. It exploded immediately afterwards.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS.

(*Extract from* THE SECOND SUPPLEMENT OF THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 20th of June, 1916. Wednesday, 21st June, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE, 21st June, 1916.

WITH reference to the announcement of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medals in the Honours Supplement to the *London Gazette* dated 3rd June, 1916, the following are the acts of gallantry for which the decorations have been awarded.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
10620....	Private.....	Armes, F., 4th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. He voluntarily went out to repair a telephone wire during a heavy bombardment by the enemy. Although knocked over by a shell, he continued his work till communication was established.
74055....	Sergeant.....	Cameron, J., 28th Battalion.....	For conspicuous and consistent gallantry notably when, after the explosion of an enemy's mine, he collected a party of men and beat off an attack by the enemy, and lead some bombers who effectually held the crater. He also displayed marked courage during a raid on the enemy's trenches.
7953.....	Lance-Corporal...	Denman, O., 2nd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and good work. He has repaired telephone lines under heavy shell fire, and on one occasion, with a private, he rescued a wounded officer, and brought him in under heavy rifle fire.
83378....	Gunner.....	Donnolly, J. T., 13th Battery, 4th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry when repairing telephone wires under heavy fire.
75552....	Sergeant.....	Dungan, J., 29th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and good work. He has repeatedly carried out dangerous work in front of our lines, and on the occasion of a raid by his battalion showed marked courage.
477307...	Private.....	Flansberg, S., Royal Canadian Regiment, attached 4th Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For consistent good work in face of the enemy. He is always the first to volunteer for dangerous duties, and his gallant example inspires confidence among the men.
27629....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Fraser, W. G., 15th Battalion.....	For consistent good work and gallant conduct as platoon sergeant, and more recently as Company Sergeant-Major.
30206....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Girvan, J., 1st Divisional Train Canadian Army Service Corps.	For consistent good work. He showed great steadiness under fire when taking up stores in action.
24199....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Hall, C. F. E., 13th Battalion.....	For consistent good work throughout. He has displayed great gallantry in action when he carried important despatches under heavy shell fire. He has been badly wounded.
25908....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Handcock, A., 14th Battalion.....	For consistent good work. He has displayed conspicuous gallantry in action, and has assisted wounded men into safety under heavy fire. He has also done fine work in the trenches.
5605.....	Sergeant-Major...	Henderson, W. De F., 3rd Divisional Signal Company Canadian Engineers.	For consistent gallantry in several actions and constant devotion to duty.
68154....	Private.....	Ingram, T. F., 25th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and good work as Scout Sergeant. He has successfully cut through the enemy's wire several times, and on one occasion, with an officer, succeeded in laying a torpedo in the enemy's wire.
5324.....	Sergeant.....	Jemmett, D. M., 1st Field Company, Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty throughout the campaign, notably when constructing a bridge under heavy shell fire, and on another occasion when, though wounded, he remained in charge till he had completed his work, and then marched his party back to billets.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDALS.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
9064.....	Signaller.....	Jones, R. G., 3rd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and good work when in charge of a signal station. He repeatedly ran new lines and repaired breaks under heavy shell and rifle fire.
6096.....	Acting-Bombardier.	King, E. M., Royal Canadian Horse Artillery.	For consistent good work as senior linesman of the battery. He has frequently repaired lines under heavy fire at critical times.
61149....	Private.....	Leger, E., 22nd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry when repairing telephone wires under continuous sniping fire and occasional machine-gun fire.
12601....	Sergeant-Major...	Mackie, A. G., 5th Battalion.....	For consistent good work and devotion to duty. He has been also brought to notice for gallant conduct in action.
79113....	Sergeant.....	McRae, D., 31st Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry when rescuing men buried by a shell. He was exposed to the view of the enemy and under continuous fire.
5602.....	Sergeant-Major...	Massey, G. C., 3rd Divisional Signal Company, Canadian Engineers.	For consistent good work and devotion to duty under all circumstances. He has set a fine example to all ranks.
41447....	Sergeant-Major...	McKinnon, N. E., 8th Battery, 2nd Brigade Canadian Field Artillery.	For consistent good work both as a No. 1 and as Battery Sergeant-Major. He is always cheerful and hard-working, and has displayed a fine courage.
2436.....	Squadron Quartermaster-Sergeant.	McNeil, A. D., Lord Strathcona's Horse attached 7th Infantry Brigade Headquarters.	For consistent good and zealous work throughout.
37163....	Corporal.....	McNichol, G. R., 1st Ammunition Sub. Park., Canadian Army Service Corps.	For consistent good work. He displayed great courage when carrying despatches under heavy shell fire.
606.....	Corporal.....	Morrison, A. McI., 6th Field Company, Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry. He laid wires to blow up an enemy post about 20 yards from the enemy's trenches. With a Lance-Corporal he carried and laid charges and when he found himself unable to explode them he returned for an instantaneous fuse, relaid his charges, and then exploded them.
5447	Corporal.....	Oxley, A. C., 2nd Field Company, Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry, courage and resource throughout the campaign, notably when putting positions in a state of defence under fire.
71960....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Patterson, T., 27th Battalion.....	For consistent good work and devotion to duty. He has set a fine example of cool courage on several occasions.
15034....	Corporal.....	Platts, C., 3rd Field Company, Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry throughout notably when after a dangerous enterprise, he skillfully extricated his men and then, for the rest of the night, carried in wounded men from exposed positions. He set a fine example.
21747....	Private.....	Preston, L., 7th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry on several occasions, notably when he established a telephone station in the enemy's trenches during an attack after entering with the attacking party. He had previously volunteered to go in as a bomber.
69811....	Private.....	Robertson, E. M., 26th Battalion..	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When the signaller's dug-out was demolished by a shell during a heavy bombardment, he stuck to his telephone although his left foot was blown off and his right leg was fractured.
110482...	Lance-Corporal...	Robertson, L. A., 5th Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous gallantry. He went out in view of the of the enemy and under heavy shell fire and rifle, and successfully established communication, using a shell hole for his telephone station.
40549....	Battery Sergeant-Major.	Smith, J., 3rd Battery, 1st Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.	For consistent good work as Battery Sergeant-Major for coolness under fire at all times.

(*Extract from* THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Friday, the 23rd of June, 1916. Saturday, 24th June, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE, 24th June, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officer and man for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
432037...	Company Sergeant-Major.	Miles, C., 49th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. During a heavy bombardment by the enemy he moved from place to place over the open under heavy fire directing and encouraging his men, evacuating the wounded and rescuing buried men. He has frequently been brought to notice for bravery.
A11128..	Private.....	Craig, H. A., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry. He picked up an enemy bomb which had fallen into the middle of a group of our bombers and threw it over the parapet where it immediately exploded. He thereby saved many casualties.

(*Extract from* FIFTH SUPPLEMENT OF THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 25th of July, 1916. Thursday, 27th July, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE, 27th July, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and men for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
53646....	Sergeant.....	Cunningham, R., 18th Battalion...	For consistent gallantry, notably when during a heavy bombardment, he carried wounded men from the front line into safety, and also by daylight and in full view of the enemy, carried supplies to an isolated post.
79230....	Sergeant.....	Dalzeil, W., 31st Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. When his two officers were wounded he took charge of a bombing party, advanced under heavy fire to seize a point on which the enemy were advancing, and, when he met them forced them to retire. He then held his position all night until relieved.
7963.....	Private.....	Furber, A., 2nd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. When the enemy exploded a mine his leg was fractured, and he was buried up to his waist and exposed to the enemy's fire. But he dug the earth off two men near him sufficiently for them to breath.
72037....	Sergeant.....	Haines, F. W., 27th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. Though wounded by shrapnel and badly shaken, he went out under heavy shell fire to assist a wounded sergeant two hurdred yards in front of our trench, carried him into shelter and had his wounds dressed. Throughout the bombardment he set a fine example of coolness and determination.
37456....	Company Sergeant-Major.	Hoey, W., 2nd Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. During a heavy bombardment he dug out and rescued five buried men, working without tools. He also reorganized the defences of a part of the trench which had been demolished. His cool courage inspired all ranks.
24155....	Private.....	Hodd, J. G., 3rd Battalion (form. 5th Battalion attached wireless Section Canadian Corps, Headquarters Signal Company).	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When his signalling station was wrecked he went with another man and assisted in serving the guns of an advanced section of Artillery which had suffered casualties. Later he returned to his signalling station and destroyed his instruments and codes in face of the advancing enemy. He was wounded by shrapnel.
5415.....	Lance-Corporal...	Marryatt, J., 2nd Field Company Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous gallantry. When himself severely wounded in the head and thigh he went to look for his section sergeant, who was wounded and missing, in broad daylight near and in full view of the enemy. He found him unconscious and dragged him from shell hole to shell hole till he finally got him into our trench.
24743....	Sergeant.....	McLeod, A., 13th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. After a heavy bombardment the enemy sent over some reconnoitring parties, but Sergeant McLeod jumped the parapet, charged them and bombed them back to their wire, 160 yards. He set a fine example.
207.....	Private.....	Morgan, J. P., Borden Motor Machine Gun Battery.	For conspicuous gallantry. He mounted a gun on the parapet in full view of the enemy and fired continuously in order to cover the retirement of some exposed infantry. When one gun was damaged he coolly mounted another and kept up his fire with the greatest bravery.
79437....	Acting Company Sergeant-Major.	Rees, S., 31st Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and good leading when in command of a platoon in the front line. He reserved his fire when the enemy attempted to rush a crater and then at 100 yards annihilated them. Later he successfully bombed a party of some 25 of the enemy who had crept up to his post.
412874...	Private.....	Wright, G. M., 20th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry. During a raid on the enemy the officer in charge of the party fell mortally wounded on the enemy's parapet. Private Wright although wounded in seven places by a bomb, picked up his officer and carried him back to our lines under continuous fire. He then had to be himself carried away on the stretcher.

(*Extract from* THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE, *Friday the 2nd of June, 1916. Saturday, 3rd of June, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE, 3rd of June, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for Distinguished Service in the Field, dated 3rd June, 1916.

AWARDED THE MILITARY MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
1742	Sergeant	Allan, M.	Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.
16858	Sergeant	Ashby, H.	7th Battalion.
A34094	Private	Bartlett, E.	10th Battalion.
81087	Private	Bole, W.	8th Battalion.
53999	Lance-Corporal	Boreland, C. J.	18th Battalion.
632	Private	Boyd, G. T.	8th Battalion.
25694	Lance-Corporal	Brown, H. H.	Canadian Casualty Assembly Centre.
29420	Sergeant	Boyes, G. G.	16th Battalion.
8603	Sergeant	Bussell, E. W.	2nd Battalion.
74055	Sergeant	Cameron, J.	28th Battalion.
108141	Private	Chalk, S. G.	1st Canadian Mounted Rifles.
5607	Acting Corporal	Collins, J. L.	1st Divisional Signal Company Engineers.
55167	Sergeant	Cox, A. H.	19th Battalion.
48	Sergeant	Crossland, J.	4th Field Company, Canadian Engineers.
76912	Sergeant	Crumming, T.	29th Battalion.
400196	Private	Deans, S.	Canadian Army Medical Corps (attached Motor Machine-Gun Brigade).
1150	Sergeant	Dickie, J.	Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.
73652	Private	Dillabough, W.	28th Battalion.
75552	Sergeant	Dungan, J.	29th Battalion.
59293	Sergeant	Edmunds, R. J.	21st Battalion.
78	Sergeant	Fraser, J. S.	4th Field Company, Canadian Engineers.
54290	Corporal	Finch, C. E.	18th Battalion.
5664	Corporal	Fullerton, W.	1st Divisional Signal Company, Canadian Engineers.
432284	Private	Gillespie, S.	49th Battalion.
5120	2nd Corporal	Hall, B. C.	1st Field Company, Canadian Engineers.
54022	Private	Hancock, E.	18th Battalion.
23007	Lance-Corporal	Harper, A. A.	13th Battalion.
25726	Private	Hodgson, T.	14th Battalion.
477450	Private	Ingram, E. V.	Royal Canadian Regiment.
83955	Bombardier	Jackson, A.	15th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery.
40195	Sergeant	Jacob, M.	3rd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.
71131	Sergeant	Jessiman, A.	27th Battalion.
5401	Sergeant	Johnson, W.	2nd Field Company, Canadian Engineers.
53815	Lance-Corporal	Jones, A. H.	18th Battalion.
418258	Sergeant	Kingman, W. J.	42nd Battalion.
754	Staff Sgt. Whecler	Landry, C.	2nd Reserve Park, Canadian Army Service Corps.
359	Sergeant	Lane, J. R.	5th Field Company, Canadian Engineers.
54186	Lance-Corporal	Lawson, E.	18th Battalion.
42270	Sergeant	Lawson, W. S.	11th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery.
6649	Sergeant	Lock, H.	1st Battalion.
432082	Sergeant	MacDonald, A. McK.	49th Battalion.
27989	Acting Co. Sergeant-Major	Marshall, H.	15th Battalion.
1916	Sergeant	Martin, C. A.	19th Alberta Dragoons.
67639	Sergeant	Matheson, G. L.	25th Battalion.
42061	Corporal (Acting Sergeant)	McBride, A.	1st Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.
59695	Sergeant	McBride, H.	21st Battalion.
81624	Private	McCaughan, A.	10th Battalion.
9856	Trans.-Sergeant	McCleary, R.	3rd Battalion.
428660	Private	McDiarmid, A.	7th Battalion.
42017	Sergeant	McPherson, F. S.	1st Divisional Signal Company.
55629	Corporal	Metzer, A.	39th Battalion.
400748	Private	Miller, R.	1st Battalion.
41135	Sergeant	Monahan, R.	2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.
418506	Lance-Sergeant	Moore, C.	42nd Battalion.
79754	Corporal	Morgan, H. P.	31st Battalion.
65645	Private	Mott, A. F.	24th Battalion.
A34125	Sergeant	Nuttall, G.	10th Battalion.
A20099	Private	Payne, J.	16th Battalion.
6846	Lance-Corporal	Pegamegabow, F.	1st Battalion.
61778	Sergeant	Ramcourt, L.	22nd Battalion.
45192	Corporal	Reid, S.	3rd Field Company, Canadian Engineers.
20811	Corporal	Rimmer, L. J.	10th Battalion.
11428	Sergeant	Rothery, F.	4th Battalion.
51	Staff-Sergeant	Scott, F. V.	Canadian Cavalry Brigade, Machine-Gun Squadron, late Royal Canadian Dragoons.
26635	Corporal	Scott, R.	14th Battalion.
108527	Private	Sharland, W.	2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles.
109597	Private	Sheppard, C. E.	3rd Divisional Signal Company.
40080	Staff-Sergeant Armt.-Artificer.	Smith, C. K.	1st Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery.
757	Private	Tate, H.	8th Battalion.
6599	Sergeant	Unwin, V. W.	2nd Battalion.
45534	Driver	Waghorn, F.	1st Motor Machine-Gun Brigade.
A77	Private	Watson, F. J.	1st Battalion.
61754	Lance-Corporal	Watt, J.	22nd Battalion.
429729	Private	Weir, K.	7th Battalion.
9379	Sergeant	Whiteacre, A. S.	3rd Battalion.
10182	Private	Williams, H. J.	3rd Battalion.
60071	Private	Williams, L. J.	21st Battalion.
426194	Lance-Corporal	Witney, P. H.	10th Battalion.

By command,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major General A/Adjutant General.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL.

OTTAWA, 21 septembre 1916.

O. G. 90.

MÉDAILLES ET DÉCORATIONS.

TROUPES EXPÉDITIONNAIRES CANADIENNES.

Extrait du supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *de mardi, le 22 juin 1915, mercredi, 23 juin 1915.*

WAR OFFICE, 23 juin 1915.

IL a gracieusement plu au Roi d'approuver que la Croix de Victoria soit accordée au sous-officier ci-dessous mentionné pour la bravoure la plus remarquable et le dévouement à remplir ses devoirs:—

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
24066....	Sous-caporal.....	Frederick Fisher, 13e bataillon....	Le 23 avril 1915, dans les environs de Saint-Julien, il avança avec la mitrailleuse dont il avait charge, sous un feu violent et il aida de la manière la plus brave à couvrir la retraite d'une batterie, perdant quatre hommes de son escouade. Plus tard ayant obtenu quatre autre soldats, il se porta de nouveau à l'avant jusqu'à la ligne de feu, et il fut tué lui-même pendant qu'il mettait sa mitrailleuse en action sous un feu très rude, afin de couvrir l'avance des renforts.

(*Extrait du 3ième supplément de la* LONDON GAZETTE, *du 3 août 1915.*)

WAR OFFICE, 5 août 1915.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés pour leurs actes de bravoure et leur dévouement pendant qu'ils étaient en service dans les troupes expéditionnaires en France et dans les Flandres.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
C42059..	Lieut. (autrefois brigadier).	Baker, R. F., 3e brigade artillerie de campagne canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son habileté les 22 et 23 avril 1915, lorsque, les chevaux de trois fourgons de munitions ayant été tués, il réunit des détachements et il continua l'approvisionnement de munitions à bras, sous un feu très violent d'artillerie et une vive fusillade.
51068....	Soldat.....	Bushby, E. J., infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable le 8 mai 1915, à Hooge, lorsqu'il aida des blessés à sortir d'une tranchée alors entre les mains de l'ennemi et qu'il tenta de sauver un homme qui était partiellement enseveli dans la tranchée, quoique, en faisant cette action il ait eu à combattre deux Allemands qui tentaient de lui passer leur baïonnette à travers le corps. Précédemment, il avait fait deux voyages aux réserves, sous un feu violent, pour apporter des munitions.
C40330..	Maréchal des logis chef.	Donaldson, J. W. A., 1re brigade, artillerie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable le 22 avril 1915, à Saint-Julien, et les jours suivants près d'Ypres, lorsque, étant en charge de l'approvisionnement de munitions de la batterie, il continua à fournir des munitions sous un continuel et violent feu d'artillerie et donna ainsi un bel exemple de courage et d'attachement au devoir.
1593.....	Soldat.....	Inkster, G., infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son attachement au devoir le 8 mai 1915, à Hooge. Le soldat Inkster se posta au bout d'une tranchée de communication et il tua plusieurs ennemis qui cherchaient à descendre dans la tranchée. Il était seul en ce moment. Il porta aussi plusieurs messages importants sous un feu très violent et il a toujours été prêt à entreprendre tout travail dangereux que ce soit.
C40665..	Canonnier.....	James, A. W., 3e brigade, artillerie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son habileté à Potyje, lorsqu'il répara des fils de téléphone sous un violent feu d'artillerie et une vive fusillade, continuant à travailler tant qu'il n'eut pas été blessé. Il donna un bel exemple d'attachement au devoir.
1199.....	Sergent.....	Jorodon, W., infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable le 8 mai 1915, au château de Hooge, lorsqu'ayant été laissé dans une tranchée avec un homme seulement, il réussit à la conserver, tuant un grand nombre d'ennemis. Il montra un splendide exemple de courage et de dévouement.
C41055..	Bombardier.....	Olsen, O. C., 2e brigade, artillerie canadienne.	Pour sa grande valeur et ses ressources du 22 avril au 4 mai 1915, en réparant les fils de téléphone sous un violent feu d'artillerie. Pour avoir aussi agi en qualité d'éclaireur et avoir obtenu des renseignements précieux le 2 mai 1915, tous les fils ayant été coupés.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
C40870..	Bombardier.....	Ritchie, A. B., 1re brigade, artillerie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son attachement au devoir les 22 et 23 avril 1915, à Ypres. Durant une retraite il retourna délivrer des hommes et leurs chevaux attelés à un fourgon renversé, sous un violent feu d'artillerie. Plus tard il porta un homme blessé hors de la ligne de feu sous un feu violent.
640.....	Sergent.....	Scott, L., infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et ses ressources le 8 mai 1915, à Hooge. Tous les officiers ayant été tués ou blessés il réunit un groupe de soldats et il réussit à tenir une tranchée en dépit d'une très vive attaque de l'ennemi.
1298.....	Caporal.....	Stevens, B., infantreie légère Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable le 8 mai 1915, au château de Hooge. Sa tranchée ayant été abandonnée, le caporal Stevens, avec un courage et un sang-froid splendides, demeura seul et il continua à faire fonctionner sa mitrailleuse jusqu'à ce qu'elle eut été mise hors de service. Il rapporta alors la mitrailleuse endommagée, sous un feu très violent.
C46085..	Canonnier.....	Wilkinson, H. E., 1re brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne.	Pour sa bonne conduite et son attachement au devoir spécialement les 8 et 9 mai 1915, près d'Ypres. Agissant en qualité de télégraphiste il tint le quartier général de la brigade et celui de l'infanterie en communication constante sous un violent feu d'artillerie et une vive fusillade, et il fit preuve du plus grand courage et de beaucoup de ressources.

Extrait du 3e supplément de la London Gazette *de vendredi, le 3 septembre 1915. Lundi, 6 septembre 1915.*

War Office, 6 septembre 1915.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés pour leurs actes de bravoure et leur dévouement pendant qu'ils étaient en service dans les troupes expéditionnaires en France et dans les Flandres.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
33303....	Soldat.....	Cameron, H. T., ambulance de campagne n° 3, 1re division canadienne.	Pour sa grande bravoure et son attachement au devoir dans la nuit du 20-21 mai 1915, à Festubert. Il fut le premier à se présenter volontairement pour aider à recueillir les blessés dans un verger enlevé à l'ennemi, et qui était encore violemment bombardé. C'était une tâche très difficile et extrêmement dangereuse, et du parti de huit hommes qui l'avaient entreprise, quatre furent gravement blessés.
1517.....	Maréchal des logis chef d'escadron.	Collins, G. S., cavalerie de Lord Strathcona.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable le 1er août 1915, près de Messines. Un bâtiment occupé par nos troupes et contenant une grande quantité de munitions, fut incendié par une bombe ennemie. Plusieurs des obus et des grenades à main prirent feu et l'une des caisses à munitions commença à brûler, les cartouches faisant explosion dans toutes les directions. Le maréchal des logis chef Collins, avec un officier de son régiment, en dépit d'un violent bombardement dirigé sur le bâtiment, y pénétra avec le plus grand sang-froid et la plus grande bravoure, et il aida à éteindre le feu et à transporter les munitions et les obus hors du bâtiment.
6920.....	Soldat.....	Gledhill, E., 1er bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable le 15 juin 1915, à Givenchy. Se trouvant seul dans une tranchée allemande capturée et attaqué par des bombardiers, il continua à tirer jusqu'à ce que son fusil soit détruit par une bombe. En retraitant il aperçut un homme ayant les deux jambes brisées. Il banda les jambes du blessé et il le transporta en sûreté malgré une très vive fusillade et un violent feu de mitrailleuses. Son acte de bravoure incontestable et de dévouement fut très remarquable.
10538....	Sous-sergent.....	Hart, W. E., 4e bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable, son habileté et son dévouement, le 23 avril 1915, à Langemarcke, lorsqu'il porta plusieurs messages pour l'officier commandant sous une très vive fusillade et un violent bombardement. Du 28 au 31 mai, à Festubert, il répara des fils de téléphone brisés, en pas moins de onze occasions, en plein jour, sous un violent bombardement et quoi qu'il ait été continuellement le point de mire de l'ennemi. Chaque nuit il faisait encore ce travail hasardeux. A Givenchy, par sa froide bravoure et son excellent travail, en face d'un feu violent et constant, il a contribué fortement à garder les communications intactes.
601.....	1er sergent.....	Hay, J., 8e bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable, le 23 mai 1915, à Festubert. Les officiers de la compagnie ayant tous été tués ou blessés, le 1er sergent Hay prit le commandement de la compagnie qui occupait une tranchée séparée du bataillon, et par son sangfroid et sa conduite brillante sous le feu, il donna un bel exemple à tous les soldats, et il contribua grandement à les empêcher de retraiter durant toute la journée.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
12605....	Soldat.....	Hester, E. H., 5e bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Par sa bravoure incontestable et ses ressources, dans la nuit du 20 mai 1915. à Festubert, dans le voisinage de «K 4,» comme lanceur de bombes, il a fait un excellent travail exceptionnel, et il a montré la plus grande bravoure et beaucoup d'adresse. Il continua encore la nuit suivante en se portant à l'attaque avec le 10e bataillon canadien, et encore toute la journée du 22 mai en contribuant à tenir un poste et à repousser une attaque des Allemands vers midi. Le soldat Hester a été continuellement en devoir durant toute cette période et il a fait preuve de grande endurance et de dévouement. Le 24 mai il a encore fait un travail splendide avec l'avant-garde du détachement qui s'était porté à l'attaque; entrant dans la tranchée à l'épreuve des obus de l'ennemi et coupant tous les fils raccordant leurs mines, évitant ainsi un grande nombre de pertes de vie, nul doute. Son audace, son adresse et son initiative durant toutes les opérations ont été des plus remarquables.
63983....	Caporal.....	Hobday, S. G., 3e bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable, le 15 juin 1915, à Givenchy. Deux hommes ayant été tués et un blessé (en essayant de sortir d'une tranchée) un officier et six hommes qui avaient été enterrés par l'explosion d'un obus à poudre brisante, le caporal Hobday se mit au travail, sous un feu violent, et il réussit à extriquer l'escouade entière qui aurait certainement péri autrement. Le jour suivant il prit part à l'attaque des tranchées allemandes, étant l'un des premiers à l'avant. Dans la retraite subséquente, il secourut quatre hommes très gravement blessés, lesquels furent ramenés plus tard. Dans toutes les occasions, durant les opérations, son sangfroid et sa grande bravoure ont donné un splendide exemple et beaucoup d'encouragement aux soldats.
19539....	Sous-caporal.....	King, H. W., 10e bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable, dans la nuit du 22-23 avril 1915, à Ypres, en suivant le bataillon avec son téléphone jusqu'à ce que ses fils aient été coupés plusieurs fois, durant la charge dans les bois. Il se présenta alors à l'état-major de la 3e brigade d'infanterie canadienne, et il agit d'après ses ordres, puis la nuit suivante il apporta un téléphone à la tranchée allemande capturée. Le sous-caporal King a aussi fait preuve d'une grande bravoure le 20 mai, à Festubert, lorsque la ligne du 6e bataillon de la cité de Londres aux tranchées de son bataillon sur la ligne de feu, ayant été détruite, il posa une nouvelle ligne, en plein jour et sous un feu exceptionnellement violent, de sorte que les communications ne furent interrompues que quelques instants.
260.....	Sergent.....	Macdonald, J., infanterie légère Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable, près du château de Hooge, le 8 mai 1915. Une tranchée sur la ligne de front ayant été détruite par des bombes, il retira sous un violent bombardement, deux blessés qui avaient été enterrés dans cette tranchée. Le même jour il transporta sur son dos un homme gravement blessé, et en même temps il aida un autre blessé à se mettre en lieu sûr, sous un violent bombardement et une vive fusillade.
12877....	Soldat.....	McKie, J. W., 5e bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et ses ressources, le 24 mai 1915, à Festubert, lorsqu'il accompagna les hommes sur un parapet, en charge de «K 5,» et qu'il commença immédiatement à s'occuper des blessés, leur donnant les premiers soins, sous un feu très violent. Il continua à faire la même chose toute la journée, localisant les blessés à découvert durant le jour et lorsque la nuit fut venue il aida à les transporter en lieu sûr. Sa bravoure et son dévouement furent fort remarquables.
9389.....	Sergent.....	Mote, G. A., 3e bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable, le 24 mai 1915, à Festubert. Accompagné d'un autre sous-officier, le sergent Mote tenta volontairement de sauver un officier de son bataillon qui, après avoir été sérieusement blessé,. avait été laissé à l'abri à quelques verges des tranchées allemandes. Ils prirent des routes différentes sous un violent feu d'artillerie, le sergent Mote n'ayant atteint l'endroit indiqué que pour constater que l'officier n'était pas là. L'autre sous-officier perdit la vie en essayant bravement de sauver cet officier.
6409.....	Sergent-major suppléant de compagnie.	Owen, C., 1er bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son habileté, le 15 juin 1915, à Givenchy. Tous les officiers de sa compagnie ayant été tués ou blessés, il prit le commandement et fit preuve d'un grand courage et de connaissances comme chef et il rendit des services signalés à un moment critique. Notre ligne de front ayant retraité, il y retourna, sous une vive fusillade et un violent feu de mitrailleuse, et il sauva un officier blessé qu'il transporta en lieu sûr.

MEDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUEE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
19617....	Caporal.....	Palmer, J. E., 10e bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son habileté, le 22 mai 1915, à Festubert, lorsqu'il transporta sa mitrailleuse jusqu'à une position avancée, couvrant l'attaque du «K 5,» et arréta complètement la contre-attaque de l'ennemi en divisant ses escouades de bombardiers et en coupant une corde attachée a un sac rempli d'obus que l'ennemi charchait à traîner d'une tranchée à une autre. Son dévouement et son courage furent des plus remarquables.
6861.....	Soldat.....	Vincent, H., 1er bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son attachement au devoir, le 15 juin 1915, à Givenchy. Dans une certaine position où on ne pouvait utiliser le trépied d'une mitrailleuse, le soldat Vincent plaça la mitrailleuse sur son dos, sous un feu violent, pendant qu'un officier tirait plus de mille coups de feu. Ensuite il traîna la mitrailleuse brûlante, en passant par une zone balayée par le feu, et il l'empêcha d'être capturée.

(*Extrait du spplément de la* London Gazette *de mardi, le 14 septembre 1915. Mercredi, 15 septembre 1915.*
Extrait du supplément de la London Gazette *de mardi, le 14 septembre 1915. Mercredi, 15 septembre 1915.*

War Office, 15 septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée au sous-officier ci-dessous mentionné pour ses actes de bravoure et son dévouement pendant qu'il était en service dans les troupes expéditionnaires en France et dans les Flandres:—

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
221.....	Brigadier.....	Pym, J. S., dragons royaux canadiens.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable à Festubert le 26 mai 1915. Il fit une sortie de 100 verges jusqu'à un blessé, entre 6 et 7 h. a.m., et, l'ayant atteint, il demanda de l'aide. Un maréchal des logis s'y rendit, mais il reçut une balle dans la cuisse et il fut incapable de marcher. Le brigadier Pym retourna à la tranchée vers 5 p.m., et il sortit de nouveau, et, avec l'aide de deux hommes, il ramena le blessé en lieu sûr. Les obus et les balles pleuvaient continuellement.

(*Extrait du 3e supplément de la* London Gazette *de vendredi le 26 novembre 1915.*) *Lundi, 29 novembre 1915.*

War Office, 29 novembre 1915.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés pour leurs actes de bravoure et leur dévouement pendant qu'ils étaient en service dans les troupes expéditionnaires en France et dans les Flandres:—

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
69805....	Sergent.....	W. C. Ryer, 26e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure évidente, le 13 octobre 1915. Durant une reconnaissance dans un cratère allemand, le sergent Ryer porta un autre sergent qui était mortellement blessé, jusqu'à ce que ce dernier fut mort; il retourna alors au cratère, et avec l'aide d'un autre homme, il en transporta un autre en lieu sûr, ceci fut accompli sous un violent feu croisé de mitrailleuses et de fusils. Il a donné un bel exemple de bravoure et de dévouement.
73741....	Soldat.....	H. B. Compton, 28e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable le 8 octobre 1915, en face de Wytschaete. L'ennemi fit exploser des mines et le soldat Compton fut enseveli sous les débris. Dès qu'il fut dégagé, il demanda immédiatement à aller de l'avant comme membre d'une escouade de lanceurs de bombes, et il aida à bombarder l'ennemi du cratère dans lequel ils avancaient. Il aida aussi, sous un violent bombardement et une grêle de mitraille, à retirer quatre hommes qui avaient été enterrés par l'explosion, aidant ainsi à leur sauver la vie. Pendant toute l'action son courage, ses ressources et son attachement au devoir ont été des plus évidents.

Extrait du deuxième supplément de la London Gazette *de vendredi, le 21 janvier 1916. Samedi, 22 janvier 1916.*

War Office, 22 janvier 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille de Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement pendant qu'ils faisaient du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires en France et dans les Flandres:—

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
16858....	Sergent.....	H. Ashby, 7e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable dans la nuit du 16-17 novembre 1915, près Messines. Les sergents Meyerstein et Ashby, avec quelques éclaireurs, travaillèrent durant quatre heures, par un beau clair de lune, à couper le fil métallique tout près d'une tranchée allemande fortement gardée. Ils jetèrent ensuite un pont sur la rivière Douve à environ 16 verges du parapet ennemi, et ils guidèrent nos escouades de bombardiers dans les sentiers qu'ils vaient ménagés. Leur sang-froid et leur courage ont rendu l'attaque possible.
16395....	Sous-caporal.....	E. L. Babcock, 7e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et ses ressources, près Messines, dans la nuit du 16-17 novembre 1915. Les caporaux Babcock, Odlum et Weir et le sous-caporal Berry travaillèrent durant quatre heures, par un beau clair de lune, à couper le fil métallique, tout près d'une tranchée allemande fortement gardée. Ils aidèrent aussi à jeter un pont sur la rivière Douve, à environ 16 verges du parapet allemand et ils guidèrent les escouades de bombardiers dans les sentiers qu'ils avaient ménagés. C'est grâce surtout à leur sang-froid et à leurs ressources si l'attaque put réussir.
10718....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	B. Beaton, 4e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable à Wulverghem, le 20 octobre 1915, lorsqu'il s'offrit volontairement, avec le soldat J. Donaghue, pour aller au secours d'un camarade qui avait été atteint près des lignes ennemies. Il rampa 300 verges, trouva l'homme blessé dans un trou fait par un obus près des fils métalliques allemands, pensa ses blessures, et il dirigea le soldat Donaghue qui ramena le blessé dans nos tranchées.
77848....	Soldat.....	J. Berry, 7e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et ses ressources près Messines dans la nuit du 16-17 novembre 1915. Les caporaux Babcock, Odlum et Weir et le soldat Berry travaillèrent durant quatre heures, par un beau clair de lune, à couper le fil métallique tout près d'une tranchée allemande fortement gardée. Ils aidèrent aussi à jeter un pont sur la rivière Douve, à environ 16 verges du parapet allemand et ils guidèrent les escouades de bombardiers dans les sentiers qu'ils avaient ménagés. C'est grâce surtout à leur sang-froid et à leurs ressources si l'attaque put réussir.
A40677..	Soldat.....	R. A. Coles, 5e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable durant l'attaque et la capture d'une barricade avancée allemande sur le chemin de Messines le 15 décembre 1915.
16297....	Caporal.....	A. K. Curry, 7e bataillon.....	Pour son sang-froid évident et son courage lorsqu'il était en charge d'une escouade d'assiégeants durant une attaque au moyen d'obus près de Messines, dans la nuit du 16-17 novembre 1915.
10535....	Soldat.....	J. Donaghue, 4e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable à Wulverghem le 20 octobre 1915, lorsqu'il s'offrit volontairement pour se rendre, avec le sergent-major de compagnie Benton, au secours d'un camarade qui avait été grièvement blessé près des lignes ennemies. Ils rampèrent près de 300 verges, trouvèrent le blessé dans un trou creusé par un obus, et lorsque ses blessures furent pansées par le sergent-major de compagnie Benton, le soldat Donaghue revint en rampant avec le blessé sur son dos. Une escouade de secours avait déjà tenté de sauver le blessé, mais elle n'avait pu le trouver.
9902....	Soldat.....	G. L. Eastman, 3e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable à Wulverghem le 30 octobre 1915. Lorsqu'il était en sentinelle dans les tranchées de la ligne de front, il vit un obus qui arrivait dans la tranchée. Cet obus serait tombé dans un trou dans lequel se trouvaient deux de ses camarades, mais il se précipita, saisit l'obus et le jeta pardessus le parapet, alors que l'obus fit immédiatement explosion. Le sang-froid, l'audace et la présence d'esprit du soldat Eastman ont probablement été la cause que ses deux camarades ont eu la vie sauve.
A24174..	Soldat.....	J. H. Lindsay, 5e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et l'excellent travail qu'il a accompli entre le 12 et le 14 décembre 1915, en surveillant les mouvements de l'ennemi et en faisant des reconnaissances avant l'attaque de la barricade avancée allemande sur le chemin de Messines. Il était souvent exposé à un feu violent à une faible distance. Finalement, il se comporta d'une manière brillante lors de la capture de la barricade.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
A35224..	Sergent-major de compagnie.	J. D. Matheson, 4e bataillon.....	Pour sa brillante conduite à Wulverghem le 20 octobre 1915. Deux des membres de sa patrouille ayant été blessés mais ne pouvant être retrouvés vu la violence du feu ennemi, il ramena le reste de ses soldats en sûreté dans nos lignes, puis il rctourna seul, sous un feu violent, et il rampa près du réseau de fils de l'ennemi à la recherche de ses camarades blessés.
16799....	Sergent.....	W. C. Meyerstein, 7e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable dans la nuit du 16-17 novembre 1915, près Messines. Les sergents Meyerstein et Ashby, avec quelques éclaireurs, travaillèrent durant quatre heures, par un beau clair de lune, à couper des sentiers dans le réseau de fils jusqu'à une tranchée allemande fortement gardéc. Ils jetèrent ensuite un pont sur la rivière Douve, à environ 16 verges du parapet ennemi, puis ils guidèrent nos escouades de bombardiers dans les sentiers qu'ils avaient ménagés. Leur sang-froid et leur courage ont rendu l'attaque possible.
13200....	Sergent.....	McGlashan, J. S., 5e bataillon.....	Pour son excellent travail en général du 12 au 15 décembre 1915., en agissant comme éclaireur, en faisant des reconnaissances et en préparant l'attaque des barricades sur le chemin de Messines. Il abattit cinq allemands qui cherchaient à se mettre à l'abri.
16679....	Soldat.....	H. Odlum, 7e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et ses ressources, près Messines, dans la nuit du 16–17 novembre 1915. Les caporaux Babcock, Odlum et Weir et le sous-caporal Berry travaillèrent durant quatre heures, par un beau clair de lune, à couper le fil métallique tout près d'une tranchée allemande fortement gardée. Ils aidèrent aussi à jeter un pont sur la rivière Douve, à environ 16 verges du parapet allemand, et ils guidèrent des escouades de bombardiers dans les sentiers qu'ils avaient ménagés. C'est grâce surtout à leur sang-froid et à leurs ressources si l'attaque a réussi.
17163....	Sergent.....	A. Robertson, 7e bataillon.....	Pour son courage incontestable et l'excellent travail qu'il a accompli durant une attaque de bombardiers sur la Petite Douve, près Messines, dans la nuit du 16–17 novembre 1915.
429729...	Sous-caporal.....	K. Weir, 7e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et ses ressources près Messines, dans la nuit du 16–17 novembre 1915. Les caporaux Babcock, Odlum et Weir et le sous-caporal Berry travaillèrent durant 4 heures, par un beau clair de lune, à couper le fil métallique près d'une tranchéc allemande fortement gardée. Ils aidèrent aussi à jeter un pont sur la rivière Douve à environ 16 vergcs du parapet allemand et ils guidèrent des escouades de bombardiers dans les sentiers qu'ils avaient ménagés. C'est grâce surtout à leur sang-froid et à leurs ressources si l'attaque a réussi.

(*Extrait du supplément de la* London Gazette, *de vendredi, le 10 mars 1916. Samedi, 11 mars 1916.*

War Office, 11 mars 1916.

RELATIVEMENT à la publication de la liste de ceux qui ont obtenu des Médailles pour Conduite Distinguée dans le Supplément d'Honneurs conférés de la *London Gazette*, en date du 14 janvier 1916, voici quels sont les actes de bravoure pour lesquels ces décorations ont été décernées:—

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
24086....	Soldat.....	F. Ableson, 13e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Sa compagnie occupait l'extrême gauche de la ligne britannique, et, lorsque l'ennemi brisa la ligne occupée par les troupes à notre gauche immédiate, il rendit des services appréciables à son commandant de compagnie en ralliant quelques troupes indigènes et en les faisant revenir dans leurs tranchées. Il dirigea aussi leur tir ainsi que celui de ses propres hommes. Il fit preuve de la plus grande bravoure et de sang-froid dans l'accomplissement de ses devoirs sous un feu très violent, et il fut, dans des conditions critiques, définitivement blessé.
20743....	Caporal.....	W. H. Baker, 8e bataillon (ex-10e bataillon).	Pour bravoure manifeste. Une tranchée ayant été prise, le caporal Baker se dirigea avec un détachement de bombardiers vers une redoute ennemie, et seize autres bombardiers ayant été tués ou blessés, il demeura seul toute la journée à moins de dix verges de la redoute, lançant avec succès toutes les bombes qu'il pouvait atteindre.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
18839....	Sous-caporal.....	E. A. Barrett, 4e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste, lorsque, en plein jour et sous une pluie d'obus et de bombes et une vive fusillade, il sortit volontairement des tranchées, s'élança en avant jusqu'aux fils métalliques de l'ennemi, et ramena en sûreté dans la tranchée un homme grièvement blessé qui était demeuré couché là depuis l'attaque de la journée précédente.
5318.....	Sergent.....	W. H. B. Bevan, 2e compagnie, de campagne, génie canadien.	Pour bravoure manifeste; il aida à retenir en ordre un grand nombre de troupes indigènes qui se retiraient en désordre. Plus tard il aida à tenir une tranchée, sous un feu violent, après que l'officier, le sous-officier et plusieurs hommes eurent été tués ou blessés. Dans une occasion subséquente, quoique terrassé et rendu inconscient pendant quelques instants par l'explosion d'un obus, il refusa de retraiter, mais avec une grande bravoure il continua son oeuvre et il enthousiasma tout le monde par son bel exemple.
4165.....	Canonnier.....	V. A. Bleakney, 8e bataillon, 2e brigade d'artillerie de campagne canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement lorsque, en qualité de poseur de fils, il travaillait sous une pluie d'obus. Il fit aussi d'excellent travail, sous un feu violent, en deux autres occasions. Il est toujours de bonne humeur et énergique.
72176....	Soldat.....	A. V. Bonner, 27e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. L'un des ennemis était tombé près des lignes ennemies, et comme on tenait beaucoup à découvrir son identité, l'on décida de tenter de ramener cet homme. Le soldat Bonner s'offrit volontier de sortir en plein jour et très peu couvert. Il réussit à rapporter sa casquette, son épaulette, une carte postale et des journaux, ce qui fut suffisant pour l'identifier.
25546....	Sergent-major régimentaire.	W. A. Bonshor, 14e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste en diverses occasions: plusieurs fois, avec un mépris complet de sa propre vie, il conduisit des hommes à des positions où ils étaient plus en sûreté. Sa bravoure, ses ressources et son magnifique exemple ont donné le plus grand encouragement à tous ceux qui étaient avec lui.
1247.....	Sous-sergent.....	E. Bowler, infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour bravoure manifeste et travail continuel en qualité de caporal de la section médicale, spécialement en une occasion, lorsqu'il soigna les blessés sous un feu très violent. Il fit plusieurs voyages de et à la station de pansage, en encourant de grands risques personnels, pour obtenir de nouveaux pansements, et il fit preuve de la plus grande bravoure et du dévouement le plus complet en accomplissant son travail.
1346.....	Soldat.....	G. Bronquest, infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure manifeste et ses excellents services; il fit preuve d'une grande bravoure et de beaucoup de sang-froid dans l'accomplissement de son devoir, souvent à des moments très critiques.
81103....	Caporal.....	W. R. Brookes, 9e bataillon, (ex-10e bataillon.)	Pour bravoure manifeste; il conduisit un détachement en avant des tranchées, sous un feu d'une violence extrême, pour ramener un officier qui avait été grièvement blessé. La tentative réussit et l'officier blessé fut ramené à un endroit sûr.
9648.....	Soldat.....	J. Bruno, 3e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste; il sortit avec son commandant de compagnie, surprit et s'empara de deux patrouilles ennemies. Durant ce fait d'armes dangereux un soldat de la patrouille ennemie tira sur l'officier de sa compagnie. Avant qu'il ait pu tirer le deuxième coup, le soldat Bruno l'étendit raide mort. La célérité et la justesse de son tir ont été cause que les membres de la patrouille ennemie furent capturés sans perte de vie.
5301.....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	G. R. Chetwynd, 2e compagnie de campagne, génie canadien.	Pour sa bravoure manifeste et son habileté. Dans toutes les occasions le sergent-major Chetwynd a fait preuve de beaucoup de bravoure et de ressource en préparant la démolition des ponts et en exécutant des travaux de génie fort difficiles, souvent sous une pluie d'obus et une vive fusillade. Dans une autre occasion, il assistait comme volontaire, à la tentative d'un détachement qui essayait de relier les lignes canadiennes à la ligne avancée, et le sous-officier en charge et plusieurs hommes ayant été tués ou blessés, il rallia les suivants et il les conduisit à l'avant avec beaucoup de bravoure et d'habileté sous un feu intense.
1576.....	Sous-caporal.....	J. M. Christie, infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure manifeste lorsqu'il se mit à découvert, sous un feu très violent et qu'il tua un grand nombre d'ennemis. Dans une autre occasion, il fit une reconnaissance très difficile avec une grande bravoure et en plein jour, et il revint avec des renseignements très précieux.
1220.....	Soldat.....	G. F. Clark, 8e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste; il ramassa un blessé, sous un feu violent, qui se trouvait tout près de la ligne de feu de l'ennemi. En accomplissant ce fait d'armes, une balle troua sa casquette; mais il sortit de nouveau immédiatement et, avec une grande bravoure il réussit à reprendre une mitrailleuse qui avait été abandonnée tout près des lignes ennemies.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
25819....	Sergent.....	E. Cowen, 14e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure manifeste, lorsqu'il sortit deux fois, sous un feu violent, et qu'il aida à ramener un blessé. Le même soir, il ne restait aucun officier de sa compagnie, il prit le commandement et réussit à apporter des munitions jusqu'à la ligne de feu dans des conditions des plus pénibles et dangereuses.
1806.....	Sergent fourrier...	G. W. Cragg, état-major subalterne du quartier général de la 1e division canadienne.	Pour son dévouement constant lorsqu'il a agi en qualité de commis de la division administrative.
61931....	Soldat.....	A. Deblois, 22e bataillon canadien d'infanterie.	Pour sa bravoure manifeste et son dévouement lorsqu'il ramena un camarade grièvement blessé, avec le secours d'un autre homme, sous un feu violent. N'ayant pas de brancard, ils le portèrent sur leurs épaules et ils durent passer à travers du fils barbelé et plusieurs tranchées en le ramenant. Leur bravoure et leur force physique furent très remarquées.
29167....	Sergent.....	A. Denholme, 16e bataillon canadien d'infanterie.	Pour bravoure manifeste et habileté. Il a rallié ses hommes après que ses officiers avaient été tués ou blessés et les a conduits en avant sous un feu intense. Dans une autre occasion il a fait preuve de sang-froid et de la plus grande bravoure dans l'exécution de pareils actes, son attachement à ses devoirs s'est manifesté dans toutes les occasions.
15066....	Soldat.....	J. A. Dunwoody, cavalerie de Lord Strathcona, division canadienne de cavalerie.	Pour le bon travail remarquable qu'il a accompli en faisant des reconnaissances dans les tranchées ennemies.
5310.....	Sergent.....	C. B. Ferris, 2e compagnie de campagne, génie canadien.	Pour bravour manifeste et habileté. Il a réparé des routes sous un feu intense. Alors qu'il commandait un détachement du génie, il reçut l'ordre d'avancer, d'après un signal convenu, pour relier les tranchées entre elles. Le signal fut donné et, en réponse, il tenta de commencer ses travaux, malgré un feu très intense, les tranchées opposées étant seulement à 100 verges de distance. Plusieurs hommes ayant été tués en essayant d'atteindre ce but le sergent Ferris s'avança seul sous un feu extrêmement violent pour reconnaître la cause des difficultés et, quoique sérieusement blessé, à travers la poitrine, dès le début, il continua bravement, se rendit compte des difficultés et fit de grands efforts pour retourner et faire son rapport.
8397.....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	P. S. Flinter, 12e bataillon canadien d'infanterie (réserve), (ex-2e bataillon).	Pour bravoure manifeste alors qu'il commandait un peloton au cours d'une attaque. Il occupait une position à la gauche et se trouvait sous un feu d'artillerie et une fusillade d'une violence exceptionnelle, sa splendide bravoure, son exemple inspirèrent à un tel degré les hommes sous ses ordres qu'ils résistèrent avec succès à toutes les attaques dirigées contre eux. Bien que blessé à la tête, il réalisa le danger de la situation et garda ses hommes ensemble. Sa bravoure et son dévouement furent très beaux tout le temps.
27419....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	A. Goodfellow, 15e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste quand son commandant de compagnie fut blessé, et que les autres officiers de sa compagnie furent tués ou blessés, le sergent-major de compagnie Goodfellow rallia la compagnie, aida à la prise de la nouvelle ligne que, finalement, la compagnie conserva. Sa bravoure, son initiative et son dévouement furent des plus remarquables.
42040....	Maréchal des logis chef de batterie.	J. Hamshere, 10e batterie artillerie canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste. Il exécuta ses devoirs avec bravoure et beaucoup de ressource au cours d'opérations importantes et remplit dans toutes occasions ses devoirs avec un dévouement remarquable.
5112.....	Sapeur.....	B. W. Harmon, 1e compagnie de campagne, génie canadien.	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement. Sous un feu intense il construisit avec des sacs de sable une barricade en travers d'une route et la répara constamment lorsqu'elle était partiellement démolie par un violent feu d'obus. Plus tard il resta seul, pendant trente-six heures, à construire des tunnels. Dans une autre occasion il accompagna un assaut en commandant un détachement chargé de bloquer, en les barricadant, des tranchées gagnées. Après que la première ligne de tranchées fut prise et que presque tous les hommes du détachement eussent été tués ou blessés, la sapeur Hermon s'arma de bombes et continua d'avancer jusqu'à ce qu'il eût épuisé ses munitions sans pouvoir en obtenir d'autres. Durant ces opérations il fut gravement blessé en plusieurs endroits.
6317.....	Soldat.....	W. B. Harris, 29e bataillon.....	Pour brave conduite. Le soldat Harris lançait une bombe quand son pied glissant la bombe tomba sur le côté du parapet où les autres bombardiers se tenaient. Tous, sauf un, purent s'écarter. Le soldat Harris, réalisant le danger, courut et se jeta sur la bombe pour sauver son camarade. La bombe explosa et il fut gravement blessé en accomplissant cet acte d'abnégation.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
2873.....	Caporal.....	J. S. Hewetson, cavalerie de Lord Strathcona, division canadienne de cavalerie.	Pour bravoure manifeste et bons services en conduisant des patrouilles jusqu'aux réseaux de fils barbelés des ennemis et en obtenant de précieusès informations.
23348....	Sergent.....	J. Holland, 7e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure et services remarquables au front pendant dix mois; il maintint les communications avec son bataillon qui était au front dans une position exposée, et le ravitailla en vivres et en munitions pendant toute la lutte. Il parcourut à plusieurs reprises un chemin en dépit d'un feu violent.
75240....	Sous-caporal.....	A. J. Hourston, 29e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Etant à la tête d'un détachement de travailleurs l'ennemi ouvrit le feu, il ramena alors avec beaucoup de courage et d'adresse son détachement sous un feu violent de mitrailleuses et de mousqueterie. Pendant cette manoeuvre il sauva un blessé beaucoup plus gros et plus lourd que lui en le portant pendant un trajet de 150 verges.
15576....	Sous-caporal.....	B. Jones, troupe des signaleurs, brigade canadienne de cavalerie (ex-6e bataillon, Fort Garry Horse).	Pour bravoure manifeste en réparant sous le feu des fils téléphoniques, et pour bons services en général.
9063.....	Sous-caporal.....	E. H. Jones, 3e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure et services remarquables; il posa sous un vif feu d'artillerie vingt-cinq lignes de téléphone depuis la ligne de feu et réussit à maintenir une communication directe avec le quartier général à l'avant.
46282....	Sous-sergent.....	W. N. Jones, 13e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Immédiatement après une explosion, le sous-sergent Jones conduisit avec beaucoup de bravoure un détachement pour occuper le cratère en dépit d'un violent feu de mousqueterie, de mitrailleuses et d'obusiers. En maintes occasions il conduisit des patrouilles et des reconnaissances avec beaucoup d'adresse et de jugement et rapporta des informations importantes.
29116....	Sergent-major de régiment.	J. Kay, 16e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste dans toutes les actions auxquelles il participa depuis la formation du bataillon. Il a invariablement fait preuve de courage et d'habileté dans l'exécution de ses devoirs et a donné à toutes les troupes un bel exemple de dévouement.
27001....	Sergent-major.....	J. Keith, 15e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste en surveillant le transport, sous un très violent feu d'obus, des munitions et des vivres, portant fréquemment des caisses, lui-même, aux troupes des premières tranchées.
24412....	Caporal.....	O. Kranchel, 17e bataillon (ex-13e bataillon).	Pour bravoure manifeste en sauvant une mitrailleuse. Plus tard, quand sa section fut dans une position des plus exposée, il tint avec grand courage pendant quarante-huit heures après que son bataillon eut été relevé et jusqu'à ce que le bataillon de relève fut capable de le remplacer.
61589....	Soldat.....	P. A. Lambert, 22e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement en portant, avec l'aide d'un autre soldat, sous un feu violent, un camarade grièvement blessé. N'ayant pas de brancard ils le portèrent sur leurs épaules et durent ainsi traverser des fils barbelés et plusieurs tranchées. Leur courage et leur énergie physique furent des plus remarquables.
40336....	Sergent.....	J. R. Langford, 2e batterie, 1re brigade canadienne d'artillerie de campagne.	Pour bravoure manifeste; fit preuve de beaucoup de courage et de sang-froid dans l'exécution de ses devoirs sous un feu violent et dans les plus dangereuses conditions.
74.....	Sergent.....	F. W. Larkin, infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour bravoure manifeste. Quand un attelage fut tué par un obus, le sergent Larkin, sous un feu très intense, galopa, dételа un cheval tué, attela son propre cheval, enleva le fourgon et porta les rations et les munitions qu'il contenait dans les tranchées. Son courage et son dévouement ont toujours été très remarquables.
5410.....	Caporal.....	G. Law, 2e compagnie de campagne, génie canadien.	Pour bravoure manifeste et attachement à ses devoirs en maintes occasions. Pendant deux périodes, d'une quinzaine et d'une semaine respectivement, il travailla constamment exposé au feu. Dans une autre occasion il contribua sous le feu, à de dangereuses opérations de mines et à la réparation des tranchées; dans une autre il aida à placer des mines dans un poste avancé qui venait d'être enlevé à l'ennemi.
880.....	Brigadier.....	W. Legge, dragons royaux canadiens.	Pour bravoure manifeste. Une mitrailleuse des positions ennemies ayant infligé de lourdes pertes et appuyé une attaque, le caporal Legge rampa dans la nuit, sous un feu intense, localisa la pièce et contribua à la faire taire. Son courage et son dévouement furent très remarquables.
28817....	Sergent.....	W. LeMaître, 16e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste depuis la formation du bataillon et dans toutes les actions dans lesquelles il fut engagé. Il a invariablement fait preuve de courage et d'habileté dans l'exécution de ses devoirs et donné un bel exemple de dévouement à tous les soldats.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
28705....	Caporal.....	A. Lyons, 16e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste, en portant continuellement des messages sous un feu très violent. Il a aussi ramené en lieu sûr un officier blessé, a fait preuve de grand courage et de ressource dans plusieurs reconnaissances difficiles pour déterminer la position de l'ennemi.
40217....	Sergent.....	W. MacInnes, 1re batterie, artillerie canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste. Le sergent MacInnes était pointeur pendant un sérieux engagement. Son officier et les plus anciens sous-officiers ayant été tués ou blessés il prit le commandement du service de sa pièce, et par son courage et son habileté sauva, sans doute possible, une situation critique. Il a invariablement montré beaucoup de dévouement.
81576....	Sous-caporal.....	J. Maxwell, 2e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste et bons services constants depuis son entrée au bataillon. Il a fréquemment conduit des patrouilles, notamment dans une occasion alors, qu'avec deux hommes, il coupa les fils de fer de l'ennemi et monta sur le parapet de la tranchée pour l'examiner. Apercevant un groupe de cinq hommes dans la tranchée il le bombarda avec succès et ramena sa patrouille en sûreté.
11262....	Soldat.....	M. G. McCauley, 4e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste, alors que tous les hommes de l'escouade de sa mitrailleuse avaient été tués ou blessés, en avançant pour occuper une position, il enleva la mitrailleuse au dernier homme frappé et l'installa. En essayant de la faire fonctionner il s'aperçut qu'elle avait temporairement été mise hors de service par un obus. Immédiatement il partit, volontairement, sous un violent feu d'artillerie et de mousqueterie, pour prendre à ses camarades tués ou blessés une quantité suffisante de pièces détachées; il revint, démonta la mitrailleuse et réussit à la réparer. Il courut de nouveau pour ramasser des munitions tombées à quelques cent verges à l'arrière, revint à la mitrailleuse et ouvrit le feu, rendant ainsi de grands services à l'infanterie en marche. En maintes occasions son courage et son dévouement ont été des plus remarquables.
650.....	Sergent fourrier de compagnie.	G. L. McDonell, infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement, alors qu'il était en charge du quartier général du train divisionnaire éloigné d'environ 250 verges des logements du quartier général. Un obus mit le feu aux étables. Le sergent-fourrier de compagnie McDonell pour sauver les chevaux fit, sous un violent feu d'artillerie, quatre voyages des logements aux écuries. Il réussit à sauver tous les chevaux ainsi que d'autres propriétés du gouvernement.
42053....	Sergent.....	C. G. McDougall, 4e batterie, artillerie canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste, alors qu'il commandait une mitrailleuse dans les tranchées de première ligne, sous un violent feu de mousqueterie et d'artillerie. En une occasion le sergent McDougall fit preuve de beaucoup de courage et d'habileté en retirant heureusement sa pièce d'une position dangereuse.
12736....	Soldat.....	E. G. McFeat, 5e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste en allant chercher à deux reprises, l'un après l'autre, deux hommes blessés. Dans une autre occasion il pansa les blessés sous un violent feu d'artillerie.
13762....	Soldat.....	J. McIvor, 5e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Il partit d'un poste de secours et, sous un feu intense, ramena un officier blessé. Une autre fois il tenta encore d'atteindre et de sauver un blessé, malheureusement il fut lui-même gravement blessé.
13760....	Soldat.....	N. McIvor, 5e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste, il partit d'un poste de secours et, sous un feu intense, ramena un officier blessé. Une autre fois il tenta encore d'atteindre et de sauver un blessé.
1158.....	Sergent.....	H. McKenzie, infanterie légère Princesse Patricia.	Pour bravoure manifeste. Sa mitrailleuse ayant été détruite par un obus, et tous les hommes de l'escouade tués ou blessés, le caporal McKenzie fit preuve du plus grand sang-froid en enlevant de la pièce démolie toutes les parties non endommagées et en les rapportant dans la tranchée qui, entre temps, avait été absolument bouleversée. N'ayant plus de mitrailleuse il offrit volontairement de porter des messages au quartier général de la brigade et d'en rapporter, il réussit malgré un feu terrible. Son dévouement a été des plus remarquables.
26621....	Sous-caporal.....	A. L. McLean, 14e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste en portant des dépêches sous un violent feu d'artillerie et d'infanterie. Il fit aussi preuve d'un grand courage et d'habileté en portant des messages du front au quartier-général du bataillon dans des conditions difficiles étant constamment sous une pluie d'obus.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
16922....	Soldat.....	W. A. McQueen, 30e bataillon (réserve) ex-7e bataillon.	Pour bravoure manifeste. Après une attaque il marcha le premier entre les tranchées des deux armées, distantes de 40 verges pour rapporter les morts et sauver les blessés. Le soldat McQueen a fait preuve du plus grand sang-froid dans toutes les occasions et sous un feu violent.
63640....	Soldat.....	J. Millard, 4e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Il accompagna un officier dans une reconnaissance audacieuse et quand l'officier, après avoir été aperçu et tiré près du parapet ennemi, fut retenu d'une manière désespérante dans les fils barbelés, le soldat Millard, sans s'occuper du feu rapide dirigé sur lui par l'ennemi, libéra l'officier et l'aida à retourner en lieu sûr.
31597....	Sergent.....	E. R. Milne, 10e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Quand son officier de peloton et tous les sous-officiers furent tués ou blessés il prit le commandement du peloton et le conduisit avec sang-froid et grande bravoure. Dans une autre occasion il fit preuve sous un feu violent du plus grand courage et de sang-froid dans l'exécution de ses devoirs.
71410....	Soldat.....	J. J. Milne, 27e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Un soldat ennemi était tombé près des lignes ennemies et comme il était urgent de l'identifier il fut décidé de tenter de s'en approcher. Le soldat Milne s'offrit d'y aller en plein jour et sans grands abris. Il réussit et rapporta sa casquette, sa patte d'épaulette, une carte postale et un journal qui donnèrent des renseignements suffisants.
2788.....	Soldat.....	A. W. Mitchell, cavalerie de lord Strathcona.	Pour bravoure manifeste; il porta des messages et répara sous un feu violent des fils téléphoniques rompus, faisant preuve d'un grand courage et de dévouement.
19584....	Sergent.....	C. Morrison, 10e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. En dépit d'un violent bombardement il alla, coup sur coup réparer les fils téléphoniques rompus et installa complètement un nouveau téléphone à la ligne de feu.
41654....	Caporal.....	D. Murray, quartier général de la 2e brigade d'artillerie canadienne divisionnaire.	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement. Etant en charge de la brigade des téléphonistes et des poseurs de ligne il maintint la communication téléphonique entre le quartier général de la brigade et l'infanterie, étant constamment exposé aux obus et aux balles. Il posa aussi les fils de la brigade et, insouciant du danger, les maintint avec une grande habilité et courage pendant cinq mois sur différents fronts.
6256.....	Soldat.....	J. F. Murray, 1er bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste; il porta continuellement des messages sous un violent feu d'artillerie, pendant un bombardement. Avec l'assistance d'un camarade il sauva trois hommes ensevelis dans une tranchée et dans laquelle cinq autres soldats avaient été tués. Il rendit également de grands services dans trois autres occasions.
616.....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	H. Neighbour, 8e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Il fit invariablement preuve de la plus grande bravoure, de sang-froid et d'attachement à ses devoirs dans les circonstances les plus critiques.
6879.....	Sergent.....	F. C. C. Newell, 1er bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. A un moment critique des opérations, après que quatre hommes avaient été successivement tués en tentant de porter des messages d'une tranchée capturée au front anglais, il s'offrit pour porter le message et y réussit bien qu'obligé de traverser une zone balayée par un feu violent.
5612.....	Second caporal....	J. F. Norton, 4e section de la 1re compagnie canadienne divisionnaire de signaleurs (génie canadien, détachement du télégraphe.)	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement comme poseur de lignes téléphoniques. Il donna un bel exemple étant exposé à un violent feu d'artillerie et de mousqueterie.
1305.....	Sergent fourrier...	P. M. Orbinski, 1er petit état-major du quartier général divisionnaire canadien.	Pour bravoure manifeste, conduite et dévouement, spécialement au cours de trois importantes opérations en agissant comme secrétaire de l'O. d'E. G.
24204....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	N. Osborne, 13e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement. Quand le commandant de son peloton fut tué et les autres officiers de sa compagnie tués ou blessés, le sergent-major de compagnie Osborne réunit les hommes restant du peloton et les conduisit à la ligne de feu sous un très violent feu d'artillerie et de mousqueterie. Pendant tout le temps que dura l'action il fit preuve d'un grand courage et d'habileté en contrôlant le tir et en entretenant l'approvisionnement des munitions. Son dévouement a été des plus remarquables.
77902....	Soldat.....	W. Patterson, 30e bataillon (ex-7e bataillon).	Pour bravoure manifeste en plusieurs occasions, notamment avec un détachement de bombardiers pendant une attaque. Après que l'officier fut mis hors de combat il prit le commandement du détachement et bombarda, seul, dans les tranchées ennemies.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
51383....	Sous-caporal.....	A. G. Pearson, infanterie légère canadienne Princesse Patricia.	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement. Après que, pratiquement, tous les hommes garnissant les tranchées du front eurent été tués ou blessés par des obus de l'ennemi, le sous-caporal Pearson avec quelques hommes résista et, quoique blessé lui-même, put heureusement mettre les survivants en sûreté après la prise d'une nouvelle position.
2586.....	Sergent.....	C. F. Powell, cavalerie de lors Strathcona.	Pour bravoure manifeste en portant des messages, ralliant les hommes, et dans l'exécution de ses devoirs.
3006.....	Caporal.....	M. S. Purton, 1ère compagnie du train divisionnaire, services de santé de l'armée canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste en transportant des provisions et en ramenant des blessés sous un violent feu d'artillerie. Il avait quatre fourgons sous sa conduite et les dirigea avec beaucoup de courage et d'habileté.
40005....	Bombardier.....	G. Quilter, 1er quartier général divisionnaire de l'artillerie cana-canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste et bons services, premièrement comme téléphoniste, puis comme porteur de dépêches sous un feu violent d'artillerie et de mousqueterie.
8280.....	Sergent.....	J. Richardson, 2e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste et habileté. Quand des commandements furent donnés en anglais par des officiers ennemis, le sergent Richardson, flairant la ruse, donna à ses hommes l'ordre de ne pas obéir aux commandements venant de la droite. Un des ordres donnés était de se rendre. Son refus d'obéir à cet ordre et la prompte décision qu'il prit sauva la situation. Pendant plusieurs mois son courage et son exemple inspirèrent tous ses camarades.
16269....	Sergent.....	J. Robinson, 7e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifsste. Au cours d'une forte attaque ennemie un faux ordre fut donné dans les tranchées de se rendre. Comme les hommes se préparaient à quitter leurs positions, le sergent Robinson les ramena et les maintint à leur place avec beaucoup de sang-froid et de courage. Il a invariablement fait preuve d'un grand courage et de dévouement et, en dépit de son âge, cinquante-huit ans, a toujours montré beaucoup d'entrain dans les situations les plus dangereuses et les temps les plus critiques.
6356.....	Soldat.....	C. D. Smith, 1er bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Après la capture de tranchées enemies et alors que l'approvisonnement de bombes était épuisé, le soldat Smith de sa propre initiative, et après plusieurs tentatives infructueuses, fit successivement, aller et retour, cinq voyages à travers une zone balayée par les projectiles, et ramena un nouvel approvisionnement de bombes, contribuant ainsi par son courage et son énergie à conserver la position gagnée.
745.....	Soldat.....	L. L. Spaulding, 39e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste quand les mitrailleuses de son régiment appuyaient un régiment d'infanterie dans les tranchées. Les hommes de sa section avaient tous été tués ou blessés et, quoique blessé lui-même, le soldat Spaulding resta et manoeuvra sa mitrailleuse dans une position exposée jusqu'au moment ou finalement il fut mis hors de combat.
9068.....	Sergent.....	H. S. Spence, 3e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement comme sergent-brancardier. A fait preuve d'un grand sang-froid et de bravoure en secourant et transportant les blessés
5749.....	Sapeur.....	F. T. Spencer, 2e section de la 1re compagnie de signaleurs, division canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement dans la pose et la réparation de lignes de téléphone sous un violent feu d'artillerie et de mousqueterie. Il a donné un bel exemple aux périodes de grand danger.
12001....	Sergent d'état-major.	A. P. Sprange, quartier-général du corps d'armée canadien.	Pour bons services constants au cours d'importants engagements comme commis-chef des bureaux de la 2e brigade canadienne d'infanterie. Il resta six jours au poste avancé des renseignements alors que le major de brigade et le capitaine d'état-major se trouvaient tous deux grièvement blessés dans le caveau où il travaillait et il a prouvé qu'il était digne de la plus grande confiance et a rendu de grands services au corps.
25540....	sergent-major de régiment.	J. M. Stephenson 23e bataillon (ex-14e bataillon.)	Pour bravoure manifeste: il contribua à maintenir l'approvisionnement des munitions; dans nombre d'occasions il porta lui-même des caisses au front, sous un très violent feu de mitraille, faisant preuve du plus grand courage et de dévouement. Fut deux fois blessé en combattant.
41265....	Canonnier.....	S. Stickland, artillerie canadienne, brigade de réserve (ex-7e batterie.)	Pour bravoure manifeste comme poseur de fils téléphoniques, de batterie. Au cours des opérations, il inspecta et répara continuellement des fils de la batterie sous un feu de l'artillerie et de l'infanterie jusqu'à ce que finalement il fut blessé par un shrapnel alors qu'il accomplissait son devoir de téléphoniste dans une tranchée avancée d'infanterie.
77889....	Soldat.....	B. A. Styles, 15ème bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste pendant l'action; il aida nuit et jour au transport des blessés sous un feu intense et ne s'arrêta que complètement à bout de forces et après avoir été légèrement blessé.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
30240....	Conducteur.....	F. Sutcliffe, 2ième compagnie du train divisionnaire, intendance militaire canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste: il conduisit des prolonges chargées de bombes aux diverses unités d'infanterie le long des tranchées sous un très violent feu de mitraille.
16958....	Sergent.....	W. Swindells, 30ième bataillon canadien d'infanterie (ex-7e bataillon).	Pour bravoure manifeste, après que tous les officiers de sa compagnie furent tués ou blessés et que les hommes de la compagnie encore valides furent repoussés de la tranchée par un feu terrible il les rallia et les ramena faisant preuve en cette occasion, comme en bien d'autres, d'audace et du plus grand courage.
45006....	Sergent-major de comp. (maintenant lieutenant).	G. R. Turner, 3e compagnie de campagne du génie canadien.	Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement dans le transport des blessés sous un feu intense d'obusiers, de mitrailleuses et d'infanterie. Il fit également preuve d'un grand courage et de ressource étant en charge de détachement creusant de nouvelles tranchées avancées, aida à leur défense, les travaux étant exécutés sous un feu violent et continu.
27020....	Sergent.....	W. B. Venner, 15e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste en réparant sous un feu intense les lignes téléphoniques, permettant ainsi de maintenir les communications.
41722.....	Sergent.....	J. Ward, 2e brigade d'artillerie, section de munitions, artillerie canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste au cours des opérations. Quand la section de munitions de la brigade, exposée à un feu violent d'artillerie et d'infanterie, fut obligée de se retirer successivement de deux positions, le sergent Ward conserva la liaison avec l'officier commandant la brigade et ses rapports furent d'un grand secours. Il distribua son approvisionnement de munitions directement à l'infanterie dans les tranchées, bien que son cheval ait été tué sous lui.
42433....	Sergent-major de batterie.	R. Wildgose, 9e batterie, artillerie canadienne.	Pour bravoure manifeste, spécialement pendant trois opérations importantes; il remplit ses devoirs avec courage et ressource, et fit preuve d'un dévouement remarquable dans toutes les occasions.
9066.....	Sous-caporal.....	F. Williams, 3e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. En plein jour, sous une intense fusillade et le feu de mitrailleuses, il accompagna volontairement un officier pour aller chercher un officier blessé. Il fit également preuve de beaucoup de courage et de ressource en maintenant les fils de communication entre le poste des signaux et les autres centres en dépit d'un feu violent et continu, les réparations devant être faites dans les conditions les plus difficiles et les plus dangereuses.
3221.....	Sergent.....	G. G. Winterbottom, 2e bataillon canadien d'infanterie.	Pour bravoure manifeste et constants bons services. Il commandait un détachement transportant des explosifs à une mine, sous un violent feu. Le même jour il prit le commandement d'un peloton dont l'officier avait été blessé et en disposa avec beaucoup d'habileté. Il remplit efficacement les fonctions de sergent-major de compagnie suppléant.

Extrait du deuxième supplément de la London Gazette *de mardi, le 14 mars 1916. Mercredi, 15 mars 1916.*

War Office, 15 mars 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers et soldats ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne:—

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
74031....	Soldat.....	J. C. Andrews, 28e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure manifeste durant une attaque des tranchées ennemies. Il conduisit les bombardiers à l'endroit où les ennemis étaient en force et il en tua cinq et fit un prisonnier. Il aida beaucoup à ramener son détachement.
22555....	Sergent.....	A. Budd, 10e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste et attachement au devoir. Après son retour d'une attaque et quoique très épuisé, il s'offrit pour aller chercher les blessés et il aida à en ramener trois. Plus tard il porta un quatrième blessé, très grièvement, près de 400 verges jusqu'à un endroit sûr.
74034....	Sous-sergent.....	W. Burd, 28e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure manifeste durant une attaque des tranchées ennemies. Il conduisit le principal détachement de bombardiers au-dessus du parapet à l'attaque d'un emplacement de mitrailleuse. Il continua à bombarder hors des tranchées un détachement ennemi jusqu'à ce qu'il ait été sérieusement blessé et alors il insista pour revenir seul.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
21452....	Soldat.....	F. S. Cox, 10e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure manifeste et son dévouement. Durant une attaque contre l'ennemi il fit d'excellent travail comme bombardier et plus tard il s'offrit pour sortir de nouveau et ramener les blessés. Il fit un travail splendide.
55636....	Soldat.....	J. Hutchison, 19e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Le sous-sergent Jackson et le soldat Hutchison accompagnèrent l'officier grenadier de bataillon dans la tranchée ennemie, et y demeurèrent en reconnaissance durant une demi-heure. On obtint des renseignements importants durant cette expédition hasardeuse.
79311....	Soldat.....	A. H. Jackson, 31e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Une grosse bombe tomba parmi un détachement qui travaillait à une tranchée de front. Aussitôt, le soldat Jackson, à ses propres risques, arracha la mèche,rendant ainsi la bombe inoffensive et sauvant la vie de plusieurs.
55763....	Sous-sergent.....	L. Jackson, 19e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure manifeste. Le sous-sergent Jackson et le soldat Hutchison, accompagnèrent l'officier grenadier de bataillon dans la tranchée ennemie, et y demeurèrent en reconnaissance durant une demi-heure. On obtint des renseignements importants durant cette expédition hasardeuse.
75070....	Sous-sergent.....	F. W. Kirkland, 29e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure manifeste durant l'attaque des tranchées ennemies. Il aida à couper le fil, travaillant durant plusieurs heures tout près d'une mitrailleuse ennemie. Il aida le lieutenant Wilmot à diriger l'assaut et, quoique blessé, il marqua la ligne pour la retraite. Il avait au préalable fait un excellent travail de reconnaissance.
1913.....	Soldat.....	F. Sixby, 10e bataillon canadien d'infanterie.	Pour sa bravoure manifeste lorsqu'il accompagna un détachement pour couper les fils. Il coupa 16 verges de fil de l'ennemi et il fit partie du détachement qui se porta à l'attaque immédiatement après, faisant preuve d'un grand sang-froid.
74076....	Sous-caporal.....	G. S. Turner, 28e bataillon canadien d'infanterie.	Pour bravoure manifeste et détermination. Avant une attaque de nuit contre les tranchées ennemies, il sortit en rampant, avec un caporal, et en 4½ heures ils firent une trouée dans le fil de l'ennemi en plein sous une mitrailleuse. Il se joignit ensuite à ceux qui se portèrent à l'assaut et il fut l'un des premiers entrés dans les tranchées ennemies et il fit preuve d'un grand courage.
20924....	Soldat.....	L. Zuidema, 10e bataillon canadien d'infanterie.	Pour son sang-froid remarquable lorsqu'il faisait partie du détachement occupé à couper les fils. L'un d'eux fut tué, mais il prit charge du détachement aussitôt, mit les hommes à l'ordre et le travail fut accompli.

AGRAFE A LEUR MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE.

81597....	Sergent.....	E. R. Milne, 10e bataillon canadien d'infanterie.	Pour sa bravoure manifeste et son dévouement. Il coupa 21 verges du fil de l'ennemi en six heures, il retourna dans les tranchées, et il dirigea le détachement lancé à l'attaque à travers les fils, plus tard commandant l'un des détachements de bombardiers. Il fut blessé quatre fois, mais il demeura avec ses hommes durant toute l'attaque avec la plus grande détermination.

Extrait du supplément de la London Gazette *de vendredi, le 14 avril 1916. Samedi, le 15 avril 1916.*

War Office, 15 avril 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit conférée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne:—

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
6641.....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	R. Whitfield, 1er bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. Un poste en arrière de la ligne ayant été violemment bombardé, il parvint à s'y rendre sous une grêle d'obus. Lorsque le poste fut évacué, il y retourna pour sauver deux mitrailleurs qui avaient été enterrés et dont il avait entendu les appels au secours. Il fit preuve, durant toute cette affaire, du plus grand mépris pour sa propre sûreté.
407086...	Soldat.....	E. D. Schwan, 19e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. Lorsqu'il était à poser des fils avec une escouade, il retourna chercher un brancard pour un camarade blessé, et avec de l'aide, il le ramena. Il se trouvait sous un violent feu de mitrailleuse à ce moment.

(*Extrait du supplément de la* London Gazette *de mardi, le 16 mai 1916.*)

War Office, 16 mai 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit conférée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne:—

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
16411....	Sous-caporal.....	J. Carlisle, 7e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. Entendant le bruit d'une bataille près des fils barbelés de l'ennemi, il sortit aussitôt, et il aida à ramener un officier blessé.
108122...	Soldat.....	J. F. Bulger, 1er bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. Il ramassa une bombe près d'éclater qui était retombée dans la tranchée et il la jeta pardessus le parapet. Elle fit explosion immédiatement après.

(*Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la* London Gazette de *mardi, le 20 juin 1916. Mercredi, 21 juin 1916.*)

War Office, 21 juin 1916.

AU sujet de la publication de la liste de ceux qui ont obtenu la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée, parue dans le Supplément des Honneurs de la *London Gazette* daté le 3 juin 1916, voici quels sont les actes de bravoure pour lesquels ces décorations ont été décernées:—

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
10620....	Soldat.....	F. Armes, 4e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure manifeste. Il sortit volontairement de la tranchée pour réparer un fil de téléphone durant un violent bombardement par l'ennemi. Quoique renversé par un obus il n'en continua pas moins son travail jusqu'à ce que la communication fut établie.
74055....	Sergent.....	J. Cameron, 28e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure manifeste et constante, notamment lorsque lors de l'explosion d'une mine de l'ennemi, il réunit une escouade de soldats et il repoussa une attaque et il dirigea ensuite quelques bombardiers qui effectivement gardèrent le cratère. Il fit aussi preuve d'un courage remarquable durant une incursion dans les tranchées de l'ennemi.
7953.....	Sous-caporal.....	O. Denman, 2e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure manifeste et son excellent travail. Il a réparé les fils de téléphone sous une pluie d'obus et dans une circonstance, avec un soldat, il releva un officier blessé et il le ramena dans les tranchées sous une violente fusillade.
83378....	Canonnier.....	J. T. Donnelly, 13e batterie, 4e brig., 2e art. div.	Pour sa bravoure manifeste en réparant des fils de téléphone sous un feu violent.
75552....	Sergent.....	J. Dungan, 29e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure manifeste et son excellent travail. Il accomplit un travail dangereux très souvent en face de nos lignes, et, lors d'une incursion que fit son bataillon il fit preuve d'un courage remarquable.
477307...	Soldat).....	S. Flansberg, R.R.C. (attaché au 4e bataillon, C.C.C.....	Pour l'excellent travail qu'il a fait constamment en face de l'ennemi. Il est toujours le premier à s'offrir pour faire quelque service dangereux, et son exemple de bravoure inspire la confiance aux hommes.
27629....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	W. G. Fraser, 15e bataillon.....	Pour son excellent travail continuel et sa conduite distinguée comme sergent de peloton et plus récemment comme sergent-major de compagnie.
X30206..	Sergent-major de compagnie.	M. J. Girvan, 1er train div., int. mil. can.	Pour son excellent travail continuel. Il fit preuve de beaucoup d'énergie sous le feu en s'emparant d'approvisionnements durant l'action.
24199....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	O. F. E. Hall, 13e bataillon.....	Pour son excellent travail durant toutes les opérations. Il a fait preuve d'une grande bravoure durant l'action en transportant d'importantes dépêches sous une pluie d'obus. Il a été dangereusement blessé.
25908....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	M. A. Handock, 14e bataillon.....	Pour son excellent travail continuel. Il a fait preuve de beaucoup de bravoure durant l'action et il a aidé aux blessés à se mettre à l'abri, et cela sous un feu extrêmement violent. Il a également fait du beau travail dans les tranchées.
5605.....	Sergent-major de compagnie....	W. de F. Henderson, 3e compagnie de sig. div., génie can.	Pour sa bravoure constante en plusieurs occasions et son attachement continuel au devoir.
68154....	Soldat.....	T. F. Ingram, 25e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure évidente et son excellent travail comme sergent éclaireur. Plusieurs fois il a traversé le fil barbelé de l'ennemi et en une occasion, accompagné d'un officier, il réussit à placer une torpille dans le fil de l'ennemi.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
5324.....	Sergent.....	D. M. Jemmett, 1re compagnie de campagne, 1re bat. du génie div. can.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son attachement du devoir durant toute la campagne, notamment lors de la construction d'un pont sous une pluie d'obus, et une autre fois lorsque, quoique blessé, il conserva le commandement tant qu'il n'eut pas terminé aon travail, et il ramena ensuite son escouade au gite.
9064.....	Signaleur.....	R. G. Jones, 3e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son excellent travail lorsqu'il était en charge d'un poste de signaux. Plusieurs fois il établit de nouvelles communications et il rattacha les fils brisés sous une pluie d'obus et une vive fusillade.
6096.....	Bombardier suppléant.	E. M. King, batterie "B," artillerie royale can. à cheval.	Pour son travail excellent comme surveillant le plus ancien du télégraphe dans la batterie. Il a fréquemment réparé les fils sous un feu violent dans des moments critiques.
61149....	Soldat.....	E. Léger, 22e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable en réparant les fils de téléphone sous un feu soutenu de tirailleurs et quelquefois de mitrailleurs.
12601....	Sergent-major.....	A. G. McKie, 5e bataillon.....	Pour son excellent travail continuel et son attachement au devoir. Il a été également signalé pour sa brillante conduite durant l'action.
79113....	Sergent.....	D. MacRae, 31e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable lorsqu'il sauva des hommes enterrés par un obus. Il était exposé à la vue de l'ennemi et le feu était continu.
5602.....	Sergeht-major.....	G. C. Massey, 3e compagnie de signaleurs, div. can., génie canadien.	Pour son excellent travail continuel et son attachemcnt au devoir en toutes circonstances. Il a donné un magnique exemple à tous.
41447....	Maréchal de logis chef de batterie.	N. E. McKinnon, 8e batterie, 2e brig., 1er bat. divisionnaire canadienne.	Pour son excellent travail continuel, tant en qualité de 1er maréchal des logis que comme maréchal des logis chef de batterie. Il est toujours de bonne humeur et dur au travail, et il a fait preuve d'un grand courage.
2436.....	Maréchal des logis fourrier.	A. D. McNeill, cavalerie de Lord Strathcona (attaché au quartier-général de la 7e brig. d'inf. can.).	Pour son travail constant et son zèle en toutes circonstances.
37163....	Caporal.....	G. R. McNicol, 1er parc auxiliaire de munitions, intendance militaire canadienne.	Pour son excellent travail continuel. Il fit preuve d'un grand'courage en transportant des dépêches sous une pluie d'obus.
606.....	Caporal.....	A. McI. Morrison, 6e compagnie de campagne, génie canadien.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. Il posa des fils afin de faire sauter un poste ennemi à environ 20 verges de la tranchée ennemie. Aidé d'un sous-caporal il porta et disposa les charges et ayant constaté qu'il ne pouvait les faire exploser, il retourna chercher une fusée instantanée, disposa de nouveau les charges et les fit exploser.
5447.....	Caporal.....	A. C. Oxley, 2e compagnie de campagne, 1er génie div. can..	Pour sa bravoure incontestable, son courage et ses ressources durant toutes la campagne et spécialement en mettant les positions en état de défense sous le feu.
71860....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	M. T. Patterson, 27e bataillon.....	Pour son excellent travail et son attachement au devoir. Il a donné un bel exemple de courage et de sang-froid en plusieurs occasions.
45034....	Caporal.....	C. Platts, 3e comp. de camp., 1er génie div. can.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable en toutes circonstances, spécialement lorsque, après une entreprise dangereuse il sortit ses hommes d'un mauvais pas et ensuite, pendant tout le reste de la nuit, il transporta les blessés à un endroit sûr. Il a donné un bel exemple.
21747....	Soldat.....	L. Preston, 7e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable en diverses occasions, spécialement lorsqu'il installa un poste de téléphone dans les tranchées ennemies durant une attaque après y être entré avec l'escouade d'attaque. Avant cela il s'était offert volontiers à y aller comme lanceur de bombes.
69811....	Soldat.....	E. N. Robertson, 26e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son attachement au devoir. Le poste du signaleur ayant été démoli par un obus durant un violent bombardement, il resta à son téléphone, quoique son pied gauche ait été emporté et que son pied droit ait été fracturé.
110482...	Sous-brigadier....	L. A. Robertson, 5e bat., carab. can. à cheval.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. Il sortit en vue de l'ennemi, et sous un violent bombardement et une vive fusillade, il réussit à établir des communications, se servant d'un trou d'obus comme poste de téléphone.
4549.....	Maréchal des logis chef de batterie.	J. Smith, 3e batterie, 1re brig., 1re art. div. can.	Pour son excellent travail continuel comme méréchal des logis chef de batterie et pour son sang-froid sous le feu en toutes circonstances.

Extrait du supplément de la London Gazette *de vendredi, le 23 juin 1916. Samedi, 24 juin 1916.*

War Office, 24 juin 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée au sous-officier à brevet et au soldat ci-dessous mentionné pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne:—

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
432037...	Sergent-major de compagnie.	C. Miles, 49e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. Durant un violent bombardement par l'ennemi, il se transporta d'un endroit à l'autre, en pleine vue de l'ennemi, sous un feu violent, dirigeant et encourageant ses hommes, évacuant les blessés et sauvant les hommes enterrés. Il a été fréquemment cité à l'ordre du jour pour sa bravoure.
A11128..	Soldat.....	H. A. Craig, inf. légère can. Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. Il ramassa une bombe ennemie tombée au beau milieu d'un groupe de nos lanceurs de bombes et il la rejeta par-dessus le parapet où elle explosa immédiatement. Il sauva ainsi la vie à plusieurs soldats.

Extrait du cinquième supplément de la London Gazette *de mardi, le 25 juillet 1916. Jeudi, 27 juillet 1916.*

War Office, 27 juillet 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu au Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit conférée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et soldats ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne:—

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
53646....	Sergent.....	R. Cunningham, 18e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure constante notamment quand, pendant un bombardement intense, il ramena de la ligne du front des hommes blessés en lieu de sûreté et aussi lorsqu'en plein jour et à la vue de l'ennemi il porta des munitions à un poste isolé.
79230....	Sergent.....	W. Dalziel, 31e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure remarquable. Ses deux officiers ayant été blessés il prit le commandement d'une escouade de bombardiers, avança sous un feu intense pour saisir un point vers lequel l'ennemi marchait et le força à se retirer quand il l'atteignit. Il tint la position toute la nuit jusqu'à ce qu'il fût relevé.
7963.....	Soldat.....	Furber, A., 2e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. L'ennemi ayant fait partir une mine, il eut la jambe fracturée et il fut enterré jusqu'à la ceinture et exposé au feu de l'ennemi. Il creusa cependant la terre suffisamment pour permettre à deux hommes non loin de lui de respirer.
72037....	Sergent.....	F. W. Haines, 27e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure remarquable. Bien que blessé par un obus et fortement ébranlé il alla, sous un feu intense, au secours d'un sergent blessé à deux cents verges en avant de nos tranchées, le ramena en lieu de sûreté et pansa ses blessures. Pendant tout le temps du bombardement il donna un bel exemple de sang-froid et de détermination.
37456....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	M. W. Hoey, 2e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure remarquable. Au cours d'un fort bombardement il creusa, sans outils, et sauva cinq hommes enterrés. Il réorganisa aussi la défense d'une partie de la tranchée qui avait été démolie. Son froid courage inspira tous ses compagnons.
A24155..	Soldat.....	J. G. Hood, 3e bataillon (anciennement 5e) bataillon, attaché à la section de télégraphie sans fils, corps canadien, quartier général de la compagnie de signaleurs.	Quand son poste de signaux fut détruit il partit avec un autre soldat pour servir les canons d'une section avancée d'artillerie qui avait subi des pertes. Plus tard il retourna à son poste de signaux, détruisit ses instruments et ses codes en présence de l'ennemi qui s'avançait. Il fut blessé par un obus.
5115.....	Sous-caporal.....	..G. Marryatt, 2e compagnie de campagne, génie canadien.	Pour bravoure remarquable. Bien que grièvement blessé à la tête et au mollet, il alla en plein jour et en pleine vue à la recherche de son sergent de section, qui avait été blessé et était disparu. Il le trouva sans connaissance et le transporta de trou d'obus en trou d'obus jusqu'à ce que, finalement, il eut atteint nos tranchées.
24743....	Sergent.....	A. McLeod, 13e bataillon.....	Pour bravoure remarquable. Après un bombardement intense l'ennemi envoya en reconnaissance quelques escouades, mais le sergent McLeod sauta par-dessus le parapet, les chargea, les bombarda et les ramena à leurs fils barbelés à 160 verges de là. Il donna un bel exemple.
207.....	Soldat.....	Morgan, J. P., batterie de mitrailleuses automobiles Borden.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable. Il monta une mitrailleuse sur le parapet en pleine vue de l'ennemi et il tira continuellement afin de couvrir la retraite de quelques soldats d'infanterie exposés. Une mitrailleuse ayant été endommagée il en monta froidement une autre et il continua son feu avec la plus grande bravoure.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
79437....	Sergent-major de compagnie intérimaire.	S. Rees, 31e bataillon.....	Pour courage remarquable et bon commandement alors qu'il commandait une escouade sur la ligne de front. Il réserva son feu quand l'ennemi tenta de s'emparer d'un cratère et l'annihila lorsqu'il fut à 100 verges. Plus tard il bombarda avec succès une patrouille de 25 ennemis qui avait rampé jusqu'à son poste.
412874...	Soldat.....	G. M. Wright, 20e bataillon canadien d'infanterie.	Pour bravoure remarquable. Pendant une charge contre l'ennemi, l'officier qui la commandait tomba mortellement blessé sur le parapet ennemi. Le soldat Wright, bien que blessé par une bombe en sept endroits, releva son officier et le ramena dans nos lignes sous un feu continu. Lui-même fut ensuite transporté à l'arrière sur un brancard.

(*Extrait du Supplément de la* London Gazette *de vendredi, le 2 juin 1916. Samedi, 3 juin 1916.*

War Office, 3 juin 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que les récompenses suivantes soient décernées pour services Distingués en campagne à la date du 3 juin 1916:—

ONT OBTENU LA MÉDAILLE MILITAIRE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
1742.....	Sergent.....	Allan, M.....	Infanterie légère canadienne, Princesse Patricia.
16858....	Sergent.....	Ashby, H.....	7e bataillon d'infanterie.
A34094..	Soldat.....	Bartlett, E.....	10e bataillon d'infanterie.
81087....	Soldat.....	Bole, W.....	8e bataillon d'infanterie.
53999....	Sous-caporal.....	Borland, J.....	18e bataillon d'infanterie.
632.....	Soldat.....	G. T. Boyd.....	8e bataillon d'infanterie.
29420....	Sergent.....	Boyces, J. G.....	16e bataillon d'infanterie.
25694....	Sous-caporal.....	Brown, H. H.....	C.C.A.O.
8603.....	Sergent.....	Bussell, E. W.....	2e bataillon d'infanterie.
74955....	Sergent.....	Cameron, J.....	28e bataillon d'infanterie.
108141...	Soldat.....	Chalk, S. G.....	1er bataillon, carabiniers à cheval.
5607.....	Caporal intérim.....	Collins, J. L.....	1re compagnie divisionnaire de signaleurs du génie.
55167....	Sergent.....	Cox, A. H.....	19e bataillon d'infanterie.
48.....	Sergent.....	Crossland.....	4e compagnie de camp. du génie.
76192....	Sergent.....	Crummy, W. T.....	29e bataillon d'infanterie.
400196...	Soldat.....	Deans, S.....	Services de santé, armée canadienne, attaché à la brigade de mitrailleuses automobiles.
1160.....	Sergent intérim.....	Dickie, J.....	Infanterie légère canadienne, Princesse Patricia.
73652....	Soldat.....	Dillabourh, W.....	28e bataillon d'infanterie.
75552....	Sergent.....	Dungan, J.....	29e bataillon d'infanterie.
59293....	Sergent.....	Edmunds, R. J.....	21e bataillon d'infanterie.
54290....	Caporal.....	Finch, C. E.....	18e bataillon d'infanterie.
78.....	Sergent.....	Fraser, J. S.....	4e compagnie de campagne du génie.
5664.....	Caporal.....	W. Fullerton.....	1re compagnie divisionnaire des signaleurs du génie.
432284...	Soldat.....	Gillespie, S.....	49e bataillon infanterie.
5120.....	2e caporal.....	Hall, B.C.....	1re compagnie de campagne du génie.
54022....	Soldat.....	E. Hancock,.....	18e bataillon d'infanterie.
23007....	Sous-caporal.....	Harper, A. A.....	13e bataillon d'infanterie.
25726....	Soldat.....	Hodgson, T.....	14e bataillon d'infanterie.
477450...	Soldat.....	Ingram, E. V.....	Régiment royal canadien.
83955....	Bombardier.....	Jackson, A.....	15e batterie d'artillerie de campagne.
40195....	Maréchal des logis.....	Jacob, M.....	3e brigade d'artillerie de campagne.
71131....	Soldat.....	Jessiman, A.....	27e bataillon d'infanterie.
5401,....	Sergent.....	Johnson, W.....	2e compagnie de campagne du génie.
53815....	Sous-caporal.....	Jones, A. H.....	18e bataillon d'infanterie.
418258...	Sergent.....	Kingman, W. J.....	42e bataillon d'infanterie.
754.....	Sergent d'état-major et charron.	Landry, C.....	2e parc des réserves, I.M.C.
359.....	Sergent.....	Lane, J. R.....	5e compagnie de campagne du génie.
54186....	Sous-caporal.....	Lawson, E.....	18e bataillon d'infanterie.
42270....	Maréchal des logis.....	Lawson, W. S.....	11e batterie d'artillerie de campagne.
6649.....	Sergent.....	Lock, H.....	1re batterie d'infanterie.
432082...	Sergent.....	Macdonald, A. McK.....	49e bataillon infanterie.
27989....	Sergent intérim. de Cie...	Marshall, H.....	15e bataillon d'infanterie.
1916.....	Sergent.....	Martin, C. A.....	19e dragons d'Alberta.
67639....	Sergent.....	Matheson, J. I.....	25e bataillon d'infanterie.
C42061..	Brigadier (maréchal des logis intérim.).	McBride, A.....	1re brigade d'artillerie de campagne.
59695....	Sergent.....	McBride, H.....	21e bataillon d'infanterie.
81624....	Soldat.....	McCaughan, A.....	10e bataillon d'infanterie.
9856.....	Sergent de transport.....	McCleary, R.....	3e bataillon d'infanterie.
128660...	Soldat.....	McDiarmid, A.....	7e bataillon d'infanterie.
42017....	Sergent.....	McPherson, F.S.....	1re compagnie divisionnaire de signaleurs.
65629.....	Caporal.....	Metzer, A.....	39e bataillon d'infanterie.
400748...	Soldat.....	Miller, R.....	1er bataillon d'infanterie.
41135....	Maréchal des logis.....	Monahan, R.....	2e brigade, artillerie de campagne.
418506...	Sous-sergent.....	Moore, C.....	4e bataillon d'infanterie.
79754....	Caporal.....	Morgan, H. P.....	31e battalion d'infanterie.
65645....	Soldat.....	Mott, A. F.....	24e bataillon d'infanterie.
A34125..	Sergent.....	Nuttall, G.....	10e bataillon d'infanterie.

N°. rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
A20099..	Soldat	Payne, J.	16e bataillon d'infanterie.
6846.....	Sous-caporal	Pegamebow, F.	1er bataillon d'infanterie.
61778....	Sergent	Rancourt, L.	22e bataillon d'infanterie.
45192....	Caporal	Reid, S.	3e compagnie de campagne du génie.
20811....	Caporal	Rimmer, L. J.	10e bataillon d'infanterie.
11428....	Sergent	Rothery, F.	4e bataillon d'infanterie.
51.....	Maréchal des logis d'état-major.	Scott, F. V.	Brigade de cavalerie canadienne, escadron de mitrailleuses, plus tard D.R.C.
26635....	Caporal	Scott, R.	14e bataillon d'infanterie.
108527...	Cavalier	Sharland, W.	2e carabiniers à cheval.
109597...	Soldat	Sheppard, C.E.	3e compagnie divionnaire des signaleurs.
40080....	Sergent d'état-major armurier artif'r.	Smith, C. K.	1re brigade d'artillerie de campagne.
757.....	Soldat	Tate, H.	8e bataillon d'infanterie.
5599.....	Sergent	Unwin, W. V.	3e bataillon d'infanterie.
45534....	Chauffeur	Waghorn, F.	1re brigade mitrailleuses automotrices.
A77.....	Soldat	Watson, F. J.	1er bataillon d'infanterie.
61754....	Sous-caporal	Watt, J.	22e bataillon d'infanterie.
489727...	Soldat	Weir, K.	7e bataillon d'infanterie.
9379.....	Sergent	Whiteacre, A.S	3e bataillon d'infanterie.
10182....	Soldat	Williams, H. J.	3e bataillon d'infanterie.
60071....	Soldat	Williams, L. J.	21e bataillon d'infanterie.
426194...	Sous-caporal	Whitney, P.H.	10e bataillon d'infanterie.

Par ordre,

W Stodgins.

Major général, adjudant général suppléant.

OTTAWA.—Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

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PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

OTTAWA, 13th November, 1916.

The following gentlemen have been appointed members of His Excellency's Staff in Canada, viz :—

Lieutenant-Colonel The Honourable HAROLD G. HENDERSON, Governor General's Secretary and Military Secretary.

ARTHUR F. SLADEN, Esq., C.V.O., C.M.G., Private Secretary.

The Lord RICHARD NEVILLE, C.V.O., C.M.G., Comptroller of the Household.

Captain ANGUS ALEXANDER MACKINTOSH, Royal Horse Guards ; Captain R. O. R. KENYON-SLANEY, Grenadier Guards ; Captain V. F. BULKELEY-JOHNSON, Rifle Brigade ; Ades-de-Camp.

—

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

13th November, 1916.

Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable HAROLD GREENWOOD HENDERSON, Secretary and Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor General : to be Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General for the purpose of signing warrants of election, proclamations, writs for the election of members of the House of Commons and Letters Patent of Dominion and other lands, whether the Governor General be absent or not.

ARTHUR FRENCH SLADEN, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, Commander of the Victorian Order and Companion of the most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George : to be Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General for the purpose of signing warrants of election, proclamations, writs for the election of members of the House of Commons and Letters Patent of Dominion and other lands, whether the Governor General be absent or not.

JAMES FUIDGE CROWDY, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, a member of the Royal Victorian Order : to be Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General for the purpose of signing warrants of election, proclamations, writs for the election of members of the House of Commons and Letters Patent of Dominion and other lands, whether the Governor General be absent or not.

—

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

4th November, 1916.

CHARLES ROBERT SMALLWOOD, of the City of Charlottetown, in the Province of Prince Edward Island, Esquire, Barrister-at-law ; to be a marshal in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court in and for the District of the Province of Prince Edward Island.

—

8th November, 1916.

RALPH WESTLEY MUTCHMOR, of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, Clerk : to be Assistant Inspector of Gas and Electricity for the Gas and Electricity Inspection District of Hamilton, in the said Province, from 1st November, 1916.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *11th November, 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.

PROCLAMATION.

CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire. Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley; Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of His Majesty's Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George; Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

To all to whom these presents shall come.—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Majesty the KING, by Commission under His Royal Manual Sign and Signet bearing date at the Court of St. James's the eighth day of August, 1916, has been graciously pleased to appoint me to be, during His Royal pleasure, His Majesty's Governor General and Commander-in-Chief in an over His Dominion of Canada, and has further in and by the said Commission, authorized, empowered and commanded me to exercise and perform all and singular the powers and directions contained in certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the fifteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and five, constituting the said office of Governor General, or in any other Letters Patent adding to, amending, or substituted for the same according to such Orders and Instructions as the Governor General for the time being hath already received, or as have been given to me with the said Commission or as I shall hereafter receive from Hir Majesty.

NOW, THEREFORE, KNOW YE, that I have thought fit to issue this Proclamation in order to make known His Majesty's said appointment, and I do also hereby require and command that all and singular His Majesty's Officers and Ministers in the said Dominion of Canada, do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places and employments, and that His Majesty's loving subjects and all others whom it may concern do take notice hereof and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms at Halifax, this 11th day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of His Majesty's Reign.

21–3

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrator.

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Saturday, the twenty-first day of the month of October instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on THURSDAY, the THIRTIETH day of the month of NOVEMBER next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-beloved Councillor the Right Honourable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and St. George; Chief Justice of Canada; Administrator of the Government of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this EIGHTEENTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

17–tf

DESPATCHES, ETC.

CANADA.
No. 1216.

DOWNING STREET,
28th October, 1916.

SIR,—With reference to my despatch No. 1014 of the 26th of October, 1915, I have the honour to transmit to Your Excellency, for the information of your Ministers, copies of a notice issued by the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament, regarding nominations for the Nobel Peace Prize for 1917.

2. I should be glad if your Ministers would cause the conditions of the Prize to be made known to those bodies and persons who are qualified to nominate candidates.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient, humble servant,
A. BONAR LAW.

The Officer Administering
The Government of Canada.

—

NOBEL PEACE PRIZE.

All proposals of candidates for the Nobel Peace Prize, which is to be distributed December 10th, 1917, must, in order to be taken in consideration, be laid before the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament by a duly qualified person *before the first of February of the same year.*

Any one of the following persons is held to be duly qualified: (*a*) Members and late members of the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament, as well as the advisers appointed at the Norwegian Nobel Institute: (*b*) Members of Parliament and Members of Government of the different States, as well as Members of the Interparliamentary Union; (*c*) Members of the international Arbitration Court at the Hague; (*d*) Members of the Commission of the Permanent International Peace Bureau: (*e*) Members and Associates of the Institute of International Law; (*f*) University professors of Political Science and of Law, of History and of Philosophy; and (*g*) Persons who have received the Nobel Peace Prize.

The Nobel Peace Prize may also be accorded to institutions or associations.

According to the Code of Statutes, §8, the grounds upon which any proposal is made must be stated, and handed in along with such papers and other documents as may therein be referred to.

According to § 3, every written work, to qualify for a prize, must have appeared in print.

For particulars, *qualified persons* are requested to apply to the office of the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament, Drammensvei 19, Kristiania. 21–3

(*Extract from the Second Supplement to the* LONDON GAZETTE *of the 17th October, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,
18th October, 1916.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to award the Meritorious Service Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, in recognition of valuable services rendered during the present war :—

CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

106105 Pte. J. Brayton, R. Can. R.
106006 S./Sjt. R. H. Brighton, Can. Hqrs. Staff.
1825 S./Sjt. H. G. B. Butt. C.A.C.
6024 Q.M.Sjt. W. J. N. Gill, Can. Mil. Staff Clerks.
71692 S./Sjt. C. A. Hewitt, Can. Army Corps.
6027 S./Sjt. (A/Sqdn. S.M.) F. A. Lehfeldt, M.M.P.
13021 Sjt. L. W. G. Meikle, Can. Inf.
1804 Q.M.Sjt. H. F. Moody, Corps of Militia Staff Clerks, Can. Force.
889 A./Sjt. C. M. Paul, Can. Inf.
35517 C.S.Maj. J. F. Proctor, Can. A.S.C.
109570 B.Q.M.Sjt. A. C. Roberts, Can. Mtd. Rif.
10531 Q.M.Sjt. J. J. Scanlon, Can. Inf.
19207 A./Q.M.Sjt. J. J. Schell, Can. A.S.C.
37326 Cpl. (A./Sjt.) L. J. Shilling, Can. A.S.C.
19916 Cpl. H. Simpson, Can. Inf.
37323 C. S. Maj. H. W. Steel, C.A.S.C.
81865 Pte. (A/Sjt.) O. G. Sutton, Can. Inf.
1893 Sjt. L. J. Trounce, Can. Army Corps.
30151 S/Q.B.Sjt. J. C. Wade, Can. A.S.C.
35245 S/M. F. A. Warner, jnr., Can. Postal Corps.
107634 A/Q.M.Sjt. J. Warren, Can. Militia Staff Clerks.
30313 Sjt. J. J. Williams, Can. A.S.C.

—

(*Extract from the Second Supplement to* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 20th October, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,
21st October, 1916.

HIS Majesty THE KING has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the Field to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers and Men :—

CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

139008 Actg. Cpl. V. A. Arding, Inf.
28593 Pte. J. Barton, Inf.
55796 Sjt. L. T. Beer, Can. Eng.
138521 Actg. Cpl. F. Bullen, Inf.
477133 Pte. A. N. Burness, R. Can. Regt.
503384 Sapper E. Graham, Can. Eng.
55445 Sjt. A. Harrison, Can Eng.
477506 L/C. J. Lamb, R. Can. Regt.
503286 Sapper T. Marsh, Can. Eng.
457075 L/C. J. McCarren, Inf.
426341 2nd Cpl. W. J. McCauley, Can. Eng.
163474 Pte. W. Nobbs, Inf.
414494 Pte. J. O'Rourke, Inf.
457596 Sjt. E. L. Pyves, Inf.
163420 Pte. J. H. Richards, Inf.
106523 Pte. N. Roney, Can. Mtd. Rif.
138682 Act. Sjt. B. C. Rowley, Inf.
164472 Pte. O. W. Sale, Inf.
6228 Bombr. D. P. Simpson, R. Can. H. Art.
67570 Sjt. T. Toon, Can. Eng.
18558 L/C. (Actg. Cpl.) J. Watts, Can. Inf.

21–1

(*Extract from the Fourth Supplement to the* LONDON GAZETTE *of the 24th October, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,
26th October, 1916.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to award the Victoria Cross to the undermentioned Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men :—

No. 73132 Private (Acting Corporal) Leo Clarke, Can. Inf.

For most conspicuous bravery. He was detailed with his section of bombers to clear the continuation of a newly-captured trench and cover the construction of a "block." After most of his party had become casualties, he was building a "block" when about twenty of the enemy with two officers counter-attacked. He boldly advanced against them, emptied his revolver into them and afterwards two enemy rifles which he picked up in the trench.

One of the officers then attacked him with the bayonet wounding him in the leg, but he shot him dead. The enemy then ran away, pursued by Acting Corporal Clarke, who shot four more and captured a fifth.

Later he was ordered to the dressing-station, but returned next day to duty.

101465. Private John Chipman Kerr, Canadian Infantry.

For most conspicuous bravery. During a bombing attack he was acting as bayonet man, and, knowing that bombs were running short, he ran along the parados under heavy fire until he was in close contact with the enemy, when he opened fire on them at point-blank range, and inflicted heavy loss.

The enemy, thinking they were surrounded, surrendered. Sixty-two prisoners were taken and 250 yards of enemy trench captured.

Before carrying out this plucky act one of Private Kerr's fingers had been blown off by a bomb.

Later, with two other men, he escorted back the prisoners under fire, and then returned to report himself for duty before having his wound dressed.

—

[*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 20th October, 1916.*]

WAR OFFICE,
20th October, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the appointments of the undermentioned Officers to be Companions of the Distinguished Service Order, in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the field :—

CANADIAN FORCE.

Maj. William Grasett Hagarty, R. Can. Art.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. After an excellent reconnaissance he succeeded in bringing his battery into position by night, over difficult ground and under heavy shell fire. He did fine work next morning.

—

THE undermentioned Officers have been awarded a Bar to their Distinguished Service Order for subsequent acts of conspicious galantry:- -

CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

Lt. Gordon Thomson Cassels, R. Can. Horse Arty.

For conspicious gallantry and good work during operations. He carried out reconnaissances very ably and distinguished himself as F.O O. One night he brought a section into action under very difficult conditions.

Temp. Capt. Roy Aubrey Spencer, Can. Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry. For five successive nights he patrolled "No Man's Land" in order to locate an enemy minegallery, and then wrecked it. Later he consolidated the gallery as a defence to our own trenches.

21–1

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the Field :

CANADIAN FORCE.

458089 L./Cpl. J. J. Kelly, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry. Though wounded early in a heavy bombardment he stuck to his post. When the enemy attacked his cool and fearless handling of his section was largely responsible for their repulse.

457971 Sjt. C. McDowell, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry. When two of the enemy penetrated his trench he immediately attacked them, and though wounded by one of them with a pistol shot, succeeded in bayonetting him, and then killed the two with a bomb.

76165 Sjt. D. McLeod, Can. Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry during a bombardment, when he rescued a wounded man from a crater under heavy machine-gun and shell fire. By his faithful work and devotion, Sjt. McLeod was to a great extent responsible for the recovery of a deep enemy gallery, which enabled a position to be successfully held.

73546 Sjt. D. O'Brien, Can. Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry during a bombardment, when he rescued a wounded man from a crater under heavy machine gun and shell fire. By his faithful work and devotion, Sjt. O'Brien was to a great extent responsible for the recovery of a deep enemy gallery, which enabled a position to be successfully held.

477770 A. L. C. C. Reynolds, Royal Can. R.

For conspicuous gallantry when leading a bombing party in a raid. After being wounded he continued to press forward, and threw his bombs with the greatest coolness and precision. He was the only man who reached the enemy parapet, where he fought alone with his revolver and bombs. He was again hit, and extricated himself with difficulty.

44039 Sjt. J. C. Stackhouse, Can. Art.

For conspicuous gallantry. When a shell had just been rammed home, he heard a noise, and realized that the fuse had become ignited. He instantly stopped the cartridge being put in, ordered the gun crew under cover, depressed the gun as quickly as possible, and the explosion took place harmlessly. His promptness and pluck probably saved many casualties. 21–1

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[8/2684]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 31st day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order that the name of the Customs Port now known as Berlin, in the Province of Ontario, shall be and the same is hereby changed to "Kitchener."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20-2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[The following Order in Council was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *8th November, 1916.*]

[2685]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 4th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

The Order in Council of 27th April, 1915, prohibiting the exportation of certain goods to various destinations is hereby amended by deleting from the list of articles, the export of which was prohibited to foreign destinations, the following articles, viz :—

Phenacetin,
Acetyl Salicylic Acid, (aspirin).

This Order in Council shall be proclaimed by publication in the *Canada Gazette.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2608]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for a grant for church purposes of five acres of land comprised in the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 10, Township 37, Range 27, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, is, hereby, pleased to set apart and appropriate the said land for church purposes and to authorize a grant thereof to La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Clerk of the Privy Council

[2607]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE, AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for a grant for cemetery purposes of five acres of land comprised in the S. E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 16, Township 37, Range 27, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, is hereby pleased to set apart and appropriate the said land for cemetery purposes and to authorize a grant thereof to La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2565]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 20th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 14th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made by Mr. Patrick Goachin, of Grand Prairie, in the Province of Alberta, for a grant of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 8, Township 71, Range 9, west of the 6th Meridian, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian title.

Evidence has been submitted showing the applicant to have been in residence on the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8, in the summer of 1899, and the Minister therefore recommends that under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, a grant be authorized to Mr. Goachin of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 8, Township 71, Range 9, west of the 6th Meridian.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2606]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA,

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the regulations at present in force governing the cutting of ice for sale within Dominion Parks provide for the payment to the Department of the Interior of a royalty of two cents a ton ;

And whereas it has been represented that in cases where contracts to supply a large quantity of ice are let by tender the imposition of a royalty operates to the disadvantage of persons tendering who wish to take the ice from waters within Dominion Parks,—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order that the regulation in this connection, established by Order in Council of the 29th day of June, 1916, shall be and the same is hereby amended by striking out the words :—

"and in addition dues at two cents per ton shall be "charged on the quantity cut."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2518]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Saturday, the 14th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a request has been received from the Department of Indian Affairs for the setting apart for the Indians of a tract of land known as the Hole or Hollow Water Indian Reserve, selected under the provisions of Treaty No. 5, in 1884, and shown on the official plans of Townships 25 and 26, Range 9, east of the Principal Meridian, approved and confirmed on the 22nd day of February, 1915, and the 6th day of March, 1915, respectively ; containing by admeasurement three thousand five hundred and seventy-four acres, more or less ;

And whereas the said lands are available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that the tract of land above described be withdrawn from the operation of The Dominion Lands Act and be set apart for the purposes of the said reserve.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2663]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 31st day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 24th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that application has been received from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for a parcel of land comprising the surface rights over the tunnels and the land required for a change in the right of way between Hector and Field, in Township 28, Ranges 17 and 18, west of the 5th Meridian, in the Yoho Park, as shown on the plan of the grade revision and extra land required between Hector and Field, British Colombia, Mile 125·7 to Mile 133·7, approved and confirmed by E. Deville, surveyor general, and on record in the Department of the Interior as right of way of plan No. 19704.

The Minister states that the company have surrendered to the Crown the title to the original right of way.

The Minister therefore recommends that under the authority of section 16 of The Forest Reserves and Parks Act, he be authorized to issue patent to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the land required as above described ; this patent to be subject to the following conditions :—

That it shall be subject to all Dominion Parks Regulations now in force or which may be made from time to time in that behalf by the Governor in Council.

That such land, subject to the use for which it is granted, shall still be part of the reserve within which it is situate ; and if any such land ceases to be used for the purpose for which it was so granted it shall forthwith revert to the Crown.

That the Department reserves the right to enter on the surface land above the tunnels or on any of the extra land along the right of way over and above the usual allowance of 100 feet for right of way, being 50 feet on each side of the centre line of the railway tracks for the purpose of constructing roads, paths, etc., or for any park or public purpose whatsoever, and also to reserve the right to permit the public to resort thereto, providing that the use of this land does not unduly interfere with the operation of the company's railway lines or tunnels.

That the company shall not be held responsible for any claims from any persons by reason of damages resulting from any accident occurring on the property, any surface rights in connection with which have been reserved by the Department, providing it can be clearly shown that such accident is not the result of any negligence on the part of the company or its employees.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2645]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 27th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by Mr. Bessie Eaton, of Griffin Creek, of the Province of Alberta, for a free grant of lot numbered 7 of Shaftesbury Settlement, in the said Province of Alberta, comprising an area of 82·6 acres ;

And whereas evidence has been filed in the Department of the Interior showing Mrs. Eaton to have acquired the said lot through the assignees of the reverend Henry Robinson, who was in undisturbed occupation thereof at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8, in the summer of 1899, and was, therefore, entitled to a free grant of the same ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to authorize a free grant of lot numbered 7 of Shaftesbury Settlement, in the said Province of Alberta, comprising an area of 82·6 acres to Mrs. Eaton.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Clerk of the Privy Council

[2741]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 4th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914, in pleased to order that the Order in Council of the fifth day of August, 1916 (P. C. 1873), shall be and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following regulation which is hereby made and enacted :-

6. In any case where a man of the active militia, or a soldier in the Canadian overseas expeditionary forces, is convicted of desertion or of absenting himself from the corps or unit to which he belongs without the leave of the commanding officer of such corps or unit, and is sentenced to a term of imprisonment therefor, the Court of Justice who imposed the sentence may, at any time pending its execution, upon the application of the said commanding officer or of the proper military authorities and upon the offender agreeing to return to his military duties and not thereafter to desert or absent himself from the corps or unit to which he belongs, order that the offender be delivered to the military authorities instead of being committed to gaol, and if such offender has already been committed to gaol, may order his release therefrom and that he be delivered to the military authorities.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–2 Clerk of the Privy Council

[2762]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 8th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 27th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Addison K. Walker was granted homestead entry for the northwest quarter of Section 36, Township 20, west of the 4th Meridian, on the 29th December, 1902

It has been ascertained that Mr. Walker has performed one term of six months residence upon the land and that he has brought seventy acres under cultivation and has also fenced the said seventy acres ;

Owing to lack of shelter for his stock, of which he owned a large number, Mr. Walker was compelled to move from his homestead to another parcel of land in the vicinity, which he held under grazing lease ;

On this latter place Mr. Walker lived continuously from November, 1903, to April, 1913. He also made substantial improvements upon this latter parcel, -

The Minister therefore recommends—in view of the residence performed and the area cultivated, and taking into consideration the fact that Mr. Walker is a substantial settler—that, in accordance with the provisions of section 76 of the Act, the land be sold to the entrant at the rate of $1.00 per acre, in lieu of further residence duties, this privilege to exhaust Mr. Walker's homestead right.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2718]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 2nd day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council of 24th of October, 1912, the right was granted the Ashcroft Water Electric and Improvement Company, Limited, of Ashcroft, British Columbia, to purchase under irrigation conditions the lands enumerated in the schedule thereto, and

Whereas, among other conditions, it was stipulated that the company should obtain from the British Columbia authorities the necessary water rights for the said lands ; also that the company should construct an adequate and satisfactory irrigation system and irrigate and cultivate fifty per cent of the irrigable portions of the said lands within three years, and that the remaining irrigable portions of the said lands should be irrigated and cultivated within five years, etc., and

Whereas the company have represented that complications have occurred in connection with the securing of the water rights from the provincial authorities and that they have been delayed on that account in commencing the irrigation work ; and

Whereas they further represent that with an extension of the rights conveyed by the said Order in Council they expect to be in a position to secure the necessary water rights ; and

Whereas the Company have made the first payment of the purchase price called for by the said Order in Council.—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

The time for the obtaining of the water rights and for the construction of an adequate and satisfactory irrigation system for the lands enumerated in the schedule to the above mentioned Order in Council of the 24th of October, 1912, and for the irrigation and cultivation of the irrigable portions of the said lands is hereby extended to three years from the date thereof.

The provisions of the said Order in Council of the 24th October, 1912, shall otherwise remain in full force and effect ; the use, diversion and storing of water, the construction and maintenance of all irrigation works, dams, intakes, flumes, ditches, &c., to be in accordance with the provisions of the British Columbia Water Act, 1914 and amendments thereto.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

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Entered during the week ending 14th November, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32165. "Nouvelle Heure des Congréganistes." (Livre.) Rév. Dr. Gosselin, Charlesbourg, près Québec, Qué., 8 novembre, 1916,

32166. "Home, Sweet Home, For You We're Fighting." Words by Captain Joe Lawson. Music by Gordon V. Thompson. Thompson Publishing Company, Toronto, Ont., 8th November, 1916.

32167. "Spalding Fall and Winter Catalogue, 1916." (Book.) Canadian Sports Publishing Company, Limited, Montreal, Que., 8th November, 1916.

32168 "Erin is calling." Words by Wm. Jerome. Music by Milton Ager. Whaley, Royce & Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 8th November, 1916.

32169. "That Funny Jas Band from Dixieland." Words by Gus. Kahn. Music by Henry I. Marshall. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 8th November, 1916.

32170. "Pozzo." Fox Trot. By Vincent Rose. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 8th November, 1916.

32171. "Somewhere There's a Little Cottage Standing" Words by Marion Sunshine. Music by Henry I. Marshall Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 8th November, 1916.

32172. "If A Baby Would Never Grow Older." (A Mother Would Never Be Sad.) Words by Alfred Bryan. Music by Harry Tierney. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 8th November, 1916.

33173. "That Portamento Melody." (You Sing In We-ha-Wei.) Words and Music by Clare Kummer. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 8th November, 1916.

32174. "The Bluebird." Words and Music by Clare Kummer. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 8th November, 1916.

32175. "London Taps." Dance. By Uriel Davis. (Music.) Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 8th November, 1916.

32176. "Around the World Identification Book." (Book.) Frank Pirro de Nobili, Montreal, Que., 9th November, 1916.

32177. "I'm Longing for You Sweetheart." By Harry Shaw. (Poem.) Harry Shaw, Vancouver, British Columbia, 9th November, 1916.

32178. "Agreement Form *re* Automobile." (In English.) (Form.) Guaranty Securities Corporation, Montreal, Que., 9th November, 1916.

32179. "Agreement Form *re* Automobile." (In French.) (Form.) Guaranty Securities Corporation, Montreal, Que., 9th November, 1916.

32180. "Letter of Transmission." (In English.) (Form.) Guaranty Securities Corporation, Montreal, Que., 9th November, 1916.

32181. "Letter of Transmission." (In French.) (Form.) Guaranty Securities Corporation, Montreal, Que., 9th November, 1916.

32182. "Purchaser's Statement, Agricultural." (In English.) (Form.) Guarantee Securities Corporation, Montreal, Que., 9th November, 1916.

32183. "Purchaser's Statement, Agricultural." (In French.) (Form.) Guaranty Securities Corporation, Montreal, Que., 9th November, 1916.

32184. "Guaranty Terms on Trucks and Delivery Cars." (In English.) (Form.) Guaranty Securities Corporation, Montreal, Que., 9th November, 1916.

32185. "That Old New England Town." Words by William Jerome. Music by Milton Ager. Whaley, Royce & Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont., 9th November, 1916.

32186. "Jessie Alexander's Platform Sketches." Original and Adapted. (Book.) McClelland, Goodchild & Stewart, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 9th November, 1916.

32187. "The Call of the Waves." (Poem.) Annie Boyington, Brantford, Ont., 10th November, 1916.

32188. "Idolatry." Words by C. T. Roddy. Music by F. H. Burt. C. T. Roddy, Toronto, Ont., 10th November, 1916.

32189. "Official Telephone Directory Central Ontario, November 1916." (Book.) The Bell Telephone Company of Canada Limited, Montreal, Que., 10th November, 1916.

32190. "The Genesis." By John Patterson. (Book.) John Patterson, Nelson, British Columbia, 11th November, 1916.

32191. "Don't Write Me Letters." (But Come Right Back To Me.) Words by Joe Young. Music by Bert Grant. Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 11th November, 1916.

32192. "The Chicken Walk." Words and music by Irving Berlin. Irving Berlin, (Inc.), New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 11th November, 1916.

32193. "Alice in Wonderland." Words and music by Irving Berlin. Irving Berlin, (Inc.), New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 11th November, 1916.

32194. "All Nine Puzzle." (Instructions and Diagram.) Thomas Arthur McCarthy, Barrie, Ont., 11th November, 1916.

32195. "The Watchman and Other Poems." By L. M. Montgomery. (Book.) McClelland, Goodchild & Stewart, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 13th November, 1916.

32196. "There's only One Little Girl." Words and music by Geo. M. Cohan. Whaley, Royce & Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 13th November, 1916.

32197. "Vancouver Series No. 7." (Photo.) Frank Gowen, Vancouver, British Columbia, 13th November, 1916.

32198. "Vancouver Series No. 8." (Photo.) Frank Gowen, Vancouver, British Columbia, 13th November, 1916.

32199. "Vancouver Series No. 9." (Photo.) Frank Gowen, Vancouver, British Columbia, 13th November, 1916.

32200. "Vancouver Series No. 10." (Photo.) Frank Gowen, Vancouver, British Columbia, 13th November, 1916.

32201. "On a Mountain Trail In Old Virginia." Words by Geo. Mack. Music by Bob Allan. Vandersloot Music Publishing Company, Williamsport, Pennsylvania, U.S.A., 13th November, 1916.

32202. "Bring Me A Rose." Words and Music by Charles Shisler. Kalmar, Puck & Abrahams Consolidated, Inc., New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 14th November, 1916.

32203. "Eastern Townships of Quebec." (Map.) Sherbrooke Record Company, Sherbrooke, Que., 14th November, 1916.

32204. "John Morton of Trinidad." Journals, Letters and Papers. Edited by Sarah E. Morton. (Book.) Sarah E. Morton, Tunapuna, Trinidad, British West Indies, 14th November, 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHTS.

1850. "Christmas Greetings." Verses. Kathleen K. Bowker, London, Ont., 11th November, 1916.

1851. "Sterling Exchange Tables, for Converting Sterling into Currency and Currency into Sterling, from $4.65 advancing by 1/8 of one cent to $4.94 7/8 per £, also Containing Brokerages, Table giving the value of Foreign Coin in Canadian Currency." Compiled by J. Johnston. (Book.) John Johnston, Montreal, Que., 11th November, 1916.

1852. "The Concensus." A Government of the People, by the People, for the People. (Book.) H. W. A. Page, 'Hilltop, Brynmarl', British Columbia, 13th November, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
21-1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 14th November, 1916.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, by M. & F. Order No. 49 in 1916, dated 13th November, 1916, has granted permission to change the name of the steamer "Nyanza," which has been purchased from foreigners (U.S.A.), to that of "Landbo."

C. STANTON,
21-2 Acting Deputy Minister.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of subsection 2 of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act, withdrawn from the operation of the provisions of the said Act, which relate to homestead and pre-emption entry and entry by private sale, the east half of the northwest quarter of Section 25, Township 51, Range 26, west of the 2nd Meridian, and has set the same apart as School Lands in lieu of the south half of Section 29, Township 63, Range 24, west of the 3rd Meridian, to be included in the Pierce Lake Indian Reserve.

By Order,

LYNDWODE PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 2nd November, 1916. 20–4

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 11th November, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the following newspapers :—

"New York American," a daily paper published in New York City.

"New York Sunday American," a Sunday paper published in New York City.

"New York Journal," a daily paper published in New York City.

"Boston American," a daily paper published in Boston, Mass.

"Boston Sunday American," a Sunday paper published in Boston, Mass.

"Chicago Examiner," a daily paper published in Chicago, Ill.

"Chicago Sunday Examiner," a Sunday paper published in Chicago, Ill.

"Chicago American," a daily paper published in Chicago, Ill.

"San Francisco Examiner," a daily paper published in San Francisco, Cal.

"San Francisco Sunday Examiner" a Sunday paper published in San Francisco, Cal.

"Los Angeles Examiner," a daily paper published in Los Angeles, Cal.

"Los Angeles Sunday Examiner," a Sunday paper published in Los Angeles, Cal.

"Los Angeles Herald," a daily paper published in Los Angeles, Cal.

"Atlanta Georgian," a daily paper published in Atlanta, Ga.

"Atlanta American," a Sunday paper published in Atlanta, Ga.,

are from this date refused the privileges of the mails in Canada, and are prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such newspapers, or of any issues thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such newspapers shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

20–2

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 11th November, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the correspondence of the International News Service, New York City, and its branches elsewhere, is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada and is prohibited from circulation in Canada in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such correspondence already issued or hereafter to be issued and further any person in possession of any such correspondence shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

20–2

AMENDMENT TO THE RADIOTELEGRAPH REGULATIONS.

NATIONALITY OF OPERATORS.

No. 88. (*a*). No person shall be permitted to attend examination for any class of certificate of proficiency in radiotelegraphy

(1) Who is not a British subject ;

(2) Who has at any time been of enemy nationality;

(3) Whose parents were not of British nationality at the time of his birth ;

(4) Whose parents have at any time been of enemy nationality.

(*b*) Candidates for examination for first class certificate of proficiency must be not less than eighteen years of age.

(*c*) This regulation shall take effect on the 15th October, 1916, and shall remain in force until the cessation of hostilities, unless sooner repealed.

Ottawa, 11th Nov. 1916. 21–2

AMENDMENT TO THE RADIOTELEGRAPH REGULATIONS.

OPERATION OF SHIP STATIONS WITHIN A CANADIAN HARBOUR.

104. *Ship Stations in Harbours.*—(*a*) The radiotelegraph stations on board ships (other than H. M. ships of war or Canadian Government vessels) shall not be worked whilst such ships are within a harbour of the Dominion of Canada.

(*b*) For the proper enforcement of the above, ships of British register in Canadian harbours must completely disconnect their aerial wires from their radio opparatus, the ends of such wires being suspended entirely clear of the radiotelegraph cabin, preferably from the main rigging, in such a manner as to show they are properly disconnected.

(*c*) Ships of foreign register in a Canadian harbour must (subject to the provisions of the following subsection (*d*) take down their aerial wires completely and disconnect the same from their radiotelegraph apparatus

(*d*) Ships of foreign register remaining in a Canadian harbour for less than twelve hours, may at the discretion of the competent naval authority, be permitted to leave their aerials up, provided the same are disconnected in accordance with the provisions of subsection (*b*), of this regulation. 21-2

Montreal (Lachine Canal) Land Syndicate, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Montreal (Lachine Canal) Land Syndicate, Limited,' from the sum of four hundred thousand dollars to the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, such increase to consist of one thousand preferred shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

21–2

Consolidated Steel Foundries, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of November, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Consolidated Steel Foundries, Limited," to that of "Consolidated Brass Foundries, Limited."

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

21–2

Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Shawinigan Electro Metals Company, Limited" from the sum of two hundred thousand dollars to the sum of one million dollars, such increase to consist of eight thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Bermuda Bunkering Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating William Walter Perry, secretary, Kenneth MacKenzie, student-at-law, Charles Herbert Croft Leggott and Edna Fitzsimons, accountants, and Marguerite Lyola Halley, stenographer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy and sell, deal or traffic in, carry and transport, export or import, coal, coke and wood, and oil or other fuels, and also patent fuel, water and ice, and iron, steel and minerals and any and all by-products thereof, and other materials, and to act as the agent of any individual or individuals, natural or artificial, in buying, selling or dealing for them in such materials and by-products, and to engage in the business of handling, buying, selling and dealing in and with coal, or the other articles mentioned, for them or otherwise, and for the purpose of such business to own or rent or otherwise use or occupy storehouses and yards, docks, wharves, piers, boats, vessels of all description and barges, and any real estate necessary to the carrying on of the said business ;

(*b*) To purchase, take, hold, sell, convey, lease, explore, develop, improve or otherwise deal in coal or ore, lands, coal products, mines, mineral lands, mining rights, wood lands, fuel bearing lands or other lands or any interest therein, and to conduct mining operations of all kinds ;

(*c*) To own, use and operate ships, boats and other vessels, steam, motor and sail, for the purposes of the business of the corporation ;

(*d*) To furnish, supply, buy and sell water and ice to the shipping in the waters adjacent to the Island of Bermuda and to the inhabitants of said Island of Bermuda ;

(*e*) To purchase, own, sell, build, construct, lease or otherwise acquire and dispose of or encumber, houses, storage, warehouses and yards, store buildings, depots, hotels, docks, wharves and piers, and to maintain and conduct the same in connection with any of the objects herein set forth ;

(*f*) To buy and sell merchandise of all kinds at wholesale and retail and conduct a general mercantile business, and generally to carry on any other manufacturing or trading business which can be advantageously carried on with the business of the company or any business of a similar character which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business of the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's properties or rights ;

(*g*) To apply for, obtain, purchase or otherwise acquire the whole or partial title interest in any and all manuscript writings, secret formulæ, trade marks, processes, copyrights, inventions, patents or patent rights, proprietary articles or proprietary rights of any kind or nature whatsoever which may be or may seem to be capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect thereof, and otherwise turn to account the same ;

(*h*) To acquire the good-will, rights and property, and to undertake the whole or any part of the assets and liabilities of any person, firm, association or corporation, and to pay for the same in cash, stock or bonds of this corporation or otherwise ;

(*i*) To acquire, hold, use, sell, assign, lease, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise dispose of, Letters Patent of the Dominion of Canada and the Provinces thereof or any foreign country, patents, patent rights, licenses and privileges, inventions, improvements and processes, trade marks and trade names, relating to or useful in connection with any business of this corporation ;

(*j*) To enter into, make, perform and carry out contracts of every kind, for any lawful purposes, without limit as to amount, with any person, firm, association or corporation ;

(*k*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*l*) To have one or more offices to carry on all or any of its operations and business and without restriction or limit as to amount : to purchase or otherwise acquire, to hold, own, sell, convey or otherwise dispose of real and personal property of every class and description in any of the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada and in any and all foreign countries, subject always to local laws ;

(*m*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principals, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by and through trustees, agents, sub-contractors or otherwise, and alone or jointly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all and everything necessary for and incidental to the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time be necessary for or incidental to the protection or benefit of the corporation :

(*n*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Bermuda Bunkering Company, Limited," with a capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, divided into 300 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Regal Shirt, Company.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1916, incorporating John Roy Marshall, barrister-at-law, George Alexander Young, solicitor's clerk, Amy Helena Johnson and Myrtle Agnes Baker, stenographers, and Isabel Vila, bookkeeper, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in clothing and wearing apparel of all kinds and descriptions for men, women and children ;

(*b*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking and all or any of the assets and liabilities of The Regal Shirt Company, Limited, incorporated by letters patent under the Ontario Companies Act or all or any part of the shares or capital stock of the said company ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the com-

pany capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or process which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*h*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*i*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*j*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof or any of its assets for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*k*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of the capital stock or bonds, debentures or other securities of any other corporation ;

(*l*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*m*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To construct, alter, maintain, manage and otherwise deal with any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*o*) To do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of any of the property at any time held or controlled by this company ;

(*p*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be determined, any of the property of the company among its shareholders and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may acquire the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*q*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*r*) To sell, improve, manage develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Regal Shirt Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 1,250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Kingston Hosiery, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Arthur Breden Cunningham, solicitor, and Edna Isobel Moxley, Charlotte Isobel Mack, Emma Muriel Argue and Helen Elizabeth Carson, stenographers, all of the City of Kingston, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To deal in and carry on the business of manufacturing cotton and other fibrous substances, to treat, manufacture and prepare for market all the said products and by-products thereof, either in the prepared, manufactured or raw state, and either wholesale or retail ; to carry on all or any of the following businesses : cotton, flax and hemp spinners, linen manufacturers, woollen spinners, yarn merchants, worsted stuff manufacturers, bleachers and dyers, and makers of vitriol, bleaching and dyeing materials, and to purchase, comb, prepare, spin, dye and deal in flax, hemp, wool, silk and other fibrous substances, and to weave or otherwise manufacture, buy and sell and deal in cotton, linen cloth and other goods and fabrics, whether textile, trebled, netted or looped ; and to manufacture and deal in knitted goods of all sorts and to manufacture clothing and underwear of all sorts.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Kingston Hosiery, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Kingston, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dodge Manufacturing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Charles Frederick Wheaton, manufacturer ; William Grant Thurston and Francis Harvey Snyder, solicitors ; William Charles Caulton, accountant, and James Shand, superintendent, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on and engage in the business of engineering and sales and as founders, machinists and manufacturers, and to manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, to hold, own, sell, assign and transfer or otherwise dispose of, to invest, trade, deal in and deal with, goods, wares and merchandise and real and personal property, corporeal and incorporeal, of every class and description ; to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effect required by the company or its workmen or servants, and in particular, but without restricting the the general powers of the foregoing, to manufacture,

purchase, sell, trade and deal in and with engines, boilers, machines, motors, castings, iron ware and other productions of metals and wood and all other materials, power transmission appliances and machinery, friction clutches, shafting hangers, grain handling machinery and appliances, all kinds of pulleys, both iron and wood, including Dodge Standard Wood Pulleys with interchangeable bushing system, pressed steel split pulleys, sheet metal products, Process shafting, conveying and elevating machinery of all kinds, for the manufacture of pulp and paper and gearing of all kinds ;

(*b*) To grow and produce raw materials, live stock, grains, fruits, agricultural products, flax, hemp and jute, and to raise cattle, sheep, horses and live stock of every kind, and to manufacture any and all materials, goods, products and merchandise of any and every kind from the foregoing, and to acquire, own, lease, prospect for, open, explore, develop, work, improve, maintain and manage, mines, quarries, mineral oil, natural gas and other deposits and properties, and to dig for, raise, crush, wash, smelt, assay, analyse, reduce, amalgamate, refine, pipe, convey and otherwise treat ores, metals, minerals, clays, oils and natural gas, whether belonging to the company or not, and to render the same merchantable and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same or any part thereof or any interest therein ;

(*c*) To construct, acquire, own, work, manage, maintain, repair, alter, charter, operate, contract in reference to, hire, lease, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all kinds of plant equipment, machinery, supplies, steamships, vessels, barges, boats and water craft, cartage plant, forwarding plant, towing, wrecking and salvage plant, and shares or interests therein, and also elevators, sheds, warehouses, hotels, lodging houses, factories, foundries, including special foundries for the production of malleable steel and brass castings, dwelling houses, stores, shops, works, roadways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, gas and electrical works, hydraulic works and plant refrigerating works, wharves, docks, dry docks, harbours, buildings, yards, terminals, piers, cables, acqueducts, flumes, ditches and all such other structures, erections, works or conveniences as the directors may deem necessary or expedient for any of the purposes of the company ; to establish branch distributing warehouses or factories or both at any points throughout the Dominion of Canada and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof, or of any of the foregoing ;

(*d*) To work, manage, operate, turn to account, explore, develop and improve the properties of the company ;

(*e*) To deal in and contract with reference to timber licenses and timber rights and to cut, render merchantable, handle, manufacture, deal in and contract with reference to timber and lumber of all kinds and all products thereof ;

(*f*) To operate construction or building plants and to take and cary out contracts for building or for construction work of any kind ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease, take in exchange or otherwise acquire, lands or interests therein, leases and any real and personal property or any interest therein, together with any buildings or structures that may be on the said lands or any of them, and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of the whole or any portion of the lands and all or any of the buildings or structures that are now or may hereafter be erected thereon, and to take such security therefor as may be deemed necessary ; to erect buildings and deal in building material ; to take or hold mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase money on any of the lands, buildings or structures so sold and to sell or otherwise dispose of said mortgages ; to improve, alter and manage the said lands and buildings and to guarantee and otherwise assist in the performance of contracts or mortgages of persons, firms or corporations with whom the company may have dealings, and to assume and take over such mortgages or contracts on default ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the properties, rights or information so acquired ;

(*i*) To act as agents and brokers of all kinds in transactions within the objects of the company, and to assist, for remuneration or otherwise, any of the customers or tenants of the company in any part of their business or undertakings ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise water lots, water privileges and water power and steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power and force ; to manufacture or generate and deliver and supply power of all or any of the above kinds ; to utilize the same, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any surplus thereof for the purpose of light, heat and power, subject to any local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*k*) To purchase, take over, lease or otherwise acquire as a going concern or otherwise, the business, property, undertakings, good-will and assets of any person, firm or corporation carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and more particularly the business, assets and undertaking of the "Dodge Manufacturing Company, Limited," a company incorporated under the Ontario Companies Act, and to assume and undertake the liabilities of such person, firm or corporation, and to pay or partly pay for such business, property, undertakings, good-will and assets so acquired, purchased and taken over, or leased and taken over, in fully paid-up or partly paid-up preference or common or ordinary shares of the company or in the bonds, debentures or other securities of the company ;

(*l*) To take, acquire and hold by purchase for cash or otherwise or as the consideration for goods sold or supplied or otherwise disposed of or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*m*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*o*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises or any of the products, of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the properties, rights and liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company ;

(*o*) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to take, hold, sell, exchange and deal in, the shares, stocks, bonds, obligations or debentures or securities of any other company or corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to pay for the same in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of this company or in property of this company, and while holding the same to exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to guarantee payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company or corporation with which the company may have business relations, and to promote any company or corporation having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being carried on so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to exercise the rights, powers and franchises of any company

whose capital stock is owned by this company, in the name of such company or in its own name ;

(*p*) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being con ducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to lend money to, endorse for, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*q*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, federal, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, franchises and concessions ;

(*r*) To remunerate, with the approval of the shareholders, in shares or in any other way any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company's capital or any debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*s*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons and grant pensions and allowances and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*t*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*u*) To procure the company to be licensed, registered or otherwise recognized in any foreign country, and to designate persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company with power to represent the company in all matters according to the laws of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*v*) To distribute in kind or in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*w*) To carry on and undertake any other business which may from time to time seem to the directors of this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or objects or calculated directly or indirectly to render valuable or enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's privileges, property or rights and as incidental to the carrying on of its business, and to make and endorse negotiable paper ;

(*x*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*y*) To pay out of the funds of the company all the expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company ;

(*z*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principal, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and by and through trustees, agents, sub-contractors or otherwise and alone or jointly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all such other things and all and everything necessary for or incidental to the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time be necessary for or incidental to the protection or benefit of the corporation, and to conduct and carry on the business and undertakings of the company in foreign countries and throughout the British Empire ;

(*aa*) The business or purpose of the company is from time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth, and any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Dodge Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one million five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Dominion Boiler and Foundry, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Charles William Webb, manufacturer, Joseph Hector Charbonneau and Victor Pelletier, accountant, Frank Edward Lauer, superintendent, and Clement Antoine Guertin, advocate, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in iron, scrap iron, copper, steel and all their products ; to manufacture furnaces for heating by means of hot water, steam, gas, oil and electricity, also hot air furnaces, or any other power ; radiators and other apparatus for heating houses and public buildings, and also to manufacture accessories and appurtenances of the same ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandises ;

(*c*) To act as agents for other persons or companies in the purchase, sale, exchange or lease of all products concerning the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*d*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*e*) To acquire and use steam, electric or other powers for the purposes aforesaid ;

(*f*) To receive in payment of merchandise or for work done, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities issued by any similar company and to give and dispose of the same ; to acquire by way of purchase, exchange, lease or otherwise and own any similar business, name, machinery, stock, good-will, assets, property, privileges, franchises, contracts, leases, real estate or otherwise, rights of any person, firm or company doing a similar business or exercising industries or carrying on a trade which may be useful for the purposes of the company and to pay for same in cash or paid-up shares of the company such price as may be determined by the company ;

(*g*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects similar to those herein enumerated on such terms and conditions as the company may choose ;

(*h*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of, in whole or in part, the property, rights or undertaking

of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to tl ose of the company ;

(*i*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue such fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of this company ;

(*j*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may be from time to time determined ;

(*k*) To apply for and acquire on any terms letters patent of invention, patent rights, processes, concessions, licenses, trade-marks, copyrights or any other privileges or protections of a like nature for or connected with any matter, article or subject of manufacture or convenient for the business of the company, and to turn the same to account by manufacturing or working the same or granting licenses in respect thereof or otherwise ;

(*l*) To acquire, receive, hold, lease, exchange, alienate or otherwise dispose of any movable or immovable property ;

(*m*) To draw, accept, sign, endorse and negotiate bills of exchange, promissory notes, cheques and other negotiable instruments ;

(*n*) To acquire, hold, lease, guarantee, sell or exchange shares, stock or debentures or securities of any corporation carrying on a business similar to that of the company ;

(*o*) To acquire, purchase and hold any franchise and to pay therefor either in shares, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*p*) To do all things, exercise all the powers and carry on any business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Boiler and Foundry, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Montreal East, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Laporte-Irwin, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 3rd day of November, 1916, incorporating John Irwin, manufacturer, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec ; Lawrence Macfarlane, advocate and King's counsel, William Bridges Scott and John MacNaughton, advocates, and James Geary Cartwright, office manager, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell and deal in or otherwise turn to account goods, wares and merchandise of all kinds whatsoever ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or may seem to the company calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, or to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's properties or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association or company possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company, or carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks or obligations of this company ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, joint adventures, reciprocal concession or co-operation with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to subsidize or guarantee the obligations of or otherwise assist any such company, person or persons ;

(*e*) To purchase, subscribe for, acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of stock, bonds, debentures, or other securities in any other corporation, and evidence of indebtedness in any such corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 44 of the Companies' Act ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, rights for privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business, and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds ;

(*g*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses and the like, conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the rights and information so acquired ;

(*h*) To sell, let, develop, dispose of or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the company, upon any terms with power to accept as the consideration any shares, stocks or obligations of or interest in any other company ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement with any government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, concessions and privileges that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them ;

(*j*) To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership or conjunction with any other person, firm, association or company, and in any part of the world ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, debentures or other securities in other companies belonging to the company, or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*l*) The powers in each paragraph are in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph ;

(m) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Laporte-Irwin, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 25,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

La Cie Internationale des Beaux-Arts, Limitée.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of November, 1916, incorporating John Albert Engel, advocate, James Burnett Taylor, ac-

countant, Max Bernfeld, student-at-law, Berthe Maysenhoelder and Mae Johnston, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase or otherwise acquire as a going concern with all its rights, obligations and good-will the business carried on at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, by La Cie Internationale d'Importation, dealers in stationery, post cards, novelties and accessories and to continue the said business ;

(*b*) To carry on business as printers, engravers, embossers and bookbinders, and to manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, exchange and otherwise trade and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all descriptions :

(*c*) To establish, operate and conduct shops or depots for the sale of all articles manufactured or dealt in by the company and any other goods, wares and merchandise which may be advantageously dealt in in connection therewith ;

(*d*) To enter into any arrangements or contracts with any authorities, federal, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority licenses, privileges or concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, hold, operate under, exercise and comply with the same ;

(*e*) To manufacture and generate steam, gas, electrical and other energy, for heat, light or other power for the purposes of the company, and to sell or otherwise deal with the surplus thereof, subject to all laws, by-laws and municipal regulations applicable thereto ;

(*f*) To carry on any other enterprise or business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently or advantageously carried on in connection with the business and objects of the company, or calculated to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To procure the company to be licensed, registered and recognized in any other country and to designate persons therein to do such acts and things as may be expedient under the laws of such country to represent the company to enable it effectively to carry on business and prosecute its affairs in such country ;

(*h*) To acquire, use, lease and operate the business property or undertaking in whole or in part of any person or company, carrying on any business similar or incidental to or which may appear likely to be advantageous to this company ;

(*i*) To prosecute, amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, the union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions, or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or about to carry on any business similar to that of the company or ancillary thereto ; to advance money to, or guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company having business engagements with this company, or indebted to it, and to invest any of of the moneys of the company in the shares of any other company carrying on a similar business ;

(*j*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Act, to subscribe for, receive, purchase or otherwise acquire the shares or securities of any company carrying on a similar business or to accept the same in whole or in part payment or discharge of the price or consideration of the sale, lease, concessions or other disposal of any property, rights or debts which may be held, enjoyed by or due to this company ; and such shares or securities to hold, vote upon, sell, re-issue or otherwise deal with as this company may see fit ;

(*k*) To purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire and possess and deal in all movable and immovable property which the company may deem necessary or useful for its business or operations, including trademarks, industrial designs, patents rights, licenses, franchises or other rights and privileges of any kind whatsoever ;

(*l*) To issue, allot and hand over as fully paid-up and non-assessable, preferred or common shares, bonds debentures or other securities of this company in payment or part payment of the business so to be acquired by this company, including allowance for good-will, and of any other business property, contracts or rights which this company may from time to time acquire for the purposes of its business, or with the approval of the shareholders, of services which may be rendered to the company in its promotion or otherwise, or in settlement of any indebtedness of the company;

(*m*) To sell, exchange, lease or otherwise deal with any or all of the undertaking, property, movable or immovable, and the rights at any time owned or enjoyed by this company upon such terms and conditions as may be thought fit;

(*n*) To invest, loan or otherwise deal with the moneys or other property of the company not immediately required in such manner and in such securities as may from time to time be determined, or to distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved among its shareholders, any property or assets of the company ;

(*o*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and things conducive, useful and necessary to attain the above objects and carry on all business incidental to and germane to the objects of the company ;

(*p*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, brokers, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either separately or in conjunction with others ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "La Cie Internationale des Beaux-Arts, Limitée," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 8th day of November, 1916

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Samara Pulp Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating Arthur Ramsay Holden, King's counsel ; Pierre Amable Badeaux, advocate ; Ernest Geoffrey Bennett, accountant ; Arthur Charters, bookkeeper, and Alfred Boreham Wright, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, export, import and otherwise handle and deal in pulp and pulp woods paper products and like materials and products and to carry on business as general manufacturers, importers and exporters and as general merchants ;

(*b*) To cultivate, raise, produce, mine and otherwise acquire or obtain things or materials that may be deemed capable of being used as or changed into pulp or paper fibres or fibre products or things of like nature, whether alone or in conjunction with other things or materials ;

(*c*) To manufacture, treat and in any way handle and deal with any things or materials that may be deemed capable of being used as or changed or worked into pulp or paper fibres or fibre products or things of like nature, whether alone or in conjunction with other things or materials ;

(*d*) To buy, sell, import, export and generally deal in all products, materials, goods, wares, merchandise, articles and other things, and to act as agents, commission merchants, brokers and representatives of other companies, persons or enterprises wherever situated, and to engage or arrange with sub-agents and correspondents and to open sample rooms and to do all other things useful for such purposes ;

(*e*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to equip and operate transportation facilities, whether by air, land or water, and to lease, sell or otherwise dispose of or deal with the same ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to purchase or acquire in any way and to own, hold and sell, with or without war-

ranty, the shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any manufacturing or other corporation or enterprise carrying on business similar to that of this company, or to promote or contribute to or subsidize or otherwise assist the same, and to amalgamate or make any other working arrangements with any person, company or enterprise carrying on any similar enterprise, and to manage, operate and carry on the property, undertakings and affairs of any such business and to acquire the same, including its good-will, rights, liabilities and other accessories, by purchase, lease or otherwise ; and to issue, allot and deliver as fully paid-up and non-assessable the shares, debentures or other securities of this company in payment or part payment of any securities, right or things that it can acquire, and, with the approval of the shareholders, in payment or part payment for any services rendered to the company, whether in connection with its promotion and organization or its business or otherwise ;

(*q*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold, use (on lease, license or otherwise) and to exercise, develop and introduce, and to sell, assign, lease or otherwise dispose of or turn to account any patents, trade marks, inventions, copyrights, improvements and processes, concessions and the like useful to the business of the company, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in bonds, debentures or other securities or assets of the company, or by the issue of fully paid-up and non-assessable shares of its capital stock ;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company or enterprise carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on and to promote and assist in promoting and to become a shareholder of or participator in any such company or enterprise and to purchase or acquire the shares and securities thereof, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 o the said Act, and to hold, sell, re-issue or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To make advances to or guarantee the obligations or contracts of or otherwise assist in any manner any company whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held in whole or in part by this company, and to do any act or thing for the preservation, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares, bonds or obligations, and in like manner to advance money to or guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company having business engagements with the company or inbebted to it ;

(*j*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and to assume the liabilities of any person, firm corporation or enterprise indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that transacted by the company, and to pay for the same in cash or in fully paid-up and non-assessable shares or securities of this company or otherwise ;

(*k*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of or deal with the whole or any part of the undertaking of the company and of its assets and good-will and rights and obligations of any kind, for such consideration as the company may think fit, including shares, debentures and other securities of any other corporation having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company, and to distribute among its shareholders any cash, securities or other consideration so received ;

(*l*) To pay all costs incidental to procuring the charter of incorporation or in connection with the formation and organization of the company, and to do any such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the undertakings, assets, rights or liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated to benefit the company ;

(*m*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company cabable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*n*) To lend money to persons or companies having dealings with the company and to invest and deal with any funds or assets not immediately required for the purposes of the company as may be deemed expedient, and to invest money on behalf of any other company or individual and to guarantee the security of such investmeuts:

(*o*) To enter into any arrangement with any authority or government, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, concessions, subsidies or other benefits which it may seem desirable to obtain, and to carry out or exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights and benefits, and to procure the company to be licensed, registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein and do such acts and things as may be expedient under the laws of such country to represent the company and enable it effectively to carry on business or prosecute its affairs there and elsewhere ;

(*p*) To purchase or otherwise acquire hold, lease, sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange or otherwise dispose of or deal with any real estate, lands, buildings or other property or rights necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the company's business ;

(*q*) To do any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, managers, supervisors or otherwise, and by or through trustees or agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such things as may be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*r*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent upon each other, and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise restricted by reason of any other clauses of such objects, powers or purposes or otherwise ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Samara Pulp Company, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of fifty dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 8th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under Secretary of State.

Revolving Wardrobes Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 31st day of October, 1916, incorporating Robert John Winsor Barker, manufacturer, John Shirley Denison, King's counsel, Leonard Alexander Richard, student-at-law, Elizabeth Young, secretary, and Ellen Jane McNaught, stenographer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To enter into any arrangement necessary for the purpose of carrying out an agreement or agreements between Oscar L. Smith, Grand Rapid Show Case Company and Jones Brothers and Co., Limited, either in their existing form or with such modifications as may be necessary ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in clothing wardrobes and all parts thereof ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or similar thereto or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*i*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the combany, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other, negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the obove objects ;

(*v*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company's capital or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Revolving Wardrobe Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Eclipse Plating and Sales Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating John Dorning, electroplater, Philip Marshall Grimes, manufacturers' agent, Frederick Drummond Hogg, barrister-at-law, and Katie Ellen Emma Argue and Sarah Evelyn Hamilton, stenographers, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business of electroplaters, manufacturers and repairers of and dealers in electrical supplies, apparatus, appliances and equipment, and manufacturers and repairers of and dealers in engines, machinery, tools, implements, metals and mechanical equipment, manufacturers' supplies and products of every kind and description ;

(*b*) To act as agents for others for the sale of all such goods, wares and merchandise, on commission or otherwise ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to hold such property, movable and immovable, as may be deemed necessary and requisite for the purposes of the company's business, including stores, warehousess, machine shops, factories and other establishments, and to erect and construct the same when and where advisable ;

(*d*) To apply for, acquire, lease and dispose of trademarks, industrial designs, licenses, patents and patent rights for and in respect of any invention that may be deemed useful and necessary for the company's business, and to use, operate and work the same ;

(*e*) To subcribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other obligations and securities of any company carrying on or engaged in a business which the company is authorized to carry

on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*f*) To acquire or undertake the or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on a business which the company is authorized to carry on, and in particular to acquire the movable property, stock in trade, assets and good-will of the business heretofore carried on by the Eclipse Plating Company, as also such other businesses of a like nature as this company may consider advisable ;

(*g*) To acquire and take over contracts from individuals, firms and corporations and to transfer, assign or otherwise dispose of any contract or undertaking of the company in whole or in part ;

(*h*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*i*) To acquire and hold security of any kind, real or personal, for debts, liabilities and obligations of the company in respect of its purposes and objects, and to improve, manage, develop, sell, lease or dispose of any of the property and rights of the company ;

(*j*) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment of any property, real, personal or mixed, and for any rights, privileges or covenants secured by purchase, lease or otherwise or for any liabilities owing by the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or agreed to be rendered to the company by any persons, firms or corporations in the formation and promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*k*) To carry on any other similar business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business of the company, and generally to do all such acts, matters and things as are incidental, requisite or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Eclipse Plating and Sales Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 8th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Electrograph Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 4th day of November, 1916, incorporating William Morell Houston, manufacturers' agent, Ora Macdonald Barker, clerk, Elsie Gertrude Houston, married woman, and William Redford Mulock, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba ; and Andrew James Tallman, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, company manager, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, purchase or acquire in any manner and to hold, own, lease, sell, transfer or in any manner dispose of and to deal and trade in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise and personal property of any and every description by wholesale or retail or otherwise and more particularly and without restricting the generality of the foregoing in electric, gas or other heaters and supplies of any and every description and electric signs ;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to construct, lay down, erect, establish, maintain and operate all necessary works, stations, engines, machinery, plant, cables, wires, lines, generators, accumulators, lamps, meters, transformers, apparatus, appurtenances and appliances connected with the generation, accumulation, distribution, transmission, supply, sale, use and employment of electricity and to generate, accumulate, transmit, distribute, supply and sell electricity for all public and private purposes;

(*c*) To operate and contract for the operation of electric signs and signboards and public and private lighting;

(*d*) To apply for and receive, or to acquire by enactment, grant, assignment, transfer, lease or otherwise and to maintain, exercise, operate and enjoy any statute, by-law or concession, license, power, authority, franchise, right or privilege, relating to the generation development, accumulation, distribution, supply, sale use and employment of electric energy, which any government or authority parliamentary, legislative, municipal or local or any other public body or any corporation may be empowered to enact, make or grant, to pay for, aid and contribute towards carrying the same into effect and to mortgage, encumber, lease, sell, assign or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*e*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, own, exercise, operate, carry out and enjoy in its own name or in the name of the company hereinafter referred to, if thereunto duly authorized, all or any of the property, franchises, good will, rights, powers, and privileges, held or enjoyed by any company carrying on or formed for carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which, or any part of which, the company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for any such wholly or partly in cash, or wholly or partly in securities of or owned by the company or otherwise, or so undertake the liabilities of any such company;

(*f*) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to take, hold, vote upon, exchange, pledge, encumber, deal with, sell or otherwise dispose of securities of any other company notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to pay for the same in securities of or owned by the company and while holding the same to enjoy and exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof ;

(*g*) To receive any exemption, bonus or grant from any government, municipalty or company ;

(*h*) To pay for any property, real or personal, or any franchise, good-will, right, power or privilege acquired in any manner by the company or for any guarantee of any debt or undertaking of the company of for any service rendered to the company or to pay any debt of the company wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in securities of the company or owned by it or wholly or partly in shares of the capital stock of the company fully paid or otherwise;

(*i*) To guarantee payment of the principal and (or) interest on the securities of or the dividends of any company with which the company may be connected or may have business relations, and to promote any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or any of them.

(*j*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company or any of them and to enter into any arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any company with which the company has business relations, or which may be carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to engage in or carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To lend money to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any company by making advances or otherwise and to take or otherwise acquire as security therefor, securities of or owned by any such company, or any other security, and to issue or reissue the same, with or without guarantee of principal or interest or otherwise, and to hold, vote upon, exchange, sell, deal with or otherwise dispose of the same and while holding the same to enjoy and exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof ;

(*l*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, licenses, leases, concessions or the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention or discovery which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which

may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop and sell the same or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise deal with or turn to account the property, rights, interests or information so acquired ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To promote any company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property or liabilities of the company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To distribute in specie or otherwise any assets of the company among its shareholders and to declare stock dividends ;

(*p*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*q*) To undertake and carry on any business germane to that for which or to any part of that for which the company is incorporated or which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*r*) To sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds, or other securities of or owned by any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or any of them ;

(*s*) To do all acts, deeds, matters and things and exercise all powers such as are incidental to or conducive to the attainment of the foregoing objects or any of them and to do all or any of the foregoing things as principal, agents or attorneys ;

(*t*) The term "securities" herein shall include "stocks, shares, bonds and debentures" ; the term "company" herein shall include "persons, firms and corporations" and the term "municipality" shall include any "city, town, village or rural municipality" ;

(*u*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation and incorporation of the company ;

(*v*) The business and purposes of the company is from time to time to do all or any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth, and any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall be constructed according to the evident intent and meaning thereof having reference to the greneral scope of the various powers of the company and shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph and in the event of any ambiguity the powers of the company shall be constructed in such a way as to widen and not restrict the powers of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Electrograph Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20-2

United Pole Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of November, 1916, incorporating Frank Leopold Milner and Harry Alden Purdy, barristers-at-law, Florence Gardner Moffat and Caro Eleanor Ratchford, solicitor's clerks, and Margaret Anne Currie, stenographer, all of the Town of Amherst, in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, hold, lease, sell or otherwise acquire or dispose of real property and particularly lumber, pulp and timber lands ; to carry on business as timber merchants, saw-mill proprietors and timber growers, and to buy, sell, grow, prepare for market, manipulate, import, export, and deal in timber and wood of all kinds, and to manufacture and deal in articles of all kinds in the manufacture of which timber or wood is used, and to carry on business as shipowners and carriers by land and sea, and, so far as may be deemed expedient, the business of general merchants, and to buy, clear, plant and work timber estates ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and to sell or otherwise dispose of any personal property, and particularly machinery and to erect and maintain all suitable furnaces, mills, engines, electrical engines and plant, houses and buildings necessary or incidental to the objects of the company ;

(*c*) To manufacture and prepare for sale by any process the by-products of the manufacture of the company ;

(*d*) To construct and make, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out, control, purchase, hold or lease, alter and operate any roads, ways, sidings, harbours, breakwaters, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, docks, piers, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests ;

(*e*) To let or sub-let for buildings, mining, lumbering or any other purpose any property and to give and grant any rights, licenses, easements and privileges ;

(*f*) To establish depots and agencies in different parts of Canada ;

(*g*) To buy, sell, repair, alter and deal in apparatus, machinery, materials and articles of all kinds, which shall be capable of being used for the purposes of any business herein mentioned or likely to be required by customers of any such business ;

(*h*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above businesses or objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights for the time being ;

(*i*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*j*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*k*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, federal, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such

persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subcribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*n*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "United Pole Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Amherst, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Hamilton Steel Wheel Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of Novem ber 1916, incorporating John Roy Marshall, barrister-at-law, George Alexander Young, solicitor's clerk, Amy Helena Johnson and MyrtleAgnes Baker, stenographers, and Isabel Vilo, bookkeeper, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province oi Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the trade or business of purchasing, hiring or otherwise acquiring and making, building or manufacturing railway carriages and wagons and other carriages, wagons, carts, trucks, vehicles, locomotives, engines, rolling stock and conveyances of all kinds whether for railway, tramway, road, field or other traffic or purposes or any parts thereof or equipment therefor, and also rails and railway and tramway plant and all machinery, materials and things applicable or used as accessory thereto, and of selling, exchanging and otherwise dealing in the same respectively ; to carry on the trades or businesses of iron masters, iron makers, steel makers, steel converters, smelters, engineers, tin-plate makers, colliery proprietors, coke manufacturers, miners, malleable iron manufacturers and iron founders in all their respective branches, and to work, make merchantable, sell and deal in iron, steel and other metals, materials and substances, and to carry on business as manufacturers and dealers in chemicals and as metallurgists and as mechanical engineers, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in, both by wholesale and retail, all kinds of mercantile commodities ;

(*b*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, evidences of indebtedness, obligations or securities in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint and to use any funds of the company in the purchase of shares in any other company ;

(*c*) To acquire by lease, license, purchase or otherwise hydraulic, electric or other power, and to utilize the same and dispose of any surplus power provided, however, that any sale, transmission, or distribution of hydraulic, electric or other power beyond the limits of the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*d*) To acquire by lease, license, purchase or otherwise trade marks, trade names, labels and designs and to apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents of invention, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to the use of the same or any secret or other information as to any invention or process which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect to or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To construct, acquire, operate, hire, lease, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of real estate and personal property, manufactories, sheds, shops, stores and warehouses for the manufacture and for the reception and storage of goods and merchandise with the requisite plant, machinery and appliances ;

(*f*) To construct or acquire by lease or otherwise and to operate and maintain undertakings, plant, machinery, works and appliances for the purpose or any of the purposes aforesaid and to own and to operate either by steam, electric or other power, tramways and railway sidings on or over land owned or controlled by the company or on or over lands adjacent to the lands of the company with the consent of the owner or holder thereof ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities or to acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or in whole or in part similar thereto or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares or securities or liabilities of any such company and to issue paid-up or partly paid-up preference or common shares of the capital stock of this company or bonds or debentures or other securities of this company in consideration or part consideration therefor or for any property or rights acquired by this company ;

(*h*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any agreement or arrangement for sharing of profit, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To enter into any agreements or arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*l*) To promote any ccompany or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*m*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, operate, develop, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, vessels, buildings, plant, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*n*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons and to draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*o*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertakings of the company or any part thereof or the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*p*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient ;

(*q*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*r*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*s*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be released any assets or property of the company amongst its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*t*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*u*) To remunerate by payment in cash, or with the approval of the shareholders in stock, bonds, or any other manner, any person or persons or corporation or corporations, for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of stock of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the conduct of its business ;

(*v*) To apply for and obtain registration or recognition from any province, state or country under the provisions of any law relating to foreign corporations in force in such province, state or country ;

(*w*) To do all or any of the above things or the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others and either as principals, agents, contractors, or factors for any other companies or persons or by or through any factors, trustees or agents ;

(*x*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*y*) And it is hereby declared that the word "Company" in paragraphs (*a*) to (*x*) both inclusive shall be deemed to include any person, partnership or other body of persons whether incorporated or not incorporated and whether domiciled in Canada or elsewhere, and the objects specified in each of said paragraphs shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Hamilton Steel Wheel Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two million dollars, divided into 80,000 shares of twenty-five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 8th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Federal Properties, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating Gerard Ruel and Reginald Herbert Montague Temple, barristers-at-law, George Norman Limpricht, draughtsman, Frederick Charles Allen, solicitor's clerk, and William Bowler, secretary, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, concession or otherwise city lots, farm lands, mining or fruit lands, town sites, grazing and timber lands, and any description of real estate and real property or any interest and rights therein, legal or equitable, or otherwise howsoever ; to take, build upon, hold, own, maintain, work, develop, sell, lease, exchange, improve and otherwise deal in and dispose of such lots, lands, sites, real estate and real property or any interest therein ; to deal with any portion of the lands and property so acquired, subdividing the same into building lots, streets, lanes, squares and sites for residential, business, manufacturing or other purposes whatsoever, with power to construct and pave highways streets and sidewalks thereon, and to construct and furnish facilities for sewerage and drainage, water, light, heat and other municipal requisites, and to build upon any lands for residential, business, manufacturing or other purpose whatsoever and to supply such buildings with all necessary facilities, plant and machinery to equip them for the purposes for which they are intended ;

(*b*) To build, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire manage or control, at such points or places along any line of railway or branch line of railway, or at any ports or places of call of any steamship lines, such buildings as it deems advisable for hotels and restaurants; and may purchase, lease and hold the land necessary for such purposes and may carry on any business in connection therewith, and afford such facilities as may tend to the comfort and convenience of the travelling public; and may let any such buildings for such purposes;

(*c*) To purchase, lease and hold lands required for, and lay out, establish and manage parks and pleasure grounds and give a lease whereof to, or contract with any person for the use thereof upon such terms as the company deems expedient ;

(*d*) To act as agents for the sale and purchase of real estate and all interests therein and for reward to procure real estate investments for any person ; to act as selling agents for the owners of any real estate, subdivision, building sites, town sites or lands of any kind or any interest therein, and to take over and acquire from any person or corporation any agency, inclusive or otherwise, for the sale of any such lands, sites or interest therein, and to accept an assignment of and perform any contracts made by any person with any other person or corporation for the sale of any such lands, sites or interest therein as agents or otherwise, and generally to act as real estate, house and rental agents ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the

contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, reissue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*h*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*o*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*p*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*q*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, bonds, debentures or other securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*r*) To issue in payment or part payment for any property, rights or privileges acquired by the company or for any guarantees of the company's securities, or with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered, shares of the company's capital stock, whether subscribed for or not, as fully paid up and non-assessable, or the company's securities ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Federal Properties, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

Brompton Pulp & Paper Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, incorporating Errol Languedoc, Ralph Erskin Allan and Pierre Charbonneau, advocates, William Taylor and Frederick William Tofield, managers, Bruce Stuart Crombie, secretary, James William Cairns, accountant, Walter Wilson Rathie, auditor, and Angus McLeod Murray and Charles Frederick Wadsworth, clerks, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches a lumber, timber and pulpwood business, and to manufacture, produce, buy, sell and deal in timber, logs, lumber and wood of all kinds and for all purposes ;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire real estate, lands, locations, surface rights, timber limits, wood lands and timber lands, water lots, river rights, and government, municipal or other rights, privileges, franchises, easements and licenses of all kinds, and to sell, dispose of, exchange or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*c*) To improve and develop rivers and lakes, and to construct and maintain reservoirs, canals, dams, embankments, booms and other works and equipment of all kinds ;

(*d*) To construct, purchase or otherwise acquire steamers, barges, tugs or any other kind of craft or boats for inland or ocean navigation, and to employ and operate the same ;

(*e*) To construct, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire basins, docks, jetties, piers, wharves, warehouses, elevators or other buildings or works capable of being used in connection with the business of the company ;

(*f*) To construct and operate for the purpose of the company's business and on lands owned or controlled by the company, tramways and railway sidings ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and build and construct and maintain and operate lumber and saw-mills, and to engage in the business of manufacturing and preparing for market timber, lumber and wood of all kinds and descriptions for all purposes ,

(*h*) To import, export, buy, sell and otherwise deal in lumber and wood of all kinds, and to manufacture and deal in articles of all kinds in the manufacture of which timber or wood is used ;

(*i*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and build and construct and maintain and operate pulp and paper mills, and to carry on generally the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters and dealers in pulp, paper and substitutes of all kinds and descriptions, and of the raw materials and substances of every kind, pulps, preparations, mixtures, chemicals, solvents and combinations, or any by-product thereof, used or capable of being used in connection with the said business ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to utilize and develop water powers and other powers for the production of electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force, and to construct and operate works for the production of such power ;

(*k*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, electric or other power of any kind, for lighting, heating, motive or other purpose, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same, as well as of power and force produced by the company ;

(*l*) To construct and maintain poles, lines, transmission lines, telephone and telegraph lines, for the distribution of power and for the general purposes of the company's business ;

(*m*) To acquire all or any part of the good-will, rights, property and assets, including any option, concession or the like, of any individual, firm, association or corporation, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in cash or in bonds, or in payment or part payment therefor therefor to allot and issue as fully paid up and non-assessable shares of the capital stock of the company, whether subscribed for or not ;

(*n*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the property, assets, rights, undertaking or good-will of the company, and to accept payment for

the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds, stocks or other securities in any corporation or company ;

(*o*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention or process and to turn to account, sell, lease or otherwise deal in such patents, licenses or concessions ;

(*p*) To acquire and hold, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell or otherwise dispose of stock, shares, securities or undertaking of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its undertaking or assets to or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*q*) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*r*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, hold, sell and deal in the business, assets, good-will, stocks, shares or securities of any company or corporation, and generally to do all acts and exercise all powers and to carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which the company is incorporated.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Brompton Pulp & Paper Company, Limited," with a capital stock of nine million dollars, divided into 90,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Under-Secretary of State.

J. W. Scales, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers, Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers, merchants, jobbers, importers and wholesale and retail dealers in cigars, cigarettes, tobaccos and tobacconists' sundries in all states and conditions of manufacture, and all articles required by or useful to smokers or which are or may be dealt in or required by tobacconists ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, repair and deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, products, articles and things necessary or useful for carrying on such business as aforesaid or which are or may be dealt in by persons engaged therein ;

(*c*) To erect, construct, maintain and operate any buildings, works, machinery and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on business with objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company or possessed of property suitable or proper for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue such fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment, or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of the company;

(*f*) To purchase, acquire, hold and own the capital stock, bond or other securities of any other company, corporation or individual carrying on or engaged in any business which this company is empowered to carry on or engage in, and to acquire hold or otherwise dispose of such shares, bonds or other securities, notwithstanping the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, partnership or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business, or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on or to amalgamate with any such company;

(*h*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or otherwise any other company or corporation with whom the company may have business relations and to guarantee the performance of contracts by such company or corporation;

(*i*) To make advances to customers and others, with or without security, and upon such terms as the company may approve and to guarantee the debts and contracts of customers and others ;

(*j*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property or assets of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company or companies which may have purchased or taken over either in whole or in part the property, assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*l*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies whose objects are or include objects similar to those of this company, whether by sale or by purchase (for shares or otherwise) of the undertaking, subject to the liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid, or by partnership or any arrangement of the nature of partnership, or in any other manner ;

(*m*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of in whole or in part the property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To make donations and subscriptions to any objects likely to promote the interests of the company, and to create and contribute to pension and other funds and schemes for the benefit of persons employed by the company, or the wives, widows, children or dependents of any such persons and to subscribe or guarantee money for any charitable or public objects ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, and to carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects set forth and which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of its property or rights ;

(*p*) To remunerate any parties for service rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares of the company's capital or any bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*q*) The above set out shall, unless otherwise expressed, be nowise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause or paragraph of this charter. On the contrary the objects and powers specified in each clause shall be deemed to be independent and separate from the objects and powers conferred by the other clauses above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere

by the name of "J. W. Scales, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20-2 Under-Secretary of State.

James McDonnell Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of November, 1916, incorporating Wilfrid Arnold Lyons, Thomas Francis Lyons and Ernest Oliver Dion, clerks, Alexander Ellison. merchant, and Adolphe Veilleux, chemist, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of traders in hay, grain and other farm and forest produce ; to deal in the products and by-products of such produce, and in all products of which they form a constituent part, and to manufacture, buy, sell and generally deal in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*h*) To erect, build, maintain and operate and to sell, lease and otherwise convey, mills, factories, warehouses, storage, elevators, wharves, docks and other works and buildings which may be deemed directly or ind rectly conducive to the objects of the company ;

(*c*) To build, acquire, charter, lease and operate steamships, vessels, barges, tugs, vehicles and other conveniences for the transport of freight and passengers;

(*d*) To make advances or loans on any produce goods, merchandise or chattels which may be stored with or by or in the custody of any transportation company, in course of transit upon any cars, ships or vessels to or from this company, or may be in any of its warehouses elevators, factories or mills:

(*e*) To organize, manage or develop, or to assist in the organization, management or development of any corporation, company, syndicate, enterprise or undertaking ; to acquire the whole or part of the business of the company or to conduct a similar business ;

(*f*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities, or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company or corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*g*) To subscribe for, buy, take or otherwise acquire and to hold, either as principal or agent and absolutely as owner, or by way of collateral security, and to enjoy, sell, exchange, vote or otherwise deal in the stock, bonds, debenture and other securities of any government or municipal, industrial or financial corcorporation or company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 or The Companies Act ;

(*h*) To issue and allot as fully paid up the shares of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment of any business, franchise, undertaking, property, rights, powers, privileges, lease, license, contract, real estate, stocks, bonds, debentures or other property or rights, which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the powers hereby granted ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, or calculated to enhance the value of the company's properties or securities, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same, or to amalgamate with any such company;

(*j*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind and shares, debentures, securities or property belonging to the company or which the company may have the power to dispose of ;

(*k*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may see fit an in particular for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company ;

(*l*) To do all acts necessary for the undertaking, carrying on or the completion of any of the business which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in ;

(*m*) No power granted herein shall be restricted or limited by the application or interpretation of any other power so granted.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsehewre by the name of "James McDonnell Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 9th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Loblaw Stores, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1916, incorporating Theodore Pringle Loblaw and Frederick Eugene Robson, merchants, Samuel Rogers, barrister, and Kate May Rose and Margaret Duncan Watson, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, export, import, grow, ship and deal in all kinds of goods and merchandise such as are commonly or conveniently manufactured, exported, imported, grown and dealt in by grocers, including, but not restricting the generality of the foregoing, all kinds of pickles, sauces, spices, relishes, jams, jellies, jelly powders, custard powders, preserves, table delicacies, canned goods, soaps, prepared meats and foods and all grocers' sundries and accessories ;

(*b*) To manufacture, export, import, grow, ship and deal in all commodities used or suitable to be used in the manufacture or preparation of any of the articles referréd to in paragraph (*a*) ;

(*c*) To establish stores, agencies, depots and other markets for the sale of the products of the company and to enter into agreements from time to time with individuals and corporations now or here after carrying on similar business, for the purpose of marketing and selling the products of the company ;

(*d*) To manufacture and deal in cans, boxes, jars, containers, labels and all grocers' supplies ;

(*e*) To carry on business as warehousemen ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other informa.ion as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for

any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*i*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangment for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engage in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, reissue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*l*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*m*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*n*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*o*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*p*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*r*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Loblaw Stores, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of October, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

20–2

The Crystal Skirt Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 9th day of November, 1916. incorporating Benjamin Wilanski, manufacturer, Max Wilanski, designer, John Harry Wilanski, traveller, Edson Grenfell Place, advocate, and Hugh MacKay, King's counsel, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, deal and traffic in all kinds of ladies' and misses' skirts, suits and clothing of all sorts and description ;

(*c*) To act as agents or representatives for other companies or corporations carrying on a similar business ;

(*d*) To deal in all kinds of manufactured and unmanufactured goods, raw material, cloth and dry goods of every description ;

(*e*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the property, assets, good-will and business of the Crystal Skirt Company, upon such terms as to payment for the same by the issue of fully paid-up shares or cash as may be agreed upon ;

(*f*) To manufacture, deal and generally trade in all kinds of men's and boys' clothing;

(*g*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities in any other corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of this Act.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Crystal Skirt Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

21–2

Perth Shoe Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, incorporating John Alexander Stewart, Francis William Hall and Hugh Anthony O'Donnell, barristers-at-law, William Edward Danner, manufacturer, and Thomas James Maher, accountant, all of the Town of Perth, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire the assets and undertakings of the "Perth Shoe Company, Limited," a company incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario ; to pay therefor by the issue of shares of the capital stock of the company, and to assume certain mortgage, loan and trade debts of the said Perth Shoe Company, Limited ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in boots and shoes ;

(*c*) To use any of its funds in the purchase of shares in any other corporation.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Perth Shoe Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 20,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Perth, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 10th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

James O'Kelly, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1906, incorporating James O'Kelly and James Bresnahan, liquor merchants, and Harriett Mary O'Kelly, married woman, of the Town of Pembroke, in the Province of Ontario, and John Patrick Coulson, hotelkeeper, and Anna Gertrude Coulson, married woman, both of the Town of Sudbury, in the said Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, export, import, buy and sell by wholesale or retail, all kinds of beer, wines and spirituous and fermented liquors ; to carry on the business of hotel keeping in all its branches ; to manufacture, export, import, buy and sell by wholesale or retail, all kinds of cigars, cigarettes and tobaccos and buy, sell, take and hold and deal in real estate for the purposes of carrying out the objects above mentioned.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "James O'Kelly, Limited" with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Pembroke, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 10th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Gold Seal, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, incorporating George Bowers, Norman Alfred Tulk, Matthew Nett and William John Tulk, merchants, and Joseph Goddard, accountant, all of the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To engage in and carry on in Canada or elsewhere the business of wholesale and retail grocers, wholesale and retail druggists, bonded or other warehousemen, general traders, wholesale and retail merchants, brewers, malsters, distillers, manufacturers, importers, exporters, packagers or bottlers, distributors of all kinds of wines, spirits, malt liquors and of aerated mineral and artificial waters and other drinks, of teas, coffees, baking powders, fruits, spices, drugs, all kinds of tobaccos and accessories of the tobacco business and any and all other articles and things which may be conveniently dealt in by the company in connection with above businesses ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of a departmental store and general supply society in all its branches and to transact all kinds of agency and commission business ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, firm or corporation carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired :

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold, shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*h*) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any lands, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*i*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out, control and superintend any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, aqueducts, furnaces, saw mills, crushing works, hydraulic works, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*j*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*k*) To lend money to such persons and on such terms as may seem expedient and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*l*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*o*) To procure the company to be licensed or registered or recognized in any Province in Canada or elsewhere ;

(*p*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*q*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Gold Seal, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 40,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 10th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Silk & Dye Works, Limited—(La Compagnie Canadienne de Soieries et de Teintureries, Limitée).

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 10th day of November, 1916, incorporating William Henry Langelier and Adolphe Ernest Clement, managers, Louis Joseph Bisson, merchant, David Pelletier, clerk, and Alvin Ernest Woodworth, accountant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on all the business relating to the culture, production and manufacture of cotton, wool and natural and artificial silk, and generally pertaining to the manufacture, production and dyeing of textiles and fibres, or in any way relating thereto ;

(*b*) To buy, lease and otherwise acquire, use, develop, maintain, and to sell or otherwise dispose of timber limits, lumber mills, pulp and paper mills and other mills and factories useful or necessary to the company in the production or treatment of the raw material, waste and by-products pertaining to or arising out of the operations of the company ;

(*c*) To buy, lease or otherwise acquire, develop, improve, maintain and dispose of such water powers or water systems as may be necessary or useful for the purpose of the operations of the company ;

(*d*) To construct, or enter into contracts or agreements for the construction of railway sidings, wharves, docks and such works as may be necessary or useful to the company in the exercise of its powers ;

(*e*) To manufacture, treat, develop, buy, sell, exchange, or othewise deal with chemical products and their derivatives, waste or by-products ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company, or calculated to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To amalgamate with or enter into partnership or arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession, or otherwise, with any person, firm or corporation, carrying on or about to carry on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To acquire and take over the assets and liabilities of any person, firm or corporation carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of powers or property suitable for the purposes of the company, and the same to pay for in cash or fully paid-up and non-assessable shares of the company's capital stock, as may be deemed advisable ;

(*i*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or limited rights or any secret or other information as to any invention or process, and to turn to account, sell, lease or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the assets and business of the company to any person, firm or corporation for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures and securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act ;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*l*) To distribute in specie or otherwise any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company formed to take over the whole or any part of the undertakings of the company ;

(*m*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs and expenses of and incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company ;

(*n*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*o*) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental to the carrying out of the objects of the company ;

(*p*) The powers is each paragraph to be is no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph, or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Canadian Silk & Dye Works, Limited, (La Compagnie Canadienne de Soieries et de Teintureries, Limitée)," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 10th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of November, 1916, incorporating Leon Daoust and Aimé Daoust, clerks, Annie McPartlin, Elsie Bramson and Malca Levitt, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares, appliances, merchandise of all sorts and descriptions and to establish, maintain and conduct a jobbing, commission, brokerage and general agency business ;

(*b*) To design, construct, manufacture, build, erect, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, own, improve, develop, repair, alter, maintain, operate, manage, sell, exchange, let out to hire, charter or otherwise deal in and dispose of appliances, buildings, plants, equipments, machinery, implements, materials and supplies of every description ;

(*c*) To acquire all or any part of the good-will, property and assets, including any agency, option, contract, agreement, concession or the like of any individual, firm, association or corporation carrying on a similar business and to pay for the same wholly or in part in cash or bonds, or in payment or part payment therefor to allot and issue, as fully paid up and non-assessable, shares of the capital stock of the company whether subscribed for or not ;

(*d*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the property, assets, rights, undertakings or

good-will of the company, and to accept payment for the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds, stock or other securities of any corporation or company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, trade marks, copyrights, agencies, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or process and to turn to account, sell, lease or otherwise deal in such patents, trade marks, copyrights, licenses, agencies or concessions ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the stock, shares, securities or undertakings of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its undertakings or assets to or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*g*) To enter into any agreement for the sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, hold, sell and deal in the business, assets, good-will, stock, shares or securities of any person, firm or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company and generally to do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which the company is incorporated, and to exercise all other powers permitted by the Act.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited," with a capi-tal stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

British Chemical Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of November, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers, Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the folloming purposes, viz. :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in all kinds of explosives, chemicals, fertilizers, acids and alkalis of all kinds and whatever composition and the various articles used in their manufacture, and all by-products thereof, and in all articles composed either wholly or in part of the same, and all materials, substances, appliances and things required for or incidental to the manufacture, preparation, adaptation, use, firing or working of explosives and chemicals, or the packing, storing, carrying or disposition thereof ;

(*b*) For the purposes aforesaid, to carry on the business of miners, iron, brass and other metal-founders, machinists, tool-makers, metallurgists, or metal workers, fitters, mill wrights, packing-box makers, and all other detail branches of business usually or conveniently connected with any such business as aforesaid, either for preparing or finishing articles for sale, or for auxiliary purposes, as well as for the purposes of the businesses aforesaid as for the purpose of profit as independent businesses ;

(*c*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things used in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture, of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*d*) To construct, maintain and operate on the property of the company all works, bridges, reservoirs, flumes, dams, and any other works and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*e*) To construct, acquire, own, manage, charter, operate, hire and lease all kinds of steam and sailing vessels, boats, tugs and barges and other vessels, wharves, docks, elevators, warehouses, freight sheds and other buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*f*) To establish, maintain and operate for the use of the company, its employees, tenants and others a fire protection service, water service, electric light or gas service, and to make such contracts with respect to the same as may be found necessary or advisable either for the disposal of the surplus or otherwise ;

(*g*) To apply for, maintain, register, lease, acquire and hold or to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any patents of invention, improvements or processes, trade-marks, trade-names and the like, necessary to or beneficial for any of the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To distribute amongst the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company belonging of the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*i*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise the shares of any other company carrying on business in whole or in part similar to the business which this company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, or otherwise to acquire and undertake any other to that of the company, together with its plant, stock-in-trade, good-will, franchises and assets of all kinds and liabilities, and to carry on any other business which may seem to be capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or to facilitate the realization of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights or undertakings ;

(*j*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem proper, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*k*) To issue paid up shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be acquired by, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts and liabilities owing by the company ;

(*l*) To amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company, and to advance money to, guarantee the contracts of and otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares and securities of any such company and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*m*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others or as factors or agents ;

(*n*) To do all such other things as may be necessary to the due carrying out of the above objects or any of them ;

(*o*) The powers in each paragraph hereof are to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere

by the name of "British Chemical Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Regal Films, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of November, 1916, incorporating George Herbert Sedgewick, James Aitchison and Duncan McArthur, barristers-at-law, Archibald Thomas Struthers, accountant, and Francis Henry Hurley, law clerk, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—.

(*a*) To produce or acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise motion picture films and to exhibit and distribute motion picture films and generally to carry on in all its branches a theatrical business ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all kinds ;

(*c*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property or any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business or capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the company's property or rights, for the time being ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, exercise and enjoy in its own name, all or any of the property, franchise, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or any company or companies carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to pay for such property, franchise, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in shares of the company wholly or partly paid up and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*e*) To aid in any manner any corporation any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds, debentures or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by this company and to do any act or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds, debentures or other obligations, and to do any and all acts tending to increase the value of any of the property at any time held or controlled by this company ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights :

(*g*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, leases, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to pay for the same in cash, shares or other securities of the company or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement with any government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges, concessions or franchises which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, comply with or surrender any such arrangements, rights, privileges, concessions and franchises ;

(*j*) To establish and support, or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors or associates in business), or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant annuities, pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage carry out or control any roads, ways, branches o sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise and to hold and, with or without guarantee, to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in and of any other company carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company and to pay for such shares, stock, debentures, bonds and other obligations either in cash or partly in cash or to issue shares of this company fully paid up or partly paid up in payment or partly in cash and partly by the issue of shares of this company fully paid up or partly paid up, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to use the funds of the company in the purchase of shares, stock, debentures, bonds and obligations in and of any other company carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to vote on all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*o*) To sell, let or hire or otherwise deal with or dis pose of the undertaking and assets of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company ;

(*p*) With the approval of the shareholders, to remunerate any person for services rendered to the company, in such manner as the company may deem expedient, and more particularly by the issue and allotment of shares, bonds or other securities of the company wholly or partly paid up, but nothing in this clause contained shall be deemed to limit the power of the directors to fix and pay the salary of any and all servants, agents and employees of the company;

(*q*) To lend money to customers and other persons, firms and corporations having dealings with the company and to take security for the loan of such money ; to guarantee the performance of the contractual and

other obligations of any such customers and other persons, firms and corporations and any or either of them, and to give any guarantee or indemnity as may seem expedient ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products and exhibitions of the company and of the persons, firms or corporations having contractual relations with the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*s*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company, or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of its business ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise ;

(*v*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the above objects, and so that the objects specified in each paragraph of the clause shall, except when otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or to or from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Regal Films, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, divided into 3,750 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Prudential Credit and Financial Bureau, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of November, 1916, incorporating Henry Weinfield, Marcus Meyer Sperber, Jacob Yale Fortier, advocates, Jean Charles Duhamel, and George Duhamel accountants, all of the city of Montreal in the Province of Quebec for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To inquire and report to creditors upon the financial standing of persons, merchants, firms, and corporations, and to exchange among subscribers information as to the credit and standing of merchants, to collect book accounts and all negotiable instruments, and to carry on a general collecting agency, and a jobbers' credit clearing house in all its branches, to act as bookkeepers, accountants, auditors, arbitrators, adjusters, and agents for any person, firm or corporation engaged in carrying on any business similar to that carried on by this Company.

(*b*) To engage in, or carry on, any business or transaction which may, directly or indirectly, enhance the value of, or render profitable, the company's assets, properties or rights ;

(*c*) To collect rents, dividends, interest, mortgages, bonds, bills, notes and accounts ;

(*d*) To act as selling agents for the stocks-in-trade, fixtures, real estate and other assets of merchants, firms and corporations ;

(*e*) To buy, or otherwise acquire, and to sell, or otherwise dispose of, property, real or personal ;

(*f*) To assist in the promotion, organization, development or management of any business, corporation or company, and to raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities, or otherwise, any other business, corporation or company, and to offer for public subscription any shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other business, corporation or company ;

(*g*) To sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of, the property and undertaking of this company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think proper, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds, or security of any other company.

(*h*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interests, co-operation joint adventure, reciprocal concession, or otherwise with any person or company carrying on, or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and to take, or otherwise acquire, shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without security, or otherwise deal in the same.

(*i*) To issue shares of the Company, common or preferred, in payment for property acquire by, or with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to the promoters in connection with the incorporation and organization of the Company, or for franchises, options contracts or other rights, benefits or privileges ;

(*j*) The powers in each of the foregoing clauses to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Prudential Credit and Financial Bureau, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Premier Waterproof Clothing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of November, 1916, incorporating Samuel Cohen, Benjamin Bernard Goldman, Lewis Nathan Science and Jack Lewis, merchants, and Isidore Ballon, advocate, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on throughout the Dominion of Canada the business of importers, exporters, manufacturers and dealers in clothing, tailors' trimmings, hats, caps, haberdashery, gentlemen's furnishings, waterproof goods, and wearing apparel of every description and all other articles and materials which may be conveniently and advantageously dealt in or manufactured in connection with such business and without limiting the generality of the foregoing to manufacture, buy, sell, job and deal in pants and in woollen, worsted, linen, silk and cotton fabrics, and goods composed in whole or in part of cotton, flax, hemp, wool, silk or other material ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, leases, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*e*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*f*) To acquire and undertake generally the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will and undertaking, rights and assets, and to assume the whole or any part of the liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business with objects similar in whole or in part to those which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company;

(*g*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*h*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*i*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business;

(*j*) To adopt such means of making known the goods and operations of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*k*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*l*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, commission men, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*m*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*n*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Premier Waterproof Clothing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

21–2

Trudeau Carriage, Limited.
Carrosserie Trudeau, Limitée.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of November, 1916, incorporating Théophile Trudeau, manufacturer, Maximilien Renaud, Jean Louis Poirier and Ernest Trudeau, accountants, and Omer Daoust, blacksmith, all of the city of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in all classes of carriages, vehicles, wagons, sleighs, motor wagons, automobiles, cars operated by horse power, steam, gasoline, electric or any other power, wheels, springs, axles, lamps, harness, automobile accessories, tires, lumber, and everything appertaining to the manufacture and trade of the above-named;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise;

(*c*) To acquire and own the assets, property, privileges, franchises, contracts, leases, real estate and other rights of any other individual, firm or company doing a similar business, and generally the business of any person or company exercising an industry or carrying on a trade which this company is authorized to carry on;

(*d*) To act as agents for other persons or companies in the purchase, sale, exchange or lease of all products concerning the objects for which the company is incorporated;

(*e*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated;

(*f*) To acquire and use steam, electric or other powers for the purposes aforesaid;

(*g*) To receive in payment of merchandise or for work done, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities issued by any similar company, and to give or dispose of the same;

(*h*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects similar to those herein enumerated on such terms as the company may choose;

(*i*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of in whole or in part the property, rights, or undertakings of the company, for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*j*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, rights, claims, privileges, concessions, or other advantages which the Company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of this Company;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the monies of the Company not immediately required, in such manner as may be from time to time determined;

(*l*) To apply for and acquire on any terms, letters patent of inventions, patent rights, processes, concessions, licenses, trade-marks, copyrights, or any other privileges or protections of a like nature, for, or connected with any matter, article or subject to manufacture or convenient for the business of the company, and to turn the same to account by manufacturing or working the same or granting licenses in respect thereof or otherwise;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Trudeau Carriage Company, Limited"—"Carrosserie Trudeau Limitée," with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

21–2

Toronto Hockey and Amusement Company, Ltd.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of November, 1916, incorporating Elizabeth Knox, Emma Pearle King, Mary Elizabeth Cherrier and Eva Levitt, stenographers, and Harry Gordon Keen, students-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, take on lease, hire or otherwise acquire and hold lands or buildings or any interests therein for the purpose of athletic sports, recreation, amusement and entertainment ;

(*b*) To erect buildings on such lands or any of them for the purpose of skating, curling, hockey or any other kind of athletic sport, amusement, recreation or entertainment ;

(*c*) To use, convert, adapt and maintain all or any of such lands, buildings andpremises for the purposes aforesaid or any of them, with their usual and necessary adjuncts ;

(*d*) To promote, organize, manage, direct and conduct games, meets, exhibitions, matches, competitions, shows and displays and to give and contribute towards prizes, cups and other rewards :

(*e*) To apply for, purchase, hire, lease or otherwise acquire any franchise or permit to hold such games, meets, exhibitions, matches, competitions, shows and displays in public ;

(*f*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose and for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures and securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*h*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*i*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or enterprise which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*j*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*k*) To issue the stock, bond, debentures or other securities of the company in payment in whole or in part of any of the foregoing ;

(*l*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*m*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Toronto Hockey and Amusement Company, Limited, with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one twenty-five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Finnie and Murray, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of November, 1916, incorporating David Nicholson Finnie and George Coupar Murray, wholesale merchants ; Stephen Elswood Richards and William Lyon McLaws, barristers-at-law, and Francis Albert Johns, clerk, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz. :—

(*a*) To purchase and acquire as a going concern the business heretofore carried on by Messrs. Finnie and Murray as wholesale merchants and manufacturers at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, including all the real estate, buildings, plant, machinery, stock in trade, rights, credits and good-will and assets generally of said business and to undertake the liabilities of the said Finnie and Murray in respect thereof for such price and upon such terms of payment either in cash or securities or in the shares of this company and to carry on the said business of the said Finnie and Murray as wholesale dry goods merchants and to extend the same to any or all of the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada ;

(*b*) To carry on in all or any of the Provinces of Canada the business of merchants and manufacturers of any and all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise whether by wholesale or retail, and to import, buy, sell or otherwise deal in or manufacture all classes of goods, wares and merchandise such as are generally used in the business of dealers in textile fabrics of all kinds of dry goods, millinery, dressmakers, tailors, hatters, clothiers, outfitters, glovers, lace manufacturers, feather-dressers, boot and shoemakers, leather goods, honsehold furniture, iron-mongery, turnery and other household fittings and utensils, ornaments, stationery, fancy goods, provisions, drugs, chemicals and other articles and commodities of personal and household use and consumption and generally of and in all manufactured and unmanufactured goods, materials, provisions and produce;

(*c*) To buy, sell, manufacture, repair, alter and exchange, let on hire, export and deal in all of the above named classes of goods and all kinds of articles and things which may be required for the purpose of any of the said businesses or commonly supplied or dealt in by persons engaged in any such business, or which may be capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the said businesses ;

(*d*) To provide and conduct refreshment rooms, newspaper rooms, reading and writing rooms, dressing rooms, telephone and other conveniences for the use of customers and others

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, corporation right, trade-licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation

joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*g*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*i*) To take and hold mortgages of real estate, chattel mortgages, collateral or other securities upon real or personal property from any of its customers or other persons having dealings with the company and to take or hold any real or personal estate in trust or otherwise as security for or in payment of loans and debts due or to become due to the company;

(*j*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent object, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*l*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and to hold any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*m*) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company;

(*n*) To construct, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, tramways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist to take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*o*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*p*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*r*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company's capital or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company for the conduct of its business;

(*s*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*t*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects:

(*u*) To carry on any other business, manufacturing or otherwise which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above specified businesses or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of, or render profitable any the of company's property or rights;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Finnie and Murray, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars divided into 3,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Musical Instruments, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of November, 1916, incorporating Ambrose Thompson Pike, merchant, Jacob Allan Moore, manufacturer, Benjamin Steck Stright, salesman, Richard Honeyford, solicitor, and Kathleen Alberta Wilkinson, spinster, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy and sell musical instruments of every kind and nature as well as to buy and sell the parts thereof and all articles of whatsoever kind and nature used in and incidental to the proposed business of the company, including in such definition phonographs and voice recording machines;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it

desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe and guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Musical Instruments, Limited," with a capital stock of five forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Beaver Board Timber Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of November, 1916, incorporating James White Bicknell, John Bruce O'Brien, Morley Carman vander Voort and Aubrey Thomas Maher, students-at-law, and John Steuart Duggan, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz. :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of pulp manufacturers, importers and dealers, and to manufacture, export, prepare, buy, sell and deal in pulpwood and pulp, either mechanically or chemically prepared, and other articles incident to the manufacture of pulp and articles in the making of which pulpwood or wood pulp form constituent parts ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of lumbermen, timbermen and sawmillers, and to acquire, buy, sell and deal in timber lands and timber limits and in standing timber and rights or licenses held by persons to cut or remove such timber and acquire and deal in timber and logs, and to manufacture and deal in lumber, ties, laths, shingles and other wood products and in extracts, essences and by-products thereof and in all articles of which timber or wood may form a constituent part ;

(*c*) To purchase, construct, charter and navigate vessels or construct and operate tramways on lands owned or controlled by the company so far as may be necessary for the business of the company ;

(*d*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights:

(*e*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property or liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) Subject to section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To enter into arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with

any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*i*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employes of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*n*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company :

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*p*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects and of the objects set out in the letters patent and supplementary letters patent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Beaver Board Timber Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 31st October, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 417 has this day been issued to The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania, authorizing the transaction of Tornado Insurance in Canada in addition to Fire Insurance for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
20–4 Superintendent of Insurance.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, November 6, 1916.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that by M. & F. Order No. 47 in 1916, dated 3rd November, 1916, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act, has granted permission to change the name of the steamer "Cora," which has been purchased from foreigners, (U.S.A.) to that of "Thomas B."

A. JOHNSTON,
20–2 Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

GENERAL ORDER.

A GENERAL sitting of "The Exchequer Court of Canada," under the provisions of Rule 166, for the trial of cases, etc., will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Fraserville, P.Q., commencing on Tuesday, the 16th day of January, A.D. 1917, at 11 a.m.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of October, A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE,
19-4 *J.E.C.*

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 100 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 45.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrc from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrc in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(338) Bay of Fundy—Gannet rock—Use of explosive fog signals to be discontinued

Former notice.—No. 137 (366) of 1907.

Position—On Gannet rock.

Lat. N. 44° 30′ 38″, Long. W. 66° 46′ 57″.

Explosive fog signals to be discontinued.—The use of cotton powder bombs as an emergency fog signal will be discontinued after the 1st January, 1917.

N. to M. No. 100 (338) 17-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2539, 352, 1651, 2492 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 272.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 4.
Departmental File: No. 20004F.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(339) East coast—Northumberland strait—Kouchibouguac bay—St. Louis gully—Hydrographic notes.

Hydrographic notes.—St. Louis gully as at present located has broken through the line of the outer sand dunes, 8 cables south of the position shown on Admiralty chart No. 2034. Inside this outer line of sand dunes the natural channel into the river follows the large curve shown on the chart. An artificial channel 40 feet wide and 3 feet deep at L. W. O. S. T. has been dredged across the chord of this curve in the alignment of the range lights. Both channels are marked by bushes. The entrance should not be attempted by strangers.

N. to M. No. 100 (339) 17-10-16.

Authority: Personal inspection by Chief Engineer, Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2034 1651 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 242.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 848.1 and 848.2.
Departmental File: No. 20845.1 M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(340) East coast—Miramichi bay—Sheldrake island front range light—Change in illuminating apparatus.

Position of front range light.—On the northeastern point of Sheldrake island.

Lat. N. 47° 5′ 37″, Long. W. 65° 19′ 8″.

Alteration.—A catoptric illuminating apparatus has been substituted for the fifth order lens heretofore used.

Characteristic of light.—Fixed white.

N. to M. No. 100 (340) 17-10-16.

Authority: Report from N. B. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1712, 2034, 1651, and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 281.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 876.
Departmental File No. 20876A.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(341) East coast—Miramichi bay—Lower Neguac—Back range light improved.

Position—Lat. N. 47° 15′ 45″, Long. W. 65° 2′ 50″,

Light improved—Lower Naguac wharf range back light on the beach has been improved by the substitution of a sixth order dioptric illuminating apparatus for the catoptric apparatus heretofore used.

Characteristic of light—Fixed white.

N. to M. No. 100 (341) 17-10-16.

Authority: Report from N.B. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2034 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 289.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 891.
Departmental File: No. 20890A.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 17th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.
20-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 102 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 47.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(343) South coast—Lockeport—Dredging—Buoyage.

Former notice.—No. 47 (158) of 1915.

Dredging.—Dredging has been done by the Department of Public Works of Canada at Lockeport, as follows, all to a depth of 15 feet at low water: an entrance channel 200 feet wide, a channel in front of the wharves, and a turning basin.

The north limit of the dredged portion runs from a point 0·22 mile 225° (S. 64° 30′ W. mag.) from Carter island light 1800 feet on a bearing of 252° (N. 88° 30′ W. mag.) to a point 75 feet south of the outer end of the Atlantic Canning Company's wharf; the west limit of the dredged channel in front of the wharves runs from the above-mentioned point 75 feet south of the Atlantic Canning Company's wharf on a bearing of 177° (S. 16° 30′ W. mag.) for a distance of 1200 feet.

Buoyage.—The dredged entrance channel and turning basin will, without further notice, be marked by nine wooden spar buoys, as follows:—

(*1*) *New position of buoy.*—On south side of dredged entrance channel at its outer end; 0·24 mile 217° (S. 56° 30′ W. mag.) from Carter island light.
Lat. N. 43° 42′ 2″, Long. W. 65° 6′ 10″.
Colour.—Black.

(*2*) *New buoy. Position.*—On north side of dredged entrance channel at its outer end, opposite and 200 feet distant from (1).
Lat. N. 43° 42′ 4″, Long. W. 65° 6′ 10″.
Colour.—Red.

(*3*) *New position of buoy.*—On south side of dredged entrance channel, 525 feet 252° (N. 88° 30′ W. mag.) from (1).
Colour.—Black.

(*4*) *New buoy. Position.*—On north side of dredged entrance channel, opposite and 200 feet distant from (3).
Colour.—Red.

(*5*) *New position of buoy.*—On south side of dredged entrance channel, 525 feet 252° (N. 88° 30′ W. mag.) from (3).
Colour.—Black.

(*6*) *New buoy. Position.*—On north side of dredged entrance channel, opposite and 200 feet distant from (5).
Colour.—Red.

(*7*) *New buoy. Position.*—At southeast corner of turning basin, 470 feet 179° (S. 18° 30′ W. mag.) from (5).
Colour.—Black.

(8) *New buoy. Position.*—On south side of turning basin, 250 feet 262° (N. 78° 30′ W. mag.) from (7).

Colour.—Black.

(9) *New buoy. Position.*—On south side of turning basin, 225 feet 228° (S. 67° 30′ W. mag.) from (8).

Colour.—Black.

N. to M. No. 102 (313) 20-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 19° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Mr. T J. Locke, District Engineer, P.W. Dept.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 340 and 730.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot 1911, page 198.
Departmental File: No. 19966.

ENGLAND.

(344) South coast—Isle of Wight—The Needles—Obstruction reported, southward of, destroyed.

Former notice.—No. 92 (313) of 1916.

Position.—At a distance of about 6 miles southward of the Needles rocks.

Lat. 50° 33¾′ N., Long. 1° 33¾′ W.

Details.—The submerged obstruction reported in the former Notice has been destroyed, and no longer constitutes a danger to navigation.

N. to M. No. 102 (344) 20-10-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 1083 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2145, 2450, 2675b and 1598.
Publication: Channel Pilot, Part I, 1908, page 179.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 20th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

20-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 103 of 1916.

(Pacific No. 24.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(345) Vancouver island—West coast—Off Clo-oose—Gong on submarine bell buoy.

Former notice.—No. 101 (336) of 1914.

Position.—Off Clo-oose.

Lat. N. 48° 39′ 15″, Long. W. 124° 50′ 30″

Date.—On or about 15th December, 1916, or as soon thereafter as is conveniently possible, without further notice.

Gong to be placed on submarine bell buoy.—Clo-oose submarine bell buoy will also be equipped with a gong above water. The buoy will be surmounted by a new pyramidal steel frame supporting the gong.

Remarks.—The gong will be sounded by the motion of the buoy on the waves.

N. to M. No. 103 (345) 23-10-16.

Authority: Memo. from Commissioner of Lights.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1911, 1917 and 2531.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 43.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2264·8.
Departmental Files: Nos. 27702 and 35466.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(346) Burrard inlet—North Vancouver—Private lights.

The following two lights have been placed by the Vancouver Creosoting Company on dolphins located near their wharf at North

Vancouver, on the north side of Burrard inlet, for the Company's own purposes. They are not to be considered as aids to navigation:—

(1) *Westerly light. Position.*—On a dolphin located 2629 feet 181° 40′ (S. 23° 20′ E. mag.) from the southwest corner of Block 26, District Lot 266, North Vancouver, in the prolongation of the east limit of Pemberton avenue, 110 feet westward of the Vancouver Creosoting Company's wharf; 3580 feet 29° (N. 4° E. mag.) from Brockton point light.

Lat. N. 49° 18′ 33″, Long. W. 123° 6′ 36″

Character.—Fixed white light.

Elevation.—23 feet.

Visibility.—5 miles from all points of approach.

(2) *Easterly light. Position.*—On a dolphin located 480 feet 84° (N. 59° E. mag.) from the westerly light, 320 feet eastward of the Vancouver Creosoting Company's wharf; 3918 feet 35° (N. 10° E. mag.) from Brockton point light.

Lat. N. 49° 18′ 33″, Long. W. 123° 6′ 28″

Character.—Fixed white light.

Elevation.—23 feet.

Visibility.—5 miles from all points of approach.

N. to M. No. 103 (346) 23-10-16.

Variation in 1916 : 25° E.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 922, 1922 and 2689.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 293.
Departmental File: No. 38098.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(347) Burrard inlet—Burnaby—Private lights.

The following lights have been placed by the Shell Company of California on dolphins located near their wharf at Burnaby, on the south side of Burrard inlet, for the Company's own purposes. They are not to be considered as aids to navigation:—

(1) *Easterly light. Position.*—On a dolphin located 500 feet 350° (N. 35° W. mag.) from the point where the east boundary of District Lot 215, Municipality of Burnaby, cuts the south shore of Burrard inlet; 125 feet eastward of the wharf of the Shell Company of California; 1·1 miles 179° (S. 26° E. mag.) from the south point of Boulder island.

Lat. N. 49° 17′ 34″, Long. W. 122° 56′ 12″

Character.—A fixed green light placed vertically above a fixed white light.

Elevation.—23 feet.

Visibility.—One mile over an arc of 112° from 162° (S. 43° E. mag.) through S. and W. to 274° (S. 69° W. mag.)

(2) *Westerly light. Position.*—On a dolphin located 300 feet 252° (S. 47° W. mag.) from the easterly light; 125 feet westward of the wharf of the Shell Company of California.

Character.—A fixed green light placed vertically above a fixed white light.

Elevation.—23 feet.

Visibility.—Two miles over an arc of 112° from 50° (N. 25° E. mag.) through E. to 162° (S. 43° E. mag.)

N. to M. No. 103 (347) 3-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 25° E.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 922, 1922 and 2689.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 298.
Departmental File: No. 38098.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(348) Cordero channel—Lyall island—Uncharted shoal.

Capt. J. Cockle, Master of the S.S. "Cheakamus," reports the existence of an uncharted shoal in the west end of Cordero channel, between Lyall island and Grismond point.

Position.—The shoal extends about one cable in a 48° (N. 22° E. mag.) direction from Lyall island.

Depth.—The depth on the shoal varies from 8 feet to 20 feet.

Description.—The formation is rocky. The shoal is marked by kelp in summer.

Remarks.—There is a good channel with 10 fathoms and no bottom on the mainland side of mid-channel.

N. to M. No. 103 (348) 23-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 26° E.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 3260, 580, 2870 and 1917.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 377.
Departmental File: No. 38219.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 23rd October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

20-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 104 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 48.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(349) Bay of Fundy—Chignecto channel—Grindstone island—Change in fog alarm—Interruption of service.

Position.—On west end of Grindstone island.

Lat. N. 45° 43′ 17″, Long. W. 64° 37′ 21″.

Change in character of fog alarm.—The steam fog horn will, without further notice, be replaced by a diaphone, operated with air, compressed by an oil engine. The diaphone will give three blasts of 2 seconds, with intervals of 3 seconds between them, in each minute, thus :

Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent interval
2 secs.	3 secs.	2 secs.	3 secs.	2 secs.	48 secs.

Interruption in service.—During a period of about three weeks, probably in November, 1916, while the new machinery is being installed, no fog alarm will be sounded at this station. The exact dates of closing down and resuming of operation of fog alarm will be furnished to the local pilots.

N. to M. No. 104 (349) 24-10-16.

Authority: Departmental Records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 354, 353, 1651, and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 321.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 126.
Departmental File: No. 20126F.

QUEBEC.

(350) River St. Lawrence—Hare island knoll—Buoy no longer maintained.

Buoy no longer maintained.—Red conical buoy No. 48B, which formerly marked the northeast end of Hare island knoll, in the river St. Lawrence, was withdrawn in the fall of 1908, and is no longer maintained.

Lat. N. 47° 47′ 26″, Long. W. 69° 44′ 24″.

N. to M. No. 104 (350) 24-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty chart: No. 313.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 201.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 93.
Departmental File: No 11785.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

(351) East coast—Fogo island—Rags island—Light again in operation.

Former notice.—No. 31 (114) of 1916.

Position.—On Rags island.

Lat. N. 49° 43′ 45″, Long. W. 54° 15′ 50″.

Light in operation.—The fixed white light is again exhibited.

N. to M. No. 104 (351) 24-10-16.

Authority: Newfoundland N. to M. No. 4 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 291, 293, and 232b.
Publication: Newfoundland Pilot, 1907, page 386.

NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN.

(352) Rockall bank—Rockall—Magnetic disturbance reported.

Position.—Rockall, Lat. 57° 36′ N., Long. 13° 42′ W.

Details.—An area of magnetic disturbance is reported to exist to the northward and north-eastward of Rockall, the focus of the disturbance appears to be about 2 to 3 miles off the island.

Caution.—Care should be taken when navigating in the above vicinity.

N. to M. No. 104 (352) 24-10-16.

Authority: British Admiralty N. to M. No. 1101 of 1916.
Admiralty chart: No. 2.
Publication: West coast of Scotland Pilot, part 2, 1911, page 272.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 24th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 20-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 106 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 50.)

CANADA, EAST COAST; AND NEWFOUNDLAND.

(356) Caution with regard to extinction of lights and discontinuance or removal of aids to navigation.

Caution.—Mariners are hereby warned that it may be necessary to extinguish certain lights and to discontinue or remove any aids to navigation on the east coast of Canada and on the coasts of Newfoundland without further notice.

N. to M. No. 106 (356) 28-10-16.

Authority: Department of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 32504.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(357) South coast—Halifax harbour entrance—Sambro outer bank—Lightship removed—Submarine bell discontinued.

Previous notice.—No. 70 (233) of 1916.

Lightship removed.—Sambro lightship, No. 15, has been removed from her station till further notice.

Submarine bell discontinued.—The submarine bell operated from the above lightship has consequently been discontinued.

N. to M. No. 106 (357) 28-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2410, 729, 1651, 2666 and 2570.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 141.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 322.
Departmental Files: Nos. 21040M and 32504.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 28th October, 1916. 20-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 105 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 49.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(353) West Coast—Bay of Fundy—St. Mary bay—Petit passage, south entrance—Bell buoy established.

Position.—600 feet 173° (S. 12° W. mag.) from the ledge off the south point of Digby neck, south entrance to Petit passage.

Lat. N. 44° 22′ 18″, Long. W. 66° 12′ 14″

Description.—Iron buoy, surmounted by a bell.
Colour.—Red, with "Petit passage" in white letters on the deck.
Depth.—10 fathoms.

N. to M. No. 105 (353) 27-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 19° W.
Authority: Report from N. B Agent, M. and F.
Admiralty charts: Nos 2656 352, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 247.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: To be inserted as No. 179·5.
Departmental File: No. 33331.

QUEBEC.

(354) River St. Lawrence—Godbout—Bearing of range lights—Sailing directions.

Former notices.—No. 57 (158) of 1910; and No. 115 (323) of 1911.
Position of front range light.—3200 feet northeastward of the point on the east side of the mouth of Godbout river.

Lat. N. 49° 19′ 0″, Long. W. 67° 35′ 43″

Bearing of range lights.—The back light of the Godbout range bears 282° (N. 53° W. mag.) 331 feet from the front light.
Sailing directions.—A sand spit makes off the southwest point of the bay at the mouth of Godbout river. To clear it keep Pointe des Monts light open. From the westward this light cannot be seen north of 70° (S. 85° E. mag.), on which line a ship would pass 1·8 miles southward of the spit; if it is desired to make the anchorage, when either one of the range lights bears about 335° (North mag.), course is altered to about 352° (N. 17° E. mag.) till the lights are in one, when a ship would be in about 40 fathoms water about 6 cables from the anchorage, the line of lights is then followed till convenient depth is picked up. From the eastward the range lights can be held as soon as picked up, as they lead clear of all land to the northward. Leaving the anchorage and bound westward course can be steered 149° (S. 6° E. mag.) till Pointe des Monts light is seen, when course is altered as desired. Shelter can be got in easterly winds by anchoring close up in the northeast corner of the bay.

N. to M. No. 105 (3 27-10-

Variation in 1916: 25° W.
Authority: Report from Mr. C. Savary, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Surve steamer "Cartier."
Admiralty charts: Nos 307 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916, pages 225 and 226.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 1078 and 1079.
Departmental File: No. 21078C.

NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN.

(355) Southeastward of Newfoundland—Derelict.

Derelict.—Transport "Peshawur" reports passing on 24th October, 1916, derelict schooner awash. No masts.

Lat. N. 46° 2′, Long. W. 52° 35′

N. to M. No. 105 (355) 27-10-16.

Authority: Naval Service Department.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2666 and 2059.
Departmental File: No. 14191.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 27th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 107 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 33.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured eloekwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautieal miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(358) Lake Ontario—Port Hope—Dredging.

Dredging.—The entrance to Port Hope harbour has been dredged by the Department of Public Works of Canada to a depth of 16 feet below the zero of the gauge, which is 245 feet above mean sea level, New York. Beginning 200 feet outside the breakwaters with a width of 175 feet, the dredging extends northwards the full width between the breakwater piers to the point where the harbour widens and thence follows the east breakwater with a least width of 170 feet to the channel between the east and central piers, including the full width of that channel to a point 150 feet inside the warehouse on the east pier.

N. to M. No. 107 (358) 30-10-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. J. M. Wilson, Distriet Engineer, P. W. Dept.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1152 and 797.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 61.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publieation No. 108D, 1907, page 139.
Departmental File: No. 38285.

ONTARIO.

(359) Georgian bay, south side—Collingwood harbour—Light on breakwater to be discontinued.

Former notice.—No. 34 (80) of 1906.

Position.—Outer end of west breakwater pier, entrance to Collingwood harbour.

Lat. N. 44° 31′ 0″, Long. W. 80° 13′ 50″

Light to be discontinued.—The maintenance of Collingwood breakwater fixed white light will be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

Day beacon.—The old disused tower will remain on the site, and not been down.

Fog horn.—In thick weather the hand fog horn will be operated as heretofore, in answer to signals from steamers.

N. to M. No. 107 (359) 30-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 327 and 678.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 81.
Publication: Sailing Direetions for Georgian Bay, 1915, page 143.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1992.
Departmental File: No. 21992R.

ONTARIO.

(360) Georgian bay—Penetanguishene harbour—Dredging—Buoys to be established.

Previous notice.—No. 87 (274) of 1914.

Depth.—A resurvey of Penetanguishene harbour made by the Department of Public Works of Canada establishes the fact that the 300-foot channel is in parts less than 20 feet deep. During the present season a channel having a least width of 100 feet has been completed to the depth of 20 feet below the zero of the gauge, which is 580 feet above mean sea level at New York.

In front of the esplanade a basin 500 feet square with a tapered approach carries the same depth.

Basin buoys.—On the opening of navigation in 1917 two new spar buoys will be placed, one marking the northwest and the other the southwest extreme of the esplanade basin, as follows :

(*1*) *Position of buoy.*—Lat. N. 44° 46′ 21″, Long. W. 79° 56′ 28″
Colour.—Red.

(*2*) *Position of buoy.*—Lat. N. 44° 46′ 16″, Long. W. 79° 56′ 28″
Colour.—Red.

Positions of buoys. Correction.—The latitudes and longitudes given in Notice to Mariners No. 87 of 1914 for Penetanguishene harbour buoys must be corrected by adding 14 seconds to each latitude and 3 seconds to each longitude.

N. to M. No. 107 (360) 30-10-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. J. H. Armstrong, District Engineer, P.W. Dept.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 89.
Publication: Sailing directions for Georgian Bay, 1915, page 313.
Departmental File: No. 19508.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(361) Lake Erie—Erie harbour approach—Wreck of "Rob Roy" not now a menace to navigation.

Former notice.—No. 95 (323) of 1916.

Position.—2.48 miles 28° (N. 33° E. mag.) from the fog bell on the outer end of the north pier, Erie harbour.

Wreck not a menace to navigation.—The wreck of the barge "Rob Roy" is no longer a menace to navigation. The upper works have been destroyed by storms, the mast and boom have been removed, and the wreck now has at least 30 feet water over it.

Light discontinued.—The fixed white light, which marked the wreck, has been discontinued.

N. to M. No. 107 (361) 30-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 5° W.
Authority: U. S. Lake Survey N. to M., 23rd October, 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 324, 320 and 678.
Publication: U.S.H.O. Publication No. 108D, 1907, page 32.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 30th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

21-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 108 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 51.)

NOVA SCOTIA.

(362) South coast—Halifax—Closing of port.

Mariners are hereby warned that the port of Halifax is closed to all vessels between the hours of sunset and sunrise, until further notice.

N. to M. No. 108 (362) 3-11-16.

Authority: Dept. of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 32504.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

(363) Lights extinguished—St. Johns harbour closed by night.

The following lights are extinguished until further notice: Cape St. Francis, Cape Spear, Bull Head, Ferryland, Bearcove point, Fort Amherst and St. Johns range lights.

St. Johns harbour is closed to the entry of shipping at night until further notice. The Narrows are closed by a boom from sunset to sunrise and a guard boat is in attendance.

N. to M. No. 108 (363) 3-11-16.

Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M. No. 44 of 1916.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 3rd November, 1916.

21-

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

AGRICULTURE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 118 pp 0.10
Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp 0.15
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de la Chimie, de la Culture du Sol, et de l'Elevage, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 596 pp 0.45
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for November, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, octobre 1916, 108 pp. illus 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, August, 1916 ..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, August, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Cultivateurs, conservez votre fumier (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 55. Gratuit.
* Conseils pour la saison—novembre 1916 (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). 16 pp. Gratuit.
* L'Occasion qui s'offre aux èleveurs canadiens—discours prononcé par monsieur John Bright, 18 pp. Gratuit.
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* 74th " " " " "
33rd Battalion, also 1st and 2nd Reinforcing Draft, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
46th " " " " " "
51th " and Reinforcing Drafts, " " "
* 88th " " " "
* 90th " " " "
* 23rd " " " "
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1916-17 **1916-17**

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st October, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.			1915.	1916.
	LIABILITIES.		$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—				
Payable in New York				75,357,000 00
do in Canada			750,360 94	150,202,277 73
do in London			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Temporary Loans			160,140,350 86	131,099,474 69
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes			164,630,286 16	174,863,077 29
SAVINGS BANKS—	1915.	1916.		
Post Office Savings Banks	$38,776,528 66	$40,877,801 16		
Dominion Government Savings Banks	13,857,473 07	13,550,297 64		
			52,634,001 73	54,428,098 80
Trust Funds			10,214,979 95	10,275,955 80
Province Accounts			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts			29,109,568 32	35,174,870 87
Total Gross Debt			797,772,100 88	1,119,393,494 99
	ASSETS.			
INVESTMENTS—				
Sinking Funds			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Other Investments			108,017,819 43	131,204,412 71
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS			183,558,087 78	277,385,747 11
Total Assets			305,243,608 79	423,614,978 44
Total Net Debt 31st October			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
do do to 30th September			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
Increase of Debt			7,686,858 36	15,503,071 65

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of October, 1915.	Total to 31st October, 1915	Month of October, 1916.	Total to 31st October, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	7,847,784 37	51,054,363 87	11,076,575 47	75,191,250 29
Excise	1,844,700 02	12,034,755 15	2,043,742 22	13,985,293 74
Post Office	1,400,000 00	9,399,779 65	1,550,000 00	10,350,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,389,019 53	10,223,891 21	2,224,598 32	15,100,688 14
Miscellaneous	958,829 98	4,971,058 61	1,263,212 04	7,120,575 98
Total	14,440,333 90	87,683,848 49	18,158,128 05	121,747,808 15
EXPENDITURE	10,075,981 74	56,347,603 96	7,803,405 29	57,561,116 89
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	8,931,265 19	53,359,158 30	22,948,251 86	127,487,147 06
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,874,997 36	19,686,843 12	2,384,704 80	13,540,236 47
Railway Subsidies	244,889 57	967,910 71	.....	363,478 61
Total	12 051,152 12	74,013,912 13	25,332,956 66	141,390,862 14

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th November, 1916.

20-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,773 25	Gold held October 31, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,130,169 53
Fractional	997,482 04		
$1	14,268,585 00		
$2	10,544,717 50		
$4	45,399 00		
$5	3,590,912 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50	10,250 00	10 p.c. on $54,428,098.80 under The Savings Banks Act	5,442,809 88
$100	2,000 00		
$500	2,024,500 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,687,359 65
$1,000	4,273,000 00		
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	204,000 00		
$1,000 " " "	1,396,000 00		
$5,000 " " "	137,250,000 00		
	$ 174,634,619 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,301 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,773 25

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

20-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of September, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	848,287 62	
Malt Liquor	11,641 35	
Malt	197,582 10	
Tobacco	982,648 53	
Cigars	62,461 36	
Manufactures in Bond	15,642 83	
Acetic Acid	741 27	
Seizures	468 58	
Other Receipts	4,338 38	
Total Excise Revenue		2,123,812 02
Methylated Spirits		13,178 28
Ferry		
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,472 52
Gas Inspection		7,153 80
Electric Light Inspection		4,427 75
Law Stamps		406 35
Other Revenues		803 01
War Tax		76,366 22
Grand Total Revenue		2,237,619 95

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 23rd October, 1916.

18-tf

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of August, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36	WITHDRAWALS during the month	691,788 19
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,172,945 57		
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer			
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	3,672 24		
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,860 45	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st August, 1916.	41,086,063 43
	41,777,851 62		41,777,851 62

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th October, 1916.

18–tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirty-first October, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 30th September, 1916.	Deposits October, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for October, 1916.	Balance on October 31st, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	585,020 09	4,554 00	589,574 09	14,700 45	574,873 64
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,189,385 95	18,880 30	1,208,266 25	47,673 61	1,160,592 64
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,961,329 71	22,816 00	1,984,145 71	63,971 09	1,920,174 62
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	271,272 15	3,483 00	274,755 15	6,250 77	268,504 38
St. John	5,443,730 52	55,179 81	5,498,910 33	169,363 78	5,329,546 55
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	134,493 03	105 00	134,598 03	9,681 95	124,916 08
Guysboro'	117,731 79	2,592 15	120,323 94	3,522 07	116,801 87
Halifax	2,518,820 29	31,875 24	2,550,695 53	57,118 80	2,493,576 73
Kentville	234,163 58	7,723 00	241,886 58	2,663 61	239,222 97
Lunenburg	418,145 75	3,123 00	421,268 75	6,636 05	414,632 70
Port Hood	87,320 75		87,320 75	251 02	87,069 73
Shelburne	226,064 45	2,724 12	228,788 57	3,766 47	225,022 10
Sherbrooke	101,799 42	1,065 00	102,864 42	4,261 00	98,603 42
Wallace	136,671 86	1,702 00	138,373 86	2,136 10	136,237 76
Totals	13,425,949 34	155,822 62	13,581,771 96	391,996 77	13,189,775 19

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

20–tf

10565—4

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA ON THE 1ST NOVEMBER, 1916.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY AND PROVINCE OR TERRITORY.	POSTMASTER.
Bald Rock		Halifax.....N.S.	Miss Mary A. Smith.
Berny	Sec. 3, Tp. 67, R. 16, W. 4th M	Victoria .....Alberta.	E. Menard.
Dorts Cove		Guysboro .....N.S.	Henry V. Williams.
Elbridge (opened 25th October)	Sec. 14, Tp. 60, R. 22, W. 4th M	Edmonton .....Alberta.	T. E. Bruner.
Goldlands (re-opened 10th October)	Clergue	Nipissing .....O.	Mrs. Julia Walsh.
Lac Gatineau (opened 21st October)	Robertson	Labelle .....Q.	Auguste Villard.
Pendryl	Sec. 35, Tp. 45, R. 5, W. 5th M	Strathcona .....Alberta.	H. Weaver.
Pontrilas	Sec. 17, Tp. 49, R. 14, W. 2nd M	Prince Albert .....Sask.	George Davies.
Ravensworth (re-opened)	Bethune	Parry Sound .....O.	J. Q. Adams.
Ruke Lake	Sec. 18, Tp. 61, R. 17, W. 4th M	Edmonton .....Alberta.	A. Lazaruke.
St. Swithin	Sec. 36 Tp. 23, R. 32, W. P. M	Mackenzie .....Sask.	Stanley Fowler.
Thorhild (opened 8th November)	Sec. 5, Tp. 60, R. 21, W. 4th M	Victoria.....Alberta.	U. G. Jardy.
Vigilant	Sec. 32, Tp. 3, R. 4, W. 3rd M	Moose Jaw.....Sask.	Fred Rookledge.
Wisla	Sec. 1, Tp. 19, R. 22, W. P. M	Marquette .....M.	Joseph Dziwin.

NOTE.—*Baldwin Road Post Office*, County of Kings, P.E.I., published last month in the list of closings, is still in operation.

Oyster Ponds Post Office, County of Guysboro, N.S., was closed from the 3rd August to the 1st September.

Aldershot Camp, County of Kings, N.S., was closed on the 25th October.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

NAMES CHANGED.

Lingan Road.....County of South Cape Breton..N.S. to River Ryan.
Rainy Hills.....District of Medicine Hat.....Alberta to Denhart.
Winsloe Station.....County of Queens.....P.E.I. to Winsloe.

OFFICES CLOSED.

	Atwell	County of Macdonald	M.	
b	Bois Blanc	County of Maskinonge	P.Q.	Closed 30th Oct.
	Bunker	District of Humboldt	Sask.	
	Burgess Mines	County of Hastings, E. R.	O.	Closed 28th Oct.
b	Caxton	Three Rivers and St. Maurice	P.Q.	Closed 11th Sept.
	Clystie	District of Medicine Hat	Alberta	Closed 28th Oct.
b	Coatstone	County of Souris	M.	
	Debrecan	District of Saltcoats	Sask.	
	Dennis Lake	County of Selkirk	M.	
	Drummond Creek	District of Battleford	Sask.	
	Ferris	County of Sunbury-Queens	N.B.	Closed 1st Oct.
b	Gilpin	District of Victoria	Alberta	
b	Gingras	County of Lotbiniere	P.Q.	Closed 26th Oct.
b	Gorman	County of Renfrew, S.R.	O.	Closed 30th Sept.
	Halcyonia	District of Battleford	Sask.	
b	Granville	County of Queens	P.E.I.	
b	Hiawatha	County of Peterboro, E. R.	O.	
b	Highfield	County of Hants	N.S.	
b	Indian Ford	County of McDonald	M.	
b	Jessop Falls	County of Prescott	O.	Closed 18th Oct.
b	Maple Hill	County of Megantic	P.Q.	Closed 20th Oct.
b	Miller's Creek	County of Hants	N.S.	
	Mouth of St. Francis	County of Victoria	N.B.	
	Nelles Corners	County of Haldimand	O.	
	Point Cowan	District of Comox-Atlin	B.C.	Closed 25th Oct.
b	Pointe à Calumet	County of Two Mountains	P.Q.	Closed 10th Oct.
b	Ruisseau St. Georges	County of Montcalm	P.Q.	Closed 20th Oct.
b	Ruisseau Vacher	County of Montcalm	P.Q.	Closed 20th Oct,
	Rutherford	County of Portage-la-prairie	M.	
b	St. Antoine Est	County of Lotbiniere	P.Q.	Closed 26th Oct.
b	St. Helen's	County of Huron, W. R.	O.	Closed 21st Oct.
b	St. Michel	County of Victoria	N.B.	Closed 2nd Nov.
b	Shamrock	County of Renfrew, S. R.	O.	Closed 23rd Oct.
	Sheppardville	County of Souris	M.	
b	Suffield	County of Sherbrooke	P.Q.	
a	Thorhild	District of Victoria	Alberta	Closed 8th Nov.
b	Umfraville	County of Hastings, E. R.	O.	Closed 15th Nov.
b	Vollmer	District of Edmonton	Alberta	Closed 9th Oct.
	Walawa	District of Mackenzie	Sask	
b	Waterville	County of Carleton	N.B.	
b	Whelan Lake	County of Renfrew, S. R.	O.	Closed 30th Sept.

(*a*) and a new post office opened under the same name at the Railway Station.
(*b*) closed on the inauguration of Rural Free Delivery.

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3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch); subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy; the amount of which should be calculated as follows:

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Flat charge for title and signature	$1 00
Add two cents per word actual count	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words	.....
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Add one cent per word actual count	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total	.....

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Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws, etc.—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, etc.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thurs days will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette*.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Com- "mittee until there has been filed with that com- "mittee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, town- "ship, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a.*) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar char- "acter within, or in any way affecting the dis- "trict, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b.*) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordina y "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(*7*) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

Extracts from the Standing Rules of the Senate.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Newton Salter, of the Village of Winchester, in the County of Dundas and Province of Ontario, labourer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Elizabeth Salter, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Winchester, in the Province of Ontario this first day of June, A.D. 1916.

JOHN NEWTON SALTER,
Winchester P.O.,
9-14 Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13–14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

15-14

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lauilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
Solicitor for the applicant.

17–14

NOTICE is hereby given that Rozilla Lamb, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, nurse, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, George Alfred Lamb, of Toronto, Ontario, machinist, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, this 31st day of October, 1916.

LEE & O'DONOGHUE,
241-2 Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto, Ont.,
Solicitors for applicant.

19–14

NOTICE is hereby given that Gertrude Ellen Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, William Albrighton Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, on the ground of adultery, misconduct and cruelty.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, this 13th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
511 Union Bank Bldg., Ottawa, Ont.,
Solicitors for applicant.

21–14

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, sheet metal worker, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret S. Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Toronto, this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORRIS & ROACH,
Solicitors for the applicant.

20-14

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
Solicitor for applicant.

18–14

NOTICE is hereby given that Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Major in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Marguerite Claire Stephens, of the said City and District of Montreal, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montreal, Que.,
Solicitors for applicant.

21-14

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hareby given that the Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to change its name and to amend and extend its powers.

Montreal, 17th October, 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
Solicitors for applicant.

18-5

THE PEACE RIVER, McKENZIE AND COPPER MINE RIVER RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a railway company for the general advantage of Canada under the name of "The Peace River, McKenzie and Copper Mine River Railway Company of Canada," with power to lay out, construct and operate a line of railway commencing at a point near Sawridge, on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, thence running north of the east end of Lesser Slave Lake to Buffalo Lake, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to Vermillion, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to the Falls or Chute of Peace River, thence crossing Peace River Falls at the head of the rapids above the Falls and continuing in a northerly direction to the foothills of the Cariboo Mountains, thence continuing northeasterly along the base of the Cariboo Mountains to the head waters of the Little Buffalo River, thence following the valley of the Little Buffalo River nord to the head waters of Salt River, thence continuing down Salt River Valley to a point on the west shore of the Great Slave River known as Bells Rock, approximately a distance of five hundred miles, with power to connect with any railway or railways now constructed or which may hereafter be constructed at or near the territory covered by this railway, and also with power to construct, operate and maintain all necessary bridges, roads, ways and ferries, and to build, acquire, own and maintain wharves and docks in connection with said railway and for such other powers as are usually given to railway companies.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
Solicitors for the applicants,
511 Union Bank Building,
Ottawa, Ont.

21-5

LACHINE, JACQUES CARTIER AND MAISONNEUVE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lachine, Jacques Cartier and Maisonneuve Railway Company, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may construct and complete the railway referred to in section 1, of chapter 93 of the Statutes of 1914, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 16th day of November, A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
Solicitor for the applicants.

21–5

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Bank will be held at the head office of the said Bank in the City of Quebec, Que., on Tuesday the 28th day of November, A.D. 1916, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering an agreement for the sale by the said The Quebec Bank of its assets to The Royal Bank of Canada, upon the terms set out in such agreement, a copy of which will be mailed to each shareholder with this notice, and, if deemed advisable, of passing a resolution or resolutions approving the said agreement and authorizing the President and General Manager of the Quebec Bank to affix to said agreement the corporate seal of the Bank and to sign and execute the same for and in the name of, and on behalf of the Bank ; and also for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, of passing all such other and further resolutions for fully carrying out the said agreement and the terms thereof as the shareholders shall consider expedient or advisable, and for the purpose of authorizing the board of directors to give all such notices and make all such applications and to pass and execute all such other acts, resolutions, deeds, instruments, matters and things as may be deemed necessary for procuring the assent of the Governor in Council to the said agreement, and for carrying out the same and distributing the proceeds of the said sale.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec 10th October, 1916. 16–7

THE QUEBEC BANK.

Quarterly Dividend.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at its banking-house in this city, and at its branches, on and after Friday, the first day of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th November, 1916, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Head Office in Quebec, on Monday, the 4th day of December next. The chair to be taken at 3 o'clock.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec, 24th October, 1916. 20–4

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

Dividend No. 119.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of eight per cent per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of the Union Bank of Canada has been declared for the current quarter, together with a bonus of one per cent, and that the same will be payable at its banking house in the City of Winnipeg, and also at its branches, on and after Friday, the 1st day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of November next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

G. H. BALFOUR,
General manager.

...ipeg, 19th October, 1916. 18–4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and a quarter per cent (2¼ %) (being at the rate of 9 % per annum) has been declared by the directors of the Banque d'Hochelaga, on the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, for the quarter ending on the 30th day of November, 1916. This dividend, bearing No. 103, will be payable at the head office, or at the branches of the Bank, on or after the first of December, 1916, to the shareholders of record on the 15th of November, 1916.

By order of the Board,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
General manager.

18–5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current quarter, also a bonus of one per cent., both payable on and after Friday, the first day of December next, to shareholders of record of 31st October, 1916.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution, on Monday, the fourth day of December next.

The Chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
General manager

Montreal, 20th October, 1916. 18–5

BANK OF HAMILTON.

Dividend Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (twelve per cent per annum) on the paid-up capital of the bank, for the quarter ending 30th November, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on 1st December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 23rd to the 30th November, both inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. P. BELL,
General manager.

Hamilton, 23rd October, 1916. 18–5

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

Dividend No. 141.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and three-quarters per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of eleven per cent pe annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day of November next.

By order of the Board,

THOS. F. HOW,
General manager.

The Bank of Toronto,
Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

THE HOME BANK OF CANADA.

Dividend No. 40.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of five per cent (5%) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the three months ending the 30th November, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Friday the 1st of December, 1916. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th of November to the 30th of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. COOPER MASON,
Acting general manager.

Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, CHAPTER 115.

WILLIAM H. DWYER, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, grain merchant,

hereby gives notice that he has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the Office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Thunder Bay at the City of Port Arthur, in the District of Thunder Bay, a description of the site and the plans of a continuation of the present dock or wharf of Dwyer Elevator Company Limited, and of a retaining wall proposed to be built in the Kaministiquia River, at the City of Fort William, in the District of Thunder Bay, in front of Lot 8, in Concession "D," Neebing Additional, Island Number Two, now in the said City of Fort William.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, William H. Dwyer will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works, at his Office, in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said continuation of the present dock or wharf of Dwyer Elevator Company, Limited, and of the said retaining wall.

Dated at Fort William, Ontario, this twenty-eighth day of October, A.D. 1916.

WILLIAM H. DWYER,
per JOHN ARMOUR DYKE,
His solicitor.

20–4

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

BRITANNIA Mining and Smelting Co., Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the above Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, Canada, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of New Westminister at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, the descriptions of the site and the plans of Tram Terminal Wharf proposed to be built in the waters of Howe Sound, at Britannia Beach, in front of Lot eight hundred and ninety-two (892), Group one (1) New Westminster District.

And take notice that after the expiration of one (1) month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Britannia Mining and Smelting Co., Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, Canada, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Britannia Beach, B.C., this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

BRITANNIA MINING AND SMELTING CO., LIMITED.

20–4

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

THE Public Works Department of British Columbia, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of New Westminster, at New Westminster, a description of the site and plans of a bridge proposed to be built across Sturgeon Slough, on the road allowance between Sections 13 & 14, Township 40, east of the Coast Meridian.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, The Public Works Department of British Columbia will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said bridge.

Dated at Victoria, this 21st day of October, 1916.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,
J. E. GRIFFITH,
Deputy Minister & Public Works Engineer.

19-4

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND NO. 117.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum) upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current quarter, and will be payable at the Bank and its branches on nd after Friday, the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record of 15th November.

By order of the Board.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, P.Q., 17th October, 1916. 17–6

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

IN THE MATTER of the petition of Edward O. Kolb, of the Town of Scranton, in the State of Pennsylvania, United States of America, manufacturers, and

IN THE MATTER of a specific Trade Mark including the the word Dandykake, to be used in connection with the manufaeture and sale of cakes.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 26th day of October, A.D. 1916, there was filed in the Exchequer Court of Canada the petition of Edward O. Kolb, of Scranton, in the State of Pennsylvania, U.S.A., praying that an order might be made directing that their trade mark including the word Dandykake, to be used in connection with the manufacture and sale of cakes.

Any person desiring to oppose the said petition must within fourteen days from the date of the last insertion of the present notice in the *Canada Gazette* (the date of the last insertion being 25th November, A.D. 1916), file a statement of his objections with the Registrar of the Exchequer Court at Ottawa, and serve a copy thereof upon the petitioner or his solicitor.

Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of October, A.D. 1916.

FEATHERSTONHAUGH & SMART,
5 Elgin St., Ottawa,
Solicitors for the petitioners.

19-4

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

DIVIDEND NO. 119.

NOTICE is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent upon the capital stock of this bank has been declared for the three months ending 30th of November next, together with a bonus of one per cent, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after Friday, 1st December, 1916. The Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

JOHN AIRD,
General manager.

Toronto, 27th October, 1916. 19–4

QUEBEC ORIENTAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Oriental Railway Company will be held at the company's offices, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, London, England, on Thursday, the 28th December, 1916, at 2.30 p.m., for the transaction of the general business of the company.

By order,

E. S. ELVEY,
Secretary.

London, England, 12th October, 1916. 19–4

THE BANK OF OTTAWA.

DIVIDEND No. 101.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has this day been declared for the current three months, and that the said dividend will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Friday, the first day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 17th of November next.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the banking house in this City, on Wednesday, the 20th day of December next, the chair to be taken at 3 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
General manager.

Ottawa, Ont., 16th October, 1916. 18-5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

MESSRS. Brown & Rutherford, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, lumber dealers, give notice that they have, under section 7 of said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Winnipeg Land Titles Office, a description of the site and the plan of the wharf or dock which they propose to construct in the waters of the Red River on the following described property, that is to say:—

In the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, being in accordance with the special survey of said city and being composed of all those portions of Lots 25 & 26 of the Parish of St. John, contained within the following limits:—Commencing at the intersection of the northerly limits of Sutherland Avenue with the easterly limit of Buchanan Street five hundred and ninety-seven and five-tenths (597·5) feet to the northwesterly limits of the proposed dock lines; thence easterly along said line three hundred and fifeeen (315·0) feet; thence southerly along the said northern limit of Higgins Avenue to a point radially distant southeasterly fifty (50) feet from the northwestern limit of the land taken for right of way of the Manitoba and South Western Colonization Railway, according to plan "A" deposited in the Registry Office for the County of Selkirk; thence southwesterly on a curve concentric with the said southwesterly limit of Sutherland Avenue.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of publication of this notice the said Messrs. Brown & Rutherford will, under the section mentioned, apply to the Minister of Public Works, at his office in the City of Ottawa, for the approval of the site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf or dock.

Dated at Winnipeg, this 6th day of November, 1916.

MUNROE, MACKENZIE & MACQUEEN,
Solicitors for Messrs.
21-1 BROWN & RUTHERFORD.

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Ottawa, 13 novembre 1916.

Les messieurs dont les noms suivent ont été nommés membres du personnel de Son Excellence en Canada :—

Le lieutenant-colonel l'honorable HAROLD G. HENDERSON, Secrétaire du Gouverneur général et Secrétaire militaire.

ARTHUR F. SLADEN, écuyer, C.O.V., C.M.G., Secrétaire particulier.

Lord Richard Nevill, C.O.V., C.M.G., Contrôleur de la maison.

Le capitaine AUGUS ALEXANDER MACKINTOSH, Royal Horse Guards ; le capitaine R. O. R. KENYON-SLANEY, Grenadier Guards ; le capitaine V. F. Bulkeley-Johnson, Rifle Brigade, Aides-de-camp.

—

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes :—

13 novembre 1916.

Le lieutenant-colonel l'honorable HAROLD GREENWOOD HENDERSON, Secrétaire et secrétaire militaire de Son Excellence le Gouverneur général : Député de Son Excellence le Gouverneur général aux fins de signer les mandats d'élection, les proclamations, les brefs pour l'élection des membres de la Chambre des Communes et les lettres patentes des terres fédérales et autres, que le Gouverneur général soit absent ou non.

ARTHUR FRENCH SLADEN, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, Commandeur de l'Ordre de Victoria et Compagnon de l'Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges : Député de Son Excellence le Gouverneur général aux fins de signer les mandats d'élection, les proclamations, les brefs pour l'élection des membres de la Chambre des Communes et les lettres patentes des terres fédérales et autres, que le Gouverneur général soit absent ou non.

JAMEL FUIDGE CROWDY, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, membre de l'Ordre Royal de Victoria: Député de Son Excellence le Gouverneur général aux fins de signer les mandats d'élection, les proclamations, les brefs pour l'élection des membres de la Chambre des Communes et les lettres patentes des terres fédérales et autres, que le Gouverneur général soit absent ou non.

—

4 novembre 1916.

Il a plu à Son EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU GOUVERNEMENT de faire les nominations suivantes :—

CHARLES ROBERT SMALLWOOD, de la cité de Charlottetown, dans la province de l'Ile du Prince-Edouard, écuyer, avocat : Prévôt en amirauté de la cour de l'Echiquer dans et pour le district de la province de l'Ile du Prince-Edouard.

—

8 novembre 1916.

RALPH WESTLEY MUTCHMOR, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, commis : Aide-inspecteur du gaz et de l'électricité pour le district d'inspection du gaz et de l'électricité d'Hamilton, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er novembre 1916.

PROCLAMATIONS.

C. FITZPATRICK,

Administrateur.

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, ROI du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à samedi, le vingt et unième jour du mois d'octobre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa : SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada, en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le TRENTIEME jour du mois de NOVEMBRE prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN : Notre Très fidèle et Bien-Aimé conseiller le Très Honorable SIR CHARLES FITZPATRICK, Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Juge en chef du Canada ; Administrateur du Gouvernement de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour d'OCTOBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
17-tf pour le Canada.

—

[La proclamation suivante a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA daté *le 11 novembre 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.

PROCLAMATION.

CANADA

Par Son Excellence le Très Honorable Victor Christian William, Duc de Devonshire, Marquis de Hartington, Comte de Devonshire, Comte de Burlington, Baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish de Keighley ; Chevalier de l'Ordre Très Noble de la Jarretière ; Conseil privé de Sa Majesté ; Chevalier Grand-croix de l'Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand-croix de l'Ordre Royal de Victoria ; Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront,—SALUT:

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU qu'il a gracieusement plu à Majesté le Roi, par commission sous le seing Royal, datée à la cour de St-James, le 8e jour d'août 1916, de me nommer Gouverneur général et Commandant en Chef dans et pour le Dominion du Canada, pour et durant

le bon plaisir de Sa Majesté, et qu'il m'a de plus, dans et par la dite Commission, autorisé et commandé d'exercer et remplir tous les pouvoirs et instructions contenus dans certaines lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, constituant la charge de Gouverneur général, et datées le quinzième jour de juin dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil neuf cent cinq, constituant les dites fonctions de Gouverneur général, ou dans toutes autres lettres patentes y ajoutant, les modifiant ou les remplaçant, suivant les ordres et instructions que le Gouverneur général alors en exercice a déjà reçus ou qui m'ont été donnés avec la dite Commission, ou que je recevrai à l'avenir de Sa Majesté.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que j'ai en conséquence jugé à propos d'émettre cette Proclamation pour faire connaître la dite nomination de Sa Majesté ; et aussi, je requiers et commande par les présentes que tous et chacun les officiers et ministres de Sa Majesté dans le dit Dominion du Canada continuent dans l'exercice de leurs diverses charges et emplois respectifs, et que les loyaux sujets de Sa Majesté et tous autres que les présentes peuvent concerner en prennent connaissance et se conduisent en conséquence.

DONNÉ sous mon seing et le sceau de mes Armes à Halifax, ce 11e jour de NOVEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, et dans la septième année du règne de Sa Majesté. 21–3

DÉPÊCHES, ETC.

CANADA—No. 1216.

DOWNING STEET,

28 octobre 1916.

MONSIEUR,—Au sujet de la dépêche n° 1014 du 26 octobre 1915, j'ai l'honneur de transmettre à Votre Excellence, pour le renseignement de vos Ministres, copies d'un avis publié par le Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien. au sujet des nominations pour le Prix de la Paix Nobel de 1915.

2. Je serai heureux si Vos Ministres veulent bien faire connaître les conditions du prix aux corporations et personnes qui sont compétentes à choisir des candidats.

J'ai l'honneur d'être, monsieur,
de Votre Excellence,
le très obéissant serviteur,
A. BONAR LAW.

A l'Administrateur
du Gouvernement du
Canada.

—

COMITÉ NOBEL DU PARLEMENT NORVÉGIEN.

PRIX DE LA PAIX NOBEL.

Afin que les recommandations de candidats pour le Prix de la Paix Nobel, qui sera distribué le 10 décembre 1917, soient prises en considération, elles doivent être déposées devant le Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, par une personne dûment autorisée *avant le premier jour de février de la même année.*

L'une quelconque des personnes ci-dessous sera censée compétente : (*a*) Les membres et les ex-membres du Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, ainsi que les aviseurs nommés à l'Institut Nobel de la Norvège ; (*b*) les membres du Parlement et les membres du gouvernement des divers états, ainsi que les membres de l'Union Interparlementaire ; (*c*) les membres du Tribunal d'arbitrage International à La Haye ; (*d*) les membres de la Commission du Bureau Permanent de la Paix Internationale ; (*e*) les membres et affiliés de l'Institut de Loi Internationale ; (*f*) les professeurs universitaires de Science Politique et de Loi, d'Histoire et de Philosophie ; (*g*) les personnes qui ont reçu le Prix de la Paix Nobel,

Le Prix de la Paix Nobel peut aussi être décerné à des institutions ou associations.

D'après le Code des Statuts, § 8, les raisons sur lesquelles est fondée une recommandation doivent être données, en même temps que les papiers et autres documents qui y sont mentionnés.

D'après le § 3. chaque travail écrit, devra avoir paru en imprimé pour donner droit à un prix.

Pour détails, les *personnes compétentes* sont priées de s'adresser au bureau du Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, Drammensvei 19, Kristiania. 21–3

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Extrait du deuxième Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 10 octobre 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,

10 octobre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté Le ROI de conférer la Médaille Militaire pour bravoure en campagne aux sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés :

71084 soldat J. Adams, infanterie.
20139 soldat R. Adamson, inf.
16619 sergent R. M. Allison, inf.
1619 sergent G. Angus, inf.
13079 soldat W. Barratt, inf.
24095 sergent L. F. Bell, inf.
65077 soldat S. J. Bethune, inf.
5784 caporal F. C. Betts, génie canadien.
28564 sergent (actuel. lieutenant) C. Bevan, inf.
27044 sous-sergent W. J. Binny, inf.
77803 soldat O. G. A. Bjornsfielt, inf.
18316 sergent J. Blachford, autrefois dans l'inf.
26851 soldat G. Blair, inf.
59072 soldat B. R. Blanchard, inf.
76355 caporal A. Blinko, inf.
6894 caporal M. le M. Blondell, compagnie de mitrailleuses.
55787 soldat R. Blunt, inf.
24029 sergent W. Blyth, inf.
8524 soldat J. Bond, inf.
5341 caporal R. A. Bolton, inf.
11041 soldat G. Booker, inf.
71352 soldat H. Bowden, inf.
45013 serg.-major de cie F. Bowles, génie can.
13609 sous-sergent J. H. Bowyer, inf.
9166 caporal suppléant W. C. Brailford, inf.
A 373 sergent J. R. Brook, inf.
59098 sergent D. R. Brooklyn, inf.
42081 maître maréch.-ferrant D. Brown, art. de c.
420830 sergent suppléant F. Bull, inf.
19113 soldat H. Caminer, inf.
61328 soldat A. Carbonneau, inf.
73878 sous-caporal W. J. Carey, inf.
59147 soldat L. Casselman, inf.
14504 brigadier suppléant D. S. Charleson, carab. à cheval.
13724 caporal A. A. E. R. Chievers-Wilson, inf.
611 sergent-fourrier O. S. Coad, inf.
71796 sergent-fourrier J. W. Collingwood, inf.
65192 soldat E. G. Collins, inf.
81174 sergent M. Cook, inf.
30250 conducteur F. C. Counter, intendance militaire canadienne.
20454 caporal A. Courtney, inf.
5634 caporal suppléant T. R. Craven, génie can.
85 2e caporal A. W. Crawford, génie can.
16877 caporal F. W. Currell, inf.
59224 soldat W. Currie, inf.
835 sous-caporal G. Dougherty, inf.
14985 soldat G. F. Dudley, carab. à chev.
25823 sergent-major suppléant de cie T. Duffin, inf.
65290 sous-caporal E. E. Duley, inf.
42480 caporal suppl. H. T. Dundas, art. de camp.
1955 cavalier C. G. Durham, carab. à ch.
63283 cavalier D. K. Dwyer, inf.
445 soldat R. C. Dver, inf.
63313 soldat J. O. Eddie, inf.
19631 soldat H. Eden, inf.
454169 soldat J. J. Edgar, inf.
63325 soldat J. D. Elliott, inf.
30276 sous-sergent W. Etty, int. milit. can.
57627 sous-caporal W. A. Ewing, inf.

5665 sergent suppléant H. J. Faulkner, génie can.
48 soldat A. E. Fawcett, inf.
420510 soldat R. T. Fernie, inf.
210 soldat W H. Figsby, inf.
420159 caporal suppl. N. V. Fitton, inf.
10039 sergent-major de cie D. Forgie, inf.
30314 sergent J. W. Forrest, int. mil. can.
24352 sergent A. French, inf.
8441 sergent J. B. French, inf.
458446 soldat A. J. Fuller, inf.
77006 sergent J. J. Fyles, inf.
72210 sous-caporal E. P. Guilbert, inf.
8209 soldat J. Gilbey, cie de mitrail. can.
9199 sergent W. H. Gillard, cie mitrail. can.
59368 soldat F. H. Gillett, inf.
65366 sous-caporal A. Gillespie, inf.
30070 sergent R. Givens, int. mil. can.
55205 soldat L. M. Goodfellow, inf.
22058 sergent W. Graham, inf.
22741 sergent B. Greer, inf.
18351 caporal A. P. Green, brigade de mitr.
57644 soldat R. Green, inf.
47006 soldat A. Grossart, inf.
23396 sergent A. E. Hall, inf.
13640 sergent A. M. Hanson, inf.
75051 sergent J. Harvey, inf.
41806 brig. (actuel. lieut.) R. Hickson, art. de camp.
42042 maréch. des logis E. O. Holt, art. de camp.
55444 soldat W. C. Holtum, inf.
59479 sous brigad. K. C. Hopkinson, art. de camp.
9210 sergent H. G. Hughes, génie can.
22589 soldat M. S. Johnson, cie de mitrail. can.
32971 sergent-major W. Keith, serv. de santé can.
14828 soldat M. S. Kennedy, brig. de mitr.
71171 sous-caporal A. R. Kilborn, inf.
77781 sergent R. Lane, inf.
40442 brigadier H. C. Laundy, art. de camp.
61021 sergent (act. lieut.) L. R. Lavoie, inf.
58316 soldat H. G. Lennard, inf.
18215 sergent suppl. R. Levey, brig. de mitrail.
7994 sergent J. D. Lightfoot, inf.
12641 sergent R. Lingford, inf.
30280 sous-caporal A. Little, int. mil. can.
18055 brigadier H. T. Lord, cont. d'art. can.
75951 soldat R. W. Lumbard, inf.
10144 sergent G. K. MacAgy, inf.
5713 capor. suppl. C. H. MacDonald, gén. can.
6246 sergent-four. J.C.MacDonald, cie de mit. can.
75112 sergent W. L. Machell, inf.
45556 capor. arm. S. Macoun, brig. de mit. can.
87685 soldat F. A. MacLean, inf.
81548 caporal F. Madkins, inf.
A44193 soldat A. J. Mahar, inf.
15512 cavalier A. D. Mann, carab. à chev.
A26153 caporal R. Marven, inf.
33112 caporal L. H. Mansell, serv. de santé can.
A13004 sous-caporal F. Mason, inf.
45605 sergent P. Matthews, brig. de mitr. canad.
22927 serg.-major de cie (act. lieut) W. Maybin, inf.
5421 serg.-major de cie P. McAndrew, génie can.
A44189 soldat P. A. McAuley, inf.
5422 sapeur A. G. McBeath, génie canadien.
1696 soldat J. E. McGillivray, serv. de santé de l'a.
59719 sous-caporal D. McGinnis, inf.
65696 sergent K. C. McIntyre, inf.
87118 bombr. R. McIntyre, art. de camp.
57343 caporal R. McKie, inf.
55484 soldat H. E McLean,inf.
76165 sergent D. McLeod, génie can.
5015 sergent A. Melville, génie can.
42720 conducteur G. Miles, art. de camp.
A34307 soldat J. T. Milne, inf
29047 caporal A. W. Minchin, inf.
81615 sergent J. H. Murray, inf.
304295 canonnier C. Nelson, art. de camp.
26154 sergent-four. supp. de cie F. K. Neilson, inf.
25873 caporal C. J. Nicholls, génie can.
304293 canonnier C. H. Norman, art. de camp.
25753 soldat Norton, inf.
19586 sous-caporal A Nowell, inf.
22780 serg.-major suppl. de cie J. P. Nuttall, inf.
73546 sergent D. O'Brien, génie can.
9230 caporal C. E. Ogden, génie can.
13456 sergent A. Patton, inf.
77688 soldat W. G. Pavey, inf.
13030 soldat J. C. Peacey, inf.
25627 sergent (actuel. lieut.) A. Plow, inf.
18461 sergent (actuel. lieut) J. P. Pringle, inf.
55692 soldat R. Ratcliffe, inf.
9602 sergent S. G. Rennie, cie de mitrail.
5192 sergent E. Rhodes, génie can.
41146 mar. des log. W. F. Richardson, art. de camp.
59836 sous-caporal G. A. F. Riley, inf.
65841 sergent N. W. Robins, inf.
18160 sergent J. Robitaille, inf.
42196 sergent W. Ross, art. de camp.
22917 sergent J. Rousseau, inf.
5185 caporal B. W. Ryan, génie can.
55936 soldat W. C. Scott, inf.
5742 caporal H. D. Sharp, génie can.
59879 soldat W. T. Shephard, inf.
53504 soldat R. C. Sheridan, inf.
81800 soldat T. R. Simpson, inf.
61402 soldat J. Simoneau, inf.
45200 sous-caporal W. Sinclair, génie can.
25533 soldat G. C. Smith, inf.
19255 soldat J. A. Stephen, génie can.
59921 soldat F. Stillman, inf.
25646 soldat W. Stokes, inf.
424213 soldat J. D. Straker, inf.
59931 sous-caporal L. Strong, inf.
20278 sergent-major de rég. D. Stuart, inf.
20881 sergent S. Sydenham, inf.
75434 B. R. W. Taylor, inf.
5763 sergent E. O. Thompson, génie can.
75450 soldat W. R. Taylor, inf.
1939 brigadier R. R. Tooley, car. à chev.
55944 sous-sergent E. A. Trendell, inf.
9406 soldat C. T. Varney, inf.
95526 soldat J. F. S. Victor, inf.
57777 sergent E. J. Vout, inf.
71439 soldat H. H. Wakeman, inf.
5604 sergent suppléant E. G. Weeks, génie can.
13045 soldat R. Weir, inf.
66032 sergent W. Westwater, inf.
71443 caporal H. P. Withell, inf.
42421 brigadier F. White, art. de cam.
66150 soldat J. H. White, inf.
60077 caporal H. W. Wilmer, inf.
71848 soldat J. Wright, inf,
C40282 bombr. suppl. F. L. Yeomans, art. de camp.
60106 caporal W. York, inf.
66092 sous-caporal M. Young, inf.
427294 soldat W. Young, inf.

NOTE.—Ces médailles militaires ont été décernées pour services rendus en diverses occasions dans le cours de la campagne et les grades indiqués ne sont pas toujours ceux que possédaient les médaillés lorsque les actes de bravoure furent accomplis. 21–1

MINISTÈRE DES AFFAIRES ETRANGÈRES.

24 octobre 1916.

DEMANDE ayant été faite au gouvernement chinois au sujet de l'autorité que possèdent les fonctionnaires de ses consulats de recevoir des articles et deniers dus à des sujets chinois ne résidant pas en Canada, et d'en donner quittance valable, Son Excellence l'Administrateur du Gouvernement à reçu la dépêche publiée ci-après déclarant que les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois possèdent cette autorisation.

—

Du Secrétaire d'Etat paur les Colonies au Gouverneur géneral du Canada.

CANADA.
N° 1092.

DOWNING STREET,
27 septembre 1916.

MONSIEUR—Relativement à la dépêche N° 334 de Votre Altesse Royale en date du 26 mai, j'ai l'honneur de Vous transmettre, pour le renseignement de Vos Ministres, copie d'une dépêche du Ministre de Sa Magesté à Pékin au sujet de l'autorisation que possè-

dent les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada de recevoir les biens des émigrants chinois décédés et d'en donner quittance valable.

J'ai l'honneur d'être,
Monsieur,
de Votre Altesse Royale
Le très humble et très obéissant serviteur,
(Signé) A. BONAR LAW.

Le Gouverneur général Son Altesse Royale
Le Duc de Connaught et Strathearn, C.J., C.C. C.P., etc., etc., etc.

—

Copie.
Consulaire.
N° 100.

PÉKIN, 4 août 1916.

MILORD.—Relativement à votre dépêche consulaire n° 74 du 15 juin (112656/K/16), j'ai l'honneur de vous adresser la traduction ci-jointe d'une dépêche que j'ai reçue du Wai Chiao Pu, m'informant, en réponse à ma demande à ce sujet, qu'en vertu des règlements consulaires, les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada possèdent l'autorisation de recevoir les biens des émigrants chinois décédés et d'en donner quittance valable.

J'ai, etc.,
(Signé) J. N. JORDAN.

Vicomte Grey, C.J.,
etc. etc. etc.

—

[TRADUCTION.]
Note.
Du Wai Chiao Pu au Ministre de Sa Majesté.

PÉKIN, 3 août 1916.

MONSIEUR,—J'ai l'honneur d'accuser réception de la note de Votre Excellence (du 21 juillet) déclarant que Votre Foreign Office demande si les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada sont autorisés à recevoir les biens des émigrants chinois décédés et d'en donner quittance valable.

J'ai l'honneur de vous annoncer en réponse que l'article 9 des Règlements consulaires promulgués en janvier 1915 stipule qu'au cas où un émigrant chinois mourrait à l'étranger sans laisser de testament ou n'ayant pas de parents quelconques pour réclamer les biens qu'il laisse, le Consul s'en emparera temporairement et il en fera rapport au Ministére des Affaires Etrangères qui en délibèrera. En conséquence, il est évident qu'en vertu des dispositions de ces règlements, les fonctionnaires des consulats chinois en Canada sont autorisés à recevoir ces biens et a en donner quittance valable.

Je profite, etc.,
19-3 (Sceau du Wai Chiao Pu.)

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[2608]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert a demandé pour les fins d'une église la concession de cinq acres de terrain compris dans le quart nord-ouest de la section 10, township 37, rang 27, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur ;

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administeur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter le dit terrain aux fins de cette église et d'en autoriser la concession à la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert pour les dites fins

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2518]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 14e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le Département des Affaires des Sauvages a démandé la mise en réserve pour les sauvages d'une étendue de terrain, connue sous le nom de "Réserve du trou ou d'eau basse," choisie en 1884 en vertu du traité n° 5 et indiquée sur les plans officiels des townships 25 et 26 approuvés et confirmés le 22 février 1915, et le 6 mars 1915, respectivement, et contenant, après arpentage, trois mille cinq cent soixante-quatorze acres, plus ou moins ;

Et attendu que les dits terrains sont disponibles d'après les archives du Ministère de l'Intérieur,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en Conseil de décréter par ces présentes que les terrains ci-haut décrits soient soustraits de l'application de la *Loi des terres fédérales* et mis en réserve pour les fins susdites.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
18-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2565]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 20e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 14 octobre 1916, représentant que M. Patrick Goachin, de Grand Prairie, province d'Alberta, a demandé la concession du quart nord-ouest de la section 8, township 71, rang 9, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, en raison de son occupation du dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages.

La preuve a été faite démontrant que le pétitionnaire avait sa résidence sur le dit terrain à la date de la sanction du traité des sauvages n° 8, au cours de l'été 1899, et pour ces causes le Ministre recommande que, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, autorisation soit accordée de céder à M. Goachin le quart nord-ouest de la section 8, township 71, rang 9, à l'ouest du 6e méridien.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU.
18-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[L'arrêté en conseil suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 8 novembre 1916.*]

[2685]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 4e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter par ces présentes ce qui suit :—

L'arrêté en conseil du 27 avril 1915, prohibant l'exportation de certaines marchandises à diverses destinations, est par ces présentes modifié en retranchant de la liste des divers articles dont l'exportation à des destinations étrangères est prohibée, les articles suivants, savoir :—

Phénacétine.
Acide acétylsalicylique (aspirine).

Le présent arrêté en conseil sera promulgué par publication dans la *Gazette du Canada.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20-2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[8/2684]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Mardi, le 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter par ces présentes que le nom du port de douane actuellement connu sous la désignation de "Berlin" soit par ces présentes changé en celui de "Kitchener."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

20–2

[2663]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 24 octobre 1916, représentant que la Compagnie de chemin de fer Pacifique Canadien a demandé la concession d'un terrain comprenant les droits de surface au-dessus des tunnels, ainsi que le terrain requis pour un changement du passage de la voie entre Hector et Field, dans le township 28, rangs 17 et 18, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, dans le parc Yoho, ainsi qu'indiqué sur le plan du changement de la rampe et du terrain additionnel requis entre Hector et Field, Colombie-Britannique, mille 125·7 à mille 133·7, approuvé et confirmé par E. Deville, arpenteur général, et déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur sous la désignation "plan de passage n° 19704."

Le Ministre représente que la compagnie a cédé à la Couronne son titre au premier droit de passage,—

Par conséquent, le Ministre demande l'autorisation, sous l'empire de l'article 16 de la *Loi des réserves forestières et des parcs fédéraux*, d'accorder la patente du terrain demandé et ci-haut décrit à la Compagnie de chemin de fer Pacifique Canadien, sujet cependant aux conditions suivantes :

Que le terrain en question sera sujet à l'application de tous les règlements des parcs fédéraux actuellement en vigueur, ainsi que de tous autres règlements que le Gouverneur en conseil peut à l'avenir promulguer à ce sujet.

Que le dit terrain, tout en servant aux fins pour lesquelles il a été cédé, continuera à faire partie de la réserve dans les limites de laquelle il est situé, et redeviendra propriété de la Couronne dès qu'il servira à des fins autres que celles qui sont prévues dans les présentes.

Le Département se réserve le droit de pénétrer sur le terrain au-dessus des tunnels ou sur toute autre partie du terrain additionnel susdit, le long du passage de la voie, excédant la concession ordinaire de cent pieds, soit cinquante pieds de chaque côté de la ligne de centre de la voie, pour la construction de chemins, routes, etc., ou pour les fins d'un parc ou autres fins publiques quelconques ; le Département se réserve aussi le droit de permettre au public de se servir de ces chemins ou routes et de fréquenter ces parcs, pourvu, toutefois, que cette permission ne nuise pas à l'exploitation des voies ferrées ou des tunnels de la compagnie.

La compagnie ne sera responsable dans aucune poursuite en dommages-intérêts par quiconque aura souffert d'un accident survenu sur la propriété dont les droits de surface ont été mis en réserve par le Département, pourvu toutefois qu'il soit clairement prouvé que cet accident n'est pas le résultat de négligence de la part de la compagnie ou de ses employés.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

20-4

[2607]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert a demandé, pour les fins d'un cimetière, la concession de cinq acres de terrain compris dans le quart sud-est de la section 16, township 37, rang 27, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du Département de l'Intérieur,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter le dit terrain aux fins d'un cimetière et d'en autoriser la concession à la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

19–4

[2718]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 2e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, la compagnie dite "The Ashcroft Water Electric and Improvement Co., Limited," d'Ashcroft, C.-B., fut autorisée d'acheter, aux conditions de vente des terres vendues pour l'irrigation, les terrains mentionnés dans l'annexe au dit arrêté en conseil, et

Attendu qu'entre autres conditions, il fut stipulé que la compagnie devra obtenir des autorités de la Colombie-Britannique les droits à l'eau nécessaires à l'irrigation des dits terrains ; et que la compagnie construira dans un délai de trois ans un système d'irrigation adéquat et satisfaisant et cultivera 50% des parties irrigables des dits terrains, et que toutes autres parties irrigables des dits terrains seront irriguées et mises en culture dans un délai de cinq ans, etc., et

Attendu que la compagnie a représenté qu'il a surgi certaines complications dans les négociations pour l'obtention des autorités provinciales des droits à l'eau lesquelles l'ont forcée de retarder le commencement des travaux d'irrigation ; et

Attendu que la dite compagnie représente de plus qu'elle compte qu'une extension de l'autorisation qui lui a été accordée par le dit arrêté en conseil lui permettra d'obtenir les droits à l'eau nécessaires ; et

Attendu que la compagnie a fait le premier versement sur le prix exigé par ledit arrêté en conseil,—

En conséquence il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter par les présentes ce qui suit :

La période limitée pour l'obtention des droits à l'eau et pour la construction d'un système d'irrigation adéquat et satisfaisant pour les terrains mentionnés dans l'annexe au dit arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, et la période pour l'irrigation et la mise en culture des parties irrigables des dits terrains est par les présentes prolongée pour trois ans à compter de cette date :

Les dispositifs du dit arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, resteront en tout autre point en pleine vigueur. L'emploi, la diversion et l'emmagasinage de l'eau, la construction et l'entretien de tous les travaux d'irrigation, digues, conduites d'alimentation, canaux, fossés, etc., devront être en conformité aux dispositions de la loi de 1914 de la Colombie-Britannique concernant l'eau, et ses modifications.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

21–4

[2606]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les règlements actuellement en vigueur autorisant le commerce de la glace coupée dans les eaux des parcs fédéraux imposent un droit régalien de deux cents par tonne, payable au Département de l'Intérieur.

Et attendu qu'il a été représenté que dans les cas où on met en adjudication l'approvisionnement de quantités considérables de glace, l'imposition d'un droit régalien est au désavantage des soumissionnaires qui désirent extraire la glace des eaux comprises dans les limites des parcs fédéraux,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter que le règlement à ce sujet, établi par un arrêté en conseil du 29e jour de juin 1916, soit par ces présentes modifié en en retranchant les mots : "et, de plus, il sera perçu des droits de deux cents par tonne sur la quantité de glace coupée."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2645]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 27e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que madame Bessie Eaton, de Griffin Creek, dans la province d'Alberta, a demandé la concession gratuite du lot n° 7 dans l'établissement de Shaftesbury, en la dite province d'Alberta, comprenant une superficie de 82·6 acres ;

Attendu que la preuve déposée au Département de l'Intérieur démontre que madame Eaton a acquis le lot en question par l'entremise des ayants droit du révérend Henry Robinson, qui occupait ce lot à la date de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8, à l'été de 1899, et qui, par conséquent, avait droit à la concession gratuite du dit lot ;

Attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du Département de l'Intérieur,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, d'autoriser la concession gratuite à madame Eaton du lot n° 7, de l'établissement de Shaftesbury, dans la dite province d'Alberta comprenant une superficie de 82 6 acres.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2741]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 4e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, sous l'empire de la *Loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre*, de décréter que l'arrêté en conseil du 5e jour d'août 1916, (C. P. 1873), soit par les présentes modifié en y ajoutant le règlement suivant qui est par les présentes établi :

6. Chaque fois qu'un homme de la milice active ou un soldat des forces expéditionnaires canadiennes d'outre-mer est trouvé coupable de désertion ou de s'être absenté du corps ou de l'effectif dont il fait partie sans la permission de l'officier commandant du dit corps ou du dit effectif, et est condamné là-dessus à l'emprisonnement, le tribunal ou le juge qui a prononcé la sentence peut, en tout temps, avant ou au cours de l'exécution de la sentence, sur la demande du dit officier commandant ou des autorités militaires compétentes et à condition que le délinquant s'engage de retourner à son service militaire et de ne plus déserter ni s'absenter du corps ou de l'effectif dont il fait partie, ordonner que le coupable au lieu d'être incarcéré soit remis aux autorités militaires et, si le dit coupable a déjà été incarcéré, peut ordonner son élargissement et qu'il soit remis aux autorités militaires.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2762]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 8e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 27 octobre 1916, représentant que le 29 décembre 1902, M. Addison K. Walker a obtenu l'inscription de homestead du quart nord-ouest de la section 36, township 20, à l'ouest du 4e méridien ;

Il a été établi que M. Walker a accompli un terme de six mois de résidence sur ce terrain, et y a clôturé et mis en culture 70 acres ;

Manquant d'abri pour son troupeau, qui était très nombreux, M Walker fut forcé de quitter son homestead pour un autre terrain avoisinant qu'il détenait sous bail à pâturage ;

M. Walker résida sur ce dernier terrain sans interruption de novembre 1903 à avril 1913, et y fit des améliorations importantes,—

Le Ministre recommande, par conséquent, que vu la résidence accomplie par M. Walker, la superficie qu'il y a mis en culture et le fait qu'il est un colon important, le terrain soit, conformément à l'article 76 de la Loi, vendu à cet inscrit au prix de $1 l'acre, que M. Walker soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence, ce privilège complétant l'accomplissement des obligations et lui donnant droit à son homestead.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 11 novembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur Général des Postes, émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé à la correspondance de l' "International News Service" de la cité de New-York, et à ses succursales ailleurs, et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière. D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession toute telle correspondance déjà publiée ou qui sera ensuite publiée, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession toute telle correspondance sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
20–2 Sous-maître général des Postes.

J. W. Scales, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'État du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 8e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants, marchands, soldeurs, importateurs, négociants en gros et en détail de cigars, cigarettes, tabacs et fournitures pour marchands de tabac, dans tout état et forme de fabrication, et tous articles requis ou utiles pour les fumeurs pouvant être disposés ou requis par les marchands de tabac ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, disposer de toute espèce d'outillage, machinerie, appareils, outils, ustensiles, produits, articles et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour l'exercice de l'industrie susdite ou qui sont ou peuvent être disposés par les personnes qui y sont engagées ;

(*c*) Ériger, construire, maintenir, exploiter des édifices, ateliers, machinerie et commodités qui sembleront directement ou indirectement se rapporter à aucun des objets de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, propriété, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou possédant des propriétés convenant ou nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Émettre des actions libérées, obligations ou débentures en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages pouvant être légalement acquis par la compagnie, émettre aussi telles actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant, en tout ou en partie, des affaires semblables ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, détenir, posséder le capital-stock, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, corporation ou individu exerçant ou engagé dans une industrie que la compagnie a le pouvoir d'exercer, d'entreprendre et d'acquérir, détenir ou autrement disposer de telles actions, obligations ou autres valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*g*) Conclure tout arrangement pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant ou ayant l'intention d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou une transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée d'entreprendre ou d'exercer ou de s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*h*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autrement, toute autre compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires et garantir l'exécution des contrats par telle compagnie ou corporation;

(*i*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres, avec ou sans garantie, à tels termes que la compagnie pourra approuver et garantir les dettes et contrats des clients ou autres ;

(*j*) Placer les fonds de la compagnie non immediatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*k*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, aucune propriété ou biens de la compagnie, et en particulier aucunes actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies qui auront pu acheter ou assumer en tout ou partie la propriété, les biens ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnie dont les objets sont ou comprennent des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, soit par vente ou achat de l'entreprise (pour des actions ou autrement) sujet au passif de cette ou d'aucune telle compagnie comme susdit, ou par association ou tout arrangement de la nature d'une association ou d'aucune autre manière ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer des propriétés, droits, contrats ou entreprises de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, pour telle compensation qui pourra être agréée, en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire des dons et souscrire à tout objet pouvant promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie, créer et contribuer à des fonds de pensions et autres fonds et projets pour le bénéfice des personnes employées par la compagnie ou les femmes veuves, enfants et dépendants d'aucune telle personne, souscrire ou garantir des fonds pour aucun objet charitable ou public ;

(*o*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, faire tous autres actes ou choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ou aucuns d'eux, exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée aux fins ou objets énumérés ci-dessus et qui semblera pouvoir être aisément conduite par la compagnie, ou directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur des propriétés et des droits de la compagnie ou à les rendre profitables ;

(*p*) Rémunérer toute personne pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer aucunes actions du capital-actions de la compagnie ou aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*q*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ne seront, à moins qu'il en soit autrement exprimé, en aucune manière limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucune autre clause ou paragraphe de cette charte. Au contraire les objets et pouvoirs spécifiés dans chaque clause seront réputés indépendants et séparés des objets et pouvoirs conférés par les autres clauses énoncées ci-dessus.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "J. W. Scales, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinq cent mille dollars, divisé en 5,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 9e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Brompton Pulp & Paper Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 8e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Errol Languedoc, Ralph Erskin Allan, Jean Pierre Charbonneau, avocats, William Taylor et Frederick William Tofield, gérants, Bruce Stuart Crombie, secrétaire, James William Cairns, comptable, Walter Wilson Rathie, vérificateur et Angus McLeod Murray et Charles Frederick Wadsworth, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie des bois de construction et de service et de bois à pâte ; manufacturer, produire, acheter, vendre et trafiquer de bois de construction et de service, billes et bois de tous genres et pour toutes les fins ;

(*b*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des biens fonciers, terres, locations, droits de surface, limites forestières, terres boisées et terres à bois, lots de grève, droits de rivière, droits gouvernementaux, municipaux et autres, privilèges, franchises, servitudes, licences de tous genres, les vendre, en disposer, échanger ou autrement en trafiquer ;

(*c*) Améliorer, développer des lacs et rivières, construire, maintenir des réservoirs, canaux, barrages, quais,

estacades et autres travaux et équipements de toute espèce ;

(*d*) Construire, acheter ou autrement acquérir des bateaux à vapeur, chalands, remorqueurs et toute autre espèce d'embarcations ou bateaux pour la navigation intérieure ou océanique, les employer et exploiter ;

(*e*) Construire, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des bassins, bassins flottants, môles, jetées, quais, entrepôts, élévateurs ou autres édifices et travaux pouvant être utilisés en rapport avec les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et bâtir, construire, maintenir, exploiter des moulins à bois et des scieries, s'engager dans l'industrie de la fabrication et de la preparation pour le marché des bois de construction et de service et du bois de toute espèce et description pour toutes les fins ;

(*h*) Importer, exporter, acheter, vendre et autrement disposer de bois de construction et de bois de tous genres, manufacturer et disposer d'articles de tous genres dans la fabrication desquels le bois est employé.

(*i*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, bâtir, construire, maintenir, exploiter des usines à pâte de bois et à papier, généralement exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers, importateurs, exportateurs, négociants en pâte de bois, papier et substituts du papier de tous genres et descriptions, de matières premières et de subtances de tout genre, pâtes de bois, préparations, mélanges, produits chimiques, dissolvants, mélanges et aucuns de leurs ous produits, employés ou pouvant être employés en rapport avec la dite industrie ;

(*j*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement, utiliser, développer des pouvoirs hydrauliques et autres pouvoirs pour la production du pouvoir ou énergie électrique, hydraulique ou autre ; construire, exploiter des usines pour la production de tel pouvoir ;

(*k*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement du pouvoir électrique ou autre de toute espèce pour l'éclairage, la force motrice ou autre fin, les vendre ou autrement en disposer ainsi que du pouvoir ou énergie produit par la compagnie ;

(*l*) Construire et maintenir des poteaux, lignes, lignes de transmission, lignes de téléphone et télégraphe pour la distribution du pouvoir et pour les fins générales de l'industrie de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Acquérir tout ou partie de l'achalandage, droits, propriété et biens, y compris toute option, concession ou choses de même nature, d'aucun individu maison, association ou corporation, les payer, totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en obligations ou émettre et répartir pour les payer totalement ou partiellement des actions libérées et non sujettes à appel du capital-stock de la compagnie, souscrites ou non ;

(*n*) Vendre ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété, biens, droits, entreprise ou achalandage de la compagnie et accepter en paiement tout ou partie en espèces, obligations, stocks ou autres valeurs d'aucune corporation ou compagnie ;

(*o*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention ou procédé, faire valoir, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tous tels brevets, licences ou concessions ;

(*p*) Acquérir et détenir, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, et vendre ou autrement disposer du stock, actions, valeurs ou entreprises de toute compagnie ayant pour l'un de ses objets l'exercice d'aucun des pouvoirs quelconques de la compagnie ou transférer son actif ou ses entreprises à toute telle compagnie ou fusionner avec elle ;

(*q*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que la présente compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*r*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement, détenir, vendre et disposer des affaires, biens, achalandage, stocks, actions ou valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou corporation, et généralement faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires se rapportant à l'accomplissement normal des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Brompton Pulp & Paper Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de neuf millions de dollars, divisé en 90,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 9e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

La Cie Internationale des Beaux-Arts, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 6e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation John Albert Engel, avocat, James Burnett Taylor, comptable, Max Bernfeld, étudiant en droit, Berthe Maysenhoeder et Mae Johnston, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir comme une industrie active avec tous ses droits, obligations et achalandage l'industrie exercée dans la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, par la Compagnie Internationale d'Importation, négociants en papeterie, cartes-postales, nouveautés et accessoires, et continuer la dite industrie ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie d'imprimeurs, graveurs, imprimeurs en relief, relieurs et manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, vendre, échanger et autrement commercer et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises de toute description ;

(*c*) Etablir, exploiter, conduire des magasins ou dépôts pour la vente de tous les articles manufacturés par ou dont la compagnie peut trafiquer et de tous autres effets, articles et marchandises pouvant être avantageusement disposés en rapport avec iceux ;

(*d*) Conclure des arrangements ou des contrats avec aucune autorité, fédérale, provinciale, municipale, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités les licences, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter, détenir, exploiter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements ;

(*e*) Manufacturer et produire de la vapeur, du gaz, de l'électricité et autre énergie pour le chauffage, la lumière, la force motrice ou autres fins de la compagnie, vendre ou autrement disposer de leur excédent, sujet à toutes les lois, règlements et réglementations municipales leur étant applicables ;

(*f*) Exercer toute autre entreprise ou industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires et objets ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Faire licencier, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tous autres pays et désigner dans ces pays les personnes qui pourront faire tels actes et choses qui seront nécessaires sous les lois de tels pays pour représenter la compagnie, lui permettre d'exercer effectivement son industrie et d'y poursuivre ses affaires ;

(*h*) Acquérir, employer, louer ou exploiter en tout ou en partie les affaires, propriété ou entreprise d'aucune personne ou compagnie, exerçant une industrie semblable ou s'y rapportant ou apparaissant comme pouvant être avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*i*) Poursuivre, s'amalgamer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie semblable ou subsidiaire à celle de la compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ;

(*j*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la oi, souscrire, recevoir, acheter ou autrement acquérir es actions ou valeurs de toute compagnie exerçant une ndustrie similaire les accepter, totalement ou partiellement en paiement ou comme acquit du prix ou compensation de la vente, location, concession ou autre disposition de toute propriété, droits ou dettes pouvant être détenus, en jouissance ou dûs à cette compagnie ; détenir, vendre, réémettre ou autrement disposer de tels actions ou valeurs comme la compagnie le jugera convenable et voter en vertu d'icelles ;

(*k*) Acheter, louer, échanger ou autrement acquérir, posséder et trafiquer de toute propriété mobilière et immobilière que la compagnie jugera nécessaire ou utile pour ses affaires et opérations, y compris des marques de fabrique, dessins industriels, brevets, droits de brevets, licences, franchises ou autres droits et privilèges d'aucune espèce que ce soit ;

(*l*) Emettre, répartir et remettre comme complètement libérées et non sujettes à appel des actions ordinaires ou priorité, des obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie en paiement total ou partiel des affaires devant être acquises par cette compa gnie, y compris une allocation pour l'achalandage, et de toute autre propriété commerciale, contrats ou droits que cette compagnie pourra de temps à autre acquérir pour les fins de ses affaires ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, de services qui pourront être rendus à la compagnie pour sa promotion ou autrement ou en règlement d'aucunes dettes de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Placer, prêter ou autrement disposer des deniers ou autre propriété de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière et en telles valeurs qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ou distribuer parmi ses actionnaires, en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra en être résolu, toute propriété ou biens de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Faire tous les actes et exercer tous les pouvoirs et choses utiles et nécessaires pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus et exercer toutes les industries se rapportant ou alliées aux objets de la compagnie ;

(*p*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, courtiers, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, séparément ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "La Cie Internationale des Beaux-Arts, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 250 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 8e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

21-2

James McDonnell Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada des lettres patentes en date du 7e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Wilfrid Arnold Lyons, Thomas Francis Lyons, Ernest Olivier Dion, commis, Alexander Ellison, marchand, et Adolphe Veilleux, chimiste, tous de la cité de Monttréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de négociants en foin, grains et autres produits de la ferme et de la forêt ; trafiquer des produits et sous-produits dont ils forment une partie constituante, manufacturer, acheter, vendre et généralement disposer de toutes espèces d'articles, effets et marchandises ;

(*b*) Eriger, bâtir, maintenir, exploiter, vendre, louer et autrement transmettre des moulins, usines, entrepôts, magasins, élévateurs, quais, bassins et autres travaux et bâtiments qui sembleront directement ou indirectement utiles aux objets de la compagnie ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, disposer d'outillages de tous genres, machinerie, appareils, outils, ustensiles, produits, articles et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour exercer l'industrie susdite ou dont disposent ou peuvent disposer les personnes qui y sont engagées ;

(*c*) Eriger, construire, maintenir, exploiter tous édifices, usines, machinerie, commodités qui sembleront, directement ou indirectement utiles à aucun des objets de la compagnie ; construire, acquérir, affréter, louer, exploiter des bateaux à vapeur, vaisseaux, chalands, remorqueurs, véhicules et autres moyens de transport pour le fret et les passagers ;

(*d*) Faire des avances ou des prêts sur tous produits, articles, marchandises, meubles, qui pourront être emmagasinés avec ou par ou en charge d'aucune compagnie de transport, en cours de transit, sur aucuns wagons, bâtiments ou vaisseaux allant de ou venant à cette compagnie ou pouvant être dans aucun de ses entrepôts, élévateurs, comptoirs ou moulins :

(*e*) Organiser, gérer, développer ou aider à l'organisation, gérance ou développement d'aucune corporation, syndicat ou entreprise ; acquérir tout ou partie des affaires de la compagnie ou exercer une industrie semblable ;

(*f*) Lever, aider à lever des fonds, aider au moyen de boni, prêts, endossements, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, aucune autre compagnie ou corporation, garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*g*) Souscrire, acheter, prendre ou autrement acquérir, détenir, comme principaux ou agents et absolument comme propriétaires ou à titre de garantie collatérale, jouir, vendre, échanger, voter et autrement disposer du stock, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucun gouvernement, municipalité, corporation, compagnie industrielle ou financière, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*h*) Emettre et répartir comme complètement libérées des actions de la compagnie constituée par les présentes en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété, droits, bail, affaires, franchises, entreprises, pouvoirs, privilèges, licences, contrat, biens fonciers, stock, obligations, débentures ou autres propriétés ou droits, pouvant être légalement acquis en vertu des pouvoirs octroyés par les présentes ;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou de nature à augmenter la valeur des propriétés et valeurs de la compagnie, et prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toutes telles compagnies, les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer, ou s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer, en nature, parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, les actions, debentures, valeurs ou propriétés appartenant à la compagnie ou dont elle peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*l*) Faire tous les actes nécessaires à l'entreprise, exercer ou compléter aucune affaire que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou entreprendre :

(*m*) Aucun pouvoir octroyé par les présentes ne sera restreint ou limité par l'application ou l'interprétation d'aucun autre pouvoir ainsi octroyé.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "James McDonnell Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la provinie de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 9e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

21-2

Laporte-Irwin, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 3e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation John Irwin, manufacturier, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec ; Lawrence MacFarlane, avocat et conseil du Roi ; William Bridges Scott et John MacNaughton, avocats et James Geary Cartwright, gérant de bureau, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, vendre, disposer, faire valoir des effets, articles et marchandises de quelque nature qu'ils soient ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec l'industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou qui semblera à la compagnie directement ou indirectement de nature avantageuse pour cette compagnie ou comme pouvant augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir et exercer en tout ou en partie les biens, propriété, et assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison, association ou compagnie possédant des propriétés convenant à aucune des fins de cette compagnie, ou exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et comme compensation les payer en espèces ou émettre des actions, stocks, ou obligations de cette compagnie ;

(*d*) S'associer ou conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, la coopération avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et subventionner, garantir les engagements ou autrement aider telle compagnie, personne ou personnes ;

(*e*) Acheter, souscrire, acquérir, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions du stock, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation, et des preuves de dettes d'aucune telle corporation, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*f*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie jugera convenables ou nécessaires aux fins de ses affaires ; ériger et construire des bâtiments et travaux de toute espèces ;

(*g*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*h*) Vendre, louer, développer, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de l'entreprise ou de tout ou partie de la propriété de la compagnie à aucuns termes avec pouvoir d'accepter comme compensation des actions, stocks, engagements ou des intérêts dans aucune autre compagnie ;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucun gouvernement ou autorité suprême, municipale, locale ou autres à obtenir de tel gouvernement ou autorité tous les droits, privilèges, concessions qui sembleront nécessaires aux objets de la compagnie ou à aucun d'eux ;

(*j*) Exercer tous ou aucuns des objets ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, ou en société, ou en rapport avec aucune personne, maison, société ou compagnie et dans aucune partie du monde ;

(*k*) Distribuer entre les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'autres compagnies appartenant à la compagnis ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*l*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ;

(*m*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Laporte-Irwin, Limited ", avec un capital-actions de vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 25,000 actions de un dollar chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 7e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Samara Pulp Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 7e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Arthur Ramsay Holden, conseil du Roi, Pierre Amable Badeaux, avocat, Ernest Geoffrey Bennett, comptable, Arthur Charters, teneur de livres, et Alfred Boreham Wright, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, exporter, importer et autrement traiter et disposer de pâtes de bois et de bois à pâtes, papier, produits du papier et matériaux et produits de même nature, exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers en général, importateurs, exportateurs et marchands généraux ;

(*b*) Cultiver, récolter, produire, miner et autrement acquérir ou obtenir les choses ou matériaux qui sembleront pouvoir être employés ou convertis en pâte à papier ou papier, fibres, produits fibreux ou choses de même nature, seuls ou avec d'autres choses ou matériaux ;

(*c*) Fabriquer, traiter, manipuler et disposer de toute manière de choses ou matériaux jugés capables d'être utilisés, changés ou transformés en pâtes à papier ou en papier, fibres ou produits fibreux ou choses de même nature seuls ou avec d'autres choses ou matériaux ;

(*d*) Acheter, vendre, importer, exporter et généralements disposer de tous produits, matériaux, effets, marchandises, articles et autres choses, agir comme agents, marchands à commission, courtiers et représentants d'autres compagnies, personnes ou entreprises situées n'importe où, s'engager ou s'arranger avec des sous-agents et correspondants, ouvrir des salles d'échantillons et faire toutes autres choses utiles pour telles fins ;

(*e*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, équiper et exploiter des facilités de transport par air, terre ou eau, les louer, vendre ou autrement en disposer ou trafiquer ;

(*f*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acheter ou acquérir de n'importe quelle manière, et posséder, détenir, vendre, avec ou sans garantie, les actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune corporation ou entreprise manufacturière ou autre exerçant une industrie similaire à celle de cette compagnie, les promouvoir, contribuer, subventionner ou autrement les aider, s'amalgamer ou faire tout autre arrangement avec toute personne, compagnie ou entreprise exploitant aucune entreprise semblable, gérer, exploiter, exercer la propriété, entreprises, affaires de toutes telles industries, les acquérir, y compris l'achalandage, droits, engagements et autres accessoires, par achat, location ou autrement ; émettre, répartir et livrer comme entièrement libérées et non sujettes à appel, les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucunes valeurs, droits ou choses pouvant être acquis et, avec l'ap-

probation des actionnaires, pour tous services rendus à la compagnie en rapport avec sa promotion, organisation, ses affaires ou autrement ;

(*g*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, employer (sur bail, licence ou autrement) exercer, développer, introduire, vendre, céder, louer ou autrement disposer ou faire valoir tous brevets, marques de fabrique, inventions, droits d'auteur, perfectionnements et procédés, concessions et choses utiles aux affaires de la compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations, débentures et autres valeurs ou biens de la compagnie ou par l'émission d'actions libérées et non sujettes à appel de son capital-stock ;

(*h*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, l'union des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, compagnie ou entreprise exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, promouvoir, aider à promouvoir et devenir actionnaires ou participants dans aucune telle compagnie ou entreprise, en acheter les actions et valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, les détenir, vendre, réémettre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*i*) Faire des avances, garantir les obligations, les contrats ou autrement aider de toute manière toute compagnie dont les actions du capital-stock, obligations ou autres engagements sont, en tout ou en partie, détenus par cette compagnie ; faire tous actes et choses pour préserver, améliorer, augmenter la valeur d'aucunes telles actions, obligations ou engagements et, de la même manière, avancer des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute personne ou compagnie ayant des engagements commerciaux avec la compagnie ou lui étant endettées ;

(*j*) Acquérir l'achalandage, la propriété, droits et biens, assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison, corporation ou entreprise endettée envers la compagnie ou faisant des affaires semblables à celles que la compagnie fait, les payer en espèces ou en actions ou valeurs de cette compagnie libérées et non sujettes à appel ou autrement ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie de ses biens, achalandage, droits et engagements de toute nature pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, y compris des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie, et distribuer parmi ses actionnaires tous deniers, valeurs ou autre compensation ainsi reçus ;

(*l*) Payer toutes les dépenses se rapportant à l'obtention de la charte d'incorporation ou en rapport avec la formation et l'organisation de la compagnie, faire toutes choses utiles et nécessaires pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus, promouvoir toute compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir tout ou partie des entreprises, biens, droits ou engagements de cette compagnie ou pour toute autre fin qui semblera avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*m*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*n*) Prêter des fonds aux personnes ou compagnies ayant des relations avec la compagnie, placer et disposer des fonds ou biens non immédiatement requis pour les fins de la compagnie comme il pourra sembler opportun, placer des fonds pour le compte d'aucune autre compagnie ou individu et répondre de la garantie de tels placements ;

(*o*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité ou gouvernement municipal, local ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, subsides et autres bénéfices que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ; faire licencier, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes pour faire tels actes et choses nécessaires d'après les lois de tel pays pour représenter la compagnie et lui permettre d'exercer son industrie ou poursuivre ses affaires là et ailleurs ;

(*p*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, louer, vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de biens fonciers, terres, bâtiments ou autre propriété ou droits nécessaires ou utiles pour aucune des affaires de la compagnie ;

(*q*) Faire aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs, gérants, surveillants ou autrement, par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, faire toutes autres choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ;

(*r*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés, les pouvoirs ou fins de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendants les uns des autres. et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs des tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Samara Pulp Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cinquante dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 8e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

21-2

La Manufacture de Meubles de Salon, Limitée. —Parlor Furniture Manufacturers, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 16e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Arthur Reginald Whitney Plimsoll, Reigner Brodeur et Adolphe Chouinard, avocats, Hector Langevin, comptable, tous de la cité Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et Linton Hossie Ballantyne, étudiant-en-droit, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes, savoir :—

(*a*) Faire toutes les opérations et exercer les industries de fabricants, manufacturiers, marchands, importateurs et exportateurs, en gros et en détail, de toutes sortes d'effets, denrées et objets, incluant meubles de tous genres, jouets, de tous genres, instruments de musique de tous genres, et tout ce qui peut participer à garnir une maison y compris les poêles, moulins à laver, bourrures et rembourrages dans toutes ses formes, époussertes, balais, brosses, pelles, confortables, oreillers, coussins, draperies, rideaux, portières, sas à charbon, faire le commerce de plume, et faire toutes les opérations se rapportant ou reliées aux dites industries;

(*b*) Pour les fins de la compagnie, acheter, prendre en échange ou acquérir autrement et développer des terrains ou intérêts en iceux avec toutes les bâtisses ou constructions situées sur les dits terrains, vendre, louer, échanger tous les terrains ou aucune partie d'iceux ou en disposer autrement et toute ou aucune des bâtisses ou constructions maintenant situées sur iceux ou qui peuvent y être érigées à l'avenir et prendre toutes garanties qui peuvent être nécessaires. Acheter, posséder, détenir, arrêter, échanger, développer, et cultiver le sol, des propriétés immobilières de toutes sortes, y compris le bois debout et des concessions forestières et en faire le commerce et autrement en disposer ;

(*c*) Prendre ou posséder des hypothèques pour toutes balances non payées du prix d'achat de toutes telles bâtisses ou constructions ainsi vendues ; et vendre et transporter les dites hypothèques ou en disposer autrement ;

(*d*) Acheter, prendre, acquérir à son nom et exercer l'industrie ou tous les droits de fabriquer, acheter, vendre ou faire le commerce de cuir, fibre de cuir ou leurs produits naturels ou produits secondaires ou tous autres articles employés avec ou sans huile, comme garnitures lubrifiantes, ou pour toutes autres fins quelconques, y compris des marques de commerce, dessins industriels, formules, brevets et droits de brevet, et les payer en deniers comptants ou en obligations de la compagnie et de temps à autre les vendre, arrenter ou aurementt en disposer ;

(*e*) Etablir des magasins pour la vente eu gros et en détail et généralement exercer l'industrie de marchands ;

(*f*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et négocier en bois de pulpe et autre matériaux utilisés dans la manufacture de papier, carton et exercer l'industrie de marchands de bois, de bois de construction, bois de charpente et marchands généraux ;

(*g*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira pouvoir exercer convenablement en rapport avec son industrie, ou de nature à augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie ou les rendre profitables ;

(*h*) Acquérir par achat, concessions, échange ou autre titre, et construire, ériger, exploiter, entretenir et gérer tous les meubles, fabriques, boutiques, magasins, dépôts, ateliers, usines et autres structures et constructions nécessaires à son industrie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire et utile à chacune des fins de la compagnie, et les arrenter, vendre et en disposer ;

(*i*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer moyennant un droit régalien ou autrement, acquérir et détenir, utiliser, posséder, exploiter et introduire, et vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes marques et noms de commerce, brevets d'invention, perfectionnements et procédés enrégistrés ou d'autre manière utile au commerce de la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer, permettre l'usage, ou d'autre manière faire valoir toutes telles marques et noms de commerce et inventions, permis, procédés et choses semblables ou toute telle autre propriété et droits ;

(*j*) Développer et exploiter toutes chutes d'eau ou forces hydrauliques, et créer, produire et accumuler des forces électriques et électro-motrices ou autre agent semblable pour produire la lumière, la chaleur ou la force pour les fins de la compagnie, avec faculté de vendre ou de disposer d'autre manière de tout excédant de force dont la compagnie n'aura pas besoin et la fournir pour la lumière, la chaleur, ou la force à toute autre personne ou corporation, aux conditions qui seront concernées, pourvu que si les susdits pouvoirs sont exercés en dehors de la propriété de la compagnie, ils seront subordonnés à tous les statuts et règlements provinciaux et municipaux à ce sujet ;

(*k*) Conclure des conventions avec toutes autres autorités municipales, locales ou autres qui paraîtront avantageuses aux fins de la compagnie ou aucune d'elles, et obtenir de toutes telles autorités tous droits, privilèges et concessions que la compagnie jugera bon d'obtenir, d'exécuter, exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions ;

(*l*) Emettre, répartir et céder comme acquittées et non cotisables les parts, débentures ou autres valeurs de la présente compagnie en plein paiement ou paiement partiel de toute propriété mobilière, immobilière ou mixte et de tous droits, et concessions acquis par la présente compagnie, ou, avec le consentement des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou à rendre à la compagnie ;

(*m*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, acheter, acquérir et posséder, détenir, vendre et réémettre les parts, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs de toute compagnie ou corporation faisant le même genre d'affaires que celui de la compagnie, et les payer, en totalité ou en partie en deniers comptants, actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs de la présente compagnie, et garantir le paiement du principal ou des dividendes et des intérêts sur ces actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, et exploiter, exercer et gérer, la propriété, les immunités, l'entreprise et l'industrie de toute corporotion dont la présente compagnie détient les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, pour la compensation qui sera jugée raisonnable et convenable ;

(*n*) S'associer ou se fusionner avec toute autre compagnie ayant des objets en totalité ou eu partie semblables à ceux de la présente compagnie, et acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, la propriété, les immunités, l'entreprise et l'industrie de toute corporation semblable et en assumer les engagements et les payer en totalité ou en partie en deniers comptants, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la présente compagnie;

(*o*) Promouvoir ou aider à la promotion de toute compagnie ou compagnies aux fins d'acquérir la totalité ou une partie des biens et engagements de la présente compagnie ou pour toute autre fin de nature à profiter directement ou indirectement à la présente compagnie, et devenir actionnaire de toute compagnie subsidiaire, alliée ou autre, exerçant ou ayant pour ses objets l'exploitation de toute industrie en totalité ou en partie semblable à celle de la présente compagnie, et conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute telle personne ou compagnie, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir les actions et valeurs d'une semblable compagnie, et les payer en totalité ou en partie en deniers comptants, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la présente compagnie, et les détenir, vendre, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, des intérêts et des dividendes, ou en disposer autrement ;

(*p*) Acquérir l'achanlandage, la propriété, les droits et biens et prendre les engagements de toutes personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la présente compagnie, ou faisant des affaires semblables à celles qui sont faites par la présente compagnie, et les payer en deniers comptants ou en valeurs de la présente compagnie ou autrement ;

(*q*) Vendre, arrenter ou autrement céder la totalités ou une partie de la propriété, les droits, immunités et entreprises de la compagnie, pour la compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie ayant des objets en totalité ou en partie semblables à ceux de la présente compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'articla 44 de la dite loi ;

(*r*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer et posséder la totalité ou une partie de la propriété, immunités, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges détenus ou possédés par toute personne ou maison, ou par toute compagnie ou compagnies exerçant ou formées dans le but d'exercer la totalité ou une partie de l'industrie que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer, soit en son propre nom ou au nom de toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie, et payer pour cette propriété, ces immunités, achalandages, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges en totalité ou en partie en deniers comptants ou en totalité ou en partie en actions acquittées de la présente compagnie ou autrement, et prendre les engagements de cette personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*s*) Faire des avances de deniers aux clients et autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie et garantir l'accomplissements des entreprises de ces personnes;

(*t*) Accepter en paiement de toute dette due à la compagnie des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie;

(*u*) Distribuer en espèces ou autrement, selon qu'il sera décidé, tous biens de la compagnie parmi ses membres et en particulier, des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie qui pourrait prendre la totalité ou une partie des biens ou engagements de la présente compagnie ;

(*v*) Placer et disposer des deniers de la compagnie qui ne sont pas immédiatement requis en telles sécurités et de la manière qui pourra être décidée de temps à autre ;

(*w*) Aider de toute manière toute corporation dont les parts du capital-actions, obligations ou autres valeurs sont détenues ou sont garanties de quelque manière par la présente compagnie, et faire tous actes ou

choses pour la conservation et la protection, l'amélioration ou augmentation de la valeurs de ces parts, du capital-actions, obligations ou autres valeurs, faire tous les actes et choses tendant à augmenter la valeur de toute propriété détenue ou contrôlée à une époque quelconque par la compagnie ;

(*x*) Etablir, soutenir et aider à l'établissement et au soutien d'associations, institutions, fonds, fidéi-commis, et commodités de nature à profiter aux employés ou ex-employés de la compagnie ou de ses prédécesseurs en affaires, ou les personnes qui dépendent ou sont apparentées à ces employés ou ex-employés, et accorder des pensions et allocations, et faire des paiements dans un but d'assurance, et souscrire ou garantir des deniers pour des fins de charité ou de bienfaisance ou pour toute exposition ou pour toutes fins publiques, générales ou utiles ;

(*y*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter, émettre des billets à ordre, lettre de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables et transférables ;

(*z*) Rémunérer en deniers comptants ou avec le consentement des actionnaires, en actions ou obligations ou de toute manière toute personne ou personnes, corporations pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant au placement ou en garantissant le placement de toutes parts du capital-actions de la compagnie relativement à la formation ou à la promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires:

(*aa*) Faire toutes les choses nécessaires, convenables ou propres à l'accomplissement de toutes les fins ou de nature à atteindre l'un ou plusieurs des objets ci-dessus énumérés ou qui pourraient paraître nécessaires à une époque quelconque, pour la protection et le bénéfice de la présente corporation, soit comme détenteurs soit comme intéressés dans toute propriété ou autrement ;

(*bb*) Tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque des présentes, ne sera ni limité, ni restreint par induction ou déduction des termes de tout autre paragraphe que ce soit.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "La Manufacture de Meubles de Salon, Limitée."—Parlor Furniture Manufacturers, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quatre-vingt dix-huit mille dollars, divisé en 980 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de la Pointe-aux-Trembles, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

21–2

Dominion Boiler and Foundry, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 3e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Charles William Webb, manufacturier, Joseph Hector Charbonneau et Victor Pelletier, comptables, Frank Elward Lauer, surintendant, et Clément Antoine Guertin, avocat, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer de fer, ferrailles, cuivre, acier et de tous leurs produits ; fabriquer des calorifères pour chauffer au moyen de l'eau chaude, de la vapeur, du gaz, de l'huile et de l'électricité, ainsi que des calorifères à air chaud et aucun autre pouvoir ; des radiateurs et autres appareils pour chauffer les maisons et les édifices publics, fabriquer aussi leurs accessoires et fournitures ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, pouvant être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement or indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie, et fabriquer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises ;

(*c*) Agir comme agents pour d'autres personnes ou compagnies pour l'achat, vente, échange ou location de tous produits concernant les objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée ;

(*d*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs et faire toutes les affaires nécessaires à l'exercice des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée ;

(*e*) Acquérir et employer la vapeur, l'électricité et autres pouvoirs pour les fins susdites ;

(*f*) Recevoir en paiement de marchandises ou pour travaux faits des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs émises par toute compagnie semblable, les donner et en disposer ; acquérir par achat, échange, bail ou autrement et posséder toute industrie semblable, nom, machinerie, stock, achalandage, biens, propriété, privilèges, franchises, contrats, baux, biens fonciers ou autres, droits d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie faisant des affaires semblables, exerçant une industrie ou un négoce pouvant être utiles pour les fins de la compagnie, les payer en espèces ou en actions libérées de la compagnie à tel prix qui pourra être déterminé par la compagnie ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies ayant des objets similaires à ceux énumérés dans les présentes à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie pourra choisir ;

(*h*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer, en tout ou en partie de la propriété, droits ou entreprise de la compagnie, pour telle compensation qui pourra être convenue et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Emettre des actions libérées, des obligations ou débentures en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété, foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages que la compagnie peut légalement acquérir, émettre également telles actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange pour des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable en tout ou en partie ou se rapportant à l'industrie de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être déterminé de temps à autre ;

(*k*) Demander et acquérir à n'importe quels termes des brevets d'invention, droits de brevets, concessions, licences, marque de fabrique ou tous autres privilèges ou protections de même nature pour ou se rapportant à aucune matière, article au sujet de fabrication ou convenant aux affaires de la compagnie, les faire valoir dans la fabrication ou en les exploitant ou en en octroyant des licences ou autrement ;

(*l*) Acquérir, recevoir, détenir, louer, échanger, aliéner ou autrement disposer d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière ;

(*m*) Tirer, accepter, signer, endosser, négocier des billets promissoires, lettres de change, chèques et autres instruments négociables ;

(*n*) Acquérir, détenir, louer, garantir, vendre ou échanger, des actions, stock, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune corporation exerçant une industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Acquérir, acheter et détenir aucune franchise, la payer en actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*p*) Faire toutes les choses, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires se rapportant à l'exercice des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Dominion Boiler & Foundry, Limited," avec un capital actions de deux cent mille dollars, divisé en 2,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 7e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

21–2

Hodgens & Roberts, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1916, désigné *Lois des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 27e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants, marchants, soldeurs, importateurs, négociants en gros et en détail de cigars, cigarettes, tabacs et fournitures pour marchands de tabac, dans tout état et forme de fabrication, et tous articles requis ou utiles pour les fumeurs pouvant être disposés ou requis par les marchands de tabac ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, disposer de toute espèce d'outillage, machinerie, appareils, outils, ustensiles, produits, articles et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour l'exercice de l'industrie susdite ou qui sont ou peuvent être disposés par les personnes qui y sont engagées ;

(*c*) Eriger, construire, maintenir, exploiter des édifices, ateliers, machinerie et commodités qui sembleront directement ou indirectement se rapporter à aucun des objets de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et assumer en tout ou partie les affaires, propriété, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou possédant des propriétés convenant ou nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations ou débentures en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages pouvant être légalement acquis par la compagnie, émettre aussi telles actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant, en tout ou en partie, des affaires semblables ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, détenir, posséder le capital-stock, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, corporation ou individu exerçant ou engagé dans une industrie que la compagnie a le pouvoir d'exexcer, d'entreprendre et acquérir, détenir ou autrement disposer de telles actions, obligations ou autres valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*g*) Conclure tout arrangement pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant ou ayant l'intention d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou une transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée d'entreprendre ou d'exercer ou de s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*h*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autrement tout autre compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires et garantir l'exécution des contrats par telle compagnie ou corporation ;

(*i*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres, avec ou sans garantie, à tels termes que la compagnie pourra approuver et garantir les dettes et contrats des clients ou autres ;

(*j*) Placer les fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*k*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, aucune propriété ou biens de la compagnie, et en particulier aucunes actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies qui auront pu acheter ou assumer en tout ou partie la propriété, les biens ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies dont les objets sont ou comprennent des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, soit par vente ou achat de l'entreprise (pour des actions ou autrement) sujet au passif de cette ou d'aucune telle compagnie comme susdit, ou par association ou tout arrangement de la nature d'une association ou d'aucune autre manière ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer des propriétés, droits, contrats ou entreprises de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, pour telle compensation qui pourra être agréée, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire des dons et souscrire à tout objet pouvant promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie, créer et contribuer à des fonds de pensions et autres fonds et projets pour le bénéfice de personnes employées par la compagnie ou les femmes, veuves, enfants et dépendants d'aucune telle personne, souscrire ou garantir des fonds pour aucun objet charitable ou public ;

(*o*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, faire tous autres actes ou choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ou aucuns d'eux, exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée aux fins ou objets énumérés ci-dessus et qui semblera pouvoir être aisément conduite par la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur des propriétés et des droits de la compagnie ou à les rendre profitables ;

(*p*) Rémunérer toute personne pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*q*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ne seront, à moins qu'il en soit autrement exprimé, en aucune manière limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucune autre clause ou paragraphe de cette charte. Au contraire les objets et pouvoirs spécifiés dans chaque clause seront réputés indépendants et séparés des objets et pouvoirs conférés par les autres clauses énoncées ci-dessus.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Hodgens & Roberts, Limited," avec un capital-actions de trois cent mille dollars, divisé en 3,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Phenarsenyl Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 27e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Georges Hermyle Baril, médecin, Louis Alexandre Normandin, marchand, Théophile Viau, gérant, Eugène Arthur Ouimet, agent financier, et Frédéric Auguste Béique, conseil du Roi, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer, importer, exporter des produits chimiques, préparations pharmaceutiques et autres produits, généralement exercer le commerce en gros de manufacturiers, acheteurs et vendeurs de produits chimiques et médecines de tous genres, articles brevetés, machinerie, appareils scientifiques, instruments et fournitures de chirurgie, faire le commerce de chimistes, pharmaciens, droguistes, apothicaires et négociants, importateurs, exportateurs et manufacturiers de préparations médicinales et pharmaceutiques ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature,

directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir ou assumer, tout ou partie des affaires, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*f*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité municipale, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ;

(*g*) Promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir tous ou aucun des biens et engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera, directement ou indirectement, de nature à profiter à la compagnie ;

(*h*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière, droits, privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de ses affaires et en particulier aucune machinerie, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*i*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, développer, gérer, exploiter, contrôler tous chemins, voies, embranchements ou voies d'évitement, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau, quais, fabriques, entrepôts, usiles électriques, ateliers et autres usines et installations, commodités de nature, directement ou indirectement, à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie, et contribuer, subventionner ou aider autrement ou prendre part à leur construction, amélioration, entretien, gérance, direction, exercice ou contrôle ;

(*j*) Prêter des fonds aux clients ou autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie, garantir l'exécution de contrats par aucunes telles compagnies ;

(*k*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables ;

(*l*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Demander, obtenir, acquérir par cession, transfert, achat ou autrement, exercer, exploiter et jouir d'aucune charte, licence, pouvoir, autorité, franchise, concession, droits ou privilèges, qu'aucun gouvernement ou autorité, ou aucune corporation ou autre corps public a le pouvoir d'octroyer, les payer, aider et contribuer à leur donner effet et approprier aucunes des actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour défrayer le coût, les charges et dépenses nécessaires à cela ;

(*n*) Faire, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger et y désigner les personnes pour représenter la compagnie suivant les lois de tels pays étrangers, et accepter la signification d'aucune procédure ou poursuite pour et au nom de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Lever ou aider à lever des fonds, aider par voie de boni, prêt, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, aucune autre compagnie ou corporation, garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des valeurs commerciales ;

(*p*) Adopter tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns de faire connaître les produits de la compagnie, en particulier par annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, achats et expositions de travaux d'art ou intéressants, par la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons ;

(*q*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*r*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*s*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent ;

(*t*) Acquérir et assumer comme une industrie active toute industrie ou opérations exercées actuellement ou dans l'avenir par aucune personne, maison ou corporation engagée ou ayant le pouvoir de s'engager dans aucune industrie étant dans les limites des pouvoirs de la compagnie et les payer en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*u*) Acheter, détenir, vendre et disposer d'actions du capital-stock d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie, placer ses fonds dans l'achat de tel stock et le payer en espèces ou en actions du capital-stock ou en débentures de la compagnie ou partie en espèces et partie en capital stock ou en débentures de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Phenarsenyl Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-huit mille dollars, divisé en 480 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

20-2

Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 28e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation William Thomson Hamilton, manufacturier, Charles Walter Cate, John Perley Wells et Charles Dickinson White, conseil du Roi et Jean May Stuart, comptable, tous de la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :

(*a*) Faire, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, solder et autrement disposer de bottes, souliers et de toutes choses se rapportant à la chaussure ;

(*b*) Fabriquer, tanner, traiter, acheter, vendre et autrement disposer de cuirs de toutes espèces ;

(*c*) Faire, manufacturer et disposer de formes, contreforts pour souliers, cartons, caisses en bois, cirages et autres parties et fournitures appartenant à la fabrication de la chaussure ;

(*d*) Acheter, vendre, manufacturer, solder et autrement disposer de chaussures en caoutchouc de tous genres ;

(*e*) Manufacturer et produire de la vapeur, du gaz et de l'électricité pour le chauffage, l'éclairage et la force motrice pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, continuer aucune industrie similaire exercée précédemment ou peuvent l'être dans l'avenir et la payer en tout ou en partie en espèces, actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat, concessions, échange et autre titre légal, construire, ériger, exploiter, maintenir, gérer des fabriques, ateliers, entrepôts, dépôts, ateliers de machines, rotonde pour locomotives et autres structures et édifices nécessaires pour ses affaires et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire ou utile pour l'exécution d'aucune des fins de la compagnie. les louer, vendre ou en disposer ;

(*h*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer ou permettre pour une royauté ou autrement, acquérir, détenir, employer, posséder, exploiter, présenter, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer d'aucune marque de fabrique, nom de commerce, brevet d'invention, améliorations et procédés enregistrés ou autrement, utiles aux affaires de la compagnie, les employer, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir aucune telles marques de fabrique, noms de commerce, inventions, licences, procédés et choses de nature ou aucune telles propriétés ou droits ;

(*i*) Gérer, promouvoir, aider à promouvoir et devenir actionnaires de toute compagnie subsidiaire, alliée ou autre exerçant, en tout ou en partie, une industrie d'un caractère similaire, les vendre ou autrement en disposer, s'amalgamer avec toute autre compagnie, louer ou sous-louer aucune propriété de la compagnie, vendre ou autrement disposer des affaires, propriété ou de l'entreprise, ou une partie d'icelles pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures d'aucune autre compagnie, et détenir, vendre, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, des intérêts et dividendes, et distribuer telles valeurs ou tous autres biens de la compagnie en espèces parmi ses membres ou autrement en disposer ;

(*j*) Faire toutes et chaque chose nécessaires, convenables ou normales pour accomplir aucune des fins ou atteindre un ou plusieurs des objets énumérés dans les présentes ou se rapportant aux pouvoirs qui y sont énumérés ou qui pourront, en aucun temps, paraître comme nécessaires ou utiles pour la protection ou le bénéfice de la compagnie, soit comme détenteurs ou intéressés dans aucune propriété ou autrement, sous le nom de "Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited."

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Sherbrooke Footwear Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
20–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Henry McMullen, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 26e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Henry McMullen, manufacturier, John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, tous deux conseil du Roi, Auguste Angers et Charles Albert Hale, avocats, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses spécialités l'industrie de manufacturiers, négociants et marchands d'effets, marchandises, articles de tous genres, et spécialement manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, trafiquer et disposer de toutes espèces et de tous genres de blouses, robes, lingerie, sous-vêtements, chemises, cols, fourniture de mercerie, soies, cotons, dentelles, et généralement de marchandises en pièces, confections et vêtements de toutes descriptions pour hommes, femmes et enfants, et tous autres articles et choses pouvant être utilisés en rapport avec leur fabrication ou leur vente ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, assumer tout ou partie de l'entreprise, affaires, propriétés, biens ou engagements de toute personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, en actions ou autres valeurs de la compagnie totalement ou partiellement libérées et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, payer de la même manière pour services rendus à la compagnie en rapport avec son organisation ou la conduite de ses affaires ou autrement ;

(*d*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, l'amalgamation, la consolidation ou la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, la gérance des affaires de la compagnie ou autres arrangements de même nature avec toute personne ou compagnies exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie similaire à celle de la compagnie, prendre telles mesures et procédés, faire tels actes et choses nécessaires pour remplir et donner effet à tels arrangements ou à tout arrangnment de même nature ;

(*e*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, toute personne, compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable ou en partie semblable à celle de la compagnie et se porter garants de l'exécution des contrats par toute telle compagnie ou corporation, ou par toute autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires ;

(*f*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, détenir et disposer d'actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs émises par toute personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie similaire ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières de toutes espèces et de toute nature pouvant convenir aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir toutes marques de fabrique, brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie des biens et entreprises de la compagnie pour telle compensation et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenable et, plus particulièrement, accepter comme compensation des actions obligations ou débentures d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant en tout ou en partie une industrie similaire à celle exercée par là compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, toute propriété de la compagnie et particulièrement les actions, débentures ou valeurs dont la compagnie a le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*k*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses énumérées comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*l*) Faire généralement toutes telles autres choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus ;

(*m*) Les pouvoirs et fins de la compagnie seront supposés distincts et non dépendant l'un de l'autre, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard à aucun autre d'eux et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée en la comparant à toute autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Henry

McMullen, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 2,500 actions de cent dollars, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

20–2

E. A. Cole & Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 28e jour d'octobre 1916, constituant en corporation Jean Panneton, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec, avocat, et William Stuart Gordon, comptable, Dora Lenoble et Bertha Barrow, sténographes, et Gertrude Green, commis, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir, assumer, exercer comme une industrie active, l'industrie actuellement exercée à Montréal et ailleurs par Walter Otis Cameron Hillman comme négociant en gros de papier et de papeterie, sous le nom et raison sociale de E. A. Cole et Co., à Montréal, et tous ou aucun desbiens et engagements du dit Walter Otis Cameron Hillman en rapport avec telle industrie, les payer par une émission d'actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie d'imprimeurs, éditeurs, lithographes, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer de papier, produits du papier, carton, fournitures de boucher, produits chimiques, teintures et papeterie de tous genres, y compris des livres reliés, reliures mobiles, papier carbone, machines à écrire, fournitures pour machines à écrire, bolduc, ficelles, menus articles et fournitures de bureau de toute nature et de tous genres ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, vendre et disposer de tout genre de machines, appareils et marchandises généralement inclus dans les mots : fournitures, spécialités et papeterie pour bureaux et magasins ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, posséder, détenir, exploiter, disposer de brevets, procédés brevetés, inventions, licences, concessions, et choses de même nature conférant aucun droit exclusif, non exclusif ou limité d'employer tout secret ou autre procédé, brevet ou aucune information se rapportant à aucune invention ou brevet d'invention ;

(*e*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, ou autrement acquérir, posséder, détenir, exploiter, louer, vendre ou autrement disposer des affaires, biens fonciers, terres, propriétés, bâtiments, droits de bâtir, outillage, stock, droits, contrats et engagements de, ou appartenant à aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable à l'industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou similaire aux fins pour lesquelles l'incorporation est demandée ou qui pourraient être en possession de propriété convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, ou aucunes actions du capital-stock, obligations, ou autres valeurs de telle corporation ou des intérêts, part ou droit d'aucune telle personne dans toute telle industrie, employer les fonds de cette compagnie pour les acquérir au nom et pour le compte de cette compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, les payer en actions libérées, non sujettes à appel, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, si désiré, ou de tout autre manière ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, détenir, vendre, disposer d'actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, les payer en actions libérées, non sujettes à appel, de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Payer en actions libérées, non sujettes à appel, du capital-stock de cette compagnie toute propriété, droits ou choses requis par la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires pour services rendus ou à rendre à la compagnie, y compris les services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer les actions du stock de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Agir comme agents pour des négociants, fabricants, producteurs des choses ci-dessus, conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, aider par des cautionnements et des endossements, prêts, garantie, contrat ou autrement, toute personne, maison ou corporation engagée ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie semblable à l'industrie pour laquelle l'incorporation est demandée ;

(*i*) Vendre, céder, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie des biens et entreprises de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier, mais sans limiter la portée de ce qui précède, pour des actions, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie et distribuer en nature, parmi ses membres, toute propritété de la compagnie ;

(*j*) S'amalgamer avec toute autre compaguie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Faire tous actes et choses, transiger toutes les affaires, acquérir par achat, bail, concessions, licence, échange ou autre titre légal, posséder, détenir, aliéner, céder, transférer, louer ou autrement disposer et trafiquer de tous droits, propriété et propriétés ou autres biens et choses nécessaires ou, dans l'opinion de la compagnie, utiles, convenant ou nécessaires à la réalisation normale des objets pour lesquels l'incorporation est demandée, ou dans le but d'élargir, étendre ou faire progresser d'aucune manière, l'intention, la portée, l'étendue de l'industrie incorporée par les présentes ;

(*l*) Les pouvoirs énumérés dans chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " E. A. Cole & Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

20–2

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA

Examens du service civil.

Modifications aux règlements.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu d'un arrêté en conseil, daté du 12 octobre 1916, les modifications suivantes sont apportées aux règlements concernant les examens du Service civil :

(1) *Préférence accordée aux soldats réformés.*—Dans toutes les nominations au Service civil, soit au Service intérieur, soit au Service extérieur, préférence sera accordée aux candidats ayant au moins le minimum des aptitudes qu'exige la loi et ayant fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté au cours de la présente guerre, et qui en ont été honorablement réformés, spécialement à ceux qui par suite de blessures reçues en service militaire actif sont incapables de vaquer à leurs occupations habituelles.

(2) *Extension des limites d'âge.*—(*a*) Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, la limite d'âge minimum pour les examens du service civil, ainsi que pour l'admission au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur, est réduite de dix-huit à seize ans.

(*b*) Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, un aspirant aux examens et aux emplois du Service civil, tant inférieur qu'extérieur, qui a fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté et qui en a été honorablement réformé, ou qui s'est offert pour service actif au cours de la présente guerre et n'a pas été admis, ou qui a désiré s'enrôler et a demandé à l'être et a été refusé parce que ses services étaient plus utiles à l'Etat dans les fonctions qu'il remplissait que s'il s'était enrôlé pour service actif dans la marine ou dans l'armée, et qui est en conséquence détenteur de l'in-

signe accordée en pareil cas, ne sera pas inéligible en raison du fait qu'il a plus de trente-cinq ans.

(3) *Restrictions aux nominations.*—Aussi longtemps que durera la présente guerre, aucun homme d'âge militaire sera nommé au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur, à moins qu'il ne soit compris dans l'une des catégories de personnes données dans la classe 2 (*b*), et qu'il ne soit détenteur de l'insigne accordée en pareil cas.

(4) *Exemption d'honoraires d'examen.*—Un aspirant qui a fait du service d'outre-mer dans les armées de Sa Majesté, et qui en a été honorablement réformé, n'aura pas à payer d'honoraires pour l'un quelconque des divers examens tenus sous la juridiction de la Commission du Service civil pour admission ou pour promotion au Service civil, tant intérieur qu'extérieur.

Vu les changements qui précèdent, il a été décidé de remettre les examens du Service Civil qui devaient avoir lieu au mois de novembre 1916, au mois de décembre 1916, alors qu'ils seront tenus aux jours suivants :

Examen préliminaire du Service extérieur, 19 décembre.
Examen d'aptitudes du Service extérieur, 20 et 21 décembre.
Examen de troisième division (Service intérieur), 20, 21 et 22 décembre.

On peut obtenir du Secrétaire de la Commission du Service Civil, à Ottawa, soit personnellement, soit par écrit, tous les renseignements nécessaires concernant le nombre et la nature des vacances à remplir au Service intérieur et les règlements de tous les examens, ainsi que les formules de demande d'inscription à remplir.

Les formules de demande des aspirants, dûment remplies et accompagnées des honoraires requis, doivent parvenir ou bureau de la Commission du Service Civil pas plus tard que le 1er décembre 1916. Cette règle est de rigueur.

Par ordre de la Commission,
WM. FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 24 octobre 1916. 18–4

COUR DE L'ECHIQUIER DU CANADA.

ORDRE GÉNÉRAL.

UNE séance générale de la cour de l'Echiquier du Canada, sous les dispositions de la règle 166, pour l'instruction des causes, etc., sera tenue au Palais de Justice, dans la ville de Fraserville, P.Q., commençant mardi, le 16e jour de janvier A.D. 1917 à 11 heures a. m.

Daté à Ottawa ce 27e jour d'octobre A.D. 1916.

19-4 L. A. AUDETTE, J.C.E.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 11 novembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur Général des Postes émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé aux journaux suivants:—

" New York American," un journal quodidien publié dans la cité de New-York ;
" New York Sunday American," un journal du dimanche publié dans la cité de New-York ;
" New York Journal," un journal quotidien publié dans la cité de New-York ;
" Boston American," un journal quotidien publié à Boston, Mass.;
"Boston Sunday American," un journal du dimanche publié à Boston, Mass.;
" Chicago Examiner," un journal quotidien publié à Chicago, Ill.;
" Chicago Sunday Examiner," un journal du dimanche publié à Chicago, Ill.;
" Chicago American," un journal quotidien publié à Chicago, Ill.;
" San Francisco Examiner," un journal quotidien publié à San Francisco, Cal.;
" San Francisco Sunday Examiner," un journal du dimanche publié à San Francisco, Cal.;
" Los Angeles Examiner," un journal quotidien publié à Los Angeles, Cal.;
" Los Angeles Sunday Examiner," un journal du dimanche publié à Los Angeles, Cal.;
" Los Angeles Herald," un journal quotidien publié à Los Angeles, Cal.;
" Atlanta Georgian," un journal quotidien publié à Atlanta, Ge.;
" Atlanta American," un journal du dimanche publié à Atlanta, Ge., et leur circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute matière.—

D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tous tels journaux ou un numéro quelconque de ces journaux déjà publiés ou qui seront ensuite publiés et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tous tels journaux sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,

20–2 Sous-maître général es Postes.

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois d'août 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondus Can., 1906.)

DT.				AV.
	$	c.		$
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373	36	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois.....	691 788 19
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,172,945	57		
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—				
PRINCIPAL ..... $				
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert				
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada.....	3,672	24		
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois.....	3,860	45	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 août 1916.....	41,086,063 43
	11,777,851	62		41,777,851 62

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.
DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 12 octobre 1916.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

18-tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois de septembre 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants.	Total.
ACCISE.	$ c.	$ c.
Spiritueux.....	848,287 62	
Liqueur de malt.....	11,641 35	
Malt.....	197,582 10	
Tabac	982,648 53	
Cigares.....	62,461 36	
Fabrications en entrepôt.....	15,642 83	
Acide acétique.....	741 27	
Saisies	468 58	
Autres revenus.....	4,338 38	
Total du revenu de l'accise...	.....	2,123,812 02
Spiritueux pyroxyliques.....	.....	13,178 28
Passages d'eau.....	.....	.....
Inspection des poids et mesures	.....	14,472 52
Inspection du gaz.....	.....	7,153 80
Inspection de la lumière électrique.....	.....	4,427 75
Timbres de pièces judiciaires	.....	406 35
Autres revenus.....	.....	803 01
Taxe de guerre	.....	76,366 22
Grand revenu total.....	.....	2,237,619 95

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous-Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 23 octobre 1916.

18-tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances pour le 31 octobre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE.			1915.	1916.
PASSIF.			$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			750,360 94	150,202,277 73
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Prêts temporaires			160,140,350 86	131,099,474 69
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			164,630,286 16	174,863,077 29
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,776,528 66	$40,877,801 16		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,857,473 07	13,550,297 64		
			52,634,001 73	54,428,098 80
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,214,979 95	10,275,955 80
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,92 ,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			29,109,568 32	35,174,870 87
Total de la dette brute			797,772,100 88	1,119,393,494 99
ACTIF.				
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			108,017,819 43	131,204,412 71
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			183,558,087 78	277,885,747 11
Total de l'actif			305,213,608 79	423,614,978 44
Total de la dette nette au 31 octobre			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
" au 30 septembre			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
Augmentation de la dette			7,686,858 36	15,503,071 65

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois octobre, 1915.	Total au 31 octobre, 1915.	Mois octobre, 1916	Total au 31 octobre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	7,847,784 37	51,054,363 87	11,076,575 47	75,191,250 29
Accise	1,844,700 02	12,034,755 15	2,043,742 22	13,985,293 74
Département des Postes	1,400,000 00	9,399,779 65	1,550,000 00	10,350,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	2,389,019 53	10,223,891 21	2,224,598 32	15,100,688 14
Divers	958,829 98	4,971,058 61	1,263,212 04	7,120,575 98
Total	14,440,333 90	87,683,848 49	18,158,128 05	121,747,808 15
DÉPENSES	10,075,981 74	56,347,603 96	7,803,405 29	57,561,116 89
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	8,931,265 19	53,359,158 30	22,948,251 86	127,487,147 06
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	2,874,997 36	19,686,843 12	2,384,704 80	13,540,236 47
Subventions aux chemins de fer	244,889 57	967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	12,051,152 12	74,013,912 13	25,332,956 66	141,390,862 14

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 7 novembre 1916. 20-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste	.....
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions	.....
Total	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension	$ 100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter, sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressées au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada ;* le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal :*— Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone :*—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs ;* ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de fidéicommis ;* une *compagnie de prêt ;* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient insérés dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une déclaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général ;* les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses.*

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit"

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SÉNAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé ; il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa a qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SÉNAT.

Avis de bills privés.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs. —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ,

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session : aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt apres la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'Andrew Hamilton Gault, des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, major dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Marguerite Claire Stephens, des dits cité et district de Montréal, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce treizième jour de novembre, A D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MacDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montréal, Qué.,
21–14 Solliciteurs du requérant.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company," s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte pour changer son nom et modifier et étendre ses pouvoirs.

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
18–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER LACHINE, JACQUES-CARTIER ET MAISONNEUVE.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la Compagnie de chemin de fer Lachine, Jacques-Cartier et Maisonneuve s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle pourra construire et terminer la voie ferrée mentionnée à l'article 1, chapitre 93 des Statuts de 1914, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 16e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
Solliciteur de la requérante.

21–5

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec aura lieu au siège social de la dite banque, en la cité de Québec. P.Q., le mardi, 28e jour de novembre A.D. 1916, à trois heures de l'après-midi, dans le but d'étudier une convention pour la vente par la dite Banque de Québec de son actif à la Banque Royale du Canada aux conditions stipulées dans la dite convention, dont copie sera adressée par la malle à chaque actionnaire avec le présent avis, et si la chose est jugé opportune, adopter une résolution ou des résolutions approuvant la dite convention et autorisant le président et gérant général de la Banque de Québec d'apposer le sceau corporatif de la banque à la dite convention et de la signer et l'exécuter pour et au nom de la banque ; et aussi dans le but de prendre en considération et, si la chose est jugée opportune, adopter toutes les autres et subséquentes résolutions dans le but de mettre la dite convention et les conditions en vigueur selon que les actionnaires le jugeront convenable ou à propos et dans le but d'autoriser le conseil de direction à donner tous les avis et à faire toutes les demandes et à adopter et exécuter tous les autres actes, résolutions, contrats, instruments, matières et choses qui seront jugés nécessaires pour obtenir que la dite convention soit sanctionnée par le Gouverneur en conseil et pour l'executer et distribuer les recettes de la dite vente.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Québec, 10 octobre 1916. 17–6

BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE N° 117.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de trois pour cent (au taux de douze pour cent par année) sur le capital payé de cette banque, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et sera payable à la banque et à ses succursales, à compter de vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 15 novembre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, P.Q., 17 octobre 1916. 17–6

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER QUÉBEC-ORIENTAL.

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer Québec-Oriental aura lieu aux bureaux de la compagnie, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, Londres, Angleterre, jeudi le 28e jour de décembre 1916, à 2.30 heures de l'après-midi, pour l'expédition des affaires générales de la compagnie.

Londres, Angleterre, 12 octobre 1916.

Par ordre,

E. S. ELVEY,
Secrétaire.

19–4

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de un et trois quarts pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable à sa banque, en cette cité et à ses succursales, le et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre prochain.

Les livres de transport seront fermés du 16 jusqu'au 30 novembre 1916, les deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires sera tenue au bureau-chef de la banque à Québec, lundi, le 4 décembre prochain. L'assemblée aura lieu à trois heures.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Quebec, le 24 octobre 1916. 20–4

BANQUE UNION DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE NO 119.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende au taux de huit pour cent par année, a été déclaré sur le capital payé de la Banque Union du Canada pour le trimestre courant, plus un pour cent et sera payable à la banque en la cité de Winnipeg et à ses succursales, dès et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre 1916, aux actionnaires enregistrés à la clôture des affaires, le 15e jour de novembre prochain.

Les livres de transferts seront fermés du 16 au 30 de novembre 1916, ces deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

G. H. BALFOUR,
Gérant général.

Winnipeg, 19 octobre 1916. 18–4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par les présentes donné qu'un dividende de deux et un quart pour cent ($2\frac{1}{4}$ %) (soit au taux de 9% par année) a été déclaré par les directeurs de la Banque d'Hochelaga, sur le capital versé de la banque, pour le trimestre finissant le 30 novembre 1916. Ce dividende, portant le n° 103, sera payable au bureau principal ou aux succursales de la banque, le ou vers le 1er décembre 1916, aux actionnaires inscrits dans les livres à la fermeture des guichets de la banque, le 15 novembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
Gérant général.

18–5

BANQUE DE MONTREAL.

AVIS est donné par les présentes qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, ainsi qu'un boni d'un pour cent, et qu"ils seront payables le et après vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 31 octobre 1916.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la maison de banque de l'institution, lundi, le 4e jour de décembre prochain.

L'assemblée commencera à midi.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 20 octobre 1916. 18–5

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OTTAWA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

OTTAWA, 13th November, 1916.

The following gentlemen have been appointed members of His Excellency's Staff in Canada, viz :—

Lieutenant-Colonel The Honourable HAROLD G. HENDERSON, Governor General's Secretary and Military Secretary.

ARTHUR F. SLADEN, Esq., C.V.O., C.M.G., Private Secretary.

The Lord RICHARD NEVILL, C.VO., C.M.G., Comptroller of the Household.

Captain ANGUS ALEXANDER MACKINTOSH, Royal Horse Guards; Captain R. O. R. KENYON-SLANEY, Grenadier Guards; Captain V. F. BULKELEY-JOHNSON, Rifle Brigade: Aides-de-Camp.

—

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 18th November, 1916.

Lieutenant-Colonel HENRY R. SMITH, C.M.G., I.S.O.; Colonel Sir A. PERCY SHERWOOD, K.C.M.G., M.V.O.: To be Honorary Aides-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor General.

—

IN connection with the approaching departure from Canada of Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught on completion of five years of his tenure of office as Governor General, His Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of the following recommendations :—

H. V. MEREDITH, Esq., President of the Bank of Montreal, to be a Baronet.

Col. A. P. SHERWOOD, C.M.G., Chief Commissioner of Dominion Police, to be K.C.M.G.

Lieut.-Colonel E. A. STANTON, Military Secretary to His Royal Highness, to be C.M.G.

Lord RICHARD NEVILL, C.M.G., Controller to His Royal Highness, and ARTHUR F. SLADEN, Esq., C.M.G., Private Secretary to His Royal Highness, to be C.V.O.

JAMES F. CROWDY, Esq., B.A., Chief Clerk, Governor General's Office, to be M.V.O.

———

Ottawa, 1st November, 1916.

ALEXANDER S. BOUDROT, of Richmond, in the Province of Nova Scotia: to be a Fishery Officer, with the rank of Fishery Overseer, in and for the County of Richmond, in the said Province of Nova Scotia, and during his term of office with the powers of a Justice of the Peace *ex officio* for all the purposes of The Fisheries Act, in the room and stead of Sylvester Boudrot.

—

8th November, 1916.

FREDERICK WILLIAM FORDE, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, Excise Officer: to be Inspector of Food for the Food Inspection District of Ottawa.

FRANCIS WISHART GRAY, of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario: to be Assistant Inspector of

Gas and Electricity in the Gas and Electricity Inspection District of London, in the said Province, from 1st November, 1916.

—

10th November, 1916.

THOMAS P. THOMPSON, Inspector of Boilers and Machinery, and MATTHEW R. DAVIS, Inspector of Hulls and Equipment, both of the City of Kingston, in the Province of Ontario : to be Officers to superintend the Survey and Measurement of ships and also as Surveyors of Accomodation for Seamen, at the port of Kingston, in the said Province.

ALEXANDRE CLEMENT LA RIVIERE, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, accountant : to be Deputy Collector of Inland Revenue (Class A), in the Inland Revenue Division of Winnipeg, in the said Province, from 1st June, 1917, in the room and stead of T. H. Verner.

THOMAS HENRY VERNER, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Deputy Collector of Inland Revenue : to be Collector of Inland Revenue for the Winnipeg Division, in the said Province, from 1st June, 1917, in the room and stead of T. S. Gosnell, superannuated.

—

HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz :—

OTTAWA, 14th November, 1916.

The Honourable FRANK EGERTON HODGINE, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, a Justice of Appeal of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario : to be Local Judge in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court, in and for the District of Toronto, in the said Province of Ontario.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *11th November, 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.

PROCLAMATION.

CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire. Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley ; Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter ; One of His Majesty's Privy Council ; Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George ; Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

To all to whom these presents shall come.—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Majesty the KING, by Commission under His Royal Manual Sign and Signet bearing date at the Court of St. James's the eighth day of August, 1916, has been graciously pleased to appoint me to be, during His Royal pleasure, His Majesty's Governor General and Commander-in-Chief in an over His Dominion of Canada, and has further in and by the said Commission, authorized, empowered and commanded me to exercise and perform all and singular the powers and directions contained in certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the fifteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and five, constituting the said office of Governor General, or in any other Letters Patent adding to, amending, or substituted for the same according to such Orders and Instructions as the Governor General for the time being hath already received, or as have been given to me with the said Commission or as I shall hereafter receive from His Majesty.

NOW, THEREFORE, KNOW YE, that I have thought fit to issue this Proclamation in order to make known His Majesty's said appointment, and I do also hereby require and command that all and singular His Majesty's Officers and Ministers in the said Dominion of Canada, do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places and employments, and that His Majesty's loving subjects and all others whom it may concern do take notice hereof and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms at Halifax, this 11th day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of His Majesty's Reign.

21–3

C. FITZPATRICK,
Administrator.

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Saturday, the twenty-first day of the month of October instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by andwith the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on THURSDAY, the THIRTIETH day of the month of NOVEMBER next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-beloved Councillor the Right Honourable Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and St. George ; Chief Justice of Canada ; Administrator of the Government of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this EIGHTEENTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

17–tf

DESPATCHES, ETC.

CANADA.
No. 1216.

DOWNING STREET,
28th October, 1916.

SIR,—With reference to my despatch No. 1014 of the 26th of October, 1915, I have the honour to transmit to Your Excellency, for the information of your Ministers, copies of a notice issued by the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament, regarding nominations for the Nobel Peace Prize for 1917.

2. I should be glad if your Ministers would cause the conditions of the Prize to be made known to those bodies and persons who are qualified to nominate candidates.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient, humble servant,
A. BONAR LAW.

The Officer Administering
The Government of Canada.

NOBEL PEACE PRIZE.

All proposals of candidates for the Nobel Peace Prize, which is to be distributed December 10th, 1917, must, in order to be taken in consideration, be laid before the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament by a duly qualified person *before the first of February of the same year.*

Any one of the following persons is held to be duly qualified : (*a*) Members and late members of the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament, as well as the advisers appointed at the Norwegian Nobel Institute : (*b*) Members of Parliament and Members of Government of the different States, as well as Members of the Interparliamentary Union ; (*c*) Members of the international Arbitration Court at the Hague ; (*d*) Members of the Commission of the Permanent International Peace Bureau : (*e*) Members and Associates of the Institute of International Law ; (*f*) University professors of Political Science and of Law, of History and of Philosophy ; and (*g*) Persons who have received the Nobel Peace Prize.

The Nobel Peace Prize may also be accorded to institutions or associations.

According to the Code of Statutes, §8, the grounds upon which any proposal is made must be stated, and handed in along with such papers and other documents as may therein be referred to.

According to § 3, every written work, to qualify for a prize, must have appeared in print.

For particulars, *qualified persons* are requested to apply to the office of the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament, Drammensvei 19, Kristiania.
21–3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2815]
AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA
Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.
PRESENT :
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS in Paragraph 9 of the Regulations respecting aliens of enemy nationality, sanctioned by Order in Council of the 20th September, 1916, certain offences are declared punishable under Part XIV of the Criminal Code;

And whereas the said offences are punishable under Part XV of the Criminal Code:

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to amend the said Regulations by striking out XIV in the said Paragraph 9 and substituting XV therefore, and the same are hereby so amended accordingly.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2839]
AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.
Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.
PRESENT :
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by Mr. Charles Paquette, of Hudson's Hope, in the Province of British Columbia, for a free grant of that portion of the N.W. ¼ of Section 18, Township 81, Range 25, west of the Sixth Meridian, lying west of Peace River, in the Peace River Block, in the said Province of British Columbia, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian Title.

And whereas evidence has been submitted showing Mr. Paquette to have been in actual occupation of the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8 in the summer of 1899.

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General, is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to authorize a free grant to the applicant of the land in question which may be more particularly described as follows :—

All that portion of the N. W. ¼ of section 18 of the said township which is not included within the limits of Lot 420 and which lies to the west of the left bank of Peace River, as shown upon a map or plan of survey of Sections 18 and 19 in the said township, approved and confirmed at Ottawa on the 7th day of March, A.D., 1916, by Edouard Deville, Surveyor General of Dominion Lands, and of record in the Department of the Interior, and containing by admeasurement thirty one and twenty hundredths acres more or less.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2830]
AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.
Tuesday, the 14th day of November, 1916.
PRESENT :
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a Report, dated 7th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that an application has been made by Mr. Oliver Ghostkeeper, of Grouard, of the Province of Alberta, for a free grant of Lot numbered 108 of the Big Prairie Settlement, of the said Province of Alberta, containing by admeasurement 68·5 acres more or less, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian Title.

The Minister, therefore, recommends,—as evidence has been submitted showing Mr. Ghostkeeper to have been in residence on the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8 in the summer of 1899, —that under the provisions of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, a free grant be authorized to Mr. Ghostkeeper of said Lot numbered 108 of Big Prairie Settlement, of the Province of Alberta.

The Committee concur in the foregoing and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2845]
AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.
Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.
PRESENT :
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 9th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, reporting that on the 3rd July, 1914, Alfred H. Breach made homestead and pre-emption entries for the south-east quarter of Section 27, and the north-east quarter of Section 22,

respectively, in Township 22, Range 7, west of the 4th Meridian.

It would appear from the evidence furnished that Mr. Breach may have put in one term of residence duties.

The Minister submits the annexed copy of a Certificate from Arthur L. Lynch, M.D., stating that Mr. Breach will never be able to do further homestead duties.

Under the circumstances, the Minister recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in this case, under the authority of subsection 2 of Section 20 of the Act, so that patents may be issued to Mr. Breach for the two quarter-sections above described, upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law as to duties and payment have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

22–4

[2851]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

The rules and regulations for the government of the Port of Halifax, N.S., established by Order in Council of 23rd October, 1906, are amended by adding thereto the following Rule IV "A", which is hereby made and enacted :—

Rule IV "A".

When any of His Majesty's ships, whether British or Canadian, or other vessels in charge of His Majesty's officers, about to pass in or out of the harbour, hoists the Union Jack at the foremast head, all other of His Majesty's ships, whether British or Canadian, present in the port shall hoist the Pilot Jack as a general warning, and the Pilot Jack will also be hoisted on the flag-staff at the dockyard for the same purpose; and all other vessels, craft and boats of every description under way in the harbour, shall keep out of the way of the said ship flying the Union Jack ; provided always that the said ship shall be navigated with due care, and at a moderate speed, and that she shall, so far as practicable, be kept on the side of the fair way, which lies on her starboard side.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

22–2

[2608]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for a grant for church purposes of five acres of land comprised in the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 10, Township 37, Range 27, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, is, hereby, pleased to set apart and appropriate the said land for church purposes and to authorize a grant thereof to La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

19–4

[2606]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA,

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the regulations at present in force governing the cutting of ice for sale within Dominion Parks provide for the payment to the Department of the Interior of a royalty of two cents a ton ;

And whereas it has been represented that in cases where contracts to supply a large quantity of ice are let by tender the imposition of a royalty operates to the disadvantage of persons tendering who wish to take the ice from waters within Dominion Parks,—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order that the regulation in this connection, established by Order in Council of the 29th day of June, 1916, shall be and the same is hereby amended by striking out the words :—

"and in addition dues at two cents per ton shall be "charged on the quantity cut."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

19–4

[2718]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 2nd day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council of 24th of October, 1912, the right was granted the Ashcroft Water Electric and Improvement Company, Limited, of Ashcroft, British Columbia, to purchase under irrigation conditions the lands enumerated in the schedule thereto, and

Whereas, among other conditions, it was stipulated that the company should obtain from the British Columbia authorities the necessary water rights for the said lands ; also that the company should construct an adequate and satisfactory irrigation system and irrigate and cultivate fifty per cent of the irrigable portions of the said lands within three years, and that the remaining irrigable portions of the said lands should be irrigated and cultivated within five years, etc., and

Whereas the company have represented that complications have occurred in connection with the securing of the water rights from the provincial authorities and that they have been delayed on that account in commencing the irrigation work ; and

Whereas they further represent that with an extension of the rights conveyed by the said Order in Council they expect to be in a position to secure the necessary water rights ; and

Whereas the Company have made the first payment of the purchase price called for by the said Order in Council,—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

The time for the obtaining of the water rights and for the construction of an adequate and satisfactory irrigation system for the lands enumerated in the schedule to the above-mentioned Order in Council of the 24th of October, 1912, and for the irrigation and cultivation of the irrigable portions of the said lands is hereby extended to three years from the date thereof.

The provisions of the said Order in Council of the 24th October, 1912, shall otherwise remain in full force and effect ; the use, diversion and storing of water, the construction and maintenance of all irrigation works, dams, intakes, flumes, ditches, &c., to be in accordance with the provisions of the British Columbia Water Act, 1914 and amendments thereto.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

21–4

[2607]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for a grant for cemetery purposes of five acres of land comprised in the S. E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 16, Township 37, Range 27, west of the Third Meridian ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, is hereby pleased to set apart and appropriate the said land for cemetery purposes and to authorize a grant thereof to La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
19–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2663]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 31st day of October, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 24th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that application has been received from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for a parcel of land comprising the surface rights over the tunnels and the land required for a change in the right of way between Hector and Field, in Township 28, Ranges 17 and 18, west of the 5th Meridian, in the Yoho Park, as shown on the plan of the grade revision and extra land required between Hector and Field, British Colombia, Mile 125·7 to Mile 133·7, approved and confirmed by E. Deville, surveyor general, and on record in the Department of the Interior as right of way of plan No. 19704.

The Minister states that the company have surrendered to the Crown the title to the original right of way.

The Minister therefore recommends that under the authority of section 16 of The Forest Reserves and Parks Act, he be authorized to issue patent to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the land required as above described ; this patent to be subject to the following conditions :—

That it shall be subject to all Dominion Parks Regulations now in force or which may be made from time to time in that behalf by the Governor in Council.

That such land, subject to the use for which it is granted, shall still be part of the reserve within which it is situate ; and if any such land ceases to be used for the purpose for which it was so granted it shall forthwith revert to the Crown.

That the Department reserves the right to enter on the surface land above the tunnels or on any of the extra land along the right of way over and above the usual allowance of 100 feet for right of way, being 50 feet on each side of the centre line of the railway tracks for the purpose of constructing roads, paths, etc., or for any park or public purpose whatsoever, and also to reserve the right to permit the public to resort thereto, providing that the use of this land does not unduly interfere with the operation of the company's railway lines or tunnels.

That the company shall not be held responsible for any claims from any persons by reason of damages resulting from any accident occurring on the property, any surface rights in connection with which have been reserved by the Department, providing it can be clearly shown that such accident is not the result of any negligence on the part of the company or its employees.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2645]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 27th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by Mrs. Bessie Eaton, of Griffin Creek, of the Province of Alberta, for a free grant of lot numbered 7 of Shaftesbury Settlement, in the said Province of Alberta, comprising an area of 82·6 acres ;

And whereas evidence has been filed in the Department of the Interior showing Mrs. Eaton to have acquired the said lot through the assignees of the reverend Henry Robinson, who was in undisturbed occupation thereof at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8, in the summer of 1899, and was, therefore, entitled to a free grant of the same ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to authorize a free grant of lot numbered 7 of Shaftesbury Settlement, in the said Province of Alberta, comprising an area of 82·6 acres to Mrs. Eaton.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2741]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Saturday, the 4th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914, in pleased to order that the Order in Council of the fifth day of August, 1916 (P. C. 1873), shall be and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following regulation which is hereby made and enacted :-

6. In any case where a man of the active militia, or a soldier in the Canadian overseas expeditionary forces, is convicted of desertion or of absenting himself from the corps or unit to which he belongs without the leave of the commanding officer of such corps or unit, and is sentenced to a term of imprisonment therefor, the Court of Justice who imposed the sentence may, at any time pending its execution, upon the application of the said commanding officer or of the proper military authorities and upon the offender agreeing to return to his military duties and not thereafter to desert or absent himself from the corps or unit to which he belongs, order that the offender be delivered to the military authorities instead of being committed to gaol, and if such offender has already been committed to gaol, may order his release therefrom and that he be delivered to the military authorities.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–2 Clerk of the Privy Council

[2762]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 8th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 27th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Addison K. Walker was granted homestead entry for the northwest quarter of Section 36, Township 20, west of the 4th Meridian, on the 29th December, 1902

It has been ascertained that Mr. Walker has performed one term of six months residence upon the land and that he has brought seventy acres under cultivation and has also fenced the said seventy acres ;

Owing to lack of shelter for his stock, of which he owned a large number, Mr. Walker was compelled to move from his homestead to another parcel of land in the vicinity, which he held under grazing lease ;

On this latter place Mr. Walker lived continuously from November, 1903, to April, 1913. He also made substantial improvements upon this latter parcel, -

The Minister therefore recommends—in view of the residence performed and the area cultivated, and taking into consideration the fact that Mr. Walker is a substantial settler—that, in accordance with the provisions of section 76 of the Act, the land be sold to the entrant at the rate of $1.00 per acre, in lieu of further residence duties, this privilege to exhaust Mr. Walker's homestead right.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21-4 Clerk of the Priv Counc

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,

OTTAWA, 5th October, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions, retirements and confirmations of rank are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council

G. O. 94.

DISTRICTS.

MILITARY DISTRICT No 10.—To be Senior Ordnance Officer: Major P. E. Prideaux, Canadian Ordnance Corps, *vice* Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel H. R. V. Count de Bury and de Bocarme, Canadian Ordnance Corps, who vacates the appointment. 11th July, 1916.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

CAVALRY.

5TH (THE PRINCESS LOUISE) DRAGOON GUARDS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Goodwin, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.

13TH SCOTTISH LIGHT DRAGOONS.—Provisional Lieutenant W. M. Stuart is permitted to retire. 25th September, 1916.

17TH DUKE OF YORK'S ROYAL CANADIAN HUSSARS (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Jack Malcolm, gentleman. 22nd September, 1916.

20TH BORDER HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): David Roy Sargent, gentleman. 3rd February, 1916.

23RD ALBERTA RANGERS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) D. G. L. Cunnington, from the Corps of Guides. 15th September, 1916.

36TH PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND LIGHT HORSE.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) P. C. Brown is transferred to the 4th Heavy Battery and Ammunition Column, Prince Edward Island Heavy Brigade, Canadian Artillery. 24th April, 1916.

ARTILLERY.

Canadian Field Artillery

1ST (HOWITZER) BRIGADE.—11TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Donald Percy Guthrie, gentleman. 26th September, 1916.

2ND BRIGADE—4TH BATTERY.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Roger Hall Ptolemy, gentleman 16th September, 1916.

6TH BRIGADE.—To be Lieutenant-Colonel and to command the Brigade:—*Major G. R. Hooper, from the Reserve of Officers. 4th August, 1916.

*Temporary appointment.

8TH BRIGADE—2ND (OTTAWA) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Roy Archibald Campbell, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

23RD BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Graham Clifford Garner, gentleman 6th September, 1916.

Eric Kenneth Erskine, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.

9TH BRIGADE—34TH BATTERY.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. W. Johnson is seconded. 8th September, 1916.

14TH BRIGADE—13TH (WINNIPEG) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Chester Clarke Baker, gentleman. 11th October, 1915.

38TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Henry Havelock Phinney, gentleman. 9th September, 1916.

26TH BATTERY.—The name of provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) V. D. Sugden-Evans is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 18th September, 1916.

Heavy Artillery.

THE MONTREAL HEAVY BRIGADE.—1ST HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Philip Marshall de Gruchy, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.

2ND HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Arthur Gervais, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND HEAVY BRIGADE.—4TH HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) P. C. Brown, from the 36th Prince Edward Island Light Horse. 24th April, 1916.

Canadian Garrison Artillery.

1ST (HALIFAX) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Edgar Stewart, gentleman. 22nd September, 1916.

5TH (BRITISH COLUMBIA) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Cyrus Ellerton Tildesley, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.

THE MONTREAL SIEGE COMPANY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Osborn Moon, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): John Carey Murray, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

George Bolinbroke Sparrow, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.

Allan Summerhayes Gentles, gentleman. 19th September, 1916.

Douglas Waldron Bews, gentleman. 20th September, 1916.

Edwin Tappan Adney, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

CORPS OF GUIDES.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) D. G. L. Cunnington is transferred to the 23rd Alberta Rangers. 15th September, 1916.

CANADIAN OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS.

MACDONALD COLLEGE CONTINGENT.—To be provisional Captain: Lieutenant A. N. Shaw. 1st October, 1916.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO CONTINGENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) W. A. Dean is seconded for service with the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve. 8th August, 1916.

INFANTRY.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S FOOT GUARDS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): James Dalton Morrison, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

3RD REGIMENT (VICTORIA RIFLES OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Mayne McCombe, gentleman. 16th September, 1916.

5TH REGIMENT (ROYAL HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sydney Campbell Forrest, gentleman. 30th August, 1916.

13TH ROYAL REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Albert William Kaye, gentleman. 31st July, 1916.

29TH REGIMENT (HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY).) The name of Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. J. O'Gorman, is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 27th September, 1916.

33RD HURON REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Richard Charles Mann, George William Schaefer, gentlemen. 25th August, 1916.

35TH REGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): George White Boyer, gentleman. 6th August, 1916.

42ND LANARK AND RENFREW REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Roy Lancaster Daniel, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

John Horace Brown, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

Ian Laughlin McKinnon, gentleman. 20th September, 1916.

James Patrick Gillies, gentleman. 22nd September, 1916.

50TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Mossom de Grassi Boyd, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

51ST REGIMENT (SOO RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Lorne Weller Nicholson, gentleman. 8th September, 1916.

Ernest Victor McMillan, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

58TH REGIMENT (WESTMOUNT RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Arthur Lionel Hudson, gentleman. 11th September, 1916.

Sergeant-Major Ernest Leslie Houston. 13th September, 1916.

70TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Louis Henry de Puyjalon, gentleman. 21st May, 1916.

72ND REGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Angus Stewart, gentleman. 20th September, 1916.

Henry Edward Redmond Hamilton, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.

Clarence Mawson Marpole, gentleman. 22nd September, 1916.

Kay Alexander, gentleman. 24th September, 1916.

73RD NORTHUMBERLAND REGIMENT.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. C. Wilson, is permitted to retire on appointment to the General List of Chaplains, C.M. 17th August, 1916.

76TH COLCHESTER AND HANTS RIFLES.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Harold Brittain, gentleman. 18th December, 1915.

79TH CAMERON HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) F. L. Tate, is seconded for service with the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve. 13th September, 1916.

89TH TEMISCOUATA AND RIMOUSKI REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Ernest Witte, gentleman. 28th September, 1916.

90TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. McDowell, is permitted to retire. 16th September, 1916.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) H. S. Blanchard is permitted to resign his commission. 18th September, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): William Bresee Coatsworth, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.

Bjorn Hjalmarson, gentleman. 11th September, 1916.

95TH SASKATCHEWAN RIFLES.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Percy Stanley Wilson, gentleman. 28th February, 1916.

104TH REGIMENT (WESTMINSTER FUSILIERS OF CANADA.)—Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. F. Peers is permitted to resign his commission. 19th September, 1916.

105TH REGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Herbert Thomas Dickey, gentleman. 20th September, 1916.

109TH REGIMENT.—To be Adjutant: Captain J. Harris, 25th March, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): William Alexander Cameron, gentleman. 31st January, 1916.

William Gladstone Hamilton, gentleman. 6th September, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

The name of provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) H. A. Tremayne is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 27th September, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) O. H. Williams is transferred to the Canadian Ordnance Corps (Non-permanent). 1st September, 1916.

No. 21 COMPANY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Reginald Waters, gentleman. 17th April, 1916.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICE.

Army Medical Corps.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Stanley Sprague, gentleman. 12th April, 1916.

Charles Thomas Crowdy, gentleman. 9th May, 1916.

*Rufus Haydon Thomas, gentleman. 3rd June, 1916.

Walter Graham, gentleman. 20th June, 1916.

*Daniel Alphonsus Webb, gentleman. 5th July, 1916.
George Henry Ensing, gentleman. 18th July, 1916.
Walter Scott Wallace, gentleman. 19th July, 1916.
Charles Magee Anderson, gentleman. 14th August, 1916.
John Alexander MacKenzie,
John Donald Langham,
Edgar Alexander Campbell,
David Campbell Aikenhead,
Roy Bertram Jenkins, gentlemen. 26th August, 1916.
William Thomas Gemmell, gentleman. 28th August, 1916.
John Taylor Lewis, gentleman. 10th September 1916.
*Charles Roy Donovan, gentleman. 11th September, 1916.
*Russell Bateman McQuay, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.
*Olin Everett Farley, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.
Newbold Coursolles Jones, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

*Subject to qualification under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

The following officers are seconded for service with the Royal Army Medical Corps:—
Provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary)
R. H. Thomas,
G. H. Ensign,
W. S. Wallace. 11th September, 1916.
C. M. Anderson. 16th September, 1916.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary):
Sarah Sharpe. 28th August, 1916.
Jane Baldwin Grahame. 30th August, 1916.
Margaret Henrietta MacKay. 10th September, 1916.
Jean A. MacKenzie,
Elizabeth Scott Gremley,
Helena Elizabeth McKee,
Martha Jane Armstrong. 12th September, 1916.
Mabel A. Pridham,
Catherine Crossby Thompson. 15th September, 1916.
Helen La Mothe. 19th September, 1916.
Irene Atkins. 25th September, 1916.

Canadian Army Veterinary Corps.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Archibald Campbell Tanner, gentleman. 11th September, 1916.

Canadian Ordnance Corps—(Non-Permanent).

To be provisional Lieutenant: Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) O. H. Williams, from the Canadian Army Service Corps. 1st September, 1916,

Memoranda.

To be Honorary Colonel of the 85th (Overseas) Battalion, C.E.F.—Honorary Colonel The Right Honourable Sir Robert L. Borden, G.C.M.G., P.C., K.C., LL.D. 3rd October, 1916.

To be brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, C.M.: Captain (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) T. P. Bradley, Army Medical Corps. 3rd October. 1916.

Major J. Forest, 11th Hussars, is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while performing the duties of Officer Commanding the Regiment. 14th August, 1916.

Lieutenant J. J. Glass, Corps Reserve, 45th Victoria Regiment, is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel whilst commanding the 252nd (Overseas) Battalion, C.E.F. 11th September, 1916.

General Order 9, 1916, under "Memoranda", in so far as it relates to Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) S. E. de la Ronde is hereby cancelled and the following substituted therefor:—

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) S. E. de la Ronde, C.M., ceases to hold the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Canadian Militia, and reverts to the Retired List, having resigned from the appointment of Camp Commandant, Internment Camp, Petawawa. 24th January, 1916.

Captain F. P. Healey, 13th Royal Regiment, is granted the temporary rank of Major and to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank, whilst specially employed at Headquarters Military District No. 2. 2nd October, 1916.

Captain J. G. Fitzgerald, Army Medical Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Major, whilst performing the duties of Deputy Assistant Director of Medical Services (Sanitation) Military District No. 2. 3rd October, 1916.

To be Chaplains with the Honorary rank of Captain:—
The Reverend Ernest Charles Earp. 8th October, 1915.
The Reverend Harley Coleman Newcombe. 1st May, 1916.
The Reverend Frederick William Goodeve. 14th August, 1916.
The Reverend James Clement Wilson. 17th August, 1916.
The Reverend John Lewis McInnis. 23rd September, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) H. A. Moore, Canadian Engineers, is granted the temporary rank of Captain and to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank whilst employed as Divisional Officer, Stanley Barracks, Toronto, Ontario. 11th June, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (temporary Captain) R. M. Johnston, No. 9 Company, Canadian Army Service Corps, ceases to hold the temporary rank of Captain, granted by General Order 71, 1916, having relinquished command of A.S.C. details at London Camp. 25th August, 1916.

With reference to General Order 76, 1916, Lieutenant E. A. Jamieson, Permanent Staff, is graded for the purpose of pay and allowances as an Inspector of Ordnance Machinery, 3rd Class. 20th July, 1916.

General Order 71, 1916, in so far as it relates to the transfer of Lieutenant DuB. L. Wilson, 91st Regiment (Canadian Highlanders) to the Canadian Ordnance Corps (Non-Permanent) is hereby cancelled.

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia as stated, whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force:—
To be Lieutenants:—
Walter Henry Reid, gentleman. 6th July, 1916.
Albert Reginald Tennant Harragin,
J. Francis Kelly, gentlemen. 7th July, 1916.
Lawerence Arthur Sewell,
Hubert Sidney Ritchie, gentlemen. 18th July, 1916.
Herbert Gray Fairfield, gentleman. 3rd August, 1916.
Benjamin Benton,
Rupert Victor Carleton,
John Wintour Robson, gentlemen. 15th August, 1916.
Colour-Sergeant Instructors Frank Goddard and Frederick Gerald Lauzanne, Royal Canadian Regiment.
James Ross Riddell,
Roger Stevenson Moore,
John Keble Wiggins,
Ralph Stuart Young,
Arthur Bangay Jackson.
Albert St. Julian Highstone,
John James Mont,
Edward Charles Francis Allen,
Lionel Trueman Rogers,
Athol Douglas Mayhew,
Albert Edward Faulkner,
Ralph Barr Carter,
Charles Stuart Cunningham,
Arthur Henry Simmons,
John Forbes MacNeill,
John Herbert Jenkins,
Thomas Wellington Mitton,

William Harrison,
Lloyd Artemus Bissell,
Arthur Charles Pollard,
Augustus Henry Noble,
Edward Clarke,
William Henry Allsopp,
Charles Arthur Lindley Pilley,
John Orr,
James Archibald Dewar,
James Ernest King,
William Handford Hoyt,
Joseph Griffiths,
Alfred Walter Pryce,
Louis John Marler,
Villiers Holt Wilson, gentlemen. 21st August, 1916.

Alan Harcourt Black, gentleman. 22nd August, 1916.

Norwood Macleod, gentleman. 26th August, 1916.

Douglas Stuart McMaster, gentleman. 31st August, 1916.

William Elvin Millsap, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.

Jean De Montegny, gentleman. 26th September, 1916.

To be Honorary Lieutenants:

Quartermaster-Sergeant James Edward Lawrence, Permanent Army Medical Corps. 23rd August, 1915.

Maurice Buxton Dix, gentleman. 2nd July, 1916.

George Phillip Searle, gentleman. 14th August, 1916.

John Bertram Showler, gentleman. 15th August, 1916.

Herbert Guy Musgrave Hambling, gentleman. 17th August, 1916.

Lambert Carson, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.

Confirmation of Rank.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names:—

Lieutenant R. K. Finlayson, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st March, 1915.

Lieutenant G. H. Dyson, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st March, 1915.

Lieutenant R. E. Spear, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st March, 1915.

Lieutenant G. H. Balls, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st March, 1915.

Lieutenant F. V. Robinson, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st June, 1915.

Lieutenant F. M. Hetherington, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st June, 1915.

Lieutenant R. S. Rice, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st June, 1915.

Lieutenant L. D. Foster, 49th Regiment, 26th August, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. D. Thompson C.O.T.C. (McGill), 1st January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. L. Burt, C.O.T.C. (Alta.), 7th July, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. H. Alexander, C.O.T.C. (Alta.), 7th July, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. H. Gunning, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st June, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. W. Morden, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary K. E. Money, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. A. Cunningham, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. G. Lee, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. V. Tobias, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary V. W. Jackson, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. I. W. Jardine, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. K. Sparling, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. V. Dillabough, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. S. Burgess, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 1st November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary L. E. Brownell, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 15th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary M. A. Burbank, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 28th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Martin, C.O.T.C. (Man)., 1st March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. T. Thorson, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 13th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. J. Major, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 13th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary K. J. Austmann, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 18th April, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. B. Syddall, C.O.T.C. (Man.), 8th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. Ferguson, 21st Regiment, 4th August, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary S. G. Stokes, 27th Regiment, 29th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. I. McIntosh, 30th Regiment, 6th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. F. Oliphant, 50th Regiment, 2nd September, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. D. Banting, 72nd Regiment, 22nd August,1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary M. W. Eagar, 101st Regiment, 14th April, 1916.

By Command,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

1916.

Headquarters,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions, retirements and confirmations of rank, are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council.

G. O. 95.

Districts.

Military District No.2.—To be Organizer and Inspector of Cadet Corps.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. McCrimmon, C.M., from Organizer and Inspector of Cadet Corps, Military District No. 1. 10th October, 1916.

Permanent Force.

The Royal Canadian Dragoons.—To be Lieutenants: *Charles Augustus de Vault Rheault and *Grant Herbert Pepler, gentlemen. 6th October, 1916.

*Temporary appointments.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

Cavalry.

9th Mississauga Horse.—Lieutenants (supernumerary) C. A. deV Rheault and G. H. Pepler resign their commissions on appointment to the Permanent Force. 6th October, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. F. Elliott is transferred to the 9th Battery, 2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. 7th September, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Aaron Shiffler Weiss, gentleman. 3rd July 1916.

14TH KING'S CANADIAN HUSSARS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Murray Reginald Chipman, gentleman. 22nd September, 1916.

15TH LIGHT HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Lewis Martin Johnstone, gentleman. 29th February, 1916.

Hugh Angus Kennedy, gentleman. 22nd September, 1916.

16TH LIGHT HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Francis Ian McDonald, gentleman. 9th September, 1916.

17TH DUKE OF YORK'S ROYAL CANADIAN HUSSARS (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Frederick Samuel Clinch, gentleman. 9th September, 1916.

Lloyd Baillie Rochester, gentleman. 16th September, 1916.

18TH MOUNTED RIFLES.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Digby Sheffield Lloyd, gentleman. 16th September, 1916.

19TH ALBERTA DRAGOONS.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Frank Jackson Buck, gentleman. 11th March, 1916.

William Morgan, Howard Stephen Cameron, gentlemen. 21st September, 1916.

Harry Northrop Bissett, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.

29TH LIGHT HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Hedley Seldon Dimock, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

30TH REGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA HORSE).—Lieutenant C. D. Finch vacates the appointment of provisional Adjutant. 1st September, 1916.

ARTILLERY.

Canadian Field Artillery.

2ND BRIGADE—9TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary) C. F. Elliott, from the 9th Mississauga Horse. 7th September, 1916.

Raymond Kingsley Arthur, gentleman. 24th September, 1916.

8TH BRIGADE—2ND (OTTAWA) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Salem Caldwell, gentleman. 27th September, 1916.

AMMUNITION COLUMN.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Eric Leonard Smith, gentleman. 28th September, 1916.

9TH BRIGADE—8TH (GANANOQUE) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Harold Wilson, gentleman. 2nd October, 1916.

11TH BRIGADE—28TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Arthur John Gayfer, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

George Henry Parker, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.

13TH BRIGADE—33RD BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harry Hemley Plaskett, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.

14TH BRIGADE—38TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Clarence Victor McArthur, gentleman. 5th October, 1916.

6TH (LONDON) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Henderson Forrest, gentleman. 4th October, 1916.

25TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): John Ethan Caughey, Arthur Edward Dean, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

26TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Gerald Henry Pratt, Donald Morgan McCannel, George Patrick Styles, gentlemen. 14th September, 1916.

36TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): John Salmon Lamont, Charles Kelly Guild, gentlemen. 19th September, 1916.

Heavy Artillery.

THE MONTREAL HEAVY BRIGADE—1ST HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): George Binet Dorey, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND HEAVY BRIGADE—3RD HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) L. J. Macdonald is seconded. 27th September, 1916.

4TH HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert Benjamin Messervy, gentleman. 13th September, 1916.

COBOURG HEAVY BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frank James Apjohn, gentleman. 6th October, 1916.

Canadian Garrison Artillery.

1ST (HALIFAX) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Allison Weldon Carter, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

5TH (BRITISH COLUMBIA) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Louis Charles Pichon, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. C. Fitz-Gerald, from No. 5 Company, Canadian Army Service Corps. 17th June, 1916.

John Stevenson, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

James Bartlett, Nathaniel Howells, gentlemen. 27th September, 1916.

Charles Francis Furse, gentleman. 28th September, 1916.

CORPS OF GUIDES.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert Brunton, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.

INFANTRY.

2ND REGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Dalton Macbeth, gentleman. 30th August, 1916.

5TH REGIMENT (ROYAL HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—The name of Lieutenant G. V. Cousins is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 6th October, 1916.

11TH REGIMENT (IRISH FUSILIERS OF CANADA).—To be Captain: Lieutenant S. G. McSpadden (to remain seconded). 7th September, 1916.

23RD REGIMENT (THE NORTHERN PIONEERS).—The name of Lieutenant (supernumerary) K.C. Fellowes is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 3rd October, 1916.

28TH PERTH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) : Albert Edward Taylor, gentleman. 29th September, 1916.

33RD HURON REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harry Ray Cantelon, gentleman. 15th August, 1916.

35TH REGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS).—To be Lieutenants (supernumerary): William Algernon Sibbett, Angus Guthrie Bell, gentlemen. 23rd May, 1916.

William George Clark, gentleman. 7th September 1916.

37TH REGIMENT (HALDIMAND RIFLES).—To be Lieutenant-Colonel and to command the Regiment: Major H. J. Gould, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel E. S. Baxter, deceased. 16th February, 1916.

40TH NORTHUMBERLAND REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. W. Knill, is seconded. 30th September, 1916.

43RD REGIMENT (THE DUKE OF CORNWALL'S OWN RIFLES).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) T. R. Tubman is seconded. 30th September, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): John Adrian Fletcher, gentleman. 12th June, 1916.

Samuel Miller Scobie, gentleman. 21st September. 1916.

Lester Luther Spalding, gentleman. 25th September, 1916

46TH DURHAM REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumeraiy) J. S. Armstrong is seconded. 30th September, 1916.

48TH REGIMENT (HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Reginald Alexander Lockhart, gentleman. 29th September, 1916.

50TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Gordon MacLaren Campbell. gentleman. 27th September, 1916.

56TH GRENVILLE REGIMENT (LISGAR RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Thomas Grattan Kyle, gentleman. 3rd October, 1916

61ST REGIMENT DE MONTMAGNY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Ewart Euphemius Donovan, gentleman. 5th October, 1916.

63RD REGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES).—To be Chaplain with the honorary rank of Captain: The Reverend Robert Johnston. 1st October, 1916.

65TH CARABINIERS (MONT-ROYAL).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Joseph George Greetham de Lorimier, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

68TH REGIMENT (EARL GREY'S OWN RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William George Manson, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

72ND REGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumeray): Murray Mellish Churchill, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

George Stuart MacDonell, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.

74TH REGIMENT (THE BRUNSWICK RANGERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Henry Emmerson Tingley, gentleman. 22nd August, 1916.

88TH REGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (sueprnumerary): Douglas Niel McIntyre, gentleman. 28th September, 1916.

90TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): T. A. Mosley retires on appointment to the General List of Chaplains, C.M. 7th September, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Gudmundur Olafur Thorsteinson, gentleman. 8th September, 1916.

91ST REGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Bruce Anderson Carey, gentleman. 13th September, 1916.

93RD CUMBERLAND REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Manuel Hensley, gentleman. 14th September, 1916.

99TH MANITOBA RANGERS.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): William John Moisley, Francis William Roberts, Reginald Ironside, David Horner Beaubier, gentlemen. 7th September, 1916.

Archibald McLean, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

100TH WINNIPEG GRENADIERS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): James Douglas Ormsby, gentleman. 19th September, 1916.

103RD REGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Traunweiser, gentleman. 1st August, 1916.

110TH IRISH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Francis Cleve Ramsden, gentleman. 11th September, 1916.

Sergeant Thomas Langton. 15th September, 1916.

Sergeant James Buchanan, William Hewitt Anderson, gentleman. 26th September, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

No. 5 COMPANY.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. C. FitzGerald is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 17th June, 1916.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

To be Captain: Lieutenant B. W. D. Gillies. 12th December, 1914.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): William Arthur Scanlon, gentleman. 7th July, 1916.

Charles Henry Hudson, gentleman. 25th July, 1916.

Harold St. Clair Wismer, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.

Victor David Davidson, gentleman. 9th September, 1916.

*Virgil Paul MacMahon, gentleman. 11th September, 1916.

James Robert LeTouzel, gentleman. 13th September, 1916.

Percy James Sandys Bird, *Richard Davidson Cowan, gentlemen. 18th September, 1916.

Walter Patrick McBride, gentleman. 21st September 1916.

Adam Ernest Cantelon, gentleman. 24th September, 1916.

Henry Caffrey Nelson, gentleman. 26th September, 1916.

*Subject to qualification under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) W. C. Brown is seconded for service with the Royal Army Medical Corps. 15th September, 1916.

To be Quartermaster (supernumerary) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant: Sergeant-Major William John Trevelyan. 1st September, 1916.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary): Ethel Sylvia Mountain. 1st August, 1916.

Irene Winifred Lamarche, Florence Nightingale Sims, Agnes Annie Forbes, Pauline Gertrude Essery 2nd August, 1916.

Elizabeth Wilson Rodgers. 10th August, 1916.

Maude Bowman, Gertrude Bayley. 28th August 1916.

Alice Edith Isaacson, Marion Farrell Lavell. 29th August, 1916..

Maude King Brown, Isabel Mary Lord, Isabel Mary Patton. 30th August, 1916.

Mary Elizabeth Burton. 13th September, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY VETERINARY CORPS.

Provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary) A.M. McFarlane, S. A. Hill are seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 27th September, 1916.

MEMORANDA.

To be Honorary Colonel of the 199th (Overseas) Battalion, C.E.F.—Honorary Colonel The Honourable C. J. Doherty, P.C., K.C., LL.D. 6th October, 1916.

To be Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel of the 207th (Overseas) Battalion, C.E.F.—Lieutenant W. H. A.

Fraser, Corps Reserve, 43rd Regiment (The Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles). 4th October, 1916.

Captain W. F. Ingpen, C. M., is granted the local rank of Major, whilst employed as Professor of Artillery at the Royal Military College of Canada. 5th October, 1916.

To be Chaplains with the Honorary rank of Captain: The Reverend Thomas McAfee. 1st June, 1916.
The Reverend Robert James Hay. 14th July, 1916.
The Reverend Thomas Arthur Mosley. 7th September, 1916.

The undermentioned are granted the honorary rank of Captain in the Canadian Militia, whilst attached to the Canadian Expeditionary Force as representatives of the Young Men's Christian Association:—
The Reverend William Alexander Cameron. 3rd October, 1916.
Albert Edward Swanston,
James Galloway Yates,
Oscar Leslie Pearson,
George Wilfred Fisher,
Sidney Barlow Stokes,
Robert John Moore, Esquires. 6th October, 1916.

With reference to General Orders 8 and 26, 1916, the seniority of the undermentioned gentlemen appointed as provisional Lieutenants in the University of Manitoba Contingent, C.O.T.C., to be as follows on appointment:
John Kerr Sparling,
Frederick William Clark,
James Vidal Dillabough,
Chester Martin,
Robert Alexander Cunningham,
Vincent William Jackson,
Edmund Guthrie Perry,
Arthur Seymour Burgess,
James Alfred Sidney Gardner,
Carlton George Lee,
Clark Reid Hopper,
James McCulloch Brown,
Charles William Burns,
William Verner Tobias,
Charles Arthur Battershill.

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia as stated, whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force:—
To be Honorary Lieutenants.—
James Bayne McCurdy, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.
George Milton Atchison, gentleman. 1st October 1916.

Confirmation of Rank.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names:—

Lieutenant A. L. Young, 1st W.I.R. (Res. Mil.), 1st March, 1916.
Lieutenant R. E. Gunn, 1st W.I.R. (Res. Mil.), 1st March, 1916.
Lieutenant F. F. Carruthers, 1st W.I.R. (Res. Mil.), 1st March, 1916.
Lieutenant D. R. Woods, 1st W.I.R. (Res. Mil.), 1st March, 1916.
Lieutenant R. Wilson, 1st W.I.R. (Res. Mil.), 1st March, 1916.
Lieutenant A. R. Morrison, 1st W.I.R. (Res. Mil.), 1st March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. Small, 2nd Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. W. W. Copp, 2nd Regiment, 9th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. H. Cooper, 2nd Regiment, 30th June, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. D. B. Snelgrove, 2nd Regiment, 4th July, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. G. Bole, 2nd Regiment, 21st July, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. V. DeVerall, 10th Regiment, 10th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. G. Hazell, 10th Regiment, 25th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. P. Somers-Cocks, 12th Regiment, 22nd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. H. Johnson, 12th Regiment, 5th July, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary K. Haddeland, 19th Regiment, 30th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. W. King, 20th Regiment, 10th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary M. M. McNeil, 32nd Regiment, 6th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Finlayson, 35th Regiment, 27th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. H. Robertson 35th Regiment, 7th September, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. V. Ardagh, 35th Regiment, 7th September, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. H. MacKinnon, 36th Regiment, 27th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. W. Clemett, 36th Regiment, 1st June, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. S. Palmer, 36th Regiment, 4th July, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. F. Clarke, 46th Regiment, 8th August, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. Skeaff, 48th Regiment, 26th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. A. Harris, 48th Regiment, 3rd May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. R. A. Walker, 48th Regiment, 10th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. L. McCulloch, 48th Regiment, 10th July, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. Boyd, 48th Regiment, 11th July, 1916
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. Manville, 52nd Regiment, 8th September, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. P. Agnew, 52nd Regiment, 26th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. C. Cantrill, 52nd Regiment, 27th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. H. Hemsley, 52nd Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. C. McKay, 52nd Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. J. Kerr, 60th Regiment, 24th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Forster, 60th Regiment, 24th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. M. Bayne, 60th Regiment, 27th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. E. Clarke, 60th Regiment, 27th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. Facey, 60th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. S. Hinchey, 60th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary B. Green, 60th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. Grierson, 60th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. D. Brass, 60th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. L. Geddie, 79th Regiment, 15th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. A. H. Baker, 79th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. S. Fowler, 79th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. L. Peacop, 79th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. I. N. Ross, 79th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. E. Saunders, 79th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. L. Tate, 79th Regiment, 17th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. H. Gordon, 79th Regiment, 17th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. J. Wilson, 79th Regiment, 17th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. A. Masterman, 79th Regiment, 17th January, 1916,
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. F. Dunnet, 79th Regiment, 1st February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Birch, 79th Regiment, 1st February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. M. Thomson, 79th Regiment, 1st February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. E. Cole, 79th Regiment, 14th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. Thornton, 79th Regiment, 14th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. R. Skinner,, 79th Regiment, 27th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. W. Jackson, 79th Regiment, 28th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. W. McKeague, 79th Regiment, 1st June, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. S. Blanchard, 90th Regiment, 19th June, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. S. Head, 90th Regiment, 26th June, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. M. Grant, 90th Regiment, 26th July, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. P. Fullerton, 90th Regiment, 7th August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. V. Battley, 90th Regiment, 14th August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. U. Gladman, 90th Regiment, 18th August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Johnson, 90th Regiment, 23rd August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. H. Aikins, 90th Regiment, 18th October, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary M. F. Wardhaugh, 90th Regiment, 1st November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. C. Parkin, 90th Regiment, 11th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. M. Headlam, 90th Regiment, 20th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. G. A. Raymond, 90th. Regiment, 27th Nove ber, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. A. Keall, 90th Regiment, 1st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. D. Bawlf, 90th Regiment, 4th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary B. C. Parker, 90th Regiment, 6th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. C. Creery, 90th Regiment, 11th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. G. Brock, 90th Regiment, 17th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. F. Brock, 90th Regiment, 17th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. L. Bunting, 90th Regiment, 21st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary P. E. Browne, 90th Regiment, 22nd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. Crozier, 90th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. P. Ryan, 90th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. E. Burnham, 90th Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. R. Young, 90th Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. Colebrook, 90th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. R. Young, 90th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. W. M. Carey, 90th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Machaffie, 90th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. D. Corbet, 90th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary B. H. Curry, 90th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. L. Cavanagh, 90th Regiment, 6th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. C. David, 90th Regiment 7th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. A. Fletcher, 90th Regiment, 7th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. Stibbard, 90th Regiment, 15th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. G. Cruikshank, 90th Regiment, 15th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. Hansson, 90th Regiment, 3rd March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Rutherglen, 90th Regiment, 24th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. S. Fleming, 91st Regiment, 1st August, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. Hockin, 95th Regiment, 21st May, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. G. Robertson, 95th Regiment, 1st November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. de F. Mackie, 95th Regiment, 6th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. C. Allen, 95th Regiment, 6th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. J. Fyfe, 95th Regiment, 18th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. W. Fairley, 95th Regiment, 1st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. C. Carson, 95th Regiment, 9th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. A. McCusker, 95th Regiment, 9th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Waldron, 95th Regiment, 9th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. M. Crowe, 95th Regiment, 27th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. K. Olive, 95th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. Morris, 95th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. Ewart, 95th Regiment, 29th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. R. Chamberlin, 95th Regiment, 29th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. J. Bignell, 95th Regiment, 29th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. McPhail, 95th Regiment, 29th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. Patton, 95th Regiment, 29th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary N. H. Pawley, 95th Regiment, 29th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Wadge, 95th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. B. Keenlyside, 95th Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. Chenoweth, 95th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary, R. England, 95th Regiment, 6th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. W. Tye, 95th Regiment, 8th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. L. Davidson, 95th Regiment, 8th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. W. Barr, 95th Regiment, 12th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. Bell, 95th Regiment, 27th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. H. Clarkson, 95th Regiment, 19th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. W. McBrady, 96th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary M. C. McCallum, 96th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Stanworth, 96th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. J. Hooper, 96th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. E. H. Coo, 96th Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary K. T. Creighton, 96th Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. J. Ferry, 97th Regiment, 30th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. W. Hennessy, 97th Regiment, 12th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. Lyness, 97th Regiment, 17th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. O. Chapman, 98th Regiment, 17th June, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. J. R. Cherry, 98th Regiment, 8th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. Dickinson, 98th Regiment, 20th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. McKenzie, 98th Regiment, 25th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. R. Tibbets, 98th Regiment, 15th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. Graham, 98th Regiment, 15th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. F. McGregor, 98th Regiment, 16th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. R. Sorton, 98th Regiment, 27th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. S. Campbell, 98th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. B. Leslie, 98th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary M. M. Ferguson, 98th Regiment, 7th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. Hughes, 99th Regiment, 26th October, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. A. Matheson, 99th Regiment, 5th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. MacCulloch, 99th Regiment, 6th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary V. W. Bunn, 99th Regiment, 20th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. H. Hurley, 99th Regiment, 30th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. S. Gordon, 99th Regiment, 21st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. M. Pineo, 99th Regiment, 22nd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary N. C. Elliott, 99th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. M. Shirriff, 99th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. Webb, 99th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. McIsaac, 99th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary P. L. Waylett, 99th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. R. Bowler, 99th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. B. Buckham, 99th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. N. Hindson, 99th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. C. Lowry, 99th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. T. Jonasson, 99th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. McInnes, 99th Regiment, 1st January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. G. McPherson, 99th Regiment, 10th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. F. Campbell, 99th Regiment, 1st February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. A. Peterson, 99th Regiment, 19th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. G. M. Douglass, 100th Regiment, 27th July, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. Quinton, 100th Regiment, 21st August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. T. Alexander, 100th Regiment, 21st August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary, R. H. Holman, 100th Regiment, 26th August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. E. Halpin, 100th Regiment, 1st September, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. H. Wemyss, 100th Regiment, 2nd September, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. Ruddlesden, 100th Regiment, 8th September, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. N. Smith, 100th Regiment, 10th September, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. Bingham, 100th Regiment, 6th October, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. B. Holman, 100th Regiment, 25th October, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. J. Moorman, 100th Regiment, 5th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. L. Mitchell, 100th Regiment, 8th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. V. Gell, 100th Regiment, 11th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. K. Belcher, 100th Regiment, 25th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. B. Davies, 100th Regiment, 1st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. L. Waller, 100th Regiment, 2nd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. P. S. MacLean, 100th Regiment, 4th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. V. Smart, 100th Regiment, 6th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary O. H. Hollis, 100th Regiment, 6th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary N. J. Vadeboncoeur, 100th Regiment, 14th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. W. Wilcox, 100th Regiment, 14th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Sprenger, 100th Regiment, 14th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. M. Ross, 100th Regiment, 15th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. A. Bauslaugh, 100th Regiment, 16th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. A. McPherson, 100th Regiment, 16th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. D. Tod, 100th Regiment, 16th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. W. W. Revie, 100th Regiment, 20th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. S. Erzinger, 100th Regiment, 20th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. F. Dougall, 100th Regiment, 21st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. C. Folliott, 100th Regiment, 22nd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. F. Stovel, 100th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. G. Bell, 100th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. Taylor, 100th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. J. White, 100th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. M. Wright, 100th Regiment, 29th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. Grieve, 100th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. E. Brown, 100th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. H. Macneil, 100th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. L. Shanks, 100th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. M. Millar, 100th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. W. L. Moore, 100th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. B. Ritchie, 100th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary M. G. Macneil, 100th Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. C. Lawson, 100th Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. W. Thompson, 100th Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary N. H. Thompson, 100th Regiment, 3rd January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary M. S. Burger, 100th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. H. Phinney, 100th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. Strain, 100th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. C. Stibbard, 100th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. F. Lambert, 100th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. T. Riddle, 100th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. A. Smith, 100th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. Smith, 100th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. B. Charrest, 100th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. J. McGreevy, 100th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. G. Foggo, 100th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. M. McLeod, 100th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. J. L. Donovan, 100th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. J. Manning, 100th Regiment, 6th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. C. Pratt, 100th Regiment, 6th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary O. Pledger, 100th Regiment, 6th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. L. Burdick, 100th Regiment, 6th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. K. Taaffe, 100th Regiment, 6th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. Gillespie, 100th Regiment, 6th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. D. McRae, 100th Regiment, 6th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. J. Hansen, 100th Regiment, 8th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. F. Carlyle, 100th Regiment, 8th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. J. Hamilton, 100th Regiment, 8th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. A. Crawley, 100th Regiment, 8th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. B. Wilton, 100th Regiment, 8th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Hastie, 100th Regiment, 12th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. B. Lynn, 100th Regiment, 12th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Parsons, 100th Regiment, 12th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. W. Gillis, 100th Regiment, 14th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Swan, 100th Regiment, 10th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. R. Fraser, 100th Regiment, 19th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. C. Traves, 104th Regiment, 10th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. Clements, 105th Regiment, 1st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. J. Barwick, 105th Regiment, 15th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. A. H. Acheson, 105th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. E. Wells, 105th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. T. Willoughby, 105th Regiment, 30th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. Sheppard, 105th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. Suter, 105th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. J. Cragg, 105th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. S. Jones, 105th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Kinnear, 105th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. L. Davies, 105th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. P. Oliver, 105th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. P. Lloyd, 105th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Gilmour, 105th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. Simpson, 106th Regiment, 28th May, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary L. W. Fageant, 106th Regiment, 17th August, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary, G. E. Minchinton, 106th Regiment, 5th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. W. Gillespie, 106th Regiment, 5th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. A. Macdonald, 106th Regiment, 9th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. G. Sergant, 106th Regiment, 15th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. J. Hanson, 106th Regiment, 16th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. I. McGill, 106th Regiment, 23rd November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. W. Gardiner, 106th Regiment, 23rd November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. Gate, 106th Regiment, 23rd November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. L. Mawhinney, 106th Regiment, 23rd November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Macpherson, 106th Regiment, 8th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. H. B. Smith, 106th Regiment, 8th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. P. Ross, 106th Regiment, 8th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary M. S. McLean, 106th Regiment, 15th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. Lomas, 106th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. K. Elliott, 106th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. Carter, 106th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary V. H. Evans, 106th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. B. Neilson, 106th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. H. M. Kennedy, 106th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. P. Belcher, 106th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. B. Henry, 106th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary, W. Hay 106th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. G. Joy, 106th Regiment, 28th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary V. Gerard, 106th Regiment, 29th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary B. V. Richardson, 106th Regiment, 29th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. A. Wood, 106th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary P. Manby, 106th Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. S. Kent, 106th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. C. Julian, 106th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary S. L. McBain, 106th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. H. Burr, 106th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. G. Tweddell, 106th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. F. Dougherty, 106th Regiment, 5th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. O. Bethell, 106th Regiment, 7th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. F. Bond, 106th Regiment, 7th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. C. Jamieson, 106th Regiment, 7th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. O. Leach, 106th Regiment, 8th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. J. Doyle, 106th Regiment, 11th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary G. N. Ledger, 106th Regiment, 11th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. J. Welwood, 106th Regiment, 13th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary T. Lund, 106th Regiment, 4th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. E. Sprague, 106th Regiment, 5th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. Wade, 106th Regiment, 17th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. Dyer, 106th Regiment, 24th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. L. Gunn, 106th Regiment, 16th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. Benson, 106th Regiment, 28th March, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. K. MacNaughton, 106th Regiment, 9th May, 1916
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. W. O. Lane, 106th Regiment, 27th May, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary D. G. M. Galbraith, 109th Regiment, 20th July, 1916.

By Command,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDERS.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,
OTTAWA, October 16th, 1916.

G.O. 96.

ORGANIZATION.

Military District No. 1.

Adverting to General Order No. 30 of 1915, the addition of two more companies to the Ontario Agricultural College Contingent, C.O.T.C., is authorized.
(H.Q. 32–1–238).

Military District No. 13.

The 101st Regiment (Edmonton Fusiliers) is reorganized on a 4-company system as laid down in Infantry Training, 1914.

(H.Q. 7-107-20).

—

G.O. 97.

DECORATIONS AND MEDALS.

(Extract from the Second Supplement to *The London Gazette* of the 25th of August, 1916.

WAR OFFICE,
26th August, 1916

THE MILITARY CROSS.—REVISED ROYAL WARRANT.

GEORGE THE FIFTH by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India; To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS We did by Royal Warrant under Our Sign Manual dated 28th December, 1914, institute and create a new Decoration entitled "The Military Cross" to be awarded to Officers of certain ranks in Our Army in recognition of distinguished and meritorious services in time of war;

And whereas We are desirous that certain alterations should be made in the regulations governing the said Decoration, We do hereby ordain that the provisions of Our said Royal Warrant shall be cancelled, and that the following regulations shall be substituted in lieu thereof:—

Firstly:—It is ordained that the Cross shall be designated "The Military Cross."

Secondly:—It is ordained that The Military Cross shall consist of a Cross of Silver having on each arm the Imperial Crown and bearing in the centre the Royal and Imperial Cipher.

Thirdly:—It is ordained that no person shall be eligible for this decoration nor be nominated thereto unless he be a Captain, a Commissioned Officer of a lower grade, of a Warrant Officer Class I or Class II in Our Army, or Our Indian or Colonial Military Forces, and that the Military Cross shall be awarded only to Officers of the above ranks on a recommendation to Us by Our Principal Secretary of State for War.

Fourthly:—It is ordained that Foreign Officers of an equivalent rank to those above mentioned, who have been associated in Military Operations with Our Army, or Our Indian or Colonial Military Forces, shall be eligible for the award of the Military Cross.

Fifthly:—It is ordained that anyone who, after having performed services for which the Military Cross is awarded, subsequently, performs an approved act of gallantry which, if he had not received the Cross, would have entitled him to it, shall be awarded a bar to be attached to the riband by which the Cross is suspended, and for every additional such act an additional bar may be added.

Sixthly:—It is ordained that the names of those upon whom We may be pleased to confer this Decoration shall be published in *The London Gazette*, and that a Register thereof shall be kept in the office of Our Principal Secretary of State for War.

Seventhly:—It is ordained that the Military Cross shall be worn immediately after all Orders and before all Decorations and Medals (the Victoria Cross alone excepted), and shall be worn on the left breast pendent from a riband of one inch and three-eighths in width, which shall be in colour white with a purple stripe.

Eighthly:—It is ordained that the Military Cross shall not confer any individual precedence, but shall entitle the recipient to the addition after his name of the letters M.C.

Ninthly:—It is ordained that any person whom by an especial Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual We declare to have forfeited the Military Cross shall return the said Decoration to the Office of Our Principal Secretary of State for War, and that his name shall be erased from the Register of those upon whom the said Decoration shall have been conferred.

Lastly:—We reserve to Ourselves, Our heirs and successors full power of annulling, altering, abrogating, augmenting, interpreting, or dispensing with these Regulations, or any part thereof, by a notification under Our Royal Sign Manual.

Given at Our Court of St. James's, this 23rd day of August, 1916, in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

D. LLOYD GEORGE.

—

MEMORANDUM.

This Warrant is in substitution for the original Warrant of 28th December, 1914, and the Supplementary Warrant of 31st May, 1916. The insertion of the letters M.C. after the recipient's name, under Clause 8, will be carried out in the October Army List. 14-3.

—

THE COLONIAL AUXILIARY FORCES OFFICERS' DECORATION.

The undermentioned Officers have been awarded the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Officers' Decoration under the provisions of the Royal Warrant dated the 18th Day of May, 1899, and General Order 132 of November, 1901:—

Rank.	Name.	Corps.
Lieut.-Colonel....	H. E. McKee...	97th Regiment.
Captain.....	W. G. Fowler...	12th Regiment, (York Rangers.)

G.O. No. 88 of September 15th, 1916, insofar as it relates to the award of the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Officers' Decoration to Lt.-Col. S. H. Hill, 8th Regiment (R.R.), is cancelled.

THE COLONIAL AUXILIARY FORCES LONG SERVICE MEDAL.

The undermentioned are awarded the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medal, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant, dated 18th May, 1899, and General Order 132 of November, 1901:—

Rank.	Name.	Corps.
Lt.-Colonel.....	S. H. Hill.....	8th Regt. (R.R.)
Major.....	W. J. Cressey.....	97th Regt. (Algonquin Rifles).
Major.....	J. D. McCrimmon	28th Regiment.
Major.....	F. T. Bown.....	Victoria Rifles.
Captain.....	W.E. McCarthy...	34th Regiment.
Coy.-Sergeant Major.....	H. J. Smith.....	1st (Halifax) Regt. C.G.A.
Gunner.....	J. A. Murray.....	1st Regiment, C.G.A.

G.O. No. 88 of September 15th, 1916, insofar as it refers to the award of the Colonial Forces Long Service Medal to Private Charles Dugol, is hereby amended to read 87th Quebec Regt. instead of 67th Regt.

By Command,

Westmacott

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 22nd November, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32205. "The Ontario Law Reports." Vol. XXXVII Part I. Editor: Edward B. Brown, K.C. (Book) Law Society of Upper Canada, Toronto, Ont., 15 November, 1916.

32206. "Good-Bye, Dolly Dear, Good-Bye." Words and Music by A. Harris. Joseph Thomas Williams, Toronto, Ont., 15 November, 1916.

32207. "Traité Elementaire de Chimie." Par l'Abbé Alexandre Vachon. (Livre.) Alexandre Vachon, Québec, Qué., 15 Novembre, 1916.

32208. "The British Flag." Words by Amy Francis Elleby. Music by L. A. Clarke. Amy Francis Elleby, Virden, Manitoba, 15th November, 1916.

32209. "Telegraphic Code Book." (Book.) Standard Shipping Company, Limited, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 15th November, 1916.

32210. "Calendrier du Bon-Pasteur dédié aux Familles Chrétiennes." (Calendrier.) Les Religieuses de Notre-Dame de Charité du Bon-Pasteur, Montréal, Québec, 16 novembre, 1916.

32211. "Come On Over Here, It's a Wonderful Place." Words by William Jerome. Music by Seymour Furth. Whaley, Royce & Co., Limited, Toronto, Ontario, 16th November, 1916.

32212. "Dance and Grow Thin." Fox Trot. By Geo. W. Meyer. (Music.) Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 16th November, 1916.

32213. "Homesickness Blues." Fox Trot. By Cliff Hess. (Music.) Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 16th November, 1916.

32214. "Tricoteuse." (Statuette.) Alice Gertrude Shepherd, Toronto, Ontario, 17th November, 1916.

32215. "Our Soldier Boys So Brave." Composed and arranged by G. Leonard Thompson. (Music.) G. Leonard Thompson, Avonlea, Saskatchewan, 17th November, 1916.

32216. "The Queen of Flags." Words and Melody by E. E. Scott. E. E. Scott, Toronto, Ontario, 17th November, 1916.

32217. "We'll Eat Our Eggs at Home on Easter Morning." Words and Music by Martin Mann and G. V. Thompson. Thompson Publishing Co., Toronto, Ontario, 18th November, 1916.

32218, "Sir Wilfred Laurier." (Buste.) Laurent Moisan, Montréal, Québec, 18 novembre, 1916.

32219. "Rhymes of a Red Cross Man." By Robert W. Service. (Book). Paris, France, 18th November, 1916.

32220, "Silver and Gold." A Pictorial Souvenir of the Mines of Northern Ontario. (Book.) The Cobalt Daily Nugget, Limited, Cobalt, Ontario, 20th November, 1916.

32221. "Metropolitan Life Insurance Company Almanac, 1917." (Book.) Douglas Murray, Toronto, Ontario, 20th November, 1916.

32222. "The Everlasting Valve." Catalogue No. V. 16. (Booklet.) Engineering Specialties Company Limited, Toronto, Ontario, 20th November, 1916.

32223. "Till You Return." Words and Music by Frank O. Madden. Arranged by Jules Brazil. Frank O. Madden, Toronto, Ontario, 20th November, 1916.

32224. "Cape Breton Highlanders 185th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F." (Booklet.) The Mortimer Co. Limited, Ottawa, Ontario, 20th November, 1916.

32225. "219th Overseas Highland Battalion, C.E.F." (Booklet.) The Mortimer Co. Limited, Ottawa, Ontario, 20th November, 1916.

32226. "Nova Scotia Highlanders 193rd Overseas Battalion C.E.F." (Booklet.) The Mortimer Co., Limited, Ottawa, Ontario. 20th November, 1916.

32227. "Petals from the Flower of Song." By Herbert E. Collins. (Book.) Herbert E. Collins, Hamilton, Ontario, 20th November, 1916.

32228. "Lowly Songs." By C. H. Douglas Este. (Book.) C. H. Douglas Este, Montreal, Quebec, 20th November, 1916.

32229. "With the Canadian Forces on the Somme Front." By William Philip Sims. (Temporary.) United Press of New York, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 20th November, 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHTS.

1853. "The Oaks of Britain." Words by Ada Elizabeth Fuller. Music by E. S. Huntington. Ada Elizabeth Fuller, Niagara Falls, Ontario, 20th November, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
22–1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

GEOGRAPHIC BOARD OF CANADA.

Decisions, October-November, 1916.

BLACKSTONE ; river, tributary to Brazeau river, Alberta. (Not South branch of Brazeau.)
The name is descriptive of an outcrop of dark shale near the head of the river.

BORDEN ; point, Northumberland strait, P.E.I. (Not Carleton.)
After Sir R. L. Borden.

Carleton. See Borden.

CHARRON ; island, St. Lawrence river, Chambly county, Que. (Not Charon nor Chareau.)

Chareau. See Charron.

COWGITZ ; bay, west of Lina island, Skidegate inlet, south coast of Graham island, Coast district, B.C. (Not Waterfowl nor Kahgan.)

Curé. See Lebel.

DANSEREAU ; island, Verchères group, St. Lawrence river, Verchères county, Que. (Not Larose.)

DAVID ; river, tributary to Yamaska river, Drummond and Yamaska counties, Que. (Not St. David.)
The name David appears on the title of Deguir Seigniory, 1751.

Delorier. See Deslauriers.

DESLAURIERS ; island, St. Lawrence river, Verchères county, Que. (Not Delorier.)

Douglas. See Kitchener.

DUNCAN ; river, tributary to Black river, which flows southward into Yamaska river, Bagot and Drummond counties, Que.
The river was named after Francis Duncan, one of the first settlers in the township of Grantham and is so named on a township plan, 1857.

Eagle. See James.

GROSBOIS ; island, St. Lawrence river, Chambly county, Que. (Not St. Joseph.)

HERTEL ; island, St. Lawrence river, below Repentigny, Verchères county, Que. (Not Hartelle.)

Hartelle. See Hertel.

JAMES ; pass, at head of James river, tributary to Red Deer river, Alberta. (Not Eagle.)

Kahgan. See Cowgitz.

KITCHENER ; mount, at headwaters of Sunwapta river, Tp. 37, R. 24, W. 5th M., Jasper park, Rocky mountains, Alberta. (Not Douglas.) Name selected by Board to replace duplicated name given by Collie.
After Horatio Herbert Viscount Kitchener, (1850-1916.)

Larose. See Dansereau.

LEBEL ; island, St. Lawrence river, opposite Repentigny, L'Assomption county, Que. (Not du Curé.)

Plat. See St. Ours.

PLUM ; island, St. Lawrence river, below Verchères, Verchères county, Que. French usage : Prunes (île aux.)
The name Plum appears on an Admiralty chart, 1858.

Plumb. See Robinet.

PORT BORDEN ; port and car-ferry terminal, Northumberland Strait, P.E.I.
After Sir R. L. Borden.

PRUNES (île aux) ; island, St. Lawrence river, below Verchères, Verchères county, Que. English usage ; Plum (island.)

ROBINET ; island, St. Lawrence river, opposite Repentigny, L'Assomption county, Que. (Not Plumb.)

ST. BERNARD ; island at mouth of Chateauguay river, Chateauguay county, Que. (Not île des Sœurs.)

St. David. See David.

St. Joseph. See Grosbois.

ST. OURS ; island, St. Lawrence river, above Richelieu river, Verchères county, Que. (Not Plat.)

Sœurs (île des.) See St. Bernard.

South branch of Brazeau. See Blackstone.

Waterfowl. See Cowgitz. 22–1

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 31st October, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 417 has this day been issued to The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania, authorizing the transaction of Tornado Insurance in Canada in addition to Fire Insurance for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
20–4 Superintendent of Insurance.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 15th November, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that License No. 418 has this day been issued to the Glens Falls Insurance Company, authorizing the transaction in Canada of the business of Automobile Insurance in addition to Fire Insurance, Hail Insurance and Tornado Insurance for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
22–4 Superintendent of Insurance.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of subsection 2 of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act, withdrawn from the operation of the provisions of the said Act, which relate to homestead and pre-emption entry and entry by private sale, the east half of the northwest quarter of Section 25, Township 51, Range 26, west of the 2nd Meridian, and has set the same apart as School Lands in lieu of the south half of Section 29, Township 63, Range 24, west of the 3rd Meridian, to be included in the Pierce Lake Indian Reserve.

By Order,

LYNDWODE PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 2nd November, 1916. 20–4

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

GENERAL ORDER.

A GENERAL sitting of "The Exchequer Court of Canada," under the provisions of Rule 166, for the trial of cases, etc., will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Fraserville, P.Q., commencing on Tuesday, the 16th day of January, A.D. 1917, at 11 a.m.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of October, A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE.
19-4 *J.E.C.*

AMENDMENT TO THE RADIOTELEGRAPH REGULATIONS.

OPERATION OF SHIP STATIONS WITHIN A CANADIAN HARBOUR.

104. *Ship Stations in Harbours.*—(*a*) The radiotelegraph stations on board ships (other than H. M. ships of war or Canadian Government vessels) shall not be worked whilst such ships are within a harbour of the Dominion of Canada.

(*b*) For the proper enforcement of the above, ships of British register in Canadian harbours must completely disconnect their aerial wires from their radio opparatus, the ends of such wires being suspended entirely clear of the radiotelegraph cabin, preferably from the main rigging, in such a manner as to show they are properly disconnected.

(*c*) Ships of foreign register in a Canadian harbour must (subject to the provisions of the following subsection (*d*) take down their aerial wires completely and disconnect the same from their radiotelegraph apparatus

(*d*) Ships of foreign register remaining in a Canadian harbour for less than twelve hours, may at the discretion of the competent naval authority, be permitted to leave their aerials up, provided the same are disconnected in accordance with the provisions of subsection (*b*), of this regulation. 21-2

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada:—

1. A position in the Department of Labour in Subdivision A of the Second Division, initial salary, $1,600 per annum. The duties of the position will involve a study and investigation of the employment and living conditions of the women and child workers of Canada and assistance in the administration of any law dealing with future prices. Candidates must be women who have the following qualifications: a graduate of a recognized university, preferably with training in economics, and with sufficient practical experience in the lines above indicated to qualify for appointment in grade A of the Second Division.

2. An Assistant Chemist in the Ore Dressing and Metallurgical Division of the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Subdivision A of the Second Division, initial salary $1,600 per annum. Candidates must be graduates in chemistry of some recognized university and must have had considerable experience since graduation in the chemical analyses of ores, metals and ferro alloys.

3. A Translator for the Department of Trade and Commerce, Subdivision B of the Second Division initial salary $1,300 per annum. For this position an examination will be held in the following subjects: French Orthography, French Composiition, Translation from French into English, and Translation from English into French. Notice regarding the place and date of the examination will be sent to all applicants as soon as the necessary arrangements have been made.

4. A Reporter for the Debates Staff of the Senate of Canada, Subdivision B of the First Division, initial salary $2,100 per annum. The candidates must possess a high degree of stenographic skill sufficient to enable them to report the debates of the Senate in an intelligent manner in both the English and French languages.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 18th day of December next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 23rd November, 1916. 22–4

Perth Shoe Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, incorporating John Alexander Stewart, Francis William Hall and Hugh Anthony O'Donnell, barristers-at-law, William Edward Danner, manufacturer, and Thomas James Maher, accountant, all of the Town of Perth, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire the assets and undertakings of the "Perth Shoe Company, Limited," a company incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario ; to pay therefor by the issue of shares of the capital stock of the company, and to assume certain mortgage, loan and trade debts of the said Perth Shoe Company, Limited ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in boots and shoes ;

(*c*) To use any of its funds in the purchase of shares in any other corporation.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Perth Shoe Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 20,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Perth, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 10th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

James O'Kelly, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1906, incorporating James O'Kelly and James Bresnahan, liquor merchants, and Harriett Mary O'Kelly, married woman, of the Town of Pembroke, in the Province of Ontario, and John Patrick Coulson, hotelkeeper, and Anna Gertrude Coulson, married woman, both of the Town of Sudbury, in the said Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, export, import, buy and sell by wholesale or retail, all kinds of beer, wines and spirituous and fermented liquors ; to carry on the business of hotel keeping in all its branches ; to manufacture, export, import, buy and sell by wholesale or retail, all kinds of cigars, cigarettes and tobaccos and buy, sell, take and hold and deal in real estate for the purposes of carrying out the objects above mentioned.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "James O'Kelly, Limited" with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Pembroke, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 10th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Gold Seal, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1916, incorporating George Bowers, Norman Alfred Tulk, Matthew Nett and William John Tulk merchants, and Joseph Goddard, accountant, all of the, City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To engage in and carry on in Canada or elsewhere the business of wholesale and retail grocers, wholesale and retail druggists, bonded or other warehousemen, general traders, wholesale and retail merchants, brewers, malsters, distillers, manufacturers, importers, exporters, packagers or bottlers, distributors of all kinds of wines, spirits, malt liquors and of aerated mineral and artificial waters and other drinks, of teas, coffees, baking powders, fruits, spices, drugs, all kinds of tobaccos and accessories of the tobacco business and any and all other articles and things which may be conveniently dealt in by the company in connection with above businesses ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of a departmental store and general supply society in all its branches and to transact all kinds of agency and commission business ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, firm or corporation carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold, shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*h*) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any lands, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*i*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out, control and superintend any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, aqueducts, furnaces, saw mills, crushing works, hydraulic works, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*j*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*k*) To lend money to such persons and on such terms as may seem expedient and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*l*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*n*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*o*) To procure the company to be licensed or registered or recognized in any Province in Canada or elsewhere ;

(*p*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*q*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Gold Seal, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 40,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 10th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Silk & Dye Works, Limited—(La Compagnie Canadienne de Soieries et de Teintureries, Limitée).

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 10th day of November, 1916, incorporating William Henry Langelier and Adolphe Ernest Clement, managers, Louis Joseph Bisson, merchant, David Pelletier, clerk, and Alvin Ernest Woodworth, accountant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on all the business relating to the culture, production and manufacture of cotton, wool and natural and artificial silk, and generally pertaining to the manufacture, production and dyeing of textiles and fibres, or in any way relating thereto ;

(*b*) To buy, lease and otherwise acquire, use, develop, maintain, and to sell or otherwise dispose of timber limits, lumber mills, pulp and paper mills and other mills and factories useful or necessary to the company in the production or treatment of the raw material, waste and by-products pertaining to or arising out of the operations of the company ;

(*c*) To buy, lease or otherwise acquire, develop, improve, maintain and dispose of such water powers or water systems as may be necessary or useful for the purpose of the operations of the company ;

(*d*) To construct, or enter into contracts or agreements for the construction of railway sidings, wharves, docks and such works as may be necessary or useful to the company in the exercise of its powers ;

(*e*) To manufacture, treat, develop, buy, sell, exchange, or othewise deal with chemical products and their derivatives, waste or by-products ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company, or calculated to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To amalgamate with or enter into partnership or arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession, or otherwise, with any person, firm or corporation, carrying on or about to carry on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To acquire and take over the assets and liabilities of any person, firm or corporation carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of powers or property suitable for the purposes of the company, and the same to pay for in cash or fully paid-up and non-assessable shares of the company's capital stock, as may be deemed advisable ;

(*i*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or limited rights or any secret or other information as to any invention or process, and to turn to account, sell, lease or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the assets and business of the company to any person, firm or corporation for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures and securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act ;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*l*) To distribute in specie or otherwise any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company formed to take over the whole or any part of the undertakings of the company ;

(*m*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs and expenses of and incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company ;

(*n*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*o*) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental to the carrying out of the objects of the company ;

(*p*) The powers is each paragraph to be is no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph, or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian Silk & Dye Works, Limited, (La Compagnie Canadienne de Soieries et de Teintureries, Limitée)," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 10th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of November, 1916, incorporating Leon Daoust and Aimé Daoust, clerks, Annie McPartlin, Elsie Bramson and Malca Levitt, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares, appliances, merchandise of all sorts and descriptions and to establish, maintain and conduct a jobbing, commission, brokerage and general agency business ;

(*b*) To design, construct, manufacture, build, erect, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, own, improve, develop, repair, alter, maintain, operate, manage, sell, exchange, let out to hire, charter or otherwise deal in and dispose of appliances, buildings, plants, equipments, machinery, implements, materials and supplies of every description ;

(*c*) To acquire all or any part of the good-will, property and assets, including any agency, option, contract, agreement, concession or the like of any individual, firm, association or corporation carrying on a similar business and to pay for the same wholly or in part in cash or bonds, or in payment or part payment therefor to allot and issue, as fully paid up and non-assessable, shares of the capital stock of the company whether subscribed for or not ;

(*d*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the property, assets, rights, undertakings or

good-will of the company, and to accept payment for the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds, stock or other securities of any corporation or company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, trade marks, copyrights, agencies, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or process and to turn to account, sell, lease or otherwise deal in such patents, trade marks, copyrights, licenses, agencies or concessions :

(*f*) To acquire and hold, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the stock, shares, securities or undertakings of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its undertakings or assets to or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*g*) To enter into any agreement for the sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, hold, sell and deal in the business, assets, good-will, stock, shares or securities of any person, firm or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company and generally to do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which the company is incorporated, and to exercise all other powers permitted by the Act.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited," with a capi-tal stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

British Chemical Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of November, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon Yeoman, stenographers, Herbert William Jackson, clerk, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the folloming purposes, viz. :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in all kinds of explosives, chemicals, fertilizers, acids and alkalis of all kinds and whatever composition and the various articles used in their manufacture, and all by-products thereof, and in all articles composed either wholly or in part of the same, and all materials, substances, appliances and things required for or incidental to the manufacture, preparation, adaptation, use, firing or working of explosives and chemicals, or the packing, storing, carrying or disposition thereof ;

(*b*) For the purposes aforesaid, to carry on the business of miners, iron, brass and other metal-founders, machinists, tool-makers, metallurgists, or metal workers, fitters, mill wrights, packing-box makers, and all other detail branches of business usually or conveniently connected with any such business as aforesaid, either for preparing or finishing articles for sale, or for auxiliary purposes, as well as for the purposes of the businesses aforesaid as for the purpose of profit as independent businesses ;

(*c*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things used in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture, of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*d*) To construct, maintain and operate on the property of the company all works, bridges, reservoirs, flumes, dams, and any other works and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*e*) To construct, acquire, own, manage, charter, operate, hire and lease all kinds of steam and sailing vessels, boats, tugs and barges and other vessels, wharves, docks, elevators, warehouses, freight sheds and other buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*f*) To establish, maintain and operate for the use of the company, its employees, tenants and others a fire protection service, water service, electric light or gas service, and to make such contracts with respect to the same as may be found necessary or advisable either for the disposal of the surplus or otherwise ;

(*g*) To apply for, maintain, register, lease, acquire and hold or to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any patents of invention, improvements or processes, trade-marks, trade-names and the like, necessary to or beneficial for any of the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To distribute amongst the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company belonging of the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*i*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise the shares of any other company carrying on business in whole or in part similar to the business which this company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, or otherwise to acquire and undertake any other undertaking and business similar in whole or in part to that of the company, together with its plant, stock-in-trade, good-will, franchises and assets of all kinds and liabilities, and to carry on any other business which may seem to be capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or to facilitate the realization of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights or undertakings ;

(*j*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem proper, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*k*) To issue paid up shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be acquired by, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts and liabilities owing by the company ;

(*l*) To amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company, and to advance money to, guarantee the contracts of and otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares and securities of any such company and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*m*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others or as factors or agents ;

(*n*) To do all such other things as may be necessary to the due carrying out of the above objects or any of them ;

(*o*) The powers in each paragraph hereof are to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere

by the name of "British Chemical Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Regal Films, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of November, 1916, incorporating George Herbert Sedgewick, James Aitchison and Duncan McArthur, barristers-at-law, Archibald Thomas Struthers, accountant, and Francis Henry Hurley, law clerk, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To produce or acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise motion picture films and to exhibit and distribute motion picture films and generally to carry on in all its branches a theatrical business ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all kinds ;

(*c*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property or any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business or capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the company's property or rights, for the time being ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, exercise and enjoy in its own name, all or any of the property, franchise, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or any company or companies carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to pay for such property, franchise, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in shares of the company wholly or partly paid up and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*e*) To aid in any manner any corporation any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds, debentures or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by this company and to do any act or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds, debentures or other obligations, and to do any and all acts tending to increase the value of any of the property at any time held or controlled by this company ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights :

(*g*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, leases, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to pay for the same in cash, shares or other securities of the company or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement with any government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges, concessions or franchises which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, comply with or surrender any such arrangements, rights, privileges, concessions and franchises ;

(*j*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors or associates in business), or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant annuities, pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage carry out or control any roads, ways, branches o sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise and to hold and, with or without guarantee, to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in and of any other company carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company and to pay for such shares, stock, debentures, bonds and other obligations either in cash or partly in cash or to issue shares of this company fully paid up or partly paid up in payment or partly in cash and partly by the issue of shares of this company fully paid up or partly paid up, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to use the funds of the company in the purchase of shares, stock, debentures, bonds and obligations in and of any other company carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to vote on all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*o*) To sell, let or hire or otherwise deal with or dispose of the undertaking and assets of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company ;

(*p*) With the approval of the shareholders, to remunerate any person for services rendered to the company, in such manner as the company may deem expedient, and more particularly by the issue and allotment of shares, bonds or other securities of the company wholly or partly paid up, but nothing in this clause contained shall be deemed to limit the power of the directors to fix and pay the salary of any and all servants, agents and employees of the company;

(*q*) To lend money to customers and other persons, firms and corporations having dealings with the company and to take security for the loan of such money ; to guarantee the performance of the contractual and

other obligations of any such customers and other persons, firms and corporations and any or either of them, and to give any guarantee or indemnity as may seem expedient ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products and exhibitions of the company and of the persons, firms or corporations having contractual relations with the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*s*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company. or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of its business ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise ;

(*v*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the above objects, and so that the objects specified in each paragraph of the clause shall, except when otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or to or from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Regal Films, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, divided into 3,750 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Prudential Credit and Financial Bureau, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of November, 1916, incorporating Henry Weinfield, Marcus Meyer Sperber, Jacob Yale Fortier, advocates, Jean Charles Duhamel, and George Duhamel accountants, all of the city of Montreal in the Province of Quebec for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To inquire and report to creditors upon the financial standing of persons, merchants, firms, and corporations, and to exchange among subscribers information as to the credit and standing of merchants, to collect book accounts and all negotiable instruments, and to carry on a general collecting agency, and a jobbers' credit clearing house in all its branches, to act as bookkeepers, accountants, auditors, arbitrators, adjusters, and agents for any person, firm or corporation engaged in carrying on any business similar to that carried on by this Company.

(*b*) To engage in, or carry on, any business or transaction which may, directly or indirectly, enhance the value of, or render profitable, the company's assets, properties or rights ;

(*c*) To collect rents, dividends, interest, mortgages, bonds, bills, notes and accounts ;

(*d*) To act as selling agents for the stocks-in-trade, fixtures, real estate and other assets of merchants, firms and corporations ;

(*e*) To buy, or otherwise acquire, and to sell, or otherwise dispose of, property, real or personal ;

(*f*) To assist in the promotion, organization, development or management of any business, corporation or company, and to raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities, or otherwise, any other business, corporation or company, and to offer for public subscription any shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other business, corporation or company ;

(*g*) To sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of, the property and undertaking of this company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think proper, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds, or security of any other company.

(*h*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interests, co-operation joint adventure, reciprocal concession, or otherwise with any person or company carrying on, or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and to take, or otherwise acquire, shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without security, or otherwise deal in the same.

(*i*) To issue shares of the Company, common or preferred, in payment for property acquire by, or with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to the promoters in connection with the incorporation and organization of the Company, or for franchises, options contracts or other rights, benefits or privileges ;

(*j*) The powers in each of the foregoing clauses to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other clause.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Prudential Credit and Financial Bureau, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Premier Waterproof Clothing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of November, 1916, incorporating Samuel Cohen, Benjamin Bernard Goldman, Lewis Nathan Science and Jack Lewis, merchants, and Isidore Ballon, advocate, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on throughout the Dominion of Canada the business of importers, exporters, manufacturers and dealers in clothing, tailors' trimmings, hats, caps, haberdashery, gentlemen's furnishings, waterproof goods, and wearing apparel of every description and all other articles and materials which may be conveniently and advantageously dealt in or manufactured in connection with such business and without limiting the generality of the foregoing to manufacture, buy, sell, job and deal in pants and in woollen, worsted, linen, silk and cotton fabrics, and goods composed in whole or in part of cotton, flax, hemp, wool, silk or other material ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, leases, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*e*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*f*) To acquire and undertake generally the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will and undertaking, rights and assets, and to assume the whole or any part of the liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business with objects similar in whole or in part to those which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company;

(*g*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*h*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*i*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business;

(*j*) To adopt such means of making known the goods and operations of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*k*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*l*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, commission men, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*m*) To almagamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*n*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Premier Waterproof Clothing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Trudeau Carriage, Limited.
Carrosserie Trudeau, Limitée.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of November, 1916, incorporating Théophile Trudeau, manufacturer, Maximilien Renaud, Jean-Louis Poirier and Ernest Trudeau, accountants, and Omer Daoust, blacksmith, all of the city of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in all classes of carriages, vehicles, wagons, sleighs, motor wagons, automobiles, cars operated by horse power, steam, gasoline, electric or any other power, wheels, springs, axles, lamps, harness, automobile accessories, tires, lumber, and everything appertaining to the manufacture and trade of the above-named;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise;

(*c*) To acquire and own the assets, property, privileges, franchises, contracts, leases, real estate and other rights of any other individual, firm or company doing a similar business, and generally the business of any person or company exercising an industry or carrying on a trade which this company is authorized to carry on;

(*d*) To act as agents for other persons or companies in the purchase, sale, exchange or lease of all products concerning the objects for which the company is incorporated;

(*e*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated;

(*f*) To acquire and use steam, electric or other powers for the purposes aforesaid;

(*g*) To receive in payment of merchandise or for work done, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities issued by any similar company, and to give or dispose of the same;

(*h*) To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects similar to those herein enumerated on such terms as the company may choose;

(*i*) To sell. lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of in whole or in part the property, rights, or undertakings of the company, for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*j*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures for the payment either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, rights, claims, privileges, concessions, or other advantages which the Company may lawfully acquire, and also to issue fully paid shares, bonds or other securities in payment, part payment or exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar in whole or in part or incidental to the business of this Company;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the monies of the Company not immediately required, in such manner as may be from time to time determined;

(*l*) To apply for and acquire on any terms, letters patent of inventions, patent rights, processes, concessions, licenses, trade-marks, copyrights, or any other privileges or protections of a like nature, for, or connected with any matter, article or subject to manufacture or convenient for the business of the company, and to turn the same to account by manufacturing or working the same or granting licenses in respect thereof or otherwise;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Trudeau Carriage Company, Limited"—"Carrosserie Trudeau Limitée," with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Toronto Hockey and Amusement Company, Ltd.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of November, 1916, incorporating Elizabeth Knox, Emma Pearle King, Mary Elizabeth Cherrier and Eva Levitt, stenographers, and Harry Gordon Keen, students-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, take on lease, hire or otherwise acquire and hold lands or buildings or any interests therein for the purpose of athletic sports, recreation, amusement and entertainment ;

(*b*) To erect buildings on such lands or any of them for the purpose of skating, curling, hockey or any other kind of athletic sport, amusement, recreation or entertainment ;

(*c*) To use, convert, adapt and maintain all or any of such lands, buildings andpremises for the purposes aforesaid or any of them, with their usual and necessary adjuncts ;

(*d*) To promote, organize, manage, direct and conduct games, meets, exhibitions, matches, competitions, shows and displays and to give and contribute towards prizes, cups and other rewards :

(*e*) To apply for, purchase, hire, lease or otherwise acquire any franchise or permit to hold such games, meets, exhibitions, matches, competitions, shows and displays in public ;

(*f*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose and for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures and securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*h*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*i*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or enterprise which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*j*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*k*) To issue the stock, bond, debentures or other securities of the company in payment in whole or in part of any of the foregoing ;

(*l*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*m*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Toronto Hockey and Amusement Company, Limited, with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one twenty-five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Finnie and Murray, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of November, 1916, incorporating David Nicholson Finnie and George Coupar Murray, wholesale merchants ; Stephen Elswood Richards and William Lyon McLaws, barristers-at-law, and Francis Albert Johns, clerk, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz. :—

(*a*) To purchase and acquire as a going concern the business heretofore carried on by Messrs. Finnie and Murray as wholesale merchants and manufacturers at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, including all the real estate, buildings, plant, machinery, stock in trade, rights, credits and good-will and assets generally of said business and to undertake the liabilities of the said Finnie and Murray in respect thereof for such price and upon such terms of payment either in cash or securities or in the shares of this company and to carry on the said business of the said Finnie and Murray as wholesale dry goods merchants and to extend the same to any or all of the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada :

(*b*) To carry on in all or any of the Provinces of Canada the business of merchants and manufacturers of any and all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise whether by wholesale or retail, and to import, buy, sell or otherwise deal in or manufacture all classes of goods, wares and merchandise such as are generally used in the business of dealers in textile fabrics of all kinds of dry goods, millinery, dressmakers, tailors, hatters, clothiers, outfitters, glovers, lace manufacturers, feather-dressers, boot and shoemakers, leather goods, honsehold furniture, iron-mongery, turnery and other household fittings and utensils, ornaments, stationery, fancy goods, provisions, drugs, chemicals and other articles and commodities of personal and household use and consumption and generally of and in all manufactured and unmanufactured goods, materials, provisions and produce;

(*c*) To buy, sell, manufacture, repair, alter and exchange, let on hire, export and deal in all of the above named classes of goods and all kinds of articles and things which may be required for the purpose of any of the said businesses or commonly supplied or dealt in by persons engaged in any such business, or which may be capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the said businesses ;

(*d*) To provide and conduct refreshment rooms, newspaper rooms, reading and writing rooms, dressing rooms, telephone and other conveniences for the use of customers and others

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, corporation right, trade-licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation,

joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*g*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in the capital of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*i*) To take and hold mortgages of real estate, chattel mortgages, collateral or other securities upon real or personal property from any of its customers or other persons having dealings with the company and to take or hold any real or personal estate in trust or otherwise as security for or in payment of loans and debts due or to become due to the company;

(*j*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent object, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*l*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and to hold any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*m*) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company;

(*n*) To construct, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, tramways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist to take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*o*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*p*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*r*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company's capital or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company for the conduct of its business;

(*s*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*t*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects:

(*u*) To carry on any other business, manufacturing or otherwise which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above specified businesses or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of, or render profitable any the of company's property or rights;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Finnie and Murray, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars divided into 3,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Musical Instruments, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of November, 1916, incorporating Ambrose Thompson Pike, merchant, Jacob Allan Moore, manufacturer, Benjamin Steck Stright, salesman, Richard Honeyford, solicitor, and Kathleen Alberta Wilkinson, spinster, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy and sell musical instruments of every kind and nature as well as to buy and sell the parts thereof and all articles of whatsoever kind and nature used in and incidental to the proposed business of the company, including in such definition phonographs and voice recording machines;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it

desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe and guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Musical Instruments, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Beaver Board Timber Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of November, 1916, incorporating James White Bicknell, John Bruce O'Brien, Morley Carman vander Voort and Aubrey Thomas Maher, students-at-law, and John Steuart Duggan, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz. :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of pulp manufacturers, importers and dealers, and to manufacture, export, prepare, buy, sell and deal in pulpwood and pulp, either mechanically or chemically prepared, and other articles incident to the manufacture of pulp and articles in the making of which pulpwood or wood pulp form constituent parts ;

(*b*) To carry on the business of lumbermen, timbermen and sawmillers, and to acquire, buy, sell and deal in timber lands and timber limits and in standing timber and rights or licenses held by persons to cut or remove such timber and acquire and deal in timber and logs, and to manufacture and deal in lumber, ties, laths, shingles and other wood products and in extracts, essences and by-products thereof and in all articles of which timber or wood may form a constituent part ;

(*c*) To purchase, construct, charter and navigate vessels or construct and operate tramways on lands owned or controlled by the company so far as may be necessary for the business of the company ;

(*d*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights:

(*e*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property or liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) Subject to section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To enter into arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with

any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*i*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employes of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*n*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company :

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*p*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects and of the objects set out in the letters patent and supplementary letters patent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Beaver Board Timber Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Crystal Skirt Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 9th day of November, 1916. incorporating Benjamin Wilanski, manufacturer, Max Wilanski, designer, John Harry Wilanski, traveller, Edson Grenfell Place, advocate, and Hugh MacKay, King's counsel, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, deal and traffic in all kinds of ladies' and misses' skirts, suits and clothing of all sorts and description ;

(*c*) To act as agents or representatives for other companies or corporations carrying on a similar business ;

(*d*) To deal in all kinds of manufactured and unmanufactured goods, raw material, cloth and dry goods of every description ;

(*e*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the property, assets, good-will and business of the Crystal Skirt Company, upon such terms as to payment for the same by the issue of fully paid-up shares or cash as may be agreed upon ;

(*f*) To manufacture, deal and generally trade in all kinds of men's and boys' clothing;

(*g*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities in any other corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of this Act.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Crystal Skirt Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Montreal (Lachine Canal) Land Syndicate, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Montreal (Lachine Canal) Land Syndicate, Limited,' from the sum of four hundred thousand dollars to the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, such increase to consist of one thousand preferred shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Consolidated Steel Foundries, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of November, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Consolidated Steel Foundries, Limited," to that of "Consolidated Brass Foundries, Limited."

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Howard Smith Paper Mills, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of the "Howard Smith Paper Mills, Limited," from the sum of one million dollars to the sum of three million dollars, such increase to consist of twenty thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Louison Lumber Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Louison Lumber Company, Limited" from the sum of two hundred thousand dollars to the sum of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, such increase to consist of two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 21st day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22–2

Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 22nd day of November, 1916, extending the powers of "The Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Company, Limited," to include the following objects: To enter into any agreement for the sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, amalgamation, reciprocal concession with, and to guarantee by loan, endorsement, contract or otherwise, the business or undertakings of any person, firm or corporation carrying on business of any nature akin to or in any way incidenta- with the business of this company, and, notwithstand, ing section 44 of The Companies Act, to acquire, own hold and dispose of shares, bonds, debentures, obligations or securities of any such person, firm or corporation, whether the same be those of a person, firm, or corporation carrying on business of a similar nature to this company, or of a nature which may in any way be advantageous to or beneficial for the carrying on of this company's business or the extension and enlargement of its operations.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 23rd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22–2

The Sault Shipping Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of November, 1916, incorporating Alexander Taylor, secretary, Rex Ewart Nicholson, sales agent, Joseph Garfield Gibson, barrister, Helen Anderson Cowan and Florence Mary Turner, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To build, buy, sell, equip, operate and own steamships, steamboats, sailing ships, boats and other property to be used in such business, trade, commerce and navigation, and to purchase, sell, own and hold and lease all kinds of vessels and boats, apparel, tackle and furniture, wharves, piers and warehouses. To carry on the business of engaging, receiving, transporting and delivering merchandise upon freight or for hire between any port or ports; the business of owning or chartering vessels therefor; the business of operating vessels in such service; the business of contracting or arranging for the transportation of merchandise to or from any of such ports by rail, boat or otherwise, or to any inland or coast place or places. To enter into contract for the carriage of mails, passengers, goods and merchandise by any means either by its own vessels or by or over the vessels, railways or conveyance of others. To gather, receive, distribute, and deliver goods and merchandise, and to carry on a general transportation, freight and express business;

(*b*) To employ as ship's husband and managing agent of any vessel owned by the company, any person, firm or company whether limited or not, and that although he or they may not be entitled to any interest or share in the said vessel in question or in the company;

(*c*) To build, acquire, lease, operate and manage storehouses, warehouses, wharves and other facilities and to do such act or acts, thing or things, incidental or growing out of or connected with said business, including the owning, leasing. holding, erecting and maintening of docks bulkheads, piers, basin and warehouses; the storage and docking of ships, steam vessels and boats of every kind and description; the loading and unloading thereot; the issue of storage and warehouse receipts, negotiable and non-negotiable, covering all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise; the loaning of money on the pledge of goods, wares and merchandise and other property stored with the company, or on the pledge of storage, dock and warehouse receipts therefor; and the advancing of freight duties, fire and marine insurance and liens of every kind and nature upon goods, wares and merchandise received on storage or for the purpose of being warehoused.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Sault Shipping Company, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars, divided into 3,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Sault Ste. Marie, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22–2

The Central Development Company, Limiied.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of November, 1916, incorporating Reginald Lancaster Pattinson, William George Ryan and Garnet Wolsley Holmes, oil and gas operators, and Charles Henry Houson, manufacturer, of the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario; Bon Jasperson, of the Town of Kingsville, in the said Province of Ontario, oil and gas operator; Phillip William Roth, of the City of Buffalo, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, oil and gas operator; and Henry Bloomfield Smith, of Bay City, in the State of Michigan, one of the United States of America, manufacturer, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To procure, hold or dispose of leases or licenses of lands for the purpose of procuring oil, natural gas or other minerals of any kind or description; to procure and hold and operate under or dispose of municipal franchises for laying pipe lines or boring or drilling for oil or natural gas upon municipal highways or public places in municipalities, and to drill, bore and operate wells for the production of oil, natural gas or mineral products, and to procure, deal in, sell or dispose of oil, natural gas or mineral products;

(*b*) To construct and operate telephone and telegraph lines or other systems of communication for the purposes of or in connection with the business of the company;

(*c*) To buy, sell, or deal in shares, stocks and bonds or debentures of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*d*) To procure, hold, exchange or dispose of land and personal property in connection with the business or interests or requirements of the company;

(*e*) To construct and operate steamboats or other boats, vessels or ships or other method of transportation, and to sell, exchange or dispose of the same from time to time;

(*f*) To procure, develop and operate or sell or dispose of electric or other power, and to procure, operate under or dispose of franchises from municipalites in respect of same;

(*g*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*i*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*j*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*k*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company or any other individuals or corporations.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Central Development Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Ladner Lumber Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of November, 1916, incorporating John James Mackan, secretary, Henry Waring Oak Woodrooffe and Robert Turnbull, accountants, and Nellie Louisa Nelson and Harry Shortt, law clerks, all of the City of St. Catharines in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern, the undertaking and all or any of the assets of the McLelan Lumber Company, Limited, in the Province of British Columbia ; to engage in the business of manufacturers of timber, lumber and the products thereof ; and to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits or any rights therein, and to deal in and sell timber limits, timber and the products thereof, and to erect, maintain and operate saw-mills ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engaged in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such governments or authorities any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*i*) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, building, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*j*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, tramways on lands controlled or owned by the company, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*k*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*l*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*m*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company :

(*n*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*o*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(*p*) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Ladner Lumber, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Ladner, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The L. D. Caulk Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 20th day of November, 1916, incorporating Arthur Fry, secretary, Mary Little, bookkeeper, Jacob Doan Musselman, manager, Ralph McLean, student-at-law, and John Charles McKay MacBeth, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all kinds ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*e*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, government or supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with or surrender any such arrangements, rights, privileges, concessions and franchises;

(*f*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors or associates in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant annuities, pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*g*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business or capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the company's properties or rights, for the time being, and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*i*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, resorvoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, working management or control thereof ;

(*j*) To aid in any manner any corporation any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds, debentures or other obligations are held or in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any act or things for the preservation and protection, improvement and enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds, debentures or other obligations, and to any and all acts tending to increase the value of any of the property at any time held or controlled by this company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, and, with or without guarantee, to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, and other obligations in and of any other company, and to pay for such shares, stocks, debentures, bonds and other obligations either in cash or partly in cash, or to issue shares of this company fully paid up or partly paid up in payment, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act to use the funds of the company in the purchase of shares, stock, debentures, bonds and obligations in and of any such other company, and to vote on all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*l*) To remunerate any person for services rendered to the company, in such manner as the company may deem expedient, and more particularly with the approval of the shareholders by the issue and allotment of shares, bonds or other securities of the company, wholly or partly paid up, but nothing in this clause contained shall be deemed to limit the power of the directors to fix and pay the salary of any and all officers, servants, agents and employees of the company;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable and transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to take security for the loan of such money ; to guarantee the performance of the contractual and other obligations of any such persons and to give any guarantee or indemnity as may seem expedient ;

(*o*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*p*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company, or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of the business ;

(*q*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*r*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise ;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the above objects, and so that the objects specified in each paragraph of the clause shall, except when otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or to or from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The L. D. Caulk Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 22nd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22–2

La Manufacture de Meubles de Salon, Limitée —Parlor Furniture Manufacturers, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of November, 1916, incorporating Arthur Reginald Whitney Plimsoll, Reigner Brodeur and Adolphe Chouinard, advocates, Hector Langevin, accountant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec; and Linton Hossie Ballantyne, student-at-law, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To do all acts and carry on all business as makers, manufacturers, merchants, wholesale and retail importers and exporters of all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise, including furniture of all kinds, toys of all kinds, musical instruments of all kinds and of everything which may be used to furnish houses, including stoves, washing machines, upholstering in all its forms, dusters, brooms, brushes, shovels, comforters, pillows, cushions, draperies, curtains, portieres, ash sifters, to deal in feather and to carry on any undertakings relating to such business;

(*b*) For the company's purposes to purchase, take in exchange or otherwise acquire and to develop lands or interest therein together with any buildings or structures that may be on the said lands; to sell, lease, exchange any lands or any part thereof or otherwise to dispose of the same and of any or all buildings or structures that are now or may hereafter be erected on the said lands and to take security therefor as may be deemed necessary; to purchase, own, hold, lease, exchange, develop and cultivate lands, immovable properties of all kinds, including standing timber, and otherwise to dispose of the same;

(*c*) To take or hold mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase price of any such buildings or structures so sold; and to sell and transfer such mortgages or otherwise to dispose of the same;

(*d*) To purchase, take, acquire in its own name and to carry on the business or any rights to manufacture, purchase, sell or deal in leather, leather fibre, or the by-products thereof or any articles used with or without oil, such as lubricative packings or for any other purposes whatsoever, including trade marks, industrial designs, formulæ, patent rights, and to pay for the same in cash or in bonds of the company, and from time to time, to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same;

(*e*) To establish stores for the sale, at wholesale and retail, of any articles, and generally to carry the business of merchants;

(*f*) To manufacture, purchase, sell and deal in pulpwood and other materials used in the manufacture of paper, cardboard, and to carry on the business of timber and lumber merchants and general dealers;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with or ancilliary or subsidiary to its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange, lease or otherwise, and to construct, erect, operate, hold, maintain, and manage all factories, shops, storehouses, depots, machine shops. engine houses and other structures and erections necessary for its business, and all other property, movable and immovable, necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company, and to lease, sell and dispose of the same;

(*i*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or license on royalty or otherwise, and to hold, own, use, operate, sell or assign, or otherwise dispose of any and all trade marks, trade names and distinctive marks, copyrights and patent rights, and all inventions, improvements and processes used in connection with or secured under letters patent of the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such trade marks, trade names, patents, concessions, processes and the like, or any such property and rights;

(*j*) To develop and operate any water power or water powers and to generate, produce and accumulate electric and electric motive forces or other similar agencies for the production of light, heat and power for the purposes of the company, with power to sell or otherwise dispose of any excess not required, and to supply the same for light, heat and power purposes to any person or corporation on such terms as may be agreed upon, provided that the foregoing powers when exercised outside the property of the company shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise which may seem conducive to the company's objects or any them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it advisable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*l*) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares, debentures or other securities of the company for the payment in whole or in part of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable or mixed, rights and concessions which the company may lawfully acquire, or with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or to be rendered to the company;

(*m*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, to purchase and acquire and to own, hold, sell and re-issue shares, debentures, bonds, and other securities of any company or corporation carrying on a similar business, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company and to guarantee the payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, and to manage, operate and carry on as a manager the property, franchises, undertaking and business of any corporation any of whose shares, bonds, debentures or other securities are held by the company, for such remuneration as may be deemed reasonable and proper;

(*n*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property, franchises, undertakings, good-will and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company;

(*o*) To promote or assist in promoting any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company and to become a shareholder in any company subsidiary, allied or otherwise carrying on or having for its objects the carrying on of any business similar in whole or in part to that of this company, and to enter into any arrangements for sharing profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with such person or company, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 or the said Act, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of such company and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company, and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends or otherwise deal with the same;

(*p*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets, and assume all the liabilities of any person, firm or company indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that conducted by the company, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company or otherwise;

(*q*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertakings of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act;

(*r*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, exercise and enjoy all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on or formed for carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake and assume the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*s*) To make cash advances to customers and others having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*t*) To accept in payment of any debt due to the company, stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company ;

(*u*) To distribute in species or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company amongst its members, and particularly shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*v*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*w*) To aid in any manner and guarantee the obligations of any company any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds, or other obligations are held or in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations, and to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of the property of any such company ;

(*x*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*y*) To draw, make, endorse, accept, execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading and other negotiable and transferable instruments ;

(*z*) To remunerate by payment in cash, or with the approval of the shareholders in stock, bonds, or any other manner, any person or persons or corporation or corporations, for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of stock of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the conduct of its business ;

(*aa*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable. convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any one or more of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time appear conducive or expedient for the protection or benefit of the corporation, either as holders of or interested in any property or otherwise ;

(*bb*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "La manufacture de meubles de salon, limitée"—Parlor Furniture Manufacturers, Limited," with a capital stock of ninety-eight thousand dollars, divided into 980 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Pointe-aux-Trembles. in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22–2

The D. Burtch Manufacturing, Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of November, 1916, incorporating James McMillan, farmer, Delbert Burtch, machinist, Rupert Kenneth Grimshaw, contractor, Edward John Swift, accountant, and George Gordon Plaxton, barrister, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell, manufacture, repair, alter, let on hire and deal in farm and dairy machinery and implements and hardware of all kinds, and to carry on any other business, manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above, or otherwise calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of any of the company's property and rights for the time being;

(*b*) To manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to sell or otherwise dispose of any or all kinds of goods, wares, chattels and merchandise, and generally to deal in and deal with all species of property, either movable or immovable, capable of being owned;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets, d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, reissue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To pay for any property, rights and things required by the company or with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered to the company in cash, fully paid shares of the capital stock of the company or its bonds and debentures ;

(*h*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*i*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required, in such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*j*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees of the company or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*k*) To sell or dispose of the undertakings of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for

shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*l*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*m*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*n*) To purchase, lease or acquire and develop water or other power and to use the same and to lease, sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus thereof ;

(*o*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs and expenses of and incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The D. Burtch Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22–2

The International Feldspar Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of November, 1916, incorporating Jacob Vincent Poaps, merchant, Nelson Hollister, contractor, Frank Curry, conductor, and Frederick William Phipps English and George Bruce English, civil servants, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To prospect for, open, explore, develop, work, improve, maintain and manage gold, silver, copper, nickel, lead, coal, iron, feldspar and other mines, quarries, mineral and other deposits and properties and to dig for, dredge, raise, crush, wash, smelt, roast, assay, analyze, reduce and amalgamate and otherwise treat ores, metals and mineral substances of all kinds, whether belonging to the company or not, and to render the same merchantable, and to sell and otherwise dispose of the same, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, and generally to carry on the businsss of a mining, milling, reduction and development company ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, license, exchange or other legal title mines, mining lands, easements, mineral properties or any interest therein, minerals and ores and mining claims, options, powers, privileges, water and other rights, patent rights, processes and mechanical or other contrivances and either absolutely or conditionally and either solely or jointly with others, and as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and to lease, place under license, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof or any interest therein ;

(*c*) To construct, maintain, alter, make, work and operate on the property of the company or on property controlled by the company, tramways, telegraph or telephone lines, reservoirs, dams, flumes, race and other ways, waterpowers, aqueducts, wells, roads, piers, wharves, buildings, shops, smelters, refineries, dredges, furnaces, mills and other works and machinery, plant and electrical and other appliances of every description, and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effects required by the company or its workmen or servants ;

(*d*) To construct or acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise and to operate and maintain undertakings, plant, machinery, works and appliances of the generation or production of steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force ; also lines of wire, poles, tunnels, conduits, work and appliances for the storing, delivery and transmission under or above ground of steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force for any purpose for which the same may be used, and to contract with any company or person upon such terms as are agreed upon to connect the company's lines of wires, poles, tunnels, conduits, works and appliances with those of any such company or persons, and generally to carry on the business of generating, producing and transmitting steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic, or other power or force ; to acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force, and to use, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same and all power and force produced by the company, provided, however, that any sale, distribution or transmission of electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power of force beyond the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations ;

(*e*) To take, acquire and hold as the consideration for ores, metals, or minerals sold or otherwise disposed of, or for goods supplied or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar to those of the company and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*f*) To manufacture and deal in logs, lumber, timber, wood, metal, all articles into the manufacture of which wood or metal enters and all kinds of natural products and by-products thereof ;

(*g*) To build upon, develop, cultivate, farm, settle and otherwise improve and utilize the lands of the company and to lease, sell or otherwise deal with or dispose of the same and to aid and assist by way of bonus, advances of money or otherwise with or without security, settlers and intending settlers upon any lands belonging to or sold by the company, or in the neighborhood of such lands and generally to promote the settlement of said lands ;

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake and assume all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purpose thereof ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company ;

(*j*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise any corporation in the capital stock of which the company holds shares, or with which it may have business relations, and to act as employee, agent or manager of any such corporation, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such corporation, or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*k*) To build, acquire, own, charter, navigate and use steam and other vessels ;

(*l*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents of invention, trade marks, copyrights or similar privileges refating to or which may be deemed useful to the company's business and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same as may be deemed expedient ;

(*m*) To join, consolidate and amalgamate with any person, society, company or corporation carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company and to pay or receive the price agreed upon in, cash or in paid-up and non-assessable shares, bonds or debentures or other securities or guarantees of the company;

(*n*) To develop or assist in developing any auxiliary or allied company carrying on business of a like nature or germane to that of this company and to become shareholders in the same:

(*o*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in ;

(*p*) To lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the property and assets of the company, or any part hereof,

for such consideration as the company may deem fit, including shares, debentures or securities of any company ;

(*q*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*r*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*s*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*v*) The interpretation of any of the powers granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The International Feldspar Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 50,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22–2

The Walter Biton Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of November, 1916, incorporating David Henderson, William Henry McGuire, George Francis Rooney and Nathan Phillips, barristers-at-law, and William Patrick O'Meara, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the business and assets generally, including the good-will and liabilities, of the business now carried on by the Walter Biton Company, and to issue in payment or part payment therefor fully paid up and non-assessable shares of this company for such amounts as may be agreed upon ; to carry on the above named business in all its branches ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, import and export and otherwise deal in rubber goods and combinations and substitutions thereof of all kinds, and to buy, sell, import and otherwise deal in woollen goods of all kinds ;

(*c*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the due carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated or necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " The Walter Biton Company, Limited ", with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of November, 1916

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22–2

Painless Horse-Shoe Nail, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1916, incorporating Wilson Rudd, of No. 89 New Oxford Street, London, W.C., in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, journalist ; Edward Taylor Thomlinson, of No. 24 Holborn, London, E.C., in England aforesaid, secretary ; Frederick Edward Pearce, of Fairstowe, Upper Crabtree Lane, Harpenden, Herefordshire, in England aforesaid, merchant ; James Edgar Coxon, of No. 19 St. Philips Road, Surbiton, County of Surrey, in England aforesaid, architect, and Harold Griffiths, of Dunelm, The Crescent, Borough of Croydon, in England aforesaid, architect, for the following purposes. viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture horse-shoe nails and nails of every description, horse-shoes and screws and generally to carry on the business of manufacturing metal goods of every description ;

(*b*) To manufacture, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire machinery and any and all apparatus necessary or useful in connection with the business of the company and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, trade-marks, trade-names, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorised to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*g*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*h*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*i*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art and interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*j*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Painless Horse-Shoe Nail, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds sterling, divided into 120,000 shares of one pound each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 21st day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under Secretary of State.

22–2

AMENDMENT TO THE RADIOTELEGRAPH REGULATIONS.

Nationality of Operators.

No. 88. (*a*). No person shall be permitted to attend examination for any class of certificate of proficiency in radiotelegraphy

(1) Who is not a British subject;

(2) Who has at any time been of enemy nationality;

(3) Whose parents were not of British nationality at the time of his birth;

(4) Whose parents have at any time been of enemy nationality.

(*b*) Candidates for examination for first class certificate of proficiency must be not less than eighteen years of age.

(*c*) This regulation shall take effect on the 15th October, 1916, and shall remain in force until the cessation of hostilities, unless sooner repealed.

Ottawa, 11th Nov. 1916. 21–2

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Ottawa, 14th November, 1916.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of section 27 of The Canada Shipping Act the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, by M. & F. Order No. 49 in 1916, dated 13th November, 1916, has granted permission to change the name of the steamer "Nyanza," which has been purchased from foreigners (U.S.A.), to that of "Landbo."

C. STANTON,
Acting Deputy Minister.

21-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 105 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 49.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(353) West Coast—Bay of Fundy—St. Mary bay—Petit passage, south entrance—Bell buoy established.

Position.—600 feet 173° (S. 12° W. mag.) from the ledge off the south point of Digby neck, south entrance to Petit passage.

Lat. N. 44° 22′ 18″, Long. W. 66° 12′ 14″

Description.—Iron buoy, surmounted by a bell.
Colour.—Red, with "Petit passage" in white letters on the deck.
Depth.—10 fathoms.

N. to M. No. 105 (353) 27-10-16.

Variation in 1916: 19° W.
Authority: Report from N. B Agent, M. and F.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2656. 352, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 247.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: To be inserted as No. 179·5.
Departmental File: No. 33331.

QUEBEC.

(354) River St. Lawrence—Godbout—Bearing of range lights—Sailing directions.

Former notices.—No. 57 (158) of 1910; and No. 115 (323) of 1911.
Position of front range light.—3200 feet northeastward of the point on the east side of the mouth of Godbout river.

Lat. N. 49° 19′ 0″, Long. W. 67° 35′ 43″

Bearing of range lights.—The back light of the Godbout range bears 282° (N. 53° W. mag.) 331 feet from the front light.
Sailing directions.—A sand spit makes off the southwest point of the bay at the mouth of Godbout river. To clear it keep Pointe des Monts light open. From the westward this light cannot be seen north of 70° (S. 85° E. mag.), on which line a ship would pass 1·8 miles southward of the spit; if it is desired to make the anchorage, when either one of the range lights bears about 335° (North mag.), course is altered to about 352° (N. 17° E. mag.) till the lights are in one, when a ship would be in about 40 fathoms water about 6 cables from the anchorage, the line of lights is then followed till convenient depth is picked up. From the eastward the range lights can be held as soon as picked up, as they lead clear of all land to the northward. Leaving the anchorage and bound westward course can be steered 149° (S. 6° E. mag.) till Pointe des Monts light is seen, when course is altered as desired. Shelter can be got in easterly winds by anchoring close up in the northeast corner of the bay.

N. to M. No. 105 (3 27-10-

Variation in 1916: 25° W.
Authority: Report from Mr. C. Savary, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Surve steamer "Cartier."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 307 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916, pages 225 and 226.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 1078 and 1079.
Departmental File: No. 21078C.

NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN.

(355) Southeastward of Newfoundland—Derelict.

Derelict.—Transport "Peshawur" reports passing on 24th October, 1916, derelict schooner awash. No masts.

Lat. N. 46° 2′, Long. W. 52° 35′

N. to M. No. 105 (355) 27-10-16.

Authority: Naval Service Department.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2666 and 2059.
Departmental File: No. 14191.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 27th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 107 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 33.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(358) Lake Ontario—Port Hope—Dredging.

Dredging.—The entrance to Port Hope harbour has been dredged by the Department of Public Works of Canada to a depth of 16 feet below the zero of the gauge, which is 245 feet above mean sea level, New York. Beginning 200 feet outside the breakwaters with a width of 175 feet, the dredging extends northwards the full width between the breakwater piers to the point where the harbour widens and thence follows the east breakwater with a least width of 170 feet to the channel between the east and central piers, including the full width of that channel to a point 150 feet inside the warehouse on the east pier.

N. to M. No. 107 (358) 30-10-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. J. M. Wilson, District Engineer, P. W. Dept.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1152 and 797.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 61.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108D, 1907, page 139.
Departmental File: No. 38285.

ONTARIO.

(359) Georgian bay, south side—Collingwood harbour—Light on breakwater to be discontinued.

Former notice.—No. 34 (80) of 1906.

Position.—Outer end of west breakwater pier, entrance to Collingwood harbour.

Lat. N. 44° 31′ 0″, Long. W. 80° 13′ 50″

Light to be discontinued.—The maintenance of Collingwood breakwater fixed white light will be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

Day beacon.—The old disused tower will remain on the site, and not been down.

Fog horn.—In thick weather the hand fog horn will be operated as heretofore, in answer to signals from steamers.

N. to M. No. 107 (359) 30-10-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 327 and 678.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 81.
Publication: Sailing Directions for Georgian Bay, 1915, page 143.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1992.
Departmental File: No. 21992R.

ONTARIO.

(360) Georgian bay—Penetanguishene harbour—Dredging—Buoys to be established.

Previous notice.—No. 87 (274) of 1914.

Depth.—A resurvey of Penetanguishene harbour made by the Department of Public Works of Canada establishes the fact that the 300-foot channel is in parts less than 20 feet deep. During the present season a channel having a least width of 100 feet has been completed to the depth of 20 feet below the zero of the gauge, which is 580 feet above mean sea level at New York.

In front of the esplanade a basin 500 feet square with a tapered approach carries the same depth.

Basin buoys.—On the opening of navigation in 1917 two new spar buoys will be placed, one marking the northwest and the other the southwest extreme of the esplanade basin, as follows :

(*1*) *Position of buoy.*—Lat. N. 44° 46′ 21″, Long. W. 79° 56′ 28″
Colour.—Red.

(*2*) *Position of buoy.*—Lat. N. 44° 46′ 16″, Long. W. 79° 56′ 28″
Colour.—Red.

Positions of buoys. Correction.—The latitudes and longitudes given in Notice to Mariners No. 87 of 1914 for Penetanguishene harbour buoys must be corrected by adding 14 seconds to each latitude and 3 seconds to each longitude.

N. to M. No. 107 (360) 30-10-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. J. H. Armstrong, District Engineer, P.W. Dept.
Admiralty chart: No. 327.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 89.
Publication: Sailing directions for Georgian Bay, 1915, page 313.
Departmental File: No. 19508.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(361) Lake Erie—Erie harbour approach—Wreck of "Rob Roy" not now a menace to navigation.

Former notice.—No. 95 (323) of 1916.

Position.—2.48 miles 28° (N. 33° E. mag.) from the fog bell on the outer end of the north pier, Erie harbour.

Wreck not a menace to navigation.—The wreck of the barge "Rob Roy" is no longer a menace to navigation. The upper works have been destroyed by storms, the mast and boom have been removed, and the wreck now has at least 30 feet water over it.

Light discontinued.—The fixed white light, which marked the wreck, has been discontinued.

N. to M. No. 107 (361) 30-10-19.

Variation in 1916: 5° W.
Authority: U. S. Lake Survey N. to M., 23rd October, 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 324, 320 and 678.
Publication: U.S.H.O. Publication No. 108D, 1907, page 32.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 30th October, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

21-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 108 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 51.)

NOVA SCOTIA.

(362) South coast—Halifax—Closing of port.

Mariners are hereby warned that the port of Halifax is closed to all vessels between the hours of sunset and sunrise, until further notice.

N. to M. No. 108 (362) 3-11-16.

Authority: Dept. of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 32504.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

(363) Lights extinguished—St. Johns harbour closed by night.

The following lights are extinguished until further notice: Cape St. Francis, Cape Spear, Bull Head, Ferryland, Bearcove point, Fort Amherst and St. Johns range lights.

St. Johns harbour is closed to the entry of shipping at night until further notice. The Narrows are closed by a boom from sunset to sunrise and a guard boat is in attendance.

N. to M. No. 108 (363) 3-11-16.

Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M. No. 44 of 1916.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 3rd November, 1916.

21-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 109 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 52.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(364) Northumberland strait—Buctouche harbour entrance —Depths—Dredging—Changes in range lights.

Description of channel.—The entrance to Buctouche harbour consists of three principal courses.

(*1*) The channel over the outer bar, marked by Dixon point range lights, bearing 281° (N. 56° W. mag.) The outer portion of this, about 2700 feet long, constituting the outer bar, has not yet been dredged and has a least depth of 10.2 feet over fine sand. Inside of this is a rock cut 2200 feet long, which has been dredged to a width of 120 feet and a least depth of 13.4 feet. Near the turn on to the Indian point range a rock cut 400 feet long has been made to a width of 100 feet and least depth of 13 feet. The Dixon point range lights have already been moved into the axis of this channel (See Notice to Mariners No. 62 (207) of 1916).

(*2*) The channel between the north bank or Buctouche beach and the south shore, bearing 317° 25′ (N. 19° 35′ W. mag.), which will be marked by the Indian point range lights in new locations (see below). The axis of this portion, as relocated, bears 4° 25′ more to the eastward than that of the old channel. This course has water exceeding 13 feet on it, except over Middle shoal, where a cut 4180 feet long through rock, with a width of 100 feet and least depth of 13 feet, has been completed.

(*3*) The comparatively narrow meandering channel of Buctouche river. This channel, marked by bushes driven on the edges of the mud flats, leads from the Indian point range lights alignment to the wharves in Buctouche village. It has good depths, except about 3400 feet above the Indian point range, where for a distance of 1800 feet the inner shoal, having a least depth of 9 feet, still requires to be dredged.

Changes in Indian point range lights.

Date.—Opening of navigation in 1917, without further notice.

(*1*) *Front tower to be moved.*—The existing front range tower will be moved to a new position 1020 feet 81° (S. 76° E. mag.) from where it now stands into the axis of the new channel (2) above described. In every other respect it will remain as heretofore.

New position.—1950 feet from the extreme of Indian point, and 130 feet back from high water mark in the line of range.

Lat. N. 46° 29′ 27″, Long. W. 64° 40′ 45″

(*2*) *Back tower. Position.*—A new back range tower will be erected 1225 feet 317° 25′ (N. 19° 35′ W. mag.) from the front one.

Character.—Fixed red light.

Elevation.—76 feet.

Visibility.—8 miles in the line of range.

Order.—Catoptric.

Structure.—Skeleton tower, square in plan, with sloping sides, surmounted by an enclosed watchroom and square lantern; wooden slats on upper portion of side facing alignment.

Material.—Skeleton frame, steel; watchroom and lantern, wood.

Colour.—Skeleton frame, red; slats, white; watchroom and lantern, white.

Height.—47 feet from base to top of ventilator on the lantern.

Note.—The existing back tower will be dismantled.

N. to M. No. 109 (364) 3-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 23° W.
Authority: Information re channel from District Engineer through A st. Chief En. D., and re lights from Records, Chief Engineer, Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1986, 2034, 1651 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, pages 236 and 237.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 837 and 838.
Departmental Files: Nos. 38245 and 20837R.

QUEBEC.

(365) River St. Lawrence below Quebec—Beaujeu channel, west narrows—Temporary change in position of gas and bell buoy.

Temporary change in position of buoy.—Beaujeu bank west end red gas and bell buoy No. 70B has been moored temporarily in a position 1200 feet southwestward of its station, in order to facilitate dredging operations in the vicinity.

N. to M. No. 109 (365) 3-11-16.

Authority: Report from Supt. of Lights and Buoys, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 315 and 318.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 208.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 119.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1187.
Departmental File: No. 11785.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 3rd November, 1916.

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NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 111 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 54.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(367) South coast—Eastward of Mutton head—Bell buoy established.

Position.—$\frac{3}{4}$ mile 97° (S. 63° E. mag.) from the south extremity of Mutton head.

Lat. N. 43° 51′ 40″, Long. W. 64° 45′ 52″

The buoy is in the alignment of Bull rock and the east tangent of Spectacle island bearing 335° (N. 5° W. mag.)

Description.—Iron buoy, surmounted by a bell.
Colour.—Black and white vertical stripes.
Depth.—11 fathoms.

Variation in 1916: 20° W.

N. to M. No. 111 (367) 8-11-16.

Authority: Report from N. S. Supt. of Lights.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 341, 730, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 193.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: To be inserted as No. 270.
Departmental File: No. 25975.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(368) South coast—Approach to Halifax—Buoys marking war channel withdrawn—Caution.

Former notice.—No. 90 (282) of 1914.

Buoys discontinued.—The buoys, which marked the war channel in the approach to Halifax, from Neverfail shoal to seaward, have been removed and discontinued.

N. to M. No. 111 (368) 8-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Halifax.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2320, 2410, 729, 1651, 2666 and 2670.
Departmental File: No. 32504.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(369) South coast—Halifax harbour entrance—Sambro Outer bank—Lightship not removed from her station—Submarine bell discontinued—Correction.

Former notices.—No. 70 (233) of 1916; and No. 106 (357) of 1916.

Lightship on her station.—Correction.—Sambro lightship, No. 15, has not been removed from her station as erroneously stated in Notice to Mariners No. 106 (357) of 1916, and the second paragraph of item No. 357 of that notice is hereby cancelled accordingly. The sounding of the submarine bell, operated from the above lightship, has been discontinued until further notice.

N. to M. No. 111 (369) 8-11-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2410, 729, 1651, 2666 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 141.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 322.
Departmental Files: Nos. 32504 and 21040M.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 8th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 22-2

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

AGRICULTURE

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 118 pp..... 0.10
Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp..... 0.15
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de la Chimie, de la Culture du Sol, et de l'Elevage, pour l'exercice tlrminé le 31 mars 1915, 596 pp..... 0.45
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for November, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus..... 0.10
Annual subscription..... 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, novembre 1916, 108 pp. illus..... 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, August, 1916..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription..... 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, August, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Cultivateurs, conservez votre fumier (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 55. Gratuit.
* Conseils pour la saison—novembre 1916 (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). 16 pp. Gratuit.
* L'Occasion qui s'offre aux èleveurs canadiens—discours prononcé par monsieur John Bright, 18 pp. Gratuit.
* Charpente de la grange (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 92, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Candling of Eggs (Live Stock Branch). Circular No. 3, 4 pp. Free.
* Payment for Eggs according to Quality (Live Stock Branch). Circular No. 6, 4 pp. Free.
* Industrie de la Canneberge (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 29, 32 pp. Gratuit.
* Production des Récoltes (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 64, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Winter Egg Production (Poultry Division). Circular No. 1, 4 pp. Free.
* Incubation Artificielle (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 2, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Pure Bred Male Animals, distribution of by Live Stock Branch, Booklet No. 3, 22 pp. Free.
* Apple in Canada—its cultivation and improvement (Dominion Experimental Farms). Bulletin No. 86, 136 pp. Free.
* Elevez des moutons (Division de l'Industrie Animale). Circulaire No. 10. Gratuit.

ARCHIVES.

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* La Conservation, bulletin mensuel, avril 1916, vol. v No. 4, 8 pp. Gratuit.
* "Conservation of Life." Quarterly bulletin, July-September, 1916, vol. II, No. 4. Free.
* Poisson, des Oiseaux et du Gibier, Conservation du, 247 pp. Gratuit.

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Trade and Navigation returns for August, 1916, 532 pp. 8vo..... 0.10
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* Liquid Extract of Nux Vomica : Bulletin No. 342, 4 pp. Free.
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* Stamp Duties on Articles in bottles and packages, circular *re*, 4 pp. Free.
* Official list of Bulletins issued to September 1916, 16 pp. Free.

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INSURANCE.

Superintendent of Insurance, Report of the, Vol. II, Life Insurance Companies, year ending December 31, 1915.. 0.50
Surintendant des assurances, rapport du, Vol. I. Compagnies d'assurance autres que les compagnies d'assurance sur la vie, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 décembre 1915, 810 pp..... 0.50
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Annual Report of the Department for the year ending March 31, 1916. 582 pp..... 0.45
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Levés hydrographiques du Manitoba, rapport des, pour les années civiles 1912-13-14, 310 pp..... .25
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* Dominion Water Power Branch, annual report of, for year ending March 31, 1915, 228 pp. Free.

JUSTICE.

Inspecteurs des Pénitenciers, rapport des, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 232 pp..... 0.20

LABOUR.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 122 pp..... 0.10
Rapport des Conseils de Conciliation et d'Enquête pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916 222 pp 0.15
* Labour Gazette, October, 1916, 97 pp. 8vo..... 0.03
* La Gazette du Travail, octobre 1916, 104 pp. 8vo..... 0.03
* Labour Organization in Canada, fifth annual report on, (For the Calendar Year 1915), 232 pp. Free.

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Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 288 pp 0.20
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Inspection des bateaux à vapeur, rapport sur, 168 pp..... 0.05
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* Appointments, Promotions and Retirements, Canadian Militia, 21st and 28th September.
* Nominations, Promotions et Retraites, Milice Canadienne, 28 septembre.
* Militia Orders, weekly parts, 25th September.
* Ordres de Milice, édition hebdomadaire du 25 septembre.
* 62nd Battalion and Reinforcing Draft, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 74th " " " " "
33rd Battalion, also 1st and 2nd Reinforcing Draft, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
46th " " " " " "
51th " and Reinforcing Drafts, " " "
* 88th " " " "
* 90th " " " "
* 23rd " " " "
* 2nd Divisional Engineers, 4th, 5th and 6th Field Companies " " "

NAVAL SERVICE.

Fisheries Branch, annual Report of, 1915-16, 500 pp..... 0.30
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* Appeal of Sir Robert Borden for National Service, 4 pp. Free.
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1916-17 **1916-17**

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st October, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.	1915.	1916.
LIABILITIES.	$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—		
Payable in New York		75,357,000 00
do in Canada	750,360 94	150,202,277 73
do in London	362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Temporary Loans	160,140,350 86	131,099,474 69
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund	5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes	164,630,286 16	174,863,077 29
SAVINGS BANKS— (1915. / 1916.)		
Post Office Savings Banks ($38,776,528 66 / $40,877,801 16)		
Dominion Government Savings Banks (13,857,473 07 / 13,550,297 64)		
	52,634,001 73	54,428,098 80
Trust Funds	10,214,979 95	10,275,955 80
Province Accounts	11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts	29,109,568 32	35,174,870 87
Total Gross Debt	797,772,100 88	1,119,393,494 99
ASSETS.		
INVESTMENTS—		
Sinking Funds	11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Other Investments	108,017,819 43	131,204,412 71
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS	2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS	183,558,087 78	277,385,747 11
Total Assets	305,243,608 79	423,614,978 44
Total Net Debt 31st October	492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
do do to 30th September	484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
Increase of Debt	7,686,858 36	15,503,071 65

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of October, 1915.	Total to 31st October, 1915.	Month of October, 1916.	Total to 31st October, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	7,847,784 37	51,054,363 87	11,076,575 47	75,191,250 29
Excise	1,844,700 02	12,034,755 15	2,043,742 22	13,985,293 74
Post Office	1,400,000 00	9,399,779 65	1,550,000 00	10,350,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,389,019 53	10,223,891 21	2,224,598 32	15,100,688 14
Miscellaneous	958,829 98	4,971,058 61	1,263,212 04	7,120,575 98
Total	14,440,333 90	87,683,848 49	18,158,128 05	121,747,808 15
EXPENDITURE	10,075,981 74	56,347,603 96	7,803,405 29	57,561,116 89
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	8,931,265 19	53,359,158 30	22,948,251 86	127,487,147 06
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,874,997 36	19,686,843 12	2,384,704 80	13,540,236 47
Railway Subsidies	244,889 57	967,910 71	.....	363,478 61
Total	12,051,152 12	74,013,912 13	25,332,956 66	141,390,862 14

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th November, 1916.

20-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,773 25	Gold held October 31, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,130,169 53
Fractional	997,482 04		
$1	14,268,585 00		
$2	10,544,717 50		
$4	45,399 00		
$5	3,590,912 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50	10,250 00	10 p.c. on $54,428,098.80 under The Savings Banks Act	5,442,809 88
$100	2,000 00		
$500	2,024,500 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,687,359 65
$1,000	4,273,000 00		
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	204,000 00		
$1,000 " " "	1,396,000 00		
$5,000 " " "	137,250,000 00		
	$ 174,634,619 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,301 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,773 25

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

20-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of October, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	821,821 59	
Malt Liquor	12,587 55	
Malt	154,704 93	
Tobacco	943,276 44	
Cigars	66,626 62	
Manufactures in Bond	11,718 04	
Acetic Acid	515 11	
Seizures	646 21	
Other Receipts	11,168 22	
Total Excise Revenue		2,023,064 71
Methylated Spirits		13,025 24
Ferry		26 00
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,742 08
Gas Inspection		4,250 75
Electric Light Inspection		5,398 33
Law Stamps		1,454 50
Other Revenues		495 94
War Tax		97,671 01
Grand Total Revenue		2,160,128 56

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 16th November, 1916.

22-tf

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of August, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts.	CR
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36	WITHDRAWALS during the month	691,788 19	
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,172,945 57			
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer				
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	3,672 24			
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,860 45	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st August, 1916.	41,086,063 43	
	41,777,851 62		41,777,851 62	

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th October, 1916.

18–tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirty-first October, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 30th September, 1916.	Deposits October, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for October, 1916.	Balance on October 31st, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	585,020 09	4,554 00	589,574 09	14,700 45	574,873 64
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,189,385 95	18,880 30	1,208,266 25	47,673 61	1,160,592 64
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,961,329 71	22,816 00	1,984,145 71	63,971 09	1,920,174 62
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	271,272 15	3,483 00	274,755 15	6,250 77	268,504 38
St. John	5,443,730 52	55,179 81	5,498,910 33	169,363 78	5,329,546 55
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	134,493 03	105 00	134,598 03	9,681 95	124,916 08
Guysboro'	117,731 79	2,592 15	120,323 94	3,522 07	116,801 87
Halifax	2,518,820 29	31,875 24	2,550,695 53	57,118 80	2,493,576 73
Kentville	234,163 58	7,723 00	241,886 58	2,663 61	239,222 97
Lunenburg	418,145 75	3,123 00	421,268 75	6,636 05	414,632 70
Port Hood	87,320 75		87,320 75	251 02	87,069 73
Shelburne	226,064 45	2,724 12	228,788 57	3,766 47	225,022 10
Sherbrooke	101,799 42	1,065 00	102,864 42	4,261 00	98,603 42
Wallace	136,671 86	1,702 00	138,373 86	2,136 10	136,237 76
Totals	13,425,949 34	155,822 62	13,581,771 96	391,996 77	13,189,775 19

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

20–tf

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE.*

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules:

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."

2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch); subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy; the amount of which should be calculated as follows:

First insertion:	
Flat charge for title and signature	$1 00
Add two cents per word actual count	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words	.....
Other insertions:	
Flat charge for title and signature	0 50
Add one cent per word actual count	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions:—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws, etc.—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, etc.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thurs days will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette.*

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Com-"mittee until there has been filed with that com-"mittee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, town-"ship, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a.*) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar char-"acter within, or in any way affecting the dis-"trict, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b.*) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordina y "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(*7*) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Newton Salter, of the Village of Winchester, in the County of Dundas and Province of Ontario, labourer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Elizabeth Salter, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Winchester, in the Province of Ontario this first day of June, A.D. 1916.

JOHN NEWTON SALTER,
Winchester P.O.,
9-14 Ontario.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13–14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.
15-14

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Larilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
Solicitor for the applicant.
17–14

NOTICE is hereby given that Rozilla Lamb, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, nurse, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, George Alfred Lamb, of Toronto, Ontario, machinist, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, this 31st day of October, 1916.

LEE & O'DONOGHUE,
241-2 Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto, Ont.,
Solicitors for applicant.
19–14

NOTICE is hereby given that Gertrude Ellen Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, William Albrighton Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, on the ground of adultery, misconduct and cruelty.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, this 13th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
511 Union Bank Bldg., Ottawa, Ont.,
Solicitors for applicant.
21–14

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, sheet metal worker, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret S. Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Toronto, this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORRIS & ROACH,
Solicitors for the applicant.
20-14

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
Solicitor for applicant.
18-14

NOTICE is hereby given that Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Major in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Marguerite Claire Stephens, of the said City and District of Montreal, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MacDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montreal, Que.,
Solicitors for applicant.
21-14

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Evelyn Snyder, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Edward Lockwood, also of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, mechanic, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this 22nd day of November, 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
Solicitor for applicant.
22–14

NOTICE is hereby given that Colin Darrach Poole, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Catharine Poole, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, the 8th day of January, 1916.

CORLEY, WILKEY & DUFF,
157 Bay Street, Toronto,
Solicitors for the applicant.
22–14

NOTICE is hereby given that Albert Edwin Gordon, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Edna Gertrude Gordon, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto this 27th day of July, A.D., 1916.

CORLEY, WILKIE, DUFF & HAMILTON,
Solicitors for applicant.
22–14

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA AND EASTERN RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an act confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company and the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company between New Westminster and Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, and also confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company and the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company between Hope and Sumas Landing, in the Province of British Columbia.

A. H. MacNEILL,
Solicitor for the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company.

Vancouver, 23rd November, 1916.

McGIVERIN, HAYDON & EBBS,
19 Elgin St., Ottawa,
Agents for A. H. MacNeill.
22–5

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company will make application to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation (1 and 2 George V, cap. 86, 1911) by repealing sub-sections (d) and (e) of section 7 of the said Act, and by giving it power to make contracts of insurance for the following classes as defined by "The Insurance Act, 1910," in addition to the classes specified in sub-sections (a), (b) and (c) of said section 7, viz., (d) Guarantee Insurance ; (e) Plate Glass Insurance : (f) Automobile Insurance, and (g) Fire Insurance, and also to change the name of the company to "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
Solicitors for applicant.
22-5 160 St. James street, Montreal.

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act,—

(1). Declaring its railway to be a work for the general advantage of Canada.

(2). Changing its head office from the Town of Field, in the Province of British Columbia, to the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

(3). Authorizing it to enter into an agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for any of the purposes specified in section 361 of The Railway Act and to lease its railway to the said company.

Dated at Field, B.C., this 25th day of November, 1916.

G. A. WALKER,
Secretary.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
GUTHRIE & BURGESS,
Ottawa, agents. 22–5

THE PEACE RIVER, McKENZIE AND COPPER MINE RIVER RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a railway company for the general advantage of Canada under the name of "The Peace River, McKenzie and Copper Mine River Railway Company of Canada," with power to lay out, construct and operate a line of railway commencing at a point near Sawridge, on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, thence running north of the east end of Lesser Slave Lake to Buffalo Lake, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to Vermillion, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to the Falls or Chute of Peace River, thence crossing Peace River Falls at the head of the rapids above the Falls and continuing in a northerly direction to the foothills of the Cariboo Mountains, thence continuing northeasterly along the base of the Cariboo Mountains to the head waters of the Little Buffalo River, thence following the valley of the Little Buffalo River nord to the head waters of Salt River, thence continuing down Salt River Valley to a point on the west shore of the Great Slave River known as Bells Rock, approximately a distance of five hundred miles, with power to connect with any railway or railways now constructed or which may hereafter be constructed at or near the territory covered by this railway, and also with power to construct, operate and maintain all necessary bridges, roads, ways and ferries, and to build, acquire, own and maintain wharves and docks in connection with said railway and for such other powers as are usually given to railway companies.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
Solicitors for the applicants,
511 Union Bank Building,
21–5 Ottawa, Ont.

LACHINE, JACQUES CARTIER AND MAISONNEUVE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lachine, Jacques Cartier and Maisonneuve Railway Company, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may construct and complete the railway referred to in section 1, of chapter 93 of the Statutes of 1914, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 16th day of November, A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
21–5 Solicitor for the applicants.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRITISH CHEMICAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW No. XV.

A By-law to increase the number of directors.

BE it enacted by the directors of British Chemical Company, Limited, as a by-law of the company as follows :—

1. The number of directors of the company is hereby increased from five to seven.

2. The board of directors may, from time to time, between the confirmation of this by-law and the next annual meeting, elect to the board qualified shareholders of the company until there shall have been elected, in addition to the present number of directors, a sufficient number to make a full Board.

3. Until a full board is elected the present number of directors and the shareholders from time to time elected by them as directors shall manage the affairs of the company.

4. By-law No. V is amended by inserting the word "seven" instead of the word "five" where it appears therein.

—

I, the undersigned, Secretary of British Chemical Company, Limited, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of By-law No. XV of said company enacted and adopted by the directors and approved at a special general meeting of the shareholders of said company held on the 15th day of November, 1916.

Montreal, 15th November, 1916.

[L.S.] F. G. BUSH,
22–1 Secretary.

THE NORTHERN FUR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Special by-law No. 1, reducing the number of the compang's directors.

WHEREAS the number of the directors of the Northern Fur Manufacturing Company, Limited, is five and it is expedient to reduce it to three, that by-law No. 7 of the company be amended, the first paragraph thereof to read as follows :

"The affairs of the company shall be managed by a board of three directors, two of whom shall form a quorum."

—

I, the undersigned, secretary-treasurer of The Northern Fur Manufacturing Company, Limited, do hereby certify that the foregoing by-law was duly passed at a meeting of the directors of said company held on the 21st day of September, 1916, and that the same was duly confirmed by the vote of shareholders of the company representing more than two-thirds of the subscribed and issued capital stock of the company present at the annual general meeting of the company held on the same day.

Montreal, 17th November, 1916.

[L.S.] J. WEININGER,
22–1 Secretary-treasurer.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, CHAPTER 115.

WILLIAM H. DWYER, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, grain merchant,

hereby gives notice that he has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the Office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Thunder Bay at the City of Port Arthur, in the District of Thunder Bay, a description of the site and the plans of a continuation of the present dock or wharf of Dwyer Elevator Company Limited, and of a retaining wall proposed to be built in the Kaministiquia River, at the City of Fort William, in the District of Thunder Bay, in front of Lot 8, in Concession "D," Neebing Additional, Island Number Two, now in the said City of Fort William.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, William H. Dwyer will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works, at his Office, in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said continuation of the present dock or wharf of Dwyer Elevator Company, Limited, and of the said retaining wall.

Dated at Fort William, Ontario, this twenty-eighth day of October, A.D. 1916.

WILLIAM H. DWYER,
per JOHN ARMOUR DYKE,
20–4 His solicitor.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

BRITANNIA Mining and Smelting Co., Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the above Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, Canada, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of New Westminister at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, the descriptions of the site and the plans of Tram Terminal Wharf proposed to be built in the waters of Howe Sound, at Britannia Beach, in front of Lot eight hundred and ninety-two (892), Group one (1) New Westminster District.

And take notice that after the expiration of one (1) month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Britannia Mining and Smelting Co., Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, Canada, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Britannia Beach, B.C., this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

BRITANNIA MINING AND SMELTING CO.,
20–4 LIMITED.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

THE Public Works Department of British Columbia, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of New Westminster, at New Westminster, a description of the site and plans of a bridge proposed to be buiit across Sturgeon Slough, on the road allowance between Sections 13 & 14, Township 40, east of the Coast Meridian.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, The Public Works Department of British Columbia will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said bridge.

Dated at Victoria, this 21st day of October, 1916.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,
J. E. GRIFFITH,
19-4 Deputy Minister & Public Works Engineer.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND NO. 117.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum) upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current quarter, and will be payable at the Bank and its branches on nd after Friday, the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record of 15th November.

By order of the Board.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, P.Q., 17th October, 1916. 17–6

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

IN THE MATTER of the petition of Edward O. Kolb, of the Town of Scranton, in the State of Pennsylvania, United States of America, manufacturers, and

IN THE MATTER of a specific Trade Mark including the the word Dandykake, to be used in connection with the manufaeture and sale of cakes.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 26th day of October, A.D. 1916, there was filed in the Exchequer Court of Canada the petition of Edward O. Kolb, of Scranton, in the State of Pennsylvania, U.S.A., praying that an order might be made directing that their trade mark including the word Dandykake, to be used in connection with the manufacture and sale of cakes.

Any person desiring to oppose the said petition must within fourteen days from the date of the last insertion of the present notice in the *Canada Gazette* (the date of the last insertion being 25th November, A.D. 1916), file a statement of his objections with the Registrar of the Exchequer Court at Ottawa, and serve a copy thereof upon the petitioner or his solicitor.

Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of October, A.D. 1916.

FEATHERSTONHAUGH & SMART,
5 Elgin St., Ottawa,
19-4 Solicitors for the petitioners.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

DIVIDEND NO. 119.

NOTICE is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent upon the capital stock of this bank has been declared for the three months ending 30th of November next, together with a bonus of one per cent, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after Friday, 1st December, 1916. The Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

JOHN AIRD,
General manager.

Toronto, 27th October, 1916. 19–4

QUEBEC ORIENTAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Oriental Railway Company will be held at the company's offices, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, London, England, on Thursday, the 28th December, 1916, at 2.30 p.m., for the transaction of the general business of the company.

By order,

E. S. ELVEY,
Secretary.

London, England, 12th October, 1916. 19–4

THE CANADIAN NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

PURSUANT to section 7 of chapter 115 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, notice is hereby given that there has been deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, a plan and description of the site and elevation of a proposed railway bridge upon the location of the Company's railway across the South Thompson River, between the City of Kamloops and Kamloops I.R. No. 1, and right-of-way through portion of D.L. 232, Kamloops Division, Yale District, and duplicates thereof have been deposited in the Land Registry Office in the City of Kamloops under No. Misc. 9 ; also that an application has been made for an Order in Council approving of the bridge and crossing as so shown and described, which application will be pressed for consideration one month after the first publication of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the matter can receive attention.

R. H. M. TEMPLE,
Solicitor,
Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company.

Toronto, Ontario, 17th November, 1916. 22–5

THE QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Quebec Bank will be held at the head office of the said Bank in the City of Quebec, Que., on Tuesday the 28th day of November, A.D. 1916, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering an agreement for the sale by the said The Quebec Bank of its assets to The Royal Bank of Canada, upon the terms set out in such agreement, a copy of which will be mailed to each shareholder with this notice, and, if deemed advisable, of passing a resolution or resolutions approving the said agreement and authorizing the President and General Manager of the Quebec Bank to affix to said agreement the corporate seal of the Bank and to sign and execute the same for and in the name of, and on behalf of the Bank ; and also for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, of passing all such other and further resolutions for fully carrying out the said agreement and the terms thereof as the shareholders shall consider expedient or advisable, and for the purpose of authorizing the board of directors to give all such notices and make all such applications and to pass and execute all such other acts, resolutions, deeds, instruments, matters and things as may be deemed necessary for procuring the assent of the Governor in Council to the said agreement, and for carrying out the same and distributing the proceeds of the said sale.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec 10th October, 1916. 16–7

THE BANK OF OTTAWA.

Dividend No. 101.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has this day been declared for the current three months, and that the said dividend will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Friday, the first day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 17th of November next.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the banking house in this City, on Wednesday, the 20th day of December next, the chair to be taken at 3 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
General manager.

Ottawa, Ont., 16th October, 1916. 18–5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and a quarter per cent (2¼ %) (being at the rate of 9 % per annum) has been declared by the directors of the Banque d'Hochelaga, on the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, for the quarter ending on the 30th day of November, 1916. This dividend, bearing No. 103, will be payable at the head office, or at the branches of the Bank, on or after the first of December, 1916, to the shareholders of record on the 15th of November, 1916.

By order of the Board,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
General manager.

18–5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current quarter, also a bonus of one per cent., both payable on and after Friday, the first day of December next, to shareholders of record of 31st October, 1916.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution, on Monday, the fourth day of December next.

The Chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
General manager.

Montreal, 20th October, 1916. 18–5

BANK OF HAMILTON.

Dividend Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent (twelve per cent per annum) on the paid-up capital of the bank, for the quarter ending 30th November, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on 1st December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 23rd to the 30th November, both inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. P. BELL,
General manager.

Hamilton, 23rd October, 1916. 18–5

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

Dividend No. 141.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and three-quarters per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of eleven per cent pe annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after the 1st day of December next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day of November next.

By order of the Board,

THOS. F. HOW,
General manager.

The Bank of Toronto,
Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

THE HOME BANK OF CANADA.

Dividend No. 40.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of five per cent (5%) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the three months ending the 30th November, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Friday the 1st of December, 1916. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th of November to the 30th of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. COOPER MASON,
Acting general manager.

Toronto, 25th October, 1916. 18–5

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

DIVIDEND No. 188.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of fourteen per cent per annum on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the quarter ending 31st December, and that the same will be payable on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next, at any of the offices of the Bank.

The stock transfer book will be closed from the 18th to the 31st proximo, inclusive.

By order of the Board,

H. A. RICHARDSON,
General manager.

Halifax, N.S., 16th November, 1916. 22–5

THE DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent has been declared upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution for the quarter ending 31st December, 1916, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, and that the same will be payable at the head office of the Bank and its branches, on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January, 1917, to shareholders of record of 20th December, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Wednesday, 31st January, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

C. A. BOGERT,
General manager.

Toronto, 17th November, 1916. 22–6

THE QUEBEC BANK.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at its banking-house in this city, and at its branches, on and after Friday, the first day of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th November, 1916, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Head Office in Quebec, on Monday, the 4th day of December next. The chair to be taken at 3 o'clock.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec, 24th October, 1916. 20–4

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Ottawa, 13 novembre 1916.

Les messieurs dont les noms suivent ont été nommés membres du personnel de Son Excellence en Canada :—

Le lieutenant-colonel l'honorable HAROLD G. HENDERSON, Secrétaire du Gouverneur général et Secrétaire militaire.

ARTHUR F. SLADEN, écuyer, C.O.V., C.M.G., Secrétaire particulier.

Lord RICHARD NEVILL, C.O.V., C.M.G., Contrôleur de la maison.

Le capitaine ANGUS ALEXANDER MACKINTOSH, Royal Horse Guards ; le capitaine R. O. R. KENYON-SLANEY, Grenadier Guards ; le capitaine V. F. BULKELEY-JOHNSON, Rifle Brigade, Aides-de-camp.

—

Ottawa, 18 novembre 1916.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Le lieutenant-colonel HENRY R. SMITH, C.M.G., O S.I.; le colonel sir A. PERCY SHERWOOD, G.C.M.G., M.O.V.: Aides-de-camp honoraires de Son Excellence le Gouverneur général.

—

RELATIVEMENT à l'approche du départ du Canada du Feld-Maréchal Son Altesse Royale le Duc de Connaught, à la fin de son terme d'office de cinq années en qualité de Gouverneur général, il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté d'approuver les recommandations suivantes :—

H. V. MEREDITH, écuyer, président de la Banque de Montréal, est nommé barounet.

Le colonel A. P. SHERWOOD, C.M.G., commissaire en chef de la police fédérale, est nommé C.C.M.G.

Le lieutenant-colonel E. A. STANTON, secrétaire militaire de Son Altesse Royale, est nommé C.M.G.

Lord RICHARD NEVILL, C.M.G., contrôleur de la maison de Son Altesse Royale, et ARTHUR F. SLADEN, écuyer, C.M.G., secrétaire particulier de Son Altesse Royale, sont nommés M.O.V.

James F. CROWDY, écuyer, B.A., premier commis, bureau du Gouverneur général, est nommé M.O.V.

Il a plu à Son EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU GOUVERNEMENT de faire les nominations suivantes :—

OTTAWA, 1er novembre 1916.

ALEXANDER S. BOUDROT, de Richemond, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse : Officier des pêcheries avec le grade de surintendant des pêcheries, dans et pour le comté de Richmond, dans la dite province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, et, durant son terme d'office, il aura les pouvoirs d'un juge de paix *ex officio* pour toutes les fins de la *Loi des pêcheries*, en remplacement de Sylvester Boudrot.

—

8 novembre 1916.

FREDERICK WILLIAM FORDE, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, préposé à l'accise : Inspecteur des substances alimentaires pour le district d'inspection des substances alimentaires d'Ottawa.

FRANCIS WISHART GRAY, de la cité de London, dans la province d'Ontario : Aide-inspecteur du gaz et de l'électricité dans le district d'inspection du gaz et de l'électricité de London, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er novembre 1916.

—

10 novembre 1916.

THOMAS P. THOMPSON, inspecteur des chaudières et des machines, et MATTHEW R. DAVIS, inspecteurs des coques et de l'équipement, tous deux de la cité de Kingston, dans la province d'Ontario : Inspecteurs-mesureurs des navires et surveillants des logements des matelots, au port de Kingston, dans la dite province.

ALEXANDRE CLÉMENT LA RIVIÈRE, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba : Sous-percepteur du revenu de l'intérieur (classe A), dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Winnipeg, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er juin 1917, en remplacement de T. H. Verner.

THOMAS HENRY VERNER, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba, sous percepteur du revenu de l'intérieur : Percepteur du revenu de l'intérieur pour la division de Winnipeg, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er juin 1917, en remplacement de T. S. Gosnell, retraité.

—

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire la nomination suivante :—

Ottawa, 14 novembre 1916.

L'honorable FRANK EGERTON HODGINE, de la cité Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, juge d'appel dans la division d'appel de la cour Suprême d'Ontario : Juge local en amirauté de la cour de l'Echiquier, dans et pour le district de Toronto, dans la dite province d'Ontario.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[La proclamation suivante a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA daté *le 11 novembre 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.

PROCLAMATION.

CANADA

Par Son Excellence le Très Honorable Victor Christian William, Duc de Devonshire, Marquis de Hartington, Comte de Devonshire, Comte de Burlington, Baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish de Keighley ; Chevalier de l'Ordre Très Noble de la Jarretière ; Conseil privé de Sa Majesté ; Chevalier Grand-croix de l'Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand-croix de l'Ordre Royal de Victoria ; Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront,—SALUT:

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU qu'il a gracieusement plu à Majesté le Roi, par commission sous le seing Royal, datée à la cour de St-James, le 8e jour d'août 1916, de me nommer Gouverneur général et Commandant en Chef dans et pour le Dominion du Canada, pour et durant le bon plaisir de Sa Majesté, et qu'il m'a de plus, dans et par la dite Commission, autorisé et commandé d'exercer et remplir tous les pouvoirs et instructions contenus dans certaines lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande,

constituant la charge de Gouverneur général, et datées le quinzième jour de juin dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil neuf cent cinq, constituant les dites fonctions de Gouverneur général, ou dans toutes autres lettres patentes y ajoutant, les modifiant ou les remplaçant, suivant les ordres et instructions que le Gouverneur général alors en exercice a déjà reçus ou qui m'ont été donnés avec la dite Commission, ou que je recevrai à l'avenir de Sa Majesté.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que j'ai en conséquence jugé à propos d'émettre cette Proclamation pour faire connaître la dite nomination de Sa Majesté ; et aussi, je requiers et commande par les présentes que tous et chacun les officiers et ministres de Sa Majesté dans le dit Dominion du Canada continuent dans l'exercice de leurs diverses charges et emplois respectifs, et que les loyaux sujets de Sa Majesté et tous autres que les présentes peuvent concerner en prennent connaissance et se conduisent en conséquence.

DONNÉ sous mon seing et le sceau de mes Armes à Halifax, ce 11e jour de NOVEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, et dans la septième année du règne de Sa Majesté. 21–3

C. FITZPATRICK,

Administrateur.

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, ROI du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à samedi, le vingt et unième jour du mois d'octobre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa: SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada, en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le TRENTIEME jour du mois de NOVEMBRE prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN : Notre Très fidèle et Bien-Aimé conseiller le Très Honorable SIR CHARLES FITZPATRICK, Chevalier Grand-croix de Notre Ordre Très distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Juge en chef du Canada ; Administrateur du Gouvernement de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour d'OCTOBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
pour le Canada.

17-tf

DÉPÊCHES, ETC.

CANADA—No. 1216.

DOWNING STEET,

28 octobre 1916.

MONSIEUR,—Au sujet de la dépêche n° 1014 du 26 octobre 1915, j'ai l'honneur de transmettre à Votre Excellence, pour le renseignement de vos Ministres, copies d'un avis publié par le Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, au sujet des nominations pour le Prix de la Paix Nobel de 1915.

2. Je serai heureux si Vos Ministres veulent bien faire connaître les conditions du prix aux corporations et personnes qui sont compétentes à choisir des candidats.

J'ai l'honneur d'être, monsieur,
de Votre Excellence,
le très obéissant serviteur,
A. BONAR LAW.

A l'Administrateur
du Gouvernement du
Canada.

COMITÉ NOBEL DU PARLEMENT NORVÉGIEN.

PRIX DE LA PAIX NOBEL.

Afin que les recommandations de candidats pour le Prix de la Paix Nobel, qui sera distribué le 10 décembre 1917, soient prises en considération, elles doivent être déposées devant le Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, par une personne dûment autorisée *avant le premier jour de février de la même année.*

L'une quelconque des personnes ci-dessous sera censée compétente ; (*a*) Les membres et les ex-membres du Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, ainsi que les aviseurs nommés à l'Institut Nobel de la Norvège ; (*b*) les membres du Parlement et les membres du gouvernement des divers états, ainsi que les membres de l'Union Interparlementaire ; (*c*) les membres du Tribunal d'arbitrage International à La Haye ; (*d*) les membres de la Commission du Bureau Permanent de la Paix Internationale ; (*e*) les membres et affiliés de l'Institut de Loi Internationale ; (*f*) les professeurs universitaires de Science Politique et de Loi, d'Histoire et de Philosophie ; (*g*) les personnes qui ont reçu le Prix de la Paix Nobel,

Le Prix de la Paix Nobel peut aussi être décerné à des institutions ou associations.

D'après le Code des Statuts, § 8, les raisons sur lesquelles est fondée une recommandation doivent être données, en même temps que les papiers et autres documents qui y sont mentionnés.

D'après le § 3, chaque travail écrit, devra avoir paru en imprimé pour donner droit à un prix.

Pour détails, les *personnes compétentes* sont priées de s'adresser au bureau du Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, Drammensvei 19, Kristiania. 21–3

(Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 17 octobre 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,

18 octobre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté Le ROI de conférer la Médaille de Service Méritoire aux soux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés en récompense des services appréciables qu'ils ont rendus durant la présente guerre :

CONTINGENT CANADIEN.

106105 soldat J. Brayton, rég. royal can.
106006 sergent d'état-major R. H. Brighton, état-major au quart. gén. can.
1825 sergent-maj. H. G. B. Butt, corps d'arm. can.
6024 sergent fourrier W. J. N. Gill, commis d'état-major milit. can.

71692 serg. d'ét.-major C. A. Hewitt, corps d'arm. can.
6027 serg.-maj. (mar. des logis chef suppléant d'escadron) F. A. Lehfeldt, pol. mil. à cheval.
13021 sergent L. W. G. Meikle, inf. can.
1804 sergent four. H. F. Moody, corps des commis d'état-maj. milit. troupes canad.
889 serg. suppl. C. M. Paul, inf. can.
35517 serg. maj. de cie J. F. Proctor, int. mil. can.
109570 mar. des log. four. de brig. A. C. Roberts, car. can. à chev.
10531 serg. four. J. J. Scanlon, inf. can.
19207 serg. four. suppl. J. J. Schell, int. mil. can.
37326 caporal (serg. suppl.) L. J. Shilling, int m. can.
19916 capor. H. Simpson, inf. can.
37323 serg. maj. de cie H. W. Steel, int. mil. can.
81865 soldat (serg. suppl.) O. G. Sutton, inf. can.
1893 serg. L. J. Trounce, corps d'arm. can.
30151 serg. four. de brig. J. C. Wade, int. mil. can.
35245 serg. maj. F. A. Warner, jne., serv. post. can.
107634 serg. four. J. Warren, corps des commis d'état-major mil., troupes can.
30313 sergent J. J. Williams, int. mil. can.

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(*Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la* London Gazette *du 20 octobre 1916.*)

War Office,
21 octobre 1916.

Il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi de conférer la Croix Militaire pour bravoure en campagne aux sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés :

139008 caporal suppléant V. A. Arding, inf.
28593 soldat J. Barton,inf.
55796 serg. L. T. Beer, génie can.
138521 capor. suppl. F. Bullen, inf.
477133 soldat A. N. Burness, régt. royal can.
503384 sapeur E. Graham, génie can.
55445 serg. A. Harrison, gén. can.
477506 sous-capor. J. Lamb, rég. royal can.
503286 sapeur T. Marsh, génie can.
457075 sous-caporal J. McCarren, inf.
426341 2e capor. W. J. McCauley, génie can.
163474 soldat W. Nobbs, inf.
414494 soldat J. O'Rourke, inf.
457596 sergent E. L. Pyves, inf.
163420 soldat J. H. Richards, inf.
106523 soldat N. Roney, carab. can. à chev.
138682 serg. suppl. B. C. Rowley, inf.
164472 soldat O. W. Sale, inf.
6228 bombr. D. P. Simpson, art. royale can. à chev.
67570 sergent T. Toon, génie-can.
18558 sous-caporal (capor. suppl.) J. Watts, inf. can.

22-1

Extrait du Quatrième Supplément de la London Gazette *du 24 octobre 1916.*)

War Office,
26 octobre 1916.

Il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi de conférer la Croix de Victoria aux officiers, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés :—

No 73132 soldat (caporal suppléant) Leo Clarke, infanterie canadienne.

Pour avoir fait preuve de la plus grande bravoure. Il fut désigné avec une section de lanceurs de bombes pour nettoyer la continuation d'une tranchée nouvellement capturée et couvrir la construction d'un " bloc." Après que la plupart de ses compagnons eurent été tués ou blessés et pendant qu'il construisait un " bloc," environ vingt ennemis avec deux officiers firent une contre-attaque. Il s'avança hardiment dans leur direction, vida son revolver en tirant sur eux ainsi que deux fusils de l'ennemi qu'il avait ramassés dans la tranchée.

L'un des officiers l'attaqua à la baïonnette le blessant à la jambe, mais il le tua raide. L'ennemi se sauva ensuite, poursuivi par le caporal suppléant Clarke, qui tira sur quatre autres et en fit un cinquième prisonnier.

Plus tard il fut envoyé à la station de pansement mais il retourna prendre son service le lendemain.

101465 soldat John Chipman Kerr, infanterie canadienne.

Pour avoir fait preuve de la plus grande bravoure. Durant une attaque avec des bombes, il agissait comme sentinelle, et, sachant que la provision de bombes s'épuisait, il courut le long du parapet, sous un feu violent, jusqu'à ce qu'il fut très près de l'ennemi ; il tira alors à bout portant sur l'ennemi et lui infligea une lourde perte.

L'ennemi croyant être enveloppé se rendit. Soixante-deux prisonniers furent faits et 250 verges de tranchée ennemie furent capturées.

Le soldat Kerr avait eu un doigt enlevé par une bombe avant d'accomplir cet acte audacieux.

Plus tard, avec deux hommes, il conduisit ses prisonniers à l'arrière, sous le feu et retourna à sa compagnie avant de faire panser sa blessure.

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(*Extrait de la* London Gazette *du 20 octobre 1916.*)

War Office,
20 octobre 1916.

Il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver la nomination des officiers ci-dessous mentionnés comme Compagnons de l'Ordre du Service Distingué, en récompense de leur bravoure et de leur dévouement en campagne :—

TROUPES CANADIENNES.

Le major William Grasett Hagarty, artillerie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable pendant les opérations. Après une excellente reconnaissance il réussit en mettant, de nuit, sa batterie en position sur un terrain difficile et sous un feu violent d'obus. Le lendemain matin son tir fut des plus effectifs.

—

Une agrafe à leur Ordre du Service Distingué a été accordée aux officiers ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes subséquents de bravoure remarquable :—

CONTINGENT CANADIEN.

Le lieutenant Gordon Thomson Cassels, artillerie royale canadienne à cheval.

Pour bravoure remarquable et bonnes manœuvres pendant les opérations. Il exécuta des reconnaissances avec beaucoup d'habileté et se distingua comme officier supérieur d'artillerie. Une nuit il mit une section en actions dans des conditions très difficiles.

Le capitaine temporaire Roy Aubrey Spencer, génie canadien.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Pendant cinq nuits consécutives il patrouilla entre les premières tranchées afin de localiser la galerie de mine des ennemis et la détruisit. Plus tard, il consolida la galerie, comme défense à nos propres tranchées.

—

Il a gracieusement plu au Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit conférée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et soldats ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne :—

TROUPES CANADIENNES.

458089 sous-caporal J. J. Kelly, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Bien que blessé au début d'un fort bombardement, il resta à son poste. Quand l'ennemi attaqua il fit manœuvrer sa section avec un sang-froid et un mépris du danger qui contribuèrent beaucoup à son échec.

457971 sergent C. McDowell, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Quand deux ennemis entrèrent dans sa tranchée il les attaqua immédiatement, et, bien que blessé d'un coup de pistolet par l'un d'eux, il réussit à le baïonnetter et à tuer les deux avec une bombe.

76165 sergent D. McLeod, génie canadien.

Pour bravoure remarquable pendant un bombardement, alors que sous un violent feu de mitrailleuse et d'obusier, il retira d'un cratère un homme blessé. Par son travail consciencieux et son dévouement, le sergent McLeod fut en grande partie responsable de la reprise d'une profonde galerie ennemie, ce qui permit de tenir avec succès une position.

73546 sergent D. O'Brien, génie canadien.

Pour bravoure remarquable pendant un bombardement, alors que sous un violent feu de mitrailleuses et d'obusiers, il retira d'un cratère un homme blessé. Par son travail consciencieux et son dévouement, le sergent O'Brien fut en grande partie responsable de la reprise d'une profonde galerie ennemie, ce qui permit de tenir avec succès une position.

477770 sous-caporal suppléant Reynolds, régiment royal canadien.

Pour bravoure remarquable en conduisant à l'attaque une escouade de bombardiers. Après avoir été blessé, il continua à marcher de l'avant en lançant ses bombes avec grand sang-froid et précision. Il fut le seul homme qui arriva au parapet ennemi où il combattit seul à coups de bombe et de revolver. Il fut de nouveau blessé et ne revint qu'avec beaucoup de difficulté.

44039 sergent J. C. Stackhouse, artillerie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Un obus avait été mis dans la pièce, lorsqu'il entendit un bruit lui indiquant que la fusée commençait à prendre feu. Il arrêta immédiatement la cartouche qu'on allait placer, ordonna aux servants de se mettre à couvert, desserra la pièce aussi promptement que possible, ce qui fit que l'explosion eut lieu sans causer de dégats. Sa promptitude et son audace sauvèrent probablement plusieurs vies.

22–1

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[2608]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert a demandé pour les fins d'une église la concession de cinq acres de terrain compris dans le quart nord-ouest de la section 10, township 37, rang 27, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur ;

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administeur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter le dit terrain aux fins de cette église et d'en autoriser la concession à la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince Albert pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

19–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2663]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 24 octobre 1916, représentant que la Compagnie de chemin de fer Pacifique Canadien a demandé la concession d'un terrain comprenant les droits de surface au-dessus des tunnels, ainsi que le terrain requis pour un changement du passage de la voie entre Hector et Field, dans le township 28, rangs 17 et 18, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, dans le parc Yoho, ainsi qu'indiqué sur le plan du changement de la rampe et du terrain additionnel requis entre Hector et Field, Colombie-Britannique, mille 125·7 à mille 133·7, approuvé et confirmé par E. Deville, arpenteur général, et déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur sous la désignation "plan de passage n° 19704."

Le Ministre représente que la compagnie a cédé à la Couronne son titre au premier droit de passage,—

Par conséquent, le Ministre demande l'autorisation, sous l'empire de l'article 16 de la *Loi des rêserves forestières et des parcs fédéraux*, d'accorder la patente du terrain demandé et ci-haut décrit à la Compagnie de chemin de fer Pacifique Canadien, sujet cependant aux conditions suivantes :

Que le terrain en question sera sujet à l'application de tous les règlements des parcs fédéraux actuellement en vigueur, ainsi que de tous autres règlements que le Gouverneur en conseil peut à l'avenir promulguer à ce sujet.

Que le dit terrain, tout en servant aux fins pour lesquelles il a été cédé, continuera à faire partie de la réserve dans les limites de laquelle il est situé, et redeviendra propriété de la Couronne dès qu'il servira à des fins autres que celles qui sont prévues dans les présentes.

Le Département se réserve le droit de pénétrer sur le terrain au-dessus des tunnels ou sur toute autre partie du terrain additionnel susdit, le long du passage de la voie, excédant la concession ordinaire de cent pieds, soit cinquante pieds de chaque côté de la ligne de centre de la voie, pour la construction de chemins, routes, etc., ou pour les fins d'un parc ou autres fins publiques quelconques ; le Département se réserve aussi le droit de permettre au public de se servir de ces chemins ou routes et de fréquenter ces parcs, pourvu, toutefois, que cette permission ne nuise pas à l'exploitation des voies ferrées ou des tunnels de la compagnie.

La compagnie ne sera responsable dans aucune poursuite en dommages-intérêts par quiconque aura souffert d'un accident survenu sur la propriété dont les droits de surface ont été mis en réserve par le Département, pourvu toutefois qu'il soit clairement prouvé que cet accident n'est pas le résultat de négligence de la part de la compagnie ou de ses employés.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

20-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2645]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 27e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que madame Bessie Eaton, de Griffin Creek, dans la province d'Alberta, a demandé la concession gratuite du lot n° 7 dans l'établissement de Shaftesbury, en la dite province d'Alberta, comprenant une superficie de 82·6 acres ;

Attendu que la preuve déposée au Département de l'Intérieur démontre que madame Eaton a acquis le lot en question par l'entremise des ayants droit du révérend Henry Robinson, qui occupait ce lot à la date de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8, à l'été de 1899, et qui, par conséquent, avait droit à la concession gratuite du dit lot ;

Attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du Département de l'Intérieur,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, d'autoriser la concession gratuite à madame Eaton du lot n° 7, de l'établissement de Shaftesbury, dans la dite province d'Alberta comprenant une superficie de 82·6 acres.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

20–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2607]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert a demandé, pour les fins d'un cimetière, la concession de cinq acres de terrain compris dans le quart sud-est de la section 16, township 37, rang 27, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du Département de l'Intérieur,—

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter le dit terrain aux fins d'un cimetière et d'en autoriser la concession à la Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de Prince-Albert pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

19–4

[2718]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 2e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, la compagnie dite " The Ashcroft Water Electric and Improvement Co., Limited," d'Ashcroft, C.-B., fut autorisée d'acheter, aux conditions de vente des terres vendues pour l'irrigation, les terrains mentionnés dans l'annexe au dit arrêté en conseil, et

Attendu qu'entre autres conditions, il fut stipulé que la compagnie devra obtenir des autorités de la Colombie-Britannique les droits à l'eau nécessaires à l'irrigation des dits terrains ; et que la compagnie construira dans un délai de trois ans un système d'irrigation adéquat et satisfaisant et cultivera 50% des parties irrigables des dits terrains, et que toutes autres parties irrigables des dits terrains seront irriguées et mises en culture dans un délai de cinq ans, etc., et

Attendu que la compagnie a représenté qu'il a surgi certaines complications dans les négociations pour l'obtention des autorités provinciales des droits à l'eau lesquelles l'ont forcée de retarder le commencement des travaux d'irrigation ; et

Attendu que la dite compagnie représente de plus qu'elle compte qu'une extension de l'autorisation qui lui a été accordée par le dit arrêté en conseil lui permettra d'obtenir les droits à l'eau nécessaires ; et

Attendu que la compagnie a fait le premier versement sur le prix exigé par ledit arrêté en conseil ,—

En conséquence il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter par les présentes ce qui suit :

La période limitée pour l'obtention des droits à l'eau et pour la construction d'un système d'irrigation adéquat et satisfaisant pour les terrains mentionnés dans l'annexe au dit arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, et la période pour l'irrigation et la mise en culture des parties irrigables des dits terrains est par les présentes prolongée pour trois ans à compter de cette date :

Les dispositifs du dit arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, resteront en tout autre point en pleine vigueur. L'emploi, la diversion et l'emmagasinage de l'eau, la construction et l'entretien de tous les travaux d'irrigation, digues, conduites d'alimentation, canaux, fossés, etc., devront être en conformité aux dispositions de la loi de 1914 de la Colombie-Britannique concernant l'eau, et ses modifications.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

21–4

[2606]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 24e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les règlements actuellement en vigueur autorisant le commerce de la glace coupée dans les eaux des parcs fédéraux imposent un droit régalien de deux cents par tonne, payable au Département de l'Intérieur.

Et attendu qu'il a été représenté que dans les cas où on met en adjudication l'approvisionnement de quantités considérables de glace, l'imposition d'un droit régalien est au désavantage des soumissionnaires qui désirent extraire la glace des eaux comprises dans les limites des parcs fédéraux,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter que le règlement à ce sujet, établi par un arrêté en conseil du 29e jour de juin 1916, soit par ces présentes modifié en en retranchant les mots : "et, de plus, il sera perçu des droits de deux cents par tonne sur la quantité de glace coupée."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

19–4

[2741]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Samedi, le 4e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, sous l'empire de la *Loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre*, de décréter que l'arrêté en conseil du 5e jour d'août 1916, (C. P. 1873), soit par les présentes modifié en y ajoutant le règlement suivant qui est par les présentes établi :

6. Chaque fois qu'un homme de la milice active ou un soldat des forces expéditionnaires canadiennes d'outre-mer est trouvé coupable de désertion ou de s'être absenté du corps ou de l'effectif dont il fait partie sans la permission de l'officier commandant du dit corps ou du dit effectif, et est condamné là-dessus à l'emprisonnement, le tribunal ou le juge qui a prononcé la sentence peut, en tout temps, avant ou au cours de l'exécution de la sentence, sur la demande du dit officier commandant ou des autorités militaires compétentes et à condition que le délinquant s'engage de retourner à son service militaire et de ne plus déserter ni s'absenter du corps ou de l'effectif dont il fait partie, ordonner que le coupable au lieu d'être incarcéré soit remis aux autorités militaires et, si le dit coupable a déjà été incarcéré, peut ordonner son élargissement et qu'il soit remis aux autorités militaires.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

21–2

[2815]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

CONSIDÉRANT que le paragraphe 9 des règlements concernant les aubains de nationalité ennemie, règlements sanctionnés par un arrêté en conseil du 20 septembre 1916, déclarent certains délits passibles de peine sous la partie XIV de la Loi criminelle ;

Considérant que ces délits sont passibles des peines sous la partie XV de la Loi criminelle ;

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil de modifier les dits règlements en retranchant XIV dudit paragraphe 9 et y substituant XV, et lesdits règlements sont par ces présentes modifiés en conséquence.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

22–2

[2839]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que M. Charles Paquette, de Hudson's Hope, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, a demandé la concession gratuite de cette partie du quart nord-ouest de la section 18, township 81, rang 25, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, située à l'ouest de la rivière à la Paix, dans la subdivision de la Rivière à la Paix, dans la dite province de la Colombie-Britannique, en vertu du fait qu'il occupait le dit terrain à la date de d'extinction du titre des sauvages ;

Et attendu qu'il a été établi que M. Paquette résidait sur le dit terrain lors de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8 à l'été de 1899.

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en Conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, d'autoriser la concession gratuite au requérant du terrain en question, qui peut être décrit plus particulièrement comme suit :

Toute cette partie du quart nord-ouest de la section 18 du dit township non comprise dans les limites du lot 420 et qui est située à l'ouest de la rive gauche dé la rivière à la Paix, ainsi qu'indiqué sur une carte ou plan d'arpentage des sections 18 et 19 du dit township, approuvé et confirmé à Ottawa le 7 mars, A.D. 1916, par Edouard Deville, arpenteur général des terres fédérales, déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur, et contenant par mesurage : 31·20 acres, plus ou moins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2845]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 9e jour de novembre 1916, représentant que le 3 juillet 1914, Alfred H. Breach a obtenu l'inscription de homestead et de préemptiou du quart sud-est de la section 27 ainsi que du quart nord-est de la section 22 respectivement, dans le township 22, rang 7, à l'ouest du 4e méridien.

Les certaines preuves déposées semblent établir que M. Breach a pu accomplir un terme de résidence.

Le Ministre soumet la copie annexée d'un certificat du docteur Arthur L. Lynch, établissant que M. Breach est désormais incapable de remplir ses obligations de homestead.

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande qu'en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, M. Breach soit relevé des obligations de résidence prescrites pour permettre que des patentes des deux quarts de section ci-haut décrits soient délivrées sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2830]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 14e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 7 novembre 1916, représentant que M. Olivier Ghostkeeper, de Grouard, province de l'Alberta, a demandé la concession gratuite du lot n° 108, de l'établissement de la Grande Prairie, dans la dite province de l'Alberta, contenant par mesurage 68·5 acres, plus ou moins, en vertu du fait qu'il occupait le dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages.

Comme il a été établi que M. Ghostkeeper résidait sur le dit terrain lors de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8, à l'été de 1899, le ministre recommande, qu'en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales, autorisation soit donnée d'accorder la concession gratuite du dit lot n° 108 de l'établissement de la Grande Prairie, dans la province de l'Alberta, à M. Ghostkeeper.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2762]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 8e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 27 octobre 1916, représentant que le 29 décembre 1902, M. Addison K. Walker a obtenu l'inscription de homestead du quart nord-ouest de la section 36, township 20, à l'ouest du 4e méridien ;

Il a été établi que M. Walker a accompli un terme de six mois de résidence sur ce terrain, et y a clôturé et mis en culture 70 acres ;

Manquant d'abri pour son troupeau, qui était très nombreux, M Walker fut forcé de quitter son homestead pour un autre terrain avoisinant qu'il détenait sous bail à pâturage ;

M. Walker résida sur ce dernier terrain sans interruption de novembre 1903 à avril 1913, et y fit des améliorations importantes,—

Le Ministre recommande, par conséquent, que vu la résidence accomplie par M. Walker, la superficie qu'il y a mis en culture et le fait qu'il est un colon important, le terrain soit, conformément à l'article 76 de la Loi, vendu à cet inscrit au prix de $1 l'acre, que M. Walker soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence, ce privilège complétant l'accomplissement des obligations et lui donnant droit à son homestead.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2851]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

IL plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en Conseil de décréter par les présentes ce qui suit :—

Les règles et règlements pour la gouverne du port de Halifax, Nouvelle-Ecosse, établis par arrêté en conseil du 23 octobre 1916, sont modifiés en y ajoutant le règlement IV "A", qui est par ces présentes établi et promulgué :

RÈGLEMENT IV "A."

Quand un des navires de Sa Majesté, soit britannique soit canadien, ou d'autres navires commandés par des officiers de Sa Majesté, à l'entrée ou à la sortie du port, hisse le Union Jack au ton du mât de misaine, tous les autres navires de Sa Majesté, soit britanniques soit canadiens, qui sont dans le port, doivent hisser le Jack de pilote comme signal général, et le Jack de pilote doit aussi être hissé au mât de l'arsenal dans le même but ; et tous les autres navires, embarcations et bateaux de toute description en marche dans le port doivent s'écarter de la route du dit navire sur lequel est hissé le Union Jack ; attendu toujours que le dit navire est dirigé avec le soin nécessaire et à une vitesse modérée, et qu'il se tient, en autant qu'il lui est possible, sur le côté de la passe, qui se trouve sur son côte de tribord.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22-2 Greffier du Conseil prive.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,
OTTAWA, 5 octobre 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent, sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O. G. 94.

DISTRICTS.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE No 10.—Est nommé officier supérieur de l'artillerie : le major P. E. Prideaux, services de l'artillerie canadienne, *vice* le major et lieutenant-colonel à brevet H. R. V. comte de Bury et de Bocarme, services de l'artillerie canadienne, qui quitte l'emploi. 11 juillet 1916.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

5E DRAGONS DE LA GARDE DE LA PRINCESSE LOUISE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Goodwin, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

13E (SCOTTISH LIGHT DRAGOONS.)—Le lieutenant provisoire W. M. Stuart a la permission de se retirer. 25 septembre 1916.

17E HUSSARDS ROYAUX CANADIENS DU DUC D'YORK (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Jack Malcolm, gentilhomme. 22 septembre 1916.

20E (BORDER HORSE.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : David Roy Sargent, gentilhomme. 3 février 1916.

23E ALBERTA RANGERS.— Est nommé lieutenant provisoire surnuméraire) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) D. G. L. Cunnington, du corps des guides. 15 septembre 1916.

36E CHEVAU-LÉGERS DE L'ILE DU PRINCE-EDOUARD.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) P. C. Brown est transféré à la 4e batterie d'artillerie lourde, et section de munitions, brigade d'artillerie lourde de l'Ile du Prince-Edouard, artillerie canadienne. 24 avril 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

1ÈRE BRIGADE (OBUSIERS.—11E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Donald Percy Guthrie, gentilhomme. 26 septembre 1916.

2E BRIGADE.—4E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) · Roger Hall Ptolemy, gentilhomme. 16 septembre 1916.

6E BRIGADE.—Est nommé lieutenant-colonel et commandant de la brigade : * le major Hooper, de la réserve des officiers. 4 août 1916.

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*Nomination temporaire.

8E BRIGADE.—2E BATTERIE D'OTTAWA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Roy Archibald Campbell, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

23E BATTERIE.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Graham Clifford Garner, gentilhomme. 6 septembre 1916.

Eric Kenneth Erskine, gentilhomme. 18 septembre 1916.

9E BRIGADE.—34E BATTERIE.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. W. Johnson est hors cadre. 8 septembre 1916.

14E BRIGADE. — 13E BATTERIE DE WINNIPEG.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Chester Clarke Baker, gentilhomme. 11 octobre 1915.

38E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Henry Havelock Phinney, gentilhomme. 9 septembre 1916.

26E BATTERIE.—Le nom du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) V. D. Sugden-Evans est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 18 septembre 1916.

Artillerie lourde.

BRIGADE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE DE MONTRÉAL.—1RE BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (sursurnuméraire) : Philip Marshall de Gruchy, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

2E BATTERIE DE GROSSE ARTILLERIE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Arthur Gervais, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

BRIGADE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE DE L'ILE DU PRINCE-EDOUARD. — 4E BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) P. C. Brown, du 36e chevau-légers de l'Ile du Prince-Edouard. 24 avril 1916.

Artillerie de place canadienne.

1ER RÉGIMENT D'HALIFAX. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Edgar Stewart gentilhomme. 22 septembre 1916.

5E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Cyrus Ellerton Tildesley, gentilhomme. 18 septembre 1916.

COMPAGNIE DE SIÈGE DE MONTRÉAL. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Osborn Moon, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

GÉNIE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : John Carey Murray, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

George Bolinbroke Sparrow, gentilhomme. 18 septembre 1916.

Allan Summerhayes Gentles, gentilhomme. 19 septembre 1916.

Douglas Waldron Bews, gentilhomme. 20 septembre 1916.

Edwin Tappan Adney, gentilhomme. 23 septembre 1916.

CORPS DES GUIDES.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : D. G. L. Cunnington est transféré au 23e Alberta Rangers. 15 septembre 1916.

CORPS DE DRESSAGE DES OFFICIERS CANADIENS.

CONTINGENT DU COLLÈGE MACDONALD.—Est nommé capitaine provisoire : le lieutenant A. N. Shaw. 1er octobre 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE TORONTO.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) W. A. Dean est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans la réserve navale royale volontaire. 8 août 1916.

INFANTERIE.

GARDES À PIED DU GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : James Dalton Morrison, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1916.

3E RÉGIMENT (VICTORIA RIFLES OF CANADA).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Mayne McCombe, gentilhomme. 16 septembre 1916.

5E RÉGIMENT (ROYAL HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Sydney Campbell Forrest, gentilhomme. 30 août 1916.

13E RÉGIMENT ROYAL.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Albert William Kaye, gentilhomme. 31 juillet 1916.

29E RÉGIMENT (HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY). — Le nom du lieutenant (surnuméraire) C. J. O'Gorman est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 27 septembre 1916.

33E RÉGIMENT DE HURON. — Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Richard Charles Mann, George William Schaefer, gentilshommes. 25 août 1916.

35E RÉGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : George White Boyer, gentilhomme. 6 août 1916.

42E RÉGIMENT DE LANARK ET RENFREW.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnnméraires) : Roy Lancaster Daniel, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1916.

John Horace Brown, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

Ian Laughlin McKinnon, gentilhomme. 20 septembre 1916.

James Patrick Gillies, gentilhomme. 22 septembre 1916.

50E REGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Mossom de Grassi Boyd, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

51E RÉGIMENT (SOO RIFLES).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Lorne Weller Nicholson, gentilhomme. 8 septembre 1916.

Ernest Victor McMillan, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

58E RÉGIMENT (WESTMOUNT RIFLES).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Arthur Lionel Hudson, gentilhomme. 11 septembre 1916.

Le sergent-major Ernest Leslie Houston. 13 septembre 1916.

70E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Louis Henry de Puyjalon, gentilhomme. 21 mai 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA). —Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Angus Stewart, gentilhomme. 20 septembre 1916.

Henry Edward Redmond Hamilton, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

Clarence Mawson Marpole, gentilhomme. 22 septembre 1916.

May Alexander, gentilhomme. 24 septembre 1916.

73E RÉGIMENT DE NORTHUMBERLAND.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : J. C. Wilson, a la permission de se retirer à sa nomination à la liste générale des aumôniers, M.C. 17 août 1916.

76E CARABINIERS DE HANTS ET COLCHESTER.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Harold Brittain, gentilhomme. 18 décembre 1915.

79E (CAMERON HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.)—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) F. L. Tate, est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans la réserve navale royale volontaire. 13 septembre 1916.

89E RÉGIMENT DE RIMOUSKI ET TÉMISCOUATA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Ernest Witte, gentilhomme. 28 septembre 1916.

90E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES). — Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. McDowell, a la permission de se retirer. 16 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) H. S. Blanchard a la permission de démissionner. 18 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : William Bresee Coatsworth, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.

Bjorn Hjalmarson, gentilhomme. 11 septembre 1916.

95E CARABINIERS DE LA SASKATCHEWAN.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Percy Stanley Wilson, gentilhomme. 28 février 1916.

104E RÉGIMENT (WESTMINSTER FUSILIERS OF CANADA). —Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. F. Peers, a la permission de démissionner. 19 septembre 1916.

105E RÉGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Herbert Thomas Dickey, gentilhomme. 20 septembre 1916.

109E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé adjudant : le capitaine J. Harris. 25 mars 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

William Alexander Cameron, gentilhomme. 31 janvier 1916.

William Gladstone Hamilton, gentilhomme. 6 septembre 1916.

INTENDANCE MILITAIRE CANADIENNE.

Le nom du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) H. A. Tremayne est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 27 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : O. H. Williams est transféré aux services de l'artillerie canadienne (non permanent). 1er septembre 1916.

COMPAGNIE N° 21.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Reginald Waters, gentilhomme. 17 avril 1916.

SERVICES DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE.

Personnel du service de santé militaire.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnméraires) :
Stanley Sprague, gentilhomme. 12 avril 1916.
Charles Thomas Crowdy, gentilhomme. 9 mai 1916.
*Rufus Haydon Thomas, gentilhomme. 3 juin 1916.
Walter Graham, gentilhomme. 20 juin 1916.
* Daniel Alphonsus Webb, gentilhomme. 5 juillet 1916.
George Henry Ensing, gentilhomme. 18 juillet 1916.
Walter Scott Wallace, gentilhomme. 19 juillet 1916.
Charles Magee Anderson, gentilhomme. 14 août 1916.
John Alexander MacKenzie,
John Donald Langham,
Edgar Alexander Campbell,
David Campbell Aikenhead,
Roy Bertram Jenkins, gentilshommes. 26 août 1916.
William Thomas Gemmell, gentilhomme. 28 août 1916.
John Taylor Lewis, gentilhomme. 10 septembre 1916.
*Charles Roy Donovan, gentilhomme. 11 septembre
*Russell Bateman McQuay, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.
*Olin Everett Farley, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.
Newbold Coursolles Jones, gentilshommes. 23 septembre 1916.

Pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis en vertu des dispositions de l'Ordre de milice No 65, 1916.

Les officiers ci-dessous sont hors cadre pour prendre du service dans les services de santé de l'armée royale :

Les lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :
R. H. Thomas,
G. H. Ensign,
W. S. Wallace. 11 septembre 1916.
C. M. Anderson. 16 septembre 1916.

Sont nommées sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires):
Sarah Sharpe. 28 août 1916.
Jane Baldwin Grahame. 30 août 1916.
Margaret Henrietta MacKay. 10 septembre 1916.
Jean A. MacKenzie,
Elizabeth Scott Gromley,
Helena Elizabeth McKee,
Martha Jane Armstrong. 12 septembre 1916.
Mabel A. Pridham,
Catherine Crossby Thompson. 15 septembre 1916.
Helen La Mothe. 19 septembre 1916.
Irene Atkins. 25 september 1916.

VÉTÉRINAIRES MILITAIRES CANADIENS.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Archibald Campbell Tanner, gentilhomme. 11 septembre 1916.

CORPS DES MAGASINS MILITAIRES CANADIENS (NON PERMANENT).

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : O. H. Williams, de l'intendance militaire canadienne. 1er septembre 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Est nommé colonel honoraire du 85e bataillon d'outre-mer, T.E.C.: le colonel honoraire le Très Honorable Sir Robert L. Borden, G.C.M.G., C.P., C.R., LL.D. 3 octobre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant-colonel à brevet : le capitaine (lieutenant-colonel temporaire) T. P. Bradley, services de santé de l'armée. 3 octobre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel est conféré au major J. Forest, 11e hussards, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier commandant du régiment. 14 août 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel est conféré au lieutenant J. J. Glass, réserve des corps, 45e régiment de Victoria, tant qu'il commandera le 252e bataillon d'outre-mer, T.E.C. 11 septembre 1916.

L'ordre général 9, 1916, *sous* "Memoranda," en tant qu'il concerne le major (lieutenant-colonel temporaire) S. E. de la Ronde est cancellé par le présent et ce qui suit lui est substitué :—

Le major (lieutenant-colonel temporaire) S. E. de la Ronde cesse de détenir le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel de la milice canadienne, et il retourne à la liste des retraités, ayant démissionné comme commandant de camp, camp d'internement, Petawawa. 24 janvier 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré au capitaine F. P. Healey, 13e régiment royal, et il recevra la solde et les allocations de ce grade tant qu'il sera spécialement employé au quartier général, district militaire n° 2. 2 octobre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré au capitaine J. G. Fitzgerald, services de santé de l'armée, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-aide-directeur des services de santé (hygiène), district militaire n° 2. 3 octobre 1916.

Sont nommés aumôniers avec le grade honorifique de capitaine :

Le révérend Ernest Charles Earp. 8 octobre 1915.
Le révérend Harley Coleman Newcombe. 1er mai 1916.
Le révérend Frederick William Goodeve. 14 août 1916.
Le révérend James Clement Wilson. 17 août 1916.
Le révérend John Lewis McInnis. 23 septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de capitaine est conféré au lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) H. A. Moore, génie canadien, et il recevra la solde et les allocations de ce grade tant qu'il sera employé en qualité d'officier divisionnaire, casernes Stanley, Toronto, Ont. 11 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (capitaine temporaire) R. M. Johnston cesse de détenir le grade temporaire de capitaine, qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre génerel 71, 1916, ayant abandonné le commandement des détachements de l'intendance militaire canadienne au camp de London. 25 août 1916.

Relativement à l'ordre 76, 1916, le grade d'inspecteur de 3e classe des machines de l'artillerie, pour les fins de la solde et des allocations, est conféré au lieutenant E. A. Jamieson, état-major permanent. 20 juillet 1916.

L'ordre général 71, 1916, en tant qu'il s'agit du transfert du lieutenant DuB. L. Wilson, 91e régiment (Canadian Highlanders) au corps des magasins militaires (non permanent) est cancellé par le présent.

Un grade temporaire dans la milice canadienne, tel que ci-après, est conféré aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :—

Sont nommés lieutenants :
Walter Henry Reid, gentilhomme. 6 juillet 1916.
Albert Reginald Tennant Harragin,
J. Francis Kelly, gentilshommes. 7 juillet 1916.
Lawerence Arthur Sewell,
Hubert Sidney Ritchie, gentilshommes. 18 juillet 1916.
Herbert Gray Fairfield, gentilhomme. 3 août 1916.
Benjamin Benton,
Rupert Victor Carleton,
John Wintour Robson, gentilshommes. 15 août 1916.

Les 1ers sergents instructeurs Frank Goddard et Frederick Gerald Lauzanne, régiment royal canadien.
James Ross Riddell,
Roger Stevenson Moore,
John Keble Wiggins,
Ralph Stuart Young,
Arthur Bangay Jackson,
Albert St. Julian Highstone,
John James Mont,
Edward Charles Francis Allen,
Lionel Trueman Rogers,
Athol Douglas Mayhew,
Albert Edward Faulkner,
Ralph Barr Carter,
Charles Stuart Cunningham,
Arthur Henry Simmons,
John Forbes MacNeill,
Johe Herbert Jenkins,
Thomas Wellington Mitton,
William Harrison,
Lloyd Artemus Bissell,
Arthur Charles Pollard,
Augustus Henry Noble,
Edward Clarke,
William Henry Allsopp,
Charles Arthur Lindley Pilley,
John Orr,
James Archibald Dewar,
James Ernest King,
William Handford Hoyt,
Joseph Griffiths,
Alfred Walter Pryce,
Louis John Marler,
Villiers Holt Wilson, gentilshommes. 21 août 1916.
Alan Harcourt Black, gentilhomme. 22 août 1916.
Norwood Macleod, gentilhomme. 26 août 1916.
Douglas Stuart McMaster, gentilhomme. 31 août 1916.
William Elvin Millsap, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.
Jean De Montigny, gentilhomme. 26 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants honoraires :
Le sergent fourrier James Edward Lawrence, services de santé de l'armée permanente. 23 août 1915.
Maurice Buxton Dix, gentilhomme. 2 juillet 1916.
George Phillip Searle, gentilhomme. 14 août 1916.
John Bertram Showler, gentilhomme. 15 août 1916.
Herbert Guy Musgrave Hambling, gentilhomme. 17 août 1916.
Lambert Carson, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le lieutenant R. K. Finlayson, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, (Man.), 1er mars 1915.
Le lieutenant C. H. Dyson, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, (Man.), 1er mars 1915.
Le lieutenant R. E. Spear, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, (Man.), 1er mars 1915.
Le lieutenant G. H. Balls, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, (Man.), 1er mars 1915.
Le lieutenant F. V. Robinson, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Manitoba), 1er juin 1915.
Le lieutenant F. M. Hetherington, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Manitoba), 1er juin 1915.

Le lieutenant R. S. Rice, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Manitoba), 1er juin 1915.

Le lieutenant L. D. Foster, 49e régiment, 26 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. D. Thomson, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (McGill), 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. L. Burt, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Alta.), 7 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. H. Alexander, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Alta.), 7 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. H. Gunning, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.) 1er juin 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. W. Morden, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire K E. Money, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. A. Cunningham, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. G. Lee, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. V. Tobias, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire V. W. Jackson, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. I. W, Jardine, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. Sparling, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. V. Dillabourgh, corps de dressafie des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. S. Burgess, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. E. Brownell, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 15 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. A. Burbank, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 28 novembre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Martin, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. T. Thorson, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 13 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W J. Major, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 13 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. J. Austmann, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 18 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. B. Syddall, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Man.), 8 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. A. Ferguson, 21e régiment, 4 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. G. Stokes, 27e régiment, 27 novembre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. I. McIntosh, 30e régiment, 6 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. F. Oliphant, 50e régiment, 2 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. D. Banting, 72e régiment, 22 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. W. Eagar, 101e régiment, 14 avril 1916.

Par ordre,

W. Hodgins.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 12 octobre 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O. G. 95.

DISTRICTS.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE No 2.—Est nommé organisateur et inspecteur des corps des cadets : le lieutenant-colonel W. A. McCrimmon, M.C., d'organisateur et inspecteur des corps des cadets du district militaire No 1. 10 octobre 1916.

TROUPES PERMANENTES.

DRAGONS ROYAUX CANADIENS.—Sont nommés lieutenants : *Charles Augustus de Vault Rheault et *Grant Herbert Pepler, gentilhomme. 6 octobre 1916.

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*Nominations temporaires.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

9E CAVALERIE DE MISSISSAUGA.—Les lieutenant (surnuméraires) C. A. de V. Rheault et G H. Pepler démissionnent à leur nomination dans les troupes permanentes. 6 octobre 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) C. F. Elliott est transféré à la 9e batterie, 2e brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 7 septembre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Aaron Shiffler Weiss, gentilhomme. 3 juillet 1916.

14E HUSSARDS CANADIENS DE KINGS. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Murray Reginald Chipman, gentilhomme. 22 septembre 1916.

15E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Lewis Martin Johnstone, gentilhomme. 29 février 1916.

Hugh Angus Kennedy, gentilhomme, 22 septembre 1916.

16E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) Francis Ian McDonald, gentilhomme. 9 septembre 1916.

17E HUSSARDS ROYAUX CANADIENS DU DUC D'YORK (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Frederick Samuel Clinch, gentilhomme. 9 septembre 1916.

Lloyd Baillie Rochester, gentilhomme. 16 septembre 1916.

18E CARABINIERS À CHEVAL.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Digby Sheffield Lloyd, gentilhomme. 16 septembre 1916.

19E DRAGONS D'ALBERTA.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Frank Jackson Buck, gentilhomme. 11 mars 1916.

William Morgan, Howard Stephen Cameron, gentilshommes. 21 septembre 1916.

Harry Northrop Bissett, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

29E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Hedley Seldon Dimock, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

30E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA HORSE.) — Le lieutenant C. D. Finch quitte l'emploi d'adjudant provisoire. 1er septembre 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

2E BRIGADE—9E BATTERIE.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : le lieutenant provisoire

(surnuméraire) C. F. Elliott, de la 9e cavalerie de Mississauga. 7 septembre 1916.

Raymond Kingsley Arthur, gentilhomme. 24 septembre 1916.

8E BRIGADE.—2E BATTERIE (OTTAWA).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Salem Caldwell, gentilhomme. 27 septembre 1916.

SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Eric Leonard Smith, gentilhomme. 28 septembre 1916.

9E BRIGADE.—8E BATTERIE DE GANANOQUE—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): John Harold Wilson, gentilhomme. 2 octobre 1916.

11E BRIGADE.—28E BATTERIE. Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Arthur John Gayfer, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

George Henry Parker, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.

13E BRIGADE.—33E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Harry Hemley Plaskett, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

14E BRIGADE.—38E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Clarence Victor McArthur, gentilhomme. 5 octobre 1916.

6E BATTERIE (LONDON).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Henderson Forrest, gentilhomme. 4 octobre 1916.

25E BATTERIE.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : John Ethan Caughey, Arthur Edward Dean, gentilshommes. 23 septembre 1916.

26E BATTERIE.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Gerald Henry Pratt, Donald Morgan McCannel, George Patrick Styles, gentilshommes. 14 septembre 1916.

36E BATTERIE.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : John Salmon Lamont, Charles Kelly Guild, gentilshommes. 19 septembre 1916.

Artillerie lourde.

BRIGADE DE GROSSE ARTILLERIE DE MONTRÉAL.—1RE BATTERIE DE GROSSE ARTILLERIE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : George Binet Dorey, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

BRIGADE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE DE L'ILE-DU-PRINCE-EDOUARD.—3E BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) L. J. Macdonald est hors cadre. 27 septembre 1916.

4E BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Robert Benjamin Messervy, gentilhomme. 13 septembre 1916.

BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE DE COBOURG.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Frank James Apjohn, gentilhomme. 6 octobre 1916.

Artillerie de place canadienne.

1ER RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Allison Weldon Carter, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

5E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Louis Charles Pichon, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

GENIE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) C. C. FitzGerald, de la compagnie n° 5, intendance militaire canadienne. 17 juin 1916

John Stevenson, gentilhomme. 23 septembre 1916

James Bartlett, Nathaniel Howells, gentilshommes 27 septembre 1916

Charles Francis Furse, gentilhomme. 28 septembre 1916.

CORPS DES GUIDES.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Robert Brunton, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

INFANTERIE.

2E RÉGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Dalton Macbeth, gentilhomme. 30 août 1916.

5E RÉGIMENT (ROYAL HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.)—Le nom du lieutenant G. V. Cousins est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 6 octobre 1916.

11E RÉGIMENT (IRISH FUSILIERS OF CANADA).—Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant S. G. McSpadden (et il demeure hors cadre). 7 septembre 1916

23E RÉGIMENT (THE NORTHERN PIONEERS.)—Le nom du lieutenant (surnuméraire) K. C. Fellowes est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 3 octobre 1916.

28E RÉGIMENT DE PERTH.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Albert Edward Taylor, gentilhomme. 29 septembre 1916.

33E RÉGIMENT DE HURON.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Harry Ray Cantelon, gentilhomme. 15 août 1916.

35E RÉGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS.)—Sont nommés lieutenants (surnuméraires) : William Algernon Sibbett, Angus Guthrie Bell, gentilhomme. 23 mai 1916.

William George Clark, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

37E RÉGIMENT (HALDIMAND RIFLES.) — Est nommé lieutenant-colonel et commandant du régiment : le major H. J. Gould, *vice* le lieutenant-colonel E. S. Baxter, décédé. 16 février 1916.

40E RÉGIMENT DE NORTHUMBERLAND. — Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. W. Knill est hors cadre. 30 septembre 1916.

43E RÉGIMENT (THE DUKE OF CORNWALL'S OWN RIFLES).—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) T. R. Tubman est hors cadre. 30 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : John Adrian Fletcher, gentilhomme. 12 juin 1916.

Samuel Miller Scobie, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

Lester Luther Spalding, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

46E RÉGIMENT DE DURHAM.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. S. Armstrong est hors cadre. 30 septembre 1916.

48E RÉGIMENT (HIGHLANDERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Reginald Alexander Lockhart, gentilhomme. 29 septembre 1916.

50E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Gordon MacLaren Campbell, gentilhomme. 27 septembre 1916.

56E RÉGIMENT DE GRENVILLE (LISGAR RIFLES).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Thomas Grattan Kyle, gentilhomme. 3 octobre 1916.

61E RÉGIMENT DE MONTMAGNY.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) Ewart Euphemius Donovan, gentilhomme. 5 octobre 1916.

63E RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES).—Est nommé aumônier avec le grade honorifique de capitaine : le révérend Robert Johnston. 1er octobre 1916.

65E CARABINIERS (MONT ROYAL).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnumeraire) : Joseph George Greetham de Lorimier, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

68E RÉGIMENT (EARL GREY'S OWN RIFLES.) — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William George Manson, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA). —Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Murray Mellish Churchill, gentilhomme. 23 septembre 1916.

George Stuart MacDonell, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

74E RÉGIMENT (THE BRUNSWICK RANGERS.) — Est nommé lieutenant proviscire (surnuméraire) : Henry Emerson Tingley, gentilhomme. 22 août 1916.

88E RÉGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS.) — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Douglas Niel McIntyre, gentilhomme. 28 septembre 1916.

90E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) T. A. Mosley, démissionne à sa nomination à la liste général des aumôniers, M.C. 7 septembre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Gudmundur Olafur Thorsteinson, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

91E REGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Bruce Anderson Carey, gentilhomme. 13 septembre 1916.

93E RÉGIMENT DE CUMBERLAND.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): John Manuel Hensley, gentilhomme. 14 septembre 1916.

99E (MANITOBA RANGERS.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : William John Moisley, Francis William Roberts, Reginald Ironside, David Horner Beaubier, gentilshommes. 7 septembre 1916.

Archibald McLean, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1916.

100E GRENADIERS DE WINNIPEG.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : James Douglas Ormsby, gentilhomme 19 septembre 1916.

103E RÉGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Traunweiser, gentilhomme. 1er août 1916.

110E (RÉGIMENT IRLANDAIS).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Francis Cleeve Ramsden, gentilhomme. 11 septembre 1916.

Le sergent Thomas Langton 15 septembre 1916.

Le sergent Same Buchanan,
William Hewitt Anderson, gentilshommes. 26 septembre 1916.

INTENDANCE MILITAIRE CANADIENNE.

COMPAGNIE N° 5.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire C. C. FitzGerald est transféré au génie canadien. 17 juin 1916.

SERVICES DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE.

Personnel du service de santé militaire.

Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant B. W. D. Gillies. 12 décembre 1914.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

William Arthur Scallon, gentilhomme. 7 juillet 1916.

Charles Henry Hudson, gentilhomme. 25 juillet 1916.

Harold St, Clair Wismer, gentilhomme. 9 septembre 1916.

Victor David Davidson, gentilhomme. 9 septembre 1916.

*Virgil Paul MacMahon, gentilhomme. 11 septembre 1916.

James Robert LeTouzel, gentilhomme. 13 septembre 1916.

Percy James Sandys Bird,

*Richard Davidson Cowan, gentilhomme. 18 septembre 1916.

Walter Patrick McBride, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

Adam Ernest Cantelon, gentilhomme. 24 septembre 1916.

Henry Caffrey Nelson, gentilhomme. 26 septembre 1916.

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*Pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis en vertu des dispositions de l'Ordre de la milice 65, 1913.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) W. C. Brown est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans les services de santé de l'armée royale. 15 septembre 1916.

Est nommé quartier-maître (surnuméraire) avec le grade honorifique de lieutenant : le sergent-major William John Trevelyan. 1er septembre 1916.

Sont nommés sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) :

Ethel Sylvia Mountain. 1er août 1916.

Irène Winifred Lamarche,
Florence Nightingale Sims,
Agnes Annie Forbes,
Pauline Gertrude Essery. 2 août 1916.

Elizabeth Wilson Rodgers. 10 août 1916.

Maude Bowman,
Gertrude Bayley. 28 août 1916.

Alice Edith Isaacson,
Marion Farrell Lavell. 29 août 1916.

Maude King Brown,
Isabel Mary Lord,
Isabel Mary Patton. 30 août 1916.

Mary Elizabeth Burton. 13 septembre 1916.

VÉTÉRINAIRES MILITAIRES CANADIENS.

Les lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : A. M McFarlane, S. A. Hill sont hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 27 septembre 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Est nommé colonel honoraire du 199e bataillon d'outre-mer, T.E.C.: le colonel honoraire l'honorable C. J. Doherty, C.P., C.R., LL.D. 6 octobre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant-colonel honoraire du 207e bataillon d'outre-mer, T.E.C., le lieutenant W. H. A. Fraser, réserves des corps, 43e régiment (The Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles). 4 octobre 1916.

Le grade local de major est conféré au capitaine W. F. Ingpen, M.C., tant qu'il sera employé comme professeur d'artillerie au collège militaire royal du Canada. 5 octobre 1916.

Sont nommés aumôniers avec le grade honorifique de capitaine :

Le révérend Thomas McAfee. 1er juin 1916.

Le révérend Robert James Hay. 14 juillet 1916.

Le révérend Thomas Arthur Mosley. 7 septembre 1916

Le grade honorifique de capitaine de la milice canadienne est conféré aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils seront attachés aux troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes en qualité de représentant de la "Young Men's Christian Association" : –

Le révérend William Alexander Cameron. 3 octobre 1916.

Albert Edward Swanston,
James Galloway Yates,
Oscar Leslie Pearson,
George Wilfred Fisher,
Sidney Barlow Stokes,
Robert John Moore, écuyers. 6 octobre 1916.

Relativement aux ordres généraux 8 et 26, 1916, le droit d'ancienneté des messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés nommés lieutenants provisoires dans le contingent de l'université de Manitoba, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, sera comme suit à leur nomination :–

John Kerr Sparling,
Frederick William Clark,
James Vital Dillabough,
Chester Martin.
Robert Alexander Cunningam,
Vincent William Jackson,
Edmund Guthrie Perry,
Arthur Seymour Burgess,
James Alfred Lidney Gardnor,
Carlton George Lee,
Clark Reid Hopper,
James McCulloch Brown,
Charles William Burns,
William Verner Tobias,
Charles Arthur Battershill.

Un grade temporaire dans la milice canadienne, tel que ci-après, est accordé aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :—

Sont nommés lieutenants honoraires :

James Bayne McCurdy, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

George Milton Atchison. 1er octobre 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le lieutenant A. L. Young, 1er régiment des Indes Occidentales, sans résidence, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant R. E. Gunn, 1er régiment des Indes Occidentales, sans résidence, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant F. F. Carruthers, 1er régiment des Indes Occidentales, sans résidence, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant D. R. Woods, 1er régiment des Indes Occidentales, sans résidence, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant R. Wilson, 1er régiment des Indes Occidentales, sans résidence, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant A. R. Morrison, 1er régiment des Indes Occidentales, sans résidence, 1er mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. Small, 2e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. H. Copp, 2e régiment, 9 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. H. Cooper, 2e régiment, 30 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. D. B. Snelgrove, 2e régiment, 4 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. G. Bole, 2e régiment, 21 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. V. DeVerall, 10e régiment, 10 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. G. Hazell, 10e régiment, 25 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. P. Somers-Cocks, 12e régiment, 22 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. H. Johnson, 12e régiment, 5 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire K. Haddeland, 19e régiment, 30 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. W. King, 20e régiment, 10 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnumeraire M. M. McNeil, 32e régiment, 6 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Finlayson, 35e régiment, 27 décembre 1915,

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. H. Robertson, 35e régiment, 7 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. V. Ardagh, 35e régiment, 7 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. H. MacKinnon, 36e régiment, 27 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. W. Clemett, 36e régiment, 1er juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. S. Palmer, 36e régiment, 4 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. E. Clarke, 46e régiment, 8 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. Skeaff, 48e régiment, 26 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. A. Harris, 48e régiment, 3 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. R. A. Walker, 48e régiment, 10 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire McCulloch, 48e régiment, 10 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. Boyd, 48e régiment, 11 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. Manville, 52e régiment, 8 septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. P. Agnew, 52e régiment, 26 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. C. Cantrill 52e régiment, 27 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. H. Hemsley, 52e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. C. McKay, 52e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. J. Kerr, 60e régiment, 24 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire Forster, 60e régiment, 24 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. M. Bayne, 60e régiment 27 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. E. Clarke, 60e régiment, 27 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. Facey, 60e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. S. Hinchey, 60e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. Green, 60e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. Grierson, 60e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. D. Brass, 60e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. L. Geddie, 79e régiment, 15 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. A. H. Baker, 79e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. S. Fowler, 79e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. L Peacop, 79e régément, décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. I. N. Ross, 79e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. E. Saunders, 79e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. L. Tate, 79e régiment, 17 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. H. Gordon, 79e régiment, 17 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. J. Wilson, 79e régiment, 17 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. A. Masterman, 79e régiment, 17 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. F. Dunnet, 79e régiment, 1er février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Birch, 79e régiment, 1er février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. M. Thomson, 79e régiment, 1er février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. E. Cole, 79e régiment, 14 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. Thornton, 79e régiment, 14 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. R. Skinner, 79e régiment, 27 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. W. Jackson, 79e régiment, 28 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. W. McKeague, 79e régiment, 1er juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. S. Blanchard, 90e régiment, 19 juin 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. S. Head, 90e régiment, 26 juin 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. M. Grant, 90e régiment, 26 juillet 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. P. Fullerton, 90e régiment, 7 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. V. Battley, 90e régiment, 14 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. U. Gladman, 90e régiment, 18 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Johnson, 90e régiment, 23 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. H. Aikins, 90e régiment, 18 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. F. Wardhaugh, 90e régiment, 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. C. Parkin, 90e régiment, 11 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. H. Headlam, 90e régiment, 20 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. G. A. Raymond, 90e régiment, 27 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. A. Keall 90e régiment, 1er décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. D. Bawlf, 90e régiment, 4 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. C. Barker, 90e régiment, 6 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. C. Creery, 90e régiment, 11 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. G. Brook, 90e régiment, 17 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. F. Brock, 90e régiment, 17 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. L, Bunting, 90e régiment, 21 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire P. E. Browne, 90e régiment, 22 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. Crozier, 90e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. P. Ryan, 90e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. E. Burnham, 90e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. R. Young, 90e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. Colebrook, 90e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. R. Young, 90e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. W. M. Curey, 90e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Machaffie, 90e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. D. Corbet, 90e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. H. Curry, 90e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. L. Cavanagh, 90e régiment, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. C. David, 90e régiment, 7 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. A. Fletcher, 90e régiment, 7 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. Stibbard, 90e régiment, 15 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. G. Cruikshank, 90e régiment, 15 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. Hansson, 90e régiment, 3 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Rutherglen, 90e régiment, 24 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. S. Fleming, 91e régiment, 1er août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. Hockin, 95e régiment, 21 mai 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. C. Robertson, 95e régiment, 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. de F. Mackie, 95e régiment, 6 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. C. Allen, 95e régiment, 6 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. J. Fyfe, 95e régiment, 18 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. W. Fairley, 95e régiment, 1er décembre 1915.

Le lieutenaut surnuméraire S. G. Carson, 95e régiment, 9 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. A. McCusker, 95e régiment, 9 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Waldron, 95e régiment, 9 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. M. Crowe, 95e régiment, 27 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. K. Olive, 95e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. Morris, 95e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. A. Ewart, 95e régiment, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. R. Chamberlin, 95e régiment, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. J. Bignell, 95e régiment, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. McPhail, 95e régiment, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. Patton, 95e régiment, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire N. H. Pawley, 95e régiment, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Wadge, 95e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. B. Keenlyside, 95e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. Chenoweth, 95e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. England, 95e régiment, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. W. Tye, 95e régiment, 8 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. L. Davidson, 95e régiment, 8 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. W. Barr, 95e régiment, 12 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. Bell, 95e régiment, 27 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. H. Clarkson, 95e régiment, 19 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. W. McBrady, 96e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. C. McCallum, 96e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Stanworth, 96e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. J. Hooper, 96e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. E. H. Coo, 96e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire K. T. Creighton, 96e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. J. Ferry, 97e régiment, 30 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. W. Hennessy, 79e régiment, 12 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. Lyness, 97e régiment, 17 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. O. Chapman, 98e régiment, 17 juin 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. J. R. Cherry, 98e régiment, 8 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. Dickinson, 98e régiment, 20 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. McKenzie, 98e régiment, 25 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. R. Tibbets, 98e régiment, 15 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. Graham, 98e régiment, 15 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. F. McGregor, 98e régiment, 16 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. R. Sorton, 98e régiment, 27 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. S. Campbell, 98e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. B. Leslie, 98e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. M. Ferguson, 98e régiment, 7 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. Hughes, 99e régiment, 26 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. A. Matheson, 99e régimen, 5 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. M. MacCulloch, 99e régiment, 6 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire V. W. Bunn, 99e régiment, 20 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. H. Hurley, 99e régiment, 30 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. S. Gordon, 99e régiment, 21 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. M. Pineo, 99e régiment, 22 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire N. C. Elliott, 99e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. M. Shirriff, 99e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. Webb, 99e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. McIsaac, 99e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire P. L. Waylett, 99e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. R. Bowler, 99e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. B. Buckham, 99e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. N. Hindson, 99e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. C. Lowry, 99e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. T. Jonasson, 99e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. McInnes, 99e régiment, 1er janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. G. McPherson, 99e régiment, 10 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. F. Campbell, 99e régiment, 1er février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. A. Peterson, 99e régiment, 19 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. G. M. Douglass, 100e régiment, 27 juillet 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. Quinton, 100e régiment, 21 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. T. Alexander, 100e régiment, 21 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. H. Holman, 100e régiment, 26 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. E. Halpin, 100e régiment, 1er septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. H. Wemyss, 100e régiment, 2 septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. Ruddlesden, 100e régiment, 8 septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. N. Smith, 100e régiment, 10 septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. Bingham, 100e régiment, 6 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. B. Holman, 100e régiment, 25 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. J. Moorman, 100e régiment, 5 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. L. Mitchell, 100e régiment, 8 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. V. Gell, 100e régiment, 11 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. K. Belcher, 100e régiment, 25 novembre 1915.

Le lientenant surnuméraire J. B. Davies, 100e régiment, 1er décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. L. Waller, 100e régiment, 2 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. P. S. MacLean, 100e régiment, 4 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. V. Smart, 100e régiment, 6 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire O. H. Hollis, 100e régiment, 6 décembre 1915

Le lieutenant surnuméraire N. J. Vadeboncœur, 100e régiment, 14 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant nurnuméraire A. W. Wilcox, 100e régiment, 14 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Sprenger, 100e régiment, 14 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. M. Ross, 100e régiment, 15 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. A. Bauslaugh, 100e régiment, 16 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. A. McPherson, 100e régiment, 16 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. D. Tod, 100e régiment, 16 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. W. W. Revie, 100e régiment, 20 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. S. Erzinger, 100e régiment, 20 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. F. Dougall, 100e régiment, 21 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. C. Folliott, 100e régiment, 22 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. F. Stovel, 100e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. G. Bell, 100e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. A. Taylor, 100e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. J. White, 100e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. M. Wright, 100e régiment, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. Grieve 100e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. E. Brown, 100e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. H. Macneil, 100e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. L. Shanks, 100e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. M. Millar, 100e régiment, 31 décembre 1915

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. W. L. Moore, 100e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. B. Ritchie, 100e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. G. Macneil, 100e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnumérire J. C. Lawson, 100e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. W. Thompson, 100e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire N. H. Thompson, 100e régiment, 3 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. S. Burger, 100e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. H. Phinney, 100e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. Strain, 100e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. C. Stibbard, 100e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. F. Lambert, 100e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. T. Riddle, 100e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. A. Smith, 100e régiment, 5 jenvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. Smith, 100e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. B. Charrest, 100e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. J. McGreevy, 100e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. G. Foggo, 100e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. M. McLeod, 100e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. J. L. Donovan, 100e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. J. Manning, 100e régiment, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnumérare A. C. Pratt, 100e régiment, 6 janvier 19 6.

Le lieutenant surnnméraire O. Pledger, 100e régiment, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. L. Burdich, 100e régiment, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. K. Taaffe, 100e régiment, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. Gillepsie, 100e régiment, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. D. McRae, 100e régiment, 6 janvier 1916.

La lieutenant surnuméraire W. J. Hansen, 100e régiment, 8 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. F. Carlyle, 100e régiment, 8 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. J. Hamilton, 100e régiment, 8 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. A. Crawley, 100e régiment, 8 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. B. Wilton, 100e régiment, 8 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Hastie, 100e régiment, 12 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. B. Lynn, 100e régiment, 12 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Parsons, 100e régiment, 12 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. W. Gillis, 100e régiment, 14 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Swan, 100e régiment, 10 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. R. Fraser, 100e régiment, 19 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. C. Traves, 104e régiment, 10 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. Clements, 105e régiment, 1er décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. J. Barwick, 105e régiment, 15 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. A. H. Acheson, 105e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. E. Wells, 105e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. T. Willoughby, 105e régiment, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. Sheppard, 105e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. Suter, 105e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. J. Cragg, 105e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. S. Jones, 105e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Kinnear, 105e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. L. Davies, 105e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. P. Oliver, 105e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. P. Lloyd, 105e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Gilmour, 105e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. Simpson, 106e régiment, 28 mai 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. W. Fageant, 106e régiment, 17 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. E. Minchinton, 106e régiment, 5 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. W. Gillepsie, 106e régiment, 5 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. A. Macdonald, 106e régiment, 9 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. G. Sergant, 106e régiment, 15 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. J. Hanson, 106e régiment, 16 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. I. McGill, 106e régiment, 23 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. W. Gardiner, 106e régiment, 23 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Gate, 106e régiment, 23 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. L. Hawhinney, 106e régiment, 23 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Macpherson, 106e régiment, 8 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. H. B. Smith, 106e régiment, 8 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. P. Ross, 106e régiment, 8 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire M. S. McLean, 106e régiment, 15 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. A. Lomas, 106e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. K. Elliott, 106e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. Carter, 106e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire V. H. Evans, 106e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. B. Neilson, 106e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. H. M. Kennedy, 106e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. P. Belcher, 106 régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. B. Henry, 106e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. Hay, 106e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. G. Joy, 106e régiment, 28 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire V. Gerard, 106e régiment, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. V. Richardson, 106e régiment, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. A. Wood, 106e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire P. Manby, 106e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. S. Kent, 106e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. C. Julian, 106e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. L. McBain, 106e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. H. Burr, 106e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. G. Tweddell, 106e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. F. Dougherty, 106e régiment, 5 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. O. Bethell, 106e régiment, 7 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. F. Bond, 106e regiment, 7 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. C. Jamieson, 106e régiment, 7 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. O. Leach, 106e régiment, 8 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. J. Doyle, 106e régiment, 11 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. N. Ledger, 106e régiment, 11 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. J. Welwood, 106e régiment, 13 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. Lund, 106e régiment, 4 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. E. Sprague, 106e régiment, 5 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. Wade, 106e régiment, 17 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. Dyer, 106e régiment, 24 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. L. Gunn, 106e régiment, 16 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. Benson, 106e régiment, 28 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. K. MacNaughton, 106e régiment, 9 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. W. O. Lane, 106e régiment, 27 mai 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. G. M. Galbraith, 109e régiment, 20 juillet 1916.

Par ordre,

W. E. Logan.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 16 octobre 1916.

O.G. 96.

ORGANISATION.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 1.—Relativement à l'ordre général n° 30 de 1915, l'addition de deux autres compagnies au contingent du collège d'agriculture d'Ontario, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, est autorisée.

(Q.G. 32-1-238.)

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 13. — Le 101e régiment, (Edmonton Fusiliers) est réorganisé d'après le système de quatre compagnies tel qu'établi dans l'entraînement de l'infanterie, 1914.

(Q.G. 7-107-20.)

O.G. 97.

DÉCORATIONS ET MÉDAILLES.

(Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 25 août 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
26 août 1916.

LA CROIX MILITAIRE.

MANDAT ROYAL REVISÉ.

GEORGE CINQ par la Grâce de Dieu Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes : A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront, Salut :—

ATTENDU que par Notre Mandat Royal sous Notre Seing Manuel daté le 28 décembre 1914, Nous avons institué et créé une nouvelle décoration intitulée "La Croix Militaire" décernée aux officiers de certains grades dans notre armée en récompense de services distingués et méritoires en temps de guerre :

Et attendu que Nous désirons que certains changements soient faits aux règlements concernant la dite décoration, Nous ordonnons par le présent que les dispositions de Notre dit Mandat Royal soient cancellées et que les règlements suivants leur soient substitués :—

Premièrement.—Il est ordonné que la croix sera désignée " La Croix Militaire."

Deuxièmement.—Il est ordonné que la Croix Militaire consistera en une croix d'argent ayant sur chaque bras notre couronne Impériale et portant au centre les lettres G.R.I.

Troisièmement. — Il est ordonné que personne ne pourra obtenir cette décoration, ni y être nommée à moins d'être un capitaine, un officier subalterne ou un sous-officier à brevet de la 1re classe ou de la 2e classe dans Notre armée ou dans Nos forces militaires de l'Inde ou des Colonies, et que la Croix Militaire ne sera décernée qu'aux officiers des grades ci-dessus mentionnés après qu'une recommandation Nous aura été faite à cet effet par Notre Principal Secrétaire d'Etat pour la Guerre.

Quatrièmement.—Il est ordonné que les officiers étrangers d'un grade équivalent à ceux ci-dessus mentionnés, qui ont pris part à des opérations militaires avec Notre armée ou Nos forces militaires de l'Inde ou des Colonies, pourront obtenir la Croix Militaire.

Cinquièmement.—Il est ordonné que ceux qui, après avoir rendu des services pour lesquels la Croix Militaire est décernée, accomplissent subséquemment un acte de bravoure approuvé qui, s'ils n'avaient pas reçu la Croix leur donnerait le droit de l'obtenir recevront une agrafe qui sera attachée au ruban par lequel la Croix est suspendue, et pour chaque tel acte additionnel une agrafe additionnelle pourra être ajoutée.

Sixièmement.—Il est ordonné que les noms de ceux auxquels il Nous fera plaisir de décerner cette décoration seront publiés dans la *London Gazette*, et qu'un registre de ces noms sera tenu au bureau de Notre Principal Secrétaire d'Etat pour la Guerre.

Septièmement.—Il est ordonné que la Croix Militaire sera portée immédiatement après les ordres et avant toutes les décorations et médailles (sauf la Croix de Victoria seulement) et sur le côté gauche de la poitrine pendue à un ruban d'un pouce et trois huitièmes de large qui sera de couleur blanche avec une bande pourpre.

Huitièmement.—Il est ordonné que la Croix Militaire ne confèrera pas de préséance individuelle, mais permettra au récipiendaire d'ajouter les lettres C.M. après son nom

Neuvièmement.— Il est ordonné que toute personne qui aura été déclarée déchue de la Croix Militaire par un mandat spécial sous Notre Seing Manuel Royal renverra la dite décoration au Bureau de Notre Principal Secrétaire d'Etat pour la Guerre, et son nom sera biffé du Registre dans lequel sont inscrits les noms de ceux à qui la dite décoration a été conférée.

Finalement.—Nous nous réservons à Nous, Nos héritiers et successeurs, le plein pouvoir d'annuler, altérer, abroger, augmenter, interpréter ou Nous dispenser de ces règlements ou de toute partie des dits règlements, par avis donné sous Notre Seing Manuel Royal.

Donné à Notre Cour, à Saint-James, ce vingt-troisième jour d'août mil neuf cent seize, dans la septième année de Notre règne.

Par ordre de Sa Majesté,
D. LLOYD GEORGE.

—

MEMORANDUM.

Le présent Mandat est pour être substitué au Mandat original du 28 décembre 1914 et au Mandat supplémentaire du 31 mai 1916. L'insertion des lettres C.M. après le nom de celui qui reçoit la Croix, sous la clause 8 sera mise en vigueur dans la Liste de l'armée du mois d'octobre.

DÉCORATION DES OFFICIERS DES TROUPES AUXILIAIRES COLONIALES.

Les officiers sous-mentionnés ont reçu la décoration des officiers des troupes auxiliaires coloniales, en vertu des dispositions du mandat royal daté le 18 mai 1899, et l'ordre général 132 de novembre 1901 :—

GRADE.	NOM.	CORPS.
Lieut.-colonel....	H. E. McKee.....	97e régiment.
Capitaine..	W. G. Fowler.....	12e régiment (York Rangers).

L'O.G. n° 88 du 15 septembre 1916, en tant qu'il s'agit de la décoration des officiers des troupes auxiliaires coloniales décernée au lieutenant-colonel S. H. Hill, 8e régiment (R.R.) est cancellé.

MÉDAILLE DE LONG SERVICE DANS LES TROUPES AUXILIAIRES COLONIALES.

Les militaires sous-mentionnés reçoivent la médaille de long service dans les troupes auxiliaires coloniales, en vertu des dispositions du mandat royal, daté le 18 mai 1899, et de l'ordre général 132 de novembre 1901 :—

GRADE.	NOM.	CORPS.
Lieut.-colonel . . .	S. H. Hill.	8e régiment (R.R.)
Major.....	W. J. Cressey	97e régim. (Algonquin Rifles).
Major.	J. D. McCrimmon ..	28e régiment.
Major.....	E. T. Bown	Carabin'rs Victoria.
Capitaine.....	W. E. McCarthy ...	34e régiment.
Maréchal des logis chef de compag.	H. J. Smith	1er régim. (Halifax) A. de P. C.
Canonnier.	J. A. Murray.....	1er rég., A. de P. C.

L'O.G. 88 du 15 septembre 1916, en tant qu'il s'agit de la médaille de long service dans les troupes auxiliaires coloniales, conférée au soldat Charles Duyol, est modifié de manière à se lire : " 87e régiment de Québec " au lieu de 67e régiment.

Par ordre,

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COUR DE L'ECHIQUIER DU CANADA.

ORDRE GÉNÉRAL.

UNE séance générale de la cour de l'Echiquier du Canada, sous les dispositions de la règle 166, pour l'instruction des causes, etc., sera tenue au Palais de Justice, dans la ville de Fraserville, P.Q., commençant mardi, le 16e jour de janvier A.D. 1917 à 11 heures a. m.

Daté à Ottawa ce 27e jour d'octobre A.D. 1916.

19-4 L. A. AUDETTE, J.C.E.

J. W. Scales, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 8e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants, marchands, soldeurs, importateurs, négociants en gros et en détail de cigars, cigarettes, tabacs et fournitures pour marchands de tabac, dans tout état et forme de fabrication, et tous articles requis ou utiles pour les fumeurs pouvant être disposés ou requis par les marchands de tabac ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, disposer de toute espèce d'outillage, machinerie, appareils, outils, ustensiles, produits, articles et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour l'exercice de l'industrie susdite ou qui sont ou peuvent être disposés par les personnes qui y sont engagées ;

(*c*) Ériger, construire, maintenir, exploiter des édifices, ateliers, machinerie et commodités qui sembleront directement ou indirectement se rapporter à aucun des objets de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, propriété, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou possédant des propriétés convenant ou nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations ou débentures en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages pouvant être légalement acquis par la compagnie, émettre aussi telles actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant, en tout ou en partie, des affaires semblables ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, acquérir, détenir, posséder le capital-stock, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, corporation ou individu exerçant ou engagé dans une industrie que la compagnie a le pouvoir d'exercer, d'entreprendre et d'acquérir, détenir ou autrement disposer de telles actions, obligations ou autres valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*g*) Conclure tout arrangement pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant ou ayant l'intention d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou une transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée d'entreprendre ou d'exercer ou de s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*h*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autrement, toute autre compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires et garantir l'exécution des contrats par telle compagnie ou corporation;

(*i*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres, avec ou sans garantie, à tels termes que la compagnie pourra approuver et garantir les dettes et contrats des clients ou autres ;

(*j*) Placer les fonds de la compagnie non immediatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*k*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, aucune propriété ou biens de la compagnie, et en particulier aucunes actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies qui auront pu acheter ou assumer en tout ou partie la propriété, les biens ou engagements de cette compagnie ;

(*l*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnie dont les objets sont ou comprennent des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie, soit par vente ou achat de l'entreprise (pour des actions ou autrement) sujet au passif de cette ou d'aucune telle compagnie comme susdit, ou par association ou tout arrangement de la nature d'une association ou d'aucune autre manière ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer des propriétés, droits, contrats ou entreprises de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, pour telle compensation qui pourra être agréée, en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire des dons et souscrire à tout objet pouvant promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie, créer et contribuer à des fonds de pensions et autres fonds et projets pour le bénéfice des personnes employées par la compagnie ou les femmes veuves, enfants et dépendants d'aucune telle personne, souscrire ou garantir des fonds pour aucun objet charitable ou public ;

(*o*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, faire tous autres actes ou choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ou aucuns d'eux, exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée aux fins ou objets énumérés ci-dessus et qui semblera pouvoir être aisément conduite par la compagnie, ou directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur des propriétés et des droits de la compagnie ou à les rendre profitables ;

(*p*) Rémunérer toute personne pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou aidant à placer aucunes actions du capital-actions de la compagnie ou aucunes obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou au sujet de la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*q*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ne seront, à moins qu'il en soit autrement exprimé, en aucune manière limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucune autre clause ou paragraphe de cette charte. Au contraire les objets et pouvoirs spécifiés dans chaque clause seront réputés indépendants et séparés des objets et pouvoirs conférés par les autres clauses énoncées ci-dessus.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "J. W. Scales, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinq cent mille dollars, divisé en 5,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 9e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Brompton Pulp & Paper Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 8e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Errol Languedoc, Ralph Erskin Allan, Jean Pierre Charbonneau, avocats, William Taylor et Frederick William Tofield, gérants, Bruce Stuart Crombie, secrétaire, James William Cairns, comptable, Walter Wilson Rathie, vérificateur et Angus McLeod Murray et Charles Frederick Wadsworth, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie des bois de construction et de service et de bois à pâte ; manufacturer, produire, acheter, vendre et trafiquer de bois de construction et de service, billes et bois de tous genres et pour toutes les fins ;

(*b*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des biens fonciers, terres, locations, droits de surface, limites forestières, terres boisées et terres à bois, lots de grève, droits de rivière, droits gouvernementaux, municipaux et autres, privilèges, franchises, servitudes, licences de tous genres, les vendre, en disposer, échanger ou autrement en trafiquer ;

(*c*) Améliorer, développer des lacs et rivières, construire, maintenir des réservoirs, canaux, barrages, quais,

estacades et autres travaux et équipements de toute espèce ;

(*d*) Construire, acheter ou autrement acquérir des bateaux à vapeur, chalands, remorqueurs et toute autre espèce d'embarcations ou bateaux pour la navigation intérieure ou océanique, les employer et exploiter ;

(*e*) Construire, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des bassins, bassins flottants, môles, jetées, quais, entrepôts, élévateurs ou autres édifices et travaux pouvant être utilisés en rapport avec les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et bâtir, construire, maintenir, exploiter des moulins à bois et des scieries, s'engager dans l'industrie de la fabrication et de la preparation pour le marché des bois de construction et de service et du bois de toute espèce et description pour toutes les fins ;

(*h*) Importer, exporter, acheter, vendre et autrement disposer de bois de construction et de bois de tous genres, manufacturer et disposer d'articles de tous genres dans la fabrication desquels le bois est employé.

(*i*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, bâtir, construire, maintenir, exploiter des usines à pâte de bois et à papier, généralement exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers, importateurs, exportateurs, négociants en pâte de bois, papier et substituts du papier de tous genres et descriptions, de matières premières et de subtances de tout genre, pâtes de bois, préparations, mélanges, produits chimiques, dissolvants, mélanges et aucuns de leurs ous produits, employés ou pouvant être employés en rapport avec la dite industrie ;

(*j*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement, utiliser, développer des pouvoirs hydrauliques et autres pouvoirs pour la production du pouvoir ou énergie électrique, hydraulique ou autre ; construire, exploiter des usines pour la production de tel pouvoir ;

(*k*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement du pouvoir électrique ou autre de toute espèce pour l'éclairage, la force motrice ou autre fin, les vendre ou autrement en disposer ainsi que du pouvoir ou énergie produit par la compagnie ;

(*l*) Construire et maintenir des poteaux, lignes, lignes de transmission, lignes de téléphone et télégraphe pour la distribution du pouvoir et pour les fins générales de l'industrie de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Acquérir tout ou partie de l'achalandage, droits, propriété et biens, y compris toute option, concession ou choses de même nature, d'aucun individu maison, association ou corporation, les payer, totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en obligations ou émettre et répartir pour les payer totalement ou partiellement des actions libérées et non sujettes à appel du capital-stock de la compagnie, souscrites ou non ;

(*n*) Vendre ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété, biens, droits, entreprise ou achalandage de la compagnie et accepter en paiement tout ou partie en espèces, obligations, stocks ou autres valeurs d'aucune corporation ou compagnie ;

(*o*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention ou procédé, faire valoir, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tous tels brevets, licences ou concessions ;

(*p*) Acquérir et détenir, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, et vendre ou autrement disposer du stock, actions, valeurs ou entreprises de toute compagnie ayant pour l'un de ses objets l'exercice d'aucun des pouvoirs quelconques de la compagnie ou transférer son actif ou ses entreprises à toute telle compagnie ou fusionner avec elle ;

(*q*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que la présente compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*r*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement, détenir, vendre et disposer des affaires, biens, achalandage, stocks, actions ou valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou corporation, et généralement faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires se rapportant à l'accomplissement normal des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Brompton Pulp & Paper Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de neuf millions de dollars, divisé en 90,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 9e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

La Cie Internationale des Beaux-Arts, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 6e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation John Albert Engel, avocat, James Burnett Taylor, comptable, Max Berufeld, étudiant en droit, Berthe Maysenhoeder et Mae Johnston, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir comme une industrie active avec tous ses droits, obligations et achalandage l'industrie exercée dans la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, par la Compagnie Internationale d'Importation, négociants en papeterie, cartes-postales, nouveautés et accessoires, et continuer la dite industrie ;

(*b*) Exercer l'industrie d'imprimeurs, graveurs, imprimeurs en relief, relieurs et manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, vendre, échanger et autrement commercer et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises de toute description ;

(*c*) Etablir, exploiter, conduire des magasins ou dépôts pour la vente de tous les articles manufacturés par ou dont la compagnie peut trafiquer et de tous autres effets, articles et marchandises pouvant être avantageusement disposés en rapport avec iceux ;

(*d*) Conclure des arrangements ou des contrats avec aucune autorité, fédérale, provinciale, municipale, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités les licences, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter, détenir, exploiter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements ;

(*e*) Manufacturer et produire de la vapeur, du gaz, de l'électricité et autre énergie pour le chauffage, la lumière, la force motrice ou autres fins de la compagnie, vendre ou autrement disposer de leur excédent, sujet à toutes les lois, règlements et réglementations municipales leur étant applicables ;

(*f*) Exercer toute autre entreprise ou industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires et objets ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des proprjétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Faire licencier, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tous autres pays et désigner dans ces pays les personnes qui pourront faire tels actes et choses qui seront nécessaires sous les lois de tels pays pour représenter la compagnie, lui permettre d'exercer effectivement son industrie et d'y poursuivre ses affaires ;

(*h*) Acquérir, employer, louer ou exploiter en tout ou en partie les affaires, propriété ou entreprise d'aucune personne ou compagnie, exerçant une industrie semblable ou s'y rapportant ou apparaissant comme pouvant être avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*i*) Poursuivre, s'amalgamer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie semblable ou subsidiaire à celle de la compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ;

(*j*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la oi, souscrire, recevoir, acheter ou autrement acquérir es actions ou valeurs de toute compagnie exerçant une ndustrie similaire les accepter, totalement ou partiellement en paiement ou comme acquit du prix ou compensation de la vente, location, concession ou autre disposition de toute propriété, droits ou dettes pouvant être détenus, en jouissance ou dûs à cette compagnie ; détenir, vendre, réémettre ou autrement disposer de tels actions ou valeurs comme la compagnie le jugera convenable et voter en vertu d'icelles ;

(*k*) Acheter, louer, échanger ou autrement acquérir, posséder et trafiquer de toute propriété mobilière et immobilière que la compagnie jugera nécessaire ou utile pour ses affaires et opérations, y compris des marques de fabrique, dessins industriels, brevets, droits de brevets, licences, franchises ou autres droits et privilèges d'aucune espèce que ce soit ;

(*l*) Emettre, répartir et remettre comme complètement libérées et non sujettes à appel des actions ordinaires ou priorité, des obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie en paiement total ou partiel des affaires devant être acquises par cette compa gnie, y compris une allocation pour l'achalandage, et de toute autre propriété commerciale, contrats ou droits que cette compagnie pourra de temps à autre acquérir pour les fins de ses affaires ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, de services qui pourront être rendus à la compagnie pour sa promotion ou autrement ou en règlement d'aucunes dettes de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Placer, prêter ou autrement disposer des deniers ou autre propriété de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière et en telles valeurs qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ou distribuer parmi ses actionnaires, en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra en être résolu, toute propriété ou biens de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Faire tous les actes et exercer tous les pouvoirs et choses utiles et nécessaires pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus et exercer toutes les industries se rapportant ou alliées aux objets de la compagnie ;

(*p*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, courtiers, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, séparément ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "La Cie Internationale des Beaux-Arts, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 250 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 8e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

James McDonnell Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada des lettres patentes en date du 7e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Wilfrid Arnold Lyons, Thomas Francis Lyons, Ernest Olivier Dion, commis, Alexander Ellison, marchand, et Adolphe Veilleux, chimiste, tous de la cité de Monttréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de négociants en foin, grains et autres produits de la ferme et de la forêt ; trafiquer des produits et sous-produits dont ils forment une partie constituante, manufacturer, acheter, vendre et généralement disposer de toutes espèces d'articles, effets et marchandises ;

(*b*) Eriger, bâtir, maintenir, exploiter, vendre, louer et autrement transmettre des moulins, usines, entrepôts, magasins, élévateurs, quais, bassins et autres travaux et bâtiments qui sembleront directement ou indirectement utiles aux objets de la compagnie ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, disposer d'outillages de tous genres, machinerie, appareils, outils, ustensiles, produits, articles et choses nécessaires ou utiles pour exercer l'industrie susdite ou dont disposent ou peuvent disposer les personnes qui y sont engagées ;

(*c*) Eriger, construire, maintenir, exploiter tous édifices, usines, machinerie, commodités qui sembleront, directement ou indirectement utiles à aucun des objets de la compagnie ; construire, acquérir, affréter, louer, exploiter des bateaux à vapeur, vaisseaux, chalands, remorqueurs, véhicules et autres moyens de transport pour le fret et les passagers ;

(*d*) Faire des avances ou des prêts sur tous produits, articles, marchandises, meubles, qui pourront être emmagasinés avec ou par ou en charge d'aucune compagnie de transport, en cours de transit, sur aucuns wagons, bâtiments ou vaisseaux allant de ou venant à cette compagnie ou pouvant être dans aucun de ses entrepôts, élévateurs, comptoirs ou moulins ;

(*e*) Organiser, gérer, développer ou aider à l'organisation, gérance ou développement d'aucune corporation, syndicat ou entreprise ; acquérir tout ou partie des affaires de la compagnie ou exercer une industrie semblable ;

(*f*) Lever, aider à lever des fonds, aider au moyen de boni, prêts, endossements, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, aucune autre compagnie ou corporation, garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*g*) Souscrire, acheter, prendre ou autrement acquérir, détenir, comme principaux ou agents et absolument comme propriétaires ou à titre de garantie collatérale, jouir, vendre, échanger, voter et autrement disposer du stock, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucun gouvernement, municipalité, corporation, compagnie industrielle ou financière, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*h*) Emettre et répartir comme complètement libérées des actions de la compagnie constituée par les présentes en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété, droits, bail, affaires, franchises, entreprises, pouvoirs, privilèges, licences, contrat, biens fonciers, stock, obligations, débentures ou autres propriétés ou droits, pouvant être légalement acquis en vertu des pouvoirs octroyés par les présentes ;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, ou de nature à augmenter la valeur des propriétés et valeurs de la compagnie, et prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toutes telles compagnies, les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer, ou s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer, en nature, parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, les actions, débentures, valeurs ou propriétés appartenant à la compagnie ou dont elle peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*l*) Faire tous les actes nécessaires à l'entreprise, exercer ou compléter aucune affaire que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou entreprendre ;

(*m*) Aucun pouvoir octroyé par les présentes ne sera restreint ou limité par l'application ou l'interprétation d'aucun autre pouvoir ainsi octroyé.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "James McDonnell Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la provinie de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 9e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Laporte-Irwin, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 3e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation John Irwin, manufacturier, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec ; Lawrence MacFarlane, avocat et conseil du Roi ; William Bridges Scott et John MacNaughton, avocats et James Geary Cartwright, gérant de bureau, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, vendre, disposer, faire valoir des effets, articles et marchandises de quelque nature qu'ils soient ;

(*b*) Exercer tonte autre industrie que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec l'industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou qui semblera à la compagnie directement ou indirectement de nature avantageuse pour cette compagnie ou comme pouvant augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir et exercer en tout ou en partie les biens, propriété, et assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison, association ou compagnie possédant des propriétés convenant à aucune des fins de cette compagnie, ou exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et comme compensation les payer en espèces ou émettre des actions, stocks, ou obligations de cette compagnie ;

(*d*) S'associer ou conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, la coopération avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et subventionner, garantir les engagements ou autrement aider telle compagnie, personne ou personnes ;

(*e*) Acheter, souscrire, acquérir, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions du stock, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation, et des preuves de dettes d'aucune telle corporation, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ;

(*f*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie jugera convenables ou nécessaires aux fins de ses affaires ; ériger et construire des bâtiments et travaux de toute espèces ;

(*g*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*h*) Vendre, louer, développer, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de l'entreprise ou de tout ou partie de la propriété de la compagnie à aucuns termes avec pouvoir d'accepter comme compensation des actions, stocks, engagements ou des intérêts dans aucune autre compagnie ;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucun gouvernement ou autorité suprême, municipale, locale ou autres à obtenir de tel gouvernement ou autorité tous les droits, privilèges, concessions qui sembleront nécessaires aux objets de la compagnie ou à aucun d'eux ;

(*j*) Exercer tous ou aucuns des objets ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, ou en société, ou en rapport avec aucune personne, maison, société ou compagnie et dans aucune partie du monde ;

(*k*) Distribuer entre les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'autres compagnies appartenant à la compagnis ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*l*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ;

(*m*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Laporte-Irwin, Limited", avec un capital-actions de vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 25,000 actions de un dollar chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 7e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

21-2

Samara Pulp Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 7e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Arthur Ramsay Holden, conseil du Roi, Pierre Amable Badeaux, avocat, Ernest Geoffrey Bennett, comptable, Arthur Charters, teneur de livres, et Alfred Boreham Wright, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, exporter, importer et autrement traiter et disposer de pâtes de bois et de bois à pâtes, papier, produits du papier et matériaux et produits de même nature, exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers en général, importateurs, exportateurs et marchands généraux ;

(*b*) Cultiver, récolter, produire, miner et autrement acquérir ou obtenir les choses ou matériaux qui sembleront pouvoir être employés ou convertis en pâte à papier ou papier, fibres, produits fibreux ou choses de même nature, seuls ou avec d'autres choses ou matériaux ;

(*c*) Fabriquer, traiter, manipuler et disposer de toute manière de choses ou matériaux jugés capables d'être utilisés, changés ou transformés en pâtes à papier ou en papier, fibres ou produits fibreux ou choses de même nature seuls ou avec d'autres choses ou matériaux ;

(*d*) Acheter, vendre, importer, exporter et généralements disposer de tous produits, matériaux, effets, marchandises, articles et autres choses, agir comme agents, marchands à commission, courtiers et représentants d'autres compagnies, personnes ou entreprises situées n'importe où, s'engager ou s'arranger avec des sous-agents et correspondants, ouvrir des salles d'échantillons et faire toutes autres choses utiles pour telles fins ;

(*e*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, équiper et exploiter des facilités de transport par air, terre ou eau, les louer, vendre ou autrement en disposer ou trafiquer ;

(*f*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acheter ou acquérir de n'importe quelle manière, et posséder, détenir, vendre, avec ou sans garantie, les actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune corporation ou entreprise manufacturière ou autre exerçant une industrie similaire à celle de cette compagnie, les promouvoir, contribuer, subventionner ou autrement les aider, s'amalgamer ou faire tout autre arrangement avec toute personne, compagnie ou entreprise exploitant aucune entreprise semblable, gérer, exploiter, exercer la propriété, entreprises, affaires de toutes telles industries, les acquérir, y compris l'achalandage, droits, engagements et autres accessoires, par achat, location ou autrement ; émettre, répartir et livrer comme entièrement libérées et non sujettes à appel, les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucunes valeurs, droits ou choses pouvant être acquis et, avec l'ap-

probation des actionnaires, pour tous services rendus à la compagnie en rapport avec sa promotion, organisation, ses affaires ou autrement ;

(*g*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, employer (sur bail, licence ou autrement) exercer, développer, introduire, vendre, céder, louer ou autrement disposer ou faire valoir tous brevets, marques de fabrique, inventions, droits d'auteur, perfectionnements et procédés, concessions et choses utiles aux affaires de la compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations, débentures et autres valeurs ou biens de la compagnie ou par l'émission d'actions libérées et non sujettes à appel de son capital stock ;

(*h*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, l'union des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, compagnie ou entreprise exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, promouvoir, aider à promouvoir et devenir actionnaires ou participants dans aucune telle compagnie ou entreprise, en acheter les actions et valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, les détenir, vendre, réémettre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*i*) Faire des avances, garantir les obligations, les contrats ou autrement aider de toute manière toute compagnie dont les actions du capital-stock, obligations ou autres engagements sont, en tout ou en partie, détenus par cette compagnie ; faire tous actes et choses pour préserver, améliorer, augmenter la valeur d'aucunes telles actions, obligations ou engagements et, de la même manière, avancer des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute personne ou compagnie ayant des engagements commerciaux avec la compagnie ou lui étant endettées ;

(*j*) Acquérir l'achalandage, la propriété, droits et biens, assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison, corporation ou entreprise endettée envers la compagnie ou faisant des affaires semblables à celles que la compagnie fait, les payer en espèces ou en actions ou valeurs de cette compagnie libérées et non sujettes à appel ou autrement ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie de ses biens, achalandage, droits et engagements de toute nature pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, y compris des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie, et distribuer parmi ses actionnaires tous deniers, valeurs ou autre compensation ainsi reçus ;

(*l*) Payer toutes les dépenses se rapportant à l'obtention de la charte d'incorporation ou en rapport avec la formation et l'organisation de la compagnie, faire toutes choses utiles et nécessaires pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus, promouvoir toute compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir tout ou partie des entreprises, biens, droits ou engagements de cette compagnie ou pour toute autre fin qui semblera avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*m*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*n*) Prêter des fonds aux personnes ou compagnies ayant des relations avec la compagnie, placer et disposer des fonds ou biens non immédiatement requis pour les fins de la compagnie comme il pourra sembler opportun, placer des fonds pour le compte d'aucune autre compagnie ou individu et répondre de la garantie de tels placements ;

(*o*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité ou gouvernement municipal, local ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, subsides et autres bénéfices que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ; faire licencier, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes pour faire tels actes et choses nécessaires d'après les lois de tel pays pour représenter la compagnie et lui permettre d'exercer son industrie ou poursuivre ses affaires là et ailleurs ;

(*p*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, louer, vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de biens fonciers, terres, bâtiments ou autre propriété ou droits nécessaires ou utiles pour aucune des affaires de la compagnie ;

(*q*) Faire aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs, gérants, surveillants ou autrement, par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, faire toutes autres choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ;

(*r*) Les objets ci-dessus mentionnés, les pouvoirs ou fins de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendants les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs des tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Samara Pulp Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cinquante dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 8e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

La Manufacture de Meubles de Salon, Limitée. —Parlor Furniture Manufacturers, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 16e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Arthur Reginald Whitney Plimsoll, Reigner Brodeur et Adolphe Chouinard, avocats, Hector Langevin, comptable, tous de la cité Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et Linton Hossie Ballantyne, étudiant-en-droit, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes, savoir :—

(*a*) Faire toutes les opérations et exercer les industries de fabricants, manufacturiers, marchands, importateurs et exportateurs, en gros et en détail, de toutes sortes d'effets, denrées et objets, incluant meubles de tous genres, jouets, de tous genres, instruments de musique de tous genres, et tout ce qui peut participer à garnir une maison y compris les poêles, moulins à laver, bourrures et rembourrages dans toutes ses formes, époussertes, balais, brosses, pelles, confortables, oreillers, coussins, draperies, rideaux, portières, sas à charbon, faire le commerce de plume, et faire toutes les opérations se rapportant ou reliées aux dites industries;

(*b*) Pour les fins de la compagnie, acheter, prendre en échange ou acquérir autrement et développer des terrains ou intérêts en iceux avec toutes les bâtisses ou constructions situées sur les dits terrains, vendre, louer, échanger tous les terrains ou aucune partie d'iceux ou en disposer autrement et toute ou aucune des bâtisses ou constructions maintenant situées sur iceux ou qui peuvent y être érigées à l'avenir et prendre toutes garanties qui peuvent être nécessaires. Acheter, posséder, détenir, arrêter, échanger, développer, et cultiver le sol, des propriétés immobilières de toutes sortes, y compris le bois debout et des concessions forestières et en faire le commerce et autrement en disposer ;

(*c*) Prendre ou posséder des hypothèques pour toutes balances non payées du prix d'achat de toutes telles bâtisses ou constructions ainsi vendues ; et vendre et transporter les dites hypothèques ou en disposer autrement ;

(*d*) Acheter, prendre, acquérir à son nom et exercer l'industrie ou tous les droits de fabriquer, acheter, vendre ou faire le commerce de cuir, fibre de cuir ou leurs produits naturels ou produits secondaires ou tous autres articles employés avec ou sans huile, comme garnitures lubrifiantes, ou pour toutes autres fins quelconques, y compris des marques de commerce, dessins industriels, formules, brevets et droits de brevet, et les payer en deniers comptants ou en obligations de la compagnie et de temps à autre les vendre, arrenter ou autrement en disposer ;

(*e*) Etablir des magasins pour la vente eu gros et en détail et généralement exercer l'industrie de marchands ;

(*f*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et négocier en bois de pulpe et autre matériaux utilisés dans la manufacture de papier, carton et exercer l'industrie de marchands de bois, de bois de construction, bois de charpente et marchands généraux ;

(*g*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira pouvoir exercer convenablement en rapport avec son industrie, ou de nature à augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie ou les rendre profitables ;

(*h*) Acquérir par achat, concessions, échange ou autre titre, et construire, ériger, exploiter, entretenir et gérer tous les meubles, fabriques, boutiques, magasins, dépôts, ateliers, usines et autres structures et constructions nécessaires à son industrie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire et utile à chacune des fins de la compagnie, et les arrenter, vendre et en disposer ;

(*i*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer moyennant un droit régalien ou autrement, acquérir et détenir, utiliser, posséder, exploiter et introduire, et vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes marques et noms de commerce, brevets d'invention, perfectionnements et procédés enrégistrés ou d'autre manière utile au commerce de la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer, permettre l'usage, ou d'autre manière faire valoir toutes telles marques et noms de commerce et inventions, permis, procédés et choses semblables ou toute telle autre propriété et droits ;

(*j*) Développer et exploiter toutes chutes d'eau ou forces hydrauliques, et créer, produire et accumuler des forces électriques et électro-motrices ou autre agent semblable pour produire la lumière, la chaleur ou la force pour les fins de la compagnie, avec faculté de vendre ou de disposer d'autre manière de tout excédant de force dont la compagnie n'aura pas besoin et la fournir pour la lumière, la chaleur, ou la force à toute autre personne ou corporation, aux conditions qui seront concernées, pourvu que si les susdits pouvoirs sont exercés en dehors de la propriété de la compagnie, ils seront subordonnés à tous les statuts et règlements provinciaux et municipaux à ce sujet ;

(*k*) Conclure des conventions avec toutes autres autorités municipales, locales ou autres qui paraîtront avantageuses aux fins de la compagnie ou aucune d'elles, et obtenir de toutes telles autorités tous droits, privilèges et concessions que la compagnie jugera bon d'obtenir, d'exécuter, exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions ;

(*l*) Emettre, répartir et céder comme acquittées et non cotisables les parts, débentures ou autres valeurs de la présente compagnie en plein paiement ou paiement partiel de toute propriété mobilière, immobilière ou mixte et de tous droits, et concessions acquis par la présente compagnie, ou, avec le consentement des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou à rendre à la compagnie ;

(*m*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, acheter, acquérir et posséder, détenir, vendre et réémettre les parts, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs de toute compagnie ou corporation faisant le même genre d'affaires que celui de la compagnie, et les payer, en totalité ou en partie en deniers comptants, actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs de la présente compagnie, et garantir le paiement du principal ou des dividendes et des intérêts sur ces actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, et exploiter, exercer et gérer, la propriété, les immunités, l'entreprise et l'industrie de toute corporotion dont la présente compagnie détient les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, pour la compensation qui sera jugée raisonnable et convenable ;

(*n*) S'associer ou se fusionner avec toute autre compagnie ayant des objets en totalité ou en partie semblables à ceux de la présente compagnie, et acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, la propriété, les immunités, l'entreprise et l'industrie de toute corporation semblable et en assumer les engagements et les payer en totalité ou en partie en deniers comptants, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la présente compagnie;

(*o*) Promouvoir ou aider à la promotion de toute compagnie ou compagnies aux fins d'acquérir la totalité ou une partie des biens et engagements de la présente compagnie ou pour toute autre fin de nature à profiter directement ou indirectement à la présente compagnie, et d venir actionnaire de toute compagnie subsidiaire, alliée ou autre, exerçant ou ayant pour ses objets l'exploitation de toute industrie en totalité ou en partie semblable à celle de la présente compagnie, et conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute telle personne ou compagnie, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir les actions et valeurs d'une semblable compagnie, et les payer en totalité ou en partie en deniers comptants, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la présente compagnie, et les détenir, vendre, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, des intérêts et des dividendes, ou en disposer autrement ;

(*p*) Acquérir l'achanlandage, la propriété, les droits et biens et prendre les engagements de toutes personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la présente compagnie, ou faisant des affaires semblables à celles qui sont faites par la présente compagnie, et les payer en deniers comptants ou en valeurs de la présente compagnie ou autrement ;

(*q*) Vendre, arrenter ou autrement céder la totalités ou une partie de la propriété, les droits, immunités et entreprises de la compagnie, pour la compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie ayant des objets en totalité ou en partie semblables à ceux de la présente compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*r*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer et posséder la totalité ou une partie de la propriété, immunités, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges détenus ou possédés par toute personne ou maison, ou par toute compagnie ou compagnies exerçant ou formées dans le but d'exercer la totalité ou une partie de l'industrie que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer, soit en son propre nom ou au nom de toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie, et payer pour cette propriété, ces immunités, achalandages, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges en totalité ou en partie en deniers comptants ou en totalité ou en partie en actions acquittées de la présente compagnie ou autrement, et prendre les engagements de cette personne, maison ou compagnie;

(*s*) Faire des avances de deniers aux clients et autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie et garantir l'accomplissements des entreprises de ces personnes;

(*t*) Accepter en paiement de toute dette due à la compagnie des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie;

(*u*) Distribuer en espèces ou autrement, selon qu'il sera décidé, tous biens de la compagnie parmi ses membres et en particulier, des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie qui pourrait prendre la totalité ou une partie des biens ou engagements de la présente compagnie ;

(*v*) Placer et disposer des deniers de la compagnie qui ne sont pas immédiatement requis en telles sécurités et de la manière qui pourra être décidée de temps à autre ;

(*w*) Aider de toute manière toute corporation dont les parts du capital-actions, obligations ou autres valeurs sont détenues ou sont garanties de quelque manière par la présente compagnie, et faire tous actes ou

choses pour la conservation et la protection, l'amélioration ou augmentation de la valeurs de ces parts, du capital-actions, obligations ou autres valeurs, faire tous les actes et choses tendant à augmenter la valeur de toute propriété détenue ou contrôlée à une époque quelconque par la compagnie ;

(*x*) Etablir, soutenir et aider à l'établissement et au soutien d'associations, institutions, fonds, fidéi-commis, et commodités de nature à profiter aux employés ou ex-employés de la compagnie ou de ses prédécesseurs en affaires, ou les personnes qui dépendent ou sont apparentées à ces employés ou ex-employés, et accorder des pensions et allocations, et faire des paiements dans un but d'assurance, et souscrire ou garantir des deniers pour des fins de charité ou de bienfaisance ou pour toute exposition ou pour toutes fins publiques, générales ou utiles ;

(*y*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter, émettre des billets à ordre, lettre de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables et transférables ;

(*z*) Rémunérer en deniers comptants ou avec le consentement des actionnaires, en actions ou obligations ou de toute manière toute personne ou personnes, corporations pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant au placement ou en garantissant le placement de toutes parts du capital-actions de la compagnie relativement à la formation ou à la promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires:

(*aa*) Faire toutes les choses nécessaires, convenables ou propres à l'accomplissement de toutes les fins ou de nature à atteindre l'un ou plusieurs des objets ci-dessus énumérés ou qui pourraient paraître nécessaires à une époque quelconque, pour la protection et le bénéfice de la présente corporation, soit comme détenteurs soit comme intéressés dans toute propriété ou autrement ;

(*bb*) Tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque des présentes, ne sera ni limité, ni restreint par induction ou déduction des termes de tout autre paragraphe que ce soit.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "La Manufacture de Meubles de Salon, Limitée."—Parlor Furniture Manufacturers, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quatre-vingt dix-huit mille dollars, divisé en 980 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de la Pointe-aux-Trembles, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Dominion Boiler and Foundry, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 3e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Charles William Webb, manufacturier, Joseph Hector Charbonneau et Victor Pelletier, comptables, Frank Edward Lauer, surintendant, et Clément Antoine Guertin, avocat, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer de fer, ferrailles, cuivre, acier et de tous leurs produits ; fabriquer des calorifères pour chauffer au moyen de l'eau chaude, de la vapeur, du gaz, de l'huile et de l'électricité, ainsi que des calorifères à air chaud et aucun autre pouvoir ; des radiateurs et autres appareils pour chauffer les maisons et les édifices publics, fabriquer aussi leurs accessoires et fournitures ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, pouvant être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement or indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie, et fabriquer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises ;

(*c*) Agir comme agents pour d'autres personnes ou compagnies pour l'achat, vente, échange ou location de tous produits concernant les objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée ;

(*d*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs et faire toutes les affaires nécessaires à l'exercice des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée ;

(*e*) Acquérir et employer la vapeur, l'électricité et autres pouvoirs pour les fins susdites ;

(*f*) Recevoir en paiement de marchandises ou pour travaux faits des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs émises par toute compagnie semblable, les donner et en disposer ; acquérir par achat, échange, bail ou autrement et posséder toute industrie semblable, nom, machinerie, stock, achalandage, biens, propriété, privilèges, franchises, contrats, baux, biens fonciers ou autres, droits d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie faisant des affaires semblables, exerçant une industrie ou un négoce pouvant être utiles pour les fins de la compagnie, les payer en espèces ou en actions libérées de la compagnie à tel prix qui pourra être déterminé par la compagnie ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies ayant des objets similaires à ceux énumérés dans les présentes à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie pourra choisir ;

(*h*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer, en tout ou en partie de la propriété, droits ou entreprise de la compagnie, pour telle compensation qui pourra être convenue et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Emettre des actions libérées, des obligations ou débentures en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété, foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages que la compagnie peut légalement acquérir, émettre également telles actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange pour des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable en tout ou en partie ou se rapportant à l'industrie de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être déterminé de temps à autre ;

(*k*) Demander et acquérir à n'importe quels termes des brevets d'invention, droits de brevets, concessions, licences, marque de fabrique ou tous autres privilèges ou protections de même nature pour ou se rapportant à aucune matière, article au sujet de fabrication ou convenant aux affaires de la compagnie, les faire valoir dans la fabrication ou en les exploitant ou en en octroyant des licences ou autrement ;

(*l*) Acquérir, recevoir, détenir, louer, échanger, aliéner ou autrement disposer d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière ;

(*m*) Tirer, accepter, signer, endosser, négocier des billets promissoires, lettres de change, chèques et autres instruments négociables ;

(*n*) Acquérir, détenir, louer, garantir, vendre ou échanger, des actions, stock, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune corporation exerçant une industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Acquérir, acheter et détenir aucune franchise, la payer en actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*p*) Faire toutes les choses, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires se rapportant à l'exercice des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Dominion Boiler & Foundry, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent mille dollars, divisé en 2,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 7e jour de novembre 191 .

THOMAS MULVEY,
21–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Premier Waterproof Clothing Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 11e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Samuel Cohen, Benjamin Bernard Goldman, Louis Nathan Science et Jacques Lewis, marchands, et Isidore Ballon, avocat, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans tout le Dominion du Canada, l'industrie d'importateurs, exportateurs, manufacturiers et négociants en étoffes pour vêtements, fournitures pour tailleurs, chapeaux, casquettes, merceries, articles pour hommes, articles imperméables et vêtements de toute description et tous autres articles et matières pouvant être convenablement et avantageusement disposés ou fabriqués en rapport avec telle industrie et, sans limiter la généralité de ce qui précède, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, solder et disposer de pantalons, tissus de laine, lin, soie et coton et d'articles composés en tout ou en partie de coton, chanvre, lin, laine, soie ou autres matières ;

(*b*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*c*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets d'invention, octroyer des locations, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*d*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*e*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions dans aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir et généralement entreprendre tout ou partie des affaires, propriété, achalandage, entreprise, pouvoirs et biens, et assumer tout ou partie des engagements d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant des objets similaires, en tout ou en partie, à ceux que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des proprités convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses affaires et en particulier des terres, édifices, servitudes, machinerie, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*h*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets provisoires, lettres de change, connaissements, reçus d'entrepôts, mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables ;

(*i*) Rémunérer toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant à placer ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune des actions du capital de la compagnie ou des débentures, débentures-stock ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou à propos de la formation ou de la promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*j*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, par l'achat et l'exposition de travaux d'art ou d'intérêt, la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons ;

(*k*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Faire tous ou aucun des objets ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, commissaires et par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*m*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Premier Waterproof Clothing Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, diviséen 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16e jour de Novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Trudeau Carriage, Limited.
Carrosserie Trudeau, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 16e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Théophile Trudeau, manufacturier, Maximilien Renaud, Jean Louis Poirier et Ernest Trudeau, comptables, et Omer Daoust, forgeron, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer de toutes espèces de voitures, véhicules, wagons traîneaux, wagons moteurs, automobiles, voitures mûes par traction animale, à vapeur, à gazoline, électrique ou aucun autre pouvoir, roues, ressorts, essieux, lampes, harnais, accessoires d'automobiles, jantes, bois et toutes choses appartenant à l'industrie et au commerce ci-dessus énumérés ;

(*b*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables, manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'articles, effets et marchandises ;

(*c*) Acquérir et posséder les biens, propriété, privilèges, franchises, contrats, baux, biens fonciers et autres droits de toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant une industrie similaire et généralement les affaires de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ou un commerce que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ;

(*d*) Agir comme agents pour d'autres personnes ou compagnies pour l'achat, vente, échange ou location de tous produits se rapportant aux objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée.

(*e*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires incidentes pour l'exercice des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée ;

(*f*) Acquérir et employer de la vapeur, de l'électricité ou autres pouvoirs pour les fins susdites ;

(*g*) Recevoir en paiement de marchandises ou pour travaux faits des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs émises par une compagnie semblable, les donner ou en disposer ;

(*h*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies ayant des objets similaires à ceux énu-

mérés dans les présentes à tels termes et conditions bue la compagnie choisira ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou de toute partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont, en tout ou en partie, semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures, en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages que cette compagnie peut légalement acquérir, et aussi, émettre des actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autre valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant des affaires semblables, en tout ou en partie, ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis, de telle manière qu'il pourra en être déterminé de temps à autre ;

(*l*) Demander et acquérir à n'importe quels termes, des brevets d'invention, droits de brevet, procédés, concessions, licences, marques de fabrique, droits d'auteur ou tous autres privilèges ou protections de même nature pour, ou se rapportant à aucune matière, articles fabriqués ou en dépendant, ou convenant aux affaires de la compagnie, les faire valoir en les manufacturant ou travaillant ou en en octroyant des licences ou autrement.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Trudeau Carriage, Limited,"—"Carrosserie Trudeau, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 11e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Léon Daoust et Aimé Daoust, commis, Annie Partlin, Esie Bramson et Malca Lewitt, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, articles, accessoires, marchandises de toutes sortes et descriptions, établir, maintenir, conduire une agence générale d'affaires, de soldes, de commission et de courtage ;

(*b*) Dessiner, construire, manufacturer, bâtir, ériger, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, posséder, améliorer, développer, réparer, modifier, maintenir, exploiter, gérer, vendre, échanger, donner ou prendre en location, affréter ou autrement trafiquer et disposer d'accessoires, édifices, outillages, équipements, machinerie, instruments, matériaux et fournitures de toutes descriptions ;

(*c*) Acquérir tout ou partie de l'achalandage, propriété et biens, y compris toute agence, contrat, convention, option, concession ou choses de même nature, d'aucun individu, maison, association ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable, les payer, totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en obligations ou émettre et répartir pour les payer totalement ou partiellement des actions libérées et non sujettes à appel du capital-stock de la compagnie, souscrites ou non ;

(*d*) Vendre ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la compagnie, biens, droits, entreprise ou achalandage de la compagnie et accepter en paiement tout ou partie en espèces, obligations, stocks ou autres valeurs d'aucune corporation ou compagnie ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, marques de fabrique, droits d'auteur, agences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention ou procédé, faire valoir, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tous tels brevets et marques de fabrique ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, et vendre ou autrement disposer du stock, actions, valeurs ou entreprises de toute compagnie ayant pour l'un de ses objets l'exercice d'aucun des pouvoirs de la compagnie ou transférer son actif ou ses entreprises à toute telle compagnie ou s'amalgamer avec elle ;

(*g*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*h*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement, détenir, vendre et disposer des affaires, biens, achalandage, stocks, actions ou valeurs d'aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie similaire à celle de la compagnie et généralement faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires se rapportant à l'accomplissement normal des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée et exercer tous autres pouvoirs permis par la loi.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Anglo Canadian Factors, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 100 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 15e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Canadian Silk and Dye Works, Limited.—La Compagnie Canadienne de Soieries et de Teintureries, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 10e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation William Henry Langelier et Adolphe Ernest Clément, gérants, Louis Joseph Bisson, marchand, David Pelletier, commis, et Alvin Ernest Woodworth, comptable, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer toutes les industries se rapportant à la culture, production et fabrication du coton, de la laine, de la soie naturelle ou artificielle et se rapportant généralement à la fabrication, production et teinture des tissus et fibres ou s'y reliant d'une manière quelconque ;

(*b*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, employer, développer, maintenir, vendre ou autrement disposer de limites forestières, usines à bois, usines à pulpe de bois et papiers et autres, usines et fabriques utiles ou nécessaires à la compagnie pour la production ou le traitement des matières premières, déchets ou sous-produits appartenant aux ou provenant des opérations de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, développer, améliorer, maintenir et disposer de pouvoirs hydrauliques ou systèmes hydrauliques pouvant être nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins des opérations de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Construire ou conclure des contrats ou conventions pour la construction de voies d'évitement de chemins de fer, quais, bassins et de travaux pouvant être nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans l'exercice de ses pouvoirs ;

(*e*) Manufacturer, traiter, développer, acheter, vendre, échanger ou autrement disposer de produits chimiques et de leurs dérivés, déchets ou sous-produits ;

(*f*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires et objets ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer ou s'associer ou conclure des conventions pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts, les concessions réciproques ou autrement, avec aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*h*) Acquérir, prendre les biens et engaments d'aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable en tout ou en partie à celle que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des pouvoirs ou propriétés convenant aux fins de la compagnie, les payer en espèces ou en actions du stock de la compagnie libérées et non sujettes à appel, comme il en sera jugé opportun ;

(*i*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant des droits exclusifs ou limités d'aucun secret ou autre information concernant aucune invention ou procédés et les faire valoir, vendre, louer ou autrement en disposer ;

(*j*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer, en tout ou en partie, des biens et affaires de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, à toute personne, maison ou corporation pour telle compensation qui pourra être agréée, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ; nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies ;*

(*k*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*l*) Distribuer en espèces ou autrement parmi les membres de la compagnie, aucuns biens de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie formée pour prendre tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie tous les frais et dépenses se rapportant à l'incorporation et à l'organisation de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses énumérées comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres.

(*o*) Faire généralement toutes telles autres choses nécessaires ou utiles pour l'exercice des objets de la compagnie ;

(*p*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragrapue ou du nom de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Canadian Silk & Dye Works, Limited,"—"La Compagnie Canadienne de Soieries et de Teintureries, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de deux cent cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 2,500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 10e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Prudential Credit and Financial Bureau, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 14e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Henry Weinfield, Marcus Meyer Sperber, Jacob Yale Fortier, avocats, Jean Charles Duhamel et Georges Duhamel, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) S'enquérir et faire rapport à des créanciers sur la situation financière de personnes, marchands, maisons et corporations, échanger entre les abonnés des informations sur le crédit et la position des marchands, percevoir les livres de comptes et autres instruments négociables, exercer généralement une agence de perception et un bureau de compensation de créances commerciales, agir comme teneur de livres, comptables, vérificateurs, dispacheurs et agents pour toute personne, maison ou corporation engagée dans l'exercice d'aucune affaire semblable à celle exercée par cette compagnie ;

(*b*) S'engager dans ou exercer aucune industrie ou transaction pouvant, directement ou indirectement augmenter la valeur des biens, propriétés ou droits de la compagnie ou les rendres profitables ;

(*c*) Percevoir les loyers, dividendes, intérêts, mortgages, obligations, traites, billets et comptes ;

(*d*) Agir comme agents pour la vente de fonds de commerce, agencements, biens-fonciers et autres actifs de marchands, maisons et corporations ;

(*e*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, vendre ou autrement disposer de propriété mobilière ou immobilière ;

(*f*) Aider à la promotion, organisation, développement, gérance d'aucune industrie, corporation ou compagnie, lever ou aider à lever des fonds pour aider par voie de bonus, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations ou autres valeurs ou autrement, toute autre industrie ou corporation, offrir par souscription publique toutes actions, stocks, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre industrie, corporation ou compagnie ;

(*g*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie, en tout ou en partie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie ;

(*h*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*i*) Emettre des actions de la compagnie, ordinaires ou priorité en paiement de propriétés acquises ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus par les promoteurs en rapport avec l'incorporation et l'organisation de la compagnie ou pour des franchises, options, contrats ou autres droits, bénéfices ou privilèges ;

(*j*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront limités ni restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Prudential Credit and Financial Bureau, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Crystal Shirt Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 9e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Benjamin Wilanski, manufacturier, Max Wilanski, dessinateur, John Harry Wilanski, voyageur, Edson Grenfell Place, avocat, et Hugh MacKay, conseil du Roi, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer et trafiquer de jupons de tous genres pour femmes et jeunes filles, costumes et vêtements de tous genres et descriptions ;

(*c*) Agir comme agents ou représentants pour d'autres compagnies ou corporations exerçant une industrie semblable ;

(*d*) Disposer de toutes espèces de produits ouvrés et non ouvrés, matières brutes, tissus et marchandises de nouveauté de toute description ;

(*e*) Acquérir et prendre comme une industrie active la propriété, biens, achalandage et affaires de la compagnie dite la " Crystal Skirt Company " à tels termes de paiement, en espèces ou en actions libérées, qui pourront être agréés ;

(*f*) Manufacturer, disposer et généralement trafiquer de toute espèce de vêtements pour hommes et garçons ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*h*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions, obligations stocks, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies.*

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de " The Crystal Skirt Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat

22–2

British Chemical Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 14e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer de de toute espèce d'explosifs, produits chimiques, fertilisants, acides, alcalis de tous genres et de toutes combinaisons que ce soit, des divers articles employés dans leur fabrication, de tous leurs sous-produits, de tous les articles composés en tout ou en partie d'iceux et de tous les matériaux, substances, accessoires et choses requis ou se rapportant à la fabrication, préparatino, adaptation, usage, au tir ou au travail des explosifs et produits chimiques, leur emballage, emmagasinage, transport ou disposition ;

(*b*) Pour les fins ci-dessus mentionnées exercer l'industrie de mineurs, fondeurs de fer, cuivre et autres métaux, machinistes, fabricants d'outils, métallurgistes, ouvriers en métaux, ajusteurs, constructeurs de moulins, fabricants de boîtes d'emballage et toute autre branche industrielle secondaire se rapportant usuellement et convenablement aux industries ci-dessus mentionnées soit pour préparer ou finir les articles pour la vente, ou pour des fins auxiliaires ou pour les fins des industries ci-dessus mentionnées ou pour des fins de bénéfices comme industries indépendantes ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, en tout ou en partie, toutes marchandises, substances, machines, outils, articles, appareils ou choses employées dans ou pour leur fabrication, ou tous procédés de fabrication pour lesquels l'outillage, la machinerie ou la propriété de la compagnie peuvent de temps à autre, être disponibles ou convenables ;

(*d*) Construire, maintenir, exploiter sur la propriété de la compagnie tous travaux, ponts, réservoirs, flumes, barrages et tous autres travaux et commodités qui sembleront directement ou indirectement nécessaires à aucun des objets de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Construire, acquérir, posséder, gérer, affréter, exploiter, louer toute espèce de bateaux à vapeur et à voiles, bateaux, remorqueurs, chalands et autres vaisseaux, quais, bassins, élévateurs, entrepôts, hangars à fret et autres édifices nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Établir, maintenir, exploiter pour l'usage de la compagnie, ses employés, locataires et autres un service de protection contre le feu, un service d'eau, d'éclairage électrique ou de gaz, faire, en rapport avec iceux tels contrats jugés nécessaires ou convenables pour la disposition de l'excédent ou ou autrement ;

(*g*) Demander, maintenir, enregistrer, louer, acquérir, détenir ou vendre, louer ou autrement disposer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir tous brevets d'invention, perfectionnements, procédés, marques de fabrique, marques de commerce et choses de même nature nécessaires ou avantageuses pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie et en particulier les actions, débentures ou valeurs d'autres compagnies appartenant à la compagnie ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*i*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement les actions d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à l'industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, ou autrement acquérir et assumer toute autre entreprise ou industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle de la compagnie, y compris son outillage, fonds de commerce, achalandage, franchises, biens de toute nature et engagements, exercer aucune autre industrie qui semblera capable de pouvoir être conduite convenablement en rapport avec aucun des objets ci-dessus ou directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur ou à faciliter la réalisation ou à rendre profitables aucun des biens, droits ou entreprises de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété ou droits, pouvant être acquis ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou travaux faits pour la compagnie ou pour le paiement ou le règlement des dettes et des engagements dûs par la compagnie ;

(*l*) S'amalgamer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie et. nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*m*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, comme facteurs ou agents ;

(*n*) Faire toutes telles autres choses nécessaires à l'exercice normal des objets ci-dessus ou à aucun d'eux.

(*o*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " British Chemical Company Limited," avec un capital-actions de cin-

quante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 15e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

22-2

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

1. Une position dans le ministère du Travail, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Dans l'accomplissement de ses fonctions, le titulaire aura à faire des études et des enquêtes sur l'emploi et les conditions de vie des femmes et enfants ouvriers au Canada et à aider dans l'administration de toute loi règlementant les prix futurs. Les candidats doivent être des femmes ayant les aptitudes suivantes: être graduées d'une université autorisée, de préférence avec une instruction spéciale en économie politique, et avec une expérience assez étendue dans le genre d'occupations mentionnées ci-dessus pour justifier une nomination dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division.

2. Un aide-chimiste dans la division de la préparation mécanique des minerais et de la métallurgie du département des Mines, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Les aspirants doivent être gradués en chimie d'une université autorisée et doivent avoir eu, depuis qu'ils ont été gradués, beaucoup d'expérience dans l'analyse chimique des minerais, des métaux et des alliages ferrugineux.

3. Un traducteur au Ministère du Commerce et de l'Industrie, dans la subdivision B de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,300 par année. Cette position sera remplie par examen de concours sur les sujets suivants : orthographe française, composition française, traduction du français à l'anglais et traduction de l'anglais au français. Avis du lieu et de la date de l'examen sera donné à tous les aspirants aussitôt qu'ils seront connus.

4. Un sténographe officiel aux Débats du Sénat du Canada, dans la subdivision B de la première division, au traitement initial de $2,100 par année. Les aspirants doivent être de très habiles sténographes, capables de prendre les débats du Sénat et de les transcrire d'une façon intelligente, en anglais et en français.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 18 décembre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 23 novembre 1916. 22-4

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois d'août 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondus Can., 1906.)

DT.	$ c.		$	AV.
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373 36	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois.....	691 788 19	
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois.....	1,172,945 57			
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—				
PRINCIPAL ..... $				
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert				
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada.....	3,672 24			
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,860 45	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 août 1916.....	41,086,063 43	
	11,777,851 62		41,777,851 62	

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 12 octobre 1916. 18-tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances pour le 31 octobre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE			1915	1916.
PASSIF.			$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			750,360 94	150,202,277 73
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Prêts temporaires			160,140,350 86	131,099,474 69
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			164,630,286 16	174,863,077 29
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,776,528 66	$40,877,801 16		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,857,473 07	13,550,297 64		
			52,634,001 73	54,428,098 80
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,214,979 95	10,275,955 80
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,92 ,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			29,109,568 32	35,174,870 87
Total de la dette brute			797,772,100 88	1,119,393,494 99
ACTIF.				
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			108,017,819 43	131,204,412 71
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			183,558,087 78	277,885,747 11
Total de l'actif			305,243,608 79	423,614,978 44
Total de la dette nette au 31 octobre			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
" au 30 septembre			484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
Augmentation de la dette			7,686,858 36	15,503,071 65

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois octobre, 1915.	Total au 31 octobre, 1915.	Mois octobre, 1916	Total au 31 octobre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	7,847,784 37	51,054,363 87	11,076,575 47	75,191,250 29
Accise	1,844,700 02	12,034,755 15	2,043,742 22	13,985,293 74
Département des Postes	1,400,000 00	9,399,779 65	1,550,000 00	10,350,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	2,389,019 53	10,223,891 21	2,224,598 32	15,100,688 14
Divers	958,829 98	4,971,058 61	1,263,212 04	7,120,575 98
Total	14,440,333 90	87,683,848 49	18,158,128 05	121,747,808 15
DÉPENSES	10,075,981 74	56,347,603 96	7,803,405 29	57,561,116 89
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	8,931,265 19	53,359,158 30	22,948,251 86	127,487,147 06
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	2,874,997 36	19,686,843 12	2,384,704 80	13,540,236 47
Subventions aux chemins de fer	244,889 57	967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	12,051,152 12	74,013,912 13	25,332,956 66	141,390,862 14

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 7 novembre 1916. 20-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste	.....
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions	.....
Total	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension	$ 100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression " capital social projeté " comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

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RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressées au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada :* le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal :*— Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone :*—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs ;* ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de fidéicommis ;* une *compagnie de prêt ;* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la reduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une declaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit"

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SENAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé : il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa a qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills prives.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal,*—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone,*—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt apres la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'Andrew Hamilton Gault, des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, major dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Marguerite Claire Stephens, des dits cité et district de Montréal, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce treizième jour de novembre, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MacDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montréal, Qué.,
21–14 Solliciteurs du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Florence Evelyn Snyder, de la cité et du district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, Edward Lockwood, également de la cité et du district de Montréal, artisan, pour cause d'adultère et d'abandon.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, le 22e jour de novembre 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
22–14 Solliciteur de la requérante.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company," s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant sa loi constitutive (1 et 2 George V, chap. 86, 1911) abrogeant les alinéas (*d*) et (*e*) de l'article 7 de la dite loi et en lui donnant le pouvoir de faire des contrats d'assurance des classes suivantes telles que définies par *La loi des assurances, 1910*, outre les classes mentionnées aux alinéas (*a*), (*b*) et (*c*) du dit article 7, savoir : (*d*) assurance de garantie ; (*e*) assurance sur les glaces ; (*f*) assurance sur les automobiles ; et (*g*) assurance contre l'incendie ; et aussi à l'effet de changer le nom de la compagnie en celui de "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
160 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal,
22–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER LACHINE, JACQUES-CARTIER ET MAISONNEUVE.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la Compagnie de chemin de fer Lachine, Jacques-Cartier et Maisonneuve s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle pourra construire et terminer la voie ferrée mentionnée à l'article 1, chapitre 93 des Statuts de 1914, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 16e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
21–5 Solliciteur de la requérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de un et trois quarts pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable à sa banque, en cette cité et à ses succursales, le et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre prochain.

Les livres de transport seront fermés du 16 jusqu'au 30 novembre 1916, les deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires sera tenue au bureau-chef de la banque à Québec, lundi, le 4 décembre prochain. L'assemblée aura lieu à trois heures.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Quebec, le 24 octobre 1916. 20–4

BANQUE DE MONTREAL.

AVIS est donné par les présentes qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, ainsi qu'un boni d'un pour cent, et qu"ils seront payables le et après vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 31 octobre 1916.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la maison de banque de l'institution, lundi, le 4e jour de décembre prochain.

L'assemblée commencera à midi.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 20 octobre 1916. 18–5

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec aura lieu au siège social de la dite banque, en la cité de Québec, P.Q., le mardi, 28e jour de novembre A.D. 1916, à trois heures de l'après-midi, dans le but d'étudier une convention pour la vente par la dite Banque de Québec de son actif à la Banque Royale du Canada aux conditions stipulées dans la dite convention, dont copie sera adressée par la malle à chaque actionnaire avec le présent avis, et si la chose est jugé opportune, adopter une résolution ou des résolutions approuvant la dite convention et autorisant le président et gérant général de la Banque de Québec d'apposer le sceau corporatif de la banque à la dite convention et de la signer et l'exécuter pour et au nom de la banque ; et aussi dans le but de prendre en considération et, si la chose est jugée opportune, adopter toutes les autres et subséquentes résolutions dans le but de mettre la dite convention et les conditions en vigueur selon que les actionnaires le jugeront convenable ou à propos et dans le but d'autoriser le conseil de direction à donner tous les avis et à faire toutes les demandes et à adopter et exécuter tous les autres actes, résolutions, contrats, instruments, matières et choses qui seront jugés nécessaires pour obtenir que la dite convention soit sanctionnée par le Gouverneur en conseil et pour l'exécuter et distribuer les recettes de la dite vente.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Québec, 10 octobre 1916. 17–6

THE NORTHERN FUR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Règlement spécial n° 1 à l'effet de réduire le nombre des directeurs de la compagnie.

ATTENDU que le nombre des directeurs de la compagnie dite "The Northern Fur Manufacturing Company, Limited," est de cinq et qu'il est opportun de le réduire à trois, en conséquence, que le règlement n° 7 de la compagnie soit modifié et que le premier paragraphe se lise comme suit :

"Les affaires de la compagnie seront administrées par un conseil de trois directeurs, dont deux formeront quorum."

—

Je, soussigné, secrétaire-trésorir de la compagnie dite "The Northern Fur Manufacturing Company, Limited," certifie par le présent que le règlement précédent fut dûment adopté à une assemblée des directeurs de la dite compagnie, tenue le 21 septembre 1916, et que le dit règlement fut dûment confirmé par le vote des actionnaires de la compagnie, représentant plus des deux tiers du capital-actions souscrit et émis de la compagnie, présents à l'assemblée générale annuelle de la compagnie tenue le même jour.

Montréal, 17 novembre 1916.

J. WEININGER,
22–1 [L.S.] Secrétaire-trésorier.

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par les présentes donné qu'un dividende de deux et un quart pour cent (2¼ %) (soit au taux de 9% par année) a été déclaré par les directeurs de la Banque d'Hochelaga, sur le capital versé de la banque, pour le trimestre finissant le 30 novembre 1916. Ce dividende, portant le n° 103, sera payable au bureau principal ou aux succursales de la banque, le ou vers le 1er décembre 1916, aux actionnaires inscrits dans les livres à la fermeture des guichets de la banque, le 15 novembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
18–5 Gérant général.

BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE N° 117.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de trois pour cent (au taux de douze pour cent par année) sur le capital payé de cette banque, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et sera payable à la banque et à ses succursales, à compter de vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés le 15 novembre.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, P.Q., 17 octobre 1916. 17–6

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER QUÉBEC-ORIENTAL.

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer Québec-Oriental aura lieu aux bureaux de la compagnie, Temple Chambers, Temple Avenue, Londres, Angleterre, jeudi le 28e jour de décembre 1916, à 2.30 heures de l'après-midi, pour l'expédition des affaires générales de la compagnie.

Londres, Angleterre, 12 octobre 1916.

Par ordre,

E. S. ELVEY,
Secrétaire.

19–4

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SUPPLEMENT

TO

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1916.

P.C. 2777.

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

FRIDAY, the 10th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

His Excellency the Administrator in Council with a view to prevent the undue enhancement of the cost of living, is pleased, under the power in that behalf conferred by Section 6 of the War Measures Act, 1914, or otherwise vested in the Governor General in Council, to make the following regulations respecting the price, sale, control, storage, transport, etc., of the necessaries of life and the same are hereby made and enacted accordingly:—

1. For the purposes of these regulations the expression—

"Council" means the governing body of a municipality.

"Necessary of life" means a staple and ordinary article of food (whether fresh, preserved, canned, or otherwise treated), clothing and fuel, including the products, materials and ingredients from or of which any thereof are in whole or in part manufactured, composed, derived or made.

"Municipality" means any county, district, township, parish, city, town, village, or other area within a province which is governed municipally by a council or similar body.

"Person" includes natural persons and bodies corporate.

2. (1) No persons shall conspire, combine, agree, or arrange with any other person,—

(*a*) to limit the facilities for transporting, producing, manufacturing, supplying, storing or dealing in any necessary of life, or

(*b*) to restrain or injure trade or commerce in relation to any necessary of life; or

(*c*) to prevent, limit or lessen the manufacture or production of any necessary of life, or to enhance the price thereof; or

(*d*) to prevent or lessen competition in the production, manufacture, purchase, barter, sale, transportation, insurance or supply of any necessary of life.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to combinations of workmen or employees for their own reasonable protection as such workmen or employees.

(3) Section 498 of the Criminal Code shall, as respects necessaries of life only, until the repeal of this section of these regulations, be deemed to have been repealed.

3. (1) No person shall accumulate or shall withhold from sale any necessary of life beyond an amount thereof reasonably required for the use or consumption of his household or for the ordinary purposes of his business;

(2) Every person who shall at any time hold any necessary of life beyond an amount thereof reasonably required as aforesaid, and every person who shall hold for the purpose of sale, whether as manufacturer, wholesaler, jobber, retailer or otherwise, any stock-in-trade of any necessary of life, shall offer for sale the said excess amount, or the said stock-in-trade, as the case may be, at prices not higher than are reasonable and just.

Provided however that this section shall not apply or extend to any accumulating or withholding by any farmer, gardener, or other person, of the products of any farm, garden or other land cultivated by him; nor shall any manufacturer, wholesaler or jobber, because of anything herein contained, be under obligation to sell to other than such classes of persons as are accustomed to purchase from manufacturers, wholesalers or jobbers, respectively, nor shall any person be under obligation to sell otherwise than in accordance with the ordinary course of business.

4. The Minister of Labour may, by notice in writing under his hand or that of his Deputy, require any person who operates, controls or manages any cold storage plant, packing house, cannery, factory, mine, warehouse, or other premises in which or in any part of which any necessary of life is prepared, manufactured, produced or held by such person for himself or for another, or who in any manner deals in any necessary of life, to make and render unto such Minister, within a time set in such notice, and such person shall make and render unto such Minister precisely as required by him, a written return under oath or affirmation showing in detail—

(*a*) the species and amount of any necessary of life held by such person at any indicated time or times, including any time preceding the making of these regulations, where and for whom said necessary is held, and if held for another, upon what terms held;

(*b*) the time when any or all of such necessary of life was prepared, manufactured, produced, acquired, or taken into possession;

(*c*) the cost of such necessary of life, including all charges and expenses of an overhead or other nature, affecting such cost;

(*d*) the price at which such necessary of life, if already sold, has been sold, or, if unsold, is held for sale;

(*e*) such other information concerning any necessary of life as the Minister may require, including a full disclosure of all existing contracts or agreements which such person, or his principal or agent, may have at any time entered into, with any other person, touching or concerning the sale or resale prices of any necessary of life, or the period of time during which any necessary of life should be held, as bailee or otherwise, before sale or resale, or limiting the quantity of any necessary of life which should be sold to any one buyer or combination of buyers or within any limited district.

5. Whenever the Council of any Municipality shall declare by way of resolution that in its opinion excessive prices are being demanded within the limits of such municipality for any necessary of life, such Council may, by notice in writing under the hand of its Clerk or other authorized officer, require any person dealing within the municipality in such necessary of life, and locally situate therein, to make and render unto such Council, precisely as required by it, a written return under oath or affirmation, showing in detail—

(*a*) The amount of such necessary of life held by such person for sale or disposition within such municipality at any indicated time or times including any time preceding the making of these regulations;

(*b*) The time when any or all of such necessary of life was acquired, produced, or brought within or into such municipality;

(*c*) The cost of such necessary of life, including all charges of an overhead or other nature affecting such cost;

(*d*) The price at which such necessary of life is held for sale or at which any sales of part of the same or of a similar necessary of life have been made by such person within such municipality at any indicated time or times, including any time preceding the making of these regulations;

(*e*) If, after the receipt of any such return, such Council shall consider that any circumstances justify reference of the return and a statement of the conditions to the Minister of Labour for further investigation at his hands, or if no return, or what the council shall consider an untrue or misleading return, is made, such Council may, by way of resolution in writing expressing the facts and the Council's conclusion therefrom, report to such Minister.

6. (1) If, after the receipt by the Minister of Labour of any return made to him or to any municipality in purported compliance with these regulations, such Minister shall consider that any circumstances so justify, or if, after a return under these regulations has been required, none is made or none is made within the time set in the notice requiring such return or within such further time as the Minister of Labour may upon special application to him allow, the said Minister shall have power to investigate the business and to examine the premises, books, papers and records of the person making or failing to make such return, as the case may be, and, for those purposes such Minister may appoint an Examiner or Examiners and may authorize in writing any examiner so appointed to enter and examine the premises, books, records and papers of such person, and to take evidence under oath or affirmation of any person who such examiner may believe has knowledge relating to such matters as ought to have been included within a proper return according to circumstances.

(2) Every person who is in possession or control of any such premises, books, records or papers shall give and afford to such examiner admission and access thereto whenever and as often as demanded.

(3) No person shall in any manner impede or prevent or attempt to impede or prevent any such investigation or examination.

(4) Every person in any manner required by such examiner to give evidence under oath or affirmation touching or concerning the matters committed to such examiner for investigation shall attend before said examiner and give evidence whenever so required.

7. Whenever, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, after an investigation and examination held in pursuance of the powers conferred by these regulations, an offence against any of these regulations is disclosed, said Minister shall remit to the Attorney General of any Province within which such offence shall have been committed, for such action as such Attorney General may be pleased to institute because of the conditions appearing, certified copies of (*a*) any return or returns and resolutions of any municipality which may have been made, rendered or passed pursuant to these regulations and are in the possession of the Minister and relevant to such offence and of (*b*) the evidence taken on any such investigation or examination and the report of the examiner.

8. (1) No prosecution for a contravention or non-observance of any provision of these regulations shall be commenced without the written leave of the Attorney General for the province in which the offence is alleged to have been committed, expressing whether such prosecution shall be by way of indictment or under Part XV of the Criminal Code.

(2) Such prosecution shall be commenced only in the county or municipality in which some or all of the necessary of life with respect to which the alleged offence was committed were situated at the time of the commission of the offence, or in the county in which the person charged resides or carries on business.

9. (1) Any person who contravenes or fails to observe any of the provisions of these regulations shall be guilty of an indictable offence and liable upon indictment or upon summary conviction under Part XV of the Criminal Code to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years, or to both fine and imprisonment as specified; and any director or officer of any company or corporation who assents to or acquiesces in the contravention or non-observance by such company or corporation of any of the provisions of these regulations shall be guilty personally and cumulatively with his company or corporation and with his co-directors or associate officers.

(2) For the purposes of the trial of any indictment for any offence against these regulations Section 581 of the Criminal Code, authorizing speedy trials without juries, shall apply.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

C. P. 2777.

HÔTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

VENDREDI, le 12e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

Il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, dans le but de prévenir l'augmentation indue du coût de l'existence, de décréter, en vertu des pouvoirs conférés à cette fin par l'article 6 de la Loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre ou dont le Gouverneur général en conseil est autrement investi, que les règlements suivants soient par ces présentes établis concernant le prix, la vente, le contrôle, l'emmagasinage, le transport, etc., des nécessités de la vie, savoir :

1. Pour les fins des présents règlements, l'expression

"Conseil" signifie le corps dirigeant d'une municipalité.

"Nécessité de la vie" signifie une denrée ordinaire et de commun usage (soit fraîche, en conserve, en boîtes, soit autrement traitée), le vêtement et le combustible, y compris les produits, matériaux et ingrédients dont l'un quelconque de ces articles est en tout ou en partie fabriqué, composé, dérivé ou confectionné.

"Municipalité" signifie tout comté, district, canton, paroisse, cité, ville, village, ou toute autre circonscription dans les limites d'une province, régie par un conseil ou autre corps municipal.

"Personne" comporte des personnes au sens ordinaire du mot et les corps constitués en corporation.

2. (1) Nulles personnes ont le droit de conspirer, s'associer convenir ou s'arranger avec une autre personne

(*a*) pour limiter les facilités de transport, de production, de fabrication, d'approvisionnement, d'emmagasinage ou de trafic d'une nécessité quelconque de la vie, ou

(*b*) pour restreindre le trafic ou commerce, ou nuire au trafic ou commerce en ce qui concerne une nécessité quelconque de la vie, ou

(*c*) pour prévenir, limiter ou diminuer la fabrication ou la production d'une nécessité de la vie, ou pour en exhausser le prix, ou

(*d*) pour prévenir ou diminuer la concurrence dans la production, la fabrication, l'achat, l'échange, la vente, le transport, l'assurance ou l'approvisionnement de toute nécessité de la vie.

(2) Rien dans le présent article n'est sensé s'appliquer à des sociétés d'ouvriers ou d'employés associés pour leur propre protection raisonnable à tel titre d'ouvriers ou d'employés.

(3) L'article 498 de la loi criminelle, mais seulement en ce qu'il concerne les nécessités de la vie, est sensé avoir été rescindé jusqu'à la rescision du présent article de ces règlements.

3. (1) Personne n'a le droit d'accumuler ou de retenir de la vente un nécessité quelconque de la vie au delà de la quantité raisonnablement requise pour l'usage ou la consommation de sa maison ou pour les fins ordinaires de son commerce.

(2) Toute personne qui, en aucun temps, retient une nécessité quelconque de la vie au-dessus d'une quantité raisonnablement requise comme susdit, et toute personne (un manufacturier, marchand de gros, commerçant, détailleur ou autre) qui retient pour la vente un fonds de commerce d'une nécessité quelconque de la vie doit mettre en vente le dit surplus de la quantité requise, ou, au cas, son fonds de commerce, à des prix non plus élevés qu'il n'est raisonnable et juste.

Toutefois, le présent article ne s'applique ni ne s'étend à l'accumulation ou la réserve par un cultivateur, un jardinier ou autre personne, de produits d'une ferme, d'un jardin, ou d'un autre terrain qu'il cultive. Nul manufacturier, marchand de gros ou commerçant est tenu par les prescriptions des présents règlements de vendre à d'autres classes de personnes que celles qui ont l'habitude d'acheter des manufacturiers, des marchands de gros ou des commerçants, respectivement; et nulle personne est tenue de vendre autrement qu'il ne se pratique dans le cours ordinaire des affaires.

4. Par un avis écrit sous son seing ou le seing de son député, le ministre du Travail peut exiger de toute personne qui exploite, régit ou gère un entrepôt frigorifique, un établissement de salaison ou de mise en conserve, une fabrique, une mine, un entrepôt ou autres lieux quelconques sur lesquels, ou dans partie desquels, est préparée, fabriquée, produite ou retenue une nécessité de la vie par telle personne, pour elle-même ou pour une autre, ou qui fait de quelque manière le trafic de cette nécessité de la vie, qu'elle fasse et soumette au dit ministre, dans un délai spécifié dans le dit avis et en la forme précise prescrite, un rapport écrit et attesté par serment ou déclaration indiquant en détail:—

(*a*) L'espèce et la quantité de toute nécessité de la vie retenue par telle personne à une date ou des dates indiquées, y compris toute date antérieure à l'établissement des présents règlements; où et pour qui la dite nécessité est retenue, et, si elle est retenue pour une autre personne, à quelle condition elle est ainsi retenue;

(*b*) La date ou toute telle nécessité de la vie a été préparée, fabriquée, produite, acquise, ou prise en possession;

(*c*) le coût de telle nécessité de la vie, y compris tous les frais et dépens, intermédiaires ou autres, qui affectent ce coût;

(*d*) Le prix auquel cette nécessité de la vie a été vendue, si elle l'a été déjà, ou, sinon, le prix auquel elle est retenue pour la vente;

(*e*) Tout autre renseignement que le ministre peut exiger concernant une nécessité quelconque de la vie, y compris l'entière déclaration de tout contrat passé ou de toute convention faite en aucun temps par telle personne, son commettant ou son agent, avec une autre personne quelconque concernant les prix de vente ou de revendage d'une nécessité quelconque de la vie, ou la période pendant laquelle une nécessité quelconque de la vie peut être retenue par un dépositaire ou autrement avant la vente ou le revendage, ou limitant la quantité d'une nécessité quelconque de la vie qui doit être vendue à un acheteur particulier, ou à une société d'acheteurs, ou vendue dans les limites d'une certaine circonscription.

5. Quand le conseil d'une municipalité quelconque aura déclaré, par arrêté, qu'à son avis des prix excessifs sont demandés dans les limites de telle municipalité pour une nécessité quelconque de la vie, ledit conseil peut, par avis écrit sous le seing de son greffier ou d'un autre fonctionnaire autorisé, exiger que toute personne qui fait le trafic de telle nécessité de la vie dans les limites de la municipalité et qui y réside, qu'elle fasse et présente audit conseil, en la forme précise qu'il exige, un rapport écrit et attesté par serment ou déclaration indiquant en détail:

(*a*) La quantité de telle nécessité de la vie détenue par telle personne pour vente ou livraison dans les limites de telle municipalité à une date ou des dates indiquées, y compris toute date antérieure à l'établissement des présents règlements;

(*b*) La date où cette nécessité de la vie a été acquise, fabriquée ou apportée dans les limites de cette municipalité;

(*c*) Le coût de cette nécessité de la vie, y compris tous les frais et dépens de nature quelconque qui affectent ce coût;

(*d*) Le prix auquel cette nécessité de la vie est retenue pour la vente, ou auquel certaines parties de cette nécessité ou d'une autre semblable ont été vendues par telle personne dans les limites de telle municipalité à une date quelconque ou à des dates indiquées, y compris toute date antérieure à l'établissement des présents règlements;

(*e*) Si au reçu de ce rapport, ledit conseil considère que les circonstances justifient le renvoi du rapport, avec un exposé des conditions, au ministre du Travail pour plus ample enquête de sa part, ou s'il n'est pas fait de rapport, ou si le conseil considère que le rapport présenté est inexact ou de nature à induire en erreur, ledit conseil, par un arrêté écrit exposant les faits et la conclusion qu'il en a tirée, peut faire rapport à ce ministre.

6. (1) Si, après que le ministre du Travail a reçu un rapport à lui adressé en propre ou ayant été adressé à une municipalité en conformité présumée des présents règlements, ledit ministre considère que des circonstances quelconques justifient ledit rapport, ou si, après demande d'un rapport sous l'empire des présents règlements, il n'en a pas été fait ou nul n'en a fait dans le délai fixé par l'avis demandant le rapport, ou dans tout autre délai que le ministre du Travail peut accorder sur requête spéciale

qui lui en est faite, ledit ministre, alors, a le pouvoir de faire enquête dans les affaires de la personne qui a fait ou n'a pas fait ce rapport, selon le cas, et d'examiner les lieux, livres, papiers et documents, et, à cette fin, ledit ministre peut nommer un examinateur ou des examinateurs et autoriser par écrit tout examinateur ainsi nommé à se rendre sur les lieux et à les examiner, ainsi que les livres, papiers et documents de telle personne, et de recevoir la déposition sous srment ou la déclaration de toute personne qui, de l'avis de l'examinateur, a certaine connaissance de ce qui aurait dû être inclus dans un rapport en règle d'après les circonstances.

(2) Toute personne qui a en sa possession ou sous son contrôle de tels lieux, livres, papiers ou documents, doit admettre ledit examinateur et lui donner accès à ces livres, papiers et documents quand et aussi souvent qu'elle en sera requise.

(3) Aucune personne n'entravera ou n'empêchera, ni ne tentera d'entraver ou d'empêcher une telle enquête ou un tel examen.

(4) Toute personne dont tel examinateur demande la déposition sous serment ou la déclaration concernant les faits dont il est chargé de s'enquérir doit se présenter devant cet examinateur et faire sa déposition en tout temps qu'elle en sera requise.

7. En tout temps où, après une enquête et un examen faits sous l'empire des pouvoirs conférés par les présents règlements, le ministre du Travail est d'avis qu'une infraction des présents règlements a été découverte, ledit ministre remettra au Procureur général de toute province dans laquelle l'infraction a été commise, aux fins de telles poursuites que peut intenter le dit Procureur général en vue des conditions apparentes, des copies authentiques de (*a*) tout rapport ou tous rapports et décrets d'une municipalité quelconque qui peuvent avoir été faits, édictés ou passés sous l'empire des présents règlements et qui sont en la possession du ministre et se rapportent à cette infraction, et (*b*) les dépositions faites à toute telle enquête ou tout tel examen et le rapport de l'examinateur.

8. (1) Nulle poursuite pour une infraction d'une disposition quelconque des présents règlements, ou pour défaut de s'y conformer, ne sera intentée sans l'autorisation écrite du Procureur général de la province où l'infraction est sensée avoir été commise, cette autorisation précisant si la poursuite doit être intentée par voie de mise en accusation ou sous l'empire des dispositions de la partie XV de la Loi criminelle.

(2) Une telle poursuite ne sera intentée que dans le comté ou la municipalité où se trouvaient, à la date de l'infraction, les nécessités de la vie ou quelqu'une de ces nécessités en rapport avec lesquelles l'infraction présumée a été commise, ou dans le comté où la personne accusée réside ou exerce son industrie.

9. (1) Toute personne qui enfreint une disposition quelconque des présents règlements ou néglige de s'y conformer est coupable de délit et, sur conviction sommaire sous l'empire de la partie XV de la Loi criminelle, est passible d'une amende n'excédant pas cinq mille dollars, ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas deux ans, ou des deux peines ainsi que spécifié; et tout directeur ou fonctionnaire d'une compagnie ou corporation quelconque qui consent ou acquiesce à une infraction par telle compagnie ou corporation d'une des prescriptions des présents règlements, ou au défaut de s'y conformer, est coupable personnellement et cumulativement avec sa compagnie ou corporation et avec ses co-directeurs ou les fonctionnaires qui lui sont associés.

(2) Aux fins du procès dans une poursuite pour une infraction des présents règlements s'appliqueront les prescriptions de l'article 581 de la Loi criminelle, qui autorise les procès sommaires sans jury.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

OTTAWA.—Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

IKS OF THE DOMINIC

30th, 1916.

n 112 of the Bank Act, Chapter 9, of the

LIABILITIES—PASSIF.

	sits here in da. / ɔts lleurs nada.	Loans from other banks in Canada, secured, including bills rediscounted. — Emprunts faits à d'autres banques en Canada, garantis, y compris les billets renouvelés.	Deposits made by and balances due to other banks in Canada. — Dépôts faits par d'autres banques en Canada et balances dues à ces banques.	Due to banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom. — Balances dues à des banques et des correspondants de banques dans le Royaume-Uni.	Due to and banki pondents e than in Ca the United — Balances d banques et pondants d ailleurs qu' et dans le Un	Average amount of current gold and subsidiary coin held during the month. — Chiffre moyen des espèces possédées durant le mois.	Average amount of Dominion notes held during the month. — Chiffre moyen des billets de la Puissance possédés durant le mois.	Greatest amount of notes in circulation at any time during the month. — Montant le plus élevé des billets en circulation à une date quelconque durant le mois.	
		7	8	9	10				
		$	$	$	$	$		$	
21,457	.....	3,647,301				18,604,332	33,771,043	22,784,859	1
.....	.....	350,000	149,118			327,467	590,146	2,924,958	2
32,882	.....	162,054	46,264			6,318,537	7,556,401	7,813,358	3
92,535	.....	17,456	677			2,073,924	3,310,318	5,851,794	4
.....	.....	366,838	.....			924,879	7,458,476	5,948,900	5
.....	.....	150,686	37,445			544,275	2,999,309	5,315,625	5
18,008	.....	.....	.....			206,925	1,215,412	3,754,435	7
07,145	.....	606,090	28,000			4,634,499	9,673,874	10,413,121	8
.....	.....	435	364,999			71,806	165,071	1,212,738	9
22,585	.....	320,936	1,301,689			1,101,469	5,408,537	9,211,152	10
34,195	.....	141,317	485,881			13,861,000	22,530,000	20,833,283	11
63,112	.....	1,464,467	142,019			11,425,007	14,572,738	18,775,318	12
15,328	.....	720,204	2,407			1,926,000	6,308,000	7,175,526	13
.....	.....	31,799	.....			851,811	2,298,628	4,566,101	14
.....	.....	473,026	—.....	.....		1,267,425	3,652,849	5,289,928	15
.....	.....	.....	67,964			372,963	2,362,908	4,486,012	16
.....	.....	34,910	7,472			1,254,585	2,715,351	4,865,625	17
.....	.....	281,787	1,913			1,635,398	6,762,277	8,014,893	18
.....	.....	50,953	.....			120,300	551,600	2,702,900	19
.....	.....	686	.....			196,734	947,269	3,369,405	20
.....	.....	134,844	.....	.....		49,729	709,663	1,266,440	21
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,238	159,200	394,697	22
		8,955,789	2,635,848		1	67,784,303	135,519,070	156,971,068	

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CANADA GAZETTE, December 30th, 1916.

RETURN OF THE CHARTERED BANKS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA

NOVEMBER 30th, 1916.

Made to the Minister of Finance in conformity with Section 112 of the Bank Act, Chapter 9, of the Statutes of 1913.

	NAME OF BANK. — NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CAPITAL STOCK. Capital authorized. — Capital autorisé.	CAPITAL STOCK. Capital subscribed. — Capital souscrit.	CAPITAL STOCK. Capital paid up. — Capital versé.	Amount of rest or reserve fund. — Montant du fonds de réserve.	Rate per cent of last dividend declared. — Taux pour cent du dernier dividende déclaré.	LIABILITIES—PASSIF. Notes in circulation. — Billets en circulation.	Balance due to Dominion Government, after deducting advances for credits, pay-lists, etc. — Balance due au gouvernement fédéral, déduction faite des avances sur crédits ouverts, bordereaux de paie, etc.	Balances due to provincial governments. — Balance due aux gouvernements provinciaux.	Deposits by the public, payable on demand in Canada. — Dépôts du public remboursables à demande, en Canada.	Deposits by the public, payable after notice or on a fixed day in Canada. — Dépôts du public remboursables après avis ou à une date fixe en Canada.	Deposits elsewhere than in Canada. — Dépôts reçus ailleurs qu'en Canada.	Loans from other banks in Canada, secured, including bills rediscounted. — Emprunts faits à d'autres banques en Canada, garantis, y compris les billets renouvelés.	Deposits made by and balances due to other banks in Canada. — Dépôts faits par d'autres banques en Canada et balances dues à ces banques.	Due to banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom. — Balances dues à des banques et des correspondants de banques dans le Royaume-Uni.	Due to banks and banking correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom. — Balances dues à des banques et des correspondants de banques ailleurs qu'au Canada et dans le Royaume-Uni.	Bills payable. — Billets à payer.	Acceptances under letters of credit. — Acceptations sur lettres de crédit.	Liabilities not included under foregoing heads. — Engagements non compris dans les articles qui précèdent.	Total Liabilities. — Total du passif.	Aggregate amount of loans to directors, and firms of which they are partners. — Montant collectif des prêts faits à des directeurs et à des raisons sociales dont ils forment partie.	Average amount of current gold and subsidiary coin held during the month. — Chiffre moyen des espèces possédées durant le mois.	Average amount of Dominion notes held during the month. — Chiffre moyen des billets de la Puissance possédés durnnt le mois.	Greatest amount of notes in circulation at any time during the month. — Montant le plus élevé des billets en circulation à une date quelconque durant le mois.	
							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13						
		$	$	$	$		$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	
1	Bank of Montreal	25,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000	10	21,334,853	5,357,523	1,270,348	99,203,594	130,122,807	57,721,457		3,647,301		439,657	604,495	1,969,336	656,182	322,327,558	709,150	18,604,332	33,771,043	22,784,859	1
2	Quebec Bank	5,000,000	2,735,000	2,735,000	1,000,000	7	2,794,643	737,965	302,776	3,566,518	10,590,653			350,000	149,118	6,303		1,233	180,116	18,679,327	277,879	327,467	590,146	2,924,958	2
3	Bank of Nova Scotia	10,000,000	6,500,000	6,500,000	12,000,000	14	7,333,226	3,444,894	224,616	18,509,879	48,854,791	15,532,882		162,054	46,264	665,422		437,585	1,745	95,213,363	634,993	6,318,537	7,556,401	7,813,358	3
4	Bank of British North America	4,866,666	4,866,666	4,866,666	3,017,333	6	5,636,564	1,121,504	547,592	13,374,824	27,491,897	3,892,535		17,456	677	530,598	1,940,904	1,278,389	1,538,783	57,371,723		2,073,924	3,310,318	5,851,794	4
5	Bank of Toronto	10,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	6,000,000	11	5,699,133	1,307,155	168,855	18,505,178	34,907,917			366,838		113,864		395,573	137,648	61,602,164	181,332	924,879	7,458,476	5,948,900	5
6	Molsons Bank	5,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,800,000	11	4,841,988	1,150,894	225,290	10,945,589	33,281,153			150,686	37,445	134,042		241,034	143,005	50,251,129	583,610	544,275	2,999,309	5,315,625	6
7	Banque Nationale	5,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,900,000	8	3,285,130	666,709	187,145	4,505,091	18,235,673	1,218,008				3,128		9,650		28,110,536	493,775	206,925	1,215,412	3,754,435	7
8	Merchants Bank of Canada	10,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	10	9,764,366	1,828,885	2,186,275	27,354,202	49,884,127	907,145		606,090	28,000	400,000			9,826	94,216,164	685,956	4,634,499	9,673,874	10,413,121	8
9	Banque Provinciale du Canada	2,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	650,000	7	1,117,888	961,774	195,584	2,708,174	9,611,853			435	364,999	551,292		1,102,207	3,570	15,370,537	71,806	165,071	1,212,738	9	
10	Union Bank of Canada	8,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	3,400,000	8	8,815,117	1,192,611	5,630,290	37,546,268	43,876,033	1,022,585		320,936	1,301,689	174,545		512,281	154,709	100,547,067	803,961	1,101,469	5,408,537	9,211,152	10
11	Canadian Bank of Commerce	25,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	13,500,000	10	19,259,347	8,506,144	2,254,983	81,662,174	109,638,654	27,834,195		141,317	485,881	4,536,001	2,186,836	2,092,640	527,084	259,125,260	1,009,263	15,861,000	22,530,000	20,833,283	11
12	Royal Bank of Canada	25,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,560,000	12	18,178,228	6,545,615	447,049	43,419,233	96,352,584	53,463,112		1,464,467	142,019	6,541,089	478,392	452,677	364,610	227,849,080	424,353	11,425,007	14,572,738	18,775,318	12
13	Dominion Bank	10,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	7,000,000	12	6,961,416	1,622,198	101,655	20,684,297	47,377,997	615,328		720,204	2,407	523,101	162,168	411,802	284,407	79,466,983	564,953	1,926,000	6,308,000	7,175,526	13
14	Bank of Hamilton	5,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,300,000	12	4,409,351	1,074,696	354,966	14,561,036	29,407,475			31,799		604,135		119,730		50,563,190	242,661	851,811	2,298,628	4,566,101	14
15	Standard Bank of Canada	5,000,000	3,417,500	3,270,085	4,270,085	13	5,046,503	2,038,913	297,704	14,109,376	29,976,501			473,026	—			31,383		51,973,409	64,000	1,267,425	3,652,849	5,289,928	15
16	Banque d'Hochelaga	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	3,700,000	9	4,154,382	206,088	63,830	7,514,779	21,795,841				67,964	166,763			54,330	34,023,980	208,050	372,963	2,362,908	4,486,012	16
17	Bank of Ottawa	5,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,750,000	12	4,708,835	1,445,828	508,914	9,491,472	31,417,907			34,910	7,472	118,492		54,319	132,305	47,920,458	166,819	1,254,535	2,715,351	4,865,625	17
18	Imperial Bank of Canada	10,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	12	7,456,469	1,546,659	1,952,433	17,305,496	40,758,709			281,787	1,913	142,688		166,296		69,612,453	297,240	1,635,398	6,762,277	8,014,893	18
19	Home Bank of Canada	5,000,000	2,000,000	1,946,575	300,000	5	2,509,395	2,350,000	869,283	3,274,570	7,406,673			50,953		462,464				16,923,340	162,189	120,300	551,600	2,702,900	19
20	Northern Crown Bank	6,000,000	1,431,200	1,428,787	715,600	6	3,336,320	929,706	799,991	8,017,216	8,638,140			686		1,599		25,672	2,579	21,751,913	452,660	196,734	947,269	3,369,405	20
21	Sterling Bank of Canada	3,000,000	1,266,600	1,210,411	300,000	6	1,197,055	331,156	277,902	2,299,131	6,093,225			134,844				26,124	5,800	10,365,238	255,339	49,729	709,663	1,266,440	21
22	Weyburn Security Bank	1,000,000	632,200	347,710	130,000	5	357,762	2,228	34,406	1,619,357	872,659								63,634	2,950,048	92,879	15,238	159,200	394,697	22
	Total	188,866,666	113,849,166	113,305,244	113,293,018		148,197,971	44,369,145	18,901,887	459,277,454	836,593,269	162,207,247		8,955,789	2,635,848	16,115,183	5,372,795	9,327,931	4,260,333	1,716,214,920	8,321,662	67,784,303	135,519,070	156,971,968	

RETURN OF THE CHARTERED BANKS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, November 30th, 1916

ASSETS—ACTIF.

NAME OF BANK. — NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CURRENT GOLD AND SUBSIDIARY COIN. — MONNAIE D'OR DU COURS ET MONNAIE SUBSIDIAIRE.			DOMINION NOTES. — BILLETS DU DOMINION.			Deposit with the Minister of Finance for the security of note circulation. — Dépôts entre les mains du Ministre des Finances pour garantie du fonds de circulation des billets.	Deposit in the central gold reserves. — Dépôts aux réserves centrales d'or.	Notes of other banks. — Billets d'autres banques.	Cheques on other banks. — Chèques sur d'autres banques.	Loans to other banks in Canada, secured, including bills rediscounted. — Prêts faits à d'autres banques en Canada, garantis, y compris les billets renouvelés.	Deposits made with and balances due from other banks in Canada. — Dépôts faits dans d'autres banques en Canada et balances dues par ces banques.	Due from banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom. — Dû par des banques et correspondants de banques dans le Royaume-Uni.	Due from banks and banking correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom. — Dû par des banques et correspondants de banques en dehors du Canada et du Royaume-Uni.	Dominion government and provincial government securities. — Obligations ou effets du gouvernement fédéral ou des gouvernements provinciaux.	Canadian municipal securities, and British, foreign and colonial public securities other than Canadian. — Effets des municipalités canadiennes, et effets publics britanniques, étrangers, ou coloniaux autres que des effets canadiens.	Railway and other bonds, debentures and stocks. — Obligations, débentures et actions de chemins de fer et autres.	Call and short (not exceeding thirty days) loans in Canada on stocks, debentures and bonds. — Prêts à demande, et à courte échéance, ne dépassant pas trente jours au Canada, sur actions, débentures et obligations.	Call and short (not exceeding thirty days) loans elsewhere than in Canada. — Prêts à demande, et à courte échéance, ne dépassant pas trente jours, ailleurs qu'au Canada.	Other current loans and discounts in Canada. — Autres prêts courants et escomptes au Canada.	Other current loans and discounts elsewhere than in Canada. — Autres prêts courants et escomptes ailleurs qu'au Canada.	Loans to the Government of Canada. — Prêts au gouvernement du Canada.	Loans to provincial governments. — Prêts aux gouvernements provinciaux.	Loans to cities, towns, municipalities and school districts. — Prêts à des cités, villes, municipalités et circonscriptions scolaires.	Overdue debts. — Créances en souffrance.	Real estate, other than bank premises. — Immeubles autres que les édifices de la banque.	Mortgages on real estate sold by the bank. — Hypothèques sur des immeubles vendus par la banque.	Bank premises at not more than cost, less amounts (if any) written off. — Immeubles de la banque, au prix de revient, moins les sommes qu'il faut en déduire (s'il en est.)	Liabilities of customers under letters of credit as per contra. — Engagements des clients sur lettres de crédit par contre.	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads. — Autres créances non comprises dans les item précédents.	Total Assets. — Total de l'actif.	
	In Canada. — Au Canada.	Elsewhere. — Ailleurs.	Total.	In Canada. — Au Canada.	Elsewhere. — Ailleurs.	Total.																										
			1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	
1 Bank of Montreal	18,464,428	1,560,564	20,024,993	18,069,181	4,416	18,073,597	790,000	6,500 000	1,670,025	10,807,085			12,152,122	12,072,105	373,396	22,272,125	13,927 858		111,896,083	103,450,849	6,987,326	1,467,055	634,915	7,954,872	390,526	3,477	118,552	4,000,000	1,969,336	121,406	357,657,713	1
2 Quebec Bank	230,795		230,795	368,645		368,645	105,000	400,000	127,595	839,193		750,000	165,357	779,325	95,590	1,873,146	1,491,983	5,170,477	100,000	7,287,069	500,000			106,135	252,441	56,118	7,710	1,617,731	1,233	168,150	22,493,699.	2
3 Bank of Nova Scotia	3,355,255	3,932,777	7,288,032	5,969,061	2,679	5,971,741	358,179	2,000,00	1,195,937	5,543,842			4,189,714	2,456,298	2,050,496	10,514,199	4,747,237	6,102,059	8,720,186	43,095,124	6,669,656			284,473	291,433	326,250	2,875	2,497,414	437,585	89,721	114,832,463	3
4 Bank of British North America	1,395,700	191,930	1,587,630	4,455,241	124	4,455,365	1,385,694	800,000	374,843	2,480,967		5,002	1,248,033	2,041,378	955,064	11,368,788	125,495	2,623,251	4,331,550	22,090,511	6,138,232		3,131	843,830	315,727	45,532	13,383	2,311,605	1,278,389	219,001	67,042,601	4
5 Bank of Toronto	952,904		952,904	8,367,332		8,367,332	254,634	1,100 000	549,979	2,444,486		7,580	286,006	1,461,070	1,411,377	5,757,479	1,003,573	3,361,276		40,781,188		260,000		1,250,927	99,071			3,534,892	395,373		73,279,354	5
6 Molsons Bank	550,985		550,985	3,178,600		3,178,600	200,000	1,000,000	352,334	2,199,123		12,030	822,969	1,497,364	675,822	6,457,608	1,169,851	4,936,916		32,847,712				1,088,798	117,664	89,445	4,429	2,082,221	241,034	250,028	59,774,941	6
7 Banque Nationale	210,912	1,228	212,140	1,205,962		1,205,962	100,000	1,700,000	487,340	806,505		1,739	109,050	523,592	1,500,000	1,378,083	1,043,156	2,978,948		18,318,136				258,334	28,154	318,943	208,161	1,056,911	9,650	34,748	32,279,557	7
8 Merchants Bank of Canada	2,688,152	1,062,205	3,690,358	6,835,011		6,835,011	375,000	3,500,000	912,628	4,051,354		2,707	849,702	1,708,505	1,422,228	10,563,432	4,374,213	6,270,734	5,890,112	50,369,970	338,181		493	1,332,540	301,072	288,223	23,127	4,695,980	1,102,207	59,209	108,956,996	8
9 Banque Provinciale du Canada	76,558		76,558	154,551		154,551	63,397		303,655	1,287,016		1,194,372	30,093	81,544		2,114,318	1,318,260	2,812,497		6,577,361				379,845	98,520	113,105	19,948	300,330		203,974	17,129,353	9
10 Union Bank of Canada	922,805	2,216,686	3,139,492	6,965,529		6,965,529	260,000	4,700,000	937 860	4,016,138		49,872	31,598	668,856	2,100,547	14,445,701	3,170,871	7,616,488	8,484,897	46,894,748	846,117		119,303	2,159,314	341,352	355,982	104,404	1,106,255	512,281	12,614	109,040,228	10
11 Canadian Bank of Commerce	6,261,584	14,713,945	20,975,529	19,305,212	10,263	19,315,476	806,964	6,000 000	1,630,360	9,668,098		1,389	844,716	6,357,081	2,781,960	17,282,911	7,810,461	14,725,133	21,141,335	129,279,846	16,504,418		100,267	4,358,017	230,738	1,164,458	389,411	4,839,457	2,092,640	126,904	288,427,579	11
12 Royal Bank of Canada	4,188,749	11,884,014	16,072,763	14,247,337	1,773	14,249,110	595,340	6,500,000	3,857,573	11,805,508		1,199	428,176	4,663,890	1,029,374	14,012,089	15,464,604	11,076,005	21,372,026	82,898,526	37,928,027	1,030,000	127,734	2,880,370	466,640	1,095,473		5,138,398	452,677	115,915	253,261,427	12
13 Dominion Bank	1,943,773	158	1,943,931	6,829,797		6,829,797	261,950	1,500 000	581,038	4,089,212		10,582	178,510	2,205,469	995,120	7,415,448	4,127,945	4,275,451	1,099,200	51,272,593	51,608			381,648	118,260	26,276	13,950	5,592,006	411,802		93,381,804	13
14 Bank of Hamilton	860,142		860,142	4,462,261		4,462,261	157,000	1,500,000	437,655	2,337,085		119,399	3,020	436,389	569,458	6,635,336	641,982	3,844,635		30,725,734			82,722	1,187,504	178,194	485,605	77,290	2,042,595	119,730	259,599	57,163,344	14
15 Standard Bank of Canada	1,275,851		1,275,851	3,261,712		3,261,712	150,000	2,100,000	339,894	2,389,626			429,889	712,215	594,717	5,351,512	390,327	3,428,293		36,451,473		500,000		994,814	455,364	19,507	1,300	1,218,596	31,383	106,039	60,202,519	15
16 Banque d'Hochelaga	392,592		392,592	3,953,467		3,953,467	171,467	700,000	259,562	1,294,929		925,598	321,820	1,393,713	896,483	3,677,634	304,307	1,686,053		22,365,616				1,275,723	148,255	227,074	106,533	1,557,402	54,330	255,275	41,967,843	16
17 Bank of Ottawa	1,025,510	250,000	1,275,510	2,232,840		2,232,840	212,180	600,000	422,600	1,945,831		756,352	250,177	1,730,374	5,482,570	10,226,716	668,819	2,106,635		24,666,966				1,662,614	507,647	202,914	36,137	1,757,852	54,319	110,028	56,909,088	17
18 Imperial Bank of Canada	1,635,752		1,635,752	6,461,927		6,461,927	343,437		1,042,879	2,857,980		417,295	3,842,140	6,248,234	2,883,856	7,715,890	965,659	4,406,056		38,183,252			37,218	4,035,648	256,854	403,865	425,892	2,638,851	166,296	54,304	85,023,296	18
19 Home Bank of Canada	119,758		119,758	642,275		642,275	92,288	500,00	246,364	793,225		108,952	28,450	204,786		2,120,923	393,946	1,179,379		11,681,059	32,713			160,529	67,663	55,358	74,380	735,483		31,604	19,269,143	19
20 Northern Crown Bank	191,775		191,775	846,404		846,404	100,500	2,200,000	206,670	1,845,972		993,011	1,031,990	452,388	3,756,220	1,671,697	1,470,536	534,865		7,440,259			211,412	202,315	241,306	36,621	97,784	375,611	25,672	96,247	24,029,265	20
21 Sterling Bank of Canada	50,794		50,794	832,236		832,236	58,607		141,877	377,490		5,947	25,106	610,710	105,091	2,336,909	621,437	260,219		6,017,550				117,330	16,687			275,612	26,124	81,797	11,961,331	21
22 Weyburn Security Bank	15,584		15,584	179,054		179,054	15,200		118,136	24,876		716,821		118,658		278,202	29,937		215,000	1,096,405	91,092			30,383	125,406	7,993	7,395	157,956		199,653	3,427,758	22
Total	46,810,358	35,753,307	82,563,868	118,823,635	19,255	118,842,892	6,856,837	43,300,000	16,196,804	73,905,541		6,079,847	27,268,638	48,423,944	29,679,369	165,470,146	65,262,457	89,395,370	183,250,389	813,791,947	76,087,370	3,257,055	1,317,195	32,945,963	5,048,974	5,322,219	1,732,861	49,533,158	9,382,261	2,596,216	1,957,511,502	

Column No. 4. Of this deposit $7,960,000 is in gold coin ; the balance is in Dominion notes.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, December, 22nd, 1916.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

OTTAWA: Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

	s to es, mu- ali- and ool icts.	Overdue debts.	Real estate, other than bank premises.	Mortgages on real estate sold by the bank.	Bank premises at not more than cost, less amounts (if any) written off.	Liabilities of customers under letters of credit as per contra.	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads.	Total Assets.	
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	à des és, mu- lités ons- ions ires.	Créances en souffrance.	Immeubles autres que les édifices de la banque.	Hypothèques sur des immeubles vendus par la banque.	Immeubles de la banque, au prix de revient, moins les sommes qu'il faut en déduire (s'il en est.)	Engagements des clients sur lettres de crédit par contre.	Autres créances non comprises dans les item précédents.	Total de l'actif.	
0	21	22	23	24	25	26			
	$	$	$	$	$	$	$		
1 Ban	4,872	390,526	3,477	118,552	4,000,000	1,969,336	121,406	357,657,713	1
2 Que	6,135	252,441	56,118	7,710	1,617,731	1,233	168,150	22,493,699.	2
3 Ban	4,473	291,433	326,250	2,875	2,497,414	437,585	89,721	114,832,463	3
4 Ban	3,830	315,727	45,532	13,583	2,311,605	1,278,389	219,001	67,042,601	4
5 Ban	0,927	99,071	.....	.....	3,534,892	395,573	.....	73,279,354	5
6 Mol	3,798	117,664	89,445	4,429	2,082,221	241,034	250,028	59,774,941	6
7 Ban	3,334	28,154	318,943	208,161	1,056,911	9,650	34,748	32,279,557	7
8 Mer	2,540	301,072	288,223	23,127	4,695,980	1,102,207	59,209	108,956,996	8
9 Ban	0,845	98,520	113,105	19,948	300,330	.....	203,974	17,129,353	9
10 Uni	0,314	341,352	355,982	104,404	1,106,255	512,281	12,614	109,040,228	10
11 Can	5,017	230,738	1,164,458	389,411	4,839,457	2,092,640	126,904	288,427,579	11
12 Roy	0,370	466,640	1,095,473	.....	5,138,398	452,677	115,915	253,261,427	12
13 Don	1,648	118,260	26,276	13,950	5,592,006	411,802	.....	93,381,804	13
14 Ban	7,504	178,194	485,605	77,290	2,042,595	119,730	259,599	57,163,344	14
15 Star	4,814	455,364	19,507	1,300	1,218,596	31,383	106,039	60,202,519	15
16 Ban	5,723	148,255	227,074	106,533	1,557,402	54,330	255,275	41,967,843	16
17 Ban	2,614	507,647	202,914	36,137	1,757,852	54,319	110,028	56,909,088	17
18 Imp	5,648	256,854	403,865	425,892	2,638,851	166,296	54,304	85,023,296	18
19 Hon	0,529	67,663	55,358	74,380	735,483	.....	31,604	19,269,143	19
20 Nor	2,315	241,306	36,621	97,784	375,611	25,672	96,247	24,029,265	20
21 Ster	7,330	16,687	.....	.....	275,612	26,124	81,797	11,961,531	21
22 Wey	0,383	125,406	7,993	7,395	157,956	.....	199,653	3,427,758	22
	5,963	5,048,974	5,322,219	1,732,861	49,533,158	9,382,261	2,596,216	1,957,511,502	

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T. C. BOVILLE,

Deputy Minister of Finance.

No. 23. Vol L

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 14th November, 1916.

The Honourable Frank Egerton Hodgins, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, a Justice of Appeal of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario : to be Local Judge in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court, in and for the District of Toronto, in the said Province of Ontario.

—

10th November, 1916.

Frank Dennison, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario : to be a Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Ottawa, in the said Province, from 1st April, 1916.

—

23rd November, 1916.

The Honourable Albert Edward Kemp, a Member of His Majesty's Privy Council : to be Minister of Militia and Defence, in the room and stead of the Honourable Sir Samuel Hughes, K.C.B., resigned.

—

24th November, 1916.

George Mills, of Port Philip, in the Province of Nova Scotia : to be Wharfinger of the Government wharf at that place, in the room and stead of Oscar Tingley, resigned.

—

29th November, 1916.

McCallum Grant, of the City of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, gentleman : to be Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Nova Scotia aforesaid, in the room and stead of His Honour David MacKeen, deceased.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* Canada Gazette, dated the *11th November, 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.

PROCLAMATION.

CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley ; Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter ; One of His Majesty's Privy Council ; Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George ; Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

To all to whom these presents shall come.—Greeting :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Majesty the King, by Commission under His Royal Manual Sign and Signet bearing date at the Court of St. James's the eighth day of August, 1916, has been graciously pleased to appoint me to be, during His Royal pleasure, His Majesty's Governor General and Commander-in-Chief in an over His Dominion of Canada, and has further in and by the said Commission, authorized, empowered and commanded me to exercise and perform all and singular the powers and directions contained in certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the fifteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and five, constituting the said office of Governor General, or in any other Letters Patent adding to, amending, or substituted for the same according to such Orders and Instructions

as the Governor General for the time being hath already received, or as have been given to me with the said Commission or as I shall hereafter receive from Hir Majesty.

NOW, THEREFORE, KNOW YE, that I have thought fit to issue this Proclamation in order to make known His Majesty's said appointment, and I do also hereby require and command that all and singular His Majesty's Officers and Ministers in the said Dominion of Canada, do continue in the execution of their several and respective offices, places and employments, and that His Majesty's loving subjects and all others whom it may concern do take notice hereof and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms at Halifax, this 11th day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of His Majesty's Reign.

21–3

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Thursday, the Thirtieth day of the month of November instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on TUESDAY, the NINTH day of the month of JANUARY next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

WITNESS: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this THIRTIETH day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

23–tf

DESPATCHES, ETC.

CANADA.
No, 1216.

DOWNING STREET,
28th October, 1916.

SIR,—With reference to my despatch No. 1014 of the 26th of October, 1915, I have the honour to transmit to Your Excellency, for the information of your Ministers, copies of a notice issued by the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament, regarding nominations for the Nobel Peace Prize for 1917.

2. I should be glad if your Ministers would cause the conditions of the Prize to be made known to those bodies and persons who are qualified to nominate candidates.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient, humble servant,
A. BONAR LAW.

The Officer Administering
The Government of Canada.

NOBEL PEACE PRIZE.

All proposals of candidates for the Nobel Peace Prize, which is to be distributed December 10th, 1917, must, in order to be taken in consideration, be laid before the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament by a duly qualified person *before the first of February of the same year.*

Any one of the following persons is held to be duly qualified: (*a*) Members and late members of the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament, as well as the advisers appointed at the Norwegian Nobel Institute; (*b*) Members of Parliament and Members of Government of the different States, as well as Members of the Interparliamentary Union; (*c*) Members of the international Arbitration Court at the Hague; (*d*) Members of the Commission of the Permanent International Peace Bureau: (*e*) Members and Associates of the Institute of International Law; (*f*) University professors of Political Science and of Law, of History and of Philosophy; and (*g*) Persons who have received the Nobel Peace Prize.

The Nobel Peace Prize may also be accorded to institutions or associations.

According to the Code of Statutes, §8, the grounds upon which any proposal is made must be stated, and handed in along with such papers and other documents as may therein be referred to.

According to § 3, every written work, to qualify for a prize, must have appeared in print.

For particulars, *qualified persons* are requested to apply to the office of the Nobel Committee of the Norwegian Parliament, Drammensvei 19, Kristiania.

21–3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2815]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.
Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS in Paragraph 9 of the Regulations respecting aliens of enemy nationality, sanctioned by Order in Council of the 20th September, 1916, certain offences are declared punishable under Part XIV of the Criminal Code;

And whereas the said offences are punishable under Part XV of the Criminal Code:

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to amend the said Regulations by striking out XIV in the said Paragraph 9 and substituting XV therefore, and the same are hereby so amended accordingly.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

22–2

[2877]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 20th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that William Henry Moore was granted homestead entry on the 19th May, 1903, for the southwest quarter of Section 24, Township 21, Range 1, west of the 1st Meridian, in the Province of Manitoba;

It would appear from the evidence submitted that the entrant lived upon this quarter section for six or eight months in each year from 1904 to 1908 inclusive, but he is not able to furnish the dates of commencement and termination of each period of residence, neither is he in a position to obtain witnesses who can furnish the information ;

It has been ascertained that Mr. Moore erected two houses upon this land and that both were destroyed by fire ;

Mr. Moore would also appear to have been the owner of an average of eighteen head of cattle during the time he resided upon the land,—

In view of the foregoing, taking into consideration the fact that apparently the settlement duties called for by the Act have been completed and that the only difficulty in the way of issuing patent is the failure to furnish full details as to the residence performed, the Minister recommends that authority be given under subsection (*l*) of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, chapter 20, 7-8 Edward VII, for the sale of the said homestead to Mr. Moore at the rate of $1.00 per acre, in lieu of the performance of further settlement duties, such sale to exhaust his free homestead right.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2878]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 20th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. John Marshall was granted pre-emption entry for the northeast quarter of Section 33, Township 7, Range 10, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 14th January, 1910 ;

Information has been received that this homesteader performed three terms of residence in connection with his homestead entry, but no residence in connection with the pre-emption entry. The cultivation duties have apparently been completed ;

It has been represented to the Department of the Interior that Mr. Marshall is now in his 86th year and totally incapacitated from further work or residence on the above land, that he requires the care of his immediate relatives as long as he may live and that he will, therefore, be unable to take up further residence on either his pre-emption or homestead,—

The Minister submits copy of medical cerlificate, and recommends, in view of the statements contained therein, that further residence on the part of Mr. Marshall be dispensed with in accordance with subsection 2 of section 20 of The Dominion Lands Act, chapter 20, 7-8 Edward VII, so that patent may be issued to Mr. Marshall upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled, and that the purchase price has been paid.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2889]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made to the Department of the Interior by the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, of Cache Creek, British Columbia, to purchase under irrigation conditions 307·9 acres of land, consisting of fractional parcels surrounding the Company's main holdings near Cache creek, in the Railway Belt of British Columbia, all of which they propose to bring under an irrigation system.

The Minister states that the lands applied for have been inspected by officers of the Department of the Interior, who have reported that they are useless for cultivation without irrigation and that the irrigation of same is feasible providing water can be secured for the purpose. The lands are vacant and available.

The Minister, therefore, recommends that the lands enumerated in the attached schedule be sold to the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, on the following conditions :—

(*a*) The land sold to be brought under cultivation by irrigation ;

(*b*) The purchase price to be at the rate of five dollars ($5.00) per acre, subject to a deduction of the cost of the irrigation works up to an amount not exceeding Two dollars ($2,00) per acre and the amount so credited shall be deemed to be a payment in cash made on the date of sale. The said purchase price to be paid as follows: One dollar ($1.00) per acre within one year from date of the authorization of the sale by the Governor in Council, the balance within three years from the date of such authorization or upon fulfilment before the expiration of the said three years of all other conditions of the sale, with interest at 5 per cent per annum.

(*c*) The necessary water rights to be secured from the Provincial Government of British Columbia. No work to be done on the land until preliminary water rights are secured from the province.

(*d*) The work to be commenced within one year from the date of the authorization by Order in Council of the sale of and to be completed to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior within three years from such date, unless other dates are fixed by the Provincial authorities in connection with the water rights, in which case the Provincial dates may be accepted if approved by the Minister of the Interior.

(*e*) Examination to be made by engineers of the Department of the Interior on completion of the work.

(*f*) Patent to issue, when the conditions completed, for those parcels the irrigable portion of which have been brought under cultivation by irrigation.

(*g*) The sale to be cancellable for non-payment of the purchase price or for failure to comply with any of the conditions of sale.

(*h*) Prior to patent no transfer or assignment of the lands, or any rights therein, to be made without the consent of the Minister of the Interior.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendations and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE of Lands to be sold to the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, under irrigation conditions.

Township 21, Range 24, west 6th Meridian.

Fr.	L.S.	10, 11, 12, 13, 14	in section	14—59·7 ac.
"		9, 13, 14, 15, 16	"	15—96·6 "
"		1	"	21— ·3 "
"		1, 2, 3, 4	"	22—75·4 "
"		3 and 4	"	23—75·9 "
		Total area.....		307·9 ac.

23-4

[2876]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 13th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. Robert John Wilson obtained pre-emption entry for the North West quarter of Section 9, Township 4, Range 30, West of the 2nd Meridian, on the 2nd August, 1910.

It is represented that Mr. Wilson met with an accident on 31st July, 1914, which resulted in both hands being broken at the wrist, rendering him a cripple for life.

That a medical certificate furnished by Dr. C. S. Knox of Superior, Wisconsin, U.S.A., dated 21st October, 1916, sets out that Mr. Wilson had a collective fracture of both arms and that the resulting union, especially in the right, is such that he could do but very little heavy work of any kind, and that he is not in a condition to carry on farming operations.

Mr. Wilson obtained patent for his homestead on the 18th November, 1914, having completed the ordinary duties, but from the evidence on file he does not appear to have performed any residence duties since. He claims to have had twenty-five acres in crop in 1915.

The Minister recommends, in view of the foregoing, that, under the provisions of sub-section 2 of Section 20 of the Dominion Lands Act, 1908, further residence on the part of the entrant be dispensed with, so that patent may be issued to Mr. Wilson upon proof being furnished, in the usual way, that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled as to duties and payment.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2890]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 17th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. J. C. Shields, of Kamloops, British Columbia, has applied to the Department of the Interior to purchase under irrigation conditions the lands enumerated in the accompanying schedule, containing approximately an area of 1354·24 acres.

The Minister states that inspections as to the quality of the lands, the engineering features and the feasibility of the project have been made by officers of the Department of the Interior, who have reported that the lands are useless for agriculture without irrigation, that they can be made productive with the aid of water by artificial means and that from an engineering standpoint the project is practicable. The lands are vacant and available for the purpose.

The Minister therefore recommends that the lands enumerated in the accompanying schedule be sold to the applicant on the following terms and conditions :

(*a*) The lands sold to be brought under cultivation by irrigation.

(*b*) The purchase price to be at the rate of five dollars ($5.00) per acre, subject to a deduction of the cost of the irrigation works up to an amount no exceeding two dollars per acre ($2.00), and the amount so credited shall be deemed to be a payment in cash made on the date of sale. The said purchase price to be paid as follows: One dollar ($1.00) per acre within one year from date of the authorization of the sale by the Governor in Council, the balance within three years from the date of such authorization or upon fulfilment before the expiration of the said three years of all other conditions of the sale, with interest at 5% per annum.

(*c*) The necessary water rights to be secured from the Provincial Government of British Columbia ; no work to be done on the land until preliminary water rights are secured from the Province.

(*d*) The work to be commenced within one year from the date of the authorization by Order in Council of the sale and to be completed to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior within three years from such date, unless other dates are fixed by the provincial authorities in connection with the water rights, in which case the provincial dates may be accepted if approved by the Minister of the Interior,

(*e*) Examination to be made by engineers of the Department of the Interior on completion of the work.

(*f*) Patent to issue, when conditions completed, for those parcels, the irrigable portions of which have been brought under cultivation by irrigation

(*g*) The sale to be cancelled for non-payment of the purchase price or for failure to comply with any of the terms or conditions of sale.

(*h*) Prior to patent no transfer or assignment of the lands, or any rights therein, to be made without the consent of the Minister of the Interior.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE of Lands to be sold to J. C. Shields, of Kamloops, B.C., under Irrigation Conditions.

Township 20, Range 20, west 6th meridian :—			
Fr. north half of	section	26—145·50	acres.
North ½ of	"	27—320	"
North ½ of northeast ¼	"	28— 80	"
Southeast ¼	"	33—160	"
Fr. northeast ¼	"	33—119·10	"
East ½ of west ½	"	33—160	"
Fr. south ½ and northeast ¼	"	34—160	"
Township 21, Range 20, west 6th meridian :—			
Northwest ¼ an L.S. 15 of	section	5—200	acres.
L.S. 16	"	6— 40	"
		1,384·60	"
Less area of C.P.R. right of way		30·36	"
Total approximate area		1,354·24	"

23–4

[2887]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1915.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by chapter 47 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, "An Act to protect the Customs and Fisheries," it is provided that the Governor in Council may from time to time authorize the issue of licenses to United States fishing vessels, enabling them to enter any port on the Atlantic coast of Canada, during the period mentioned in such licenses, for the purposes of purchasing bait, ice, seines, lines and all other supplies and outfits, the trans-shipment of catch and the shipping of crews ;

And whereas authority for the issuing of such licensss has been obtained from year to year since 1888, and the Minister of the Naval Service is of opinion that it is advisble to continue these privileges for 1917, to vessels having no propelling power other than sails as during the past number of years ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the issue to United States fishing vessels eligible therefor, during the calendar year 1917, of licenses in the form hereto appended for the purposes provided for by the said Act, that is to say :—

(a) The purchase of bait, seines, ice lines and all other supplies and outfits ;

(b) The trans-shipment of catch and the shipping of crews.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-2

[2839]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by Mr. Charles Paquette, of Hudson's Hope, in the Province of British Columbia, for a free grant of that portion of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 18, Township 81, Range 25, west of the Sixth Meridian, lying west of Peace River, in the Peace River Block, in the said Province of Britsh Columbia, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian Title.

And whereas evidence has been submitted showing Mr. Paquette to have been in actual occupation of the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8 in the summer of 1899.

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General, is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to authorize a free grant to the applicant of the land in question which may be more particularly described as follows :—

All that portion of the N. W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 18 of the said township which is not included within the limits of Lot 420 and which lies to the west of the left bank of Peace River, as shown upon a map or plan of survey of Sections 18 and 19 in the said township, approved and confirmed at Ottawa on the 7th day of March, A.D., 1916, by Edouard Deville, Surveyor General of Dominion Lands, and of record in the Department of the Interior, and containing by admeasurement thirty one and twenty hundredths acres more or less.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2830]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 14th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a Report, dated 7th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that an application has been made by Mr. Oliver Ghostkeeper, of Grouard, of the Province of Alberta, for a free grant of Lot numbered 108 of the Big Prairie Settlement, of the said Province of Alberta, containing by admeasurement 68·5 acres more or less, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian Title.

The Minister, therefore, recommends,—as evidence has been submitted showing Mr. Ghostkeeper to have been in residence on the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8 in the summer of 1899, —that under the provisions of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, a free grant be authorized to Mr. Ghostkeeper of said Lot numbered 108 of Big Prairie Settlement, of the Province of Alberta.

The Committee concur in the foregoing and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2845]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 9th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, reporting that on the 3rd July, 1914, Alfred H. Breach made homestead and pre-emption entries for the south-east quarter of Section 27, and the north-east quarter of Section 22, respectively, in Township 22, Range 7, west of the 4th Meridian.

It would appear from the evidence furnished that Mr. Breach may have put in one term of residence duties.

The Minister submits the annexed copy of a Certificate from Arthur L. Lynch, M.D., stating that Mr. Breach will never be able to do further homestead duties.

Under the circumstances, the Minister recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in this case, under the authority of subsection 2 of Section 20 of the Act, so that patents may be issued to Mr. Breach for the two quarter-sections above described, upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law as to duties and payment have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2718]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 2nd day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council of 24th of October, 1912, the right was granted the Ashcroft Water Electric and Improvement Company, Limited, of Ashcroft, British Columbia, to purchase under irrigation conditions the lands enumerated in the schedule thereto, and

Whereas, among other conditions, it was stipulated that the company should obtain from the British Columbia authorities the necessary water rights for the said lands ; also that the company should construct an adequate and satisfactory irrigation system and irrigate and cultivate fifty per cent of the irrigable portions of the said lands within three years, and that the remaining irrigable portions of the said lands should be irrigated and cultivated within five years, etc., and

Whereas the company have represented that complications have occurred in connection with the securing of the water rights from the provincial authorities and that they have been delayed on that account in commencing the irrigation work ; and

Whereas they further represent that with an extension of the rights conveyed by the said Order in Council they expect to be in a position to secure the necessary water rights ; and

Whereas the Company have made the first payment of the purchase price called for by the said Order in Council,—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

The time for the obtaining of the water rights and for the construction of an adequate and satisfactory irrigation system for the lands enumerated in the schedule to the above-mentioned Order in Council of the 24th of October, 1912, and for the irrigation and cultivation of the irrigable portions of the said lands is hereby extended to three years from the date thereof.

The provisions of the said Order in Council of the 24th October, 1912, shall otherwise remain in full force and effect ; the use, diversion and storing of water, the construction and maintenance of all irrigation works, dams, intakes, flumes, ditches, &c., to be in accordance with the provisions of the British Columbia Water Act, 1914 and amendments thereto.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2663]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 31st day of October, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 24th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that application has been received from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for a parcel of land comprising the surface rights over the tunnels and the land required for a change in the right of way between Hector and Field, in Township 28, Ranges 17 and 18, west of the 5th Meridian, in the Yoho Park, as shown on the plan of the grade revision and extra land required between Hector and Field, British Colombia, Mile 125·7 to Mile 133·7, approved and confirmed by E. Deville, surveyor general, and on record in the Department of the Interior as right of way of plan No. 19704.

The Minister states that the company have surrendered to the Crown the title to the original right of way.

The Minister therefore recommends that under the authority of section 16 of The Forest Reserves and Parks Act, he be authorized to issue patent to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the land required as above described; this patent to be subject to the following conditions:—

That it shall be subject to all Dominion Parks Regulations now in force or which may be made from time to time in that behalf by the Governor in Council.

That such land, subject to the use for which it is granted, shall still be part of the reserve within which it is situate; and if any such land ceases to be used for the purpose for which it was so granted it shall forthwith revert to the Crown.

That the Department reserves the right to enter on the surface land above the tunnels or on any of the extra land along the right of way over and above the usual allowance of 100 feet for right of way, being 50 feet on each side of the centre line of the railway tracks for the purpose of constructing roads, paths, etc., or for any park or public purpose whatsoever, and also to reserve the right to permit the public to resort thereto, providing that the use of this land does not unduly interfere with the operation of the company's railway lines or tunnels.

That the company shall not be held responsible for any claims from any persons by reason of damages resulting from any accident occurring on the property, any surface rights in connection with which have been reserved by the Department, providing it can be clearly shown that such accident is not the result of any negligence on the part of the company or its employees.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2762]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 8th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 27th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Addison K. Walker was granted homestead entry for the northwest quarter of Section 36, Township 20, west of the 4th Meridian, on the 29th December, 1902

It has been ascertained that Mr. Walker has performed one term of six months residence upon the land and that he has brought seventy acres under cultivation and has also fenced the said seventy acres;

Owing to lack of shelter for his stock, of which he owned a large number, Mr. Walker was compelled to move from his homestead to another parcel of land in the vicinity, which he held under grazing lease;

On this latter place Mr. Walker lived continuously from November, 1903, to April, 1913. He also made substantial improvements upon this latter parcel,—

The Minister therefore recommends—in view of the residence performed and the area cultivated, and taking into consideration the fact that Mr. Walker is a substantial settler—that, in accordance with the provisions of section 76 of the Act, the land be sold to the entrant at the rate of $1.00 per acre, in lieu of further residence duties, this privilege to exhaust Mr. Walker's homestead right.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Clerk of the Priv Counc

[2645]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 27th day of October, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by Mrs. Bessie Eaton, of Griffin Creek, of the Province of Alberta, for a free grant of lot numbered 7 of Shaftesbury Settlement, in the said Province of Alberta, comprising an area of 82·6 acres;

And whereas evidence has been filed in the Department of the Interior showing Mrs. Eaton to have acquired the said lot through the assignees of the reverend Henry Robinson, who was in undisturbed occupation thereof at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8, in the summer of 1899, and was, therefore, entitled to a free grant of the same;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration, and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to authorize a free grant of lot numbered 7 of Shaftesbury Settlement, in the said Province of Alberta, comprising an area of 82·6 acres to Mrs. Eaton.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Clerk of the Privy Council

[2851]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

The rules and regulations for the government of the Port of Halifax, N.S., established by Order in Council of 23rd October, 1906, are amended by adding thereto the following Rule IV "A", which is hereby made and enacted:—

Rule IV "A".

When any of His Majesty's ships, whether British or Canadian, or other vessels in charge of His Majesty's officers, about to pass in or out of the harbour, hoists the Union Jack at the foremast head, all other of His Majesty's ships, whether British or Canadian, present in the port shall hoist the Pilot Jack as a general warning, and the Pilot Jack will also be hoisted on the flag-staff at the dockyard for the same purpose; and all other vessels, craft and boats of every description under way in the harbour, shall keep out of the way of the said ship flying the Union Jack; provided always that the said ship shall be navigated with due care, and at a moderate speed, and that she shall, so far as practicable, be kept on the side of the fair way, which lies on her starboard side.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE following Standard Freight Tariff, C.R.C. No 1244, having been approved by the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada under Order No. 25565, the same is hereby published as required by the provisions of the Railway Act :

REDUCTION REISSUE. G. N. C. R. C. No. 1244. (Cor.) Cancels C. R. C. Nos. 1061 and 1062.

G. N. Ry. G. F. O. No. 798-A. (Cor.)
Cancels G. N. Ry. G. F. O. Nos. 25120 and 25122.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.
VANCOUVER, VICTORIA & EASTERN RY. AND NAV. CO.
RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY CO.
KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY.

STANDARD Freight Tariff—Applying locally in British Columbia. Applying between stations on Nelson & Fort Sheppard Ry. Also between stations on Red Mountain Ry. Also between stations on Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Nav. Co. Also jointly between stations on the above-named lines via the Kettle Valley Ry. and between stations on the Kettle Valley on the one hand and stations on lines named above on the other hand.

Where rates are not shown for exact distance, use rates for next greater distance.

Issued September 15, 1916.
Effective September 20, 1916.

Issued by
H. H. BROWN,
General Freight Agent,
Great Northern Ry. Lines,
St. Paul, Minn.
G. H. SMITTON,
Assistant Traffic Manager,
Great Northern Ry. Lines,
St. Paul, Minn.

Distance Miles.	CLASS RATES IN CENTS PER 100 LBS. Subject to Current "Canadian Freight Classification."									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5	12	10	8	6	5	5	5	5	5	4
10	15	13	10	8	7	6	6	7	6	5
15	20	17	14	10	9	8	8	9	8	6
20	23	20	15	12	11	9	8	9	9	6
25	26	22	18	14	13	11	9	10	10	7
30	28	24	19	14	14	11	9	11	10	7
35	31	26	21	16	14	13	11	11	11	8
40	33	28	22	17	15	14	11	12	12	9
45	36	30	24	18	16	15	11	12	13	9
50	38	32	26	20	18	16	12	13	14	10
55	42	35	28	21	20	17	13	14	15	11
60	44	38	30	22	20	17	13	14	16	11
65	47	39	31	24	21	18	14	15	17	12
70	48	41	32	25	22	18	14	15	18	12
75	50	42	33	25	23	19	14	16	19	13
80	52	44	35	26	23	19	14	16	19	13
85	54	45	36	26	24	20	15	17	20	13
90	56	47	37	28	26	20	16	17	20	14
95	58	48	38	29	26	21	16	18	21	14
100	60	50	40	30	26	21	16	18	21	14
110	63	53	42	31	28	23	18	19	23	14
120	65	54	43	32	29	24	18	20	24	15
130	68	57	46	34	31	26	19	20	26	15
140	71	59	47	35	31	26	20	21	26	16
150	75	63	50	37	33	28	20	22	28	17
160	77	64	51	38	34	28	21	22	28	17
170	80	66	54	40	36	30	22	23	30	18
180	82	68	54	41	37	31	23	23	31	18
190	85	71	56	43	38	32	24	24	32	19
200	87	72	58	43	39	33	24	25	33	20
210	91	76	60	46	41	34	25	26	34	20
220	93	77	62	47	42	35	26	26	35	21
230	96	80	64	48	43	37	26	27	37	21
240	98	82	65	49	44	37	27	27	37	22
250	101	84	68	51	46	38	27	28	38	23
260	103	86	69	52	47	39	28	28	39	23
270	106	88	71	54	48	41	29	29	41	24
280	108	90	72	54	49	41	29	30	41	24
290	111	93	74	56	51	43	31	31	43	25
300	113	94	76	57	51	43	31	31	43	25
310	116	97	77	59	53	45	31	31	45	26
320	118	99	79	60	54	45	31	31	45	26
330	122	101	81	61	55	47	32	32	47	27
340	126	105	84	63	57	48	33	33	48	28
350	128	107	85	64	57	48	34	33	49	29
360	130	109	87	65	58	50	35	34	50	29
370	134	112	89	67	60	51	36	35	51	30
380	136	113	90	68	60	51	36	35	52	30
390	138	115	92	69	62	53	37	36	53	31
400	140	117	93	70	62	53	37	37	53	31
410	142	119	94	71	63	54	37	37	54	32
420	144	121	96	72	65	56	38	37	55	32
430	146	122	98	73	65	56	39	37	56	33
440	148	124	98	74	67	58	40	38	58	34
450	150	125	99	75	67	58	40	38	58	34
460	153	128	102	77	69	60	41	39	60	35
470	156	130	103	78	71	61	42	40	61	36
480	158	132	105	79	71	61	43	41	62	36
490	161	134	107	80	72	62	43	41	62	37

23–2

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE following Standard Freight Tariff, C.R.C. No. 1251, having been approved by the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada under Order No. 25564, the same is hereby published as required by the provisions of The Railway Act :—

REDUCTION RE-ISSUE G.N.C.R.C. No. 1251. Cancels C.R.C. Nos. 1063 and 1244. (Cor.)

G.N. Ry. G.F.O. No. 798-B.
Cancels G.N. Ry. G.F.O. Nos. 798–A (Cor.) and 25123.

NEW WESTMINSTER SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.
VANCOUVER, VICTORIA & EASTERN RY.
AND NAV. CO.
RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY CO.
KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY.

STANDARD Freight Tariff applying locally in British Columbia, applying between stations on Nelson & Fort Sheppard Ry. Also between stations on Red Mountain Ry. Also between stations on New Westminster Southern Railway. Also between stations on Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern Railway and Nav. Co. Also jointly between stations on the above named lines via the Kettle Valley Ry. and between stations on the Kettle Valley on the one hand and stations on lines named above on the other hand.

Where rates are not shown for exact distance, use rates for next greater distance.

Issued October 5, 1916.
Effective October 12, 1916.

Issued by
H. H. BROWN,
General Freight Agent,
St. Paul. Minn.
G. H. SMITTON,
Assistant Traffic Manager,
St. Paul, Minn.

Distance in Miles.	CLASS RATES IN CENTS PER 100 LBS. Subject to Current "Canadian Freight Classification."									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5	12	10	8	6	5	5	5	5	5	4
10	15	13	10	8	7	6	6	7	6	5
15	20	17	14	10	9	8	8	9	8	6
20	23	20	15	12	11	9	8	9	9	6
25	26	22	18	14	13	11	9	10	10	7
30	28	24	19	14	14	11	9	11	10	7

Distance in Miles.	Class Rates in cents per 100 lbs. Subject to Current "Canadian Freight Classification."									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
35	31	26	21	16	14	13	11	11	11	8
40	33	28	22	17	15	14	11	12	12	9
45	36	30	24	18	16	15	11	12	13	9
50	38	32	26	20	18	16	12	13	14	10
55	42	35	28	21	20	17	13	14	15	11
60	44	38	30	22	20	17	13	14	16	11
65	47	39	31	24	21	18	14	15	17	12
70	48	41	32	25	22	18	14	15	18	12
75	50	42	33	25	23	19	14	16	19	13
80	52	44	35	26	23	19	14	16	19	13
85	54	45	36	26	24	20	15	17	20	13
90	56	47	37	28	26	20	16	17	20	14
95	58	48	38	29	26	21	16	18	21	14
100	60	50	40	30	26	21	16	18	21	14
110	63	53	42	31	28	23	18	19	23	14
120	65	54	43	32	29	24	18	20	24	15
130	68	57	46	34	31	26	19	20	26	15
140	71	59	47	35	31	26	20	21	26	16
150	75	63	50	37	33	28	20	22	28	17
160	77	64	51	38	34	28	21	22	28	17
170	80	66	54	40	36	30	22	23	30	18
180	82	68	54	41	37	31	23	23	31	18
190	85	71	56	43	38	32	24	24	32	19
200	87	72	58	43	39	33	24	25	33	20
210	91	76	60	46	41	34	25	26	34	20
220	93	77	62	47	42	35	26	26	35	21
230	96	80	64	48	43	37	26	27	37	21
240	98	82	65	49	44	37	27	27	37	22
250	101	84	68	51	46	38	27	28	38	23
260	103	86	69	52	47	39	28	28	39	23
270	106	88	71	54	48	41	29	29	41	24
280	108	90	72	54	49	41	29	30	41	24
290	111	93	74	56	51	43	31	31	43	25
300	113	94	76	57	51	43	31	31	43	25
310	116	97	77	59	53	45	31	31	45	26
320	118	99	79	60	54	45	31	31	45	26
330	122	101	81	61	55	47	32	32	47	27
340	126	105	84	63	57	48	33	33	48	28
350	128	107	85	64	57	48	34	33	49	29
360	130	109	87	65	58	50	35	34	50	29
370	134	112	89	67	60	51	36	35	51	30
380	136	113	90	68	60	51	36	35	52	30
390	138	115	92	69	62	53	37	36	53	31
400	140	117	93	70	62	53	37	37	53	31
410	142	119	94	71	63	54	37	37	54	32
420	144	121	96	72	65	56	38	37	55	32
430	146	122	98	73	65	56	39	37	56	33
440	148	124	98	74	67	58	40	38	58	34
450	150	125	99	75	67	58	40	38	58	34
460	153	128	102	77	69	60	41	39	60	35
470	156	130	103	78	71	61	42	40	61	36
480	158	132	105	79	71	61	43	41	62	36
490	161	134	107	80	72	62	43	41	62	37

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

1916

Headquarters,
Ottawa, 19th October, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions retirements and confirmations of rank are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council.

G. O. 98.

Districts.

Military District No. 11.—23rd Infantry Brigade.—The period of tenure of appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Colonel) J. Duff Stewart as Brigade Commander is extended to the 29th September, 1917.

Permanent Force.

Canadian Permanent Army Service Corps.—Mechanical Transport Section.—Captain T. R. Thomas is permitted to resign his commission. 19th October, 1916.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

Cavalry.

The Governor General's Body Guard.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) P. A. McFarlane is permitted to resign his commission. 5th October, 1916.

11th Hussars.—To be Captain: Lieutenant E. Drinkwater, *vice* Captain E. Gill, seconded. 4th October, 1916.

15th Light Horse.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) T. S. Fisher is transferred to the 25th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery. 27th September, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Gibson, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.

17th Duke of York's Royal Canadian Hussars (Argenteuil Rangers).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Samuel Lester Willman gentleman. 20th September, 1916.

25th Brant Dragoons.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Edward Frederick Roberts, gentleman. 2nd October, 1916.

26th Stanstead Dragoons.—Provisional Lieutenant W. H. McKenna is permitted to retire. 9th October, 1916.

30th Regiment (British Columbia Horse).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frank Bertram Fraser Nicholson, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.

Artillery.

Canadian Field Artiliery.

2nd Brigade—9th Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert Elliott Maxwell, gentleman. 30th September, 1916.

8th Brigade—2nd (Ottawa) Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Martin James Kilt, gentleman. 25th August, 1916.

Norman Bruce Forbes, gentleman. 9th October, 1916.

9th Brigade—5th (Kingston) Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Georges Leon Carrier, gentleman. 3rd October, 1916.

11th Brigade—28th Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Roderick Livingstone, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.

14th Brigade—38th Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Lieutenant (supernumerary) L. L. Lawler, from the 100th Winnipeg Grenadiers. 5th October, 1916.

25th Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) T. S. Fisher, from the 15th Light Horse. 27th September, 1916.

Heavy Artillery.

Prince Edward Island Heavy Brigade.—4th Heavy Battery and Ammunition Column.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Ralph Emerson Fielding, gentleman. 30th September, 1916.

Canadian Engineers.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):

Philip William Kenneth Robertson, gentleman. 8th September, 1916.

Walter Darley Staveley,

Clifford Dodd Hadley, gentlemen. 3rd October, 1916.

Marcus Charles Herbert Little, gentleman. 11th October, 1916.

10TH FORTRESS COMPANY.—To be provisional Captain: Provisional Lieutenant E. F. Mitchell (to remain seconded). 25th August, 1916.

CANADIAN OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS.

McGILL UNIVERSITY CONTINGENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. M. McNabb is transferred to the 42nd Lanark and Renfrew Regiment. 30th August, 1916.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO CONTINGENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sergeant John Cameron Wilson Broom. 26th September, 1916.

KING'S COLLEGE CONTINGENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Cyril Francis Wetmore, gentleman. 2nd October, 1916.

INFANTRY.

5TH REGIMENT (ROYAL HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) (temporary Captain) H. Murray is seconded. 7th May, 1916.

8TH REGIMENT (ROYAL RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frank Edwin Findlay, gentleman. 9th October, 1916.

12TH REGIMENT (YORK RANGERS).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) D. P. Wagner is seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 21st August, 1916.

14TH REGIMENT (THE PRINCESS OF WALES' OWN RIFLES).—To be Captains: Lieutenants J. W. Stagg (to remain seconded). 20th May, 1916.

W. K. Macnee (to remain seconded). 21st September, 1916.

15TH REGIMENT (ARGYLL LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Erle Stuart Denyes, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

16TH PRINCE EDWARD REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles William Cooper, gentleman. 30th September, 1916.

32ND BRUCE REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenants (supernumerary): Archie Murray McPhatter.

Percy T. Seibert, gentlemen. 1st October, 1916.

35TH REGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Joseph Seymour Ditchburn, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

36TH PEEL REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) R. R. Riggs is seconded for service with the Royal Flying Corps. 25th September, 1916.

41ST REGIMENT (BROCKVILLE RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Balmer MacLean, gentleman. 14th October, 1916.

42ND LANARK AND RENFREW REGIMENT.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) W. H. McGuirl is transferred to the Canadian Army Dental Corps. 1st September, 1916.

To be Leiutenant (supernumerary): Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. M. McNabb, from the McGill University Contingent, Canadian Officers Training Corps. 30th August, 1916.

45TH VICTORIA REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert Lee Pettigrew, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

46TH DURHAM REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert George Johnston gentleman. 24th August, 1916.

50TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Arthur Stanley Burgess, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

51ST REGIMENT (SOO RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Alvin Light Fisher, gentleman. 4th October, 1916.

53RD SHERBROOKE REGIMENT.—Provisional Lieutenant J. B. Woodyatt is permitted to retire. 16th October, 1916.

59TH STORMONT AND GLENGARRY REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary) Wilson Talmage Johnston, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

60TH RIFLES OF CANADA.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Alexander Harold Reed, gentleman. 30th September, 1916.

63RD REGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Albert Augustus Allenback, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

Ralph Joseph Harris, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

67TH REGIMENT (CARLETON LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Ernest Baines, gentleman. 2nd October, 1916.

70TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Joseph Albert Alexis Groulx, gentleman. 25th September 1916.

72ND REGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): James Brodie Lauder Macdonald, gentleman. 18th June, 1916.

82ND (ABEGWEIT LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Frederick White, gentleman. 10th October, 1916.

88TH REGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Edwin Macdougall, gentleman. 11th September, 1916.

89TH TEMISCOUATA AND RIMOUSKI REGIMENT.—Provisional Lieutenant L. Monsarrat is permitted to retire. 4th January, 1915.

90TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Henry Gold Ware, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

Carl Marie Ekman, gentleman. 14th September, 1916.

92ND DORCHESTER REGIMENT.—Lieutenant-Colonel E. S. Bois and Lieutenant J. Cote are retired. 5th August, 1915.

94TH VICTORIA REGIMENT (ARGYLL HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Colour-Sergeant Bert Campbell. 1st October, 1916.

95TH SASKATCHEWAN RIFLES.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Percy Rex Beare, gentleman. 5th October, 1916.

100TH WINNIPEG GRENADIERS.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) L. L. Lawler is transferred to the 38th Battery, 14th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. 5th October, 1916.

101ST REGIMENT (EDMONTON FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Samuel Richard Hosford, gentleman. 4th October, 1916.

102ND REGIMENT (ROCKY MOUNTAIN RANGERS).—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frank Charles Clark, gentleman. 19th September, 1916.

106TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) : Eli Joel Rochen, gentleman. 28th September, 1916.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

To be Major: Captain W. H. Macdonald. 13th October, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Thomas Archibald Goodchild, gentleman. 20th July, 1915.

*Benjamin Rudolph Almquest, gentleman. 17th April, 1916.
*Arthur Noble Aitken, gentleman. 7th August, 1916.
Thomas Roy Brownridge, gentleman. 26th August, 1916.
John Archie Ferguson, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.
Edwin Charles Harris, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.
*John Henry Fisher, gentleman. 3rd October, 1916.

*Subject to qualification under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. A. Lyons is seconded for service with the Royal Army Medical Corps. 22nd August, 1916.

Nursing Sister W. Read is permitted to retire. 4th October, 1916.
To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary):
Helen Rowland Michie. 30th August, 1916.
Emma Hortense Humble,
Vera Louise Banjamin,
Dorothy Frier,
Ella Sinclair. 9th September, 1916.
Margaret Ogilvie. 29th September, 1916.
Mary Olevia Wilson. 10th October, 1916.

Canadian Army Dental Corps.

To be Captains: Dental Surgeon (supernumerary) and Honorary Lieutenant F. W. How. 11th February, 1916.
Lieutenants (supernumerary)
W. R. Eaman,
W. H. McLaren,
E. L. Thompson,
R. H. Till,
W. S. Holmes,
H. C. Jeffrey,
N. S. Bailey,
G. A. Munroe,
F. Knight,
E. J. Lehman,
H. B. Findley,
P. J. Healy,
G. P. Payzant,
C. E. Gilfillan,
G. A. Wilcox,
H. J. Henderson,
C. M. Joyce,
T. G. Hollingshead,
A. J. Thomas,
W. S. McLaren,
F. H. Quinn,
F. C. H. Briggs. 1st April, 1916.
H. S. Allen,
T. E. E. Robins,
J. G. O'Neill,
J. W. Wiltze,
W. J. Rutherford,
H. E. Mann,
S. P. H. Marlatt,
J. M. Deans,
R. M. Peacock,
W. H. Reid,
K. Daman,
F. A. Godsoe,
D. A. P. McKay,
J. A. Ross,
E. F. McGregor,
E. H. Campbell,
C. C. Maclachlan,
F. Hinds,
B. E. Brownlee,
W. H. Steeves,
L. V. Janes,
S. S. Harvie,
F. E. Burden,
A. E. Jamieson,
D. K. McIntosh,
H. A. Hoskin,
A. W. Myles,
W. Mason,
F. G. Moore,
F. C. Bonnell,
W. G. Switzer,
E. R. Zimmerman,
B. R. Gardiner,
W. J. M. Dolson,
A. E. Wark,
C. E. Wright,
A. A. Holliss,
W. R. Morrison,
H. V. Schwalm,
J. M. McIntyre,
R. B. Cunningham,
R. R. Walker,
J. J. Teetzel,
H. A. Stewart,
H. A. McCrea,
T. H. Renton,
W. R. Wilkes,
M. A. McLaren,
A. V. Sinclair,
F. W. Tweddle,
R. W. Alward,
H. G. Hoare,
R. W. Conn. 31st July, 1916.
Harry Scott Thomson, Esquire. 15th September, 1916.
Sergeant Clarence Walker MacIntyre. 1st October, 1916.
Dental Surgeon and Honorary Captain A. A. Lantier is retired under the provisions of paragraph 231, K.R. and O., C.M. 1910. 27th September, 1916.
To be Lieutenants (supernumerary): Archibald Roy Graham, gentleman. 15th June, 1916.
Sergeant John Chatteris Livett. 29th July, 1916.
Benjamin Rommel, gentleman. 4th August, 1916.
Frank Ellsworth Smith, gentleman. 15th August, 1916.
Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) W. H. McGuirl, from the 42nd Lanark and Renfrew Regiment;
Sergeants James Henry Reid, Emerson George Berry, Gerald Roy McMillan, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.
Sergeant Thomas Donald Campbell. 13th September, 1916.
Clarence Frederick Hewitt,
Reuben Henry Lipsey, gentlemen. 17th October, 1916.
To be Quartermaster with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant: Sergeant William John Smith. 25th August, 1916.

Corps of School Cadet Instructors.

To be Captain: Lieutenant W. W. A. Trench. 5th September, 1916.
To be Lieutenant: James Irvine Gordon, gentleman. 14th October, 1916.

Memoranda.

To be Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel of the 227th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.:—
The Honourable William Howard Hearst, K.C. 11th October, 1916.
Major C. V. Massey, Canadian Officers Training Corps, (Toronto University Contingent), is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel whilst performing the duties of Senior Musketry Officer, Military District No. 2. 11th October, 1916.

The undermentioned to be graded for pay and allowances as Administrative Staff Officers, 2nd Grade:—
Captain and brevet Major J. I. Carling, 7th Regiment (Fusiliers), whilst performing the duties of Deputy Assistant Adjutant General at Militia Headquarters.
Captain and brevet Major H. M. Daly, Permanent Staff, whilst performing the duties of Assistant Judge Advocate General at Militia Headquarters.
Lieutenant and brevet Major S. T. Blackwood, 10th Regiment (Royal Grenadiers), whilst performing the duties of Deputy Assistant Adjutant General at Militia Headquarters. 14th July, 1916.
To be Major C.M.:—
John Eric Alkin, Esquire. 19th October, 1916.
Captain J. Jones Bell, R.L. (late 41st Regiment, Brockville Rifles), is granted the honorary rank of Major in the Canadian Militia. 17th October, 1916.

To be Chaplain with the honorary rank of Captain: The Reverend William John Hamilton. 1st September, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant J. L. Cavanagh, 10th Fortress Company, Canadian Engineers, is granted the temporary rank of Captain, whilst performing the duties of Officer Commanding Company. 25th August, 1916.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. Greenwood, No. 11 Company, Canadian Army Service Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Captain, whilst performing the duties of Officer Commanding Company. 10th October, 1916.

Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. C. Smith, Canadian Army Veterinary Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Captain, whilst performing the duties of Principal Veterinary Officer, Military District No. 13. 11th October, 1916.

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia, whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force:—

To be Lieutenants:

Gerald Ainsley Holland, gentleman. 24th October, 1915.

Squadron Sergeant Major George Leonard Bull, The Royal Canadian Dragoons. 31st December 1915.

Carl English Hill, gentleman. 3rd June, 1916.

Rudolph Edmund Atherden Diespecker,

Alexander Boyd, gentlemen. 3rd August, 1916.

Ernest Edwin Davis, gentleman. 9th August, 1916.

William Stewart Bruton Duff, gentleman. 15th August, 1916.

James Sutherland Gordon Waters, gentleman. 16th August, 1916.

Edgar Ainslie Leach, Percival Hales Watson, gentlemen. 19th August, 1916.

Charles James Garrett,

Francis Waugh Gordon Barber Starkey,

Ralph Osmund Hawtrey,

Arthur Sattin,

Cecil Wiggins Hicks,

Sydney Goode Norman,

Edward Ramsay Milne,

Roy Srivenor Harrison,

Clarence Russell Dale, gentlemen. 21st August, 1916.

Robert Adam Fraser, gentleman. 27th August, 1916.

Angus McGill Mowat, gentleman. 30th August, 1916.

William John Reilley, gentleman. 31st August, 1916.

George Stanley Godwin, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.

William Ralph West,

George Sidney Sedgwick Playfair, gentlemen 8th September, 1916

Henry Grattan Nolan, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

Charles Spurgeon McKenzie,

Walter Atkyns Ervine Grim, gentlemen. 14th September, 1916.

William John Weldon, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

John Denver Purchase, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

To be Honorary Lieutenants:

James Stuart Grant, gentleman. 15th July, 1916.

Joseph Michael Clark, gentleman. 11th August, 1916.

Oliver Moon, gentleman. 23rd August, 1916.

Fred Charles Noice, gentleman. 25th August, 1916.

Joseph Charles Perry, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.

Charles Leopold Ernest Louth, gentleman. 8th September, 1916.

William Nelson Smillie, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their resepctive names:—

Captain W. Y. Hunter, C.O.T.C. (Sask.), 15th December, 1915.

Lieutenant J. MacCourt, 21st Hussars, 27th February, 1915.

Lieutenant A. Wilson, 29th Horse, 18th February, 1916.

Lieutenant A. V. Vickery, 30th Horse, 7th June, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. L. S. Barker, 16th Horse, 29th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary L. W. J. Digby, 16th Horse, 30th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary B. Protich, 16th Horse, 30th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary P. H. L. Seeley, 30th Horse, 4th August, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. B. L. Lefroy, 30th Horse, 25th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. S. Bate, 30th Horse, 2nd December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary S. Foulds, 30th Horse, 14th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary Y. Thorne, 30th Horse, 17th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. E. Berry, 30th Horse, 25th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. A. Payne, 31st Horse, 1st May, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. J. Newman, 31st Horse, 31st December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. Campbell, 31st Horse, 6th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. J. E. Howard, 31st Horse, 6th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. T. O. Rush, 31st Horse, 6th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary S. R. Say, 31st Horse, 6th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary L. J. Bettison, 31st Horse, 6th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. W. Kilby, 31st Horse, 6th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. C. Anderson, 34th Horse, 29th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. W. Sheldon C.O.T.C. (Alta.), 1st August, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. R. Dockrill, 6th Regiment, 23rd December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary B. J. Bates, 21st Regiment, 24th November, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. E. Gillies, 24th Regiment, 15th April, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. J. Neelands, 27th Regiment, 12th January, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. R. Brown, 27th Regiment, 22nd July, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. Grigg, 33rd Regiment, 9th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. L. Donaldson, 34th Regiment, 26th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. D. McNamara, 34th Regiment, 26th June, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. M. Piercy, 34th Regiment, 7th July, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. H. Stewart, 46th Regiment, 8th August, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. R. Smith, 72nd Regiment, 16th September, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. C. Townshend, 77th Regiment, 17th August, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary E. D. McCallum, 95th Regiment, 12th February, 1916.

By Command,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,
OTTAWA, 26th October, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions, retirements and confirmations of rank are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council

G. O. 99.

EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE OF CANADA.—The undermentioned gentlemen Cadets are granted their discharge:—

Stuart MacKay Connolly. 14th September, 1916.
Robert McQueen. 9th October, 1916.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

CAVALRY.

4TH HUSSARS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) D. J. Day, from the 5th (Kingston) Battery, 9th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. 12th September, 1916.

9TH MISSISSAUGA HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Harry Hobday Watts, Frank Ross Allan, gentlemen. 28th September, 1916.

Donald McKenzie McClelland, gentleman. 5th October, 1916.

17TH DUKE OF YORK'S ROYAL CANADIAN HUSSARS (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Arthur William Maxwell, gentleman. 28th September, 1916.

19TH ALBERTA DRAGOONS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Edward Harris Pavey, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

21ST ALBERTA HUSSARS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Alfred Attrill, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.

22ND SASKATCHEWAN LIGHT HORSE.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Edward Michael Reid, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.

ARTILLERY.

Canadian Field Artillery.

2ND BRIGADE—4TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) K. M. McLaren, from the 91st Regiment (Canadian Highlanders). 11th October, 1916.

9TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Lieutenant (supernumerary) R. W. Hart, from the University of Toronto Contingent, Canadian Officers Training Corps. 26th August, 1916.

Roy Courtice, gentleman. 25th September, 1916
Albert Roy Kinnear,
Clive Harcourt Carruthers, gentlemen. 11th October, 1916.
James Douglas Woods, gentleman. 17th October, 1916.

3RD BRIGADE—17TH (SYDNEY) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Walter Patrick Sarsfield Fortune, gentleman. 14th June, 1916.

9TH BRIGADE—5TH (KINGSTON) BATTERY.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) D. J. Day is transferred to the 4th Hussars. 12th September, 1916.

10TH BRIGADE—14TH (MIDLAND) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Glenn Alexander Sullivan, gentleman. 28th September, 1916.

Philip Comfort Starr, gentleman. 12th October, 1916.

George Hamilton Gooderham, gentleman. 13th October, 1916.

12TH BRIGADE—31ST BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Beverly Kerr, gentleman, 5th October, 1916.

14TH BRIGADE—13TH (WINNIPEG) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Thomson Gordon, gentleman. 5th October, 1916.

38TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) O. L. Harwood, from the 99th Manitoba Rangers. 14th September, 1916.

25TH BATTERY.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) M. J. Robison is permitted to retire. 27th September. 1916.

Heavy Artillery.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND HEAVY BRIGADE—3RD HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) M. L. Boswell is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 11th October, 1916.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. C. Langstroth, from Mount Allison University Contingent, Canadian Officers Training Corps. 16th July, 1916.

Arthur Edward Williams, gentleman. 28th August, 1916.

Charles Herbert Macnutt, gentleman. 6th October, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) M. L. Boswell, from the 3rd Heavy Battery and Ammunition Column, Prince Edward Island Heavy Brigade, Canadian Artillery. 11th October, 1916.

Martin Stirling, gentleman. 21st October, 1916.

3RD FIELD TROOP.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert John Lecky, gentleman. 13th October, 1916.

8TH FIELD COMPANY.—To be Major: Captain R. B. McGiffin, *vice* Major H. N. Gzowski, who is transferred to the Regimental List. 23rd June, 1916.

To be Captain: Lieutenant J. S. McMurray, *vice* Captain R. B. McGiffin, promoted. 23rd June, 1916

CORPS OF GUIDES.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frank Guy Armitage, gentleman. 15th August, 1916

CANADIAN OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO CONTINGENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) R. W. Hart is transferred to the 9th Battery, 2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery 26th August, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Roy Hurley Rickard, gentleman. 20th June, 1916.

MOUNT ALLISON UNIVERSITY CONTINGENT.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. C. Langstroth is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 16th July, 1916.

INFANTRY.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S FOOT GUARDS.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) G. J. Downey is permitted to resign his commission. 26th September, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) E. R. Fairey is transferred to the Canadian Army Service Corps. 25th April, 1916.

7TH REGIMENT (FUSILIERS).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. R. Craig is permitted to retire. 30th December, 1915.

12TH REGIMENT (YORK RANGERS):—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) P. A. McEachern is permitted to retire. 18th October, 1916.

21ST REGIMENT (ESSEX FUSILIERS).—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): George Yule Masson, gentleman.
To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Islay Stanley Reid, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.

32ND BRUCE REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sergeant Earl Hilton Johns. 2nd September. 1916.

46TH DURHAM REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Miller, gentleman. 17th June, 1916.

72ND REGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Temporary Lieutenant R. P. Williams, C.M. 29th August, 1916.

77TH WENTWORTH REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) (Captain, C.M.) H. Messett is transferred to the Reserve of Officers. 3rd October, 1916.

82ND (ABEGWEIT LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Christopher McGuigan, gentleman. 27th May, 1916.

87TH QUEBEC REGIMENT.—The name of Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. Hamel is removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia. 17th October, 1916.

91ST REGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) K. M. McLaren, is transferred to the 4th Battery, 2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. 11th October, 1916.

95TH SASKATCHEWAN RIFLES.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Arthur O'Brien, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

99TH MANITOBA RANGERS.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) O. L. Harwood is transferred to the 38th Battery, 14th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. 14th September, 1916.

100TH WINNIPEG GRENADIERS.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Charles Christopher Goater, gentleman. 27th May, 1916.
William Anderson Kinniburgh, gentleman. 28th August, 1916.

103RD REGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William C. Robertson, gentleman. 25th October, 1915.

CANADIAN ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) E. R. Fairey, from the Governor General's Foot Guards. 25th April, 1916.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

To be Captains: Lieutenants (supernumerary)
H. K. Manning. 8th April, 1916.
A. S. Moorhead. 22nd April, 1916.
F. L. Neely. 5th August, 1916.
B. L. Guyatt. 15th September, 1916.
Lieutenant (supernumerary) R. D. Mace is permitted to resign his commission. 30th September, 1916.
To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): George Harrison Wade, gentleman. 16th June, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
William Mason, gentleman. 2nd August, 1916.
Thomas Rousseau, gentleman. 12th August, 1916.
Joseph Wilfred Pressault, gentleman. 25th August, 1916.
Jean Baptiste Péloquin, gentleman. 29th September, 1916.
Clarence Currie Everson, gentleman. 5th October, 1916.
Morton Dykes McEwen, gentleman. 6th October 1916.
Louis Cyriaque Charland, gentleman. 9th October, 1916.
*David Parmenter Byers, gentleman. 10th October, 1916.
Gosford James Preston, gentleman. 12th October, 1916.
Peter Francis McCue, gentleman. 16th October, 1916.
*Reginald Francis Price, gentleman. 17th October, 1916.

*Subject to qualification under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary):
Agnes Eva Donnelly. 9th September, 1916.
Anne Isabelle MacAulay. 22nd September, 1916.
Leila McCleave,
Constance Edith Murray. 26th September, 1916.
Elsie Walsh,
Grace Agnes Matthews. 7th October, 1916.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary) from dates stated, and to be seconded for service with Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service from 12th October, 1916.:—
Amy Mildred Dew. 30th June, 1916.
Rosalind Mabel Long. 29th August, 1916.
Elva Maud Gunn.
Elsie Lee Richardson,
Mary Shaw. 30th August, 1916.
Avis Maud Lilley,
Margaret Mary Morrison,
Blanche Ledwich McCusker,
Tephi Gertrude Best,
Margaret Mellisia Doyle,
Ursula Peyton Scott. 31st August, 1916.
Nellie Storey,
Emily Abalinda Parker,
Rachel Bush,
Ruby Belle Dickie,
Daisy Eleocadie Emily Gray,
Margaret Morrison,
Ainslie St. Clair Dagg. 1st September, 1916.
Jean Sinclair Cowie,
Margaret Frances Taylor. 2nd September, 1916.
Alice Torr,
Emma Mary Turner,
Emma Gertrude Park,
Anna Doverty Robertson,
Martha Barnes. 4th September, 1916.
Jean McRae. 5th September, 1916.
Jean Hill Thorpe,
Ethel Louise Roberts. 7th September, 1916.
Jean McPherson,
Mary Houston,
Isabel Wallace Peebles. 8th September, 1916.
Mary Hay Dryden,
Flora Lawford,
Winnifred Dalton McCutcheon,
Inez Dayton Rawlins,
Olga Victoria Myers. 9th September, 1916.
Sara Glass,
Isabella Scott Fargey. 10th September, 1916.
Jean Alexander McWean,
Hughena Meikle,
Marie Almira Du Fault,
Mabel Stanch,
Olive Ilah Smith,
Laura Margaret Morton,
Margaret Gwendoline Greenard,
Christena Clenton Gordon. 11th September, 1916.
Mima Catherine Morison,
Kathleen Gregory. 12th September, 1916.
Isabella McCormick,
Agnes Olive Armstrong,
Minnie McKay. 13th September, 1916.
Edna Mildred Wilson,
Jennie Roberts,
Ada Annie Jakeman. 20th September, 1916.
Miriam Eastman Baker,
Ada Jane McEwen. 21st September, 1916.
Frances Minnie Matthews. 22nd September, 1916.

Anna Reaney. 25th September, 1916.
Hattie Frazer. 27th September, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY DENTAL CORPS.

To be Captains: Lieutenants (supernumerary) J. A. Beatty, W. J. McEwen; Dental Surgeon (supernumerary) and Honorary Lieutenant B. S. Bailey. 1st April, 1916.

Lieutenants (supernumerary) T. H. Levey, R. J. Yeo, A. Kennedy. 31st July, 1916.

Frederick James Moffatt, Esquire. 1st August, 1916.

Robert Sidney Woollatt, Esquire. 1st September, 1916.

Joseph Elmer Wright, Esquire. 1st October, 1916.

Norton Hillary Rutherford, Esquire. 6th October, 1916.

To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Donald Russell MacKay, gentleman. 8th August, 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Major and brevet Lieutenant-Colonel A. P. Deroche, Royal Canadian Engineers to be graded for pay and allowances as an Administrative Staff Officer, First Grade. 20th October, 1916.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. A. Macdonald, C.M., to be graded as an Administrative Staff Officer, 2nd Grade, whilst holding the appointment of Assistant Judge Advocate-General, Military District No. 2. 20th June, 1916.

The undermentioned are granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Canadian Militia:

Major R. T. Pritchard, 30th Regiment (Wellington Rifles) whilst Commanding 153rd (Overseas) Battalion, C.E.F. 1st September, 1916.

Captain J. L. Youngs, 28th Perth Regiment, whilst commanding 110th (Overseas) Battalion, C.E.F. 11th October, 1916.

The date of promotion of Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. B. Shuttleworth, Army Medical Corps, to the temporary rank of Major which appeared in General Order 91, 1916, is amended to read from the 17th August, 1916.

To be Temporary Major, C.M.: Sydney Horace Bantick, Esquire. 17th October, 1916.

Lieutenant K. C. Rogers, The Canadian Signal Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Captain, whilst performing the duties of Fortress Signalling Officer, Halifax, N.S. 19th October, 1916.

To be Chaplain, with the Honorary rank of Captain:—The Reverend Percy Coulthurst. 14th July, 1916.

General Order 91, 1916, in so far as it relates to the seconding of Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) B. O. Kinney, Army Medical Corps, is hereby cancelled.

General Order 94, 1916, in so far as it relates to the seconding of Provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary) R. H. Thomas, G. H. Ensing, W. S. Wallace, Army Medical Corps, is hereby cancelled.

General Order 79, 1916, in so far as it relates to the appointment of Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) M. B. McColl, 21st Alberta Hussars, is hereby cancelled.

The resignation of Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) M. R. Charlton, 1st Heavy Battery and Ammunition Column, The Montreal Heavy Brigade, which appeared in G. O. 62, 1916, is hereby cancelled.

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia, as stated, whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force:—

To be Lieutenants:

John Coleridge Patteson, gentleman. 24th July, 1916.

Giles Elbert Carveth,
George William Epton,
Arthur Lyon Johnson,
David Alwyn Forneri, gentlemen. 21st August, 1916.

Harry Newton Moore, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

To be Honorary Lieutenants:

William Alfred Bawden, gentleman. 10th September, 1916.

1st Class Staff Sergeant-Major (Warrant Officer) William Samuel Walker; Sergeant-Major (Warrant Officer) William George Donne; Quartermaster Sergeants Owen Desmond McCooey and Albert Victor Chase, Canadian Army Pay Corps. 20th October, 1916.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names:—

Lieutenant Supernumerary T. S. Fisher, 15th Horse, 14th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. F. Sibbald, 15th Horse, 14th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. J. Hanley, 19th Dragoons, 21st August, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. Paul, 27th Horse, 10th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary G. G. Warwick, 30th Horse, 3rd December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. H. Greene, 30th Horse, 6th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. de Freitaz-West, 30th Horse, 7th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary H. D. Pace, 30th Horse, 10th February, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary S. F. Trotter, 34th Horse, 15th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary R. G. Rogers, 34th Horse, 15th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary F. C. Turner, 34th Horse, 16th March, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary St. C. Balfour, 4th Battery, C.F.A., 3rd October, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary C. J. Acton, 8th Battery, C.F.A., 3rd October, 1916.

Lieutenant Supernumerary D. C. A. McEachran, 5th Regiment, 15th October, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary W. H. Brittain, 76th Regiment, 18th December, 1915.

Lieutenant Supernumerary J. K. Cornwall, 101st Regiment, 10th March, 1916.

By Command,

W. G. Hagins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 28th November, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32230. "Ploughing." (Picture.) National Art Company, Toronto, Ont., 22nd November, 1916.

32231. "Agricultural Production : — Irrigation. Mortgage and Bank Loans. After the War :—Industrial Expansion. Settlement of Returning Soldiers." A Study of Conditions. By J. H. Menzies, F.C.A. (Booklet.) John H. Menzies, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 22nd November, 1916.

32232. "The Two-Two." (Dance.) By Arthur N. Green. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 22nd November, 1916.

32233. "Whose Pretty Baby Are You Now?" Lyric by Gus Kahn. Music by Egbert Van Alstyne. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 22nd November, 1916.

32234. "Other Eyes." (Words and Music.) By Clare Kummer. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N,Y., U.S.A., 22nd November, 1916.

32235. " 194th Overseas Highland Battalion, C.E.F. Edmonton, Alta, Canada. Taken at Sarcee Camp, Calgary, Alta, October 22nd, 1916." (Photo.) McDermid

Engraving Co. Limited, Edmonton, Alberta, 24th November, 1916.

32236. "Ford Times." Volume IV. No. 5. December, 1916. (Booklet.) Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, Ford, Ont., 24th November, 1916.

32237. "Lover Lyrics, and Others." By A. R. Munday. (Book.) A. R. Munday, Vancouver, British Columbia, 24th November, 1916.

32238. "The New Science of the Thumbs and Finger Nails." By Francis J. L. Cavanagh. (Book.) Francis J. L. Cavanagh, Toronto, Ont, 24th November, 1916.

32239. "Beware of Pink Pajamas." Lyric by Sam M. Lewis and Joe Young. Music by Jean Schwartz, Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 24th November, 1916.

32240. "One Last Good-Bye." Words and music by Mary Bucker Brooke. Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 24th November, 1916.

32241. "Yaddie, Kiddie Kaddie Koo." Lyric by Sam M. Lewis and Joe Young. Music by Geo. W. Meyer. Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 24th November, 1916.

32242. "Sweet Marjorie." Words and Melody by Harry Goodfellow. Arranged by A. E. J. McCreary. Harry Goodfellow, Saint Lambert, Que., 25th November, 1916.

32243. "The Guidal Directory Map and Mailing List of the Township of Uxbridge, Ontario County, Province of Ontario." (Book.) Map and Advertising Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 25th November, 1916.

32244. "Ferro Concrete Construction Plan of Masonic Temple, Toronto." (Plans.) L. G. Mouchel & Partners, Limited, London, England, 25th November, 1916.

"32245. "Official Telephone Directory, Toronto." December, 1916. (Book.) The Bell Telephone Company of Canada, Limited, Montreal, Que., 25th November, 1916.

32246. "Insurance Plan of Hamilton, Vol. I." Sheet 65. (Plan.) Chas. E. Goad Co., Toronto, Ont., 27th November, 1916.

32247. "On Land Or Sea." (Poem.) Joseph O'Connor, Edmonton, Alberta, 27th November, 1916.

32248. "Notre Droit d'Aînesse. Traduction d'une Conférence de M. Donald Downie devant la Literary Society of 'Vagabonds', de Vancouver.'" (Temporary Copyright.) (Book.) Raoul Renault, Quebec, Que., 27th November, 1916.

32249. "Tipperary Tommy." March. Arranged for Band by A. W. Hughes. (Music.) Whaley, Royce & Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont., 27th November, 1916.

32250. "Our Happy Hour." A Story for the Babies. By Harriett Priddis. (Booklet) Harriett Priddis, London, Ont., 27th November, 1916.

32251. "Our Babies' Branch and What it Means." Huron Branch of the W.A. to the M.S.C.C. (Booklet.) Harriett Priddis, London, Ont., 27th November, 1916.

32252. "Turn to the Right." Words by William Jerome. Music by Milton Ager. Whaley, Royce & Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont., 27th November, 1916.

32253. "The Adventures of Prince Melonseed" and "The Adventurous Road." By M. Ella Chaffey. (Book.) M. Ella Chaffey, Vancouver, British Columbia, 28th November, 1916.

32254. "In the Day of Battle." Poems of the Great War. Selected by Carrie Ellen Holman. (Book.) Carrie Ellen Holman, Summerside, Prince Edward Island, 28th November, 1916.

32255. "Official Telephone Directory No. 14, November, 1916. Northern Division, Province of Saskatchewan." (Book.) Department of Telephones, Regina, Saskatchewan, 28th November, 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHTS.

1854. "Canada.—Industrial Sites Guide of Canada. Its opportunities to Manufacturers of Made in Canada Goods." (Booklet.) Léon G. Dorais, Montreal, Que., 23rd November, 1916.

1855. "Textile Advertising Border." (Artistic Work.) Draper Corporation, Hopedale, Mass., U.S.A., 27th November, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

23–1

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

General Order.

A GENERAL sitting of "The Exchequer Court of Canada" under the provisions of Rule 166, for the trial of cases, etc, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Quebec, P.Q., commencing on Monday, the 5th day of February, A.D. 1917, at 11 A.M.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of November, A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE,
J. E. C.

23–4

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE, CANADA.

Ottawa, 24th November, 1916.

Orders as to Ships' Lights in Canadian Waters.

BY virtue of the authority conferred upon me by Orders in Council of the 12th September, 1914, and 25th March, 1915, the following orders regarding ships' lights on the East Coast of Canada are hereby made to come into force forthwith :—

1. *Anchor Lights.*—No electrically-lit lanterns shall be employed as anchor lights. The normal brilliancy of all other anchor lanterns shall be reduced by 50 per cent.

2. *Bow and Steaming Lights.*—Vessels are not to use electrically-lit lanterns as Bow or steaming lights, in the vicinity of the Harbour.

3. *Other Lights.*—No lights, either aloft, on deck or below, except those required by the Regulations for the Prevention of Collisions at Sea, and such as may be necessary for authorized signalling purposes, shall be permitted to be visible from outboard.

This shall apply to all vessels whether underway or at anchor.

4. The above orders shall apply to vessels of every description, other than H. M. Ships, within the waters of Canada on the East Coast, and extending up the St. Lawrence River as far as the Port of Quebec.

(Sgd) C. E. KINGSMILL,
Vice Admiral
Competent Naval Authority.

23–2

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, 15th November, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that License No. 418 has this day been issued to the Glens Falls Insurance Company, authorizing the transaction in Canada of the business of Automobile Insurance in addition to Fire Insurance, Hail Insurance and Tornado Insurance for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
Superintendent of Insurance.

22–4

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Minister of the Interior has, under the provisions of subsection 2 of section 39 of The Dominion Lands Act, withdrawn from the operation of the provisions of the said Act, which relate to homestead and pre-emption entry and entry by private sale, the east half of the northwest quarter of Section 25, Township 51, Range 26, west of the 2nd Meridian, and has set the same apart as School Lands in lieu of the south half of Section 29, Township 63, Range 24, west of the 3rd Meridian, to be included in the Pierce Lake Indian Reserve.

By Order,

LYNDWODE PEREIRA,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 2nd November, 1916. 20–4

Louison Lumber Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Louison Lumber Company, Limited" from the sum of two hundred thousand dollars to the sum of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, such increase to consist of two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 21st day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 22nd day of November, 1916, extending the powers of "The Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Company, Limited," to include the following objects: To enter into any agreement for the sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, amalgamation, reciprocal concession with, and to guarantee by loan, endorsement, contract or otherwise, the business or undertakings of any person, firm or corporation carrying onl business of any nature akin to or in any way incidenta- with the business of this company, and, notwithstand, ing section 44 of The Companies Act, to acquire, own hold and dispose of shares, bonds, debentures, obligations or securities of any such person, firm or corporation, whether the same be those of a person, firm, or corporation carrying on business of a similar nature to this company, or of a nature which may in any way be advantageous to or beneficial for the carrying on of this company's business or the extension and enlargement of its operations.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 23rd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Sault Shipping Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of November, 1916, incorporating Alexander Taylor, secretary, Rex Ewart Nicholson, sales agent, Joseph Garfield Gibson, barrister, Helen Anderson Cowan and Florence Mary Turner, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To build, buy, sell, equip, operate and own steamships, steamboats, sailing ships, boats and other property to be used in such business, trade, commerce and navigation, and to purchase, sell, own and hold and lease all kinds of vessels and boats, apparel, tackle and furniture, wharves, piers and warehouses. To carry on the business of engaging, receiving, transporting and delivering merchandise upon freight or for hire between any port or ports; the business of owning or chartering vessels therefor; the business of operating vessels in such service; the business of contracting or arranging for the transportation of merchandise to or from any of such ports by rail, boat or otherwise, or to any inland or coast place or places. To enter into contract for the carriage of mails, passengers, goods and merchandise by any means either by its own vessels or by or over the vessels, railways or conveyance of others. To gather, receive, distribute, and deliver goods and merchandise, and to carry on a general transportation, freight and express business;

(*b*) To employ as ship's husband and managing agent of any vessel owned by the company, any person, firm or company whether limited or not, and that although he or they may not be entitled to any interest or share in the said vessel in question or in the company;

(*c*) To build, acquire, lease, operate and manage storehouses, warehouses, wharves and other facilities and to do such act or acts, thing or things, incidental or growing out of or connected with said business, including the owning, leasing. holding, erecting and maintening of docks bulkheads, piers, basin and warehouses; the storage and docking of ships, steam vessels and boats of every kind and description; the loading and unloading thereot; the issue of storage and warehouse receipts, negotiable and non-negotiable, covering all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise; the loaning of money on the pledge of goods, wares and merchandise and other property stored with the company, or on the pledge of storage, dock and warehouse receipts therefor; and the advancing of freight duties, fire and marine insurance and liens of every kind and nature upon goods, wares and merchandise received on storage or for the purpose of being warehoused.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Sault Shipping Company, Limited," with a capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars, divided into 3,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Sault Ste. Marie, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Central Development Company, Limiied.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of November, 1916, incorporating Reginald Lancaster Pattinson, William George Ryan and Garnet Wolsley Holmes, oil and gas operators, and Charles Henry Houson, manufacturer, of the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario; Bon Jasperson, of the Town of Kingsville, in the said Province of Ontario, oil and gas operator; Phillip William Roth, of the City of Buffalo, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, oil and gas operator; and Henry Bloomfield Smith, of Bay City, in the State of Michigan, one of the United States of America, manufacturer, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To procure, hold or dispose of leases or licenses of lands for the purpose of procuring oil, natural gas or other minerals of any kind or description; to procure and hold and operate under or dispose of municipal franchises for laying pipe lines or boring or drilling for oil or natural gas upon municipal highways or public places in municipalities, and to drill, bore and operate wells for the production of oil, natural gas or mineral products, and to procure, deal in, sell or dispose of oil, natural gas or mineral products;

(*b*) To construct and operate telephone and telegraph lines or other systems of communication for the purposes of or in connection with the business of the company;

(*c*) To buy, sell, or deal in shares, stocks and bonds or debentures of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*d*) To procure, hold, exchange or dispose of land and personal property in connection with the business or interests or requirements of the company;

(*e*) To construct and operate steamboats or other boats, vessels or ships or other method of transportation, and to sell, exchange or dispose of the same from time to time;

(*f*) To procure, develop and operate or sell or dispose of electric or other power, and to procure, operate under or dispose of franchises from municipalites in respect of same;

(*g*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*i*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*j*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*k*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company or any other individuals or corporations.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Central Development Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Ladner Lumber Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of November, 1916, incorporating John James Mackan, secretary, Henry Waring Oak Woodrooffe and Robert Turnbull, accountants, and Nellie Louisa Nelson and Harry Shortt, law clerks, all of the City of St. Catharines in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern, the undertaking and all or any of the assets of the McLelan Lumber Company, Limited, in the Province of British Columbia ; to engage in the business of manufacturers of timber, lumber and the products thereof ; and to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits or any rights therein, and to deal in and sell timber limits, timber and the products thereof, and to erect, maintain and operate saw-mills ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engaged in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such governments or authorities any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*i*) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, building, easements, machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*j*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, tramways on lands controlled or owned by the company, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*k*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*l*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*m*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company :

(*n*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*o*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(*p*) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Ladner Lumber, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Ladner, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The L. D. Caulk Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 20th day of November, 1916, incorporating Arthur Fry, secretary, Mary Little, bookkeeper, Jacob Doan Musselman, manager, Ralph McLean, student-at-law, and John Charles McKay MacBeth, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all kinds ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*e*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, government or supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with or surrender any such arrangements, rights, privileges, concessions and franchises;

(*f*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors or associates in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant annuities, pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*g*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*h*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business or capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the company's properties or rights, for the time being, and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*i*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, resorvoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, working management or control thereof ;

(*j*) To aid in any manner any corporation any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds, debentures or other obligations are held or in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any act or things for the preservation and protection, improvement and enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds, debentures or other obligations, and to any and all acts tending to increase the value of any of the property at any time held or controlled by this company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, and, with or without guarantee, to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, and other obligations in and of any other company, and to pay for such shares, stocks, debentures, bonds and other obligations either in cash or partly in cash, or to issue shares of this company fully paid up or partly paid up in payment, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act to use the funds of the company in the purchase of shares, stock, debentures, bonds and obligations in and of any such other company, and to vote on all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*l*) To remunerate any person for services rendered to the company, in such manner as the company may deem expedient, and more particularly with the approval of the shareholders by the issue and allotment of shares, bonds or other securities of the company, wholly or partly paid up, but nothing in this clause contained shall be deemed to limit the power of the directors to fix and pay the salary of any and all officers, servants, agents and employees of the company;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable and transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to take security for the loan of such money ; to guarantee the performance of the contractual and other obligations of any such persons and to give any guarantee or indemnity as may seem expedient ;

(*o*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*p*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company, or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of the business ;

(*q*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*r*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise ;

(*s*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the above objects, and so that the objects specified in each paragraph of the clause shall, except when otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or to or from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The L. D. Caulk Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 22nd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22–2

La Manufacture de Meubles de Salon, Limitée —Parlor Furniture Manufacturers, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of November, 1916, incorporating Arthur Reginald Whitney Plimsoll, Reigner Brodeur and Adolphe Chouinard, advocates, Hector Langevin, accountant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec; and Linton Hossie Ballantyne, student-at-law, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To do all acts and carry on all business as makers, manufacturers, merchants, wholesale and retail importers and exporters of all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise, including furniture of all kinds, toys of all kinds, musical instruments of all kinds and of everything which may be used to furnish houses, including stoves, washing machines, upholstering in all its forms, dusters, brooms, brushes, shovels, comforters, pillows, cushions, draperies, curtains, portieres, ash sifters, to deal in feather and to carry on any undertakings relating to such business;

(*b*) For the company's purposes to purchase, take in exchange or otherwise acquire and to develop lands or interest therein together with any buildings or structures that may be on the said lands; to sell, lease, exchange any lands or any part thereof or otherwise to dispose of the same and of any or all buildings or structures that are now or may hereafter be erected on the said lands and to take security therefor as may be deemed necessary; to purchase, own, hold, lease, exchange, develop and cultivate lands, immovable properties of all kinds, including standing timber, and otherwise to dispose of the same;

(*c*) To take or hold mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase price of any such buildings or structures so sold; and to sell and transfer such mortgages or otherwise to dispose of the same;

(*d*) To purchase, take, acquire in its own name and to carry on the business or any rights to manufacture, purchase, sell or deal in leather, leather fibre, or the by-products thereof or any articles used with or without oil, such as lubricative packings or for any other purposes whatsoever, including trade marks, industrial designs, formulæ, patent rights, and to pay for the same in cash or in bonds of the company, and from time to time, to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same;

(*e*) To establish stores for the sale, at wholesale and retail, of any articles, and generally to carry the business of merchants;

(*f*) To manufacture, purchase, sell and deal in pulpwood and other materials used in the manufacture of paper, cardboard, and to carry on the business of timber and lumber merchants and general dealers;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with or ancilliary or subsidiary to its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange, lease or otherwise, and to construct, erect, operate, hold, maintain, and manage all factories, shops, storehouses, depots, machine shops. engine houses and other structures and erections necessary for its business, and all other property, movable and immovable, necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company, and to lease, sell and dispose of the same;

(*i*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or license on royalty or otherwise, and to hold, own, use, operate, sell or assign, or otherwise dispose of any and all trade marks, trade names and distinctive marks, copyrights and patent rights, and all inventions, improvements and processes used in connection with or secured under letters patent of the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such trade marks, trade names, patents, concessions, processes and the like, or any such property and rights;

(*j*) To develop and operate any water power or water powers and to generate, produce and accumulate electric and electric motive forces or other similar agencies for the production of light, heat and power for the purposes of the company, with power to sell or otherwise dispose of any excess not required, and to supply the same for light, heat and power purposes to any person or corporation on such terms as may be agreed upon, provided that the foregoing powers when exercised outside the property of the company shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise which may seem conducive to the company's objects or any them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it advisable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*l*) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares, debentures or other securities of the company for the payment in whole or in part of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable or mixed, rights and concessions which the company may lawfully acquire, or with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or to be rendered to the company;

(*m*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, to purchase and acquire and to own, hold, sell and re-issue shares, debentures, bonds, and other securities of any company or corporation carrying on a similar business, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company and to guarantee the payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, and to manage, operate and carry on as a manager the property, franchises, undertaking and business of any corporation any of whose shares, bonds, debentures or other securities are held by the company, for such remuneration as may be deemed reasonable and proper;

(*n*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property, franchises, undertakings, good-will and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company;

(*o*) To promote or assist in promoting any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company and to become a shareholder in any company subsidiary, allied or otherwise carrying on or having for its objects the carrying on of any business similar in whole or in part to that of this company, and to enter into any arrangements for sharing profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with such person or company, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 or the said Act, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of such company and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company, and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends or otherwise deal with the same;

(*p*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets, and assume all the liabilities of any person, firm or company indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that conducted by the company, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company or otherwise;

(*q*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertakings of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act;

(*r*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, exercise and enjoy all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on or formed for carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake and assume the liabilities of any such person, firm or company;

(*s*) To make cash advances to customers and others having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*t*) To accept in payment of any debt due to the company, stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company;

(*u*) To distribute in species or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company amongst its members, and particularly shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company;

(*v*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined;

(*w*) To aid in any manner and guarantee the obligations of any company any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds, or other obligations are held or in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations, and to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of the property of any such company;

(*x*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*y*) To draw, make, endorse, accept, execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading and other negotiable and transferable instruments;

(*z*) To remunerate by payment in cash, or with the approval of the shareholders in stock, bonds, or any other manner, any person or persons or corporation or corporations, for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of stock of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the conduct of its business;

(*aa*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any one or more of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated or incidental to the powers herein named, or which shall at any time appear conducive or expedient for the protection or benefit of the corporation, either as holders of or interested in any property or otherwise;

(*bb*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "La manufacture de meubles de salon, limitée"—Parlor Furniture Manufacturers, Limited," with a capital stock of ninety-eight thousand dollars, divided into 980 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Pointe-aux-Trembles, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

22-2

The D. Burtch Manufacturing, Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of November, 1916, incorporating James McMillan, farmer, Delbert Burtch, machinist, Rupert Kenneth Grimshaw, contractor, Edward John Swift, accountant, and George Gordon Plaxton, barrister, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To buy, sell, manufacture, repair, alter, let on hire and deal in farm and dairy machinery and implements and hardware of all kinds, and to carry on any other business, manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above, or otherwise calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of any of the company's property and rights for the time being;

(*b*) To manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to sell or otherwise dispose of any or all kinds of goods, wares, chattels and merchandise, and generally to deal in and deal with all species of property, either movable or immovable, capable of being owned;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets, d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, reissue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*g*) To pay for any property, rights and things required by the company or with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered to the company in cash, fully paid shares of the capital stock of the company or its bonds and debentures;

(*h*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of this company;

(*i*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required, in such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined;

(*j*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees of the company or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*k*) To sell or dispose of the undertakings of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for

shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*l*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*m*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*n*) To purchase, lease or acquire and develop water or other power and to use the same and to lease, sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus thereof ;

(*o*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs and expenses of and incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The D. Burtch Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State

The International Feldspar Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of November, 1916, incorporating Jacob Vincent Poaps, merchant, Nelson Hollister, contractor, Frank Curry, conductor, and Frederick William Phipps English and George Bruce English, civil servants, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To prospect for, open, explore, develop, work, improve, maintain and manage gold, silver, copper, nickel, lead, coal, iron, feldspar and other mines, quarries, mineral and other deposits and properties and to dig for, dredge, raise, crush, wash, smelt, roast, assay, analyze, reduce and amalgamate and otherwise treat ores, metals and mineral substances of all kinds, whether belonging to the company or not, and to render the same merchantable, and to sell and otherwise dispose of the same, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, and generally to carry on the business of a mining, milling, reduction and development company ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, license, exchange or other legal title mines, mining lands, easements, mineral properties or any interest therein, minerals and ores and mining claims, options, powers, privileges, water and other rights, patent rights, processes and mechanical or other contrivances and either absolutely or conditionally and either solely or jointly with others, and as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise. and to lease, place under license, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof or any interest therein ;

(*c*) To construct, maintain, alter, make, work and operate on the property of the company or on property controlled by the company, tramways, telegraph or telephone lines, reservoirs, dams, flumes, race and other ways, waterpowers, aqueducts, wells, roads, piers, wharves, buildings, shops, smelters, refineries, dredges, furnaces, mills and other works and machinery, plant and electrical and other appliances of every description, and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effects required by the company or its workmen or servants ;

(*d*) To construct or acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise and to operate and maintain undertakings, plant, machinery, works and appliances of the generation or production of steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force ; also lines of wire, poles, tunnels, conduits, work and appliances for the storing, delivery and transmission under or above ground of steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force for any purpose for which the same may be used, and to contract with any company or person upon such terms as are agreed upon to connect the company's lines of wires, poles, tunnels, conduits, works and appliances with those of any such company or persons, and generally to carry on the business of generating, producing and transmitting steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic, or other power or force ; to acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise steam, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force, and to use, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same and all power and force produced by the company, provided, however, that any sale, distribution or transmission of electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power of force beyond the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations ;

(*e*) To take, acquire and hold as the consideration for ores, metals, or minerals sold or otherwise disposed of, or for goods supplied or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar to those of the company and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*f*) To manufacture and deal in logs, lumber, timber, wood, metal, all articles into the manufacture of which wood or metal enters and all kinds of natural products and by-products thereof ;

(*g*) To build upon, develop, cultivate, farm, settle and otherwise improve and utilize the lands of the company and to lease, sell or otherwise deal with or dispose of the same and to aid and assist by way of bonus, advances of money or otherwise with or without security, settlers and intending settlers upon any lands belonging to or sold by the company, or in the neighborhood of such lands and generally to promote the settlement of said lands ;

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake and assume all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purpose thereof ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company ;

(*j*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise any corporation in the capital stock of which the company holds shares, or with which it may have business relations, and to act as employee, agent or manager of any such corporation, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such corporation, or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*k*) To build, acquire, own, charter, navigate and use steam and other vessels ;

(*l*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents of invention, trade marks, copyrights or similar privileges refating to or which may be deemed useful to the company's business and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same as may be deemed expedient ;

(*m*) To join, consolidate and amalgamate with any person, society, company or corporation carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company and to pay or receive the price agreed upon in, cash or in paid-up and non-assessable shares, bonds or debentures or other securities or guarantees of the company;

(*n*) To develop or assist in developing any auxiliary or allied company carrying on business of a like nature or germane to that of this company and to become shareholders in the same;

(*o*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in ;

(*p*) To lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the property and assets of the company, or any part hereof,

for such consideration as the company may deem fit, including shares, debentures or securities of any company ;

(*q*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*r*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading warrants and otner negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*s*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*v*) The interpretation of any of the powers granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or by reference to or inference from the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The International Feldspar Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 50,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Walter Biton Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of November, 1916, incorporating David Henderson, William Henry McGuire, George Francis Rooney and Nathan Phillips, barristers-at-law, and William Patrick O'Meara, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the business and assets generally, including the good-will and liabilities, of the business now carried on by the Walter Biton Company, and to issue in payment or part payment therefor fully paid up and non-assessable shares of this company for such amounts as may be agreed upon ; to carry on the above named business in all its branches ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, import and export and otherwise deal in rubber goods and combinations and substitutions thereof of all kinds, and to buy, sell, import and otherwise deal in woollen goods of all kinds ;

(*c*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the due carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated or necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " The Walter Biton Company, Limited ", with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of, Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Painless Horse-Shoe Nail, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1916, incorporating Wilson Rudd, of No. 89 New Oxford Street, London, W.C., in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, journalist ; Edward Taylor Thomlinson, of No. 24 Holborn, London, E.C., in England aforesaid, secretary ; Frederick Edward Pearce, of Fairstowe, Upper Crabtree Lane, Harpenden, Herefordshire, in England aforesaid, merchant ; James Edgar Coxon, of No. 19 St. Philips Road, Surbiton, County of Surrey, in England aforesaid, architect, and Harold Griffiths, of Dunelm, The Crescent, Borough of Croydon, in England aforesaid, architect, for the following purposes. viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture horse-shoe nails and nails of every description, horse-shoes and screws and generally to carry on the business of manufacturing metal goods of every description ;

(*b*) To manufacture, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire machinery and any and all apparatus necessary or useful in connection with the business of the company and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, trade-marks, trade-names, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorised to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*g*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*h*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*i*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art and interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*j*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Painless Horse-Shoe Nail, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds sterling, divided into 120,000 shares of one pound each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 21st day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under Secretary of State.

22–2

Musical Instruments, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of November, 1916, incorporating Ambrose Thompson Pike, merchant, Jacob Allan Moore, manufacturer, Benjamin Steck Stright, salesman, Richard Honeyford, solicitor, and Kathleen Alberta Wilkinson, spinster, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy and sell musical instruments of every kind and nature as well as to buy and sell the parts thereof and all articles of whatsoever kind and nature used in and incidental to the proposed business of the company, including in such definition phonographs and voice recording machines ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe and guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Musical Instruments, Limited," with

a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 15th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Howard Smith Paper Mills, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of the "Howard Smith Paper Mills, Limited," from the sum of one million dollars to the sum of three million dollars, such increase to consist of twenty thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Advertising Agency, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Canadian Advertising Agency, Limited" from the sum of ninety-nine thousand dollars to the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, such increase to consist of fifteen thousand and ten shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Israel & Oppenheimer, (Canada), Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of November, 1916. incorporating John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, King's counsels, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec; and Charles Albert Hale and Auguste Angers, advocates, and Harry Fielder, manufacturers' agent, all of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of manufacturers, traders and dealers in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise and especially to manufacture, buy, sell, import, export and deal in all kinds of dry goods, fancy goods, fabrics, small-wares, boots and shoes and other leather goods, carpets, chinaware, cloth and clothing of all kinds, millinery, crockery, glassware, hardware, jewellery, notions, toys and wearing apparel of all kinds and description, as well as all other articles and things capable of being used in connection with the manufacture and sale of the same ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquired by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to take over the whole or any part of the undertaking, business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on a business similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for the same in whole or in part by cash or shares or other securities of the company wholly or partly paid-up, and with the approval of the shareholders, to pay in like manner for any services rendered to the company, whether in connection with its organization or the conduct of its business or otherwise ;

(*d*) To enter into any agreement for sharing profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, management of the affairs of the company or other arrangements of a like nature with any person or company carrying on or about to carry on business similar to that of the company and to take all such steps and proceedings and do all such matters and things as may be necessary or expedient to carry out and give effect to such agreements or any of them ;

(*e*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any person, company or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations;

(*f*) Notwithstanding anything under section 44 of the Companies' Act, to acquire, hold and dispose of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities issued by any person, firm or corporation carrying on a similar business ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire moveable or immoveable, real or personal property of any kind and nature that may be deemed suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any trade-mark, or patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights and information so acquired ;

(*i*) To lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration or upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit, and in particular for the shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*j*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*k*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*l*) Generally to do all other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*m*) The above powers and purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other, and the company may pursue and carry on any one or more of such objects, powers and purposes without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed as having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Israel & Oppenheimer, (Canada), Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Wax and Glassine Paper Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of November, 1916, incorporating Robert Abercrombie Pringle, Thomas Anderson Burgess and Louis Cote, barristers-at-law; Robert Hatfield Pringle, customs broker, and Mary Ida Keays, stenographer; all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of a manufacturer and dealer in logs, lumber, pulp, paper and all other articles and materials into which wood enters or forms a part ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, hire, exchange or otherwise and hold lands, timber limits or licenses, water lots, water privileges, power rights and interests therein, and to build upon, develop and otherwise improve and utilize the same ;

(*c*) To purchase. acquire, lease, own, erect, equip and maintain such mills and manufactories as may be deemed advisable in the interests of the company ;

(*d*) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of this company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, trade marks, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*g*) To issue and allot fully paid up shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment of any property real or personal, rights and concessions purchased or acquired by the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Wax and Glassine Paper Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 2,250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Cookshire, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

McGregor Shirt Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of November, 1916, incorporating, Robert Burlington McGregor, and William Johnson Leonard, manufacturers, Laura Mabel McGregor and Jennie Letitia Leonard, married women, Mary Janet Jeffrey, stenographer, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

To manufacture, deal in, and sell ladies' and gentlemens' wearing apparel.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "McGregor Shirt Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Universal Asbestos Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Harry Redfern Fraser, King's counsel, Frederick Samuel Rugg, advocate, Harriet Maud Terrill, accountant, Cora May Coombs and Martha Arvilla Conner, stenographers, all of the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as miners, millers and manufacturers of, and merchants and dealers in, asbestos, asbestos sand, and asbestos fibre, and all products and by-products thereof ;

(*b*) To purchase, manufacture or otherwise acquire, own, hold, deal in, sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise in any way appertaining or incidental to the said business ; to carry on the business of manufacturers of, and dealers in all kinds of appliances, devices, findings, tools, mechanisms, accessories, processes and things which may be useful in connection with the manufacture of any of the above-mentioned articles, and to mine, work for, manufacture and prepare for sale in any manner and by any process any mineral or metallic or chemical or other products and to trade in the same ;

(*c*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or license on royalty or otherwise, and to hold, own, use, operate, introduce, sell, or assign or otherwise dispose of any and all trade-marks, trade-names, distinctive marks, copyrights and patent rights and all inventions, improvements and processes used in connection with or secured under letters patent of the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses, in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such trade-marks, trade-names, patents, licenses, concessions, processes and the like, or any such property rights and information so acquired and with a view to the working and developing of the same ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, exchange or otherwise, and to construct, erect, operate, hold and maintain and manage, all factories, shops, storehouses, machine shops and other structures and erections necessary for its business, and all property, movable and immovable, necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company, and to lease, sell, and dispose of the same ;

(*e*) To carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects herein set forth and which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on by the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of its property or rights ;

(*f*) To purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, and to hold exercise and enjoy all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake and assume the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*g*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property franchises, undertakings and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares. bonds, or others securities of the company ;

(*h*) To promote or assist in promoting or to become a shareholder in any subsidiary allied or other company, firm or person carrying on or having for its purpose the operation of any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company and to enter into any arrangements for sharing profits, union of interest,

joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any such person or company, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, or other securities of the company and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends, or otherwise to deal with he same ;

(*i*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and assume all the liabilities of any person, firm, or company indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that conducted by the company and to pay for the same in cash or in securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*j*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertakings of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds, or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the saip Act ;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*l*) To aid in any manner and guarantee the obligations of any company any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations and to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of the property of any such company, and to guarantee and assume the liabilities of any company, firm or person indebted to this company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Universal Asbestos Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Kenneth Duncan Mackenzie, student-at-law, William Walter Perry, secretary, Charles Herbert Croft Leggott, Archibald MacLean Borthwick and Edna Fitzzimons, accountants, and Marguerite Lyola Halley and Agnes Bell, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business and operations of a mining, milling, reduction and development company;

(*b*) To produce, manufacture, purchase, acquire, search for, win from the earth, refine, smelt, store, distribute, sell, dispose of and deal in silver, gold, nickel, copper, iron, steel, manganese, cobalt, coal, coke, platinum, palladium, sodium, petroleum, metals, minerals and mineral substances, chemicals, lumber and other materials, and all or any articles consisting or partly consisting of the above and all or any products thereof; and to that end to explore, prospect, mine, quarry, bore, sink wells, construct works or otherwise proceed as may be necessary ;

(*c*) To acquire, own, lease, occupy, use, develop, trade in, deal in and contract with reference to lands or interests in land, mines, quarries, wells, leases, privileges, licenses, concessions and rights of all kinds covering, relating to or containing, or believed to cover, relate to or contain nikel, copper, iron, manganese, coal, petroleum, natural gas, oil, salt, chemicals, metals, minerals, stone or other ores, or mineral substances of any kind ;

(*d*) To acquire, by purchase, lease, concession, license, exchange or other legal title, mines, mining lands, easements, mineral properties, or any interest therein, minerals and ores and mining claims, options, powers, privileges, water and other rights, patent rights, letters patent of invention, processes and mechanical or other contrivances, and either absolutely or conditionally and either solely or jointly with others and as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and to lease, place under license, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof, or any interest therein ;

(*e*) To construct, maintain, alter, make, work and operate on the property of the company or on property controlled by the company, tramways, telegraph or telephone lines, reservoirs, dams, flumes, race and other ways, water-powers, aqueducts, wells, roads, piers, wharfs, buildings, shops, stamping mills and other works and machinery, plant and electrical and other appliances of every description, and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effects required by the company or its workmen or servants ;

(*f*) To build, acquire, own, charter, navigate and use steam and other vessels ;

(*g*) To take, acquire, and hold as the consideration for ores, metals or minerals sold or otherwise disposed of, or for goods supplied, or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*h*) To acquire, hold, lease, dispose of and generally deal with and in timber lands, timber limits and timber licenses, to cut, mill, manufacture, buy, sell and deal in timber and lumber ;

(*i*) To manufacture and deal in appliances, implements, machinery, apparatus, goods and supplies in any way connected with or incidental to the operations of the company or to the use of any of the products of the company ;

(*j*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate works for the development of power, light and heat, whether steam, electric or hydraulic, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to power, light and heat, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*k*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate irrigation works and works for the supply of water for other purposes, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to water for irrigation or other purposes, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*l*) To manufacture or trade in property and goods of all kinds ; to acquire, lease, construct, improve, maintain, own, use, operate, sell, let and deal in dwelling houses, lodging houses and hotels ; to operate ranches or farms for live stock or agriculture, to breed, raise, keep, render marketable and deal in horses, cattle and live stock of all kinds and to produce and deal in all products thereof and all agricultural products ;

(*m*) To operate construction or building plants and to take and carry out contracts for buildings or for construction work of any kind ;

(*n*) To acquire and take over as going concerns or otherwise, the undertakings, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view to acquire all or any of the shares or liabilities of such companies ;

(*o*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*p*) Notwithstanding the provision of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase, take over or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, and, with or without guarantee, to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, and other obligations in and of any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agents or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*q*) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and security or any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*r*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to protect, prolong and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like, conferring or relating to any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information acquired ;

(*s*) To apply for, promote and obtain from the Dominion of Canada, or any other authority or government, whether Dominion, Provincial, Imperial, Colonial or Foreign, and including subordinate and municipal authorities, any statute, ordinance, order, regulation or other authorization or enactment which may seem desirable to the company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*t*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*u*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or of its predecessors in business, or of any person, partnership, association or company allied with the company in business, or subsidiary to the company, or in which the company holds shares or securities, or to benefit the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any public, general or useful object.

(*v*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country, and to designate and appoint persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company, with full power to represent the company in all matters according to the law of such foreign country, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*w*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*x*) To carry on and undertake any other business which may from time to time seem to the directors of this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to render valuable or enhance the value of any of the company's privileges or rights, and as incidental to the carrying on of its business and to make and endorse negotiable paper ;

(*y*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*z*) To distribute or divide assets of the company in specie amongst the shareholders ;

(*aa*) To appoint agents within and without the Dominion of Canada, with power to receive and register transfers of the company's capital stock, and to keep registers of the shareholders of the company ;

(*bb*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principal, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by and through trustees, agents, subcontractors or otherwise, and alone or jointly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all and everything necessary or incidental for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, or incidental to the powers herein named or which shall at any time be necessary or incidental for the protection or benefit of the corporation ;

(*cc*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization thereof, and to employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*dd*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited", with a capital stock of one one million six hundred and sixty thousand and fifty pounds sterlings divided into 1,660.000 shares of one pound sterling each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

23–2

Canadian Aeroplanes, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of November, 1916, incorporating Reginald Holland Parmenter, Arthur John Thomson and William Symon Morlock, solicitors, Samuel Davidson Fowler, solicitor's clerk, and Eugene Grimes Murphy, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, lease, exchange and otherwise deal in and deal with all kinds of aeroplanes, hydro-aeroplanes, sea-planes, flying boats, air ships, dirigible and other balloons and other air craft, flying machines and devices for aerial navigation ; also aeronautical, marine, automobile, motor cycle and locomotive motors and engines of all kinds, also automobiles, motor cycles, motor boats and self propelled vehicles of all kinds, all raw materials, machinery, tools and other things used in and for the manufacture of all of the foregoing and accessories therefor and all articles which enter into the manufacture of all the foregoing and all products and by-products thereof and generally to carry on the business of a dealer in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*b*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to prospect, prolong, and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like conferring or relating to any exclusive or

non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, right or information so acquired ;

(*c*) To establish, conduct, maintain, operate and carry on establishments for the theoretical and practical instruction and training of pilots and mechanics for aerial navigation, and for general instruction and dissemination of knowledge with respect of air-craft and flying devices, and to examine and provide for the examination of persons desiring to become pilots or mechanics for aerial navigation and to issue such certificates of qualification as may be considered proper to such persons as may from time to time successfully pass the examinations prescribed or some of them ;

(*d*) To construct, acqui e, manage, maintain, charter, operate, lease, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all kinds of ships, vessels, barges and boats, elevators, sheds, warehouses and buildings, wharves, docks, dry docks and terminals and generally to carry on, for the purposes aforesaid the business of a ship-building, engineering, elevator, warehousing, navigation, transportation and terminals company, or any of such businesses;

(*e*) To manufacture or trade in property and goods of all kinds;

(*f*) To enter into contracts for, construct, execute, own and carry on all descriptions of works and to carry on, for the purposes aforesaid, the business of a general construction company and contractor for the construction of public and private works ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, all property, real or personal, that may be deemed neccessary for the proper carrying on of the company's business, and to hold, own and operate the same, and to sell, lease or otherwise turn the same to account, and to erect such buildings, factories and works as may be deemed advantageous for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake and assume all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company's business, and to issue in payment or part payment for any property, rights or privileges acquired by the company, or for any guarantees of the company's bonds or for services rendered, shares of the company's capital stock, whether subscribed for or not, as fully paid up and non-assessable, or the company's bonds ;

(*i*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to subscribe for, purchase, assume liability under, acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to bonds, debentures, stocks or other securities of any other corporation, and to apply or to accept, in whole or in part, as consideration for, satisfaction of or security for any contract, indebtedness or obligation to or of the company, property, obligations, shares and securities of any kind at such valuation and upon such terms as may be agreed upon ;

(*j*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, or expense, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise, with any person, partnership, association or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction which may seem capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such company, person, partnership, association or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such partnership, association or company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*k*) To apply for, promote and obtain from the Dominion of Canada or any other authority, whether Dominion, Provincial, Imperial, Colonial or foreign and including subordinate and municipal authorities, any statute,, ordinance, order, regulation or other authorization or enactment which may seem desirable to the company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the property or undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, for shares, debentures on securities of any other partnership, association or company ;

(*n*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise any corporation in the capital stock of which the company holds shares, or with which it may have business relations, and to act as employee, agent or manager of any such corporation, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such corporation or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*o*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein, according to the laws of such foreign country, to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of this company of any process or suit ;

(*p*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*q*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or other securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*r*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking ;

(*s*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such investments as may from time to time be determined ;

(*t*) To co-operate in, aid in, subscribe towards or subsidize any proceeding or undertaking which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*u*) To promote, form, organize, manage, develop, take interests or stock or shares in and assist financially or otherwise any partnership, association or company for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*v*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the formation, incorporation and organization of the company ;

(*w*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*x*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*y*) To sell, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with or contract with reference to all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*z*) To employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*aa*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjuction with others ;

(*bb*) To do all such other things as may seem directly or indirectly to be incidental to or conducive to or convenient or proper for accomplishment of the purposes or attainment of the objects of the company, or any of them, or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company ;

(*cc*) No power granted in any poragraph hereof shall be limited or restricticted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian Aeroplanes, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 28th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

23-2

The Provost Manufacturing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of November, 1916, incorporating Oscar Theodore Ross, geologist, George H. Stoddart, broker, Ludger Trudel, furrier, and John Carscallen Sherry, barrister, of the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, and Pierre Provost, of Legal, in the said Province of Alberta, blacksmith, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers, both wholesale and retail, in automobile pullers, stump pullers, trucks, cars, automobiles, bicycles, wagons, carriages and machinery of every description whether connected with the use of power or otherwise, and all apparata, appliances, implements and articles used in connection therewith or improvements thereon ;

(*b*) To apply for, register, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, use, operate, introduce and sell, assign or otherwise dispose of any interests in any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, trademarks, formulæ, secret processes and all inventions, improvements and processes in connection with or secured under letters patent or otherwise of Canada, United States of America, or of any other country, or generally, any invention or improvement which may seem to the company capable of being profitably dealt with, and to use, develop, or otherwise turn to account any and all such patents, brevets d'invention, trademarks, licenses, concessions, processes and the like, or any such property, rights and information so acquired, and, with a view to the working and development of the same, to carry on any business whether mining, manufacturing or otherwise which the company may think calculated directly or indirectly to effectuate these objects ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to have and hold any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, and any rights or privileges that the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any lands, factories, mills, plants, buildings and works and any and every kind and description, rights of way for pole lines or other purposes, servitudes, mines, minerals and mining rights, quarries, water powers, water rights, assessments, patent rights or other inventions, machinery and stock-in-trade, that it may consider convenient to have and hold in connection with its business ; to build, work, develop, operate and make use of same or any thereof, and to that end to construct, lay down and maintain all and any buildings, works, pole lines, substations and other adjuncts and appurtenances that may be convenient for such purposes, including reservoirs, pipes, dams, head and tail races, and flumes, locks, piers, wharves, docks, roads and other works of a like nature and to construct, own, and operate vessels, cars and other vehicles propelled by steam, electricity or otherwise for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to own, develop and operate steam, electric and hydraulic plants and pumping stations for the purpose of generating heat, light and power and of pumping and supplying water for the uses of the company in connection with any of its operations, and to dispose of any surplus of same not required for such operations, and in connection therewith to enter into all and any contracts and agreement for the supply of heat, light, water and power that the company may deem proper ; provided, however, that the sale distribution and transmission of electricity or other power shall be subject to municipal or other local regulations in that behalf ;

(*e*) To construct and operate on the property of this company, or of other persons with their consent, aerial or other conveyors to or from all or any of the properties of this company for facilitating the conveyance of the products and manufactures of this company ;

(*f*) To act as general store-keepers and to provide board and lodging, clothing and provisions, and generally all supplies to those engaged in or about any of the company's works or to contract for the providing of the same ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to take over the whole or any part of the undertaking, business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company, varrying on any business in whole or in part which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable and proper for the purposes of this company;

(*h*) To acquire, hold, dispose of or operate any franchise and concession, municipal, provincial or national, whether or not such franchise, involves the supply of water, light, heat, power or other form of energy;

(*i*) To make proper provision by way of pension, gratuity or otherwise for any person in the employ of the company or engaged in any business acquired by the company, and for the wives, widows, families and dependents of any such persons, and to support and subscribe to any national, educational, social, scientific, literary, religious, or charitable institution, or place of recreation, or trade society, or to assist in the promotion of any exhibition ;

(*j*) To enter into any agreement for sharing of profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or other arrangement of a like nature, with any person or company or companies carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, or having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take in exchange or in payment or otherwise acquire, hold and own, and whilst holding the same, to exercise all the rights and privileges of holders and owners thereof, and to sell with or without guarantee, and deal in the shares, bonds, debentures and other securities of any other company or companies, having purposes or objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to establish, promote or otherwise to assist any such other company or companies ;

(*l*) To issue paid up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, property rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, power, privilege, license or concession, which this company may lawfully acquire and to issue fully paid shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment of or in

exchange for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar or incidental to the business of this company;

(*m*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose or, or deal with all or any part of the property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration as the company may think proper and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*n*) To lend money and guarantee the performance of contracts by customers and others, as also the performance of any obligation or undertaking of any other company in which the company is interested or with which it may have business relations, and to accept as security for such loans and guarantee any security that may be offered by such person or company including shares and debentures of such other company:

(*o*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants, securities under the Bank Act and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*p*) To distribute in specie, or otherwise as may be resolved, any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company;

(*q*) From time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth and to exercise and enjoy all such rights and privileges either as principal or agent, and either in the name of the company or of any person or persons, firm or company as agent for the company, and either alone or in concurrence with any person or persons, firm company, government, body or authority, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them and so that the word "Company" throughout this clause shall be deemed to include any partnership, association or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not, and whether registered or domiciled in the Province of Alberta or elsewhere;

(*r*) To take all necessary and proper steps in any parliament or from any foreign government or state, for enabling the company to carry any of its objects into effect, or to obtain any modification of its constitution or for any other purpose which may seem likely to benefit the company, either directly or indirectly, and to oppose any application to Parliament or other authority or officer which may seem directly or indirectly opposed to the company's interests;

(*s*) To carry out and undertake any business, undertaking, transaction or operation germane to the purposes and objects above set forth, or which seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection the business or objects of the company;

(*t*) The objects set forth in any sub-clause of this clause of these presents shall be in no wise limeted or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause or by the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Provost Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 30th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

S. Fremes & Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of November, 1916, incorporating Samuel King and Oscar Heuman King, solicitors, William Cherry, caretaker, and Gertrude Pittis and Eva Olive Reid, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the bussiness now carried on at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, under the style or firm of S. Fremes & Company and to acquire a portion of the assets and the good-will of the said business now carried on under the style or firm of S. Fremes & Company;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell and otherwise deal in jewellery, watches, clocks optical goods, stationery, jewellers' and watchmakers' findings and sundries and all other fancy goods usually kept in stock and sold by retail jewellers as well as all goods, wares and merchandise used in and incidental to the manufacture of jewellery, and to buy, sell and otherwise deal in diamonds and other precious and semi-precious stones, cameos and articles of vertu usually carried by jewellers;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*g*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*i*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependants or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*l*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*m*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons :

(*n*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferrable instruments ;

(*o*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*p*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carring the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*q*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*r*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "S. Fremes & Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 30th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23-2 Under-Secretary of State.

International Manufacturing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of November, 1916, incorporating John Alton Harriss, Rufus Lenoir Patterson, Alfred Otto Hoyt and James Augustine McCann, manufacturers, all of the City of New York, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America ; and Wilford Judson Hawkins, manufacturer, of the City of Montclair, in the State of New Jersey, one of the United States of America, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in ordnance, small arms, firearms, explosive shells, cartridges and fuses, and all parts, fittings and accessories of the same, and of all kinds of material, machinery or apparatus necessary or useful in the production of any such articles ; to carry on the business of iron and coal masters, miners, iron, brass and other metal founders, machinists, tool-makers, wire-drawers, tube manufacturers, metallurgists or metal workers, fitters, mill-wrights, saddlers, packing-box makers, galvanizers, japanners, electro-platers, enamellers, and all other detail branches of business usually or conveniently connected with any such businesses as aforesaid, either for preparing or finishing articles for sale, or for auxiliary purposes, as well as for the purposes of the businesses aforesaid as for the purpose of profit as independent businesses ;

(*b*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture, of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company altogether or in part similar to those of the company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company ;

(*d*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country, and to designate persons therein, according to the laws of such foreign country, to represent this company, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company or any process or suit ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property any liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To underwrite, subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold either as principal or agent, and absolutely as owner or by the way of collateral security or otherwise dispose of or deal in the bonds or debentures, stocks, shares or other securities of any government or municipal or school corporation or of any chartered bank or of any public or private company or companies, association or associations, and while owner of any of the above securities to exercise all the rights, powers, privileges of ownership, including the right to vote upon stock held or owned by the company ;

(*h*) To assist in the promotion, organization, development or management or company, and to raise and assist in raising money for and aid by way of bonds, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures, or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to offer for public subscription any shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation;

(*i*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account, the property, rights, interests or information so acquired ;

(*j*) To issue and allot, as fully paid up, shares of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment of any property, movable or immovable,

property rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, powers, privileges, licenses, concession, stock, bonds, and debentures or other property rights which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the powers hereby granted, or to pay for same or any part thereof in bonds or debentures of the company ;

(*k*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think proper and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or securities of any other company, provided that the company shall not sell, lease or otherwise dispose of its property or undertaking as an entirety without the approval either in writing or by vote at a meeting called for the purpose, of two-thirds in interest of the issued common stock of the company;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "International Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one million dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 30th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Canadian Bottlers Association, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as *The Companies Act*, letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State o Canada, bearing date the 29th day of November, 1916, incorporating: Oscar Gagnon and Leopold Choquette, advocates, Joseph Ernest Rainville, Ernest Boulais and Albert Ménard, agents, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell and manufacture all soft or alcoholic drinks ;

(*b*) To buy, sell and exchange bottles, casks, siphons, cans, cases, boxes, packing acessories and other recipients new or second hand, and also crates, cylinders and barrels ;

(*c*) To promote the protection and privileges of the manufacturers, merchants, dealers, bottlers, whose names, trademarks or other signs appear on bottles, casks, syphons, cans, casses, boxes, packing accessories, barrels and other recipients, by promoting the co-operation of parties using stamp bottles or other such as aforesaid ;

(*d*) To carry on any business of manufacturing or otherwise as the company may deem possible to carry on suitably with the aforesaid or such as may increase directly or indirectly the value of the belongings, rights and privileges of the company or to make such profitable ;

(*e*) To purchase or otherwise acquire all or any part of the business, property, liabilities, of any person or corporation carrying on any business which the said company is authorized to carry on or in which it may be interested or holding goods having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*f*) To apply for, buy or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions or other privileges of all kinds granting any limited privileges, exclusive or non-exclusive, for the use of any secret process or information concerning any invention deemed suitable for the objects of the corporation or the acquiring of which might be any advantage, directly or indirectly, and use, exercise, develop, grant licenses concerning such, associate with other shareholders besides those of the said company, or otherwise make the best of the goods, privileges, information thus acquired ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangement concerning the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint advantage, reciprocal concessions, with any person or company, carrying on, engaged in, or on the point of being engaged in any commerce or kind of business which the said corporation is authorized to carry on or in which it is engaged, or any commerce or kind of business which may be operated to its direct or indirect advantage or benefit;

(*h*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold or exchange for other shares from any other company whose objects may be totally or in part similar to those of the present corporation, or carrying on a business possibly suitable, directly or indirectly, to the objects of this company;

(*i*) To buy, or otherwise acquire, lease, or exchange, rent or otherwise acquire any real or personal estate, any right or privilege the company may deem necessary or suitable to the objects of its commerce and buy, exchange or sell liquor distilleries.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The Canadian Bottlers Association, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 30th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canada Truck Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of November, 1916, incorporating Richard Edgar Hannan, manager ; John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, King's counsel, all of City of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, and Charles Albert Hale and Auguste Angers, advocates, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, purchase, sell, rent, store and generally deal in automobiles and other vehicles, whether drawn by horses or not, and in engine, automobile and motor boat accessories and supplies; to lay, construct, erect, maintain and operate buildings, factories, plants, garages, stables, barns, showrooms, or other constructions required for the manufacture, sale, exchange, renting or storing of automobiles, engines and other accessories and all kinds of vehicles; to engage in the business of carriers of persons, merchandise and chattels, by means of vehicles propelled with or without horses; to run trucks, taxicabs or other vehicles with or without motive power, and to manufacture, sell, operate and otherwise deal in any machines, apparatus, tools, or supplies necessary for the manufacture, construction, repairing or assembling of vehicles, automobiles, engines and other accessories;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and

securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing of any shares in the company's capital stock or any debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company, its organization or the conduct of its business, and to pay for the same in cash or, with the approval of shareholders, in issuing fully paid-up shares of the company ;

(*g*) To sell and dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of may other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*h*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*i*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or attaiments of any of the objects herein enumerated ;

(*j*) The above powers and purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other, and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them. and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed as having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canada Truck Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-nine hundred thousand dollars divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Bissel Carpet Sweeper Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of November 1916, incorporating Willis Bertram Sturrup, law clerk ; James White Bicknell, and Aubrey Thomas Maher, students-at-law Thomas Stewart Hagan Giles, accountant and John Steuart Duggan, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, export and deal in carpet sweepers, vacuum sweepers and other sweepers, cleaners or house furnishing goods ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or right ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) Nothwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any machinery plant or stock in trade ;

(*h*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*i*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*j*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*k*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*l*) To acqnire, hold, sell and convey any real estate requisite for the carrying on of the undertaking of the company ;

(*m*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*n*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, and of the objects set out in the letters patent and supplementary letters patent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Bissel Carpet Sweeper Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Niagara Falls, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Canadian Desmond-Stephan Manufacturing Company.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of November, 1916, incorporating Archibald Hope Gibson, Gabriel Herman Levy, and Charles Hugh Higgins, barristers-at law, Annie May Herriman, bookkeeper, and Rose Marie O'Brien, stenographer, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture automatic steam injectors and ejectors, abrasive wheels, grinding machinery and

other machine tools and to deal in diamonds for industrial purposes and all allied and kindred equipment ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold, shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and obtain from any such authorities any rights, privileges, and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*i*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant and stock in trade ;

(*j*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*k*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, or other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*l*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*m*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting, prizes rewards and donations ;

(*n*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things, and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*p*) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects and of the objects set out in the letters patent and supplementary letters patent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Canadian Desmond-Stephan Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 31st October, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that license No. 417 has this day been issued to The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania, authorizing the transaction of Tornado Insurance in Canada in addition to Fire Insurance for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
20–4 Superintendent of Insurance.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada:—

1. A position in the Department of Labour in Subdivision A of the Second Division, initial salary, $1,600 per annum. The duties of the position will involve a study and investigation of the employment and living conditions of the women and child workers of Canada and assistance in the administration of any law dealing with future prices. Candidates must be women who have the following qualifications: a graduate of a recognized university, preferably with training in economics, and with sufficient practical experience in the lines above indicated to qualify for appointment in grade A of the Second Division.

2. An Assistant Chemist in the Ore Dressing and Metallurgical Division of the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Subdivision A of the Second Division, initial salary $1,600 per annum. Candidates must be graduates in chemistry of some recognized university and must have had considerable experience since graduation in the chemical analyses of ores, metals and ferro alloys.

3. A Translator for the Department of Trade and Commerce, Subdivision B of the Second Division initial salary $1,300 per annum. For this position an examination will be held in the following subjects: French Orthography, French Composiition, Translation from French into English, and Translation from English into French. Notice regarding the place and date of the examination will be sent to all applicants as soon as the necessary arrangements have been made.

4. A Reporter for the Debates Staff of the Senate of Canada, Subdivision B of the First Division, initial salary $2,100 per annum. The candidates must possess a high degree of stenographic skill sufficient to enable them to report the debates of the Senate in an intelligent manner in both the English and French languages.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 18th day of December next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 23rd November, 1916. 22–4

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 109 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 52.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(364) Northumberland strait—Buctouche harbour entrance —Depths—Dredging—Changes in range lights.

Description of channel.—The entrance to Buctouche harbour consists of three principal courses.

(*1*) The channel over the outer bar, marked by Dixon point range lights, bearing 281° (N. 56° W. mag.) The outer portion of this, about 2700 feet long, constituting the outer bar, has not yet been dredged and has a least depth of 10.2 feet over fine sand. Inside of this is a rock cut 2200 feet long, which has been dredged to a width of 120 feet and a least depth of 13.4 feet. Near the turn on to the Indian point range a rock cut 400 feet long has been made to a width of 100 feet and least depth of 13 feet. The Dixon point range lights have already been moved into the axis of this channel (See Notice to Mariners No. 62 (207) of 1916).

(*2*) The channel between the north bank or Buctouche beach and the south shore, bearing 317° 25′ (N. 19° 35′ W. mag.), which will be marked by the Indian point range lights in new locations (see below). The axis of this portion, as relocated, bears 4° 25′ more to the eastward than that of the old channel. This course has water exceeding 13 feet on it, except over Middle shoal, where a cut 4180 feet long through rock, with a width of 100 feet and least depth of 13 feet, has been completed.

(*3*) The comparatively narrow meandering channel of Buctouche river. This channel, marked by bushes driven on the edges of the mud flats, leads from the Indian point range lights alignment to the wharves in Buctouche village. It has good depths, except about 3400 feet above the Indian point range, where for a distance of 1800 feet the inner shoal, having a least depth of 9 feet, still requires to be dredged.

Changes in Indian point range lights.

Date.—Opening of navigation in 1917, without further notice.

(*1*) *Front tower to be moved.*—The existing front range tower will be moved to a new position 1020 feet 81° (S. 76° E. mag.) from where it now stands into the axis of the new channel (2) above described. In every other respect it will remain as heretofore.

New position.—1950 feet from the extreme of Indian point, and 130 feet back from high water mark in the line of range.

Lat. N. 46° 29′ 27″, Long. W. 64° 40′ 45″

(*2*) *Back tower. Position.*—A new back range tower will be erected 1225 feet 317° 25′ (N. 19° 35′ W. mag.) from the front one.

Character.—Fixed red light.

Elevation.—76 feet.

Visibility.—8 miles in the line of range.

Order.—Catoptric.

Structure.—Skeleton tower, square in plan, with sloping sides, surmounted by an enclosed watchroom and square lantern; wooden slats on upper portion of side facing alignment.

Material.—Skeleton frame, steel; watchroom and lantern, wood.

Colour.—Skeleton frame, red; slats, white; watchroom and lantern, white.

Height.—47 feet from base to top of ventilator on the lantern.

Note.—The existing back tower will be dismantled.

N. to M. No. 109 (364) 3-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 23° W.
Authority: Information re channel from District Engineer through Asst. Chief En. D., and re lights from Records, Chief Engineer, Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1986, 2034, 1651 and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, pages 236 and 237.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 837 and 838.
Departmental Files: Nos. 38245 and 20837R.

QUEBEC.

(365) River St. Lawrence below Quebec—Beaujeu channel, west narrows—Temporary change in position of gas and bell buoy.

Temporary change in position of buoy.—Beaujeu bank west end red gas and bell buoy No. 70B has been moored temporarily in a position 1200 feet southwestward of its station, in order to facilitate dredging operations in the vicinity.

N. to M. No. 109 (365) 3-11-16.

Authority: Report from Supt. of Lights and Buoys, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 315 and 318.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 208.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 119.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1187.
Departmental File: No. 11785.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 3rd November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 22-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 111 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 54.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(367) South coast—Eastward of Mutton head—Bell buoy established.

Position.—$\frac{3}{4}$ mile 97° (S. 63° E. mag.) from the south extremity of Mutton head.

Lat. N. 43° 51′ 40″, Long. W. 64° 45′ 52″

The buoy is in the alignment of Bull rock and the east tangent of Spectacle island bearing 335° (N. 5° W. mag.)

Description.—Iron buoy, surmounted by a bell.
Colour.—Black and white vertical stripes.
Depth.—11 fathoms.
Variation in 1916: 20° W.

N. to M. No. 111 (367) 8-11-16.

Authority: Report from N. S. Supt. of Lights.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 341, 730, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 193.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: To be inserted as No. 270.
Departmental File: No. 25975.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(368) South coast—Approach to Halifax—Buoys marking war channel withdrawn—Caution.

Former notice.—No. 90 (282) of 1914.
Buoys discontinued.—The buoys, which marked the war channel in the approach to Halifax, from Neverfail shoal to seaward, have been removed and discontinued.

N. to M. No. 111 (368) 8-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Halifax.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2320, 2410, 729, 1651, 2666 and 2670.
Departmental File: No. 32504.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(369) South coast—Halifax harbour entrance—Sambro Outer bank—Lightship not removed from her station—Submarine bell discontinued—Correction.

Former notices.—No. 70 (233) of 1916; and No. 106 (357) of 1916.
Lightship on her station.—Correction.—Sambro lightship, No. 15, has not been removed from her station as erroneously stated in Notice to Mariners No. 106 (357) of 1916, and the second paragraph of item No. 357 of that notice is hereby cancelled accordingly. The sounding of the submarine bell, operated from the above lightship, has been discontinued until further notice.

N. to M. No. 111 (369) 8-11-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2410, 729, 1651, 2666 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 141.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 322.
Departmental Files: Nos. 32504 and 21040M.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 8th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 22-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 110 of 1916.

(*Atlántic No. 53.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

QUEBEC.

(366) Batiscan river—Range day beacons.

The following day beacons are maintained to mark the channel in Batiscan river from the mouth of the river to Ste. Geneviève de Batiscan.

(1) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of mouth of Batiscan river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 11″, Long. W. 72° 14′ 50″

Description.—Pole with diamond-shaped daymark attached.

Colour of daymark.—Black diamond centre with white border.

Height of beacon.—21 feet.

(2) *Position of back beacon.*—1075 feet 249° 30′ (S. 86° W. mag.) from front beacon (1).

Description.—Pole with diamond shaped daymark attached.

Colour of daymark.—Black diamond centre with white border.

Height of beacon.—27 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (1) and (2) in line lead up from the river St. Lawrence to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (3) and (4).

Each of the under-mentioned day beacons consists of an unpainted pole, with a white diamond-shaped daymark with an open centre attached.

(3) *Position of front beacon.*—On north side of mouth of Batiscan river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 23″, Long. W. 72° 15′ 0″

Height of beacon.—15 feet.

(4) *Position of back beacon.*—1000 feet 289° 30′ (N. 54° W. mag.) from front beacon (3).

Height of beacon.—22 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (3) and (4) in line lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (1) and (2) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (5) and (6).

(5) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of Batiscan river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 20″, Long. W. 72° 15′ 33″

Height of beacon.—17 feet.

(6) *Position of back beacon.*—900 feet 273° (N. 70° 30′ W. mag.) from front beacon (5).

Height of beacon.—23 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (5) and (6) in line lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (3) and (4) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (7) and (8).

(7) *Position of front beacon.*—On north side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 29″, Long. W. 72° 16′ 1″

Height of beacon.—16 feet.

(8) *Position of back beacon.*—850 feet 284° (N. 59° 30′ W. mag.) from front beacon (7).

Height of beacon.—23 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (7) and (8) in line lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (5) and (6) to a point 1100 feet below beacon (7).

(9) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 8″, Long. W. 72° 16′ 57″

Height of beacon.—15 feet.

(10) *Position of back beacon.*—1100 feet 221° 30′ (S. 58° W. mag.) from front beacon (9).

Height of beacon.—22 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (9) and (10) in line lead up from a turn in the channel 1800 feet below beacon (9) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (13) and (14).

(11) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 12″, Long. W. 72° 16′ 46″

Height of beacon.—16 feet.

(12) *Position of back beacon.*—950 feet 89° (S. 74° 30′ E. mag.) from front beacon (11).

Height of beacon.—23 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (11) and (12) in one astern lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (9) and (10) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (15) and (16).

(13) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 12″, Long. W. 72° 17′ 42″

Height of beacon.—15 feet.

(14) *Position of back beacon.*—2350 feet 269° (N. 74° 30′ W. mag.) from front beacon.

Height of beacon.—22 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (13) and (14) in line lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (9) and (10) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (15) and (16).

Note.—Beacons (13) and (14) are in the same alignment as beacons (11) and (12).

(15) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 10″, Long. W. 72° 17′ 24″

Height of beacon.—15 feet.

(16) *Position of back beacon.*—2550 feet 110° (S. 53° 30′ E. mag.) from front beacon.

Height of beacon.—23 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (15) and (16) in one astern lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (13) and (14) to a point 0.8 mile above beacon (15).

N. to M. No. 110 (366) 6-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 16° 30 W.
Authority: Report from Supt. of Lights, Montreal.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2779 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 14, 23 and 24.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 47.
Departmental File: No. 30419.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 6th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

23-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 112 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 55.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(370) South coast—Bay of Fundy—Point Lepreau—Amended new characteristic of fog alarm.

Former notice.—No. 84 (280) of 1916.

Position.—On point Lepreau.

Lat. N. 45° 3′ 30″, Long. W. 66° 27′ 39″

New characteristic of fog alarm.—The fog alarm has been changed so as to sound three blasts of $2\frac{1}{2}$ seconds, with intervals of 4 seconds between them, every minute, thus :

Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent interval
$2\frac{1}{2}$ secs	4 secs.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ secs.	4 secs.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ secs.	$44\frac{1}{2}$ secs.

N. to M. No. 112 (370) 9-11-16.

Authority : Report from N. B. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts : Nos. 2013, 352, 1651 and 2670.
Publication : Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 304.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916 : No. 48.
Departmental File : No. 20048F.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(371) South coast—Off Shelburne harbour—Uncharted shoal.

Position.—$4\frac{1}{4}$ miles 163° 30′ (S. 3° 15′ W. mag.) from cape Roseway lighthouse.

Lat. N. 43° 33′ 12″, Long. W. 65° 14′ 5″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:—

The Salvages fog alarm	0°
Cape Negro island lighthouse	9°
Cape Roseway lighthouse	104° 30′
Gull rock lighthouse	60° 45′

Depth.—8 fathoms.

Description.—Ridge of smooth rock, area under 10 fathoms 100 yards north and south and 10 yards across. *The shoal is reported to break in a heavy sea*

N. to M. No. 112 (371) 9-11-16.

Variation in 1916 : 19° 45′ W.
Authority : Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia".
Admiralty charts : Nos. 340, 730, 1651 and 2670.
Publication : Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 203.
Departmental File : No. 31589.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(372) South coast—Lockeport approach—Uncharted shoals—Position of shoal.

(*1*) *Position of shoal.*—About 1 mile northeast of Gull rock lighthouse.

Lat. N. 43° 40′ 2″, Long. W. 65° 5′ 0″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :—

Gull rock lighthouse	0°
Carter island lighthouse	128° 30′
Southern end of Ram island, summit	88 50

Depth.—$19\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Description.—Smooth rock, area under 5 fathoms 10 yards across, only one cast of $19\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

(*2*) *Position of shoal.*—About $1\frac{1}{4}$ cables east of the south end of Cranberry island.

Lat. N. 43° 41′ 10″, Long. W. 65° 5′ 53″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :—

Gull rock lighthouse	0°
Triangulation station on Western head	52° 55′
Carter island lighthouse	123 45
Southern end of Ram island, summit	100 30

Depth.—13½ feet.

Description.—Large stones over flat rock, area under 4 fathoms 10 yards across, only one cast of 13½ feet.

(*3*) *Position of shoal.*—About 4 cables east of the south end of Cranberry island.

Lat. N. 43° 41′ 13″, Long. W. 65° 5′ 35″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :—

Gull rock lighthouse	0°
Outer rock off south end of Cranberry island	39° 55′
Carter island lighthouse	119 5
Southern end of Ram island, summit	113 45

Depth.—19½ feet.

Description.—Pinnacle of rock, area under 4 fathoms 10 yards across, only one cast of 19½ feet.

The following particulars relate to the shoal off the entrance to Lockeport harbour described in Notice to Mariners No. 3 (5) of 1915.

Position of shoal.—About 1⅓ miles northeast of Gull rock lighthouse.

Lat. N. 43° 40′ 10″, Long. W. 65° 4′ 30″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :—

Gull rock lighthouse	0°
Carter island lighthouse	108° 5′
Southern end of Ram island, summit	100 5

Depth.—11 feet.

Description.—Point of rock, area under 5 fathoms 30 yards across, only one cast of 11 feet.

N. to M. No. 112 (372) 9-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 19° 45′ W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia".
Admiralty charts: Nos. 340, 730, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot 1911, pages 198 and 199.
Departmental Files: Nos. 31589 and 19966.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 9th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

23-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 113 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 34.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO

(373) Lake Erie—Wreck southeastward of Southeast shoal lightship.

Wreck.—Capt. Carmine, of the U. S. Coast Guard steamer "Morrill," has reported the discovery of a wreck, with one mast 6 feet above water, about 9 miles 120° (S. 57° E. mag.) from the Southeast shoal lightship.

The wreck is supposed to be that of the steamer "Marshall Butters," lost on 20th October, 1916. The least depth over the hull is 6¼ fathoms.

N. to M. No. 113 (373) 10-11-16

Variation in 1916: 3° W.
Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M., No. 45 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 332 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108 D, 1907, page 89.

ONTARIO

(374) Georgian bay, east side—Giants Tomb island—Hand fog horn at lightstation.

Position.—At the lightstation on the south side of Giants Tomb island.

Lat. N. 44° 52′ 47″, Long. W. 80° 0′ 28″

Description.—Hand fog horn.

Remarks.—It is used to answer signals from steamers in the vicinity of the station in thick weather.

N. to M. No. 113 (374) 10-11-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 327 and 678.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 83.
Publication: Sailing Directions for Georgian Bay, 1915, page 297.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2004.
Departmental File: No. 22004 S.

ONTARIO

(375) Lake Superior—Uncharted rock south of Moss island.

Position.—0.18 mile 243° 45′ (S. 62° 30′ W. mag.) from the south extreme of Moss island; and $\frac{1}{8}$ mile 32° (N. 30° 45′ E. mag.) from the small islet lying $\frac{1}{4}$ mile southwestward of Moss island.

Lat. N. 48° 38′ 7″, Long. W. 88° 9′ 29″

Depth.—10 feet, below the datum of 603 feet above mean tide, New York.

Description.—The rock is smooth and the water is deep close-to all around.

N. to M. No. 113 (375) 10-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 1° 15′ E.
Authority: Report from Mr. H. D. Parizeau, Hydrographic Surveyor.
Admiralty chart: No. 320.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 103.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108 A, 1906, page 87.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

ONTARIO

(376) Lake Superior—Big Trout bay—Uncharted shoal.

Position.—In the entrance to Big Trout bay.

Description.—A very narrow ridge of 10 fathoms with three sharp heads, the positions of which and the depths over them are as follows:

(1) *Position of westerly shoal spot.*—0.87 mile 38° 15′ (N. 35° 15′ E. mag.) from the east extreme of Pine point.

Lat. N. 48° 3′ 7″, Long. W. 89° 26′ 11″

Depth.—11 feet.

(2) *Position of shoal spot.*—0.92 mile 40° 30′ (N. 37° 30′ E. mag.) from the east extreme of Pine point.

Lat. N. 48° 3′ 7″, Long. W. 89° 26′ 8″

Depth.—20 feet.

(3) *Position of easterly shoal spot.*—1.04 miles 45° (N. 42° E. mag.) from the east extreme of Pine point.

Lat. N. 48° 3′ 10″, Long. W. 89° 25′ 56″

Depth.—27$\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Note.—Depths are below the datum of 603 feet above mean tide, New York.

N. to M. No. 113 (376) 10-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 3° E.
Authority: Report from Mr. H. D. Parizeau, Hydrographic Surveyor.
Admiralty chart: No. 320.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 101.
Publication: U.S.H.O. Publication No. 108 A, 1906, page 78.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 10th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters, to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 114 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 35*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(377) Lake Erie—Port Maitland—Fog bell at lighthouse—Temporary back range light.

(*1*) *Position of fog bell.*—At Port Maitland lighthouse on the west pier, 100 feet from its outer end.

Lat. N. 42° 51′ 8″, Long. W. 79° 34′ 48″

Description.—An electrically operated fog bell, which rings continuously during thick or foggy weather.

(*2*) *Position of back range light.*—On the west pier, at the angle in the pier; 900 feet 23° (N. 29° E. mag.) from Port Maitland lighthouse on the west pier.

Character.—Fixed red light, shown from a locomotive headlight reflector lantern.

Elevation.—21 feet.

Visibility.—6 miles in the line of range.

Structure.—Narrow wooden frame, 14 feet high.

N. to M. No. 114 (377) 13-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 6° W.
Authority: Records, Chief Engineer's office, Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1605, 332 and 678.
Publication: Sailing Directions for the Canadian shore of Lake Erie, 1897, page 16.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1844.
Departmental Files: Nos. 21844F and 37996.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(378) Detroit river—Fighting island south light established—Gas buoy discontinued.

Former notice.—No. 33 (118) of 1916.

(*1*) *Position of light.*—In 6 feet water, west of Fighting island at its lower end, about 35 yards north of the end of the shoal and about 18 yards east of the channel bank.

From the light, Grosse Isle north channel range front light bears 221° (S. 43° W. mag.); Grosse Isle south channel range front light bears 335° (N. 23° W. mag.); and Mamajuda range back light bears 356° (N. 2° W. mag.)

Character of light.—Flashing white every 3 seconds, flash 0·3 second duration.

Elevation.—32 feet.

Power.—130 candles.

Structure.—Red pyramidal skeleton structure.

(*2*) *Gas buoy discontinued.*—Fighting Island channel gas buoy 2, which marked the eastern edge of Fighting Island channel at the junction with Ballard reef channel, has been discontinued.

N. to M. No. 114 (378) 13-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 2° W.
Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 45 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 330, 332 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108C, 1907, page 18.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister

EPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 13th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

AGRICULTURE

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 118 pp 0.10
Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp 0.15
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de la Chimie, de la Culture du Sol, et de l'Elevage, pour l'exercice tlrminé le 31 mars 191?, 596 pp 0.45
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for November, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, novembre 1916, 108 pp. illus 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, September, 1916 ..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription 2.00
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* 23rd " " " "
* 2nd Divisional Engineers, 4th, 5th and 6th Field Companies " " "
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1916-17 **1916-17**

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st October, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.	1915.	1916.
LIABILITIES.	$ c.	$ c
FUNDED DEBT—		
Payable in New York		75,357,000 00
do in Canada	750,360 94	150,202,277 73
do in London	362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Temporary Loans	160,140,350 86	131,099,474 69
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund	5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes	164,630,286 16	174,863,077 29
SAVINGS BANKS— 1915. 1916.		
Post Office Savings Banks $38,776,528 66 $40,877,801 16		
Dominion Government Savings Banks 13,857,473 07 13,550,297 64		
	52,634,001 73	54,428,098 80
Trust Funds	10,214,979 95	10,275,955 80
Province Accounts	11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts	29,109,568 32	35,174,870 87
Total Gross Debt	797,772,100 88	1,119,393,494 99
ASSETS.		
INVESTMENTS—		
Sinking Funds	11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Other Investments	108,017,819 43	131,204,412 71
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS	2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS	183,558,087 78	277,385,747 11
Total Assets	305,243,608 79	423,614,978 44
Total Net Debt 31st October	492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
do do to 30th September	484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
Increase of Debt	7,686,858 36	15,503,071 65

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of October, 1915.	Total to 31st October, 1915	Month of October, 1916.	Total to 31st October, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	7,847,784 37	51,054,363 87	11,076,575 47	75,191,250 29
Excise	1,844,700 02	12,034,755 15	2,043,742 22	13,985,293 74
Post Office	1,400,000 00	9,399,779 65	1,550,000 00	10,350,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,389,019 53	10,223,891 21	2,224,598 32	15,100,688 14
Miscellaneous	958,829 98	4,971,058 61	1,263,212 04	7,120,575 98
Total	14,440,333 90	87,683,848 49	18,158,128 05	121,747,808 15
EXPENDITURE	10,075,981 74	56,347,603 96	7,803,405 29	57,561,116 89
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	8,931,265 19	53,359,158 30	22,948,251 86	127,487,147 06
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,874,997 36	19,686,843 12	2,384,704 80	13,540,236 47
Railway Subsidies	244,889 57	967,910 71	.....	363,478 61
Total	12,051,152 12	74,013,912 13	25,332,956 66	141,390,862 14

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th November, 1916.

20-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,773 25
Fractional	997,482 04
$1	14,268,585 00
$2	10,544,717 50
$4	45,399 00
$5	3,590,912 50
$50	10,250 00
$100	2,000 00
$500	2,024,500 00
$1,000	4,273,000 00
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	204,000 00
$1,000 " " "	1,396,000 00
$5,000 " " "	137,250,000 00
	$ 174,634,619 29

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,301 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,773 25

Gold held October 31, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,130,169 53
Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits— 10 p.c. on $54,428,098.80 under The Savings Banks Act	5,442,809 88
Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,687,359 6

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

20-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of October, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	821,821 59	
Malt Liquor	12,587 55	
Malt	154,704 93	
Tobacco	943,276 44	
Cigars	66,626 62	
Manufactures in Bond	11,718 04	
Acetic Acid	515 11	
Seizures	646 21	
Other Receipts	11,168 22	
Total Excise Revenue		2,023,064 71
Methylated Spirits		13,025 24
Ferry		26 00
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,742 08
Gas Inspection		4,250 75
Electric Light Inspection		5,398 33
Law Stamps		1,454 50
Other Revenues		495 94
War Tax		97,671 01
Grand Total Revenue		2,160,128 56

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 16th November, 1916.

22-tf

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of August, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts. CR.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36	WITHDRAWALS during the month	691,788 19
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,172,945 57		
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer			
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	3,672 24		
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,860 45	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st August, 1916.	41,086,063 43
	41,777,851 62		41,777,851 62

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th October, 1916.

18-tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirty-first October, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 30th September, 1916.	Deposits October, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for October, 1916.	Balance on October 31st, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	585,020 09	4,554 00	589,574 09	14,700 45	574,873 64
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,189,385 95	18,880 30	1,208,266 25	47,673 61	1,160,592 64
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,961,329 71	22,816 00	1,984,145 71	63,971 09	1,920,174 62
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	271,272 15	3,483 00	274,755 15	6,250 77	268,504 38
St. John	5,443,730 52	55,179 81	5,498,910 33	169,363 78	5,329,546 55
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	134,493 03	105 00	134,598 03	9,681 95	124,916 08
Guysboro'	117,731 79	2,592 15	120,323 94	3,522 07	116,801 87
Halifax	2,518,820 29	31,875 24	2,550,695 53	57,118 80	2,493,576 73
Kentville	234,163 58	7,723 00	241,886 58	2,663 61	239,222 97
Lunenburg	418,145 75	3,123 00	421,268 75	6,636 05	414,632 70
Port Hood	87,320 75		87,320 75	251 02	87,069 73
Shelburne	226,064 45	2,724 12	228,788 57	3,766 47	225,022 10
Sherbrooke	101,799 42	1,065 00	102,864 42	4,261 00	98,603 42
Wallace	136,671 86	1,702 00	138,373 86	2,136 10	136,237 76
Totals	13,425,949 34	155,822 62	13,581,771 96	391,996 77	13,189,775 19

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

20-tf

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUÉBEC, ON THE 30th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1916.

	CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand. 1	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand. 2	Other deposits payable on demand. 3	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 4	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 5	Other deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 6	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Trust. 7	Liabilities not included under the foregoing heads. 8	Total Liabilities.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	cts.
an District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	348,001 86	.....	.....		....	32,040,833 83	180,000 00	60,105 72	32,628,941 41
d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	....	....	.....	140,000 00	11,200 00	10,460,905 23	83,000 00	631,020 79	11,326,126 02
Total....	3,000,000 00	1,250,000 00	348,001 86	.....	.....	140,000 00	11,200 00	42,501,739 06	263 000 00	691,126 51	43,955,067 43

ASSETS.

	Dominion, Provincial and other public securities. 1	Cash in hand and on deposit in chartered banks 2	Canadian municipal bonds or securities, schools bonds or debentures and securities approved by Treasury Board. 3	Other bonds, debentures and securities. 4	Loans to governments, municipal corporations, fabriques de paroisses, syndics pour l'érection d'eglises and corporations on resolutions of their boards of directors. 5	Loans for which bank stocks are held as collateral security. 6	Loans for which stocks, bonds, debentures or securities other than bank stocks are held as collateral security. 7	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund investments. 8	Investments in bank stock made previous to the incorporation of the bank. 9	Bank premises. 10	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads. 11	Total Assets
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts
City and District Savings Bank	3,288,048 91	6,633,317 89	14,601,240 28	1,329,889 03	....	1,314,702 36	6,869,878 30	180,000 00	..... .	475,000 00	240,418 13	34,932,494 90
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.. ...	1,421,333 73	1,290,851 41	4,387,587 22	1,939,533 33	.....	454,127 60	2,885,961 65	83,000 00	9.600 00	140,000 00	223,002 63	12,834,997 57
Total.....	4,709,382 64	7,924,169 30	18,988,827 50	3,269,422 36	....	1,768,829 96	9,755,839 95	263,000 00	9,600 00	615,000 00	463,420 76	47,767,492 47

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 24th October, 1916.

T C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
18-t

DECEMBER 2, 1916.

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J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

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(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette;* such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Committee until there has been filed with that committee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, township, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a.*) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar character within, or in any way affecting the district, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b.*) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordina y "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(*7*) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner. give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13–14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Larilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
17–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rozilla Lamb, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, nurse, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, George Alfred Lamb, of Toronto, Ontario, machinist, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, this 31st day of October, 1916.

LEE & O'DONOGHUE,
241-2 Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto, Ont.,
19–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Gertrude Ellen Beal' of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, William Albrighton Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, on the ground of adultery, misconduct and cruelty.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, this 13th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
511 Union Bank Bldg., Ottawa, Ont.,
21–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, sheet metal worker, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret S. Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Toronto, this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORRIS & ROACH,
20-14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
18–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Evelyn Snyder, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Edward Lockwood, also of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, mechanic, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this 22nd day of November, 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
22–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Major in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Marguerite Claire Stephens, of the said City and District of Montreal, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montreal, Que.,
21-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Colin Darrach Poole, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Catharine Poole, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, the 8th day of January, 1916.

CORLEY, WILKEY & DUFF,
157 Bay Street, Toronto,
22–14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Albert Edwin Gordon, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Edna Gertrude Gordon, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto this 27th day of July, A.D., 1916.

CORLEY, WILKIE, DUFF & HAMILTON,
22--14 Solicitors for applicant.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company will make application to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation (1 and 2 George V, cap. 86, 1911) by repealing sub-sections (d) and (e) of section 7 of the said Act, and by giving it power to make contracts of insurance for the following classes as defined by "The Insurance Act, 1910," in addition to the classes specified in sub-sections (a), (b) and (c) of said section 7, viz., (d) Guarantee Insurance ; (e) Plate Glass Insurance ; (f) Automobile Insurance, and (g) Fire Insurance, and also to change the name of the company to "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
Solicitors for applicant.
22-5 160 St. James street, Montreal.

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act,—

(1). Declaring its railway to be a work for the genaral advantage of Canada.

(2). Changing its head office from the Town of Field, in the Province of British Columbia, to the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

(3). Authorizing it to enter into an agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for any of the purposes specified in section 361 of The Railway Act and to lease its railway to the said company.

Dated at Field, B.C., this 25th day of November, 1916.

G. A. WALKER,
Secretary.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
Ottawa agents. 22–5

THE GRAND LODGE OF THE CANADIAN ASSOCIATION OF STATIONARY ENGINEERS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate an association under the name of "The Grand Lodge of the Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers of the Dominion of Canada" for the purpose of promoting the efficient operation of steam power plants, serving as a school of instruction, &c., with power to take over all existing business of "The Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers" incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and to assume all liabilities of the said association.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov., 1916.

JOHN HALL,
Secretary, Executive Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers,
23–5 230 Caroline St., South, Hamilton.

THE PEACE RIVER, McKENZIE AND COPPER MINE RIVER RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a railway company for the general advantage of Canada under the name of "The Peace River, McKenzie and Copper Mine River Railway Company of Canada," with power to lay out, construct and operate a line of railway commencing at a point near Sawridge, on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, thence running north of the east end of Lesser Slave Lake to Buffalo Lake, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to Vermillion, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to the Falls or Chute of Peace River, thence crossing Peace River Falls at the head of the rapids above the Falls and continuing in a northerly direction to the foothills of the Cariboo Mountains, thence continuing northeasterly along the base of the Cariboo Mountains to the head waters of the Little Buffalo River, thence following the valley of the Little Buffalo River nord to the head waters of Salt River, thence continuing down Salt River Valley to a point on the west shore of the Great Slave River known as Bells Rock, approximately a distance of five hundred miles, with power to connect with any railway or railways now constructed or which may hereafter be constructed at or near the territory covered by this railway, and also with power to construct, operate and maintain all necessary bridges, roads, ways and ferries, and to build, acquire, own and maintain wharves and docks in connection with said railway and for such other powers as are usually given to railway companies.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
Solicitors for the applicants,
511 Union Bank Building,
21–5 Ottawa, Ont.

LACHINE, JACQUES CARTIER AND MAISONNEUVE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lachine, Jacques Cartier and Maisonneuve Railway Company, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may construct and complete the railway referred to in section 1, of chapter 93 of the Statutes of 1914, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 16th day of November, A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
21–5 Solicitor for the applicants.

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA AND EASTERN RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an act confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company and the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company between New Westminster and Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, and also confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company and the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company between Hope and Sumas Landing, in the Province of British Columbia.

A. H. MacNEILL,
Solicitor for the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company.
Vancouver, 23rd November, 1916.
McGIVERIN, HAYDON & EBBS,
19 Elgin St., Ottawa,
Agents for A. H. MacNeill. 22–5

THE BISHOP OF MACKENZIE RIVER.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Right Reverend James Richard Lucas, Bishop of the Diocese of Mackenzie River, one of the dioceses of The Church of England in Canada, and his successors in office, a Corporation Sole, under the name of "The Bishop of Mackenzie River," with all the necessary powers as such corporation to acquire and hold real and personal property, and such other powers of administration as are incidental to the said office and to such incorporation.

Dated at Ottawa, this 24th day of November, A.D. 1916.

ORDE, POWELL,
LYLE & SNOWDON,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa, Canada,
23–5 Solicitors for applicant.

CANADIAN ORDER OF THE WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World will apply at the next session of Parliament of the Domion of Canada for the following amendments to its Act of incorporation:—

1. Amend section twelve by striking out the word "March" on line two thereof and substituting therefor the word "June," and

2. Power to merge the Emergency and Insurance Funds into one fund.

W. S. HARRISON,
Head Consul Commander.
CLAIR JARVIS,
Head Clerk, London, Canada. 23–5

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE. The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may complete the construction of its railway from a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Lumsden's Mill to or towards the Des Quinze River as authorized by chapter 66 of the Statutes of 1901 and chapter 106 of the Statutes of 1912, and for other purposes.

Dated at Ottawa, this 2nd day of December, 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
23–5 Solicitors for the applicants.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

DIVIDEND No. 188.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of fourteen per cent per annum on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the quarter ending 31st December, and that the same will be payable on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next, at any of the offices of the Bank.

The stock transfer book will be closed from the 18th to the 31st proximo, inclusive.

By order of the Board,

H. A. RICHARDSON,
General manager.

Halifax, N.S., 16th November, 1916. 22 6

THE QUEBEC BANK.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at its banking-house in this city, and at its branches, on and after Friday, the first day of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th November, 1916, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Head Office in Quebec, on Monday, the 4th day of December next. The chair to be taken at 3 o'clock.

By order of the Board,

B. B. STEVENSON,
General manager.

Quebec, 24th October, 1916. 20–4

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

JOHN WILSON McCONNELL hereby gives notice that he has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the Registry Office for the County of Yamaska at St. François du Lac, a description of the site and the plans of a sand washing and screening plant proposed to be built in and near the River St. Francis, at the foot of lot number eleven hundred and fifty-four (1154) on the Official Plan and Book of Reference of the Parish of Notre Dame de Pierreville, County of Yamaska, Province of Quebec.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, John Wilson McConnell will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said sand washing and screening plant.

Dated at Montreal, this twenty-seventh day of November, 1916.

PERRON, TASCHEREAU, RINFRET,
VALLEE & GENEST,
23–3 Attorneys for John Wilson McConnell, Esq.

THE MOLSONS BANK.

145TH DIVIDEND.

THE shareholders of the Molsons Bank are hereby notified that a dividend of two and three quarters per cent (being at the rate of eleven per cent per annum) upon the capital stock has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at the branches on and after the second day of January next, to shareholders of record on 15th December, 1916.

By order of the Board,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
General manager.

Montreal, 28th November, 1916. 23–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, CHAPTER 115.

WILLIAM H. DWYER, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, grain merchant,

hereby gives notice that he has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the Office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Thunder Bay at the City of Port Arthur, in the District of Thunder Bay, a description of the site and the plans of a continuation of the present dock or wharf of Dwyer Elevator Company Limited, and of a retaining wall proposed to be built in the Kaministiquia River, at the City of Fort William, in the District of Thunder Bay, in front of Lot 8, in Concession "D," Neebing Additional, Island Number Two, now in the said City of Fort William.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, William H. Dwyer will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works, at his Office, in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said continuation of the present dock or wharf of Dwyer Elevator Company, Limited, and of the said retaining wall

Dated at Fort William, Ontario, this twenty-eighth day of October, A.D. 1916.

WILLIAM H. DWYER,
per JOHN ARMOUR DYKE,
20–4 His solicitor.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

BRITANNIA Mining and Smelting Co., Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the above Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, Canada, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of New Westminister at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, the descriptions of the site and the plans of Tram Terminal Wharf proposed to be built in the waters of Howe Sound, at Britannia Beach, in front of Lot eight hundred and ninety-two (892), Group one (1) New Westminster District.

And take notice that after the expiration of one (1) month from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Britannia Mining and Smelting Co., Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, Canada, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Britannia Beach, B.C., this 2nd day of November, A.D, 1916.

BRITANNIA MINING AND SMELTING CO.,
20–4 LIMITED.

THE CANADIAN NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

PURSUANT to section 7 of chapter 115 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, notice is hereby given that there has been deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, a plan and description of the site and elevation of a proposed railway bridge upon the location of the Company's railway across the South Thompson River, between the City of Kamloops and Kamloops I.R. No. 1, and right-of-way through portion of D.L. 232, Kamloops Division, Yale District, and duplicates thereof have been deposited in the Land Registry Office in the City of Kamloops under No. Misc. 9; also that an application has been made for an Order in Council approving of the bridge and crossing as so shown and described, which application will be pressed for consideration one month after the first publication of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the matter can receive attention.

R. H. M. TEMPLE,
Solicitor,
Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company.

Toronto, Ontario, 17th November, 1916. 22–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

MESSRS. Brown & Rutherford, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, lumber dealers, give notice that they have, under section 7 of said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Winnipeg Land Titles Office, a description of the site and the plan of the wharf or dock which they propose to construct in the waters of the Red River on the following described property, that is to say:—

In the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, being in accordance with the special survey of said city and being composed of all those portions of Lots 25 & 26 of the Parish of St. John, contained within the following limits:—Commencing at the intersection of the northerly limits of Sutherland Avenue with the easterly limit of Buchanan Street five hundred and ninety-seven and five-tenths (597·5) feet to the northwesterly limits of the proposed dock lines; thence easterly along said line three hundred and fifeeen (315·0) feet; thence southerly along the said northern limit of Higgins Avenue to a point radially distant southeasterly fifty (50) feet from the northwestern limit of the land taken for right of way of the Manitoba and South Western Colonization Railway, according to plan "A" deposited in the Registry Office for the County of Selkirk; thence southwesterly on a curve concentric with the said southwesterly limit of Sutherland Avenue.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of publication of this notice the said Messrs. Brown & Rutherford will, under the section mentioned, apply to the Minister of Public Works, at his office in the City of Ottawa, for the approval of the site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf or dock.

Dated at Winnipeg, this 6th day of November, 1916.

MUNROE, MACKENZIE & MACQUEEN,
Solicitors for Messrs.

23-3 BROWN & RUTHERFORD.

ACT FOR THE PROTECTION OF NAVIGABLE WATERS.

CHAP. 115, R.S.C.

NAPOLÉON GIGNAC, of the City of Quebec, lumber merchant, gives notice, by the presents that he has by virtue of article 7 of the said Act, deposited at the office of the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, and in the registry office of the district of Quebec, in the City of Quebec, a description of the site and the plans of the wharf which he proposes to build in the St. Charles River, at Quebec, on lot number 109 of the Cadaster for St. Roch Ward.

And know that after a month, from the date of the first publication of this notice, Napoléon Gignac, by virtue of Article 7 of said Act, shall file his request with the Minister of Public Works, at his office in the City of Ottawa, for the approval of the site and of the plans above mentioned, and forthe permission to build the said wharf.

Dated at Quebec, this seventh day of November, A.D. 1916.

DROUIN, SEVIGNY & AMYOT,
23–4 Attorneys for Napoléon Gignac.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Royal Bank of Canada for the election of directors and for other business will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Montreal, on Thursday, the 11th day of January next. The chair will be taken at 11 o'clock a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, 1st December, 1916. 23–6

THE QUEBEC BANK AND THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given of the intention of the undersigned Banks to apply, after the expiration of four weeks from the date of the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to the Governor-in-Council and the Treasury Board, through the Minister of Finance and Receiver-General, for the approval of an agreement between The Quebec Bank and The Royal Bank of Canada, whereby the Quebec Bank agrees to sell and The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to purchase all the real and personal properties, assets, rights, credits and effects of The Quebec Bank, of whatever kind, and wheresoever situated, and whereby in consideration for such sale and purchase The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to allot and issue to The Quebec Bank, or to its nominees, nine thousand one hundred and seventeen (9,117) fully paid shares of the capital stock of The Royal Bank of Canada of the par value of $100 each, and amounting in all to the par value of nine hundred and eleven thousand, seven hundred dollars ($911,700) and to pay to The Quebec Bank the sum of six hundred and eighty-three thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars ($683,775) in cash, and whereby The Royal Bank of Canada undertakes to assume, pay, discharge, perform, and carry out all the debts, liabilities, contracts and obligations of The Quebec Bank (including notes issued and intended for circulation outstanding and in circulation and leasehold obligations).

A copy of the said agreement can be seen at the offices of The Royal Bank of Canada at Montreal, P.Q., and the Quebec Bank, at Quebec, P.Q.

The said agreement has been approved by a resolution of the Shareholders of the Quebec Bank carried by the votes of shareholders present in person or represented by proxy, representing more than two-thirds of the amount of the subscribed capital stock of the said Bank at a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Bank duly called and held for the purpose. The said agreement has also been approved by resolution of the Directors of The Royal Bank of Canada.

Dated 28th November, 1916.

By Order of the Board.

THE QUEBEC BANK.
B. B. STEVENSON,
General Manager.

By Order of the Board,

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.
C. E. NEILL,
23–5 General Manager.

THE DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent has been declared upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution for the quarter ending 31st December, 1916, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, and that the same will be payable at the head office of the Bank and its branches, on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January, 1917, to shareholders of record of 20th December, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Wednesday, 31st January, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

C. A. BOGERT,
General manager.

Toronto, 17th November, 1916. 22–6

THE SAULT SHIPPING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the principal office of The Sault Shipping Company, Limited, is situated in The Lake Superior Corporation Building Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario.

ALEX. TAYLOR,
23–1 Secretary.

HODGENS & ROBERTS, LIMITED.

BY-LAW No. XVI.

A by-law to change the head office of the company.

BE it enacted by the directors of Hodgens & Roberts, Limited, that the head office and chief place of business of Hodgens & Roberts, Limited, be and the same is hereby changed from the City of Montreal to the City of Toronto.

—

I, the undersigned, secretary of Hodgens & Roberts, Limited, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of By-law No. XVI of said company enacted and adopted by the Directors and approved at a special general meeting of the shareholders of said company held on the 29th day of November, 1916.

Montreal, 29th November, 1916

[L.S.] H. W. JACKSON,
23-1 Secretary.

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DOMINION COPPER PRODUCTS COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW No. XVII.

A By-law to increase the number of directors.

BE it enacted by the directors of Dominion Copper Products Company, Limited, as a by-law of the company as follows :—

1. The number of directors of the company is hereby increase from seven to nine.

2. The board of directors may, from time to time, between the confirmation of this by-law and the next annual meeting, elect to the board qualified shareholders of the company until there shall have been elected, in addition to the present number of directors, a sufficient number to make a full board.

3. Until a full board is elected the present number of directors and the shareholders from time to time elected by them as directors shall manage the affairs of the company.

4. By-law No. V as amended By-law No. XVII is further amended by inserting the word "nine" instead of the word "seven" where it appears therein.

—

I, the undersigned, Secretary of Dominion Copper Products Company, Limited, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of By-law No. XVII of said company enacted and adopted by the directors and approved at a special general meeting of the shareholders of the said company held on the 28th day of November, 1916.

Montreal, 28th November, 1916.

F. W. EVERS,
23-1 Secretary.

———

J. W. SCALES, LIMITED.

BY-LAW No. XVI.

A By-law to change the head office of the company.

BE it enacted by the directors of J. W. Scales, Limited, that the head office and chief place of business of J. W. Scales, Limited, be and the same is hereby changed from the City of Montreal to the City of Toronto.

I, the undersigned, secretary of J. W. Scales, Limited, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of By-law No. XVI of said company enacted and adopted by the directors and approved at a special general meeting of the shareholders of said company held on the 29th day of November, 1916.

Montreal, 29th November, 1916.

[L.S.] H. W. JACKSON,
23–1 Secretary.

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THE ALGOMA EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the provisions of The Railway Act of Canada, there was deposited in the office of the Secretary of State of Canada on 23rd November, 1916, an agreement dated 8th November, 1916, between The Lake Superior Corporation and the above Railway Company relative to the purchase by the latter of the rolling stock referred to in said agreement.

THE ALGOMA EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
ALEX. TAYLOR,
23–1 Secretary.

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 14 novembre 1916.

L'honorable FRANK EGERTON HODGINS, de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, juge d'appel dans la division d'appel de la cour Suprême d'Ontario : Juge local en amirauté de la cour de l'Echiquier, dans et pour le district de Toronto, dans la dite province d'Ontario.

—

10 novembre 1916.

FRANK DENNISON, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario : Douanier dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur d'Ottawa, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er avril 1916.

—

23 novembre 1916.

L'honorable ALBERT EDWARD KEMP, membre du Conseil Privé de Sa Majesté: Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense, en remplacement de l'honorable Sir Samuel Hughes, C.C.B., démissionnaire.

—

24 novembre 1916.

GEORGE MILLS, de Port-Philip, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse : Gardien du quai de l'Etat à cet endroit, en remplacement d'Oscar Tingley, démissionnaire.

—

29 novembre 1916.

MCCALLUM GRANT, de la cité d'Halifax, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, gentilhomme : Lieutenant-gouverneur de la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse susdite, en remplacement de Son Honneur David MacKeen, décédé.

PROCLAMATIONS.

DEVONSHIRE.

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, ROI du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous---SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à jeudi, le trentième jour du mois de novembre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa : SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, MARDI, le NEUVIEME jour du mois de JANVIER prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

Notre Tèrs Fidèle et Très Aimé Cousin et Conseiller Victor Christian William, Duc de Devonshire, Marquis d'Hartington, Comte de Devonshire, Comte de Burlington, Baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish de Keighley, Chevalier de Notre Très Noble Ordre de la Jarretière ; Membre de Notre TrèsHonorable Conseil Privé ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et de Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria, Gouverneur Général et Commandant-en-chef de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce TRENTIÈME jour de NOVEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
pour le Canada.

23-tf

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[La proclamation suivante a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA daté *le 11 novembre 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.

PROCLAMATION.

CANADA

Par Son Excellence le Très Honorable Victor Christian William, Duc de Devonshire, Marquis de Hartington, Comte de Devonshire, Comte de Burlington, Baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish de Keighley ; Chevalier de l'Ordre Très Noble de la Jarretière ; Conseil privé de Sa Majesté ; Chevalier Grand-croix de l'Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand-croix de l'Ordre Royal de Victoria ; Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef du Dominion du Canada.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront,—SALUT:

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU qu'il a gracieusement plu à Majesté le Roi, par commission sous le seing Royal, datée à la cour de St-James, le 8e jour d'août 1916, de me nommer Gouverneur général et Commandant en Chef dans et pour le Dominion du Canada, pour et durant le bon plaisir de Sa Majesté, et qu'il m'a de plus, dans et par la dite Commission, autorisé et commandé d'exercer et remplir tous les pouvoirs et instructions contenus dans certaines lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, constituant la charge de Gouverneur général, et datées le quinzième jour de juin dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil neuf cent cinq, constituant les dites fonctions de Gouverneur général, ou dans toutes autres lettres patentes y ajoutant, les modifiant ou les remplaçant, suivant les ordres et instructions que le Gouverneur général alors en exercice a déjà reçus ou qui m'ont été donnés avec la dite Commission, ou que je recevrai à l'avenir de Sa Majesté.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que j'ai en conséquence jugé à propos d'émettre cette Proclamation pour faire connaître la dite nomination de Sa Majesté ; et aussi, je requiers et commande par les présentes que tous et chacun les officiers et ministres de Sa Majesté dans le dit Dominion du Canada continuent dans l'exercice de leurs diverses charges et emplois respectifs, et que les loyaux sujets de Sa Majesté et tous autres que les présentes peuvent concerner en prennent connaissance et se conduisent en conséquence.

DONNÉ sous mon seing et le sceau de mes Armes à Halifax, ce 11e jour de NOVEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, et dans la septième année du règne de Sa Majesté. 21–3

DÉPÊCHES, Etc.

CANADA—No. 1216.

DOWNING STEET,

28 octobre 1916.

MONSIEUR,—Au sujet de la dépêche n° 1014 du 26 octobre 1915, j'ai l'honneur de transmettre à Votre Excellence, pour le renseignement de vos Ministres, copies d'un avis publié par le Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien au sujet des nominations pour le Prix de la Paix Nobel de 1915.

2. Je serai heureux si Vos Ministres veulent bien faire connaître les conditions du prix aux corporations et personnes qui sont compétentes à choisir des candidats.

J'ai l'honneur d'être, monsieur,
de Votre Excellence,
le très obéissant serviteur,
A. BONAR LAW.

A l'Administrateur
du Gouvernement du
Canada.

—

COMITÉ NOBEL DU PARLEMENT NORVÉGIEN.

PRIX DE LA PAIX NOBEL.

Afin que les recommandations de candidats pour le Prix de la Paix Nobel, qui sera distribué le 10 décembre 1917, soient prises en considération, elles doivent être déposées devant le Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, par une personne dûment autorisée *avant le premier jour de février de la même année.*

L'une quelconque des personnes ci-dessous sera censée compétente : (*a*) Les membres et les ex-membres du Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, ainsi que les aviseurs nommés à l'Institut Nobel de la Norvège ; (*b*) les membres du Parlement et les membres du gouvernement des divers états, ainsi que les membres de l'Union Interparlementaire ; (*c*) les membres du Tribunal d'arbitrage International à La Haye ; (*d*) les membres de la Commission du Bureau Permanent de la Paix Internationale ; (*e*) les membres et affiliés de l'Institut de Loi Internationale ; (*f*) les professeurs universitaires de Science Politique et de Loi, d'Histoire et de Philosophie ; (*g*) les personnes qui ont reçu le Prix de la Paix Nobel,

Le Prix de la Paix Nobel peut aussi être décerné à des institutions ou associations.

D'après le Code des Statuts, § 8, les raisons sur lesquelles est fondée une recommandation doivent être données, en même temps que les papiers et autres documents qui y sont mentionnés.

D'après le § 3, chaque travail écrit, devra avoir paru en imprimé pour donner droit à un prix.

Pour détails, les *personnes compétentes* sont priées de s'adresser au bureau du Comité Nobel du Parlement norvégien, Drammensvei 19, Kristiania. 21–3

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[2663]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 31e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 24 octobre 1916, représentant que la Compagnie de chemin de fer Pacifique Canadien a demandé la concession d'un terrain comprenant les droits de surface au-dessus des tunnels, ainsi que le terrain requis pour un changement du passage de la voie entre Hector et Field, dans le township 28, rangs 17 et 18, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, dans le parc Yoho, ainsi qu'indiqué sur le plan du changement de la rampe et du terrain additionnel requis entre Hector et Field, Colombie-Britannique, mille 125·7 à mille 133·7, approuvé et confirmé par E. Deville, arpenteur général, et déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur sous la désignation "plan de passage n° 19704."

Le Ministre représente que la compagnie a cédé à la Couronne son titre au premier droit de passage,—

Par conséquent, le Ministre demande l'autorisation, sous l'empire de l'article 16 de la *Loi des rêserves forestières et des parcs fédéraux*, d'accorder la patente du terrain demandé et ci-haut décrit à la Compagnie de chemin de fer Pacifique Canadien, sujet cependant aux conditions suivantes :

Que le terrain en question sera sujet à l'application de tous les règlements des parcs fédéraux actuellement en vigueur, ainsi que de tous autres règlements que le Gouverneur en conseil peut à l'avenir promulguer à ce sujet.

Que le dit terrain, tout en servant aux fins pour lesquelles il a été cédé, continuera à faire partie de la réserve dans les limites de laquelle il est situé, et redeviendra propriété de la Couronne dès qu'il servira à des fins autres que celles qui sont prévues dans les présentes.

Le Département se réserve le droit de pénétrer sur le terrain au dessus des tunnels ou sur toute autre partie du terrain additionnel susdit, le long du passage de la voie, excédant la concession ordinaire de cent pieds, soit cinquante pieds de chaque côté de la ligne de centre de la voie, pour la construction de chemins, routes, etc., ou pour les fins d'un parc ou autres fins publiques quelconques ; le Département se réserve aussi le droit de permettre au public de se servir de ces chemins ou routes et de fréquenter ces parcs, pourvu, toutefois, que cette permission ne nuise pas à l'exploitation des voies ferrées ou des tunnels de la compagnie.

La compagnie ne sera responsable dans aucune poursuite en dommages-intérêts par quiconque aura souffert d'un accident survenu sur la propriété dont les droits de surface ont été mis en réserve par le Département, pourvu toutefois qu'il soit clairement prouvé que cet accident n'est pas le résultat de négligence de la part de la compagnie ou de ses employés.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2645]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 27e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que madame Bessie Eaton, de Griffin Creek, dans la province d'Alberta, a demandé la concession gratuite du lot n° 7 dans l'établissement de Shaftesbury, en la dite province d'Alberta, comprenant une superficie de 82·6 acres ;

Attendu que la preuve déposée au Département de l'Intérieur démontre que madame Eaton a acquis le lot en question par l'entremise des ayants droit du révérend Henry Robinson, qui occupait ce lot à la date de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8, à l'été de 1899, et qui, par conséquent, avait droit à la concession gratuite du dit lot ;

Attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain en question étant disponible d'après les archives du Département de l'Intérieur,—

Par conséqéent, il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, d'autoriser la concession gratuite à madame Eaton du lot n° 7, de l'établissement de Shaftesbury, dans la dite province d'Alberta comprenant une superficie de 82 6 acres.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
20–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2876]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT A OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT:

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 13 novembre 1916, représentant que le 22 août 1916, M. Robert John Wilson a obtenu l'inscription de préemption du quart nord-ouest de la section 9, township 4, rang 30, à l'ouest du 2e méridien ;

Il a été représenté que le 31 juillet 1914, M. Wilson a été victime d'un accident dans lequel il eut les deux poignets fracturés, ce qui le prive de l'usage de ses mains et le rend infirme pour la vie ;

Un certificat médical du docteur C. S. Knox de Superior Wisconsin, E.U.A., en date du 21 octobre 1916, certifie que M. Wilson a subi une fracture collective des deux bras et que la réduction, surtout celle du bras droit, est telle qu'il se trouve dans l'impossibilité de faire un dur travail et de poursuivre les opérations de la ferme.

M. Wilson a obtenu une patente pour son homestead le 18 novembre 1914 après avoir rempli les obligations ordinaires mais d'après la preuve déposée il n'appert pas qu'il a rempli depuis aucune autre obligation de résidence.

Il prétend qu'en 1915 il avait 25 acres en culture.

A ces causes le Ministre recommande sous l'empire du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la Loi de 1908 des terres fédérales de relever le dit inscrit de toute autre obligation de résidence, afin que toute soit délivrée à M. Wilson sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies en ce qui concerne les obligations et les redevances.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

23–4

[2887]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le chapitre 47 des statuts revisés de 1906, *Loi à l'effet de protéger les douanes et les pêcheries*, prescrit que le Gouverneur en conseil peut, à toute époque, autoriser la délivrance de permis aux navires de pêche des Etats-Unis, les autorisant à entrer dans tout port du Canada sur les côtes de l'Atlantique, durant les périodes de temps mentionnées dans ces permis pour les fins d'acheter les appâts, la glace, les seines, lignes et tous autres approvisionnements et fournitures, et de transborder le produit de leur pêche et d'engager des équipages ; et

Attendu que l'autorisation de délivrer ces permis a été accordée tous les ans depuis 1888, et que le Ministre du Service Naval est d'avis qu'il est opportun de continuer d'accorder ces privilèges pour l'année 1917 comme par les années passées, à des navires qui n'emploient d'autre énergie motrice que des voiles ;

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil d'autoriser la délivrance aux navires de pêche des Etats-Unis qui y ont droit, pour la durée de l'année 1917, de permis dans les termes de la formule ci-annexée pour les fins prévues dans la dite loi, à savoir :—

(*a*) d'acheter les appâts, la glace, les seines, lignes, et tous autres approvisionnements et fournitures ; et

(*b*) de transborder le produit de leur pêche et d'engager des équipages.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

23–2

[2718]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 2e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, la compagnie dite " The Ashcroft Water Electric and Improvement Co., Limited," d'Ashcroft, C.-B., fut autorisée d'acheter, aux conditions de vente des terres vendues pour l'irrigation, les terrains mentionnés dans l'annexe au dit arrêté en conseil, et

Attendu qu'entre autres conditions, il fut stipulé que la compagnie devra obtenir des autorités de la Colombie-Britannique les droits à l'eau nécessaires à l'irrigation des dits terrains ; et que la compagnie construira dans un délai de trois ans un système d'irrigation adéquat et satisfaisant et cultivera 50% des parties irrigables des dits terrains, et que toutes autres parties irrigables des dits terrains seront irriguées et mises en culture dans un délai de cinq ans, etc., et

Attendu que la compagnie a représenté qu'il a surgi certaines complications dans les négociations pour l'obtention des autorités provinciales des droits à l'eau lesquelles l'ont forcée de retarder le commencement des travaux d'irrigation ; et

Attendu que la dite compagnie représente de plus qu'elle compte qu'une extension de l'autorisation qui lui a été accordée par le dit arrêté en conseil lui permettra d'obtenir les droits à l'eau nécessaires ; et

Attendu que la compagnie a fait le premier versement sur le prix exigé par ledit arrêté en conseil ,—

En conséquence il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter par les présentes ce qui suit :

La période limitée pour l'obtention des droits à l'eau et pour la construction d'un système d'irrigation adéquat et satisfaisant pour les terrains mentionnés dans l'annexe au dit arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, et la période pour l'irrigation et la mise en culture des parties irrigables des dits terrains est par les présentes prolongée pour trois ans à compter de cette date :

Les dispositifs du dit arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, resteront en tout autre point en pleine vigueur. L'emploi, la diversion et l'emmagasinage de l'eau, la construction et l'entretien de tous les travaux d'irrigation, digues, conduites d'alimentation, canaux, fossés, etc., devront être en conformité aux dispositions de la loi de 1914 de la Colombie-Britannique concernant l'eau, et ses modifications.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

21–4

[2830]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 14e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 7 novembre 1916, représentant que M. Olivier Ghostkeeper, de Grouard, province de l'Alberta, a demandé la concession gratuite du lot n° 108, de l'établissement de la Grande Prairie, dans la dite province de l'Alberta, contenant par mesurage 68·5 acres, plus ou moins, en vertu du fait qu'il occupait le dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages.

Comme il a été établi que M. Ghostkeeper résidait sur le dit terrain lors de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8, à l'été de 1899, le ministre recommande, qu'en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales, autorisation soit donnée d'accorder la concession gratuite du dit lot n° 108 de l'établissement de la Grande Prairie, dans la province de l'Alberta, à M. Ghostkeeper.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffie du Conseil privé.

22-4

[2878]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 20e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 14 janvier 1910, M. John Marshall, a obtenu une inscription de préemption pour le quart nord-est de la section 33, township 7, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Il a été représenté que le dit inscrit a fait trois termes de résidence en satisfaction de son inscription de homestead mais ne s'est pas conformé à ses obligations de résidence relativement à son inscription de préemption. Il appert que les obligations de culture ont été remplies ;

Il a été représenté au Département de l'Intérieur que M. Marshall est âgé maintenant de 86 ans et désormais tout à fait incapable de travailler et de remplir ses obligations de résidence sur le dit terrain ; qu'il lui faut les soins de sa famille pour le reste de ses jours et que, par conséquent, il lui est impossible de remplir aucune autre obligation de résidence en satisfaction soit de sa préemption soit de son homestead,—

Le Ministre soumet une copie d'un certificat médical et, vu les représentations y contenues, recommande que M. Marshall soit relevé de toutes autres obligations de résidence, sous l'empire du paragraphe 2, de l'article 20, de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, (chapitre 20, 7–8 Edouard VII), aux fins de permettre l'émission d'une patente au nom de M. Marshall, sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire, que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies et que le prix d'achat a été payé.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU.
Greffier du Conseil privé.

23–4

(2889)

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company," à responsabilité limitée, de Cache Creek, Colombie-Britannique, a fait la demande au Département de l'Intérieur d'acheter, sujet aux conditions d'irrigation, 307.9 acres de terrain consistant en lopins fractionnaires entourant la propriété principale de la compagnie près de Cache Creek, dans la zone des chemins de fer de la Colombie-Britannique, l'intention de la compagnie étant d'établir sur le tout un système d'irrigation.

Le Ministre représente qu'après inspection les fonctionnaires du département de l'Intérieur ont fait rapport que sans irrigation les dits terrains sont impropres à l'agriculture et que l'irrigation en est possible pourvu qu'on puisse se procurer l'eau nécessaire à cette fin.

Par conséquent, le Ministre recommande que les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes soient vendus à la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company," à responsabilité limitée, aux conditions suivantes:

(*a*) Les dits terrains doivent être mis en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*b*) Le prix sera de $5 l'acre, sujet à un rabais au montant du coût des travaux d'irrigation jusqu'à une somme n'excédant pas deux dollars ($2) l'acre, et le montant ainsi déduit sera considéré un versement comptant fait à la date de la vente. Le dit prix d'achat est payable comme suit : Un dollar ($1) l'acre au cours de l'année qui suit la date de l'autorisation de la vente par le Gouverneur en conseil, et la balance au cours des trois années qui suivent la date de la dite autorisation ou avant l'expiration des dites trois années dès que seront remplies toutes les autres conditions de la vente, avec intérêt à cinq pour cent par année.

(*c*) Les droits d'eau nécessaires doivent être obtenus du gouvernement provincial de la Colombie-Britannique, et il ne doit se faire aucuns travaux sur les dits terrains sans qu'au préalable les droits d'eau ne soient obtenus de la province.

(*d*) Les travaux doient se commencer un an au plus de la date de l'arrêté en conseil autorisant la vente et doivent se parachever à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur trois ans au plus de la dite date, à moins que d'autres dates ne soient fixées par les autorités provinciales en rapport avec les dits travaux, auquels cas les dates provinciales peuvent être acceptées sur le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(*e*) A l'achèvement des travaux les ingénieurs du département en feront l'inspection.

(*f*) Quand les conditions seront remplies, il sera délivré une patente pour ceux de ces terrains dont les parties irrigables auront été mises en culture au moyen de l'irrigation.

(*g*) La vente sera rescindée à défaut de paiement du prix d'achat ou si aucun des termes ou aucune des conditions de la vente n'est pas rempli.

(*h*) Avant l'émission de la patente, les dites terres, ou tous droits en rapport avec icelles, ne peuvent être transférés ou cédés sans le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

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ANNEXE.

TERRAINS qui doivent être vendus à la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company", à-responsabilité limitée, aux conditions d'irrigation.

Township 21, rang 24, à l'ouest du 6e méridien.

S. L.	fr. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14	in section	14	59.7	ac.
"	9, 13, 14, 15, 16	"	15	96.6	"
"	1	"	21	3	"
"	1, 2, 3, 4	"	22	75.4	"
"	3 and 4	"	23	75.9	"

Superficie totale 307.9 ac.

23–4

[2851]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

IL plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en Conseil de décréter par les présentes ce qui suit :—

Les règles et règlements pour la gouverne du port de Halifax, Nouvelle-Ecosse, établis par arrêté en conseil du 23 octobre 1916, sont modifiés en y ajoutant le règlement IV "A", qui est par ces présentes établi et promulgué :

RÈGLEMENT IV "A."

Quand un des navires de Sa Majesté, soit britannique soit canadien, ou d'autres navires commandés par des officiers de Sa Majesté, à l'entrée ou à la sortie du port, hisse le Union Jack au ton du mât de misaine, tous les autres navires de Sa Majesté, soit britanniques soit canadiens, qui sont dans le port, doivent hisser le Jack de pilote comme signal général, et le Jack de pilote doit aussi être hissé au mât de l'arsenal dans le même but ; et tous les autres navires, embarcations et bateaux de toute description en marche dans le port doivent s'écarter de la route du dit navire sur lequel est hissé le Union Jack ; attendu toujours que le dit navire est dirigé avec le soin nécessaire et à une vitesse modérée, et qu'il se tient, en autant qu'il lui est possible, sur le côté de la passe, qui se trouve sur son côte de tribord.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil prive.

22–2

[2877]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 20e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 19 mai 1903, William Henry Moore a obtenu une inscription de homestead pour le quart sud-ouest de la section 24, township 21, rang 1, à l'ouest du 1er méridien, dans la province de Manitoba ;

Il appert de la preuve déposée que l'inscrit a résidé sur ce quart de section pendant six ou huit mois chaque année de 1904 à 1908, inclusivement, mais il lui est impossible de donner les dates du commencement et de la fin de chacune des périodes de sa résidence, et il lui est aussi impossible de trouver des témoins qui pourraient fournir ces renseignements ;

Il a été constaté que M. Moore a construit deux maisons sur le dit terrain et que toutes deux ont été détruites par le feu ;

Il appert aussi que M. Moore, aux époques de sa résidence sur le dit terrain, a été propriétaire de dix-huit têtes de bétail en moyenne,—

A ces causes, prenant en considération le fait que, apparemment, les obligations d'établissement prescrites par la loi ont été remplies et que le seul obstacle à l'émission d'une patente est l'impossibilité de fournir tous les détails concernant la résidence, le Ministre recommande qu'il soit autorisé, sous l'empire du paragraphe (*l*) de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, chapitre 20, 7-8 Edouard VII, de vendre le dit homestead à M. Moore à raison de $1 l'acre, en lieu et place de toutes autres obligations de résidence, la dite vente devant être une forclusion des droits du dit M. Moore à un homestead gratuit.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

23–4

[2890]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 17 novembre 1916, représentant que M. J. C. Shields de Kamloops, Colombie-Britannique, a fait la demande au département de l'Intérieur d'acheter, sujet aux conditions d'irrigation, les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes et contenant approximativement une superficie de 1354·24 acres.

Le Ministre représente qu'après inspection pour déterminer la valeur des dites terres, les travaux à faire et la praticabilité du projet, les fonctionnaires du Département de l'Intérieur ont fait rapport que les dites terres sont impropres à la culture sans irrigation, qu'on peut les rendre productives en y conduisant de l'eau par des moyens artificiels et qu'au point de vue du génie les travaux sont praticables. Les dits terrains sont vacants et disponibles à ces fins.

A ces causes, le Ministre recommande que les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes soient vendus à M. Shields aux termes et conditions qui suivent :—

(*a*) Les dits terrains doivent être mis en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*b*) Le prix sera de $5 l'acre, sujet à un rabais au montant du coût des travaux d'irrigation jusqu'à une somme n'excédant pas deux dollars l'acre ($2), et le montant ainsi déduit sera considéré comme un versement comptant fait à la date de la vente. Le dit prix d'achat est payable comme suit :

Un dollar ($1) l'acre au cours de l'année qui suit la date de l'autorisation de la vente par le Gouverneur en conseil, et la balance au cours des trois années qui suivent la date de ladite autorisation ou avant l'expiration desdites trois années dès que seront remplies toutes les autres conditions de la vente, avec intérêt à 5% par année.

(*c*) Les droits d'eau nécessaire doivent être obtenus du gouvernement provincial de la Colombie-Britannique et il ne doit se faire aucuns travaux sur lesdits terrains sans qu'au préalable les droits d'eau ne soient obtenus de la province.

(*d*) Les travaux doivent se commencer un an au plus de la date de l'arrêté en conseil autorisant la vente et doivent se parachever à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur trois ans au plus de la dite date, à moins que d'autres dates ne soient fixées par les autorités provinciales en rapport avec les droits d'eau, auquel cas les dates provinciales peuvent être acceptées sur le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(*e*) A l'achèvement des travaux les ingénieurs du Département en feront l'inspection.

(*f*) Quand les conditions seront remplies, il sera délivré une patente pour ceux de ces terrains dont les parties irrigables auront été mises en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*g*) La vente sera rescindée à défaut de paiement du prix ou si aucun des termes ou aucune des conditions de la vente n'est pas rempli.

(*h*) Avant l'émission de la patente les dites terres ou tout droit en rapport avec icelles ne peuvent être transférés ou cédés sans le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

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ANNEXE.

TERRAINS qui doivent être vendus à J. C. Shields de Kamloops, C.B., sujet à des conditions d'irrigation.

Township 20, rang 20, à l'ouest du 6e méridien :—			
Frac. de la moitié nord de la section	26	145.50	acres.
Moitié nord	"	27 .. 320	"
Moitié nord du quart nord-est	"	28 .. 80	"
Quart sud-est	"	33 .. 160	"
Quart nord-est fractionnaire	"	33 .. 119.10	"
Moitié est de la moitié ouest	"	33 .. 160	"
Moitié sud fractionnaire et quart nord-ouest	"	34 .. 160	"
Township 21, rang 20 à l'ouest du 6e méridien :—			
Quart nord-ouest et S.L. 15	"	5 .. 200	"
S. L. 16	"	6 .. 40	"
		1,384.60	
Moins superficie occupée par le Canadien du Pacifique		30.36	
Superficie approximative totale...		1,354.24	

23–4

[2815]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

CONSIDÉRANT que le paragraphe 9 des règlements concernant les aubains de nationalité ennemie, règlements sanctionnés par un arrêté en conseil du 20 septembre 1916, déclarent certains délits passibles de peine sous la partie XIV de la Loi criminelle ;

Considérant que ces délits sont passibles des peines sous la partie XV de la Loi criminelle ;

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil de modifier les dits règlements en retranchant XIV dudit paragraphe 9 et y substituant XV, et lesdits règlements sont par ces présentes modifiés en conséquence.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

22–2

[2845]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 9e jour de novembre 1916, représentant que le 3 juillet 1914, Alfred H. Breach a obtenu l'inscription de homestead et de préemptiou du quart sud-est de la section 27 ainsi que du quart nord-est de la section 22 respectivement, dans le township 22, rang 7, à l'ouest du 4e méridien.

Les certaines preuves déposées semblent établir que M. Breach a pu accomplir un terme de résidence.

Le Ministre soumet la copie annexée d'un certificat du docteur Arthur L. Lynch, établissant que M. Breach est désormais incapable de remplir ses obligations de homestead.

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande qu'en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, M. Breach soit relevé des obligations de résidence prescrites pour permettre que des patentes des deux quarts de section ci-haut décrits soient délivrées sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2762]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 8e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 27 octobre 1916, représentant que le 29 décembre 1902, M. Addison K. Walker a obtenu l'inscription de homestead du quart nord-ouest de la section 36, township 20, à l'ouest du 4e méridien ;

Il a été établi que M. Walker a accompli un terme de six mois de résidence sur ce terrain, et y a clôturé et mis en culture 70 acres ;

Manquant d'abri pour son troupeau, qui était très nombreux, M Walker fut forcé de quitter son homestead pour un autre terrain avoisinant qu'il détenait sous bail à pâturage ;

M. Walker résida sur ce dernier terrain sans interruption de novembre 1903 à avril 1913, et y fit des améliorations importantes,—

Le Ministre recommande, par conséquent, que vu la résidence accomplie par M. Walker, la superficie qu'il y a mis en culture et le fait qu'il est un colon important, le terrain soit, conformément à l'article 76 de la Loi, vendu à cet inscrit au prix de $1 l'acre, que M. Walker soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence, ce privilège complétant l'accomplissement des obligations et lui donnant droit à son homestead.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2839]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que M. Charles Paquette, de Hudson's Hope, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, a demandé la concession gratuite de cette partie du quart nord-ouest de la section 18, township 81, rang 25, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, située à l'ouest de la rivière à la Paix, dans la subdivision de la Rivière à la Paix, dans la dite province de la Colombie-Britannique, en vertu du fait qu'il occupait le dit terrain à la date de d'extinction du titre des sauvages ;

Et attendu qu'il a été établi que M. Paquette résidait sur le dit terrain lors de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8 à l'été de 1899.

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en Conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, d'autoriser la concession gratuite au requérant du terrain en question, qui peut être décrit plus particulièrement comme suit :

Toute cette partie du quart nord-ouest de la section 18 du dit township non comprise dans les limites du lot 420 et qui est située à l'ouest de la rive gauche de la rivière à la Paix, ainsi qu'indiqué sur une carte ou plan d'arpentage des sections 18 et 19 du dit township, approuvé et confirmé à Ottawa le 7 mars, A.D. 1916, par Edouard Deville, arpenteur général des terres fédérales, déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur, et contenant par mesurage : 31·20 acres, plus ou moins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 19 octobre 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O. G. 98.

DISTRICTS.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 11.—23e brigade d'infanterie.—La durée de la nomination du lieutenant-colonel (colonel temporaire) J. Duff Stewart, en qualité de commandant de brigade, est prorogée jusqu'au 29 septembre 1917.

TROUPES PERMANENTES.

INTENDANCE MILITAIRE CANADIENNE PERMANENTE.—Division du transport mécanique—Le capitaine T. R. Thomas a la permission de démissionner. 19 octobre 1916.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

GARDES DU CORPS DU GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) P. A. McFarlane a la permission de démissionner. 5 octobre 1916.

11E HUSSARDS.—Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant E. Drinkwater, *vice* le capitaine E. Gill, hors cadre. 4 octobre 1916.

15E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) T S. Fisher est transféré à la 25e batterie, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 27 septembre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Gibson, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

17E HUSSARDS ROYAUX CANADIENS DU DUC D'YORK (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Samuel Lester Willman, gentilhomme. 20 septembre 1916.

25E DRAGONS DE BRANT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Edward Frederick Roberts, gentilhomme. 2 octobre 1916.

26E DRAGONS DE STANSTEAD.—Le lieutenant provisoire W. H. McKenna a la permission de se retirer. 9 octobre 1916.

30E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA HORSE.) — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Frank Bertram Fraser Nicholson, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

2E BRIGADE.—9E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Robert Elliot Maxwell, gentilhomme. 30 septembre 1916.

8E BRIGADE. — 2E BATTERIE (OTTAWA).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Martin James Kilt, gentilhomme. 25 août 1916.

Norman Bruce Forbes, gentilhomme. 9 octobre 1916.

9E BRIGADE.—5E BATTERIE DE KINGSTON—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Georges Léon Carrier, gentilhomme. 3 octobre 1916.

11E BRIGADE.—28E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Roderick Livingstone, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

14E BRIGADE.—38E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) L. L. Lawler, du 100e grenadiers de Winnipeg. 5 octobre 1916.

25E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) T. S. Fisher, du 15e chevau-légers. 27 septembre 1916.

Artillerie lourde.

BRIGADE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE DE L'ILE DU PRINCE-EDOUARD.—4E BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Ralph Emerson Fielding, gentilhomme. 30 septembre 1916.

GÉNIE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Philip William Kenneth Robertson, gentilhomme. 8 septembre 1916.

Walter Darley Staveley,

Clifford Dodd Hadley, gentilhomme. 3 octobre 1916.

Marcus Charles Herbert Little, gentilhomme. 11 octobre 1916.

10E COMPAGNIE DE FORTERESSE.—Est nommé capitaine provisoire : le lieutenant provisoire E. F. Mitchell (et il demeure hors cadre). 25 août 1916.

CORPS DE DRESSAGE DES OFFICIERS CANADIENS.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ MCGILL. — Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. M. McNabb est transféré au 42e régiment de Lanark et Renfrew. 30 août 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE TORONTO. — Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : le sergent John Cameron Wilson Broom. 26 septembre 1916.

CONTINGENT DU COLLÈGE DE KING.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Cyril Francis Wetmore, gentilhomme. 2 octobre 1916.

INFANTERIE.

5E RÉGIMENT (ROYAL HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) (capitaine temporaire), H. Murray, est hors cadre. 7 mai 1916.

8E RÉGIMENT (ROYAL RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Frank Edwin Findlay, gentilhomme. 9 octobre 1916.

12E RÉGIMENT (YORK RANGERS).—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) D. P. Wagner est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 21 août 1916.

14E RÉGIMENT (THE PRINCESS OF WALES' OWN RIFLES.)—Sont nommés capitaines : les lieutenants J. W. Stagg, (et il demeure hors cadre). 20 mai 1916.

W. K. Macnee (et il demeure hors cadre. 21 septembre 1916.

15E RÉGIMENT (ARGYLL LIGHT INFANTRY).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Erle Stuart Denyes, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

16E RÉGIMENT DE PRINCE-EDOUARD. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles William Cooper, gentilhomme. 30 septembre 1916.

32E RÉGIMENT DE BRUCE.—Sont nommés lieutenants (surnuméraire) :

Archie Murray McPhatter,

Percy T. Seibert, gentilshommes. 1er octobre 1916.

35E RÉGIMENT (SIMCOE FORESTERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Joseph Seymour Ditchburn, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

36E RÉGIMENT DE PEEL.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. R. Riggs est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans le corps royal d'aviation. 25 septembre 1916.

41E RÉGIMENT (BROCKVILLE RIFLES.) — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Balmer MacLean, gentilhomme. 14 octobre 1916.

42E RÉGIMENT DE LANARK ET RENFREW.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) W. H. McGuirl est transféré au service dentaire militaire canadien. 1er septembre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) A. M. McNabb, du contingent de l'Université McGill, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens. 30 août 1916.

45E RÉGIMENT DE VICTORIA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Robert Lee Petitgrew, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1916.

46E RÉGIMENT DE DURHAM.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Robert George Johnston, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.

50E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Arthur Stanley Burgess, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

51E REGIMENT (SOO RIFLES).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Alvin Light Fisher, gentilhomme. 4 octobre 1916.

53E RÉGIMENT DE SHERBROOKE.—Le lieutenant provisoire J. B. Woodyatt a la permission de se retirer. 16 octobre 1916,

59E RÉGIMENT DE STORMONT ET GLENGARRY.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) Wilson Talmage Johnston, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

60E CARABINIERS DU CANADA.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Alexander Harold Reed, gentilhomme. 30 septembre 1916.

63E RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES).— Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Albert Augustus Allenback, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

Ralph Joseph Harris, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

67E RÉGIMENT (CARLETON LIGHT INFANTRY.) — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Ernest Baines, gentilhomme. 2 octobre 1916.

70E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Joseph Albert Alexis Groulx, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA). —Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : James Brodie Lauder Macdonald, gentilhomme. 18 juin 1916.

82E RÉGIMENT (ABEGWEIT LIGHT INFANTRY.)—Est Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Frederick White, gentilhomme. 10 octobre 1916.

88E RÉGIMENT (VICTORIA FUSILIERS). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Edwin Macdougall, gentilhomme. 11 septembre 1916.

89E RÉGIMENT DE TÉMISCOUATA ET RIMOUSKI.—Le lieutenant provisoire L. Monsarrat a la permission de se retirer. 4 janvier 1915.

90E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires): Henry Gold Ware, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1906.

Carl Marie Ekman, gentilhomme. 14 septembre 1916.

92E RÉGIMENT DE DORCHESTER.—Le lieutenant-colonel E. S. Bois et le lieutenant J. Coté, sont retraités. 5 août 1915.

94E RÉGIMENT DE VICTORIA (ARGYLL HIGHLANDERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): le 1er sergent Bert Campbell. 1er octobre 1916.

95E CARABINIERS DE LA SASKATCHEWAN.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Percy Rex Beare, gentilhomme. 5 octobre 1916.

100E GRENADIERS DE WINNIPEG.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) L. L Lawler est transféré à la 38e batterie, 14e brigade, d'artillerie de campagne. 5 octobre 1916.

101E RÉGIMENT (EDMONTON FUSILIERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Samuel Richard Hosford, gentilhomme. 4 octobre 1916.

102E RÉGIMENT (ROCKY MOUNTAIN RANGERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire): Frank Charles Clark, gentilhomme. 19 septembre 1916.

106E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG LIGHT INFANTRY).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Eli Joel Rochen, gentilhomme. 28 septembre 1916.

SERVICES DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE

Personnel du service de santé.

Est nommé major: le capitaine W. H. Macdonald. 13 octobre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires):

Thomas Archibald Goodchild, gentilhomme. 20 juillet 1915.

*Benjamin Rudolph Almquest, gentilhomme. 17 avril 1916.

*Arthur Noble Aitken, gentilhomme. 7 août 1916.

Thomas Roy Brownridge, gentilhomme. 26 août 1916.

John Archie Ferguson, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

Edwin Charles Harris, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

*John Henry Fisher, gentilhomme. 3 octobre 1916.

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*Pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis en vertu des dispositions de l'ordre de la milice 65, 1913.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) G. A. Lyons est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans les services de santé de l'armée royale. 22 août 1916.

La sœur hospitalière W. Read a la permission de se retirer. 4 octobre 1916.

Sont nommés sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires):
Helen Rowland Michie. 30 août 1916.
Emma Hortense Humble,
Verra Louise Benjamin,
Dorothy Frier,
Ella Sinclair. 9 septembre 1916.
Margaret Ogilvie. 29 septembre 1916.
Mary Olevia Wilson. 10 octobre 1916.

SERVICE DENTAIRE MILITAIRE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés capitaines: le chirurgien-dentiste (surnuméraire) et lieutenant honoraire F. W. How. 11 février 1916.

Les lieutenants (surnuméraires)
W. R. Eaman,
W. H. McLaren,
E. L. Thompson,
R. H. Till,
W. S. Holmes,
H. C. Jeffrey,
N. S. Bailey,
G. A. Munroe,
F. Knight,
E. J. Lehman,
H. B. Findley,
P. J. Healy,
G. P. Payzant,
G. E. Gilfillan,
G. A. Wilcox,
H. J. Henderson,
C. M. Joyce,
T. G. Hollingshead,
A. J. Thomas,
W. S McLaren,
F. H. Quinn,
F. C. H. Briggs. 1er avril 1916.
H. S. Allen,
T. E. E. Robins,
J. G. O'Neill,
J. H. Wiltze,
W. J. Rutherford,
H. E. Mann,
S. P. H. Marlatt,
J. M. Deans,
R. M. Peacock,
W. H. Reid,
K. Daman,
F. A. Godsoe,
D. A. P. McKay,
J. A. Ross,
E. F. McGregor,
E. H. Campbell,
C. C. Maclachlan,
F. Hinds,
B. E. Brownlee,
W. H. Steeves,
L. V. Janes,
S. S Harvie,
F. E. Burden,
A. E. Jamieson,
D K. McIntosh,
H. A. Hoskin,
A. W. Myles,
W. Mason,
F. G. Moore,
F. C. Bonnell,
W. G. Switzer,
E. R. Zimmerman,
B. R. Gardiner,
W. J. M. Dolson,
A. E. Wark,
C. E. Wright,
A. A. Holliss,
W. R. Morrison,
H. V. Schwalm,
J. M. McIntyre,
R. B. Cunningham,
R. R. Walker,
J. J. Teetzel,
H. A. Stewart,
H. A. McCrea,
T. H. Renton,
W. R. Wilkes,
M. A. McLaren,
A. V. Sinclair,
F. W. Tweddle,
R. W. Alward,
H. G. Hoare,
R. W. Conn. 31 juillet 1916.

Harry Scott Thomson, écuyer. 15 septembre 1916.

Le sergent Clarence Walker MacIntyre. 1er octobre 1916.

Le chirurgien dentiste et capitaine honoraire A. A. Lantier est retraité en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 231, O. et R.R., M.C. 1910. 27 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants (surnuméraires): Archibald Roy Graham, gentilhomme. 15 juin 1916.

Le sergent John Chatteris Livett. 29 juillet 1916.

Benjamin Rommel, gentilhomme. 4 août 1916.

Frank Ellsworth Smith, gentilhomme. 15 août 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) W. H. McGuirel, du 42e régiment de Lanark et Renfrew.

Les sergents James Henry Reid et Emerson George Berry,

Gerald Roy McMillan, gentilshommes. 1er septembre 1916.

Le sergent Thomas Donald Campbell. 13 septembre 1916.

Clarence Frederick Hewitt,

Reuben Henry Lipsey, gentilshommes. 17 octobre 1916.

Est nommé quartier-maître avec le grade honorifique de lieutenant : le sergent William John Smith. 25 août 1916.

INSTRUCTEURS DES CADETS D'ÉCOLES.

Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant W. W. A. Trench. 5 septembre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant : James Irvine Gordon, gentilhomme. 14 octobre 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Est nommé lieutenant-colonel honoraire du 227e bataillon d'outre-mer, T,F.C.:—

L'honorable William Howard Hearst, M.C. 11 octobre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel est conféré au major C. O. Massey, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (contingent de l'université de Toronto), tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de premier officier de mousqueterie, district militaire n° 2. 11 octobre 1916.

Les officiers ci-dessus sont considérés comme 2es officiers d'état-major administratif pour la solde et les allocations.

Le capitaine et major à brevet J. I. Carling, 7e régiment (Fusiliers), tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-aide-adjudant général au quartier général de la milice.

Le capitaine et major à brevet H. M. Daly, état-major permanent, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'aide-juge avocat général au quartier général de la milice.

Le lieutenant et major à brevet S. T. Blackwood, 10e régiment (grenadiers royaux), tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'aide-juge avocat général au quartier général de la milice. 14 juillet 1916.

Est nommé major, M.C.:

John Eric Alkin, écuyer. 19 octobre 1916.

Le grade honorifique de major de la milice canadienne est conféré au capitaine J. Jones Bell, L. R. (autrefois du 41e régiment), (carabiniers de Brockville). 17 octobre 1916.

Est nommé aumônier avec le grade honorifique de capitaine : le révérend William John Hamilton. 1er septembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de capitaine est conféré au lieutenant provisoire J. L. Cavanagh. 10e compagnie de forteresse, génie canadien, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier commandant de compagnie. 25 août 1916.

Le grade temporaire de capitaine est conféré au lieutenant (surnuméraire) C. Greenwood, compagnie n° 11, intendance militaire canadienne, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier commandant de compagnie. 10 octobre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de capitaine est conféré au lieutenant, J. C. Smith, corps des vétérinaires militaires canadiens, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de principal officier vétérinaire, district militaire n° 13. 11 octobre 1916.

Un grade temporaire dans la milice canadienne, tel que ci-après, est conféré aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :—

Sont nommés lieutenants :

Gerald Ainsley Holland, gentilhomme. 24 octobre 1915.

Le maréchal des logis chef d'escadron, George Leonard Bull, dragons royaux canadiens. 31 décembre 1915.

Carl English Hill, gentilhomme. 3 juin 1916.

Rudolph Edmund Atherden Diespecker,

Alexander Boyd, gentilshommes. 3 août 1916.

Ernest Edwin Davis, gentilhomme. 9 août 1916.

William Stewart Bruton Duff, gentilhomme. 15 août 1916.

James Sutherland Gordon Waters, gentilhomme. 16 août 1916.

Edgar Ainslie Leach, Percival Hales Watson, gentilshommes. 19 août 1916.

Charles James Garrett,

Francis Waugh Gordon Barber Starkey,

Ralph Osmund Hawtrey,

Arthur Sattin,

Cecil Wiggins Hicks,

Sydney Goode Norman,

Edward Ramsay Milne,

Roy Srivenor Harrison,

Clarence Russell Dale, gentilshommes. 21 août 1916.

Robert Adam Fraser, gentilhomme. 27 août 1916.

Angus McGill Mowat, gentilhomme. 30 août 1916.

William John Reilley, gentilhomme. 31 août 1916.

George Stanley Godwin, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.

William Ralph West,

George Sidney Sedwick Playfair, gentilshommes. 8 septembre 1916.

Henry Grattan Nolan, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1916.

Charles Spurgeon McKenzie,

Walter Atkyns Ervine Grin, gentilshommes. 14 septembre 1916.

William John Weldon, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

John Denver Purchase, gentilhomme. 23 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants honoraires :

James Stuart Grant, gentilhomme. 15 juillet 1916.

Joseph Michael Clark, gentilhomme. 11 août 1916.

Oliver Moon, gentilhomme. 23 août 1916.

Fred Charles Noice, gentilhomme. 25 août 1916.

Joseph Charles Perry, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.

Charles Leopold Ernest Louth, gentilhomme. 8 septembre 1916.

William Nelson Smillie, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le capitaine W. Y. Hunter, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens (Sask.). 15 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant J. MacCourt, 21e hussards, 27 février 1915.

Le lieutenant A. Wilson, 29e cavalerie, 18 février 1916.

Le lieutenant A. V. Vickery, 30e cavalerie, 7 juin 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. L. S. Barker, 16e cavalerie, 29 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. W. J. Digby, 16e cavalerie, 30 décembre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. Protich, 16e cavalerie, 30 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire P. H. L. Seeley, 30e cavalerie, 4 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. B. L. Lefroy, 30e cavalerie, 25 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. S. Bate, 30e cavalerie, 2 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. Foulds, 30e cavalerie, 14 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire Y. Thorne, 30e cavalerie, 17 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. E. Berry, 30e cavalerie, 25 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. A. Payne, 31e cavalerie, 1er mai 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. J. Newman, 31e cavalerie, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. Campbell, 31e cavalerie, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. J. E. Howard, 31e cavalerie, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. T. O. Rush, 31e cavalerie, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire S. R. Say, 31e cavalerie, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire L. J. Bettison, 31e cavalerie, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnumeraire E. W. Kilby, 31e cavalerie, 6 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. C. Anderson, 34e cavalerie, 29 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. W. Sheldon, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, (Alta.), 1er août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. R. Dockrill, 6e régiment, 23 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. J. Bates, 21e régiment, 24 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. E. Gillies, 24e régiment, 15 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. J. Neelands, 27e régiment, 12 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. R. Brown, 27e régiment, 22 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. Crigg, 33e régiment, 9 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. L. Donaldson, 34e régiment, 26 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. D. McNamara, 34e régiment, 26 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. M. Piercy, 34e régiment, 7 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. H. Stewart, 46e régiment, 8 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. R. Smith, 72e régiment, 16 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. C. Townshend, 77e régiment, 17 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. D. McCallum, 95e régiment, 12 février 1916.

Par ordre,

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 26 octobre 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O.G. 99.

ÉTABLISSEMENTS D'ÉDUCATION.

COLLÈGE MILITAIRE ROYAL DU CANADA.—Les gentilshommes cadets ci-dessous mentionnés obtiennent leur congé définitif :—

Stuart MacKay Connolly. 14 septembre 1916.
Robert McQueen. 9 octobre 1916.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

4E HUSSARDS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) D. J. Day, de la 5e batterie de Kingston, 9e brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 12 septembre 1916.

9E CAVALERIE DE MISSISSAUGA.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Harry Hobday Watts, Frank Ross Allan, gentilshommes. 28 septembre 1916.

Donald McKenzie McClelland, gentilhomme. octobre 1916.

17E HUSSARDS ROYAUX CANADIENS DU DUC D'YORK (ARGENTEUIL RANGERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Arthur William Maxwell, gentilhomme. 28 septembre 1916.

19E DRAGONS D'ALBERTA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Edward Harris Pavey, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

21E HUSSARDS D'ALBERTA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Alfred Attrill, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

22E CHEVAU-LÉGERS DE LA SASKATCHEWAN.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Edward Michael Reid, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

2E BRIGADE.—4E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) K. M. McLaren, du 91e régiment (Canadian Highlanders). 11 octobre 1916.

9TH BATTERIE.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) ; le lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. W. Hart, du Contingent de l'Université de Toronto, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens. 26 août 1916.

Roy Courtice, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.
Albert Roy Kinnear,
Clive Harcourt Carruthers, gentilshommes. 11 septembre 1916.

James Douglas Woods, gentilhomme. 17 octobre 1916.

3E BRIGADE.—17E BATTERIE DE SYDNEY.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Walter Patrick Sarsfield Fortune, gentilhomme. 14 juin 1916.

9E BRIGADE.—5E BATTERIE DE KINGSTON.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) D. J Day est transféré au 4e hussards. 12 septembre 1916.

10E BRIGADE.—14E BATTERIE DE MIDLAND.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Glenn Alexander Sullivan, gentilhomme. 28 septembre 1916.

Philip Comfort Starr, gentilhomme. 12 octobre 1916.

George Hamilton Gooderham, gentilhomme. 13 octobre 1916.

12E BRIGADE.—31E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Beverly Kerr, gentilhomme. 5 octobre 1916.

14E BRIGADE.—13E BATTERIE DE WINNIPEG.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Thomson Gordon, gentilhomme. 5 octobre 1916.

38E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) O. L. Harwood, du 99e (Manitoba Rangers). 14 septembre 1916.

25E BATTERIE.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) M. J. Robinson a la permission de se retirer. 27 septembre 1916.

Artillerie lourde.

BRIGADE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE DE L'ILE DU PRINCE-EDOUARD.—3E BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE ET SECTION DE MUNITIONS.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) M. L. Boswell est transféré au génie canadien. 11 octobre 1916.

GENIE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) C. C. Langstroth, du contingent de l'Université Mount Allison, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens. 16 juillet 1916.

Arthur Edward Williams, gentilhomme. 28 août 1916.

Charles Herbert Macnutt, gentilhomme. 6 octobre 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) M. L Boswell, de la 3e batterie d'artillerie lourde, et section de munitions, brigade d'artillerie lourde de l'Ile du Prince-Edouard, artillerie canadienne. 11 octobre 1916.

Martin Stirling, gentilhomme. 21 octobre 1916.

3E COMPAGNIE DE CAMPAGNE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Robert John Lecky, gentilhomme. 13 octobre 1916.

8E COMPAGNIE DE CAMPAGNE.—Est nommé major : le capitaine R. B. McGiffin, *vice* le major H. N. Gzowski, qui est transféré à la liste régimentaire. 23 juin 1916.

Est nommé capitaine : le lieutenant J. S. McMurray, *vice* le capitaine R. B. McGiffin, promu. 23 juin 1916.

CORPS DES GUIDES.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Frank Guy Armitage, gentilhomme. 15 août 1916.

CORPS DE DRESSAGE DES OFFICIERS CANADIENS.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE TORONTO. — Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. W. Hart est transféré à la 9e batterie, 2e brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 26 août 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Roy Hurley Richard, gentilhomme. 20 juin 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE MOUNT-ALLISON.— Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : C. C. Langstroth est transféré au génie canadien. 16 juillet 1916.

INFANTERIE.

GARDES À PIED DU GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL. — Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) G. J. Downey a la permission de démissionner. 26 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) E. R. Fairey est transféré à l'intendance militaire canadienne. 25 avril 1916.

7E RÉGIMENT (FUSILIERS).— Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. R. Craig a la permission de se retirer. 30 décembre 1915.

12E RÉGIMENT (YORK RANGERS).—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) P. A. McEachern a la permission de se retirer. 18 octobre 1916.

21E RÉGIMENT (ESSEX FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : George Yule Masson, gentilhomme.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire : Islay Stanley Reid, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916

32E RÉGIMENT DE BRUCE.—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire): le sergent Earl Hilton Johns. 2 septembre 1916.

46E RÉGIMENT DE DURHAM.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Miller, gentilhomme. 17 juin 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.) —Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Le lieutenant temporaire R. P. Williams, M.C. 29 août 1916.

77E RÉGIMENT DE WENTWORTH.—Le lieutenant (surméraire) (capitaine au M.C.) H. Messett est transféré à la réserve des officiers. 3 octobre 1916.

82E RÉGIMENT (ABEGWEIT LIGHT INFANTRY). — Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : Christopher McGuigau, gentilhomme. 27 mai 1916.

87E RÉGIMENT DE QUÉBEC.—Le nom du lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. Hamel est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 17 octobre 1916.

91E RÉGIMENT (CANADIAN HIGHLANDERS).—Le lieutenaut provisoire (surnuméraire) K. M. McLaren, est transféré à la 4e batterie, 2e brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 11 octobre 1916.

95E CARABINIERS DE LA SASKATCHEWAN.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Arthur O'Brien, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

99E (MANITOBA RANGERS.)—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) O. L. Hardwood, est transféré à la 38e batterie, 14e brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 14 septembre 1916.

100E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG GRENADIERS).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Charles Christopher Goater, gentilhomme. 27 mai 1916.

William Anderson Kinniburgh, gentilhomme. 28 août 1916.

103E RÉGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William C. Robertson, gentilhomme. 25 octobre 1916.

INTENDANCE MILITAIRE CANADIENNE.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) E. R. Fairey, des gardes à pied du Gouverneur général. 25 avril 1916

SERVICE DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE.

Personnel du service de santé militaire.

Sont nommés capitaines : les lieutenants (surnuméraires) :

H. K. Manning. 8 avril 1916.
A. S. Moorhead. 22 avril 1916.
F. L. Neely. 5 août 1916.
B. L. Guyatt. 15 septembre 1916.

Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) R. D. Mace a la permission de démissionner. 30 septembre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire):

George Harrison Wade, gentilhomme. 15 juin 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires):

William Mason, gentilhomme. 2 août 1916..
Thomas Rousseau, gentilhomme. 12 août 1916.
Joseph Wilfred Pressault, gentilhomme. 25 août 1916.
Jean-Baptiste Péloquin, gentilhomme. 29 septembre 1916.
Clarence Currie Everson, gentilhomme. 5 octobre 1916.
Morton Dykes McEwen, gentilhomme. 6 octobre 1916.
Louis Cyriaque Charland, gentilhomme. 9 octobre 1916.
*David Parmenter Byers, gentilhomme. 10 octobre 1916.
Gosford James Preston, gentilhomme. 12 octobre 1916.
Peter Francis McCue, gentilhomme. 16 octobre 1916.
*Reginald Francis Price, gentilhomme. 17 octobre 1916.

* Pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis en vertu des dispositions de l'Ordre de milice n° 65, 1913.

Sont nommés sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) :

Agnes Eva Donnelly. 9 septembre 1916.
Anne Isabelle MacAulay. 22 septembre 1916.
Leila McCleave,
Constance Edith Murray. 26 septembre 1916.
Elsie Walsh,
Grace Agnes Matthews. 7 octobre 1916.

Sont nommées sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) à compter des dates indiquées, et elles sont hors cadre pour prendre du service dans les services d'hôpitaux militaires impériaux de la Reine Alexandra, à dater du 12 octobre 1916.

Amy Mildred Dew. 30 juin 1916.
Rosalind Mabel Long. 29 août 1916.
Elva Maud Gunn,
Elsie Lee Richardson,
Mary Shaw. 30 août 1916.
Avis Maud Lilley,
Margaret Mary Morrison,
Blanche Ledwich McCusker,
Tophi Gertrude Bost,
Margaret Mellisia Doyle,
Ursula Peyton Scott. 31 août 1916.
Nellie Storey,
Emily Abaliuda Parker,
Rachel Bush,
Ruby Belle Dickie,

Daisy Eleocadie Emily Gray,
Margaret Morrison,
Ainslie St. Clair Dagg. 1er septembre 1916.
Jean Sinclair Cowie,
Margaret Francis Taylor. 2 septembre 1916.
Alice Torr,
Emma Mary Turner,
Emma Gertrude Park,
Anna Doverty Robertson,
Martha Barnes. 4 septembre 1916.
Jean McRae. 5 septembre 1916.
Jean Hill Thorpe,
Ethel Louise Roberts. 7 septembre 1916.
Jean McPherson,
Mary Houston,
Isabel Wallace Peebles. 8 septembre 1916.
Mary Hay Dryden,
Flora Lawford,
Winnifred Dalton McCutcheon,
Inez Dayton Rawlins,
Olga Victoria Myers. 9 septembre 1916.
Sara Glass,
Isabella Scott Fargey. 10 septembre .1916.
Jean Alexander McWean,
Hughena Meikle,
Marie Almira Du Fault,
Mabel Stanch,
Olive Ilah Smith,
Laura Margaret Horton,
Margaret Gwendeline Greenard,
Christena Clenton Gordon. 11 septembre 1916.
Mima Catherine Morison,
Kathloen Gregory. 12 septembre 1916.
Isabella McCormick,
Agnes Olive Armstrong,
Minnie McKay. 13 septembre 1916.
Edna Mildred Wilson,
Jennie Roberts,
Ada Annie Jakeman. 20 septembre 1916.
Miriam Eastman Baker,
Ada Jane McEwen. 21 septembre 1916.
Frances Minnie Matthews. 22 septembre 1916.
Anna Reaney. 25 septembre 1916.
Hattie Fraser. 27 septembre 1916.

SERVICE DENTAIRE MILITAIRE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés capitaines: les lieutenants (surnuméraires) J. A. Beatty, W. J. McEwen ; le chirurgien-dentiste (surnuméraire) et lieutenant honoraire D. S. Bailoy. 1er avril 1916.

Les lieutenants (surnuméraires) T. H. Levey, R. J. Yeo, A Kennedy. 31 juillet 1916.

Frederick James Moffatt, écuyer. 1er août 1916.

Robert Sidney Woollatt, écuyer. 1er septembre 1916.

Joseph Elmer Wright, écuyer. 1er octobre 1916.

Norton Hillary Rutherford, écuyer. 6 octobre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire):

Donald Russell MacKay, gentilhomme. 8 août 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Le major et lieutenant-colonel à brevet A. P. Deroche, génie royal canadien est nommé premier officier d'état-major général administratif pour les fins de solde et d'allocations. 20 octobre 1916.

Le lieutenant-colonel J. A. Macdonald, C.M., est classé comme deuxième officier d'état-major général administratif, tant qu'il occupera les fonctions d'aide juge avocat général, district militaire n° 2. 20 juin 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel de la milice canadienne est conféré aux messieurs ci-dessous désignés :—

Au major R. T. Pritchard, 30e régiment (Wellington Rifles), tant qu'il commandera le 153e bataillon d'outre-mer. 1er septembre 1916.

Au capitaine J. L. Youngs, 28e régiment de Perth, tant qu'il commandera le 110e batailllon d'outre-mer, T.E.C. 11 octobre 1916.

La date de la promotion du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) C. B. Shuttleworth, services de santé de l'armée, au grade temporaire de major publiée dans l'ordre général 91, 1916, est modifiée de manière à se lire : " 17 août 1916."

Est nommé major temporaire, M.C.:

Sydney Horace Bantick, écuyer. 17 octobre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de capitaine est conféré au lieutenant K. C. Rogers, corps de signaleurs canadiens, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier signaleur de forteresse, Halifax, N.-E. 19 octobre 1916.

Est nommé aumônier avec le grade honorifique de capitaine :

Le révérend Percy Coulthurst. 14 juillet 1916.

L'ordre général 91, 1916, en tant qu'il s'agit de la mise hors cadre du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraires) B. O. Kinney, services de santé de l'armée, est cancellé par le présent.

L'ordre général 94, 1916, en tant qu'il s'agit de la mise hors cadre des lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) R. H. Thomas, G. H. Ensing, W. S. Wallace, services de santé de l'armée, est cancellé.

L'ordre général 79, 1916, en tant qu'il s'agit de la mise hors cadre du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) M. B. McColl, 21e hussards d'Alberta, est par le présent cancellé.

La démission du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): M. R. Charlton, 1re batterie d'artillerie lourde et section de munitions, brigade d'artillerie lourde de Montréal, publiée dans l'ordre général 62, 1916, est par le présent cancellée.

Des commissions temporaires comme ci-après sont accordées aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :—

Sont nommés lieutenants :

John Coleridge Patteson, gentilhomme. 24 juillet 1916.

Giles Elbert Carveth,
George William Epton,
Arthur Lyon Johnson,
David Alwyn Forneri, gentilhomme. 21 août 1916.
Harry Newton Moore, gentilhomme. 23 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants honoraires :

William Alfred Bawden, gentilhomme. 10 septembre 1916.

Le sergent-major d'état-major de 1re classe (sous-officier à brevet) William Samuel Walker ; le sergent-major (sous-officier à brevet) William George Donne ; les sergents fourriers Owen Desmond McCooey et Albert Victor Chase, trésorerie militaire canadienne. 20 octobre 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le lieutenant surnuméraire T. S. Fisher, 15e cavalerie, 14 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. F. Sibbald, 15e cavalerie, 14 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. J. Hanley, 19e dragons, 21 août 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. Paul, 27e cavalerie, 10 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire G. G. Warwick, 30e cavalerie, 3 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. H. Greene, 30e cavalerie, 6 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. de Freitaz-West, 30e cavalerie, 7 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. D. Pace, 30e cavalerie 10 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. G. Rogers, 34e cavalerie, 15 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. C. Turner, 34e cavalerie, 16 mars 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire St. C. Balfour, 4e batterie, artillerie de campagne canadienne, 3 octobre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. J. Acton, 8e cavalerie, 3 octobre 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire D. C. A. McEachran, 5e régiment, 15 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. B. Brittain, 76e régiment, 18 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. K. Cornwall, 101e régiment, 10 mars 1916.

Par ordre,

Westoaginis.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

1. Une position dans le ministère du Travail, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Dans l'accomplissement de ses fonctions, le titulaire aura à faire des études et des enquêtes sur l'emploi et les conditions de vie des femmes et enfants ouvriers au Canada et à aider dans l'administration de toute loi règlementant les prix futurs. Les candidats doivent être des femmes ayant les aptitudes suivantes: être graduées d'une université autorisée, de préférence avec une instruction spéciale en économie politique, et avec une expérience assez étendue dans le genre d'occupations mentionnées ci-dessus pour justifier une nomination dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division.

2. Un aide-chimiste dans la division de la préparation mécanique des minerais et de la métallurgie du département des Mines, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Les aspirants doivent être gradués en chimie d'une université autorisée et doivent avoir eu, depuis qu'ils ont été gradués, beaucoup d'expérience dans l'analyse chimique des minerais, des métaux et des alliages ferrugineux.

3. Un traducteur au Ministère du Commerce et de l'Industrie, dans la subdivision B de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,300 par année. Cette position sera remplie par examen de concours sûr les sujets suivants : orthographe française, composition française, traduction du français à l'anglais et traduction de l'anglais au français. Avis du lieu et de la date de l'examen sera donné à tous les aspirants aussitôt qu'ils seront connus.

4. Un sténographe officiel aux Débats du Sénat du Canada, dans la subdivision B de la première division, au traitement initial de $2,100 par année. Les aspirants doivent être de très habiles sténographes, capables de prendre les débats du Sénat et de les transcrire d'une façon intelligente, en anglais et en français.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 18 décembre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 23 novembre 1916. 22-4

W. E. Ranger, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désignée *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 22e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Hector Dupont, ingénieur civil, Wilfrid Emile Ranger, Jean-Baptiste Origène Ranger, Joseph Evariste Ranger, marchands, Joseph Aldérid Robillard, conseil du Roi et avocat, tous de la cité de Lachine, dans le comté de Jacques-Cartier, province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir le fonds de commerce de quincailleries, la clientèle de Wilfrid E. Ranger, marchand, de la cité de Lachine, comté de Jacques-Cartier, province de Québec, avec toutes les dettes actives et passives concernant son commerce, et en effectuer le paiement par des actions acquittées de la compagnie ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, et faire le commerce de quincaillerie dans toutes ses branches ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, échange, bail ou autrement, de toute personne, société ou compagnie faisant son commerce semblable à celui de la compagnie, comme un commerce en opération ou autrement, et le payer en argent ou obligations ou en actions acquittées de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir par bail ou tout autre titre et posséder toutes les propriétés immobilières et mobilières qui peuvent être nécessaires aux objets pour lesquels cette compagnie est constituée en corporation et payer telle acquisition ou détention en argent ou en obligations ou en actions acquittées de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Vendre, échanger, louer toutes ou aucune de ces propriétés mobilières ou immobilières et en disposer ;

(*f*) Construire, entreprendre et exploiter sur tous terrains acquis ou détenus par la compagnie et toutes autres bâtisses qui peuvent être nécessaires pour la mise en opération des entreprises et du commerce de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acheter, obtenir, vendre tous brevets d'invention et marques de commerce concernant les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, et émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, chèques, connaissements, mandats et autres effets négociables ;

(*i*) Accepter pour le paiement ou la garantie des créances de la compagnie, des hypothèques, gages de toutes personnes, corporations ou compagnies ;

(*j*) Se fusionner ou s'associer avec toute autre société, personne ou compagnie faisant un commerce en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la compagnie pour conclure et faire des conventions pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques conjoints et réciproques se rapportant aux affaires et transactions autorisées de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Louer, vendre l'entreprise et les biens de la compagnie ou toute autre partie d'iceux pour toutes considérations qu'elle jugera convenables ou pour des actions, débentures, obligations émises pour toutes autres compagnies ou corporations ;

(*l*) Distribuer aux actionnaires de la compagnie des actions, débentures, valeurs ou propriétés appartenant à la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, leur distribuer des actions acquittées non sujettes à appel, en considération des travaux faits ou de services rendus ;

(*m*) Acheter et détenir des actions de toutes autres compagnies faisant un commerce en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " W. E. Ranger, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars, divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Lachine, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 28e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

23-2

11241—6½

Premier Waterproof Clothing Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 11e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Samuel Cohen, Benjamin Bernard Goldman, Louis Nathan Science et Jacques Lewis, marchands, et Isidore Ballon, avocat, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans tout le Dominion du Canada, l'industrie d'importateurs, exportateurs, manufacturiers et négociants en étoffes pour vêtements, fournitures pour tailleurs, chapeaux, casquettes, merceries, articles pour hommes, articles imperméables et vêtements de toute description et tous autres articles et matières pouvant être convenablement et avantageusement disposés ou fabriqués en rapport avec telle industrie et, sans limiter la généralité de ce qui précède, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, solder et disposer de pantalons, tissus de laine, lin, soie et coton et d'articles composés en tout ou en partie de coton, chanvre, lin, laine, soie ou autres matières ;

(*b*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*c*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets d'invention, octroyer des locations, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*d*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*e*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions dans aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir et généralement entreprendre tout ou partie des affaires, propriété, achalandage, entreprise, pouvoirs et biens, et assumer tout ou partie des engagements d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ayant des objets similaires, en tout ou en partie, à ceux que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des proprités convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses affaires et en particulier des terres, édifices, servitudes, machinerie, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*h*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets provisoires, lettres de change, connaissements, reçus d'entrepôts, mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables ;

(*i*) Rémunérer toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant à placer ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune des actions du capital de la compagnie ou des débentures, débentures-stock ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou à propos de la formation ou de la promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*j*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, par l'achat et l'exposition de travaux d'art ou d'intérêt, la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons ;

(*k*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Faire tous ou aucun des objets ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, commissaires et par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*m*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Premier Waterproof Clothing Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, diviséen 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16e jour de Novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Trudeau Carriage, Limited.
Carrosserie Trudeau, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 16e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Théophile Trudeau, manufacturier, Maximilien Renaud, Jean Louis Poirier et Ernest Trudeau, comptables, et Omer Daoust, forgeron, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer de toutes espèces de voitures, véhicules, wagons traîneaux, wagons moteurs, automobiles, voitures mûes par traction animale, à vapeur, à gazoline, électrique ou aucun autre pouvoir, roues, ressorts, essieux, lampes, harnais, accessoires d'automobiles, jantes, bois et toutes choses appartenant à l'industrie et au commerce ci-dessus énumérés ;

(*b*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables, manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'articles, effets et marchandises ;

(*c*) Acquérir et posséder les biens, propriété, privilèges, franchises, contrats, baux, biens fonciers et autres droits de toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant une industrie similaire et généralement les affaires de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie ou un commerce que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ;

(*d*) Agir comme agents pour d'autres personnes ou compagnies pour l'achat, vente, échange ou location de tous produits se rapportant aux objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée.

(*e*) Faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires incidentes pour l'exercice des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée ;

(*f*) Acquérir et employer de la vapeur, de l'électricité ou autres pouvoirs pour les fins susdites ;

(*g*) Recevoir en paiement de marchandises ou pour travaux faits des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs émises par une compagnie semblable, les donner ou en disposer ;

(*h*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ou compagnies ayant des objets similaires à ceux énu-

mérés dans les présentes à tels termes et conditions bue la compagnie choisira ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer, échanger ou autrement disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou de toute partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont, en tout ou en partie, semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures, en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions ou autres avantages que cette compagnie peut légalement acquérir, et aussi, émettre des actions libérées, obligations ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autre valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie faisant des affaires semblables, en tout ou en partie, ou se rapportant aux affaires de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis, de telle manière qu'il pourra en être déterminé de temps à autre ;

(*l*) Demander et acquérir à n'importe quels termes, des brevets d'invention, droits de brevet, procédés, concessions, licences, marques de fabrique, droits d'auteur ou tous autres privilèges ou protections de même nature pour, ou se rapportant à aucune matière, articles fabriqués ou en dépendant, ou convenant aux affaires de la compagnie, les faire valoir en les manufacturant ou travaillant ou en en octroyant des licences ou autrement.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Trudeau Carriage, Limited,"—"Carrosserie Trudeau, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 11e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Léon Daoust et Aimé Daoust, commis, Annie Partlin, Elsie Bramson et Malca Lewitt, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, articles, accessoires, marchandises de toutes sortes et descriptions, établir, maintenir, conduire une agence générale d'affaires, de soldes, de commission et de courtage ;

(*b*) Dessiner, construire, manufacturer, bâtir, ériger, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, posséder, améliorer, développer, réparer, modifier, maintenir, exploiter, gérer, vendre, échanger, douner ou prendre en location, affréter ou autrement trafiquer et disposer d'accessoires, édifices, outillages, équipements, machinerie, instruments, matériaux et fournitures de toutes descriptions ;

(*c*) Acquérir tout ou partie de l'achalandage, propriété et biens, y compris toute agence, contrat, convention, option, concession ou choses de même nature, d'aucun individu, maison, association ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable, les payer, totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en obligations ou émettre et répartir pour les payer totalement ou partiellement des actions libérées et non sujettes à appel du capital-stock de la compagnie, souscrites ou non ;

(*d*) Vendre ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la compagnie, biens, droits, entreprise ou achalandage de la compagnie et accepter en paiement tout ou partie en espèces, obligations, stocks ou autres valeurs d'aucune corporation ou compagnie ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, marques de fabrique, droits d'auteur, agences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information cencernant toute invention ou procédé, faire valoir, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tous tels brevets et marques de fabrique ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, et vendre ou autrement disposer du stock, actions, valeurs ou entreprises de toute compagnie ayant pour l'un de ses objets l'exercice d'aucun des pouvoirs de la compagnie ou transférer son actif ou ses entreprises à toute telle compagnie ou s'amalgamer avec elle ;

(*g*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*h*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement, détenir, vendre et disposer des affaires, biens, achalandage, stocks, actions ou valeurs d'aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie similaire à celle de la compagnie et généralement faire tous les actes, exercer tous les pouvoirs, faire toutes les affaires se rapportant à l'accomplissement normal des objets pour lesquels la compagnie est incorporée et exercer tous autres pouvoirs permis par la loi.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Anglo Canadian Factors, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 100 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 15e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Canadian Silk and Dye Works, Limited.—La Compagnie Canadienne de Soieries et de Teintureries, Limitée.

AVIS est donne au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 10e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation William Henry Langelier et Adolphe Ernest Clément, gérants, Louis Joseph Bisson, marchand, David Pelletier, commis, et Alvin Ernest Woodworth, comptable, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer toutes les industries se rapportant à la culture, production et fabrication du coton, de la laine, de la soie naturelle ou artificielle et se rapportant généralement à la fabrication, production et teinture des tissus et fibres ou s'y reliant d'une manière quelconque ;

(*b*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, employer, développer, maintenir, vendre ou autrement disposer de limites forestières, usines à bois, usines à pulpe de bois et papiers et autres, usines et fabriques utiles ou nécessaires à la compagnie pour la production ou le traitement des matières premières, déchets ou sous-produits appartenant aux ou provenant des opérations de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, développer, améliorer, maintenir et disposer de pouvoirs hydrauliques ou systèmes hydrauliques pouvant être nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins des opérations de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Construire ou conclure des contrats ou conventions pour la construction de voies d'évitement de chemins de fer, quais, bassins et de travaux pouvant être nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans l'exercice de ses pouvoirs ;

(*e*) Manufacturer, traiter, développer, acheter, vendre, échanger ou autrement disposer de produits chimiques et de leurs dérivés, déchets ou sous-produits ;

(*f*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires et objets ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer ou s'associer ou conclure des conventions pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts, les concessions réciproques ou autrement, avec aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*h*) Acquérir, prendre les biens et engaments d'aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable en tout ou en partie à celle que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des pouvoirs ou propriétés convenant aux fins de la compagnie, les payer en espèces ou en actions du stock de la compagnie libérées et non sujettes à appel, comme il en sera jugé opportun ;

(*i*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant des droits exclusifs ou limités d'aucun secret ou autre information concernant aucune invention ou procédés et les faire valoir, vendre, louer ou autrement en disposer ;

(*j*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer, en tout ou en partie, des biens et affaires de la compagnie, ou d'une partie d'iceux, à toute personne, maison ou corporation pour telle compensation qui pourra être agréée, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie ; nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies ;*

(*k*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*l*) Distribuer en espèces ou autrement parmi les membres de la compagnie, aucuns biens de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie formée pour prendre tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie tous les frais et dépenses se rapportant à l'incorporation et à l'organisation de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses énumérées comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres.

(*o*) Faire généralement tontes telles autres choses nécessaires ou utiles pour l'exercice des objets de la compagnie ;

(*p*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragrapqe ou du nom de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Canadian Silk & Dye Works, Limited,"—"La Compagnie Canadienne de Soieries et de Teintureries, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de deux cent cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 2,500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 10e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Prudential Credit and Financial Bureau, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 14e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Henry Weinfield, Marcus Meyer Sperber, Jacob Yale Fortier, avocats, Jean Charles Duhamel et Georges Duhamel, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) S'enquérir et faire rapport à des créanciers sur la situation financière de personnes, marchands, maisons et corporations, échanger entre les abonnés des informations sur le crédit et la position des marchands, percevoir les livres de comptes et autres instruments négociables, exercer généralement une agence de perception et un bureau de compensation de créances commerciales, agir comme teneur de livres, comptables, vérificateurs, dispacheurs et agents pour toute personne, maison ou corporation engagée dans l'exercice d'aucune affaire semblable à celle exercée par cette compagnie ;

(*b*) S'engager dans ou exercer aucune industrie ou transaction pouvant, directement ou indirectement augmenter la valeur des biens, propriétés ou droits de la compagnie ou les rendres profitables ;

(*c*) Percevoir les loyers, dividendes, intérêts, mortgages, obligations, traites, billets et comptes ;

(*d*) Agir comme agents pour la vente de fonds de commerce, agencements, biens-fonciers et autres actifs de marchands, maisons et corporations ;

(*e*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, vendre ou autrement disposer de propriété mobilière ou immobilière ;

(*f*) Aider à la promotion, organisation, développement, gérance d'aucune industrie, corporation ou compagnie, lever ou aider à lever des fonds pour aider par voie de bonus, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations ou autres valeurs ou autrement, toute autre industrie ou corporation, offrir par souscription publique toutes actions, stocks, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre industrie, corporation ou compagnie ;

(*g*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie, en tout ou en partie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie ;

(*h*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une industrie ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*i*) Emettre des actions de la compagnie, ordinaires ou priorité en paiement de propriétés acquises ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus par les promoteurs en rapport avec l'incorporation et l'organisation de la compagnie ou pour des franchises, options, contrats ou autres droits, bénéfices ou privilèges ;

(*j*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront limités ni restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Prudential Credit and Financial Bureau, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
22–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Crystal Shirt Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 9e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Benjamin Wilanski, manufacturier, Max Wilanski, dessinateur, John Harry Wilanski, voyageur, Edson Grenfell Place, avocat, et Hugh MacKay, conseil du Roi, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, disposer et trafiquer de jupons de tous genres pour femmes et jeunes filles, costumes et vêtements de tous genres et descriptions ;

(*c*) Agir comme agents ou représentants pour d'autres compagnies ou corporations exerçant une industrie semblable ;

(*d*) Disposer de toutes espèces de produits ouvrés et non ouvrés, matières brutes, tissus et marchandises de nouveauté de toute description ;

(*e*) Acquérir et prendre comme une industrie active la propriété, biens, achalandage et affaires de la compagnie dite la " Crystal Skirt Company " à tels termes de paiement, en espèces ou en actions libérées, qui pourrout être agréés ;

(*f*) Manufacturer, disposer et généralement trafiquer de toute espèce de vêtements pour hommes et garçons ;

(*g*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*h*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions, obligations stocks, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies.*

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de " The Crystal Skirt Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,

22–2 Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

British Chemical Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 14e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, Herbert William Jackson, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer de de toute espèce d'explosifs, produits chimiques, fertilisants, acides, alcalis de tous genres et de toutes combinaisons que ce soit, des divers articles employés dans leur fabrication, de tous leurs sous-produits, de tous les articles composés en tout ou en partie d'iceux et de tous les matériaux, substances, accessoires et choses requis ou se rapportant à la fabrication, préparatino, adaptation, usage, au tir ou au travail des explosifs et produits chimiques, leur emballage, emmagasinage, transport ou disposition ;

(*b*) Pour les fins ci-dessus mentionnées exercer l'industrie de mineurs, fondeurs de fer, cuivre et autres métaux, machinistes, fabricants d'outils, métallurgistes, ouvriers en métaux, ajusteurs, constructeurs de moulins, fabricants de boîtes d'emballage et toute autre branche industrielle secondaire se rapportant usuellement et convenablement aux industries ci-dessus mentionnées soit pour préparer ou finir les articles pour la vente, ou pour des fins auxiliaires ou pour les fins des industries ci-dessus mentionnées ou pour des fins de bénéfices comme industries indépendantes ;

(*c*) Manufacturer, en tout ou en partie, toutes marchandises, substances, machines, outils, articles, appareils ou choses employées dans ou pour leur fabrication, ou tous procédés de fabrication pour lesquels l'outillage, la machinerie ou la propriété de la compagnie peuvent de temps à autre, être disponibles ou convenables ;

(*d*) Construire, maintenir, exploiter sur la propriété de la compagnie tous travaux, ponts, réservoirs, flumes, barrages et tous autres travaux et commodités qui sembleront directement ou indirectement nécessaires à aucun des objets de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Construire, acquérir, posséder, gérer, affréter, exploiter, louer toute espèce de bateaux à vapeur et à voiles, bateaux, remorqueurs, chalands et autres vaisseaux, quais, bassins, élévateurs, entrepôts, hangars à fret et autres édifices nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Etablir, maintenir, exploiter pour l'usage de la compagnie, ses employés, locataires et autres un service de protection contre le feu, un service d'eau, d'éclairage électrique ou de gaz, faire, en rapport avec iceux tels contrats jugés nécessaires ou convenables pour la disposition de l'excédent ou ou autrement ;

(*g*) Demander, maintenir, enregistrer, louer, acquérir, détenir ou vendre, louer ou autrement disposer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir tous brevets d'invention, perfectionnements, procédés, marques de fabrique, marques de commerce et choses de même nature nécessaires ou avantageuses pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie et en particulier les actions, débentures ou valeurs d'autres compagnies appartenant à la compagnie ou desquelles la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*i*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement les actions d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à l'industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, ou autrement acquérir et assumer toute autre entreprise ou industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle de la compagnie, y compris son outillage, fonds de commerce, achalandage, franchises, biens de toute nature et engagements, exercer aucune autre industrie qui semblera capable de pouvoir être conduite convenablement en rapport avec aucun des objets ci-dessus ou directement ou indirectement, de nature à augmenter la valeur ou à faciliter la réalisation ou à rendre profitables aucun des biens, droits ou entreprises de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété ou droits, pouvant être acquis ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou travaux faits pour la compagnie ou pour le paiement ou le règlement des dettes et des engagements dûs par la compagnie ;

(*l*) S'amalgamer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne, maison ou compagnie et, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*m*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, comme facteurs ou agents ;

(*n*) Faire toutes telles autres choses nécessaires à l'exercice normal des objets ci-dessus ou à aucun d'eux.

(*o*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront aucunement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " British Chemical Company Limited," avec un capital-actions de cin-

quante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 15e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

22-2

COUR DE L'ECHIQUIER DU CANADA.

ORDRE GÉNÉRAL.

UNE séance générale de la cour de l'Echiquier du Canada, sous les dispositions de la règle 166, pour l'instruction des causes, etc., sera tenue au Palais de Justice, dans la cité de Québec, P.Q., commençant lundi, le 5e jour de février A.D. 1917 à 11 heures a.m.

Daté à Ottawa ce 27e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE, J.C.E.

23-4

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois d'août 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondu. Can., 1906.)

DT.	$ c.		$	AV.
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373 36	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	691 788 19	
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,172,945 57			
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert				
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	3,672 24			
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,860 45	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 août 1916	41,086,063 43	
	11,777,851 62		41,777,851 62	

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 12 octobre 1916.

18-tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois d'octobre 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants.	Total.
ACCISE.	$ c.	$ c.
Spiritueux	821,821 59	
Liqueur de malt	12,587 55	
Malt	154,704 93	
Tabac	943,276 44	
Cigares	66,626 62	
Fabrications en entrepôt	11,718 04	
Acide acétique	515 11	
Saisies	646 21	
Autres revenus	11,168 22	
Total du revenu de l'accise		2,028,064 71
Spiritueux pyroxyliques		13,025 24
Passages d'eau		26 00
Inspection des poids et mesures		14,742 08
Inspection du gaz		4,250 75
Inspection de la lumière électrique		5,398 33
Timbres de pièces judiciaires		1,454 50
Autres revenus		495 94
Taxe de guerre		97,671 01
Grand revenu total		2,160,128 56

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous-Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 16 novembre 1916.

23-tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances pour le 31 octobre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE.	1915.	1916.
	$ c.	$ c.
PASSIF.		
DETTE FLOTTANTE—		
Payable à New-York	.....	75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada	750,360 94	150,202,277 73
Payable à Londres	362,703,312 40	470,315,341 93
Prêts temporaires	160,140,350 86	131,099,474 69
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques	5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion	164,630,286 16	174,863,077 29
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—		
	1915. 1916.	
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,776,528 66 $40,877,801 16	
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,857,473 07 13,550,297 64	
	52,634,001 73	54,428,098 80
Fonds en fidéicommis	10,214,979 95	10,275,955 80
Comptes des provinces	11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque	29,109,568 32	35,174,870 87
Total de la dette brute	797,772,100 88	1,119,393,494 99
ACTIF.		
PLACEMENTS—		
Fonds d'amortissement	11,371,373 68	12,728,490 72
Autres placements	108,017,819 43	131,204,412 71
COMPTES DES PROVINCES	2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES	183,558,087 78	277,885,747 11
Total de l'actif	305,243,608 79	423,614,978 44
Total de la dette nette au 31 octobre	492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
" au 30 septembre	484,841,633 73	680,275,444 90
Augmentation de la dette	7,686,858 36	15,503,071 65

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois octobre, 1915.	Total au 31 octobre, 1915.	Mois octobre, 1916	Total au 31 octobre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	7,847,784 37	51,054,363 87	11,076,575 47	75,191,250 29
Accise	1,844,700 02	12,034,755 15	2,043,742 22	13,985,293 74
Département des Postes	1,400,000 00	9,399,779 65	1,550,000 00	10,350,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	2,389,019 53	10,223,891 21	2,224,598 32	15,100,688 14
Divers	958,829 98	4,971,058 61	1,263,212 04	7,120,575 98
Total	14,440,333 90	87,683,848 49	18,158,128 05	121,747,808 15
DÉPENSES	10,075,981 74	56,347,603 96	7,803,405 29	57,561,116 89
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	8,931,265 19	53,359,158 30	22,948,251 86	127,487,147 06
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	2,874,997 36	19,686,843 12	2,384,704 80	13,540,236 47
Subventions aux chemins de fer	244,889 57	967,910 71	.....	363,478 61
Total	12,051,152 12	74,013,912 13	25,332,956 66	141,390,862 14

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 7 novembre 1916.

20-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste.	
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots.....	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste.....	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions.	
Total.....	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension.....$	100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session.....	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000.....	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000.....	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000.....	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000.....	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000.....	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel.....	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

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RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressées au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* ; le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal* :—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone* :—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs* ; ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque* ; une *compagnie d'assurance* ; une *compagnie de fidéicommis* ; une *compagnie de prêt* ; ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une declaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit "

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant a la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SENAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé : il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa a qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse.

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills privés.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changements pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt après la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'Andrew Hamilton Gault, des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, major dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Marguerite Claire Stephens, des dits cité et district de Montréal, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce treizième jour de novembre, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MacDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montréal, Qué.,
21–14 Solliciteurs du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Florence Evelyn Snyder, de la cité et du district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, Edward Lockwood, également de la cité et du district de Montréal, artisan, pour cause d'adultère et d'abandon.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, le 22e jour de novembre 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
26–14 Solliciteur de la requérante.

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

AVIS.—La Compagnie de chemin de fer dite "The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un Acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut terminer la construction de sa voie ferrée, à partir d'un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Lumsden's-Mills jusqu'à ou vers la rivière Des Quinze, tel qu'elle a été autorisée à cet effet par le chapitre 66 des Statuts de 1901 et par le chapitre 106 des Statuts de 1912, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 2e jour de décembre 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
23–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company," s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant sa loi constitutive (1 et 2 George V, chap. 86, 1911) abrogeant les alinéas (*d*) et (*e*) de l'article 7 de la dite loi et en lui donnant le pouvoir de faire des contrats d'assurance des classes suivantes telles que définies par *La loi des assurances, 910*, outre les classes mentionnées aux alinéas (*a*), (*b*) et (*c*) du dit article 7, savoir : (*d*) assurance de garantie ; (*e*) assurance sur les glaces ; (*f*) assurance sur les automobiles ; et (*g*) assurance contre l'incendie ; et aussi à l'effet de changer le nom de la compagnie en celui de "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
160 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal,
22–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER LACHINE, JACQUES-CARTIER ET MAISONNEUVE.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la Compagnie de chemin de fer Lachine, Jacques-Cartier et Maisonneuve s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle pourra construire et terminer la voie ferrée mentionnée à l'article 1, chapitre 93 des Statuts de 1914, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 16e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
21–5 Solliciteur de la requérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de un et trois quarts pour cent sur le capital versé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable à sa banque, en cette cité et à ses succursales, le et après vendredi, le premier jour de décembre prochain.

Les livres de transport seront fermés du 16 jusqu'au 30 novembre 1916, les deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires sera tenue au bureau-chef de la banque à Québec, lundi, le 4 décembre prochain. L'assemblée aura lieu à trois heures.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

B. B. STEVENSON,
Gérant général.

Quebec, le 24 octobre 1916. 20–4

LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC ET LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

AVIS est donné par le présent que les banques soussignées ont l'intention de s'adresser, à l'expiration de quatre semaines à compter de la date de la première publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, au Gouverneur en conseil et au Conseil de la Trésorerie, par l'entremise du Ministre des Finances et Receveur général, afin que soit approuvée une convention entre la Banque de Québec et la Banque Royale du Canada, par laquelle la Banque de Québec consent à vendre et la Banque Royale du Canada consent à acheter tous les biens meubles et immeubles, l'actif, les droits, créances et effets de la Banque de Québec de quelque nature qu'ils soient et à n'importe quel endroit où ils se trouvent, et par laquelle, en compensation de cette vente et de cet achat la Banque Royale du Canada consent à répartir et émettre à la Banque de Québec, ou à ses représentants, neuf mille cent dix-sept (9,117) actions entièrement acquittées du capital-actions de la Banque Royale du Canada, de la valeur au pair de $100 chacune, et se montant en tout à la somme, valeur au pair, de neuf cent onze mille sept cent dollars, et de payer à la Banque de Québec la somme de six cent quatre-vingt-trois mille sept cent soixante-quinze dollars ($683,775) en deniers comptants, et par laquelle la Banque Royale du Canada se charge de prendre, payer, acquitter, remplir et exécuter toutes les dettes, le passif, les contrats et obligations de la Banque de Québec, (y compris les billets en souffrance émis et destinés à la circulation, et en circulation ainsi que les obligations relatives aux baux.)

On peut voir une copie de la dite convention aux bureaux de la Banque Royale du Canada à Montréal, P.Q., et à ceux de la Banque de Québec, à Québec, P.Q.

La dite convention a été approuvée par une résolution des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec, adoptée par le vote des actionnaires présents en personne ou représentés par fondés de pouvoirs, représentant au delà des deux tiers du montant du capital-actions souscrit de la dite banque, à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite banque dûment convoquée et tenue à cette fin. La dite convention a aussi été approuvée par une résolution des directeurs de la Banque Royale du Canada.

Daté le 28 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC,
B. B. STEVENSON, gérant général.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA,
23–5 C. E. NEILL, gérant général.

ACTE POUR LA PROTECTION DES EAUX NAVIGABLES.

CHAP. 115, S.R.C.

NAPOLÉON GIGNAC, de la cité de Québec, marchand de bois, donne avis par les présentes, qu'il a, en vertu de l'article 7 du dit acte, déposé au bureau du Ministre des Travaux publics, à Ottawa, et dans le bureau du régistrateur du district de Québec, en la cité de Québec, une description du site et des plans du quai qu'il se propose de construire dans la rivière Saint-Charles, à Québec, sur le lot numéro 109 du cadastre du quartier Saint-Roch.

Et sachez qu'après un mois, à compter de la date de la première publication de cet avis, Napoléon Gignac, en vertu de l'article 7 du dit acte, fera sa demande au Ministre des Travaux publics, à son bureau, dans la cité d'Ottawa, pour l'approbation du site et des plans ci-dessus mentionnés et pour la permission de construire le dit quai.

Daté à Québec, ce 7e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

DROUIN, SÉVIGNY & AMYOT,
Procureurs de Napoléon Gignac.

LOI CONCERNANT LA PROTECTION DES EAUX NAVIGABLES.

S.R.C., CHAPITRE 115.

JOHN WILSON McCONNELL, donne avis par les présentes, qu'il a déposé, en vertu de la septième section du dit acte, chez le Ministre des Travaux Publics, à Ottawa, et au bureau d'enregistrement dans le comté d'Yamaska, à Saint-François du Lac, une description de la situation et des plans d'un outillage pour le lavage et le tamisage du sable à être construit sur le lot numéro 1154 des plan et livre de renvois officiels de la paroisse de Notre-Dame de Pierreville, comté d'Yamaska, province de Québec, sur les bords de la rivière Saint-François, tout près de Pierreville.

Et prenez avis qu'à l'expiration d'un mois à partir de la date de la première publication de cet avis le dit John Wilson McConnell s'adressera, en vertu de la septième section du dit acte, au Ministre des Travaux Publics à son bureau en la ville d'Ottawa afin d'obtenir la permission d'installer le dit outillage et d'en obtenir l'approbation.

Daté à Montréal, ce vingt-septième jour de novembre 1916.

PERRON, TASCHEREAU, RINFRET, VALLÉE & GENEST.

Procureurs de M. John Wilson McConnell.

23–3

J. W. SCALES, LIMITED.

RÈGLEMENT NO XVI.

Règlement à l'effet de changer le bureau-chef de la compagnie.

QU'IL soit statué par les directeurs de J. W. Scales, Limited, que le bureau-chef et principal lieu d'affaires de J. W. Scales, Limited, soit et il est par le présent changé de la cité de Montréal à la cité de Toronto.

—

Je, soussigné, secrétaire de J. W. Scales, Limited, certifie par le présent que ce qui précède est une copie authentique du règlement No XVI de la dite compagnie statué et adopté par les directeurs et approuvé à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite compagnie tenue le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

Montréal, 29 novembre 1916.

[L.S.] H. W. JACKSON,
Secrétaire.

23–1

HODGENS & ROBERTS, LIMITED.

RÈGLEMENT NO XVI.

Règlement à l'effet de changer le bureau-chef de la compagnie.

QU'IL soit statué par les directeurs de Hodgens & Roberts, Limited, que le bureau-chef et principal lieu d'affaires de Hodgens & Roberts, Limited, soit et il est par le présent changé de la cité de Montréal à la cité de Toronto.

—

Je, soussigné, secrétaire de Hodgens & Roberts, Limited, certifie par le présent que ce qui précède est une copie authentique du règlement No XVI de la dite compagnie statué et adopté par les directeurs et approuvé à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite compagnie tenue le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

Montréal, 29 novembre 1916.

[L.S.] H. W. JACKSON,
Secrétaire.

23–1

BANQUE MOLSONS.

145E DIVIDENDE.

AVIS.—Les actionnaires de la Banque Molsons sont notifiés par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et trois quarts pour cent (étant au taux de onze pour cent par année) sur le capital-actions a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque, à Montréal, et aux succursales, à compter du deuxième jour de janvier prochain, aux actionnaires inscrits au registre le 15 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 28 novembre 1916. 23–5

LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

ASSEMBLÉE ANNUELLE

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque Royale du Canada, pour l'élection des directeurs et autres affaires, aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, à Montréal, jeudi, le 11e jour de janvier prochain, à 11 heures a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 1er décembre 1916. 23–6

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EXTRA.

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1916.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

[2957]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by inadvertence a clause which it had been intended should appear in section 5 of P. C. 2777, of the 10th day of November, 1916, respecting enhancement of the prices of necessaries of life, did not appear in the draft of such order,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order that the said Order in Council of the 10th day of November, 1916 (P.C. 2777), shall be and the same is hereby amended by inserting after the word "Council" where that word for the third time appear in section 5 of said Order in Council, and immediately before the word "precisely" in said section 5, the words

"within a time set in such notice and such person "shall make and render unto such "Council."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

24–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

ARRÊTÉ EN CONSEIL.

[2957]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que, dans l'article 5 de C.P. 2777, du 10e jour de novembre 1916, concernant le prix élevé des nécessités de la vie il a été omis, par inadvertance, dans la rédaction du dit arrêté en conseil, une phrase qu'on avait l'intention d'y mettre,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que le dit arrêté en conseil du 10e jour de novembre 1916, (C.P. 2277) soit par les présentes modifié en insérant après le mot "Conseil," là où le dit mot se lit pour la troisième fois dans l'article 5 du dit arrêté en conseil, et immédiatement avant les mots "en la forme précise" dans le dit article 5, les mots

"dans un délai fixé par le dit avis, et cette personne "fera et présentera au dit conseil."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

24–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

11612 OTTAWA.—Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

SUPPLEMENT

TO

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1916.

P.C. 2777.

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

FRIDAY, the 10th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

His Excellency the Administrator in Council with a view to prevent the undue enhancement of the cost of living, is pleased, under the power in that behalf conferred by Section 6 of the War Measures Act, 1914, or otherwise vested in the Governor General in Council, to make the following regulations respecting the price, sale, control, storage, transport, etc., of the necessaries of life and the same are hereby made and enacted accordingly:—

1. For the purposes of these regulations the expression—

"Council" means the governing body of a municipality.

"Necessary of life" means a staple and ordinary article of food (whether fresh, preserved, canned, or otherwise treated), clothing and fuel, including the products, materials and ingredients from or of which any thereof are in whole or in part manufactured, composed, derived or made.

"Municipality" means any county, district, township, parish, city, town, village, or other area within a province which is governed municipally by a council or similar body.

"Person" includes natural persons and bodies corporate.

2. (1) No persons shall conspire, combine, agree, or arrange with any other person,—

(*a*) to limit the facilities for transporting, producing, manufacturing, supplying, storing or dealing in any necessary of life, or

(*b*) to restrain or injure trade or commerce in relation to any necessary of life; or

(*c*) to prevent, limit or lessen the manufacture or production of any necessary of life, or to enhance the price thereof; or

(*d*) to prevent or lessen competition in the production, manufacture, purchase, barter, sale, transportation, insurance or supply of any necessary of life.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to combinations of workmen or employees for their own reasonable protection as such workmen or employees.

(3) Section 498 of the Criminal Code shall, as respects necessaries of life only, until the repeal of this section of these regulations, be deemed to have been repealed.

3. (1) No person shall accumulate or shall withhold from sale any necessary of life beyond an amount thereof reasonably required for the use or consumption of his household or for the ordinary purposes of his business;

(2) Every person who shall at any time hold any necessary of life beyond an amount thereof reasonably required as aforesaid, and every person who shall hold for the purpose of sale, whether as manufacturer, wholesaler, jobber, retailer or otherwise, any stock-in-trade of any necessary of life, shall offer for sale the said excess amount, or the said stock-in-trade, as the case may be, at prices not higher than are reasonable and just.

Provided however that this section shall not apply or extend to any accumulating or withholding by any farmer, gardener, or other person, of the products of any farm, garden or other land cultivated by him; nor shall any manufacturer, wholesaler or jobber, because of anything herein contained, be under obligation to sell to other than such classes of persons as are accustomed to purchase from manufacturers, wholesalers or jobbers, respectively, nor shall any person be under obligation to sell otherwise than in accordance with the ordinary course of business.

4. The Minister of Labour may, by notice in writing under his hand or that of his Deputy, require any person who operates, controls or manages any cold storage plant, packing house, cannery, factory, mine, warehouse, or other premises in which or in any part of which any necessary of life is prepared, manufactured, produced or held by such person for himself or for another, or who in any manner deals in any necessary of life, to make and render unto such Minister, within a time set in such notice, and such person shall make and render unto such Minister precisely as required by him, a written return under oath or affirmation showing in detail—

(*a*) the species and amount of any necessary of life held by such person at any indicated time or times, including any time preceding the making of these regulations, where and for whom said necessary is held, and if held for another, upon what terms held;

(*b*) the time when any or all of such necessary of life was prepared, manufactured, produced, acquired, or taken into possession;

(*c*) the cost of such necessary of life, including all charges and expenses of an overhead or other nature, affecting such cost;

(*d*) the price at which such necessary of life, if already sold, has been sold, or, if unsold, is held for sale;

(*e*) such other information concerning any necessary of life as the Minister may require, including a full disclosure of all existing contracts or agreements which such person, or his principal or agent, may have at any time entered into, with any other person, touching or concerning the sale or resale prices of any necessary of life, or the period of time during which any necessary of life should be held, as bailee or otherwise, before sale or resale, or limiting the quantity of any necessary of life which should be sold to any one buyer or combination of buyers or within any limited district.

5. Whenever the Council of any Municipality shall declare by way of resolution that in its opinion excessive prices are being demanded within the limits of such municipality for any necessary of life, such Council may, by notice in writing under the hand of its Clerk or other authorized officer, require any person dealing within the municipality in such necessary of life, and locally situate therein, to make and render unto such Council, precisely as required by it, a written return under oath or affirmation, showing in detail—

(*a*) The amount of such necessary of life held by such person for sale or disposition within such municipality at any indicated time or times including any time preceding the making of these regulations;

(*b*) The time when any or all of such necessary of life was acquired, produced, or brought within or into such municipality;

(*c*) The cost of such necessary of life, including all charges of an overhead or other nature affecting such cost;

(*d*) The price at which such necessary of life is held for sale or at which any sales of part of the same or of a similar necessary of life have been made by such person within such municipality at any indicated time or times, including any time preceding the making of these regulations;

(*e*) If, after the receipt of any such return, such Council shall consider that any circumstances justify reference of the return and a statement of the conditions to the Minister of Labour for further investigation at his hands, or if no return, or what the council shall consider an untrue or misleading return, is made, such Council may, by way of resolution in writing expressing the facts and the Council's conclusion therefrom, report to such Minister.

6. (1) If, after the receipt by the Minister of Labour of any return made to him or to any municipality in purported compliance with these regulations, such Minister shall consider that any circumstances so justify, or if, after a return under these regulations has been required, none is made or none is made within the time set in the notice requiring such return or within such further time as the Minister of Labour may upon special application to him allow, the said Minister shall have power to investigate the business and to examine the premises, books, papers and records of the person making or failing to make such return, as the case may be, and, for those purposes such Minister may appoint an Examiner or Examiners and may authorize in writing any examiner so appointed to enter and examine the premises, books, records and papers of such person, and to take evidence under oath or affirmation of any person who such examiner may believe has knowledge relating to such matters as ought to have been included within a proper return according to circumstances.

(2) Every person who is in possession or control of any such premises, books, records or papers shall give and afford to such examiner admission and access thereto whenever and as often as demanded.

(3) No person shall in any manner impede or prevent or attempt to impede or prevent any such investigation or examination.

(4) Every person in any manner required by such examiner to give evidence under oath or affirmation touching or concerning the matters committed to such examiner for investigation shall attend before said examiner and give evidence whenever so required.

7. Whenever, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, after an investigation and examination held in pursuance of the powers conferred by these regulations, an offence against any of these regulations is disclosed, said Minister shall remit to the Attorney General of any Province within which such offence shall have been committed, for such action as such Attorney General may be pleased to institute because of the conditions appearing, certified copies of (*a*) any return or returns and resolutions of any municipality which may have been made, rendered or passed pursuant to these regulations and are in the possession of the Minister and relevant to such offence and of (*b*) the evidence taken on any such investigation or examination and the report of the examiner.

8. (1) No prosecution for a contravention or non-observance of any provision of these regulations shall be commenced without the written leave of the Attorney General for the province in which the offence is alleged to have been committed, expressing whether such prosecution shall be by way of indictment or under Part XV of the Criminal Code.

(2) Such prosecution shall be commenced only in the county or municipality in which some or all of the necessary of life with respect to which the alleged offence was committed were situated at the time of the commission of the offence, or in the county in which the person charged resides or carries on business.

9. (1) Any person who contravenes or fails to observe any of the provisions of these regulations shall be guilty of an indictable offence and liable upon indictment or upon summary conviction under Part XV of the Criminal Code to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years, or to both fine and imprisonment as specified; and any director or officer of any company or corporation who assents to or acquiesces in the contravention or non-observance by such company or corporation of any of the provisions of these regulations shall be guilty personally and cumulatively with his company or corporation and with his co-directors or associate officers.

(2) For the purposes of the trial of any indictment for any offence against these regulations Section 581 of the Criminal Code, authorizing speedy trials without juries, shall apply.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

C. P. 2777.

HÔTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

VENDREDI, le 12e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

Il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, dans le but de prévenir l'augmentation indue du coût de l'existence, de décréter, en vertu des pouvoirs conférés à cette fin par l'article 6 de la Loi de 1914 des mesures de guerre ou dont le Gouverneur général en conseil est autrement investi, que les règlements suivants soient par ces présentes établis concernant le prix, la vente, le contrôle, l'emmagasinage, le transport, etc., des nécessités de la vie, savoir :

1. Pour les fins des présents règlements, l'expression

"Conseil" signifie le corps dirigeant d'une municipalité.

"Nécessité de la vie" signifie une denrée ordinaire et de commun usage (soit fraîche, en conserve, en boîtes, soit autrement traitée), le vêtement et le combustible, y compris les produits, matériaux et ingrédients dont l'un quelconque de ces articles est en tout ou en partie fabriqué, composé, dérivé ou confectionné.

"Municipalité" signifie tout comté, district, canton, paroisse, cité, ville, village, ou toute autre circonscription dans les limites d'une province, régie par un conseil ou autre corps municipal.

"Personne" comporte des personnes au sens ordinaire du mot et les corps constitués en corporation.

2. (1) Nulles personnes ont le droit de conspirer, s'associer convenir ou s'arranger avec une autre personne

(*a*) pour limiter les facilités de transport, de production, de fabrication, d'approvisionnement, d'emmagasinage ou de trafic d'une nécessité quelconque de la vie, ou

(*b*) pour restreindre le trafic ou commerce, ou nuire au trafic ou commerce en ce qui concerne une nécessité quelconque de la vie, ou

(*c*) pour prévenir, limiter ou diminuer la fabrication ou la production d'une nécessité de la vie, ou pour en exhausser le prix, ou

(*d*) pour prévenir ou diminuer la concurrence dans la production, la fabrication, l'achat, l'échange, la vente, le transport, l'assurance ou l'approvisionnement de toute nécessité de la vie.

(2) Rien dans le présent article n'est sensé s'appliquer à des sociétés d'ouvriers ou d'employés associés pour leur propre protection raisonnable à tel titre d'ouvriers ou d'employés.

(3) L'article 498 de la loi criminelle, mais seulement en ce qu'il concerne les nécessités de la vie, est sensé avoir été rescindé jusqu'à la rescision du présent article de ces règlements.

3. (1) Personne n'a le droit d'accumuler ou de retenir de la vente un nécessité quelconque de la vie au delà de la quantité raisonnablement requise pour l'usage ou la consommation de sa maison ou pour les fins ordinaires de son commerce.

(2) Toute personne qui, en aucun temps, retient une nécessité quelconque de la vie au-dessus d'une quantité raisonnablement requise comme susdit, et toute personne (un manufacturier, marchand de gros, commerçant, détailleur ou autre) qui retient pour la vente un fonds de commerce d'une nécessité quelconque de la vie doit mettre en vente le dit surplus de la quantité requise, ou, au cas, son fonds de commerce, à des prix non plus élevés qu'il n'est raisonnable et juste.

Toutefois, le présent article ne s'applique ni ne s'étend à l'accumulation ou la réserve par un cultivateur, un jardinier ou autre personne, de produits d'une ferme, d'un jardin, ou d'un autre terrain qu'il cultive. Nul manufacturier, marchand de gros ou commerçant est tenu par les prescriptions des présents règlements de vendre à d'autres classes de personnes que celles qui ont l'habitude d'acheter des manufacturiers, des marchands de gros ou des commerçants, respectivement; et nulle personne est tenue de vendre autrement qu'il ne se pratique dans le cours ordinaire des affaires.

4. Par un avis écrit sous son seing ou le seing de son député, le ministre du Travail peut exiger de toute personne qui exploite, régit ou gère un entrepôt frigorifique, un établissement de salaison ou de mise en conserve, une fabrique, une mine, un entrepôt ou autres lieux quelconques sur lesquels, ou dans partie desquels, est préparée, fabriquée, produite ou retenue une nécessité de la vie par telle personne, pour elle-même ou pour une autre, ou qui fait de quelque manière le trafic de cette nécessité de la vie, qu'elle fasse et soumette au dit ministre, dans un délai spécifié dans le dit avis et en la forme précise prescrite, un rapport écrit et attesté par serment ou déclaration indiquant en détail:—

(*a*) L'espèce et la quantité de toute nécessité de la vie retenue par telle personne à une date ou des dates indiquées, y compris toute date antérieure à l'établissement des présents règlements; où et pour qui la dite nécessité est retenue, et, si elle est retenue pour une autre personne, à quelle condition elle est ainsi retenue;

(*b*) La date ou toute telle nécessité de la vie a été préparée, fabriquée, produite, acquise, ou prise en possession;

(*c*) le coût de telle nécessité de la vie, y compris tous les frais et dépens, intermédiaires ou autres, qui affectent ce coût;

(*d*) Le prix auquel cette nécessité de la vie a été vendue, si elle l'a été déjà, ou, sinon, le prix auquel elle est retenue pour la vente;

(*e*) Tout autre renseignement que le ministre peut exiger concernant une nécessité quelconque de la vie, y compris l'entière déclaration de tout contrat passé ou de toute convention faite en aucun temps par telle personne, son commettant ou son agent, avec une autre personne quelconque concernant les prix de vente ou de revendage d'une nécessité quelconque de la vie, ou la période pendant laquelle une nécessité quelconque de la vie peut être retenue par un dépositaire ou autrement avant la vente ou le revendage, ou limitant la quantité d'une nécessité quelconque de la vie qui doit être vendue à un acheteur particulier, ou à une société d'acheteurs, ou vendue dans les limites d'une certaine circonscription.

5. Quand le conseil d'une municipalité quelconque aura déclaré, par arrêté, qu'à son avis des prix excessifs sont demandés dans les limites de telle municipalité pour une nécessité quelconque de la vie, ledit conseil peut, par avis écrit sous le seing de son greffier ou d'un autre fonctionnaire autorisé, exiger que toute personne qui fait le trafic de telle nécessité de la vie dans les limites de la municipalité et qui y réside, qu'elle fasse et présente audit conseil, en la forme précise qu'il exige, un rapport écrit et attesté par serment ou déclaration indiquant en détail:

(*a*) La quantité de telle nécessité de la vie détenue par telle personne pour vente ou livraison dans les limites de telle municipalité à une date ou des dates indiquées, y compris toute date antérieure à l'établissement des présents règlements;

(*b*) La date où cette nécessité de la vie a été acquise, fabriquée ou apportée dans les limites de cette municipalité;

(*c*) Le coût de cette nécessité de la vie, y compris tous les frais et dépens de nature quelconque qui affectent ce coût;

(*d*) Le prix auquel cette nécessité de la vie est retenue pour la vente, ou auquel certaines parties de cette nécessité ou d'une autre semblable ont été vendues par telle personne dans les limites de telle municipalité à une date quelconque ou à des dates indiquées, y compris toute date antérieure à l'établissement des présents règlements;

(*e*) Si au reçu de ce rapport, ledit conseil considère que les circonstances justifient le renvoi du rapport, avec un exposé des conditions, au ministre du Travail pour plus ample enquête de sa part, ou s'il n'est pas fait de rapport, ou si le conseil considère que le rapport présenté est inexact ou de nature à induire en erreur, ledit conseil, par un arrêté écrit exposant les faits et la conclusion qu'il en a tirée, peut faire rapport à ce ministre.

6. (1) Si, après que le ministre du Travail a reçu un rapport à lui adressé en propre ou ayant été adressé à une municipalité en conformité présumée des présents règlements, ledit ministre considère que des circonstances quelconques justifient ledit rapport, ou si, après demande d'un rapport sous l'empire des présents règlements, il n'en a pas été fait ou nul n'en a fait dans le délai fixé par l'avis demandant le rapport, ou dans tout autre délai que le ministre du Travail peut accorder sur requête spéciale

qui lui en est faite, ledit ministre, alors, a le pouvoir de faire enquête dans les affaires de la personne qui a fait ou n'a pas fait ce rapport, selon le cas, et d'examiner les lieux, livres, papiers et documents, et, à cette fin, ledit ministre peut nommer un examinateur ou des examinateurs et autoriser par écrit tout examinateur ainsi nommé à se rendre sur les lieux et à les examiner, ainsi que les livres, papiers et documents de telle personne, et de recevoir la déposition sous srment ou la déclaration de toute personne qui, de l'avis de l'examinateur, a certaine connaissance de ce qui aurait dû être inclus dans un rapport en règle d'après les circonstances.

(2) Toute personne qui a en sa possession ou sous son contrôle de tels lieux, livres, papiers ou documents, doit admettre ledit examinateur et lui donner accès à ces livres, papiers et documents quand et aussi souvent qu'elle en sera requise.

(3) Aucune personne n'entravera ou n'empêchera, ni ne tentera d'entraver ou d'empêcher une telle enquête ou un tel examen.

(4) Toute personne dont tel examinateur demande la déposition sous serment ou la déclaration concernant les faits dont il est chargé de s'enquérir doit se présenter devant cet examinateur et faire sa déposition en tout temps qu'elle en sera requise.

7. En tout temps où, après une enquête et un examen faits sous l'empire des pouvoirs conférés par les présents règlements, le ministre du Travail est d'avis qu'une infraction des présents règlements a été découverte, ledit ministre remettra au Procureur général de toute province dans laquelle l'infraction a été commise, aux fins de telles poursuites que peut intenter le dit Procureur général en vue des conditions apparentes, des copies authentiques de (*a*) tout rapport ou tous rapports et décrets d'une municipalité quelconque qui peuvent avoir été faits, édictés ou passés sous l'empire des présents règlements et qui sont en la possession du ministre et se rapportent à cette infraction, et (*b*) les dépositions faites à toute telle enquête ou tout tel examen et le rapport de l'examinateur.

8. (1) Nulle poursuite pour une infraction d'une disposition quelconque des présents règlements, ou pour défaut de s'y conformer, ne sera intentée sans l'autorisation écrite du Procureur général de la province où l'infraction est sensée avoir été commise, cette autorisation précisant si la poursuite doit être intentée par voie de mise en accusation ou sous l'empire des dispositions de la partie XV de la Loi criminelle.

(2) Une telle poursuite ne sera intentée que dans le comté ou la municipalité où se trouvaient, à la date de l'infraction, les nécessités de la vie ou quelqu'une de ces nécessités en rapport avec lesquelles l'infraction présumée a été commise, ou dans le comté où la personne accusée réside ou exerce son industrie.

9. (1) Toute personne qui enfreint une disposition quelconque des présents règlements ou néglige de s'y conformer est coupable de délit et, sur conviction sommaire sous l'empire de la partie XV de la Loi criminelle, est passible d'une amende n'excédant pas cinq mille dollars, ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas deux ans, ou des deux peines ainsi que spécifié; et tout directeur ou fonctionnaire d'une compagnie ou corporation quelconque qui consent ou acquiesce à une infraction par telle compagnie ou corporation d'une des prescriptions des présents règlements, ou au défaut de s'y conformer, est coupable personnellement et cumulativement avec sa compagnie ou corporation et avec ses co-directeurs ou les fonctionnaires qui lui sont associés.

(2) Aux fins du procès dans une poursuite pour une infraction des présents règlements s'appliqueront les prescriptions de l'article 581 de la Loi criminelle, qui autorise les procès sommaires sans jury.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

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OTTAWA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 10th November, 1916.

Joseph Felix Arsenault, of the City of Charlottetown, in the Province of Prince Edward Island : to be a Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Charlottetown, in the said Province, and also to be Inspector of Food for the Food Inspection District of Prince Edward Island, said appointment to date from 23rd October, 1916.

The undermentioned temporary Assistant Inspectors of Weights and Measures in the Districts hereinafter indicated, to be, from the dates stated in their respective cases, appointed permanently as Preventive Officers in the said Divisions.

Name.	Weights and Measures District.	Date.
James Templeton Creig.....	Saskatoon	1st April, 1916.
John Arthur McDonagh....	Regina.....	11th April, 1916.
William Duffy..	Kingston.	1st April, 1916.
George Alphonse Dugal	Ottawa.....	1st April, 1916.
Charles Barbeau.....	"	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Arthur Charbonneau.	"	1st April, 1916.
Exilus Lanthier.....	Montreal.....	1st April, 1916.
William Landry.....	St. Hyacinthe.	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Alfred Desilets... ..	"	1st April, 1916.
Harris Welsford Bowles....	Halifax.....	1st April, 1916.
Michael William Wallace Walker.....	Charlottetown	1st April, 1916.
Edwin James Sparling.....	Winnipeg.....	3rd July, 1916.
John McLeod.....	Edmonton....	10th July, 1916.
Alfred Isaac Shaw.....	Regina.....	1st April, 1916.
James Eadie	"	1st April, 1916.
William George Farrell.....	Edmonton....	1st April, 1916.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 1st December, 1916.

Frederick Ernest Harrison, of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, Esquire : to be a Commissioner to enquire into and report upon the wholesale and retail prices respectively, of the staple and ordinary articles of food (whether fresh, preserved, canned or otherwise treated), clothing and fuel, at Fernie, in the Province of British Columbia, and at Lethbridge and Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, on the first day of July and the twenty-second day of November, 1916, respectively, and the percentage of increase, if any, in such prices between the said dates.

—

4th December, 1916.

William Nassau Ferguson, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, one of His Majesty's Council learned in the law for the said Province : to be a Judge of the Supreme Court of Ontario and a member of the Appellate Division of the said Court and *ex officio* a member of the High Court Division of the said Court, in the room and stead of the Honourable James Thompson Garrow, deceased.

Hugh Edward Rose, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, one of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, for the said Province : to be a Judge of the Supreme Court of Ontario and a member of the High Court Division of the said Court and *ex officio* a member of the Chancery Division of the said Court, in the room and stead of the Honourable Sir John Boyd, deceased.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *6th December, 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern.—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it has been represented to Us that many soldiers of the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force are absent from their units without leave ; that probably the larger number of them did not when so leaving appreciate the seriousness of their offence, and that they are now desirous of returning to their units, but fearing severe punishment hesitate to do so ; and furthermore that soldiers of the said Force now undergoing imprisonment for desertion, or absence without leave, are available for service with such Force, if pardoned or released from imprisonment,—

NOW KNOW YE that We do of Our Royal Will and Pleasure ordain, direct, declare and proclaim that all the said soldiers absent from their units without leave are and shall be pardoned from such offence, provided they surrender themselves to the officer commanding the unit to which they belonged, if that unit be still in Canada, or if it be not, to the district officer commanding any military district in Canada, not later than the fifteenth day of December, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, for the purpose of completing their engagements ;

And We do further ordain, direct, declare and proclaim that those soldiers of the said Force undergoing sentence of imprisonment or detention for desertion, or absence without leave, are and shall be pardoned from such offence and release from imprisonment or detention and be handed over to the officer commanding the unit to which they belong, or to the officer commanding the military district in which they are, for the purpose of being returned to some other units of the said Expeditionary Force in order to complete their engagements.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS : Our Righ Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter ; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this TWENTY-FOURTH day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By command,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24–3

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Thursday, the Thirtieth day of the month of November instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on TUESDAY, the NINTH day of the month of JANUARY next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

WITNESS : Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter ; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this THIRTIETH day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

23–tf

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2762]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 8th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 27th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Addison K. Walker was granted homestead entry for the northwest quarter of Section 36, Township 20, west of the 4th Meridian, on the 29th December, 1902

It has been ascertained that Mr. Walker has performed one term of six months residence upon the land and that he has brought seventy acres under cultivation and has also fenced the said seventy acres ;

Owing to lack of shelter for his stock, of which he owned a large number, Mr. Walker was compelled to move from his homestead to another parcel of land in the vicinity, which he held under grazing lease ;

On this latter place Mr. Walker lived continuously from November, 1903, to April, 1913. He also made substantial improvements upon this latter parcel,—

The Minister therefore recommends—in view of the residence performed and the area cultivated, and taking into consideration the fact that Mr. Walker is a substantial settler—that, in accordance with the provisions of section 76 of the Act, the land be sold to the entrant at the rate of $1.00 per acre, in lieu of further residence duties, this privilege to exhaust Mr. Walker's homestead right.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Clerk of the Priv Counc

[2941]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 23rd November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Frank Nylund, a Russian by birth, made homestead entry in 1911 for the northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 59, Range 20, west of the 4th Meridian ;

Representations having been made that this entrant had deserted his wife and left the country, steps were taken to cancel his entry so that the land might be made available for his wife who has been in continuous residence ;

From a Homestead Inspector's report it appears that Mrs. Nylund has continued to work on the quarter-section and desires to secure the same, but finds that she is unable to secure a certificate of naturalization as a British subject, as required by subsection 3, of section 25, of The Dominion Lands Act,—

The Minister recommends, therefore, that authority be given under subsection (*l*) of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act for the sale of this land to Mrs. Nylund at the rate of $1 per acre, patent to issue on proof being furnished that the required three years' settlement duties have been completed subsequent to desertion and on land being paid for in full.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[The following Order in Council was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *1st December, 1916.*]

[2957]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by inadvertence a clause which it had been intended should appear in section 5 of P. C. 2777, of the 10th day of November, 1916, respecting enhancement of the prices of necessaries of life, did not appear in the draft of such order,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order that the said Order in Council of the 10th day of November, 1916 (P.C. 2777), shall be and the same is hereby amended by inserting after the word "Council" where that word for the third time appear in section 5 of said Order in Council, and immediately before the word "precisely" in said section 5, the words

"within a time set in such notice and such person
"shall make and render unto such "Council."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2527]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 13th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Letters Patent were issued on the 20th November, 1907, to the City of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, for cemetery purposes only, for a certain parcel or tract of land particularly described in such Letters Patent, and being a portion of the north half of section thirty, in township seventeen, and range nineteen, west of the second principal meridian, in the said province of Saskatchewan, and containing sixty-six and fifty-five hundredths (66·55) acres more or less ;

The Minister further states that in compliance with the request of the City of Regina it was decided, upon the parcel in question being re-vested in the Crown, to issue a new title to the city for the said parcel without any restrictions as to the use to be made of the land,—

The parcel of land in question having been re-vested in the Crown and the title thereto being now in His Majesty King George the Fifth in the right of the Dominion of Canada, the Minister recommends that the decision arrived at be given effect to and that he be authorized to issue Letters Patent for the said parcel of land above referred to, in favour of the said city of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, without any restrictions as to the use to be made of the land.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2930]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 18th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been received from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for a parcel of land required for a right of way through a portion of Township 24, Range 8, west of the 5th Meridian in the Rocky Mountains Park, as shown on the plan of the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line, District of Alberta, on record in the Department of the Interior as Right of Way Plan No. 7480 and registered in the Calgary Land Titles office as Plan No. R.y. 10.

The Minister recommends that under the authority of section 16 of the Forest Reserves and Parks Act he be authorized to issue patent to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the above land ; this patent to be subject to the following conditions :—

That it shall be subject to all Dominion Parks Regulations now in force or which may be made from time to time in that behalf by the Governor in Council.

That such land, subject to the use for which it is granted, shall still be part of the reserve within which it is situated ; and if any such land ceases to be used for the purpose for which it was so granted it shall forthwith revert to the Crown.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recomendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2877]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 20th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that William Henry Moore was granted homestead entry on the 19th May, 1903, for the southwest quarter of Section 24, Township 21, Range 1, west of the 1st Meridian, in the Province of Manitoba;

It would appear from the evidence submitted that the entrant lived upon this quarter section for six or eight months in each year from 1904 to 1908 inclusive, but he is not able to furnish the dates of commencement and termination of each period of residence, neither is he in a position to obtain witnesses who can furnish the information ;

It has been ascertained that Mr. Moore erected two houses upon this land and that both were destroyed by fire ;

Mr. Moore would also appear to have been the owner of an average of eighteen head of cattle during the time he resided upon the land,—

In view of the foregoing, taking into consideration the fact that apparently the settlement duties called for by the Act have been completed and that the only difficulty in the way of issuing patent is the failure to furnish full details as to the residence performed, the Minister recommends that authority be given under subsection (*l*) of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, chapter 20, 7-8 Edward VII, for the sale of the said homestead to Mr. Moore at the rate of $1.00 per acre, in lieu of the performance of further settlement duties, such sale to exhaust his free homestead right.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2878]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 20th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. John Marshall was granted pre-emption entry for the northeast quarter of Section 33, Township 7, Range 10, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 14th January, 1910 ;

Information has been received that this homesteader performed three terms of residence in connection with his homestead entry, but no residence in connection with the pre-emption entry. The cultivation duties have apparently been completed ;

It has been represented to the Department of the Interior that Mr. Marshall is now in his 86th year and totally incapacitated from further work or residence on the above land, that he requires the care of his immediate relatives as long as he may live and that he will, therefore, be unable to take up further residence on either his pre-emption or homestead,—

The Minister submits copy of medical cerlificate, and recommends, in view of the statements contained therein, that further residence on the part of Mr. Marshall be dispensed with in accordance with subsection 2 of section 20 of The Dominion Lands Act, chapter 20, 7-8 Edward VII, so that patent may be issued to Mr. Marshall upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled, and that the purchase price has been paid.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2889]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made to the Department of the Interior by the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, of Cache Creek, British Columbia, to purchase under irrigation conditions 307·9 acres of land, consisting of fractional parcels surrounding the Company's main holdings near Cache creek, in the Railway Belt of British Columbia, all of which they propose to bring under an irrigation system.

The Minister states that the lands applied for have been inspected by officers of the Department of the Interior, who have reported that they are useless for cultivation without irrigation and that the irrigation of same is feasible providing water can be secured for the purpose. The lands are vacant and available.

The Minister, therefore, recommends that the lands enumerated in the attached schedule be sold to the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, on the following conditions :—

(*a*) The land sold to be brought under cultivation by irrigation ;

(*b*) The purchase price to be at the rate of five dollars ($5.00) per acre, subject to a deduction of the cost of the irrigation works up to an amount not exceeding Two dollars ($2,00) per acre and the amount so credited shall be deemed to be a payment in cash made on the date of sale. The said purchase price to be paid as follows: One dollar ($1.00) per acre within one year from date of the authorization of the sale by the Goyernor in Council, the balance within three years from the date of such authorization or upon fulfilment before the expiration of the said three years of all other conditions of the sale, with interest at 5 per cent per annum.

(*c*) The necessary water rights to be secured from the Provincial Government of British Columbia. No work to be done on the land until preliminary water rights are secured from the province.

(*d*) The work to be commenced within one year from the date of the authorization by Order in Council of the sale of and to be completed to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior within three years from such date, unless other dates are fixed by the Provincial authorities in connection with the water rights, in which case the Provincial dates may be accepted if approved by the Minister of the Interior.

(*e*) Examination to be made by engineers of the Department of the Interior on completion of the work.

(*f*) Patent to issue, when the conditions completed, for those parcels the irrigable portion of which have been brought under cultivation by irrigation.

(*g*) The sale to be cancellable for non-payment of the purchase price or for failure to comply with any of the conditions of sale.

(*h*) Prior to patent no transfer or assignment of the lands, or any rights therein, to be made without the consent of the Minister of the Interior.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendations and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE of Lands to be sold to the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, under irrigation conditions.

Township 21, Range 24, west 6th Meridian.

Fr.	L.S. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14	in section	14—	59·7 ac.
"	9, 13, 14, 15, 16	"	15—	96·6 "
"	1	"	21—	3 "
"	1, 2, 3, 4	"	22—	75·4 "
"	3 and 4	"	23—	75·9 "
	Total area			307·9 ac.

23-4

[2876]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 13th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. Robert John Wilson obtained pre-emption entry for the North West quarter of Section 9, Township 4, Range 30, West of the 2nd Meridian, on the 2nd August, 1910.

It is represented that Mr. Wilson met with an accident on 31st July, 1914, which resulted in both hands being broken at the wrist, rendering him a cripple for life.

That a medical certificate furnished by Dr. C. S. Knox of Superior, Wisconsin, U.S.A., dated 21st October, 1916, sets out that Mr. Wilson had a collective fracture of both arms and that the resulting union, especially in the right, is such that he could do but very little heavy work of any kind, and that he is not in a condition to carry on farming operations.

Mr. Wilson obtained patent for his homestead on the 18th November, 1914, having completed the ordinary duties, but from the evidence on file he does not appear to have performed any residence duties since. He claims to have had twenty-five acres in crop in 1915.

The Minister recommends, in view of the foregoing, that, under the provisions of sub-section 2 of Section 20 of the Dominion Lands Act, 1908, further residence on the part of the entrant be dispensed with, so that patent may be issued to Mr. Wilson upon proof being furnished, in the usual way, that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled as to duties and payment.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2890]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 17th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. J. C. Shields, of Kamloops, British Columbia, has applied to the Department of the Interior to purchase under irrigation conditions the lands enumerated in the accompanying schedule, containing approximately an area of 1354·24 acres.

The Minister states that inspections as to the quality of the lands, the engineering features and the feasibility of the project have been made by officers of the Department of the Interior, who have reported that the lands are useless for agriculture without irrigation, that they can be made productive with the aid of water by artificial means and that from an engineering standpoint the project is practicable. The lands are vacant and available for the purpose.

The Minister therefore recommends that the lands enumerated in the accompanying schedule be sold to the applicant on the following terms and conditions :

(*a*) The lands sold to be brought under cultivation by irrigation.

(*b*) The purchase price to be at the rate of five dollars ($5.00) per acre, subject to a deduction of the cost of the irrigation works up to an amount no exceeding two dollars per acre ($2.00), and the amount so credited shall be deemed to be a payment in cash made on the date of sale. The said purchase price to be paid as follows: One dollar ($1.00) per acre within one year from date of the authorization of the sale by the Governor in Council, the balance within three years from the date of such authorization or upon fulfilment before the expiration of the said three years of all other conditions of the sale, with interest at 5% per annum.

(*c*) The necessary water rights to be secured from the Provincial Government of British Columbia ; no work to be done on the land until preliminary water rights are secured from the Province.

(*d*) The work to be commenced within one year from the date of the authorization by Order in Council of the sale and to be completed to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior within three years from such date, unless other dates are fixed by the provincial authorities in connection with the water rights, in which case the provincial dates may be accepted if approved by the Minister of the Interior,

(*e*) Examination to be made by engineers of the Department of the Interior on completion of the work.

(*f*) Patent to issue, when conditions completed, for those parcels, the irrigable portions of which have been brought under cultivation by irrigation

(*g*) The sale to be cancelled for non-payment of the purchase price or for failure to comply with any of the terms or conditions of sale.

(*h*) Prior to patent no transfer or assignment of the lands, or any rights therein, to be made without the consent of the Minister of the Interior.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE of Lands to be sold to J. C. Shields, of Kamloops, B.C., under Irrigation Conditions.

Township 20, Range 20, west 6th meridian :—			
Fr. north half of	section	26—145·50	acres.
North ½ of	"	27—320	"
North ½ of northeast ¼	"	28— 80	"
Southeast ¼	"	33—160	"
Fr. northeast ¼	"	33—119·10	"
East ½ of west ½	"	33—160	"
Fr. south ½ and northeast ¼	"	34—160	"
Township 21, Range 20, west 6th meridian :—			
Northwest ¼ an L.S. 15 of section		5—200	acres.
L.S. 16	"	6— 40	"
		1,384·60	"
Less area of C.P.R. right of way		30·36	"
Total approximate area		1,354·24	"

23–4

[2887]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1915.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by chapter 47 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, "An Act to protect the Customs and Fisheries," it is provided that the Governor in Council may from time to time authorize the issue of licenses to United States fishing vessels, enabling them to enter any port on the Atlantic coast of Canada, during the period mentioned in such licenses, for the purposes of purchasing bait, ice, seines, lines and all other supplies and outfits, the trans-shipment of catch and the shipping of crews ;

And whereas authority for the issuing of such licensss has been obtained from year to year since 1888, and the Minister of the Naval Service is of opinion that it is advisble to continue these privileges for 1917, to vessels having no propelling power other than sails as during the past number of years ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the issue to United States fishing vessels eligible therefor, during the calendar year 1917, of licenses in the form hereto appended for the purposes provided for by the said Act, that is to say :—

(a) The purchase of bait, seines, ice lines and all other supplies and outfits ;

(b) The trans-shipment of catch and the shipping of crews.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-2

[2839]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by Mr. Charles Paquette, of Hudson's Hope, in the Province of British Columbia, for a free grant of that portion of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 18, Township 81, Range 25, west of the Sixth Meridian, lying west of Peace River, in the Peace River Block, in the said Province of Britsh Columbia, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian Title.

And whereas evidence has been submitted showing Mr. Paquette to have been in actual occupation of the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8 in the summer of 1899.

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General, is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to authorize a free grant to the applicant of the land in question which may be more particularly described as follows :—

All that portion of the N. W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 18 of the said township which is not included within the limits of Lot 420 and which lies to the west of the left bank of Peace River, as shown upon a map or plan of survey of Sections 18 and 19 in the said township, approved and confirmed at Ottawa on the 7th day of March, A.D., 1916, by Edouard Deville, Surveyor General of Dominion Lands, and of record in the Department of the Interior, and containing by admeasurement thirty one and twenty hundredths acres more or less.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2830]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 14th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a Report, dated 7th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that an application has been made by Mr. Oliver Ghostkeeper, of Grouard, of the Province of Alberta, for a free grant of Lot numbered 108 of the Big Prairie Settlement, of the said Province of Alberta, containing by admeasurement 68·5 acres more or less, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian Title.

The Minister, therefore, recommends,—as evidence has been submitted showing Mr. Ghostkeeper to have been in residence on the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8 in the summer of 1899, —that under the provisions of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, a free grant be authorized to Mr. Ghostkeeper of said Lot numbered 108 of Big Prairie Settlement, of the Province of Alberta.

The Committee concur in the foregoing and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2845]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 9th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, reporting that on the 3rd July, 1914, Alfred H. Breach made homestead and pre-emption entries for the south-east quarter of Section 27, and the north-east quarter of Section 22, respectively, in Township 22, Range 7, west of the 4th Meridian.

It would appear from the evidence furnished that Mr. Breach may have put in one term of residence duties.

The Minister submits the annexed copy of a Certificate from Arthur L. Lynch, M.D., stating that Mr. Breach will never be able to do further homestead duties.

Under the circumstances, the Minister recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in this case, under the authority of subsection 2 of Section 20 of the Act, so that patents may be issued to Mr. Breach for the two quarter-sections above described, upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law as to duties and payment have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2718]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 2nd day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council of 24th of October, 1912, the right was granted the Ashcroft Water Electric and Improvement Company, Limited, of Ashcroft, British Columbia, to purchase under irrigation conditions the lands enumerated in the schedule thereto, and

Whereas, among other conditions, it was stipulated that the company should obtain from the British Columbia authorities the necessary water rights for the said lands ; also that the company should construct an adequate and satisfactory irrigation system and irrigate and cultivate fifty per cent of the irrigable portions of the said lands within three years, and that the remaining irrigable portions of the said lands should be irrigated and cultivated within five years, etc., and

Whereas the company have represented that complications have occurred in connection with the securing of the water rights from the provincial authorities and that they have been delayed on that account in commencing the irrigation work ; and

Whereas they further represent that with an extension of the rights conveyed by the said Order in Council they expect to be in a position to secure the neces sary water rights ; and

Whereas the Company have made the first payment of the purchase price called for by the said Order in Council,—

Therefore His Excellency the Administrator in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

The time for the obtaining of the water rights and for the construction of an adequate and satisfactory irrigation system for the lands enumerated in the schedule to the above-mentioned Order in Council of the 24th of October, 1912, and for the irrigation and cultivation of the irrigable portions of the said lands is hereby extended to three years from the date thereof.

The provisions of the said Order in Council of the 24th October, 1912, shall otherwise remain in full force and effect ; the use, diversion and storing of water, the construction and maintenance of all irrigation works, dams, intakes, flumes, ditches, &c., to be in accordance with the provisions of the British Columbia Water Act, 1914 and amendments thereto.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2948]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by subclause 3 of section 2 of The Yukon Placer Mining Act it is provided that notwithstanding anything in that Act contained, its provisions shall not apply to any lands demised or leased for hydraulic mining purposes by any lease granted before the 1st day of August, 1906, which has been heretofore or which may be hereafter cancelled by direction of the Minister of the Interior, or under an Order of the Governor in Council, until such lands have been brought under such provisions by Order of the Governor in Council;

And whereas Hydraulic Mining Lease No. 47 was issued on the 30th of August, 1905, for a term of twenty-one years, computed from the 21st day of March, 1905, in favour of William Charles Thompson, of Dawson, for a tract of land situated on Dublin Gulch, a branch of Haggart Creek, a tributary of the McQuesten River, in the Yukon Territory, having a frontage of 3·21 miles on the said Dublin Gulch, by a width of one-half mile on each side thereof, and this lease was assigned to the Dublin Hydraulics, Limited, on the 29th day of July, 1911.

And whereas Lease No. 47, above referred to, was cancelled by Order of the Minister of the Interior of the 26th day of October, 1915, owing to the lessees having failed to comply with the conditions of the lease and with the provisions of the regulations under which it was granted.

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that at twelve o'clock noon on Monday the 5th day of February, 1917, the available and undisposed of portion of the hydraulic mining location described in Lease No. 47, issued in favour of William Charles Thompson on the 30th day of August, 1905, be brought under the provisions of The Yukon Placer Mining Act, in accordance with Sub-clause 3 of Section 2 of the said Act, as above set out.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

24–4

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE following Standard Freight Tariff, C.R.C. No 1244, having been approved by the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada under Order No. 25565, the same is hereby published as required by the provisions of the Railway Act:

REDUCTION / REISSUE. G. N. C. R. C. No. 1244. (Cor.) Cancels C. R. C. Nos. 1061 and 1062.

G. N. Ry. G. F. O. No. 798-A. (Cor.)
Cancels G. N. Ry. G. F. O. Nos. 25120 and 25122.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.
VANCOUVER, VICTORIA & EASTERN RY. AND NAV. CO.
RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY CO.
KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY.

STANDARD Freight Tariff—Applying locally in British Columbia. Applying between stations on Nelson & Fort Sheppard Ry. Also between stations on Red Mountain Ry. Also between stations on Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Nav. Co. Also jointly between stations on the above-named lines via the Kettle Valley Ry. and between stations on the Kettle Valley on the one hand and stations on lines named above on the other hand.

Where rates are not shown for exact distance, use rates for next greater distance.

Issued September 15, 1916.

Effective September 20, 1916.

Issued by

H. H. BROWN,
General Freight Agent,
Great Northern Ry. Lines,
St. Paul, Minn.

G. H. SMITTON,
Assistant Traffic Manager,
Great Northern Ry. Lines,
St. Paul, Minn.

Distance Miles.	CLASS RATES IN CENTS PER 100 LBS. Subject to Current "Canadian Freight Classification."									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5	12	10	8	6	5	5	5	5	5	4
10	15	13	10	8	7	6	6	7	6	5
15	20	17	14	10	9	8	8	9	8	6
20	23	20	15	12	11	9	8	9	9	6
25	26	22	18	14	13	11	9	10	10	7
30	28	24	19	14	14	11	9	11	10	7
35	31	26	21	16	14	13	11	11	11	8
40	33	28	22	17	15	14	11	12	12	9
45	36	30	24	18	16	15	11	12	13	9
50	38	32	26	20	18	16	12	13	14	10
55	42	35	28	21	20	17	13	14	15	11
60	44	38	30	22	20	17	13	14	16	11
65	47	39	31	24	21	18	14	15	17	12
70	48	41	32	25	22	18	14	15	18	12
75	50	42	33	25	23	19	14	16	19	13
80	52	44	35	26	23	19	14	16	19	13
85	54	45	36	26	24	20	15	17	20	13
90	56	47	37	28	26	20	16	17	20	14
95	58	48	38	29	26	21	16	18	21	14
100	60	50	40	30	26	21	16	18	21	14
110	63	53	42	31	28	23	18	19	23	14
120	65	54	43	32	29	24	18	20	24	15
130	68	57	46	34	31	26	19	20	26	15
140	71	59	47	35	31	26	20	21	26	16
150	75	63	50	37	33	28	20	22	28	17
160	77	64	51	38	34	28	21	22	28	17
170	80	66	54	40	36	30	22	23	30	18
180	82	68	54	41	37	31	23	23	31	18
190	85	71	56	43	38	32	24	24	32	19
200	87	72	58	43	39	33	24	25	33	20
210	91	76	60	46	41	34	25	26	34	20
220	93	77	62	47	42	35	26	26	35	21
230	96	80	64	48	43	37	26	27	37	21
240	98	82	65	49	44	37	27	27	37	22
250	101	84	68	51	46	38	27	28	38	23
260	103	86	69	52	47	39	28	28	39	23
270	106	88	71	54	48	41	29	29	41	24
280	108	90	72	54	49	41	29	30	41	24
290	111	93	74	56	51	43	31	31	43	25
300	113	94	76	57	51	43	31	31	43	25
310	116	97	77	59	53	45	31	31	45	26
320	118	99	79	60	54	45	31	31	45	26
330	122	101	81	61	55	47	32	32	47	27
340	126	105	84	63	57	48	33	33	48	28
350	128	107	85	64	57	48	34	33	49	29
360	130	109	87	65	58	50	35	34	50	29
370	134	112	89	67	60	51	36	35	51	30
380	136	113	90	68	60	51	36	35	52	30
390	138	115	92	69	62	53	37	36	53	31
400	140	117	93	70	62	53	37	37	53	31
410	142	119	94	71	63	54	37	37	54	32
420	144	121	96	72	65	56	38	37	55	32
430	146	122	98	73	65	56	39	37	56	33
440	148	124	98	74	67	58	40	38	58	34
450	150	125	99	75	67	58	40	38	58	34
460	153	128	102	77	69	60	41	39	60	35
470	156	130	103	78	71	61	42	40	61	36
480	158	132	105	79	71	61	43	41	62	36
490	161	134	107	80	72	62	43	41	62	37

23–2

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE following Standard Freight Tariff, C.R.C. No. 1251, having been approved by the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada under Order No. 25564, the same is hereby published as required by the provisions of The Railway Act :—

REDUCTION — G.N.C.R C. No. 1251.
RE-ISSUE — Cancels C.R.C. Nos. 1063 and 1244. (Cor.)

G.N. Ry. G.F.O. No. 798-B.
Cancels G.N. Ry. G.F.O. Nos. 798–A (Cor.) and 25123.

NEW WESTMINSTER SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.
VANCOUVER, VICTORIA & EASTERN RY. AND NAV. CO.
RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY CO.
KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY.

STANDARD Freight Tariff applying locally in British Columbia, applying between stations on Nelson & Fort Sheppard Ry. Also between stations on Red Mountain Ry. Also between stations on New Westminster Southern Railway. Also between stations on Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern Railway and Nav. Co. Also jointly between stations on the above named lines via the Kettle Valley Ry. and between stations on the Kettle Valley on the one hand and stations on lines named above on the other hand.

Where rates are not shown for exact distance, use rates for next greater distance.

Issued October 5, 1916.

Effective October 12, 1916.

Issued by
H. H. BROWN,
General Freight Agent,
St. Paul. Minn.

G. H. SMITTON,
Assistant Traffic Manager,
St. Paul, Minn.

Distance in Miles.	CLASS RATES IN CENTS PER 100 LBS. Subject to Current "Canadian Freight Classification."									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5	12	10	8	6	5	5	5	5	5	4
10	15	13	10	8	7	6	6	7	6	5
15	20	17	14	10	9	8	8	9	8	6
20	23	20	15	12	11	9	8	9	9	6
25	26	22	18	14	13	11	9	10	10	7
30	28	24	19	14	14	11	9	11	10	7
35	31	26	21	16	14	13	11	11	11	8
40	33	28	22	17	15	14	11	12	12	9
45	36	30	24	18	16	15	11	12	13	9
50	38	32	26	20	18	16	12	13	14	10
55	42	35	28	21	20	17	13	14	15	11
60	44	38	30	22	20	17	13	14	16	11
65	47	39	31	24	21	18	14	15	17	12
70	48	41	32	25	22	18	14	15	18	12
75	50	42	33	25	23	19	14	16	19	13
80	52	44	35	26	23	19	14	16	19	13
85	54	45	36	26	24	20	15	17	20	13
90	56	47	37	28	26	20	16	17	20	14
95	58	48	38	29	26	21	16	18	21	14
100	60	50	40	30	26	21	16	18	21	14
110	63	53	42	31	28	23	18	19	23	14
120	65	54	43	32	29	24	18	20	24	15
130	68	57	46	34	31	26	19	20	26	15
140	71	59	47	35	31	26	20	21	26	16
150	75	63	50	37	33	28	20	22	28	17
160	77	64	51	38	34	28	21	22	28	17
170	80	66	54	40	36	30	22	23	30	18
180	82	68	54	41	37	31	23	23	31	18
190	85	71	56	43	38	32	24	24	32	19
200	87	72	58	43	39	33	24	25	33	20
210	91	76	60	46	41	34	25	26	34	20
220	93	77	62	47	42	35	26	26	35	21
230	96	80	64	48	43	37	26	27	37	21
240	98	82	65	49	44	37	27	27	37	22
250	101	84	68	51	46	38	27	28	38	23
260	103	86	69	52	47	39	28	28	39	23
270	106	88	71	54	48	41	29	29	41	24
280	108	90	72	54	49	41	29	30	41	24
290	111	93	74	56	51	43	31	31	43	25
300	113	94	76	57	51	43	31	31	43	25
310	116	97	77	59	53	45	31	31	45	26
320	118	99	79	60	54	45	31	31	45	26
330	122	101	81	61	55	47	32	32	47	27
340	126	105	84	63	57	48	33	33	48	28
350	128	107	85	64	57	48	34	33	49	29
360	130	109	87	65	58	50	35	34	50	29
370	134	112	89	67	60	51	36	35	51	30
380	136	113	90	68	60	51	36	35	52	30
390	138	115	92	69	62	53	37	36	53	31
400	140	117	93	70	62	53	37	37	53	31
410	142	119	94	71	63	54	37	37	54	32
420	144	121	96	72	65	56	38	37	55	32
430	146	122	98	73	65	56	39	37	56	33
440	148	124	98	74	67	58	40	38	58	34
450	150	125	99	75	67	58	40	38	58	34
460	153	128	102	77	69	60	41	39	60	35
470	156	130	103	78	71	61	42	40	61	36
480	158	132	105	79	71	61	43	41	62	36
490	161	134	107	80	72	62	43	41	62	37

23–2

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 6th December, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32256. "Military Courts, Their Respective Jurisdictions and powers." Prepared by Major O. M. Biggar. (Chart.) Major Oliver Mowat Biggar, Calgary, Alberta., 29th November, 1916.

32257. "Tells the Whole Story" (Print.) Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Limited, Windsor, Ont., 29th November, 1916.

32258. "Le Saint Viatique à la Campagne." Composition d'Edmond J. Massicotte. (Composition.) Edmond J. Massicotte, Montréal, Qué., 29 novembre, 1916.

32259. "How Would You Like to Bounce a Baby on Your Knee?" Words by Anna Held and Alfred Bryan. Music by Harry Tierney. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 29th November, 1916.

32260. "La Parisienne Peacock Girl." Words and Music by Helen Trix. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 29th November, 1916.

32261. "It's a Cute Little Way of My Own." Words by Anna Held and Alfred Bryan. Music by Harry Tierney. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 29th November, 1916.

32262. "Oh! I Want to Be Good (But My Eyes Won't Let Me)." Lyric by Anna Held and Alfred Bryan. Music by Harry Tierney. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 29th November, 1916.

32263. "Don't Play with Fire." Lyric by Anna Held and Alfred Bryan. Music by Harry Tierney. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 29th November, 1916.

33264. "It's a Cute Little Way of My Own." Fox Trot. By Harry Tierney. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N. Y., U.S.A., 29th November, 1916.

32265. "I Brought Red Roses in December to You." Words by Anna Held and Alfred Bryan. Music by Harry Tierney. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N. Y., U.S.A., 29th November, 1916.

32266. "Maritime Double Entry Bookkeeping." By E. Kaulbach, C. A. (Book.) Edgar Kaulbach, Halifax, Nova Scotia, 29th November, 1916.

32267. "Love Knows Not Why." Words and Music by Mary Rucker Brooke. Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 29th November, 1916.

32268. " The School." Volume V. No. 4, December, 1916. (Magazine.) W. J. Dunlop, Toronto, Ont., 30th November, 1916.

32269. "The Canadian Demand for Technical Education and Scientific Research." (Temporary Copyright.) (Series of Articles.) George Bryce, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 30th November, 1916.

32270. " Conférences sur les dangers de la tuberculose bovine." (Temporary Copyright.) (Scientific Work.) Stanislas Morrier Barré, Montreal, Que., 30th November, 1916.

32271. " Songs of Gladness and Growth." By James L. Hughes. (Book.) James L. Hughes, LL. D., Toronto, Ont., 1st December, 1916.

32272. "Citizen Readers ! Attention Please ! " (Article.) A. W. H. Mullen, Ottawa, Ont., 1st December, 1916.

32273. " Hawaiian." Moonlight Waltz. Arranged by " Princess Kaluakalani." (Aldene Bevington.) Musgrave Bros., Toronto, Ont., 2nd December, 1916.

32274. " Mosherland." Waltz Song. Words and Music by Frank O. Madden. Arranged by Jules Brazil, Frank O. Madden, Toronto, Ont., 2nd December, 1916.

32275. " The Makers of Canada : Sir Charles Tupper. By Hon. J. W. Longley. New Series. Volume I. Parkman Edition. Makers of Canada (Morang) Limited, Toronto, Ont., 2nd December, 1916

32276. " In The Beautiful Time of Now." Sacred Song. Words by Ed. J. M. Hitchcock. Music by Ed. E. Farringer. Ed. E. Farringer, Toronto, Ont., 4th December, 1916.

32277. " The ' A B C ' Lumber Trade Directory and Year Book, 1916-1917." (Book.) Progress Publishing Company (James H. Hamilton & W. Norman Code). Vancouver, British Columbia, 4th December, 1916.

32278. " My Bit : Being Recollections of Service in Afghanistan, India, The Soudan, and ' At Home'." By a former Non-Commissioned Officer of the Tenth (Prince of Wales' Own) Royal Hussars. (Temporary Copywright.) Joseph William Davenall Turner, Edmonton, Alberta, 4th December, 1916.

32279. " We're All For Johnny Bull." Song. Words by James Wells. Music by Walter J. Pond. Anglo-Canadian Music Publishers Association, Limited, London, England, 4th December, 1916.

32280. "When You Dance With Your Soldier Boy." Waltz Song. Words and Music by Morris Manley. Morris Manley, Toronto, Ont., 4th December, 1916.

32281. "Christmas Eve." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32282. "The Christmas Tree." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32283. " Santa Claus Palace." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December 1916.

32284. "Mrs. Santa Claus Farewell." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32285. " Reading the Christmas Mail." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32286. "Christmas Morning." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32287. "The Snap Shot." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32288. "Santa Claus Town." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32289. "The Sea Lion's Home." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32290. "Swim With Me." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32291. "A Jolly Sleigh Ride." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32292. " The Palace Bears." (Photo.) Jennie Walsh, Oxbow, Saskatchewan, 5th December, 1916.

32293. "The World For Sale." Chapter One. By Gilbert Parker. (Book.) Samuel B. Gundy, Toronto, Ont., 5th December, 1916.

32294. "A Group of Allegorical Figures representing Commerce, Fine Arts and Science, and ornamental border thereto." (Engraving A.) American Bank Note Company, Ottawa, Ont., 5th December, 1916.

32295. "A Group of Allegorical Figures representing Commerce and Agriculture, and ornamental border thereto." (Engraving B.) American Bank Note Company, Ottawa, Ont., 5th December, 1916.

32296. "I'm Not Prepared." Words and music by Irving Berlin. Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Co., New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 5th December, 1916.

32297. "Buzzin' The Bee." Words and music by Jack Wells. Waterson, Berlin & Snyder Co., New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 5th December, 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHTS.

1856. " The Drums of the Empire." (Music.) Sophia Louise McMillan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 30th November, 1916.

1857. " The Plea of the Soldier's Child." By George Willard Bonte. (Drawing and Verses.) The New York Herald Syndicate, Montreal, Que., 5th December, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
24-1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

Regulations re payment of " hard-lying money " to Officers and Men in the Royal Canadian Navy.

All officers and men (including those belonging to record parties and those appropriated for service in any particular vessel) are entitled to hard-lying money at the rates set forth in the following schedule whilst actually living on board ships and vessels in the circumstances specified, viz. :—

Class of Ship and circumstance under which payable.	Rate.
A. Torpedo Boats—	
In commission.	Lieut. Crs., Lieuts. and officers of corresponding rank, 75c. per diem. Sub-Lieuts. and officers of corresponding rank, Warrant and Subordinate officers, 50c. per diem. C. P. O's., P. O's., 30c. per diem.
Not in commission...	
During trials or cruises or when manned by a navigating party.	Leading rates, A.B's., stokers and equivalent ratings, 25c. per diem. Ordinary seamen, stokers 2nd class and equivalent ratings, 20c. per diem.
Undergoing refit.....	Boys, 10c. per diem.
B. Torpedo Boat Destroyers—	
In commission.....	Lieut. Crs., and officers of corresponding rank, 40c. per diem. Sub-Lieuts. and officers of corresponding rank, Warrant and subordinate officers, 25c. per diem. C P.O's. and P.O's., 15c, per diem.
Not in commission...	
When manned by a navigating party, or undergoing steam, gunnery, torpedo, etc., trials.....	Leading rates, A.B's, stokers, ordinary seamen, stokers 2nd class and equivalent ratings, 10c. per diem.
Undergoing refit.....	Boys, 5c. per diem.
All other ships not in commission, when manned by a navigating party or undergoing steam, gunnery, torpedo, etc., trials.	

Vessels employed for auxiliary service may be included in either Schedule A or Schedule B, at the discretion of the Naval Service Department.

In cases where the period of living on board is less than twenty-four hours, the hard-lying money for one day will only be granted, provided the officers and men have to sleep on board the ship.

The officer in command of navigating parties, or of a ship under trial, shall receive, in addition to hard-lying money, the established sea-going command money of his rank.

In all cases the sanction of the Naval Service Department is to be obtained prior to the payment of hard-lying money. 24-2

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

SPECIAL FISHERY REGULATIONS, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Amendment.

SUBSECTION (*c*) of section 8 of the Special Fishery Regulation for the Province of Ontario, adopted by Order in Council of 29th October, 1915, is hereby rescinded and the following is hereby substituted in lieu thereof :—

(*c*) No one shall fish with gill-nets in the waters of lake Erie wesward of an imaginary line coinciding with longitude 80° 30′ west, from the 15th day of December in each year, to the 15th day of March next following, both days inclusive. 24–2

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE, CANADA.

Ottawa, 24th November, 1916.

Orders as to Ships' Lights in Canadian Waters.

BY virtue of the authority conferred upon me by Orders in Council of the 12th September, 1914, and 25th March, 1915, the following orders regarding ships' lights on the East Coast of Canada are hereby made to come into force forthwith :—

1. *Anchor Lights.*—No electrically-lit lanterns shall be employed as anchor lights. The normal brilliancy of all other anchor lanterns shall be redneed by 50 per cent.

2. *Bow and Steaming Lights.*—Vessels are not to use electrically-lit lanterns as Bow or steaming lights, in the vicinity of the Harbour.

3. *Other Lights.*—No lights, either aloft, on deck or below, except those required by the Regulations for the Prevention of Collisions at Sea, and such as may be necessary for authorized signalling purposes, shall be permitted to be visible from outboard.

This shall apply to all vessels whether underway or at anchor.

4. The above orders shall apply to vessels of every description, other than H. M. Ships, within the waters of Canada on the East Coast, and extending up the St. Lawrence River as far as the Port of Quebec.

(Sgd) C. E. KINGSMILL,
Vice Admiral
23–2 Competent Naval Authority.

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

GENERAL ORDER.

A GENERAL sitting of "The Exchequer Court of Canada" under the provisions of Rule 166, for the trial of cases, etc, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Quebec, P.Q., commencing on Monday, the 5th day of February, A.D. 1917, at 11 A.M.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of November, A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE,
23–4 J. E. C.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 15th November, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that License No. 418 has this day been issued to the Glens Falls Insurance Company, authorizing the transaction in Canada of the business of Automobile Insurance in addition to Fire Insurance, Hail Insurance and Tornado Insurance for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
22–4 Superintendent of Insurance.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following position in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada :—

An assistant in the Cement Testing Laboratory of the Department of Public Works, Subdivision B of the Third Division, initial salary $800 per annum. Candidates must be skilled in the handling of such tools as those of the plumber, the carpenter, and the machinist.

Candidates must be natural-born or naturalized British subjects, must have been at least three years resident in Canada, and must be of the full age of eighteen years and not more than thirty-five years, except in the case of returned soldiers or men unfit for military service in which case the age limit is waived.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 2nd of January next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission Ottawa.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.
Ottawa, 6th December, 1916. 24–4

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada :—

1. A position in the Department of Labour in Subdivision A of the Second Division, initial salary, $1,600 per annum. The duties of the position will involve a study and investigation of the employment and living conditions of the women and child workers of Canada and assistance in the administration of any law dealing with future prices. Candidates must be women who have the following qualifications : a graduate of a recognized university, preferably with training in economics, and with sufficient practical experience in the lines above indicated to qualify for appointment in grade A of the Second Division.

2. An Assistant Chemist in the Ore Dressing and Metallurgical Division of the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Subdivision A of the Second Division, initial salary $1,600 per annum. Candidates must be graduates in chemistry of some recognized university and must have had considerable experience since graduation in the chemical analyses of ores, metals and ferro alloys.

3. A Translator for the Department of Trade and Commerce, Subdivision B of the Second Division initial salary $1,300 per annum. For this position an examination will be held in the following subjects : French Orthography, French Composition, Translation from French into English, and Translation from English into French. Notice regarding the place and date of the examination will be sent to all applicants as soon as the necessary arrangements have been made.

4. A Reporter for the Debates Staff of the Senate of Canada, Subdivision B of the First Division, initial salary $2,100 per annum. The candidates must possess a high degree of stenographic skill sufficient to enable them to report the debates of the Senate in an intelligent manner in both the English and French languages.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 18th day of December next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.
Ottawa, 23rd November, 1916. 22–4

The Wax and Glassine Paper Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of November, 1916, incorporating Robert Abercrombie Pringle, Thomas Anderson Burgess and Louis Cote, barristers-at-law; Robert Hatfield Pringle, customs broker, and Mary Ida Keays, stenographer; all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of a manufacturer and dealer in logs, lumber, pulp, paper and all other articles and materials into which wood enters or forms a part ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, hire, exchange or otherwise and hold lands, timber limits or licenses, water lots, water privileges, power rights and interests therein, and to build upon, develop and otherwise improve and utilize the same ;

(*c*) To purchase, acquire, lease, own, erect, equip and maintain such mills and manufactories as may be deemed advisable in the interests of the company ;

(*d*) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of this company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, trade marks, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*g*) To issue and allot fully paid up shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment of any property real or personal, rights and concessions purchased or acquired by the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Wax and Glassine Paper Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 2,250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Cookshire, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

23–2

McGregor Shirt Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of November, 1916, incorporating, Robert Burlington McGregor, and William Johnson Leonard, manufacturers, Laura Mabel McGregor and Jennie Letitia Leonard, married women, Mary Janet Jeffrey, stenographer, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

To manufacture, deal in, and sell ladies' and gentlemens' wearing apparel.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "McGregor Shirt Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

23–2

Universal Asbestos Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Harry Redfern Fraser, King's counsel, Frederick Samuel Rugg, advocate, Harriet Maud Terrill, accountant, Cora May Coombs and Martha Arvilla Conner, stenographers, all of the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as miners, millers and manufacturers of, and merchants and dealers in, asbestos, asbestos sand, and asbestos fibre, and all products and by-products thereof ;

(*b*) To purchase, manufacture or otherwise acquire, own, hold, deal in, sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise in any way appertaining or incidental to the said business ; to carry on the business of manufacturers of, and dealers in all kinds of appliances, devices, findings, tools, mechanisms, accessories, processes and things which may be useful in connection with the manufacture of any of the above-mentioned articles, and to mine, work for, manufacture and prepare for sale in any manner and by any process any mineral or metallic or chemical or other products and to trade in the same ;

(*c*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or license on royalty or otherwise, and to hold, own, use, operate, introduce, sell, or assign or otherwise dispose of any and all trade-marks, trade-names, distinctive marks, copyrights and patent rights and all inventions, improvements and processes used in connection with or secured under letters patent of the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses, in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such trade-marks, trade-names, patents, licenses, concessions, processes and the like, or any such property rights and information so acquired and with a view to the working and developing of the same ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, exchange or otherwise, and to construct, erect, operate, hold and maintain and manage, all factories, shops, storehouses, machine shops and other structures and erections necessary for its business, and all property, movable and immovable, necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company, and to lease, sell, and dispose of the same ;

(*e*) To carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects herein set forth and which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on by the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of its property or rights ;

(*f*) To purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, and to hold exercise and enjoy all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake and assume the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*g*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property franchises, undertakings and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares. bonds, or others securities of the company ;

(*h*) To promote or assist in promoting or to become a shareholder in any subsidiary allied or other company, firm or person carrying on or having for its purpose the operation of any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company and to enter into any arrangements for sharing profits, union of interest,

joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any such person or company, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, or other securities of the company and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends, or otherwise to deal with the same ;

(*i*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and assume all the liabilities of any person, firm, or company indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that conducted by the company and to pay for the same in cash or in securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*j*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertakings of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds, or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*l*) To aid in any manner and guarantee the obligations of any company any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations and to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of the property of any such company, and to guarantee and assume the liabilities of any company, firm or person indebted to this company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Universal Asbestos Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Kenneth Duncan Mackenzie, student-at-law, William Walter Perry, secretary, Charles Herbert Croft Leggott, Archibald MacLean Borthwick and Edna Fitzzimons, accountants, and Marguerite Lyola Halley and Agnes Bell, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business and operations of a mining, milling, reduction and development company;

(*b*) To produce, manufacture, purchase, acquire, search for, win from the earth, refine, smelt, store, distribute, sell, dispose of and deal in silver, gold, nickel, copper, iron, steel, manganese, cobalt, coal, coke, platinum, palladium, sodium, petroleum, metals, minerals and mineral substances, chemicals, lumber and other materials, and all or any articles consisting or partly consisting of the above and all or any products thereof; and to that end to explore, prospect, mine, quarry, bore, sink wells, construct works or otherwise proceed as may be necessary ;

(*c*) To acquire, own, lease, occupy, use, develop, trade in, deal in and contract with reference to lands or interests in land, mines, quarries, wells, leases, privileges, licenses, concessions and rights of all kinds covering, relating to or containing, or believed to cover, relate to or contain nikel, copper, iron, manganese, coal, petroleum, natural gas, oil, salt, chemicals, metals, minerals, stone or other ores, or mineral substances of any kind ;

(*d*) To acquire, by purchase, lease, concession, license, exchange or other legal title, mines, mining lands, easements, mineral properties, or any interest therein, minerals and ores and mining claims, options, powers, privileges, water and other rights, patent rights, letters patent of invention, processes and mechanical or other contrivances, and either absolutely or conditionally and either solely or jointly with others and as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and to lease, place under license, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof, or any interest therein ;

(*e*) To construct, maintain, alter, make, work and operate on the property of the company or on property controlled by the company, tramways, telegraph or telephone lines, reservoirs, dams, flumes, race and other ways, water-powers, aqueducts, wells, roads, piers, wharfs, buildings, shops, stamping mills and other works and machinery, plant and electrical and other appliances of every description, and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effects required by the company or its workmen or servants ;

(*f*) To build, acquire, own, charter, navigate and use steam and other vessels ;

(*g*) To take, acquire, and hold as the consideration for ores, metals or minerals sold or otherwise disposed of, or for goods supplied, or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*h*) To acquire, hold, lease, dispose of and generally deal with and in timber lands, timber limits and timber licenses, to cut, mill, manufacture, buy, sell and deal in timber and lumber ;

(*i*) To manufacture and deal in appliances, implements, machinery, apparatus, goods and supplies in any way connected with or incidental to the operations of the company or to the use of any of the products of the company ;

(*j*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate works for the development of power, light and heat, whether steam, electric or hydraulic, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to power, light and heat, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*k*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate irrigation works and works for the supply of water for other purposes, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to water for irrigation or other purposes, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*l*) To manufacture or trade in property and goods of all kinds ; to acquire, lease, construct, improve, maintain, own, use, operate, sell, let and deal in dwelling houses, lodging houses and hotels ; to operate ranches or farms for live stock or agriculture, to breed, raise, keep, render marketable and deal in horses, cattle and live stock of all kinds and to produce and deal in all products thereof and all agricultural products ;

(*m*) To operate construction or building plants and to take and carry out contracts for buildings or for construction work of any kind ;

(*n*) To acquire and take over as going concerns or otherwise, the undertakings, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view to acquire all or any of the shares or liabilities of such companies ;

(*o*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*p*) Notwithstanding the provision of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase, take over or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, and, with or without guarantee, to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, and other obligations in and of any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agents or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*q*) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and security or any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*r*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to protect, prolong and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like, conferring or relating to any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information acquired ;

(*s*) To apply for, promote and obtain from the Dominion of Canada, or any other authority or government, whether Dominion, Provincial, Imperial, Colonial or Foreign, and including subordinate and municipal authorities, any statute, ordinance, order, regulation or other authorization or enactment which may seem desirable to the company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*t*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*u*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or of its predecessors in business, or of any person, partnership, association or company allied with the company in business, or subsidiary to the company, or in which the company holds shares or securities, or to benefit the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any public, general or useful object.

(*v*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country, and to designate and appoint persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company, with full power to represent the company in all matters according to the law of such foreign country, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*w*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*x*) To carry on and undertake any other business which may from time to time seem to the directors of this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to render valuable or enhance the value of any of the company's privileges or rights, and as incidental to the carrying on of its business and to make and endorse negotiable paper ;

(*y*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*z*) To distribute or divide assets of the company in specie amongst the shareholders ;

(*aa*) To appoint agents within and without the Dominion of Canada, with power to receive and register transfers of the company's capital stock, and to keep registers of the shareholders of the company ;

(*bb*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principal, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by and through trustees, agents, subcontractors or otherwise, and alone or jointly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all and everything necessary or incidental for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, or incidental to the powers herein named or which shall at any time be necessary or incidental for the protection or benefit of the corporation ;

(*cc*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization thereof, and to employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*dd*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited", with a capital stock of one one million six hundred and sixty thousand and fifty pounds sterlings divided into 1,660,000 shares of one pound sterling each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Aeroplanes, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of November, 1916, incorporating Reginald Holland Parmenter, Arthur John Thomson and William Symon Morlock, solicitors, Samuel Davidson Fowler, solicitor's clerk, and Eugene Grimes Murphy, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, lease, exchange and otherwise deal in and deal with all kinds of aeroplanes, hydro-aeroplanes, sea-planes, flying boats, air ships, dirigible and other balloons and other air craft, flying machines and devices for aerial navigation ; also aeronautical, marine, automobile, motor cycle and locomotive motors and engines of all kinds, also automobiles, motor cycles, motor boats and self propelled vehicles of all kinds, all raw materials, machinery, tools and other things used in and for the manufacture of all of the foregoing and accessories therefor and all articles which enter into the manufacture of all the foregoing and all products and by-products thereof and generally to carry on the business of a dealer in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*b*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to prospect, prolong, and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like conferring or relating to any exclusive or

non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, right or information so acquired ;

(*c*) To establish, conduct, maintain, operate and carry on establishments for the theoretical and practical instruction and training of pilots and mechanics for aerial navigation, and for general instruction and dissemination of knowledge with respect of air-craft and flying devices, and to examine and provide for the examination of persons desiring to become pilots or mechanics for aerial navigation and to issue such certificates of qualification as may be considered proper to such persons as may from time to time successfully pass the examinations prescribed or some of them ;

(*d*) To construct, acquire, manage, maintain, charter, operate, lease, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all kinds of ships, vessels, barges and boats, elevators, sheds, warehouses and buildings, wharves, docks, dry docks and terminals and generally to carry on, for the purposes aforesaid the business of a ship-building, engineering, elevator, warehousing, navigation, transportation and terminals company, or any of such businesses;

(*e*) To manufacture or trade in property and goods of all kinds;

(*f*) To enter into contracts for, construct, execute, own and carry on all descriptions of works and to carry on, for the purposes aforesaid, the business of a general construction company and contractor for the construction of public and private works ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, all property, real or personal, that may be deemed neccessary for the proper carrying on of the company's business, and to hold, own and operate the same, and to sell, lease or otherwise turn the same to account, and to erect such buildings, factories and works as may be deemed advantageous for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake and assume all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company's business, and to issue in payment or part payment for any property, rights or privileges acquired by the company, or for any guarantees of the company's bonds or for services rendered, shares of the company's capital stock, whether subscribed for or not, as fully paid up and non-assessable, or the company's bonds ;

(*i*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to subscribe for, purchase, assume liability under, acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to bonds, debentures, stocks or other securities of any other corporation, and to apply or to accept, in whole or in part, as consideration for, satisfaction of or security for any contract, indebtedness or obligation to or of the company, property, obligations, shares and securities of any kind at such valuation and upon such terms as may be agreed upon ;

(*j*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, or expense, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise, with any person, partnership, association or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction which may seem capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such company, person, partnership, association or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such partnership, association or company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee or otherwise deal with the same

(*k*) To apply for, promote and obtain from the Dominion of Canada or any other authority, whether Dominion, Provincial, Imperial, Colonial or foreign and including subordinate and municipal authorities, any statute,, ordinance, order, regulation or other authorization or enactment which may seem desirable to the company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the property or undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, for shares, debentures on securities of any other partnership, association or company ;

(*n*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise any corporation in the capital stock of which the company holds shares, or with which it may have business relations, and to act as employee, agent or manager of any such corporation, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such corporation or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*o*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein, according to the laws of such foreign country, to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of this company of any process or suit ;

(*p*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*q*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or other securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*r*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking ;

(*s*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such investments as may from time to time be determined ;

(*t*) To co-operate in, aid in, subscribe towards or subsidize any proceeding or undertaking which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*u*) To promote, form, organize, manage, develop, take interests or stock or shares in and assist financially or otherwise any partnership, association or company for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*v*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the formation, incorporation and organization of the company ;

(*w*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*x*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*y*) To sell, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with or contract with reference to all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*z*) To employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*aa*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjuction with others ;

(*bb*) To do all such other things as may seem directly or indirectly to be incidental to or conducive to or convenient or proper for accomplishment of the purposes or attainment of the objects of the company, or any of them, or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company ;

(*cc*) No power granted in any poragraph hereof shall be limited or restricticted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian Aeroplanes, Limited," with a capital stock of one million dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

The Provost Manufacturing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of November, 1916, incorporating Oscar Theodore Ross, geologist, George H. Stoddart, broker, Ludger Trudel, furrier, and John Carscallen Sherry, barrister, of the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, and Pierre Provost, of Legal, in the said Province of Alberta, blacksmith, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers, both wholesale and retail, in automobile pullers, stump pullers, trucks, cars, automobiles, bicycles, wagons, carriages and machinery of every description whether connected with the use of power or otherwise, and all apparata, appliances, implements and articles used in connection therewith or improvements thereon ;

(*b*) To apply for, register, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, use, operate, introduce and sell, assign or otherwise dispose of any interests in any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, trademarks, formulæ, secret processes and all inventions, improvements and processes in connection with or secured under letters patent or otherwise of Canada, United States of America, or of any other country, or generally, any invention or improvement which may seem to the company capable of being profitably dealt with, and to use, develop, or otherwise turn to account any and all such patents, brevets d'invention, trademarks, licenses, concessions, processes and the like, or any such property, rights and information so acquired, and, with a view to the working and development of the same, to carry on any business whether mining, manufacturing or otherwise which the company may think calculated directly or indirectly to effectuate these objects ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to have and hold any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, and any rights or privileges that the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any lands, factories, mills, plants, buildings and works and any and every kind and description, rights of way for pole lines or other purposes, servitudes, mines, minerals and mining rights, quarries, water powers, water rights, assessments, patent rights or other inventions, machinery and stock-in-trade, that it may consider convenient to have and hold in connection with its business ; to build, work, develop, operate and make use of same or any thereof, and to that end to construct, lay down and maintain all and any buildings, works, pole lines, substations and other adjuncts and appurtenances that may be convenient for such purposes, including reservoirs, pipes, dams, head and tail races, and flumes, locks, piers, wharves, docks, roads and other works of a like nature and to construct, own, and operate vessels, cars and other vehicles propelled by steam, electricity or otherwise for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to own, develop and operate steam, electric and hydraulic plants and pumping stations for the purpose of generating heat, light and power and of pumping and supplying water for the uses of the company in connection with any of its operations, and to dispose of any surplus of same not required for such operations, and in connection therewith to enter into all and any contracts and agreement for the supply of heat, light, water and power that the company may deem proper ; provided, however, that the sale distribution and transmission of electricity or other power shall be subject to municipal or other local regulations in that behalf ;

(*e*) To construct and operate on the property of this company, or of other persons with their consent, aerial or other conveyors to or from all or any of the properties of this company for facilitating the conveyance of the products and manufactures of this company ;

(*f*) To act as general store-keepers and to provide board and lodging, clothing and provisions, and generally all supplies to those engaged in or about any of the company's works or to contract for the providing of the same ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to take over the whole or any part of the undertaking, business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company, varrying on any business in whole or in part which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable and proper for the purposes of this company;

(*h*) To acquire, hold, dispose of or operate any franchise and concession, municipal, provincial or national, whether or not such franchise, involves the supply of water, light, heat, power or other form of energy;

(*i*) To make proper provision by way of pension, gratuity or otherwise for any person in the employ of the company or engaged in any business acquired by the company, and for the wives, widows, families and dependents of any such persons, and to support and subscribe to any national, educational, social, scientific, literary, religious, or charitable institution, or place of recreation, or trade society, or to assist in the promotion of any exhibition ;

(*j*) To enter into any agreement for sharing of profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or other arrangement of a like nature, with any person or company or companies carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, or having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take in exchange or in payment or otherwise acquire, hold and own, and whilst holding the same, to exercise all the rights and privileges of holders and owners thereof, and to sell with or without guarantee, and deal in the shares, bonds, debentures and other securities of any other company or companies, having purposes or objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to establish, promote or otherwise to assist any such other company or companies ;

(*l*) To issue paid up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities for the payment, either in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, property rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, power, privilege, license or concession, which this company may lawfully acquire and to issue fully paid shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment of or in

exchange for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar or incidental to the business of this company;

(*m*) To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose or, or deal with all or any part of the property, rights or undertaking of the company for such consideration as the company may think proper and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*n*) To lend money and guarantee the performance of contracts by customers and others, as also the performance of any obligation or undertaking of any other company in which the company is interested or with which it may have business relations, and to accept as security for such loans and guarantee any security that may be offered by such person or company including shares and debentures of such other company:

(*o*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants, securities under the Bank Act and other negotiable or transferable instruments:

(*p*) To distribute in specie, or otherwise as may be resolved, any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company;

(*q*) From time to time to do any one or more of the acts and things herein set forth and to exercise and enjoy all such rights and privileges either as principal or agent, and either in the name of the company or of any person or persons, firm or company as agent for the company, and either alone or in concurrence with any person or persons, firm company, government, body or authority, and to do all such other acts and things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them and so that the word "Company" throughout this clause shall be deemed to include any partnership, association or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not, and whether registered or domiciled in the Province of Alberta or elsewhere;

(*r*) To take all necessary and proper steps in any parliament or from any foreign government or state, for enabling the company to carry any of its objects into effect, or to obtain any modification of its constitution or for any other purpose which may seem likely to benefit the company, either directly or indirectly, and to oppose any application to Parliament or other authority or officer which may seem directly or indirectly opposed to the company's interests;

(*s*) To carry out and undertake any business, undertaking, transaction or operation germane to the purposes and objects above set forth, or which seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection the business or objects of the company;

(*t*) The objects set forth in any sub-clause of this clause of these presents shall be in no wise limeted or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause or by the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Provost Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 30th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

23-2

S. Fremes & Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of November, 1916, incorporating Samuel King and Oscar Heuman King, solicitors, William Cherry, caretaker, and Gertrude Pittis and Eva Olive Reid, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the bussiness now carried on at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, under the style or firm of S. Fremes & Company and to acquire a portion of the assets and the good-will of the said business now carried on under the style or firm of S. Fremes & Company;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell and otherwise deal in jewellery, watches, clocks optical goods, stationery, jewellers' and watchmakers' findings and sundries and all other fancy goods usually kept in stock and sold by retail jewellers as well as all goods, wares and merchandise used in and incidental to the manufacture of jewellery, and to buy, sell and otherwise deal in diamonds and other precious and semi-precious stones, cameos and articles of vertu usually carried by jewellers;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*f*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*g*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*i*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependants or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*l*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*m*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons :

(*n*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferrable instruments ;

(*o*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*p*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carring the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*q*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit :

(*r*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "S. Fremes & Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 30th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

23–2

International Manufacturing Company, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of November, 1916, incorporating John Alton Harriss, Rufus Lenoir Patterson, Alfred Otto Hoyt and James Augustine McCann, manufacturers, all of the City of New York, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America ; and Wilford Judson Hawkins, manufacturer, of the City of Montclair, in the State of New Jersey, one of the United States of America, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in ordnance, small arms, firearms, explosive shells, cartridges and fuses, and all parts, fittings and accessories of the same, and of all kinds of material, machinery or apparatus necessary or useful in the production of any such articles ; to carry on the business of iron and coal masters, miners, iron, brass and other metal founders, machinists, tool-makers, wire-drawers, tube manufacturers, metallurgists or metal workers, fitters, mill-wrights, saddlers, packing-box makers, galvanizers, japanners, electro-platers, enamellers, and all other detail branches of business usually or conveniently connected with any such businesses as aforesaid, either for preparing or finishing articles for sale, or for auxiliary purposes, as well as for the purposes of the businesses aforesaid as for the purpose of profit as independent businesses ;

(*b*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture, of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company altogether or in part similar to those of the company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company ;

(*d*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country, and to designate persons therein, according to the laws of such foreign country, to represent this company, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company or any process or suit ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property any liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To underwrite, subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold either as principal or agent, and absolutely as owner or by the way of collateral security or otherwise dispose of or deal in the bonds or debentures, stocks, shares or other securities of any government or municipal or school corporation or of any chartered bank or of any public or private company or companies, association or associations, and while owner of any of the above securities to exercise all the rights, powers, privileges of ownership, including the right to vote upon stock held or owned by the company ;

(*h*) To assist in the promotion, organization, development or management or company, and to raise and assist in raising money for and aid by way of bonds, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures, or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to offer for public subscription any shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation;

(*i*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account, the property, rights, interests or information so acquired ;

(*j*) To issue and allot, as fully paid up, shares of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment of any property, movable or immovable,

property rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, powers, privileges, licenses, concession, stock, bonds, and debentures or other property rights which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the powers hereby granted, or to pay for same or any part thereof in bonds or debentures of the company ;

(*k*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think proper and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or securities of any other company, provided that the company shall not sell, lease or otherwise dispose of its property or undertaking as an entirety without the approval either in writing or by vote at a meeting called for the purpose, of two-thirds in interest of the issued common stock of the company;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "International Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one million dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 30th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24–2

The Canadian Bottlers Association, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as *The Companies Act*, letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State o Canada, bearing date the 29th day of November, 1916, incorporating: Oscar Gagnon and Leopold Choquette, advocates, Joseph Ernest Rainville, Ernest Boulais and Albert Ménard, agents, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell and manufacture all soft or alcoholic drinks ;

(*b*) To buy, sell and exchange bottles, casks, siphons, cans, cases, boxes, packing acessories and other recipients new or second hand, and also crates, cylinders and barrels ;

(*c*) To promote the protection and privileges of the manufacturers, merchants, dealers, bottlers, whose names, trademarks or other signs appear on bottles, casks, syphons, cans, casses, boxes, packing accessories, barrels and other recipients, by promoting the co-operation of parties using stamp bottles or other such as aforesaid ;

(*d*) To carry on any business of manufacturing or otherwise as the company may deem possible to carry on suitably with the aforesaid or such as may increase directly or indirectly the value of the belongings, rights and privileges of the company or to make such profitable ;

(*e*) To purchase or otherwise acquire all or any part of the business, property, liabilities, of any person or corporation carrying on any business which the said company is authorized to carry on or in which it may be interested or holding goods having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*f*) To apply for, buy or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions or other privileges of all kinds granting any limited privileges, exclusive or non-exclusive, for the use of any secret process or information concerning any invention deemed suitable for the objects of the corporation or the acquiring of which might be any advantage, directly or indirectly, and use, exercise, develop, grant licenses concerning such, associate with other shareholders besides those of the said company, or otherwise make the best of the goods, privileges, information thus acquired ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangement concerning the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint advantage, reciprocal concessions, with any person or company, carrying on, engaged in, or on the point of being engaged in any commerce or kind of business which the said corporation is authorized to carry on or in which it is engaged, or any commerce or kind of business which may be operated to its direct or indirect advantage or benefit;

(*h*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold or exchange for other shares from any other company whose objects may be totally or in part similar to those of the present corporation, or carrying on a business possibly suitable, directly or indirectly, to the objects of this company;

(*i*) To buy, or otherwise acquire, lease, or exchange, rent or otherwise acquire any real or personal estate, any right or privilege the company may deem necessary or suitable to the objects of its commerce and buy, exchange or sell liquor distilleries.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The Canadian Bottlers Association, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 30th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

23–2

Canada Truck Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of November, 1916, incorporating Richard Edgar Hannan, manager ; John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, King's counsel, all of City of Westmont, in the province of Quebec, and Charles Albert Hale and Auguste Angers, advocates, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, purchase, sell, rent, store and generally deal in automobiles and other vehicles, whether drawn by horses or not, and in engine, automobile and motor boat accessories and supplies; to lay, construct, erect, maintain and operate buildings, factories, plants, garages, stables, barns, showrooms, or other constructions required for the manufacture, sale, exchange, renting or storing of automobiles, engines and other accessories and all kinds of vehicles; to engage in the business of carriers of persons, merchandise and chattels, by means of vehicles propelled with or without horses; to run trucks, taxicabs or other vehicles with or without motive power, and to manufacture, sell, operate and otherwise deal in any machines, apparatus, tools, or supplies necessary for the manufacture, construction, repairing or assembling of vehicles, automobiles, engines and other accessories;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and

securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing of any shares in the company's capital stock or any debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company, its organization or the conduct of its business, and to pay for the same in cash or, with the approval of shareholders, in issuing fully paid-up shares of the company ;

(*g*) To sell and dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of may other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*h*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*i*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or attaiments of any of the objects herein enumerated ;

(*j*) The above powers and purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other, and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them. and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed as having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canada Truck Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-nine hundred thousand dollars divided into 490 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Bissel Carpet Sweeper Company of anada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of November 1916, incorporating Willis Bertram Sturrup, law clerk ; James White Bicknell, and Aubrey Thomas Maher, students-at-law Thomas Stewart Hagan Giles, accountant and John Steuart Duggan, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, export and deal in carpet sweepers, vacuum sweepers and other sweepers, cleaners or house furnishing goods ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or right ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) Nothwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any machinery plant or stock in trade ;

(*h*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*i*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*j*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*k*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*l*) To acquire, hold, sell and convey any real estate requisite for the carrying on of the undertaking of the company ;

(*m*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*n*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, and of the objects set out in the letters patent and supplementary letters patent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Bissel Carpet Sweeper Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Niagara Falls, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Canadian Desmond-Stephan Manufacturing Company.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of November, 1916, incorporating Archibald Hope Gibson, Gabriel Herman Levy, and Charles Hugh Higgins, barristers-at law, Annie May Herriman, bookkeeper, and Rose Marie O'Brien, stenographer, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture automatic steam injectors and ejectors, abrasive wheels, grinding machinery and

other machine tools and to deal in diamonds for industrial purposes and all allied and kindred equipment ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold, shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and obtain from any such authorities any rights, privileges, and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*i*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant and stock in trade ;

(*j*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*k*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, or other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*l*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*m*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting, prizes rewards and donations ;

(*n*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*o*) To do all or any of the above things, and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*p*) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects and of the objects set out in the letters patent and supplementary letters patent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Canadian Desmond Stephan Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Israel & Oppenheimer, (Canada), Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of November, 1916. incorporating John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, King's counsels, of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec ; and Charles Albert Hale and Auguste Angers, advocates, and Harry Fielder, manufacturers' agent, all of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of manufacturers, traders and dealers in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise and especially to manufacture, buy, sell, import, export and deal in all kinds of dry goods, fancy goods, fabrics, small-wares, boots and shoes and other leather goods, carpets, chinaware, cloth and clothing of all kinds, millinery, crockery, glassware, hardware, jewellery, notions, toys and wearing apparel of all kinds and description, as well as all other articles and things capable of being used in connection with the manufacture and sale of the same ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquired by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to take over the whole or any part of the undertaking, business, property, assets or liabilities of any person, partnership or company carrying on a business similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for the same in whole or in part by cash or shares or other securities of the company wholly or partly paid-up, and with the approval of the shareholders, to pay in like manner for any services rendered to the company, whether in connection with its organization or the conduct of its business or otherwise ;

(*d*) To enter into any agreement for sharing profits, amalgamation, consolidation or union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, management of the affairs of the company or other arrangements of a like nature with any person or company carrying on or about to carry on business similar to that of the company and to take all such steps and proceedings and do all such matters and things as may be necessary or expedient to carry out and give effect to such agreements or any of them ;

(*e*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any person, company or corporation carrying

on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations;

(*f*) Notwithstanding anything under section 44 of the Companies' Act, to acquire, hold and dispose of shares, bonds, debentures or other securities issued by any person, firm or corporation carrying on a similar business ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire moveable or immoveable, real or personal property of any kind and nature that may be deemed suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any trade-mark, or patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights and information so acquired ;

(*i*) To lease, sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration or upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit, and in particular for the shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ,

(*j*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*k*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*l*) Generally to do all other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*m*) The above powers and purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other, and the company may pursue and carry on any one or more of such objects, powers and purposes without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed as having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Israel & Oppenheimer, (Canada), Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Advertising Agency, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of November, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Canadian Advertising Agency, Limited" from the sum of ninety-nine thousand dollars to the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, such increase to consist of fifteen thousand and ten shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
23–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Copper Products Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 1st day of December, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Dominion Copper Products Company, Limited," from the sum of one million dollars to the sum of three million five hundred thousand dollars, such increase to consist of twenty-five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Wireless Press, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 1st day of December, 1916, incorporating Richard Tuson Heneker and Henry Noel Chavin, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Harold Earle Walker and John Noel Beauchamp, advocates, and Hugh Wylie, bookkeeper all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturing stationers, printers, publishers, engravers, lithographers and bookbinders, and generally to carry on any business of a similar nature and to do anything incidental to the trade of stationers and publishers ; to print, publish, manufacture, sell and deal in stationery, paper, books, periodicals, magazines, pamphlets, newspapers, advertisements, lithographs and electrotypes, including news items or information of every description of that nature, and to act as agents for the manufacture, printing, publishing and sale of the same to others ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise and dispose of the copyright on any book, article or engraving, which may be copyrighted ;

(*c*) To purchase and acquire any business of a similar nature and to purchase and acquire any interest or control in any business of a similar nature and to pay for the same in whole or in part in cash, bonds or paid-up stock of the company ;

(*d*) To purchase and hold stocks and bonds of any company carrying on business of a like nature ;

(*e*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interest with any other person or company carrying on or about to carry on any business similar to the objects of this company ;

(*f*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to hold such property, movable, and immovable, as is necessary and requisite for the purposes of the company's business, including factories, stores, warehouses and other establishments, and to erect, construct and operate the same when and where necessary, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*g*) To issue and allot as fully paid up stock, shares of the capital stock of the company as consideration or part consideration, for goods or property bought or taken over, for work done, guarantees given or agreed to be given, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or agreed to be rendered to the company in furtherance of the objects of the company, including services rendered or to be rendered to the company by the promoters of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Wireless Press, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24 2 Under-Secretary of State.

Lytle Engineering Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan, stenographer, Herbert William Jackson and Michael Joseph O'Brien, clerks, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, contract for and deal in all kinds of engineers' and mill supplies and to carry on the business of iron founders, brass founders, mechanical, electrical and water supply engineers, press founders, metal workers, engine and boiler makers, millwrights, metallurgists, iron and steel converters, smiths, woodworkers, builders, painters and machinists, and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in machinery, implements, rolling stock, tools and hardware of all kinds ;

(*b*) For the purposes aforesaid to carry on the business of quarrying, smelting, treating, assaying, refining, concentrating, milling, reducing, precipitation, vaporizing, analyzing and buying and selling all and every kind of minerals, ores and metals and generally to carry on the business of a quarrying, smelting, reduction, refining and milling company in all its branches, and to carry on the trade or business of colliery proprietors, coke manufacturers, paint and colour grinders, oil and colour men, manufacturers of and dealers in cements, oils, paints, pigments and varnishes and other chemical and industrial preparations of every description in all their respective branches ;

(*c*) To manufacture, instal and deal in any and all kinds of rolling stock, apparatus, equipment, goods, wares and merchandise, vessels, locomotive engines, stationary engines and all other engines, motors and electrical apparatus which may be used in the transportation of persons or property in any manner whatsoever ; and to manufacture and sell car trucks or car wheels and any and all parts of cars and car trucks and all the accessories thereof and all car and railway equipment, appliances and specialties ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell and trade in hardware, harvesting machines, agricultural implements and tools and implements of all and every kind and description, and all other kinds of machinery, implements and shelf hardware, and also to carry on a general agency business for manufacturers of hardware supplies and specialties ;

(*e*) To make, build, construct, operate and maintain any and all public and private works, undertakings, constructions and operations and generally to carry on the business of a public and private contractor ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being carried on in connection with its business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's rights or property ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise all real estate necessary for the undertakings of the company, or any part thereof, and to build, erect, construct, maintain and operate stores, factories and warehouses or other buildings thereon ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, or undertake the whole or any part of the assets, business, property or liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*i*) To pay for any assets, business, property or rights acquired by the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered or to be rendered to the company, either in cash or in fully paid-up shares or by any securities which the company has power to issue, or partly in one mode and partly in another or others, and generally on such terms and conditions as the company may determine ;

(*j*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'inventions, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, interest or information so acquired ;

(*k*) to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the entire undertaking, property and assets of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit, and in particular for the shares, debentures and securities of any other company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any government, municipal or local authority, or with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to guarantee the contracts of, either with or without security, or to lend money to, or otherwise assist, any such person or company or any person or company undertaking to build on or improve any property in which the company is interested ;

(*m*) To distribute among the shareholders in specie by way of divident or bonus, or in any other manner deemed advisable, any property of the company or any proceeds of the sale or disposal of any property of the company ;

(*n*) To carry on or do any of the businesses, acts and things aforesaid, either as principals or agents, or by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with another or others ;

(*o*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the objects hereinabove enumerated ;

(*p*) The intention is that the objects specified in paragraphs (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*) and (*g*) hereof shall be independent objects and shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Lytle Engineering Co., Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

Atlas Metal & Alloys Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 1st day of December, 1916, incorporating Charles Macpherson Holt and Alexandre Chase-Casgrain, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Errol Malcolm McDougall, advocate, John Buchanan Henderson, clerk, and Beatrice Isolde Brandt, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of metal workers, machinists, wood workers, builders, box makers, metallurgists, merchants, smelters, metal moulders or any like business ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire any interests in any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-

exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention in relation to anti-friction alloys and metals, or generally any invention which may seem to the company capable of being profitably dealt with ;

(*c*) To use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like information aforesaid ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell, repair, alter and deal in apparatus, machinery, materials and articles of all kinds which shall be capable of being used for the purposes of any business herein mentioned, or likely to be required by customers of such business ;

(*e*) To carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects herein set forth and which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on by the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of its properties or rights ;

(*f*) To act as agents, either in England or elsewhere, for companies, associations, syndicates and partnerships carrying on similar business and for any person or persons, and generally to transact all and every description of agency business germane to the business of the company ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange or otherwise, or to construct, erect, operate, hold and maintain and manage all factories, shops, storehouses, depots, machine shops, engine houses and other structures and erections necessary for its business, and all other property, movable and immovable, necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company, and to lease, sell and dispose of the same ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, operate or control, any roads, ways, bridges, elevators, reservoirs, waterworks, docks, wharves, slips, gas, electric and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance and management, or control thereof;

(*i*) To develop and operate any water power or water powers, and to generate, produce and accumulate electric and electro-motive forces or other similar agencies for the production of light, heat and power for the purposes of the company, with power to sell or otherwise dispose of any excess not required, and to supply the same for light, heat and power purposes to any person or corporation on such terms as may be agreed upon, provided that the foregoing powers, when exercised outside the property of the company, shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*j*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, which may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To issue fully paid-up shares, bonds or debentures of the company for payment in whole or in part of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, patents, rights, claims, privileges, concessions, contracts or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire ;

(*l*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase and acquire and to own, hold sell and reissue, shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any company or corporation carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company or subsidiary thereto, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, and to guarantee the payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, and while owner of any such shares of stock, bonds, securities or other obligations to exercise any and all voting powers thereon by its duly authorized officers or by a proxy duly appointed, to the same extent as a natural person might or could do, and to manage, operate and carry on as a manager the property, franchises, undertaking and business of any corporation any of whose shares, bonds, debentures or other securities are held by the company for such remuneration as may be deemed reasonable and proper ;

(*m*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property, franchises, undertakings and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company ;

(*n*) To promote or assist in promoting, or to become a shareholder in, any subsidiary, allied or other company carrying on or having for its purposes the operation of any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company, and to enter into arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interest, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with such person or company, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of such company and pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company, and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*o*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and assume all the liabilities of any person, firm or company indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that conducted by the company, and to pay for the same in cash or in securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*p*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, exercise and enjoy, all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake and assume the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*q*) To draw, make, endorse, accept, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading and other negotiable and transferable instruments : ,

(*r*) To make cash advances to customers and others having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*s*) To accept in payment of any debt due to the company, stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company ;

(*t*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved, any assets of the company amongst its members, and particularly shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*u*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*v*) To aid in any manner and guarantee the obligations of any company any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations, and to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of the property of any such company ;

(*w*) To do all and any of the above things in Canada and elsewhere either as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and by or through agents, trustees or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*x*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Atlas Metal & Alloys Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

The Michipicoten Power and Paper Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1916, incorporating William Alfred James Case, solicitor, James Broadbent Taylor, accountant, William Morley Smith, Charles Lawford Valens, and Cyril Middleton Smith, students-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To produce, manufacture, purchase, acquire, store, distribute, sell, dispose of and deal in pulp, paper and paper substitutes of all kinds and descriptions, and of the raw materials and substances of every kind, pulps, preparations, mixtures, chemicals, solvents and combinations used or capable of being used in connection with such manufacture and to acquire by purchase, lease, concession, license or otherwise, and to construct, maintain, operate, use and manage works, machinery and appliances for the production of and to produce electricity, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or energy and to accumulate, generate, transmit and distribute electricity and electric, pneumatic, hydraulic and other power and energy for lighting, heating and motive power or any purpose for which electricity or electric or other power or energy can be used ;

(*b*) To adopt on behalf of the company, and to carry into effect a certain agreement between Lewis Miller Wood, of the City of Toronto, therein called the vendor, and James Broadbent Taylor, therein called the trustee, dated the twenty-seventh day of November, 1916, whereby the said vendor, who is one of the promoters of the company agrees to sell to the company certain lands, pulpwood areas and waterpower rights as in the said agreement mentioned and which had theretofore been acquired by the said vendor or to which he was entitled and whereby the said promoter will make a profit in shares of the company, as shown by the said agreement, an original of which will be on file in the office of the company ;

(*c*) To purchase, lease, build, construct, maintain and operate, acquire, use, sell and dispose of pulp and paper mills, lumber and saw-mills and all other necessary and convenient mills, buildings, plant, machinery and appliances and to carry on in all its branches a lumber, timber and pulp-wood business and to manufacture, produce, prepare for market and deal in lumber, logs, timber and wood and articles of all kinds in the manufacture of which lumber or wood is used ;

(*d*) To acquire, construct, maintain and operate lines of wires, towers, poles, tunnels, conduits and other works, and to conduct, store, buy, sell, contract for, dispose of and distribute any and all power and energy and to undertake and to enter into agreements for the lighting of cities, towns, streets, buildings and other places and for the supply of electric light, heat and motive power for any or all public or private purposes, and with such lines, wires, poles, conduits or other conductors or devices to conduct, convey, furnish or receive such electricity or other power or energy to and from any municipality, corporation, company or person. Provided, however, that the company shall not enter upon any street, highway or other public place for the purpose of placing thereon any of its plant, works or material used in the transmission or distribution of electric, hydraulic, pneumatic or other power or of heating or lighting energy and shall not erect or place on, under or across any such street, highway or other public place any such plant, works or material unless with the consent of the municipality having control of such street, highway or other public place ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, license or otherwise, locations, surface rights, timber limits, wood lands and timber lands, water lots, river rights and government, municipal or other rights, privileges, franchises, easements and licenses of all kinds and to sell, dispose of, exchange or otherwise deal in the same and to improve and develop rivers and lakes and to construct and maintain reservoirs, canals, dams, embankments, booms and other works and equipment of all kinds ;

(*f*) To acquire, purchase, take on lease or license, hire, hold, use, sell, grant leases of, grant licenses of, exchange, alienate, dispose of and otherwise deal in or contract with reference to lands or interests in land, personal property of all kinds or interest therein, rights, privileges, licenses and concessions ;

(*g*) To acquire, lease, contract, improve, own, use, operate, deal in or contract with reference to ships, boats or vessels of any description, wharves and wharfage facilities, docks and docking facilities, cartage plant, forwarding plant, warehouses and towing, wrecking and salvage plant or any interest in any of the same ;

(*h*) To manufacture and deal in appliances, implements, machinery, apparatus, goods and supplies in any way connected with or incidental to the operations of the company or to the use of any of the products of the company ;

(*i*) To work, manage, operate, turn to account, explore, develop and improve the properties of the company, whether mining, agricultural or otherwise ;

(*j*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate irrigation works and works for the supply of water for other purposes, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to water for irrigation or other purposes, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*k*) To manufacture or trade in property and goods of all kinds ;

(*l*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, maintain, own, use, operate, sell, let and deal in dwelling houses, lodging houses and hotels ;

(*m*) To operate ranches or farms for live stock or agriculture, to breed, raise, keep, render marketable and deal in horses, cattle and live stock of all kinds and to produce and deal in all products thereof and all agricultural products ;

(*n*) To operate construction or building plants and to take and carry out contracts for building or for construction work of any kind ;

(*o*) To undertake, carry on and execute transactions as financial or commercial brokers or agents ; to act as general commercial agents, commission men and manufacturing agents and to carry on the business of agency in all its branches ;

(*p*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, to subscribe for, purchase, assume liability under, acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to bonds, debentures, stocks or other securities or obligations or any estate or interest therein ; and to apply or to accept, in whole or in part, as consideration for, satisfaction of or security for any contract, indebtedness or obligation to or of the company, property, obligations, shares and securities of any kind, at such valuation and upon such terms as may be agreed upon;

(*q*) To acquire, dispose of or otherwise deal in properties, businesses or undertakings of all kinds ;

(*r*) To furnish aid to any business or undertaking, by way of loan, bonus, endorsement, agreement, guarantee, management or other service, and to manage, supervise and control the same in whole or in part and to act as agent or attorney for the same ;

(*s*) To carry on any other business which may seem capable of being conveniently or advantageously carried on in connection with the business of the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value

of, to facilitate the realization of or to render more profitable any of the company's businesses, properties or rights ;

(*t*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such investments as may from time to time be determined ;

(*u*) To co-operate in, aid in, subscribe towards or subsidize any pr ceedings or undertaking which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*v*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, partnership, association or company having objects altogether or in part similar to the company or carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property which may seem suitable or desirable for the purposes of the company ;

(*w*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to protect, prolong and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like, conferring or relating to any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information required;

(*x*) To enter into partnership or into any agreement for sharing of profits, or expense, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise, with any person, partnership, association or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction which may seem capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person, partnership, association or company and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such partnership, association or company, and to sell, hold, re issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*y*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any partnership or stock or shares in any association or company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business which may seem capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*z*) To apply for, promote and obtain from the Dominion of Canada, or any other authority, whether Dominion. Provincial, Imperial, Colonial or foreign, and including subordinate and municipal authorities, any statute, ordinance, order, regulation or other authorization or enactment which may seem desirable to the company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*aa*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*bb*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or of its predecessors in business, or of any person, partnership, association or company allied with the company in business or subsidiary to the company or in which the company holds shares or securities, or to benefit the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*cc*) To promote, form, organize, manage, develop, take interests or stock or shares in and assist financially or otherwise any partnership, association or company for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*dd*) To acquire, purchase, take on lease, hire, construct, improve, own, use, maintain, operate, manage, carry out and control plant, equipment, machinery, supplies, buildings, works, shops, warehouses, manufactories, pumps, tanks, pipe lines, smelters, refineries, roads, ways, canals, bridges, electric works, electric plant, hydraulic works, hydraulic plant, boats, ships, docks, wharves, piers, gas works, cables, waterworks, reservoirs, acqueducts, flumes, ditches and all such other structures, works, conveniences and appliances as may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the acquisition, purchase, leasing, hiring, construction, improvement, ownership, use, maintenance, operation, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*ee*) Where such course is required for the purposes of the company or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, to acquire, purchase, take on lease, hire, construct, improve, own, use, maintain, operate, manage, carry out and control, but only upon lands owned or controlled by the company, or over which the company may have a right or license to that effect, such roads, ways, bridges, lines of rail, spurs, sidings, tracks, rolling stock, cables, wires, motors, locomotives, electrical plant and all such other structures, works, conveniences and appliances as may be required for the purpose of maintaining communication by telegraph or telephone or of effecting the transport of goods or passengers, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the acquisition, purchase, leasing, hiring, construction, improvement, ownership, use, maintenance, operation, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*ff*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*gg*) To sell or dispose of the property or undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, for shares, debentures or securities of any other partnership, association or company;

(*hh*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works af art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*ii*) To sell, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with or contract with reference to all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*jj*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*kk*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country and to designate and appoint persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company with full power to represent the company in all matters according to the law of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*ll*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization thereof;

(*mm*) To employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company;

(*nn*) To distribute or divide assets of the company in specie amongst the shareholders ;

(*oo*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*pp*) To do all such things as may seem directly or indirectly to be incidental to or conductive to or con-

venient or proper for the accomplishment of the purposes or the attainment of the objects of the company, or any of them, or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company ;

(*qq*) No power granted in any paragraph hereof shall be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Michipicoten Power and Paper Company, Limited," with a capital stock of six million five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 65,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24–2

The Macfarlane Shoe, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 4th day of December, 1916, incorporating Walter Seely Johnson, advocate, Frederick Wilson Fairman, financial agent, William Smith Wilson, accountant, and Sheila Mary Coates and Josie Edwards, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, export and import, buy and sell and otherwise handle and deal in and dispose of boots, shoes, gaiters and every kind and description of footwear, and to carry on business as general manufacturers as general merchants ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, import, export and generally deal in all products, materials, goods, wares, merchandise and other things in any way entering into the manufacture of boots, shoes, gaiters and every description of footwear, or the component parts thereof or accessory thereto ;

(*c*) To act as agents, commission merchants, brokers and representatives of other companies, persons or enterprises carrying on a similar business, and to engage or arrange with sub-agents and correspondents and to open sample rooms, and to do all other things useful for such purposes ;

(*d*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to purchase and acquire in any way and to own, hold and sell, with or without warranty, the shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any manufacturing or other corporation or enterprise carrying on business similar to that of this company, or to promote or to contribute to or subsidize or otherwise assist the same, and to amalgamate or make any other working arrangements with any person, company or enterprise carrying on any similar enterprise, and to manage, operate and carry on the property, undertakings and affairs of any such business, and to acquire the same, including its good-will, rights, liabilities and other accessories by purchase, lease or otherwise ; and to issue, allot and deliver as fully paid-up and non-assessable the shares, debentures or other securities of this company in payment or part payment of any securities, rights or things that it can acquire and, with the approval of the shareholders, in payment or part payment of any services rendered to the company, whether in connection with its promotion and organization or its business or otherwise ;

(*e*) To purchase, sell, deal in or otherwise control patents and to acquire and hold licenses under patents or patent rights, and to grant such license or licenses, patents and rights to others ; to manufacture and sell and otherwise deal in and dispose of any patented article, appliance or machinery which the company may own or have any interest in or may hereafter acquire under or by virtue of such patents and licenses ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company or enterprise carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to promote and assist in promoting and to become a shareholder of or participator in any such company or enterprise and to purchase or acquire the shares and securities thereof, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to hold, sell, re-issue or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To make advances to or to guarantee the obligations or contracts of or otherwise assist in any manner any company whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held in whole or in part by this company, and to do any act or thing for the preservation, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares, bonds or obligations, and in like manner to advance money to or to guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company having business engagements with the company or indebted to it ;

(*h*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and to assume the liabilities of any person, firm, corporation or enterprise indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that transacted by the company, and to pay for the same in whole or in part in cash or bonds, or in fully paid-up or non-assessable shares or securities of this company or otherwise ;

(*i*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of or deal with the whole or any part of the undertaking of the company and of its assets and good-will and rights and obligations of any kind, for such consideration as the company may think fit, including shares, debentures and other securities of any other corporation having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company, and to distribute among its shareholders any cash, securities or other consideration so received ;

(*j*) To pay all costs incidental to procuring the Charter of Incorporation or in connection with the formation or organization of the company, and to do any such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the undertakings, assets, rights or liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*l*) To lend money to persons or companies having dealings with the company and to invest and deal with any funds or assets not immediately required for the purposes of the company as may be deemed expedient and to invest money on behalf of any other company or individual and to guarantee the security of such investment ;

(*m*) To enter into any arrangement with any authority or government, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, concessions, subsidies or other benefits which it may seem desirable to obtain, and to carry out or exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights and benefits, and to procure the company to be licensed, registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein and do such acts and things as may be expedient under the laws of such country to represent the company and enable it effectively to carry on business or prosecute its affairs there and elsewhere ;

(*n*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, lease, sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange or otherwise dispose of or deal with any real estate, lands, buildings or other property or rights necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the company's business, and to pay for the same in whole or in part, in cash or bonds or by the issue of fully paid-up and non-assessable shares or other securities of this company or otherwise ;

(*o*) To produce and accumulate electricity and electro-motive force or other agency similar or otherwise, and to use and supply the same for power, lighting and heating purposes in connection with the business of the company, and to sell and dispose of any surplus

electricity and electro-motive force for power, lighting and heating purposes, subject to the provincial and municipal laws and regulations ;

(*p*) To do any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, managers, supervisors or otherwise, and by or through trustees or agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such things as may be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*q*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent upon each other, and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise restricted by reason of any other clauses of such objects, powers or purposes or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Macfarlane Shoe, Limited," with a capital stock of four hundred thousand dollars, divided into 4,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Anglo-Canadian Fisheries, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1916, incorporating Richard Tuson Heneker and Henry Noel Chauvin, both of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law ; Harold Earle Walker and John Noel Beauchamp, advocates, and Hugh Wylie, book-keeper ; all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as fishermen and the business of fishing, including among other things catching, curing, drying, smoking, preserving, canning, packing, importing, exporting, buying, selling and otherwise dealing with and in fish and fish products of all descriptions, and the oils, fertilizing and other by-products thereof, oysters, lobsters and all kinds of shell fish, to catch, buy, store, sell and distribute bait and fish of every description, whether fresh, salt or frozen, to engage in and carry on the business of lobster packers, curers and canners, and catch, buy, sell, pack, deal in, cure and can lobsters and other fish ;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and own lands of whatsoever description and wheresoever situate, and water lots, wharfage rights and privileges, fishing, trawling and seining rights and other easements, rights and privileges whatsoever ;

(*c*) To construct or otherwise acquire, operate, control, manage, let and deal in :—

(1) Trawlers, fishing boats and appliances, tugs, boats, barges, scows, ships, steamers and other vessels of every description, and wharves, docks, piers, slips and works for the improvement of navigation and for the conduct of fishing, whaling and other operations, also structures, appliances and equipment for fishing, whaling, seining, trawling or sealing purposes or for the handling of traffic in any form or any description ;

(2) Works, stores, warehouses, hatcheries, shops, cold storage, and refrigerating buildings and plants, sheds, offices, structures and plant, appliances, equipment and machinery for the cleaning, curing, canning, packing, storage, handling or otherwise dealing in the products or by-products of fish and fisheries, of whatsoever description, or of whaling or sealing operations or any other incidental operation carried on by the company ;

(3) Mills, machinery, shops, factories, works, appliances, equipment of every description for the handling, manufacture or the sale of any products or by-products of or resulting from the operations of the company or of any combination of such products or by-products with any other materials or thing whatsoever ;

(4) Reservoirs, dams, aqueducts, canals, flumes, drains, bridges, roadways and all other works, appliances and equipment incidental to the foregoing ;

(5) Power houses, plant, machinery, equipment and works for the generation, distribution and utilization of any form of power for lighting, heating or for any other purposes ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in cans, barrels, boxes, packages or other receptacles for containing food products and to manufacture, sell and trade in all products of every description and to carry on any business or businesses subsidiary, auxiliary or similar to the business mentioned in this sub-clause and which the company may deem it expedient to carry on in aid thereof or in substitution therefor ;

(*e*) To manufacture and deal in fertilizers and glue from fish and to refine oils obtained from fish ;

(*f*) To buy, sell and salve wrecked vessels of every sort, their materials, appurtenances and cargo, and to own and employ wrecking steamers, lighters and pumps with other wrecking appliances ;

(*g*) To cut, manufacture, buy, sell and distribute ice, wholesale or retail ;

(*h*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*i*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*j*) To amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*k*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the aforesaid Act to take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*n*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think

necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*p*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out, or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, water-courses into power plants, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works for the development and distribution of electric power for lighting, heating and other purposes, shops, stores and other works and conveniences. which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof, and to sell and distribute any surplus electric power not required for the purposes of the company, subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf;

(*q*) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will, and assets of any person, firm or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which this company is authorized to carry on or possessing property suitable for the purposes of this company, and as a part of the consideration for such acquisition, to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company;

(*r*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures or other securities for the payment either, in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, services, rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, power, privilege, license or concession which this company may legally acquire and in payment or part payment of or in exchange for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar or incidental to the business of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the aforesaid Act;

(*s*) To remunerate, with the approval of the shareholders, any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital, or any debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business;

(*t*) To develop and turn to account any land acquired by the company or in which it is interested, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for farming and building purposes, constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, fitting up and improving buildings and conveniences and by planting, paving, draining, farming. cultivating, letting on building lease or building agreement;

(*u*) To distribute by dividend or otherwise any of the property of the company in specie or kind among the members and particularly paid-up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company;

(*v*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph;

(*w*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*x*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*y*) To adopt such means of making known the product of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*z*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*aa*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Anglo-Canadian Fisheries, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

Commercial Building Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating George Vipond Cousins, Nathaniel Rennie Curry and Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, barristers-at-law, Darley Burleigh Smith, manager, and Dorothy Dance, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire either for investment or re-sale and to hold either absolutely as owner or otherwise and to sell on such terms and conditions as the company may deem expedient, and to traffic in land, houses, buildings and other property immovable or movable, and any interest therein, and to create, sell and deal in freehold and leasehold ground rents and generally to deal and traffic by way of sale, lease, exchange or otherwise, in land and buildings and house property, and any other property whether movable or immovable; to carry on a general real estate agency business, including the undertaking of investigations, valuations, sales, exchanges, leases, subdivisions and the like;

(*b*) To develop and turn to account any land acquired by or in which the company is interested, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for building purposes or otherwise, and by constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, furnishing, fitting up and improving buildings of any or every nature, and by planting, paving, draining, farming, cultivating the same and by leasing the same on business lease or business agreement, and by advancing money to and entering into contracts and arrangements of all kinds with builders, contractors, tenants or others;

(*c*) To construct, erect, build, repair, and alter buildings or other structures and to buy, own, hold, sell, lease and deal in buildings of all kinds and descriptions and in stone, lime, sand, bricks, timber, hardware and other materials or articles used in building;

(*d*) To make and to enter into any agreement or covenant for paving, macadamizing, grading, cleaning or watering, streets or highways, and for the construction, opening and repairing of conduits, cisterns, drains, sewers or streets;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to undertake the whole or any part of the business, property or liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of this company, and to pay for the same, either in whole or in part in the bonds, debentures, fully paid-up shares or other securities of the company;

(*f*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise or to take the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company carrying on or about to carry on or engage in any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*g*) To issue and allot fully paid shares of the company in payment or part payment of any business, franchise, undertaking, property, right, power, privilege, lease, license or contract which the company is authorized to acquire;

(*h*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may see fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or securities of any other company;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any government, municipal or local authority, or with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to guarantee the contracts of, either with or without security, and to lend money to, or otherwise assist any such person or company, undertaking to build on or improve any property in which the company is interested ;

(*j*) To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, shares, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations or other securities of any company or undertaking having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, federal, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them ;

(*l*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*m*) To distribute any of the property of the company in specie among its shareholders ;

(*n*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or attorneys ;

(*o*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any of the above objects ;

(*p*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph hereof or by reference to or inference from the name of the company ;

(*q*) To remunerate any person, firm or corporation, for the selling or placing of any share or shares in the capital stock of the company by paying to any such person, firm or corporation a commission or commissions ;

(*r*) To assume, take over, and enter into any contract, agreement or undertaking relating to or connected with any class of business which the company is authorized to carry on, and which prior to the incorporation of the company has been made or entered into by any person, firm or corporation acting as trustee or trustees, under any trust created with a view to the incorporation of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Commercial Building Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under Secretary of State.

24–2

The Mooney Chocolate Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of November, 1916, incorporating Eratus Edwin Howard and Jacob DeWitt, advocates, Harold Ernest Andrews Rose, student-at-law, Henry Charles McNeil, accountant, and Helen Burns, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following, viz : —

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, exchange and otherwise trade and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all descriptions ;

(*b*) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other obligations and securities of any company carrying on or engaged in a business which the company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to promote or amalgamate with any other such company, to buy the assets and good-will of any company, individual or firm carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for the same in whole or in part by bonds or paid-up stock of this company ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to hold such property, movable and immovable, as may be deemed necessary and requisite for the purposes of the company's business, including stores, warehouses, machine shops, foundries, wharves, docks and other establishments, and to erect and construct the same when and where advisable ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold security of any kind, real or personal, for debts, liabilities and obligations of the company in respect of its purposes and objects, and to improve, manage, develop, sell, lease or dispose of any of the property and rights of the company ;

(*g*) To carry on or promote a company to carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which is germane to any of the objects above specified ;

(*h*) To exercise all the foregoing powers either as principals or as agents for others on commission, sharing of profits or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Mooney Chocolate Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, divided into 1,750 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Montreal East, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24–2

Canadian-American Lumber & Mfg. Co., Ltd.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1916, incorporating William Walter Perry, secretary, Kenneth MacKenzie, student-at-law, Charles Herbert Croft Leggott and Edna Fitzsimons, accountants, and Marguerite Lyola Halley, stenographer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To engage in, do and transact the lumber business in any and all its branches ; to buy or otherwise acquire and sell or otherwise dispose of and in any manner deal in and with trees, logs, lumber, timber wood and bark of any and all kinds, in any and all states, forms and conditions, whether felled, standing or growing, and in any and all worked, built, manufactured or made shapes, articles, or structures ; to build, manufacture and make any and all such articles and structures and to use, sell or in any manner deal with or dispose of the same ; to fell, haul, float or otherwise transport, cut, dress, treat, work and handle trees, logs, lumber, timber wood and bark of any and all kinds in any and all manners and for any and all purposes whatsover ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, build, construct, own, hold, take on lease, license, rent, use, operate, lease, let, sell, convey or otherwise dispose of,

and in any manner deal in and with lumber mills, saw mills and other works, machinery, plants and equipments for felling, hauling, floating or otherwise transporting, cutting, dressing, treating, working and hauling trees, logs, lumber, timber wood and bark in any and all forms and for any and all purposes ;

(*c*) To manufacture, produce, buy, sell and in any manner deal in and with wood pulp, pulp-board and any and all fibres and fibrous materials used or usable in or in connection with the manufacture or treatment of paper of any kind, and any and all kinds of paper and any and all ingredients, components, products and compounds thereof and any and all materials used or usable in or in connection with the manufacture or treatment thereof, products and by-products of the same, and any and all articles made therefrom ; to construct, purchase or otherwise acquire, rent, take on lease, license or under agreement own, hold, use, operate, lease, sell, convey or or otherwise dispose of, and in any manner deal in and with pulping plants, paper plants, and any and all kinds of plants. mills, machinery and other works, structures, contrivances and appliances for manufacturing, producing or treating wood pulp and other fibres and any and all other materials used or usable in or in connection with the manufacture or treatment of paper, and any and all kinds of paper and the ingredients, components, products, by-products, and compounds thereof and the materials made therefrom; and to acquire by purchase or otherwise, take on lease, license or under agreement, own, search for, hold, use, mine, work, operate, develop, lease, sell, convey, or otherwise dispose of, and in any manner deal in and with mines, mining claims, mineral lands and deposits containing iron pyrites, iron, stone, clay, brick, earth, sulphur, coal, agolite or any fibrous or other minerals, materials or substances used or usable in or in connection with the manufacture or treatment of paper or otherwise, and the development of woodlands and the manufacture, sale and disposition of any surplus product of said woodlands, and mines and the production and sale of any products, surplus or by-products of said businesses :

(*d*) To purchase, or otherwise acquire. own, hold, rent, take on lease, license, or under agreement, use, improve, deal in, lease, sell, convey, or otherwise dispose of, timber lands and timber limits, wood lands and lands for agricultural, stock and other purposes, and all stock, crops, growth, yield, product, products and increase thereof, therefrom or thereon, and rights to cut or take wood or timber or other yield or produce from such or any lands, and any and all rights, privileges, easements and interests in, on, over or upon such or any lands ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the properties, rights or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effects required by the company or its workmen or servants ;

(*g*) To take, acquire and hold as the consideration for goods sold or supplied or otherwise dispose of, or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*h*) To acquire and take over as going concerns or otherwise, the undertakings, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares or liabilities of such companies ;

(*i*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold and with or without guarantee to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in and of any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorised to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*m*) To carry on and undertake any other business, which may from time to time seem to the directors of this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its objects or calculated directly or render valuable or enhance the value of any of the company's privileges or rights, and as incidental to the carrying on of its busines and to make and endorse negotiable paper ;

(*n*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority, any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*o*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or its predecessors in business, or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*p*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the properties, rights or liabilities of this company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company ;

(*q*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*s*) To pay out of the funds of the company all the expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company ;

(*t*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principal, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, sub-contractors or otherwise, and by and

through trustees, agents, sub-contractors or otherwise, and alone or jointly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all and everything necessary or incidental for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, or incidental to the powers herein named or which shall at any time be necessary or incidental for the protection or benefit of the corporation ;

(*u*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian-American Lumber & Mfg. Co., Limited," with a capital stock of five thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of fifty dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of November, 1916, incorporating Leon Daoust and Aimé Daoust, clerks, Annie McPartlin, Elsie Bramson and Malca Levitt, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares, appliances, merchandise of all sorts and descriptions and to establish. maintain and conduct a jobbing, commission, brokerage and general agency business ;

(*b*) To design, construct, monufacture, build, erect, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, own, improve, develop, repair, alter, maintain, operate, manage, sell, exchange, let out to hire, charter or otherwise deal in and dispose of appliances, buildings, plants, cquipments, machinery, implements, materials and supplies of every description ;

(*c*) To acquire all or any part of the good-will, property and assets, including any ageny, option contract, agreement, concession or the like of any individual, firm, associationor corporation carrying on a similar business and to pay for the same wholly or in part in cash or bonds, or in payment or part payment therefor to allot and issue, as fully paid up and non-assessable, shares of the capital stock of the company whether subscribed for or not ;

(*d*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the property, assets, rights, undertakings or good-will of the company, and to accept payment for the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds, stock or other securities of any corporation or company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, trade marks, copyrights, agencies, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or process and to turn to account, sell, lease or otherwise deal in such patents, trade marks, copyrights, licenses, agencies or concessions ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the stock, shares, securities or undertakings of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its undertakings or assets to or to amalgamate with any such company :

(*g*) To enter into any agreement for the sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, hold, sell and deal in the business, assets, good-will, stock, shares or securities of any person, firm or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company and generally to do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which the company is incorporated, and to exercise all other powers permitted by the Act.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Under-Secretary of State.

W. E. Ranger, Limitée.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 22day of November, 1916, incorporating Hector Dupont, civil engineer, Wilfrid Emile Ranger, Jean-Baptiste Origène Ranger, Joseph Evariste Ranger, merchants, Joseph Aldéric Robillard, King's counsel and advocate, all of the City of Lachine, in the County of Jacques-Cartier, Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire the hardware business and the good-will of Wilfrid E. Ranger, merchant, of the City of Lachine, County of Jacques-Cartier, Province of Quebec, together with all the liabilities and assets of such business, and to pay therefor in paid-up shares of this company ;

(*b*) To manufacture, purchase, sell and carry on a hardware business in all its branches ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, exchange, lease or otherwise, from any person, firm or company any business similar to that of this company, as a going concern or otherwise, and to pay for the same in cash or in bonds or fully paid-up shares of this company ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire by lease or any other title and to hold any movable and immovable property which may be useful to the objects for which this company is incorporated, and to pay for the same either in cash or in bonds or paid-up shares of this company ;

(*e*) To sell, exchange, lease any immovable or movable property and to dispose thereof ;

(*f*) To construct, undertake and utilize, on lands owned or held by the company, any other buildings which may be useful for the carrying on of the undertakings and business of the company ;

(*g*) To purchase, acquire, sell any brevets d'invention, and trade marks appertaining to the company's business ;

(*h*) To draw, make, accept, endorse and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, cheques, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable instruments ;

(*i*) To accept in payment or as security for any debts owing to the company, hypothecs, charges, from any persons, corporations or companies ;

(*j*) To amalgamate or to enter into partnership with any other firm, person or company carrying on a business similar, in whole or in part, to that of this company and to enter into any arrangements for the sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, and reciprocal concessions relating to the business and transactions which this company is authorized to carry on ;

(*k*) To lease, sell the undertaking and assets of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration

as may be deemed advisable or for the shares, debentures and bonds issued by any other companies or corporations ;

(*l*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company any shares, debentures, securities or assets belonging to the company or, with the approval of the shareholders, fully paid-up and non-assessable shares in consideration for work done or services rendered ;

(*m*) To purchase and hold shares in any other companies carrying on a business similar, in whole or in part, to that of this company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "W. E. Ranger, Limitée," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Lachine, in the Province of Québec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 28th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

A. H. Chave & Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act" letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating Archibald Henry Chave, of the Town of Woodlands, in the Province of Quebec, merchant, Clifford LaRue Morham, merchant, Phillip Brais, student, Clara Thomas and Ella Jackson, stenographers, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To cut, harvest, treat, manufacture, buy, sell, export, import and otherwise deal in timber, lumber and wood of all kinds and description and to treat, prepare and manufacture, buy, sell, export and import and generally deal in articles of all kinds and description in the manufacturing of which timber or wood is used, and in all classes of furniture, fittings, fixtures, machinery, implements, tools, findings, conveniences or accessories in any way relating to the foregoing or to any object of the company, and to prepare same and all such articles for market and to carry on in all its branches a lumber, timber and pulpwood business both manufacturing and mercantile ;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire real estate, lands, locations, surface rights, timber limits, wood lands and timber lands, water lots, river rights, mines, mining rights, government, municipal or other rights, privileges, franchises, easements, and licenses of all kinds or any interest therein and to explore, work, exercise, operate, sell, dispose of, exchange or otherwise deal in same ;

(*c*) To acquire by lease, purchase, own and dispose of machinery, implements, conveniences and things capable of being used or in any way necessary or convenient for the carrying on of the foregoing operations and to develop, accumulate and utilize, mechanical aid, water-power and all classes of motive force for the purposes of this undertaking ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to take over the business, undertaking, property, assets, franchises, good-will, rights and privileges of any person, firm or corporation carrying on any business similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on and to pay therefor, wholly or partially, in cash or paid-up shares, bonds or debentures of this company, or otherwise, and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or corporation, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities, franchises and privileges of this company to any person, firm or corporation for such consideration and security as the company may think fit, and particularly for the shares, bonds, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar or in any way incidental or relative to the objects of this company, and without limiting the scope of the foregoing and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act to acquire, hold, own and dispose of shares, bonds, debentures or securities of any other corporation having objects similar to this company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire or dispose of any patents of invention, licenses, concessions or the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of this company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit or be convenient to the carrying on of the objects for which incorporation is now sought ;

(*f*) To sell the whole or any part of the business on a majority vote of shareholders and to enter into any agreement as to the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, consolidation, amalgamation and reciprocal concession with any company, firm or person carrying on business similar to or in any way allied with the objects of this company and to aid by guarantee of contracts, guarantee, endorsement, loan, or accommodation any such company, firm or person ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the objects for which incorporation is now sought or calculated, directly or indirectly, to advance, benefit or extend the scope and intention of this company ;

(*h*) The powers granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by a reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "A. H. Chave & Company, Limited", with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

J. Einstein, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating Charles Macpherson Holt, one of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Errol Malcolm McDougall and Pierre Francois Casgrain, advocates, John Buchanan Henderson, clerk, and John Alden Aylen, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following pusposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To take over as a going concern the business heretofore carried on in the City of Montreal and elsewhere in Canada under the firm name and style of "J. Einstein, Inc," Importers, and to give as consideration therefor fully paid-up shares in the capital stock of the company ;

(*b*) To manufacture, import, buy, sell, deal in cloths of all kinds, leather, silks and other supplies and fabrics used or capable of being used in the manufacture, sale, handling, or use of shoes, shoe supplies and furnishings ; to manufacture, import, buy, sell and deal in shoe fabrics of every kind and nature ; to carry on the business of importing, dealing in and manufacturing any and all supplies used, required or employed in manufacturing and producing shoes and to buy, sell and deal in, either as principal, agent or otherwise, any and all such supplies, and to carry on a general importing and merchandise business and particularly the business of importing, handling and dealing in all kinds of fabrics, wares, supplies, merchandise in any way entering into or connected with the manufacture of boots, shoes and other foot apparel ;

(*c*) To carry on a manufacturing and merchandise business, producing, buying, selling and handling in connection therewith any and all such merchandise as the company from time to time may find advantageous, without herein particularly defining, classifying or

describing the various kinds of manufacturing business to be done and merchandise to be bought, sold and dealt in as aforesaid.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "J. Einstein, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each; and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Rosemount, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating James Bowes Coyne, one of his Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Frank Kent Hamilton, barrister-at-law, Samuel Francis Moffat, solicitor, Alfred Beatty Rosevear, student-at-law, and Elizabeth Annie Bird, stenographer, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, acquire, hold, sell, lease, dispose of and deal with and in, lands and any rights and interests in land, mines, leaseholds, mining rights, timber limits and concessions from any Government, person or corporation and to settle, build upon, subdivide work, operate, drain, develop, cultivate, farm, or in any way improve and utilize same, to lease, sell, and otherwise deal with, exchange or dispose of same; to carry on the business of a land and land improvement company, and to improve such lands by building, ranching, farming, mining, and lumbering.

(*b*) To erect, equip, fit up and furnish houses or apartment houses, hotels, stores, dwellings, factories, warehouses, stables, garages, stations, repair shops, power houses, and other buildings and works and to lay pipes, improve roads, streets and lanes, erect poles, string wires, and to generate and make lease or otherwise obtain steam, gas, electric, water or other power, and to distribute such power and to operate systems for the distribution of such power, subject to local and municipal regulations.

(*c*) To use, own, maintain, manage, and operate, all or any of such lands, buildings, erections and premises to and for any lawful purpose or purposes, and to carry on in or upon any of the same any businesses for which the same may be suited ;

(*d*) To operate, manage, lease, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, use, improve, sell, or otherwise dispose of or deal with or in electric or other power, and property of every kind whatsoever, whether real or personal, or any interest therein.

(*e*) To require, hold, sell, agreements for the purchase and sale of land or any interest therein, and to acquire or alienate any property of any kind whatsoever or any interest therein for such consideration as the company may deem advisable ; and without restricting the generality of the foregoing either for cash or for the capital stock, debentures or debenture stock of the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, hold, assign, sell, transfer, or otherwise deal in shares of capital stock and bonds, debentures, securities or evidences of debt created or issued by any other corporation or corporations wheresoever and howsoever incorporated, and to purchase, hold, assign, transfer, and otherwise dispose of or deal with any bonds or debentures of any government, legislature, municipality, city, town, village, situated in Canada or elsewhere ;

(*g*) To guarantee performance of contracts by or otherwise assist persons, firms or corporations having or about to have dealings with the company.

(*h*) To acquire, use, and work the assets, franchises and rights of other companies having similar purposes.

(*i*) To carry on any other business whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with this business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of any of this company's property or rights ;

(*j*) To enter into arrangements with the Dominion or any Provincial Government, and with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority, any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To enter into partnership, amalgamation or any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, or otherwise, with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction, which the company is authorized to carry on, or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company ; subject, however, in all things to the provisions of the Manitoba Joint Stock Companies Act.

(*l*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of this company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company ;

(*m*) To invest and deal with moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration, including shares, debentures, bonds or securities of other corporations, or otherwise, as the Company may think fit.

(*o*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved any assets of the Company among its members. and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of any other company, formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this Company;

(*p*) To make, draw, accept, endorse and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise and by or through, agents, or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*r*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*s*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs and expenses in connection with incorporation, organization and sale of shares.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Rosemount, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Wood Bros., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 1st day of December, 1916, incorporating Gerald Baxter Wood, merchant, and Charles Albert Hale, advocate, both of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, King's counsel, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, and Archibald Frederick Wood, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, merchant, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on the business of wholesale and retail merchants, manufacturers and importers of wall paper,

paints, varnishes, oils, glue, jute, furniture, furniture coverings, upholstering goods, curtains, rugs, carpets, pictures, frames, mouldings, fixtures, metals, fibrous and solid plaster, artificial stone and all other merchandise or commodities necessary for or generally employed in the interior decoration and furnishing of houses, offices, buildings and constructions of all kinds, and to act as agents for and dealers in such lines, and as general contractors in the business of interior decorations ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes thereof or which the company may be hereby empowered to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to pay for the same in cash or in fully or partly paid-up or non-assessable shares of the company, or both, or in any other manner whatsoever ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold, use (on lease, license or otherwise), and to exercise, develop and introduce, and to sell, assign, lease or otherwise dispose of or turn to account any patents, trade marks, inventions, copyrights, improvements and processes, concessions and the like useful to the business of the company ;

(*d*) To sell, lease, exchange, turn to account or otherwise dispose of or deal with the properties, assets and undertakings of the company, either in whole or in part, for such consideration as the company may deem fit, including shares, debentures or securities of this or any other company, and to distribute among its shareholders any cash, securities or other consideration so received ;

(*e*) Notwithstanding section 44 of The Companies Act, to acquire and hold and to sell and otherwise dispose of shares or securities of any other company having for any of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of this company, and to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, with any person, firm or corporation carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on and to make advances to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist such person or company or any of this company's customers;

(*g*) To pay for any property, rights or privileges acquired by or with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered to the company by the issue of fully or partly paid up and non-assessable shares in the capital stock of this company;

(*h*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*i*) To pay all costs incidental to securing the charter of incorporation or in connection with the formal organization of the company ;

(*j*) To do any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, managers, supervisors or otherwise ;

(*k*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent upon each other and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes, without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise restricted by reason of any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Wood Bros., Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24–2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 110 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 53.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

QUEBEC.

(366) Batiscan river—Range day beacons.

The following day beacons are maintained to mark the channel in Batiscan river from the mouth of the river to Ste. Geneviève de Batiscan.

(1) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of mouth of Batiscan river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 11″; Long. W. 72° 14′ 50″

Description.—Pole with diamond-shaped daymark attached.

Colour of daymark.—Black diamond centre with white border.

Height of beacon.—21 feet.

(2) *Position of back beacon.*—1075 feet 249° 30′ (S. 86° W. mag.) from front beacon (1).

Description.—Pole with diamond shaped daymark attached.

Colour of daymark.—Black diamond centre with white border.

Height of beacon.—27 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (1) and (2) in line lead up from the river St. Lawrence to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (3) and (4).

Each of the under-mentioned day beacons consists of an unpainted pole, with a white diamond-shaped daymark with an open centre attached.

(3) *Position of front beacon.*—On north side of mouth of Batiscan river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 23″, Long. W. 72° 15′ 0″

Height of beacon.—15 feet.

(4) *Position of back beacon.*—1000 feet 289° 30′ (N. 54° W. mag.) from front beacon (3).

Height of beacon.—22 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (3) and (4) in line lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (1) and (2) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (5) and (6).

(5) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of Batiscan river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 20″, Long. W. 72° 15′ 33″

Height of beacon.—17 feet.

(6) *Position of back beacon.*—900 feet 273° (N. 70° 30′ W. mag.) from front beacon (5).

Height of beacon.—23 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (5) and (6) in line lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (3) and (4) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (7) and (8).

(7) *Position of front beacon.*—On north side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 29″, Long. W. 72° 16′ 1″

Height of beacon.—16 feet.

(8) *Position of back beacon.*—850 feet 284° (N. 59° 30′ W. mag.) from front beacon (7).

Height of beacon.—23 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (7) and (8) in line lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (5) and (6) to a point 1100 feet below beacon (7).

(9) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 8″, Long. W. 72° 16′ 57″

Height of beacon.—15 feet.

(10) *Position of back beacon.*—1100 feet 221° 30′ (S. 58° W. mag.) from front beacon (9).

Height of beacon.—22 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (9) and (10) in line lead up from a turn in the channel 1800 feet below beacon (9) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (13) and (14).

(11) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 12″, Long. W. 72° 16′ 46″

Height of beacon.—16 feet.

(12) *Position of back beacon.*—950 feet 89° (S. 74° 30′ E. mag.) from front beacon (11).

Height of beacon.—23 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (11) and (12) in one astern lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (9) and (10) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (15) and (16).

(13) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 12″, Long. W. 72° 17′ 42″

Height of beacon.—15 feet.

(14) *Position of back beacon.*—2350 feet 269° (N. 74° 30′ W. mag.) from front beacon.

Height of beacon.—22 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (13) and (14) in line lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (9) and (10) to the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (15) and (16).

Note.—Beacons (13) and (14) are in the same alignment as beacons (11) and (12).

(15) *Position of front beacon.*—On south side of river.

Lat. N. 46° 31′ 10″, Long. W. 72° 17′ 24″

Height of beacon.—15 feet.

(16) *Position of back beacon.*—2550 feet 110° (S. 53° 30′ E. mag.) from front beacon.

Height of beacon.—23 feet.

Remarks.—Beacons (15) and (16) in one astern lead up from the intersection of their alignment with that of beacons (13) and (14) to a point 0.8 mile above beacon (15).

N. to M. No. 110 (366) 6-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 16° 30 W.
Authority: Report from Supt. of Lights, Montreal.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2779 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 14, 23 and 24.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 47.
Departmental File: No. 30419.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 6th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

23-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 112 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 55.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(370) South coast—Bay of Fundy—Point Lepreau—Amended new characteristic of fog alarm.

Former notice.—No. 84 (280) of 1916.

Position.—On point Lepreau.
Lat. N. 45° 3′ 30″, Long. W. 66° 27′ 39″

New characteristic of fog alarm.—The fog alarm has been changed so as to sound three blasts of $2\frac{1}{2}$ seconds, with intervals of 4 seconds between them, every minute, thus :

Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent interval
$2\frac{1}{2}$ secs.	4 secs.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ secs.	4 secs.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ secs.	$44\frac{1}{2}$ secs.

N. to M. No. 112 (370) 9-11-16.

Authority : Report from N. B. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts : Nos. 2013, 352, 1651 and 2670.
Publication : Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 304.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916 : No. 48.
Departmental File : No. 20048F.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(371) South coast—Off Shelburne harbour—Uncharted shoal.

Position.—$4\frac{1}{4}$ miles 163° 30′ (S. 3° 15′ W. mag.) from cape Roseway lighthouse.
Lat. N. 43° 33′ 12″, Long. W. 65° 14′ 5″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:—

The Salvages fog alarm	0°
Cape Negro island lighthouse	9°
Cape Roseway lighthouse	104° 30′
Gull rock lighthouse	60° 45′

Depth.—8 fathoms.

Description.—Ridge of smooth rock, area under 10 fathoms 100 yards north and south and 10 yards across. *The shoal is reported to break in a heavy sea*

N. to M. No. 112 (371) 9-11-16.

Variation in 1916 : 19° 45′ W.
Authority : Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia".
Admiralty charts : Nos. 340, 730, 1651 and 2670.
Publication : Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 203.
Departmental File : No. 31589.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(372) South coast—Lockeport approach—Uncharted shoals—Position of shoal.

(*1*) *Position of shoal.*—About 1 mile northeast of Gull rock lighthouse.
Lat. N. 43° 40′ 2″, Long. W. 65° 5′ 0″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :—

Gull rock lighthouse	0°
Carter island lighthouse	128° 30′
Southern end of Ram island, summit	88 50

Depth.—$19\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Description.—Smooth rock, area under 5 fathoms 10 yards across, only one cast of $19\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

(*2*) *Position of shoal.*—About $1\frac{1}{4}$ cables east of the south end of Cranberry island.
Lat. N. 43° 41′ 10″, Long. W. 65° 5′ 53″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :—

Gull rock lighthouse	0°
Triangulation station on Western head	52° 55′
Carter island lighthouse	123 45
Southern end of Ram island, summit	100 30

Depth.—13½ feet.

Description.—Large stones over flat rock, area under 4 fathoms 10 yards across, only one cast of 13½ feet.

(3) *Position of shoal.*—About 4 cables east of the south end of Cranberry island.

Lat. N. 43° 41′ 13″, Long. W. 65° 5′ 35″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :—

Gull rock lighthouse	0°
Outer rock off south end of Cranberry island	39° 55′
Carter island lighthouse	119 5
Southern end of Ram island, summit	113 45

Depth.—19½ feet.

Description.—Pinnacle of rock, area under 4 fathoms 10 yards across, only one cast of 19½ feet.

The following particulars relate to the shoal off the entrance to Lockeport harbour described in Notice to Mariners No. 3 (5) of 1915.

Position of shoal.—About 1⅓ miles northeast of Gull rock lighthouse.

Lat. N. 43° 40′ 10″, Long. W. 65° 4′ 30″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :—

Gull rock lighthouse	0°
Carter island lighthouse	108° 5′
Southern end of Ram island, summit	100 5

Depth.—11 feet.

Description.—Point of rock, area under 5 fathoms 30 yards across, only one cast of 11 feet.

N. to M. No. 112 (372) 9-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 19° 45′ W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia".
Admiralty charts: Nos. 340, 730, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot 1911, pages 198 and 199.
Departmental Files: Nos. 31589 and 19966.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 9th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

23-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 113 of 1916.

(Inland No. 34.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO

(373) Lake Erie—Wreck southeastward of Southeast shoal lightship.

Wreck.—Capt. Carmine, of the U. S. Coast Guard steamer "Morrill," has reported the discovery of a wreck, with one mast 6 feet above water, about 9 miles 120° (S. 57° E. mag.) from the Southeast shoal lightship.

The wreck is supposed to be that of the steamer "Marshall Butters," lost on 20th October, 1916. The least depth over the hull is 6¼ fathoms.

N. to M. No. 113 (373) 10-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 3° W.
Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M., No. 45 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 332 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108 D, 1907, page 83.

ONTARIO

(374) Georgian bay, east side—Giants Tomb island—Hand fog horn at lightstation.

Position.—At the lightstation on the south side of Giants Tomb island.

Lat. N. 44° 52′ 47″, Long. W. 80° 0′ 28″

Description.—Hand fog horn.

Remarks.—It is used to answer signals from steamers in the vicinity of the station in thick weather.

N. to M. No. 113 (374) 10-11-16.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 327 and 678.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 83.
Publication: Sailing Directions for Georgian Bay, 1915, page 297.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2004.
Departmental File: No. 22004 S.

ONTARIO

(375) Lake Superior—Uncharted rock south of Moss island.

Position.—0.18 mile 243° 45′ (S. 62° 30′ W. mag.) from the south extreme of Moss island; and $\frac{1}{8}$ mile 32° (N. 30° 45′ E. mag.) from the small islet lying $\frac{1}{4}$ mile southwestward of Moss island.

Lat. N. 48° 38′ 7″, Long. W. 88° 9′ 29″

Depth.—10 feet, below the datum of 603 feet above mean tide, New York.

Description.—The rock is smooth and the water is deep close-to all around.

N. to M. No. 113 (375) 10-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 1° 15′ E.
Authority: Report from Mr. H. D. Parizeau, Hydrographic Surveyor.
Admiralty chart: No. 320.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 103.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108 A, 1906, page 87.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

ONTARIO

(376) Lake Superior—Big Trout bay—Uncharted shoal.

Position.—In the entrance to Big Trout bay.

Description.—A very narrow ridge of 10 fathoms with three sharp heads, the positions of which and the depths over them are as follows:

(1) *Position of westerly shoal spot.*—0.87 mile 38° 15′ (N. 35° 15′ E. mag.) from the east extreme of Pine point.

Lat. N. 48° 3′ 7″, Long. W. 89° 26′ 11″

Depth.—11 feet.

(2) *Position of shoal spot.*—0.92 mile 40° 30′ (N. 37° 30′ E. mag.) from the east extreme of Pine point.

Lat. N. 48° 3′ 7″, Long. W. 89° 26′ 8″

Depth.—20 feet.

(3) *Position of easterly shoal spot.*—1.04 miles 45° (N. 42° E. mag.) from the east extreme of Pine point.

Lat. N. 48° 3′ 10″, Long. W. 89° 25′ 56″

Depth.—27$\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Note.—Depths are below the datum of 603 feet above mean tide, New York.

N. to M. No. 113 (376) 10-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 3° E.
Authority: Report from Mr. H. D. Parizeau, Hydrographic Surveyor.
Admiralty chart: No. 320.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 101.
Publication: U.S.H.O. Publication No. 108 A, 1906, page 78.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 10th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters, to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 114 of 1916.

(Inland No. 35)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(377) Lake Erie—Port Maitland—Fog bell at lighthouse—Temporary back range light.

(*1*) *Position of fog bell.*—At Port Maitland lighthouse on the west pier, 100 feet from its outer end.
Lat. N. 42° 51′ 8″, Long. W. 79° 34′ 48″

Description.—An electrically operated fog bell, which rings continuously during thick or foggy weather.

(*2*) *Position of back range light.*—On the west pier, at the angle in the pier; 900 feet 23° (N. 29° E. mag.) from Port Maitland lighthouse on the west pier.

Character.—Fixed red light, shown from a locomotive headlight reflector lantern.

Elevation.—21 feet.

Visibility.—6 miles in the line of range.

Structure.—Narrow wooden frame, 14 feet high.

N. to M. No. 114 (377) 13-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 6° W.
Authority: Records, Chief Engineer's office, Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 1605, 332 and 678.
Publication: Sailing Directions for the Canadian shore of Lake Erie, 1897, page 16.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1844.
Departmental Files: Nos. 21844F and 37996.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(378) Detroit river—Fighting island south light established—Gas buoy discontinued.

Former notice.—No. 33 (118) of 1916.

(*1*) *Position of light.*—In 6 feet water, west of Fighting island at its lower end, about 35 yards north of the end of the shoal and about 18 yards east of the channel bank.

From the light, Grosse Isle north channel range front light bears 221° (S. 43° W. mag.); Grosse Isle south channel range front light bears 335° (N. 23° W. mag.) ; and Mamajuda range back light bears 356° (N. 2° W. mag.)

Character of light.—Flashing white every 3 seconds, flash 0·3 second duration.

Elevation.—32 feet.

Power.—130 candles.

Structure.—Red pyramidal skeleton structure.

(*2*) *Gas buoy discontinued.*—Fighting Island channel gas buoy 2, which marked the eastern edge of Fighting Island channel at the junction with Ballard reef channel, has been discontinued.

N. to M. No. 114 (378) 13-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 2° W.
Authority: U. S. Dept. of Commerce N. to M. No. 45 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 330, 332 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108C, 1907, page 18.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister

EPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 13th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 116 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 36.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

QUEBEC.

(382) Ottawa river—Chute à Blondeau—Range day beacons erected.

(*1*) *Position of front range beacon.*—On north side of Ottawa river, above island at Chute à Blondeau.

Lat. N. 45° 35′ 46″, Long. W. 74° 29′ 29″

Description.—Pole, with diamond-shaped slatted daymark attached.
Colour.—White.
Height of beacon.—22 feet.

(*2*) *Position of back range beacon.*—394 feet 281° (N. 65° 30′ W. mag.) from the front beacon.

Description.—Pole, with diamond-shaped slatted daymark attached.
Colour.—White.
Height of beacon.—29 feet.

Note.—The beacons are in the same alignment as the Cushing range lights.

N. to M. No. 116 (382) 18-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 13° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Montreal.
Admiralty chart: No 797.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916, page 382.
Departmental File: No. 25049.

QUEBEC.

(383) Ottawa river—Lake Timiskaming—Ville Marie—Buoys established.

The following seven wooden spar buoys have been established to mark the dredged channel, 85 feet wide, in lake Timiskaming leading to the Government wharf at Ville Marie.

(*1*) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, 300 feet 238° (S. 67° W. mag.) from the northwest corner of the wharf.
Colour.—Black.

(*2*) *Position of buoy.*—On south side of channel, opposite (1).
Colour.—Red.

(*3*) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, 625 feet 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (1).
Colour.—Black.

(*4*) *Position of buoy.*—On south side of channel, 1250 feet 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (2).
Colour.—Red.

(*5*) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, 1250 feet 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (3).
Colour.—Black.

(*6*) *Position of buoy.*—On south side of dredged channel at its outer end, 1250 feet 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (4).
Colour.—Red.

(*7*) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, opposite (6); and 625 ft. 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (5).
Colour.—Black.

N. to M. No. 116 (383) 18-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 9° W.
Authority: Departmental records.
Departmental File: No. 25057.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(384) Lake Erie—Conneaut harbour—Wreck removed.

Former notice.—No. 80 (269) of 1916.

Wreck removed.—The wreck of the "Shenango," sunk in Conneaut harbour, has been removed to a depth of 22 feet and no longer constitutes a menace to navigation.

N. to M. No. 116 (384) 18-11-16.

Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M. No. 46 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 332 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108D, 1907, page 34.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA. 18th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 24-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 117 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 37.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(385) Lake Superior—Thunder bay—Port Arthur harbour, south entrance—Light established—Gas buoy withdrawn.

(*1*) *Date of establishment.*—29th November, 1916, without further notice.

Position of light.—On north side of south entrance to Port Arthur harbour, on concrete breakwater.

Lat. N. 48° 24′ 43″, Long. W. 89° 12′ 23″

Character.—Occulting white light, visible 0.8 second and eclipsed 3.2 seconds alternately.

Elevation.—37 feet.

Visibility.—11 miles from all points of approach.

Illuminant.—Acetylene, compressed in acetone.

Structure.—A lens lantern on a wooden pole, small shed at base of pole.

Colour.—White.

Height.—32 feet.

Remarks.—The light is unwatched.

(*2*) *Gas buoy discontinued.*—On the 29th November, 1916, the red gas buoy, moored on the north side of the south entrance to Port Arthur harbour, will be withdrawn without further notice.

N. to M. No. 117 (385) 20-11-16.

Authority: Records, Chief Engineer's office, Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty chart: No. 320
Canadian Naval chart: No. 101.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108 A, 1906, page 83.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2197.1
Departmental File: No. 22197.1C.

MANITOBA.

(386) Lake Winnipeg—Winnipeg beach—Wharf; dredging; range day beacons.

Wharf.—The Government wharf at Winnipeg beach leaves the shore at a point 400 feet 42° 30′ (N. 29° 30′ E. mag.) from the point where the north boundary of Tp. 17, Range 4 East of the Principal Meridian cuts the shore, thence it extends out 600 feet 154° (S. 39° E. mag.) The wharf is 20 feet wide.

Dredging.—The approach to the end of the wharf 40 feet wide for a distance of 900 feet, the axis bearing 302° (N. 71° W. mag.), and a berth 200 feet long and 100 feet wide, on the west side of the wharf, have been dredged to a depth of 7 feet at ordinary low water or to the level of 704.5 feet above mean sea level.

Range day beacons have been established to mark the axis of the dredged channel leading to the wharf, as follows:

Position of front range beacon.—On the north boundary of Township 17, Range 4 East of the Principal Meridian, at a point distant 30 feet from the point where the north boundary of this township cuts the shore.

Description.—Wooden pole, with two cross pieces at the top.

Colour.—Pole, white; cross pieces, red.

Height of beacon.—20 feet.

Position of back range beacon.—300 feet 302° (N. 71° W. mag.) from the front beacon.

Description.—Wooden pole, with two cross pieces at the top.

Colour.—Pole, white; cross pieces, red.

Height of beacon.—20 feet.

N. to M. No. 117 (386) 20-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 13° E.
Authority: Report from Mr. A. J. Stevens, Acting District Engineer, P.W. Dept.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 40.
Departmental File: No. 37739.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 20th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 24-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 118 of 1916.

(Pacific No. 25.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(387) Burrard inlet—Vancouver harbour—Off entrance to Coal harbour—Change in position of mooring buoy.

Change in position of mooring buoy.—The mooring buoy, maintained in Vancouver harbour, off the entrance to Coal harbour, heretofore moored in Lat. N. 49° 17′ 29″, Long. W. 123° 6′ 58″, has been moved to a new position 225 yards 346° (N. 39° W. mag.) from its old position.

Lat. N. 49° 17′ 36″, Long. W. 123° 7′ 0″

Depth.—37 feet.

Description.—Wooden platform buoy, 12 feet square, painted white, showing about a foot above water.

Note.—This mooring buoy is not to be considered as an aid to navigation. It is maintained by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

N. to M. No. 118 (387) 21-11-16.

Variation in 1916 : 25° E.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 922, 1922 and 2689.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 295.
Departmental File: No. 13285.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(388) Tolmie channel—Tenas island—Day beacon erected.

Position.—On Tenas island, the small island on the west side of Sarah island two miles north of Separation point.

Lat. N. 52° 43′ 12″, Long. W. 128° 33′ 40″

Description.—Pyramidal wooden slatwork beacon, surmounted by a wooden slatwork ball.

Colour.—White.

Elevation.—Top of beacon is 33 feet above high water mark.

N. to M. No. 118 (388) 21-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty chart: No. 1923 B.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 2, 1913, page 64.
Departmental File: No. 31125.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 21st November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 24-

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

AGRICULTURE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 118 pp..... 0.10
Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp..... 0.15
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de la Chimie, de la Culture du Sol, et de l'Elevage, pour l'exercice tlrminé le 31 mars 1915, 596 pp..... 0.45
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for November, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus..... 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, novembre 1916, 108 pp. illus..... 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, September, 1916..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription..... 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, September, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Winter Egg Production (Poultry Division). Circular No. 1, 4 pp. Free.
* Incubation Artificielle (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 2, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Pure Bred Male Animals, distribution of by Live Stock Branch, Booklet No. 3, 22 pp. Free.
* Apple in Canada—its cultivation and improvement (Dominion Experimental Farms). Bulletin No. 86, 136 pp. Free.
* Elevez des moutons (Division de l'Industrie Animale). Circulaire No. 10. Gratuit.

ARCHIVES.

Report on work of the Department for years 1914 and 1915. 780 pp..... 0.60

BOARD OF RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS FOR CANADA.

Judgments, Orders, Regulations, and Rulings (fortnightly edition). Vol. VI, No. 17. (Dec. 1st.)
Annual subscription..... 3.00
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CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

* Miscellaneous Information (Third Edition) 8 pp. Free.

COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION.

* Annual report, for year ending March 31, 1916, 284 pp. Free.
* Rapport Annuel pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916, 310 pp. Gratuit.
* "Conservation", monthly bulletin, December, 1916, vol. v. No. 9. Free.
* "Conservation of Life." Quarterly bulletin, July-September, 1916, vol. II, No. 4. Free.
* Poisson, des Oiseaux et du Gibier, Conservation du, 247 pp. Gratuit.

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Imports, Exports and Navigation of Canada, tables of, for year ending March 31, 1916. 772 pp..... 0.50
Trade and Navigation returns for September, 1916, 532 pp. 8vo..... 0.10
* War Measures—Prohibited Exports, 10th June, 1916, 24 pp. Free.

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Annual Report of the Secretary of State for External Affairs, for the year ending March 31, 1916, 40 pp..... 0.05
* Revised Passport Requirements of Foreign Countries. 4 pp. Free.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 280 pp..... 0.30

INLAND REVENUE.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part I. Excise, 236 pp..... 0.15
Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part II. Weights and Measures, Gas and Electricity, 76 pp 0.05
Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part III. Adulteration of Food, 604 pp.... 0.25
Rapport Annuel du département pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916. Partie III. Falsification des substances alimentaires, 604 pp..... 0.30
* Official list of Bulletins issued to September 1916 16 pp. Free.
* Maple Syrup : Bulletin No. 348, 28 pp. Free.

INSURANCE.

Superintendent of Insurance, Report of the, Vol. II, Life Insurance Companies, year ending December 31, 1915.. 0.50
Surintendant des assurances, rapport du, Vol. I. Compagnies d'assurance autres que les compagnies d'assurance sur la vie, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 décembre 1915, 810 pp..... 0.50
* Model Bill for incorporation of Insurance Company, 4 pp. Free

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA PUBLICATIONS—*Continued.*

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Levés hydrographiques du Manitoba, rapport des, pour les années civiles 1912-13-14, 310 pp..... 0.25
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* Irrigation Surveys and Inspections 1915-16, report on, 88 pp. Free.
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* Dominion Lands Acts with amendments, 60 pp. Free.

JUSTICE.

Inspecteurs des Pénitenciers, rapport des, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 232 pp. 0.20

LABOUR.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 122 pp..... 0.10
Rapport des Conseils de Conciliation et d'Enquête pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916 222 pp 0.15
* Labour Gazette, November, 1916, 97 pp. 8vo..... 0.03
* La Gazette du Travail, novembre 1916, 104 pp. 8vo..... 0.03
* Labour Organization in Canada, fifth annual report on, (For the Calendar Year 1915), 232 pp. Free.

MARINE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 288 pp..... 0.20
Rapport annuel du Département, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 386 pp..... 0.25
Inspection des bateaux à vapeur, rapport sur, 168 pp..... 0.05
List of Vessels on the Registry books of the Dominion of Canada on December 31, 1915, 230 pp..... 0.20
* List of Vessels 1915, supplement to, 12 pp. Free.
* " " 8 pp. Free.

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* Militia List (quarterly issue), per annum..... 1.00
" single copies..... 0.30
* Appointments, Promotions and Retirements, Canadian Militia, 21st and 28th September.
* Nominations, Promotions et Retraites, Milice Canadienne, 28 septembre.
* Militia Orders, weekly parts, 9th October.
* Ordres de Milice, édition hebdomadaire du 2 octobre.
* 37th Battalion, also 1st and 2nd Reinforcing Draft, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.

MINES.

* Iron and Steel, production of, in Canada during 1915, 56 pp. Free.
* Feldspar in Canada, 160 pp. Free.

NAVAL SERVICE.

Fisheries Branch, annual Report of, 1915-16, 500 pp..... 0.30
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Postal Guide, 1916 ; Canada Official. Paper cover..... 0.20
" " yearly subscription including supplements..... 0.50
" " cloth cover..... 0.45
" " " including supplements.....

PRIVY COUNCIL.

Appeal of Sir Robert Borden for National Service, 4 pp. Free.
Appel de Sir Robert Borden en faveur du service national, 4 pp. Gratuit.

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* Dominion Companies Act, regulations respecting applications under, 24 pp. Free.
* Judicial Committee of the Privy Council : judgments of, in the Company Cases, 30 pp. Free.
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Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1915, Part VII—Trade of British and Foreign Countries, 560 pp..... 0.35
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Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada, rules and regulations made by the, 24 pp. Free.
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* National Trade and Commerce convention, memorandum regarding, 56 pp. Free,
* "Grain Inspection in Canada," by R. Magill, 64 pp. illus. Free.
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GOVERNMENT OF CANADA PUBLICATIONS—*Continued.*

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Statuts du Canada, 1916	2.50

" Canada at War ": Speech delivered by Rt. Hon. Sir Robert L. Borden in New York City. Nov. 18, 1916. Free.

1916-17 **1916-17**

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th November, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.	1915.	1916.
LIABILITIES.	$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—		
Payable in New York		75,357,000 00
do in Canada	8,725,450 94	303,362,481 57
do in London	362,703,312 40	362,703,312 40
Temporary Loans	165,007,017 53	119,067,808 02
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund	5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes	169,230,286 16	176,452,958 28
SAVINGS BANKS—		
Post Office Savings Banks (1915: $38,718,049 47; 1916: $41,184,910 66)		
Dominion Government Savings Banks (1915: 13,801,694 83; 1916: 13,299,514 40)		
	52,519,744 30	54,484,425 06
Trust Funds	10,153,320 88	10,221,437 32
Province Accounts	11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts	43,448,420 09	36,031,431 34
Total Gross Debt	829,377,292 82	1,155,358,251 88
ASSETS.		
INVESTMENTS—		
Sinking Funds	11,649,355 45	12,728,490 72
Other Investments	108,327,819 43	133,663,695 16
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS	2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS	205,435,622 33	300,541,655 96
Total Assets	327,709,125 11	449,230,169 74
Total Net Debt 30th November	501,668,167 71	706,128,082 14
do do to 31st October	492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
Increase of Debt	9,139,675 62	10,349,565 59

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of November, 1915.	Total to 30th November, 1915	Month of November, 1916.	Total to 30th November, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	9,101,595 41	60,155,959 28	11,208,109 52	86,399,359 81
Excise	2,127,125 10	14,161,880 25	2,145,573 91	16,130,867 65
Post Office	1,550,000 00	10,949,779 65	1,600,000 00	11,950,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,880,409 30	13,104,300 51	2,560,881 34	17,661,569 48
Miscellaneous	1,413,326 95	6,384,385 56	5,650,200 93	12,770,776 91
Total	17,072,456 76	104,756,305 25	23,164,765 70	144,912,573 85
EXPENDITURE	8,997,899 07	65,345,503 03	12,006,457 05	69,567,573 94
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	13,155,797 08	66,514,955 38	19,040,383 92	146,527,530 98
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	4,306,180 15	23,993,023 27	2,457,552 80	15,997,789 27
Railway Subsidies		967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	17,461,977 23	91,475,889 36	21,497,936 72	162,888,798 86

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 5th December, 1916. 24-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,773 25	Gold held October 31, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,130,169 53
Fractional	997,482 04		
$1	14,268,585 00		
$2	10,544,717 50		
$4	45,399 00		
$5	3,590,912 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50	10,250 00		
$100	2,000 00	10 p.c. on $54,428,098.80 under The Savings Banks Act	5,442,809 88
$500	2,024,500 00		
$1,000	4,273,000 00		
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	204,000 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$113,687,359 6
$1,000 " " "	1,396,000 00		
$5,000 " " "	137,250,000 00		
	$ 174,634,619 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,301 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,773 25

J. E. ROURKE,
Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

HENRY T. ROSS,
Acting Deputy Minister of Finance.

20-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of October, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	821,821 59	
Malt Liquor	12,587 55	
Malt	154,704 93	
Tobacco	943,276 44	
Cigars	66,626 62	
Manufactures in Bond	11,718 04	
Acetic Acid	515 11	
Seizures	646 21	
Other Receipts	11,168 22	
Total Excise Revenue		2,023,064 71
Methylated Spirits		13,025 24
Ferry		26 00
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,742 08
Gas Inspection		4,250 75
Electric Light Inspection		5,398 33
Law Stamps		1,454 50
Other Revenues		495 94
War Tax		97,671 01
Grand Total Revenue		2,160,128 56

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 16th November, 1916.

22-tf

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of August, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR. CR.

	$ cts.		$ cts.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36	WITHDRAWALS during the month	691,788 19
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,172,945 57		
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer			
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	3,672 24		
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,860 45	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st August; 1916.	41,086,063 43
	41,777,851 62		41,777,851 62

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th October, 1916.

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STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirty-first October, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on 30th September, 1916.	Deposits October, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for October, 1916.	Balance on October 31st, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	585,020 09	4,554 00	589,574 09	14,700 45	574,873 64
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,189,385 95	18,880 30	1,208,266 25	47,673 61	1,160,592 64
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,961,329 71	22,816 00	1,984,145 71	63,971 09	1,920,174 62
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	271,272 15	3,483 00	274,755 15	6,250 77	268,504 38
St. John	5,443,730 52	55,179 81	5,498,910 33	169,363 78	5,329,546 55
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	134,493 03	105 00	134,598 03	9,681 95	124,916 08
Guysboro'	117,731 79	2,592 15	120,323 94	3,522 07	116,801 87
Halifax	2,518,820 29	31,875 24	2,550,695 53	57,118 80	2,493,576 73
Kentville	234,163 58	7,723 00	241,886 58	2,663 61	239,222 97
Lunenburg	418,145 75	3,123 00	421,268 75	6,636 05	414,632 70
Port Hood	87,320 75	.....	87,320 75	251 02	87,069 73
Shelburne	226,064 45	2,724 12	228,788 57	3,766 47	225,022 10
Sherbrooke	101,799 42	1,065 00	102,864 42	4,261 00	98,603 42
Wallace	136,671 86	1,702 00	138,373 86	2,136 10	136,237 76
Totals	13,425,949 34	155,822 62	13,581,771 96	391,996 77	13,189,775 19

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 8th November, 1916.

20-tf

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE.*

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules:

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."

2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch); subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy; the amount of which should be calculated as follows:

First insertion:	
Flat charge for title and signature	$1 00
Add two cents per word actual count	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words	.....
Other insertions:	
Flat charge for title and signature	0 50
Add one cent per word actual count	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions:—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws, etc.—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, etc.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thurs days will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette.*

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.
Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Committee until there has been filed with that committee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, township, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a*.) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar character within, or in any way affecting the district, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b*.) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordina y "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(7) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14-14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13-14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lanilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
17–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rozilla Lamb, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, nurse, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, George Alfred Lamb, of Toronto, Ontario, machinist, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, this 31st day of October, 1916.

LEE & O'DONOGHUE,
241-2 Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto, Ont.,
19–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Gertrude Ellen Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, William Albrighton Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, on the ground of adultery, misconduct and cruelty.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, this 13th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
511 Union Bank Bldg., Ottawa, Ont.,
21–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, sheet metal worker, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret S. Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Toronto, this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORRIS & ROACH,
20-14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
18–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Evelyn Snyder, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Edward Lockwood, also of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, mechanic, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this 22nd day of November, 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
22–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Major in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Marguerite Claire Stephens, of the said City and District of Montreal, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montreal, Que.,
21-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Colin Darrach Poole, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Catharine Poole, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, the 8th day of January, 1916.

CORLEY, WILKEY & DUFF,
157 Bay Street, Toronto,
22–14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Albert Edwin Gordon, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Edna Gertrude Gordon, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto this 27th day of July, A.D., 1916.

CORLEY, WILKIE, DUFF & HAMILTON,
22--14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Percy Doughty, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Beneita Jennetta Doughty, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, this 1st day of December, 1916.

PERCY DOUGHTY,
by his solicitor herein
S. W. BURNS,
10 Queen East,
24–14 Toronto.

THE GRAIN GROWERS GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE ie hereby given that application will be made by the Grain Growers Grain Company, Limited, to Parliament, at the next session thereof, for an Act amending chapter 80 of the Statutes of 1911 and chapter 73 of the Statutes of 1915, for the following among other purposes :—

(*a*) To change the name of the company to "United Grain Growers, Limited," or to empower the company to adopt said name by by-law.
(*b*) To enable meetings to be held elsewhere than at the head office.
(*c*) To increase capital stock to $5,000,000.
(*d*) To enable shareholders to hold 100 shares each.
(*e*) To extinguish right of proxy voting.
(*f*) To enable the company by by-law to form shareholders in groups and to provide for representation at meetings of the company of such groups by delegates.

Dated at Winnipeg, 4th December, 1916.

BONNAR, TRUEMAN, HOLLANDS & ROBINSON,
Winnipeg Electric Railway Chambers,
Winnipeg, Manitoba.
24–5 Solicitors for applicants.

THE GRAND LODGE OF THE CANADIAN ASSOCIATION OF STATIONARY ENGINEERS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate an association under the name of "The Grand Lodge of the Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers of the Dominion of Canada" for the purpose of promoting the efficient operation of steam power plants, serving as a school of instruction, &c., with power to take over all existing business of "The Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers" incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and to assume all liabilities of the said association.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov., 1916.

JOHN HALL,
Secretary, Executive Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers,
23–5 230 Caroline St., South, Hamilton.

THE PEACE RIVER, McKENZIE AND COPPER MINE RIVER RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a railway company for the general advantage of Canada under the name of "The Peace River, McKenzie and Copper Mine River Railway Company of Canada," with power to lay out, construct and operate a line of railway commencing at a point near Sawridge, on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, thence running north of the east end of Lesser Slave Lake to Buffalo Lake, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to Vermillion, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to the Falls or Chute of Peace River, thence crossing Peace River Falls at the head of the rapids above the Falls and continuing in a northerly direction to the foothills of the Cariboo Mountains, thence continuing northeasterly along the base of the Cariboo Mountains to the head waters of the Little Buffalo River, thence following the valley of the Little Buffalo River nord to the head waters of Salt River, thence continuing down Salt River Valley to a point on the west shore of the Great Slave River known as Bells Rock, approximately a distance of five hundred miles, with power to connect with any railway or railways now constructed or which may hereafter be constructed at or near the territory covered by this railway, and also with power to construct, operate and maintain all necessary bridges, roads, ways and ferries, and to build, acquire, own and maintain wharves and docks in connection with said railway and for such other powers as are usually given to railway companies.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
Solicitors for the applicants,
511 Union Bank Building,
21–5 Ottawa, Ont.

LACHINE, JACQUES CARTIER AND MAISONNEUVE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lachine, Jacques Cartier and Maisonneuve Railway Company, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may construct and complete the railway referred to in section 1, of chapter 93 of the Statutes of 1914, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 16th day of November, A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
21–5 Solicitor for the applicants.

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA AND EASTERN RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an act confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company and the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company between New Westminster and Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, and also confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company and the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company between Hope and Sumas Landing, in the Province of British Columbia.

A. H. MacNEILL,
Solicitor for the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company.
Vancouver, 23rd November, 1916.
McGIVERIN, HAYDON & EBBS,
19 Elgin St., Ottawa,
Agents for A. H. MacNeill. 22–5

THE BISHOP OF MACKENZIE RIVER.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Right Reverend James Richard Lucas, Bishop of the Diocese of Mackenzie River, one of the dioceses of The Church of England in Canada, and his successors in office, a Corporation Sole, under the name of "The Bishop of Mackenzie River," with all the necessary powers as such corporation to acquire and hold real and personal property, and such other powers of administration as are incidental to the said office and to such incorporation.

Dated at Ottawa, this 24th day of November, A.D. 1916.

ORDE, POWELL,
LYLE & SNOWDON,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa, Canada,
23–5 Solicitors for applicant.

CANADIAN ORDER OF THE WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World will apply at the next session of Parliament of the Domion of Canada for the following amendments to its Act of incorporation:—

1. Amend section twelve by striking out the word "March" on line two thereof and substituting therefor the word "June," and

2. Power to merge the Emergency and Insurance Funds into one fund.

W. S. HARRISON,
Head Consul Commander.
CLAIR JARVIS,
Head Clerk, London, Canada. 23–5

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE. The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may complete the construction of its railway from a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Lumsden's Mill to or towards the Des Quinze River as authorized by chapter 66 of the Statutes of 1901 and chapter 106 of the Statutes of 1912, and for other purposes.

Dated at Ottawa, this 2nd day of December, 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
23–5 Solicitors for the applicants.

CASCADE SCENIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, own and operate scenic or funicular railways at Banff, in the Province of Alberta, or elsewhere throughout Canada as may be permitted, for vehicles to run either on rails or by aerial cable, or in such other manner as may be desired, such vehicles being propelled either by steam, electricity, gasolene, water power, or by such other means as may be deemed most convenient and expedient, and with all powers necessary or incidental thereto, under the name "The Cascade Scenic Railway Company."

Dated at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, this 21st day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORAN, ANDERSON & GUY,
Solicitors for the applicant.

24–5

CANADIAN DIVISION OF THE AERIAL LEAGUE OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Canadian Division of the Aerial League of the British Empire", as an association to encourage the invention and manufacture of aerial craft and things appertaining thereto; to disseminate knowledge concerning aerial matters, and concerning the art of flying and schools for the same; to assist Britons desiring to enter the Royal Flying Services; to assist dependants of airmen who lose their lives on active service; to co-operate with the central committee of the Aerial League of the British Empire; to establish branches of the association; to provide landing grounds for aerial craft; and for other analogous purposes; with all the powers required for the same.

Montreal, 29th November, 1916.

LIGHTHALL & HARWOOD,
Solicitors for applicants,
306 Quebec Bank Building,
Montreal.

24–5

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company will make application to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation (1 and 2 George V, cap. 86, 1911) by repealing sub-sections (d) and (e) of section 7 of the said Act, and by giving it power to make contracts of insurance for the following classes as defined by "The Insurance Act, 1910," in addition to the classes specified in sub-sections (a), (b) and (c) of said section 7, viz., (d) Guarantee Insurance; (e) Plate Glass Insurance; (f) Automobile Insurance, and (g) Fire Insurance, and also to change the name of the company to "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
Solicitors for applicant.
160 St. James street, Montreal.

22-5

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act,—

(1). Declaring its railway to be a work for the general advantage of Canada.

(2). Changing its head office from the Town of Field, in the Province of British Columbia, to the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

(3). Authorizing it to enter into an agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for any of the purposes specified in section 361 of The Railway Act and to lease its railway to the said company.

Dated at Field, B.C., this 25th day of November, 1916.

G. A. WALKER,
Secretary.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
Ottawa agents.

22–5

CONTINENTAL HEAT AND LIGHT COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Continental Heat & Light Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act amending the Act incorporating the company, being 60-61 Vic., chapter 72, by extending the company's borrowing powers, by granting to the company the following, among other powers, namely: Extended powers for dealing in stocks and other securities, powers to carry on other businesses, to financially assist companies in which the company holds shares or with which it has business relations and to amalgamate with other companies, and by repealing the provisions in the said Act relating to the issue of debenture stock and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL, MACFARLANE & POPE,
Solicitors for applicant.

24–5

MISCELLANEOUS.

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

DIVIDEND No. 188.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of fourteen per cent per annum on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the quarter ending 31st December, and that the same will be payable on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next, at any of the offices of the Bank.

The stock transfer book will be closed from the 18th to the 31st proximo, inclusive.

By order of the Board,

H. A. RICHARDSON,
General manager.

Halifax, N.S., 16th November, 1916. 22–6

THE MOLSONS BANK.

145TH DIVIDEND.

THE shareholders of the Molsons Bank are hereby notified that a dividend of two and three quarters per cent (being at the rate of eleven per cent per annum) upon the capital stock has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at the branches on and after the second day of January next, to shareholders of record on 15th December, 1916.

By order of the Board,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
General manager.

Montreal, 28th November, 1916. 23–5

THE CANADIAN NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

PURSUANT to section 7 of chapter 115 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, notice is hereby given that there has been deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, a plan and description of the site and elevation of a proposed railway bridge upon the location of the Company's railway across the South Thompson River, between the City of Kamloops and Kamloops I.R. No. 1, and right-of-way through portion of D.L. 232, Kamloops Division, Yale District, and duplicates thereof have been deposited in the Land Registry Office in the City of Kamloops under No. Misc. 9; also that an application has been made for an Order in Council approving of the bridge and crossing as so shown and described, which application will be pressed for consideration one month after the first publication of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the matter can receive attention.

R. H. M. TEMPLE,
Solicitor,
Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company.

Toronto, Ontario, 17th November, 1916. 22–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

MESSRS. Brown & Rutherford, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, lumber dealers, give notice that they have, under section 7 of said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Winnipeg Land Titles Office, a description of the site and the plan of the wharf or dock which they propose to construct in the waters of the Red River on the following described property, that is to say:—

In the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, being in accordance with the special survey of said city and being composed of all those portions of Lots 25 & 26 of the Parish of St. John, contained within the following limits:—Commencing at the intersection of the northerly limits of Sutherland Avenue with the easterly limit of Buchanan Street five hundred and ninety-seven and five-tenths (597·5) feet to the northwesterly limits of the proposed dock lines; thence easterly along said line three hundred and fifeeen (315·0) feet; thence southerly along the said northern limit of Higgins Avenue to a point radially distant southeasterly fifty (50) feet from the northwestern limit of the land taken for right of way of the Manitoba and South Western Colonization Railway, according to plan "A" deposited in the Registry Office for the County of Selkirk; thence southwesterly on a curve concentric with the said southwesterly limit of Sutherland Avenue.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of publication of this notice the said Messrs. Brown & Rutherford will, under the section mentioned, apply to the Minister of Public Works, at his office in the City of Ottawa, for the approval of the site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf or dock.

Dated at Winnipeg, this 6th day of November, 1916.

MUNROE, MACKENZIE & MACQUEEN,
Solicitors for Messrs.

23-3 BROWN & RUTHERFORD.

ACT FOR THE PROTECTION OF NAVIGABLE WATERS.

CHAP. 115, R.S.C.

NAPOLÉON GIGNAC, of the City of Quebec, lumber merchant, gives notice, by the presents that he has by virtue of article 7 of the said Act, deposited at the office of the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, and in the registry office of the district of Quebec, in the City of Quebec, a description of the site and the plans of the wharf which he proposes to build in the St. Charles River, at Quebec, on lot number 109 of the Cadaster for St. Roch Ward.

And know that after a month, from the date of the first publication of this notice, Napoléon Gignac, by virtue of Article 7 of said Act, shall file his request with the Minister of Public Works, at his office in the City of Ottawa, for the approval of the site and of the plans above mentioned, and forthe permission to build the said wharf.

Dated at Quebec, this seventh day of November, A.D. 1916.

DROUIN, SEVIGNY & AMYOT,
23–4 Attorneys for Napoléon Gignac.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Royal Bank of Canada for the election of directors and for other business will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Montreal, on Thursday, the 11th day of January next. The chair will be taken at 11 o'clock a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, 1st December, 1916. 23–6

THE QUEBEC BANK AND THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given of the intention of the undersigned Banks to apply, after the expiration of four weeks from the date of the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to the Governor-in-Council and the Treasury Board, through the Minister of Finance and Receiver-General, for the approval of an agreement between The Quebec Bank and The Royal Bank of Canada, whereby the Quebec Bank agrees to sell and The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to purchase all the real and personal properties, assets, rights, credits and effects of The Quebec Bank, of whatever kind, and wheresoever situated, and whereby in consideration for such sale and purchase The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to allot and issue to The Quebec Bank, or to its nominees, nine thousand one hundred and seventeen (9,117) fully paid shares of the capital stock of The Royal Bank of Canada of the par value of $100 each, and amounting in all to the par value of nine hundred and eleven thousand, seven hundred dollars ($911,700) and to pay to The Quebec Bank the sum of six hundred and eighty-three thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars ($683,775) in cash, and whereby The Royal Bank of Canada undertakes to assume, pay, discharge, perform, and carry out all the debts, liabilities, contracts and obligations of The Quebec Bank (including notes issued and intended for circulation outstanding and in circulation and leasehold obligations).

A copy of the said agreement can be seen at the offices of The Royal Bank of Canada at Montreal, P.Q., and the Quebec Bank, at Quebec, P.Q.

The said agreement has been approved by a resolution of the Shareholders of the Quebec Bank carried by the votes of shareholders present in person or represented by proxy, representing more than two-thirds of the amount of the subscribed capital stock of the said Bank at a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Bank duly called and held for the purpose. The said agreement has also been approved by resolution of the Directors of The Royal Bank of Canada.

Dated 28th November, 1916.

By Order of the Board.

THE QUEBEC BANK.
B. B. STEVENSON,
General Manager.

By Order of the Board,

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.
C. E. NEILL,
23–5 General Manager.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

JOHN WILSON McCONNELL hereby gives notice that he has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the Registry Office for the County of Yamaska at St. François du Lac, a description of the site and the plans of a sand washing and screening plant proposed to be built in and near the River St. Francis, at the foot of lot number eleven hundred and fifty-four (1154) on the Official Plan and Book of Reference of the Parish of Notre Dame de Pierreville, County of Yamaska, Province of Quebec.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, John Wilson McConnell will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said sand washing and screening plant.

Dated at Montreal, this twenty-seventh day of November, 1916.

PERRON, TASCHEREAU, RINFRET,
VALLEE & GENEST,
23–3 Attorneys for John Wilson McConnell, Esq.

BRAZILIAN TRACTION LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the laws of Canada.)

PREFERENCE SHARES.

NOTICE is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent has been declared on the fully-paid cumulative preference shares of the company, payable on the 1st day of January, 1917, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of December, 1916.

J. M. SMITH,
Secretary.

Toronto, Canada, 1st December, 1916. 24–1

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R. S. C., CHAPTER 115.

THE Dalhousie Lumber Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Restigouche at Dalhousie a description of the site and the plans of boom and piers proposed to be built on the Restigouche River, at Dalhousie, in front of lots 28-29-30-31-32-33 and lot not numbered owned by His Majesty the King west of Rock Island street.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice the Dalhousie Lumber Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said boom and piers.

Dated at Dalhousie, this 29th day of November, 1916.

DALHOUSIE LUMBER CO., LTD.,
W. H. TRUST,
24–5 Resident manager.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

CANADIAN Robert Dollar Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Vancouver, at Vancouver, British Columbia, a description of the site and plans of the wharf and sawmill buildings proposed to be built on the North Arm of Burrard Inlet in front of lot 471, Group 1, New Westminster (now the Vancouver) District.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, Canadian Robert Dollar Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf and sawmill buildings.

Dated at Vancouver, British Columbia, this 4th day of December, A.D. 1916.

CANADIAN ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY, LTD.
BY BODWELL, LAWSON & LANE,
24–5 Their solicitors.

THE TORONTO, HAMILTON AND BUFFALO RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of section 140 of The Railway Act, there was deposited on the 23rd day of November, 1916, in the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, a duplicate original of a Deed of Reconveyance dated November 17, 1916, between Dwight W. Pardee and William Percy Torrance, as trustees therein mentioned, of the first part, and The Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company of the second part, reconveying to the said railway company the railway property and premises of the said railway company described and mortgaged in and by the mortgage dated June 1, 1904, from the said railway company to Nicol Kingsmill and Charles F. Cox, as trustees, made and given to secure the second mortgage bonds of the said railway company.

Dated at Hamilton, November 29, 1916.

E. D. CAHILL,
24–1 General solicitor for T. H. & B. Ry. Co.

NOTICE OF FILING.

TAKE Notice that the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway Company has this day deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada the following documents, viz.:—

(1) Supplemental Deed of Trust dated the 31st day of October, 1916, made by the Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway Company, United States Mortgage and Trust Company and The Lake Superior Corporation affecting the terms of a Mortgage and Deed of Trust dated the 1st day of July, 1910, made by the said parties, deposited in the said office on the 27th day of August, 1910,

(2) Supplemental Agreement dated the 14th day of March, 1916, and a Second Mortgage Supplemental Agreement dated the 31st day of October, 1916, made by the said parties affecting the terms of the Mortgage and Deed of Trust dated the 14th day of August, 1914, made between the said The Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway Company and United States Mortgage and Trust Company, deposited in the office of the Secretary of State of Canada on the 7th day of October, 1914.

Dated this 5th day of December, 1916.

POWELL, REID, WOOD & WRIGHT.
Solicitors for The Algoma Central & Hudson Bay Ry. Co. 24–1

THE DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent has been declared upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution for the quarter ending 31st December, 1916, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, and that the same will be payable at the head office of the Bank and its branches, on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January, 1917, to shareholders of record of 20th December, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Wednesday, 31st January, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

C. A. BOGERT,
General manager.

Toronto, 17th November, 1916. 22–6

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à Son Excellence l'Administrateur du Gouvernement de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 10 novembre 1916.

Joseph Félix Arsenault, de la cité de Charlottetown, dans la province de l'Ile du Prince-Edouard : Douanier dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Charlottetown, dans la dite province, et aussi inspecteur des substances alimentaires pour le district d'inspection des substances alimentaires de l'Ile du Prince-Edouard ; les dites nominations dateront du 23 octobre 1916.

Les aides-inspecteurs temporaires des poids et mesures ci-dessous mentionnés, dans les districts ci-après indiqués, sont nommés, à compter des dates apposées vis-à-vis leur nom, douaniers permanents dans les dites divisions :—

Nom.	District des poids et mesures.	Date.
James Templeton Creig	Saskatoon.	1er avril 1916.
John Arthur McDonagh	Régina.	11 avril 1916.
William Duffy	Kingston.	1er avril 1916.
George Alphonse Dugal	Ottawa.	1er avril 1916.
Charles Barbeau	"	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Arthur Charbonneau.	"	1er avril 1916.
Exilus Lanthier	Montréal.	1er avril 1916.
William Landry	St-Hyacinthe.	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Alfred Desilets	"	1er avril 1916.
Harris Welsford Bowles	Halifax	1er avril 1916.
Michael William Wallace Walker	Charlottetown.	1er avril 1916.
Edwin James Sparling	Winnipeg	3 juillet 1916.
John McLeod	Edmonton	10 juillet 1916.
Alfred Isaac Shaw	Régina.	1er avril 1916.
Jemes Eadie	"	1er avril 1916.
William George Farrell	Edmonton	1er avril 1916.

—

Il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 1er décembre 1916.

Frederick Ernest Harrison, de la cité de Calgary, dans la province d'Alberta, écuyer : Commissaire pour s'enquérir et faire rapport au sujet des prix de gros et de détail, respectivement, des substances alimentaires ordinaires et denrées (soit fraîches, en conserves, en boîtes ou traitées autrement), des vêtements et du combustible à Fernie, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, et à Lethbridge et Calgary, dans la province d'Alberta, le premier jour de juillet et le vingt-deuxième jour de novembre 1916, respectivement, ainsi que le pourcentage d'augmentation de ces prix, s'il y en a eu, entre les dites dates.

—

4 décembre 1916.

William Nassau Ferguson, de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, conseil de Sa Majesté pour la dite province : Juge de la cour Suprême d'Ontario et membre de la division d'appel de la dite cour et *ex officio* membre de la division de la Haute Cour de la dite cour en remplacement de l'honorable James Thompson Garrow, décédé.

Hugh Edward Ross, de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, conseil de Sa Majesté pour la dite province : Juge de la cour Suprême d'Ontario et membre de la division de la Haute Cour de la dite cour et *ex officio* membre de la division de la chancellerie de la dite cour, en remplament de l'honorable sir John Boyd, décédé.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[La proclamation suivante a paru dans un *Extra de la* Gazette du Canada daté *le 6 décembre 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—Salut :

PROCLAMATION.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Sous-Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que l'on Nous a représenté que plusieurs soldats des troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes d'outre-mer se sont absentés de leurs unités sans permission ; que probablement un grand nombre d'entre eux ne connaissaient pas la gravité de cette offense en s'absentant ainsi ; et qu'ils désirent maintenant retourner à leurs unités, mais la crainte d'un châtiment sévère les fait hésiter ; et en outre que des soldats appartenant aux dites troupes qui sont actuellement en prison pour désertion ou absence sans permission, seraient disposés à prendre du service dans les dites troupes s'ils obtenaient leur pardon ou s'ils étaient élargis,—

Sachez donc que c'est Notre Volonté Royale et Notre Plaisir d'ordonner, indiquer, déclarer et proclamer que tous les dits soldats absents de leurs unités sans permission reçoivent et recevront leur pardon pour cette offence, pourvu qu'ils aillent se livrer à l'officier commandant l'unité à laquelle ils appartenaient, si cette unité est encore en Canada, ou si elle ne l'est pas, à l'officier de district commandant tout district militaire en Canada, au plus tard le quinzième jour de décembre, en l'année de Notre Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, dans le but de terminer leur engagement ;

Et Nous ordonnons, indiquons, déclarons et proclamons que ces soldats des dites troupes sous sentence d'emprisonnement ou détenus pour désertion ou absence sans permission, reçoivent et recevront leur pardon pour cette offense et seront libérés de leur prison ou de leur lieu de détention et remis à l'officier commandant l'unité à laquelle ils appartiennent ou à l'officier commandant le district militaire dans lequel ils se trouvent dans le but d'être renvoyés à quelques autres unités des dites troupes expéditionnaires afin de terminer leur engagement.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis de prendre connaissance et d'agir en conséquence.

En foi de quoi, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes, et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. Témoin : Notre Très Fidèle et Très Aimé Cousin et Conseiller, Victor Christian William, Duc de Devonshire, Marquis d'Hartington, Comte de Devonshire, Comte de Burlington, Baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish de Keighley, Chevalier de Notre Très Noble Ordre de la Jarretière ; Membre de Notre Très Honorable Conseil Privé ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et de Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria, Gouverneur général et Commandant-en-chef de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce VINGT-QUATRIÈME jour de NOVEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

24–3

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous---SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à jeudi, le trentième jour du mois de novembre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa: SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, MARDI, le NEUVIEME jour du mois de JANVIER prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

Notre Tèrs Fidèle et Très Aimé Cousin et Conseiller Victor Christian William, Duc de Devonshire, Marquis d'Hartington, Comte de Devonshire, Comte de Burlington, Baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish de Keighley, Chevalier de Notre Très Noble Ordre de la Jarretière ; Membre de Notre TrèsHonorable Conseil Privé ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et de Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria, Gouverneur Général et Commandant-en-chef de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce TRENTIÈME jour de NOVEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
23-tf pour le Canada.

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[2941]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 23 novembre 1916, représentant que Frank Nylund, russe de naissance, a obtenu, en 1911, l'inscription de homestead du quart nord-est de la section 14, township 59, rang 20, à l'ouest du 4e méridien ;

Sur représentation que cet inscrit a abandonné sa femme et quitté le pays, des mesures ont été prises pour annuler son inscription afin que le terrain en question soit disponible pour sa femme qui y a continuellement résidé ;

Il ressort du rapport d'un inspecteur de homestead que madame Nylund a continué à travailler sur ce quart de section et désire en obtenir la possession mais trouve impossible d'obtenir un certificat de naturalisation de sujet britannique ainsi que prescrit au paragraphe 3 de l'article 25 de la Loi des terres fédérales,—

Par conséquent le Ministre recommande qu'il soit autorisé sous l'empire du paragraphe (L) de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales* de vendre le terrain susdit à madame Nylund au prix de $1 l'acre, et que patente dudit terrain soit délivrée à la requérante sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les obligations d'établissement pour les trois années réglementaires ont été complétées depuis la date de la désertion de son mari et que le prix total du terrain a été payé.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2527]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 6e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 13 octobre 1916, représentant que le 20 novembre 1907 ont été délivrées à la ville de Régina, dans la province de la Saskatchewan, des lettres patentes pour des fins de cimetière seulement, pour un certain terrain ou lopin de terre particulièrement décrit dans lesdites lettres patentes et qui fait partie de la moitié nord de la section 30, du township 17, rang 19, à l'ouest du 2e méridien principal, dans ladite province de la Saskatchewan et comprenant soixante-six et cinquante-cinq centièmes (66·55) acres plus ou moins ;

Le Ministre ajoute qu'afin de se rendre à la demande de la ville de Régina, il a été décidé, sur la rétrocession à la Couronne du terrain en question, de céder à la ville un nouveau titre audit terrain sans aucune restriction quant à l'usage quelle pourra faire dudit terrain,—

Vu que le terrain en question a été rétrocédé à la Couronne et que le titre en est maintenant au nom de Sa Majesté le Roi George V pour le Dominion du Canada, le Ministre recommande que ladite décision soit mise à exécution et qu'il soit autorisé de délivrer à ladite ville de Régina, dans la province de la Saskatchewan des lettres patentes pour ledit terrain sans aucune restriction quant à l'usage que la ville peut faire dudit terrain.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la recommande pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2930]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 18 novembre 1916, représentant que la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique a demandé la concession d'une emprise sur une partie du township 24, rang 8, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, dans le parc des Montagnes Rocheuses, tel qu'indiqué sur un tracé de la ligne principale du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, district d'Alberta, déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur sur le tracé de la voie numéro 7480, et enregistré au bureau des titres des terres de Calgary sous le numéro Ry. 10.

Le ministre recommande qu'en vertu de l'autorité conférée par l'article 16 de la Loi des réserves forestières et des parcs, il soit autorisé de délivrer à la compagnie de chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique une patente dudit terrain, la dite patente devant être sujette aux conditions suivantes :

Ladite patente est sujette à tous les règlements concernant les parcs fédéraux qui sont actuellement en vigueur ou qui seront de temps à autres passés à ces fins par le Gouverneur en conseil.

Ledit terrain excepté quant aux fins pour lesquelles il est concédé continue à faire partie de la réserve dans laquelle il se trouve situé ; et si une partie quelconque dudit terrain cesse d'être utilisée pour les fins de la présente concession, il redevient immédiatement propriété de la Couronne.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

24-4

[2762]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 8e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 27 octobre 1916, représentant que le 29 décembre 1902, M. Addison K. Walker a obtenu l'inscription de homestead du quart nord-ouest de la section 36, township 20, à l'ouest du 4e méridien ;

Il a été établi que M. Walker a accompli un terme de six mois de résidence sur ce terrain, et y a clôturé et mis en culture 70 acres ;

Manquant d'abri pour son troupeau, qui était très nombreux, M. Walker fut forcé de quitter son homestead pour un autre terrain avoisinant qu'il détenait sous bail à pâturage ;

M. Walker résida sur ce dernier terrain sans interruption de novembre 1903 à avril 1913, et y fit des améliorations importantes,—

Le Ministre recommande, par conséquent, que vu la résidence accomplie par M. Walker, la superficie qu'il y a mis en culture et le fait qu'il est un colon important, le terrain soit, conformément à l'article 76 de la Loi, vendu à cet inscrit au prix de $1 l'acre, que M. Walker soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence, ce privilège complétant l'accomplissement des obligations et lui donnant droit à son homestead.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

21-4

[2839]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que M. Charles Paquette, de Hudson's Hope, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, a demandé la concession gratuite de cette partie du quart nord-ouest de la section 18, township 81, rang 25, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, située à l'ouest de la rivière à la Paix, dans la subdivision de la Rivière à la Paix, dans la dite province de la Colombie-Britannique, en vertu du fait qu'il occupait le dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages ;

Et attendu qu'il a été établi que M. Paquette résidait sur le dit terrain lors de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8 à l'été de 1899.

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en Conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, d'autoriser la concession gratuite au requérant du terrain en question, qui peut être décrit plus particulièrement comme suit :

Toute cette partie du quart nord-ouest de la section 18 du dit township non comprise dans les limites du lot 420 et qui est située à l'ouest de la rive gauche de la rivière à la Paix, ainsi qu'indiqué sur une carte ou plan d'arpentage des sections 18 et 19 du dit township, approuvé et confirmé à Ottawa le 7 mars, A.D. 1916, par Edouard Deville, arpenteur général des terres fédérales, déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur, et contenant par mesurage : 31·20 acres, plus ou moins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

22–4

[2471]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRESENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le Ministre des Finances a mis à l'étude un règlement établi par la Commission des champs de bataille nationaux, modifiant les règlements sanctionnés par le Gouverneur général en conseil le 19e jour de mars 1915 :

Et attendu que ledit règlement, (dont une copie est ci-annexée,) a été passé dans le but de régler l'emploi de lumières sur les voitures automobiles dans le parc des champs de bataille nationaux ;

Et attendu que le Ministre des Finances recommande que ladite modification aux règlements soit approuvée par le Gouverneur en conseil et publiée dans la Gazette du Canada,—

A ces fins, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil de sanctionner par les présentes le dit règlement.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé

—

COMMISSION DES CHAMPS DE BATAILLE NATIONAUX.

Règlements concernant le parc des champs de bataille nationaux.

Attendu que les statuts du Canada, aux chapitres 57 et 58 de 7 et 8 Edouard VII, au chapitre 42 de 9-10 Edouard VII, au chapitre V de 1-2 George V et au chapitre 46 de 4-5 George V autorise la Commission des champs de bataille nationaux à établir un parc ou une place publique sur les terres et a établir des règlements pour la direction, la conduite et la gestion de ses biens immobiliers et mobiliers, ainsi que pour le maintien, la préservation et la protection de ses terres, améliorations et toute autre propriété appartenant à la commission ou sous sa juridiction, sa direction ou son soin ainsi que régler l'admission du public dans le dit parc et prévenir tout dommage à la propriété de la commission et tout empiétement sur icelle ;

Attendu que la commission des champs de bataille nationaux a, le 19 octobre 1914, adopté des réglements que le Gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'empire de la loi, a sanctionnés le 10e jour de mars 1915 et qui ont eté publiés dans la Gazette du Canada le 1er mai 1915;

Attendu qu'il est opportun d'ajouter aux dits règlements certaines dispositions concernant les voitures automobiles circulant dans le dit part ;

A ces causes, la commission des champs de bataille nationaux a décrété et par les présentes décrète et promulgue ce qui suit, savoir :

Une clause E est ajoutée au paragraphe 2 desuits règlements dans les termes suivants :

(*e*) Le conducteur ou le chauffeur d'une voiture automobile quelconque ne doit employer dans le parc d'aucune lanterne d'avant à l'acétylène, électrique ou autre, à moins de mettre la lumière assez basse pour ne pas éblouir ou aveugler un autre conducteur ou chauffeur d'une voiture automobile ou tout piéton circulant sur les chemins ou dans les avenues du dit parc ou ne pas rendre en aucune façon dangereux ou difficile à tel conducteur, chauffeur ou piéton de conduire sa monture ou sa voisure ou se promener dans le dit parc, et tout conducteur ou chauffeur doit se conformer immédiatement aux ordres que lui donne à cet égard le surintendant, gardien ou constable en service dans le dit parc.

Toute infraction aux dispositions des dits règlements, excepté dans les cas où la loi impose une peine, sera passible, sur conviction sommaire, d'une amende n'excédant pas $50 et les frais ou de l'emprisonnement pour un terme n'excédant pas soixante jours ou d'amende et d'emprisonnement.

24–2

[2876]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT A OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 13 novembre 1916, représentant que le 22 août 1916, M. Robert John Wilson a obtenu l'inscription de préemption du quart nord-ouest de la section 9, township 4, rang 30, à l'ouest du 2e méridien ;

Il a été représenté que le 31 juillet 1914, M. Wilson a été victime d'un accident dans lequel il eut les deux poignets fracturés, ce qui le prive de l'usage de ses mains et le rend infirme pour la vie ;

Un certificat médical du docteur C. S. Knox de Superior Wisconsin, E.U.A., en date du 21 octobre 1916, certifie que M. Wilson a subi une fracture collective des deux bras et que la réduction, surtout celle du bras droit, est telle qu'il se trouve dans l'impossibilité de faire un dur travail et de poursuivre les opérations de la ferme.

M. Wilson a obtenu une patente pour son homestead le 18 novembre 1914 après avoir rempli les obligations ordinaires mais d'après la preuve déposée il n'appert pas qu'il a rempli depuis aucune autre obligation de résidence.

Il prétend qu'en 1915 il avait 25 acres en culture.

A ces causes le Ministre recommande sous l'empire du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la Loi de 1908 des terres fédérales de relever le dit inscrit de toute autre obligation de résidence, afin qu'une patente soit délivrée à M. Wilson sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies en ce qui concerne les obligations et les redevances.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
23–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2887]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le chapitre 47 des statuts revisés de 1906, *Loi à l'effet de protéger les douanes et les pêcheries*, prescrit que le Gouverneur en conseil peut, à toute époque, autoriser la délivrance de permis aux navires de pêche des Etats-Unis, les autorisant à entrer dans tout port du Canada sur les côtes de l'Atlantique, durant les périodes de temps mentionnées dans ces permis pour les fins d'acheter les appâts, la glace, les seines, lignes et tous autres approvisionnements et fournitures, et de transborder le produit de leur pêche et d'engager des équipages ; et

Attendu que l'autorisation de délivrer ces permis a été accordée tous les ans depuis 1888, et que le Ministre du Service Naval est d'avis qu'il est opportun de continuer d'accorder ces privilèges pour l'année 1917 comme par les années passées, à des navires qui n'emploient d'autre énergie motrice que des voiles ;

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil d'autoriser la délivrance aux navires de pêche des Etats-Unis qui y ont droit, pour la durée de l'année 1917, de permis dans les termes de la formule ci-annexée pour les fins prévues dans la dite loi, à savoir :—

(*a*) d'acheter les appâts, la glace, les seines, lignes, et tous autres approvisionnements et fournitures ; et

(*b*) de transborder le produit de leur pêche et d'engager des équipages.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
23–2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2718]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 2e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par un arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, la compagnie dite " The Ashcroft Water Electric and Improvement Co., Limited," d'Ashcroft, C.-B., fut autorisée d'acheter, aux conditions de vente des terres vendues pour l'irrigation, les terrains mentionnés dans l'annexe au dit arrêté en conseil, et

Attendu qu'entre autres conditions, il fut stipulé que la compagnie devra obtenir des autorités de la Colombie-Britannique les droits à l'eau nécessaires à l'irrigation des dits terrains ; et que la compagnie construira dans un délai de trois ans un système d'irrigation adéquat et satisfaisant et cultivera 50% des parties irrigables des dits terrains, et que toutes autres parties irrigables des dits terrains seront irriguées et mises en culture dans un délai de cinq ans, etc., et

Attendu que la compagnie a représenté qu'il a surgi certaines complications dans les négociations pour l'obtention des autorités provinciales des droits à l'eau lesquelles l'ont forcée de retarder le commencement des travaux d'irrigation ; et

Attendu que la dite compagnie représente de plus qu'elle compte qu'une extension de l'autorisation qui lui a été accordée par le dit arrêté en conseil lui permettra d'obtenir les droits à l'eau nécessaires ; et

Attendu que la compagnie a fait le premier versement sur le prix exigé par ledit arrêté en conseil ,—

En conséquence il plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil de décréter par les présentes ce qui suit :

La période limitée pour l'obtention des droits à l'eau et pour la construction d'un système d'irrigation adéquat et satisfaisant pour les terrains mentionnés dans l'annexe au dit arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, et la période pour l'irrigation et la mise en culture des parties irrigables des dits terrains est par les présentes prolongée pour trois ans à compter de cette date :

Les dispositifs du dit arrêté en conseil du 24 octobre 1912, resteront en tout autre point en pleine vigueur. L'emploi, la diversion et l'emmagasinage de l'eau, la construction et l'entretien de tous les travaux d'irrigation, digues, conduites d'alimentation, canaux, fossés, etc., devront être en conformité aux dispositions de la loi de 1914 de la Colombie-Britannique concernant l'eau, et ses modifications.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
21–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2830]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 14e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 7 novembre 1916, représentant que M. Olivier Ghostkeeper, de Grouard, province de l'Alberta, a demandé la concession gratuite du lot n° 108, de l'établissement de la Grande Prairie, dans la dite province de l'Alberta, contenant par mesurage 68·5 acres, plus ou moins, en vertu du fait qu'il occupait le dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages.

Comme il a été établi que M. Ghostkeeper résidait sur le dit terrain lors de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8, à l'été de 1899, le ministre recommande, qu'en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales, autorisation soit donnée d'accorder la concession gratuite du dit lot n° 108 de l'établissement de la Grande Prairie, dans la province de l'Alberta, à M. Ghostkeeper.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Greffier du Conseil privé

[2878]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 20e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 14 janvier 1910, M. John Marshall, a obtenu une inscription de préemption pour le quart nord-est de la section 33, township 7, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Il a été représenté que le dit inscrit a fait trois termes de résidence en satisfaction de son inscription de homestead mais ne s'est pas conformé à ses obligations de résidence relativement à son inscription de préemption. Il appert que les obligations de culture ont été remplies ;

Il a été représenté au Département de l'Intérieur que M. Marshall est âgé maintenant de 86 ans et désormais tout à fait incapable de travailler et de remplir ses obligations de résidence sur le dit terrain ; qu'il lui faut les soins de sa famille pour le reste de ses jours et que, par conséquent, il lui est impossible de remplir aucune autre obligation de résidence en satisfaction soit de sa préemption soit de son homestead,—

Le Ministre soumet une copie d'un certificat médical et, vu les représentations y contenues, recommande que M. Marshall soit relevé de toutes autres obligations de résidence, sous l'empire du paragraphe 2, de l'article 20, de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, (chapitre 20, 7–8 Edouard VII), aux fins de permettre l'émission d'une patente au nom de M. Marshall, sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire, que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies et que le prix d'achat a été payé.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU.

23–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

(2889)

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company," à responsabilité limitée, de Cache Creek, Colombie-Britannique, a fait la demande au Département de l'Intérieur d'acheter, sujet aux conditions d'irrigation, 307.9 acres de terrain consistant en lopins fractionnaires entourant la propriété principale de la compagnie près de Cache Creek, dans la zone des chemins de fer de la Colombie-Britannique, l'intention de la compagnie étant d'établir sur le tout un système d'irrigation.

Le Ministre représente qu'après inspection les fonctionnaires du département de l'Intérieur ont fait rapport que sans irrigation les dits terrains sont impropres à l'agriculture et que l'irrigation en est possible pourvu qu'on puisse se procurer l'eau nécessaire à cette fin.

Par conséquent, le Ministre recommande que les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes soient vendus à la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company," à responsabilité limitée, aux conditions suivantes :

(*a*) Les dits terrains doivent être mis en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*b*) Le prix sera de $5 l'acre, sujet à un rabais au montant du coût des travaux d'irrigation jusqu'à une somme n'excédant pas deux dollars ($2) l'acre, et le montant ainsi déduit sera considéré un versement comptant fait à la date de la vente. Le dit prix d'achat est payable comme suit : Un dollar ($1) l'acre au cours de l'année qui suit la date de l'autorisation de la vente par le Gouverneur en conseil, et la balance au cours des trois années qui suivent la date de la dite autorisation ou avant l'expiration des dites trois années dès que seront remplies toutes les autres conditions de la vente, avec intérêt à cinq pour cent par année.

(*c*) Les droits d'eau nécessaires doivent être obtenus du gouvernement provincial de la Colombie-Britannique, et il ne doit se faire aucuns travaux sur les dits terrains sans qu'au préalable les droits d'eau ne soient obtenus de la province.

(*d*) Les travaux doivent se commencer un an au plus de la date de l'arrêté en conseil autorisant la vente et doivent se parachever à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur trois ans au plus de la dite date, à moins que d'autres dates ne soient fixées par les autorités provinciales en rapport avec les droits d'eau, auxquels cas les dates provinciales peuvent être acceptées sur le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(*e*) A l'achèvement des travaux les ingénieurs du département en feront l'inspection.

(*f*) Quand les conditions seront remplies, il sera délivré une patente pour ceux de ces terrains dont les parties irrigables auront été mises en culture au moyen de l'irrigation.

(*g*) La vente sera rescindée à défaut de paiement du prix d'achat ou si aucun des termes ou aucune des conditions de la vente n'est pas rempli.

(*h*) Avant l'émission de la patente, les dites terres, ou tous droits en rapport avec icelles, ne peuvent être transférés ou cédés sans le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

Greffier du Conseil privé.

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ANNEXE.

TERRAINS qui doivent être vendus à la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company", à-responsabilité limitée, aux conditions d'irrigation.

Township 21, rang 24, à l'ouest du 6e méridien.

S. L.	fr. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14	in section	14	59.7	ac.
"	9, 13, 14, 15, 16	"	15	96.6	"
"	1	"	21	3	"
"	1, 2, 3, 4	"	22	75.4	"
"	3 and 4	"	23	75.9	"
Superficie totale				307.9	ac.

23–4

[2845]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 9e jour de novembre 1916, représentant que le 3 juillet 1914, Alfred H. Breach a obtenu l'inscription de homestead et de préemption du quart sud-est de la section 27 ainsi que du quart nord-est de la section 22 respectivement, dans le township 22, rang 7, à l'ouest du 4e méridien.

Les certaines preuves déposées semblent établir que M. Breach a pu accomplir un terme de résidence.

Le Ministre soumet la copie annexée d'un certificat du docteur Arthur L. Lynch, établissant que M. Breach est désormais incapable de remplir ses obligations de homestead.

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande qu'en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, M. Breach soit relevé des obligations de résidence prescrites pour permettre que des patentes des deux quarts de section ci-haut décrits soient délivrées sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

22–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2877]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 20e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 19 mai 1903, William Henry Moore a obtenu une inscription de homestead pour le quart sud-ouest de la section 24, township 21, rang 1, à l'ouest du 1er méridien, dans la province de Manitoba ;

Il appert de la preuve déposée que l'inscrit a résidé sur ce quart de section pendant six ou huit mois chaque année de 1904 à 1908, inclusivement, mais il lui est impossible de donner les dates du commencement et de la fin de chacune des périodes de sa résidence, et il lui est aussi impossible de trouver des témoins qui pourraient fournir ces renseignements ;

Il a été constaté que M. Moore a construit deux maisons sur le dit terrain et que toutes deux ont été détruites par le feu ;

Il appert aussi que M. Moore, aux époques de sa résidence sur le dit terrain, a été propriétaire de dix-huit têtes de bétail en moyenne,—

A ces causes, prenant en considération le fait que, apparemment, les obligations d'établissement prescrites par la loi ont été remplies et que le seul obstacle à l'émission d'une patente est l'impossibilité de fournir tous les détails concernant la résidence, le Ministre recommande qu'il soit autorisé, sous l'empire du paragraphe (*l*) de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, chapitre 20, 7-8 Edouard VII, de vendre le dit homestead à M. Moore à raison de $1 l'acre, en lieu et place de toutes autres obligations de résidence, la dite vente devant être une forclusion des droits du dit M. Moore à un homestead gratuit.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

23–4

[2890]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 17 novembre 1916, représentant que M. J. C. Shields de Kamloops, Colombie-Britannique, a fait la demande au département de l'Intérieur d'acheter, sujet aux conditions d'irrigation, les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes et contenant approximativement une superficie de 1354·24 acres.

Le Ministre représente qu'après inspection pour déterminer la valeur des dites terres, les travaux à faire et la praticabilité du projet, les fonctionnaires du Département de l'Intérieur ont fait rapport que les dites terres sont impropres à la culture sans irrigation, qu'on peut les rendre productives en y conduisant de l'eau par des moyens artificiels et qu'au point de vue du génie les travaux sont praticables. Les dits terrains sont vacants et disponibles à ces fins.

A ces causes, le Ministre recommande que les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes soient vendus à M. Shields aux termes et conditions qui suivent :—

(*a*) Les dits terrains doivent être mis en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*b*) Le prix sera de $5 l'acre, sujet à un rabais au montant du coût des travaux d'irrigation jusqu'à une somme n'excédant pas deux dollars l'acre ($2), et le montant ainsi déduit sera considéré comme un versement comptant fait à la date de la vente. Le dit prix d'achat est payable comme suit :

Un dollar ($1) l'acre au cours de l'année qui suit la date de l'autorisation de la vente par le Gouverneur en conseil, et la balance au cours des trois années qui suivent la date de ladite autorisation ou avant l'expiration desdites trois années dès que seront remplies toutes les autres conditions de la vente, avec intérêt à 5% par année.

(*c*) Les droits d'eau nécessaire doivent être obtenus du gouvernement provincial de la Colombie-Britannique et il ne doit se faire aucuns travaux sur lesdits terrains sans qu'au préalable les droits d'eau ne soient obtenus de la province.

(*d*) Les travaux doivent se commencer un an au plus de la date de l'arrêté en conseil autorisant la vente et doivent se parachever à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur trois ans au plus de la dite date, à moins que d'autres dates ne soient fixées par les autorités provinciales en rapport avec les droits d'eau, auquel cas les dates provinciales peuvent être acceptées sur le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(*e*) A l'achèvement des travaux les ingénieurs du Département en feront l'inspection.

(*f*) Quand les conditions seront remplies, il sera délivré une patente pour ceux de ces terrains dont les parties irrigables auront été mises en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*g*) La vente sera rescindée à défaut de paiement du prix ou si aucun des termes ou aucune des conditions de la vente n'est pas rempli.

(*h*) Avant l'émission de la patente les dites terres ou tout droit en rapport avec icelles ne peuvent être transférés ou cédés sans le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

ANNEXE.

TERRAINS qui doivent être vendus à J. C. Shields de Kamloops, C.B., sujet à des conditions d'irrigation.

Township 20, rang 20, à l'ouest du 6e méridien :—			
Frac. de la moitié nord de la section	26	145.50	acres.
Moitié nord " "	27	320	"
Moitié nord du quart nord-est "	28	80	"
Quart sud-est "	33	160	"
Quart nord-est fractionnaire "	33	119.10	"
Moitié est de la moitié ouest "	33	160	"
Moitié sud fractionnaire et quart nord-ouest "	34	160	"
Township 21, rang 20 à l'ouest du 6e méridien :—			
Quart nord-ouest et S.L. 15 "	5	200	"
S. L. 16 "	6	40	"
		1,384.60	
Moins superficie occupée par le Canadien du Pacifique		30.36	
Superficie approximative totale...		1,354.24	

23–4

[L'arrêté en conseil suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 1er décembre 1916.*]

[2957]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que, dans l'article 5 de C.P. 2777, du 10e jour de novembre 1916, concernant le prix élevé des nécessités de la vie il a été omis, par inadvertance, dans la rédaction du dit arrêté en conseil, une phrase qu'on avait l'intention d'y mettre,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que le dit arrêté en conseil du 10e jour de novembre 1916, (C.P. 2277) soit par les présentes modifié en insérant après le mot " Conseil," là où le dit mot se lit pour la troisième fois dans l'article 5 du dit arrêté en conseil, et immédiatement avant les mots " en la forme précise " dans le dit article 5, les mots

" dans un délai fixé par le dit avis, et cette personne " fera et présentera au dit conseil."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

24–2

[2948]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le paragraphe 3 de l'article 2 de la *Loi minière du Yukon* prescrit que " nonobstant " toute disposition de ladite loi, ses dispositions ne " s'appliquent pas aux terres aliénées ou louées pour " des fins minières par l'hydraulique par un bail con- " senti avant le 1er jour d'août 1916, qui a été ci-devant " annulé ou qui peut l'être ci-après par ordre du Mi- " nistre de l'Intérieur ou sous l'autorité d'un arrêté du " Gouverneur en conseil tant que ces terres n'ont pas " été assujéties à ces dispositions par arrêté du Gouver- " neur en conseil."

Et attendu que le bail minier hydraulique n° 47 a été délivré le 30 août 1905 pour une période de 21 ans, à dater du 21e jour de mars 1905 à William Charles Thompson de Dawson pour un lopin de terre situé sur la ravine Dublin, un embranchement du Creek Haggart, un affluent de la rivière McQuesten, dans le Territoire du Yukon, mesurant 3.21 milles de front le long de ladite ravine Dublin sur une profondeur de ½ mille de chaque côté de ladite ravine lequel bail fut transporté à la compagnie dite " Dublin Hydraulics," à responsabilité limitée, le 29e jour de juillet 1911 ;

Et attendu que le bail n° 47 susmentionné a été rescindé par un décret du Ministre de l'Intérieur en date du 26e jour d'octobre 1915 parce que les preneurs avaient négligé de se conformer aux conditions du bail et aux règlements en vertu desquels ledit bail avait été accordé,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur en conseil de décréter par les présentes qu'à midi précis le lundi, 5e jour de février 1917, la partie disponible et inaliénée de la concession minière hydraulique décrite dans le bail n° 47 accordé à William Charles Thompson le 30e jour d'août 1905, devienne sujette aux dispositifs de la *Loi minière du Yukon*, en vertu du paragraphe 3 de l'article 2 de ladite loi plus haut citée.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

24-4

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

LES Commissaires du Service Civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir la position suivante dans la division intérieure du Service Civil du Canada :—

Un aide dans le laboratoire de l'épreuve du ciment du ministère des Travaux publics, dans la subdivision B de la troisième division, au traitement initial de $800 par année. Les candidats doivent être habiles à manier les outils du plombier, du charpentier, et du machiniste.

Les candidats doivent être sujets britanniques de naissance ou naturalisés, doivent avoir résidé au pays au moins trois ans, et être âgés d'au moins 18 ans et de pas plus de trente-cinq, excepté dans le cas de soldats revenus du front ou de personnes impropres au service actif pour lesquels il n'y a pas de limite d'âge.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 2 janvier prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 6 décembre 1916. 24-4

11625—5

W. E. Ranger, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désignée *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 22e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Hector Dupont, ingénieur civil, Wilfrid Emile Ranger, Jean-Baptiste Origène Ranger, Joseph Evariste Ranger, marchands, Joseph Aldérid Robillard, conseil du Roi et avocat, tous de la cité de Lachine, dans le comté de Jacques-Cartier, province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir le fonds de commerce de quincailleries, la clientèle de Wilfrid E. Ranger, marchand, de la cité de Lachine, comté de Jacques-Cartier, province de Québec, avec toutes les dettes actives et passives concernant son commerce, et en effectuer le paiement par des actions acquittées de la compagnie ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, et faire le commerce de quincaillerie dans toutes ses branches ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, échange, bail ou autrement, de toute personne, société ou compagnie faisant son commerce semblable à celui de la compagnie, comme un commerce en opération ou autrement, et le payer en argent ou obligations ou en actions acquittées de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir par bail ou tout autre titre et posséder toutes les propriétés immobilières et mobilières qui peuvent être nécessaires aux objets pour lesquels cette compagnie est constituée en corporation et payer telle acquisition ou détention en argent ou en obligations ou en actions acquittées de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Vendre, échanger, louer toutes ou aucune de ces propriétés mobilières ou immobilières et en disposer ;

(*f*) Construire, entreprendre et exploiter sur tous terrains acquis ou détenus par la compagnie et toutes autres bâtisses qui peuvent être nécessaires pour la mise en opération des entreprises et du commerce de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acheter, obtenir, vendre tous brevets d'invention et marques de commerce concernant les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, et émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, chèques, connaissements, mandats et autres effets négociables ;

(*i*) Accepter pour le paiement ou la garantie des créances de la compagnie, des hypothèques, gages de toutes personnes, corporations ou compagnies ;

(*j*) Se fusionner ou s'associer avec toute autre société, personne ou compagnie faisant un commerce en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la compagnie pour conclure et faire des conventions pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques conjoints et réciproques se rapportant aux affaires et transactions autorisées de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Louer, vendre l'entreprise et les biens de la compagnie ou toute autre partie d'iceux pour toutes considérations qu'elle jugera convenables ou pour des actions, débentures, obligations émises pour toutes autres compagnies ou corporations ;

(*l*) Distribuer aux actionnaires de la compagnie des actions, débentures, valeurs ou propriétés appartenant à la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, leur distribuer des actions acquittées non sujettes à appel, en considération des travaux faits ou de services rendus ;

(*m*) Acheter et détenir des actions de toutes autres compagnies faisant un commerce en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " W. E. Ranger, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars, divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Lachine, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 28e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

23-2

International Manufacturing Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 28e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation John Alton Harris, Rufus Lenoir Patterson, Alfred Otto Hoyt et James Augustine McCann, manufacturiers, tous de la cité de New-York, dans l'Etat de New-York, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, et Wilford Justom Hawkins, manufacturier de la cité de Montclair. dans l'Etat du New-Jersey, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants et négociants de pièces d'artillerie, armes portatives, armes à feu, obus explosifs, cartouches et fusées et toutes leurs parties, ferrures et accessoires ainsi que toutes espèces de matériaux, machinerie et appareils nécessaires ou utiles pour la production de tels articles, exercer l'industrie de maîtres de forges, propriétaires de charbonnages, mineurs, fondeurs de fer, cuivre et autres métaux, machineries, fabricants d'outils, tréfileurs, fabricants de tuyaux, métallurgistes, ouvriers en métaux, ajusteurs, constructeurs de moulins, selliers, fabricants de boîtes d'emballage, galvaniseurs, laqueurs, électro-platers, émailleurs, et toutes autres spécialités industrielles ordinairement et commodément en rapport avec toute industrie préparant ou finissant ces articles pour la vente ou pour des fins auxiliaires ou pour les fins de l'industrie susdite ou comme industries indépendantes pour des fins de profit;

(*b*) Manufacturer en tout ou en partie toutes marchandises, substances, machines, outils, articles, appareils ou choses pour la fabrication ou pour tout procédé de fabrication pour lesquels l'outillage, la machinerie et la propriété de la compagnie peuvent de temps à autre être disponibles ou convenables ;

(*c*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*d*) Faire enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes suivant les lois de ces pays étrangers pour représenter cette compagnie et accepter la signification de pièces pour et au nom de la compagnie dans tout procès ou litige ;

(*e*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, pouvant être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir et assumer en tout ou partie les affaires, propriété, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne, ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de la compagnie;

(*g*) Garantir, souscrire, acheter ou autrement acquérir et détenir, comme principaux ou agents, et absolument comme propriétaires ou comme garantie collatérale ou autrement disposer et trafiquer d'obligations ou débentures, stocks, actions et autres valeurs de tout gouvernement ou corporation municipale ou scolaire ou d'aucune banque charterée ou d'aucune compagnie ou compagnies association ou associations publiques ou privées et pendant la possessions d'aucune des valeurs ci-dessus exercer tous les droits, pouvoirs et privilèges de propriétaires, y compris le droit de vote en vertu du stock détenu et possédé par la compagnie;

(*h*) Aider à la promotion, organisation, développement, gérance de toute corporation ou compagnie, lever et aider à lever des fonds aucune autre compagnie ou corporation, ou les aider au moyen d'obligations, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement et offrir en souscription publique aucunes actions, stock, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation ;

(*i*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir des brevets, brevets d'invention, octrois, baux, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif, non-exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*j*) Emettre et répartir des actions libérées de la compagnie incorporée par les présentes en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, propriété, droits, bail, affaires, franchise, entreprise, pouvoirs, privilèges, licences, concession, stock, obligations, débentures et autres droits de propriété qu'elle peut légalement acquérir en vertu des pouvoirs octroyés par les présentes et les payer pour le tout ou aucune partie d'iceux en obligations et débentures de la compagnie ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, pourvu que la compagnie ne puisse vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de ses propriétés et entreprise, comme un tout, sans l'approbation écrite ou le vote des deux tiers en valeur des actions communes émises par la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de " International Manufacturing Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de un million de dollars, divisé en 10,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 30e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

The Canadian Bottlers Association, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 29e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Oscar Gagnon et Léopold Choquette, avocats, Joseph Ernest Rainville, Ernest Boulais et Albert Ménard, agents, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes —

(*a*) Acheter, vendre et manufacturer des boissons douces ou alcooliques ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre et échanger des bouteilles, tonneaux, siphons, bidons, caisses, boîtes, accessoires pour emballage et autres récipients neufs ou d'occasion ainsi que des caisses et paniers à claire-voie, des cylindres et barils ;

(*c*) Promouvoir la protection et les privilèges des manufacturiers, marchands, négociants, embouteilleurs, dont les noms, marques de fabrique ou autres signes de convention apparaissent sur les bouteilles, tonneaux, siphons, bidons, caisses, boîtes, accessoires pour emballage, barils et autres récipients en promouvant la coopération des parties employant des bouteilles estampées ou autres tel que susdit ;

(*d*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ce qui précède ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur on rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir tout ou partie des affaires, propriété, engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la dite compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou dans laquelle est peut-être intéressée ou qui peut détenir des marchandises ayant des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et autres privilèges de

toute espèce conférant un privilège exclusif ou non exclusif d'utiliser tout secret ou information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra convenir aux objets de la corporation ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée avantageuse, directement ou indirectement, les utiliser, exercer, développer en permettre l'usage, associés avec d'autres actionnaires en dehors de la dite compagnie, ou autrement tirer le meilleur parti des privilèges et informations ainsi acquis ;

(*g*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les avantages communs, les concessions réciproques avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant de s'engager dans aucun commerce ou genre d'affaires pouvant être, directement ou indirectement exercer avec avantage ou profit ;

(*h*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir ou échanger pour d'autres actions d'aucune autre compagnie dont les objets peuvent être, en tout ou en partie, similaires à ceux de la présente corporation ou exerçant une industrie pouvant, directement ou indirectement convenir aux objets de cette compagnie ;

(*i*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, louer ou échanger ou autrement acquérir aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, droit ou privilège que la compagnie peut juger nécessaires ou convenables aux objets de son commerce et acheter, échanger ou vendre des distilleries de liqueurs ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Canadian Bottlers Association, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 30e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

24–2

The Wax and Glassine Paper Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Robert Abercrombie Pringle, Thomas Anderson Burgess et Louis Côté, avocats, Robert Hatfield Pringle, courtier en douane, et Mary Ida Keays, sténographe, tous de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses spécialités l'industrie de manufacturiers et négoliants en billes, bois, pâte de bois, papier et tous autres articles et matériaux dans lesquels entre le bois et desquels il constitue une partie ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, bail, location, échange ou autrement, détenir des terres, limites ou licences forestières, lots de grève, privilèges hydrauliques, pouvoirs hydrauliques et intérêts dans iceux et bâtir sur, développer ou autrement les améliorer et utiliser ;

(*c*) Acheter, acquérir, louer, posséder, ériger, équiper et maintenir des usines et manufactures comme il pourra en être jugé opportun dans l'intérêt de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir et assumer tout ou partie de la propriété commerciale et engagements de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, brevets d'invention, marques de fabrique, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra de nature à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir des actions dans aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Emettre et répartir des actions libérées du capital-stock de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété foncière ou personnelle, droits et concessions achetés ou acquis par la compagnie ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Wax and Glassine Paper Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 2,250 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de Cookshire, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

24–2

Israel & Oppenheimer (Canada), Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 23e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, conseil du Roi, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec et Charles Albert Hale et Auguste Angers, avocats et Harry Fiedler, agents de manufacture. tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses spécialités l'industrie de manufacturiers, commerçants et négociants d'effets, articles et marchandises de tous genres et spécialement manufacturer, acheter, importer, exporter et trafiquer de toutes espèces de nouveautés, articles de fantaisie, tissus, merceries, bottes, souliers et autres articles en cuir, tapis, porcelaine, draps et confections de tous genres, modes, vaisselle, verrerie, quincaillerie, bijouterie, menus articles, jouets et vêtements de tous genres et description ainsi que tous autres articles et choses capables d'être employés en rapport avec leur fabrication et leur vente ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement et assumer tout ou partie de l'entreprise, affaires, propriété, biens ou engaments d'aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en actions ou autres valeurs de la compagnie entièrement ou partiellement libérées et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, payer de la même manière pour tous services rendus à la compagnie en rapport avec son organisation ou la conduite de ses affaires ou autrement ;

(*d*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, l'amalgamation, la consolidation, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, la gérance des affaires de la compagnie ou autres arrangements de même nature avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie, prendre telles mesures et procédés et faire toutes choses nécessaires ou utiles pour exercer et donner effet à tels arrangements ou à aucun d'eux ;

(*e*) Lever, aider à lever des fonds, aider par voie de bonus, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, toute personne, compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de la compagnie et garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations d'affaires ;

(*f*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acquérir, détenir et disposer d'actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs émises par aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des propriétés mobilières, immobilières, foncières ou personnelles de tous genres et nature pouvant convenir aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir toutes marques de fabrique, tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit excluif, non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser aucun secret ou autre forme d'information pouvant être de nature à être employée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition semble, directement ou indirectement devoir être avantageuse à cette compagnie ; les utiliser, exploiter, développer, en octroyer des licences, ou autrement mettre à profit les propriétés, droits, intérêts ou informations ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer, ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie les objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer entre les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs que la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*k*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses susdites comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, et seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*l*) Faire généralement telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent ;

(*m*) Les pouvoirs et fins de la compagnie seront supposés distinctes et non dépendant l'un de l'autre, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard à aucun autre d'eux et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée en la comporant à toute autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Israël & Oppenheimer, (Canada), Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de nevembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

24-2

Universal Asbestos Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertn de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1916, désigné *Lois des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 23e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Harry Redfern Fraser, conseil du Roi, Frederick Samuel Rugg, avocat, Harriet Maud Terrill, comptable, Cora May Coombs et Martha Orvilla Conner, sténographes, tous de la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de mineurs, broyeurs et manufacturiers, marchands et négociants d'amiante, amiante en poudre, amiante en fibres et tous ses produits et sous-produits ;

(*b*) Acheter, manufacturer ou acquérir autrement, posséder, détenir, traiter, vendre, céder, transférer ou autrement disposer de toutes sortes d'articles, effets et marchandises appartenant de quelque manière ou se rattachant à la dite industrie ; exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers et marchands de toutes sortes d'appareils, inventions, découvertes, outils, mécanismes, accessoires, procédés et choses qui peuvent être utiles en rapport avec la fabrication de l'un des articles quelconques ci-dessus mentionnés, et extraire, travailler, manufacturer et préparer pour la vente d'aucune manière et par un procédé queleonque tous minéraux ou produits métalliques ou chimiques ou autres produits et en faire le commerce ;

(*c*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer ou licencier par droits régaliens ou autrement, détenir, posséder, utiliser, exploiter, introduire, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer d'aucune ou de toutes marques de fabrique, marques de commerce, marques spéciales, droits d'auteur, droits de brevets et inventions, améliorations et procédés employés en rapport ou obtenus en vertu de lettres patentes du Dominion du Canada ou ailleurs ou autrement, les employer, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir aucune telles marques de fabrique, marques de commerce, brevets, licences, concessions, procédés et choses de même nature ou tous autres droits de propriété et informations ainsi acquis et cela avec l'idée de les exploiter et développer ;

(*d*) Acquérir par achat, concessions, échange ou autrement, construire, ériger, exploiter, maintenir, gérer des fabriques, ateliers, magasins, dépôts, ateliers de construction et autres structures et bâtiments nécessaires à son industrie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire ou utile à la réalisatian d'aucune des fins de la compagnie, les louer, vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*e*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée aux fins et objets mentionnés dans les présentes et que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir de toute ou aucune des propriétés, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges détenus par aucune personne ou maison, ou par aucune compagnie ou compagnies exerçant une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer, soit en son nom ou au nom d'aucune autre personne, maison ou compagnie et payer pour telle propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement, assnmer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*g*) Se consolider ou s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ; acquérir par achat, location ou autrement les biens, franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune telle corporatton, en assumer le passif ; les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Promouvoir ou aider à promouvoir ou devenir actionnaire d'aucune compagnie subsidiaire, alliée ou autre maison ou personne exerçant ou ayant pour ses fins d'exercer une industrie en tout ou partie similaire à celle de cette compagnie, conclure des arrangements pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autre avec toute personne ou compagnie, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir les actions et valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, et les payer en totalité ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, les détenir, vendre, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, intérêts et dividendes, ou autrement en disposer ;

(*i*) Acquérir l'achalandage, biens, droits, actif et assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la compagnie, ou exerçant une industrie semblables à celle conduite par la compagnie, et les payer en espèces ou valeurs de la présente compagnie ou autrement ;

(*j*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété, droits, franchises et des entreprises de la compagnie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la présente compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*k*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis en telles valeurs et de telle manière qu'il en sera déterminé de temps à autre ;

(*l*) Aider d'aucune manière et garantir les obligations de toute compagnie dont aucune des actions du capital stock, obligations ou autres engagements sont détenus ou sont d'aucune manière garantie par cette compagnie et faire tous actes ou choses pour la préservation, protection, amélioration et augmentation de la valeur d'aucunes telles actions du capital-stock, obligations et autres engagements et faire tous actes et choses pouvant augmenter la valeur et la propriété d'aucune telle compagnie ; garantir et assumer les engagements d'aucune compagnie, maison ou personne endettée envers cette compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Universal Asbestos Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Canada Truck Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour de novembre1916, constituant en corporation Richard Edgar Hannan, gérant, John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, conseil du Roi, tous de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec, et Charles Albert Hale et Auguste Angers, avocats, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, louer, emmagasiner et généralement disposer d'automobiles et autres véhicules, traînés ou non par des chevaux et de machines à vapeur, accessoires et fournitures pour automobiles et bateaux automobiles ; préparer, construire, ériger, maintenir, exploiter des bâtiments, fabriques, outillages, garages, étables, granges, salles d'exposition et autres structures requises pour la fabrication, vente, échange, location, emmagasinage d'automobiles, machines et autres accessoires et toutes espèces de véhicules : entreprendre l'industrie du transport pour personnes, marchandises et meubles au moyen de véhicules mus avec ou sans chevaux ; exploiter des camions, taxicabs et autres véhicules avec ou sans pouvoir moteur, fabriquer, vendre, exploiter et autrement disposer de machines, appareils, outils ou fournitures nécessaires pour manufacturer, construire, réparer ou assembler des véhicules automobiles, machines à vapeur et autres accessoires ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre entreprise ou industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires et objets ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir ou assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, propriété et engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*f*) Rémunérer toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant aucunes actions du capital-stock de la compagnie ou aucunes débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou à propos de la formation ou de la promotion de la compagnie son organisation ou la conduite de ses affaires et les payer en espèces ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Vendre et disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*h*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*i*) Faire toutes les choses nécessaires, convenables, utiles ou normales pour accomplir aucune des fins ou atteindre aucun des objets énumérés dans les présentes ;

(*j*) Les pouvoirs et fins de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendants les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Canada Truck Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

COUR DE L'ECHIQUIER DU CANADA.

ORDRE GÉNÉRAL.

UNE séance générale de la cour de l'Echiquier du Canada, sous les dispositions de la règle 166, pour l'instruction des causes, etc., sera tenue au Palais de Justice, dans la cité de Québec, P.Q., commençant lundi, le 5e jour de février A.D. 1917 à 11 heures a.m.

Daté à Ottawa ce 27e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

23-4 L. A. AUDETTE, J.C.E.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

1. Une position dans le ministère du Travail, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Dans l'accomplissement de ses fonctions, le titulaire aura à faire des études et des enquêtes sur l'emploi et les conditions de vie des femmes et enfants ouvriers au Canada et à aider dans l'administration de toute loi règlementant les prix futurs. Les candidats doivent être des femmes ayant les aptitudes suivantes: être graduées d'une université autorisée, de préférence avec une instruction spéciale en économie politique, et avec une expérience assez étendue dans le genre d'occupations mentionnées ci-dessus pour justifier une nomination dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division.

2. Un aide-chimiste dans la division de la préparation mécanique des minerais et de la métallurgie du

département des Mines, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Les aspirants doivent être gradués en chimie d'une université autorisée et doivent avoir eu, depuis qu'ils ont été gradués, beaucoup d'expérience dans l'analyse chimique des minerais, des métaux et des alliages ferrugineux.

3. Un traducteur au Ministère du Commerce et de l'Industrie, dans la subdivision B de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,300 par année. Cette position sera remplie par examen de concours sur les sujets suivants : orthographe française, composition française, traduction du français à l'anglais et traduction de l'anglais au français. Avis du lieu et de la date de l'examen sera donné à tous les aspirants aussitôt qu'ils seront connus.

4. Un sténographe officiel aux Débats du Sénat du Canada, dans la subdivision B de la première division, au traitement initial de $2,100 par année. Les aspirants doivent être de très habiles sténographes, capables de prendre les débats du Sénat et de les transcrire d'une façon intelligente en anglais et en français.

Les formules de demande dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 18 décembre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 23 novembre 1916. 22–4

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois d'août 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondus Can., 1906.)

DT.	$ c.		AV. $
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373 36	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	691 788 19
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,172,945 57		
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert			
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	3,672 24		
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,860 45	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 août 1916	41,086,063 43
	11,777,851 62		41,777,851 62

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître général des Postes.

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 12 octobre 1916 18-tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois d'octobre 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants. $ c.	Total. $ c.
ACCISE.		
Spiritueux	821,821 59	
Liqueur de malt	12,587 55	
Malt	154,704 93	
Tabac	943,276 44	
Cigares	66,626 62	
Fabrications en entrepôt	11,718 04	
Acide acétique	515 11	
Saisies	646 21	
Autres revenus	11,168 22	
Total du revenu de l'accise		2,028,064 71
Spiritueux pyroxyliques		13,025 24
Passages d'eau		26 00
Inspection des poids et mesures		14,742 08
Inspection du gaz		4,250 75
Inspection de la lumière électrique		5,398 33
Timbres de pièces judiciaires		1,454 50
Autres revenus		495 94
Taxe de guerre		97,671 01
Grand revenu total		2,160,128 56

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous-Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 16 novembre 1916. 23-tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fourn s au département des Finances pour le 30 novembre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE.	1915.	1916.
PASSIF.	$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—		
Payable à New-York	.....	75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada	8,725,450 94	303,362,481 57
Payable à Londres	362,703,312 40	362,703,312 40
Prêts temporaires	165,007,017 53	119,067,808 02
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques	5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion	169,230,286 16	176,452,958 28
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,718,049 47 / $41,184,910 66	
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,801,694 83 / 13,299,514 40	
	52,519,744 30	54,484,425 06
Fonds en fidéicommis	10,153,820 88	10,221,437 32
Comptes des provinces	11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque	43,448,420 09	36,031,431 34
Total de la dette brute	829,377,292 82	1,155,358,251 88
ACTIF.		
PLACEMENTS—		
Fonds d'amortissement	11,649,355 45	12,728,490 72
Autres placements	108,327,819 43	133,663,695 16
COMPTES DES PROVINCES	2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES	205,435,622 33	300,541,655 96
Total de l'actif	327,709,125 11	449,230,169 74
Total de la dette nette au 30 novembre	501,668,167 71	706,128,082 14
" au 31 octobre	492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
Augmentation de la dette	9,139,675 62	10,349,565 59

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois novembre, 1915.	Total au 30 novembre, 1915.	Mois novembre, 1916.	Total au 30 novembre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	9,101,595 41	60,155,959 28	11,208,109 52	86,399,359 81
Accise	2,127,125 10	14,161,880 25	2,145,573 91	16,130,867 65
Département des Postes	1,550,000 00	10,949,779 65	1,600,000 00	11,950,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	2,880,409 30	13,104,300 51	2,560,881 34	17,661,569 48
Divers	1,413,326 95	6,384,385 56	5,650,200 93	12,770,776 91
Total	17,072,456 76	104,756,305 25	23,164,765 70	144,912,573 85
DÉPENSES	8,997,899 07	65,345,503 03	12,006,457 05	69,567,573 94
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	13,155,797 08	66,514,955 38	19,040,383 92	146,527,530 98
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	4,306,180 15	23,993,023 27	2,457,552 80	15,997,789 27
Subventions aux chemins de fer	.....	967,910 71	.....	363,478 61
Total	17,461,977 23	91,475,889 36	21,497,936 72	162,888,798 86

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 5 décembre 1916.

24–tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste.	
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots.....	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature.....	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste.....	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions.	
Total.....	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension.....$	100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session.....	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000.....	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000.....	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000.....	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000.....	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000.....	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel.....	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter, sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressées au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada ;* le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal :*—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone :*—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs ;* ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de fidéicommis ;* une *compagnie de prêt ;* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une déclaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit "

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SENAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé : il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée " partie défenderesse ".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa a qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills privés.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploïtation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situ s ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra l'déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt après la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'Andrew Hamilton Gault, des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, major dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Marguerite Claire Stephens, des dits cité et district de Montréal, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce treizième jour de novembre, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montréal, Qué.,
21–14 Solliciteurs du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Florence Evelyn Snyder, de la cité et du district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, Edward Lockwood, également de la cité et du district de Montréal, artisan, pour cause d'adultère et d'abandon.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, le 22e jour de novembre 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
26–14 Solliciteur de la requérante.

THE GRAIN GROWERS GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

AVIS est donné par le présent qn'une demande sera adressée au parlement, à sa prochaine session, par la compagnie dite "The Grain Growers Grain Company, Limited," afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant le chapitre 80 des Statuts de 1911 et le chapitre 73 des Statuts de 1915, pour les fins suivantes entres autres:—

(*a*) Changer le nom de la compagnie en celui de "United Grain Growers, Limited," ou donner le pouvoir à la compagnie d'adopter ce dit nom par règlement.
(*b*) Permettre que les assemblées aient lieu ailleurs qu'au siège social.
(*c*) Augmenter le capital-actions jusqu'à $5,000,000.
(*d*) Permettre aux actionnaires de posséder 100 actions chacun.
(*e*) Que le droit de vote par procuration soit périmé.
(*f*) Permettre que la compagnie, par règlement, forme les actionnaires en groupes et statuer que ces groupes seront représentés par des délégués aux assemblées de la compagnie.

Daté à Winnipeg, le 4 décembre 1916.

BONNAR, TRUEMAN,
HOLLANDS & ROBINSON,
Winnipeg Electric Railway Chambers,
Winnipeg, Manitoba,
24–5 Solliciteurs des requérants.

COMPAGNIE CONTINENTALE DE CHAUFFAGE ET D'ECLAIRAGE.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la Compagnie Continentale de Chauffage et d'Eclairage s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant l'acte constitutif de la compagnie, étant le chapitre 72 de 60-61 Victoria, en augmentant les pouvoirs d'emprunt de la compagnie, en accordant à la compagnie, entre autres pouvoirs les suivants, savoir :—extension des pouvoirs au sujet du commerce des stocks et autres valeurs, pouvoir d'exercer d'autres industries, d'aider financièrement les compagnies dont la compagnie détient des actions ou avec lesquelles elle est en relations d'affaires et fusionner avec toutes autres compagnies, et en abrogeant les dispositions du dit acte concernant l'émission d'actions-débentures et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 6e jour de décembre A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL, MACFARLANE ET POPE,
24–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

SECTION CANADIENNE DE LA LIGUE AÉRIENNE DE L'EMPIRE BRITANNIQUE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera adressée au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation la "Section Canadienne de la Ligue Aérienne de l'Empire Britannique," comme une association pour l'encouragement des inventions et de la fabrication des navires aériens et de leurs àcessoires; propager les connaissances au sujet des questions aériennes et concernant l'art de l'aviation et fonder des écoles d'aviation, aider les sujets britanniques à entrer dans les corps royaux d'aviation ; aider les personnes dépendant des aviateurs qui perdent leur vie en service actif; coopérer avec le comité central de la Ligue Aérienne de l'Empire Britannique ; établir des succursales de l'association; fournir des terrains pour l'atterrissage des navires aériens, et pour d'autres fins analogues; avec tous les pouvoirs nécessaires à cette fin.

Montréal, 29 novembre 1916.

LIGHTHALL & HARWOOD,
Solliciteurs des requérants,
306, Immeuble de la Banque de Québec,
24–5 Montréal.

L'ÉVÊQUE DE LA RIVIÈRE MACKENZIE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera adressée au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation le très révérend James Richard Lucas, évêque du diocèse de la rivière Mackenzie, et ses successeurs en fonctions, sous le nom de "L'Evêque de la Rivière Mackenzie," avec tous les pouvoirs nécessaires à une telle corporation d'acquérir et posséder des biens meubles et immeubles et tous les autres pouvoirs administratifs qui sont reliés aux dites fonctions et appartiennent aux dites corporations.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 24e jour de novembre A. D. 1916.

ORDE, POWELL, LYLE & SNOWDON,
48, rue Sparks, Ottawa, Canada,
24–5 Solliciteurs du requérant.

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

AVIS.—La Compagnie de chemin de fer dite "The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un Acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut terminer la construction de sa voie ferrée, à partir d'un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Lumsden's-Mills jusqu'à ou vers la rivière Des Quinze, tel qu'elle a été autorisée à cet effet par le chapitre 66 des Statuts de 1901 et par le chapitre 106 des Statuts de 1912, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 2e jour de décembre 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
23–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company," s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant sa loi constitutive (1 et 2 George V, chap. 86, 1911) abrogeant les alinéas (*d*) et (*e*) de l'article 7 de la dite loi et en lui donnant le pouvoir de faire des contrats d'assurance des classes suivantes telles que définies par *La loi des assurances, 1910*, outre les classes mentionnées aux alinéas (*a*), (*b*) et (*c*) du dit article 7, savoir : (*d*) assurance de garantie ; (*e*) assurance sur les glaces ; (*f*) assurance sur les automobiles ; et (*g*) assurance contre l'incendie ; et aussi à l'effet de changer le nom de la compagnie en celui de "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
160 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal,
22–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER LACHINE, JACQUES-CARTIER ET MAISONNEUVE.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la Compagnie de chemin de fer Lachine, Jacques-Cartier et Maisonneuve s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle pourra construire et terminer la voie ferrée mentionnée à l'article 1, chapitre 93 des Statuts de 1914, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 16e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
21–5 Solliciteur de la requérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE PROVINCIALE DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL N° 52.

AVIS est par les présentes donné qu'un dividende de un et trois quarts pour cent (1¾%), étant au taux de sept pour cent l'an, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour le trimestre finissant le 31 décembre 1916, et sera payable au bureau-chef de la banque, à Montréal, et à ses succursales, le ou après le deuxième jour de janvier 1917, aux actionnaires enregistrés dans les livres le 22 décembre prochain.

L'assemblée générale des actionnaires aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, mercredi, le 24 janvier 1917, à midi.

Par ordre du bureau de direction,

TANCRÈDE BIENVENU,
Vice-président et gérant général.

Montréal, 24 novembre 1916. 24-1—26-1

BANQUE MOLSONS.

145E DIVIDENDE.

AVIS.—Les actionnaires de la Banque Molsons sont notifiés par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et trois quarts pour cent (étant au taux de onze pour cent par année) sur le capital-actions a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque, à Montréal, et aux succursales, à compter du deuxième jour de janvier prochain, aux actionnaires inscrits au registre le 15 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 28 novembre 1916. 23–5

LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

ASSEMBLÉE ANNUELLE

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque Royale du Canada, pour l'élection des directeurs et autres affaires, aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, à Montréal, jeudi, le 11e jour de janvier prochain, à 11 heures a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 1er décembre 1916. 23–6

LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC ET LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

AVIS est donné par le présent que les banques soussignées ont l'intention de s'adresser, à l'expiration de quatre semaines à compter de la date de la première publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, au Gouverneur en conseil et au Conseil de la Trésorerie, par l'entremise du Ministre des Finances et Receveur général, afin que soit approuvée une convention entre la Banque de Québec et la Banque Royale du Canada, par laquelle la Banque de Québec consent à vendre et la Banque Royale du Canada consent à acheter tous les biens meubles et immeubles, l'actif, les droits, créances et effets de la Banque de Québec de quelque nature qu'ils soient et à n'importe quel endroit où ils se trouvent, et par laquelle, en compensation de cette vente et de cet achat la Banque Royale du Canada consent à répartir et émettre à la Banque de Québec, ou à ses représentants, neuf mille cent dix-sept (9,117) actions entièrement acquittées du capital-actions de la Banque Royale du Canada, de la valeur au pair de $100 chacune, et se montant en tout à la somme, valeur au pair, de neuf cent onze mille sept cent dollars, et de payer à la Banque de Québec la somme de six cent quatre-vingt-trois mille sept cent soixante-quinze dollars ($683,775) en deniers comptants, et par laquelle la Banque Royale du Canada se charge de prendre, payer, acquitter, remplir et exécuter toutes les dettes, le passif, les contrats et obligations de la Banque de Québec, (y compris les billets en souffrance émis et destinés à la circulation, et en circulation ainsi que les obligations relatives aux baux.)

On peut voir une copie de la dite convention aux bureaux de la Banque Royale du Canada à Montréal, P.Q., et à ceux de la Banque de Québec, à Québec, P.Q.

La dite convention a été approuvée par une résolution des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec, adoptée par le vote des actionnaires présents en personne ou représentés par fondés de pouvoirs, représentant au delà des deux tiers du montant du capital-actions souscrit de la dite banque, à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite banque dûment convoquée et tenue à cette fin. La dite convention a aussi été approuvée par une résolution des directeurs de la Banque Royale du Canada.

Daté le 28 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC,
B. B. STEVENSON, gérant général.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA,
23–5 C. E. NEILL, gérant général.

ACTE POUR LA PROTECTION DES EAUX NAVIGABLES.

CHAP. 115, S.R.C.

NAPOLÉON GIGNAC, de la cité de Québec, marchand de bois, donne avis par les présentes, qu'il a, en vertu de l'article 7 du dit acte, déposé au bureau du Ministre des Travaux publics, à Ottawa, et dans le bureau du régistrateur du district de Québec, en la cité de Québec, une description du site et des plans du quai qu'il se propose de construire dans la rivière Saint-Charles, à Québec, sur le lot numéro 109 du cadastre du quartier Saint-Roch.

Et sachez qu'après un mois, à compter de la date de la première publication de cet avis, Napoléon Gignac, en vertu de l'article 7 du dit acte, fera sa demande au Ministre des Travaux publics, à son bureau, dans la cité d'Ottawa, pour l'approbation du site et des plans ci-dessus mentionnés et pour la permission de construire le dit quai.

Daté à Québec, ce 7e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

DROUIN, SÉVIGNY & AMYOT,
23-4 Procureurs de Napoléon Gignac.

LOI CONCERNANT LA PROTECTION DES EAUX NAVIGABLES.

S.R.C., CHAPITRE 115.

JOHN WILSON McCONNELL, donne avis par les présentes, qu'il a déposé, en vertu de la septième section du dit acte, chez le Ministre des Travaux Publics, à Ottawa, et au bureau d'enregistrement dans le comté d'Yamaska, à Saint-François du Lac, une description de la situation et des plans d'un outillage pour le lavage et le tamisage du sable à être construit sur le lot numéro 1154 des plan et livre de renvois officiels de la paroisse de Notre-Dame de Pierreville, comté d'Yamaska, province de Québec, sur les bords de la rivière Saint-François, tout près de Pierreville.

Et prenez avis qu'à l'expiration d'un mois à partir de la date de la première publication de cet avis le dit John Wilson McConnell s'adressera, en vertu de la septième section du dit acte, au Ministre des Travaux Publics à son bureau en la ville d'Ottawa afin d'obtenir la permission d'installer le dit outillage et d'en obtenir l'approbation.

Daté à Montréal, ce vingt-septième jour de novembre 1916.

PERRON, TASCHEREAU, RINFRET,
VALLÉE & GENEST.
Procureurs de M. John Wilson McConnell.

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Ottawa river—Lake Timiskaming—Ville Marie—Buoys established..... 1935
Lake Erie—Conneaut harbour—Wreck removed..... 1935
Lake Superior—Thunder bay—Port Arthur harbour, south entrance—Light established—Gas buoy withdrawn..... 1936
Lake Winnipeg—Winnipeg beach—Wharf; dredging; range day beacons..... 1936
Burrard inlet—Vancouver harbour—Off entrance to Coal harbour—Change in position of mooring buoy..... 1937
Tolmie channel—Tenas island—Day beacon erected..... 1937

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Dalhousie Lumber Co., Ltd., booms and piers in Restigouche River, plans deposited 1952
Canadian Robert Dollar Co., Ltd., wharf and saw-mill buildings on the North Arm of Burrard Inlet, plans deposited..... 1952
Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway Co., supplemental deed of trust, etc., deposited.. 1952
Provincial Bank of Canada, dividend and meeting..... 1971

OTTAWA.—Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

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The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 10th November, 1916.

The undermentioned temporary Excise Officers in the Inland Revenue Divisions hereinafter named to be permanently appointed as Preventive Officers in such Divisions from the dates indicated in their respective cases.

Name.	Division.	Date.
James Henry Hanham	Hamilton	1st April, 1916.
Carling Wellington Miller	London	1st April, 1916.
John Cryne	Ottawa	1st April, 1916.
John Proctor Kelso	Prescott	1st April, 1916.
Edward Charles Coutu	"	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Onesime Champagne	"	1st April, 1916.
Emile Deschambault	Montreal	1st April, 1916.
Gustave Biroleau dit Lafleur	"	1st April, 1916.
George Arthur Loranger	"	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Agenord Donat Houde	"	1st April, 1916.
Bruno Côté	"	1st April, 1916.
Armand Guilbault	"	1st April, 1916.
Serge Lefebvre	"	1st April, 1916.
Donald John Smith	"	1st April, 1916.
Louis Philippe Bolduc	Quebec	1st April, 1916.
François Xavier Côté	"	1st April, 1916.
Lucien Paquet	"	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Fortin	"	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Alphonse Cadotte	St. Hyacinthe	1st April, 1916.
Thomas Joseph Healy	Halifax	1st April, 1916.
James Barnes Cosgrove	Winnipeg	1st April, 1916.
William Green	Calgary	1st Nov., 1916.
James Albert Grantham	Vancouver	1st April, 1916.
Richard Harvey Brown	"	1st April, 1916.
Michael James Harty	Ottawa	1st April, 1916.
Adelard Goulet	"	1st April, 1916.
Eucher Roy	"	22nd June, 1916.
Analdy Roy	Joliette	1st April, 1916.
Wilfrid Gauthier	Montreal	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Albert Fereol Ouimet	"	1st April, 1916.
Edmond Edouard Camille Therien	"	1st April, 1916.
Charles Navert	"	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Donat Labelle	"	1st April, 1916.
Edmond Laurence	"	1st April, 1916.
William Louis Ross	"	1st April, 1916.
Emile Laverdure	Ottawa	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Hilaire Lucien Boudreault	"	1st April, 1916.
Stewart Lamont	Windsor	11th July, 1916.
Andrew Wickens	"	1st April, 1916.
Edward Duggan	Quebec	1st April, 1916.
Louis Philippe Robitaille	"	1st April, 1916.
Albert Fiset	"	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Charles Raymond	St. Hyacinthe	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Suprenant	"	1st April, 1916.
Thomas Squires Somers	Sherbrooke	1st April, 1916.
Guillaume Arthur Quesnel	Three Rivers	1st April, 1916.
Anselme Trudel	"	1st April, 1916.
Alexander Belanger	Winnipeg	1st April, 1916.
Ernest Fidler	Calgary	1st April, 1916.
William Jno. Clucas Joughin	"	1st April, 1916.
David Herbert Richards	"	1st April, 1916.
Thomas Quinn	Vancouver	1st April, 1916.
James Frank Carson	Brantford	1st April, 1916.
James McCort	London	1st April, 1916.
Venance Labelle	Ottawa	1st April, 1916.
Henri Cousineau	Montreal	1st April, 1916.
Michael Hughes	"	1st April, 1916.
François Xavier Labonté	St. Hyacinthe	1st April, 1916.
Henri Ledoux	Montreal	1st April, 1916.
Joseph Ernest Rainville	"	1st April, 1916

—

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 4th December, 1916.

H. H. Drake, of the City of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Deputy Shipping Master : to be Shipping Master at the Port of Halifax, in the said Province, in the room and stead of Howard Bligh, deceased.

7th December, 1916.

JOHN L. GALLANT, of the village of Shediac, in the Province of New Brunswick: to be Wharfinger of the Government wharf at Shediac aforesaid, in the County of Westmorland, in the said Province.

BARNEY W. COLLISON, of the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law: to be a Commissioner of Police within the Provinces of Alberta, British Columbia, and Saskatchewan, and the North West Territories.

GEORGE GARTRELL, of the Town of Summerland, in the Province of British Columbia, Esquire: to be a Fishery Officer, with the rank of Fishery Overseer, for the Province of British Columbia aforesaid and with the powers of a Justice of the Peace, *ex officio*, for all the purposes of The Fisheries Act, in the room and stead of Charles Godwin.

JOHN S. SIEFFERT, of Winnipegosis, in the Province of Manitoba, Esquire: to be a Fishery Officer, with the rank of Fishery Overseer, for the Province of Manitoba aforesaid and with the powers of a Justice of the Peace, *ex officio*, for all the purposes of The Fisheries Act, in the room and stead of C. L. White, deceased.

—

8th December, 1916.

HERBERT LORNE CRYSLER, of Govenlock, in the Province of Saskatchewan, Merchant: to be a Commissioner under the provisions of The Naturalization Act, being chapter 77 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906.

—

11th December, 1916.

JOHN ARTHUR GRIESON, of the village of Weymouth Bridge, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire, Barrister-at-law: to be Judge of the County Court District number three, comprising the Counties of Annapolis, Digby and Yarmouth, in the said Province of Nova Scotia, in the room and stead of His Honour Judge Pelton, deceased.

—

Ottawa, 7th December, 1916.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to cancel and revoke the Commission of Barney W. Collinson, appointed a Commissioner of Police within the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta and the North West Territories on the 5th October, 1916, which said appointment was published in *The Canada Gazette* of the 28th October, 1916.

—

Ottawa, 13th December, 1916.

Vice Admiral G. E. KINGSMILL has been pleased to order that Captain Frederick Claude Coote Pasco, Acting Commander Gerald Otto Rooskie Eliott, R.D., R.N.R., Rear Admiral William Oswald Story, and Captain Edward Harrington Martin be competent Naval authorities under the provisions of the Order in Council dated the 25th day of March, 1915, passed under The War Measures Act, 1914.

PROCLAMATIONS.

DEVONSHIRE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Thursday, the Thirtieth day of the month of November instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on TUESDAY, the NINTH day of the month of JANUARY next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

WITNESS: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this THIRTIETH day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

23–tf

DESPATCHES, ETC.

(*Extract from the First Supplement to* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 27th October, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,
27th October, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the field to the undermentioned Non-commissioned Officers and men:—

CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

530504 Sjt. E. C. Amaron, C.A.M.C.
107054 Driver L. M. Anderson, C.M.Rif.
79246 Pte. W. Avery, Inf.
430502 L/C. A. C. Bennard, Pioneers.
86394 Sjt. W. C. Bishop, C.F.A.
50484 L/Sjt. A. W. Board, C.A.M.C.
107093 Pte. H. A. Bogart, C.E.

79807 Pte. A. E. Brown, Inf.
430457 Sjt. J. Brown, Pioneers.
66207 Cpl. W. C. Brown, Inf.
108128 Coy S/M. (now Lt.) J. E. Capstick, C.M.Rif.
451194 L/C. W. L. D. Carnie, Inf.
430638 Coy. S/M. G. Carr, Pioneers.
418665 Pte. W. S. Cassidy, Inf.
111085 Sjt. G. A. Chase, C.M.Rif.
1523 Sjt. T. R. Clason, Inf.
79023 Actg. Coy. S/M. (now Lt.) J. F. Clement, Inf.
109272 Sapper W. Cockeram, C.E.
111118 Actg. Coy. S/M. M. Crawford, C.M.Rif.
1762 Sjt. E. Cooper, Inf.
49 2nd Cpl. C. H. Curtis, C.E.
109117 Actg. R. S/M. Davison, C.M.Rif.
79569 Coy. S/M. G. O. Day, Inf.
110136 Pte. C. Dingle, C.M.Rif.
65275 Pte. L. F. Donnelly, Inf.
109312 Pte. A. W. Dore, C.M.Rif.
107181 Sjt. (now Lt.) P. W. Drakes, C.M. Rif.
287 Sjt. H. D. Duff, C.E.
439698 W. F. Ede, Inf.
153023 Pte. D. Elder, Inf.
108211 Sapper C. G. Emslie, C.E.
438579 Pte. E. Forest, Inf.
106230 Sjt. W. Forsyth, C.M. Rif.
79928 Pte. H. Garrison, Inf.
106246 Coy. Q. M. Sjt. G. H. Gilbert, C.M. Rif.
500039 Sjt. C. Gillis, C.M.
477378 Pte. J. Hammond, R.C.R.
109378 Sjt. (now Lt.) J. C. Hartley, C.M. Rif.
154 Actg. Sjt. R. C. Hayes, Inf.
433043 Pte. R. Henderson, Inf.
477396 Pte. J. Hempenstall, R.C.R.
243 Q. M. Sjt. L. H. Holland, C.M.G. Service.
104 Sjt. T. Hope, C.E.
333 L/C. C. M. C. Hoyt, C.E.
47740 Sjt. A. W. Hunt, R.C.R.
418038 Sjt. J. Hunter, Inf.
109142 Acting Sjt. E. Ingleby, C.M. Rif.
798 Pte. J. A. Joslin, Inf.
453689 Sjt. H. M. Jupp, C.M.G. Service.
418239 Coy. S/M.G.W. Kennedy, Inf.
418015 Coy. S/M. R. Kennedy, Inf.
109430 Actg. Sjt. H. T. Kerr, C.M. Rif.
116 Sapper A. King, C.E.
110298 Pte. W. J. A. King, C.M. Rif.
477507 Sjt. C. A. Lamont, R.C.R.
451254 Pte. P. C. Latter, Inf.
367 Sjt. (now Lt.) P. E. Leclerc, C.E.
110309 Sjt. J. Leach, C.M. Rif.
106360 Pte. E. C. Liminton, C.M. Rif.
451157 Coy. S/M. C. E. Little, Inf.
439870 Pte. S. J. Lucas, Inf.
477550 Sjt. W. Lowe, R.C.R.
463511 L/C. A.J.D. MacDougall, Pioneers.
432859 Pte. R. A. Mangin, Inf.
1335 Cpl. H. Martin, C.A.M.C.
111320 Sjt. T. W. Martin, C.M. Rif.
406135 Sapper F. Maunder, C.E.
79355 Pte. J. M. McAlpine, Inf.
220 Sjt. (now Lt.) M. R. McCracken, C.E.
A.11155 Sjt. J. C. McDowell, C.M.G. Service.
79421 Pte. D. A. McLeod, Inf.
140 Cpl. J. F. McRae, C.E.
147 Sapper F. R. Middlemiss, C.E.
153598 Pte. W. Middleton, Inf.
439679 Pte. R. W. Moore, Inf.
106406 Sjt. M. J. Morris, C.M. Rif.
529541 Pte. G. E. Morrison, C.A.M.C.
432909 Sjt. F. E. Montgomery, Inf.
500562 Sapper W. Murray, C.E.
433040 Pte. E. F. Ockenden, Inf.
622251 Pte. L. Olmstead, Inf.
5725 Sjt. J. W. Ord, C.E.
418010 Sjt. C. A. Owston, Inf.
83707 Bombr. A. J. Paget, C.F.A.
107478 Sjt. E. Palmer, C.M. Rif.
400 Sjt. F. A. Pankhurst, C.E.
421110 Sjt. A. E. Payne, C.M.G. Service.
107470 Sapper G. W. Pearson, C.E.
430579 Sjt. A. Petch, Pioneers.
104465 Pte. C. A. Phin, Pioneers
432807 Cpl. J. Potts, Inf.

458647 Pte. E. Preston, Inf.
433017 Pte. J. E. Prosser, Inf.
420780 Sjt. T. W. Rae, Inf.
477761 Pte. S. Rayner, R.C.R.
432484 Sjt. W. Revill, Inf.
2110 Actg. Cpl. N. S. Richardson, C.E.
116037 Coy. S/M. R. Richman, C.M.Rif.
252 Sjt. W. C. Roberts, C.E.
109571 Pte. D. R. Robertson, C.M.Rif.
110488 Pte. L. B. Rogers, C.M.Rif.
418026 Sjt. J. H. Roscoe, Inf.
106534 Farrier Sjt. H. B. Saunderson, C.M.Rif.
12017 Pte. S. H. Scobie, Inf.
477834 Pte. C. Shipp, R.C.R.
500085 Sapper J. H. Short, C.E.
418334 Pte. L. P. Smarden, C.E.
432978 Pte. A. Smith, Inf.
414337 Pte. R. A. Smith, C.M.Rif.
107532 Coy. S/M. W. Smith, C.M.Rif.
109624 Pte. E. Stevens, C.E.
477895 Pte. B. J. Sullivan, R.C.R.
418009 Pte. R. Tank, Inf.
131 Sjt. G. Taylor, Inf.
458235 Pte. I. Taylor, Inf.
207 L/C. J. G. Thomas, C.E.
37231 Pte. V. Thompson, C.A.S.C.
432275 Sjt. R. Tuach, Inf.
50754 Pte. J. Urquhart, Inf.
430758 L/C. E. A. Vowell, Pioneers.
79740 Sjt. A. Wakelyn, Inf.
872 Gunner H. L. Walker, C.F.A.
429098 Actg. Sjt. R. Wardrop, Inf.
1707 Sjt. J. Watt, Inf.
107642 Pte. H. Westlake, C.M. Rif.
91513 Gunner F. Wheat, C.F.A.
51472 Cpl. F. H. Wheatley, C.M. Gun Service.
106633 Sjt. (now Lt.) T. C. Wilson, C. M. Rif.
2352 2nd Cpl. W. R. Wright, C.E.
1140 Sjt. E. Young, Inf. 25–1

[*Extract from the Supplement to* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 10th November, 1916.*]

WAR OFFICE,
11th November, 1916.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to award the Meritorious Service Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and Men, in recognition of valuable services rendered with the Armies in the field during the present war :—

CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

48501 S/S. Major A. J. Shirt, Can. A.V.C. 25–1

(*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 14th November, 1916.*)

CHANCERY OF THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER,

ST. JAME'S PALACE,
14th September, 1916.

THE KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Royal Victorian Order :

To be Commanders.

The Lord Richard Plantagenet Nevill, C.M.G., Comptroller of the Household to the Governor-General of Canada.

Arthur French Sladen, Esq., C.M.G., Private Secretary to the Governor-General of Canada.

To be Member of the Fourth Class.

James Crowdy, Esq., Chief Clerk to the Governor-General of Canada. 25–1

(*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE, *of the 27th October, 1916.*

THE GRAND PRIORY OF THE ORDER OF THE HOSPITAL OF ST. JOHN OF JERUSALEM IN ENGLAND.

ST. JOHN'S GATE, CLERKENWELL,
LONDON, E.C., 25th October, 1916.

THE King has been graciously pleased to sanction the following promotions in and appointments to the Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England :—

As Knights of Grace.

George Bury (from Esquire).
John Fosbery Orde, K.C. (from Honorary Associate).
George Burn.
James Wilson Robertson, C.M.G.

As Ladies of Grace.

Janet, Lady Tupper,
Mary Jean, Mrs. Henry Croft.

As Esquires.

Captain Angus Alexander Mackintosh of Mackintosh,
Anthony Douglas MacTier,
Hon. Lieut.-Col. Charles Walsh Rowley,
William Doig Robb,
Albert Holden Abbott, B.A., Ph.D. 25–1

(*Extract from the* LONDON GAZETTE *of the 14th November, 1916.*)

FOREIGN OFFICE,
29th September, 1916.

The KING has been pleased to approve of :—

Senor Don Antenor Gerez as Consul-General of the Argentina Republic at Ottawa, for the Dominion of Canada and for Labrador. 25–1

CANADA.
No. 1330.

DOWNING STREET,
November 27, 1916.

MY LORD DUKE,—With reference to the Earl of Crewe's circular despatch of the 10th September, 1909, enclosing a copy of a Royal Warrant instituting "The King's Police Medal," I have the honour to transmit to Your Excellency, for the information of your Ministers, a copy of a Royal Warrant dated 3rd October, 1916, ordaining an alteration in the riband from which the Medal is suspended.

I have the honour to be,
My Lord Duke,
Your Grace's most obedient, humble servant,

(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Excellency the
Duke of Devonshire, K.G., G.C.V.O.,
&c., &c., &c.

[*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 10th October, 1916.*]

GEORGE R.I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, to all to whom these Presents shall come :

Greeting !

WHEREAS His Majesty King Edward the Seventh did by a Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, bearing date at His Court of Saint James's the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and nine, institute and create a new medal to be styled the King's Police Medal :

Now, therefore, We do by these Presents for Us Our Heirs and Successors abrogate so much of the fifth clause of the said Warrant as ordains that the riband by which the medal is suspended should be dark blue with a narrow silver stripe on either side, and in lieu thereof, We ordain that the riband shall be dark blue with a narrow silver stripe on either side and a similar silver stripe in the centre.

Given at Our Court at St. James's the third of October, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

25–3 HERBERT SAMUEL.

(*Extract from the* LONDON GAZETTE *of the 14th November, 1916.*)

PORTUGUESE PRIZE COURTS.

FOREIGN OFFICE,
11th November, 1916.

WITH reference to the notification which was published in the *London Gazette* of 30th May last, a translation is appended of the Portuguese Decree No. 2565 of August 14th, 1916, relating to procedure in the Portuguese Prize Courts :—

(TRANSLATION.)

Decree No. 2565 (14th August, 1916).

Article 1.—The form of procedure in the Prize Courts shall be the summary form laid down in Decree No. 3 of the 29th of May, 1907, with the modifications set forth in the following Articles :—

Article 2.—In the statement of claim the plaintiff shall ask that the defendant be served with notice to produce, at the Registrar's office, within the fixed period of five days, a statement of defence setting forth his whole defence.

Sub-Clause 1.—With regard to Article 36 of the Decree No. 2350 of the 20th of April, 1916, the Action shall be laid against the Depository-Administrator, or the Advocate, and, at the same time, his appointment and a summons for him to appear shall be applied for.

Sub-Clause 2.—When it is necessary to do so, the Judge shall at once proceed to make such appointment, and, in the same Order, shall order the summons to be issued. Service of this summons must be effected within forty-eight hours.

Article 3.—If the hearing of witnesses shall have been applied for, then during the three days following the filing of the Statement of Defence, or such further period as may be granted for the purpose, not more than three witnesses put forward by each party shall be heard, no interlocutory proceedings or other delay being admitted ; and, on the day next following, the Judge shall deliver Provisional Judgment. Notice of this Judgment shall be served within twenty-four hours, or it may be made public at a sitting of the Court, and thenceforth shall be of full effect and validity.

Article 4.—Upon the termination of the above mentioned proceedings the case shall be allotted according to its class to a Registrar of the Court. The Plaintiff may then reply to the Statement of Defence already filed ; this reply must be filed and the other proceedings set forth in the 5th and following Articles of Decree No. 3 of the 29th of May, 1907, shall be completed within 5 days of service of notice on publication of the Provisional Judgment.

Sole Sub-Clause.—Should there have been no Statement of Defence, or if it is declared to be of no avail, the Provisional Judgment shall become final.

Article 5.—From the final Judgment, delivered in Prize Proceedings, an Appeal will always lie direct to the Supremo Tribunal de Justiça (the Supreme Court of Justice), where cognisance will be taken of the nullities alleged, and of Interlocutory Appeals which may be pending, no other Appeal being allowed.

Article 6.—The Surveys of vessels, made by the Technical Committees, which are treated of in Article 29 * of Decree No. 2350, are sufficient proof both for the Provisional and the Final Judgments.

Article 7.—Judgments upholding a capture, whether provisional or final, shall be communicated direct by

the Judges delivering them to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs in view of the possible bearing thereon of Article 2 of the 12th Hague Convention of October, 1907, approved by the Decree of February 24, 1911.

Article 8.—The Legal Representative of the State shall always intervene as the principal party in Prize Proceedings, without prejudice to any other legitimately interested person being a co-Plaintiff therein.

Article 9.—There shall be no Vacation Terms in the proceedings treated of by this Decree.

Article 10.—This Decree shall come into force immediately, and all provisions which are antagonistic are revoked.

The Ministers of all the Departments will thus take cognisance of it, and cause it to be carried out.

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* Relating to survey of enemy vessels seized with a view of ascertaining whether they are adapted for conversion into warships. 25-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[The following Order in Council was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *1st December, 1916.*]

[2957]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by inadvertence a clause which it had been intended should appear in section 5 of P. C. 2777, of the 10th day of November, 1916, respecting enhancement of the prices of necessaries of life, did not appear in the draft of such order,—

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order that the said Order in Council of the 10th day of November, 1916 (P.C. 2777), shall be and the same is hereby amended by inserting after the word "Council" where that word for the third time appear in section 5 of said Order in Council, and immediately before the word "precisely" in said section 5, the words

"within a time set in such notice and such person "shall make and render unto such "Council."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24-2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2839]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made by Mr. Charles Paquette, of Hudson's Hope, in the Province of British Columbia, for a free grant of that portion of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 18, Township 81, Range 25, west of the Sixth Meridian, lying west of Peace River, in the Peace River Block, in the said Province of Britsh Columbia, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian Title.

And whereas evidence has been submitted showing Mr. Paquette to have been in actual occupation of the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8 in the summer of 1899.

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General, is pleased, under the provisions of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, to authorize a free grant to the applicant of the land in question which may be more particularly described as follows :—

All that portion of the N. W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 18 of the said township which is not included within the limits of Lot 420 and which lies to the west of the left bank of Peace River, as shown upon a map or plan of survey of Sections 18 and 19 in the said township, approved and confirmed at Ottawa on the 7th day of March, A.D., 1916, by Edouard Deville, Surveyor General of Dominion Lands, and of record in the Department of the Interior, and containing by admeasurement thirty one and twenty hundredths acres more or less.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2830]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 14th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a Report, dated 7th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that an application has been made by Mr. Oliver Ghostkeeper, of Grouard, of the Province of Alberta, for a free grant of Lot numbered 108 of the Big Prairie Settlement, of the said Province of Alberta, containing by admeasurement 68·5 acres more or less, by virtue of occupation of the land at the date of the extinguishment of the Indian Title.

The Minister, therefore, recommends,—as evidence has been submitted showing Mr. Ghostkeeper to have been in residence on the land at the date of the conclusion of Indian Treaty No. 8 in the summer of 1899, —that under the provisions of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, a free grant be authorized to Mr. Ghostkeeper of said Lot numbered 108 of Big Prairie Settlement, of the Province of Alberta.

The Committee concur in the foregoing and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2845]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 15th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 9th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, reporting that on the 3rd July, 1914, Alfred H. Breach made homestead and pre-emption entries for the south-east quarter of Section 27, and the north-east quarter of Section 22, respectively, in Township 22, Range 7, west of the 4th Meridian.

It would appear from the evidence furnished that Mr. Breach may have put in one term of residence duties.

The Minister submits the annexed copy of a Certificate from Arthur L. Lynch, M.D., stating that Mr. Breach will never be able to do further homestead duties.

Under the circumstances, the Minister recommends that the residence requirements of The Dominion Lands Act be dispensed with in this case, under the authority of subsection 2 of Section 20 of the Act, so that patents may be issued to Mr. Breach for the two quarter-sections above described, upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law as to duties and payment have been fulfilled.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2877]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 20th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that William Henry Moore was granted homestead entry on the 19th May, 1903, for the southwest quarter of Section 24, Township 21, Range 1, west of the 1st Meridian, in the Province of Manitoba;

It would appear from the evidence submitted that the entrant lived upon this quarter section for six or eight months in each year from 1904 to 1908 inclusive, but he is not able to furnish the dates of commencement and termination of each period of residence, neither is he in a position to obtain witnesses who can furnish the information ;

It has been ascertained that Mr. Moore erected two houses upon this land and that both were destroyed by fire ;

Mr. Moore would also appear to have been the owner of an average of eighteen head of cattle during the time he resided upon the land,—

In view of the foregoing, taking into consideration the fact that apparently the settlement duties called for by the Act have been completed and that the only difficulty in the way of issuing patent is the failure to furnish full details as to the residence performed, the Minister recommends that authority be given under subsection (*l*) of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, chapter 20, 7-8 Edward VII, for the sale of the said homestead to Mr. Moore at the rate of $1.00 per acre, in lieu of the performance of further settlement duties, such sale to exhaust his free homestead right.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2878]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 20th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. John Marshall was granted pre-emption entry for the northeast quarter of Section 33, Township 7, Range 10, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 14th January, 1910 ;

Information has been received that this homesteader performed three terms of residence in connection with his homestead entry, but no residence in connection with the pre-emption entry. The cultivation duties have apparently been completed ;

It has been represented to the Department of the Interior that Mr. Marshall is now in his 86th year and totally incapacitated from further work or residence on the above land, that he requires the care of his immediate relatives as long as he may live and that he will, therefore, be unable to take up further residence on either his pre-emption or homestead,—

The Minister submits copy of medical cerlificate, and recommends, in view of the statements contained therein, that further residence on the part of Mr. Marshall be dispensed with in accordance with subsection 2 of section 20 of The Dominion Lands Act, chapter 20, 7-8 Edward VII, so that patent may be issued to Mr. Marshall upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled, and that the purchase price has been paid.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2889]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made to the Department of the Interior by the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, of Cache Creek, British Columbia, to purchase under irrigation conditions 307·9 acres of land, consisting of fractional parcels surrounding the Company's main holdings near Cache creek, in the Railway Belt of British Columbia, all of which they propose to bring under an irrigation system.

The Minister states that the lands applied for have been inspected by officers of the Department of the Interior, who have reported that they are useless for cultivation without irrigation and that the irrigation of same is feasible providing water can be secured for the purpose. The lands are vacant and available.

The Minister, therefore, recommends that the lands enumerated in the attached schedule be sold to the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, on the following conditions :—

(*a*) The land sold to be brought under cultivation by irrigation ;

(*b*) The purchase price to be at the rate of five dollars ($5.00) per acre, subject to a deduction of the cost of the irrigation works up to an amount not exceeding Two dollars ($2,00) per acre and the amount so credited shall be deemed to be a payment in cash made on the date of sale. The said purchase price to be paid as follows: One dollar ($1.00) per acre within one year from date of the authorization of the sale by the Goyernor in Council, the balance within three years from the date of such authorization or upon fulfilment before the expiration of the said three years of all other conditions of the sale, with interest at 5 per cent per annum.

(*c*) The necessary water rights to be secured from the Provincial Government of British Columbia. No work to be done on the land until preliminary water rights are secured from the province.

(*d*) The work to be commenced within one year from the date of the authorization by Order in Council of the sale of and to be completed to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior within three years from such date, unless other dates are fixed by the Provincial authorities in connection with the water rights, in which case the Provincial dates may be accepted if approved by the Minister of the Interior.

(*e*) Examination to be made by engineers of the Department of the Interior on completion of the work.

(*f*) Patent to issue, when the conditions completed, for those parcels the irrigable portion of which have been brought under cultivation by irrigation.

(*g*) The sale to be cancellable for non-payment of the purchase price or for failure to comply with any of the conditions of sale.

(*h*) Prior to patent no transfer or assignment of the lands, or any rights therein, to be made without the consent of the Minister of the Interior.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendations and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE of Lands to be sold to the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, under irrigation conditions.

Township 21, Range 24, west 6th Meridian.

Fr.	L.S.	10, 11, 12, 13, 14	in section	14—59·7 ac.
"		9, 13, 14, 15, 16	"	15—96·6 "
"		1	"	21— 3 "
"		1, 2, 3, 4	"	22—75·4 "
"		3 and 4	"	23—75·9 "
		Total area		307·9 ac.

23-4

[2876]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 13th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. Robert John Wilson obtained pre-emption entry for the North West quarter of Section 9, Township 4, Range 30, West of the 2nd Meridian, on the 2nd August, 1910.

It is represented that Mr. Wilson met with an accident on 31st July, 1914, which resulted in both hands being broken at the wrist, rendering him a cripple for life.

That a medical certificate furnished by Dr. C. S. Knox of Superior, Wisconsin, U.S.A., dated 21st October, 1916, sets out that Mr. Wilson had a collective fracture of both arms and that the resulting union, especially in the right, is such that he could do but very little heavy work of any kind, and that he is not in a condition to carry on farming operations.

Mr. Wilson obtained patent for his homestead on the 18th November, 1914, having completed the ordinary duties, but from the evidence on file he does not appear to have performed any residence duties since. He claims to have had twenty-five acres in crop in 1915.

The Minister recommends, in view of the foregoing, that, under the provisions of sub-section 2 of Section 20 of the Dominion Lands Act, 1908, further residence on the part of the entrant be dispensed with, so that patent may be issued to Mr. Wilson upon proof being furnished, in the usual way, that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled as to duties and payment.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2890]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 17th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. J. C. Shields, of Kamloops, British Columbia, has applied to the Department of the Interior to purchase under irrigation conditions the lands enumerated in the accompanying schedule, containing approximately an area of 1354·24 acres.

The Minister states that inspections as to the quality of the lands, the engineering features and the feasibility of the project have been made by officers of the Department of the Interior, who have reported that the lands are useless for agriculture without irrigation, that they can be made productive with the aid of water by artificial means and that from an engineering standpoint the project is practicable. The lands are vacant and available for the purpose.

The Minister therefore recommends that the lands enumerated in the accompanying schedule be sold to the applicant on the following terms and conditions :

(*a*) The lands sold to be brought under cultivation by irrigation.

(*b*) The purchase price to be at the rate of five dollars ($5.00) per acre, subject to a deduction of the cost of the irrigation works up to an amount no exceeding two dollars per acre ($2.00), and the amount so credited shall be deemed to be a payment in cash made on the date of sale. The said purchase price to be paid as follows: One dollar ($1.00) per acre within one year from date of the authorization of the sale by the Governor in Council, the balance within three years from the date of such authorization or upon fulfilment before the expiration of the said three years of all other conditions of the sale, with interest at 5% per annum.

(*c*) The necessary water rights to be secured from the Provincial Government of British Columbia ; no work to be done on the land until preliminary water rights are secured from the Province.

(*d*) The work to be commenced within one year from the date of the authorization by Order in Council of the sale and to be completed to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior within three years from such date, unless other dates are fixed by the provincial authorities in connection with the water rights, in which case the provincial dates may be accepted if approved by the Minister of the Interior,

(*e*) Examination to be made by engineers of the Department of the Interior on completion of the work.

(*f*) Patent to issue, when conditions completed, for those parcels, the irrigable portions of which have been brought under cultivation by irrigation

(*g*) The sale to be cancelled for non-payment of the purchase price or for failure to comply with any of the terms or conditions of sale.

(*h*) Prior to patent no transfer or assignment of the lands, or any rights therein, to be made without the consent of the Minister of the Interior.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE of Lands to be sold to J. C. Shields, of Kamloops, B.C., under Irrigation Conditions.

Township 20, Range 20, west 6th meridian :—			
Fr. north half of	section	26—145·50	acres.
North ½ of	"	27—320	"
North ½ of northeast ¼	"	28— 80	"
Southeast ¼	"	33—160	"
Fr. northeast ¼	"	33—119·10	"
East ½ of west ½	"	33—160	"
Fr. south ½ and northeast ¼	"	34—160	"
Township 21, Range 20, west 6th meridian :—			
Northwest ¼ an L.S. 15 of	section	5—200	acres.
L.S. 16	"	6— 40	"
		1,384·60	"
Less area of C.P.R. right of way		30·36	"
Total approximate area		1,354·24	"

23-4

[2941]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 23rd November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Frank Nylund, a Russian by birth, made homestead entry in 1911 for the northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 59, Range 20, west of the 4th Meridian ;

Representations having been made that this entrant had deserted his wife and left the country, steps were taken to cancel his entry so that the land might be made available for his wife who has been in continuous residence ;

From a Homestead Inspector's report it appears that Mrs. Nylund has continued to work on the quarter-section and desires to secure the same, but finds that she is unable to secure a certificate of naturalization as a British subject, as required by subsection 3, of section 25, of The Dominion Lands Act,—

The Minister recommends, therefore, that authority be given under subsection (*l*) of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act for the sale of this land to Mrs. Nylund at the rate of $1 per acre, patent to issue on proof being furnished that the required three years' settlement duties have been completed subsequent to desertion and on land being paid for in full.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

24-2

[2880]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Monday, the 4th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 14th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting as follows:—

That by chapter 22 of the statutes of the Province of Manitoba for 1913, hereinafter referred to as the Act of Incorporation, the inhabitants of the cities of Winnipeg and St. Boniface, of the town of Transcona, and of certain adjoining rural municipalities as specified and defined in that Act, all in that province, were made and declared to be a body politic and corporate under the name of the "Greater Winnipeg Water District" hereinafter referred to as the corporation. The short title of the Act of Incorporation is the "Greater Water Power District Act," and it has been amended by the following statutes of the Province of Manitoba: Chapters 46, 47 and 48 for 1914; chapters 29 and 30 for 1915, and by chapter 51 for 1916;

That by chapter 208 of the Dominion Statutes of 1913, certain privileges and powers were granted to the Corporation, namely: power to get and to take water including water from sources outside of the province of Manitoba; the erection and maintenance of all necessary works; the entrance upon all lands necessary for survey and other purposes in connection with such works; the purchase and occupation of necessary lands; the building of roads, tunnels and bridges, of telegraph, telephone and electric lines, and of all other necessary works and buildings; the diversion and alteration of any of such works or lines, or of streams and highways; and the doing of all other acts necessary for the construction, maintenance and operation of any work required for the purposes of the corporation; the preparation, submission, filing and inspection of maps, books of reference and plans shewing the works or parts of them; and the application for the purposes of the Committee of certain provisions of the Railway Act and of the "Act relating to the establishment and expenses of the International Joint Commission under the waterways Treaty of January the eleventh, nineteen hundred and nine, and to the said Treaty";

That the objects or purposes of the corporation are stated in section 5 of the Act of Incorporation, that section being as follows:—

"5. The objects of the corporation shall be the supplying of water from any permanent source, whether within or without the province, for the use of the inhabitants of the said district for all purposes. It shall be within the corporate authority of the corporation to extend its operation and exercise its powers, with said object, outside of the limits of this province, subject to its obtaining any legal rights that may be required therefor from the Dominion of Canada or any authority besides this province".

That to furnish the supply of water referred to, it became necessary to construct an aqueduct from Shoal Lake, a part of the Lake of the Woods, to the city of Winnipeg, a distance of 100 miles, approximately, and it also became necessary in connection with that work, and to secure the success of the purposes of the corporation, as set out in section 5 hereinbefore quoted, to build the railway referred to in section 1 of chapter 47, one of the amending Acts before mentioned;

That when this railway, which is now nearing completion, has been completed, a large tract of country which is now nearly altogether unsettled, and which was not suitable for settlement for agricultural purposes because of its remoteness from existing railways, will be opened to settlement mainly for agricultural purposes;

That the Mayor of the City of Winnipeg, who is the Chairman of the Administration Board provided for in the Act of Incorporation, has submitted, as such chairman, to the Minister, a scheme for the placing upon lands, adjacent to the railway now nearing completion between the city of Winnipeg and the Lake of the Woods, of settlers to be selected by the Land Settlement Committee of the Corporation from persons who have some experience in farming, and has applied for a reservation of the vacant and available Dominion lands within the following tract: the north half of township 7 and the whole of township 8 in range 13; the whole of township 7 and south half of township 8 in range 14; the north half of township 7 and south half of township 8 in range 15; all east of the principal meridian;

That the Chairman states that the Administration Board has been assured of the active assistance of the Government of the Province of Manitoba in the matter of making necessary local improvements, establishing schools and in promoting settlement generally within the tract above described;

That it is further represented that a Committee of the citizens of the City of Winnipeg comprising men experienced in the class of settlement intended, are cooperating in the plan, and have appointed an experienced man to take special charge of the work;

That the Chairman of the Administration Board has asked that, in connection with the settlement of the tract before referred to, certain concessions be granted as set forth below.

The Minister is of the opinion that the public interests would be served by giving effect to these requests, and he therefore recommends that, under the provisions of paragraph (*k*) of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act of 1908, authority be granted for the carrying into effect of such concessions, that is to say:—

1. That the reservation of all vacant and available lands within the tract before described, be approved and confirmed, the Minister of the Interior to have power to vary the boundaries of the said reservation, as may appear to him to be advisable; and also to have power to cancel the reservation at any time after twelve months notice has been given in the *Canada Gazette* and in the *Manitoba Gazette*.
2. That within the tract so reserved no entries shall be granted or sales made except to persons who have been approved of by the Land Settlement Committee hereinbefore referred to.
3. That in respect of entries granted to such approved persons, the existing provisions of the said Act and regulations shall apply in so far as the same may be applicable, except as hereinafter set forth.
4. That the Land Settlement Committee be permitted to decide in what manner the holdings shall be subdivided and allotted, subject to the approval of the Minister of the Interior.
5. That the cultivation required in each case be approximately twenty per cent of the area of the land held under entry, a suitable reduction to be made if the Minister of the Interior is satisfied that such land is too difficult to break.
6. That the Land Settlement Committee be permitted to select a suitable central site comprising approximately thirty acres for the purpose of school, church and cemetery, the land so selected to be reserved for the purposes of the corporation.
7. That in respect of entries granted under the foregoing conditions, no applications for cancellation shall be accepted under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act of 1908 and amendments, but the Department of the Interior shall be charged with the work of inspecting the land from time to time as the Minister of the Interior may deem necessary; and where such entries are found to be in default, cancellation proceedings may be instituted under the Act before referred to, and such cancellation proceedings shall be disposed of in the same way as in the case of ordinary entries.
8. That in the event of the cancellation of any entry, the lands affected thereby shall revert to the reservation and shall become subject to the conditions hereinbefore set forth.

9. That where any settler selected by the Land Settlement Committee is found to have already exhausted his right to a free homestead, a sale may be made to such settler upon such terms and settlement conditions as the Minister of the Interior may prescribe.
10. That the Minister of the Interior be authorized to make such orders, rules and regulations as are deemed necessary in cases which arise and for which no provisions are made herein.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3048]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA,

Friday, the 8th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 4th December, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that under the authority of an Order in Council of 13th August, 1913, a license of occupation was issued on the 11th October following, to the Prince Albert Lumber Company, Limited, for certain lands comprised within townships 53, 54 and 55, range 1 ; townships 51 and 52, range 2 : township 52, ranges 3 and 4, all west of the third meridian, and township 54, range 28, west of the second meridian, containing a total area of 518·7 acres, the said license of occupation having been granted for a period of ten years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior at the expiration of that time, for a further period of ten years, and subject to the usual terms and conditions in such cases and to the payment in advance of a yearly rental of ten cents an acre.

The Minister states that the said Prince Albert Lumber Company, Limited, does not now require certain of the lands above referred to, for which license of occupation was granted, and has revested the same, comprising an area of 281 acres, in the Crown in the right of the Dominion.

The Minister recommends that the said license of occupation be amended accordingly.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3021]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 7th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of the Baptist Union of Western Canada for a grant for church purposes of one acre of land comprised in the S.W. Corner of Legal Subdivision 4 of Section 6, Township 72, Range 4, west of the Sixth Meridian, of the Province of Alberta ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes, one acre of land comprised in the S. W. Corner of Legal Subdivision 4 of Section 6, Township 72, Range 4, west of the Sixth Meridian, of the Province of Alberta, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Baptist Union of Western Canada for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2979]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 1st day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Gustav Julseth obtained homestead and pre-emption entries for the west half of section 7, township 32, range 2, west of the 4th meridian, on the 4th December, 1911, and that after performing about twelve months' residence, he developed tubercular trouble and has since returned to his native country, Norway, where he has been undergoing medical treatment ever since the year 1913. In support of the foregoing, the Department of the Interior has been furnished with reliable medical testimony, according to which authority there is no likelihood of Mr. Julseth ever recovering his health or being in a position to return to Canada with a view to completing the residence duties. With reference to the other conditions of the entries, Mr. Julseth has a brother farming in the vicinity who has undertaken to complete the necessary improvements and according to evidence submitted in this connection, a house valued at $100 has been erected and a total area of 175 acres has been brought under cultivation on the half section.

The Minister therefore recommends that the performance of further residence duties be waived under the provisions of section 20, s s. 3, of The Dominion Lands Act of 1908, and that patents issue for the half section on proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the entries have been completed and the preemption paid for as provided by the Act.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–4 Clerk of the Privy Council

[3022]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday the 7th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Department of Indian Affairs has applied for the setting apart, under the provisions of Treaty No. 2, of a tract of land at Ebb and Flow Lake, known as Indian Reserve No. 52, comprising an approximate area of eighteen square miles ;

And whereas the land applied for, which is hereinafter described, is available for the purpose according to the records of the Department of the Interior ;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order, ander the provisions of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, that the said land shall be and the same is hereby withdrawn from the operation of the said Act and set apart for the Indians.

The said tract of land may be more particularly described as follows :—

That certain tract or parcel of land known as Ebb and Flow Lake Indian Reserve, No. 52, surveyed by Donald F. Robertson, Dominion Land Surveyor, in the year 1913, as shown upon a plan of survey of the said reserve of record in the Department of the Interior as number 23372, a copy of which is hereto attached, and containing by admeasurement, eleven thousand, five hundred and fifty acres more or less.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2527]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 13th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Letters Patent were issued on the 20th November, 1907, to the City of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, for cemetery purposes only, for a certain parcel or tract of land particularly described in such Letters Patent, and being a portion of the north half of section thirty, in township seventeen, and range nineteen, west of the second principal meridian, in the said province of Saskatchewan, and containing sixty-six and fifty-five hundredths (66·55) acres more or less ;

The Minister further states that in compliance with the request of the City of Regina it was decided, upon the parcel in question being re-vested in the Crown, to issue a new title to the city for the said parcel without any restrictions as to the use to be made of the land,—

The parcel of land in question having been re-vested in the Crown and the title thereto being now in His Majesty King George the Fifth in the right of the Dominion of Canada, the Minister recommends that the decision arrived at be given effect to and that he be authorized to issue Letters Patent for the said parcel of land above referred to, in favour of the said city of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, without any restrictions as to the use to be made of the land.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

24–4

[2930]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 18th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been received from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for a parcel of land required for a right of way through a portion of Township 24, Range 8, west of the 5th Meridian in the Rocky Mountains Park, as shown on the plan of the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line, District of Alberta, on record in the Department of the Interior as Right of Way Plan No. 7480 and registered in the Calgary Land Titles office as Plan No. R.y. 10.

The Minister recommends that under the authority of section 16 of the Forest Reserves and Parks Act he be authorized to issue patent to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the above land ; this patent to be subject to the following conditions :—

That it shall be subject to all Dominion Parks Regulations now in force or which may be made from time to time in that behalf by the Governor in Council.

That such land, subject to the use for which it is granted, shall still be part of the reserve within which it is situated ; and if any such land ceases to be used for the purpose for which it was so granted it shall forthwith revert to the Crown.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recomendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

24–4

[2948]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by subclause 3 of section 2 of The Yukon Placer Mining Act it is provided that notwithstanding anything in that Act contained, its provisions shall not apply to any lands demised or leased for hydraulic mining purposes by any lease granted before the 1st day of August, 1906, which has been heretofore or which may be hereafter cancelled by direction of the Minister of the Interior, or under an Order of the Governor in Council, until such lands have been brought under such provisions by Order of the Governor in Council ;

And whereas Hydraulic Mining Lease No. 47 was issued on the 30th of August, 1905, for a term of twenty-one years, computed from the 21st day of March, 1905, in favour of William Charles Thompson, of Dawson, for a tract of land situated on Dublin Gulch, a branch of Haggart Creek, a tributary of the McQuesten River, in the Yukon Territory, having a frontage of 3·21 miles on the said Dublin Gulch, by a width of one-half mile on each side thereof, and this lease was assigned to the Dublin Hydraulics, Limited, on the 29th day of July, 1911.

And whereas Lease No. 47, above referred to, was cancelled by Order of the Minister of the Interior of the 26th day of October, 1915, owing to the lessees having failed to comply with the conditions of the lease and with the provisions of the regulations under which it was granted.

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that at twelve o'clock noon on Monday the 5th day of February, 1917, the available and undisposed of portion of the hydraulic mining location described in Lease No. 47, issued in favour of William Charles Thompson on the 30th day of August, 1905, be brought under the provisions of The Yukon Placer Mining Act, in accordance with Sub-clause 3 of Section 2 of the said Act, as above set out.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

24–4

[2923]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented that it is essential that British ships registered in Canada be liable to requisition on behalf of His Majesty for the carriage of foodstuffs and of other articles of commerce ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council under and in virtue of the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to enact and doth hereby enact the following regulations :

1. Any British ship registered in the Dominion of Canada may, until further order, be requisitioned by and on behalf of His Majesty, for the carriage of foodstuffs and of any other articles of commerce, and such requisition is to take effect upon notice of requisition being served as hereinafter provided on the owner of any ship.

2. The Minister of Marine and Fisheries is hereby authorized and directed to give effect to these regulations by causing notice of requisition to be served on the owner of any such ship.

3. The service notice of requisition on an owner shall be deemed sufficient and effective if served in the case of an individual owner by being addressed to such individual owner and left at his last known place of business or above, and in the case of joint owners by being addressed to such joint owners

and left at the last known business addresses or places of abode of such joint owners, and in the case of a Company or Corporation by being addressed to such Company or Corporation and left at the registered or other address of such Company or Corporation, or in any of the aforesaid cases by being addressed to the Managing Owner, Ship's Husband or other person to whom the management of thr ship is by law entrusted by or on behalf of the owners, and left at the registered or last known address or place of abode of such Managing Owner, Ship's Husband or other such person, as the case may be ;

4. Any notice of Requisition which the Minister of Marine and Fisheries may cause to be served hereunder, may be signed by any person or persons from time to time authorized for such purpose either generally or specially by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries ;

5. And the Minister of Marine and Fisheries is to give instructions and directions accordingly.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3042]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 8th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Secretary of State reports that upon a petition of more than one-fourth of the electors of the County of Annapolis, in the Province of Nova Scotia, praying that the Order in Council which brought The Canada Temperance Act into force in that County should be revoked, a vote was taken of all the electors, for and against the Act ;

And whereas such vote was taken on the 8th day of July, 1915, and subsequently the Returning Officer reported that the result was in favour of the petition and against the Act by a substantial majority ;

And whereas action was taken under chapter 53 of the Statutes of 1914, "An Act to amend the Canada Temperance Act," to void the election on the ground of the insufficiency of the petition above referred to and the irregularity of proceedings at the poll ;

And whereas such action was dismissed by the Honourable Mr. Justice Ritchie upon hearings at Annapolis Royal in August and September, 1916,—

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the report of the Returning Officer and the decision of the Honourable Court is pleased to declare that the Order in Council which brought The Canada Temperance Act into force in the County of Annapolis, in the Province of Nova Scotia, shall be and the same is hereby revoked, and that Part II of the said Act shall cease to be in force or effect in the said County from and after the date of the publication in the *Canada Gazette* of this Order in Council.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–3 Clerk of the Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 12th December, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32298. "La Noblesse des France et du Canada. Collection Laurentienne." Par Abbé A. Couillard Després. Préface par Victor Morin. (Livre.) Rev. Azarie Couillard Després, Sorel, Québec., 6 décembre, 1916.

32299. "A Sunny Subaltern : Billy's Letters from Flanders." (Book.) McClelland, Goodchild & Stewart, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 7th December, 1916.

32300. "Winners of the King's Plate for 1916." (Picture 3 Horses and Jockeys.) Stone, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 7th December, 1916.

32301. "Eaton's Midwinter Sale Catalogue." (Book.) The T. Eaton Co., Limited, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 7th December, 1916.

32302. "Canada, We Love You !" (Print.) Edith E. Mulloney, Kentville, Nova Scotia, 7th December, 1916.

32303. "Bronze Tablets." Memorial or Commercial. (Architectural Bronze and Iron Works.) (Booklet.) Canadian Allis-Chalmers, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 7th December, 1916.

32304. "Certificate of Service." (Print.) Thomas Balmer, Ottawa, Ont,, 7th December, 1916.

32305. "D. & A. Corset Catalogue." (Booklet.) Dominion Corset Company, Quebec, Que., 7th December, 1916.

32306. "Droit Public de L'Eglise, L'Eglise et L'Education à la Lumière de L'Histoire et des Principes Chrétiens." Deuxième Edition, (Livre.) Rev. Louis-Adolphe Paquet, Québec, Que., 7 décembre, 1916.

32307. "Mississippi." Lyric by Bert Haulon and Benny Ryan. Melody by Harry Tierney. Whaley, Royce & Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont., 8th December, 1916.

32308. "My Little Sweetheart Marie." Words and Music by Irene Humble. Arranged by Jules Brazil. Irene Humble, Toronto, Ont., 9th December, 1916.

32309. "Song of Freedom." Words by Alex W. Grant. Music by T. A. Simpson. Whaley, Royce & Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont., 9th December, 1916.

32310. "Canada, The Land of the Brave." Words and Music by Mrs. J. A. Smale. J. A. Smale, Toronto, Ont., 9th December, 1916.

32311. "A Short History and Photographic Record of the Nova Scotia Overseas Highland Brigade, C.E.F." (Book.) The Mortimer Co. Limited, Ottawa, Ont., 11th December, 1916.

32312. "A Girl Watering a Flower." (Print.) John Simmons, Toronto, Ont., 11th December, 1916.

32313. "Maple Leaves." By Chas. Ethelwood. (Temporary Copyright.) T. P. O'Connor, Granum, Alberta, 11th December, 1916.

32314. "On the Somme Front." By Joseph O'Connor. (Words of Song.) Joseph O'Connor, Edmonton, Alberta, 11th December, 1916.

33315. "Monthly Bulletin of the Canadian Mining Institute, December, 1916." No. 56. (Book.) The Canadian Mining Institute, Montreal, Que., 12th December, 1916.

32316. "Monseigneur Gauthier, Archevêque d'Ottawa." (Photo.) Alex. B. Castonguay, Ottawa, Ont., 12 décembre 1916.

32317. "The Faith of a Belgian." By Capt. S. N. Dancey, C.E.F. (Book.) Captain S. N. Dancey, Ottawa, Ont., 12th December, 1916.

32318. "Mount White Horse, Mount Robson Park, British Columbia." (Photo.) Jacob Simonson, Fort George, British Columbia, 12th December, 1916.

32319. Athabaska Falls, Jaspar Park, Alberta." (Photo B.) Jacob Simonson, Fort George, British Columbia, 12th December, 1916.

32320. "Mount Robson and Mount Rearguard from the North Side." (Photo.) Jacob Simonson, Fort George, British Columbia, 12th December, 1916.

32321. "Athabaska Falls, Jasper Park, Alberta." (Photo B.) Jacob Simonson, Fort George, British Columbia, 12th December, 1916.

32322. "Empress Falls and Mount Robson, British Columbia." (Photo.) Jacob Simonson, Fort George, British Columbia, 12th December, 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHTS.

1858. "Cinema Theatre and Cash Coupon Company, Coalition Plan of Co-operative Profit Sharing." (Article.) Norman William Macleod, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 7th December, 1916.

1859. "How to Travel on the Goods Roads of the Province of Quebec. Comment Voyager dans les Bons Chemins de la Province de Québec." (Book.) Joseph Arthur Paquet & Arsène Edmond Courchesne, Quebec, Que., 7th December, 1916.

1860. "The Lee-Enfield and Its Inventor, James Paris Lee." By Hon. James Young and J. P. Jaffray. (Book.) James Peter Jaffray, Galt, Ont., 11th December, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
25–1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE,

Special Fishery Regulations for British Columbia.

Amendment.

BY Order in Council P.C. 3024, dated 7th day of September, 1916, the Special Fishery Regulations for the Province of British Columbia adopted by Order in Council of the 9th February, 1915, are amended as follows :—

Section 20 of the above regulations is amended by adding thereto the following subsection 3 :—

3. "From 10 o'clock in the forenoon of Saturday in each week to 3 o'clock in the afternoon of Monday following, no one shall fish for or catch herring with nets of any kind in Pender Harbour."

25–2

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

Regulations re payment of "hard-lying money" to Officers and Men in the Royal Canadian Navy.

All officers and men (including those belonging to record parties and those appropriated for service in any particular vessel) are entitled to hard-lying money at the rates set forth in the following schedule whilst actually living on board ships and vessels in the circumstances specified, viz. :—

Class of Ship and circumstance under which payable.	Rate.
A. Torpedo Boats—	
In commission.	Lieut. Crs., Lieuts. and officers of corresponding rank, 75c. per diem. Sub-Lieuts. and officers of corresponding rank, Warrant and Subordinate officers, 50c. per diem. C. P. O's., P. O's., 30c. per diem.
Not in commission...	
During trials or cruises or when manned by a navigating party.	Leading rates, A.B's., stokers and equivalent ratings, 25c. per diem. Ordinary seamen, stokers 2nd class and equivalent ratings, 20c. per diem.
Undergoing refit.....	Boys, 10c. per diem.
B. Torpedo Boat Destroyers—	
In commission.....	Lieut. Crs., and officers of corresponding rank, 40c. per diem. Sub-Lieuts. and officers of corresponding rank, Warrant and subordinate officers, 25c. per diem. C.P.O's. and P.O's., 15c. per diem.
Not in commission...	
When manned by a navigating party, or undergoing steam, gunnery, torpedo, etc., trials.....	Leading rates, A.B's, stokers, ordinary seamen, stokers 2nd class and equivalent ratings, 10c. per diem.
Undergoing refit.....	Boys, 5c. per diem.
All other ships not in commission, when manned by a navigating party or undergoing steam, gunnery, torpedo, etc., trials.	

Vessels employed for auxiliary service may be included in either Schedule A or Schedule B, at the discretion of the Naval Service Department.

In cases where the period of living on board is less than twenty-four hours, the hard-lying money for one day will only be granted, provided the officers and men have to sleep on board the ship.

The officer in command of navigating parties, or of a ship under trial, shall receive, in addition to hard-lying money, the established sea-going command money of his rank.

In all cases the sanction of the Naval Service Department is to be obtained prior to the payment of hard-lying money. 24–2

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

Special Fishery Regulations, Province of Ontario.

Amendment.

SUBSECTION (*c*) of section 8 of the Special Fishery Regulation for the Province of Ontario, adopted by Order in Council of 29th October, 1915, is hereby rescinded and the following is hereby substituted in lieu thereof :—

(*c*) No one shall fish with gill-nets in the waters of lake Erie wesward of an imaginary line coinciding with longitude 80° 30′ west, from the 15th day of December in each year, to the 15th day of March next following, both days inclusive. 24–2

CONSULAR VISA ON PASSPORTS.

OFFICIAL notification has reached the Department of External Affairs that all passengers, whether British subjects or aliens, embarking at any United States port for the United Kingdom must obtain the visa of the British Consular Officer at that port on their passports.

Department of External Affairs,
6th December, 1916. 25–2

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following positions in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada :—

1. A position in the Department of Labour in Subdivision A of the Second Division, initial salary, $1,600 per annum. The duties of the position will involve a study and investigation of the employment and living conditions of the women and child workers of Canada and assistance in the administration of any law dealing with future prices. Candidates must be women who have the following qualifications : a graduate of a recognized university, preferably with training in economics, and with sufficient practical experience in the lines above indicated to qualify for appointment in grade A of the Second Division.

2. An Assistant Chemist in the Ore Dressing and Metallurgical Division of the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Subdivision A of the Second Division, initial salary $1,600 per annum. Candidates must be graduates in chemistry of some recognized university and must have had considerable experience since graduation in the chemical analyses of ores, metals and ferro alloys.

3. A Translator for the Department of Trade and Commerce, Subdivision B of the Second Division initial salary $1,300 per annum. For this position an examination will be held in the following subjects : French Orthography, French Composition, Translation from French into English, and Translation from English into French. Notice regarding the place and date of the examination will be sent to all applicants as soon as the necessary arrangements have been made.

4. A Reporter for the Debates Staff of the Senate of Canada, Subdivision B of the First Division, initial salary $2,100 per annum. The candidates must possess a high degree of stenographic skill sufficient to enable them to report the debates of the Senate in an intelligent manner in both the English and French languages.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 18th day of December next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 23rd November, 1916. 22–4

Lytle Engineering Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1916, incorporating Francis George Bush, bookkeeper, George Robert Drennan, stenographer, Herbert William Jackson and Michael Joseph O'Brien, clerks, and Frank Breadon Common, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, contract for and deal in all kinds of engineers' and mill supplies and to carry on the business of iron founders, brass founders, mechanical, electrical and water supply engineers, press founders, metal workers, engine and boiler makers, millwrights, metallurgists, iron and steel converters, smiths, woodworkers, builders, painters and machinists, and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in machinery, implements, rolling stock, tools and hardware of all kinds ;

(*b*) For the purposes aforesaid to carry on the business of quarrying, smelting, treating, assaying, refining, concentrating, milling, reducing, precipitation, vaporizing, analyzing and buying and selling all and every kind of minerals, ores and metals and generally to carry on the business of a quarrying, smelting, reduction, refining and milling company in all its branches, and to carry on the trade or business of colliery proprietors, coke manufacturers, paint and colour grinders, oil and colour men, manufacturers of and dealers in cements, oils, paints, pigments and varnishes and other chemical and industrial preparations of every description in all their respective branches ;

(*c*) To manufacture, instal and deal in any and all kinds of rolling stock, apparatus, equipment, goods, wares and merchandise, vessels, locomotive engines, stationary engines and all other engines, motors and electrical apparatus which may be used in the transportation of persons or property in any manner whatsoever ; and to manufacture and sell car trucks or car wheels and any and all parts of cars and car trucks and all the accessories thereof and all car and railway equipment, appliances and specialties :

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell and trade in hardware, harvesting machines, agricultural implements and tools and implements of all and every kind and description, and all other kinds of machinery, implements and shelf hardware, and also to carry on a general agency business for manufacturers of hardware supplies and specialties ;

(*e*) To make, build, construct, operate and maintain any and all public and private works, undertakings, constructions and operations and generally to carry on the business of a public and private contractor ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being carried on in connection with its business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's rights or property ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise all real estate necessary for the undertakings of the company, or any part thereof, and to build, erect, construct, maintain and operate stores, factories and warehouses or other buildings thereon ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, or undertake the whole or any part of the assets, business, property or liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*i*) To pay for any assets, business, property or rights acquired by the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered or to be rendered to the company, either in cash or in fully paid-up shares or by any securities which the company has power to issue, or partly in one mode and partly in another or others, and generally on such terms and conditions as the company may determine ;

(*j*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'inventions, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights. interest or information so acquired ;

(*k*) to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the entire undertaking, property and assets of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit, and in particular for the shares, debentures and securities of any other company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any government, municipal or local authority, or with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to guarantee the contracts of, either with or without security, or to lend money to, or otherwise assist, any such person or company or any person or company undertaking to build on or improve any property in which the company is interested ;

(*m*) To distribute among the shareholders in specie by way of divident or bonus, or in any other manner deemed advisable, any property of the company or any proceeds of the sale or disposal of any property of the company ;

(*n*) To carry on or do any of the businesses, acts and things aforesaid, either as principals or agents, or by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with another or others ;

(*o*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the objects hereinabove enumerated ;

(*p*) The intention is that the objects specified in paragraphs (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*) and (*g*) hereof shall be independent objects and shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Lytle Engineering Co., Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24–2

Atlas Metal & Alloys Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 1st day of December, 1916, incorporating Charles Macpherson Holt and Alexandre Chase-Casgrain, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Errol Malcolm McDougall, advocate, John Buchanan Henderson, clerk, and Beatrice Isolde Brandt, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of metal workers, machinists, wood workers, builders, box makers, metallurgists, merchants, smelters, metal moulders or any like business ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire any interests in any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-

exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention in relation to anti-friction alloys and metals, or generally any invention which may seem to the company capable of being profitably dealt with ;

(*c*) To use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like information aforesaid ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell, repair, alter and deal in apparatus, machinery, materials and articles of all kinds which shall be capable of being used for the purposes of any business herein mentioned, or likely to be required by customers of such business ;

(*e*) To carry on any business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, germane to the purposes and objects herein set forth and which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on by the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable, any of its properties or rights ;

(*f*) To act as agents, either in England or elsewhere, for companies, associations, syndicates and partnerships carrying on similar business and for any person or persons, and generally to transact all and every description of agency business germane to the business of the company ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange or otherwise, or to construct, erect, operate, hold and maintain and manage all factories, shops, storehouses, depots, machine shops, engine houses and other structures and erections necessary for its business, and all other property, movable and immovable, necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the purposes of the company, and to lease, sell and dispose of the same ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, operate or control, any roads, ways, bridges, elevators, reservoirs, waterworks, docks, wharves, slips, gas, electric and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance and management, or control thereof;

(*i*) To develop and operate any water power or water powers, and to generate, produce and accumulate electric and electro-motive forces or other similar agencies for the production of light, heat and power for the purposes of the company, with power to sell or otherwise dispose of any excess not required, and to supply the same for light, heat and power purposes to any person or corporation on such terms as may be agreed upon, provided that the foregoing powers, when exercised outside the property of the company, shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*j*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, which may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To issue fully paid-up shares, bonds or debentures of the company for payment in whole or in part of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, patents, rights, claims, privileges, concessions, contracts or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire ;

(*l*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase and acquire and to own, hold sell and reissue, shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any company or corporation carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company or subsidiary thereto, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, and to guarantee the payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, and while owner of any such shares of stock, bonds, securities or other obligations to exercise any and all voting powers thereon by its duly authorized officers or by a proxy duly appointed, to the same extent as a natural person might or could do, and to manage operate and carry on as a manager the property, franchises, undertaking and business of any corporation any of whose shares, bonds, debentures or other securities are held by the company for such remuneration as may be deemed reasonable and proper ;

(*m*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property, franchises, undertakings and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company ;

(*n*) To promote or assist in promoting, or to become a shareholder in, any subsidiary, allied or other company carrying on or having for its purposes the operation of any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company, and to enter into arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interest, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with such person or company, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of such company and pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company, and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*o*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and assume all the liabilities of any person, firm or company indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that conducted by the company, and to pay for the same in cash or in securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*p*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, exercise and enjoy, all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake and assume the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*q*) To draw, make, endorse, accept, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, and other negotiable and transferable instruments :

(*r*) To make cash advances to customers and others having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*s*) To accept in payment of any debt due to the company, stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company ;

(*t*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved, any assets of the company amongst its members, and particularly shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*u*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*v*) To aid in any manner and guarantee the obligations of any company any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations, and to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of the property of any such company ;

(*w*) To do all and any of the above things in Canada and elsewhere either as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and by or through agents, trustees or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*x*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Atlas Metal & Alloys Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

The Michipicoten Power and Paper Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1916, incorporating William Alfred James Case, solicitor, James Broadbent Taylor, accountant, William Morley Smith, Charles Lawford Valens, and Cyril Middleton Smith, students-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To produce, manufacture, purchase, acquire, store, distribute, sell, dispose of and deal in pulp, paper and paper substitutes of all kinds and descriptions, and of the raw materials and substances of every kind, pulps, preparations, mixtures, chemicals, solvents and combinations used or capable of being used in connection with such manufacture and to acquire by purchase, lease, concession, license or otherwise, and to construct, maintain, operate, use and manage works, machinery and appliances for the production of and to produce electricity, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or energy and to accumulate, generate, transmit and distribute electricity and electric, pneumatic, hydraulic and other power and energy for lighting, heating and motive power or any purpose for which electricity or electric or other power or energy can be used ;

(*b*) To adopt on behalf of the company, and to carry into effect a certain agreement between Lewis Miller Wood, of the City of Toronto, therein called the vendor, and James Broadbent Taylor, therein called the trustee, dated the twenty-seventh day of November, 1916, whereby the said vendor, who is one of the promoters of the company agrees to sell to the company certain lands, pulpwood areas and waterpower rights as in the said agreement mentioned and which had theretofore been acquired by the said vendor or to which he was entitled and whereby the said promoter will make a profit in shares of the company, as shown by the said agreement, an original of which will be on file in the office of the company ;

(*c*) To purchase, lease, build, construct, maintain and operate, acquire, use, sell and dispose of pulp and paper mills, lumber and saw-mills and all other necessary and convenient mills, buildings, plant, machinery and appliances and to carry on in all its branches a lumber, timber and pulp-wood business and to manufacture, produce, prepare for market and deal in lumber, logs, timber and wood and articles of all kinds in the manufacture of which lumber or wood is used ;

(*d*) To acquire, construct, maintain and operate lines of wires, towers, poles, tunnels, conduits and other works, and to conduct, store, buy, sell, contract for, dispose of and distribute any and all power and energy and to undertake and to enter into agreements for the lighting of cities, towns, streets, buildings and other places and for the supply of electric light, heat and motive power for any or all public or private purposes, and with such lines, wires, poles, conduits or other conductors or devices to conduct, convey, furnish or receive such electricity or other power or energy to and from any municipality, corporation, company or person. Provided, however, that the company shall not enter upon any street, highway or other public place for the purpose of placing thereon any of its plant, works or material used in the transmission or distribution of electric, hydraulic, pneumatic or other power or of heating or lighting energy and shall not erect or place on, under or across any such street, highway or other public place any such plant, works or material unless with the consent of the municipality having control of such street, highway or other public place ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, license or otherwise, locations, surface rights, timber limits, wood lands and timber lands, water lots, river rights and government, municipal or other rights, privileges, franchises, easements and licenses of all kinds and to sell, dispose of, exchange or otherwise deal in the same and to improve and develop rivers and lakes and to construct and maintain reservoirs, canals, dams, embankments, booms and other works and equipment of all kinds ;

(*f*) To acquire, purchase, take on lease or license, hire, hold, use, sell, grant leases of, grant licenses of, exchange, alienate, dispose of and otherwise deal in or contract with reference to lands or interests in land, personal property of all kinds or interest therein, rights, privileges, licenses and concessions ;

(*g*) To acquire, lease, contract, improve, own, use, operate, deal in or contract with reference to ships, boats or vessels of any description, wharves and wharfage facilities, docks and docking facilities, cartage plant, forwarding plant, warehouses and towing, wrecking and salvage plant or any interest in any of the same ;

(*h*) To manufacture and deal in appliances, implements, machinery, apparatus, goods and supplies in any way connected with or incidental to the operations of the company or to the use of any of the products of the company ;

(*i*) To work, manage, operate, turn to account, explore, develop and improve the properties of the company, whether mining, agricultural or otherwise ;

(*j*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate irrigation works and works for the supply of water for other purposes, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to water for irrigation or other purposes, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*k*) To manufacture or trade in property and goods of all kinds ;

(*l*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, maintain, own, use, operate, sell, let and deal in dwelling houses, lodging houses and hotels ;

(*m*) To operate ranches or farms for live stock or agriculture, to breed, raise, keep, render marketable and deal in horses, cattle and live stock of all kinds and to produce and deal in all products thereof and all agricultural products ;

(*n*) To operate construction or building plants and to take and carry out contracts for building or for construction work of any kind ;

(*o*) To undertake, carry on and execute transactions as financial or commercial brokers or agents ; to act as general commercial agents, commission men and manufacturing agents and to carry on the business of agency in all its branches ;

(*p*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, to subscribe for, purchase, assume liability under, acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to bonds, debentures, stocks or other securities or obligations or any estate or interest therein ; and to apply or to accept, in whole or in part, as consideration for, satisfaction of or security for any contract, indebtedness or obligation to or of the company, property, obligations, shares and securities of any kind, at such valuation and upon such terms as may be agreed upon;

(*q*) To acquire, dispose of or otherwise deal in properties, businesses or undertakings of all kinds ;

(*r*) To furnish aid to any business or undertaking, by way of loan, bonus, endorsement, agreement, guarantee, management or other service, and to manage, supervise and control the same in whole or in part and to act as agent or attorney for the same ;

(*s*) To carry on any other business which may seem capable of being conveniently or advantageously carried on in connection with the business of the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value

of, to facilitate the realization of or to render more profitable any of the company's businesses, properties or rights ;

(*t*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such investments as may from time to time be determined ;

(*u*) To co-operate in, aid in, subscribe towards or subsidize any proceedings or undertaking which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*v*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, partnership, association or company having objects altogether or in part similar to the company or carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property which may seem suitable or desirable for the purposes of the company ;

(*w*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to protect, prolong and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like, conferring or relating to any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information required;

(*x*) To enter into partnership or into any agreement for sharing of profits, or expense, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise, with any person, partnership, association or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction which may seem capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person, partnership, association or company and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such partnership, association or company, and to sell, hold, re issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*y*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any partnership or stock or shares in any association or company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business which may seem capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*z*) To apply for, promote and obtain from the Dominion of Canada, or any other authority, whether Dominion, Provincial, Imperial, Colonial or foreign, and including subordinate and municipal authorities, any statute, ordinance, order, regulation or other authorization or enactment which may seem desirable to the company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*aa*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*bb*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or of its predecessors in business, or of any person, partnership, association or company allied with the company in business or subsidiary to the company or in which the company holds shares or securities, or to benefit the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*cc*) To promote, form, organize, manage, develop, ke interests or stock or shares in and assist financially or otherwise any partnership, association or company for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*dd*) To acquire, purchase, take on lease, hire, construct, improve, own, use, maintain, operate, manage, carry out and control plant, equipment, machinery, supplies, buildings, works, shops, warehouses, manufactories, pumps, tanks, pipe lines, smelters, refineries, roads, ways, canals, bridges, electric works, electric plant, hydraulic works, hydraulic plant, boats, ships, docks, wharves, piers, gas works, cables, waterworks, reservoirs, acqueducts, flumes, ditches and all such other structures, works, conveniences and appliances as may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the acquisition, purchase, leasing, hiring, construction, improvement, ownership, use, maintenance, operation, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*ee*) Where such course is required for the purposes of the company or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, to acquire, purchase, take on lease, hire, construct, improve, own, use, maintain, operate, manage, carry out and control, but only upon lands owned or controlled by the company, or over which the company may have a right or license to that effect, such roads, ways, bridges, lines of rail, spurs, sidings, tracks, rolling stock, cables, wires, motors, locomotives, electrical plant and all such other structures, works, conveniences and appliances as may be required for the purpose of maintaining communication by telegraph or telephone or of effecting the transport of goods or passengers, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the acquisition, purchase, leasing, hiring, construction, improvement, ownership, use, maintenance, operation, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*ff*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*gg*) To sell or dispose of the property or undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, for shares, debentures or securities of any other partnership, association or company;

(*hh*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works af art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*ii*) To sell, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with or contract with reference to all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*jj*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*kk*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country and to designate and appoint persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company with full power to represent the company in all matters according to the law of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*ll*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization thereof;

(*mm*) To employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company;

(*nn*) To distribute or divide assets of the company in specie amongst the shareholders ;

(*oo*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*pp*) To do all such things as may seem directly or indirectly to be incidental to or conductive to or con-

venient or proper for the accomplishment of the purposes or the attainment of the objects of the company, or any of them, or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company ;

(*qq*) No power granted in any paragraph hereof shall be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Michipicoten Power and Paper Company, Limited," with a capital stock of six million five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 65,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24–2

The Macfarlane Shoe, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 4th day of December, 1916, incorporating Walter Seely Johnson, advocate, Frederick Wilson Fairman, financial agent, William Smith Wilson, accountant, and Sheila Mary Coates and Josie Edwards, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, export and import, buy and sell and otherwise handle and deal in and dispose of boots, shoes, gaiters and every kind and description of footwear, and to carry on business as general manufacturers as general merchants ;

(*b*) To manufacture, buy, sell, import, export and generally deal in all products, materials, goods, wares, merchandise and other things in any way entering into the manufacture of boots, shoes, gaiters and every description of footwear, or the component parts thereof or accessory thereto ;

(*c*) To act as agents, commission merchants, brokers and representatives of other companies, persons or enterprises carrying on a similar business, and to engage or arrange with sub-agents and correspondents and to open sample rooms, and to do all other things useful for such purposes ;

(*d*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to purchase and acquire in any way and to own, hold and sell, with or without warranty, the shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any manufacturing or other corporation or enterprise carrying on business similar to that of this company, or to promote or to contribute to or subsidize or otherwise assist the same, and to amalgamate or make any other working arrangements with any person, company or enterprise carrying on any similar enterprise, and to manage, operate and carry on the property, undertakings and affairs of any such business, and to acquire the same, including its good-will, rights, liabilities and other accessories by purchase, lease or otherwise ; and to issue, allot and deliver as fully paid-up and non-assessable the shares, debentures or other securities of this company in payment or part payment of any securities, rights or things that it can acquire and, with the approval of the shareholders, in payment or part payment of any services rendered to the company, whether in connection with its promotion and organization or its business or otherwise ;

(*e*) To purchase, sell, deal in or otherwise control patents and to acquire and hold licenses under patents or patent rights, and to grant such license or licenses, patents and rights to others ; to manufacture and sell and otherwise deal in and dispose of any patented article, appliance or machinery which the company may own or have any interest in or may hereafter acquire under or by virtue of such patents and licenses ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company or enterprise carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to promote and assist in promoting and to become a shareholder of or participator in any such company or enterprise and to purchase or acquire the shares and securities thereof, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to hold, sell, re-issue or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To make advances to or to guarantee the obligations or contracts of or otherwise assist in any manner any company whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held in whole or in part by this company, and to do any act or thing for the preservation, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares, bonds or obligations, and in like manner to advance money to or to guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company having business engagements with the company or indebted to it ;

(*h*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and to assume the liabilities of any person, firm, corporation or enterprise indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that transacted by the company, and to pay for the same in whole or in part in cash or bonds, or in fully paid-up or non-assessable shares or securities of this company or otherwise ;

(*i*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of or deal with the whole or any part of the undertaking of the company and of its assets and good-will and rights and obligations of any kind, for such consideration as the company may think fit, including shares, debentures and other securities of any other corporation having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company, and to distribute among its shareholders any cash, securities or other consideration so received ;

(*j*) To pay all costs incidental to procuring the Charter of Incorporation or in connection with the formation or organization of the company, and to do any such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the undertakings, assets, rights or liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*l*) To lend money to persons or companies having dealings with the company and to invest and deal with any funds or assets not immediately required for the purposes of the company as may be deemed expedient and to invest money on behalf of any other company or individual and to guarantee the security of such investment ;

(*m*) To enter into any arrangement with any authority or government, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, concessions, subsidies or other benefits which it may seem desirable to obtain, and to carry out or exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights and benefits, and to procure the company to be licensed, registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein and do such acts and things as may be expedient under the laws of such country to represent the company and enable it effectively to carry on business or prosecute its affairs there and elsewhere ;

(*n*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, lease, sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange or otherwise dispose of or deal with any real estate, lands, buildings or other property or rights necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the company's business, and to pay for the same in whole or in part, in cash or bonds or by the issue of fully paid-up and non-assessable shares or other securities of this company or otherwise ;

(*o*) To produce and accumulate electricity and electro-motive force or other agency similar or otherwise, and to use and supply the same for power, lighting and heating purposes in connection with the business of the company, and to sell and dispose of any surplus

electricity and electro-motive force for power, lighting and heating purposes, subject to the provincial and municipal laws and regulations ;

(*p*) To do any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, managers, supervisors or otherwise, and by or through trustees or agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such things as may be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*q*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent upon each other, and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise restricted by reason of any other clauses of such objects, powers or purposes or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Macfarlane Shoe, Limited," with a capital stock of four hundred thousand dollars, divided into 4,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Anglo-Canadian Fisheries, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1916, incorporating Richard Tuson Heneker and Henry Noel Chauvin, both of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the law ; Harold Earle Walker and John Noel Beauchamp, advocates, and Hugh Wylie, book-keeper ; all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as fishermen and the business of fishing, including among other things catching, curing, drying, smoking, preserving, canning, packing, importing, exporting, buying, selling and otherwise dealing with and in fish and fish products of all descriptions, and the oils, fertilizing and other by-products thereof, oysters, lobsters and all kinds of shell fish, to catch, buy, store, sell and distribute bait and fish of every description, whether fresh, salt or frozen, to engage in and carry on the business of lobster packers, curers and canners, and catch, buy, sell, pack, deal in, cure and can lobsters and other fish ;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and own lands of whatsoever description and wheresoever situate, and water lots, wharfage rights and privileges, fishing, trawling and seining rights and other easements, rights and privileges whatsoever ;

(*c*) To construct or otherwise acquire, operate, control, manage, let and deal in :—

(1) Trawlers, fishing boats and appliances, tugs, boats, barges, scows, ships, steamers and other vessels of every description, and wharves, docks, piers, slips and works for the improvement of navigation and for the conduct of fishing, whaling and other operations, also structures, appliances and equipment for fishing, whaling, seining, trawling or sealing purposes or for the handling of traffic in any form or any description ;

(2) Works, stores, warehouses, hatcheries, shops, cold storage, and refrigerating buildings and plants, sheds, offices, structures and plant, appliances, equipment and machinery for the cleaning, curing, canning, packing, storage, handling or otherwise dealing in the products or by-products of fish and fisheries, of whatsoever description, or of whaling or sealing operations or any other incidental operation carried on by the company ;

(3) Mills, machinery, shops, factories, works, appliances, equipment of every description for the handling, manufacture or the sale of any products or by-products of or resulting from the operations of the company or of any combination of such products or by-products with any other materials or thing whatsoever ;

(4) Reservoirs, dams, aqueducts, canals, flumes, drains, bridges, roadways and all other works, appliances and equipment incidental to the foregoing ;

(5) Power houses, plant, machinery, equipment and works for the generation, distribution and utilization of any form of power for lighting, heating or for any other purposes ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in cans, barrels, boxes, packages or other receptacles for containing food products and to manufacture, sell and trade in all products of every description and to carry on any business or businesses subsidiary, auxiliary or similar to the business mentioned in this sub-clause and which the company may deem it expedient to carry on in aid thereof or in substitution therefor ;

(*e*) To manufacture and deal in fertilizers and glue from fish and to refine oils obtained from fish ;

(*f*) To buy, sell and salve wrecked vessels of every sort, their materials, appurtenances and cargo, and to own and employ wrecking steamers, lighters and pumps with other wrecking appliances ;

(*g*) To cut, manufacture, buy, sell and distribute ice, wholesale or retail ;

(*h*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*i*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*j*) To amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*k*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the aforesaid Act to take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*n*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think

necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*p*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out, or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, water-courses into power plants, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works for the development and distribution of electric power for lighting, heating and other purposes, shops, stores and other works and conveniences, which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof, and to sell and distribute any surplus electric power not required for the purposes of the company, subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*q*) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will, and assets of any person, firm or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which this company is authorized to carry on or possessing property suitable for the purposes of this company, and as a part of the consideration for such acquisition, to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company;

(*r*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures or other securities for the payment either, in whole or in part, of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, services, rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, power, privilege, license or concession which this company may legally acquire and in payment or part payment of or in exchange for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar or incidental to the business of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the aforesaid Act;

(*s*) To remunerate, with the approval of the shareholders, any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital, or any debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*t*) To develop and turn to account any land acquired by the company or in which it is interested, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for farming and building purposes, constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, fitting up and improving buildings and conveniences and by planting, paving, draining, farming, cultivating, letting on building lease or building agreement ;

(*u*) To distribute by dividend or otherwise any of the property of the company in specie or kind among the members and particularly paid-up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company;

(*v*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph ;

(*w*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*x*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*y*) To adopt such means of making known the product of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*z*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*aa*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Anglo-Canadian Fisheries, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Commercial Building Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating George Vipond Cousins, Nathaniel Rennie Curry and Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, barristers-at-law, Darley Burleigh Smith, manager, and Dorothy Dance, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire either for investment or re-sale and to hold either absolutely as owner or otherwise and to sell on such terms and conditions as the company may deem expedient, and to traffic in land, houses, buildings and other property immovable or movable, and any interest therein, and to create, sell and deal in freehold and leasehold ground rents and generally to deal and traffic by way of sale, lease, exchange or otherwise, in land and buildings and house property, and any other property whether movable or immovable ; to carry on a general real estate agency business, including the undertaking of investigations, valuations, sales, exchanges, leases, subdivisions and the like ;

(*b*) To develop and turn to account any land acquired by or in which the company is interested, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for building purposes or otherwise, and by constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, furnishing, fitting up and improving buildings of any or every nature, and by planting, paving, draining, farming, cultivating the same and by leasing the same on business lease or business agreement, and by advancing money to and entering into contracts and arrangements of all kinds with builders, contractors, tenants or others ;

(*c*) To construct, erect, build, repair, and alter buildings or other structures and to buy, own, hold, sell, lease and deal in buildings of all kinds and descriptions and in stone, lime, sand, bricks, timber, hardware and other materials or articles used in building ;

(*d*) To make and to enter into any agreement or covenant for paving, macadamizing, grading, cleaning or watering, streets or highways, and for the construction, opening and repairing of conduits, cisterns, drains, sewers or streets ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to undertake the whole or any part of the business, property or liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of this company, and to pay for the same, either in whole or in part in the bonds, debentures, fully paid-up shares or other securities of the company ;

(*f*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise or to take the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company carrying on or about to carry on or engage in any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To issue and allot fully paid shares of the company in payment or part payment of any business, franchise, undertaking, property, right, power, privilege, lease, license or contract which the company is authorized to acquire ;

(*h*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may see fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or securities of any other company ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any government, municipal or local authority, or with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ; and to guarantee the contracts of, either with or without security, and to lend money to, or otherwise assist any such person or company, undertaking to build on or improve any property in which the company is interested ;

(*j*) To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, shares, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations or other securities of any company or undertaking having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*k*) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, federal, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them ;

(*l*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined :

(*m*) To distribute any of the property of the company in specie among its shareholders ;

(*n*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or attorneys ;

(*o*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any of the above objects ;

(*p*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph hereof or by reference to or inference from the name of the company ;

(*q*) To remunerate any person, firm or corporation, for the selling or placing of any share or shares in the capital stock of the company by paying to any such person, firm or corporation a commission or commissions ;

(*r*) To assume, take over, and enter into any contract, agreement or undertaking relating to or connected with any class of business which the company is authorized to carry on, and which prior to the incorporation of the company has been made or entered into by any person, firm or corporation acting as trustee or trustees, under any trust created with a view to the incorporation of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Commercial Building Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under Secretary of State.

24–2

The Mooney Chocolate Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 24th day of November, 1916, incorporating Eratus Edwin Howard and Jacob DeWitt, advocates, Harold Ernest Andrews Rose, student-at-law, Henry Charles McNeil, accountant, and Helen Burns, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following, viz : —

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, exchange and otherwise trade and deal in goods, wares and merchandise of all descriptions;

(*b*) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other obligations and securities of any company carrying on or engaged in a business which the company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to promote or amalgamate with any other such company, to buy the assets and good-will of any company, individual or firm carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for the same in whole or in part by bonds or paid-up stock of this company ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to hold such property, movable and immovable, as may be deemed necessary and requisite for the purposes of the company's business, including stores, warehouses, machine shops, foundries, wharves, docks and other establishments, and to erect and construct the same when and where advisable ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold security of any kind, real or personal, for debts, liabilities and obligations of the company in respect of its purposes and objects, and to improve, manage, develop, sell, lease or dispose of any of the property and rights of the company ;

(*g*) To carry on or promote a company to carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which is germane to any of the objects above specified ;

(*h*) To exercise all the foregoing powers either as principals or as agents for others on commission, sharing of profits or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Mooney Chocolate Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, divided into 1,750 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Montreal East, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24–2

Canadian-American Lumber & Mfg. Co., Ltd.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 30th day of November; 1916, incorporating William Walter Perry, secretary, Kenneth MacKenzie, student-at-law, Charles Herbert Croft Leggott and Edna Fitzsimons, accountants, and Marguerite Lyola Halley, stenographer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To engage in, do and transact the lumber business in any and all its branches ; to buy or otherwise acquire and sell or otherwise dispose of and in any manner deal in and with trees, logs, lumber, timber wood and bark of any and all kinds, in any and all states, forms and conditions, whether felled, standing or growing, and in any and all worked, built, manufactured or made shapes, articles, or structures ; to build, manufacture and make any and all such articles and structures and to use, sell or in any manner deal with or dispose of the same ; to fell, haul, float or otherwise transport, cut, dress, treat, work and handle trees, logs, lumber, timber wood and bark of any and all kinds in any and all manners and for any and all purposes whatsover ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, build, construct, own, hold, take on lease, license, rent, use, operate, lease, let, sell, convey or otherwise dispose of,

and in any manner deal in and with lumber mills, saw mills and other works, machinery, plants and equipments for felling, hauling, floating or otherwise transporting, cutting, dressing, treating, working and hauling trees, logs, lumber, timber wood and bark in any and all forms and for any and all purposes;

(*c*) To manufacture, produce, buy, sell and in any manner deal in and with wood pulp, pulp-board and any and all fibres and fibrous materials used or usable in or in connection with the manufacture or treatment of paper of any kind, and any and all kinds of paper and any and all ingredients, components, products and compounds thereof and any and all materials used or usable in or in connection with the manufacture or treatment thereof, products and by-products of the same, and any and all articles made therefrom; to construct, purchase or otherwise acquire, rent, take on lease, license or under agreement own, hold, use, operate, lease, sell, convey or or otherwise dispose of, and in any manner deal in and with pulping plants, paper plants, and any and all kinds of plants. mills, machinery and other works, structures, contrivances and appliances for manufacturing, producing or treating wood pulp and other fibres and any and all other materials used or usable in or in connection with the manufacture or treatment of paper, and any and all kinds of paper and the ingredients, components, products, by-products, and compounds thereof and the materials made therefrom; and to acquire by purchase or otherwise, take on lease, license or under agreement, own, search for, hold, use, mine, work, operate, develop, lease, sell, convey, or otherwise dispose of, and in any manner deal in and with mines, mining claims, mineral lands and deposits containing iron pyrites, iron, stone, clay, brick, earth, sulphur, coal, agolite or any fibrous or other minerals, materials or substances used or usable in or in connection with the manufacture or treatment of paper or otherwise, and the development of woodlands and the manufacture, sale and disposition of any surplus product of said woodlands, and mines and the production and sale of any products, surplus or by-products of said businesses:

(*d*) To purchase, or otherwise acquire. own, hold, rent, take on lease, license, or under agreement, use, improve, deal in, lease, sell, convey, or otherwise dispose of, timber lands and timber limits, wood lands and lands for agricultural, stock and other purposes, and all stock, crops, growth, yield, product, products and increase thereof, therefrom or thereon, and rights to cut or take wood or timber or other yield or produce from such or any lands, and any and all rights, privileges, easements and interests in, on, over or upon such or any lands;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the properties, rights or information so acquired;

(*f*) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effects required by the company or its workmen or servants;

(*g*) To take, acquire and hold as the consideration for goods sold or supplied or otherwise dispose of, or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same;

(*h*) To acquire and take over as going concerns or otherwise, the undertakings, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares or liabilities of such companies;

(*i*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*j*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold and with or without guarantee to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in and of any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorised to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*l*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined;

(*m*) To carry on and undertake any other business, which may from time to time seem to the directors of this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its objects or calculated directly or render valuable or enhance the value of any of the company's privileges or rights, and as incidental to the carrying on of its busines and to make and endorse negotiable paper;

(*n*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority, any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*o*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or its predecessors in business, or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*p*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the properties, rights or liabilities of this company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company;

(*q*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*s*) To pay out of the funds of the company all the expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company;

(*t*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principal, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, sub-contractors or otherwise, and by and

through trustees, agents, sub-contractors or otherwise, and alone or jo ntly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all and everything necessary or incidental for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, or incidental to the powers herein named or which shall at any time be necessary or incidental for the protection or benefit of the corporation ;

(*u*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian-American Lumber & Mfg. Co., Limited," with a capital stock of five thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of fifty dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of November, 1916, incorporating Leon Daoust and Aimé Daoust, clerks, Annie McPartlin, Elsie Bramson and Malca Levitt, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares, appliances, merchandise of all sorts and descriptions and to establish. maintain and conduct a jobbing, commission, brokerage and general agency business ;

(*b*) To design, construct, monufacture, build, erect, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, own, improve, develop, repair, alter, maintain, operate, manage, sell, exchange, let out to hire, charter or otherwise deal in and dispose of appliances, buildings, plants, cquipments, machinery, implements, materials and supplies of every description ;

(*c*) To acquire all or any part of the good-will, property and assets, including any ageny, option contract, agreement, concession or the like of any individual, firm, associationor corporation carrying on a similar business and to pay for the same wholly or in part in cash or bonds, or in payment or part payment therefor to allot and issue, as fully paid up and non-assessable, shares of the capital stock of the company whether subscribed for or not ;

(*d*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the property, assets, rights, undertakings or good-will of the company, and to accept payment for the same wholly or in part in cash, bonds, stock or other securities of any corporation or company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, trade marks, copyrights, agencies, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or process and to turn to account, sell, lease or otherwise deal in such patents, trade marks, copyrights, licenses, agencies or concessions ;

(*f*) To acquire and hold, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the stock, shares, securities or undertakings of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its undertakings or assets to or to amalgamate with any such company :

(*g*) To enter into any agreement for the sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, hold, sell and deal in the business, assets, good-will, stock, shares or securities of any person, firm or corporation carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company and generally to do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on any business incidental to the proper fulfilment of the objects for which the company is incorporated, and to exercise all other powers permitted by the Act.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Anglo-Canadian Factors, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24-2 Under-Secretary of State.

W. E. Ranger, Limitée.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 22day of November, 1916, incorporating Hector Dupont, civil engineer, Wilfrid Emile Ranger, Jean-Baptiste Origène Ranger, Joseph Evariste Ranger, merchants, Joseph Aldéric Robillard, King's counsel and advocate, all of the City of Lachine, in the County of Jacques-Cartier, Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire the hardware business and the goodwill of Wilfrid E. Ranger, merchant, of the City of Lachine, County of Jacques-Cartier, Province of Quebec, together with all the liabilities and assets of such business, and to pay therefor in paid-up shares of this company ;

(*b*) To manufacture, purchase, sell and carry on a hardware business in all its branches ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, exchange, lease or otherwise, from any person, firm or company any business similar to that of this company, as a going concern or otherwise, and to pay for the same in cash or in bonds or fully paid-up shares of this company ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire by lease or any other title and to hold any movable and immovable property which may be useful to the objects for which this company is incorporated, and to pay for the same either in cash or in bonds or paid-up shares of this company ;

(*e*) To sell, exchange, lease any immovable or movable property and to dispose thereof ;

(*f*) To construct, undertake and utilize, on lands owned or held by the company, any other buildings which may be useful for the carrying on of the undertakings and business of the company ;

(*g*) To purchase, acquire, sell any brevets d'invention, and trade marks appertaining to the company's business ;

(*h*) To draw, make, accept, endorse and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, cheques, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable instruments ;

(*i*) To accept in payment or as security for any debts owing to the company, hypothecs, charges, from any persons, corporations or companies ;

(*j*) To amalgamate or to enter into partnership with any other firm, person or company carrying on a business similar, in whole or in part, to that of this company and to enter into any arrangements for the sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, and reciprocal concessions relating to the business and transactions which this company is authorized to carry on ;

(*k*) To lease, sell the undertaking and assets of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration

as may be deemed advisable or for the shares, debentures and bonds issued by any other companies or corporations ;

(*l*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company any shares, debentures, securities or assets belonging to the company or, with the approval of the shareholders, fully paid-up and non-assessable shares in consideration for work done or services rendered ;

(*m*) To purchase and hold shares in any other companies carrying on a business similar, in whole or in part, to that of this company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "W. E. Ranger, Limitée," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Lachine, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 28th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

A. H. Chavé & Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act" letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating Archibald Henry Chave, of the Town of Woodlands, in the Province of Quebec, merchant, Clifford LaRue Morham, merchant, Phillip Brais, student, Clara Thomas and Ella Jackson, stenographers, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To cut, harvest, treat, manufacture, buy, sell, export, import and otherwise deal in timber, lumber and wood of all kinds and description and to treat, prepare and manufacture, buy, sell, export and import and generally deal in articles of all kinds and description in the manufacturing of which timber or wood is used, and in all classes of furniture, fittings, fixtures, machinery, implements, tools, findings, conveniences or accessories in any way relating to the foregoing or to any object of the company, and to prepare same and all such articles for market and to carry on in all its branches a lumber, timber and pulpwood business both manufacturing and mercantile ;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire real estate, lands, locations, surface rights, timber limits, wood lands and timber lands, water lots, river rights, mines, mining rights, government, municipal or other rights, privileges, franchises, easements, and licenses of all kinds or any interest therein and to explore, work, exercise, operate, sell, dispose of, exchange or otherwise deal in same ;

(*c*) To acquire by lease, purchase, own and dispose of machinery, implements, conveniences and things capable of being used or in any way necessary or convenient for the carrying on of the foregoing operations and to develop, accumulate and utilize, mechanical aid, water-power and all classes of motive force for the purposes of this undertaking ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to take over the business, undertaking, property, assets, franchises, good-will, rights and privileges of any person, firm or corporation carrying on any business similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on and to pay therefor, wholly or partially, in cash or paid-up shares, bonds or debentures of this company, or otherwise, and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or corporation, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities, franchises and privileges of this company to any person, firm or corporation for such consideration and security as the company may think fit, and particularly for the shares, bonds, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar or in any way incidental or relative to the objects of this company, and without limiting the scope of the foregoing and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act to acquire, hold, own and dispose of shares, bonds, debentures or securities of any other corporation having objects similar to this company ;

(*e*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire or dispose of any patents of invention, licenses, concessions or the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of this company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit or be convenient to the carrying on of the objects for which incorporation is now sought ;

(*f*) To sell the whole or any part of the business on a majority vote of shareholders and to enter into any agreement as to the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, consolidation, amalgamation and reciprocal concession with any company, firm or person carrying on business similar to or in any way allied with the objects of this company and to aid by guarantee of contracts, guarantee, endorsement, loan, or accommodation any such company, firm or person ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the objects for which incorporation is now sought or calculated, directly or indirectly, to advance, benefit or extend the scope and intention of this company ;

(*h*) The powers granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by a reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "A. H. Chave & Company, Limited", with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

J. Einstein, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating Charles Macpherson Holt, one of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Errol Malcolm McDougall and Pierre Francois Casgrain, advocates, John Buchanan Henderson, clerk, and John Alden Aylen, student-at-law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following pusposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To take over as a going concern the business heretofore carried on in the City of Montreal and elsewhere in Canada under the firm name and style of "J. Einstein, Inc," Importers, and to give as consideration therefor fully paid-up shares in the capital stock of the company ;

(*b*) To manufacture, import, buy, sell, deal in cloths of all kinds, leather, silks and other supplies and fabrics used or capable of being used in the manufacture, sale, handling, or use of shoes, shoe supplies and furnishings ; to manufacture, import, buy, sell and deal in shoe fabrics of every kind and nature ; to carry on the business of importing, dealing in and manufacturing any and all supplies used, required or employed in manufacturing and producing shoes and to buy, sell and deal in, either as principal, agent or otherwise, any and all such supplies, and to carry on a general importing and merchandise business and particularly the business of importing, handling and dealing in all kinds of fabrics, wares, supplies, merchandise in any way entering into or connected with the manufacture of boots, shoes and other foot apparel ;

(*c*) To carry on a manufacturing and merchandise business, producing, buying, selling and handling in connection therewith any and all such merchandise as the company from time to time may find advantageous, without herein particularly defining, classifying or

describing the various kinds of manufacturing business to be done and merchandise to be bought, sold and dealt in as aforesaid.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "J. Einstein, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

Rosemount, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating James Bowes Coyne, one of his Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Frank Kent Hamilton, barrister-at-law, Samuel Francis Moffat, solicitor, Alfred Beatty Rosevear, student-at-law, and Elizabeth Annie Bird, stenographer, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, acquire, hold, sell, lease, dispose of and deal with and in, lands and any rights and interests in land, mines, leaseholds, mining rights, timber limits and concessions from any Government, person or corporation and to settle, build upon, subdivide work, operate, drain, develop, cultivate, farm, or in any way improve and utilize same, to lease, sell, and otherwise deal with, exchange or dispose of same; to carry on the business of a land and land improvement company, and to improve such lands by building, ranching, farming, mining, and lumbering.

(*b*) To erect, equip, fit up and furnish houses or apartment houses, hotels, stores, dwellings, factories, warehouses, stables, garages, stations, repair shops, power houses, and other buildings and works and to lay pipes, improve roads, streets and lanes, erect poles, string wires, and to generate and make lease or otherwise obtain steam, gas, electric, water or other power, and to distribute such power and to operate systems for the distribution of such power, subject to local and municipal regulations.

(*c*) To use, own, maintain, manage, and operate, all or any of such lands, buildings, erections and premises to and for any lawful purpose or purposes, and to carry on in or upon any of the same any businesses for which the same may be suited ;

(*d*) To operate, manage, lease, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, use, improve, sell, or otherwise dispose of or deal with or in electric or other power, and property of every kind whatsoever, whether real or personal, or any interest therein.

(*e*) To require, hold, sell, agreements for the purchase and sale of land or any interest therein, and to acquire or alienate any property of any kind whatsoever or any interest therein for such consideration as the company may deem advisable ; and without restricting the generality of the foregoing either for cash or for the capital stock, debentures or debenture stock of the company ;

(*f*) To purchase, hold, assign, sell, transfer, or otherwise deal in shares of capital stock and bonds, debentures, securities or evidences of debt created or issued by any other corporation or corporations wheresoever and howsoever incorporated, and to purchase, hold, assign, transfer, and otherwise dispose of or deal with any bonds or debentures of any government, legislature, municipality, city, town, village, situated in Canada or elsewhere ;

(*g*) To guarantee performance of contracts by or otherwise assist persons, firms or corporations having or about to have dealings with the company.

(*h*) To acquire, use, and work the assets, franchises and rights of other companies having similar purposes.

(*i*) To carry on any other business whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with this business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of any of this company's property or rights ;

(*j*) To enter into arrangements with the Dominion or any Provincial Government, and with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority, any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To enter into partnership, amalgamation or any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, or otherwise, with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction, which the company is authorized to carry on, or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company ; subject, however, in all things to the provisions of the Manitoba Joint Stock Companies Act.

(*l*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of this company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company ;

(*m*) To invest and deal with moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration, including shares, debentures, bonds or securities of other corporations, or otherwise, as the Company may think fit.

(*o*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved any assets of the Company among its members. and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of any other company, formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this Company;

(*p*) To make, draw, accept, endorse and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise and by or through, agents, or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*r*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*s*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs and expenses in connection with incorporation, organization and sale of shares.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Rosemount, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24-2

Wood Bros., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 1st day of December, 1916, incorporating Gerald Baxter Wood, merchant, and Charles Albert Hale, advocate, both of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, John Wesley Blair and Francis Joseph Laverty, King's counsel, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, and Archibald Frederick Wood, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba merchant, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on the business of wholesale and retail merchants, manufacturers and importers of wall paper,

paints, varnishes, oils, glue, jute, furniture, furniture coverings, upholstering goods, curtains, rugs, carpets, pictures, frames, mouldings, fixtures, metals, fibrous and solid plaster, artificial stone and all other merchandise or commodities necessary for or generally employed in the interior decoration and furnishing of houses, offices, buildings and constructions of all kinds, and to act as agents for and dealers in such lines, and as general contractors in the business of interior decorations ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes thereof or which the company may be hereby empowered to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to pay for the same in cash or in fully or partly paid-up or non-assessable shares of the company, or both, or in any other manner whatsoever ;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold, use (on lease, license or otherwise), and to exercise, develop and introduce, and to sell, assign, lease or otherwise dispose of or turn to account any patents, trade marks, inventions, copyrights, improvements and processes, concessions and the like useful to the business of the company ;

(*d*) To sell, lease, exchange, turn to account or otherwise dispose of or deal with the properties, assets and undertakings of the company, either in whole or in part, for such consideration as the company may deem fit, including shares, debentures or securities of this or any other company, and to distribute among its shareholders any cash, securities or other consideration so received ;

(*e*) Notwithstanding section 44 of The Companies Act, to acquire and hold and to sell and otherwise dispose of shares or securities of any other company having for any of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of this company, and to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, with any person, firm or corporation carrying on or intending to carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on and to make advances to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist such person or company or any of this company's customers;

(*g*) To pay for any property, rights or privileges acquired by or with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered to the company by the issue of fully or partly paid up and non-assessable shares in the capital stock of this company;

(*h*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*i*) To pay all costs incidental to securing the charter of incorporation or in connection with the formal organization of the company ;

(*j*) To do any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, managers, supervisors or otherwise ;

(*k*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent upon each other and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes, without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise restricted by reason of any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Wood Bros., Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

24–2

Canadian Aeroplanes, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 25th day of November, 1916, incorporating Reginald Holland Parmenter, Arthur John Thomson and William Symon Morlock, solicitors, Samuel Davidson Fowler, solicitor's clerk, and Eugene Grimes Murphy, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell, lease, exchange and otherwise deal in and deal with all kinds of aeroplanes, hydro-aeroplanes, sea-planes, flying boats, air ships, dirigible and other balloons and other air craft, flying machines and devices for aerial navigation ; also aeronautical, marine, automobile, motor cycle and locomotive motors and engines of all kinds, also automobiles, motor cycles, motor boats and self propelled vehicles of all kinds, all raw materials, machinery, tools and other things used in and for the manufacture of all of the foregoing and accessories therefor and all articles which enter into the manufacture of all the foregoing and all products and by-products thereof and generally to carry on the business of a dealer in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*b*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to prospect, prolong, and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like conferring or relating to any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, right or information so acquired ;

(*c*) To establish, conduct, maintain, operate and carry on establishments for the theoretical and practical instruction and training of pilots and mechanics for aerial navigation, and for general instruction and dissemination of knowledge with respect of air-craft and flying devices, and to examine and provide for the examination of persons desiring to become pilots or mechanics for aerial navigation and to issue such certificates of qualification as may be considered proper to such persons as may from time to time successfully pass the examinations prescribed or some of them ;

(*d*) To construct, acquire, manage, maintain, charter, operate, lease, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all kinds of ships, vessels, barges and boats, elevators, sheds, warehouses and buildings, wharves, docks, dry docks and terminals and generally to carry on, for the purposes aforesaid the business of a ship-building, engineering, elevator, warehousing, navigation, transportation and terminals company, or any of such businesses;

(*e*) To manufacture or trade in property and goods of all kinds;

(*f*) To enter into contracts for, construct, execute, own and carry on all descriptions of works and to carry on, for the purposes aforesaid, the business of a general construction company and contractor for the construction of public and private works ;

(*g*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, all property, real or personal, that may be deemed neccessary for the proper carrying on of the company's business, and to hold, own and operate the same, and to sell, lease or otherwise turn the same to account, and to erect such buildings, factories and works as may be deemed advantageous for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake and assume all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company's business, and to issue in payment or part payment for any property, rights or privileges acquired by the company, or for any guarantees of the company's bonds

or for services rendered, shares of the company's capital stock, whether subscribed for or not, as fully paid up and non-assessable, or the company's bonds ;

(*i*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to subscribe for, purchase, assume liability under, acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to bonds, debentures, stocks or other securities of any other corporation, and to apply or to accept, in whole or in part, as consideration for, satisfaction of or security for any contract, indebtedness or obligation to or of the company, property, obligations, shares and securities of any kind at such valuation and upon such terms as may be agreed upon ;

(*j*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, or expense, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise, with any person, partnership, association or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction which may seem capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such company, person, partnership, association or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such partnership, association or company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee or otherwise deal with the same

(*k*) To apply for, promote and obtain from the Dominion of Canada or any other authority, whether Dominion, Provincial, Imperial, Colonial or foreign and including subordinate and municipal authorities, any statute,, ordinance, order, regulation or other authorization or enactment which may seem desirable to the company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*m*) To sell or dispose of the property or undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, for shares, debentures on securities of any other partnership, association or company ;

(*n*) To raise and assist in raising money for and to aid by way of bonus, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise any corporation in the capital stock of which the company holds shares, or with which it may have business relations, and to act as employee, agent or manager of any such corporation, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such corporation or by any person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*o*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein, according to the laws of such foreign country, to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of this company of any process or suit ;

(*p*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company ;

(*q*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or other securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*r*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company and necessary to enable the company to profitably carry on its undertaking ;

(*s*) To invest the moneys of the company not immediately required in such investments as may from time to time be determined ;

(*t*) To co-operate in, aid in, subscribe towards or subsidize any proceeding or undertaking which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*u*) To promote, form, organize, manage, develop, take interests or stock or shares in and assist financially or otherwise any partnership, association or company for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*v*) To pay out of the funds of the company all costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the formation, incorporation and organization of the company ;

(*w*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*x*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*y*) To sell, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with or contract with reference to all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

z) To employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*aa*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjuction with others ;

(*bb*) To do all such other things as may seem directly or indirectly to be incidental to or conducive to or convenient or proper for accomplishment of the purposes or attainment of the objects of the company, or any of them, or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company ;

(*cc*) No power granted in any poragraph hereof shall be limited or restricticted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph hereof.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Canadian Aeroplanes, Limited," with a capital stock of one million dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24-2 Under-Secretary of State.

International Manufacturing Company, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of November, 1916, incorporating John Alton Harriss, Rufus Lenoir Patterson, Alfred Otto Hoyt and James Augustine McCann, manufacturers, all of the City of New York, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America ; and Wilford Judson Hawkins, manufacturer, of the City of Montclair, in the State of New Jersey, one of the United States of America, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in ordnance, small arms, firearms, explosive shells, cartridges and fuses, and all parts, fittings and accessories of the same, and of all kinds of material, machinery or apparatus necessary or useful in the

production of any such articles ; to carry on the business of iron and coal masters, miners, iron, brass and other metal founders, machinists, tool-makers, wire-drawers, tube manufacturers, metallurgists or metal workers, fitters, mill-wrights, saddlers, packing-box makers, galvanizers, japanners, electro-platers, enamellers, and all other detail branches of business usually or conveniently connected with any such businesses as aforesaid, either for preparing or finishing articles for sale, or for auxiliary purposes, as well as for the purposes of the businesses aforesaid as for the purpose of profit as independent businesses ;

(*b*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture, of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company altogether or in part similar to those of the company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company ;

(*d*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country, and to designate persons therein, according to the laws of such foreign country, to represent this company, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company or any process or suit ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property any liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To underwrite, subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold either as principal or agent, and absolutely as owner or by the way of collateral security or otherwise dispose of or deal in the bonds or debentures, stocks, shares or other securities of any government or municipal or school corporation or of any chartered bank or of any public or private company or companies, association or associations, and while owner of any of the above securities to exercise all the rights, powers, privileges of ownership, including the right to vote upon stock held or owned by the company ;

(*h*) To assist in the promotion, organization, development or management or company, and to raise and assist in raising money for and aid by way of bonds, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures, or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to offer for public subscription any shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company or corporation;

(*i*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account, the property, rights, interests or information so acquired ;

(*j*) To issue and allot, as fully paid up, shares of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment of any property, movable or immovable, property rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, powers, privileges, licenses, concession, stock, bonds, and debentures or other property rights which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the powers hereby granted, or to pay for same or any part thereof in bonds or debentures of the company ;

(*k*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think proper and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or securities of any other company, provided that the company shall not sell, lease or otherwise dispose of its property or undertaking as an entirety without the approval either in writing or by vote at a meeting called for the purpose, of two-thirds in interest of the issued common stock of the company;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "International Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one million dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 30th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Wireless Press, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 1st day of December, 1916, incorporating Richard Tuson Heneker and Henry Noel Chavin, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Harold Earle Walker and John Noel Beauchamp, advocates, and Hugh Wylie, bookkeeper all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturing stationers, printers, publishers, engravers, lithographers and bookbinders, and generally to carry on any business of a similar nature and to do anything incidental to the trade of stationers and publishers ; to print, publish, manufacture, sell and deal in stationery, paper, books, periodicals, magazines, pamphlets, newspapers, advertisements, lithographs and electrotypes, including news items or information of every description of that nature, and to act as agents for the manufacture, printing, publishing and sale of the same to others ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise and dispose of the copyright on any book, article or engraving, which may be copyrighted ;

(*c*) To purchase and acquire any business of a similar nature and to purchase and acquire any interest or control in any business of a similar nature and to pay for the same in whole or in part in cash, bonds or paid-up stock of the company ;

(*d*) To purchase and hold stocks and bonds of any company carrying on business of a like nature ;

(*e*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interest with any other person or company carrying on or about to carry on any business similar to the objects of this company ;

(*f*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to hold such property, movable, and immovable, as is necessary and requisite for the purposes of the company's business, including factories, stores, warehouses and other establishments, and to erect, construct and operate the same when and where necessary, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*g*) To issue and allot as fully paid up stock, shares of the capital stock of the company as consideration or part consideration, for goods or property bought or taken over, for work done, guarantees given or agreed to be given, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or agreed to be rendered to the company in furtherance of the objects of the company, including services rendered or to be rendered to the company by the promoters of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Wireless Press, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Copper Products Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 1st day of December, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Dominion Copper Products Company, Limited," from the sum of one million dollars to the sum of three million five hundred thousand dollars, such increase to consist of twenty-five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 5th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Farm Owners, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Farm Owners, Limited," from the sum of eighty thousand dollars to the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, such increase to consist of four thousand two hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 12th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Arrow Tailoring Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Arrow Tailoring Co., Limited," to that of "American Tailors, Limited."

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 12th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Winnipeg & Transcona Realty Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1916, increasing the capital stock of the "Winnipeg & Transcona Realty Company, Limited," (Compagnie Immobilière de Winnipeg & Trancona, Limitée) from the sum of ninety-nine thousand dollars to the sum of one hundred and forty-nine thousand dollars, such increase to consist of 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and extending the powers of the said company so as to include the following purposes and objects, viz :—

(*a*) To issue its funds for the purchase of shares in other corporations carrying on a business similar, in whole or in part, to that of this company and in particular to subscribe for, acquire, hold, exchange and re-issue, either as principals or agents, shares and any other securities of or in any other incorporated companies, carrying on a business wholly or partly similar to that of this company:

(*b*) To amalgamate with any other companies having powers similar in whole or in part to those of this company or carrying on a business germane to that of this company ;

(*c*) To farm and cultivate and otherwise exploit the lands of this company or any part thereof ;

(*d*) To distribute among its shareholders in kind or otherwise, any property of the company, and the shares, debentures or other securities which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*e*) To carry on any other powers germane to those above enumerated.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dollard Realties, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, incorporating Patrick Martin Wickham, manager, Francis Joseph Laverty and John Wesley Blair, King's counsel, and Charles Albert Hale and Auguste Angers, advocates, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, exchange, lease or any other title, and to possess, hold, demolish, embellish, exploit, rent, sell, exchange or otherwise make over, real estate, timber limits, timber licenses, water powers and other movable and other immovable property of all kinds and descriptions ; to carry on business of real estate and financial agents, and act as agents for the purpose of selling, leasing, managing and administering immovable property ;

(*b*) To construct on the lands belonging to the company, or in which it may be interested in any way whatever, or on the property of its customers, buildings to be used for any purpose whatever, and maintain, superintend, work, rent, sublet, sell and otherwise dispose of all buildings so constructed and other buildings owned or leased by the company ;

(*c*) To distribute by way of dividend or bonus among the shareholders, in specie, in fully paid up shares, or in any other manner deemed advisable, any property of the company or any proceeds of the sale or disposal of any property of the company ;

(*d*) To pay for all properties, immunities, privileges, leases or rights whatsoever acquired by or for the company and for services rendered and work done for it, including the construction of the whole or part of the buildings erected by and for the company, or partly in bonds and partly in shares ;

(*e*) To erect, construct, equip, alter or repair, public and private works, buildings and structures and to deal in building material ; to compensate by payments in cash or with the approval of the shareholders by the issue of paid up shares of the company, or by bonds and debentures, or in any other way, every person or corporation for services rendered in disposing of or in assisting in the disposal of or in securing the disposal of part of the capital stock of the company or of all obligations or other values of the company or relating to the formation or promotion of the company or otharwise ;

(*f*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*g*) To do all things necessary, suitable and proper for the accomplishment of the purpose or to attain the objects above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dollard Realties, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of twenty-five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Atlantic Coast Development Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of December, 1916. incorporating Richard Armstrong Nevitt and William Lunan, accountant, George Norman Limpricht and Harry Reeve Burrows, clerks, and Elsie Frederica Mayo, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire coal fields and coal lands, ore bearing properties, mineral lands, mining locations, mining and surface rights, timber limits, wood lands, and timber lands, oil fields and privileges, natural gas lands and properties, water lots, water powers and privileges and other rights, privileges, easements and licenses ;

(*b*) To lay out, construct, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, maintain, operate and manage :

(1) Mines of coal, iron or other minerals whatsoever, oil wells and wells of natural gas or any products or by products of any of them, mining structures, plant mills, pipe lines, buildings, machinery and appliances of every description ;

(2) Power houses, structures, plant and equipment for the development, generation, transmission or utilization of water, steam, gas, electric or other powers and structures and plant for any form of heating and lighting ; provided, however, that the sale, transmission or distribution of electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force beyond the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(3) Steamships and vessels, piers, docks, dry-docks, wharves, slips, basins and all incidental structures and appliances ;

(4) Bridges, roads, tramways on lands owned or controlled by the company, aerial carriers, trails and ways of every description, yards and tracks for the storage or handling of any of the company's products or for the delivery thereof to adjacent railways ; and

(5) Offices, stores, shops, grain elevators, hotels, boarding houses, dwellings, workmen's houses, restaurants and buildings of every description ;

(*c*) To purchase, sell and deal in any manufactures, products or by-products of the works hereinbefore specified, or any commodities, merchandise or manufactures which may be conveniently handled therewith, and are germane to the objects herein specified ;

(*d*) To purchase, acquire, sell and deal in any exclusive rights, patent rights, privileges or licenses in connection with the business of the company ;

(*e*) To guarantee any indebtedness, whether bonded or otherwise, of any company with which the company may have business relations and authorized to conduct any business within or similar to the powers of the company ;

(*f*) To issue and allot with the approval of the shareholders, as fully paid-up, shares of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment for any services rendered or for any property, movable or immovable, property rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, powers, privileges, licenses, concession, stock, bonds and debentures, or other assets or things which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the powers hereby granted, or to pay for same or any part thereof in bonds, debentures or other securities of this company ;

(*g*) To acquire the stock, securities or undertaking of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its undertaking or assets to, or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise, or to amalgamate with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and to lend money to and act as employer, agent or manager of any such person or company, and to carry on the business of and to guarantee the contracts of, or to otherwise assist any such person or company or any customers, and to guarantee the securities issued or to be issued either conditionally or upon any condition, the bonds, debentures or other securities of any such company, and to take, hold or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell, hold or re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, bonds, debentures or other securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise hold, sell and deal in the business, assets, good-will and securities of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to benefit the company and to promote or assist in promoting any such other company or any subsidiary company, and to pay out of the funds of the company the costs and expenses of such promotion or assistance.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Atlantic Coast Development Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Carnation Milk Products Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 4th day of December, 1916, incorporating Thomas Hobson, Herbert Stace Lees, John Macdonald Telford, and Robert Pickard McBride, barristers-at-law, and Howard Joseph Baine, bookkeeper, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To produce, buy, sell and deal in milk and cream and all beverages, food, compositions and supplies into which milk and cream or any of their products enter or may enter as component part, mineral, aerated, distilled and other waters, meats, foods, beverages, compositions and supplies and all products of the farm and dairy ; to purchase, lease, maintain and operate farms, mineral springs, stores, shops, restaurants and marts for the production, storage, distribution and sale of the above mentioned products or any of them, and all compounds, compositions, articles and substances containing the same or any of them ; to carry on business as a manufacturer of, shipper and dealer in all kinds of dairy and milk products, canned goods, condiments, jams, jellies, preserves, table delicacies, grocers' sundries and supplies and prepared meats or foods ; to carry on business as a grower, shipper, exporter, importer, and dealer in seeds, farm, garden and dairy produce and all milk products of every kind and other food products, and in connection with the business of the company to establish stores, agencies, depots and other markets for the sale of the products of the company ;

(*b*) To manufacture and deal in cans, boxes, jars, containers, labels and canners' supplies ;

(*c*) To acquire, build, manage, conduct and otherwise deal with warehouses, storehouses and similar plant, including cold storage warehouses ;

(*d*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, evidences of indebtedness, obligations or securities in any oth[illegible] ompany having objects similar in whole or in pa[illegible] to the objects of this

company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to use any funds of the company in the purchase of shares in any other company ;

(*e*) To acquire by lease, license, purchase or otherwise hydraulic, electric or other power, and to utilize the same and dispose of any surplus power, provided, however, that any sale, transmission or distribution of hydraulic, electric or other power beyond the limits of the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*f*) To acquire by lease, license, purchase or otherwise, trade marks, trade names, labels and designs and to apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents of invention, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to the use of the same or any secret or other information as to any invention or process which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect to or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*g*) To construct, acquire, operate, hire, lease, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of real estate and personal property, manufactories, sheds, shops, stores and warehouses for the manufacture and for the reception and storage of goods and merchandise with the requisite plant, machinery and appliances ;

(*h*) To construct or acquire by lease or otherwise and to operate and maintain undertakings, plant, machinery, works and appliances for the purpose or any of the purposes aforesaid, and to own and to operate, either by steam, electric or other power, tramways and railway sidings on or over land owned or controlled by the company or on or over lands adjacent to the lands of the company, with the consent of the owner or holder thereof ;

(*i*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities or to acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or in whole or in part similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company. and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares or securities or liabilities of any such company and to issue paid-up or partly paid-up preference or common shares of the capital stock of this company or bonds or debentures or other securities of this company in consideration or part consideration therefor or for any property or rights acquired by this company ;

(*j*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or into any agreement or arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To enter into any agreements or arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business), or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*n*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, operate, develop, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, vessels, holdings, plant, houses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*p*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons, and to draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*q*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertakings of the company or any part thereof or the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*r*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*v*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be released any assets or property of the company amongst its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*w*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*x*) To remunerate by payment in cash, or with the approval of the shareholders in stock, bonds or any other manner, any person or persons or corporation or corporations, for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the stock of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the conduct of its business ;

(*y*) To apply for and obtain registration or recognition from any province, state or country under the provisions of any law relating to foreign corporations in force in such province, state or country ;

(*z*) To do all or any of the above things or the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction

with others, and either as principals, agents, contractors or factors for any other companies or persons or by or through any factors, trustees or agents :

(*aa*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*bb*) And it is hereby declared that the word "Company" in paragraphs (*a*) to (*aa*,) both inclusive, shall be deemed to include any person, partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and whether domiciled in Canada or elsewhere, and the objects specified in each of said paragraphs shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Carnation Milk Products Co., Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Milk Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 9th day of December, 1916, incorporating Gertrude Mary Jose, Ida Bergey, Kate Rebecca Broddy and Loretta Duggan, stenographers, Howard McLachie McCance, chauffeur, Leo Henry Baker, manager, William Howard Walter, student-at-law, Gordon Nicholas Shaver and Alexander Robertson Cochrane, solicitors, and George Duncan Egar, Esquire, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as manufacturers and dealers in both wholesale and retail and producers of dairy, farm and garden produce of all kinds and of milk, cream, cocoa, chocolates and all beverages and all foods, composition and supplies into which milk and cream, chocolate or cocoa or any products of the same enter as component parts and food products of every kind and description ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise and work farms, ranches and any other property real or personal for the purposes of the company ;

(*c*) To raise, kill and slaughter cattle and other farm animals for export or local trade as dressed beef or in cans ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, erect, build and work refrigerator elevators, warehouses, abattoirs, machinery, works and appliances, cars, bottles, bottle-stoppers and boxes as may be necessary for the company's business ;

(*e*) To build, acquire, own, charter or lease, navigate and use steam or other vessels for the purposes of the company, also build and operate railway cars as the company's business may demand ;

(*f*) To manufacture and produce steam and gas and acquire, develop and utilize water-powers for the purpose of milling and for generating electricity for lighting, heating and motor purposes in connection with the buildings and other works of the company with authority to sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus of gas, electricity or power generated by the company's works and construct and operate lines for the sale and conveyance of such surplus power, subject always to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*h*) To buy, sell, handle and deal, both wholesale and retail in commodities, articles and things of all kinds which can conveniently be dealt in by the company in connection with any of its objects ;

(*i*) To purchase or otherwise acquire any formulae, receipts, processes, letters, patent, trade marks, trade names or copyrights, relating to the products of the company, or any rights or interests in the same or in the mode of manufacturing or selling the same ;

(*j*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire patents, concessions and like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use of any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem to benefit the company and to use, exercise, develop and grant licenses in respect to or otherwise deal with all or any of the same ;

(*k*) To apply for, acquire and enjoy any concessions, franchise, right, privilege or power which any government or public authority, federal, provincial, municipal or local or any corporation or other public body may be lawfully empowered or authorized to make or grant;

(*l*) To promote or assist in the promotion of any company or companies carrying on business similar in whole or in part to that of this company; to act as agents for any company, partnership or person carrying on a similar business, and to carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above business or objects, or calculated to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights for the time being;

(*m*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person or company carrying on a business similar thereto or possessed of property suitable for the purposes thereof or which is capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business of which the company may be hereby empowered to purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, and to pay for the same in stock, bonds, debentures or securities of the company ;

(*n*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of this company ; to lease, sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, turn to account or otherwise dispose of or deal with the property and assets of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem fit, including shares, debentures or securities of any company ;

(*o*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interests with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company, and to make advances to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*p*) To distribute among the members of the company in kind, shares, debentures, securities or property belonging to the company ; to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects similar to those of the company or carrying on any business which is germane to the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*q*) To issue shares of the company as paid up in payment of any assets purchased by the company or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or for any other consideration which may be deemed just and sufficient by the directors ;

(*r*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*s*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the

company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*t*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital or any debentures or shares of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*u*) And generally to do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*v*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of and incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Milk Corporation, Limited," with a capital stock of one million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 12,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25-2

Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Kenneth Duncan Mackenzie, student-at-law, William Walter Perry, secretary, Charles Herbert Croft Leggott, Archibald MacLean Borthwick and Edna Fitzzimons, accountants, and Marguerite Lyola Halley and Agnes Bell, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business and operations of a mining, milling, reduction and development company;

(*b*) To produce, manufacture, purchase, acquire, search for, win from the earth, refine, smelt, store, distribute, sell, dispose of and deal in silver, gold, nickel, copper, iron, steel, manganese, cobalt, coal, coke, platinum, palladium, sodium, petroleum, metals, minerals and mineral substances, chemicals, lumber and other materials, and all or any articles consisting or partly consisting of the above and all or any products thereof; and to that end to explore, prospect, mine, quarry, bore, sink wells, construct works or otherwise proceed as may be necessary ;

(*c*) To acquire, own, lease, occupy, use, develop, trade in, deal in and contract with reference to lands or interests in land, mines, quarries, wells, leases, privileges, licenses, concessions and rights of all kinds covering, relating to or containing, or believed to cover, relate to or contain nikel, copper, iron, manganese, coal, petroleum, natural gas, oil, salt, chemicals, metals, minerals, stone or other ores, or mineral substances of any kind ;

(*d*) To acquire, by purchase, lease, concession, license, exchange or other legal title, mines, mining lands, easements, mineral properties, or any interest therein, minerals and ores and mining claims, options, powers, privileges, water and other rights, patent rights, letters patent of invention, processes and mechanical or other contrivances, and either absolutely or conditionally and either solely or jointly with others and as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and to lease, place under license, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof, or any interest therein ;

(*e*) To construct, maintain, alter, make, work and operate on the property of the company or on property controlled by the company, tramways, telegraph or telephone lines, reservoirs, dams, flumes, race and other ways, water-powers, aqueducts, wells, roads, piers, wharfs, buildings, shops, stamping mills and other works and machinery, plant and electrical and other appliances of every description, and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effects required by the company or its workmen or servants ;

(*f*) To build, acquire, own, charter, navigate and use steam and other vessels ;

(*g*) To take, acquire, and hold as the consideration for ores, metals or minerals sold or otherwise disposed of, or for goods supplied, or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*h*) To acquire, hold, lease, dispose of and generally deal with and in timber lands, timber limits and timber licenses, to cut, mill, manufacture, buy, sell and deal in timber and lumber ;

(*i*) To manufacture and deal in appliances, implements, machinery, apparatus, goods and supplies in any way connected with or incidental to the operations of the company or to the use of any of the products of the company ;

(*j*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate works for the development of power, light and heat, whether steam, electric or hydraulic, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to power, light and heat, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*k*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate irrigation works and works for the supply of water for other purposes, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to water for irrigation or other purposes, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*l*) To manufacture or trade in property and goods of all kinds ; to acquire, lease, construct, improve, maintain, own, use, operate, sell, let and deal in dwelling houses, lodging houses and hotels ; to operate ranches or farms for live stock or agriculture, to breed, raise, keep, render marketable and deal in horses, cattle and live stock of all kinds and to produce and deal in all products thereof and all agricultural products ;

(*m*) To operate construction or building plants and to take and carry out contracts for buildings or for construction work of any kind ;

(*n*) To acquire and take over as going concerns or otherwise, the undertakings, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view to acquire all or any of the shares or liabilities of such companies ;

(*o*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*p*) Notwithstanding the provision of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase, take over or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, and, with or without guarantee, to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, and other obligations in and of any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agents or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*q*) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to

benefit this company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and security or any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*r*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to protect, prolong and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like, conferring or relating to any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information acquired ;

(*s*) To apply for, promote and obtain from the Dominion of Canada, or any other authority or government, whether Dominion, Provincial, Imperial, Colonial or Foreign, and including subordinate and municipal authorities, any statute, ordinance, order, regulation or other authorization or enactment which may seem desirable to the company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*t*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*u*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or of its predecessors in business, or of any person, partnership, association or company allied with the company in business, or subsidiary to the company, or in which the company holds shares or securities, or to benefit the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any public, general or useful object.

(*v*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country, and to designate and appoint persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company, with full power to represent the company in all matters according to the law of such foreign country, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*w*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*x*) To carry on and undertake any other business which may from time to time seem to the directors of this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to render valuable or enhance the value of any of the company's privileges or rights, and as incidental to the carrying on of its business and to make and endorse negotiable paper ;

(*y*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*z*) To distribute or divide assets of the company in specie amongst the shareholders ;

(*aa*) To appoint agents within and without the Dominion of Canada, with power to receive and register transfers of the company's capital stock, and to keep registers of the shareholders of the company ;

(*bb*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principal, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by and through trustees, agents, subcontractors or otherwise, and alone or jointly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all and everything necessary or incidental for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, or incidental to the powers herein named or which shall at any time be necessary or incidental for the protection or benefit of the corporation ;

(*cc*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization thereof, and to employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*dd*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited," with a capital stock of one million six hundred and sixty thousand and fifty pounds sterling, divided into 1,660,050 shares of one pound sterling each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Turner Day & Woolworth of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as " The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, incorporating Archie Macfarlane, merchant, Lawrence Macfarlane, advocate and King's counsel, William Bridges Scott and John MacNaughton, advocates, and James Geary Cartwright, office manager, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell and deal in or otherwise turn to account goods, wares and merchandise of all kinds whatsoever ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any business which the company is authorized to carry on or which may seem to the company calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company or to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's properties or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association or company possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company or carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on and as consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks or obligations of this company ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or co-operation with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to subsidize, guarantee the obligations of or otherwise assist any such company, person or persons ;

(*e*) To purchase, subscribe for, acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of stock, bonds, debentures or other securities in any other corporation and evidences of indebtedness in any such corporation, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 44 of the Companies Act ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, rights or privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business;

and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds ;

(*g*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses and the like conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the rights and information so acquired ;

(*h*) To sell, let, develop, dispose of or otherwise deal with the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the company upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration any shares, stocks or obligations of or interest in any other company ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement with any governments or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, concessions and privileges that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them ;

(*j*) To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents or in partnership or conjunction with any other person, firm, association or company and in any part of the world ;

(*k*) To distribute among shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or other securities in other companies belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*l*) The powers in each paragraph are in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph ;

(*m*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Turner Day & Woolworth of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25–2

De Grosbois Mining Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, incorporating Anguste Joseph Allaire, accountant, Marie-Anne Henault and Bibiane Lefebvre, stenographers, Lorenzo Laurendeau and Aime Malo, students, all of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase. lease or otherwise, mines, minerals, mining rights, lands and properties or any interest therein, and to hold, explore, work, develop, sell, lease, or otherwise, dispose of the same or any part thereof, to mine, smelt, quarry, get, work, mill and prepare for sale by any process illmenite, titanic, magnetite and hematite iron and all or any other minerals or metallic products and ores and to manufacture products and by-products therefrom, and to smelt such ores and other metallic substances and to trade in the products of such mines or manufactures ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise waterpowers, lands, rights-of-way, for pole lines or other purposes, and to pay for the same either in cash or with bonds or stock of the company, or partly in one and partly in the other, in the same way to acquire and pay for, build, erect and maintain dams, mills, buildings, works, pole lines, sub-stations and fittings thereon or in connection therewith and generally to provide, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to construct, lay down, erect, establish, operate, maintain, and carry out all necessary works, plant and apparatus connected with the generation, accumulation, transmission, supply, use and employment of electricity, and to generate, accumulate, and distribute electricity for the supply of electric light, heat and motive power and for industrial or other purposes to enter into contracts and agreements for the supply of electric light, heat or motive power, and to sink wells and shafts and to make, build, construct, erect, lay down and maintain reservoirs, works, pipes and appliances and to do all other works and things necessary or convenient for obtaining, storing, selling, delivering, measuring and distributing water for the creation, maintenance or development of hydraulic, electrical or other mechanical power or for any other purpose of the company ; provided that the foregoing power when exercised outside the property of the company shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(c) To purchase, acquire any interest in, hold, use, occupy, sell and convey real estate, mills, machinery, vessels, vehicles propelled by steam, electricity or otherwise and other property, and to mine, smelt, dress, and in every way, manner and by every or any process to manufacture ore, minerals and metallic or other products, and for such purpose to make and execute all necessary and proper works and to do all necessary and proper acts, and to erect and maintain all suitable furnaces, forges, mills, engines, houses and buildings, and if necessary to acquire any patent privileges or by assignment, license or otherwise the right to use any patent invention connected with the purpose aforesaid ; and to construct and make, purchase, hold or lease, alter and maintain and operate any roads, ways, barges, vessels or steamers for the transportation of goods, minerals or other property manufactured and unmanufactured from and to the mines and works of the company or from and to any other mines to any place of transhipment or elsewhere, and to do all other business necessarily and usually performed on the same ; and to construct wharves, docks and other works and machinery in connection with the business of the company ;

(*d*) To act as general storekeepers and to provide board and lodging, clothing and provisions, and generally all supplies to those engaged in or about any of the company's works, or to contract for the providing of the same ;

(*e*) To apply for or purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, interests or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To acquire the undertakings, assets or property of any individual, firm or corporation now carrying on a similar business ; to pay for the same either in cash or with bonds or stock of the said company ; to acquire and hold shares, bonds or other securities of or in any other company or corporation carrying on similar business, and while holding the same to exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof ;

(*g*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company or any part thereof and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or securities of any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, reissue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*i*) To amalgamate with any other company, firm or person having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To do all such things as are necessary to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "De Grosbois Mining Company, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 500,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Standard Stampings, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as *The Companies Act*, letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of December, 1916, incorporating: James Frederick Edgar, barrister-at-law, Lily Mae Lewis, stenographer, and Norman Robert Tyndall, draftsman, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, James Edward Maybee, patent solicitor, of the Village of Port Credit, in the said Province of Ontario, and George Patrick Mackie, bookkeeper, of Birch Cliff P.O., in the said Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on the business of stampers, founders, metal workers, manufacturers, engineers and dealers in brass, copper, zinc, iron and other metals, and as machinists and smiths; to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise made in whole or in part of copper, brass, iron and other metals; to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in hardware of all descriptions, machines and machine supplies;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electrical works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Standard Stampings, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25–2

National Dry Goods, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating David Kertzer and Morris Geller, merchants, and Frederick Christian Peters, accountant, all of the city of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario; Isaac Rice, merchant, of the city of Toronto, in the said Province of Ontario, and Harry Culnier, merchant, of the city of St. Catharines, in the said Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as wholesale and retail dealers in dry-goods, stationery, small-ware, fancy goods, jewellery, leather goods, cutlery, gents furnishings, ladies cloaks, suits, ladies wear, household goods, household furniture, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods wares and merchandise of all kinds ;

(*b*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, or any right or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business or capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the company's property or rights for the time being ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To enter into any partnership or into any arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on, or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*g*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*h*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*i*) To adopt such means of making known the products and business of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*j*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company, or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of its business;

(*k*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*l*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise ;

(*m*) To do all such other things as are necessary, contingent, incidental or conducive to the attainment to any one or more of the above objects, and which the company may think expedient and so that the objects specified in each paragraph of the clause shall except when otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or to or from the name of the company ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "National Dry Goods, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25–2

National Coal and Grain Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of December, 1916, incorporating Joseph Aeneas Bambrick, contractor, John Wincelaus Dillon White, clerk, Joseph Henry Dillon, advocate, all three of the City of Montreal; John Marrazza, of the City of Maisonneuve, contractor ; and John Patrick Byrne, of the City of Outremont, agent, all in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To import, export, trade in, purchase, sell and deal in coal and wood and other fuels and to carry on generally and in all its branches the business of wholesale and retail dealers in coal, wood and other fuels ; and to purchaso, sell, import, export. trade and deal in hay, grain, fruits, vegetables and other farm produce, butter, cheese, eggs and dairy products and to carry on generally and in all its branches the business of wholesale and retail merchants and dealers in hay, grain, provisions, farm and dairy products ;

(*b*) To cart, transfer and deliver from place to place goods, wares, merchandise and material by means of carts, waggons, carriages, motor trucks and other vehicles, and to carry on any business incidental thereto ;

(*c*) To acquire, erect, construct, maintain and operate warehouses, storehouses, yards and other places for the storage of goods, wares and merchandise, and any business incidental thereto ;

(*d*) To acquire, any business of the nature or character which the company is authorized to carry on and the goodwill thereof and to pay for the same in cash or in bonds or in paid-up shares. of the company or partly in cash or partly in bonds or partly in paid-up shares of the company ;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise any lands or buildings required for the purpose

of the company and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company and to sub-let any portion thereof not required by the company ;

(*f*) To invest and deal with moneys of the company not immediately required, in such manner as may be from time to time determined ;

(*g*) To apply for, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, trademarks, processes, mechanical devices, concession, and the like, or any shares or interest therein, conferring any exclusive or non exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant license rights, or information so acquired.

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and hold shares, bonds or debentures or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to establish, promote or otherwise assist any such company or companies, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's rights :

(*j*) To assist by loans of money, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company or any person or company with which this company may have business relations ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders, in specie by way of dividend or bonus, or in any other manner deemed advisable, any property of the company or any proceeds of the sale or disposal of any property of the company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangement with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority, any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think fit or desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such agreement, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants or other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To fell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*o*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of and turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the moveable or immoveable property and rights owned or leased by the company, and, to develop and turn to account any land or buildings acquired or leased by the company or in which it is interested ;

(*p*) To enter into partnership or any agreement or agreements whatsoever for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise acquire shares and securities for any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*q*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital, or any debentures or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*r*) To pay for in whole or in part of any property, franchise, privileges, trade advantages, leases or rights of any kind acquired by or for the company and work performed for it, and with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered, by the issue of paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company, or by bonds, debentures, or other securities secured by mortgage or otherwise, or partly in bonds or partly in shares ;

(*s*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*t*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*w*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "National Coal and Grain Company, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 12th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Spencer Heater Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of December, 1916, incorporating Tilman Houser O'Neill, wholesale merchant, Albert Townsend Hawley, Archibald Campbell, Hugh Polson and William Cleland Hamilton, barristers-at-law, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To make, manufacture, buy, sell, trade and deal in all kinds of boilers, heaters, furnaces, heating apparatus and plants, and all parts therefor, and all appliances, supplies, machinery and other articles necessary or convenient to use in connection therewith ; to carry on business and industries as iron and brass founders, mechanical, electrical and hydraulic engineers, constructors, installers and fitters of heating apparatus and heating plant and appliances, smiths, metalworkers, woodworkers, fitters, millwrights, plumbers, gas fitters, steamfitters and builders ; also as manufacturers of all classes of machinery and mechanical plant and appliances ; as manufacturers of all classes of articles, wares, products, merchandise, materials, tools, appliances and supplies, and all other things that are or may be useful in the conduct of any such business or industry or that enter into the composition of any of the products of any of such works, industries or manufactures, and as makers of all other articles, wares, products, merchandise, materials, tools, appliances, supplies, machinery and plant of an economic, commercial, mercantile or industrial character, or that may be used in commerce or trade or industrial arts, or in connection therewith, and also to buy, sell, trade and deal in, by wholesale and retail, all articles and things of every class without any restriction coming within the description or meaning of any of the classes hereinbefore enumerated, and whether manufactured in whole or in part by this company or not, and also to carry on a general mercantile and trading business by wholesale and retail ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, license or otherwise as may seem proper and to hold any factory, foundry, plant, warehouse, building, structure, tools, machinery or appliances which may be necessary or advisable in the interests of the company for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, housing, or handling any of the goods or articles herein referred to, or for the purpose of carrying on or advancing the business or interests of the company ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease, license of occupation or otherwise and to hold and improve all such lands and tenements and interests or estate in lands and tenements as may be desirable or convenient for any of the purposes of the company and to erect thereon all classes of buildings and structures that may be useful for any such purpose and to establish thereon and to operate all such machinery, plant and appliances as may be so useful ;

(*d*) To sell and dispose of all such lands and interests in lands and properties on such terms as may be deemed proper, and to take security for the payment of the purchase money thereof as for a debt payable to the company ;

(*e*) To acquire and hold with power to exercise all the rights incident to such holding and also to dispose of stocks, shares, bonds, debentures and other assets and securities of, or to purchase, acquire, hold and develop the assets, lands, property and undertaking of any other corporation, firm or person having objects or carrying on any business or industry in whole or in part similar to any of the business or industries in which this company is authorized to engage, with power to take over and operate as a going concern, as well as to enter into any agreement, contract or arrangement for sharing of profits, joint adventure or amalgamation or other arrangement of a like nature with and to guarantee or assume the debts or obligations of any such corporation, firm or person ;

(*f*) To apply for, purchase, obtain licenses or enter into any contract or agreement to use, or otherwise acquire, and to hold, own, use, operate and sell, assign and dispose of, trade marks, patents of inventions, secret processes, improvements and other processes and concessions used or that may be secured under letters patent or otherwise of Canada, or any other country, and to use, exercise and develop, or otherwise turn to advantage any or all such trade marks, patents, concessions, processes and the like, and also to grant licenses to others to use, exercise and develop the same on such terms and with such limitations as it may deem proper ;

(*g*) To dispose of any of the property from time to time and of the entire undertaking of the company when, and upon such terms, as to the company may seem proper ;

(*h*) To take and receive mortgages and other securities upon real and personal estate to secure the purchase money of any properties or rights disposed of by the company and debts due to the company ; to receive releases of the equity of redemption in any such properties, and to sell and dispose of all such properties upon such terms as may be deemed proper ;

(*i*) To guarantee the payment of the indebtedness of any person, firm or corporation, with which the company have business relations ;

(*j*) To carry on any other business whether manufacturing, trading or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the company's business or any of its industries, or likely directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's properties or rights.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Spencer Heater Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25–2

LeRoy Herbert, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of December, 1916, incorporating Milton LeRoy and Aloysius Herbert, merchants, Albert Spiers and Charles Tierney, bookkeepers, and John Marshall Given, accountant, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of wholesale and retail wine, beer and spirit merchants, and dealers in wines, liquors, spirits, cordials, liqueurs, ales, beers, aerated and mineral waters and other beverages, and also to deal in all and every form of containers used for the same ; and to carry on the business of hotel, restaurant, cafe and tavern keepers, and the business of brewers, malsters or distillers in all its branches, and to carry on the business of store keepers in all its branches, and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in goods, stores, consumable articles, and provisions of all kinds, both wholesale and retail and the business of dealers in tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, pipes, and other articles and things commonly dealt in by tobacconists ;

(*b*) To take over, acquire, and amalgamate the business, undertakings and good-will, or any parts thereof of " Fitzgerald & Company, Limited," of Milton LeRoy and Aloysius Herbert, and all or any of the assets of the proprietors thereof, and to pay for the same in cash or wholly or partly in shares of this company, and to assume if proper any or all of the obligations or liabilities of the said proprietors of the said businesses ;

(*c*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, exercise and enjoy all or any of the property, franchise and good-will, rights, powers, licenses and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or any company or companies carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to pay for such property, franchise, good-will, rights, powers, licenses and privileges wholly or partly in shares of this company, wholly or partly paid-up ;

(*d*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its businessor calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*e*) To acquire or own the whole or any part of the business property of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or the property of any person possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*f*) To take or otherwise acquire, and hold, shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with or surrender any such arrangements, rights, privileges, concessions and franchises ;

(*h*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*i*) To purchase, take or lease or in exchange or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of this business ;

(*j*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*k*) To adopt such means of making known the business of the company as may seem expedient ;

(*l*) To take or otherwise acquire or hold shares or debentures in any other company having objects alto-

gether or in part similar to those of the company, and to sell, hold, re-issue and deal with or without guarantee with such shares or debentures ;

(*m*) To sell, let, hire or otherwise deal with or dispose of the undertaking and assets of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of this company ;

(*n*) To distribute any of the property of the company among the members in specie, or to invest and deal with the moneys and assets of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*o*) To pay out of the funds of the company all the expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company, or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of its business ;

(*p*) To sell, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company, and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for ths purpose of the company :

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "LeRoy Herbert, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Stave Manufacturing Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of December, 1916, incorporating Harold Wooland, agent, Walter Horace Thomson and Walter Francis Lee, bookkeepers, Thomas James Coulter and William Stanley Jones, accountants, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, and to own, hold, lease, sell or otherwise dispose of or deal in timber lands, timber limits, standing and cut timber ; to trade in timber, lumber and wood, and generally to carry on the business of lumbering and manufacturing lumber in all its branches ;

(*b*) To own, maintain and operate saw-mills, planing mills, pulp and paper mills, and to manufacture and deal generally in staves, woodenware, furniture, vehicles, agricultural implements, and all kinds of articles in the making of which wood and all products of wood are required or utilized ;

(*c*) To secure, by purchase, lease or license or otherwise acquire water power, water lots, rights of way and such other rights or privileges as may be required by the company ;

(*d*) To own, hire and keep horses and vehicles of all sorts ; to own, lease and maintain stables and garages, purchase, construct, or otherwise acquire, own, charter or employ barges, vessels, ships and other boats ;

(*e*) To build or otherwise acquire, lease and maintain wharves, piers, bridges, roads or other works which may be convenient for the purpose of the company, or to aid in the building, purchase and maintenance of same in the manner the company may deem convenient or proper ;

(*f*) To apply for, obtain or otherwise secure or acquire, and hold, use and operate, lease, sell, assign, or otherwise dispose of any trade marks, patents of inventions or other such rights or privileges as may be useful to the company ;

(*g*) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise the whole or any part of the business and property, and assume the liabilities of any person, firm or company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*h*) To apply to any local or other public authorities, and obtain therefrom any concessions, grants, powers, privileges and franchises, as may seem desirable to the company, and to enter into any arrangement or contract for the exercise and carrying out of such grants, concessions and franchises ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements for sharing profits, union of interests or any such joint adventure with such persons, firms or corporations as the company may deem convenient ;

(*j*) To promote or assist in promoting and become a shareholder in any subsidiary or other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or to consolidate or amalgamate therewith on such terms or conditions as may be deemed expedient ;

(*k*) Notwithstanding section 44 of The Companies Act, to subscribe for, take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, to hold, sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To accept in payment or part payment of any debt due to the company, shares, bonds or other securities of any company ;

(*m*) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment for any property, real or personal, and for any rights, privileges or concessions secured by purchase, lease, or otherwise, or for any liabilities owing by the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to the company by any persons, firms or corporations in the formation and promotion of the company, or the conduct of its business, and, especially, in the sale and placing of any of its stock, bonds or securities ;

(*n*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all the property assets and undertakings of the company or any part thereof, on such terms and conditions and for such consideration as the directors and shoreholders of the company may deem proper, and, in particular, for shares, bonds, or other securities of any other company having similar objects, notwithstanding section 44 of the said Act ; and to distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind, any property of the company, and, in particular, any shares, debentures, or securities of any other company belonging to this company, or of which this company may have the power of disposing ;

(*o*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*p*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Stave Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Pure Gas and Oil Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of December, 1916, incorporating, John Craig Stewart, barrister-at-law, Reginald Archibald Richardson, clerk

Shirley Morell Holmes, physician, George Douglas Atkin, student-at-law, and Grace Alberta Jackson, stenographer, all of the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To procure, hold or dispose of leases or licenses of lands for the purpose of procuring oil, natural gas or other minerals of any kind or description ; to procure and hold and operate under or dispose of municipal franchises for laying pipe lines or boring or drilling for oil or natural gas upon municipal highways or public places in municipalities, and to drill, bore and operate wells for the production of oil, natural or other gas or mineral products, and to procure, deal in, sell or dispose of oil, natural gas or other gas or mineral products ;

(*b*) To construct and operate telephone and telegraph lines or other systems of communications for the purposes of or in connection with the business of the company ;

(*c*) To buy, sell or deal in shares, stocks and bonds or debentures of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*d*) To procure, hold, exchange or dispose of land and personal property in connection with the business or interests or requirements of the company ;

(*e*) To construct and operate steamboats or other boats, vessels or ships or other method of transportation, and to sell, exchange or dispose of the same from time to time ;

(*f*) To procure, develop and operate or sell or dispose of electric or other power, and to procure, operate under or dispose of franchises from municipalities in respect of same ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*l*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry on or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*m*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*n*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*o*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company or any other individuals or corporations ;

(*p*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things, and all things authorized by the Letters Patent or Supplementary Letters Patent as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*r*) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects and of the objects set out in the Letters Patent and Supplementary Letters Patent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Pure Gas and Oil Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Castle Manufacturing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1916, incorporating John Calvin Macfarlane, barrister, Ernest C. Fetzer and Armond Whitehead, students, Elizabeth Connor and Marion Mackay, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To acquire, take over and carry on as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario and elsewhere under the firm name and style of The Castle Manufacturing Company, and all or any of the liabilities owned or used in connection therewith and the goodwill thereof, and to pay for the same in paid-up shares of this company ;

(*b*) To manufacture, purchase, sell, import, export, traffic and deal and generally trade in all manner and kinds of toys, playthings, sporting goods, wood novelties, metal novelties, bicycles, models, wood and metal kitchenware, and all articles of metal and all parts thereof, and also forgings, metal castings, leather and rubber goods, and carry on business of printing, stereotyping, wood-cutting, lithographing, engraving, publishing, book-binding, box-making, cabinet-making, painting, enamelling, nickel plating, copper plating, brass plating, metal and wood working, and all other articles and things capable of being used in connection with the manufacture and sale of the same ;

(*c*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire machinery and any and all apparatus necessary or useful in connection with the business of the company, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*d*) To acquire and operate any plant, machinery, stock in trade, rights or privileges that the company may deem necessary for the purpose of its undertakings, or any part thereof ; to acquire property, either real or personal, movable or immovable, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in stock and bonds of the company ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or in-

directly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To acquire and take over as going concerns the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares or liabilities of such companies ;

(*g*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents of invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engage in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefft the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock in trade ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To invent and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*q*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertakings, property, liabilities, franchise of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*r*) To acquire by purchase, lease or other legal title, either for money or fully paid shares of its capital stock, or its securities, any real estate necessary or useful for the carrying on of the business of the company, and to lease, sell or otherwise dispose of its real estate holdings, and to construct, operate and maintain buildings, warehouses, factories and other works for the carrying on of its said business ;

(*s*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved, any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with, or as factors, or agents, for any other companies or persons or by or through any factors, trustees or agents ;

(*u*) To pay all or any costs, charges or expenses preliminary or incidental to or incurred in connection with the promotion, organization, formation, establishment, registration and incorporation of the company ;

(*v*) The powers in each paragraph to be in no wise limited by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Castle Manufacturing Company Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Cluff Ammunition Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1916, incorporating Arthur Wellesley Holmested, barrister-at-law, Lorne Francis Lambier and Norman Robert Kay, students-at-law, Aileene Ritchie and Edith Mary Carruthers, stenographers, and Arthur Speakman Macrae, accountant, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in all kinds of explosives and ammunition of all kinds and of whatever composition and the various articles used in their manufacture and all by-products thereof and in all articles composed either wholly or in part of the same and all materials, substances, appliances and things required for or incidental to the manufacture, preparation, adaptation, use, firing or working of explosives and ammunition, or the packing, storing, carrying or disposition thereof ; to carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in ordnance, small arms and firearms and all parts, fittings or accessories of the same and of all kinds of material, machinery or apparatus necessary or useful in the production of any such articles; to manufacture, buy, sell or otherwise deal in iron, steel, copper, lumber and other materials and all or any articles consisting or partly consisting of iron, steel, copper, wood or other materials and all or any products or combinations thereof ; to carry on the business of steel and iron founders, steel casting makers, mechanical engineers and manufacturers of all kinds, tool makers, brass founders, metal workers, boilermakers, fitters, wiredrawers, tube makers, galvanizers, millwrights, machinists, woodworkers, platers, founders, metallurgists and electrical engineers and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, alter, let or hire and to deal in machinery, implements and hardware of all kinds and any goods, wares or merchandise in which iron, steel or wood is in any way used ;

(*b*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus

or things in or for the manufacture or any process for the manufacture of which any plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To acquire and take over, as a going concern or otherwise, the undertakings, assets and liabilities or any part thereof of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares and assume the debts and liabilities of any company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents of invention, processes, trade marks, franchises, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention, process or idea which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, hold and enjoy all the property, franchises, good-will, patents, processes, trade marks, rights and privileges held and enjoyed by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on or formed for carrying on any similar business to that which this company is authorized to carry on and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 44 of the Companies Act to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of, shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any other business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*g*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*h*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*i*) To furnish aid to any business or undertaking similar in whole or in part to that of the company or with which the company may have business relations, by way of loan, bonus, endorsement, agreement, guarantee, management or other service, and to manage, supervise and control the same in whole or in part and to act as agent or attorney for the same ;

(*j*) To co-operate in, aid in, subscribe towards or subsidize any proceeding or undertaking which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To acquire, purchase, take on lease, hire, construct, improve, own, use, maintain, operate, manage, carry out and control plant, equipment, machinery, supplies, buildings, works, ships, warehouses, manufactories, pumps, tanks, pipe lines, smelters, refineries, roads, ways, canals, in lands owned or controlled by the company, bridges, electric works, electric plant, hydraulic works, hydraulic plant, boats, ships, docks, wharves, piers, gas works, cables, waterworks, reservoirs, aqueducts, flumes, ditches and all such other structures, works, conveniences and appliances as may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the acquisition, purchase, leasing, hiring, construction, improvement, ownership, use, maintenance, operation, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*l*) Where such course is required for the purposes of the company or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, to acquire, purchase, take on lease, hire, construct, improve, own, use, maintain, operate, manage, carry out and control, but only upon lands owned or controlled by the company, or over which the company may have a right or license to that effect, such roads, ways, bridges, lines of rail, spurs, sidings, tracks, rolling stock, cables, wires, motors, locomotives, electrical plant and all such other structures, works, conveniences and appliances as may be required for the purpose of maintaining communication by telegraph or telephone or of effecting the transport of goods or passengers, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the acquisition, purchase, leasing, hiring, construction, improvement, ownership, use, maintenance, operation, management, carrying out or control thereof ; .

(*m*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country and to designate and appoint persons with full power to represent the company in all matters according to the law of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*n*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any part of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization thereof ;

(*o*) To employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*p*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with, or as factors, or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents ;

(*q*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the directors may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient ;

(*s*) To do all or any of the above things, and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, factors, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise, and either alone or in conjuction with others ;

(*t*) The powers in each paragraph hereof shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph ;

(*u*) To carry on any other business or businesses (whether manufacturing or otherwise) capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or otherwise calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's business, property, rights or powers ;

(*v*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments, or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*w*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*x*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons or corporations ;

(*y*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(z) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(aa) To do all such other things as are incidental or in any way conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Cluff Ammunition Company, Limited." with a capital stock of one million five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 15,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Eureka Shoe Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of Chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretaay of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1916, incorporating James Edward Coulin and Jean Charbonneau, advocates, Charles Joseph Eugene Charbonneau, notary, and Joseph Simeon Pilon, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and Philippe Morel, agent, of the City of Maisonneuve, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz. :—

(a) To manufacture boots, shoes, overshoes and rubbers of every description and other goods, wares and merchandise made from leather or rubber ;

(b) To buy, sell, handle, and deal both wholesale and retail in commodities, articles and things of all kinds which can conveniently be dealt in by the company in connection with any of its objects ;

(c) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(d) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(e) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(f) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transmission which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(g) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire the whole or any part of the business, property, franchises, goodwill, rights and privileges held or enjoyed by any persons or firm or by any corporation carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company and to pay therefor in fully paid up or partly paid up preference or ordinary shares of the company, or in the bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise, and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or corporation ;

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act to purchase, take or acquire by original subscriptions or in exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of this company or otherwise and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(i) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, government, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(j) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ; and generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business ;

(k) To construct, acquire, operate manage and otherwise deal with vessels, steamboats, and barges, wharves, warehouses and plants for transportation and distribution of goods ;

(l) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(m) To pay out of the funds of the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders, by shares in the company or by both cash and shares all expenses of or incidental to the formation, flotation, advertising and procuring the charter of the company and to remunerate any person or company for services rendered to the company in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any bond, debentures, or other securities of the company ;

(n) To pay by issue of bonds, debentures or other securities as well as to use and apply its surplus earnings or accumulated profits authorized by law to be reserved in the purchase or acquisition of property, to such extent and in such manner and upon such terms as the board of directors shall determine ;

(o) To obtain any provisional order or Act of Parliament for enabling the company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or application which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the company's interest ;

(p) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(q) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(r) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(s) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(t) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(u) To distribute any of the property of the company in kind among the shareholders ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominian of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Eureka Shoe Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each,

and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Three Rivers, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Forgings, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1916, incorporating William Henry Irving, Henry Hague Davis, Edward Henry Brower and John Rudd Rumball, barristers-at-law, and Lawrence Alfred Landriau, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the trade or business of iron masters and steel makers in all their respective branches, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in iron, steel and all other metals from the ores to the finished products thereof, and all articles, goods, wares and merchandise in which iron or steel or any other metal is or may be used ; and also to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in ammunition, war munitions and explosives of all kinds, and all materials, substances, appliances and things required for and incidental to the manufacture, preparation, adaptation, use, firing or working of explosives and ammunition, or the packing, storage, carrying or disposition thereof, and any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may be available or suitable ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in goods, stores, consumable articles, chattels, effects of all kinds, both wholesale and retail, and to construct and acquire, operate and manage hotels and boarding and lodging houses ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease, license, concession, exchange or other legal title and to construct, erect, operate, maintain and manage all factories, shops, mills, storehouses, depots, machine shops, engine houses and other structures and erections and all other property, real, personal, movable and immovable, and all rights, licenses and concessions necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the business of the company, and to lease, sell and dispose of the same ;

(*d*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or license on royalty or otherwise acquire, and hold, own, use, operate and introduce, and to sell assign or otherwise dispose of any trade-marks, trade-names, copyrights, patents of invention, improvements and processses, under registration or otherwise and to use, exercise and de-grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such trade-marks, trade-names, copvrights, inventions, licenses, processes and the like, or any such other property or rights ;

(*e*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase and acquire and to hold, own and sell, with or without guarantee, the shares, debentures and bonds of any manufacturing or other corporation carrying on business similar to that of this company, and to amalgamate with any company constituted for the carrying on of any similar business and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to manage, operate and carry on the property, undertaking and business of any such corporation ;

(*f*) To acquire and take over the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or persons, firm or corporation carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of any property or rights suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*g*) To issue, allot and deliver fully paid and non-assessable shares, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of this company in payment or part payment of any property, contracts, rights, shares, debentures or securities of any other company which this company may acquire for the purpose of its business ;

(*h*) To remunerate any person, firm or company for services rendered or to be rendered to the company in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business, and, with the approval of the shareholders, to issue, allot and deliver fully paid and non-assessable shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment for services so rendered ;

(*i*) To promote or assist in promoting any subsidiary, allied or other company carrying on or having power to carry on any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company, and to accept in payment of its services in promoting such company fully paid-up shares, bonds or securities of said company, and to purchase, subscribe for or otherwise acquire its shares, bonds and securities, and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*j*) To enter into any partnership or arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or persons or company engaged or interested or about to become engaged or interested in the carrying on or conduct of any business or enterprise which this company is authorized to carry on or conduct, or from which this company would or might derive any benefit whether direct or indirect ;

(*k*) To aid in any manner any corporation any of whose shares or capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by the company ; to guarantee the contracts of any corporation and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations ; to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of any of the property at any time held or controlled by the company ;

(*l*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, in such manner and for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares (fully or partly paid-up) debentures, debenture stock or securities of any other company whether promoted by this company for the purpose or not ;

(*m*) To improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company, and to distribute any of the company's property among the members in specie ;

(*n*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such securities as may from time to time be determined upon ;

(*o*) To accept in payment of any work done by the company stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company ;

(*p*) To issue, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and debenture stock and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others and by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise ;

(*r*) To do all such other things as are incidental or which the company may think conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them ;

(*s*) The objects specified in each of the above clauses shall in no wise be limited or restricted by reference or inference from the terms of any other clause or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Forgings, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

GENERAL ORDER.

A GENERAL sitting of "The Exchequer Court of Canada" under the provisions of Rule 166, for the trial of cases, etc, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Quebec, P.Q., commencing on Monday, the 5th day of February, A.D. 1917, at 11 A.M.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of November, A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE,
J. E. C.

23–4

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 15th November, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that License No. 418 has this day been issued to the Glens Falls Insurance Company, authorizing the transaction in Canada of the business of Automobile Insurance in addition to Fire Insurance, Hail Insurance and Tornado Insurance for which it is already licensed.

G. D. FINLAYSON,
Superintendent of Insurance.

22–4

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following position in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada :—

An assistant in the Cement Testing Laboratory of the Department of Public Works, Subdivision B of the Third Division, initial salary $800 per annum. Candidates must be skilled in the handling of such tools as those of the plumber, the carpenter, and the machinist.

Candidates must be natural-born or naturalized British subjects, must have been at least three years resident in Canada, and must be of the full age of eighteen years and not more than thirty-five years, except in the case of returned soldiers or men unfit for military service in which case the age limit is waived.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 2nd of January next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission Ottawa.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 6th December, 1916. 24–4

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 116 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 36.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

QUEBEC.

(382) Ottawa river—Chute à Blondeau—Range day beacons erected.

(*1*) *Position of front range beacon.*—On north side of Ottawa river, above island at Chute à Blondeau.

Lat. N. 45° 35′ 46″, Long. W. 74° 29′ 29″

Description.—Pole, with diamond-shaped slatted daymark attached.
Colour.—White.
Height of beacon.—22 feet.

(*2*) *Position of back range beacon.*—394 feet 281° (N. 65° 30′ W. mag.) from the front beacon.

Description.—Pole, with diamond-shaped slatted daymark attached.
Colour.—White.
Height of beacon.—29 feet.
Note.—The beacons are in the same alignment as the Cushing range lights.

N. to M. No. 116 (382) 18-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 13° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Montreal.
Admiralty chart: No. 797.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916, page 382.
Departmental File: No. 25049.

QUEBEC.

(383) Ottawa river—Lake Timiskaming—Ville Marie—Buoys established.

The following seven wooden spar buoys have been established to mark the dredged channel, 85 feet wide, in lake Timiskaming leading to the Government wharf at Ville Marie.

(*1*) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, 300 feet 238° (S. 67° W. mag.) from the northwest corner of the wharf.
Colour.—Black.

(*2*) *Position of buoy.*—On south side of channel, opposite (1).
Colour.—Red.

(*3*) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, 625 feet 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (1).
Colour.—Black.

(*4*) *Position of buoy.*—On south side of channel, 1250 feet 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (2).
Colour.—Red.

(*5*) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, 1250 feet 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (3).
Colour.—Black.

(*6*) *Position of buoy.*—On south side of dredged channel at its outer end, 1250 feet 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (4).
Colour.—Red.

(*7*) *Position of buoy.*—On north side of channel, opposite (6); and 625 ft. 242° (S. 71° W. mag.) from (5).
Colour.—Black.

N. to M. No. 116 (383) 18-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 9° W.
Authority: Departmental records.
Departmental File: No. 25057.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

(384) Lake Erie—Conneaut harbour—Wreck removed.

Former notice.—No. 80 (269) of 1916.

Wreck removed.—The wreck of the "Shenango," sunk in Conneaut harbour, has been removed to a depth of 22 feet and no longer constitutes a menace to navigation.

N. to M. No. 116 (384) 18-11-16.

Authority: U. S. H. O. N. to M. No. 46 of 1916.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 332 and 678.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108D, 1907, page 34.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA. 18th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 24-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 117 of 1916.

(*Inland No. 37.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(385) Lake Superior—Thunder bay—Port Arthur harbour, south entrance—Light established—Gas buoy withdrawn.

(*1*) *Date of establishment.*—29th November, 1916, without further notice.

Position of light.—On north side of south entrance to Port Arthur harbour, on concrete breakwater.

Lat. N. 48° 24′ 43″, Long. W. 89° 12′ 23″

Character.—Occulting white light, visible 0.8 second and eclipsed 3.2 seconds alternately.

Elevation.—37 feet.

Visibility.—11 miles from all points of approach.

Illuminant.—Acetylene, compressed in acetone.

Structure.—A lens lantern on a wooden pole, small shed at base of pole.

Colour.—White.

Height.—32 feet.

Remarks.—The light is unwatched.

(*2*) *Gas buoy discontinued.*—On the 29th November, 1916, the red gas buoy, moored on the north side of the south entrance to Port Arthur harbour, will be withdrawn without further notice.

N. to M. No. 117 (385) 20-11-16.

Authority: Records, Chief Engineer's office, Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty chart: No. 320
Canadian Naval chart: No. 101.
Publication: U. S. H. O. Publication No. 108 A, 1906, page 83.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2197.1
Departmental File: No. 22197.1C.

MANITOBA.

(386) Lake Winnipeg—Winnipeg beach—Wharf; dredging; range day beacons.

Wharf.—The Government wharf at Winnipeg beach leaves the shore at a point 400 feet 42° 30′ (N. 29° 30′ E. mag.) from the point where the north boundary of Tp. 17, Range 4 East of the Principal Meridian cuts the shore, thence it extends out 600 feet 154° (S. 39° E. mag.) The wharf is 20 feet wide.

Dredging.—The approach to the end of the wharf 40 feet wide for a distance of 900 feet, the axis bearing 302° (N. 71° W. mag.), and a berth 200 feet long and 100 feet wide, on the west side of the wharf, have been dredged to a depth of 7 feet at ordinary low water or to the level of 704.5 feet above mean sea level.

Range day beacons have been established to mark the axis of the dredged channel leading to the wharf, as follows:

Position of front range beacon.—On the north boundary of Township 17, Range 4 East of the Principal Meridian, at a point distant 30 feet from the point where the north boundary of this township cuts the shore.

Description.—Wooden pole, with two cross pieces at the top.

Colour.—Pole, white; cross pieces, red.

Height of beacon.—20 feet.

Position of back range beacon.—300 feet 302° (N. 71° W. mag.) from the front beacon.

Description.—Wooden pole, with two cross pieces at the top.

Colour.—Pole, white; cross pieces, red.

Height of beacon.—20 feet.

N. to M. No. 117 (386) 20-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 13° E.
Authority: Report from Mr. A. J. Stevens, Acting District Engineer, P.W. Dept.
Canadian Naval Chart: No. 40.
Departmental File: No. 37739.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 20th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 24-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 118 of 1916.

(Pacific No. 25.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0 (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(387) Burrard inlet—Vancouver harbour—Off entrance to Coal harbour—Change in position of mooring buoy.

Change in position of mooring buoy.—The mooring buoy, maintained in Vancouver harbour, off the entrance to Coal harbour, heretofore moored in Lat. N. 49° 17′ 29″, Long. W. 123° 6′ 58″, has been moved to a new position 225 yards 346° (N. 39° W. mag.) from its old position.

Lat. N. 49° 17′ 36″, Long. W. 123° 7′ 0″

Depth.—37 feet.

Description.—Wooden platform buoy, 12 feet square, painted white, showing about a foot above water.

Note.—This mooring buoy is not to be considered as an aid to navigation. It is maintained by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

N. to M. No. 118 (387) 21-11-16.

Variation in 1916 : 25° E.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 922, 1922 and 2689.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 1, 1913, page 295.
Departmental File: No. 13285.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(388) Tolmie channel—Tenas island—Day beacon erected.

Position.—On Tenas island, the small island on the west side of Sarah island two miles north of Separation point.

Lat. N. 52° 43′ 12″, Long. W. 128° 33′ 40″

Description.—Pyramidal wooden slatwork beacon, surmounted by a wooden slatwork ball.

Colour.—White.

Elevation.—Top of beacon is 33 feet above high water mark.

N. to M. No. 118 (388) 21-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty chart: No. 1923 B.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 2, 1913, page 64.
Departmental File: No. 31125.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 21st November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 24-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 115 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 56.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(379) Annapolis basin—Digby harbour—Dredging.

Dredging.—A channel 200 feet wide has been dredged from deep water to a point 175 feet inside the lighthouse on the government pier at Digby. The depth of the channel is generally 20 feet or more, but there is a spot 500 feet outside the lighthouse with only 16 feet on it. The axis of the channel bears 181° (S. 21° W. mag.) and passes 125 feet outside the lighthouse. From a point 1800 feet north of the lighthouse a channel 120 feet wide has been dredged for a distance of 700 feet towards Sproule's wharf. The axis bears 252° (N. 88° W. mag.) and the depth varies from 12 to 20 feet. Inside of this channel a cut 20 feet wide has been made approximately to low water mark for a further distance of 780 feet.

N. to M. No. 115 (379) 15-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 20° W.
Authority: Report from Mr. C. E. W. Dodwell, District Engineer, P. W. Dept.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2561, 352.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 250.
Departmental File: No. 38343.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(380) South coast—Sheet harbour—Uncharted shoals.

(*1*) *Position of shoal.*—$1\frac{3}{4}$ cables 124° (S. 33° E. mag.) from the south point of the island next east of Malagash island.

Lat. N. 44° 50′ 22″, Long. W. 62° 31′ 19″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:

Sheet rock lighthouse touching north east tangent of Roach island	0°
North tangent of islands at "The Gates" touching small island nearer	129° 15′
West tangent of island next east of Malagash island	65 45

Depth.—20 feet.

Description.—Boulders over smooth rock, area under 4 fathoms 30 yards across, only one cast of 20 feet.

(*2*) *Position of shoal.*—3 cables 117° 30′ (S. 39° 30′ E. mag.) from the southeast point of Horse island.

Lat. N. 44° 50′ 38″, Long. W. 62° 30′ 42″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:

Northeast tangent of east Western island	0°
East tangent of Guilford island	59° 30′
Northeast tangent of Horse island	127 0
East tangent of west shore of Sheet harbour (Slab point)	80 0

Depth.—21 feet.

Description.—Boulders over flat rock, area under 4 fathoms 30 yards across, only one cast of 21 feet.

N. to M. No. 115 (380) 15-11-16.

Variaton in 1916: 23° W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2807, 2396 and 729.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 93.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

QUEBEC.

(381) Gulf of St. Lawrence—South of Great Mekattina island—Uncharted rock.

The Commanding Officer of H. M. C. S. "Hochelaga" reports the existence of an uncharted rock south of Great Mekattina island.

Position.—About $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles south of Great Mekattina island, in approximate.

Lat. N. 50° 45′ 10″, Long. W. 58° 52′ 20″

From the rock, Flat island bears 87° (S. 62° E. mag.); Treble Hill island bears 46° (N. 77° E. mag.); west tangent of Great Mekattina island bears 334° (N. 5° E. mag.); and the small island lying about $\frac{1}{2}$ mile south of Great Mekattina island bears 23° (N. 54° E. mag.)

Depth.—13 feet approximately.

N. to M. No. 115 (381) 15-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 31° W.
Authority: Department of the Naval Service.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 305, 284, 232b and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916, page 162.
Departmental File: No. 38306.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 15th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 25

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 122 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 59.)

EAST COAST OF CANADA.

(401) Regulations with regard to Vessels' Lights.

By virtue of the authority conferred upon him by Orders in Council of the 12th September, 1914, and 25th March, 1915, the following orders regarding ships' lights on the East Coast of Canada have been issued by Vice-Admiral C. E. Kingsmill, R. N. a competent Naval Authority, and will come into force forthwith:—

1. *Anchor Lights.*—No electrically-lit lanterns shall be employed as anchor lights. The normal brilliancy of all other anchor lanterns shall be reduced by 50 per cent.

2. *Bow and Steaming Lights*—Vessels are not to use electrically-lit lanterns as bow or steaming lights in the vicinity of harbours.

3. *Other Lights*—No lights, either aloft, on deck or below, except those required by the Regulations for the Prevention of Collisions at Sea, and such as may be necessary for authorized signalling purposes, shall be permitted to be visible from outboard.

   This shall apply to all vessels whether under way or at anchor.

4. The above orders shall apply to vessels of every description, other than H. M. Ships, within the waters of Canada on the East Coast, and extending up the St. Lawrence River as far as the Port of Quebec.

N. to M. No. 122 (401) 29-11-16.

Authority: Dept. of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 29th November, 1916.

25-2

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

AGRICULTURE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 118 pp 0.10
Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp 0.15
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de la Chimie, de la Culture du Sol, et de l'Elevage, pour l'exercice tlrminé le 31 mars 1915, 596 pp 0.45
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for December, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, novembre 1916, 108 pp. illus 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, September, 1916 ..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, September, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Winter Egg Production (Poultry Division). Circular No. 1, 4 pp. Free.
* Incubation Artificielle (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 2, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Pure Bred Male Animals, distribution of by Live Stock Branch, Booklet No. 3, 22 pp. Free.
* Apple in Canada—its cultivation and improvement (Dominion Experimental Farms). Bulletin No. 86, 136 pp. Free.
* Elevez des moutons (Division de l'Industrie Animale). Circulaire No. 10. Gratuit.
* Pure Bred Male Animals, distribution of, by Live Stock Branch, Booklet No. 3, 22 pp. Free.
* Bacon Hog and the British Market (Live Stock Branch). Circular No. 21, 16 pp. Free.

ARCHIVES.

Report on work of the Department for years 1914 and 1915. 780 pp 0.60

BOARD OF RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS FOR CANADA.

Judgments, Orders, Regulations, and Rulings (fortnightly edition). Vol. VI, No. 17. (Dec. 1st.)
Annual subscription 3.00
Single numbers 0.20

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

* Miscellaneous Information (Third Edition) 8 pp. Free.

COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION.

* Annual report, for year ending March 31, 1916, 284 pp. Free.
* Rapport Annuel pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916, 310 pp. Gratuit.
* "Conservation", monthly bulletin, December, 1916, vol. v. No. 9. Free.
* "Conservation of Life." Quarterly bulletin, July-September, 1916, vol. II, No. 4. Free.
* Poisson, des Oiseaux et du Gibier, Conservation du, 247 pp. Gratuit.

CUSTOMS.

Imports, Exports and Navigation of Canada, tables of, for year ending March 31, 1916. 772 pp 0.50
Trade and Navigation returns for September, 1916, 532 pp. 8vo 0.10
* War Measures—Prohibited Exports, 10th June, 1916, 24 pp. Free.

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Annual Report of the Secretary of State for External Affairs, for the year ending March 31, 1916, 40 pp 0.05
* Revised Passport Requirements of Foreign Countries. 4 pp. Free.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 280 pp 0.35

INLAND REVENUE.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part I. Excise, 236 pp 0.15
Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part II. Weights and Measures, Gas and Electricity, 76 pp 0.05
Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part III. Adulteration of Food, 604 pp 0.25
Rapport Annuel du département pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916. Partie III. Falsification des substances alimentaires, 604 pp 0.30
* Official list of Bulletins issued to September 1916 16 pp. Free.
* Maple Syrup : Bulletin No. 348, 28 pp. Free.
* Fertilizers for 1916 : Bulletin No. 347, 48 pp. Free.

INSURANCE.

Superintendent of Insurance, Report of the, Vol. II, Life Insurance Companies, year ending December 31, 1915 .. 0.50
Surintendant des assurances, rapport du, Vol. I. Compagnies d'assurance autres que les compagnies d'assurance sur la vie, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 décembre 1915, 810 pp 0.50
* Model Bill for incorporation of Insurance Company, 4 pp. Free

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA PUBLICATIONS—*Continued.*

INTERIOR.

Annual Report of the Department for the year ending March 31, 1916. 582 pp 0.45
Rapport annuel de la Division des Levés Topographiques, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 228 pp..... 0.20
Levés hydrographiques du Manitoba, rapport des, pour les années civiles 1912-13-14, 310 pp..... 0.25
* Forest Products of Canada 1915 (Lumber, Lath and Shingles), 30 pp. Free.
* Irrigation Surveys and Inspections 1915-16, report on, 88 pp. Free.
* Dominion Water Power Branch, annual report of, for year ending March 31, 1915, 228 pp. Free.
* Dominion Lands Acts with amendments, 60 pp. Free.
* Canadian Hydraulic Power Development and Electric Power in Canadian Industry; Water Resources Paper No. 17, 56 pp. Free.
* Decisions of Geographic Board of Canada for October-November, 1916, 4 pp. Free.

JUSTICE.

Inspecteurs des Pénitenciers, rapport des, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 232 pp. 0.20

LABOUR.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 122 pp 0.10
Rapport des Conseils de Conciliation et d'Enquête pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916 222 pp 0.15
* Labour Gazette, November, 1916, 97 pp. 8vo..... 0.03
* La Gazette du Travail, novembre 1916, 104 pp. 8vo..... 0.03
* Labour Organization in Canada, fifth annual report on, (For the Calendar Year 1915), 232 pp. Free.

MARINE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 288 pp 0.20
Rapport annuel du Département, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 386 pp..... 0.25
Inspection des bateaux à vapeur, rapport sur, 168 pp..... 0.05
List of Vessels on the Registry books of the Dominion of Canada on December 31, 1915, 230 pp..... 0.20
* List of Vessels 1915, supplement to, 12 pp. Free.
* " " 8 pp. Free.

MILITIA.

* Militia Orders, weekly (English or French), per annum. 1.00
* General Orders, (English or French), per annum..... 0.50
* General Orders, printed on one side only (English), per annum..... 0.50
* Militia List (quarterly issue), per annum..... 1.00
" single copies..... 0.30
* Appointments, Promotions and Retirements, Canadian Militia, 5th and 12th October.
* Nominations, Promotions et Retraites, Milice Canadienne, 5, 12 et 26 octobre.
* Militia Orders, weekly parts, 9th October.
* Ordres de Milice, édition hebdomadaire du 9 octobre.
* 37th Battalion, also 1st and 2nd Reinforcing Draft, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 65th " and " " " "

MINES.

* Iron and Steel, production of, in Canada during 1915, 56 pp. Free.
* Feldspar in Canada, 160 pp. Free.

NAVAL SERVICE.

Fisheries Branch, annual Report of, 1915-16, 500 pp..... 0 30
Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 104 pp..... 0.10
Rapport annuel du Département pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916, 108 pp. 8vo..... 0.15
Biologie du Canada, contributions à la, 1914-15, 192 pp..... 0.15
* Scotch Herring Curing, special instruction in, 8 pp. Free.
* Some Hints on Oyster Culture, by Ernest Kemp, 40 pp. Free,
* Sea Fishery Statistics, Monthly Bulletin, Vol. VI, No. 7, October, 1916. Free.
* Physical and Medical Examination for Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve, 16 pp. Free.

POST OFFICE.

Postal Guide, 1916 ; Canada Official, Paper cover..... 0.20
" " yearly subscription including supplements..... 0 50
" " cloth cover..... 0.45
" " " including supplements.....

PRIVY COUNCIL.

Appeal of Sir Robert Borden for National Service, 4 pp. Free.
Appel de Sir Robert Borden en faveur du service national, 4 pp. Gratuit.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Réservoirs de la Rivière Ottawa, 1915, rapport du ministre sur les, 612 pp..... 0.35

SECRETARY OF STATE.

* Dominion Companies Act, regulations respecting applications under, 24 pp. Free.
* Judicial Committee of the Privy Council : judgments of, in the Company Cases, 30 pp. Free.
* Alleged German Outrages, report of Committee on, 62 pp. Free.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1915, Part VII—Trade of British and Foreign Countries, 560 pp..... 0.35
Rapport annuel du département pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915. Partie VI—Services de Paquebots Subventionnés, 132 pp. Free.
Monthly report, July, 1916, 375 pp. 8vo..... 0.20
* Census and Statistics Monthly, October, 1916. Free.
* Trade Bulletin, No. 672, 8vo. October 9. Free.
* Statistique Mensuelle, octobre 1916, vol. 9, No. 97. Gratuit.
* Russian Trade, reprint of articles dealing with (supplementary to weekly bulletin), 100 pp. Free.
* The Canada Grain Act, 1912, with amendments, 84 pp. Free.
* Canadian Commercial Intelligence Service, annual review of the work for year ending December 31, 1915, 136pp. Free.
* "Call to Action", development of Canadian Trade (Published by authority of Minister of Trade and Commerce), 4 pp. Free.
Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada, rules and regulations made by the, 24 pp. Free.
* Exhibition of Enemy Samples (Commercial Intelligence Service) 8 pp. Free.
* National Trade and Commerce convention, memorandum regarding, 56 pp. Free,
* "Grain Inspection in Canada," by R. Magill, 64 pp. illus. Free.
Sale of Food and other commodities—Synopsis of the laws of the Dominion of Canada 16 p. Free.

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA PUBLICATIONS—*Continued.*

SPECIAL PUBLICATIONS.

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Cost of Living, report of Board of Inquiry into, vols. I and II, 2,064 pp. 8vo. diagrams	1.25
Debates of Senate of Canada (English) one volume, bound	3.00
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Buckram binding	3.00
Paper cover	2.00
Separate sheets	0.05
Sheets per dozen	0.50
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Index to Private Acts, Dominion of Canada, 1867–1916. 90 pp. Cloth	0.50
Mauvaises Herbes du Canada. 2ième édition, 196 pp. 10 x 17, 76 planches en couleurs : toile	1.00
Statutes of Canada, 1916	2.50
Statuts du Canada, 1916	2.50

"Canada at War": Speech delivered by Rt. Hon. Sir Robert L. Borden in New York City. Nov. 18, 1916. Free.

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th November, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.			1915.	1916.
LIABILITIES.			$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—				
Payable in New York				75,357,000 00
do in Canada			8,725,450 94	303,362,481 57
do in London			362,703,312 40	362,703,312 40
Temporary Loans			165,007,017 53	119,067,808 02
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes			169,230,286 16	176,452,958 28
SAVINGS BANKS—	1915.	1916.		
Post Office Savings Banks	$38,718,049 47	$41,184,910 66		
Dominion Government Savings Banks	13,801,694 83	13,299,514 40		
			52,519,744 30	54,484,425 06
Trust Funds			10,153,320 88	10,221,437 32
Province Accounts			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts			43,448,420 09	36,031,431 34
Total Gross Debt			829,377,292 82	1,155,358,251 88
ASSETS.				
INVESTMENTS—				
Sinking Funds			11,649,355 45	12,728,490 72
Other Investments			108,327,819 43	133,663,695 16
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS			205,435,622 33	300,541,655 96
Total Assets			327,709,125 11	449,230,169 74
Total Net Debt 30th November			501,668,167 71	706,128,082 14
do do to 31st October			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
Increase of Debt			9,139,675 62	10,349,565 59

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of November, 1915.	Total to 30th November, 1915.	Month of November, 1916.	Total to 30th November, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	9,101,595 41	60,155,959 28	11,208,109 52	86,399,359 81
Excise	2,127,125 10	14,161,880 25	2,145,573 91	16,130,867 65
Post Office	1,550,000 00	10,949,779 65	1,600,000 00	11,950,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,880,409 30	13,104,300 51	2,560,881 34	17,661,569 48
Miscellaneous	1,413,326 95	6,384,385 56	5,650,200 93	12,770,776 91
Total	17,072,456 76	104,756,305 25	23,164,765 70	144,912,573 85
EXPENDITURE	8,997,899 07	65,345,503 03	12,006,457 05	69,567,573 94
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	13,155,797 08	66,514,955 38	19,040,383 92	146,527,530 98
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	4,306,180 15	23,993,023 27	2,457,552 80	15,997,789 27
Railway Subsidies		967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	17,461,977 23	91,475,889 36	21,497,936 72	162,888,798 86

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 5th December, 1916.

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CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,772 25	Gold held November 30, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,621,028 51
Fractional	1,033,741 04		
$1	14,236,758 00		
$2	10,519,185 50		
$4	45,235 00		
$5	4,454,072 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50	10,200 00	10 p.c. on $54,484,425.06 under The Savings Banks Act	5,448,442 51
$100	1,600 00		
$500	2,009,000 00		
$1,000	4,382,000 00		
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	196,500 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$114,172,586 00
$1,000 " " "	1,674,000 00		
$5,000 " " "	140,250,000 00		
	$ 178,840,064 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,300 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,772 25

T. LAWSON,
Acting Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th December, 1916.

25-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of October, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	821,821 59	
Malt Liquor	12,587 55	
Malt	154,704 93	
Tobacco	943,276 44	
Cigars	66,626 62	
Manufactures in Bond	11,718 04	
Acetic Acid	515 11	
Seizures	646 21	
Other Receipts	11,168 22	
Total Excise Revenue		2,023,064 71
Methylated Spirits		13,025 24
Ferry		26 00
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,742 08
Gas Inspection		4,250 75
Electric Light Inspection		5,398 33
Law Stamps		1,454 50
Other Revenues		495 94
War Tax		97,671 01
Grand Total Revenue		2,160,128 56

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 16th November, 1916.

22 tf

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of August, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts.	CR.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st July, 1916.	40,597,373 36	WITHDRAWALS during the month	691,788 19	
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,172,945 57			
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer				
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	3,672 24			
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	3,860 45	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 31st August, 1916.	41,086,063 43	
	41,777,851 62		41,777,851 62	

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th October, 1916.

18-tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirtieth November, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on October 31st, 1916	Deposits November, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for November, 1916.	Balance on 30th November, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	574,873 64	5,582 00	580,455 64	11,235 15	569,220 49
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,160,592 64	24,558 48	1,185,151 12	26,346 42	1,158,804 70
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,920,174 62	23,952 00	1,944,126 62	31,730 63	1,912,395 99
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	268,504 38	3,633 00	272,137 38	2,164 06	269,973 3
St. John	5,329,546 55	77,281 96	5,406,828 51	73,579 18	5,333,249 33
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	124,916 08		124,916 08	6,175 39	118,740 69
Guysboro'	116,801 87	1,044 00	117,845 87	392 34	117,453 53
Halifax	2,493,576 73	29,509 46	2,523,086 19	24,552 37	2,498,533 82
Kentville	239,222 97	2,746 00	241,968 97	5,209 14	236,759 83
Lunenburg	414,632 70	3,255 00	417,887 70	4,018 90	413,868 80
Port Hood	87,069 73	86 00	87,155 73	479 68	86,676 05
Shelburne	225,022 10	4,920 55	229,942 65	6,518 58	223,424 07
Sherbrooke	98,603 42	325 00	98,928 42	621 83	98,306 59
Wallace	136,237 76	451 00	136 688 76	2,056 52	134,632 24
Totals	13,189,775 19	177,344 45	13,367,119 64	195,080 19	13,172,039 45

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th December, 1916.

25-tf

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA ON THE 1st DECEMBER, 1916.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY AND PROVINCE OR TERRITORY.	POSTMASTER.
Abbotshall	Sec. 2, Tp. 28, R. 15, W.P.M.	Dauphiu. **M.**	F. W. Orchard.
Allainville	Ainwick	Northumberland. **N.B.**	Anthony Richard.
Armstrong Station (opened 20th Nov.)	Unsurveyed	Thunder Bay and Rainy River. **O.**	Patrick G. Flanagan (acting).
Asselin (opened 15th Nov.)	Cranbourne	Dorchester. **P.Q.**	Maurice Brun.
Barré	Langevin	Dorchester. **P.Q.**	Rev. J. Z. Raymond
Big Stick Lake (re-opened(	Sec. 2, Tp. 15, R. 26, W. 3rd M.	Moose Jaw. **Sask.**	Henry Anwiler.
Chudleigh (opened 15th Nov.)		Nipissing. **O.**	James Kitchen.
East Collette	Rogersville	Northumberland. **N.B.**	Mrs. Catherine Gallant.
Egremont Station (opened 20th Nov.)	Sec. 25, Tp. 58, R. 22, W. 4th M.	Victoria. **Alberta.**	G. G. Weeks.
Elkton (re-opened 15th Nov.)	Sec. 17, Tp. 31, R. 4, W. 5th M.	Red Deer. **Alberta.**	George Hergert.
Equity (opened 15th Nov.)	Sec. 36, Tp. 23, R. 7, W. 2nd M.	Saltcoats. **Sask.**	Gabriel Person.
Fitzpatrick (opened 15th Nov.)	Unsurveyed	Champlaiu. **P.Q.**	Joseph Lahays.
Flowing Well	Sec. 18, Tp. 15, R. 7, W. 3rd M.	Moose Jaw. **Sask.**	John Jost.
Grant (opened 22nd Nov.)		Algoma, W.R. **O.**	Wm. Gall (acting).
Koshee (re-opened 27th Nov.)	Morrison	Muskoka. **O.**	Miss Myrtle Sanderson.
Kowkash (opened 22nd Nov.		Thunday Bay and Rainy River. **O.**	D. T. McIntosh (acting.)
Lake Midway		Digby. **N.S.**	H. W. Cossaboom.
Larocque (reopened 10th Oct.)	Glackmeyer	Nipissing. **O.**	Alfred Tremblay.
McIntosh Springs.	Glackmeyer	Nlpissing. **O.**	Harmel Tremblay (acting).
Maskinongé (re-opened 15th Nov.)	Maskinongé	Maskinongé. **P.Q.**	Odilon Lebrun.
Montreal Delorimier Postal Station.	1128 Mt. Royal Ave.	Maisonneuve. **P.Q.**	
Peterson	Sec. 26, Tp. 37, R. 26, W. 2nd M.	Humboldt. **Sask.**	Thos. T. French.
Point Cowan (re-opened)		Comox-Atlin. **B.C.**	R. T. Cowan.
Sarrail (opened 20th Nov.)	Sec. 36, Tp. 66, R. 19, W. 4th M.	Victoria. **Alberta.**	D. Derousseau.
Tashota (opened 22nd Nov.)		Thunder Bay and Rainy River. **O.**	Mrs. Geo. H. Adair (act-ing).
Vancouver Sub-Office No. 19.	101 Hasting Ave., Cor. Abbott.	City of Vancouver. **B.C.**	Charles Woodward.
Ville La Salle		Jacques Cartier. **P.Q.**	J. H. Beaulieu.
Woodhouse	Sec. 30, Tp. 11, R. 26, W. 4th M.	Macleod. **Alberta.**	J. G. Dickinson.

NOTE.—*St. Paschal Post Office*, P.Q., will in future be spelled "St. Pascal."

Garsvold Post Office, District Comox-Atlin, B.C., published in the October Supplement, has not yet been opened.

The following military camp post offices have been closed for the winter:—

Aldershot, 26th Oct.
Barriefield, 27th Oct.
Camp Hughes, 3rd Nov.
Castle Camp, 13th Nov.
Niagara, 28th Oct.
Petawawa, 31st Oct.—reopened 7th Dec.
Sarcee, 1st Nov.
Valcartier, 14th Oct.
Vernon, 7th Nov.

Willowpark Post Office, B.C., has been created a sub-office of Victoria, dating from the 1st November.

Denonville Post office, County Chicoutimi-Saguenay, P.Q., has been reopened dating from the 1st December, for the winter months.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

NAMES CHANGED.

Coblenz	District of Battleford,	Sask. to Cavell.
Erinview Station	County of Selkirk	M. to Erinview.
Galahad	District of Red Deer	Alberta to Alliance.
Glenshaw	District of Victoria	Alberta to Ellscott.
L'Anse au Foin	County of Chicoutimi-Saguenay	P.Q. to St. Fulgence.
Loveland	District of Red Deer	Alberta to Galahad.
Nestor	District of Strathcona	Alberta to Torlea.

OFFICES CLOSED.

b	Ashley	County of Grey, N. R.	O.	Closed 31st October.
	Balham	District of Victoria	Alberta.	Closed 19th November.
	Bear Cove	County of Halifax	N.S.	Closed 27th November.
	Belcourt	County of Portage la Prairie	M.	Closed 29th Novebmer.
	Bender Hamlet	County of Dauphin.	M.	Closed 10th November.
b	Chateaubriand	County of Megantic	P.Q.	Closed 7th November.
b	Claremont	County of Cumberland	N.S.	
b	Delamarre	County of Megantic	P.Q.	Closed 7th November.
	Eveland	District of Medicine Hat	Alberta.	Closed 24th November.
b	Forestville	County of Norfolk	O.	
b	Fountainstown	District of Red Deer	Alberta.	Closed15th November.
	Glenora	County of Prince Edward	O.	Closed 18th November.
b	Gratton Corner	County of Prescott	O.	
b	Greenwood	County of Kings	N.S.	
	Hildebrand	District of Assiniboia	Sask.	Closed 4th November.
b	Hindelang	County of Nicolet	P.Q.	Closed 4th November.
b	Kingarf	County of Bruce, N. R.	O.	
b	Lidford	County of Marquette	M.	
b	Logan	District of Strathcona	Alberta.	
b	Melbourne Ridge	County of Richmond-Wolfe	P.Q.	Closed 16th November.
	Moundville	District of Moosejaw	Sask.	Closed 11th November.
	Mount MacDonald	District of Nipissing	O.	Closed 11th November. (temporarily.)
b	Mount Vernon	County of Brantford	O.	
b	Mud Lake	District of Algoma, E. R.	O.	
b	North Tay	County of York	N.B.	
	Nushka	District of Humbolt	Sask.	
	Port Guichon	District of New Westminster	B.C.	
b	Port Ryerse	County of Norfolk	O.	
	Rathmullen	District of Moosejaw	Sask.	
	Richer Lafleche	County of Drummond-Arthabaska	P.Q.	Closed 20th November.
b	Ridgeway	District of Portage la Prairie	M.	
	Rogers Pass	District of Kootenay	B.C.	
b	Romilly	County of Simcoe, S. R.	O.	
	Rosewell	District of Battleford	Sask.	
	Rotherwood	District of Humboldt	Sask.	Closed 20th November.
b	St. Charles de Levrard	County of Nicolet	P.Q.	Closed 4th November.
b	St. Michel	County of Victoria	N.B.	Closed 2nd November.
b	St. Ovide	County of Nicolet	P.Q.	Closed 4th November.
b	Sauble Falls	County of Bruce, N.R.	O.	
b	Seeburn	County of Marquette	M.	
b	Swallowhurst	District of Edmonton	Alberta.	
	Tempest	District of Red Deer	Alberta.	Closed 13th November.
b	Valley Road	County of Cumberland	N.S.	

b Closed on the inauguration of Rural Free Delivery.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE*.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules:

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."

2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch); subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy; the amount of which should be calculated as follows:

First insertion:	
Flat charge for title and signature	$1 00
Add two cents per word actual count	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words	.....
Other insertions:	
Flat charge for title and signature	0 50
Add one cent per word actual count	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions:—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws, etc.—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, etc.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thurs days will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette*.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Com-"mittee until there has been filed with that com-"mittee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, town-"ship, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a.*) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar char-"acter within, or in any way affecting the dis-"trict, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b.*) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordina y "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(7) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

Extracts from the Standing Rules of the Senate.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14-14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, of the City of Westmount, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, sales manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Eleanor Murray, presently residing in the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal and Province of Quebec, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of September, 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13-14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lavilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
17–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rozilla Lamb, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, nurse, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, George Alfred Lamb, of Toronto, Ontario, machinist, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, this 31st day of October, 1916.

LEE & O'DONOGHUE,
241-2 Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto, Ont.,
19–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Gertrude Ellen Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, William Albrighton Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, on the ground of adultery, misconduct and cruelty.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, this 13th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
511 Union Bank Bldg., Ottawa, Ont.,
21–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, sheet metal worker, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret S. Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Toronto, this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORRIS & ROACH,
20-14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
18–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Johnston Alexander Abraham, of the Village of Wiarton, in the County of Bruce, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Charles Abraham, of the Village of Wiarton, in the County of Bruce, and Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and misconduct.

Dated at Ottawa, this 9th day of December, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTE,
Union Bank Building,
Ottawa, Ont.,
25–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Major in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Marguerite Claire Stephens, of the said City and District of Montreal, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montreal, Que.,
21-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Colin Darrach Poole, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Catharine Poole, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, the 8th day of January, 1916.

CORLEY, WILKEY & DUFF,
157 Bay Street, Toronto,
22–14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Albert Edwin Gordon, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Edna Gertrude Gordon, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto this 27th day of July, A.D., 1916.

CORLEY, WILKIE, DUFF & HAMILTON,
22--14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Percy Doughty, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Beneita Jennetta Doughty, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, this 1st day of December, 1916.

PERCY DOUGHTY,
by his solicitor herein
S. W. BURNS,
10 Queen East,
24–14 Toronto.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. Donald George Whibley, presently of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, but formerly of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Accountant, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next Session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Frances Lilian Owen, of parts unknown, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Messrs. Aylen & Duclos, Solicitors, Ottawa, are agents for petitioner for receiving papers.

Dated at the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec this thirteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen (13–1916).

LESLIE H. BOYD,
25–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Evelyn Snyder, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Edward Lockwood, also of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, mechanic, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this 22nd day of November, 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
22–14 Solicitor for applicant.

THE GRAND LODGE OF THE CANADIAN ASSOCIATION OF STATIONARY ENGINEERS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate an association under the name of " The Grand Lodge of the Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers of the Dominion of Canada " for the purpose of promoting the efficient operation of steam power plants, serving as a school of instruction, &c., with power to take over all existing business of " The Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers " incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and to assume all liabilities of the said association.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov., 1916.

JOHN HALL,
Secretary, Executive Canadian Association
of Stationary Engineers,
23–5 230 Caroline St., South, Hamilton.

THE PEACE RIVER, McKENZIE AND COPPER MINE RIVER RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a railway company for the general advantage of Canada under the name of "The Peace River, McKenzie and Copper Mine River Railway Company of Canada," with power to lay out, construct and operate a line of railway commencing at a point near Sawridge, on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, thence running north of the east end of Lesser Slave Lake to Buffalo Lake, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to Vermillion, thence continuing on the south side of Peace River to the Falls or Chute of Peace River, thence crossing Peace River Falls at the head of the rapids above the Falls and continuing in a northerly direction to the foothills of the Cariboo Mountains, thence continuing northeasterly along the base of the Cariboo Mountains to the head waters of the Little Buffalo River, thence following the valley of the Little Buffalo River nord to the head waters of Salt River, thence continuing down Salt River Valley to a point on the west shore of the Great Slave River known as Bells Rock, approximately a distance of five hundred miles, with power to connect with any railway or railways now constructed or which may hereafter be constructed at or near the territory covered by this railway, and also with power to construct, operate and maintain all necessary bridges, roads, ways and ferries, and to build, acquire, own and maintain wharves and docks in connection with said railway and for such other powers as are usually given to railway companies.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
Solicitors for the applicants,
511 Union Bank Building,
21–5 Ottawa, Ont.

LACHINE, JACQUES CARTIER AND MAISONNEUVE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lachine, Jacques Cartier and Maisonneuve Railway Company, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may construct and complete the railway referred to in section 1, of chapter 93 of the Statutes of 1914, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 16th day of November, A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
21 5 Solicitor for the applicants.

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA AND EASTERN RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an act confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company and the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company between New Westminster and Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, and also confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company and the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company between Hope and Sumas Landing, in the Province of British Columbia.

A. H. MacNEILL,
Solicitor for the Vancouver, Victoria and
Eastern Railway and Navigation Company.
Vancouver, 23rd November, 1916.
McGIVERIN, HAYDON & EBBS,
19 Elgin St., Ottawa,
Agents for A. H. MacNeill. 22–5

THE BISHOP OF MACKENZIE RIVER.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Right Reverend James Richard Lucas, Bishop of the Diocese of Mackenzie River, one of the dioceses of The Church of England in Canada, and his successors in office, a Corporation Sole, under the name of "The Bishop of Mackenzie River," with all the necessary powers as such corporation to acquire and hold real and personal property, and such other powers of administration as are incidental to the said office and to such incorporation

Dated at Ottawa, this 24th day of November, A.D. 1916.

ORDE, POWELL,
LYLE & SNOWDON,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa, Canada,
23–5 Solicitors for applicant.

CANADIAN ORDER OF THE WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World will apply, at the next session of Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the following amendments to its Act of incorporation :—

1. To amend sec. 12 of 56 Vict., chap. 92, by changing the date of the annual meeting of the representatives of the Order from the third Wednesday in March to the third Wednesday in June.

2. For power to merge the Emergency and Insurance Funds into one fund.

W. S. HARRISON,
Head Consul Commander.
CLAIR JARVIS,
Head Clerk, London, Canada. 23-2—25-3

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE. The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may complete the construction of its railway from a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Lumsden's Mill to or towards the Des Quinze River as authorized by chapter 66 of the Statutes of 1901 and chapter 106 of the Statutes of 1912, and for other purposes.

Dated at Ottawa, this 2nd day of December, 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
23–5 Solicitors for the applicants

CASCADE SCENIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, own and operate scenic or funicular railways at Banff, in the Province of Alberta, or elsewhere throughout Canada as may be permitted, for vehicles to run either on rails or by aerial cable, or in such other manner as may be desired, such vehicles being propelled either by steam, electricity, gasolene, water power, or by such other means as may be deemed most convenient and expedient, and with all powers necessary or incidental thereto, under the name "The Cascade Scenic Railway Company."

Dated at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, this 21st day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORAN, ANDERSON & GUY,
Solicitors for the applicant.

24–5

CANADIAN DIVISION OF THE AERIAL LEAGUE OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Canadian Division of the Aerial League of the British Empire", as an association to encourage the invention and manufacture of aerial craft and things appertaining thereto; to disseminate knowledge concerning aerial matters, and concerning the art of flying and schools for the same; to assist Britons desiring to enter the Royal Flying Services; to assist dependants of airmen who lose their lives on active service; to co-operate with the central committee of the Aerial League of the British Empire; to establish branches of the association; to provide landing grounds for aerial craft; and for other analogous purposes; with all the powers required for the same.

Montreal, 29th November, 1916.

LIGHTHALL & HARWOOD,
Solicitors for applicants,
306 Quebec Bank Building,
Montreal.

24–5

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company will make application to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation (1 and 2 George V, cap. 86, 1911) by repealing sub-sections (d) and (e) of section 7 of the said Act, and by giving it power to make contracts of insurance for the following classes as defined by "The Insurance Act, 1910," in addition to the classes specified in sub-sections (a), (b) and (c) of said section 7, viz., (d) Guarantee Insurance; (e) Plate Glass Insurance; (f) Automobile Insurance, and (g) Fire Insurance, and also to change the name of the company to "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
Solicitors for applicant.
160 St. James street, Montreal.

22-5

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act,—

(1). Declaring its railway to be a work for the general advantage of Canada.

(2). Changing its head office from the Town of Field, in the Province of British Columbia, to the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

(3). Authorizing it to enter into an agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for any of the purposes specified in section 361 of The Railway Act and to lease its railway to the said company.

Dated at Field, B.C., this 25th day of November, 1916.

G. A. WALKER,
Secretary.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
Ottawa agents. 22–5

CONTINENTAL HEAT AND LIGHT COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Continental Heat & Light Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act amending the Act incorporating the company, being 60-61 Vic., chapter 72, by extending the company's borrowing powers, by granting to the company the following, among other powers, namely: Extended powers for dealing in stocks and other securities, powers to carry on other businesses, to financially assist companies in which the company holds shares or with which it has business relations and to amalgamate with other companies, and by repealing the provisions in the said Act relating to the issue of debenture stock and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL, MACFARLANE & POPE,
Solicitors for applicant.

24-5

THE GRAIN GROWERS GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the Grain Growers Grain Company, Limited, to Parliament, at the next session thereof, for an Act amending chapter 80 of the Statutes of 1911 and chapter 73 of the Statutes of 1915, for the following among other purposes:—

(*a*) To change the name of the company to "United Grain Growers, Limited," or to empower the company to adopt said name by by-law.

(*b*) To enable meetings to be held elsewhere than at the head office.

(*c*) To increase capital stock to $5,000,000.

(*d*) To enable shareholders to hold 100 shares each.

(*e*) To extinguish right of proxy voting.

(*f*) To enable the company by by-law to form shareholders in groups and to provide for representation at meetings of the company of such groups by delegates.

Dated at Winnipeg, 4th December, 1916.

BONNAR, TRUEMAN, HOLLANDS & ROBINSON,
Winnipeg Electric Railway Chambers,
Winnipeg, Manitoba.
Solicitors for applicants.

24–5

ATHABASKA NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Athabaska Northern Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the corporate powers of said company to be of full force and effect, and extending the time for the commencement and completion of the line of railway mentioned in its Act of incorporation 4-5 Edward VII, chap. 57, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this 12th day of December, A.D. 1916.

SMITH, MARKEY, SKINNER, PUGSLEY & HYDE,
112 St. James Street, Montreal,
Solicitors for applicant.

25–5

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER DE COLONISATION DU NORD.

NOTICE La Compagnie du Chemin de Fer de Colonisation du Nord will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may complete the construction of its railway from a point at or near Labelle, thence in a westerly direction to the Village of Rapid de L'Orignal (now called Mont Laurier), thence in a westerly direction to a point at or near Lake Temiscamingue, in the County of Pontiac, as authorized by section 7 of chapter 62 of the Statutes of 1899 and chapter 82 of the Statutes of 1912, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 16th day of December, 1916.

H. C. OSWALD,
Secretary.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTE,
Ottawa, Agents. 25–5

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE CANADIAN NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

PURSUANT to section 7 of chapter 115 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, notice is hereby given that there has been deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, a plan and description of the site and elevation of a proposed railway bridge upon the location of the Company's railway across the South Thompson River, between the City of Kamloops and Kamloops I.R. No. 1, and right-of-way through portion of D.L. 232, Kamloops Division, Yale District, and duplicates thereof have been deposited in the Land Registry Office in the City of Kamloops under No. Misc. 9 ; also that an application has been made for an Order in Council approving of the bridge and crossing as so shown and described, which application will be pressed for consideration one month after the first publication of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the matter can receive attention.

R. H. M. TEMPLE,
Solicitor,
Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company.

Toronto, Ontario, 17th November, 1916. 22–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R. S. C., CHAPTER 115.

THE Dalhousie Lumber Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Restigouche at Dalhousie a description of the site and the plans of boom and piers proposed to be built on the Restigouche River, at Dalhousie, in front of lots 28-29-30-31-32-33 and lot not numbered owned by His Majesty the King west of Rock Island street.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice the Dalhousie Lumber Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said boom and piers.

Dated at Dalhousie, this 29th day of November, 1916.

DALHOUSIE LUMBER CO., LTD.,
W. H. TRUST,
Resident manager.

24–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

CANADIAN Robert Dollar Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Vancouver, at Vancouver, British Columbia, a description of the site and plans of the wharf and sawmill buildings proposed to be built on the North Arm of Burrard Inlet in front of lot 471, Group 1, New Westminster (now the Vancouver) District.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, Canadian Robert Dollar Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf and sawmill buildings.

Dated at Vancouver, British Columbia, this 4th day of December, A.D. 1916.

CANADIAN ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY, LTD.
BY BODWELL, LAWSON & LANE,
Their solicitors.

24–5

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

DIVIDEND No. 188.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of fourteen per cent per annum on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the quarter ending 31st December, and that the same will be payable on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next, at any of the offices of the Bank.

The stock transfer book will be closed from the 18th to the 31st proximo, inclusive.

By order of the Board,
H. A. RICHARDSON,
General manager.

Halifax, N.S., 16th November, 1916. 22–6

THE MOLSONS BANK.

145TH DIVIDEND.

THE shareholders of the Molsons Bank are hereby notified that a dividend of two and three quarters per cent (being at the rate of eleven per cent per annum) upon the capital stock has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at the branches on and after the second day of January next, to shareholders of record on 15th December, 1916.

By order of the Board,
EDWARD C. PRATT,
General manager.

Montreal, 28th November, 1916. 23–5

THE DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent has been declared upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution for the quarter ending 31st December, 1916, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, and that the same will be payable at the head office of the Bank and its branches, on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January, 1917, to shareholders of record of 20th December, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Wednesday, 31st January, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,
C. A. BOGERT,
General manager.

Toronto, 17th November, 1916. 22–6

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held in the banking-house, Hollis Street, Halifax, on Wednesday, the 24th January next, at eleven o'clock a.m., for the purpose of receiving a statement of the affairs of the Bank, for the election of directors, and for other business.

By order of the Board,
H. A. RICHARDSON,
General manager.

Halifax, N.S., 15th December, 1916. 25–5

THE ACME AMUSEMENT COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special meeting of the shareholders of the Acme Amusement Company, Limited, held at the offices of the company, 198 St. Catherine St. West, in the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, on the second day of November, 1916, it was moved, seconded, and carried unamimously, that by-law No. 6 be amended to read, that the number of the directors be increased to seven, instead of five as heretofore.

Dated at Montreal, this twelfth day of December, 1916.

By Order of the Board,
ALFRED TRACEY,
Secretary-treasurer.

25–1

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

MESSRS. Brown & Rutherford, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, lumber dealers, give notice that they have, under section 7 of said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Winnipeg Land Titles Office, a description of the site and the plan of the wharf or dock which they propose to construct in the waters of the Red River on the following described property, that is to say:—

In the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, being in accordance with the special survey of said city and being composed of all those portions of Lots 25 & 26 of the Parish of St. John, contained within the following limits:—Commencing at the intersection of the northerly limits of Sutherland Avenue with the easterly limit of Buchanan Street five hundred and ninety-seven and five-tenths (597·5) feet to the northwesterly limits of the proposed dock lines; thence easterly along said line three hundred and fifeeen (315·0) feet; thence southerly along the said northern limit of Higgins Avenue to a point radially distant southeasterly fifty (50) feet from the northwestern limit of the land taken for right of way of the Manitoba and South Western Colonization Railway, according to plan "A" deposited in the Registry Office for the County of Selkirk; thence southwesterly on a curve concentric with the said southwesterly limit of Sutherland Avenue.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of publication of this notice the said Messrs. Brown & Rutherford will, under the section mentioned, apply to the Minister of Public Works, at his office in the City of Ottawa, for the approval of the site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf or dock.

Dated at Winnipeg, this 6th day of November, 1916.

MUNROE, MACKENZIE & MACQUEEN,
Solicitors for Messrs.

23-3 BROWN & RUTHERFORD.

ACT FOR THE PROTECTION OF NAVIGABLE WATERS.

CHAP. 115, R.S.C.

NAPOLÉON GIGNAC, of the City of Quebec, lumber merchant, gives notice, by the presents that he has by virtue of article 7 of the said Act, deposited at the office of the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, and in the registry office of the district of Quebec, in the City of Quebec, a description of the site and the plans of the wharf which he proposes to build in the St. Charles River, at Quebec, on lot number 109 of the Cadaster for St. Roch Ward.

And know that after a month, from the date of the first publication of this notice, Napoléon Gignac, by virtue of Article 7 of said Act, shall file his request with the Minister of Public Works, at his office in the City of Ottawa, for the approval of the site and of the plans above mentioned, and forthe permission to build the said wharf.

Dated at Quebec, this seventh day of November, A.D. 1916.

DROUIN, SEVIGNY & AMYOT,
23–4 Attorneys for Napoléon Gignac.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Royal Bank of Canada for the election of directors and for other business will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Montreal, on Thursday, the 11th day of January next. The chair will be taken at 11 o'clock a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, 1st December, 1916. 23–6

11902—5½

THE QUEBEC BANK AND THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given of the intention of the undersigned Banks to apply, after the expiration of four weeks from the date of the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to the Governor-in-Council and the Treasury Board, through the Minister of Finance and Receiver-General, for the approval of an agreement between The Quebec Bank and The Royal Bank of Canada, whereby the Quebec Bank agrees to sell and The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to purchase all the real and personal properties, assets, rights, credits and effects of The Quebec Bank, of whatever kind, and wheresoever situated, and whereby in consideration for such sale and purchase The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to allot and issue to The Quebec Bank, or to its nominees, nine thousand one hundred and seventeen (9,117) fully paid shares of the capital stock of The Royal Bank of Canada of the par value of $100 each, and amounting in all to the par value of nine hundred and eleven thousand, seven hundred dollars ($911,700) and to pay to The Quebec Bank the sum of six hundred and eighty-three thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars ($683,775) in cash, and whereby The Royal Bank of Canada undertakes to assume, pay, discharge, perform, and carry out all the debts, liabilities, contracts and obligations of The Quebec Bank (including notes issued and intended for circulation outstanding and in circulation and leasehold obligations).

A copy of the said agreement can be seen at the offices of The Royal Bank of Canada at Montreal, P.Q., and the Quebec Bank, at Quebec, P.Q.

The said agreement has been approved by a resolution of the Shareholders of the Quebec Bank carried by the votes of shareholders present in person or represented by proxy, representing more than two-thirds of the amount of the subscribed capital stock of the said Bank at a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Bank duly called and held for the purpose. The said agreement has also been approved by resolution of the Directors of The Royal Bank of Canada.

Dated 28th November, 1916.

By Order of the Board.

THE QUEBEC BANK.
B. B. STEVENSON,
General Manager.

By Order of the Board,

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.
C. E. NEILL,
23–5 General Manager.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C. CHAPTER 115.

JOHN WILSON McCONNELL hereby gives notice that he has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the Registry Office for the County of Yamaska at St. François du Lac, a description of the site and the plans of a sand washing and screening plant proposed to be built in and near the River St. Francis, at the foot of lot number eleven hundred and fifty-four (1154) on the Official Plan and Book of Reference of the Parish of Notre Dame de Pierreville, County of Yamaska, Province of Quebec.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, John Wilson McConnell will, under section seven of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said sand washing and screening plant.

Dated at Montreal, this twenty-seventh day of November, 1916.

PERRON, TASCHEREAU, RINFRET,
VALLEE & GENEST,
23–3 Attorneys for John Wilson McConnell, Esq.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF CANADA.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND No. 52.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three quarters per cent (1¾ %), being at the rate of seven per cent per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the three months ending 31st December, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches of this bank, on and after the second day of January, 1917, to the shareholders of record on the twenty-second day of December, next.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head office of the bank, on Wednesday, the twenty-fourth day of January, 1917, at noon.

By order of the Board,

TANCRÈDE BIENVENU,
Vice-president and general manager.

Montreal, 25th November, 1916. 25–1—27–1

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE annual general meeting of shareholders of this Bank will be held at the banking-house of the institution, corner of King and Bay Streets, Toronto, on Wednesday, the tenth day of January next. The chair to be taken at noon.

THOS. F. HOW,
General manager.

The Bank of Toronto,
Toronto, 1st December, 1916. 25–4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of the "Banque d'Hochelaga" will be held, at the head office of the bank, No. 112 St. James Street, Montreal, Canada, on the fifteenth day of January, 1917, at noon, for the election of the directors, and the consideration of all matters which may properly be brought before the meeting.

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
25–5 Secretary and general manager.

LONDON & PORT STANLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the London & Port Stanley Railway Company will be held at the mayor's office, in the city hall, in the City of London, Ontario, on Monday, the 15th day of January, 1917, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 7th day of December, A.D. 1916.

S. BAKER,
25–4 Secy. L & P. S. Ry. Co.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, pursuant to The Navigable Waters Protection Act, that I have deposited the plans of the proposed Pipe Line Crossing over Mount Joy Creek and of the application to the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, therefor for permission to construct the said works.

Municipality of Timmins, Ont.
Per H. E. MONTGOMERY,
25–4 Clerk.

ST. DENIS THEATRE COMPANY, LIMITED.

AMENDMENT TO BY-LAWS.

It was moved, seconded and carried unanimously :—

"That the amendment to article 2, section 1 of the by-laws, increasing the number of directors to seven, as ratified at a meeting of the shareholders held on the 7th day of April, 1915, be further amended and that the number of directors be increased from seven to nine."

—

Certified to be a true extract from minutes of meeting of the shareholders of St. Denis Theatre Company, Limited, held on the 20th day September, 1916.

J. M. KENNEDY,
25–1 Secretary-treasurer.

THUNDER BAY TERMINAL ELEVATOR COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW No. 1, SEC. 32.

"THE board of directors of this company shall consist of seven persons to be elected and to hold office in the manner already provided for by the by-laws of the company."

Dated at the city of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, this 6th day of December, 1916.

Witness the corporate seal of the said company attested by the hands of its president and secretary.

[L.S.] W. H. McWILLIAMS,
President.

C. B. PIPER,
25–1 Secretary.

WAYAGAMACK PULP & PAPER COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW No. 21.

A By-law to increase the number of Directors.

BE it enacted by the Directors of Wayagamack Pulp & Paper Company, Limited, as a by-law of the company as follows :—

1. The number of the directors of the company is hereby increased from five to nine.

2. The board of directors may, from time to time, between the confirmation of this by-law and the next annual meeting, elect to the board qualified shareholders of the company until there shall have been elected, in addition to the present number of directors, a sufficient number to make a full board.

3. Until a full board is elected the present number of directors and the shareholders from time to time elected by them as directors shall manage the affairs of the compauy.

4. By-law No. I is amended by inserting the word "nine" instead of the word "five" where it appears therein.

—

I, the undersigned, secretary of Wayagamack Pulp & Paper Company, Limited, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of by-law No. 21 of said company, enacted and adopted by the directors on the thirtieth day of October, 1916, and approved at a special general meeting of the shareholders of said company held on the 9th day of December, 1916.

Three Rivers, 9th Dec., 1916.

[L.S] A. F. LANGFORD,
25–1 Secretary.

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à Son Excellence l'Administrateur du Gouvernement de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 10 novembre 1916.

Les préposés à l'accise temporaires ci-dessous mentionnés, dans les divisions du revenu de l'intérieur ci-après indiquées, sont nommés, à compter des dates apposées vis-à-vis leur nom, douaniers permanents dans les dites divisions :—

Nom.	Division.	Date.
James Henry Hanham	Hamilton	1er avril 1916.
Carling Wellington Miller	London	1er avril 1916.
John Cryne	Ottawa	1er avril 1916.
John Proctor Kelso	Prescott	1er avril 1916.
Edward Charles Coutu	"	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Onésime Champagne	"	1er avril 1916.
Emile Deschambault	Montréal	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Biroleau dit Lafleur	"	1er avril 1916.
George Arthur Loranger	"	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Agenord Donat Houde	"	1er avril 1916.
Bruno Côté	"	1er avril 1916.
Armand Guilbault	"	1er avril 1916.
Serge Lefebvre	"	1er avril 1916.
Donald John Smith	"	1er avril 1916.
Louis Philippe Bolduc	Québec	1er avril 1916.
François Xavier Côté	"	1er avril 1916.
Lucien Paquet	"	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Fortin	"	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Alphonse Cadotte	St. Hyacinthe	1er avril 1916.
Thomas Joseph Healy	Halifax	1er avril 1916.
James Barnes Cosgrove	Winnipeg	1er avril 1916.
William Green	Calgary	1er nov. 1916.
James Albert Grantham	Vancouver	1er avril 1916.
Richard Harvey Brown	"	1er avril 1916.
Michael James Harty	Ottawa	1er avril 1916.
Adélard Goulet	"	1er avril 1916.
Eucher Roy	"	22 juin 1916.
Analdy Roy	Joliette	1er avril 1916.
Wilfrid Gauthier	Montreal	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Albert Féréol Ouimet	"	1er avril 1916.
Edmond Edouard Camille Thérien	"	1er avril 1916.
Charles Navert	"	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Donat Labelle	"	1er avril 1916.
Edmond Laurence	"	1er avril 1916.
William Louis Ross	"	1er avril 1916.
Emile Laverdure	Ottawa	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Hilaire Lucien Boudreault	"	1er avril 1916.
Stewart Lamont	Windsor	11 juillet 1916.
Andrew Wickens	"	1er avril 1916.
Edward Duggan	Québec	1er avril 1916.
Louis Philippe Robitaille	"	1er avril 1916.
Albert Fiset	"	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Charles Raymond	St-Hyacinthe	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Surprénant	"	1er avril 1916.
Thomas Squires Somers	Sherbrooke	1er avril 1916.
Guillaume Arthur Quesnel	Trois-Rivières	1er avril 1916.
Anselme Trudel	"	1er avril 1916.
Alexandre Bélanger	Winnipeg	1er avril 1916.
Ernest Fidler	Calgary	1er avril 1916.
William Jno. Clucas Joughin	"	1er avril 1916.
David Herbert Richards	"	1er avril 1916.
Thomas Quinn	Vancouver	1er avril 1916.
James Frank Carson	Brantford	1er avril 1916.
James McCort	London	1er avril 1916.
Venance Labelle	Ottawa	1er avril 1916.
Henri Cousineau	Montréal	1er avril 1916.
Michael Hughes	"	1er avril 1916.
François Xavier Labonté	St-Hyacinthe	1er avril 1916.
Henri Ledoux	Montréal	1er avril 1916.
Joseph Ernest Rainville	"	1er avril 1916.

—

Il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 4 décembre 1916.

H. H. Drake, de la cité d'Halifax, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Écosse, aide-préposé à l'engagement des matelots : Préposé à l'engagement des matelots au port d'Halifax, dans la dite province, en remplacement de Howard Bligh, décédé.

7 décembre 1916.

John L. Gallant, du village de Shédiac, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick : Gardien du quai de l'Etat à Shédiac susdit, dans le comté de Westmorland, dans la dite province.

Barney W. Collison, de la cité de Calgary, dans la province d'Alberta, écuyer, avocat : Commissaire de police dans les provinces d'Alberta, de la Colombie-Britannique et de la Saskatchewan, et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

George Gartrell, de la ville de Summerland, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, écuyer : Officier des pêcheries avec le grade de surveillant des pêcheries pour la province de la Colombie-Britannique susdite, et avec les pouvoirs d'un juge de paix *ex officio* pour toutes les fins de la *Loi des pêcheries*, en remplacement de Charles Godwin.

John S. Sieffert, de Winnipegosis, dans la province de Manitoba, écuyer : Officier des pêcheries, avec le grade de surveillant des pêcheries, pour la province de Manitoba susdite, et avec les pouvoirs d'un juge de paix *ex officio* pour toutes les fins de la *Loi des pêcheries*, en remplacement de C. L. White, décédé.

—

8 décembre 1916.

Herbert Lorne Crysler, de Govenlock, dans la province de la Saskatchewan, marchand : Commissaire sous l'empire des dispositions de la *Loi de la naturalisation*, étant le chapitre 77 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906.

—

11 décembre 1916.

John Arthur Grierson, du village de Weymouth-Bridge, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Écosse, écuyer, avocat: Juge de la cour de Comté du district numéro trois, comprenant les comtés d'Annapolis, Digby et Yarmouth, dans la dite province de la Nouvelle-Écosse, en remplacement de Son Honneur le Juge Pelton, décédé.

—

Ottawa, 7 décembre 1916.

Il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général de canceller et révoquer la commission de Barney W. Collinson, nommé commissaire de police dans les provinces de la Saskatchewan et d'Alberta et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, le 5 octobre 1916, laquelle nomination fut publiée dans la *Gazette du Canada* du 28 octobre 1916.

—

Ottawa, 13 décembre 1916.

Il a plu au vice-amiral C. E. Kingsmill d'ordonner que le capitaine Frederick Claude Coote Pasco, le commandant suppléant Gerald Otto Rooskie Eliott, R.D., R.N.R., le contre-amiral William Oswald Story et le capitaine Edward Harrington Martin soient les autorités navales compétentes en vertu des dispositions de l'arrêté en conseil daté le 25e jour de mars 1915, adopté sous l'empire de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*.

PROCLAMATIONS.

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous---SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à jeudi, le trentième jour du mois de novembre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa: SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, MARDI, le NEUVIEME jour du mois de JANVIER prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

Notre Tèrs Fidèle et Très Aimé Cousin et Conseiller Victor Christian William, Duc de Devonshire, Marquis d'Hartington, Comte de Devonshire, Comte de Burlington, Baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish de Keighley, Chevalier de Notre Très-Noble Ordre de la Jarretière ; Membre de Notre TrèsHonorable Conseil Privé ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et de Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria, Gouverneur Général et Commandant-en-chef de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce TRENTIÈME jour de NOVEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
pour le Canada.

23-tf

DÉPÊCHES, ETC.

(Extrait de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 14 novembre 1916.)*

CHANCELLERIE DE L'ORDRE ROYAL DE VICTORIA.

PALAIS DE SAINT JAMES,
14 septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu au ROI de faire les nominations suivantes à l'Ordre Royal de Victoria :—

Sont nommés commandeurs.

Le Lord Richard Plantagenet Nevill, C.M.G., contrôleur de la maison du Gouverneur général du Canada.

Arthur French Sladen, écuyer, C.M.G., secrétaire particulier du Gouverneur général du Canada.

Est nommé membre de la quatrième classe.

James Crowdey, écuyer, premier commis, bureau du Gouverneur général du Canada. 25-1

(Extrait de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 27 octobre 1916.)*

GRAND PRIEURÉ DE L'ORDRE DE L'HOPITAL DE SAINT-JEAN DE JÉRUSALEM EN ANGLETERRE.

CHANCELLERIE DE L'ORDRE,
ST. JOHN'S GATE, CLERKENWELL,
LONDRES, E.C., 25 octobre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu au ROI de sanctionner les promotions et nominations suivantes à l'Ordre de l'Hôpital de Saint-Jean de Jérusalem en Angleterre :

Comme chevaliers de grâce.

George Bury (d'écuyer),
John Fosbery Orde, C.R. (d'associé honoraire),
George Burn,
James Wilson Robertson, C.M.G.

Comme dames de grâce.

Janet, Lady Tupper,
Mary Jean, madame Henry Croft.

Comme écuyers.

Le capitaine Angus Alexander Mackintosh of Mackintosh,
Anthony Douglas MacTier,
Le lient.-col. hon. Charles Walsh Rowley,
William Doig Robb,
Albert Holden Abbott, B.A., Ph. D. 25-1

(Extrait du Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 10 novembre 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
11 novembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu au Roi de conférer la Médaille pour Service Méritoire aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés, en récompense de services appréciables rendus dans les armées en campagne durant la présente guerre :

CONTINGENT CANADIEN.

48501 sergent-major d'état-major A. J. Shirt, corps des vétérinaires militaires canadiens.

(Extrait de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 14 novembre 1916.)*

FOREIGN OFFICE,
29 septembre 1916.

IL a plu au ROI d'approuver la nomination du Senor Don Antenor Gerez, comme consul général de la République-Argentine à Ottawa, pour le Dominion du Canada et pour le Labrador. 25-1

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[2948]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le paragraphe 3 de l'article 2 de la *Loi minière du Yukon* prescrit que " nonobstant " toute disposition de ladite loi, ses dispositions ne " s'appliquent pas aux terres aliénées ou louées pour " des fins minières par l'hydraulique par un bail consenti avant le 1er jour d'août 1916, qui a été ci-devant " annulé ou qui peut l'être ci-après par ordre du Ministre de l'Intérieur ou sous l'autorité d'un arrêté du " Gouverneur en conseil tant que ces terres n'ont pas " été assujéties à ces dispositions par arrêté du Gouverneur en conseil."

Et attendu que le bail minier hydraulique n° 47 a été délivré le 30 août 1905 pour une période de 21 ans, à dater du 21e jour de mars 1905 à William Charles Thompson de Dawson pour un lopin de terre situé sur la ravine Dublin, un embranchement du Creek Haggart, un affluent de la rivière McQuesten, dans le Ter-

ritoire du Yukon, mesurant 3.21 milles de front le long de ladite ravine Dublin sur une profondeur de ½ mille de chaque côté de ladite ravine lequel bail fut transporté à la compagnie dite "Dublin Hydraulics," à responsabilité limitée, le 29e jour de juillet 1911 ;

Et attendu que le bail n° 47 susmentionné a été rescindé par un décret du Ministre de l'Intérieur en date du 26e jour d'octobre 1915 parce que les preneurs avaient négligé de se conformer aux conditions du bail et aux règlements en vertu desquels ledit bail avait été accordé,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur en conseil de décréter par les présentes qu'à midi précis le lundi, 5e jour de février 1917, la partie disponible et inaliénée de la concession minière hydraulique décrite dans le bail n° 47 accordé à William Charles Thompson le 30e jour d'août 1905, devienne sujette aux dispositifs de la *Loi minière du Yukon*, en vertu du paragraphe 3 de l'article 2 de ladite loi plus haut citée.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2527]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 6e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 13 octobre 1916, représentant que le 20 novembre 1907 ont été délivrées à la ville de Régina, dans la province de la Saskatchewan, des lettres patentes pour des fins de cimetière seulement, pour un certain terrain ou lopin de terre particulièrement décrit dans lesdites lettres patentes et qui fait partie de la moitié nord de la section 30, du township 17, rang 19, à l'ouest du 2e méridien principal, dans ladite province de la Saskatchewan et comprenant soixante-six et cinquante-cinq centièmes (66·55) acres plus ou moins ;

Le Ministre ajoute qu'afin de se rendre à la demande de la ville de Régina, il a été décidé, sur la rétrocession à la Couronne du terrain en question, de céder à la ville un nouveau titre audit terrain sans aucune restriction quant à l'usage quelle pourra faire dudit terrain,—

Vu qne le terrain en question a été rétrocédé à la Couronne et que le titre en est maintenant au nom de Sa Majesté le Roi George V pour le Dominion du Canada, le Ministre recommande que ladite décision soit mise à exécution et qu'il soit autorisé de délivrer à ladite ville de Régina, dans la province de la Saskatchewan des lettres patentes pour ledit terrain sans aucune restriction quant à l'usage que la ville peut faire dudit terrain.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la recommande pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2930]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 18 novembre 1916, représentant que la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique a demandé la concession d'une emprise sur une partie du township 24, rang 8, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, dans le parc des Montagnes Rocheuses, tel qu'indiqué sur un tracé de la ligne principale du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, district d'Alberta, déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur sur le tracé de la voie numéro 7480, et enregistré au bureau des titres des terres de Calgary sous le numéro Ry. 10.

Le ministre recommande qu'en vertu de l'autorité conférée par l'article 16 de la Loi des réserves forestières et des parcs, il soit autorisé de délivrer à la compagnie de chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique une patente dudit terrain, la dite patente devant être sujette aux conditions suivantes :

Ladite patente est sujette à tous les règlements concernant les parcs fédéraux qui sont actuellement en vigueur ou qui seront de temps à autres passés à ces fins par le Gouverneur en conseil.

Ledit terrain excepté quant aux fins pour lesquelles il est concédé continue à faire partie de la réserve dans laquelle il se trouve situé ; et si une partie quelconque dudit terrain cesse d'être utilisée pour les fins de la présente concession, il redevient immédiatement propriété de la Couronne.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2839]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que M. Charles Paquette, de Hudson's Hope, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, a demandé la concession gratuite de cette partie du quart nord-ouest de la section 18, township 81, rang 25, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, située à l'ouest de la rivière à la Paix, dans la subdivision de la Rivière à la Paix, dans la dite province de la Colombie-Britannique, en vertu du fait qu'il occupait le dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages ;

Et attendu qu'il a été établi que M. Paquette résidait sur le dit terrain lors de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8 à l'été de 1899.

Par conséquent, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en Conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, d'autoriser la concession gratuite au requérant du terrain en question, qui peut être décrit plus particulièrement comme suit :

Toute cette partie du quart nord-ouest de la section 18 du dit township non comprise dans les limites du lot 420 et qui est située à l'ouest de la rive gauche de la rivière à la Paix, ainsi qu'indiqué sur une carte ou plan d'arpentage des sections 18 et 19 du dit township, approuvé et confirmé à Ottawa le 7 mars, A.D. 1916, par Edouard Deville, arpenteur général des terres fédérales, déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur, et contenant par mesurage : 31·20 acres, plus ou moins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2830]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mardi, le 14e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 7 novembre 1916, représentant que M. Olivier Ghostkeeper, de Grouard, province de l'Alberta, a demandé la concession gratuite du lot n° 108, de l'établissement de la Grande Prairie, dans la dite province de l'Alberta, contenant par mesurage 68·5 acres, plus ou moins, en vertu du fait qu'il occupait le dit terrain à la date de l'extinction du titre des sauvages.

Comme il a été établi que M. Ghostkeeper résidait sur le dit terrain lors de la conclusion du traité indien n° 8, à l'été de 1899, le ministre recommande, qu'en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales, autorisation soit donnée d'accorder la concession gratuite du dit lot n° 108 de l'établissement de la Grande Prairie, dans la province de l'Alberta, à M. Ghostkeeper.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
22-4 Greffier du Conseil privé

[2941]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 23 novembre 1916, représentant que Frank Nylund, russe de naissance, a obtenu, en 1911, l'inscription de homestead du quart nord-est de la section 14, township 59, rang 20, à l'ouest du 4e méridien ;

Sur représentation que cet inscrit a abandonné sa femme et quitté le pays, des mesures ont été prises pour annuler son inscription afin que le terrain en question soit disponible pour sa femme qui y a continuellement résidé ;

Il ressort du rapport d'un inspecteur de homestead que madame Nylund a continué à travailler sur ce quart de section et désire en obtenir la possession mais trouve impossible d'obtenir un certificat de naturalisation de sujet britannique ainsi que prescrit au paragraphe 3 de l'article 25 de la Loi des terres fédérales,—

Par conséquent le Ministre recommande qu'il soit autorisé sous l'empire du paragraphe (L) de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales* de vendre le terrain susdit à madame Nylund au prix de $1 l'acre, et que patente dudit terrain soit délivrée à la requérante sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les obligations d'établissement pour les trois années réglementaires ont été complétées depuis la date de la désertion de son mari et que le prix total du terrain a été payé.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

24–4

[2876]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT A OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 13 novembre 1916, représentant que le 22 août 1916, M. Rober John Wilson a obtenu l'inscription de préemption du quart nord-ouest de la section 9, township 4, rang 30, à l'ouest du 2e méridien ;

Il a été représenté que le 31 juillet 1914, M. Wilson a été victime d'un accident dans lequel il eut les deux poignets fracturés, ce qui le prive de l'usage de ses mains et le rend infirme pour la vie ;

Un certificat médical du docteur C. S. Knox de Superior Wisconsin, E.U.A., en date du 21 octobre 1916, certifie que M. Wilson a subi une fracture collective des deux bras et que la réduction, surtout celle du bras droit, est telle qu'il se trouve dans l'impossibilité de faire un dur travail et de poursuivre les opérations de la ferme.

M. Wilson a obtenu une patente pour son homestead le 18 novembre 1914 après avoir rempli les obligations ordinaires mais d'après la preuve déposée il n'appert pas qu'il a rempli depuis aucune autre obligation de résidence.

Il prétend qu'en 1915 il avait 25 acres en culture.

A ces causes le Ministre recommande sous l'empire du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la Loi de 1908 des terres fédérales de relever le dit inscrit de toute autre obligation de résidence, afin qu'une patente soit délivrée à M. Wilson sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies en ce qui concerne les obligations et les redevances.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

23–4

[2471]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour d'octobre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON ALTESSE ROYALE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le Ministre des Finances a mis à l'étude un règlement établi par la Commission des champs de bataille nationaux, modifiant les règlements sanctionnés par le Gouverneur général en conseil le 19e jour de mars 1915 :

Et attendu que ledit règlement, (dont une copie est ci-annexée,) a été passé dans le but de régler l'emploi de lumières sur les voitures automobiles dans le parc des champs de bataille nationaux ;

Et attendu que le Ministre des Finances recommande que ladite modification aux règlements soit approuvée par le Gouverneur en conseil et publiée dans la Gazette du Canada,—

A ces fins, il plaît à Son Altesse Royale le Gouverneur général en conseil de sanctionner par les présentes le dit règlement.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé

COMMISSION DES CHAMPS DE BATAILLE NATIONAUX.

Règlements concernant le parc des champs de bataille nationaux.

Attendu que les statuts du Canada, aux chapitres 57 et 58 de 7 et 8 Edouard VII, au chapitre 42 de 9-10 Edouard VII, au chapitre V de 1-2 George V et au chapitre 46 de 4-5 George V autorise la Commission des champs de bataille nationaux à établir un parc ou une place publique sur les terres et a établir des règlements pour la direction, la conduite et la gestion de ses biens immobiliers et mobiliers, ainsi que pour le maintien, la préservation et la protection de ses terres, améliorations et toute autre propriété appartenant à la commission ou sous sa juridiction, sa direction ou son soin ainsi que régler l'admission du public dans le dit parc et prévenir tout dommage à la propriété de la commission et tout empiétement sur icelle ;

Attendu que la commission des champs de bataille nationaux a, le 19 octobre 1914, adopté des réglements que le Gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'empire de la loi, a sanctionnés le 10e jour de mars 1915 et qui ont eté publiés dans la Gazette du Canada le 1er mai 1915;

Attendu qu'il est opportun d'ajouter aux dits règlements certaines dispositions concernant les voitures automobiles circulant dans le dit part ;

A ces causes, la commission des champs de bataille nationaux a décrété et par les présentes décrète et promulgue ce qui suit, savoir :

Une clause E est ajoutée au paragraphe 2 desuits règlements dans les termes suivants :

(*e*) Le conducteur ou le chauffeur d'une voiture automobile quelconque ne doit employer dans le parc d'aucune lanterne d'avant à l'acétylène, électrique ou autre, à moins de mettre la lumière assez basse pour ne pas éblouir ou aveugler un autre conducteur ou chauffeur d'une voiture automobile ou tout piéton circulant sur les chemins ou dans les avenues du dit parc ou ne pas rendre en aucune façon dangereux ou difficile à tel conducteur, chauffeur ou piéton de conduire sa monture ou sa voisure ou se promener dans le dit parc, et tout conducteur ou chauffeur doit se conformer immédiatement aux ordres que lui donne à cet égard le surintendant, gardien ou constable en service dans le dit parc.

Toute infraction aux dispositions des dits règlements, excepté dans les cas où la loi impose une peine, sera passible, sur conviction sommaire, d'une amende n'excédant pas $50 et les frais ou de l'emprisonnement pour un terme n'excédant pas soixante jours ou d'amende et d'emprisonnement.

24–2

[2878]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 20e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 14 janvier 1910, M. John Marshall, a obtenu une inscription de préemption pour le quart nord-est de la section 33, township 7, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Il a été représenté que le dit inscrit a fait trois termes de résidence en satisfaction de son inscription de homestead mais ne s'est pas conformé à ses obligations de résidence relativement à son inscription de préemption. Il appert que les obligations de culture ont été remplies ;

Il a été représenté au Département de l'Intérieur que M. Marshall est âgé maintenant de 86 ans et désormais tout à fait incapable de travailler et de remplir ses obligations de résidence sur le dit terrain ; qu'il lui faut les soins de sa famille pour le reste de ses jours et que, par conséquent, il lui est impossible de remplir aucune autre obligation de résidence en satisfaction soit de sa préemption soit de son homestead,—

Le Ministre soumet une copie d'un certificat médical et, vu les représentations y contenues, recommande que M. Marshall soit relevé de toutes autres obligations de résidence, sous l'empire du paragraphe 2, de l'article 20, de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, (chapitre 20, 7–8 Edouard VII), aux fins de permettre l'émission d'une patente au nom de M. Marshall, sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire, que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies et que le prix d'achat a été payé.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU
Greffier du Conseil privé.

23–4

(2889)

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company," à responsabilité limitée, de Cache Creek, Colombie-Britannique, a fait la demande au Département de l'Intérieur d'acheter, sujet aux conditions d'irrigation, 307.9 acres de terrain consistant en lopins fractionnaires entourant la propriété principale de la compagnie près de Cache Creek, dans la zone des chemins de fer de la Colombie-Britannique, l'intention de la compagnie étant d'établir sur le tout un système d'irrigation.

Le Ministre représente qu'après inspection les fonctionnaires du département de l'Intérieur ont fait rapport que sans irrigation les dits terrains sont impropres à l'agriculture et que l'irrigation en est possible pourvu qu'on puisse se procurer l'eau nécessaire à cette fin.

Par conséquent, le Ministre recommande que les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes soient vendus à la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company," à responsabilité limitée, aux conditions suivantes :

(*a*) Les dits terrains doivent être mis en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*b*) Le prix sera de $5 l'acre, sujet à un rabais au montant du coût des travaux d'irrigation jusqu'à une somme n'excédant pas deux dollars ($2) l'acre, et le montant ainsi déduit sera considéré un versement comptant fait à la date de la vente. Le dit prix d'achat est payable comme suit : Un dollar ($1) l'acre au cours de l'année qui suit la date de l'autorisation de la vente par le Gouverneur en conseil, et la balance au cours des trois années qui suivent la date de la dite autorisation ou avant l'expiration des dites trois années dès que seront remplies toutes les autres conditions de la vente, avec intérêt à cinq pour cent par année.

(*c*) Les droits d'eau nécessaires doivent être obtenus du gouvernement provincial de la Colombie-Britannique, et il ne doit se faire aucuns travaux sur les dits terrains sans qu'au préalable les droits d'eau ne soient obtenus de la province.

(*d*) Les travaux doivent se commencer un an au plus de la date de l'arrêté en conseil autorisant la vente et doivent se parachever à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur trois ans au plus de la dite date, à moins que d'autres dates ne soient fixées par les autorités provinciales en rapport avec les droits d'eau, auxquels cas les dates provinciales peuvent être acceptées sur le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(*e*) A l'achèvement des travaux les ingénieurs du département en feront l'inspection.

(*f*) Quand les conditions seront remplies, il sera délivré une patente pour ceux de ces terrains dont les parties irrigables auront été mises en culture au moyen de l'irrigation.

(*g*) La vente sera rescindée à défaut de paiement du prix d'achat ou si aucun des termes ou aucune des conditions de la vente n'est pas rempli.

(*h*) Avant l'émission de la patente, les dites terres, ou tous droits en rapport avec icelles, ne peuvent être transférés ou cédés sans le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

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ANNEXE.

TERRAINS qui doivent être vendus à la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company", à-responsabilité limitée, aux conditions d'irrigation.

Township 21, rang 24, à l'ouest du 6e méridien.

S. L. fr.	10, 11, 12, 13, 14	in section	14	59.7 ac.
"	9, 13, 14, 15, 16	"	15	96.6 "
"	1	"	21	3 "
"	1, 2, 3, 4	"	22	75.4 "
"	3 and 4	"	23	75.9 "

Superficie totale 307.9 ac.

23–4

[2845]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 15e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 9e jour de novembre 1916, représentant que le 3 juillet 1914, Alfred H. Breach a obtenu l'inscription de homestead et de préemptiou du quart sud-est de la section 27 ainsi que du quart nord-est de la section 22 respectivement, dans le township 22, rang 7, à l'ouest du 4e méridien.

Les certaines preuves déposées semblent établir que M. Breach a pu accomplir un terme de résidence.

Le Ministre soumet la copie annexée d'un certificat du docteur Arthur L. Lynch, établissant que M. Breach est désormais incapable de remplir ses obligations de homestead.

Dans ces circonstances, le Ministre recommande qu'en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, M. Breach soit relevé des obligations de résidence prescrites pour permettre que des patentes des deux quarts de section ci-haut décrits soient délivrées sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

22–4

[2877]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 20e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 19 mai 1903, William Henry Moore a obtenu une inscription de homestead pour le quart sud-ouest de la section 24, township 21, rang 1, à l'ouest du 1er méridien, dans la province de Manitoba ;

Il appert de la preuve déposée que l'inscrit a résidé sur ce quart de section pendant six ou huit mois chaque année de 1904 à 1908, inclusivement, mais il lui est impossible de donner les dates du commencement et de la fin de chacune des périodes de sa résidence, et il lui est aussi impossible de trouver des témoins qui pourraient fournir ces renseignements ;

Il a été constaté que M. Moore a construit deux maisons sur le dit terrain et que toutes deux ont été détruites par le feu ;

Il appert aussi que M. Moore, aux époques de sa résidence sur le dit terrain, a été propriétaire de dix-huit têtes de bétail en moyenne,—

A ces causes, prenant en considération le fait que, apparemment, les obligations d'établissement prescrites par la loi ont été remplies et que le seul obstacle à l'émission d'une patente est l'impossibilité de fournir tous les détails concernant la résidence, le Ministre recommande qu'il soit autorisé, sous l'empire du paragraphe (*l*) de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, chapitre 20, 7-8 Edouard VII, de vendre le dit homestead à M. Moore à raison de $1 l'acre, en lieu et place de toutes autres obligations de résidence, la dite vente devant être une forclusion des droits du dit M. Moore à un homestead gratuit.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

23–4

[2890]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 17 novembre 1916, représentant que M. J. C. Shields de Kamloops, Colombie-Britannique, a fait la demande au département de l'Intérieur d'acheter, sujet aux conditions d'irrigation, les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes et contenant approximativement une superficie de 1354·24 acres.

Le Ministre représente qu'après inspection pour déterminer la valeur des dites terres, les travaux à faire et la praticabilité du projet, les fonctionnaires du Département de l'Intérieur ont fait rapport que les dites terres sont impropres à la culture sans irrigation, qu'on peut les rendre productives en y conduisant de l'eau par des moyens artificiels et qu'au point de vue du génie les travaux sont praticables. Les dits terrains sont vacants et disponibles à ces fins.

A ces causes, le Ministre recommande que les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes soient vendus à M. Shields aux termes et conditions qui suivent :—

(*a*) Les dits terrains doivent être mis en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*b*) Le prix sera de $5 l'acre, sujet à un rabais au montant du coût des travaux d'irrigation jusqu'à une somme n'excédant pas deux dollars l'acre ($2), et le montant ainsi déduit sera considéré comme un versement comptant fait à la date de la vente. Le dit prix d'achat est payable comme suit :

Un dollar ($1) l'acre au cours de l'année qui suit la date de l'autorisation de la vente par le Gouverneur en conseil, et la balance au cours des trois années qui suivent la date de ladite autorisation ou avant l'expiration desdites trois années dès que seront remplies toutes les autres conditions de la vente, avec intérêt à 5% par année.

(*c*) Les droits d'eau nécessaire doivent être obtenus du gouvernement provincial de la Colombie-Britannique et il ne doit se faire aucuns travaux sur lesdits terrains sans qu'au préalable les droits d'eau ne soient obtenus de la province.

(*d*) Les travaux doivent se commencer un an au plus de la date de l'arrêté en conseil autorisant la vente et doivent se parachever à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur trois ans au plus de la dite date, à moins que d'autres dates ne soient fixées par les autorités provinciales en rapport avec les droits d'eau, auquel cas les dates provinciales peuvent être acceptées sur le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(*e*) A l'achèvement des travaux les ingénieurs du Département en feront l'inspection.

(*f*) Quand les conditions seront remplies, il sera délivré une patente pour ceux de ces terrains dont les parties irrigables auront été mises en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*g*) La vente sera rescindée à défaut de paiement du prix ou si aucun des termes ou aucune des conditions de la vente n'est pas rempli.

(*h*) Avant l'émission de la patente les dites terres ou tout droit en rapport avec icelles ne peuvent être transférés ou cédés sans le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

ANNEXE.

TERRAINS qui doivent être vendus à J. C. Shields de Kamloops, C.B., sujet à des conditions d'irrigation.

Township 20, rang 20, à l'ouest du 6e méridien :—			
Frac. de la moitié nord de la section	26	145.50	acres.
Moitié nord " "	27	320	"
Moitié nord du quart nord-est "	28	80	"
Quart sud-est "	33	160	"
Quart nord-est fractionnaire "	33	119.10	"
Moitié est de la moitié ouest "	33	160	"
Moitié sud fractionnaire et quart nord-ouest "	34	160	"
Township 21, rang 20 à l'ouest du 6e méridien :—			
Quart nord ouest et S.L. 15 "	5	200	"
S. L. 16 "	6	40	"
		1,384.60	
Moins superficie occupée par le Canadien du Pacifique		30.36	
Superficie approximative totale...		1,354.24	

23–4

[L'arrêté en conseil suivant a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 1er décembre 1916.*]

[2957]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que, dans l'article 5 de C.P. 2777, du 10e jour de novembre 1916, concernant le prix élevé des nécessités de la vie il a été omis, par inadvertance, dans la rédaction du dit arrêté en conseil, une phrase qu'on avait l'intention d'y mettre,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que le dit arrêté en conseil du 10e jour de novembre 1916, (C.P. 2277) soit par les présentes modifié en insérant après le mot " Conseil," là où le dit mot se lit pour la troisième fois dans l'article 5 du dit arrêté en conseil, et immédiatement avant les mots " en la forme précise " dans le dit article 5, les mots

" dans un délai fixé par le dit avis, et cette personne " fera et présentera au dit conseil."

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

24–2

[3048]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 8e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 4 décembre 1916, représentant que, sous l'empire d'un arrêté en conseil du 13 août 1913, un permis d'occupation fut accordé le 11 octobre suivant à la compagnie dite " Prince Albert Lumber Company, Limited," relativement à certains terrains compris dans les townships 53, 54 et 55, rang 1 ; les townships 51 et 52, rang 2 ; les townships 52, rangs 3 et 4, le tout à l'ouest du troisième méridien, ainsi que le township 54, rang 28, à l'ouest du 2e méridien, formant une superficie totale de 518·7 acres. Le dit permis d'occupation a été accordé pour une période de dix ans à l'expiration de laquelle il est, à la discrétion du Ministre de l'Intérieur, renouvelable pour une autre période de dix ans, sujet aux termes et conditions ordinaires et sur paiement à l'avance d'un loyer annuel de dix cents l'acre.

Le ministre déclare que la dite compagnie n'a pas un besoin immédiat de certains des terrains ci-haut mentionnés quelle détient ainsi par permis et en a rétrocédé à la Couronne pour le Dominion une superficie de 281 acres.

Le ministre recommande que le dit permis d'occupation soit modifié en conséquence.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[3021]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 7e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

Attendu que l'église dite " Baptist Union of Western Canada " a demandé la concession pour les fins d'une église d'un acre de terrain compris dans l'angle sud-ouest de la subdivision légale 4 de la section 6, township 72, rang 4, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, dans la province d'Alberta ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain demandé étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur.

A ces causes il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église un acre de terrain compris dans l'angle sud-ouest de la subdivision légale 4, section 6, township 72, rang 4, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, dans la province d'Alberta, et d'en autoriser la concession à l'Eglise dite " Baptist Union of Western Canada" pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2979]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 4 décembre 1911, M. Gustav Julseth a obtenu l'inscription de homestead et de préemption de la moitié ouest de la section 7, township 32, rang 2, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, et qu'après avoir fait douze mois de résidence, il fut atteint de la tuberculose et est depuis retourné en Norvège son pays natal, où il a suivi un traitement médical depuis l'année 1913. A l'appui de ce qui précède, la déclaration d'une autorité médicale a éte soumise au Département de l'Intérieur représentant que suivant toute apparence M. Julseth ne recouvrera jamais la santé et ne sera jamais en état de revenir au Canada pour y compléter ses obligations de résidence. Relativement aux autres obligations de l'inscrit, il est établi que M. Julseth a a un frère qui exploite une ferme dans les environs et qui a entrepris de faire les améliorations nécessaires. Il a été établi que 175 acres de la demi-section ont été mis en culture et qu'une maison de la valeur de $100 y a été érigée.

Le ministre recommande, par conséqueut, qu'en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, 1908, cet inscrit soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence en rapport avec ladite demi-section et que patente lui en soit délivrée sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de l'inscription ont été remplies et que la préemption a été payée en conformité de la loi.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir les positions suivantes dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

1. Une position dans le ministère du Travail, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Dans l'accomplissement de ses fonctions, le titulaire aura à faire des études et des enquêtes sur l'emploi et les conditions de vie des femmes et enfants ouvriers au Canada et à aider dans l'administration de toute loi règlementant les prix futurs. Les candidats doivent être des femmes ayant les aptitudes suivantes: être graduées d'une université autorisée, de préférence avec une instruction spéciale en économie politique, et avec une expérience assez étendue dans le genre d'occupations mentionnées ci-dessus pour justifier une nomination dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division.

2. Un aide-chimiste dans la division de la préparation mécanique des minerais et de la métallurgie du département des Mines, dans la subdivision A de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,600 par année. Les aspirants doivent être gradués en chimie d'une université autorisée et doivent avoir eu, depuis qu'ils ont été gradués, beaucoup d'expérience dans l'analyse chimique des minerais, des métaux et des alliages ferrugineux.

3. Un traducteur au Ministère du Commerce et de l'Industrie, dans la subdivision B de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,300 par année. Cette position sera remplie par examen de concours sur les sujets suivants : orthographe française, composition française, traduction du français à l'anglais et traduction de l'anglais au français. Avis du lieu et de la date de l'examen sera donné à tous les aspirants aussitôt qu'ils seront connus.

4. Un sténographe officiel aux Débats du Sénat du Canada, dans la subdivision B de la première division, au traitement initial de $2,100 par année. Les aspirants doivent être de très habiles sténographes, capables de prendre les débats du Sénat et de les transcrire d'une façon intelligente en anglais et en français.

Les formules de demande dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 18 décembre prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 23 novembre 1916. 22–4

International Manufacturing Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 28e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation John Alton Harris, Rufus Lenoir Patterson, Alfred Otto Hoyt et James Augustine McCann, manufacturiers, tous de la cité de New-York, dans l'Etat de New-York, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, et Wilford Justom Hawkins, manufacturier de la cité de Montclair. dans l'Etat du New-Jersey, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants et négociants de pièces d'artillerie, armes portatives, armes à feu, obus explosifs, cartouches et fusées et toutes leurs parties, ferrures et accessoires ainsi que toutes espèces de matériaux, machinerie et appareils nécessaires ou utiles pour la production de tels articles, exercer l'industrie de maîtres de forges, propriétaires de charbonnages, mineurs, fondeurs de fer, cuivre et autres métaux, machineries, fabricants d'outils, tréfileurs, fabricants de tuyaux, métallurgistes, ouvriers en métaux, ajusteurs, constructeurs de moulins, selliers, fabricants de boîtes d'emballage, galvaniseurs, laqueurs, électro-platers, émailleurs, et toutes autres spécialités industrielles ordinairement et commodément en rapport avec toute industrie préparant ou finissant ces articles pour la vente ou pour des fins auxiliaires ou pour les fins de l'industrie susdite ou comme industries indépendantes pour des fins de profit;

(*b*) Manufacturer en tout ou en partie toutes marchandises, substances, machines, outils, articles, appareils ou choses pour la fabrication ou pour tout procédé de fabrication pour lesquels l'outillage, la machinerie et la propriété de la compagnie peuvent de temps à autre être disponibles ou convenables ;

(*c*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*d*) Faire enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes suivant les lois de ces pays étrangers pour représenter cette compagnie et accepter la signification de pièces pour et au nom de la compagnie dans tout procès ou litige ;

(*e*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, pouvant être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir et assumer en tout ou partie les affaires, propriété, biens ou engagements d'aucune personne, ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de la compagnie;

(*g*) Garantir, souscrire, acheter ou autrement acquérir et détenir, comme principaux ou agents, et absolument comme propriétaires ou comme garantie collatérale ou autrement disposer et trafiquer d'obligations ou débentures, stocks, actions et autres valeurs de tout gouvernement ou corporation municipale ou scolaire ou d'aucune banque charterée ou d'aucune compagnie ou compagnies association ou associations publiques ou privées et pendant la possessions d'aucune des valeurs ci-dessus exercer tous les droits, pouvoirs et privilèges de propriétaires, y compris le droit de vote en vertu du stock détenu et possédé par la compagnie;

(*h*) Aider à la promotion, organisation, développement, gérance de toute corporation ou compagnie, lever et aider à lever des fonds aucune autre compagnie ou corporation, ou les aider au moyen d'obligations, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement et offrir en souscription publique aucunes actions, stock, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation ;

(*i*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir des brevets, brevets d'invention, octrois, baux, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif, non-exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*j*) Emettre et répartir des actions libérées de la compagnie incorporée par les présentes en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété mobilière ou immobilière, propriété, droits, bail, affaires, franchise, entreprise, pouvoirs, privilèges, licences, concession, stock, obligations, débentures et autres droits de propriété qu'elle peut légalement acquérir en vertu des pouvoirs octroyés par les présentes et les payer pour le tout ou aucune partie d'iceux en obligations et débentures de la compagnie ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, pourvu que la compagnie ne puisse vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de ses propriétés et entreprise, comme un tout, sans l'approbation écrite ou le vote des deux tiers en valeur des actions communes émises par la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de " International Manufacturing Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de un million de dollars, divisé en 10,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 30e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat

The Canadian Bottlers Association, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 29e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Oscar Gagnon et Léopold Choquette, avocats, Joseph Ernest Rainville, Ernest Boulais et Albert Ménard, agents, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes —

(*a*) Acheter, vendre et manufacturer des boissons douces ou alcooliques ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre et échanger des bouteilles, tonneaux, siphons, bidons, caisses, boîtes, accessoires pour emballage et autres récipients neufs ou d'occasion ainsi que des caisses et paniers à claire-voie, des cylindres et barils ;

(*c*) Promouvoir la protection et les privilèges des manufacturiers, marchands, négociants, embouteilleurs, dont les noms, marques de fabrique ou autres signes de convention apparaissent sur les bouteilles, tonneaux, siphons, bidons, caisses, boîtes, accessoires pour emballage, barils et autres récipients en promouvant la coopération des parties employant des bouteilles estampées ou autres tel que susdit ;

(*d*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ce qui précède ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur on rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir tout ou partie des affaires, propriété, engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la dite compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou dans laquelle est peut-être intéressée ou qui peut détenir des marchandises ayant des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et autres privilèges de

toute espèce conférant un privilège exclusif ou non exclusif d'utiliser tout secret ou information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra convenir aux objets de la corporation ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée avantageuse, directement ou indirectement, les utiliser, exercer, développer en permettre l'usage, associés avec d'autres actionnaires en dehors de la dite compagnie, ou autrement tirer le meilleur parti des privilèges et informations ainsi acquis ;

(*g*) Conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les avantages communs, les concessions réciproques avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant de s'engager dans aucun commerce ou genre d'affaires pouvant être, directement ou indirectement exercer avec avantage ou profit ;

(*h*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir, ou échanger pour d'autres actions d'aucune autre compagnie dont les objets peuvent être, en tout ou en partie, similaires à ceux de la présente corporation ou exerçant une industrie pouvant, directement ou indirectement convenir aux objets de cette compagnie ;

(*i*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, louer ou échanger ou autrement acquérir aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, droit ou privilège que la compagnie peut juger nécessaires ou convenables aux objets de son commerce et acheter, échanger ou vendre des distilleries de liqueurs ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Canadian Bottlers Association, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 30e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Wax and Glassine Paper Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Robert Abercrombie Pringle, Thomas Anderson Burgess et Louis Côté, avocats, Robert Hatfield Pringle, courtier en douane, et Mary Ida Keays, sténographe, tous de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses spécialités l'industrie de manufacturiers et négoliants en billes, bois, pâte de bois, papier et tous autres articles et matériaux dans lesquels entre le bois et desquels il constitue une partie ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, bail, location, échange ou autrement, détenir des terres, limites ou licences forestières, lots de grève, privilèges hydrauliques, pouvoirs hydrauliques et intérêts dans iceux et bâtir sur, développer ou autrement les améliorer et utiliser ;

(*c*) Acheter, acquérir, louer, posséder, ériger, équiper et maintenir des usines et manufactures comme il pourra en être jugé opportun dans l'intérêt de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acquérir et assumer tout ou partie de la propriété commerciale et engagements de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, brevets d'invention, marques de fabrique, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra de nature à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir des actions dans aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Emettre et répartir des actions libérées du capital-stock de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel de toute propriété foncière ou personnelle, droits et concessions achetés ou acquis par la compagnie ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Wax and Glassine Paper Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de deux cent vingt-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 2,250 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de Cookshire, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Israel & Oppenheimer (Canada), Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 23e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, conseil du Roi, de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec et Charles Albert Hale et Auguste Angers, avocats et Harry Fiedler, agents de manufacture, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses spécialités l'industrie de manufacturiers, commerçants et négociants d'effets, articles et marchandises de tous genres et spécialement manufacturer, acheter, importer, exporter et trafiquer de toutes espèces de nouveautés, articles de fantaisie, tissus, merceries, bottes, souliers et autres articles en cuir, tapis, porcelaine, draps et confections de tous genres, modes, vaisselle, verrerie, quincaillerie, bijouterie, menus articles, jouets et vêtements de tous genres et description ainsi que tous autres articles et choses capables d'être employés en rapport avec leur fabrication et leur vente ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement et assumer tout ou partie de l'entreprise, affaires, propriété, biens ou engaments d'aucune personne, société ou compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en actions ou autres valeurs de la compagnie entièrement ou partiellement libérées et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, payer de la même manière pour tous services rendus à la compagnie en rapport avec son organisation ou la conduite de ses affaires ou autrement ;

(*d*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, l'amalgamation, la consolidation, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, la gérance des affaires de la compagnie ou autres arrangements de même nature avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie semblable à celle de la compagnie, prendre telles mesures et procédés et faire toutes choses nécessaires ou utiles pour exercer et donner effet à tels arrangements ou à aucun d'eux ;

(*e*) Lever, aider à lever des fonds, aider par voie de bonus, prêt, promesse, endossement, garantie d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs ou autrement, toute personne, compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de la compagnie et garantir l'exécution des contrats par aucune telle compagnie, corporation ou par aucune autre personne ou personnes avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations d'affaires ;

(*f*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acquérir, détenir et disposer d'actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs émises par aucune personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des propriétés mobilières, immobilières, foncières ou personnelles de tous genres et nature pouvant convenir aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir toutes marques de fabrique, tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit excluif, non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser aucun secret ou autre forme d'information pouvant être de nature à être employée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition semble, directement ou indirectement devoir être avantageuse à cette compagnie ; les utiliser, exploiter, développer, en octroyer des licences, ou autrement mettre à profit les propriétés, droits, intérêts ou informations ainsi acquis ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer, ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation et à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie les objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Distribuer entre les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, toute propriété de la compagnie, et en particulier les actions, débentures ou autres valeurs que la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*k*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses susdites comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, et seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*l*) Faire généralement telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent ;

(*m*) Les pouvoirs et fins de la compagnie seront supposés distinctes et non dépendant l'un de l'autre, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard à aucun autre d'eux et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée en la comporant à toute autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Israël & Oppenheimer, (Canada), Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de nevembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
24-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

Universal Asbestos Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1916, désigué *Lois des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 23e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Harry Redfern Fraser, conseil du Roi, Frederick Samuel Rugg, avocat, Harriet Maud Terrill, comptable, Cora May Coombs et Martha Orvilla Conner, sténographes, tous de la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de mineurs, broyeurs et manufacturiers, marchands et négociants d'amiante, amiante en poudre, amiante en fibres et tous ses produits et sous-produits ;

(*b*) Acheter, manufacturer ou acquérir autrement, posséder, détenir, traiter, vendre, céder, transférer ou autrement disposer de toutes sortes d'articles, effets et marchandises appartenant de quelque manière ou se rattachant à la dite industrie ; exercer l'industrie de manufacturiers et marchands de toutes sortes d'appareils, inventions, découvertes, outils, mécanismes, accessoires, procédés et choses qui peuvent être utiles en rapport avec la fabrication de l'un des articles quelconques ci-dessus mentionnés, et extraire, travailler, manufacturer et préparer pour la vente d'aucune manière et par un procédé quelconque tous minéraux ou produits métalliques ou chimiques ou autres produits et en faire le commerce ;

(*c*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer ou licencier par droits régaliens ou autrement, détenir, posséder, utiliser, exploiter, introduire, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer d'aucune ou de toutes marques de fabrique, marques de commerce, marques spéciales, droits d'auteur, droits de brevets et inventions, améliorations et procédés employés en rapport ou obtenus en vertu de lettres patentes du Dominion du Canada ou ailleurs ou autrement, les employer, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir aucune telles marques de fabrique, marques de commerce, brevets, licences, concessions, procédés et choses de même nature ou tous autres droits de propriété et informations ainsi acquis et cela avec l'idée de les exploiter et développer ;

(*d*) Acquérir par achat, concessions, échange ou autrement, construire, ériger, exploiter, maintenir, gérer des fabriques, ateliers, magasins, dépôts, ateliers de construction et autres structures et bâtiments nécessaires à son industrie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire ou utile à la réalisation d'aucune des fins de la compagnie, les louer, vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*e*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, alliée aux fins et objets mentionnés dans les présentes et que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir de toute ou aucune des propriétés, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges détenus par aucune personne ou maison, ou par aucune compagnie ou compagnies exerçant une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer, soit en son nom ou au nom d'aucune autre personne, maison ou compagnie et payer pour telle propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*g*) Se consolider ou s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ; acquérir par achat, location ou autrement les biens, franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune telle corporatton, en assumer le passif ; les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Promouvoir ou aider à promouvoir ou devenir actionnaire d'aucune compagnie subsidiaire, alliée ou autre maison ou personne exerçant ou ayant pour ses fins d'exercer une industrie en tout ou partie similaire à celle de cette compagnie, conclure des arrangements pour le partage des profits, l'union des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autre avec toute personne ou compagnie, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir les actions et valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie, et les payer en totalité ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, les détenir, vendre, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, intérêts et dividendes, ou autrement en disposer ;

(*i*) Acquérir l'achalandage, biens, droits, actif et assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la compagnie, ou exerçant une industrie semblables à celle conduite par la compagnie, et les payer en espèces ou valeurs de la présente compagnie ou autrement ;

(*j*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété, droits, franchises et des entreprises de la compagnie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la présente compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*k*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis en telles valeurs et de telle manière qu'il en sera déterminé de temps à autre ;

(*l*) Aider d'aucune manière et garantir les obligations de toute compagnie dont aucune des actions du capital stock, obligations ou autres engagements sont détenus ou sont d'aucune manière garantie par cette compagnie et faire tous actes ou choses pour la préservation, protection, amélioration et augmentation de la valeur d'aucunes telles actions du capital-stock, obligations et autres engagements et faire tous actes et choses pouvant augmenter la valeur et la propriété d'aucune telle compagnie ; garantir et assumer les engagements d'aucune compagnie, maison ou personne endettée envers cette compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Universal Asbestos Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Sherbrooke, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

24-2

Commercial Building Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 5e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation George Vipond Cousins, Nathaniel Rennie Curry et Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, avocats, Darley Burleigh Smith, gérant, et Dorothy Dance, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir comme placement ou pour revendre, détenir absolument comme propriétaires ou autrement, et vendre à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables, trafiquer de terres, maisons, bâtiments et autres propriétés mobilières et immobilières et aucuns intérêts dans iceux, créer, vendre et disposer de terrains à bail ou en franc alleu, et généralement disposer et trafiquer par vente, location, échanger ou autrement de terres, bâtiments, immeubles et aucune autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière ; exercer en général le commerce d'une agence d'immeubles, y compris les travaux d'enquêtes, évaluations, ventes, échanges, baux, subdivisions et choses de même nature ;

(*b*) Développer et faire valoir aucune terre acquise par la compagnie ou dans laquelle elle est intéressée, en particulier en la disposant et la préparant pour des fins de construction ou autrement, en construisant, modifiant, démolissant, décorant, entretenant, meublant, aménageant et améliorant les édifices, de toute espèce, et en plantant, pavant, égouttant, affermant, cultivant, en les louant par bail ou convention commerciale, en avançant des fonds ou en prenant part à des contracts et arrangements de tous genres avec des constructeurs, entrepreneurs, locataires ou autres ;

(*c*) Construire, ériger, bâtir, réparer et modifier des batiments et autres structures, acheter, posséder, détenir, vendre, louer et disposer de batiments de tous genres et descriptions, et de la pierre, chaux, briques, bois, quincaillerie et autres matériaux ou articles employés dans la construction ;

(*d*) Faire ou conclure aucun arrangement ou convention pour le pavage, macadamisage, nivellement, nettoyage ou arrosage des rues ou routes et pour la construction, ouverture et réfection des conduites, citernes, drains, égouts ou rues ;

(*e*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement assumer tout ou partie des affaires, propriété ou engagements de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations, débentures, actions libérées ou autres valeurs de la compagnie;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement ou prendre les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer ou d'entreprendre une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer;

(*g*) Emettre et répartir des actions libérées de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune industrie, franchise, entreprise, propriété, droit, pouvoir, privilège, bail, licence ou contrat que la compagnie est autorisée d'acquérir ;

(*h*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie;

(*i*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec tout gouvernement, autorité locale ou municipale ou avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou entreprendre une industrie ou transaction que la dite compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à profiter directement ou indirectement à la présente compagnie ; garantir les contrats, avec ou sans cautionnement prêter des fonds ou aider autrement toute telle personne ou compagnie entreprendre de construire sur ou d'améliorer aucune propriété dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée ;

(*j*) Garantir le paiement de fonds garantis ou payables en vertu d'obligations, actions, contrats, mortgages, charges, engagements ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou entreprise ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucun gouvernement, ou autorité, fédéral, provincial, municipal, local ou autre qui sembleront utiles aux objets de la compagnie ou à aucun d'eux ;

(*l*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non inmédiatement requis en telles valeurs et de telle manière qui pourra en être déterminée de temps en temps ;

(*m*) Distribuer en espèces, parmi ses actionnaires aucun des biens de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, entrepreneurs ou fondés de pouvoir ;

(*o*) Faire toutes choses utiles ou nécessaires pour atteindre aucun des objets ci-dessus ;

(*p*) Les pouvoirs octroyés dans chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront aucunement limités ou restreients par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ou par induction ou déduction des noms de la compagnie ;

(*q*) Remunerer aucune personne, maison ou corporation pour la vente ou le placement d'aucune action ou actions du capital-actions de la compagnie en payant à toute telle personne, maison ou corporation une commission ou commissions ;

(*r*) Assumer, prendre, conclure aucun contract, agrement ou entreprise se rapportant ou reliés à aucune des catégories d'affaires que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou qui, antérieurement à l'incorporation de la compagnie ont été faites ou entreprises par aucune personne, maison ou corporation agissant comme fidéicommissaire ou fidéicommissaires en vertu d'aucun fiidéicommis créé en vue de l'incorporation de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Commercial Building Company ,Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal,dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 6e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY.
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

25-2

Winnipeg & Transcona Realty Company, Limited—Compagnie Immobilière de Winnipeg & Transcona, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désignée *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'État du Canada, des lettres patentes supplémentaires en date du 13ième jour de décembre 1916, augmentant le capital de la "Winnipeg & Transcona Realty Company, Limited," "Compagnie Immobilière de Winnipeg & Transcona, Limitée," de la somme de quatre-vingt-dix-neuf mille dollars à celle de cent quarante-neuf mille dollars, consistant en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie de manière à inclure les fins et objets suivants :—

(*a*) Emettre de ses fonds pour l'achat d'actions d'autres corporations faisant un genre d'affaires en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la compagnie, et aussi notamment, de souscrire, acquérir, détenir, échanger et revendre, soit comme principal ou soit comme agent, des parts ou actions et autres valeurs quelconques dans toutes compagnies légalement constituées et autorisées, faisant un genre d'affaires en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la compagnie;

(*b*) Se fusionner avec toutes autres compagnies ayant des pouvoirs en tout ou en partie de même nature que ceux de la compagnie, ou exploitant un genre d'affaires se rapprochant de celui de la compagnie;

(*c*) Cultiver et autrement exploiter les terrains de la compagnie susdite ou partie d'iceux;

(*d*) Distribuer à ses actionnaires, en nature ou autrement, les propriétés de cette compagnie, actions, débentures ou valeurs quelconques dont elle pourra disposer;

(*e*) Exercer tous autres pouvoirs découlant de ceux ci-dessus mentionnés.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 13e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Anglo-Canadian Fisheries, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désignée *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 30e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Richard Tuson Heneker et Henry Noël Chauvin, tous deux conseil du Roi, Harold Earle Walker et John Noël Beauchamp, avocats, et Hugh Wylie, teneur de livres, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de pêcheurs et l'industrie de la pêche, y compris entre autres choses, la pêche, le marinage, le séchage, le fumage, la préservation, la mise en conserves, l'emballage, l'importation, l'exportation, l'achat, la vente et autre disposition du poisson et des produits du poisson de toute description, leurs huiles, fertilisants et autres sous-produits, des huîtres, homards et toutes espèces de mollusques, pêcher, acheter, emmagasiner, vendre, distribuer de la boitte et des poissons de toute description, frais, salés ou gelés, s'engager dans et exercer l'industrie des conserves en boîte, du marinage et de l'emballage du homard, pêcher, acheter, vendre, emballer. mariner, mettre en conserves le homard et le poisson;

(*b*) Acheter, louer et autrement acquérir et posséder des terres quelles qu'en soient la description et la situation, des lots de grève, des droits et privilèges de quaiage, des droits de pêche, de pêche à la traul et à la seine et autres servitudes, droits et privilèges quels qu'ils soient ;

(*c*) Construire ou autrement acquérir, exploiter, contrôler, gérer, louer et disposer de ;

1° Chalutiers, bateaux et appareils de pêche, remorqueurs, bateaux, chalands, allèges, navires, bateaux à vapeur et autres vaisseaux de toute description, quais, bassins, jetées, rampes et travaux pour l'amélioration de la navigation et l'exercice de la pêche, de la pêche à la baleine et autres opérations, aussi des structures, appareils et équipements pour des fins de pêche, de pêche à la baleine, pêche à la seine et à traul ou la pêche au phoque ou pour la manutention de leur trafic sous toutes ses formes et descriptions ;

2° Usines, magasins, entrepôts, établissements de pisiculture, ateliers, entrepôts frigorifiques, bâtiments et outillage pour la réfrigération, hangars, bureaux, structures, outillage, appareils, équipement, machinerie pour le nettoyage, le marinage, la mise en conserves, l'emballage, l'emmagasinage, la manutention ou autres dispositions des produits et sous-produits de la pêche et des pêcheries de toute description ou pour les opérations de la pêche à la baleine et au phoque ou de toute autre opération exercée occasionnellement par la compagnie ;

3. Moulins, machinerie, ateliers, fabriques, usines, appareils, équipement de toute description pour la manutention, fabrication ou vente de tous produits ou sous-produits provenant des opérations de la compagnie ou d'aucune combinaison de tels produits ou sous-produits avec toute autre matière ou chose quelle qu'elle soit ;

4. Réservoirs, barrages, aqueducs, canaux, flumes, drains, ponts, chemins et tous autres travaux, appareils et équipement se rapportant à ce qui précède.

5. Usines de force motrice, outillage, machinerie, équipement et usines pour la production, distribution et utilisation d'aucune espèce de pouvoir pour l'éclairage, le chauffage ou aucune autre fin ;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer de bidons, barils, boîtes, emballages et autres réceptacles pouvant contenir des produits alimentaires ; manufacturer, vendre et trafiquer de tous produits de toute description, exercer toute industrie ou indnstrie subsidiaires, auxiliaires au similaires aux industries mentionnées dans ces sous paragraphes que la compagnie jugera opportun d'exercer pour les aider ou pour les remplacer ;

(*e*) Manufacturer et trafiquer de fertilisants et glue provenant des poissons, raffiner les huiles obtenues des poissons ;

(*f*) Acheter, vendre et faire le sauvetage des vaisseaux naufragés de toutes sortes, leurs matériaux, appareils et cargaison, posséder et employer des bateaux à vapeur pour sauvetage, des allèges, pompes et autres appareils de sauvetage ;

(*g*) Récolter, fabriquer, acheter, vendre et distribuer de la glace en gros et en détail ;

(*h*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir, tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif, non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser aucun secret ou autre information se rapportant à aucune invention pouvant être de nature à être employée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition semble, directement ou indirectement devoir être avantageuse à cette compagnie ; les utiliser, exploiter, développer, en octroyer des licences, ou autrement mettre à profit les propriétés, droits, intérêts ou informations ainsi acquis ;

(*j*) S'amalgamer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autremeut avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*k*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*l*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité, municipale, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités les licences, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, exécuter, détenir, exploiter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements ;

(*m*) Etablir, soutenir et aider à l'établissement et au soutien d'associations, institutions, fonds, fidéi-commis, et commodités de nature à profiter aux employés ou ex-employés de la compagnie ou de ses prédécesseurs en affaires, ou les personnes qui dépendent ou sont apparentées à ces employés ou ex-employés, et accorder des pensions et allocations, et faire des paiements dans un but d'assurance, et souscrire ou garantir des deniers pour des fins de charité ou de bienfaisance ou pour toute exposition ou pour toutes fins publiques, générales ou utiles ;

(*n*) Promouvoir toute compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir toutes ou aucune des propriétés et engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera de nature à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*o*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses affaires et en particulier des machineries, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*p*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, exploiter, gérer, conduire, contrôler aucuns chemins, routes, embranchements, voies d'évitement, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau dans des installations de force motrice, quais, manufactures, entrepôts, usines électriques pour le développement et la distribution de l'énergie électrique pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et autres fins, ateliers, magasins, et autres travaux et commodités qui pourront être directement ou indirectement de nature à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie et contribuer, subventionner ou autrement aider ou prendre part à leur construction, amélioration, entretien, exploitation, gérance, exécution ou contrôle, vendre et distribuer tout excédent de pouvoir électrique non requis pour les fins de la compagnie, sujet aux règlements locaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*q*) Acquérir et assumer tout ou partie de l'industrie, propriété, achalandage et biens d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie et, comme partie de la compensation pour telles acquisitions, assumer tous ou aucun des engagements de telle personne, maison ou compagnie;

(*r*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou immobilière, services, droits, baux, affaires, franchises, entreprises, pouvoirs, privilèges, licences ou concessions que cette compagnie peut légalement acquérir, et en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable ou se rapportant à l'industrie de cette compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*s*) Rémunérer, avec le consentement des actionnaires, toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant au placement ou en garantissant le placement de toutes parts du capital de la compagnie, ou d'aucunes débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie relativement à la formation ou à la promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*t*) Développer, faire valoir aucune terre acquise par la compagnie ou dans laquelle elle est intéressée et en particulier en la disposant et la préparant pour des fins de culture et de construction, en construisant, modifiant, démolissant, décorant, entretenant, aménageant et améliorant des édifices et commodités, en plantant, pavant, égoutant, affermant, cultivant, louant sur des baux ou sur des contrats de construction ;

(*u*) Distribuer parmi les membres, par dividendes ou autrement, aucune des propriétés de la compagnie en espèces ou en nature et particulièrement les actions libérées, débentures, ou débentures-stock d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*v*) Tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque des présentes, ne sera ni limité, ni restreint par induction ou déduction de tout autre paragraphe ;

(*w*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter, émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables et transférables;

(*x*) Vendre ou disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie;

(*y*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, par l'achat et l'exposition de travaux d'art ou d'intérêt, la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons;

(*z*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Anglo-Canadian Fisheries, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante mille dollars, divisé en 400 actions de cent dollars chacune et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de Montréal, dans la pro-vince de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

25–2

Lytle Engineering Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 30e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan, sténographe, Herbert William Jackson et Michael Joseph O'Brien, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, faire des contrats et trafiquer de toutes espèces de fournitures pour les ingénieurs et les usines, exercer l'industrie de fondeurs de fer, fondeurs de cuivre, ingénieurs-mécaniciens, électriciens et hydrauliciens, fabricants de presses, ouvriers en métaux, fabricants de locomotives et de chaudières, constructeurs de moulins, métallurgistes, convertisseurs de fer et d'acier, forgerons, ouvriers en bois, constructeurs, peintres, machinistes ; vendre, acheter, manufacturer, réparer, convertir, modifier, prendre et donner en location et disposer de machinerie, instruments, matériel roulant, outils et quincaillerie de tous genres ;

(*b*) Pour les fins susdites exercer l'industrie de l'extraction, fonte, manipulation, essaie, affinage, concentration, bocardage, reduction, précipitation, vaporisation, analyse, achat et vente de tous genres de minéraux, minerais, métaux et exercer généralement l'industrie d'une compagnie d'extraction, réduction, affinage et bocardage dans toutes ses spécialités ; exercer le commerce ou l'industrie de propriétaires de charbonnages, fabricants de coke, peintures et broyeurs de couleurs, marchands de couleurs et d'huiles, fabricants et négociants de ciments, huiles, pigments, vernis et autres préparations chimiques et industrielles de toutes descriptions dans toutes leurs branches respectives;

(*c*) Manufacturer, installer et disposer d'aucune ou de toutes espèces de matériel roulant, appareils, équipement, effets, articles et marchandises, vaisseaux, locomotives, locomobiles, et autres machines à vapeur, moteurs et appareils électriques étant employés de quelque manière que ce soit dans le transport des personnes ou des biens ; manufacturer, vendre des chassis et roues de wagon et toutes ou aucune partie de chassis de wagons, de wagons et tous leurs accessoires ainsi que tous les équipements, accessoires et spécialités pour wagons et chemins de fer;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, trafiquer de quincaillerie pour machines agricoles, instruments et outils pour l'agriculture, instruments de tous genres et descriptions et toute autre espèce de machinerie, menus instruments et quincaillerie, exercer également l'industrie d'une agence générale pour les manufacturiers de fournitures et de spécialités de quincaillerie ;

(*e*) Faire, batir, construire, exploiter, entretenir tous travaux publics ou privés, entreprises, constructions et opérations, exercer généralement l'industrie d'un entrepreneur privé et public ;

(*f*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profirable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement tout ou partie de toute propriété foncière nécessaire aux entreprises de la compagnie, y bâtir, ériger, construire, entretenir et exploiter des magasins, fabriques, entrepôts et autres bâtiments;

(*h*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement ou assumer tout ou partie des biens, affaires, propriétés ou engagements d'aucune personne, maison on compagnie exerçant une industrie en tont ou en partie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie;

(*i*) Payer pour les biens, affaires, propriétés ou droits acquis par la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou à rendre à la compagnie, en espèces ou en actions libérées ou en aucune valeur que la compagnie a le pouvoir d'émettre, ou partie d'une manière et partie d'une autre ou d'autres, et généralement à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie pourra déterminer;

(*j*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété de l'entreprise et des biens de la compagnie pour telle compensation et a tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*l*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucun gouvernement, autorité municipale ou locale ou avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou entreprendre une industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie ; et garantir les contrats avec ou sans cautionnement, ou prêter des fonds ou aider autrement toute telle personne ou compagnie ou toute personne ou compagnie entreprenant de construire ou d'améliorer toute propriété dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée ;

(*m*) Distribuer en espèces parmi les actionnaires, par voie de dividendes, boni ou d'aucune manière jugée opportune, toute propriété de la compagnie ou tout produit de la vente ou de la disposition d'aucune propriété de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Exercer, faire aucune des affaires, actes et choses, ci-dessus mentionnés comme principaux, agents ou par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointment avec un autre ou d'autres ;

(*o*) Faire tout ce qui sera nécessaire, convenable ou à propos pour l'accomplissement de l'une ou plusieurs des fins ou permettant d'atteindre un ou plusieurs des objets ci-dessus énumérés ;

(*q*) L'intention est que les objets spécifiés dans les clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*) et (*g*) des présentes soient des objets indépendants, et ne soient aucunement limités ou restreints par déduction ou induction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ou du nom de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Lyttle Engineering Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Wood Bros., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 1er jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Gerald Baxter Wood, marchand et Charles Albert Hale, avocat, tous deux de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, conseil du Roi, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, et Archibald Frederick Wood, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba, marchand, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de marchands en gros et en détail, manufacturiers et exportateurs de papiers peints, peintures, vernis, huiles, glue, jute, meubles, couvertures pour meubles, marchandises pour tapissiers, rideaux, tapis, carpettes, tableaux, cadres, moulures, accessoires, métaux, platre solide et fibreux, pierre artificielle et toute autre marchandise ou commodité nécessaire ou généralement employée dans les décorations extérieures et l'ameublement des maisons, bureaux, batiments et constructions de tous genres, agir comme agent et négociants dans telles spécialités et comme entrepreneurs généraux dans l'industrie de la décoration extérieure ;

(*b*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et assumer tout ou partie des biens, affaires, propriétés, privilèges, contrats, droits, engagements, obligations de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer, ou aucune industrie semblable, ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de la compagnie ou qu'elle a, par les présentes, le pouvoir d'acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, les payer en espèces ou en actions de la compagnie complètement ou partiellement libérées non sujettes à appels de fonds, ou des deux manières, ou d'aucune autre manière que ce soit ;

(*c*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir et détenir, employer (sur bail, licence ou autrement), exercer, développer, introduire, vendre, céder, louer ou autrement disposer ou faire valoir tous brevets, marques de fabrique, inventions, droits d'auteur, perfectionnements, procédés, concessions et choses de même nature utiles pour les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Vendre, louer, échanger, faire valoir ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de tout ou partie des propriétés, biens de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, y compris des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette ou d'aucune autre compagnie, et distribuer parmi ses actionnaires tous deniers, valeurs ou autre compensation ainsi reçus ;

(*e*) Nonobstant l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acquérir, détenir, vendre et autrement disposer d'actions ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant pour aucun de ses objets l'exercice d'aucun des pouvoirs de cette compagnie, et s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*f*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, avec toute personne, maison ou corporation exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, faire des avances de fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider telle personne ou compagnie ou aucun des clients de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Payer pour toute propriété, droits ou privilèges acquis ou, avec l'approbations des actionnaires, pour services rendus à la compagnie par l'émission d'actions du capital-stock de cette compagnie complètement ou partiellement libérées et non sujettes à appel de fonds ;

(*h*) Exercer toute autre industrie manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec son industrie qui semblera directement ou indirectement de nature à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou droits de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Payer toutes les dépenses se rapportant à l'obtention de la charte d'incorporation ou aux formalités de l'organisation de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Faire aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs, gérants, surveillants ou autrement ;

(*k*) Les pouvoirs, objets et fins de la compagnie ci-dessus mentionnés seront séparés et non dépendants les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Wood Bros, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 5e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

25-2

The Mooney Chocolate Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Eratus Edwin Howard & Jacob DeWitt, avocats, Harold Ernest Andrews Rose, étudiant en droit, Henry Charles McNeil, comptable et Hélène Burns, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :

(*a*) Manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, vendre, échanger et autrement trafiquer et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises de toutes descriptions;

(*b*) Souscrire, acheter ou autrement acquérir dn stock, des actions. obligations, débentures ou autres engagements ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, promouvoir ou s'amalgamer avec toute autre compagnie, individu ou maison, exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations ou en actions libérées de cette compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, et détenir, telle propriété mobilière ou immobilière jugée nécessaire et requise pour les fins des affaires de la compagnie y compris des magasins, entrepôts, ateliers de construction de machines, fonderies, quais, bassins et autres établissements, les ériger et construire là et quand il en sera jugé convenable ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie, en tout ou en partie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir des valeurs de toute espèce, foncières ou personnelles, pour dettes, engagements, et obligations de la compagnie en rapport avec ses fins et objets, améliorer, gérer, développer, vendre, louer ou disposer d'aucune des propriétés et droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Exercer ou promouvoir une compagnie exerçant aucune autre industrie, manufacture ou autre, alliée à aucun des objets ci-dessus spécifiés ;

(*h*) Exercer tous les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés comme principaux ou comme agents pour d'autres, à commission, en participation aux bénéfices ou autrement.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " The Mooney Chocolate Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent soixante-quinze mille dollars, divisé en 1,750 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

25-2

J. Einstein, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 5e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Charles Macpherson Holt, conseil du Roi, Errol Malcolm MacDougall et Pierre François Casgrain, avocats, John Buchanan Henderson, commis, et John Alden Aylen, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Prendre comme une industrie active l'industrie jusqu'à ce jour exercée dans la cité de Montréal et ailleurs en Canada, sous les noms et raison sociale de " J. Einstein, Inc," importateurs, et donner en compensation des actions libérées du capital-actions de la compagnie ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, importer, acheter, vendre, trafiquer de draps de tous genres, cuirs, soies et autres fournitures et tissus employés ou pouvant être employés dans la fabrication, vente, manipulation ou emploi des chaussures, accessoires et fournitures pour chaussures ; manufacturer, importer, acheter, vendre et disposer de tissus de tous genres et nature pour chaussures ; exercer l'industrie de l'importation, négoce, et fabrication d'aucun et de tous les accessoires utilisés, requis ou employés dans la fabrication et la production des chaussures ; acheter, vendre et disposer comme principaux, agents ou autrement d'aucun ou de tous tels accessoires, exercer en général un commerce d'importation et de marchandises et en particulier l'industrie de l'importation, de la manutention et de la disposition de tous les genres de tissus, articles, accessoires et marchandises se rapportant d'une manière quelconque à la fabrication des bottes, souliers et autres articles ;

(*c*) Exercer une industrie manufacturière et mercantile ; produire, acheter, vendre, disposer en rapport avec icelle, d'aucune et de toutes marchandises que, de temps à autre, la compagnie trouvera avantageuses, sans particulièrement définir, classer ou décrire les diverses espèces de fabrication qui seront faites et les marchandises qui seront achetées, vendues ou disposées comme susdit.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " J. Einstein, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 100 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 6e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

25-2

A. H. Chave & Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 5e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Archibald Henry Chave, de la ville de Woodlands, dans la province de Québec, marchand, Clifford LaRue Morham, marchand, Philipp Brais, étudiant, Clara Thomas et Ella Jackson, sténographes, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Couper, rentrer, traiter, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, exporter, importer et autrement trafiquer de bois de service, de charpente et de bois de tous genres et description, traiter, préparer, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, exporter, importer et généralement disposer d'articles de toutes espèces et description daus la fabrication désquels le bois est employé et dans toute espèce de meubles, agencement, meubles, fixes, machines, instruments, outils, crépins, commodités ou accessoires se rapportant en aucune manière aux choses ci-dessus ou à aucun des objets de la compagnie ; les préparer ainsi que tous tels autres articles pour le marché, exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de la fabrication et de la vente du bois de service, de charpente et de la pâte de bois ;

(*b*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des biens fonciers, terres, locations, droits de surface, limites forestières, terres boisées et terres à bois, lots de grève, droits de rivière, mines, droits miniers, droits du gouvernement, droits municipaux et autres, privilèges, franchises, servitudes, licences de tous genres ou aucun intérêt dans ces choses ; les explorer, travailler, exercer, opérer, vendre, disposer, échanger ou autrement en disposer ;

(*c*) Acquérir par bail, acheter, posséder et disposer de machinerie, instruments, commodités et choses capables d'être employées ou étant nécessaires ou utiles d'aucune manière à l'exercice des opérations ci-dessus mentionnées ; développer, accumuler, utiliser le pouvoir mécanique, hydraulique ou tout autre genre de force motrice pour les fins de cette entreprise ;

(*d*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, prendre l'industrie, entreprise, propriété, biens, franchises, achalandage, droits et privilèges de toute personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en actions libérées, obligations ou débentures de cette compagnie, ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou corporation, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer, en tout ou en partie, des affaires, entreprise, propriété, engagements, franchises et privilèges de cette compagnie à toute personne, maison ou corporation pour telle compensation et garantie que la compagnie jugera convenables, et particulièrement pour des actions, obligations, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune compagnie ayant des objets, en tout ou en partie, semblables, alliés ou se rapportant aux objets de cette compagnie et, sans limiter la généralité de ce qui précède, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acquérir, détenir, posséder et disposer des actions, obligations, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre corporation ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir et disposer de tous brevets d'invention, licences, concessions et chose de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de cette compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée être utile ou propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à l'exercice des objets pour lesquels l'incorporation est actuellement demandée ;

(*f*) Vendre tout ou partie de l'industrie par un vote de la majorité des actionnaires, conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, la consolidation, l'amalgamation, les concessions réciproques avec toute compagnie, maison, ou personne exerçant une industrie semblable ou alliée d'aucune manière aux objets de cette compagnie, aider en garantissant les contrats par cautionnement, endossement, prêt ou accommodation toute telle compagnie, maison ou personne ;

(*g*) Exercer aucune autre industrie que la compagnie jugera capable de pouvoir être convenablement exercée en rapport avec aucun des objets pour lesquels l'incorporation est maintenant demandée ou de nature, directement ou indirectement à faire avancer, profiter ou à étendre la portée et les intentions de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront limités ni restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "A. H. Chave & Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 6e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Macfarlane Shoe, Limited.

AVIS est donne au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat, du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 4e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Walter Seely Johnson, avocat, Frederick Wilson Fairman, agent financer, William Smith Wilson, comptable, et Sheila Mary Coates et Josie Edwards, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes:—

(*a*) Manufacturer, exporter, importer, acheter, vendre et autrement traiter, trafiquer et disposer de bottes, souliers, guêtres et de chaussures de toutes espèces et descriptions, et exercer généralement l'industrie de manufacturiers et de marchands ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter et généralement disposer de tous produits, matériaux, effets, articles, marchandises et autres choses entrant d'aucune manière dans la fabrication des bottes, souliers, guêtres et de toutes descriptions de chaussures, de leurs parties constituantes et de leurs accessoires ;

(*c*) Agir comme agents, marchands commissionnaires, courtiers et représentants d'autres compagnies, personnes ou entreprises exerçant une industrie semblable, engager ou s'arranger avec des sous-agents et correspondants pour ouvrir des salles d'échantillons et faire toutes autres choses utiles à telles fins ;

(*d*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acheter et acquérir de toute manière et posséder, détenir, avec ou sans garantie, les actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune corporation manufacturière ou autre, ou d'entreprise exerçant une industrie semblable à celle de cette compagnie ou les promouvoir, contribuer, subventionner ou autrement aider, s'amalgamer ou faire aucun arrangement pratique avec toute personne, compagnie ou entreprise exerçant aucune entreprise semblable, gérer, exploiter et conduire la propriété, entreprises et affaires d'aucune telle industrie, les acquérir y compris leur achalandage, droits, engagements et autres accessoires par achat, bail ou autrement ; émettre, répartir, délivrer comme libérées et non sujettes à appels les actions, débentures et autres valeurs de cette compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucunes valeurs, droits ou choses qu'elle peut acquérir et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en paiement total ou partiel pour tous services rendus à la compagnie en rapport avec sa promotion, organisation, ses affaires ou autrement ;

(*e*) Acheter, vendre, disposer ou autrement contrôler des brevets, acquérir et détenir des licences de brevets et droits de brevets, octroyer à d'autres telle licence ou licences, brevets et droits ; manufacturer, vendre et autrement trafiquer et disposer d'aucun article breveté, appareil ou machinerie que la compagnie peut posséder

ou dans lesquels elle peut être intéressée ou qu'elle pourrait, plus tard, acquérir d'après et en vertu de tels brevets ou licences ;

(*f*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des des bénéfices, l'union des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne ou compagnie ou entreprise exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, et promouvoir, aider à promouvoir et devenir actionnaire ou participant dans aucune telle compagnie ou entreprise, en acheter ou acquérir les actions et valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, les détenir, vendre, réémettre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*g*) Faire des avances, garantir les obligations, les contrats ou autrement aider de toute manière toute compagnie dont les actions du capital-stock, obligations ou autres engagements sont, en tout ou en partie, détenus par cette compagnie ; faire tous les actes et choses pour préserver, améliorer, augmenter la valeur d'aucunes telles actions, obligations ou engagements, et, de la même manière, avancer des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute personne ou compagnie ayant des engagements commerciaux avec la compagnie ou lui étant endettée ;

(*h*) Acquérir l'achalandage, la propriété, droits et biens, assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison, corporation ou entreprise endettée en vers la compagnie ou faisant des affaires semblables à celles que la compagnie fait, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, en obligations ou en actions, ou en actions complètement libérées et non sujettes a appels de fonds ou en valeurs de cette compagnie ou autrement ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie de ses biens, achalandage, droits et engagements de toute nature pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, y compris des actions, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie, et distribuer parmi ses actionnaires tous deniers, valeurs ou autre compensation ainsi reçus ;

(*j*) Payer toutes les dépenses se rapportant à l'obtention de la charte d'incorporation ou en rapport avec la formation et l'organisation de la compagnie, faire toutes choses utiles et nécessaires pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus, promouvoir toute compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir tout ou partie des entreprises, biens, droits ou engagements de cette compagnie ou pour toute autre fin qui semblera avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*k*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*l*) Prêter des fonds aux personnes ou compagnies ayant des relations avec la compagnie, placer et disposer des fonds ou biens non immédiatement requis pour les fins de la compagnie comme il pourra sembler opportun, placer des fonds pour le compte d'aucune autre compagnie ou individu et répondre de la garantie de tels placements ;

(*m*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité ou gouvernement municipal, local ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objects de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, subsides et autres bénéfices que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ; faire licencier, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes pour faire tels actes et choses nécessaires d'après les lois de tel pays pour représenter la compagnie et lui permettre d'exercer son industrie ou poursuivre ses affaires là et ailleurs ;

(*n*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, louer, vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de biens fonciers, terres, bâtiments ou autre propriété ou droits nécessaires ou utiles pour aucune des affaires de la compagnie, les payer totalement on partiellement en espèces, en obligations ou par une émission d'actions libérées non sujettes à des appels de fonds ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie ou autrement ;

(*o*) Produire et accumuler de l'électricité, du pouvoir électrique ou autre énergie similaire on autrement, les employer et fournir pour des fins de force motrice, d'éclairage et de chauffage en rapport avec l'industrie de la compagnie, vendre et disposer de l'excédent d'électricité et de pouvoir électrique pour des fins de force motrice, éclairage et chauffage, sujet aux lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux ;

(*p*) Faire aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs, gérants, surveillants ou autrement, par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, et faire toutes autres choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ;

(*q*) Les objets, pouvoirs et fins, ci-dessus mentionnés de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendant les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre et exercer aucun de tels objets, pouvoirs et fins sans égards aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune clause de tels objets, pouvoirs et fins ou autrement;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Macfarlane Shoe, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quatre cent mille dolars, divisé en 4,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 6e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Wireless Press, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Richard Tuson Heneker et Henry Noël Chauvin, tous deux conseil du Roi, Harold Earle Walker et Jean Beauchamp, avocats, et Hugh Wylie, teneur de livres, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes ;

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants de papeterie, imprimeurs, éditeurs, graveurs, lithographes et relieurs, exercer généralement toute industrie d'une semblable nature, faire toute chose se rapportant au commerce des papetiers et éditeurs ; imprimer, publier, manufacturer, vendre, trafiquer de papeterie, papier, livres, périodiques, magazines, pamphlets, journaux, annonces, lithographies et électrotypes y compris des nouvelles ou informations de toute description de cette nature ; agir comme agents pour la fabrication, impression, publication et vente des mêmes articles ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement et disposer du droit d'auteur d'aucun livre, article ou gravure, sur lesquels existe un droit d'auteur ;

(*c*) Acheter et acquérir toute industrie d'une nature semblable, acheter et acquérir aucun intérêt ou contrôle dans toute industrie d'une nature semblable, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, obligations ou stock libéré de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter, et détenir du stock et obligations de toute compagnie exerçant une industrie de même nature ;

(*e*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices ou l'union des intérêts avec aucune autre personne ou compagnie exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie semblable aux objets de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement et détenir toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire et requise pour les fins des affaires de la compagnie y compris des fabriques, magasins, entrepôts et autres établissements, les ériger, construire, exploiter quand et où nécessaires, les vendre, louer ou autrement en disposer ;

(*g*) Emettre et répartir comme libéré du stock, des actions du capital actions de la compagnie comme com-

pensation totale ou partielle pour marchandises ou propriété achetées ou prises, pour travaux faits, garanties données ou devant être données, ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou qu'il est convenu de rendre à la compagnie dans la poursuite des objets de la compagnie y compris les services rendus ou à rendre par les promoteurs de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Wireless Press, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 100 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Three Rivers Industrial Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 27e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Télesphore Adalbert Lymburner et Joseph Alfred Lymburner, manufacturiers, Eugène Lemieux, comptable, et Joseph Arthur Raoul Lymburner, teneur de livres, tous de la cité de Trois-Rivières, dans la province de Québec, et Gustave Brault, gentilhomme, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer le commerce et l'industrie de manufacturiers et faire le commerce d'alumine, cuivre, fer, acier et bois, et de tous articles de quelque nature que ce soit fabriqués avec les produits ci-dessus dans la manière qu'ils peuvent être employés ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, concession, échange ou autrement, construire, ériger, mettre en opération, posséder maintenir, et gérer, louer, vendre et disposer de quelque façon que ce soit toutes manufactures et établissements, entrepôts, dépôts, cours, et salles d'engin, voies d'évitement et autres structures et bâtisses nécessaires et utiles pour les opérations de la compagnie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière, réelle, et personnelle, corporelle ou incorporelle, contrats, concessions, franchises, entreprises, bénéfices, droits et privilèges nécessaires, utiles ou avantageux pour la gestion d'aucun des commerces que la compagnie est autorisée à faire, et de payer pour telle propriété, mobilière ou immobilière, contrats, concessions, privilèges, droits, et bénéfices, et pour l'obtention d'iceux, soit en tout ou en partie, en débentures ou en parts payées et non sujettes aux contributions soit communes ou préférentielles, ou avec aucune autre valeur de la dite compagnie ;

(*c*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer ou prendre sous licence, soit sur royauté ou autrement, acquérir et posséder, usager, posséder, opérer, jouir et introduire, vendre, transporter ou disposer autrement de toutes marques de commerce, noms de commerce, patentes d'invention, améliorations et procédés, enrégistrés ou autres utiles aux fins de la compagnie, se servir, exercer, développer, accorder des licences les concernant ou autrement, tourner à profit toutes telles marques de commerce, noms de commerce et inventions, licences, procédés ainsi que toute autre propriété ou droits s'y rapportant ;

(*d*) Faire des arrangements avec toutes autorités souveraines, municipales, locales ou autres, ou avec aucune compagnie, société ou personne qui pourrait être utile aux fins de la compagnie ou à aucun d'iceux, et obtenir de telles autorités aucuns droits, privilèges, concessions, contrats, garanties, que la compagnie croira désirable d'obtenir, et exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges, contrats et concessions, et payer pour tels contrats ou pour l'obtention d'iceux soit en tout ou en partie en argent ou soit en tout ou en partie avec des parts acquittées de la compagnie, ou en débentures, opérations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Exercer aucun commerce ou négoce, ou industrie, soit de manufacture ou autre qui peuvent être exercés en rapport avec les fins de la compagnie, ou qui pourraient lui être profitables ;

(*f*) Nonobstant les provisions de la section 44 de la dite Loi, acheter et acquérir et posséder, tenir, vendre ou émettre les parts, débentures, obligations, ou autres suretés de telle compagnie eu corporation, et payer pour icelles en tout ou en partie en argent, parts obligations, débentures ou autres suretés de la compagnie, et de garantir le paiement du principal des dividendes et intérêt sur icelles parts, obligations, débentures ou autres suretés, gérer, opérer et faire fonctionner la propriété, franchises, industrie, et affaires de telle corporation dans aucune des parts, obligations, débentures, ou autres, sûretés tenues par la compagnie pour telle rémunération que les directeurs trouveront convenable ;

(*g*) Emettre, distribuer pleinement, acquitter les parts du capital-actions de la compagnie en paiement entier ou partiel d'aucune propriété, mobilière ou immobilière, personnelle, et de tous droits, contrats, privilèges, bénéfices ou concessions utiles ou profitables à la compagnie;

(*h*) Promouvoir ou assister à promouvoir, devenir, accorder dans aucune compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer ou autorisée à exercer, ou ayant pour son objet les mises en opération d'aucun commerce, négoce ou industrie en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie, et faire tels arrangements pour diviser les profits, communauté d'intérêts, entreprises conjointes, concessions réciproques, ou autrement, avec telle personne ou compagnie, et nonobstant les provisions de la section 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou acquérir autrement les parts et sûretés de telle compagnie, et de payer pour icelles en tout ou en partie en parts, obligations, ou autres sûretés de la compagnie, et de tenir, vendre, émettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, intérêt et dividendes, ou disposer d'icelles d'autres manières;

(*i*) Acquérir le good-will, propriété, droits et l'actif et assumer les obligations de toute personne, société et compagnie, débitrice de la compagnie, ou faisant un commerce semblable à celui de la compagnie, et payer pour iceux en argent ou en parts acquittées en débentures ou autres sûretés de la compagnie ;

(*j*) S'amalgamer avec toute autre compagnie ayant des fins tout à fait ou en partie semblables à celles de la compagnie, et acquérir par achat, location ou autrement, les totalités ou aucune partie de l'actif, franchise, droits, entreprises et commerce de telle corporation, et en assumer les obligations, et de payer pour icelles en tout ou en partie en argent, parts, débentures ou autres sûretés de la compagnie ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou disposer autrement de l'actif, droits, contrats, franchises et entreprises de la compagnie, et d'aucune partie d'icelle, pour telle considération que les directeurs jugeront convenable, et en particulier pour des parts, débentures, obligations ou autres sûretés d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets entièrement ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie, nonobstant les provisions de la section 44 de la dite Loi ;

(*l*) Distribuer en espèce ou en nature ou autrement tel qu'il sera décidé par les directeurs de la compagnie, aucune partie de l'actif de la compagnie parmi ses membres, et notamment les parts, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie à qui pourraient être transportés en tout ou en partie l'actif ou les dettes de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Accepter en paiement de toutes dettes de la compagnie, parts, obligations, débentures ou autres sûretés d'autres compagnies ;

(*n*) Faire des avances en argent à toute personne, corporation ou compagnie faisant affaires avec elle, et garantir l'exécution de contrats pour telle personne ou compagnie ;

(*o*) Acheter, louer ou acquérir autrement, et tenir, exercer et jouir de toutes propriétés, contrats, franchises, good-will, droits, pouvoirs, bénéfices et privilèges, tenant ou appartenant ou exercés par toute personne, société ou compagnie ou corporation exerçant ou autorisées à faire aucun commerce semblable en tout ou en partie à celui que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, soit en son nom ou au nom de telle personne, société, corporation ou compagnie, et de payer pour telle propriété, contrats, franchises, good-will, droits, pouvoirs, bénéfices et privilèges, soit en tout

ou en partie en argent ou en tout ou en partie en parts acquittées et non sujettes aux contributions de cette compagnie ou autrement, et assumer les dettes et obligations de telle personne, société ou compagnie ;

(*p*) Aider en aucune manière aucune corporation dans aucune partie des parts ou du capital-actions des débentures ou autres obligations tenues par la compagnie ou garanties par elle, et faire tous actes ou autres choses pour la conservation, la protection, l'amélioration ou la mise en valeur de telles parts du capital-actions, les débentures ou autres obligations, et de faire tous actes ou choses tendant ou de nature à augmenter la valeur d'aucune propriété, mobilière ou immobilière, réelle ou personnelle, en aucun temps tenue ou controlée par cette compagnie ;

(*q*) Placer ou disposer des argents des propriétés de la compagnie non immédiatement requis, pour l'achat de telles valeurs, et de telle manière qui sera de temps en temps déterminée par les directeurs ;

(*r*) Tous pouvoirs accordés en aucun paragraphe des présentes ne seront limités ou restreints par référence à ou inférence d'aucuns des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe d'icelles ou par référence à ou inférence du nom de la compagnie ;

(*s*) Rémunérer par des paiements en argent ou avec le consentement des actionnaires en parts, débentures, ou d'aucune autre manière, aucune personne ou personnes ou corporation ou corporations, pour des services rendus en plaçant ou en assistant à placer, ou en garantissant le placement des parts, du capital-actions, obligations, débentures ou autres sûretés de la compagnie, ou en rapport avec la formation ou la promotion de la compagnie ou par l'obtention d'aucun négoce que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Three Rivers Industrial Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Trois-Rivières, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 13e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Atlas Metal & Alloys Company of Canada, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 1er jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Charles Macpherson Holt & Alexandre Chase-Casgrain, tous deux Conseil du Roi, Errol Malcolm McDougall, avocat, John Buchanan Henderson, commis, et Beatrice Ysolde Brandt, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la Province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie d'ouvriers en métaux, machinistes, ouvriers en bois, constructeurs, fabricants de boîtes, métallurgistes, marchands, fondeurs, mouleurs de métaux et toute industrie de même nature ;

(*b*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir des intérêts dans aucun brevet, brevet d'invention, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif, non exclusif ou limité d'employer aucun secret ou autre information concernant toute invention se rapportant aux métaux et alliages pour coussinets et toute invention, en général dont la compagnie pensera pouvoir disposer avantageusement ;

(*c*) Employer, exercer, développer, octroyer des licences et autrement faire valoir tous tels brevets, brevets d'invention, licences, concessions et informations de la nature de celles susdites ;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, modifier et trafiquer d'appareils, machinerie, matériaux et articles de tous genres pouvant être utilisés pour les fins d'aucune des affaires mentionnées dans les présentes ou pouvant être requis par les clients ;

(*e*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre alliée aux fins et objets mentionnés dans les présentes et que la compagnie juge pouvoir être convenablement exercées par la compagnie ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Agir comme agents, en Angleterre ou ailleurs, pour des compagnies, associations, syndicats et sociétés exerçant une industrie semblable ou pour toute personne ou personnes et diriger généralement toutes ou ou aucunes agences commerciale de toute description, alliées aux affaires de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat, bail, concession, échange ou autrement, construire, ériger, exploiter, détenir, maintenir, gérer des fabriques, ateliers, magasins, dépôts, ateliers de construction, rotonde et toutes autres structures et bâtiments nécessaires à son industrie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire et utile à la réalisation d'aucune des fins de la compagnie, les louer, vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*h*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, travailler, gérer, exploiter ou contrôler tous chemins, routes, ponts, élévateurs, réservoirs, acqueducs, bassins, quais, glissoirs, usines à gaz, électriques ou autres et commodités, directement ou indirectement, de nature à promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie, contribuer, subventionner et autrement aider ou prendre part à leur construction, gérance, entretien ou contrôle ;

(*i*) Développer et exploiter tout pouvoir ou pouvoirs d'eau, produire et accumuler de l'électricité et de la force motrice électrique ou autres énergies semblables pour la production de la lumière, de la chaleur et de la force motrice pour les fins de la compagnie, avec pouvoir de vendre ou autrement disposer d'aucun excédent non requis et de le fournir pour des fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et de force motrice à aucune personne ou corporation à tels termes qui pourront être convenus, pourvu que les pouvoirs ci-dessus, quand ils seront exercés en dehors de la propriété de la compagnie, soient sujets à toutes les lois et aux règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*j*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucun gouvernement ou aucunes autorités, suprême, municipal, local ou autres qui seront de nature à atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ses autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions ;

(*k*) Emettre des actions libérées, des obligations ou débentures, de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou imobilière, brevets, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie juge désirable d'obtenir ; remplir, exercer, se conformer à aucun tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions ;

(*l*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, acheter, acquérir, posséder, détenir, vendre, réémettre des actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou corporation exerçant en tout ou en partie une industrie semblable a celle de cette compagnie ou une industrie subsidiaire, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, garantir le paiement du principal ou des dividendes et intérêts de telles actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs et pendant la possession de telles actions du capital obligations, valeurs ou autres engagements exercer tous les pouvoirs de voter en vertu d'iceux par ses officiers dûment autorisés ou par des fondés de pouvoir dûment nommés, comme une personne naturelle pourrait le faire ou le ferait ; gérer, exploiter et conduire comme gérant la propriété, les franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune corporation dont aucunes des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs sont détenues par la compagnie pour telle compensation qui sera jugée raisonnable et convenable ;

(*m*) Se consolider, s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie, acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement la propriété, les franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune telle corporation, assumer leurs engagements, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie;

(*n*) Promouvoir ou aider à promouvoir ou devenir actionnaires dans aucune compagnie subsidiaire, alliée ou autres, exerçant ou ayant pour fins l'exploitation d'aucune industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de cette compagnie, conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres, avec telle personne ou compagnie, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de telle compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, les détenir, vendre, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, intérêts et dividendes ou en disposer autrement;

(*o*) Acquérir l'achalandage, les propriétés, droits et biens et assumer tous les engagements d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la compagnie ou faisant des affaires semblables à celles conduites par la compagnie, les payer en espèces ou en valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*p*) Acheter, louer, ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir tout ou partie de la propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges détenus par toute personne, maison, compagnie ou compagnie exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, en son propre nom ou au nom de telle personne, maison ou compagnie, payer pour telle propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges, totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement, entreprendre et assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*q*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, éxécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociable ou transférables.

(*r*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres, ayant des relations avec la compagnie et garantir l'exécution des contrats par toutes telle personnes ;

(*s*) Accepter en paiement de dettes dues à la compagnie des stock, actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ;

(*t*) Distribuer parmi les membres de la compagnie en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra être résolu, tous biens et particulièrement les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie qui pourra prendre tout ou partie des biens et des engagements de la compagnie ;

(*u*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immediatement requis en telles valeurs de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*v*) Aider de toutes manière et garantir les obligations d'aucune compagnie dont les actions du capital-actions, obligations ou autres engagements sont détenus ou garantis d'aucune manière par cette compagnie, faire tous actes et choses pour conserver, protéger, améliorer et augmenter la valeur d'aucune telles actions du capital-actions, obligations, ou autres engagements et faire tous les actes et choses tendant à augmenter la valeur de la propriété de telle compagne ;

(*w*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus en Canada et ailleurs comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement par l'entremise d'agents, fidéicommissaires ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*x*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ne seront nullement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Atlas Metals & Alloys Company of Canada,Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 5e jour décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

25-2

Canada Truck Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour de novembre1916, constituant en corporation Richard Edgar Hannan, gérant, John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, conseil du Roi, tous de la cité de Westmount, dans la province de Québec, et Charles Albert Hale et Auguste Angers, avocats, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, louer, emmagasiner et généralement disposer d'automobiles et autres véhicules, traînés ou non par des chevaux et de machines à vapeur, accessoires et fournitures pour automobiles et bateaux automobiles ; préparer, construire, ériger, maintenir, exploiter des bâtiments, fabriques, outillages, garages, étables, granges, salles d'exposition et autres structures requises pour la fabrication, vente, échange, location, emmagasinage d'automobiles, machines et autres accessoires et toutes espèces de véhicules : entreprendre l'industrie du transport pour personnes, marchandises et meubles au moyen de véhicules mus avec ou sans chevaux ; exploiter des camions, taxicabs et autres véhicules avec ou sans pouvoir moteur, fabriquer, vendre, exploiter et autrement disposer de machines, appareils, outils ou fournitures nécessaires pour manufacturer, construire, réparer ou assembler des véhicules automobiles, machines à vapeur et autres accessoires ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre entreprise ou industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires et objets ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir ou assumer en tout ou en partie les affaires, propriété et engagements d'aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*f*) Rémunérer toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant aucunes actions du capital-stock de la compagnie ou aucunes débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou à propos de la formation ou de la promotion de la compagnie son organisation ou la conduite de ses affaires et les payer en espèces ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Vendre et disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*h*) Faire toute ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*i*) Faire toutes les choses nécessaires, convenables, utiles ou normales pour accomplir aucune des fins ou atteindre aucun des objets énumérés dans les présentes ;

(*j*) Les pouvoirs et fins de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendants les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Canada Truck Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 27e jour de novembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

24–2

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

LES Commissaires du Service Civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir la position suivante dans la division intérieure du Service Civil du Canada :—

Un aide dans le laboratoire de l'épreuve du ciment du ministère des Travaux publics, dans la subdivision B de la troisième division, au traitement initial de $800 par année. Les candidats doivent être habiles à manier les outils du plombier, du charpentier, et du machiniste.

Les candidats doivent être sujets britanniques de naissance ou naturalisés, doivent avoir résidé au pays au moins trois ans, et être âgés d'au moins 18 ans et de pas plus de trente-cinq, excepté dans le cas de soldats revenus du front ou de personnes impropres au service actif pour lesquels il n'y a pas de limite d'âge.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 2 janvier prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 6 décembre 1916. 24–4

COUR DE L'ECHIQUIER DU CANADA.

ORDRE GÉNÉRAL.

UNE séance générale de la cour de l'Echiquier du Canada, sous les dispositions de la règle 166, pour l'instruction des causes, etc., sera tenue au Palais de Justice, dans la cité de Québec, P.Q., commençant lundi, le 5e jour de février A.D. 1917 à 11 heures a.m.

Daté à Ottawa ce 27e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE, J.C.E.

23-4

VISA CONSULAIRE SUR LES PASSEPORTS.

LE Ministre des Affaires Extérieures a été informé, d'une manière officielle, que tous les passagers, sujets britanniques ou aubains, qui embarquent à quelque port des Etats-Unis en destination de la Grande-Bretagne, doivent s'assurer que le visa du fonctionnaire du consulat britannique à ce port est apposé sur leurs passeports.

Ministère des Affaires Extérieures, 6 décembre 1916.

25-2

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois d'août 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondus Can., 1906.)

DT.			AV.	
	$	c.		$
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 juillet 1916	40,597,373	36	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	691 788 19
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,172,945	57		
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert				
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	3,672	24		
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	3,860	45	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 31 août 1916	41,086,063 43
	11,777,851	62		41,777,851 62

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître généra des Postes.

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 12 octobre 1916

18-tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois d'octobre 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants.		Total.	
ACCISE.	$	c.	$	c.
Spiritueux	821,821	59		
Liqueur de malt	12,587	55		
Malt	154,704	93		
Tabac	943,276	44		
Cigares	66,626	62		
Fabrications en entrepôt	11,718	04		
Acide acétique	515	11		
Saisies	646	21		
Autres revenus	11,168	22		
Total du revenu de l'accise			2,028,064	71
Spiritueux pyroxyliques			13,025	24
Passages d'eau			26	00
Inspection des poids et mesures			14,742	08
Inspection du gaz			4,250	75
Inspection de la lumière électrique			5,398	33
Timbres de pièces judiciaires			1,454	50
Autres revenus			495	94
Taxe de guerre			97,671	01
Grand revenu total			2,160,128	56

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous-Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 16 novembre 1916.

23-tf

1916-17

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances pour le 30 novembre 1915 et 1916.

1916-17

DETTE PUBLIQUE.			1915.	1916.
	PASSIF.		$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			8,725,450 94	303,362,481 57
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	362,703,312 40
Prêts temporaires			165,007,017 53	119,067,808 02
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			169,230,286 16	176,452,958 28
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,718,049 47	$41,184,910 66		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,801,694 83	13,299,514 40		
			52,519,744 30	54,484,425 06
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,153,820 88	10,221,437 32
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			43,448,420 09	36,031,431 34
Total de la dette brute			829,377,292 82	1,155,358,251 88
	ACTIF.			
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,649,355 45	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			108,327,819 43	133,663,695 16
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			205,435,622 33	300,541,655 96
Total de l'actif			327,709,125 11	449,230,169 74
Total de la dette nette au 30 novembre			501,668,167 71	706,128,082 14
" au 31 octobre			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
Augmentation de la dette			9,139,675 62	10,349,565 59

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois novembre, 1915.	Total au 30 novembre, 1915.	Mois novembre, 1916.	Total au 30 novembre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	9,101,595 41	60,155,959 28	11,208,109 52	86,399,359 81
Accise	2,127,125 10	14,161,880 25	2,145,573 91	16,130,867 65
Département des Postes	1,550,000 00	10,949,779 65	1,600,000 00	11,950,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	2,880,409 30	13,104,300 51	2,560,881 34	17,661,569 48
Divers	1,413,326 95	6,384,385 56	5,650,200 93	12,770,776 91
Total	17,072,456 76	104,756,305 25	23,164,765 70	144,912,573 85
DÉPENSES	8,997,899 07	65,345,503 03	12,006,457 05	69,567,573 94
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	13,155,797 08	66,514,955 38	19,040,383 92	146,527,530 98
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	4,306,180 15	23,993,023 27	2,457,552 80	15,997,789 27
Subventions aux chemins de fer		967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	17,461,977 23	91,475,889 36	21,497,936 72	162,888,798 86

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 5 décembre 1916.

24–t

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste	.....
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions	.....
Total	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension	$ 100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter, sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

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RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressées au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* ; le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra etre signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal* :—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone* :—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs* ; ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque* ; une *compagnie d'assurance* ; une *compagnie de fidéicommis* ; une *compagnie de prêt* ; ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une déclaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées "Avis de bill privé".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. "L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit"

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. "Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) "Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) "Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SÉNAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé : il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills prives.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt après la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Charles Frederick Reuben Jones, de la cité de Westmount, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gérant aux ventes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Mary Eleanor Murray, résidant actuellement en la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal et province de Québec, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 11e jour de septembre 1916.

HIBBARD, GOSSELIN & MOYSE,
12–14 Avocats du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'Andrew Hamilton Gault, des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, major dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Marguerite Claire Stephens, des dits cité et district de Montréal, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce treizième jour de novembre, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MacDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montréal, Qué.,
21–14 Solliciteurs du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Florence Evelyn Snyder, de la cité et du district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, Edward Lockwood, également de la cité et du district de Montréal, artisan, pour cause d'adultère et d'abandon.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, le 22e jour de novembre 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
22–14 Solliciteur de la requérante.

AVIS est donné par le présent que M. Donald George Whibley, actuellement de la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, mais autrefois des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, comptable, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un biil de divorce d'avec son épouse, Frances Lilian Owen, de lieux inconnus, pour cause d'adultère et d'abandon.

MM. Aylen & Duclos, solliciteurs, Ottawa, sont les agents du requérant pour la signification des pièces.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, ce treizième jour de décembre mil neuf cent seize (13-1916.)

LESLIE H. BOYD,
Solliciteur du requérant.

25 14

L'ÉVÊQUE DE LA RIVIÈRE MACKENZIE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera adressée au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation le très révérend James Richard Lucas, évêque du diocèse de la rivière Mackenzie, et ses successeurs en fonctions, sous le nom de "L'Evêque de la Rivière Mackenzie," avec tous les pouvoirs nécessaires à une telle corporation d'acquérir et posséder des biens meubles et immeubles et tous les autres pouvoirs administratifs qui sont reliés aux dites fonctions et appartiennent aux dites corporations.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 24e jour de novembre A. D. 1916.

ORDE, POWELL, LYLE & SNOWDON,
48, rue Sparks, Ottawa, Canada,
Solliciteurs du requérant.

24–5

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

AVIS.—La Compagnie de chemin de fer dite "The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un Acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut terminer la construction de sa voie ferrée, à partir d'un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Lumsden's Mills jusqu'à ou vers la rivière Des Quinze, tel qu'elle a été autorisée à cet effet par le chapitre 66 des Statuts de 1901 et par le chapitre 106 des Statuts de 1912, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 2e jour de décembre 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
Solliciteurs de la requérante.

23–5

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company," s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant sa loi constitutive (1 et 2 George V, chap. 86, 1911) abrogeant les alinéas (*d*) et (*e*) de l'article 7 de la dite loi et en lui donnant le pouvoir de faire des contrats d'assurance des classes suivantes telles que définies par *La loi des assurances, 1910*, outre les classes mentionnées aux alinéas (*a*), (*b*) et (*c*) du dit article 7, savoir : (*d*) assurance de garantie ; (*e*) assurance sur les glaces ; (*f*) assurance sur les automobiles ; et (*g*) assurance contre l'incendie ; et aussi à l'effet de changer le nom de la compagnie en celui de "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
160 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal,
Solliciteurs de la requérante.

22–5

THE GRAIN GROWERS GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

AVIS est donné par le présent qn'une demande sera adressée au parlement, à sa prochaine session, par la compagnie dite "The Grain Growers Grain Company, Limited," afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant le chapitre 80 des Statuts de 1911 et le chapitre 73 des Statuts de 1915, pour les fins suivantes entres autres:—

(*a*) Changer le nom de la compagnie en celui de "United Grain Growers, Limited," ou donner le pouvoir à la compagnie d'adopter ce dit nom par règlement.
(*b*) Permettre que les assemblées aient lieu ailleurs qu'au siège social.
(*c*) Augmenter le capital-actions jusqu'à $5,000,000.
(*d*) Permettre aux actionnaires de posséder 100 actions chacun.
(*e*) Que le droit de vote par procuration soit périmé.
(*f*) Permettre que la compagnie, par règlement, forme les actionnaires en groupes et statuer que ces groupes seront représentés par des délégués aux assemblées de la compagnie.

Daté à Winnipeg, le 4 décembre 1916.

BONNAR, TRUEMAN,
HOLLANDS & ROBINSON,
Winnipeg Electric Railway Chambers,
Winnipeg, Manitoba,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

24–5

COMPAGNIE CONTINENTALE DE CHAUFFAGE ET D'ECLAIRAGE.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la Compagnie Continentale de Chauffage et d'Eclairage s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant l'acte constitutif de la compagnie, étant le chapitre 72 de 60-61 Victoria, en augmentant les pouvoirs d'emprunt de la compagnie, en accordant à la compagnie, entre autres pouvoirs les suivants, savoir :—extension des pouvoirs au sujet du commerce des stocks et autres valeurs, pouvoir d'exercer d'autres industries, d'aider financièrement les compagnies dont la compagnie détient des actions ou avec lesquelles elle est en relations d'affaires et fusionner avec toutes autres compagnies, et en abrogeant les dispositions du dit acte concernant l'émission d'actions-débentures et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 6e jour de décembre A.D. 1916

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL, MACFARLANE
ET POPE,
Solliciteurs de la requérante.

24–5

SECTION CANADIENNE DE LA LIGUE AÉRIENNE DE L'EMPIRE BRITANNIQUE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera adressée au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation la "Section Canadienne de la Ligue Aérienne de l'Empire Britannique," comme une association pour l'encouragement des inventions et de la fabrication des navires aériens et de leurs acessoires; propager les connaissances au sujet des questions aériennes et concernant l'art de l'aviation et fonder des écoles d'aviation, aider les sujets britanniques à entrer dans les corps royaux d'aviation ; aider les personnes dépendant des aviateurs qui perdent leur vie en service actif; coopérer avec le comité central de la Ligue Aérienne de l'Empire Britannique ; établir des succursales de l'association; fournir des terrains pour l'atterrissage des navires aériens, et pour d'autres fins analogues; avec tous les pouvoirs nécessaires à cette fin.

Montréal, 29 novembre 1916.

LIGHTHALL & HARWOOD,
Solliciteurs des requérants,
306, Immeuble de la Banque de Québec,
Montréal.

24–5

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER LACHINE, JACQUES-CARTIER ET MAISONNEUVE.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la Compagnie de chemin de fer Lachine, Jacques-Cartier et Maisonneuve s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle pourra construire et terminer la voie ferrée mentionnée à l'article 1, chapitre 93 des Statuts de 1914, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 16e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

W. H. BIGGAR,
Solliciteur de la requérante.

21–5

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER DE COLONISATION DU NORD.

AVIS.—La Compagnie du Chemin de fer de Colonisation du Nord s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut terminer la construction de sa voie ferrée à partir d'un endroit à ou près Labelle, de là dans une direction ouest jusqu'au village du Rapide-de-l'Orignal (actuellement désigné Mont-Laurier), de là dans une direction ouest jusqu'à un endroit à ou près le lac Témiscamingue, dans le comté de Pontiac, comme l'autorise l'article 7 du chapitre 62 des Statuts de 1899 et le chapitre 82 des Statuts de 1912, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 16e jour de décembre 1916.

H. C. OSWALD,
Secrétaire.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
Agents à Ottawa. 25–5

ATHABASKA NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Athabaska Northern Railway Company" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte déclarant que les pouvoirs corporatifs de la dite compagnie sont exécutoires et en pleine vigueur, et prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut commencer et terminer la voie ferrée mentionnée dans son acte constitutif 4-5 Edouard VII, chapitre 57, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 12e jour de décembre A.D. 1916.

SMITH, MARKEY, SKINNER,
PUGSLEY & HYDE,
112, rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal,
Solliciteurs de la requérante.

25-5

AVIS DIVERS.

ACTE POUR LA PROTECTION DES EAUX NAVIGABLES.

CHAP. 115, S.R.C.

NAPOLÉON GIGNAC, de la cité de Québec, marchand de bois, donne avis par les présentes, qu'il a, en vertu de l'article 7 du dit acte, déposé au bureau du Ministre des Travaux publics, à Ottawa, et dans le bureau du régistrateur du district de Québec, en la cité de Québec, une description du site et des plans du quai qu'il se propose de construire dans la rivière Saint-Charles, à Québec, sur le lot numéro 109 du cadastre du quartier Saint-Roch.

Et sachez qu'après un mois, à compter de la date de la première publication de cet avis, Napoléon Gignac, en vertu de l'article 7 du dit acte, fera sa demande au Ministre des Travaux publics, à son bureau, dans la cité d'Ottawa, pour l'approbation du site et des plans ci-dessus mentionnés et pour la permission de construire le dit quai.

Daté à Québec, ce 7e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

DROUIN, SÉVIGNY & AMYOT,
Procureurs de Napoléon Gignac.

23-4

BANQUE MOLSONS.

145E DIVIDENDE.

AVIS.—Les actionnaires de la Banque Molsons sont notifiés par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et trois quarts pour cent (étant au taux de onze pour cent par année) sur le capital-actions a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque, à Montréal, et aux succursales, à compter du deuxième jour de janvier prochain, aux actionnaires inscrits au registre le 15 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 28 novembre 1916. 23–5

LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

ASSEMBLÉE ANNUELLE

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque Royale du Canada, pour l'élection des directeurs et autres affaires, aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, à Montréal, jeudi, le 11e jour de janvier prochain, à 11 heures a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 1er décembre 1916. 23–6

LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC ET LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

AVIS est donné par le présent que les banques soussignées ont l'intention de s'adresser, à l'expiration de quatre semaines à compter de la date de la première publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, au Gouverneur en conseil et au Conseil de la Trésorerie, par l'entremise du Ministre des Finances et Receveur général, afin que soit approuvée une convention entre la Banque de Québec et la Banque Royale du Canada, par laquelle la Banque de Québec consent à vendre et la Banque Royale du Canada consent à acheter tous les biens meubles et immeubles, l'actif, les droits, créances et effets de la Banque de Québec de quelque nature qu'ils soient et à n'importe quel endroit où ils se trouvent, et par laquelle, en compensation de cette vente et de cet achat la Banque Royale du Canada consent à répartir et émettre à la Banque de Québec, ou à ses représentants, neuf mille cent dix-sept (9,117) actions entièrement acquittées du capital-actions de la Banque Royale du Canada, de la valeur au pair de $100 chacune, et se montant en tout à la somme, valeur au pair, de neuf cent onze mille sept cent dollars, et de payer à la Banque de Québec la somme de six cent quatre-vingt-trois mille sept cent soixante-quinze dollars ($683,775) en deniers comptants, et par laquelle la Banque Royale du Canada se charge de prendre, payer, acquitter, remplir et exécuter toutes les dettes, le passif, les contrats et obligations de la Banque de Québec, (y compris les billets en souffrance émis et destinés à la circulation, et en circulation ainsi que les obligations relatives aux baux.)

On peut voir une copie de la dite convention aux bureaux de la Banque Royale du Canada à Montréal, P.Q., et à ceux de la Banque de Québec, à Québec, P.Q.

La dite convention a été approuvée par une résolution des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec, adoptée par le vote des actionnaires présents en personne ou représentés par fondés de pouvoirs, représentant au delà des deux tiers du montant du capital-actions souscrit de la dite banque, à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite banque dûment convoquée et tenue à cette fin. La dite convention a aussi été approuvée par une résolution des directeurs de la Banque Royale du Canada.

Daté le 28 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC,
B. B. STEVENSON, gérant général.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA,
C. E. NEILL, gérant général.

23–5

LOI CONCERNANT LA PROTECTION DES EAUX NAVIGABLES.

S.R.C., CHAPITRE 115.

JOHN WILSON McCONNELL, donne avis par les présentes, qu'il a déposé, en vertu de la septième section du dit acte, chez le Ministre des Travaux Publics, à Ottawa, et au bureau d'enregistrement dans le comté d'Yamaska, à Saint-François du Lac, une description de la situation et des plans d'un outillage pour le lavage et le tamisage du sable à être construit sur le lot numéro 1154 des plan et livre de renvois officiels de la paroisse de Notre-Dame de Pierreville, comté d'Yamaska, province de Québec, sur les bords de la rivière Saint-François, tout près de Pierreville.

Et prenez avis qu'à l'expiration d'un mois à partir de la date de la première publication de cet avis le dit John Wilson McConnell s'adressera, en vertu de la septième section du dit acte, au Ministre des Travaux Publics à son bureau en la ville d'Ottawa afin d'obtenir la permission d'installer le dit outillage et d'en obtenir l'approbation.

Daté à Montréal, ce vingt-septième jour de novembre 1916.

PERRON, TASCHEREAU, RINFRET, VALLÉE & GENEST.
Procureurs de M. John Wilson McConnell.

23–3

ST. DENIS THEATRE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Modification aux règlements.

IL fut proposé, secondé et adopté à l'unanimité :— "Que l'amendement à l'article "2," paragraphe "1" des règlements à l'effet d'augmenter le nombre des directeurs à sept, tel que ratifié à une assemblée des actionnaires tenue le 7 avril 1915, soit changé de nouveau et que le nombre des directeurs soit augmenté de sept à neuf."

—

Vraie copie certifiée des minutes de l'assemblée des actionnaires de la compagnie dite "St. Denis Theatre Company, Limited," tenue le 20 septembre 1916.

J. M. KENNEDY,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

25–1

THE ACME AMUSEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'à une assemblée spéciale des actionnaires de la compagnie dite "The Acme Amusement Company, Limited," tenue aux bureaux de la compagnie, 198 Sainte-Catherine-ouest, en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, le 2e jour de novembre 1916, il fut proposé, secondé et adopté à l'unanimité que le règlement n° 6 soit modifié de manière à se lire : "que le nombre des directeurs soit augmenté à sept au lieu de cinq comme il l'était jusqu'ici."

Daté à Montréal, ce 12e jour de décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,
ALFRED TRACEY,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

25–1

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

L'ASSEMBLEE générale annuelle des actionnaires de la "Banque d'Hochelaga" aura lieu au siège principal de la banque, No 112 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal, Canada, le quinzième jour de janvier 1917, à midi, afin de procéder à l'élection des directeurs, et à la considération de toutes questions du ressort de l'assemblée générale des actionnaires.

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
Secrétaire et gérant général

25–5

WYAGAMACK PULP & PAPER COMPANY, LIMITED.

RÈGLEMENT N° 21.

Règlement à l'effet d'augmenter le nombre des directeurs.

QU'IL soit statué par les directeurs de la compagnie dite "Wayagamack Pulp & Paper Company, Limited," comme règlement de la compagnie, ce qui suit :—

1. Le nombre des directeurs est par le présent augmenté de cinq à neuf.

2. Le conseil des directeurs pourra, de temps à autre entre la confirmation du présent règlement et la prochaine assemblée annuelle, élire au conseil des actionnaires qualifiés de la compagnie jusqu'à ce qu'il ait été élu en outre des directeurs actuels, un nombre suffisant pour que le conseil soit au complet.

3. Jusqu'à ce qu'un conseil au complet ait été élu, les directeurs actuels et les actionnaires choisis par eux de temps à autre comme directeurs, administreront les affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le règlement n° 1 est modifié en insérant le mot "neuf" au lieu du mot "cinq" partout où il paraît dans le dit règlement.

—

Je, soussigné, secrétaire de la compagnie dite "Wayagamack Pulp & Paper Company, Limited," certifie par le présent que ce qui précède est une copie fidèle du règlement n° 21 de la dite compagnie, statué par les directeurs le 30e jour d'octobre 1916, et approuvé à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, tenue le 9e jour de décembre 1916.

Trois-Rivières, 9 décembre 1916.

[L.S.] A. F. LANGFORD,
Secrétaire.

25–1

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OTTAWA.—Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

EXTRA.

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1916.

PROCLAMATION.

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern.—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada.

WHEREAS by Our Proclamation bearing date the twenty-fourth day of November in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen We did declare and proclaim that all soldiers of the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force absent from their units without leave, should be pardoned from such offence provided they surrendered themselves to the officer commanding the unit to whieh they belonged if that unit should be in Canada, or if it be not, to the district officer commanding any military district in Canada not later than the fifteenth day of December in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred ond sixteen for the purpose of completing their engagements, and We did further by Our said Proclamation direct, declare and proclaim that those soldiers of the said Force undergoing sentence of imprisonment for desertion or absence without leave should be pardoned from such offence and released from imprisonment or detention and be handed over to the officer commanding the unit to which they belonged or to the officer commanding the military district in which they are, for the purpose of being returned to some other units of the said Expeditionary Force in order to complete their engagements ;

AND WHEREAS it has since become apparent that owing to existing circumstances such as the removal of the absentees to distant and out-of-the-way parts of Canada and the United States which Our said Proclamation in that behalf could not soon reach many of the absentees would not been apprised in time to

PROCLAMATION.

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Sous-Ministre de la Justice, Canada.

ATTENDU que par Notre proclamation en date du vingt-quatrième jour de novembre en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, Nous avons déclaré et proclamé que tous les soldats des troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes d'outre-mer absents de leurs unités sans permission recevraient leur pardon pour cette offense, pourvu qu'ils aillent se livrer à l'officier commandant l'unité à laquelle ils appartenaient, si cette unité était encore au Canada, ou si elle ne l'était pas, à l'officier de district commandant tout district militaire en Canada, au plus tard le quinzième jour de décembre, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, dans le but de terminer leur engagement ; et Nous avons en outre, par Notre dite proclamation, indiqué, déclaré et proclamé que ces soldats des dites troupes sous sentence d'emprisonnement ou détenus pour désertion ou absence sans permission, recevraient leur pardon pour cette offense et seraient libérés de leur prison ou de leur lieu de détention et remis à l'officier commandant l'unité à laquelle ils appartenaient ou à l'officier commandant le district militaire dans lequel ils se trouvaient dans le but d'être renvoyés à quelques autres unités des dites troupes expéditionnaires afin de terminer leur engagement ;

ET ATTENDU qu'il a été prouvé depuis qu'en vue des circonstances qui existent, telles que le départ des absents pour des endroits éloignés et sans communications faciles au Canada et aux Etats-Unis, que notre dite proclamation à cet effet ne pourrait atteindre bientôt, plusieurs des absents ne seraient pas prévenus

enable them to surrender by the said fifteenth day of December,—

Now Know Ye that We do of Our Royal Will and Pleasure ordain, direct, declare and proclaim that the time limit for surrendering under the terms of Our said Proclamation is and shall be extended to the fifteenth day of January in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness : Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter ; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this FOURTEENTH day of DECEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By command,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–3

à temps pour leur permettre de venir se livrer vers le dit quinzième jour de décembre,—

Sachez donc que c'est Notre Volonté Royale et Notre Plaisir d'ordonner, indiquer, déclarer et proclamer que la limite de temps fixée pour se livrer, en vertu de la teneur de Notre dite proclamation, est et sera prorogée jusqu'au quinzième jour de janvier en l'année de Notre Seigneur mil neuf cent dix-sept.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis de prendre connaissance et d'agir en conséquence.

En foi de quoi, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes, et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. Témoin : Notre Très Fidèle et Très Aimé Cousin et Conseiller, Victor Christian William, Duc de Devonshire, Marquis d'Hartington, Comte de Devonshire, Comte de Burlington, Baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish de Keighley, Chevalier de Notre Très Noble Ordre de la Jarretière ; Membre de Notre Très Honorable Conseil Privé ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Très Distingué de Saint-Michel et de Saint-Georges ; Chevalier Grand Croix de Notre Ordre Royal de Victoria, Gouverneur général et Commandant-en-chef de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce QUATORZIÈME jour de DÉCEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

26–3

12328 Ottawa.—Printed by J. de Labroquerie Taché, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

No. 26. Vol. L.

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 14th December, 1916.

Benjamin Franklin Justin, of the Town of Brampton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, Barrister-at-law : to be Judge of the County Court of the County of Peel, in the said Province of Ontario, in the room and stead of Duncan McGibbon, Esquire, retired.

His Honour Benjamin Franklin Justin, Judge of the County Court of the County of Peel, in the Province of Ontario : to be a Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario, with the style and title of a Local Judge of the Supreme Court.

Alphonse Pednault (son of Eloi Pednault), of Ile-aux-Coudres, in the Province of Quebec : to be Wharfinger of the Government wharf at that place.

MEMBERS RETURNED.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE CROWN IN CHANCERY FOR CANADA.

Ottawa, 18th December, 1916.

MEMBER elected to sit in the present Parliament.

Province of Ontario.

Toronto East. — The Honourable Albert Edward Kemp, Manufacturer of Toronto, Ontario.

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

DEVONSHIRE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you— Greeting :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Thursday, the Thirtieth day of the month of November instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. Now Know Ye, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on TUESDAY, the NINTH day of the month of JANUARY next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. Herein Fail Not.

Witness : Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of

the Garter ; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this THIRTIETH day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

23–tf

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *15th December, 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern.—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS by Our Proclamation bearing date the twenty-fourth day of November in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen We did declare and proclaim that all soldiers of the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force absent from their units without leave, should be pardoned from such offence provided they surrendered themselves to the officer commanding the unit to which they belonged if that unit should be in Canada, or if it be not, to the district officer commanding any military district in Canada not later than the fifteenth day of December in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred ond sixteen for the purpose of completing their engagements, and We did further by Our said Proclamation direct, declare and proclaim that those soldiers of the said Force undergoing sentence of imprisonment for desertion or absence without leave should be pardoned from such offence and released from imprisonment or detention and be handed over to the officer commanding the unit to which they belonged or to the officer commanding the military district in which they are, for the purpose of being returned to some other units of the said Expeditionary Force in order to complete their engagements ;

AND WHEREAS it has since become apparent that owing to existing circumstances such as the removal of the absentees to distant and out-of-the-way parts of Canada and the United States which Our said Proclamation in that behalf could not soon reach many of the absentees would not been apprised in time to enable them to surrender by the said fifteenth day of December,—

NOW KNOW YE that We do of Our Royal Will and Pleasure ordain, direct, declare and proclaim that the time limit for surrendering under the terms of Our said Proclamation is and shall be extended to the fifteenth day of January in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS : Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl o Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter ; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George ; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this FOURTEENTH day of DECEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By command,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–3

DESPATCHES, ETC.

(Extract from the Second Supplement to the LONDON GAZETTE *of the 14th November, 1916.)*

WAR OFFICE,
14th November, 1916.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the appointments of the undermentioned officers to be Companions of the Distinguished Service Order, in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the field:—

CANADIAN FORCE.

Maj. Howard Lionel Bodwell, Pioneers.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He, with a small party, built a roadway under intense fire, displaying the greatest courage and initiative. He has on many previous occasions done very fine work.

Capt. Charles Edgar Atheling Bredin, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his company in attack and captured an enemy strong point, which was holding up the attack, under intense artillery, rifle and machine gun fire. Later he took over the companies of the whole line and consolidated the position with great skill and determination.

Temp. Maj. Charles Edward Fairweather, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. With his company, he dug a trench 200 yards in front of the front line under intense fire, and thereby rendered the support necessary to ensure the safety of the ground gained by a flanking battalion. He displayed the greatest courage and initiative throughout.

Lt.-Col. Ethelbert Brown Hardy, A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during operations. He controlled the evacuation of the sick and wounded, and by his energy and courage kept up the spirits of the stretcher-bearers when they were much exhausted.

Capt. (temp. Maj.) John Brunton Harstone, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his company with great dash in the attack, and when he had lost touch with his battalion com-

mander, assumed command of all the troops round him, consolidated his position, and organized his defences. All this was under heavy fire.

Capt. Lionel Dalziel Heron, M.C., Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He made a most valuable reconnaissance. Later he organized a bombing party, capturing many prisoners. These services he performed with splendid courage and skill, and greatly assisted the advance.

Lt.-Col. Harry Melville Jacques, A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He supervised the clearing of the front and controlled the work of the advanced and main dressing stations with great skill and personal courage.

Maj. George Walkers MacLeod, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He went forward into the fight and selected the ground to be consolidated, and, though severely wounded, made his way back under heavy fire, and rendered a complete report on the situation. He has always set a fine example of coolness and courage.

Major Harold French McDonald, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He carried out a dangerous reconnaissance under heavy shell fire, and after a shell splinter had blown off his arm he reported the result of his reconnaissance before allowing the stretcher-bearers to remove him.

Lt. Arnold C. McElligott, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He took complete command of the front line of three companies, and with great skill and determination consolidated the line under intense fire and local attacks.

Maj. Jno. Allen McKenzie, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He commanded his company with great skill and determination during the capture of a position, and, by his accurate reports, enabled preparations to be made by which a heavy counter-attack was beaten off. He has done other fine work.

Maj. Larne T. McLaughlin, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his men forward with great dash under machine gun and rifle fire, consolidated his position, and repulsed frequent counter-attacks. On one occasion he personally led bombers to repulse an attack on his flank.

Lt. Herbert Norris, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. The officers of the battalion having become casualties, he took command of the whole and under very heavy fire organized and consolidated the position. He displayed high qualities of initiative and command.

Lt. Charles Edward Reynolds, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his company with the greatest courage and initiative. Later, he led a small party against the enemy, himself shooting two enemy officers, and thereby enabling his company to advance. He set a splendid example of bravery and devotion to duty.

Lt. John James Richardson, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. When his senior officers had become casualties, he led his men with great courage and determination to the final objective, and consolidated the position. Later, he captured many prisoners.

Maj. Charles James Townsend Stewart, P.P.C.L.I.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led an attack which captured two enemy trenches, and showed great determination, both in the attack and in the consolidation of the position won.

Maj. Roscoe Vanderwater, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He commanded the attacking party with great determination, and held and consolidated the captured trench. He personally supervised the digging of the new communication trenches. On other occasions he has done fine work.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to confer the Military Cross on the undermentioned officers and warrant officers in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the field:—

CANADIAN FORCE.

Lt. Lionel John Baber Aitkens, Arty.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He established and maintained communications under very heavy fire, displaying marked courage and initiative throughout.

Lt. Percy Norman Alexander, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He took forward a party under heavy shell-fire, and dug an advanced trench which was of great use to the battalion. On another occasion, he took command of a company which had lost all its officers, and consolidated a newly-won trench under difficult conditions.

Lt. Frank Charles Chamberlain Badgley, Art.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. As liaison officer he established and maintained communications under very heavy fire, displaying great courage and skill and sending back valuable reports.

Lt. William Falconer Battersby, M. Gun Service.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He fought and handled eight machine guns with great courage and skill, inflicting heavy casualties on two enemy field gun batteries.

Lt. Alexander Clarence Bowles, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He fought two machine guns in the open with great courage and determination, repelling two bombing attacks Later, he repulsed a determined attack made by 600 to 800 of the enemy, himself killing two of them with the butt of a rifle.

Lt. Alexander Bruce Campbell, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his bombing party with great courage and determination. Although wounded he got into touch with the troops on his right and brought up a supply of bombs and a machine gun under intense fire. Later, he organized a party to

evacuate the wounded. He set a splendid example of coolness and resource throughout.

Lt. Harold Montgomery Campbell, Cav. R.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He handled his troop under very heavy fire with great courage and ability obtaining most valuable information.

Lt. Charles Molyneaux Carbert, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led men in the attack with great gallantry. Later, he assumed command of his company, displaying great courage and determination. He materially assisted in the success of the operation.

Lt. Wilfrid Henry Carling, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action, He carried out a reconnaissance under intense fire with great courage and determination, obtaining most valuable information.

Lt. Henry Joseph Chaballe, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his men in the capture of an enemy position, organized its defence and held it against thirteen different counter-attacks, displaying great courage and initiative. Later, although wounded, he continued in action.

Lt. (Actg. Capt.) Thomas Roy Coleman, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led and handled his company with great courage and initiative, thereby holding a position which was being heavily attacked. Later, he led his men to their objective.

Lt. William Kennedy Commins, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during a raid. He led the assaulting party and showed great determination, capturing two prisoners and killing twelve of the enemy. Finally, he brought his party back to our trenches without serious casualties.

Capt. Kenneth Edgar Cooke, A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He tended the wounded for two days and nights, under intense fire, with great gallantry and ability.

Lt. Stanley James Davies, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led a bombing party with great courage and determination. He displayed great gallantry and initiative throughout.

Lt. Arthur Granville De Young, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He assumed command of and handled his company with great courage and initiative. Later, although twice severely wounded, he remained on duty and materially assisted in the repulse of an enemy counter-attack.

Lt. John Ritchie Donnan, Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry and good work. With his cable section he worked night and day on a trunk route to the front line, often under heavy shell fire. He and his men worked continuously for several days without rest, but completed their work.

Lt. Arthur Le Neve Dove, Princess Patricia's Can. L.I.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Single-handed he rushed ahead of his men with rifle and bayonet, and forced the surrender of fifty of the enemy. He displayed great courage and initiative throughout.

Lt. George Elzear Alexandre Depuis, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his men in the attack with great courage and determination. Later, he assumed command of his company, organized the defence, and repulsed numerous counter-attacks. Although wounded, he remained in action.

Lt. Philip Earnshaw, Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He established and maintained communications throughout the operations under very heavy fire, displaying great courage and determination. He set a splendid example to his men.

Capt. John Edwards, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He fought his machine guns with great skill and determination. He made a valuable reconnaissance and was wounded.

Lt. Robert Gordon Elliott, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He maintained communication under very heavy fire. He worked ceaselessly for two days and nights with great courage and determination.

Capt. Royal Lindsay Hamilton Ewing, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He made journeys to the front and support line under very heavy fire, to secure the immediate execution of orders. Later, he initiated means of clearing the wounded and of bringing forward rations. He displayed great courage and initiative throughout.

Lt. David Norton Ferris, Cav. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He, with a party of stretcher-bearers, showed splendid courage and self-sacrifice in the face of very heavy fire. He set a fine example to his men.

Lt. William Kenneth Fraser, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He repelled with great gallantry an enemy bombing attack. He subsequently led his platoon forward and captured the enemy trenches, displaying unusual coolness throughout.

Lt. Charles Fontaine, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his men in the attack with great courage and determination. Later, he assumed command of his company, captured a trench, and held it against numerous counter-attacks. He set a fine example to his men.

Lt. Switzer Garner Freeborn, Art.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He handled his gun, under very heavy fire, with great courage and initiative greatly assisting the infantry in locating and demolishing enemy machine guns.

Lt. John Ernest Genet, Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He personally successfully supervised and directed the maintenance of all signal communications to the rear, with great skill and determination, working under great difficulties and continual bombardments.

Lt. William George Gidley, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He gallantly assisted in dispersing an enemy bombing attack. Later, with great courage and skill, he led his platoon to its objective in the attack.

Lt. Charles Green, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He repelled two enemy counter-attacks with his machine guns, displaying great gallantry and initiative throughout.

Lt. George Lazenby Greenlay, Cav. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He, when in command of stretcher-bearers, by his gallantry and self-sacrifice, was at all times an inspiration and example to his men when under very heavy fire.

Lt. Charles Greffard, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his platoon in the attack until partially buried for several hours. Later, although wounded, he continued in action, organizing against and repulsing numerous counter-attacks. He displayed great courage and initiative throughout.

Lt. Almond M. Grimmett, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. His commander having become a casualty, he rallied his men and constructed a trench in "No Man's Land" with great skill and determination, despite great difficulties and severe losses.

Capt. (temp. Maj.) Harry John Hall, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He held his part of the line under intense fire for three days, displaying great courage and initiative throughout. He has previously done fine work.

Lt. James Arlon Hamilton, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. After being buried by a shell and having several ribs broken, he still continued in command of the line, and by his fine example inspired the men until rendered unconscious by another shell.

Lt. William Hoey, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led a bombing attack with great courage and determination, thereby enabling the battalion to hold their left flank. Later, although wounded, he stuck to his duty and would not leave the trench.

Lt. Frank Hamilton Hunter, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his company, with great gallantry, to the capture of an enemy strong point. Later, under intense fire, he captured an enemy trench with great courage and determination.

Lt. Harry Hutchison, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although wounded, he commanded his company with great courage and determination. Later, he materially assisted in capturing an enemy trench. He was again wounded, but remained at duty until he was ordered back to the rear.

Capt. Howard Brown Jeffs, A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. Although wounded himself, he tended the wounded under very heavy fire with great courage and determination. Later, being again wounded, he remained on duty till relieved.

Lt. Robert Lawrence Junkin, Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He built a strong point by day under heavy shell-fire and in difficult circumstances. On another occasion he wired the front when the enemy was only 60 yards distant. He has done other fine work under fire.

Lt. Cornelius James Keller, Inf.

For conpicuous gallantry when leading a raid. He went in front of his men, and, meeting a party of four of the enemy, captured one and accounted for two. His party accounted for nine more in the trenches and unknown members in the dug-outs, and brought back ten prisoners. He was himself wounded.

Capt. Herbert D'Olier Kingstone, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. When the enemy threatened his right flank he organized and led a bombing party, driving the enemy back. Later, his hand being blown off and also being severely wounded in the legs, he refused to leave his men until they had gained their objective. He has previously done very fine work.

Lt. Arthur George D. Kittson, Art.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He was sent as F.O.O. after two officers had already become casualties. He followed the advancing infantry and succeeded in establishing telephonic communications with his headquarters. He then went forward with an infantry bombing party, and carried out a useful reconnaissance constantly under machine-gun and rifle-fire.

Lt. Jas. Alex. Linton, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He gallantly held a trench under constant shell-fire for four days. Later, he took command of his company, showing exceptional courage and initiative.

Lt. Charlewood Derwent Lloyd, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He held a barricade on the left flank of his company under very heavy fire, with great courage and determination. Later, he did fine work rescuing wounded men.

Lt. Robert Vivian Lloyd, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. When his company officers had become casualties, he led his company with great courage and determination. He set a fine example of initiative and coolness.

Lt. Samuel Parkinson Lough, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He was in command of a stretcher party, and personally superintended the work of rescuing the wounded, which was carried out under intense fire for 10 hours. He set a splendid example of courage and initiative throughout.

Capt. (temp. Maj.) James Henry Lovett, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his company to the support of another unit and reorganized the line, displaying great courage and determination throughout. Later, he bombed a party of the enemy out of their trench and consolidated a new line at this point. He set a fine example to his men.

Capt. William Morgan Macaw, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his men to support an attack, gaining his objective. Later, he assumed command of the line, organizing the defence and holding the position. He set a splendid example of courage and initiative throughout.

Lt. John Angus MacDonald, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry when leading a raid. He advanced down the enemy's trench in spite of opposition, acounting for five of the enemy in the trench and others in the dugouts. He brought back useful information.

Capt. Duncan Eberts MacIntyre, D.S.O., Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He went forward under intense fire to ascertain the situation, displaying great courage and determination, and thereby obtaining most important information.

Lt. Alexander Herbert Robins Mackay, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He obtained communication with the right half of his company under very heavy fire, displaying great courage and determination. Later, he carried out a valuable reconnaissance.

Lt. John Kennedy Matheson, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his men with great gallantry in the attack. Later, he led forward a covering party, and captured 20 prisoners. He set a fine example throughout.

Lt. Guy L. Matheson, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He assumed command of his company and led it with great courage and determination. Later, he assumed command of another company. He showed marked coolness and ability throughout and set a fine example to his men.

Lt. Samuel James Mathewson, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his men with great gallantry in the attack. Later, he led another attack with skill and determination, afterwards bringing in many wounded men. He set a fine example.

Lt. William Sinclair McClinton, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led a bombing attack on an enemy trench with great courage and determination. He displayed great gallantry throughout and set a splendid example.

Lt. Godfrey Alistel McCullogh, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although wounded he remained on duty. Later, being buried by a shell, he was ordered to the dressing-station, and on his way there carried message under very heavy fire. He displayed great courage and devotion to duty throughout.

The Rev. Arthur Huffman McGreer, Chapl. Dept.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He tended the wounded under very heavy fire with great courage and determination. Later, he organized stretcher-parties and rendered most valuable services by bringing in wounded men.

Lt. William Hamilton McMurray, Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He maintained communications with the front line during our successful attack and the subsequent enemy bombardment. He was under heavy fire, and, when most of his linesmen had become casualties, he personally maintained the lines with total disregard of his own safety.

Lt. Rennie Ogilvie McMurtry, Art.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He established and maintained communications under very heavy fire with great courage and skill, sending back most valuable information.

Lt. Angus Urquhart Meikle, Art.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He handled his gun with great courage and skill under the most trying circumstances and heavy shell fire.

Lt. John Millington, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although wounded, he pushed forward with a patrol, and although wounded a second time did not relinquish his position until his patrol had reached its objective.

Capt. Victor Henry Kingsley Moorhouse, A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He tended the wounded under very heavy fire, displaying great courage and determination throughout.

Lt. William Hugoe Morris, P.P.C.L.I.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He made a most valuable reconnaissance. Later, at great personal risk, he made several tours all round the whole line under very heavy fire.

Lt. George Belcher Murray, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He effected a daylight relief under very heavy fire with great courage and initiative. Later, he organized a counter-attack and successfully drove the enemy back. Although the relieving unit had taken over, he remained on duty for five hours.

Capt. Arthur Chilcott Nation, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his company forward to the relief of a company of another unit which was being heavily attacked, beating off the enemy and displaying great courage and determination. Later, he made a daring reconnaissance in the open.

Capt. Thomas Francis O'Hagan, A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He rescued a wounded officer and five men under very heavy fire. Later, he tended the wounded in an advanced dressing station under heavy fire. He displayed great courage and determination throughout.

Lt. Allen Oliver, 26th By., Arty.

For conspucuous gallantry in action. He handled his gun under very heavy fire with great courage and determination. He set a fine example to his men.

Capt. Kenneth Lawrence Patton, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his men to the attack, and although severely wounded in four places, he directed and steadied his men and encouraged them with his fine example until he fell from the effects of his wounds.

Lt. Ronald Wilfrid Pearson, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. When the officers in his company had become casualties he took command, showing great courage and ability. His coolness and personal bravery greatly encouraged his men. He made valuable reconnaissances over open ground swept by fire with great skill and determination.

Cap. (now Maj.) Henry Edward Pense, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his company in the attack with great courage and determination, and, although wounded, by his personal coolness and example assisted in the success of the operation.

Lt. Claude Savery Pote, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He rallied his men with great courage and determination and succeeded in driving off an enemy attack. He was seriously wounded but remained at his post.

Capt. Vernon Harcourt de Butts Powell, Arty.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He made a daring reconnaissance under very heavy heavy fire, obtaining most valuable information and displaying great courage and ability throughout.

Lt. Robert Alexander Makolm Douglas Ramsay, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry when leading a raid. He shot several of the enemy with his revolver. He was the last to return and carried back a wounded officer until he was himself severely wounded by a bomb.

Lt. Charles Edward Reynolds, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He showed marked initiative and courage in organizing and leading carrying parties under heavy artillery fire. Although wounded he remained at duty, and when a shell buried one of his men he dug him out and carried him to shelter.

Capt. (temp. Maj.) Charles Frederick Ritchie, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his company in the attack with great courage and determination. Later, he again led his company to their objective in capturing and consolidating the position. He set a fine example to his men.

Lt. Frederick Avery Ritchie, Eng.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He established telephonic communication between two Battalion Headquarters under very heavy shell-fire and in very difficult circumstances personally assisting in maintaining the line. He has done other fine work.

Lt. Guy Burland Roberts, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He established posts, making reconnaissance and posting the men himself, and crossing 250 yards of fire-swept ground three times. He displayed great courage and initiative throughout.

Capt. George Robinson, Cav. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He, with a party of stretcher-bearers, showed splendid courage and self-sacrifice in the face of very heavy fire. He set a fine example to his men.

Capt. William Thomas Rogers, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He set a fine example to his men while holding trenches under constant shell-fire for four days. Later, he took command of his company, displaying great courage and ability.

Lt. Harry Leonard Newell Salmon, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his men into action with great courage, and although severely wounded he continued to lead his men until the objective was reached. He set a fine example to his men.

Lt. George Herbert Scott, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led a patrol with great skill and determination, taking an enemy post. He retained his position throughout the day under very heavy artillery fire.

Lt. Alexander George Edwin Smith, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He proceeded with a party of bombers and captured an enemy trench and fifty prisoners, displaying the greatest courage throughout. He was twice buried by shells, but stuck to his post.

Lt. George Malcolm Smith, P.P.C.L.I.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He fought his machine gun with great skill and courage. He set a magnificent example to the men, and contributed very largely to the success of the operation.

Lt. Albert Edward Spendlove, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He fought his machine guns with great courage and determination. Later, although wounded, he led a search party to look for a wounded officer.

Lt. Denis Stairs, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although severely wounded, he remained on duty for twelve hours, and fought his machine guns with great gallantry and determination. He set a splendid example to his men.

Lt. Ralph Lee Alexander Strathy, Art.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He was in his O.P. when the enemy made a bombing attack on the trench. He took command of the infantry near him, and himself shot three of the enemy with his revolver. He was wounded by a bomb, and his three telephonists were killed, but he made his way back to the supports and gave the alarm. He was about to return to his O.P., but was kept back on account of his wound.

Lt. James Cecil Stuart, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He assumed command of his company, repulsed a counter-attack, himself accounting for ten of the enemy, and displaying great courage and initiative. Later, he rendered most valuable services in clearing a village.

Lt. Hugh Harding Sykes, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He held a section of a trench and repelled an enemy bombing attack with great courage and determination. Later, he gallantly led his platoon forward, and captured an enemy trench. He was severely wounded.

Capt. Alex. Harold Taylor, A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty He tended the wounded under very heavy fire with great courage and ability. He has on many previous occasions displayed great bravery.

Lt. David Frederick Jack Toole, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He took command of two companies with great skill and determination. He displayed marked coolness and initiative throughout.

Lt. Francis Michael Tordiffe, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led a party in the attack 250 yards beyond the captured trench to establish an outpost. He displayed great courage and initiative throughout, and set a splendid example to his men.

Lt. Victor Gordon Tupper, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He kept signal communications under very heavy fire. Later, he personally supervised the repair of wires which had been severed, displaying great courage and determination. He has previously done fine work.

Capt. Arthur Leslie Walker, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He made reconnaissances under very heavy fire with great courage and determination. Later, he made a personal reconnaissance of the utmost value.

Lt. Roderick McKenzie Watt, Art.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. As F.O.O. he went forward and reconnoitred the position, rescuing several wounded men. Later, he returned through a heavy enemy barrage and remained with the infantry in the front line.

Capt. Wilfred Ormonde White, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He set a fine example throughout a very heavy bombardment, dressed the wounds of several men, and dug out others who had been buried by shell fire. As Adjutant, he has always been of the greatest assistance to his C.O., and has displayed great coolness and courage.

Capt. William Lawrence Whittemore, A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. Although wounded, he carried out his duty with great courage and determination. He has on many previous occasions displayed great gallantry.

Lt. Ralph Willcock, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led his platoon with great gallantry in the attack. Later, he carried out a daring patrol with great skill and determination, rendering a valuable report.

Lt. Ralph William Hodder Williams, P.P.C.L.I.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although wounded, he continued to lead his men in the attack, and, after again being wounded, he continued to command his men until the position was made good. He displayed great bravery throughout.

Lt. Arthur Patrick Wilson, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry during operations. He commanded his platoon with great coolness and skill throughout a very heavy bombardment, continually forwarding important messages of information gained at great personal risk. Next morning he was temporarily blinded, and was with difficulty persuaded to leave the trench.

Capt. Basil George Wolfe-Merton, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He kept the battalions supplied with ammunition and stores, under very difficult circumstances, with great skill and determination. His courage and ability greatly assisted the assaulting columns.

Lt. Linton Blair Yule, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led forward a patrol with great skill and determination. He retained his position throughout the day, showing great courage under a very heavy artillery fire.

79100 C.S. Maj. Gustave Lawson, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. After all the officers of his company had become casualties, he took command of the company and consolidated the captured ground showing great courage and executive ability.

79186 C.S. Maj. John Smith Park, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. After all the officers of his company had become casualties, he took command of the company and consolidated the captured ground showing great courage and executive ability.

71051 S.M. Ernest B. Underwood, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He organized and accompanied carrying parties to the front line under intense artillery fire with great skill and determination. Owing to his splendid example and disregard of danger the front line was kept continually supplied.

432178 S. Maj. Nicholas Walsh, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He acted as Adjutant with courage and efficiency. Although very severely wounded, he continued at his duty. He set a fine example.

The undermentioned have been awarded a Bar to their Military Cross for subsequent acts of conspicuous gallantry:—

Lt. James Creswell Auld, M.C., Can. Arty.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. As observation officer, he carried out his work under very heavy fire with great courage and determination. Later, although twice burried he stuck to his post and rendered most valuable information. (The Military Cross was awarded in *London Gazette* dated 27th July, 1916; see *Canada Gazette* of 26th August, 1916, p. 641.)

Capt. John Arthur Cullum, M.C., Can. A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He carried out the evacuation of the wounded under very heavy fire with great courage and skill, and at great personal risk. He has on many previous

occasions done very fine work. (The Military Cross was awarded in *London Gazette* dated 27th July, 1916; see *Canada Gazette* of 26th August, 1916, p. 641.)

Capt. (temp. Maj.) Albert Peter Miller, M.C., Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although severely wounded, he led his company to the objective, and remained until the work of consolidation was well organized. He set a fine example. (The Military Cross was awarded in *London Gazette* dated 27th July, 1916; see *Canada Gazette* of 26th August, 1916.)

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field:—

CANADIAN FORCE.

24576 C.S/M. C. A. Bullock, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He organized the ammunition supply and directed it to the whole of his sector. Later, he led a reinforcing party to the left flank to help against an enemy attack. He displayed great courage and initiative throughout.

53659 Pte. R. H. Burgess, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and resource during operations. When, owing to casualties, the crews of some machine guns found themselves without escort, Private Burgess, although wounded, organized escorts of bombers, and assumed command until he was wounded seriously a second time.

8641 Sjt. G. Burns, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although wounded, he fought his machine gun with great courage and determination. Later, he repulsed several enemy bombing attacks in their attempt to dislodge him.

61095 Actg/Cpl. J. R. Casgrain, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. During five days he remained in charge of the dressing station and worked day and night for the wounded, and remained two days after the battalion had been relieved to see that the wounded were properly evacuated. He displayed great courage and ability throughout.

55806 L/Cpl. S. F. Cole, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability in action. For two days Lance-Corporal Cole commanded his platoon, all the senior N.C.O's having become casualties, with exceptional courage and judgment, and in the final attack he led the company to the objective, where he greatly assisted in the work of consolidation.

1242 Pte. R. S. Collin, A.M.C.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. Private Collin, with the help of another man, proceeded under a heavy bombardment, to the relief of the wounded in an abandoned trench, some of whom had been lying there for two days, and after dressing them all, carried them to a place of safety.

23117 Sjt. P. H. Crockett, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although wounded, he assumed command of his platoon, handling his men with great courage and initiative. He set a splendid example of coolness and ability throughout.

477230 Pte. J. Dawson, Can. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in attending the wounded under very heavy fire. For a period exceeding 50 hours Pte. Dawson dressed and carried in wounded without cessation from the front line and "No Man's Land", and before he collapsed he had attended to more than 100 cases. His courage and energy were worthy of the highest praise.

65276 Sjt. J. Donohoe, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led a party against the enemy with great courage and initiative. Later, he established two bombing blocks and brought up a machine gun, thereby repulsing an enemy counter-attack. He set a splendid example to his men.

24251 Sjt. F. T. Fraser, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although severely wounded, he held on to his position under intense fire handling his men with great courage and initiative. He has on many previous occasions done fine work.

475852 L/ Cpl. W. E. French, P.P.C.L.I.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion during an attack. When a Lewis gun became inactive owing to the loss of its crew, Lce-Cpl. French, although wounded, volunteered to put it into action. To enable him to do so it was necessary to hold him in position, and he was thus enabled to inflict serious damages on the enemy and to render great assistance to his comrades.

74039 Pte. F. G. Frost, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He tended the wounded under very heavy fire, displaying great courage and determination. He set a fine example.

61580 S/M. O. Gauthier, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He remained for two days after the battalion had been relieved, tending and evacuating the wounded. He displayed great courage and ability throughout.

434772 Pte. R. Gwynn, Inf.

For conspicuous bravery and devotion during operations, when he went out and dressed the wounded in the advanced posts, and afterwards superintended their removal. He continued in the performance of these duties for 60 hours without rest and in the open, and at all times under heavy fire.

72038 Capt. A. P. Hancock, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He established his machine gun close to the front line, and broke up enemy counter-attacks. Later, with a small party, he advanced on the enemy machine gun which he had located, and captured the gun with great skill and determination.

57552 C.S/Maj. C. L. Heather, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in an attack, when, by his coolness and bravery throughout, he greatly inspired the men of his company, and their success in attaining and holding the final objective was largely due to his noble example and personal influence.

75059 Cpl. J. Holloway, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He, with another man crawled out under fire, shot an officer and two men who were working an enemy machine gun. Later, they rushed the gun, took four of the crew prisoners, and captured the gun.

67864 Sjt. G. Hulme, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He rushed by himself seven of the enemy, killing one of them and capturing the officer in charge and the remaining five men. Later, although severely wounded, he remained at his post. He displayed great courage and determination throughout.

73616 Sjt. J. Irwin, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. When his company officers had become casualties, he took command with great ability. Later, he reconnoitred the front under very heavy fire, and then consolidated his position with marked skill and courage.

73103 Sjt. T. V. Laybourne, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although wounded he led his platoon, and when volunteers for a hazardous attack were called for, he immediately volunteered and accompanied the party, rendering great assistance.

65553 Pte. L. B. Le Boutillier, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He carried out a reconnaissance under very heavy fire, obtaining most valuable information. Later, he rescued a wounded man, and carried out several more daring reconnaissances, also carrying bombs and ammunition to the front line. He displayed great courage and determination throughout.

73677 Pte. S. MacDonald, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. When the N.C.O's of his section had become casualties he took command and carried on work under heavy fire. Later, he again took command of his section and protected the flank of a battalion with great skill and determination until he was severely wounded.

63632 Pte. E. J. McMahon, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although wounded he stuck to his post. Later, he carried bombs to the front line and acted as a stretcher-bearer displaying great courage and determination throughout.

80265 Sjt. J. W. Muncaster, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He led an advance party with great skill and determination. He greatly assisted the officer in charge of the various parties by his cool behaviourd and good judgment.

A/11085 L/Cpl.(A/Cpl.) A. F. Neatby, P.P.C.L.I.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability during an attack in handling Lewis guns. Isolated with his detachment from his company, Acting Corporal Neatby guided his men through unknown and heavily shelled country for nearly 1,000 yards, placed his guns in advanced shell holes, commanding the enemy's trench and ground behind, and remained there for 20 hours until the trench was finally taken.

53947 Pte. J. Nelson, Inf. Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. When his officer and N.C.O. had been killed, Private Nelson took charge of his Lewis gun sections, and skilfully placed the guns in position in advance of the captured line. He displayed great coolness and courage throughout the operations.

A/36357 Pte. D. O'Grady, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. When his officer, mortar and entire crew were buried he dug the gun and the team out, then placed the gun in action. He kept his gun in action for thirty-three hours, displaying great courage and determination.

418010 Pte. C. A. Owston, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He tended and rescued the wounded under very heavy fire, displaying great courage. Later, when the battalion was relieved, he remained behind to see that the wounded were more quickly evacuated.

68048 Pte. C. Parsons, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. When carrying a despatch he encountered eleven of the enemy, killed two of them and captured the remainder. Later, although severely wounded, he continued to carry despatches. He showed great gallantry and initiative throughout.

79873 Sjt. J. A. Profit, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability in action. A machine gun officer was wounded and the command of a section devolved on Sjt. Profit. He displayed great bravery and executive ability bringing all his guns safely out of action and capturing an enemy machine gun. He also showed coolness and courage in carrying wounded over 150 yards to safety under heavy shell fire.

75224 Pte. P. A. Pumphrey, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He, with another man crawled out under fire and shot an officer and two men who were working an enemy machine gun. Later, they rushed the gun and took four of the crew prisoners and captured the gun.

18679 Sjt. G. H. Reynolds, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He assumed command of his platoon and handled his men throughout with great courage and initiative.

418794 Sjt. G. T. Riddell, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Although severely wounded he handled his men with great courage and determination. Later, he rendered very valuable services by reorganizing the line. He set a fine example to his men.

67456 Sjt. R. Roberts, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He tended and rescued the wounded under very heavy fire, displaying great courage and determination.

8402 C/S/M. C. Romans, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He dressed the wounded and personally supervised their evacuation under very heavy fire. He led his men with great courage and initiative, himself doing fine work as a bomb thrower. Later, he carried a message through a very heavy barrage. He set a fine example to his men.

53610 L/Sjt. C. E. Routley, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability in action. After all his officers and senior N.C.O's had been killed or wounded Lance-Serjeant Routley took command of the company, organized the work of consolidating a captured position, and by his courage and example greatly inspired all with him in the performance of their duty.

55710 Cpl. W. R. Smith, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. Although his right hand had been blown off by a shell, Corporal Smith went forward with a half platoon, and refused to leave his command until the consolidation of the line had been completed.

22539 C/S/M. F. V. Spencer, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He assumed command of two platoons and held a most important position for four days under very heavy fire. He has on many previous occasions done fine work.

254 L/Sjt. W. Stanborough, P.P.C.L.I.

For conspicuous gallantry during an attack when, without hesitation, and at great personal risk, Lance-Serjeant Stanborough rushed to the assistance of an officer who had suddenly come upon an enemy party, thereby capturing many prisoners and taking the enemy position without loss of life.

73286 Pte. R. L. Steven, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. As a sniper, although severely wounded, he continued to fire at the enemy and accounted for five of them. Later, he charged with the assault, entered the enemy strong point, and single-handed captured six prisoners. He displayed great courage and determination throughout.

112135 A/Sqdn. S/M. G. H. Stirrett, Cav. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He tended the wounded under very heavy fire, displaying great courage and determination. He set a fine example to his men.

1939 Sjt. R. R. Tooley, Cav. R.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He, when on patrol, rescued two wounded men under very heavy fire, displaying great courage and determination. Later, he went out dismounted and obtained valuable information.

8271 Pvte. A. Warner, Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He rescued wounded men under intense fire. On another occasion he carried in a machine gun whose team had become casualties. Later, he brought up bombs and ammunition through a heavy barrage. He displayed great courage and initiative throughout.

1783 Sjt. A. E. Wartman, A.M.C.

For conspicuous bravery and devotion. When in charge of four bearer squads, Serjeant Wartman repeatedly went out and rescued many wounded men under severe shell-fire, and only desisted when he was himself severely wounded.

THE undermentioned have been awarded a Bar to their Distinguished Conduct Medal for subsequent acts of conspicuous gallantry:—

1220 Pte. G. F. Clark, Can. Cav.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He showed great determination and gallantry on patrols. Later, with a corporal, he captured an enemy officer and shot an enemy soldier. He displayed great courage and initiative.

The Distinguished Conduct Medal was awarded in the *London Gazette* dated 14th January, 1916. Page 615. See *Canada Gazette* dated 12th February, 1916, page 2595.

72037 Sjt. F. W. Haines, Can. Inf. Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. He brought forward his guns and established them successfully under very heavy fire in support of front line. He then led a bombing party on an enemy machine gun with great courage and ability. It was owing to his splendid example and disregard of danger that all the machine guns were kept in action.

The Distinguished Conduct Medal was awarded in *London Gazette* dated 27th July, 1916, page 7448. See *Canada Gazette* dated 26th August, 1916, page 642.

169014 Sjt. O. B. Jones, Can. Inf. Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry. He led a patrol up to the enemy's lines and remained out for 20 hours obtaining information. Before returning he bombed the enemy's trenches and a machine gun position.

The Distinguished Conduct Medal was awarded in *London Gazette* dated 19th August, 1916, page 8247. See *Canada Gazette* dated 16th September, 1916, page 904.

71860 Coy. S.M. T. Patterson, Can. Inf.

For conspicuous gallantry in action. Being the only company leader in the front line he, by his courage and utter disregard of danger, successfully inspired and organized the consolidating under most trying circumstances and intense artillery fire.

The Distinguished Conduct Medal was awarded in *London Gazette* dated 3rd June, 1916, page 5586. See *Canada Gazette* dated 1st July, 1916, page 3.

CANADA.
No, 1330.

DOWNING STREET,
November 27, 1916.

MY LORD DUKE,—With reference to the Earl of Crewe's circular despatch of the 10th September, 1909, enclosing a copy of a Royal Warrant instituting "The King's Police Medal," I have the honour to transmit to Your Excellency, for the information of your Ministers, a copy of a Royal Warrant dated 3rd October, 1916, ordaining an alteration in the riband from which the Medal is suspended.

I have the honour to be,
My Lord Duke,
Your Grace's most obedient, humble servant,

(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Excellency the
Duke of Devonshire, K.G., G.C.V.O.,
&c., &c., &c.

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[*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 10th October, 1916.*]

GEORGE R.I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, to all to whom these Presents shall come :

Greeting !

WHEREAS His Majesty King Edward the Seventh did by a Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, bearing date at His Court of Saint James's the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and nine, institute and create a new medal to be styled the King's Police Medal :

Now, therefore, We do by these Presents for Us Our Heirs and Successors abrogate so much of the fifth clause of the said Warrant as ordains that the riband by which the medal is suspended should be dark blue with a narrow silver stripe on either side, and in lieu thereof, We ordain that the riband shall be dark blue with a narrow silver stripe on either side and a similar silver stripe in the centre.

Given at Our Court at St. James's the third of October, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

25–3 HERBERT SAMUEL.

(Extract from the LONDON GAZETTE *of the 14th November, 1916.)*

PORTUGUESE PRIZE COURTS.

FOREIGN OFFICE,
11th November, 1916.

WITH reference to the notification which was published in the *London Gazette* of 30th May last, a translation is appended of the Portuguese Decree No. 2565 of August 14th, 1916, relating to procedure in the Portuguese Prize Courts :—

(TRANSLATION.)

Decree No. 2565 (14th August, 1916).

Article 1.—The form of procedure in the Prize Courts shall be the summary form laid down in Decree No. 3 of the 29th of May, 1907, with the modifications set forth in the following Articles :—

Article 2.—In the statement of claim the plaintiff shall ask that the defendant be served with notice to produce, at the Registrar's office, within the fixed period of five days, a statement of defence setting forth his whole defence.

Sub-Clause 1.—With regard to Article 36 of the Decree No. 2350 of the 20th of April, 1916, the Action shall be laid against the Depository-Administrator, or the Advocate, and, at the same time, his appointment and a summons for him to appear shall be applied for.

Sub-Clause 2.—When it is necessary to do so, the Judge shall at once proceed to make such appointment, and, in the same Order, shall order the summons to be issued. Service of this summons must be effected within forty-eight hours.

Article 3.—If the hearing of witnesses shall have been applied for, then during the three days following the filing of the Statement of Defence, or such further period as may be granted for the purpose, not more than three witnesses put forward by each party shall be heard, no interlocutory proceedings or other delay being admitted ; and, on the day next following, the Judge shall deliver Provisional Judgment. Notice of this Judgment shall be served within twenty-four hours, or it may be made public at a sitting of the Court, and thenceforth shall be of full effect and validity.

Article 4.—Upon the termination of the above mentioned proceedings the case shall be allotted according to its class to a Registrar of the Court. The Plaintiff may then reply to the Statement of Defence already filed ; this reply must be filed and the other proceedings set forth in the 5th and following Articles of Decree No. 3 of the 29th of May, 1907, shall be completed within 5 days of service of notice on publication of the Provisional Judgment.

Sole Sub-Clause.—Should there have been no Statement of Defence, or if it is declared to be of no avail, the Provisional Judgment shall become final.

Article 5.—From the final Judgment, delivered in Prize Proceedings, an Appeal will always lie direct to the Supremo Tribunal de Justiça (the Supreme Court of Justice), where cognisance will be taken of the nullities alleged, and of Interlocutory Appeals which may be pending, no other Appeal being allowed.

Article 6.—The Surveys of vessels, made by the Technical Committees, which are treated of in Article 29 * of Decree No. 2350, are sufficient proof both for the Provisional and the Final Judgments.

Article 7.—Judgments upholding a capture, whether provisional or final, shall be communicated direct by the Judges delivering them to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs in view of the possible bearing thereon of Article 2 of the 12th Hague Convention of October, 1907, approved by the Decree of February 24, 1911.

Article 8.—The Legal Representative of the State shall always intervene as the principal party in Prize Proceedings, without prejudice to any other legitimately interested person being a co-Plaintiff therein.

Article 9.—There shall be no Vacation Terms in the proceedings treated of by this Decree.

Article 10.—This Decree shall come into force immediately, and all provisions which are antagonistic are revoked.

The Ministers of all the Departments will thus take cognisance of it, and cause it to be carried out.

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* Relating to survey of enemy vessels seized with a view of ascertaining whether they are adapted for conversion into warships. 25–3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2527]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 13th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Letters Patent were issued on the 20th November, 1907, to the City of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, for cemetery purposes only, for a certain parcel or tract of land particularly described in such Letters Patent, and being a portion of the north half of section thirty, in township seventeen, and range nineteen, west of the second principal meridian, in the said province of Saskatchewan,

and containing sixty-six and fifty-five hundredths (66·55) acres more or less ;

The Minister further states that in compliance with the request of the City of Regina it was decided, upon the parcel in question being re-vested in the Crown, to issue a new title to the city for the said parcel without any restrictions as to the use to be made of the land,—

The parcel of land in question having been re-vested in the Crown and the title thereto being now in His Majesty King George the Fifth in the right of the Dominion of Canada, the Minister recommends that the decision arrived at be given effect to and that he be authorized to issue Letters Patent for the said parcel of land above referred to, in favour of the said city of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, without any restrictions as to the use to be made of the land.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2930]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 18th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been received from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for a parcel of land required for a right of way through a portion of Township 24, Range 8, west of the 5th Meridian in the Rocky Mountains Park, as shown on the plan of the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line, District of Alberta, on record in the Department of the Interior as Right of Way Plan No. 7480 and registered in the Calgary Land Titles office as Plan No. R.y. 10.

The Minister recommends that under the authority of section 16 of the Forest Reserves and Parks Act he be authorized to issue patent to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the above land ; this patent to be subject to the following conditions :—

That it shall be subject to all Dominion Parks Regulations now in force or which may be made from time to time in that behalf by the Governor in Council.

That such land, subject to the use for which it is granted, shall still be part of the reserve within which it is situated ; and if any such land ceases to be used for the purpose for which it was so granted it shall forthwith revert to the Crown.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recomendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2948]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by subclause 3 of section 2 of The Yukon Placer Mining Act it is provided that notwithstanding anything in that Act contained, its provisions shall not apply to any lands demised or leased for hydraulic mining purposes by any lease granted before the 1st day of August, 1906, which has been heretofore or which may be hereafter cancelled by direction of the Minister of the Interior, or under an Order of the Governor in Council, until such lands have been brought under such provisions by Order of the Governor in Council ;

And whereas Hydraulic Mining Lease No. 47 was issued on the 30th of August, 1905, for a term of twenty-one years, computed from the 21st day of March, 1905, in favour of William Charles Thompson, of Dawson, for a tract of land situated on Dublin Gulch, a branch of Haggart Creek, a tributary of the McQuesten River, in the Yukon Territory, having a frontage of 3·21 miles on the said Dublin Gulch, by a width of one-half mile on each side thereof, and this lease was assigned to the Dublin Hydraulics, Limited, on the 29th day of July, 1911.

And whereas Lease No. 47, above referred to, was cancelled by Order of the Minister of the Interior of the 26th day of October, 1915, owing to the lessees having failed to comply with the conditions of the lease and with the provisions of the regulations under which it was granted.

Therefore His Exceliency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that at twelve o'clock noon on Monday the 5th day of February, 1917, the available and undisposed of portion of the hydraulic mining location described in Lease No. 47, issued in favour of William Charles Thompson on the 30th day of August, 1905, be brought under the provisions of The Yukon Placer Mining Act, in accordance with Sub-clause 3 of Section 2 of the said Act, as above set out.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2923]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented that it is essential that British ships registered in Canada be liable to requisition on behalf of His Majesty for the carriage of foodstuffs and of other articles of commerce ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council under and in virtue of the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to enact and doth hereby enact the following regulations :

1. Any British ship registered in the Dominion of Canada may, until further order, be requisitioned by and on behalf of His Majesty, for the carriage of foodstuffs and of any other articles of commerce, and such requisition is to take effect upon notice of requisition being served as hereinafter provided on the owner of any ship.

2. The Minister of Marine and Fisheries is hereby authorized and directed to give effect to these regulations by causing notice of requisition to be served on the owner of any such ship.

3. The service notice of requisition on an owner shall be deemed sufficient and effective if served in the case of an individual owner by being addressed to such individual owner and left at his last known place of business or above, and in the case of joint owners by being addressed to such joint owners and left at the last known business addresses or places of abode of such joint owners, and in the case of a Company or Corporation by being addressed to such Company or Corporation and left at the registered or other address of such Company or Corporation, or in any of the aforesaid cases by being addressed to the Managing Owner, Ship's Husband or other person to whom the management of thr ship is by law entrusted by or on behalf of the owners, and left at the registered or last known address or place of abode of such Managing Owner, Ship's Husband or other such person, as the case may be ;

4. Any notice of Requisition which the Minister of Marine and Fisheries may cause to be served hereunder, may be signed by any person or persons from time to time authorized for such purpose either generally or specially by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries ;

5. And the Minister of Marine and Fisheries is to give instructions and directions accordingly.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2877]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Monday, the 20th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that William Henry Moore was granted homestead entry on the 19th May, 1903, for the southwest quarter of Section 24, Township 21, Range 1, west of the 1st Meridian, in the Province of Manitoba;

It would appear from the evidence submitted that the entrant lived upon this quarter section for six or eight months in each year from 1904 to 1908 inclusive, but he is not able to furnish the dates of commencement and termination of each period of residence, neither is he in a position to obtain witnesses who can furnish the information ;

It has been ascertained that Mr. Moore erected two houses upon this land and that both were destroyed by fire ;

Mr. Moore would also appear to have been the owner of an average of eighteen head of cattle during the time he resided upon the land,—

In view of the foregoing, taking into consideration the fact that apparently the settlement duties called for by the Act have been completed and that the only difficulty in the way of issuing patent is the failure to furnish full details as to the residence performed, the Minister recommends that authority be given under subsection (*l*) of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act, chapter 20, 7-8 Edward VII, for the sale of the said homestead to Mr. Moore at the rate of $1.00 per acre, in lieu of the performance of further settlement duties, such sale to exhaust his free homestead right.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2878]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 20th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. John Marshall was granted pre-emption entry for the northeast quarter of Section 33, Township 7, Range 10, west of the 3rd Meridian, on the 14th January, 1910 ;

Information has been received that this homesteader performed three terms of residence in connection with his homestead entry, but no residence in connection with the pre-emption entry. The cultivation duties have apparently been completed ;

It has been represented to the Department of the Interior that Mr. Marshall is now in his 86th year and totally incapacitated from further work or residence on the above land, that he requires the care of his immediate relatives as long as he may live and that he will, therefore, be unable to take up further residence on either his pre-emption or homestead,—

The Minister submits copy of medical cerlificate, and recommends, in view of the statements contained therein, that further residence on the part of Mr. Marshall be dispensed with in accordance with subsection 2 of section 20 of The Dominion Lands Act, chapter 20, 7-8 Edward VII, so that patent may be issued to Mr. Marshall upon proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled, and that the purchase price has been paid.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2889]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been made to the Department of the Interior by the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, of Cache Creek, British Columbia, to purchase under irrigation conditions 307·9 acres of land, consisting of fractional parcels surrounding the Company's main holdings near Cache creek, in the Railway Belt of British Columbia, all of which they propose to bring under an irrigation system.

The Minister states that the lands applied for have been inspected by officers of the Department of the Interior, who have reported that they are useless for cultivation without irrigation and that the irrigation of same is feasible providing water can be secured for the purpose. The lands are vacant and available.

The Minister, therefore, recommends that the lands enumerated in the attached schedule be sold to the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, on the following conditions :—

(*a*) The land sold to be brought under cultivation by irrigation ;

(*b*) The purchase price to be at the rate of five dollars ($5.00) per acre, subject to a deduction of the cost of the irrigation works up to an amount not exceeding Two dollars ($2,00) per acre and the amount so credited shall be deemed to be a payment in cash made on the date of sale. The said purchase price to be paid as follows: One dollar ($1.00) per acre within one year from date of the authorization of the sale by the Governor in Council, the balance within three years from the date of such authorization or upon fulfilment before the expiration of the said three years of all other conditions of the sale, with interest at 5 per cent per annum.

(*c*) The necessary water rights to be secured from the Provincial Government of British Columbia. No work to be done on the land until preliminary water rights are secured from the province.

(*d*) The work to be commenced within one year from the date of the authorization by Order in Council of the sale of and to be completed to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior within three years from such date, unless other dates are fixed by the Provincial authorities in connection with the water rights, in which case the Provincial dates may be accepted if approved by the Minister of the Interior.

(*e*) Examination to be made by engineers of the Department of the Interior on completion of the work.

(*f*) Patent to issue, when the conditions completed, for those parcels the irrigable portion of which have been brought under cultivation by irrigation.

(*g*) The sale to be cancellable for non-payment of the purchase price or for failure to comply with any of the conditions of sale.

(*h*) Prior to patent no transfer or assignment of the lands, or any rights therein, to be made without the consent of the Minister of the Interior.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendations and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE of Lands to be sold to the Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited, under irrigation conditions.

Township 21, Range 24, west 6th Meridian.

Fr.	L.S.	10, 11, 12, 13, 14	in section	14—59·7 ac.
"		9, 13, 14, 15, 16	"	15—96·6 "
"		1	"	21— 3 "
"		1, 2, 3, 4	"	22—75·4 "
"		3 and 4	"	23—75·9 "
		Total area.....		.....307·9 ac.

23-4

[2876]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 13th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Mr. Robert John Wilson obtained pre-emption entry for the North West quarter of Section 9, Township 4, Range 30, West of the 2nd Meridian, on the 2nd August, 1910.

It is represented that Mr. Wilson met with an accident on 31st July, 1914, which resulted in both hands being broken at the wrist, rendering him a cripple for life.

That a medical certificate furnished by Dr. C. S. Knox of Superior, Wisconsin, U.S.A., dated 21st October, 1916, sets out that Mr. Wilson had a collective fracture of both arms and that the resulting union, especially in the right, is such that he could do but very little heavy work of any kind, and that he is not in a condition to carry on farming operations.

Mr. Wilson obtained patent for his homestead on the 18th November, 1914, having completed the ordinary duties, but from the evidence on file he does not appear to have performed any residence duties since. He claims to have had twenty-five acres in crop in 1915.

The Minister recommends, in view of the foregoing, that, under the provisions of sub-section 2 of Section 20 of the Dominion Lands Act, 1908, further residence on the part of the entrant be dispensed with, so that patent may be issued to Mr. Wilson upon proof being furnished, in the usual way, that the other conditions of the law have been fulfilled as to duties and payment.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

23-4

[2890]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 24th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 17th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. J. C. Shields, of Kamloops, British Columbia, has applied to the Department of the Interior to purchase under irrigation conditions the lands enumerated in the accompanying schedule, containing approximately an area of 1354·24 acres.

The Minister states that inspections as to the quality of the lands, the engineering features and the feasibility of the project have been made by officers of the Department of the Interior, who have reported that the lands are useless for agriculture without irrigation, that they can be made productive with the aid of water by artificial means and that from an engineering standpoint the project is practicable. The lands are vacant and available for the purpose.

The Minister therefore recommends that the lands enumerated in the accompanying schedule be sold to the applicant on the following terms and conditions:

(*a*) The lands sold to be brought under cultivation by irrigation.

(*b*) The purchase price to be at the rate of five dollars ($5.00) per acre, subject to a deduction of the cost of the irrigation works up to an amount no exceeding two dollars per acre ($2.00), and the amount so credited shall be deemed to be a payment in cash made on the date of sale. The said purchase price to be paid as follows: One dollar ($1.00) per acre within one year from date of the authorization of the sale by the Governor in Council, the balance within three years from the date of such authorization or upon fulfilment before the expiration of the said three years of all other conditions of the sale, with interest at 5% per annum.

(*c*) The necessary water rights to be secured from the Provincial Government of British Columbia; no work to be done on the land until preliminary water rights are secured from the Province.

(*d*) The work to be commenced within one year from the date of the authorization by Order in Council of the sale and to be completed to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior within three years from such date, unless other dates are fixed by the provincial authorities in connection with the water rights, in which case the provincial dates may be accepted if approved by the Minister of the Interior,

(*e*) Examination to be made by engineers of the Department of the Interior on completion of the work.

(*f*) Patent to issue, when conditions completed, for those parcels, the irrigable portions of which have been brought under cultivation by irrigation

(*g*) The sale to be cancelled for non-payment of the purchase price or for failure to comply with any of the terms or conditions of sale.

(*h*) Prior to patent no transfer or assignment of the lands, or any rights therein, to be made without the consent of the Minister of the Interior.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE of Lands to be sold to J. C. Shields, of Kamloops, B.C., under Irrigation Conditions.

Township 20, Range 20, west 6th meridian:—			
Fr. north half of	section	26—145·50	acres.
North ½ of	"	27—320	"
North ½ of northeast ¼	"	28— 80	"
Southeast ¼	"	33—160	"
Fr. northeast ¼	"	33—119·10	"
East ½ of west ½	"	33—160	"
Fr. south ½ and northeast ¼	"	34—160	"
Township 21, Range 20, west 6th meridian:—			
Northwest ¼ an L.S. 15 of	section	5—200	acres.
L.S. 16	"	6— 40	"
		1,384·60	"
Less area of C.P.R. right of way		30·36	"
Total approximate area		1,354·24	"

23-4

[3022]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday the 7th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Department of Indian Affairs has applied for the setting apart, under the provisions of Treaty No. 2, of a tract of land at Ebb and Flow Lake, known as Indian Reserve No. 52, comprising an approximate area of eighteen square miles;

And whereas the land applied for, which is hereinafter described, is available for the purpose according to the records of the Department of the Interior;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order, ander the provisions of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, that the said land shall be and the same is hereby withdrawn from the operation of the said Act and set apart for the Indians.

The said tract of land may be more particularly described as follows:—

That certain tract or parcel of land known as Ebb and Flow Lake Indian Reserve, No. 52, surveyed by Donald F. Robertson, Dominion Land Surveyor, in the year 1913, as shown upon a plan of survey of the said reserve of record in the Department of the Interior as number 23372, a copy of which is hereto attached, and containing by admeasurement, eleven thousand, five hundred and fifty acres more or less.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

25-4

[2880]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Monday, the 4th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 14th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting as follows:—

That by chapter 22 of the statutes of the Province of Manitoba for 1913, hereinafter referred to as the Act of Incorporation, the inhabitants of the cities of Winnipeg and St. Boniface, of the town of Transcona, and of certain adjoining rural municipalities as specified and defined in that Act, all in that province, were made and declared to be a body politic and corporate under the name of the "Greater Winnipeg Water District" hereinafter referred to as the corporation. The short title of the Act of Incorporation is the "Greater Water Power District Act," and it has been amended by the following statutes of the Province of Manitoba: Chapters 46, 47 and 48 for 1914; chapters 29 and 30 for 1915, and by chapter 51 for 1916;

That by chapter 208 of the Dominion Statutes of 1913, certain privileges and powers were granted to the Corporation, namely: power to get and to take water including water from sources outside of the province of Manitoba; the erection and maintenance of all necessary works; the entrance upon all lands necessary for survey and other purposes in connection with such works; the purchase and occupation of necessary lands; the building of roads, tunnels and bridges, of telegraph, telephone and electric lines, and of all other necessary works and buildings; the diversion and alteration of any of such works or lines, or of streams and highways; and the doing of all other acts necessary for the construction, maintenance and operation of any work required for the purposes of the corporation; the preparation, submission, filing and inspection of maps, books of reference and plans shewing the works or parts of them; and the application for the purposes of the Committee of certain provisions of the Railway Act and of the "Act relating to the establishment and expenses of the International Joint Commission under the waterways Treaty of January the eleventh, nineteen hundred and nine, and to the said Treaty";

That the objects or purposes of the corporation are stated in section 5 of the Act of Incorporation, that section being as follows:—

"5. The objects of the corporation shall be the supplying of water from any permanent source, whether within or without the province, for the use of the inhabitants of the said district for all purposes. It shall be within the corporate authority of the corporation to extend its operation and exercise its powers, with said object, outside of the limits of this province, subject to its obtaining any legal rights that may be required therefor from the Dominion of Canada or any authority besides this province".

That to furnish the supply of water referred to, it became necessary to construct an aqueduct from Shoal Lake, a part of the Lake of the Woods, to the city of Winnipeg, a distance of 100 miles, approximately, and it also became necessary in connection with that work, and to secure the success of the purposes of the corporation, as set out in section 5 hereinbefore quoted, to build the railway referred to in section 1 of chapter 47, one of the amending Acts before mentioned;

That when this railway, which is now nearing completion, has been completed, a large tract of country which is now nearly altogether unsettled, and which was not suitable for settlement for agricultural purposes because of its remoteness from existing railways, will be opened to settlement mainly for agricultural purposes;

That the Mayor of the City of Winnipeg, who is the Chairman of the Administration Board provided for in the Act of Incorporation, has submitted, as such chairman, to the Minister, a scheme for the placing upon lands, adjacent to the railway now nearing completion between the city of Winnipeg and the Lake of the Woods, of settlers to be selected by the Land Settlement Committee of the Corporation from persons who have some experience in farming, and has applied for a reservation of the vacant and available Dominion lands within the following tract: the north half of township 7 and the whole of township 8 in range 13; the whole of township 7 and south half of township 8 in range 14; the north half of township 7 and south half of township 8 in range 15; all east of the principal meridian;

That the Chairman states that the Administration Board has been assured of the active assistance of the Government of the Province of Manitoba in the matter of making necessary local improvements, establishing schools and in promoting settlement generally within the tract above described;

That it is further represented that a Committee of the citizens of the City of Winnipeg comprising men experienced in the class of settlement intended, are co-operating in the plan, and have appointed an experienced man to take special charge of the work;

That the Chairman of the Administration Board has asked that, in connection with the settlement of the tract before referred to, certain concessions be granted as set forth below.

The Minister is of the opinion that the public interests would be served by giving effect to these requests, and he therefore recommends that, under the provisions of paragraph (*k*) of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act of 1908, authority be granted for the carrying into effect of such concessions, that is to say:—

1. That the reservation of all vacant and available lands within the tract before described, be approved and confirmed, the Minister of the Interior to have power to vary the boundaries of the said reservation, as may appear to him to be advisable; and also to have power to cancel the reservation at any time after twelve months notice has been given in the *Canada Gazette* and in the *Manitoba Gazette*.
2. That within the tract so reserved no entries shall be granted or sales made except to persons who have been approved of by the Land Settlement Committee hereinbefore referred to.
3. That in respect of entries granted to such approved persons, the existing provisions of the said Act and regulations shall apply in so far as the same may be applicable, except as hereinafter set forth.
4. That the Land Settlement Committee be permitted to decide in what manner the holdings shall be subdivided and allotted, subject to the approval of the Minister of the Interior.
5. That the cultivation required in each case be approximately twenty per cent of the area of the land held under entry, a suitable reduction to be made if the Minister of the Interior is satisfied that such land is too difficult to break.
6. That the Land Settlement Committee be permitted to select a suitable central site comprising approximately thirty acres for the purpose of school, church and cemetery, the land so selected to be reserved for the purposes of the corporation.
7. That in respect of entries granted under the foregoing conditions, no applications for cancellation shall be accepted under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act of 1908 and amendments, but the Department of the Interior shall be charged with the work of inspecting the land from time to time as the Minister of the Interior may deem necessary; and where such entries are found to be in default, cancellation proceedings may be instituted under the Act before referred to, and such cancellation proceedings shall be disposed of in the same way as in the case of ordinary entries.
8. That in the event of the cancellation of any entry, the lands affected thereby shall revert to the reservation and shall become subject to the conditions hereinbefore set forth.

9. That where any settler selected by the Land Settlement Committee is found to have already exhausted his right to a free homestead, a sale may be made to such settler upon such terms and settlement conditions as the Minister of the Interior may prescribe.
10. That the Minister of the Interior be authorized to make such orders, rules and regulations as are deemed necessary in cases which arise and for which no provisions are made herein.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3048]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA,

Friday, the 8th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 4th December, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that under the authority of an Order in Council of 13th August, 1913, a license of occupation was issued on the 11th October following, to the Prince Albert Lumber Company, Limited, for certain lands comprised within townships 53, 54 and 55, range 1 ; townships 51 and 52, range 2 : township 52, ranges 3 and 4, all west of the third meridian, and township 54, range 28, west of the second meridian, containing a total area of 518·7 acres, the said license of occupation having been granted for a period of ten years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior at the expiration of that time, for a further period of ten years, and subject to the usual terms and conditions in such cases and to the payment in advance of a yearly rental of ten cents an acre.

The Minister states that the said Prince Albert Lumber Company, Limited, does not now require certain of the lands above referred to, for which license of occupation was granted, and has revested the same, comprising an area of 281 acres, in the Crown in the right of the Dominion.

The Minister recommends that the said license of occupation be amended accordingly.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3021]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 7th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of the Baptist Union of Western Canada for a grant for church purposes of one acre of land comprised in the S.W. Corner of Legal Subdivision 4 of Section 6, Township 72, Range 4, west of the Sixth Meridian, of the Province of Alberta ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes, one acre of land comprised in the S. W. Corner of Legal Subdivision 4 of Section 6, Township 72, Range 4, west of the Sixth Meridian, of the Province of Alberta, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Baptist Union of Western Canada for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2979]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 1st day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Gustav Julseth obtained homestead and pre-emption entries for the west half of section 7, township 32, range 2, west of the 4th meridian, on the 4th December, 1911, and that after performing about twelve months' residence, he developed tubercular trouble and has since returned to his native country, Norway, where he has been undergoing medical treatment ever since the year 1913. In support of the foregoing, the Department of the Interior has been furnished with reliable medical testimony, according to which authority there is no likelihood of Mr. Julseth ever recovering his health or being in a position to return to Canada with a view to completing the residence duties. With reference to the other conditions of the entries, Mr. Julseth has a brother farming in the vicinity who has undertaken to complete the necessary improvements and according to evidence submitted in this connection, a house valued at $100 has been erected and a total area of 175 acres has been brought under cultivation on the half section.

The Minister therefore recommends that the performance of further residence duties be waived under the provisions of section 20, s s. 3, of The Dominion Lands Act of 1908, and that patents issue for the half section on proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the entries have been completed and the preemption paid for as provided by the Act.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25-4 Clerk of the Privy Council

[3042]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 8th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Secretary of State reports that upon a petition of more than one-fourth of the electors of the County of Annapolis, in the Province of Nova Scotia, praying that the Order in Council which brought The Canada Temperance Act into force in that County should be revoked, a vote was taken of all the electors, for and against the Act ;

And whereas such vote was taken on the 8th day of July, 1915, and subsequently the Returning Officer reported that the result was in favour of the petition and against the Act by a substantial majority ;

And whereas action was taken under chapter 53 of the Statutes of 1914, "An Act to amend the Canada Temperance Act," to void the election on the ground of the insufficiency of the petition above referred to and the irregularity of proceedings at the poll ;

And whereas such action was dismissed by the Honourable Mr. Justice Ritchie upon hearings at Annapolis Royal in August and September, 1916,—

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the report of the Returning Officer and the decision of the Honourable Court is pleased to declare that the Order in Council which brought The Canada Temperance Act into force in the County of Annapolis, in the Province of Nova Scotia, shall be and the same is hereby revoked, and that Part II of the said Act shall cease to be in force or effect in the said County from and after the date of the publication in the *Canada Gazette* of this Order in Council.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25-3 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3044]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the regulations for the disposal of quartz mining claims on Dominion lands, established by Order in Council, dated 13th August, 1908. under the authority of the Dominion Lands Act, provide that any person having discovered mineral in place may personally stake out a location not exceeding in area 1,500 feet square ; that no person shall hold in his own name, except by assignment, more than one such mineral claim on the same vein or lode, or within a distance of one-half mile ; that evidence must be furnished each year to show that the locator has done or caused to be done on the claim itself to the value of $100, or pay that amount to the Mining Recorder in lieu ; and that, after the sum of $500 has been so expended on the location or paid to the Recorder, the locator shall be entitled to a lease of the tract so staked for a term of years ; work done outside the claim, with intent to work the same, may, however, if such work has direct relation and is in direct proximity to the claim, be deemed to be work done on the claim, if to the satisfaction of the Mining Recorder ; and

Whereas representations have been made to the Department of the Interior that mineral of economic value exists in that portion of the Dominion of Canada bordering on Coronation Gulf near the mouth of the Coppermine River, in the Arctic region, but that no serious attempts have been made to explore or to develop the mineralized belt said to exist, owing to the very great difficulties experienced in reaching that remote region, and the very large initial cost involved in such an enterprise ; and

Whereas Fort Norman, at the mouth of Great Bear river, may be reached, during the short period of navigation, by rail to Fort McMurray and by river steamer on the Athabaska and Mackenzie rivers, but at that point the prospector is confronted by two very serious obstacles, that is, transportation from Fort Norman on the Mackenzie river to Fort Franklin on Great Bear lake, a distance of about one hundred miles, and from Fort Confidence at the head waters of Great Bear lake to the mouth of the Coppermine river, a distance of about one hundred and twenty miles ; and

Whereas it has been represented that the area prescribed by the regulations, while sufficient in those portions of the Dominion which are easily accessible, would not be an adequate basis of return for the risk and outlay which would necessarily be incurred in sufficiently improving the means of transportation to the mouth of the Coppermine river to enable the prospector to take in machinery and supplies, and that it is essential to the exploration and development of the mineral resources of that remote part of the Dominion that additional inducements be offered to prospectors who may have sufficient capital to undertake so expensive and so hazardous an enterprise ; and

Whereas it has been represented that an expenditure of at least $25,000 would be necessary to sufficiently improve the means of transportation from Fort Norman to admit of an expedition being sent in to prospect that part of the country during a period of one year, and it has been suggested that any individual or company prepared to expend during one year such an amount in prospecting and improving the means of transportation, be given permission, in consideration of such expenditure, to stake out and obtain entry for a greater number of mineral claims than is prescribed by the regulations ; and

Whereas the tract within which mineral of economic value is said to exist lies between the 108th and 118th Meridian of West Longtitude, and between the 66th and 68th degree of North Latitude ;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in order to stimulate prospecting in that part of the country, is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize the grant to any prospector, whether individual or company, who expends during the calendar year, 1917 the sum of not less than $25,000 in actual prospecting operations within the tract above described, and in improving the means of access between Fort Norman and the mouth of the Coppermine river, entry under the provisions of the Quartz Mining Regulations for fifty mineral claims of the prescribed size, that is, one claim for each $500 expended, upon the following terms and conditions :—

(1) That the prospector shall, on or before the 31st day of December, 1917, furnish the Minister of the Interior with evidence supported by affidavit, and accompanied by vouchers, if required, to show that he has, during the calendar year 1917, expended the sum of not less than $25,000 in actual prospecting operations by recognized methods within the tract above described, and in improving the means of access between Fort Norman on the Mackenzie River and the mouth of the Coppermine River. The evidence submitted shall be in the form of a detailed statement, showing the amount expended in improving the means of access and the purpose for which each item of expenditure was incurred, and shall be accompanied by plans showing the position and character of the obstacle overcome, as well as the nature and cost of the improvements made. A separate statement in detail shall be furnished, showing the expenditures incurred in prospecting operations, and the exact nature of the work done at each point, and shall be accompanied by plans showing the particular tracts upon which the work set out in the detailed statement was performed.

(2) That the claims for which the prospector may desire to apply shall be staked out in the manner prescribed in the regulations, and application for entry therefor shall be made to the Mining Recorder for the district in due form before the expiration of the year 1917 ; provided, however, that the prospector, who has incurred during the year the expenditure of $25,000 above provided for, may stake out and obtain entry for more than one claim on the same vein or lode, or within a distance of one-half mile, notwithstanding the restrictions of section 13 of the regulations in this respect.

(3) Staking on behalf of a company prepared to incur the expenditure of not less than $25,000 for the purpose and in the manner provided for herein, shall be by some person or persons duly authorized by the company to do so, and accepted by the Minister of the Interior.

(4) That in staking and recording the claims and in retaining the same after entry therefor may have been granted, the prospector shall conform in every respect with the provisions of the regulations, with such exceptions as are provided for herein.

(5) The grantees of mineral claims within the tract described, who comply fully with the provisions of section 45 of the Quartz Mining Regulations in respect of each such claim, shall be entitled to receive a lease thereof under and in accordance with the provisions of the said regulations and of the Dominion Lands Act for a period of twenty-one years, at a rental to be fixed by order of the Governor in Council, renewable for a further period of twenty-one years, provided the lessee furnishes evidence to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior that during the term of the lease he has complied in every respect with the conditions of such lease and the provisions of the regulations, and subject to renewal for additional periods of twenty-one years each, on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Governor in Council.

(6) That the entries or leases which may be issued for mineral claims staked within the tract described shall reserve to the Crown such royalty on the sales of the products of the mines as may from time to time be specified by order of the Governor in Council, the royalty to be collected in such manner as may be prescribed by the Minister of the Interior.

(7) All entries or leases which may be issued under the authority herein contained shall be subject to the provision that ores or other deposits of mineral of commercial value taken or mined from the claims described in such entries or leases shall not be exported for smelting, refining or other treatment, but shall be smelted, refined or otherwise treated entirely within

the limits of Canada, under the provisions of such regulations as the Governor in Council may enact.

(8) The evidence of expenditure submitted by the prospector shall in all cases be to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior, otherwise the prospector's right to receive entries for claims shall be that prescribed in the regulations for the disposal of quartz mining claims.

(9) That applications for entries for mineral claims staked during the calendar year 1917 within the tract above described shall not be finally considered by the Mining Recorder, and entries therefor shall not be granted except during the last twenty days of the said calendar year.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3068]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order that the regulations governing the granting of yearly licenses and permits to cut timber on Dominion lands, established by Order in Council of the 1st July, 1898, and subsequent Orders in Council, shall be and the same are hereby amended by adding the following thereto :—

1. In any case where waters flowing through, over, or along, or having their source in any timber berth, empty into any stream, or are tributary to any stream from which a domestic or municipal water supply is or may be obtained, or in any case where the pollution of any such waters may, in the opinion of the Minister, deleteriously affect any municipal or domestic water supply, the licensee of such timber berth shall comply with the following regulations :

(*a*) Locate all camp buildings, outhouses, cesspools, and other structures at a sufficient distance from any stream, lake or other source of water supply to prevent the pollution of such municipal or domestic water supply.

(*b*) Immediately remove and burn any camp refuse or debris of any description, or any substance which would be likely to cause the pollution of any such waters, and otherwise keep the ground in the vicinity of all logging camps in a neat, orderly and sanitary condition.

(*c*) Prevent any depositing, leaving or accumulating in any stream, lake or other source of water supply within the berth, or in an exposed or unsanitary condition on the berth, any debris of any description or any substance which would be likely to cause the pollution of such waters.

(*d*) Prevent the depositing or leaving by any person employed or purporting to be employed about the berth, or the accumulation as a result of any operations carried on by reason of the license in any stream, lake or other source of such water supply on any Dominion lands whatever, or in an exposed or unsanitary condition on any such lands, any such debris or substance.

(*e*) Observe all laws and regulations respecting sanitation and the protection of the purity of waters which are applicable to the premises, or any regulations which may be promulgated by the Governor in Council ; and shall also comply with any requirements which may be made by the Minister for the purpose of carrying out the above provisions.

2. For each infraction of the provisions of clause (1) hereof, the licensee shall, in addition to the other penalties provided in the said regulations, be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars, and such sum shall be recoverable with costs at the suit of, and in the name of the Crown.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

12335—2½

[3095]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 6th December, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. John R. Welch, of Grenfell, Saskatchewan, purchased at the auction sale of school lands held at Broadview in June, 1916, the northeast quarter of Section 29, Township 16, Range 7, west of the 2nd Meridian, which is now entered in the records of the Department as a sale in his name.

A communication was subsequently received from the Department of Militia and Defence stating that it was found necessary in the public interest that that Department should obtain control of this quarter section as it was urgently needed in connection with a Rifle Range at that point, and stating, also, that an arrangement has been made with Mr. Welch under which he agreed to exchange the northeast quarter of section 29 in question for the southeast quarter of the same section, provided this Department would be willing to authorize the exchange.

Before taking any steps in that direction, however, it was decided to have an inspection made of the two quarter sections to ascertain the value of each.

The report of Inspector Evans has since been received, and he states that there is very little, if any, difference in the value of the two quarter sections, the northeast quarter, which it is proposed that Mr. Welch should surrender, being possibly the more valuable. The Inspector further states that Mr. Welch is quite willing to surrender the northeast quarter provided he obtains entry for the southeast quarter in place of it.

Under these circumstances, and as the Minister is of the opinion that it would be in the public interest that the Department of Militia and Defence should be allowed the use of the northeast quarter of the section in connection with the Rifle Range at that point, he recommends that he be authorized to carry out the proposed exchange, that is, to cancel the entry of Mr. Welch for the northeast quarter and to grant his entry for the southeast quarter in place of it, and that, on this being done, the Department of Militia and Defence be allowed the use of the northeast quarter of the said section for Rifle Range purposes.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2614]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council, under the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to make the following regulation and the same is hereby made and established accordingly :—

1. Notwithstanding any provision in The Dominion Lands Act or in any act amending the same, during the present war and thereafter until otherwise ordered, no application for an entry for a homestead shall be granted unless the person making the application was at the commencement of the present war, and has since continued to be, a British subject or a subject of a country which is an ally of His Majesty in the present war, or a subject of a neutral country, and unless he establishes the same to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2931]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT .

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them are port, dated 22nd November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that applications have been made by certain half-breeds and others, who have been in occupation for several years, of small lots comprising areas varying from five to ten acres in the Grand Rapids Settlement, at the mouth of the Saskatchewan River, at the head of Lake Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, and that their claims have been especially investigated and a survey made of their holdings by a Dominion Land Surveyor in the permanent employ of the Department of the Interior, who has recommended that the lots they occupy be leased to the applicants instead of being disposed of to them outright, as in the latter case it is feared that their holdings might be acquired from them for speculative purposes.

The Minister is of the opinion that the lots in question should be disposed of in the manner above suggested, and he, therefore, recommends that he be authorized to issue leases to the respective applicants for the lots appearing opposite their names as hereinafter set forth, for a term of ten years at a nominal annual rental of $1, subject to residence upon the land and renewable at the expiration of that period for a further term of ten years at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior, such leases to be non-assignable and subject to cancellation at any time by the Minister of the Interior in the event of the lessees ceasing to reside upon the land.

The applicants and the lands to be leased to them are as follows :—

Lot.		Lot.	
K	Richard Ballantyne,	38	Frank Sinclair,
21	Samuel Parenteau,	40	Valentine McKay,
22	Henry Parenteau,	41	John Cook,
23	Abraham Buck,	44	Alex Mercredi,
24	Edward Cook,	46	Baptiste Dorion,
25	Joseph Sinclair,	47	O. Desrosiers,
26	Adam Ballantyne,	48	Peter Ballantyne,
27	John Chief,	49	James Stove,
28	A. W. Notman,	50	Antoine Chartier,
32	Pierre Dorion,	51	Jonas Chartier,
33	Solomon Cook,	52	Benjamin Sanderson,
34	Arthur McKay,	53	Norbert Mercredi,
35	Henry Cook,	54	William Mercredi,
36	Fred Sinclair,	55	Elzear Chartier.
37	John Dorion,		

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3070]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a request has been received from the Department of Public Works, for the setting apart of a tract of land containing one acre in the north east quarter of section 39, township 70, range 19 west of the 4th meridian, for the purpose of a telegraph site ;

And whereas the tract of land applied for, which is hereinafter described is available for the purpose aforesaid, according to the records of the Department of the Interior, and the Minister of the Interior recommends that the said request be granted ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 75 of The Dominion Lands Act, is pleased to withdraw the said tract of land, described as under from the operation of the said Act, and to set apart the same for a telegraph site for the Department of Public Works, and the same is hereby withdrawn and set apart accordingly :

Beginning at an iron post marking the northwest corner of the said site which may be reached as follows :—Beginning at the northeast corner of the northeast quarter of Section 25 in Township 70, Range 20, west of the 4th Meridian, thence easterly following the north boundary of Section 30 in Township 70, Range 19, west of the 4th Meridian, a distance of two thousand eight hundred and forty-nine and three-tenths feet ; thence south twelve degrees and one minute east a distance of two thousand two hundred and twenty-nine and nine-tenths feet to the said iron post, thence on a bearing of south, eighty-nine degrees and one minute east a distance of seven hundred and twenty-six feet to a wooden post, thence south fifty-nine minutes west a distance of sixty-feet to a wooden post, thence north eighty-nine degrees and one minute west a distance of seven hundred and twenty-six feet to an iron post, thence north fifty-nine minutes east a distance of sixty-feet more or less to an iron post at the place of commencement, containing by admeasurement one acre, more or less, all as shown on the plan hereto attached.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

GENERAL ORDERS.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,

OTTAWA, 1st November, 1916.

G.O. 100.

INSTRUCTIONS, REGULATIONS, ETC.

REGULATIONS FOR THE CLOTHING OF THE CANADIAN MILITIA, PART II, 1909.—AMENDMENT.

Section X of the above mentioned Regulations is hereby cancelled.

(H.Q. 305-3-2.)

G.O. 101.

ORGANIZATION.

RESERVE MILITIA.

Military District No. 13.—The organization of a Battalion of Reserve Militia, with Headquarters at Calgary, Alta., is authorized.

(H.Q. 32-24-13.)

Subsection 6 of General Order 18 of 1916, is hereby amended by including in said Subsection the County of Matane as one of the Counties formed into the Military District known as " Military District No. 5."

(H.Q. 77-1-3.)

G.O. 102.

NOMENCLATURE.

Military District No. 11.—Adverting to General Orders 23 and 64, 1916, the Battalion of Reserve Militia authorized therein will be designated the " Fraser Valley National Reserve."

(H.Q. 32-1-385.)

By Command,

W. Stodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,
OTTAWA, 2nd November 1916.

The following appointments, promotions, retirements and confirmations of rank, are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council.

G. O. 103.

PERMANENT STAFF.

To be Lieutenant: *Cyril Delamere Boyce, gentleman. 24th October, 1916.

*Temporary appointment.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

CAVALRY.

14TH KING'S CANADIAN HUSSARS.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. Hannigan is permitted to retire. 13th October, 1916.

19TH ALBERTA DRAGOONS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Henry Grant, gentleman. 16th October, 1916.

30TH REGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA HORSE).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sergeant Herbert George Home. 20th July, 1916.

ARTILLERY.

Canadian Field Artillery.

2ND BRIGADE—9TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Carey Robert Warren, gentleman. 10th October, 1916.

8TH BRIGADE—23RD BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Hugh Ryan, gentleman. 16th October, 1916.

10TH BRIGADE—14TH (MIDLAND) BATTERY.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. E. S. Lusk, is seconded for service with the Royal Flying Corps. 26th September, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. M. Scott, from the 2nd Regiment (Queen's Own Rifles of Canada). 31st August, 1916.

12TH BRIGADE—30TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Harold Bain, gentleman. 16th October, 1916.

14TH BRIGADE—13TH (WINNIPEG) BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Wilfred Arnold Farrar Fairchild, gentleman. 10th October, 1916.

38TH BATTERY.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frank Daniel MacCharles, gentleman. 16th October, 1916.

Canadian Garrison Artillery.

1ST (HALIFAX) REGIMENT.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) W. C. L. Bauld is permitted to retire. 15th July, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frank Mackay Blackett, gentleman. 18th October, 1916.

To be Paymaster with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant: William Cecil Lugar Bauld, gentleman, *vice* Paymaster and Honorary Captain, E. L. Miller, seconded. 15th July, 1916.

3RD (NEW BRUNSWICK) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Lieutenant H. W. Frink, from the Reserve of Officers. 29th September, 1916.

George Lawrenz Walker Scovil, gentleman. 21st October, 1916.

5TH (BRITISH COLUMBIA) REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Harry Randle Bray, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

Angus Wylie Cameron, gentleman. 13th October, 1916.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
Cecil Bruce Ferris, gentleman. 4th October, 1916.
Willam Salt, gentleman. 17th October, 1916.
John Stewart Bruce,
Frank Dwight Rice,
Richard Leslie Greene,
Ronald Winstanley MacKinnon,
James Orme Hunton, gentlemen. 23rd October, 1916.
Sergeant John Grant Smith. 25th October, 1916.

CORPS OF GUIDES.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Rupert Charles Buchanan, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

CANADIAN OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS.

WESTERN UNIVERSITY CONTINGENT.—Provisional Captain F. J. H. Campbell is permitted to retire. 21st June, 1916.

Provisional Captain J. Kirkwood is permitted to retire. 17th October, 1916.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA CONTINGENT.—Lieutenant A. T. Cameron is seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 16th September, 1915.

Lieutenant R. Flenley is seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 17th July, 1915.

INFANTRY.

2ND REGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) C. M. Scott is transferred to the 14th (Midland) Battery, 10th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. 31st August, 1916.

8TH REGIMENT (ROYAL RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frank Storrs Stocking, gentleman. 24th October, 1916.

9TH REGIMENT (VOLTIGEURS DE QUEBEC).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Paul Enri Gouin, gentleman. 23rd October, 1916.

14TH REGIMENT (THE PRINCESS OF WALES' OWN RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): William Perry Muirhead, gentleman. 18th July, 1916.

Ernest Ralph Beckwith, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

15TH REGIMENT (ARGYLL LIGHT INFANTRY).—Lieut.-Colonel L. W. Marsh is transferred to the Reserve of Officers on the expiration of his tenure of Command. 19th October, 1916.

21ST REGIMENT (ESSEX FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): John Stanley Reaume, gentleman. 12th June, 1916.

Grant Thomas Stephenson,
Roy Andrew Darling,
Donald William Fleming, gentlemen. 6th October, 1916.

30TH REGIMENT (WELLINGTON RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Gerald Scott Hirst, gentleman. 12th September, 1916.

41ST REGIMENT (BROCKVILLE RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Douglas, gentleman. 27th October, 1916.

48TH REGIMENT (HIGHLANDERS).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
John Campbell Hope, gentleman. 16th October, 1916.
Wallace Harrington Mulholland, gentleman. 18th October, 1916.

51ST REGIMENT (SOO RIFLES).—Lieutenant C. D. Boyce is permitted to resign his commission on appointment to the Permanent Staff. 24th October, 1916.

52ND REGIMENT (PRINCE ALBERT VOLUNTEERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert Rae Manville, gentleman. 23rd October, 1916.

57TH REGIMENT (PETERBOROUGH RANGERS):—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert James Soden, gentleman. 15th September, 1916.

59TH STORMONT AND GLENGARRY REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Charlie Elgin Merkley, gentleman. 15th October, 1916.
Craig Alexander McLaughlin, gentleman. 25th October, 1916.

61ST REGIMENT DE MONTMAGNY.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): John Gerald Monaghan, gentleman. 21st October, 1916.
Despres Dessane, gentleman. 24th October, 1916.

63RD REGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Blackburn Arthur, gentleman. 11th April, 1916.

67TH REGIMENT (CARLETON LIGHT INFANTRY).—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Allan Draper, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.

72ND REGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be provisonal Lieutenants (supernumerary):
MacIver Forbes Morison MacIver-Campbell, gentleman. 29th June, 1916.
Charles Francis Kearns, gentleman. 6th October, 1916.
Arthur Cecil Fox, gentleman. 7th October, 1916.

79TH REGIMENT (CAMERON HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA).—To be Captain: (to remain seconded) Lieutenant V. J. Hastings. 30th May, 1915.
To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
Matthew Hutchison,
Ian Grant, gentlemen. 12th October, 1916.

84TH ST. HYACINTHE REGIMENT.—Provisional Lieutenant E. D. St. Onge is permitted to retire. 26th October, 1916.
The name of provisional Lieutenant E. M. Vallee is removed from the list of officers of the Active Militia. 30th October, 1916.

87TH QUEBEC REGIMENT.—The period of tenure of appointment of Captain J. F. R. Gauvin as Signalling Officer is further extended to the 18th May, 1917.

90TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
Sergeant-Major John Hay. 12th July, 1916.
Arthur Hamilton Johnstone, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.

100TH WINNIPEG GRENADIERS.—To be Honorary Captain: Quartermaster and Honorary Lieutenant, T. R. Deacon. 27th September, 1916.

102ND REGIMENT (ROCKY MOUNTAIN RANGERS).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) F. Gosby is permitted to resign his commission. 27th October, 1916.

104TH REGIMENT (WESTMINSTER FUSILIERS OF CANADA).—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Lieutenant H. C. Airth, from the Corps Reserve. 22nd December, 1915.

105TH REGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Thomas Austin Buchanan, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

108TH REGIMENT.—To be Lieutenant-Colonel and to Command the Regiment. Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) W. M. O. Lochead, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel H. J. Bowman, deceased. 18th August, 1916.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

To be Captains: Lieutenants (supernumerary)
F. J. Matthews. 4th September, 1915.
J. H. Elliott. 23rd April, 1916.
E. G. Hodgson. 14th July, 1916.
To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):
William Roy Stackhouse, gentleman. 17th February, 1916.
Robert William Henry Guilmette, gentleman. 6th June, 1916.
*Wesley Nesbit McCormick, gentleman. 23rd June, 1916.
*Hugh MacKay MacDonald.
*Stephen Archibald Wilkinson, gentleman. 12th July, 1916.
Thomas Henry Blow, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.
Gerald Hamilton Jeffery Pearson, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.
Harry Brown Hetherington, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.
Charles Edmund Flatt, gentleman. 29th September, 1916.
Lewis Arthur Knight, gentleman. 10th October, 1916.
Benjamin Charles Hardiman gentleman. 11th October, 1916.
Cyril Klock Church, gentleman. 17th October, 1916.
Lawrence Hamilton Roberts, gentleman. 21st October, 1916.
*Subject to qualification under the provisions of Militia Order 65, 1913.

To be Honorary Captain: Quartermaster and Honorary Lieutenant A. S. Richardson. 5th December, 1914.
Nursing Sister (supernumerary) E. Holloway is permitted to retire. 1st November, 1916.
To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary):
Marjorie Alida McWilliams. 13th May, 1916.
Helen Noble. 4th August, 1916.
Gladys Robena Wallace. 21st August, 1916.
Ethel Maude Luney. 5th September, 1916.
Mary Catherine Stewart. 20th September, 1916.
To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary) from dates stated, and to be seconded for service with the the Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service from the 30th October, 1916.
Isabel Slack. 3rd October, 1916.
Olive Ross. 5th October, 1916.
Gertrude Johnson. 6th October, 1916.
Nursing Sister (supernumerary) I. Atkins is seconded for service with the Military Hospitals Commission Command. 1st October, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY DENTAL CORPS.

To be Captains: Lieutenant (supernumerary) (temporary Major) H. T. Minogue. 1st December, 1915.
Lieutenants (supernumerary) L. Lemire; R. S. Rose. 31st July, 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) T. G. Delamere, 28th Perth Regiment, is permitted to retain the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel conferred upon him by General Order, 141, 1915, whilst specially employed at Headquarters, Military District No. 1, and to continue to draw the pay and allowances of that rank.

Major (temporary Lieut.-Colonel) H. T. Wilson, 31st Regiment, (British Columbia Horse) relinquishes the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel conferred on him by G. O. 134, 1915, on ceasing to perform the duties of Officer Commanding Regiment. 1st February, 1916.

To be Major: Captain (temporary Major) James George, Reserve of Officers. 13th October, 1916.

Major James George, Reserve of Officers, is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel whilst performing the duties of a Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General, Military District No. 2. 13th October, 1916.

Captain W. A. Stevens, 19th Lincoln Regiment is granted the temporary rank of Major, whilst performing the duties of Assistant Musketry Instructor for the Canadian Expeditionary Force, Military District No. 2. 28th October, 1916.

Captain (temporary Major) J. A. Birney, 103rd Regiment (Calgary Rifles) relinquishes the temporary rank of Major conferred upon him by General Order 153, 1915, on vacating the appointment of Officer Commanding, Interment Camp, Lethbridge, Alta. 23rd June, 1916.

Captain R. H. Irwin, Royal Canadian Engineers, is granted the temporary rank of Major to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank, while performing the duties of Commanding Royal Canadian Engineer, Military District No. 4. 25th September, 1916.

To be Chaplain with the Honorary rank of Captain:
The Reverend John Knox Tibbits. 29th June, 1916.

With reference to General Order 28, 1912 under "Reserve of Officers", delete the name of Captain J. M. Fraser, late 93rd Regiment.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) M. F. Coglan, Army Medical Crops, is granted the temporary rank of Captain and to carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank, whilst employed at the Discharge Depot, Quebec. 10th July, 1916.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) J. G. Fleck, 72nd Regiment (Seaforth Highlanders of Canada) relinquishes the temporary rank of Captain conferred upon him by General Order 4, 1916, on ceasing to perform the duties of Officer Commanding Company. 24th March, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. E. Smallman, 6th (London) Battery, Canadian Field. Artillery, is granted the temporary rank of Captain, whilst employed with the Military Hospitals Commission Command. 30th October, 1916.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) R. N. Davy, 31st Regiment (British Columbia Horse) relinquishes the temporary rank of Captain conferred upon him by General Order 128, 1915, on ceasing to perform the duties of Officer Commanding Squadron. 26th June, 1916.

General Order 26, 1916, in so far as it relates to the appointment of Walter John Boddy, gentleman, as a provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) in the 38th Regiment (Dufferin Rifles of Canada) is hereby cancelled, the appointment having already appeared in General Order 22, 1916.

General Order 42, 1916, in so far as it relates to the appointment of Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) W. B. Arthur, 13th Royal Regiment, is hereby cancelled.

Memoranda of General Order 99, 1916, in so far as it relates to provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) M. R. Charlton, 1st Heavy Battery and Ammunition Column, The Montreal Heavy Brigade, is hereby cancelled

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia as stated, whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force:—
To be Lieutenants:
William Ivor Castle, gentleman. 16th August, 1916.
Edmund Gordon Brown, gentleman. 18th August 1916.
George Alfred Humphrey, gentleman. 21st August, 1916.
Robert Lionel Crombie,
William Thomas Beer,
John Orme Plummer, gentlemen. 16th September, 1916.
William Richard Wright, gentleman. 18th September, 1916.
Francis Robert Findlay, gentleman. 21st September, 1916.
James Anderson MacKinnon, gentleman. 30th September, 1916.
To be Honorary Lieutenants:
Maurice Henry Woods, gentleman. 10th June, 1916.
Robert Davidson Scott, gentleman. 30th August, 1916.
Walter Drummond, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.
John Calverly Gray, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.
Mark Guy Glanvill,
Joseph Waddington Graves, gentlemen, whilst employed as representatives of the Young Men's Christian Association. 13th September, 1916.
Ernest Edward Rickard, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.
William Eunton Pointon,
John Lewis Burnand,
Arthur John Twose,
Bertram Leslie Monkhouse, gentlemen. 1st October, 1916.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names:—
Captain A. Lockhart, 108th Regiment, 11th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary N. J. D'Arcy, 90th Regiment, 30th July, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. J. Wilkinson, 100th Regiment, 4th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary F. J. Campbell, 100th Regiment, 13th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. A. Kinniburgh, 100th Regiment, 28th August, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. M. Edwards, 101st Regiment, 1st November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary W. O. Norris, 102nd Regiment, 13th April, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary J. O. Sharp, 109th Regiment, 5th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. H. Smith, A.M.C., 10th August, 1914.

By Conmmad,

W. Hodgins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,
OTTAWA, 9th November, 1916.

The following appointments, promotions, retirements and confirmations of rank are promulgated to the Militia by the Honourable the Minister of Militia and Defence in Militia Council

G.O. 105.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

CAVALRY.

8TH PRINCESS LOUISE'S NEW BRUNSWICK HUSSARS.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Sergeant Beverley Gordon Appleby. 22nd May, 1916.

16th Light Horse.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): David Wedderspoon, gentleman. 25th October, 1916.

19th Alberta Dragoons.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. G. Stewart is transferred to the Canadian Engineers. 5th October, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Charles Hugh Dunn, gentleman. 1st May, 1916.

George Robertson, gentleman. 18th October, 1916.

20th Border Horse.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frederick Hope, gentleman. 23rd October, 1916.

22nd Saskatchewan Light Horse.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Evered Noel Bird, gentleman. 17th October, 1916.

23rd Alberta Rangers.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) F. McRae is transferred to the 79th Cameron Highlanders of Canada. 1st September, 1916.

26th Stanstead Dragoons.—Provisional Lieutenant H. Chamberlin is permitted to retire. 11th October, 1916.

27th Light Horse.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Walter Hartley Burgess, gentleman. 24th August, 1916.

30th Regiment (British Columbia Horse).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Henry Lawrence Eddey Priestman, gentleman. 24th October, 1916.

Artillery.

Canadian Field Artillery.

2nd Brigade—7th Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Alexander McDonald Challes, gentleman. 25th October, 1916.

9th Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. S. Elliott, from No. 2 Company, Canadian Army Service Corps. 30th September, 1916.

Victor Vincent Vokes, gentleman. 27th October, 1916.

John Adair Gibson, gentleman. 31st October, 1916.

8th Brigade—2nd (Ottawa) Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Gilchrist Dewar, gentleman. 11th October, 1916.

10th Brigade—14th (Midland Battery.)—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. G. A. Spence is seconded for service with the Royal Flying Corps. 28th October, 1916.

6th (London) Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Marshall John Andrew gentleman. 17th October, 1916.

Heavy Artillery.

Cobourg Heavy Battery.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Robert Gummow, gentleman. 31st October, 1916.

Canadian Engineers.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. G. Stewart, from the 19th Alberta Dragoons. 5th October, 1916.

Edwin Charles Bloomfield, gentleman. 23rd October, 1916.

James Godfrey Murphy,

William Clark McGinnis, gentlemen. 30th October, 1916.

2nd Field Troop.—To be Major: Captain C. N. G. Milne (to remain seconded). 17th August, 1916.

4th Field Company.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Frank Aubrey Combe, gentleman. 7th October, 1916.

Canadian Officers Training Corps.

McGill University Contingent.—Major C. M. McKergow is seconded whilst employed on the Staff of Headquarters, Military District No. 4. 30th October, 1916.

To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Ernest Archibald McFall, gentleman. 31st August, 1916.

Dalhousie University Contingent.—Lieutenant J. G. D. Campbell is permitted to resign his commission. 1st November, 1916.

Western University Contingent.—To be Lieutenant: Star Floyd Maine, gentleman. 2nd October, 1916.

University of Manitoba Contingent.—Lieutenant R. E. Spear is seconded for service with the Royal Flying Corps. 11th February, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Merton Tindale McKelvey, gentleman. 15th October, 1916.

Infantry.

8th Regiment (Royal Rifles).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Gerhard Dean Falkenberg, gentleman. 26th September, 1916.

9th Regiment (Voltigeurs De Quebec).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Charles Eugene Binet, gentleman. 30th October, 1916.

20th Regiment (Halton Rifles).—Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. G. Kennedy is seconded for service with the Imperial Army. 21st August, 1916.

21st Regiment (Essex Fusiliers).—To be Chaplain (supernumerary): Chaplain and Honorary Captain A. Carlisle, C.M. 31st October, 1916.

40th Northumberland Regiment.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William John Puffer, gentleman. 27th October, 1916.

43rd Regiment (The Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Harold Hereward Brown, gentleman. 24th October, 1916.

45th Victoria Regiment.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): John Angus McQuarrie, gentleman. 1st January, 1916.

55th Regiment.—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): Joseph Clifford Kelley, gentleman. 20th October, 1916.

56th Grenville Regiment (Lisgar Rifles).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):

Edwin Michael Freeman, gentleman. 28th September, 1916.

Allen Leslie Howard, gentelman. 10th October, 1916.

60th Rifles of Canada.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): William Lily Rennie, gentleman. 27th September, 1916

67th Regiment (Carleton Light Infantry).—To be Lieutenant (supernumerary): George Jack Marr, gentleman. 1st October, 1916.

71st York Regiment.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): James Leo Doherty, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.

72nd Regiment (Seaforth Highlanders of Canada.)—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):

Thomas LeMessurier, (Junior), gentleman. 21st June, 1916.

John Hamilton Mennie, gentleman. 3rd September, 1916.

John Wilson Sharples, gentleman. 8th October, 1916.

73rd Northumberland Regiment.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Andrew Clarence Baldwin, gentleman. 5th September, 1916.

76TH COLCHESTER AND HANTS RIFLES.—To be Lieutenant-Colonel and to command the Regiment: Major H. C. Blair, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel C. R. Coleman, who is transferred to the Reserve of Officers on the expiration of his tenure of command. 1st June, 1916.

The period of tenure of appointment of Captain H. A. Dickie as Adjutant, is further extended to the 1st August, 1917.

77TH WENTWORTH REGIMENT.—To be Honorary Major: Chaplain and Honorary Captain The Rev. R. Macnamara. 8th May, 1916.

79TH CAMERON HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) F. McRae from the 23rd Alberta Rangers. 1st September, 1916.

Arthur Woodhouse, gentleman. 24th October, 1916.

90TH REGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Edward Thomas Samson, gentleman. 17th October, 1916.

92ND DORCHESTER REGIMENT.—Lieutenant (supernumerary) T. B. Ford is seconded. 14th September, 1916.

101ST REGIMENT (EDMONTON FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary):

William Alexander Wells, gentleman. 14th April, 1916.

To be Lieutenant (supernumerary):

James Christian Lawrence Young, gentleman. 1st May, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):

Sidney Knight, gentleman. 12th October, 1916.

Herbert Stanley Bannister, gentleman. 23rd October, 1916.

103RD REGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES).—To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary): Sergeant Philip Errol Palmer. 29th August, 1916.

Sergeant David Borrowman. 31st August, 1916.

Cecil Ray Merritt, gentleman. 7th September, 1916.

105TH REGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS).—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Arthur Nicholas Winters, gentleman. 1st July, 1916.

109TH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Robert Alexander Reid, gentleman. 25th September, 1916.

110TH IRISH REGIMENT.—To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary): Ireneus Paul Hinds, gentleman. 3rd October, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

No. 2 COMPANY.—Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. S. Elliott is transferred to the 9th Battery, 2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. 30th September, 1916.

ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES.

Army Medical Corps.

To be Captains: Lieutenants (supernumerary) H. W. Riggs. 10th April, 1916.

A. G. Nicholls. 15th September, 1916.

To be provisional Lieutenants (supernumerary):

Frederick B. Gladstone Wilson, gentleman. 29th June, 1916.

Henry Lynne Walker, gentleman. 30th July, 1916.

Robert Merrideth Janes, gentleman. 2nd September, 1916.

Henry Orton Howitt,

Charles Edgar Lewis Barnes, gentlemen. 21st October, 1916.

David Hartin, gentleman. 25th October, 1916.

James Joseph Keirans, gentleman. 27th October, 1916.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) B. Olson is seconded for service with the Military Hospitals Commission Command. 31st October 1916.

To be Nursing Sisters (supernumerary):

Mary Anne Robinson. 21st August, 1916.

Josephine Frances King. 30th August, 1916.

Christine MacDonald. 9th September, 1916.

Helena Lunn. 15th September, 1916.

Rhea Elizabeth Fitzgerald. 4th October, 1916.

Eva Corinne Letellier. 16th October, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY DENTAL CORPS.

To be Captains: George Haycroft Ross, Esquire. 1st October, 1916.

Elisha Ambrose Randall, Esquire. 15th October, 1916.

To be Lieutenants (supernumerary): Robert Ross Larmour,

Robert Muirhead Box,

John Whitlock Turner,

Roy Wellington Blackwell, gentlemen. 20th October, 1916.

James Francis O'Brien, gentleman. 1st November, 1916.

CANADIAN ARMY VETERINARY CORPS.

To be provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary):

Murdoch Milton McLeod, gentleman. 21st October, 1916.

CORPS OF SCHOOL CADET INSTRUCTORS.

To be Lieutenant: Graham Bruce, gentleman. 8th November, 1916.

MEMORANDA.

"Major-General The Honourable Sir Sam Hughes, K.C.B., Canadian Military Forces, to be Honorary Lieutenant-General. 18th October, 1916."

Extract from *The London Gazette*, dated War Office, London, 17th October, 1916.

To be Major-General: Colonel (temporary Major-General) J. W. Carson, C.B. 2nd November, 1916.

To be Colonel, C.M.: Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Colonel) W. E. Thompson, 63rd Regiment, (Halifax Rifles) Assistant Adjutant-General in charge Administration, Military District No. 6. 1st May, 1915.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) A. McDougall, 3rd Field Company, Canadian Engineers, is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Canadian Militia whilst commanding the 224th (Overseas) Forestry Battalion, C.E.F. 25th February, 1916.

Major J. F. Argue, Medical Officer, 43rd Regiment (The Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles) is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel and to carry with it the pay of that rank, whilst in Medical Charge of the Protestant Base Hospital, Ottawa, Ont. 3rd November, 1916.

Major J. L. Chabot, Medical Officer, 5th (The Princess Louise) Dragoon Guards, is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, and to carry with it the pay of that rank, whilst in Medical Charge of the Water Street Hospital, Ottawa, Ont. 3rd November, 1916.

Lieutenant C. H. Ackerman, 57th Regiment (Peterborough Rangers) is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Canadian Militia, whilst commanding the 247th (Overseas) Battalion, C.E.F. 4th November, 1916.

Honorary Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) Owen Thomas, C.M., relinquishes the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel conferred upon him by General Orders 69 and 75, 1915. 22nd October, 1916.

The promotion of Captain J. E. Hansford, 90th Regiment (Winnipeg Rifles) to the rank of Major, which appeared in General Order 47, 1916, is amended to read from the 15th October, 1915.

Captain D. G. McIlwraith, Army Medical Corps, is granted the temporary rank of Major, and to carry

with it the pay and allowances of that rank whilst performing the duties of Officer in charge of Military Hospital, Hamilton, Ont. 1st November, 1916.

With reference to General Order 71, 1916, the temporary rank of Major granted to Captain J. E. Legare, 9th Regiment, (Voltigeurs de Quebec) will carry with it the pay and allowances of that rank with effect from the 7th November, 1916.

Captain (temporary Major) J. H. Gillespie, 50th Regiment, relinquishes the temporary rank of Major, conferred upon him by General Order, 111, 1915. 1st May, 1916.

To be Chaplains with the honorary rank of Captain:
The Reverend Callum Nicholson Milley Mackay. 4th October, 1916.
Majors John M. McGillivray and Thompson Walton, Salvation Army. 3rd November, 1916.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) B. H. Harrison, 88th Regiment (Victoria Fusiliers) relinquishes the temporary rank of Captain conferred upon him by General Order 123, 1915. 27th November, 1915.

Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) (temporary Captain) G. H. Hensman, 88th Regiment (Victoria Fusiliers) relinquishes the temporary rank of Captain conferred upon him by General Order 108, 1915. 1st January, 1916.

The resignation of Provisional Lieutenant (supernumerary) J. McDowell, 90th Regiment (Winnipeg Rifles) which appeared in General Order 94, 1916, is hereby cancelled.

The undermentioned are granted temporary rank in the Canadian Militia, as stated, whilst serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force:—
To be Lieutenants:
Charles Anderson Krauss, gentleman. 30th January, 1916.
Sergeant Edward Rushton, The Royal Canadian Regiment. 12th February, 1916.
Bernard Rickart Hepburn, gentleman. 1st March, 1916.
Stanley Fraser Gordon, gentleman. 6th March, 1916.
Percy Blackwood Alloway, gentleman. 9th March, 1916.
Adrien Arthur St. Laurent,
Enoch Clifford Colby, gentlemen. 27th March, 1916.
Harry Houghton Timmis, gentleman. 15th April, 1916.
Wilfrid Charles Percy Sullivan, gentleman. 20th June, 1916.
William Lee Young, gentleman. 1st September, 1916.
Walter Henry Smith Gordon, gentleman. 23rd September, 1916.
Benjamin Bell Gray, gentleman. 5th October, 1916.
To be Honorary Lieutenants:
Ernest Stuart George, gentleman. 1st April, 1916.
Sergeant-Major Instructor (Warrant Officer) Burton E. Purdy, The Royal Canadian Dragoons. 6th November, 1916.

Confirmation of Rank.

The undermentioned provisionally appointed officers having qualified themselves for the appointments, are confirmed in their rank from the dates set opposite their respective names:—
Captain H. A. Kent, C.O.T.C. (Dalh.), 18th October, 1915.
Lieutenant H. R. Thomson, 13th Regiment, 5th December, 1914.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. L. Smart, 5th Regiment, 8th August, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary B. A. Neville, 43rd Regiment, 17th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary O. W. Lingham, 63rd Regiment, 12th August, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary E. McLaughlin, 71st Regiment, 24th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. E. McElvoney, 71st Regiment, 31st December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. J. Anderson, 72nd Regiment, 23rd June, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary C. J. S. Mersereau, 73rd Regiment, 30th November, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary H. Tomkinson, 78th Regiment, 27th September, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. D. Graham, 78th Regiment, 15th February, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary R. W. Dill, 81st Regiment, 15th December, 1915
Lieutenant Supernumerary A. B. Todd, 81st Regiment, 14th January, 1916.
Lieutenant Supernumerary B. P. McLaine, 82nd Regiment, 8th December, 1915.
Lieutenant Supernumerary O. M. Biggar, 101st Regiment, 6th June, 1916.

By Command,

W. Stagins.

Major-General,
Acting Adjutant-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 19th December, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32323. "Canada, The Land Of Promise; And Other Poems." By S. Rupert Broadfoot. (Book.) Samuel Rupert Broadfoot, Ottawa, Ont., 13th December, 1916.

32324. "Heavenly Twins." Words by Stanley Murphy. Music by Henry I. Marshall. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 13th December, 1916.

32325. "The Rest Goes Home to My Wife." Words by Jean Havez. Music by Louis Silvers. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 13th December, 1916.

32326. "Oh You Gray-Haired Kid." Words by Alfred Bryan. Music by Harry Tierney. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 13th December, 1916.

32327. "How's Every Little Thing in Dixie." Words by Jack Yellen. Music by Albert Gumble. Jerome H. Remick & Company, New York, N.Y., U.S.A., 13th December, 1916.

32328. "Come You All." Canadian Patriotic Song. Words composed and Music adapted from an old Melody. By Clara Howard Kirchhoffer. Clara Howard Kirchhoffer, Brandon, Manitoba, 13th December, 1916.

32329. "While I Have You." Words and Music by Florence Yavner. Florence Yavner, Toronto., Ont., 13th December, 1916.

32330. "The Ontario Law Reports. Cases Determined in the Supreme Court of Ontario (Appellate and High Court Divisions) 1916." Volume XXXVII, Part 2. Editor: Edward B. Brown, K.C. (Book.) Law Society of Upper Canada, Toronto., Ont., 14th December, 1916.

32331. "106th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F., Nova Scotia Rifles." (Booklet.) The Mortimer Co., Limited, Ottawa, Ont., 14th December, 1916.

32332. "La Grande Erreur du Pain Blanc." Par le Docteur Aurèle Nadeau. Avec une Préface de M. le Professeur Arthur Rousseau. Bulletin No. 24. (Livre.) Dr. Aurèle Nadeau. Beauce Junction, Qué., 14th decembre, 1916.

32333. "Maclean's Magazine, December, 1916." Volume XXX., No. 2. The Maclean Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32334. "With Hot Milk." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont. 15th December, 1916.

32335. "A Joy to Eat." (Print A.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32336. "A Dainty Little Miss." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32337. "A Cook." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32338. "A Man at Table." (Print. A.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32339. "Two Children." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32340. "A Young Lady at Table." (Print) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32341. "A Maid with Tray." (Print) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32342. "A Child Pouring Cream." (Print) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32343. "A Boy at Table." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32344. "A Youth at Table." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32345. "A Joy to Eat." (Print B.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32346. "A Girl at Table." (Print A.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32347. "For Thousands of Years Wheat has been hiding the Delicious Flavor Now Brought Out for the First Time." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32348. "A Child at Table." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32349. "Not So Much Sugar." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32350. "A Girl at Table." (Print B.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32351. "The First Wheat Food with a Real-Hustle-Down-to-Breakfast-Taste." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32352. "A Man at Table." (Print B.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32353. "A Grocer and Boy with Cart Containing Package." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32354. "Food with the Delicious Flavour." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited. Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32355. "The W. K. Kellogg Cereal Co.'s Factory at Toronto." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32356. "All the Sweatness of the Wheat." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32357. "The New Wheat Food." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32358. "For Variety in the Menu." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32359. "Delicious in Flavour." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December. 1916.

32360. "Delicious with Fruits." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32361. "Boy with Spoon, and Factory Building." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32362. "To the Wholesale Trade." (Print.) Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 15th December, 1916.

32363. "I'll Be Proud of My Plain Uniform." Words and melody by Milo Anderson. Arranged by Harry C. Dunlop. Milo Anderson, Toronto, Ont., 16th December, 1916.

32364. "King William's Last Prayer. (Print.) Joseph Coulthard, Toronto, Ont., 16th December, 1916.

32365. "Wills; or, The Law of Succession After Death." First edition. By Walter Edwin Lear. (Book.) Walter Edwin Lear, Toronto, Ont., 16th December, 1916.

32366. "Cinquante—Six Ans de Vie Littéraire ; ou, Benjamin Sulte et Son Oeuvre." Essai de bibliographie des travaux historiques et littéraires (1860-1916) de ce polygraphe Canadien, précédé d'une notice biographique par Gérard Malchelosse. Collection Laurentienne. (Livre.) Gérard Malchelosse, Montréal, Qué., 19 decembre 1916.

32367. "An Indian in a Forest Listening to a Cabinent Phonograph." (Picture.) Brantford Piano Case Company, Limited, Brantford, Ont., 19th December, 1916.

32368. "La Langue Française au Canada—Son état actuel—Etude Canadienne." Par Louvigny de Montigny. (Livre.) Louvigny de Montigny, Ottawa, Ont., 19 décembre 1916.

32369. "Entertaining Rhymes." By Thomas Balmer (Book.) Thomas Balmer, Ottawa, Ont., 19th December, 1916.

32370. "Prince Edward Island Heavy Battery, Ives Point, Halifax, N.S., 1916." (Photo.) The MacLaughlan Motion Picture Company, Halifax, Nova Scotia, 19th December, 1916.

32371. "Saviour, Breathe An Evening Blessing." Anthem. Music by W. H. Bontemps. Anglo-Canadian Music Publishers Association, Limited, London, England, 19th December, 1916.

32372. "Surrogate Court Rules of Ontario." By Authority of the Judges. In force 1st September, 1916. With Notes on Practice. By John Cowan. (Book.) John Cowan, Toronto, Ont., 19th December, 1916.

32373. "Greenshields and Company's Monthly Review and Investment Suggestions." November and December, 1916. Volume V, Nos. 11-12. (Publication.) Greenshields & Company, Montreal, Que., 19th December, 1916.

32374. "How Many Mothers Are Weeping To-night" Song. Words by W. Archer. Music by Muriel E. Bruce. F. W. Oates, Toronto, Ont., 19th December, 1916.

32375. "The Angels' Call." Song. Words by Jean Wingar. Music by Muriel E. Bruce. F. W. Oates, Toronto, Ont., 19th December, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
26–1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Die Abendschule," a fortnightly magazine printed in the German language and published by the Louis Lange Publishing Company, St. Louis, Mo., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such magazine, or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such magazine shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA,
OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an Order in Council of the 30th day of October, 1915, (P. C. 2519), made in pursuance of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, the Secretary of State upon the authority of the Attorney General of Canada has certified under his hand to the Postmaster General of Canada that an article or articles, letter, communication, report or news contravening the Order in Council of the 10th day of June, 1915, has appeared in "Bicz Bozy", a publication printed in the Polish language and issued weekly by "The Polish Peoples Publishing Company," 959 Milwaukee Av , Chicago, Ill., that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postnaster General of Canada, based upon the said certificate and executed in pursuance of the provisions of the said Order in Council of the 30th day of October, 1915, aud an Order in Council dated the 6th day of November, 1914, made pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act and published in an extra of the *Canada Gazette* of the 6th day of November, 1914, the said "Bicz Bozy," a publication printed in the Polish language and issued weekly by "The Polish People's Publishing Company," 959 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, Ill., has been refused the privilege of the mails in Canada and has been prohibited from circulation in Canada ; and that no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of "Bicz Bozy" or of any issue thereof already published or hereafter to be published, and that any person in possession of such publication shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Westlicher Herold" a weekly newspaper, "Volksblatt des Westens" a weekly newspaper and "Sonntags Winona" a Sunday newspaper printed in the German language and published by the Westlicher Herold Publishing Co., Winona, Minn., are from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and are prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such newspapers, or of any issues thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such newspapers shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, "Der Wanderer," a weekly paper printed in the German language and published by the Wanderer Printing Co., No. 321, 323 Minnesota St., Dispatch Building, St. Paul, Minn., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada and is prohibited from circulation in Canada in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such paper, or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Narodna Wola" a tri-weekly newspaper printed in the Ruthenian language and published by the Ruthenian National Union, Scranton, Pa., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such paper or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "New York Freeman's Journal," a weekly paper published by A. Brendon Ford, 37 Barclay St., New York, N.Y., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such paper or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance af a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Tagliche Abend Presse" issued daily, and the "Cincinnatier Freie Presse" issued daily, both printed in the German language and published by the Cincinnati Freie Presse, 905 Vine St., Cincinnati, Ohio, are from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and are prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such papers, or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such papers, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General,

Atlantic Coast Development Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of December, 1916. incorporating Richard Armstrong Nevitt and William Lunan, accountant, George Norman Limpricht and Harry Reeve Burrows, clerks, and Elsie Frederica Mayo, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire coal fields and coal lands, ore bearing properties, mineral lands, mining locations, mining and surface rights, timber limits, wood lands, and timber lands, oil fields and privileges, natural gas lands and properties, water lots, water powers and privileges and other rights, privileges, easements and licenses ;

(*b*) To lay out, construct, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, maintain, operate and manage :

(1) Mines of coal, iron or other minerals whatsoever, oil wells and wells of natural gas or any products or by products of any of them, mining structures, plant mills, pipe lines, buildings, machinery and appliances of every description ;

(2) Power houses, structures, plant and equipment for the development, generation, transmission or utilization of water, steam, gas, electric or other powers and structures and plant for any form of heating and lighting ; provided, however, that the sale, transmission or distribution of electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force beyond the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(3) Steamships and vessels, piers, docks, dry-docks, wharves, slips, basins and all incidental structures and appliances ;

(4) Bridges, roads, tramways on lands owned or controlled by the company, aerial carriers, trails and ways of every description, yards and tracks for the storage or handling of any of the company's products or for the delivery thereof to adjacent railways ; and

(5) Offices, stores, shops, grain elevators, hotels, boarding houses, dwellings, workmen's houses, restaurants and buildings of every description ;

(*c*) To purchase, sell and deal in any manufactures, products or by-products of the works hereinbefore specified, or any commodities, merchandise or manufactures which may be conveniently handled therewith, and are germane to the objects herein specified ;

(*d*) To purchase, acquire, sell and deal in any exclusive rights, patent rights, privileges or licenses in connection with the business of the company ;

(*e*) To guarantee any indebtedness, whether bonded or otherwise, of any company with which the company may have business relations and authorized to conduct any business within or similar to the powers of the company ;

(*f*) To issue and allot with the approval of the shareholders, as fully paid-up, shares of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment for any services rendered or for any property, movable or immovable, property rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, powers, privileges, licenses, concession, stock, bonds and debentures, or other assets or things which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the powers hereby granted, or to pay for same or any part thereof in bonds, debentures or other securities of this company ;

(*g*) To acquire the stock, securities or undertaking of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its undertaking or assets to, or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise, or to amalgamate with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and to lend money to and act as employer, agent or manager of any such person or company, and to carry on the business of and to guarantee the contracts of, or to otherwise assist any such person or company or any customers, and to guarantee the securities issued or to be issued either conditionally or upon any condition, the bonds, debentures or other securities of any such company, and to take, hold or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell, hold or re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, bonds, debentures or other securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise hold, sell and deal in the business, assets, good-will and securities of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to benefit the company and to promote or assist in promoting any such other company or any subsidiary company, and to pay out of the funds of the company the costs and expenses of such promotion or assistance.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Atlantic Coast Development Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Carnation Milk Products Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 4th day of December, 1916, incorporating Thomas Hobson, Herbert Stace Lees, John Macdonald Telford, and Robert Pickard McBride, barristers-at-law, and Howard Joseph Baine, bookkeeper, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To produce, buy, sell and deal in milk and cream and all beverages, food, compositions and supplies into which milk and cream or any of their products enter or may enter as component part, mineral, aerated, distilled and other waters, meats, foods, beverages, compositions and supplies and all products of the farm and dairy ; to purchase, lease, maintain and operate farms, mineral springs, stores, shops, restaurants and marts for the production, storage, distribution and sale of the above mentioned products or any of them, and all compounds, compositions, articles and substances containing the same or any of them ; to carry on business as a manufacturer of, shipper and dealer in all kinds of dairy and milk products, canned goods, condiments, jams, jellies, preserves, table delicacies, grocers' sundries and supplies and prepared meats or foods ; to carry on business as a grower, shipper, exporter, importer, and dealer in seeds, farm, garden and dairy produce and all milk products of every kind and other food products, and in connection with the business of the company to establish stores, agencies, depots and other markets for the sale of the products of the company ;

(*b*) To manufacture and deal in cans, boxes, jars, containers, labels and canners' supplies ;

(*c*) To acquire, build, manage, conduct and otherwise deal with warehouses, storehouses and similar plant, including cold storage warehouses ;

(*d*) To purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, evidences of indebtedness, obligations or securities in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this

company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint, and to use any funds of the company in the purchase of shares in any other company ;

(*e*) To acquire by lease, license, purchase or otherwise hydraulic, electric or other power, and to utilize the same and dispose of any surplus power, provided, however, that any sale, transmission or distribution of hydraulic, electric or other power beyond the limits of the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*f*) To acquire by lease, license, purchase or otherwise, trade marks, trade names, labels and designs and to apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents of invention, licenses, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to the use of the same or any secret or other information as to any invention or process which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect to or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*g*) To construct, acquire, operate, hire, lease, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of real estate and personal property, manufactories, sheds, shops, stores and warehouses for the manufacture and for the reception and storage of goods and merchandise with the requisite plant, machinery and appliances ;

(*h*) To construct or acquire by lease or otherwise and to operate and maintain undertakings, plant, machinery, works and appliances for the purpose or any of the purposes aforesaid, and to own and to operate, either by steam, electric or other power, tramways and railway sidings on or over land owned or controlled by the company or on or over lands adjacent to the lands of the company, with the consent of the owner or holder thereof ;

(*i*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities or to acquire and take over as a going concern the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or in whole or in part similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company. and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares or securities or liabilities of any such company and to issue paid-up or partly paid-up preference or common shares of the capital stock of this company or bonds or debentures or other securities of this company in consideration or part consideration therefor or for any property or rights acquired by this company ;

(*j*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*k*) To enter into partnership or into any agreement or arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To enter into any agreements or arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business), or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*n*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, operate, develop, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, vessels, holdings, plant, houses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*p*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons, and to draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*q*) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertakings of the company or any part thereof or the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*r*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*v*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be released any assets or property of the company amongst its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*w*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*x*) To remunerate by payment in cash, or with the approval of the shareholders in stock, bonds or any other manner, any person or persons or corporation or corporations, for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the stock of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the conduct of its business ;

(*y*) To apply for and obtain registration or recognition from any province, state or country under the provisions of any law relating to foreign corporations in force in such province, state or country ;

(*z*) To do all or any of the above things or the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction

with others, and either as principals, agents, contractors or factors for any other companies or persons or by or through any factors, trustees or agents :

(*aa*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*bb*) And it is hereby declared that the word "Company" in paragraphs (*a*) to (*aa*,) both inclusive, shall be deemed to include any person, partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and whether domiciled in Canada or elsewhere, and the objects specified in each of said paragraphs shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of ' Carnation Milk Products Co., Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25-2

Dominion Milk Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 9th day of December, 1916, incorporating Gertrude Mary Jose, Ida Bergey, Kate Rebecca Broddy and Loretta Duggan, stenographers, Howard McLachie McCance, chauffeur, Leo Henry Baker, manager, William Howard Walter, student-at-law, Gordon Nicholas Shaver and Alexander Robertson Cochrane, solicitors, and George Duncan Egar, Esquire, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as manufacturers and dealers in both wholesale and retail and producers of dairy, farm and garden produce of all kinds and of milk, cream, cocoa, chocolates and all beverages and all foods, composition and supplies into which milk and cream, chocolate or cocoa or any products of the same enter as component parts and food products of every kind and description ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise and work farms, ranches and any other property real or personal for the purposes of the company ;

(*c*) To raise, kill and slaughter cattle and other farm animals for export or local trade as dressed beef or in cans ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, erect, build and work refrigerator elevators, warehouses, abattoirs, machinery, works and appliances, cars, bottles, bottle-stoppers and boxes as may be necessary for the company's business ;

(*e*) To build, acquire, own, charter or lease, navigate and use steam or other vessels for the purposes of the company, also build and operate railway cars as the company's business may demand ;

(*f*) To manufacture and produce steam and gas and acquire, develop and utilize water-powers for the purpose of milling and for generating electricity for lighting, heating and motor purposes in connection with the buildings and other works of the company with authority to sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus of gas, electricity or power generated by the company's works and construct and operate lines for the sale and conveyance of such surplus power, subject always to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*h*) To buy, sell, handle and deal, both wholesale and retail in commodities, articles and things of all kinds which can conveniently be dealt in by the company in connection with any of its objects ;

(*i*) To purchase or otherwise acquire any formulae, receipts, processes, letters, patent, trade marks, trade names or copyrights, relating to the products of the company, or any rights or interests in the same or in the mode of manufacturing or selling the same ;

(*j*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire patents, concessions and like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use of any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem to benefit the company and to use, exercise, develop and grant licenses in respect to or otherwise deal with all or any of the same ;

(*k*) To apply for, acquire and enjoy any concessions, franchise, right, privilege or power which any government or public authority, federal, provincial, municipal or local or any corporation or other public body may be lawfully empowered or authorized to make or grant;

(*l*) To promote or assist in the promotion of any company or companies carrying on business similar in whole or in part to that of this company; to act as agents for any company, partnership or person carrying on a similar business, and to carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above business or objects, or calculated to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights for the time being;

(*m*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, rights, obligations and liabilities of any person or company carrying on a business similar thereto or possessed of property suitable for the purposes thereof or which is capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business of which the company may be hereby empowered to purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, and to pay for the same in stock, bonds, debentures or securities of the company ;

(*n*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects similar to those of this company ; to lease, sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, turn to account or otherwise dispose of or deal with the property and assets of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem fit, including shares, debentures or securities of any company ;

(*o*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits or union of interests with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company, and to make advances to, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*p*) To distribute among the members of the company in kind, shares, debentures, securities or property belonging to the company ; to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects similar to those of the company or carrying on any business which is germane to the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*q*) To issue shares of the company as paid up in payment of any assets purchased by the company or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered or for any other consideration which may be deemed just and sufficient by the directors ;

(*r*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*s*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the

company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*t*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital or any debentures or shares of the company or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*u*) And generally to do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*v*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of and incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Milk Corporation, Limited," with a capital stock of one million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 12,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25-2

Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of November, 1916, incorporating Kenneth Duncan Mackenzie, student-at-law, William Walter Perry, secretary, Charles Herbert Croft Leggott, Archibald MacLean Borthwick and Edna Fitzzimons, accountants, and Marguerite Lyola Halley and Agnes Bell, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business and operations of a mining, milling, reduction and development company;

(*b*) To produce, manufacture, purchase, acquire, search for, win from the earth, refine, smelt, store, distribute, sell, dispose of and deal in silver, gold, nickel, copper, iron, steel, manganese, cobalt, coal, coke, platinum, palladium, sodium, petroleum, metals, minerals and mineral substances, chemicals, lumber and other materials, and all or any articles consisting or partly consisting of the above and all or any products thereof; and to that end to explore, prospect, mine, quarry, bore, sink wells, construct works or otherwise proceed as may be necessary ;

(*c*) To acquire, own, lease, occupy, use, develop, trade in, deal in and contract with reference to lands or interests in land, mines, quarries, wells, leases, privileges, licenses, concessions and rights of all kinds covering, relating to or containing, or believed to cover, relate to or contain nikel, copper, iron, manganese, coal, petroleum, natural gas, oil, salt, chemicals, metals, minerals, stone or other ores, or mineral substances of any kind ;

(*d*) To acquire, by purchase, lease, concession, license, exchange or other legal title, mines, mining lands, easements, mineral properties, or any interest therein, minerals and ores and mining claims, options, powers, privileges, water and other rights, patent rights, letters patent of invention, processes and mechanical or other contrivances, and either absolutely or conditionally and either solely or jointly with others and as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and to lease, place under license, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof, or any interest therein ;

(*e*) To construct, maintain, alter, make, work and operate on the property of the company or on property controlled by the company, tramways, telegraph or telephone lines, reservoirs, dams, flumes, race and other ways, water-powers, aqueducts, wells, roads, piers, wharfs, buildings, shops, stamping mills and other works and machinery, plant and electrical and other appliances of every description, and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effects required by the company or its workmen or servants ;

(*f*) To build, acquire, own, charter, navigate and use steam and other vessels ;

(*g*) To take, acquire, and hold as the consideration for ores, metals or minerals sold or otherwise disposed of, or for goods supplied, or for work done by contract or otherwise, shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*h*) To acquire, hold, lease, dispose of and generally deal with and in timber lands, timber limits and timber licenses, to cut, mill, manufacture, buy, sell and deal in timber and lumber ;

(*i*) To manufacture and deal in appliances, implements, machinery, apparatus, goods and supplies in any way connected with or incidental to the operations of the company or to the use of any of the products of the company ;

(*j*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate works for the development of power, light and heat, whether steam, electric or hydraulic, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to power, light and heat, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*k*) To acquire, lease, construct, improve, own, use and operate irrigation works and works for the supply of water for other purposes, and to use, purchase, sell, supply, lease or otherwise deal in or contract with reference to water for irrigation or other purposes, subject always to all local laws or regulations in that behalf ;

(*l*) To manufacture or trade in property and goods of all kinds ; to acquire, lease, construct, improve, maintain, own, use, operate, sell, let and deal in dwelling houses, lodging houses and hotels ; to operate ranches or farms for live stock or agriculture, to breed, raise, keep, render marketable and deal in horses, cattle and live stock of all kinds and to produce and deal in all products thereof and all agricultural products ;

(*m*) To operate construction or building plants and to take and carry out contracts for buildings or for construction work of any kind ;

(*n*) To acquire and take over as going concerns or otherwise, the undertakings, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view to acquire all or any of the shares or liabilities of such companies ;

(*o*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*p*) Notwithstanding the provision of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase, take over or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, and, with or without guarantee, to sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds, and other obligations in and of any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agents or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*q*) To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to

benefit this company, and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and security or any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*r*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to protect, prolong and renew patents, patent rights, trade marks, formulæ, licenses, protections, concessions and the like, conferring or relating to any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, improve, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information acquired ;

(*s*) To apply for, promote and obtain from the Dominion of Canada, or any other authority or government, whether Dominion, Provincial, Imperial, Colonial or Foreign, and including subordinate and municipal authorities, any statute, ordinance, order, regulation or other authorization or enactment which may seem desirable to the company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*t*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, provincial, civic, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any statutes, ordinances, licenses, contracts, orders, regulations, decrees, rights, powers, franchises, privileges and concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with the terms of the same ;

(*u*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or of its predecessors in business, or of any person, partnership, association or company allied with the company in business, or subsidiary to the company, or in which the company holds shares or securities, or to benefit the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any public, general or useful object.

(*v*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country, and to designate and appoint persons therein as attorneys or representatives of the company, with full power to represent the company in all matters according to the law of such foreign country, and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*w*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*x*) To carry on and undertake any other business which may from time to time seem to the directors of this company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to render valuable or enhance the value of any of the company's privileges or rights, and as incidental to the carrying on of its business and to make and endorse negotiable paper ;

(*y*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*z*) To distribute or divide assets of the company in specie amongst the shareholders ;

(*aa*) To appoint agents within and without the Dominion of Canada, with power to receive and register transfers of the company's capital stock, and to keep registers of the shareholders of the company ;

(*bb*) To do any and all things set forth as its objects as principal, agent, contractor or otherwise, and to carry out any or all of the foregoing objects as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by and through trustees, agents, subcontractors or otherwise, and alone or jointly with any other corporation, association, firm or person, and to do all and everything necessary or incidental for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects herein enumerated, or incidental to the powers herein named or which shall at any time be necessary or incidental for the protection or benefit of the corporation ;

(*cc*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization thereof, and to employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*dd*) The objects specified in each paragraph hereof shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited," with a capital stock of one million six hundred and sixty thousand and fifty pounds sterling, divided into 1,660,050 shares of one pound sterling each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 27th day of November, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Turner Day & Woolworth of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as " The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, incorporating Archie Macfarlane, merchant, Lawrence Macfarlane, advocate and King's counsel, William Bridges Scott and John MacNaughton, advocates, and James Geary Cartwright, office manager, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell and deal in or otherwise turn to account goods, wares and merchandise of all kinds whatsoever ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any business which the company is authorized to carry on or which may seem to the company calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company or to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's properties or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association or company possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company or carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on and as consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks or obligations of this company ;

(*d*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or co-operation with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to subsidize, guarantee the obligations of or otherwise assist any such company, person or persons ;

(*e*) To purchase, subscribe for, acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of stock, bonds, debentures or other securities in any other corporation and evidences of indebtedness in any such corporation, notwitnstanding the provisions of Section 44 of the Companies Act ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, rights or privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business;

and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds ;

(*g*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses and the like conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the rights and information so acquired ;

(*h*) To sell, let, develop, dispose of or otherwise deal with the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the company upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration any shares, stocks or obligations of or interest in any other company ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangement with any governments or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, concessions and privileges that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them ;

(*j*) To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents or in partnership or conjunction with any other person, firm, association or company and in any part of the world ;

(*k*) To distribute among shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or other securities in other companies belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*l*) The powers in each paragraph are in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph ;

(*m*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Turner Day & Woolworth of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25-2

De Grosbois Mining Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, incorporating Anguste Joseph Allaire, accountant, Marie-Anne Henault and Bibiane Lefebvre, stenographers, Lorenzo Laurendeau and Aime Malo, students, all of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase. lease or otherwise, mines, minerals, mining rights, lands and properties or any interest therein, and to hold, explore, work, develop, sell, lease, or otherwise, dispose of the same or any part thereof, to mine, smelt, quarry, get, work, mill and prepare for sale by any process illmenite, titanic, magnetite and hematite iron and all or any other minerals or metallic products and ores and to manufacture products and by-products therefrom, and to smelt such ores and other metallic substances and to trade in the products of such mines or manufactures ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise waterpowers, lands, rights-of-way, for pole lines or other purposes, and to pay for the same either in cash or with bonds or stock of the company, or partly in one and partly in the other, in the same way to acquire and pay for, build, erect and maintain dams, mills, buildings, works, pole lines, sub-stations and fittings thereon or in connection therewith and generally to provide, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to construct, lay down, erect, establish, operate, maintain, and carry out all necessary works, plant and apparatus connected with the generation, accumulation, transmission, supply, use and employment of electricity, and to generate, accumulate, and distribute electricity for the supply of electric light, heat and motive power and for industrial or other purposes to enter into contracts and agreements for the supply of electric light, heat or motive power, and to sink wells and shafts and to make, build, construct, erect, lay down and maintain reservoirs, works, pipes and appliances and to do all other works and things necessary or convenient for obtaining, storing, selling, delivering, measuring and distributing water for the creation, maintenance or development of hydraulic, electrical or other mechanical power or for any other purpose of the company ; provided that the foregoing power when exercised outside the property of the company shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ;

(c) To purchase, acquire any interest in, hold, use, occupy, sell and convey real estate, mills, machinery, vessels, vehicles propelled by steam, electricity or otherwise and other property, and to mine, smelt, dress, and in every way, manner and by every or any process to manufacture ore, minerals and metallic or other products, and for such purpose to make and execute all necessary and proper works and to do all necessary and proper acts, and to erect and maintain all suitable furnaces, forges, mills, engines, houses and buildings, and if necessary to acquire any patent privileges or by assignment, license or otherwise the right to use any patent invention connected with the purpose aforesaid ; and to construct and make, purchase, hold or lease, alter and maintain and operate any roads, ways, barges, vessels or steamers for the transportation of goods, minerals or other property manufactured and unmanufactured from and to the mines and works of the company or from and to any other mines to any place of transhipment or elsewhere, and to do all other business necessarily and usually performed on the same ; and to construct wharves, docks and other works and machinery in connection with the business of the company ;

(*d*) To act as general storekeepers and to provide board and lodging, clothing and provisions, and generally all supplies to those engaged in or about any of the company's works, or to contract for the providing of the same ;

(*e*) To apply for or purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated to benefit this company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, interests or information so acquired ;

(*f*) To acquire the undertakings, assets or property of any individual, firm or corporation now carrying on a similar business ; to pay for the same either in cash or with bonds or stock of the said company ; to acquire and hold shares, bonds or other securities of or in any other company or corporation carrying on similar business, and while holding the same to exercise all the rights and powers of ownership thereof ;

(*g*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company or any part thereof and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or securities of any other company having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*h*) To enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company, carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, reissue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*i*) To amalgamate with any other company, firm or person having objects similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To do all such things as are necessary to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "De Grosbois Mining Company, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 500,000 shares of one dollar each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Standard Stampings, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as *The Companies Act*, letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of December, 1916, incorporating: James Frederick Edgar, barrister-at-law, Lily Mae Lewis, stenographer, and Norman Robert Tyndall, draftsman, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, James Edward Maybee, patent solicitor, of the Village of Port Credit, in the said Province of Ontario, and George Patrick Mackie, bookkeeper, of Birch Cliff P.O., in the said Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on the business of stampers, founders, metal workers, manufacturers, engineers and dealers in brass, copper, zinc, iron and other metals, and as machinists and smiths; to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise made in whole or in part of copper, brass, iron and other metals; to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in hardware of all descriptions, machines and machine supplies;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electrical works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Standard Stampings, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25–2

National Dry Goods, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 5th day of December, 1916, incorporating David Kertzer and Morris Geller, merchants, and Frederick Christian Peters, accountant, all of the city of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario; Isaac Rice, merchant, of the city of Toronto, in the said Province of Ontario, and Harry Culnier, merchant, of the city of St. Catharines, in the said Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business as wholesale and retail dealers in dry-goods, stationery, small-ware, fancy goods, jewellery, leather goods, cutlery, gents furnishings, ladies cloaks, suits, ladies wear, household goods, household furniture, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in goods wares and merchandise of all kinds;

(*b*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, or any right or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business or capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the company's property or rights for the time being;

(*c*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*d*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*e*) To enter into any partnership or into any arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on, or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*g*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(*h*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two thirds of the issued capital stock of the company;

(*i*) To adopt such means of making known the products and business of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*j*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company, or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of its business;

(*k*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

(*l*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise;

(*m*) To do all such other things as are necessary, contingent, incidental or conducive to the attainment to any one or more of the above objects, and which the company may think expedient and so that the objects specified in each paragraph of the clause shall except when otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or to or from the name of the company;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "National Dry Goods, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25–2

National Coal and Grain Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of December, 1916, incorporating Joseph Aeneas Bambrick, contractor, John Wincelaus Dillon White, clerk, Joseph Henry Dillon, advocate, all three of the City of Montreal; John Marrazza, of the City of Maisonneuve, contractor; and John Patrick Byrne, of the City of Outremont, agent, all in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To import, export, trade in, purchase, sell and deal in coal and wood and other fuels and to carry on generally and in all its branches the business of wholesale and retail dealers in coal, wood and other fuels; and to purchase, sell, import, export, trade and deal in hay, grain, fruits, vegetables and other farm produce, butter, cheese, eggs and dairy products and to carry on generally and in all its branches the business of wholesale and retail merchants and dealers in hay, grain, provisions, farm and dairy products;

(*b*) To cart, transfer and deliver from place to place goods, wares, merchandise and material by means of carts, waggons, carriages, motor trucks and other vehicles, and to carry on any business incidental thereto;

(*c*) To acquire, erect, construct, maintain and operate warehouses, storehouses, yards and other places for the storage of goods, wares and merchandise, and any business incidental thereto;

(*d*) To acquire, any business of the nature or character which the company is authorized to carry on and the goodwill thereof and to pay for the same in cash or in bonds or in paid-up shares of the company or partly in cash or partly in bonds or partly in paid-up shares of the company;

(*e*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise any lands or buildings required for the purpose

of the company and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company and to sub-let any portion thereof not required by the company ;

(*f*) To invest and deal with moneys of the company not immediately required, in such manner as may be from time to time determined ;

(*g*) To apply for, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, trademarks, processes, mechanical devices, concession, and the like, or any shares or interest therein, conferring any exclusive or non exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant license rights, or information so acquired.

(*h*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and hold shares, bonds or debentures or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to establish, promote or otherwise assist any such company or companies, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*i*) To carry on any other business whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's rights ;

(*j*) To assist by loans of money, guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person or company carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company or any person or company with which this company may have business relations ;

(*k*) To distribute among the shareholders, in specie by way of dividend or bonus, or in any other manner deemed advisable, any property of the company or any proceeds of the sale or disposal of any property of the company ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangement with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority, any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think fit or desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such agreement, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants or other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To fell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*o*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of and turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the moveable or immoveable property and rights owned or leased by the company, and, to develop and turn to account any land or buildings acquired or leased by the company or in which it is interested ;

(*p*) To enter into partnership or any agreement or agreements whatsoever for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise acquire shares and securities for any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*q*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital, or any debentures or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*r*) To pay for in whole or in part of any property, franchise, privileges, trade advantages, leases or rights of any kind acquired by or for the company and work performed for it, and with the approval of the shareholders for services rendered, by the issue of paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company, or by bonds, debentures, or other securities secured by mortgage or otherwise, or partly in bonds or partly in shares ;

(*s*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*t*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(*w*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "National Coal and Grain Company, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 12th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Spencer Heater Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of December, 1916, incorporating Tilman Houser O'Neill, wholesale merchant, Albert Townsend Hawley, Archibald Campbell, Hugh Polson and William Cleland Hamilton, barristers-at-law, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To make, manufacture, buy, sell, trade and deal in all kinds of boilers, heaters, furnaces, heating apparatus and plants, and all parts therefor, and all appliances, supplies, machinery and other articles necessary or convenient to use in connection therewith ; to carry on business and industries as iron and brass founders, mechanical, electrical and hydraulic engineers, constructors, installers and fitters of heating apparatus and heating plant and appliances, smiths, metalworkers, woodworkers, fitters, millwrights, plumbers, gas fitters, steamfitters and builders ; also as manufacturers of all classes of machinery and mechanical plant and appliances ; as manufacturers of all classes of articles, wares, products, merchandise, materials, tools, appliances and supplies, and all other things that are or may be useful in the conduct of any such business or industry or that enter into the composition of any of the products of any of such works, industries or manufactures, and as makers of all other articles, wares, products, merchandise, materials, tools, appliances, supplies, machinery and plant of an economic, commercial, mercantile or industrial character, or that may be used in commerce or trade or industrial arts, or in connection therewith, and also to buy, sell, trade and deal in, by wholesale and retail, all articles and things of every class without any restriction coming within the description or meaning of any of the classes hereinbefore enumerated, and whether manufactured in whole or in part by this company or not, and also to carry on a general mercantile and trading business by wholesale and retail ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, license or otherwise as may seem proper and to hold any factory, foundry, plant, warehouse, building, structure, tools, machinery or appliances which may be necessary or advisable in the interests of the company for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, housing, or handling any of the goods or articles herein referred to, or for the purpose of carrying on or advancing the business or interests of the company ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease, license of occupation or otherwise and to hold and improve all such lands and tenements and interests or estate in lands and tenements as may be desirable or convenient for any of the purposes of the company and to erect thereon all classes of buildings and structures that may be useful for any such purpose and to establish thereon and to operate all such machinery, plant and appliances as may be so useful ;

(*d*) To sell and dispose of all such lands and interests in lands and properties on such terms as may be deemed proper, and to take security for the payment of the purchase money thereof as for a debt payable to the company ;

(*e*) To acquire and hold with power to exercise all the rights incident to such holding and also to dispose of stocks, shares, bonds, debentures and other assets and securities of, or to purchase, acquire, hold and develop the assets, lands, property and undertaking of any other corporation, firm or person having objects or carrying on any business or industry in whole or in part similar to any of the business or industries in which this company is authorized to engage, with power to take over and operate as a going concern, as well as to enter into any agreement, contract or arrangement for sharing of profits, joint adventure or amalgamation or other arrangement of a like nature with and to guarantee or assume the debts or obligations of any such corporation, firm or person ;

(*f*) To apply for, purchase, obtain licenses or enter into any contract or agreement to use, or otherwise acquire, and to hold, own, use, operate and sell, assign and dispose of, trade marks, patents of inventions, secret processes, improvements and other processes and concessions used or that may be secured under letters patent or otherwise of Canada, or any other country, and to use, exercise and develop, or otherwise turn to advantage any or all such trade marks, patents, concessions, processes and the like, and also to grant licenses to others to use, exercise and develop the same on such terms and with such limitations as it may deem proper ;

(*g*) To dispose of any of the property from time to time and of the entire undertaking of the company when, and upon such terms, as to the company may seem proper ;

(*h*) To take and receive mortgages and other securities upon real and personal estate to secure the purchase money of any properties or rights disposed of by the company and debts due to the company ; to receive releases of the equity of redemption in any such properties, and to sell and dispose of all such properties upon such terms as may be deemed proper ;

(*i*) To guarantee the payment of the indebtedness of any person, firm or corporation, with which the company have business relations ;

(*j*) To carry on any other business whether manufacturing, trading or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the company's business or any of its industries, or likely directly or indirectly to enhance the value of the company's properties or rights.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Spencer Heater Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25-2

LeRoy Herbert, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of December, 1916, incorporating Milton LeRoy and Aloysius Herbert, merchants, Albert Spiers and Charles Tierney, bookkeepers, and John Marshall Given, accountant, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on in all its branches the business of wholesale and retail wine, beer and spirit merchants, and dealers in wines, liquors, spirits, cordials, liqueurs, ales, beers, aerated and mineral waters and other beverages, and also to deal in all and every form of containers used for the same ; and to carry on the business of hotel, restaurant, cafe and tavern keepers, and the business of brewers, malsters or distillers in all its branches, and to carry on the business of store keepers in all its branches, and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in goods, stores, consumable articles, and provisions of all kinds, both wholesale and retail and the business of dealers in tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, pipes, and other articles and things commonly dealt in by tobacconists ;

(*b*) To take over, acquire, and amalgamate the business, undertakings and good-will, or any parts thereof of "Fitzgerald & Company, Limited," of Milton LeRoy and Aloysius Herbert, and all or any of the assets of the proprietors thereof, and to pay for the same in cash or wholly or partly in shares of this company, and to assume if proper any or all of the obligations or liabilities of the said proprietors of the said businesses ;

(*c*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, exercise and enjoy all or any of the property, franchise and good-will, rights, powers, licenses and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or any company or companies carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to pay for such property, franchise, good-will, rights, powers, licenses and privileges wholly or partly in shares of this company, wholly or partly paid-up ;

(*d*) To carry on any other business which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its businessor calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*e*) To acquire or own the whole or any part of the business property of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or the property of any person possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*f*) To take or otherwise acquire, and hold, shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with or surrender any such arrangements, rights, privileges, concessions and franchises ;

(*h*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*i*) To purchase, take or lease or in exchange or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of this business ;

(*j*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*k*) To adopt such means of making known the business of the company as may seem expedient ;

(*l*) To take or otherwise acquire or hold shares or debentures in any other company having objects alto-

gether or in part similar to those of the company, and to sell, hold, re-issue and deal with or without guarantee with such shares or debentures ;

(*m*) To sell, let, hire or otherwise deal with or dispose of the undertaking and assets of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and to promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of this company ;

(*n*) To distribute any of the property of the company among the members in specie, or to invest and deal with the moneys and assets of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*o*) To pay out of the funds of the company all the expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company, or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of its business ;

(*p*) To sell, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company, and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for ths purpose of the company :

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "LeRoy Herbert, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Stave Manufacturing Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 6th day of December, 1916, incorporating Harold Wooland, agent, Walter Horace Thomson and Walter Francis Lee, bookkeepers, Thomas James Coulter and William Stanley Jones, accountants, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, and to own, hold, lease, sell or otherwise dispose of or deal in timber lands, timber limits, standing and cut timber ; to trade in timber, lumber and wood, and generally to carry on the business of lumbering and manufacturing lumber in all its branches ;

(*b*) To own, maintain and operate saw-mills, planing mills, pulp and paper mills, and to manufacture and deal generally in staves, woodenware, furniture, vehicles, agricultural implements, and all kinds of articles in the making of which wood and all products of wood are required or utilized ;

(*c*) To secure, by purchase, lease or license or otherwise acquire water power, water lots, rights of way and such other rights or privileges as may be required by the company ;

(*d*) To own, hire and keep horses and vehicles of all sorts ; to own, lease and maintain stables and garages, purchase, construct, or otherwise acquire, own, charter or employ barges, vessels, ships and other boats ;

(*e*) To build or otherwise acquire, lease and maintain wharves, piers, bridges, roads or other works which may be convenient for the purpose of the company, or to aid in the building, purchase and maintenance of same in the manner the company may deem convenient or proper ;

(*f*) To apply for, obtain or otherwise secure or acquire, and hold, use and operate, lease, sell, assign, or otherwise dispose of any trade marks, patents of inventions or other such rights or privileges as may be useful to the company ;

(*g*) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise the whole or any part of the business and property, and assume the liabilities of any person, firm or company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*h*) To apply to any local or other public authorities, and obtain therefrom any concessions, grants, powers, privileges and franchises, as may seem desirable to the company, and to enter into any arrangement or contract for the exercise and carrying out of such grants, concessions and franchises ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements for sharing profits, union of interests or any such joint adventure with such persons, firms or corporations as the company may deem convenient ;

(*j*) To promote or assist in promoting and become a shareholder in any subsidiary or other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or to consolidate or amalgamate therewith on such terms or conditions as may be deemed expedient ;

(*k*) Notwithstanding section 44 of The Companies Act, to subscribe for, take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, to hold, sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To accept in payment or part payment of any debt due to the company, shares, bonds or other securities of any company ;

(*m*) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment for any property, real or personal, and for any rights, privileges or concessions secured by purchase, lease, or otherwise, or for any liabilities owing by the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to the company by any persons, firms or corporations in the formation and promotion of the company, or the conduct of its business, and, especially, in the sale and placing of any of its stock, bonds or securities ;

(*n*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all the property assets and undertakings of the company or any part thereof, on such terms and conditions and for such consideration as the directors and shoreholders of the company may deem proper, and, in particular, for shares, bonds, or other securities of any other company having similar objects, notwithstanding section 44 of the said Act ; and to distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind, any property of the company, and, in particular, any shares, debentures, or securities of any other company belonging to this company, or of which this company may have the power of disposing ;

(*o*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*p*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Stave Manufacturing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Pure Gas and Oil Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 11th day of December, 1916, incorporating, John Craig Stewart, barrister-at-law, Reginald Archibald Richardson, clerk

Shirley Morell Holmes, physician, George Douglas Atkin, student-at-law, and Grace Alberta Jackson, stenographer, all of the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To procure, hold or dispose of leases or licenses of lands for the purpose of procuring oil, natural gas or other minerals of any kind or description ; to procure and hold and operate under or dispose of municipal franchises for laying pipe lines or boring or drilling for oil or natural gas upon municipal highways or public places in municipalities, and to drill, bore and operate wells for the production of oil, natural or other gas or mineral products, and to procure, deal in, sell or dispose of oil, natural gas or other gas or mineral products ;

(*b*) To construct and operate telephone and telegraph lines or other systems of communications for the purposes of or in connection with the business of the company ;

(*c*) To buy, sell or deal in shares, stocks and bonds or debentures of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*d*) To procure, hold, exchange or dispose of land and personal property in connection with the business or interests or requirements of the company ;

(*e*) To construct and operate steamboats or other boats, vessels or ships or other method of transportation, and to sell, exchange or dispose of the same from time to time ;

(*f*) To procure, develop and operate or sell or dispose of electric or other power, and to procure, operate under or dispose of franchises from municipalities in respect of same ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*l*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry on or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*m*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*n*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*o*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company or any other individuals or corporations ;

(*p*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things, and all things authorized by the Letters Patent or Supplementary Letters Patent as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*r*) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects and of the objects set out in the Letters Patent and Supplementary Letters Patent.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Pure Gas and Oil Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Castle Manufacturing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1916, incorporating John Calvin Macfarlane, barrister, Ernest C. Fetzer and Armond Whitehead, students, Elizabeth Connor and Marion Mackay, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To acquire, take over and carry on as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario and elsewhere under the firm name and style of The Castle Manufacturing Company, and all or any of the liabilities owned or used in connection therewith and the goodwill thereof, and to pay for the same in paid-up shares of this company ;

(*b*) To manufacture, purchase, sell, import, export, traffic and deal and generally trade in all manner and kinds of toys, playthings, sporting goods, wood novelties, metal novelties, bicycles, models, wood and metal kitchenware, and all articles of metal and all parts thereof, and also forgings, metal castings, leather and rubber goods, and carry on business of printing, stereotyping, wood-cutting, lithographing, engraving, publishing, book-binding, box-making, cabinet-making, painting, enamelling, nickel plating, copper plating, brass plating, metal and wood working, and all other articles and things capable of being used in connection with the manufacture and sale of the same ;

(*c*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire machinery and any and all apparatus necessary or useful in connection with the business of the company, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same ;

(*d*) To acquire and operate any plant, machinery, stock in trade, rights or privileges that the company may deem necessary for the purpose of its undertakings, or any part thereof ; to acquire property, either real or personal, movable or immovable, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in stock and bonds of the company ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or in-

directly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*f*) To acquire and take over as going concerns the undertaking, assets and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company, and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares or liabilities of such companies ;

(*g*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents of invention, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engage in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefft the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*j*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*j*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business and in particular any machinery; plant, stock in trade ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To invent and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*q*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertakings, property, liabilities, franchise of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*r*) To acquire by purchase, lease or other legal title, either for money or fully paid shares of its capital stock, or its securities, any real estate necessary or useful for the carrying on of the business of the company, and to lease, sell or otherwise dispose of its real estate holdings, and to construct, operate and maintain buildings, warehouses, factories and other works for the carrying on of its said business ;

(*s*) To distribute in specie or otherwise, as may be resolved, any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with, or as factors, or agents, for any other companies or persons or by or through any factors, trustees or agents ;

(*u*) To pay all or any costs, charges or expenses preliminary or incidental to or incurred in connection with the promotion, organization, formation, establishment, registration and incorporation of the company ;

(*v*) The powers in each paragraph to be in no wise limited by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Castle Manufacturing Company Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Cluff Ammunition Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1916, incorporating Arthur Wellesley Holmested, barrister-at-law, Lorne Francis Lambier and Norman Robert Kay, students-at-law, Aileene Ritchie and Edith Mary Carruthers, stenographers, and Arthur Speakman Macrae, accountant, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in all kinds of explosives and ammunition of all kinds and of whatever composition and the various articles used in their manufacture and all by-products thereof and in all articles composed either wholly or in part of the same and all materials, substances, appliances and things required for or incidental to the manufacture, preparation, adaptation, use, firing or working of explosives and ammunition, or the packing, storing, carrying or disposition thereof ; to carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in ordnance, small arms and firearms and all parts, fittings or accessories of the same and of all kinds of material, machinery or apparatus necessary or useful in the production of any such articles; to manufacture, buy, sell or otherwise deal in iron, steel, copper, lumber and other materials and all or any articles consisting or partly consisting of iron, steel, copper, wood or other materials and all or any products or combinations thereof ; to carry on the business of steel and iron founders, steel casting makers, mechanical engineers and manufacturers of all kinds, tool makers, brass founders, metal workers, boilermakers, fitters, wiredrawers, tube makers, galvanizers, millwrights, machinists, woodworkers, platers, founders, metallurgists and electrical engineers and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, alter, let or hire and to deal in machinery, implements and hardware of all kinds and any goods, wares or merchandise in which iron, steel or wood is in any way used ;

(*b*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus

or things in or for the manufacture or any process for the manufacture of which any plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To acquire and take over, as a going concern or otherwise, the undertakings, assets and liabilities or any part thereof of any person or company carrying on any business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company and with a view thereto to acquire all or any of the shares and assume the debts and liabilities of any company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents of invention, processes, trade marks, franchises, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention, process or idea which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, hold and enjoy all the property, franchises, good-will, patents, processes, trade marks, rights and privileges held and enjoyed by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on or formed for carrying on any similar business to that which this company is authorized to carry on and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 44 of the Companies Act to purchase, take or acquire by original subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of, shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company or carrying on any other business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(*g*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as from time to time may be determined ;

(*h*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of this company ;

(*i*) To furnish aid to any business or undertaking similar in whole or in part to that of the company or with which the company may have business relations, by way of loan, bonus, endorsement, agreement, guarantee, management or other service, and to manage, supervise and control the same in whole or in part and to act as agent or attorney for the same ;

(*j*) To co-operate in, aid in, subscribe towards or subsidize any proceeding or undertaking which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*k*) To acquire, purchase, take on lease, hire, construct, improve, own, use, maintain, operate, manage, carry out and control plant, equipment, machinery, supplies, buildings, works, ships, warehouses, manufactories, pumps, tanks, pipe lines, smelters, refineries, roads, ways, canals, in lands owned or controlled by the company, bridges, electric works, electric plant, hydraulic works, hydraulic plant, boats, ships, docks, wharves, piers, gas works, cables, waterworks, reservoirs, aqueducts, flumes, ditches and all such other structures, works, conveniences and appliances as may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the acquisition, purchase, leasing, hiring, construction, improvement, ownership, use, maintenance, operation, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*l*) Where such course is required for the purposes of the company or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, to acquire, purchase, take on lease, hire, construct, improve, own, use, maintain, operate, manage, carry out and control, but only upon lands owned or controlled by the company, or over which the company may have a right or license to that effect, such roads, ways, bridges, lines of rail, spurs, sidings, tracks, rolling stock, cables, wires, motors, locomotives, electrical plant and all such other structures, works, conveniences and appliances as may be required for the purpose of maintaining communication by telegraph or telephone or of effecting the transport of goods or passengers, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the acquisition, purchase, leasing, hiring, construction, improvement, ownership, use, maintenance, operation, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*m*) To procure the company to be registered, licensed or otherwise recognized in any foreign country and to designate and appoint persons with full power to represent the company in all matters according to the law of such foreign country and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*n*) To pay out of the funds of the company all or any part of the expenses of or incidental to the formation and organization thereof ;

(*o*) To employ, contract with and provide for the remuneration of brokers, commission agents and underwriters upon any issue of shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company ;

(*p*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with, or as factors, or agents for any other companies or persons, or by or through any factors, trustees or agents ;

(*q*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or any branch or part of the business, undertaking, property, liabilities and franchises of the company to any other person or company for such consideration as the directors may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient ;

(*s*) To do all or any of the above things, and all things authorized by the letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, factors, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise, and either alone or in conjuction with others ;

(*t*) The powers in each paragraph hereof shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph ;

(*u*) To carry on any other business or businesses (whether manufacturing or otherwise) capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or otherwise calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's business, property, rights or powers ;

(*v*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments, or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*w*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*x*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons or corporations ;

(*y*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(z) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(aa) To do all such other things as are incidental or in any way conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Cluff Ammunition Company, Limited." with a capital stock of one million five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 15,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Eureka Shoe Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of Chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretaay of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1916, incorporating James Edward Coulin and Jean Charbonneau, advocates, Charles Joseph Eugene Charbonneau, notary, and Joseph Simeon Pilon, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and Philippe Morel, agent, of the City of Maisonneuve, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz. :—

(a) To manufacture boots, shoes, overshoes and rubbers of every description and other goods, wares and merchandise made from leather or rubber ;

(b) To buy, sell, handle, and deal both wholesale and retail in commodities, articles and things of all kinds which can conveniently be dealt in by the company in connection with any of its objects ;

(c) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(d) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(e) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(f) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transmission which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(g) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire the whole or any part of the business, property, franchises, goodwill, rights and privileges held or enjoyed by any persons or firm or by any corporation carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company and to pay therefor in fully paid up or partly paid up preference or ordinary shares of the company, or in the bonds, debentures or other securities of the company or otherwise, and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or corporation ;

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act to purchase, take or acquire by original subscriptions or in exchange for the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of this company or otherwise and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, whether common or preferred, debentures, bonds and other obligations in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part to the objects of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to vote all shares so held through such agent or agents as the directors may appoint ;

(i) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, government, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(j) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ; and generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business ;

(k) To construct, acquire, operate manage and otherwise deal with vessels, steamboats, and barges, wharves, warehouses and plants for transportation and distribution of goods ;

(l) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(m) To pay out of the funds of the company, or, with the approval of the shareholders, by shares in the company or by both cash and shares all expenses of or incidental to the formation, flotation, advertising and procuring the charter of the company and to remunerate any person or company for services rendered to the company in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any bond, debentures, or other securities of the company ;

(n) To pay by issue of bonds, debentures or other securities as well as to use and apply its surplus earnings or accumulated profits authorized by law to be reserved in the purchase or acquisition of property, to such extent and in such manner and upon such terms as the board of directors shall determine ;

(o) To obtain any provisional order or Act of Parliament for enabling the company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or application which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the company's interest ;

(p) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(q) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(r) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(s) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects ;

(t) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(u) To distribute any of the property of the company in kind among the shareholders ;

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominian of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Eureka Shoe Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each,

and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Three Rivers, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25–2

Forgings, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1916, incorporating William Henry Irving, Henry Hague Davis, Edward Henry Brower and John Rudd Rumball, barristers-at-law, and Lawrence Alfred Landriau, student-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the trade or business of iron masters and steel makers in all their respective branches, and to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in iron, steel and all other metals from the ores to the finished products thereof, and all articles, goods, wares and merchandise in which iron or steel or any other metal is or may be used ; and also to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in ammunition, war munitions and explosives of all kinds, and all materials, substances, appliances and things required for and incidental to the manufacture, preparation, adaptation, use, firing or working of explosives and ammunition, or the packing, storage, carrying or disposition thereof, and any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may be available or suitable ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in goods, stores, consumable articles, chattels, effects of all kinds, both wholesale and retail, and to construct and acquire, operate and manage hotels and boarding and lodging houses ;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease, license, concession, exchange or other legal title and to construct, erect, operate, maintain and manage all factories, shops, mills, storehouses, depots, machine shops, engine houses and other structures and erections and all other property, real, personal, movable and immovable, and all rights, licenses and concessions necessary or useful for the carrying on of any of the business of the company, and to lease, sell and dispose of the same ;

(*d*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or license on royalty or otherwise acquire, and hold, own, use, operate and introduce, and to sell assign or otherwise dispose of any trade-marks, trade-names, copyrights, patents of invention, improvements and processses, under registration or otherwise and to use, exercise and de-grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such trade-marks, trade-names, copyrights, inventions, licenses, processes and the like, or any such other property or rights ;

(*e*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase and acquire and to hold, own and sell, with or without guarantee, the shares, debentures and bonds of any manufacturing or other corporation carrying on business similar to that of this company, and to amalgamate with any company constituted for the carrying on of any similar business and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to manage, operate and carry on the property, undertaking and business of any such corporation ;

(*f*) To acquire and take over the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or persons, firm or corporation carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of any property or rights suitable for the purposes of this company ;

(*g*) To issue, allot and deliver fully paid and non-assessable shares, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of this company in payment or part payment of any property, contracts, rights, shares, debentures or securities of any other company which this company may acquire for the purpose of its business ;

(*h*) To remunerate any person, firm or company for services rendered or to be rendered to the company in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business, and, with the approval of the shareholders, to issue, allot and deliver fully paid and non-assessable shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment for services so rendered ;

(*i*) To promote or assist in promoting any subsidiary, allied or other company carrying on or having power to carry on any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company, and to accept in payment of its services in promoting such company fully paid-up shares, bonds or securities of said company, and to purchase, subscribe for or otherwise acquire its shares, bonds and securities, and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal in the same ;

(*j*) To enter into any partnership or arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or persons or company engaged or interested or about to become engaged or interested in the carrying on or conduct of any business or enterprise which this company is authorized to carry on or conduct, or from which this company would or might derive any benefit whether direct or indirect ;

(*k*) To aid in any manner any corporation any of whose shares or capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by the company ; to guarantee the contracts of any corporation and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations ; to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of any of the property at any time held or controlled by the company ;

(*l*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property and undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, in such manner and for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares (fully or partly paid-up) debentures, debenture stock or securities of any other company whether promoted by this company for the purpose or not ;

(*m*) To improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company, and to distribute any of the company's property among the members in specie ;

(*n*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such securities as may from time to time be determined upon ;

(*o*) To accept in payment of any work done by the company stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any company ;

(*p*) To issue, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and debenture stock and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others and by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise ;

(*r*) To do all such other things as are incidental or which the company may think conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them ;

(*s*) The objects specified in each of the above clauses shall in no wise be limited or restricted by refereuce or inference from the terms of any other clause or the name of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Forgings, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 14th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

25–2

Winnipeg & Transcona Realty Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1916, increasing the capital stock of the "Winnipeg & Transcona Realty Company, Limited," (Compagnie Immobilière de Winnipeg & Trancona, Limitée) from the sum of ninety-nine thousand dollars to the sum of one hundred and forty-nine thousand dollars, such increase to consist of 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and extending the powers of the said company so as to include the following purposes and objects, viz :—

(*a*) To issue its funds for the purchase of shares in other corporations carrying on a business similar, in whole or in part, to that of this company and in particular to subscribe for, acquire, hold, exchange and re-issue, either as principals or agents, shares and any other securities of or in any other incorporated companies, carrying on a business wholly or partly similar to that of this company;

(*b*) To amalgamate with any other companies having powers similar in whole or in part to those of this company or carrying on a business germane to that of this company ;

(*c*) To farm and cultivate and otherwise exploit the lands of this company or any part thereof ;

(*d*) To distribute among its shareholders in kind or otherwise, any property of the company, and the shares, debentures or other securities which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*e*) To carry on any other powers germane to those above enumerated.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dollard Realties, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, incorporating Patrick Martin Wickham, manager, Francis Joseph Laverty and John Wesley Blair, King's counsel, and Charles Albert Hale and Auguste Angers, advocates, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, exchange, lease or any other title, and to possess, hold, demolish, embellish, exploit, rent, sell, exchange or otherwise make over, real estate, timber limits, timber licenses, water powers and other movable and other immovable property of all kinds and descriptions ; to carry on business of real estate and financial agents, and act as agents for the purpose of selling, leasing, managing and administering immovable property ;

(*b*) To construct on the lands belonging to the company, or in which it may be interested in any way whatever, or on the property of its customers, buildings to be used for any purpose whatever, and maintain, superintend, work, rent, sublet, sell and otherwise dispose of all buildings so constructed and other buildings owned or leased by the company ;

(*c*) To distribute by way of dividend or bonus among the shareholders, in specie, in fully paid up shares, or in any other manner deemed advisable, any property of the company or any proceeds of the sale or disposal of any property of the company ;

(*d*) To pay for all properties, immunities, privileges, leases or rights whatsoever acquired by or for the company and for services rendered and work done for it, including the construction of the whole or part of the buildings erected by and for the company, or partly in bonds and partly in shares ;

(*e*) To erect, construct, equip, alter or repair, public and private works, buildings and structures and to deal in building material ; to compensate by payments in cash or with the approval of the shareholders by the issue of paid up shares of the company, or by bonds and debentures, or in any other way, every person or corporation for services rendered in disposing of or in assisting in the disposal of or in securing the disposal of part of the capital stock of the company or of all obligations or other values of the company or relating to the formation or promotion of the company or otharwise ;

(*f*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*g*) To do all things necessary, suitable and proper for the accomplishment of the purpose or to attain the objects above set forth.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dollard Realties, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,000 shares of twenty-five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 11th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Farm Owners, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Farm Owners, Limited," from the sum of eighty thousand dollars to the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, such increase to consist of four thousand two hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 12th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Arrow Tailoring Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 7th day of December, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Arrow Tailoring Co., Limited," to that of "American Tailors, Limited."

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 12th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Turner Brothers, Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of December, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Turner Brothers, Canada, Limited," to that of "Atlas Asbestos Company, Limited."

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Western Electric Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day December, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Western Electric Company, Limited," from the sum of one million dollars to the sum of seven million five hundred thousand dollars, such increase to consist of sixty-five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 21st day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited," to that of the "Mining Corporation of Canada, Limited."

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

R. Stewart & Son, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1916, incorporating Robert Stewart and Charles Erichs Stewart, real estate and insurance agents, Robert Gordon Stewart, contractor, Harold Hastings Short, accountant, and Gladys Rose Johnson, stenographer, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell and deal in real estate or any interest therein as principals, agents or otherwise, and to act as agents and brokers for insurance companies and underwriters of all kinds of insurance ;

(*b*) To purchase, take over or otherwise acquire as a going concern, the real estate and insurance business now carried on, at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, under the style or firm of "R. Stewart & Son," with all or any of the assets and liabilities of the proprietors of that business, including the real estate and personal property owned or used in connection therewith, and the good-will thereof and all the rights and contracts now held by the said firm, subject to the obligations, if any, affecting the same, and to pay for the same in paid up shares of this company ;

(*c*) To acquire, or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*e*) To sell, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*f*) To make, draw, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*g*) Generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "R. Stewart & Son, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Francis Hankin & Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1916, incorporating Francis Hankin, merchant ; Charles Champoux, advocate, and Lucy Mary Shea, clerk, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and Alfred Hodson Hill, of the Town of St. Lambert, in the said Province of Quebec, manager, and Joseph William Weldon, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, advocate, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To import, export, manufacture, produce, buy, sell, and deal in iron, steel and other metals and the products thereof, bricks, tiles, pipes, pottery, clay, sand, cement, stone, and products thereof, asphalt, and other paving materials, municipal contractors', builders' and railways' supplies, chemicals and chemical supplies and products thereof ;

(*b*) To acquire, open up, construct, manage and operate any and all warehouses, storehouses, plants, factories, works, stores, quarries, sand pits, clay deposits, and any and all other properties which may seem to the company necessary or desirable for its operations ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or to render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) For any of the objects aforesaid, to purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire any and all kinds of property whether real, personal, movable, immovable or mixed, and any and all rights, franchises and privileges, which may seem to the company desirable or advantageous and to hold the same and to sell, lease or otherwise deal with or dispose of the same or any part thereof ;

(*e*) To apply for, obtain, lease, hold, own, sell, assign, license or otherwise dispose of, or turn to account patents of invention, improvements, processes, trade marks, and trade names as may seem to the company desirable ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase or otherwise acquire shares or securities in any company having objects similar, in whole or in part, to those of this company, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company ;

(*g*) To guarantee the performance of any contract or the payment of any money to customers or other persons or companies having dealings with this company ;

(*h*) To do any act or thing necessary, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the objects herein set out or provided for ;

(*i*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Francis Hankin & Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Iron and Wrecking Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1916, incorporating Frank Joseph Charman and Isaac Crowder Gaskell, bookkeepers, Lewis Harry Cohen and William Campbell Wylie, managers, and Rudolph Mayer, broker, all of the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To buy and sell all kinds of new and old bridges, locomotives and viaducts ; all kinds of new and old iron, iron ore, old and new steel, all kinds of new and old metals, and all kinds of waste materials of every description ; to deal in new and old rails, new and old contracting equipment, new and old wrecking equipment, to demolish old and new bridges, viaducts, old plants, boats, steamers and mills ; to take away and remove all kinds of iron bearing materials, and to buy, sell and manufacture and use oxygen and hydrogen ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein, according to the laws of such foreign country, to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Iron and Wrecking Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

Metal Foundries of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of December, 1916, incorporating John MacIntosh Duff and James Grey Hamilton, solicitors, Marjorie Lillian Chamberlain, clerk, Ina Lorraine Marshall and Margaret Florence Bonnell, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To prospect for, open, explore, develop, work, improve, maintain and manage gold, silver, copper, nickel, lead, coal, iron and other mines, quarries, mineral and other deposits and properties, and to dig for, dredge, raise, crush, wash, smelt, roast, assay, analyze, reduce and amalgamate and otherwise treat ores, metals and mineral substances of all kinds, whether belonging to the company or not, and to render the same merchantable, and to sell and otherwise dispose of the same or any part thereof, or any interest therein, and generally to carry on the business of a mining, milling, reduction and development company ; to carry on the business of smelting, treating, assaying, refining, concentrating, milling, reducing, precipitating, vaporizing, analyzing and buying, selling all and every kind of minerals, ores, precious stones and metals, soil or earth, and generally to carry on the business of a smelting, reduction, refining, milling and foundry company in all its branches ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, license, exchange, or other legal title, mines, mining lands, easements, mineral properties, or any interest therein, mineral and ores, and mining claims, options, powers, privileges, water and other rights, patent rights, processes and mechanical or other contrivances and either absolutely or conditionally, and either solely or jointly with others, and as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and to lease, place under license, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof, or any interest therein;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise mill sites, smelter sites, water-powers, transmission lines and power plants and other or any means of generating and transmitting powers ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to own, hold, use, improve, manage, charge, lease, sell, dispose of and deal in lands, properties, sites, rights, franchises, powers, assets, or privileges in connection with said business ;

(*e*) To import, manufacture, distil, methylate, buy, sell and deal in chemicals, spirits, explosives and other products, whether simple or compounded with other substances ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire (either with or without the surface) any coal, iron or other mineral lands, mining ground or minerals, and any mining rights, grants, concessions and easements and any lands and hereditaments or other property necessary for the advantageous possession and use of the mines or works of the company or any interest therein respectivly and to search for, get, win, quarry, burn, make merchantable, purchase, sell, dispose of or otherwise deal with coal, ores, metals, minerals and any substances of the earth ;

(*g*) To import, purchase, acquire, sell, smelt, concentrate, quarry, reduce, distil, methylate, treat, extract refine or produce in any manner whatsoever by any process whatever and deal in any vegetable, mineral, animal, wood, metallic, iron, chemical, medicinal, liquid, gaseous, or other substance or product ,

(*h*) To buy, sell and deal in timber and wood, timber limits, woodlands and grazing lands, and to manufacture and deal in timber, lumber, pulpwood, pulp and the products thereof ;

(*i*) To act as agents, commission merchants, brokers, or representatives in Canada for European commercial houses, carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of the company ;

(*j*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated, directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*k*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*l*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*m*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, or other person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*n*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*p*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*q*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*r*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*s*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*t*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*u*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company; if authorized to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company;

(*v*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority,

franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*w*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*x*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*y*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company, and all things authorized by letters patent or supplementary letters patent ;

(*z*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*aa*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Metal Foundries of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Northern Bolt Screw and Wire Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of December, 1916, incorporating John McEwen, Clarence Leroy Vanwyck, James Henry Van Overbeek, and Lottie Day, accountants, John Wesley Ribey, clerk, and Emily Clow and Marjorie Kilbourn, stenographers, all of the Town of Owen Sound, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in nails, bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, tacks, taps and dies, wire and other kindred products, and all other articles of commerce, tools, utensils, appliances, machines, machinery, equipment or other product composed of iron, steel, copper, brass, aluminium, or other metals, or of which such metals, or any of them, form a component part, and to carry on business as manufacturers of and dealers generally in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise or manufactured products ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, and undertake and assume all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, obligations and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business, wholly or partly of all, or any of, the classes or kinds which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar or partly similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable or adaptable for the purposes of this company's business, and to issue and allot shares of the company's capital stock, whether subscribed for or not, as fully paid-up and non-assessable, in payment or part payment for any property, rights or privileges purchased or acquired by the company, or for any guarantee of the company's bonds or other securities, or for services rendered to the company ;

(*c*) To purchase, own, control and deal in inventions, copyrights and patents relating to any of the objects above mentioned ;

(*d*) To buy or otherwise acquire, hold and sell shares, bonds and securities of any other company having objects similar to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to vote thereon, and to pay therefor in cash or in the shares, bonds or securities of this company ;

(*e*) To distribute among the shareholders of the Company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, bonds, debentures or other securities in any other companies belonging to the company or of which the company may have power to dispose ;

(*f*) The objects and powers specified in any paragraph hereof shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph, but the objects and powers specified in each paragraph shall be regarded as independent objects and powers and in furtherance and not in limitation of the general powers ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with such business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's undertakings, property or rights ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise to assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such person or company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, negotiate, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*o*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*p*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*r*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Northern Bolt Screw and Wire Company, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Owen Sound, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

The Spence Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of December, 1916, incorporating Finlay McArthur and Benedict Cosgrove Bellew, commercial travellers, Mary Lawlor, spinster, and Nora Charlotte Bellew, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and Henry McDonald Gratton Bellew, of the City of Outremont, in the said Province of Quebec, advertising solicitor, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise, and to carry on such business either as principals, agents, factors or otherwise ;

(*b*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things used in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture, of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To construct, maintain and operate on the property of the company all works, bridges, reservoirs, flumes, dams and any other works and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To contract, acquire, own, manage, charter, operate, hire and lease all kinds of steam, electric and sailing vessels, boats, tugs, barges and other vessels, wharves, docks, elevetors, warehouses, freight sheds and other buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and to assume the liabilities of any person, firm, corporation or enterprise indebted to the company or otherwise, or transacting any business similar to that transacted by the company, and to pay for the same in cash or in fully paid-up and non-assessable shares or securities of this company or otherwise, and more especially to acquire and take over as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, Province of Quebec, Canada, under the style or firm of "The Spence Company," and all or any of the assets and liabilities of the proprietors of that business in connection therewith and with a view thereto to enter into the agreement dated at the City of Montreal, aforesaid, the twenty-eighth day of November, 1916, and made between the said "The Spence Company" and Henry McDonald Gratton Bellew, as a trustee for the company, and to carry the same into effect with or without modification ;

(*f*) To apply for, maintain, register, lease, acquire and hold or to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any patents of inventions, improvements or processes, trade-marks, and the like, necessary to or beneficial for any of the company's purposes ;

(*g*) To distribute amongst the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise the shares of any other company carrying on business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, or otherwise to acquire and undertake any other to that of the company, together with its plant, stock-in-trade, good-will, franchises and assets of all kinds and liabilities, and to carry on any other business which may seem to be capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or to facilitate the realization of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights or undertakings ;

(*i*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the undertakings of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem proper, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To issue paid-up, non assessable shares, bonds, debentures or any other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be acquired by, or with the approval of the shareholders for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts and liabilities owing by the company, and to remunerate, with the approval of the shareholders, any broker, agent or otherwise, who may assist in the disposal of any shares of the company's capital stock or other securities ;

(*k*) To amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company, and to advance money to, guarantee the contracts of and otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares and securities of any such company and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To form, promote, subsidize and assist companies, syndicates and partnerships of all kinds carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company or subsidiary or ancillary thereto and to give any guarantee for the payment of money or the performance of any obligation or undertaking by any person, firm or corporation with which the company may have dealings;

(*m*) To carry on and undertake any business transaction or operation usually carried on or undertaken by promoters of companies, financiers, concessionaries, contractors for public or other works, capitalists, merchants or traders with respect to the purposes and objects aforesaid; to offer for public subscription any shares or stock in the capital of or debentures or debenture stock or other securities of, or otherwise to establish or promote or concur in establishing or promoting, any company, association, undertaking or public or private body carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company or subsidiary or ancillary thereto; to take any part of the management, supervision or control of the business or operations of any such company undertaking ;

(*n*) To enter into any arrangement with any authority or government, federal, provincial, municipal or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, concessions, subsidies or other benefits which it may seem desirable to obtain, and to carry out or exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights and benefits, and to procure the company to be licensed, registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein,

and do such acts and things as may be expedient under the laws of such country to represent the company and enable it effectively to carry on business or prosecute its affairs there and elsewhere ;

(*o*) To undertake, manage, control or otherwise deal with the business and undertaking of any corporation, firm or individual when it may be necessary for the purpose of protecting the interests of the company for the purpose of protecting securities, realizing upon claims or carrying out any transaction or obligation which the company may have entered upon;

(*p*) To pay all costs incidental to procuring the charter of incorporation or in connection with the formation and organization of the company, and to do any such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, and to promote any companies or company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the undertakings, assets, rights or liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated to benefit the company ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others or as factors or agents, and to do all such other things as may be necessary to the due carrying out of the above objects or any of them ;

(*r*) The powers in each paragraph hereof are to be in nowise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Spence Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26-2

Essex Stamp Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act" letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1916, incorporating Frederic Zabriskie, gentleman, William Frederic Zabriskie, consulting engineer, Ottis Edward Hatfield and Charles Orleman Lee, manufacturers, of the City of Detroit, in the State of Michigan, one of the United States of America, and Charles Christian Zabriskie of the Town of Walkerville, in the Province of Ontario, civil engineer, for the following purposes, viz :—

To carry on throughout the Dominion of Canada the manufacture and sale of wares, goods and merchandise of every description and particularly to carry on the manufacture and sale of rubber stamps, steel stamps, stencils, badges and various forms of marking devices and sundry small stamping.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Essex Stamp Company, Limited", with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Windsor, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26-2

British Cordite Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1916, incorporating Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks, advocate, Francis George Bush, bookkeeper. George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon, Yeoman, stenographers, and Herbert William Jackson, clerk, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in cordite and other explosives of any kind and all and any ingredients useful in connection with the manufacture thereof and to buy, sell and deal in the by-products resulting from such manufacture ; to carry on the business of miners, iron, brass and other metal founders, machinists, tool-makers, metallurgists or metal workers, fitters, millwrights, packing box makers, and all other detail branches of business usually or conveniently connected with any such businesses as aforesaid, either for preparing or finishing articles for sale, or for auxiliary purposes, as well as for the purposes of the businesses aforesaid as for the purpose of profit as independent businesses ;

(*b*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture, of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To construct, maintain and operate on the property of the company all works, tramways, telegraph and telephone lines, bridges, reservoirs, flumes, dams and any other works and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To construct, acquire, own, manage, charter, operate, hire and lease all kinds of steam and sailing vessels, boats, tugs and barges and other vessels, wharves, docks, elevators, warehouses, freight sheds and other buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To establish, maintain and operate for the use of the company, its employees, tenants and others a fire protection service, water service, electric light or gas service, and to make such contracts with respect to the same as may be found necessary or advisable either for the disposal of the surplus or otherwise ;

(*f*) To apply for, maintain, register, lease, acquire and hold or to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any patents of invention, improvements or processes, trade-marks, trade names and the like, necessary to or beneficial for any of the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To distribute amongst the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise the shares of any other company carrying on business in whole or in part similar to the business which this company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, or otherwise to acquire and undertake any other undertaking and business similar in whole or in part to that of the company, together with its plant, stock-in-trade, good-will, franchises and assets of all kinds and liabilities, and to carry on any other business which may seem capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or to facilitate the realization of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights or undertakings;

(*i*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem proper, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be acquired by, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts and liabilities owing by the company ;

(*k*) To amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or

engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company, and to advance money to, guarantee the contracts of and otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares and securities of any such company and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others or as factors or agents ;

(*m*) To do all such other things as may be necessary to the due carrying out of the above objects or any of them ;

(*n*) The powers in each paragraph hereof are to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "British Cordite Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Three Rivers Industrial Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letter patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of November, 1916, incorporating Télesphore Adalbert Lymburner and Joseph Alfred Lymburner, manufacturers, Eugene Lemieux, accountant, and Joseph Arthur Raoul Lymburner, bookkeeper, all of the City of Three Rivers, in the Province of Quebec, and Gustave Brault, gentleman, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business and to manufacture and deal in alumina, copper, iron, steel and wood and in any other articles of any kind whatsoever which may be manufactured with the above products and in the manner in which they may be manufactured ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange or otherwise ; to construct, erect, operate, own, maintain and manage, lease, sell and dispose of in any manner whatsoever any manufactories and establishments, warehouses, depots, yards, and engine rooms, sidings, and other structures and buildings necessary and useful for the carrying on of the company's business, and any other property movable or immovable, real and personal, corporal or incorporal, contracts, concessions, franchises, undertakings, benefits, rights and privileges necessary, useful or advantageous for the management of any of the businesses which the company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for such property, movable or immovable, contracts, concessions, privileges, rights and benefits, and for the obtaining of same either wholly or partly in debentures or in fully paid-up and non assessable common or preferred shares or in any other securities of the said company ;

(*c*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or take under license, either on royalty or otherwise, to acquire and own, use, possess, operate, enjoy and introduce, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any trade marks, trade names, patents of invention, improvements and processes, registered or otherwise, useful to the objects of the company; to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such trade marks, trade names and inventions, licenses, processes and any other such property or rights relating thereto ;

(*d*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise or with any company, partnership or person that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges, concessions, contracts, guarantees, which the company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, contracts and concessions, and to pay for such contracts and for the acquisition of the same either wholly or partly in cash or either wholly or partly in fully paid shares of the company or in debentures, bonds or other securities of the company ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may be conveniently carried on with its business or calculated to benefit the company ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to purchase and acquire, hold, sell or issue the shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any company or corporation, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, and to guarantee the payment of the principal, dividends and interest upon such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities ; to manage, operate and carry on the property, franchises, undertakings and affairs of such corporation in any of the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities held by the company, for such consideration as the directors shall see fit ;

(*g*) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares of stock of the company in payment or part payment of any property, movable or immovable, real or personal, and any rights, contracts, privileges, benefits or concessions useful or profitable to the company ;

(*h*) To promote or assist in promoting, or to become a shareholder in any company carrying on or having for its purposes the operation of any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company, and to enter into arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with such person or company, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of such company and pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company, and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and assume all the liabilities of any person, firm or company indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that conducted by the company, and to pay for the same in cash or in securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*j*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property, franchises, undertakings and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, debentures or other securities of the company;

(*k*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the assets, rights, contracts, franchises and undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the directors shall see fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part, to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act;

(*l*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved, any assets of the company amongst its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*m*) To accept in payment of any debt due to the company, stock, shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of any company;

(*n*) To make cash advances to any person, corporation or company having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such person or company ;

(*o*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, exercise and enjoy, all or any of the property,

franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake and assume the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*p*) To aid in any manner and guarantee the obligations of any company any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations, and to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of the property of any such company ;

(*q*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined by the directors ;

(*r*) The powers in each paragraph hereof to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or by reference to or inference from the name of the company ;

(*s*) To remunerate by payment in cash, and, with the approval of the shareholders, in stock, bonds or in any other manner any person or persons or corporation or corporations for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares or stock of the company, or any bonds or debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the conduct of its business.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Three Rivers Industrial Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Three Rivers, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

Progressive Farmers' Association, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is here by giventhat under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of December, 1916, incorporating George Hopper, of the Village of Merivale, dairyman and William Harry Palmer, hardware salesman, and James Chilcott, promoter, both of the City of Ottawa, all in the Province of Ontario, and Daniel Harry Chilcott, farmer, and George Samuel Nesbitt, farmer and merchant, both of the Village of Wakefield, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell, exchange and deal in Farm Produce of all kinds, including grains, roots, hay, straw, fruits, vegetables, milk and cream, meats and their By-Products and all other agricultural Produce, and generally to deal in any of the above articles either as principal or as agent of any person, firm or corporation ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, exchange and deal in all kinds of agricultural implements, machinery, tools and appliances, binder twine and rope, and all kinds of vehicles, windmills, electric power mills, machinery, barn and stable fittings of all kinds and water pipe carriers and tile ;

(*c*) To buy, sell, exchange and deal in all kinds of lumber, timber, shingles, wood or metallic, sheeting, wood, brick, cement, cement blocks, lime, sand, and all other materials required for use in the erection and repair of all kinds of buildings, and all other materials, goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*d*) To erect, buy, lease, or in any other way acquire, storage rooms and warehouses and other buildings for any purposes of said company ;

(*e*) To act as agents and attorneys for any person, firm or corporation in the transaction of any business within the scope of the object of this company;

(*f*) To issue and allot with the approval of the shareholders paid-up shares of the company for services rendered or for any other consideration which may be deemed just and sufficient by the directors ;

(*g*) To establish branches and agencies in other places and to promote and form subsidiary companies having like powers of the said company when and under such titles as the directors may choose ;

(*h*) To do all acts, and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated, or which may conveniently be carried on in connection with any of the business or objects of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Progressive Farmers' Association, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

The Trusts Buildings, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of September, 1916, incorporating John Craig Stewart, barrister-at-law, Reginald Lancaster Pattison and William George Ryan, oil and gas operators, and Bessie Evelyn Daniels and Grace Alberta Jackson, stenographers, all of the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise, land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure or description and any estate or interest therein and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise encumber or dispose of, upon such terms as may seem desirable, the whole or any portion of such lands or other assets and all or any of the buildings or structures that are now or may hereafter be erected thereon :

(*b*) To prepare building sites and to construct, reconstruct, alter, improve, own, operate, decorate, furnish and maintain offices, apartments, flats, houses, factories, warehouses, shops, gravel or sand pits, clay or mineral deposits, sewer or other underground works, pavements, buildings, works and conveniences of all kinds on any such lands or on lands owned by others and to consolidate, connect or subdivide properties or to act as agents for others in any of the foregoing matters ;

(*c*) To take and hold mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase money on any of the lands, buildings or structures so sold and to sell or otherwise dispose of the said mortgages ;

(*d*) To purchase for investment or as agent for others to acquire, exchange or otherwise deal in shares, stocks, debentures and bonds of other corporations carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*e*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee and otherwise assist in the performance of contracts or mortgages of persons, firms or corporations with which the company may have dealings and to assume and take over such mortgages or contracts on default ;

(*f*) To quarry, manufacture, deal in and sell all kinds of stone;

(*g*) To manufacture, deal in all sell all kinds of lumber, brick, cement and building materials;

(*h*) To manufacture, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell, assign, transfer, invest, trade and deal in, contractors' supplies and appliances, of every class and description;

(*i*) To manufacture, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire machinery and any and all apparatus and tools necessary or useful in connection with the business of the company, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same;

(*j*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*k*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*l*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*m*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*n*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*o*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*p*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*q*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object:

(*r*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*s*) Subject to section 5 of The Companies Act, R.S.C., 1906, chapter 79, to construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*t*) To draw, make, accept endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferrable instruments;

(*u*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*v*) To obtain any provisional order or Act of Parliament to enable the company to carry any of its business into effect or for effecting any modification of the company's constitution or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceeding or application which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the company's interests, and to procure the company to be registered or recognized in any foreign country or place;

(*w*) To adopt such means of making known the undertakings of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*x*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*y*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Trusts Buildings, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Golden Ray Fishing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1916, incorporating Richard Tuson Heneker and Henry Noel Chauvin, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Harold Earle Walker and John Noel Beauchamp, advocates, and Hugh Wylie, bookkeeper, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on business as fishermen and the business of fishing, including among other things, catching, curing, drying, smoking, preserving, canning, packing, importing, exporting, buying, selling and otherwise dealing with and in fish and fish products of all descriptions, and the oils, fertilizing and other by-products thereof, oysters, lobsters and all kinds of shell fish; to catch, buy, store, sell and distribute bait and fish of every description, whether fresh, salt or frozen; to engage in and carry on the business of lobster packers, curers and canners and catch, buy, sell, pack, deal in, cure and can lobsters and other fish;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and own lands of whatsoever description and wheresoever situate, and water lots, wharfage rights and privileges, fishing, trawling and seining rights and other easements, rights and privileges whatsoever;

(*c*) To construct or otherwise acquire, operate, control, manage, let and deal in:—(1) trawlers, fishing boats and appliances, tugs, boats, barges, scows, ships, steamers and other vessels of every description, and wharves, docks, piers, slips and works for the improvement of navigation and for the conduct of fishing, whaling and other operations, also structures, ap-

pliances and equipment for fishing, whaling, seining, trawling or sealing purposes or for the handling of traffic in any form or any description ; (2) works, stores, warehouses, hatcheries, shops, cold storage and refrigerating buildings and plants, sheds, offices, structures and plant, appliances, equipment and machinery for the cleaning, curing, canning, package, storage, handling or otherwise dealing in the products, or by-products of fish and fisheries, of whatsoever description, or of whaling or sealing operations or any other incidental operation carried on by the company ; (3) mills, machinery, shops, factories, works, appliances, equipment of every description for the handling, manufacture or the sale of any products or by-products of or resulting from the operations of the company or of any combination of such products or by-products with any other materials or thing whatsoever ; (4) reservoirs, dams, aqueducts, canals, flumes, drains, bridges, roadways and all other works, appliances and equipment incidental to the foregoing ; (5) power houses, plant, machinery, equipment and works for the generation, distribution and utilization of any form of power for lighting, heating or for any other purposes ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in cans, barrels, boxes, packages or other receptacles for containing food products and to manufacture, sell and trade in all products of every description and to carry on any business or businesses subsidiary, auxiliary or similar to the business mentioned in this sub-clause and which the company may deem it expedient to carry on in aid thereof or in substitution therefor ;

(*e*) To manufacture and deal in fertilizers and glue from fish and to refine oils obtained from fish ;

(*f*) To buy, sell and salve wrecked vessels of every sort, their materials, appurtenances and cargo, and to own and employ wrecking steamers, lighters and pumps with other wrecking appliances ;

(*g*) To cut, manufacture, buy, sell and distribute ice, wholesale or retail ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, water courses, power plants, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works for the development and distribution of electric power for lighting, heating and other purposes, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interest, and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof, and to sell and distribute any surplus electric power not required for the purpose of the company, subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*i*) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will and assets of any person, firm or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessing property suitable for the purposes of this company and as a part of the consideration for such acquisition, to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company ;

(*j*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures or other securities for the payment, either in whole or in part of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, services, rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, power, privilege, license or concession which this company may legally acquire and in payment or part payment of or in exchange for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar or incidental to the business of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the aforesaid Act ;

(*k*) To remunerate with the approval of the shareholders any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital, or any debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*l*) To distribute by dividend or otherwise any of the property of the company in specie or kind among the members and particularly paid-up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company ;

(*m*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph ;

(*n*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*o*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*p*) To amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*q*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the aforesaid Act, to take, and otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any businesa capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*r*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*s*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*t*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*u*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*v*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*w*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*x*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*y*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in

particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*z*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*aa*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(*bb*) To develop and turn to account any lands acquired by the company or in which it is interested and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for farming and building purposes, constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, fitting up and improving, buildings and conveniences and by planting, paving, draining, farming, cultivating, letting on building lease or building agreement.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Golden Ray Fishing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26-2 Under-Secretary of State

Gibbons Motor Car Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of December, 1916, incorporating Samuel Henry Gibbons, manager, John Watson Franks, gentleman, William Joseph Hodgson, accountant, Lonson Cheeseman Laishley and Ernest Ireland, salesmen, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following pusposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufactnre, buy, sell and deal in all classes of automobiles, motor wagons, motor trucks, cars operated by steam, gasolene, electric or any other power, automobile and motor parts, accessories, and everything appertaining to the manufacture and trade of the above named ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business, or calculated either directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to manufacture, buy, sell, or deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*c*) To acquire and own the assets, property, privileges, franchises, contracts, leases, real estate and other rights of any individual, firm or company doing a similar business, and generally the business of any person, firm or company exercising or carrying on a trade which this company is authorized to carry on ;

(*d*) To act as agent for any other person or companies in the purchase, sale, exchange or lease of all products concerning the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*e*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*f*) To issue paid-up shares for the payment in whole or in part of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire ;

(*g*) To apply for and acquire or to obtain by purchase or otherwise and on any terms, letters patent of inventions, patent rights, processes, licenses, trade marks, copyrights, or any privileges of a like nature for or in connection with any matter, article or subject convenient for the business of the company, and to turn the same to account by manufacturing, working the same or granting licenses in respect thereof or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Gibbons Motor Car Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The St. Louis Auto Machinery Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1916, incorporating Joseph Byron St. Louis and Catharine Northwood, customs officers, Joseph Francis Knight, ferry boat employee and Henry Crawford Cage, clerk, of the City of Windsor, in the Province of Ontario, and John Dugal, of the Township of Sandwich East, in the said Province of Ontario, customs broker, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To buy, sell, trade and carry on the business of manufacturers of automobiles, cycles, bicycles, tricycles, motors, engines, carriages and conveyances of all kinds and parts thereof, and of all articles used in the construction or manufacture thereof, and to carry on the business of machinist;

(*b*) To apply for, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'inventions, licenses, concessions or the like conferring exclusive or limited right to use any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company and to use, exercise, lease, sell or grant licenses in respect thereof or otherwise to turn to account the property or rights so acquired.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The St. Louis Auto Machinery Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 8,000 shares of five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Windsor, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Hurd & Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1916, incorporating Alfred Ernest Hurd, merchant, Arthur Heward Holloway, manager, William Blore, clerk, Matthew Boa, machinist, and George David Kelley, solicitor, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers and importers of wholesale and retail dealers in sporting goods, sport supplies of any and every kind and description whatsoever sportman's and athletic complete outfit, and bicycles and automobiles, motor cars, canoes, boats, yachts, motor boats, gasolene, marine engines, fire-arms, cameras, kodaks, supplies for electric and gas light and all other kinds of articles and sundries usually manufactured, imported and dealt in, in connection with such business or incidental thereto;

(*b*) To acquire and take over as a going concern, the business at present carried on in the City of Ottawa, under the name of "Hurd & Co.," and of any other business of a similar nature or any interest or control of any business of a similar nature and to pay for the

same either in cash, bonds or paid-up stock of this company ;

(*c*) To apply for, acquire, lease and dispose of trade-marks, industrial designs, patents and patent rights, licenses and privileges for or in respect of any invention that may be desired, useful or advantageous to the company and to manufacture, use, exercise and work the same ;

(*d*) To purchase, take over, lease or otherwise acquire, any movable and immovable property, machinery and works that may be useful for the purposes of the company and to hold, mortgage, sell and convey, or otherwise dispose of such property, movable or immovable, as may be requisite for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To erect and construct buildings, including factories, stores, warehouses and other establishments and to erect and construct the same, when and where advisable ;

(*f*) To subscribe for, purchase and otherwise acquire and own, shares and securities in any other company or companies carrying on business of a like nature notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To acquire from any person, firm or corporation, any business of a like nature or incidental to the foregoing or capable of being operated in connection therewith ;

(*h*) To issue fully paid-up shares in payment or part payment of the purchase price of any movable or immovable property, patent, patent rights or shares in other companies that may be required by the company ;

(*i*) To act as commisson merchants and manufacturers' agents in respect of any article in which the company is authorized to deal ;

(*j*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable, proper and convenient for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects enumerated herein, connected therewith or which may at any time appear conducive to or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Hurd & Co., Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Talbot Ranch, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1916, incorporating Henry Talbot, Arthur William Talbot, Harry Talbot, Joshua Ingham and George Sparkhall, live stock commission merchants, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of ranching, to purchase and otherwise acquire, breed, raise, improve, sell and deal in live stock of every kind and live stock products, to carry on by wholesale or otherwise the business of producers, purchasers, shippers of and dealers in agricultural products, including prepared products, live stock and farm supplies;

(*b*) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or any rights or privileges which the company, may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business or capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of its property or rights for the time being;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like, which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like so required ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, exercise and enjoy in its own name, all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or any company or companies carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of the company and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in shares of the company, wholly or partly paid-up and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing the profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any person or company and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangement with any governments or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges, concessions or franchises which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, comply with or surrender any such arrangements, rights, privileges, concessions and franchises ;

(*g*) To construct, improve, maintain, work or manage any roads, ways, buildings and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or conduct thereof ;

(*h*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*i*) To sell, let or hire or otherwise deal with or dispose of the undertaking and assets of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company ;

(*j*) To remunerate any person or corporation for services or assistance rendered to the company or in or about the incorporation or organization of the company in such a manner as the company may deem expedient, and more particularly with the approval of the shareholders, by the issue and allotment of shares, bonds or other securities of the company, wholly or partly paid-up ;

(*k*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*l*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*m*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of its business ;

(*n*) To carry on any other business capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*o*) To do all other things incidental or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Talbot Ranch, Limited," with a

capital stock of sixty thousand dollars, divided into 600 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Ardis Candy Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of December, 1916, incorporating Andrew Haydon and John Parsons Ebbs, barristers-at-law, Marie Agnes Gertrude Deitz, bookkeeper, Belle Fraser and Lyla Brennan, stenographers, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Ottawa under the name of The Allen & Cochrane Candy Company, with all the property, assets, stock-in-trade, and goodwill thereof, including rights and contracts, and subject to the obligations of the same, and to pay therefor in fully paid and non-assessable shares of the capital stock, or in bonds, debentures or other securities of this company ;

(*b*) To carry on a general confectionery business in all its branches, including manufacturing and to conduct and operate lunch rooms and general restaurants ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and generally to deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold or dispose of in any manner, any formulae, patent of invention, trade-mark, trade-name, copyright, secret or other process, license, royalty or any similar privilege.

(*e*) To acquire by any form of title the property (including plant, works and machinery, constructed in whole or in part), rights, assets and goodwill, and subject to section 44 of The Companies Act, the shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any company, or of any person or firm, carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on ;

(*f*) To pay in whole or in part for any property, right, or privilege of any kind whatsoever acquired or held by the company in any manner, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any service rendered to the company, either in cash or in fully paid and non-assessable shares of the capital stock of the company, or in its bonds, debentures or other securities ;

(*g*) To lease, sell or dispose of the business, property or undertakings of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem fit, and in particular for shares, bonds, debentures or securities of any other company having objects similar to those of this company, notwithstanding section 44 of the said Act, and to divide among the shareholders in specie any cash, stock, bonds or securities so received ;

(*h*) To lend money to and guarantee the performance of contracts by customers and others and also the performance of any obligations or undertaking of any other company in which this company may be interested, and to accept such security as may be offered by such person or company, including shares and debentures of such other company ;

(*i*) To aid, protect or accommodate by guarantee, endorsement, cash advances or concessions, any persons or company carrying on a business of a similar nature ; to enter into any agreement for sharing profits, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or other arrangement of a like nature, with any person or company carrying on a similar business ;

(*j*) To purchase and acquire and to own, hold, and sell and re-issue, with or without guarantee, the shares, bonds or debentures of any manufacturing or other corporation, carrying on business similar to that of this company ; to amalgamate with any company constitued for the carrying on of any similar business, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to manage, operate and carry on the property, undertaking and business of any such corporation ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property or rights of the company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of all or any of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Ardis Candy Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Big 3 Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1916, incorporating James Cæsar and Trygor Haugerud, farmers, Maude Jane Williams, married woman, Earl Stuart Everall and Harley Moody Hughes, students-at-law, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, acquire, hold and operate oil refineries, plant and machinery of all kinds ; to carry on the business of buying, leasing, holding and selling, producing and manufacturing all kinds of oil and oil products and compounds thereof, and all articles and substances of which oil is an ingredient ; of erecting, leasing, buying, letting and selling oil refineries, together with all such buildings and works as may be necessary in connection with the production and sale of oil products and all compounds thereof and substances and articles of which oil is an ingredient : to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in oil producers, machinery, supplies and utensils of all kinds ; to carry on the business of storing, tanking, warehousing and transporting refined and crude oils and all products and compounds thereof, and all the substances and articles of which oil is an ingredient ; to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, equip, operate and to sell and otherwise deal in pipe lines and other contrivances or appliances for the transportation and storing of oil ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*i*) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*j*) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons :

(*m*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered, or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit :

(*p*) To pay any debts of the company or for any goods or rights or other assets which the company may desire to acquire either wholly or in part with shares of the company either fully or partly paid up ;

(*q*) To pay out of the assets of the company the costs of incorporation and organization of the company and the cost of selling or otherwise disposing of the stock or shares of the company ;

(*r*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either or alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To distribute any of the property of the company in specie among the members ;

(*w*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Big 3 Company, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each. and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 21st day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

CONSULAR VISA ON PASSPORTS.

OFFICIAL notification has reached the Department of External Affairs that all passengers, whether British subjects or aliens, embarking at any United States port for the United Kingdom must obtain the visa of the British Consular Officer at that port on their passports.

Department of External Affairs,
6th December, 1916. 25–2

IN THE EXCHEQUER COURT OF CANADA.

General Order.

A GENERAL sitting of "The Exchequer Court of Canada" under the provisions of Rule 166, for the trial of cases, etc, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Quebec, P.Q., commencing on Monday, the 5th day of February, A.D. 1917, at 11 A.M.

Dated at Ottawa, this 27th day of November, A.D. 1916.

L. A. AUDETTE,
23–4 J. E. C.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE,

Special Fishery Regulations for British Columbia.

Amendment.

BY Order in Council P.C. 3024, dated 7th day of September, 1916, the Special Fishery Regulations for the Province of British Columbia adopted by Order in Council of the 9th February, 1915, are amended as follows :—

Section 20 of the above regulations is amended by adding thereto the following subsection 3 :—

3. "From 10 o'clock in the forenoon of Saturday in each week to 3 o'clock in the afternoon of Monday following, no one shall fish for or catch herring with nets of any kind in Pender Harbour." 25–2

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

Ottawa, 20th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that under and in virtue of the provisions of subsection (*q*,) section (9) of The Post Office Act, the Postmaster General has authorized the following regulation :—

On and after this date all letters addressed "Berlin," Ont., are not to be delivered, but are to be returned to the senders marked "No such Post Office in Ontario." 26–2

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following position in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada :—

An assistant in the Cement Testing Laboratory of the Department of Public Works, Subdivision B of the Third Division, initial salary $800 per annum. Candidates must be skilled in the handling of such tools as those of the plumber, the carpenter, and the machinist.

Candidates must be natural-born or naturalized British subjects, must have been at least three years resident in Canada, and must be of the full age of eighteen years and not more than thirty-five years, except in the case of returned soldiers or men unfit for military service in which case the age limit is waived.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 2nd of January next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission Ottawa.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 6th December, 1916. 24–4

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 115 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 56.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(379) Annapolis basin—Digby harbour—Dredging.

Dredging.—A channel 200 feet wide has been dredged from deep water to a point 175 feet inside the lighthouse on the government pier at Digby. The depth of the channel is generally 20 feet or more, but there is a spot 500 feet outside the lighthouse with only 16 feet on it. The axis of the channel bears 181° (S. 21° W. mag.) and passes 125 feet outside the lighthouse. From a point 1800 feet north of the lighthouse a channel 120 feet wide has been dredged for a distance of 700 feet towards Sproule's wharf. The axis bears 252° (N. 88° W. mag.) and the depth varies from 12 to 20 feet. Inside of this channel a cut 20 feet wide has been made approximately to low water mark for a further distance of 780 feet.

N. to M. No. 115 (379) 15-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 20° W.
Authority: Report from Mr. C. E. W. Dodwell, District Engineer, P. W. Dept.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2561, 352.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 250.
Departmental File: No. 38343.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(380) South coast—Sheet harbour—Uncharted shoals.

(*1*) *Position of shoal.*—$1\frac{3}{4}$ cables 124° (S. 33° E. mag.) from the south point of the island next east of Malagash island.

Lat. N. 44° 50′ 22″, Long. W. 62° 31′ 19″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:

Sheet rock lighthouse touching north east tangent of Roach island	0°
North tangent of islands at "The Gates" touching small island nearer	129° 15′
West tangent of island next east of Malagash island	65 45

Depth.—20 feet.

Description.—Boulders over smooth rock, area under 4 fathoms 30 yards across, only one cast of 20 feet.

(*2*) *Position of shoal.*—3 cables 117° 30′ (S. 39° 30′ E. mag.) from the southeast point of Horse island.

Lat. N. 44° 50′ 38″, Long. W. 62° 30′ 42″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:

Northeast tangent of east Western island	0°
East tangent of Guilford island	59° 30′
Northeast tangent of Horse island	127 0
East tangent of west shore of Sheet harbour (Slab point)	80 0

Depth.—21 feet.

Description.—Boulders over flat rock, area under 4 fathoms 30 yards across, only one cast of 21 feet.

N. to M. No. 115 (380) 15-11-16.

Variaton in 1916: 23° W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2807, 2396 and 729.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 93.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

QUEBEC.

(381) Gulf of St. Lawrence—South of Great Mekattina island—Uncharted rock.

The Commanding Officer of H. M. C. S. "Hochelaga" reports the existence of an uncharted rock south of Great Mekattina island.

Position.—About $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles south of Great Mekattina island, in approximate.

Lat. N. 50° 45′ 10″, Long. W. 58° 52′ 20″

From the rock, Flat island bears 87° (S. 62° E. mag.); Treble Hill island bears 46° (N. 77° E. mag.); west tangent of Great Mekattina island bears 334° (N. 5° E. mag.); and the small island lying about $\frac{1}{2}$ mile south of Great Mekattina island bears 23° (N. 54° E. mag.)

Depth.—13 feet approximately.

N. to M. No. 115 (381) 15-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 31° W.
Authority: Department of the Naval Service.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 305, 284, 232b and 2516.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 1, 1916, page 162.
Departmental File: No. 38306.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 15th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 25 2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 122 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 59.)

EAST COAST OF CANADA.

(401) Regulations with regard to Vessels' Lights.

By virtue of the authority conferred upon him by Orders in Council of the 12th September, 1914, and 25th March, 1915, the following orders regarding ships' lights on the East Coast of Canada have been issued by Vice-Admiral C. E. Kingsmill, R. N. a competent Naval Authority, and will come into force forthwith:—

1. *Anchor Lights.*—No electrically-lit lanterns shall be employed as anchor lights. The normal brilliancy of all other anchor lanterns shall be reduced by 50 per cent.

2. *Bow and Steaming Lights*—Vessels are not to use electrically-lit lanterns as bow or steaming lights in the vicinity of harbours.

3. *Other Lights*—No lights, either aloft, on deck or below, except those required by the Regulations for the Prevention of Collisions at Sea, and such as may be necessary for authorized signalling purposes, shall be permitted to be visible from outboard.

   This shall apply to all vessels whether under way or at anchor.

4. The above orders shall apply to vessels of every description, other than H. M. Ships, within the waters of Canada on the East Coast, and extending up the St. Lawrence River as far as the Port of Quebec.

N. to M. No. 122 (401) 29-11-16.

Authority: Dept. of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 29th November, 1916.

25-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 119 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 57.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(389) Bay of Fundy—Grand Manan—East of Whitehead island—Uncharted rock.

The Commanding Officer of the C. G. S. "Curlew" reports the existence of an uncharted rock east of Whitehead island.

Position.—The rock, which is locally known as Halibut rock, lies $\frac{7}{8}$ mile 135° 30′ (S. 25° E. mag.) from Gull cove lighthouse.
Lat. N. 44° 37′ 16″, Long. W. 66° 41′ 8″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the rock:

Black rock	0°
South tangent of southeast end of Whitehead island	110° 30′
Southeastern head of Gull cove	99 40

Depth.—7 feet.

Description.—The rock is about 200 feet in diameter. The depth outside the rock is 9 fathoms and the depth inside the rock is 5 fathoms.

N. to M. No. 119 (389) 23-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 19° 30′ W.
Authority: Dept. of the Naval Service.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2539 and 352.
Publication: Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 277.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(390) South coast—Off entrance to Lockeport harbour—Gull rock—Change in characteristic of light.

Former notice.—No. 92 (257) of 1912.

Position.—On Gull rock.
Lat. N. 43° 39′ 12″, Long. W. 65° 5′ 50″

New characteristic of light.—Occulting white light with the following characteristic: Visible 17 seconds; eclipsed 5 seconds; visible 3 seconds; eclipsed 5 seconds.

N. to M. No. 119 (390) 23-11-16.

Authority: Report from N. S. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 310, 730, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 198.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 260.
Departmental File: No. 20260A.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(391) South coast—Mary-Joseph harbour—Uncharted shoal east of Round island.

Position.—$1\frac{1}{2}$ cables 96° 30′ (S. 60° E. mag.) from the northeast point of Round island.
Lat. N. 45° 57′ 19″, Long. W. 62° 5′ 16″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:

South tangent of Epe point	0°
North tangent of Round island	28° 20′
Northwest tangent of Turner point	106 5
Southwest tangent of Hawbolt island	87 25
East tangent of north Goose island	13 50

Depth.—9 feet.

Description.—Mud covered with long eel grass, depth of 9 feet 10 yards across, area under 3 fathoms 50 yards across.

N. to M. No. 119 (391) 23-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 23° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2769, 2396 and 729.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 85.
Departmental File: No 31589.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(392) South coast—East of Liscomb island—Uncharted shoal.

Position.—0·22 mile 44° (N. 67° 30′ E. mag.) from Crook point.
Lat. N. 44° 59′ 28″, Long. W. 61° 55′ 26″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:

East tangent of Crook point	0°
Northeast tangent of Liscomb island	68°
Redman head lighthouse	26° 15′
Wedge island lighthouse	105° 25′

Depth.—6 feet.

Description.—Large stones over flat point of rock, only one stone with 6 feet water over it, area under 3 fathoms 10 yards across.

N. to M. No. 119 (392) 23-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 23° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2769, 2519 and 729.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 80.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(393) South coast—Southeast of Liscomb island—Uncharted shoal.

Position.—1·19 miles 136° (S. 20° 30′ E. mag.) from Crook point.
Lat. N. 44° 58′ 28″, Long. W. 61° 54′ 29″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:

South tangent of Barren island	0°
South tangent of land 1½ miles west of Liscomb point	26° 10′
South tangent of Liscomb island	16 25
East tangent of Crook point	27 30
Wedge island lighthouse	79 15

Depth.—36 feet.

Description.—Large stones over flat rock, area under 7 fathoms yards across.

The shoal breaks in heavy sea.

N. to M. No. 119 (393) 23-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 23° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2769, 2519 and 729.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 80.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

QUEBEC.

(394) River St. Lawrence–Cape Salmon lightstation–Intended change in character of fog alarm.

Position.—At cape Salmon lightstation.
Lat. N. 47° 46′ 9″, Long. W. 69° 54′ 20″

Date of alteration.—On or about 15th December, 1916, without further notice.

Alteration.—The steam fog horn will be replaced by a diaphone, operated with air, compressed by an oil engine. The diaphone will give three blasts of 2½ seconds, with intervals of 5 seconds between them, every minute, thus:

Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent interval
2½ secs.	5 secs.	2½ secs.	5 secs.	2½ secs.	42½ secs.

N. to M. No. 119 (3 4) 23-11-16.

Authority: Report from Mr J. A. Smith, District Engineer, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 313, 314 and 2516.
Canadian Naval chart: No. 201.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 80.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1153.
Departmental File: No. 21153F.

QUEBEC.

(395) River St. Lawrence—Ship channel between Quebec and Montreal—Cap Madeleine village—Back range light increased in height.

Back range light increased in height.—Cap Madeleine village back range light has been increased in height 12 feet. The fixed white light is now shown from a reflector lantern hoisted on a pole erected on the lantern gallery of the lighthouse. The elevation of the light is now 97 feet above high water mark.

N. to M. No. 119 (395 23-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Montreal.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2781 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 11 and 23
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 52.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1315.
Departmental File: No. 21315R.

ATLANTIC OCEAN—CARIBBEAN SEA.

(396) Jamaica—Kingston—Closing of port at night.

From 28th November, 1916, the port of Kingston will be closed to all shipping from sunset to sunrise, until further notice. All lights will be extinguished.

N. to M. No. 119 (396) 23-11-16.

Authority: Department of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 19407.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 23rd November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 120 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 58.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(397) South coast—Halifax harbour—George island—Lighthouse destroyed by fire—Temporary light.

Position.—On west side of George island.
Lat. N. 44° 38′ 25″, Long. W. 63° 33′ 46″.

Lighthouse destroyed by fire.—George island lighthouse was burnt down on 21st November, 1916.

Temporary light.—A temporary occulting red light, visible 6 seconds and eclipsed 3 seconds alternately, is shown at the light-station.

N. to M. No. 120 (397) 27-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Halifax.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 311, 2320, 2410, 729, 1651, 2666 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 126.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 335.
Departmental File: No. 20335 R.

QUEBEC.

(398) River St. Lawrence—Platon range lights discontinued.

Range lights discontinued.—The maintenance of the Platon fixed white range lights, on the south side of the river St. Lawrence, will be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

Position of front light.—Lat. N. 46° 39′ 12″, Long. W. 71° 52′ 57″.

N. to M. No. 120 (398) 27-11-16.

Authority: Approved recommendation of Lighthouse Board.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2778 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 16 and 24.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, above Quebec, 1912, page 37.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 1266 and 1267.
Departmental File: No. 21266K.

QUEBEC.

(399) River St. Lawrence—L'Ilet Richelieu—Light discontinued.

Position of lighthouse.—On southwest part of L'Ilet Richelieu.
Lat. N. 46° 38′ 25″, Long. W. 71° 54′ 36″.

Light discontinued.—The maintenance of L'Ilet Richelieu fixed white light will be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

N. to M. No. 120 (399) 27-11-16.

Authority: Approved recommendation of Lighthouse Board.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2779 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval Charts: Nos. 2779 and 2830a.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 38.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1268.
Departmental File: No. 21268A.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 27th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 26-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 123 of 1916.

(Pacific No. 26.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(402) Fitzhugh sound—Kuakume island—Day beacon erected.

Position.—On west point of Kuakume island.
Lat. N. 51° 41′ 24″, Long. W. 127° 54′ 0″

Description.—Pyramidal wooden slatwork beacon, surmounted by a wooden slatwork ball.

Colour.—White.

Elevation.—Top of beacon is 50 feet above high water mark.

N. to M. No. 123 (402) 30-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty chart: No. 1923 B.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 2, 1913, page 26.
Departmental File: No. 37761.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(403) Kootenay lake, west arm—Procter light—Red sector removed.

Former notice.—No. 67 (189) of 1910.
Red sector removed.—The red sector has been removed from the Procter light, entrance to west arm of Kootenay lake, and the light now shows white over the west arm of Kootenay lake.

N. to M. No. 123 (403) 30-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2251.
Departmental Files: Nos. 14221 and 22251.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(404) Kootenay lake, west arm—Thirteen-mile point beacon light removed to Twelve-mile.

(1) *Former notices.*—No. 135 (438) of 1913, and No. 68 (225) of 1916.
Light discontinued.—The maintenance of the fixed red beacon light on the south side of the channel at Thirteen-mile point has been discontinued.
Day mark.—The beacon will still be maintained as a day mark.
(2) *Position of new light.*—On the shore of Crescent bay, opposite Yuills shoal.
Character.—Fixed red light.
Elevation.—10 feet above high water mark.
Structure.—Pole, with a slatwork daymark, and a cross arm carrying the lantern.
Remarks.—This light will be known as Twelve-mile beacon light.

N. to M. No. 123 (404) 30-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2251·2.
Departmental File: No. 14221.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(405) Kootenay lake, West arm—Change in character of buoys—Buoy discontinued.

The following platform buoys in the West arm of Kootenay lake have been replaced by wooden spar buoys, painted white:—

Number in List of Buoys.	NAME OF BUOY.
858	Balfour.
862	Sunshine bay shoal.
866	Long beach spit.
870	Yuills shoal, upper end.
872	Yuills shoal, lower end.
878	Six-mile point.
884	Roberts shoal.

Sawmill middle ground platform buoy (No. 860 in the List of Buoys) has been withdrawn.

N. to M. No. 123 (405) 30-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
List of Buoys and Beacons in British Columbia, 1916: Pages 76 and 77.
Departmental File: No. 14221.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 30th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

26-2

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

AGRICULTURE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 118 pp 0.10
Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp 0.15
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de la Chimie, de la Culture du Sol, et de l'Elevage, pour l'exercice tlrminé le 31 mars 191[illegible], 596 pp 0.45
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for December, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, novembre 1916, 108 pp. illus 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, September, 1916 ..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, September, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Winter Egg Production (Poultry Division). Circular No. 1, 4 pp. Free.
* Incubation Artificielle (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 2, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Pure Bred Male Animals, distribution of by Live Stock Branch, Booklet No. 3, 22 pp. Free.
* Apple in Canada—Its cultivation and improvement (Dominion Experimental Farms). Bulletin No. 86, 136 pp. Free.
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* Pure Bred Male Animals, distribution of, by Live Stock Branch, Booklet No. 3, 22 pp. Free.
* Bacon Hog and the British Market (Live Stock Branch). Circular No. 21, 16 pp. Free.
* Plan d'un poullailler de ponte permanent (Division de l'Industrie Animale). Circulaire No. 5, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Fièvre charbonneuse et le charbon symptomatique. Bulletin No. 13, 8 pp. Gratuit.

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INLAND REVENUE.

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Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part II. Weights and Measures, Gas and Electricity, 76 pp 0.05
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* Ordres de Milice, édition hebdomadaire du 9 octobre.
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1916-17 1916-17

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th November, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.			1915.	1916.
	LIABILITIES.		$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—				
Payable in	New York			75,357,000 00
do	in Canada		8,725,450 94	303,362,481 57
do	in London		362,703,312 40	362,703,312 40
Temporary Loans			165,007,017 53	119,067,808 02
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes			169,230,286 16	176,452,958 28
SAVINGS BANKS—		1915. 1916.		
	Post Office Savings Banks	$38,718,049 47 $41,184,910 66		
	Dominion Government Savings Banks	13,801,694 83 13,299,514 40		
			52,519,744 30	54,484,425 06
Trust Funds			10,153,320 88	10,221,437 32
Province Accounts			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts			43,448,420 09	36,031,431 34
Total Gross Debt			829,377,292 82	1,155,358,251 88
	ASSETS.			
INVESTMENTS—				
Sinking Funds			11,649,355 45	12,728,490 72
Other Investments			108,327,819 43	133,663,695 16
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS			205,435,622 33	300,541,655 96
Total Assets			327,709,125 11	449,230,169 74
Total Net Debt 30th November			501,668,167 71	706,128,082 14
do	do	to 31st October	492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
Increase of Debt			9,139,675 62	10,349,565 59

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of November, 1915.	Total to 30th November, 1915.	Month of November, 1916.	Total to 30th November, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	9,101,595 41	60,155,959 28	11,208,109 52	86,399,359 81
Excise	2,127,125 10	14,161,880 25	2,145,573 91	16,130,867 65
Post Office	1,550,000 00	10,949,779 65	1,600,000 00	11,950,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,880,409 30	13,104,300 51	2,560,881 34	17,661,569 48
Miscellaneous	1,413,326 95	6,384,385 56	5,650,200 93	12,770,776 91
Total	17,072,456 76	104,756,305 25	23,164,765 70	144,912,573 85
EXPENDITURE	8,997,899 07	65,345,503 03	12,006,457 05	69,567,573 94
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	13,155,797 08	66,514,955 38	19,040,383 92	146,527,530 98
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	4,306,180 15	23,993,023 27	2,457,552 80	15,997,789 27
Railway Subsidies	.....	967,910 71	.....	363,478 61
Total	17,461,977 23	91,475,889 36	21,497,936 72	162,888,798 86

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 5th December, 1916.

24-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$ 27,772 25	Gold held November 30, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,621,028 51
Fractional	1,033,741 04		
$1	14,236,758 00		
$2	10,519,185 50		
$4	45,235 00		
$5	4,454,072 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50	10,200 00	10 p.c. on $54,484,425.06 under The Savings Banks Act	5,448,442 51
$100	1,600 00		
$500	2,009,000 00		
$1,000	4,382,000 00		
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks	196,500 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$114,172,586 00
$1,000 " " "	1,674,000 00		
$5,000 " " "	140,250,000 00		
	$ 178,840,064 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$ 11,300 50
$2	6,062 00
$5	4,219 75
$10	2,180 00
$20	860 00
$50	650 00
$500	2,500 00
	$ 27,772 25

T. LAWSON,
Acting Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th December, 1916.

25-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of October, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	821,821 59	
Malt Liquor	12,587 55	
Malt	154,704 93	
Tobacco	943,276 44	
Cigars	66,626 62	
Manufactures in Bond	11,718 04	
Acetic Acid	515 11	
Seizures	646 21	
Other Receipts	11,168 22	
Total Excise Revenue		2,023,064 71
Methylated Spirits		13,025 24
Ferry		26 00
Inspection of Weights and Measures		14,742 08
Gas Inspection		4,250 75
Electric Light Inspection		5,398 33
Law Stamps		1,454 50
Other Revenues		495 94
War Tax		97,671 01
Grand Total Revenue		2,160,128 56

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 16th November, 1916.

22-t

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of September, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st August, 1916.	41,086,063 43	WITHDRAWALS during the month	1,000,245 01
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,061,939 17		
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer			
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	6,108 51		
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	7,040 58	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 30th September, 1916.	41,160,906 68
	42,161,151 69		42,161,151 69

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER
Actg Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th November, 1916.

26-tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirtieth November, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on October 31st, 1916	Deposits November, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for November, 1916.	Balance on 30th November, 1916.
	$ cts	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	574,873 64	5,582 00	580,455 64	11,235 15	569,220 49
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,160,592 64	24,558 48	1,185,151 12	26,346 42	1,158,804 70
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,920,174 62	23,952 00	1,944,126 62	31,730 63	1,912,395 99
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	268,504 38	3,633 00	272,137 38	2,164 06	269,973 32
St. John	5,329,546 55	77,281 96	5,406,828 51	73,579 18	5,333,249 33
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	124,916 08		124,916 08	6,175 39	118,740 69
Guysboro'	116,801 87	1,044 00	117,845 87	392 34	117,453 53
Halifax	2,493,576 73	29,509 46	2,523,086 19	24,552 37	2,498,533 82
Kentville	239,222 97	2,746 00	241,968 97	5,209 14	236,759 83
Lunenburg	414,632 70	3,255 00	417,887 70	4,018 90	413,868 80
Port Hood	87,069 73	86 00	87,155 73	479 68	86,676 05
Shelburne	225,022 10	4,920 55	229,942 65	6,518 58	223,424 07
Sherbrooke	98,603 42	325 00	98,928 42	621 83	98,306 59
Wallace	136,237 76	451 00	136,688 76	2,056 52	134,632 24
Totals	13,189,775 19	177,344 45	13,367,119 64	195,080 19	13,172,039 45

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th December, 1916.

25–1f

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUÉBEC, ON THE 30th DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1916.

—	CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand. 1	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand. 2	Other deposits payable on demand. 3	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 4	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 5	Other deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 6	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Trust. 7	Liabilities not included under the foregoing heads. 8	Total Liabilities.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	294,396 03	.....	.....	.....	.....	31,946,362 54	180,000 00	56,025 81	32,476,784 38
d'Économie Notre-Dame de Québec	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	140,000 00	11,200 00	10,343,599 74	83,000 00	582,130 66	11,159,930 40
Total....	3,000,000 00	1,250,000 00	294,396 03	.....	.....	140,000 00	11,200 00	42,289,962 28	263 000 00	638,156 47	43,636,714 78

ASSETS.

—	Dominion, Provincial and other public securities. 1	Cash in hand and on deposit in chartered banks. 2	Canadian municipal bonds or securities, schools bonds or debentures and securities approved by Treasury Board. 3	Other bonds, debentures and securities. 4	Loans to governments, municipal corporations, fabriques de paroisses, syndics pour l'érection d'églises and corporations on resolutions of their boards of directors. 5	Loans for which bank stocks are held as collateral security. 6	Loans for which stocks, bonds, debentures or securities other than bank stocks are held as collateral security. 7	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund investments. 8	Investments in bank stock made previous to the incorporation of the bank. 9	Bank premises. 10	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads. 11	Total Assets
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank	4,351,615 37	5,402,310 99	14,589,428 81	1,329,784 03	.....	1,130,800 90	7,185,712 51	180,000 00	.....	475,000 00	249,801 43	34,894,454 04
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,421,333 73	1,147,616 42	4,383,283 84	1,939,533 33	.....	455,707 61	2,840,416 48	83,000 00	9.600 00	140,000 00	248,310 54	12,668,801 95
Total.....	5,772,949 10	6,549,927 41	18,972,712 65	3,269,317 36	....	1,586,508 51	10,026,128 99	263,000 00	9,600 00	615,000 00	498,111 97	47,563,255 99

T C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

26-tf

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE*.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules:

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."

2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch); subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy; the amount of which should be calculated as follows:

First insertion:	
Flat charge for title and signature	$1 00
Add two cents per word actual count	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words	.....
Other insertions:	
Flat charge for title and signature	0 50
Add one cent per word actual count	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions:—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws, etc.—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, etc.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thurs days will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette*.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Com-"mittee until there has been filed with that com-"mittee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, town-"ship, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a*.) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar char-"acter within, or in any way affecting the dis-"trict, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b*.) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordinary "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(7) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

Extracts from the Standing Rules of the Senate.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas Edwin Jory, formerly of the Township of Douro, in the County of Peterborough and Province of Ontario, farmer, and now of Riceton, P. O., in the Province of Saskatchewan, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Eliza Jory, whose present address is unknown, but who was last heard of from Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Peterborough, this 15th day of September, 1916.

PECK, KERR & McELDERRY,
415 Water Street, Peterborough, Ont.
13–14 Solicitors for the said applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Marguerite Claire Gault, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, wife of Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the said City of Montreal, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, the said Andrew Hamilton Gault, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of September, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Percy Doughty, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Beneita Jennetta Doughty, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, this 1st day of December, 1916.

PERCY DOUGHTY,
by his solicitor herein
S. W. BURNS,
10 Queen East,
24–14 Toronto.

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lavilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
17–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rozilla Lamb, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, nurse, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, George Alfred Lamb, of Toronto, Ontario, machinist, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, this 31st day of October, 1916.

LEE & O'DONOGHUE,
241-2 Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto, Ont.,
19–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Gertrude Ellen Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, William Albrighton Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, on the ground of adultery, misconduct and cruelty.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, this 13th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
511 Union Bank Bldg., Ottawa, Ont.,
21–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, sheet metal worker, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret S. Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Toronto, this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORRIS & ROACH,
20-14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
18–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Johnston Alexander Abraham, of the Village of Wiarton, in the County of Bruce, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Charles Abraham, of the Village of Wiarton, in the County of Bruce, and Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and misconduct.

Dated at Ottawa, this 9th day of December, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTE,
Union Bank Building,
Ottawa, Ont.,
25–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Major in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Marguerite Claire Stephens, of the said City and District of Montreal, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montreal, Que.,
21-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Colin Darrach Poole, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Catharine Poole, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, the 8th day of January, 1916.

CORLEY, WILKEY & DUFF,
157 Bay Street, Toronto,
22–14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Albert Edwin Gordon, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Edna Gertrude Gordon, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto this 27th day of July, A.D., 1916.

CORLEY, WILKIE, DUFF & HAMILTON,
22–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. Donald George Whibley, presently of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, but formerly of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Accountant, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next Session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Frances Lilian Owen, of parts unknown, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Messrs. Aylen & Duclos, Solicitors, Ottawa, are agents for petitioner for receiving papers.

Dated at the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec this thirteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen (13–1916).

LESLIE H. BOYD,
25–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Evelyn Snyder, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Edward Lockwood, also of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, mechanic, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this 22nd day of November, 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
22–14 Solicitor for applicant.

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE. The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may complete the construction of its railway from a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Lumsden's Mill to or towards the Des Quinze River as authorized by chapter 66 of the Statutes of 1901 and chapter 106 of the Statutes of 1912, and for other purposes.

Dated at Ottawa, this 2nd day of December, 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
23–5 Solicitors for the applicants

CASCADE SCENIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, own and operate scenic or funicular railways at Banff, in the Province of Alberta, or elsewhere throughout Canada as may be permitted, for vehicles to run either on rails or by aerial cable, or in such other manner as may be desired, such vehicles being propelled either by steam, electricity, gasolene, water power, or by such other means as may be deemed most convenient and expedient, and with all powers necessary or incidental thereto, under the name "The Cascade Scenic Railway Company."

Dated at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, this 21st day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORAN, ANDERSON & GUY,
Solicitors for the applicant.

24–5

CANADIAN DIVISION OF THE AERIAL LEAGUE OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Canadian Division of the Aerial League of the British Empire", as an association to encourage the invention and manufacture of aerial craft and things appertaining thereto; to disseminate knowledge concerning aerial matters, and concerning the art of flying and schools for the same; to assist Britons desiring to enter the Royal Flying Services; to assist dependants of airmen who lose their lives on active service; to co-operate with the central committee of the Aerial League of the British Empire; to establish branches of the association; to provide landing grounds for aerial craft; and for other analogous purposes; with all the powers required for the same.

Montreal, 29th November, 1916.

LIGHTHALL & HARWOOD,
Solicitors for applicants,
306 Quebec Bank Building,
Montreal.

24–5

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company will make application to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation (1 and 2 George V, cap. 86, 1911) by repealing sub-sections (d) and (e) of section 7 of the said Act, and by giving it power to make contracts of insurance for the following classes as defined by "The Insurance Act, 1910," in addition to the classes specified in sub-sections (a), (b) and (c) of said section 7, viz., (d) Guarantee Insurance; (e) Plate Glass Insurance; (f) Automobile Insurance, and (g) Fire Insurance, and also to change the name of the company to "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
Solicitors for applicant.
160 St. James street, Montreal.

22-5

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act,—

(1). Declaring its railway to be a work for the genaral advantage of Canada.

(2). Changing its head office from the Town of Field, in the Province of British Columbia, to the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

(3). Authorizing it to enter into an agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for any of the purposes specified in section 361 of The Railway Act and to lease its railway to the said company.

Dated at Field, B.C., this 25th day of November, 1916.

G. A. WALKER,
Secretary.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
Ottawa agents.

22–5

CONTINENTAL HEAT AND LIGHT COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Continental Heat & Light Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act amending the Act incorporating the company, being 60-61 Vic., chapter 72, by extending the company's borrowing powers, by granting to the company the following, among other powers, namely: Extended powers for dealing in stocks and other securities, powers to carry on other businesses, to financially assist companies in which the company holds shares or with which it has business relations and to amalgamate with other companies, and by repealing the provisions in the said Act relating to the issue of debenture stock and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL, MACFARLANE & POPE,
Solicitors for applicant.

24-5

THE GRAIN GROWERS GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE ie hereby given that application will be made by the Grain Growers Grain Company, Limited, to Parliament, at the next session thereof, for an Act amending chapter 80 of the Statutes of 1911 and chapter 73 of the Statutes of 1915, for the following among other purposes:—

(*a*) To change the name of the company to "United Grain Growers, Limited," or to empower the company to adopt said name by by-law.

(*b*) To enable meetings to be held elsewhere than at the head office.

(*c*) To increase capital stock to $5,000,000.

(*d*) To enable shareholders to hold 100 shares each.

(*e*) To extinguish right of proxy voting.

(*f*) To enable the company by by-law to form shareholders in groups and to provide for representation at meetings of the company of such groups by delegates.

Dated at Winnipeg, 4th December, 1916.

BONNAR, TRUEMAN, HOLLANDS & ROBINSON,
Winnipeg Electric Railway Chambers,
Winnipeg, Manitoba.
Solicitors for applicants.

24–5

ATHABASKA NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Athabaska Northern Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the corporate powers of said company to be of full force and effect, and extending the time for the commencement and completion of the line of railway mentioned in its Act of incorporation 4-5 Edward VII, chap. 57, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this 12th day of December, A.D. 1916.

SMITH, MARKEY, SKINNER,
PUGSLEY & HYDE,
112 St. James Street, Montreal,
Solicitors for applicant.

25–5

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER DE COLONISATION DU NORD.

NOTICE La Compagnie du Chemin de Fer de Colonisation du Nord will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may complete the construction of its railway from a point at or near Labelle, thence in a westerly direction to the Village of Rapid de L'Orignal (now called Mont Laurier), thence in a westerly direction to a point at or near Lake Temiscamingue, in the County of Pontiac, as authorized by section 7 of chapter 62 of the Statutes of 1899 and chapter 82 of the Statutes of 1912, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 16th day of December, 1916.

H. C. OSWALD,
Secretary.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTE,
Ottawa, Agents.

25–5

THE GRAND LODGE OF THE CANADIAN ASSOCIATION OF STATIONARY ENGINEERS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate an association under the name of " The Grand Lodge of the Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers of the Dominion of Canada " for the purpose of promoting the efficient operation of steam power plants, serving as a school of instruction, &c., with power to take over all existing business of " The Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers " incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and to assume all liabilities of the said association.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov., 1916.

JOHN HALL,
Secretary, Executive Canadian Association
of Stationary Engineers,
23–5 230 Caroline St., South, Hamilton.

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA AND EASTERN RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an act confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company and the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company between New Westminster and Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, and also confirming and ratifying an agreement between the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company and the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company, respecting the joint use of the tracks of the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company between Hope and Sumas Landing, in the Province of British Columbia.

A. H. MACNEILL,
Solicitor for the Vancouver, Victoria and
Eastern Railway and Navigation Company.

Vancouver, 23rd November, 1916.

McGIVERIN, HAYDON & EBBS,
19 Elgin St., Ottawa,
Agents for A. H. MacNeill. 22–5

THE BISHOP OF MACKENZIE RIVER.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Right Reverend James Richard Lucas, Bishop of the Diocese of Mackenzie River, one of the dioceses of The Church of England in Canada, and his successors in office, a Corporation Sole, under the name of "The Bishop of Mackenzie River," with all the necessary powers as such corporation to acquire and hold real and personal property, and such other powers of administration as are incidental to the said office and to such incorporation

Dated at Ottawa, this 24th day of November, A.D. 1916.

ORDE, POWELL,
LYLE & SNOWDON,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa, Canada,
23–5 Solicitors for applicant.

WESTERN DOMINION RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that Western Dominion Railway Company, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for an Act extending the time within which it may construct and complete the railway referred to in section 1, of chapter 60, of the Statutes of 1915, and for other purposes.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of December, 1916.

J. OGLE CARSS,
Solicitor for applicants,
709 Union Bank Building,
26–5 Ottawa, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next session of the Parliament of Canada an application will be made for incorporation of "La Société des Artisans Canadiens Français," a fraternal and benefit and mutual assistance association incorporated under the laws of the Province of Quebec, for the purposes of promoting the welfare, social and fraternal, of its members ; the protection of those dependent upon them ; aiding them during sickness or other disability ; caring for the living and burying the dead, and the payment of annuities to members or a stipulated sum to such beneficiary as a member of the Association should have designated ; and procure to its members any other benefit or advantages as may lawfully be provided for by the constitution and laws of the Association : and generally acting as a fraternal, charitable, beneficiary and benevolent association, with permission to amalgamate with or take over other societies of a like nature.

Montreal, 20th December, 1916.

B. FONTAINE,
Attorney for applicant,
51 St. James Street,
26–5 Montreal.

SAINT JOHN BOARD OF TRADE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by The Saint John Board of Trade to Parliament, at the next session thereof, for an Act amending chapter 44 of the Act of the Parliament of Canada of the year 1872, for the following purpose :

To extend the powers of the said Saint John Board of Trade so as to enable the said Saint John Board of Trade to invest its funds from time to time in the purchase of stock of The Saint John Board of Trade Building Company, Limited.

Dated at Saint John, New Brunswick, this thirteenth December, 1916.

BARNHILL, EWING & SANFORD,
39 Princess St.,
St. John, New Brunswick,
26–5 Solicitors for applicants.

CANADIAN ORDER OF THE WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World will apply, at the next session of Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the following amendments to its Act of incorporation :—

1. To amend sec. 12 of 56 Vict., chap. 92, by changing the date of the annual meeting of the representatives of the Order from the third Wednesday in March to the third Wednesday in June.

2. For power to merge the Emergency and Insurance Funds into one fund.

W. S. HARRISON,
Head Consul Commander.

CLAIR JARVIS,
Head Clerk, London, Canada. 23-2—25–3

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NOTICE No. 105.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of thirteen per cent per annum upon the capital stock of this bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending the 31st day of January, 1917, and that the same will be payable at the head office in this City and at its branches on and after Thursday, the 1st day of February, 1917, to shareholders of record of the 22nd of January, 1917.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 28th of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

G. P. SCHOLFIELD,
General manager.

Toronto, 19th December, 1916. 26–1–28–1

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

DIVIDEND No. 188.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of fourteen per cent per annum on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the quarter ending 31st December, and that the same will be payable on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next, at any of the offices of the Bank.

The stock transfer book will be closed from the 18th to the 31st proximo, inclusive.

By order of the Board,

H. A. RICHARDSON,
General manager.

Halifax, N.S., 16th November, 1916. 22–6

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE annual general meeting of shareholders of this Bank will be held at the banking-house of the institution, corner of King and Bay Streets, Toronto, on Wednesday, the tenth day of January next. The chair to be taken at noon.

THOS. F. HOW,
General manager.

The Bank of Toronto,
Toronto, 1st December, 1916. 25–4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of the "Banque d'Hochelaga" will be held, at the head office of the bank, No. 112 St. James Street, Montreal, Canada, on the fifteenth day of January, 1917, at noon, for the election of the directors, and the consideration of all matters which may properly be brought before the meeting.

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
25–5 Secretary and general manager.

ACT FOR THE PROTECTION OF NAVIGABLE WATERS.

CHAP. 115, R.S.C.

NAPOLÉON GIGNAC, of the City of Quebec, lumber merchant, gives notice, by the presents that he has by virtue of article 7 of the said Act, deposited at the office of the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, and in the registry office of the district of Quebec, in the City of Quebec, a description of the site and the plans of the wharf which he proposes to build in the St. Charles River, at Quebec, on lot number 109 of the Cadaster for St. Roch Ward.

And know that after a month, from the date of the first publication of this notice, Napoléon Gignac, by virtue of Article 7 of said Act, shall file his request with the Minister of Public Works, at his office in the City of Ottawa, for the approval of the site and of the plans above mentioned, and forthe permission to build the said wharf.

Dated at Quebec, this seventh day of November, A.D. 1916.

DROUIN, SEVIGNY & AMYOT,
23–4 Attorneys for Napoléon Gignac.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Royal Bank of Canada for the election of directors and for other business will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Montreal, on Thursday, the 11th day of January next. The chair will be taken at 11 o'clock a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, 1st December, 1916. 23–6

THE QUEBEC BANK AND THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given of the intention of the undersigned Banks to apply, after the expiration of four weeks from the date of the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to the Governor-in-Council and the Treasury Board, through the Minister of Finance and Receiver-General, for the approval of an agreement between The Quebec Bank and The Royal Bank of Canada, whereby the Quebec Bank agrees to sell and The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to purchase all the real and personal properties, assets, rights, credits and effects of The Quebec Bank, of whatever kind, and wheresoever situated, and whereby in consideration for such sale and purchase The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to allot and issue to The Quebec Bank, or to its nominees, nine thousand one hundred and seventeen (9,117) fully paid shares of the capital stock of The Royal Bank of Canada of the par value of $100 each, and amounting in all to the par value of nine hundred and eleven thousand, seven hundred dollars ($911,700) and to pay to The Quebec Bank the sum of six hundred and eighty-three thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars ($683,775) in cash, and whereby The Royal Bank of Canada undertakes to assume, pay, discharge, perform, and carry out all the debts, liabilities, contracts and obligations of The Quebec Bank (including notes issued and intended for circulation outstanding and in circulation and leasehold obligations).

A copy of the said agreement can be seen at the offices of The Royal Bank of Canada at Montreal, P.Q., and the Quebec Bank, at Quebec, P.Q.

The said agreement has been approved by a resolution of the Shareholders of the Quebec Bank carried by the votes of shareholders present in person or represented by proxy, representing more than two-thirds of the amount of the subscribed capital stock of the said Bank at a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Bank duly called and held for the purpose. The said agreement has also been approved by resolution of the Directors of The Royal Bank of Canada.

Dated 28th November, 1916.

By Order of the Board.

THE QUEBEC BANK.
B. B. STEVENSON,
General Manager.

By Order of the Board,

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.
C. E. NEILL,
23–5 General Manager.

LONDON & PORT STANLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the London & Port Stanley Railway Company will be held at the mayor's office, in the city hall, in the City of London, Ontario, on Monday, the 15th day of January, 1917, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 7th day of December, A.D. 1916.

S. BAKER,
25-4 Secy. L & P. S. Ry. Co.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, pursuant to The Navigable Waters Protection Act, that I have deposited the plans of the proposed Pipe Line Crossing over Mount Joy Creek and of the application to the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, therefor for permission to construct the said works.

Municipality of Timmins, Ont.
Per H. E. MONTGOMERY,
25–4 Clerk.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R. S. C., CHAPTER 115.

THE Dalhousie Lumber Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Restigouche at Dalhousie a description of the site and the plans of boom and piers proposed to be built on the Restigouche River, at Dalhousie, in front of lots 28-29-30-31-32-33 and lot not numbered owned by His Majesty the King west of Rock Island street.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice the Dalhousie Lumber Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said boom and piers.

Dated at Dalhousie, this 29th day of November, 1916.

DALHOUSIE LUMBER CO., LTD.,
W. H. TRUST,
24–5 Resident manager.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

CANADIAN Robert Dollar Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Vancouver, at Vancouver, British Columbia, a description of the site and plans of the wharf and sawmill buildings proposed to be built on the North Arm of Burrard Inlet in front of lot 471, Group 1, New Westminster (now the Vancouver) District.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, Canadian Robert Dollar Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf and sawmill buildings.

Dated at Vancouver, British Columbia, this 4th day of December, A.D. 1916.

CANADIAN ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY, LTD.
BY BODWELL, LAWSON & LANE,
24–5 Their solicitors.

THE TRAVELLERS LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL, P.Q.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of The Travellers Life Assurance Company of Canada, for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the company's office, 605 New Birk's Building, Montreal, P.Q., on Tuesday, 13th February, 1917, at three o'clock, P.M.

26–2 A. P. EARLE,
Secretary.

THE MOLSONS BANK.

145TH DIVIDEND.

THE shareholders of the Molsons Bank are hereby notified that a dividend of two and three quarters per cent (being at the rate of eleven per cent per annum) upon the capital stock has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at the branches on and after the second day of January next, to shareholders of record on 15th December, 1916.

By order of the Board,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
General manager.

Montreal, 28th November, 1916. 23–5

HAMILTON STEEL WHEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW NO. XVIII.

To increase the Number of Directors.

BE it enacted as a by-law of Hamilton Steel Wheel Company, Limited.

1. The number of directors is hereby increased from three to ten of whom four shall form a quorum.

2. The board of directors may from time to time between the confirmation of this by-law and the next annual meeting elect to the board qualified shareholders of the company until there shall have been elected in addition to the present directors a sufficient number to make a full board;

3. Until a full board is elected the present directors and the shareholders from time to time elected by them as directors shall manage the affairs of the company;

4. By-law No. V is amended by inserting the word "ten" in place of the word "three" where it appears therein and By-law No. IV is amended by inserting the word "four" in place of the word "two" where it appears therein.

Enacted and passed this 5th day of December, 1916.

C. W. SHERMAN.
(Seal). President.
A. G. WRIGHT,
Secretary.

Certified a true copy of By-law No. XVIII of Hamilton Steel Wheel Company, Limited, passed by the directors and approved by shareholders as required by law.

As witness the company's corporate seal this 20th day of December, 1916.

C. W. SHERMAN.
[Seal.] President.
26–1 A. G. WRIGHT,
Secretary.

BRITISH CHEMICAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW NO. XVI.

A by-law to change the head office of the Company.

BE it enacted by the directors of British Chemical Company, Limited, that the head office and chief place of business of British Chemical Company, Limited, be and the same is hereby changed from the City of Montreal to the City of Ottawa.

I, the undersigned, secretary of British Chemical Company, Limited, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of By-law No. XVI of said company enacted and adopted by the directors and approved at a special general meeting of the shareholders of said company held on the 6th day of December, 1916.

Montreal, 6th December, 1916.

F. G. BUSH,
26–1 Secretary.

THE DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent has been declared upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution for the quarter ending 31st December, 1916, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, and that the same will be payable at the head office of the Bank and its branches, on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January, 1917, to shareholders of record of 20th December, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Wednesday, 31st January, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

C. A. BOGERT,
General manager.

Toronto, 17th November, 1916. 22–6

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

CHAPTER 115, REVISED STATUTES, CANADA.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Company hereby gives notice that it has under section 7 of the said Act deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the Land Registry Office in the City of Vancouver, British Columbia, a description of the site and plan of the wharf proposed to be built in Burrard Inlet, in the Harbour of Vancouver, in extension of Pier "D" of the said company.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Work at his office at the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Vancouver, B.C., this 12th day of December, 1916.

J. E. McMULLEN,
Solicitor for the Canadian
Pacific Railway Company.

26–5

THE CANADIAN NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

PURSUANT to section 7 of chapter 115 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, notice is hereby given that there has been deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, a plan and description of the site and elevation of a proposed railway bridge upon the location of the Company's railway across the South Thompson River, between the City of Kamloops and Kamloops I.R. No. 1, and right-of-way through portion of D.L. 232, Kamloops Division, Yale District, and duplicates thereof have been deposited in the Land Registry Office in the City of Kamloops under No. Misc. 9; also that an application has been made for an Order in Council approving of the bridge and crossing as so shown and described, which application will be pressed for consideration one month after the first publication of this notice, or so soon thereafter as the matter can receive attention.

R. H. M. TEMPLE,
Solicitor,
Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company.
Toronto, Ontario, 17th November, 1916. 22–5

B. J. COGHLIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW NO. 1.

THAT the affairs of the company should be managed by four directors to be elected annually at the annual general meeting of the shareholders.

—

I, the undersigned, Bernard W. Coghlin, president of the B. J. Coghlin Company, Limited, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of by-law passed by the directors on the first day of September, nineteen hundred and fifteen, and approved by a vote of more than two-thirds in value of the stock represented by the shareholders present at a special general meeting held on the seventeenth day of July, nineteen hundred and sixteen, duly called for considering the same.

Witness the seal of the company under the hands of its president this twenty-fourth day of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen.

[L.S.] BERNARD W. COGHLIN,
President.

26–1

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held in the banking-house, Hollis Street, Halifax, on Wednesday, the 24th January next, at eleven o'clock a.m., for the purpose of receiving a statement of the affairs of the Bank, for the election of directors, and for other business.

By order of the Board,
H. A. RICHARDSON,
General manager.
Halifax, N.S., 15th December, 1916. 25–5

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 14 décembre 1916.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN JUSTIN, de la ville de Brampton, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, avocat : Juge de la cour de Comté, du comté de Peel, dans la dite province d'Ontario, en remplacement de Duncan McGibbon, écuyer, retraité.

Son Honneur BENJAMIN FRANKLIN JUSTIN, juge de la cour de Comté, du comté de Peel, dans la province d'Ontario : Juge local de la division de la Haute Cour de la cour Suprême d'Ontario, avec le titre de juge local de la cour Suprême.

ALPHONSE PEDNAULT (fils d'Eloi Pednault), de l'Ile-aux-Coudres, dans la province de Québec : Gardien du quai de l'Etat à cet endroit.

DÉPUTÉS ÉLUS.

BUREAU DU GREFFIER DE LA COURONNE EN CHANCELLERIE POUR LE CANADA.

OTTAWA, le 18 décembre 1916.

RAPPORT d'un DÉPUTÉ élu pour siéger dans le présent Parlement.

PROVINCE D'ONTARIO.

Toronto-est. – L'honorable Albert Edward Kemp, industriel, de Toronto, Ontario.

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
26–1 pour le Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[La proclamation suivante a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA daté *le 15 décembre 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Sous-Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que par Notre proclamation en date du vingt-quatrième jour de novembre en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, Nous avons déclaré et proclamé que tous les soldats des troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes d'outre-mer absents de leurs unités sans permission recevraient leur pardon pour cette offense, pourvu qu'ils aillent se livrer à l'officier commandant l'unité à laquelle ils appartenaient, si cette unité était encore au Canada, ou si elle ne l'était pas, à l'officier de district commandant tout district militaire en Canada, au plus tard le quinzième jour de décembre, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, dans le but de terminer leur engagement ; et Nous avons en outre, par Notre dite proclamation, indiqué, déclaré et proclamé que ces soldats des dites troupes sous sentence d'emprisonnement ou détenus pour désertion ou absence sans permission, recevraient leur pardon pour cette offense et seraient libérés de leur prison ou de leur lieu de détention et remis à l'officier commandant l'unité à laquelle ils appartenaient ou à l'officier commandant le district militaire dans lequel ils se trouvaient dans le but d'être renvoyés à quelques autres unités des dites troupes expéditionnaires afin de terminer leur engagement ;

ET ATTENDU qu'il a été prouvé depuis qu'en vue des circonstances qui existent, telles que le départ des absents pour des endroits éloignés et sans communications faciles au Canada et aux Etats-Unis, que notre dite proclamation à cet effet ne pourrait atteindre bientôt, plusieurs des absents ne seraient pas prévenus à temps pour leur permettre de venir se livrer vers le dit quinzième jour de décembre,—

SACHEZ DONC que c'est Notre Volonté Royale et Notre Plaisir d'ordonner, indiquer, déclarer et proclamer que la limite de temps fixée pour se livrer, en vertu de la teneur de Notre dite proclamation, est et sera prorogée jusqu'au quinzième jour de janvier en l'année de Notre Seigneur mil neuf cent dix-sept.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis de prendre connaissance et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes, et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN : Notre très fidèle et très aimé cousin et conseiller, Victor-Christian-William, duc de Devonshire, marquis d'Hartington, comte de Devonshire, comte de Burlington, baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, baron Cavendish de Keighley, chevalier de Notre très noble Ordre de la Jarretière ; membre de Notre très honorable Conseil Privé ; chevalier grand-croix de Notre Ordre très distingué de Saint-Michel et de Saint-Georges ; chevalier grand-croix de Notre Ordre royal de Victoria, Gouverneur général et Commandant-en-chef de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce QUATORZIÈME jour de DÉCEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–3 Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, ROI du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à jeudi, le trentième jour du mois de novembre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa : SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, MARDI, le NEUVIEME jour du mois de JANVIER prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Domi-

nion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

TÉMOIN : Notre très fidèle et très aimé cousin et conseiller Victor-Christian-William, duc de Devonshire, marquis d'Hartington, comte de Devonshire, comte de Burlington, baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, baron Cavendish de Keighley, chevalier de Notre très noble Ordre de la Jarretière ; membre de notre très honorable Conseil Privé ; chevalier grand-croix de Notre Ordre très distingué de Saint-Michel et de Saint-Georges ; chevalier grand-croix de Notre Ordre royal de Victoria, Gouverneur général et Commandant-en-chef de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce TRENTIÈME jour de NOVEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
pour le Canada.

23-tf

DÉPÊCHES, ETC.

(Extrait du premier Supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 27 octobre 1916.)*

WAR OEFICE,
27 octobre 1916.

IL a gacieusement plu à Sa Majesté le ROI de conférer la Médaille Militaire pour bravoure en campagne aux sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés :

CONTINGNNT CANADIEN.

530504 sergent E. C. Amaron, serv. de santé de l'arm.
107054 conducteur L. M. Anderson, car. canad. à ch.
79246 soldat W. Avery, inf.
430502 soldat A. C. Bennard, pionniers.
86394 mar. des logis W. C. Bishop, art. de camp. can.
50484 sous-serg. A. W. Board, serv. de santé de l'arm.
107093 soldat H. A. Bogart, génie can.
79807 soldat A. E. Brown, inf.
430457 serg. J. Brown, pionniers.
66207 caporal W. C. Brown, inf.
108128 serg.-maj. de cie (actuellement lieutenant) J. E. Capstick, car. canad. à ch.
451194 sous-capor. W. L. D. Carnie, inf.
430638 sergent-maj. de cie G. Carr, pionniers.
418665 soldat W. S. Cassidy, inf.
111085 serg. G. A. Chase, carab. can. à ch.
1523 serg. T. R. Clason, inf.
79023 serg. supp. de cie (act. lieut.) J. F. Clement, inf.
109272 sapeur W. Cockeram, gén. can
111118 serg.-maj. supp. de cie M. Crawford, car. can. à ch.
1762 serg. E. Cooper, inf.
49 2me capor. C. H. Curtis, gén. can.
109117 serg.-maj. suppl. R. Davison, car. can. à ch.
79569 serg.-maj. de cie G. O. Day, inf.
110136 soldat C. Dingle, car. can. à ch.
65275 soldat L. F. Donnelly, inf.
109312 soldat A. W. Dore, car. can. à ch.
107181 serg. (act. lieut.) P. W. Drakes, car. can. à ch.
287 serg. H. D. Duff, gén. can.
439698 W. F. Ede, inf.
153023 soldat D. Elder, inf.
108211 sapeur C. G. Emslie, gén. can.
438579 soldat E. Forest, inf.
106230 serg. W. Forsyth, car. can. à ch.
79928 soldat H. Garrison, inf.
106246 serg.-four. de cie G. H. Gilbert, car. can. à ch.
500039 serg. C. Gillis, car. à ch.
477378 soldat J. Hammond, rég. royal can.
109378 serg. (act.lieut.) J. C. Hartley, carab. can. à ch.
154 serg. supp. R. C. Hayes, inf.
433043 soldat R. Henderson, inf.
477396 soldat J. Hempenstall, rég. royal canad.
243 serg -four. H. Holland, corps des mitr. can.
104 serg. T. Hope, gén. can.
333 sous-capor. C. M. C. Hoyt, génie can.
47740 serg. A. W. Hunt, rég. royal can.
418038 serg. J. Hunter, inf.
109142 serg. suppl. E. Ingleby, carab. can. à ch.
798 soldat J. A. Joslin, inf.
453689 serg. H. M. Jupp, corps des mitrail. can.
418239 serg. maj. de cie G.W. Kennedy, inf.
418015 serg. major de cie R. Kennedy, inf.
109430 serg. supp. H. T. Kerr, car. can. à ch.
116 sapeur A. King, gén. can.
110298 soldat W. J. A. King, carab. can. à ch.
477507 serg. C. A. Lamont, rég. royal can.
451254 soldat P. C. Latter, inf.
367 serg. (act. lieut.) P. E. Leclerc, gén. can.
110309 serg. J. Leach, car. can. à ch.
106360 soldat E. C. Liminton, carab. can. à ch.
451157 serg. maj. de cie C. E. Little, inf.
439870 soldat S. J. Lucas, inf.
477550 sergent W. Lowe, rég. royal can.
463511 sous-capor. A.J.D. MacDougall, pionniers.
432859 soldat R. A. Mangin, inf.
1335 capor. H. Martin, car. can. à ch.
111320 serg. T. W. Martin, carab. can. à ch.
406135 sapeur F. Maunder, gén. can.
79355 soldat J. M. McAlpine, inf.
220 serg. (act. lieut.) M. R. McCracken, gén. can.
A.11155 serg. J. C. McDowell, corps des mitr. can.
79421 soldat D. A. McLeod, inf.
140 capor. J. F. McRae, gén. can.
147 sapeur F. R. Middlemiss, gén. can.
153598 soldat W. Middleton, inf.
439679 R. W. Moore, inf.
106406 serg. M. J. Morris, carab. can. à ch.
529541 soldat G. E. Morrison, serv. de santé can.
432909 serg. F. E. Montgomery, inf.
500562 sapeur W. Murray, gén. can.
433040 soldat E. F. Ockenden, inf.
622251 soldat L. Olmstead, inf.
5725 serg. J. W. Ord, gén. can.
418010 serg. C. A. Owston, inf.
83707 bombr. A. J. Paget, art. de camp. can.
107478 serg. E. Palmer, carab. can. à ch.
400 serg. F. A. Pankhurst, génie can.
421110 serg. A. E. Payne, corps des mitr. can.
107470 sapeur G. W. Pearson, gén. can.
430579 serg. A. Petch, pionniers.
104465 soldat C. A. Phin, pionniers.
432807 capor. J. Potts, inf.
458647 soldat E. Preston, inf.
433017 soldat J. E. Prosser, inf.
420780 serg. T. W. Rae, inf.
477761 soldat S. Rayner, rég. royal can.
432484 serg W. Revill, inf.
2110 caporal supp. N. S. Richardson, gén. can.
116037 serg. maj. de cie R. Richman, carab. can. à ch.
252 serg. W. C. Roberts, gén. can.
109571 soldat D. R. Robertson, carab. can. à ch.
110488 soldat L. B. Rogers, carab. can. à ch.
418026 serg. J. H. Roscoe, inf.
106534 maître mar. ferrant H. B. Saunderson, car. can. à ch.
12017 soldat S. H. Scobie, inf.
477834 soldat C. Shipp, rég. royal can.
500085 sapeur J. H. Short, gén. can.
418334 soldat L. P. Smarden, gén. can.
432978 soldat A. Smith, inf.
414337 soldat R. A. Smith, carab. can. à ch.
107532 serg. maj. de cie W. Smith, car. can. à ch.
109624 soldat E. Stevens, génie can.
477895 soldat B. J. Sullivan, rég. royal can.
418009 soldat R. Tank, inf.
131 serg. G. Taylor, inf.
458235 soldat I. Taylor, inf.
207 sous-caporal J. G. Thomas, gén. can.
37231 soldat V. Thompson, intendance milit. can.
432275 serg. R. Tuach, inf.
50754 J. Urquhart, inf.
430758 sous-capor. E. A. Vowell, pionniers.
79740 serg. A. Wakelyn, inf.
872 canonnier H. L. Walker, art. de camp. canad.
429098 serg. suppl. R. Wardrop, inf.
1707 serg. J. Watt, inf.
107642 soldat H. Westlake, car. can. à ch.
91513 canonnier F. Wheat, art. de camp. can.
51472 capor. F. H. Wheatley, corps des mitr. can.
106633 serg. (actuel. lieut.) T. C. Wilson, car. can à ch.
2352 2e capor. W. R. Wright, gén. can.
1140 serg. E. Young, Inf.

26–1

CANADA.
N° 1330.

DOWNING STREET,
27 novembre 1917.

MILORD DUC,—Relativement à la dépêche circulaire du comte de Crewe du 10 septembre 1909, incluant copie d'un mandat royal instituant la " Médaille du Roi pour la police," j'ai l'honneur de transmettre à Votre Excellence, pour le renseignement de Vos Ministres, copie d'un mandat royal en date du 3 octobre 1916, ordonnant de faire un changement au ruban après lequel la médaille est suspendue.

J'ai l'honneur d'être,
Milord duc,
de Votre Grâce le très humble
et très obéissant serviteur,
A. BONAR LAW.

Au Gouverneur général
Son Excellence le
Duc de Devonshire, C.J., G.C.O.V.,
Etc., etc., etc.

(Extrait de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 10 octobre 1916.)*

GEORGE R. I.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront—SALUT :

ATTENDU que Sa Majesté le Roi Edouard Sept, par mandat sous Son Seing Manuel Royal, en date de la Cour de St. James le septième jour de juillet mil neuf cent neuf, a institué et créé une nouvelle médaille désignée Médaille du Roi pour la Police,—

En conséquence, Nous abrogeons par les présentes, pour Nous, Nos héritiers et Successeurs, autant de la cinquième clause du dit mandat qui ordonne que le ruban après lequel la médaille est suspendue, devra être bleu foncé avec une étroite lisière argent sur chaque côté, et pour remplacer ces dits mots, Nous ordonnons que le ruban sera bleu foncé avec une étroite lisière argent sur chaque côté et une semblable lisière argent dans le milieu.

Donné à Notre Cour à St. James, le trois octobre mil neuf cent seize, et de notre règne la septième

Par ordre de Sa Majesté,
HERBERT SAMUEL.

26-3

(Extrait de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 14 novembre 1916.)*

TRIBUNAUX DES PRISES PORTUGAIS.

FOREIGN OFFICE,
11 novembre 1916.

RELATIVEMENT à la note qui fut publiée dans la *London Gazette* du 30 mai dernier, la traduction du décret portugais n° 2565 du 14 août 1916, concernant les procédures dans les tribunaux des prises portugais, se lit comme suit :

(TRADUCTION.)

Décret No 2565 (14 août 1916).

Article 1.—La manière de procéder par-devant les tribunaux des prises sera en la forme sommaire établie par le décret n° 3 du 29 mai 1907, avec les modifications telles qu'établies par les articles suivants :

Article 2.—En faisant une déclaration de réclamation le plaignant demandera que le défendeur soit avisé de produire au bureau du registraire, sous la période établie de cinq jours, une déclaration de défense donnant toute sa défense.

Paragraphe 1.—Au sujet de l'article 36 du décret n° 2350 du 20 avril 1916, l'action sera prise contre l'administrateur-dépositaire, ou l'avocat, et en même temps, demande devra être faite de sa nomination et d'une sommation à l'effet de le faire comparaître.

Paragraphe 2.—Lorsque la chose est nécessaire, le juge s'occupera immédiatement de faire cette nomination, et dans le même ordre, il ordonnera que la sommation soit émise. Cette sommation doit être signifiée dans les vingt-quatre heures.

Article 3.—Si l'on a demandé de faire entendre des témoins, alors, durant les trois jours après que la déclaration de défense aura été produite, ou une plus longue période qui pourra être accordée à cet effet, au plus trois témoins amenés par chacune des parties seront entendus, sans permettre aucune procédure interlocutoire ou autre délai ; et, le jour suivant, le juge rendra un jugement provisoire. Avis de ce jugement sera signifié dans les vingt-quatre heures, ou il pourra être rendu public à une séance du tribunal, et dès lors il sera en pleine vigueur et deviendra exécutoire.

Article 4.—A la fin des procédures ci-dessus mentionnées, la cause, selon sa classification, sera assignée à un registraire du tribunal. Le plaignant pourra alors répondre à la déclaration de défense déjà produite ; cette réponse doit être produite, et les autres procédures indiquées dans les articles 5 et suivants du décret n° 3 du 29 mai 1907, devront être terminées sous 5 jours après avoir reçu avis du jugement provisoire ou après que ce dit jugement aura été publié.

Paragraphe unique.—S'il n'y avait pas eu de déclaration de défense ou si elle est déclarée inutile, le jugement provisoire deviendra final.

Article 5.—Après le jugement final rendu dans les procédures des prises, il pourra en être appelé de ce jugement directement au Supremo Tribunal de Justiça (au tribunal Suprême de Justice,) où il sera pris connaissance des vices de forme allégués, et des appels interlocutoires qui peuvent être pendants; aucun autre appel n'étant permis.

Article 6.—L'expertise en matière de navires, faite par les comités techniques, qui est traitée à l'article 29* du décret n° 2350, est une preuve suffisante pour jugement provisoire et jugement final.

Article 7.—Les jugements ordonnant la retenue de la capture, qu'ils soient provisoires ou finals, seront communiqués directement par les juges qui les ont rendus au Ministère des Affaires Etrangères dans le but de s'assurer s'ils ne tombent pas sous le coup de l'article 2 de la 12e Convention de la Haye d'octobre 1907, approuvé par le décret du 24 février 1911.

Article 8.—Le représentant légal de l'Etat interviendra toujours comme partie principale dans les procédures des prises, sans préjudice aux intérêts légitimes de toute autre personne qui sera co-plaignante dans cette cause.

Article 9.—Il n'y aura pas de délais dans les procédures dont il est question dans ce décret.

Article 10. - Le présent décret deviendra immédiatement en vigueur, et toutes dispositions qui lui sont contraires sont révoquées.

Les Ministres de tous les département en prendront connaissance en conséquence et ils s'assureront de son exécution.

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* Concernant l'inspection de navires ennemis saisis, dans le but de s'assurer s'ils peuvent être convertis en navires de guerre. 26-3

ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[2948]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le paragraphe 3 de l'article 2 de la *Loi minière du Yukon* prescrit que " nonobstant " toute disposition de ladite loi, ses dispositions ne " s'appliquent pas aux terres aliénées ou louées pour " des fins minières par l'hydraulique par un bail con- " senti avant le 1er jour d'août 1916, qui a été ci-devant " annulé ou qui peut l'être ci-après par ordre du Mi- " nistre de l'Intérieur ou sous l'autorité d'un arrêté du " Gouverneur en conseil tant que ces terres n'ont pas

" été assujéties à ces dispositions par arrêté du Gouver-
" neur en conseil."

Et attendu que le bail minier hydraulique n° 47 a été délivré le 30 août 1905 pour une période de 21 ans, à dater du 21e jour de mars 1905 à William Charles Thompson de Dawson pour un lopin de terre situé sur la ravine Dublin, un embranchement du Creek Haggart, un affluent de la rivière McQuesten, dans le Territoire du Yukon, mesurant 3.21 milles de front le long de ladite ravine Dublin sur une profondeur de ½ mille de chaque côté de ladite ravine lequel bail fut transporté à la compagnie dite " Dublin Hydraulics," à responsabilité limitée, le 29e jour de juillet 1911 ;

Et attendu que le bail n° 47 susmentionné a été rescindé par un décret du Ministre de l'Intérieur en date du 26e jour d'octobre 1915 parce que les preneurs avaient négligé de se conformer aux conditions du bail et aux règlements en vertu desquels ledit bail avait été accordé,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur en conseil de décréter par les présentes qu'à midi précis le lundi, 5e jour de février 1917, la partie disponible et inaliénée de la concession minière hydraulique décrite dans le bail n° 47 accordé à William Charles Thompson le 30e jour d'août 1905, devienne sujette aux dispositifs de la *Loi minière du Yukon*, en vertu du paragraphe 3 de l'article 2 de ladite loi plus haut citée.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2527]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 6e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 13 octobre 1916, représentant que le 20 novembre 1907 ont été délivrées à la ville de Régina, dans la province de la Saskatchewan, des lettres patentes pour des fins de cimetière seulement, pour un certain terrain ou lopin de terre particulièrement décrit dans lesdites lettres patentes et qui fait partie de la moitié nord de la section 30, du township 17, rang 19, à l'ouest du 2e méridien principal, dans ladite province de la Saskatchewan et comprenant soixante-six et cinquante-cinq centièmes (66·55) acres plus ou moins ;

Le Ministre ajoute qu'afin de se rendre à la demande de la ville de Régina, il a été décidé, sur la rétrocession à la Couronne du terrain en question, de céder à la ville un nouveau titre audit terrain sans aucune restriction quant à l'usage quelle pourra faire dudit terrain,—

Vu qne le terrain en question a été rétrocédé à la Couronne et que le titre en est maintenant au nom de Sa Majesté le Roi George V pour le Dominion du Canada, le Ministre recommande que ladite décision soit mise à exécution et qu'il soit autorisé de délivrer à ladite ville de Régina, dans la province de la Saskatchewan des lettres patentes pour ledit terrain sans aucune restriction quant à l'usage que la ville peut faire dudit terrain.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la recommande pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2930]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 18 novembre 1916, représentant que la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique a demandé la concession d'une emprise sur une partie du township 24, rang 8, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, dans le parc des Montagnes Rocheuses, tel qu'indiqué sur un tracé de la ligne principale du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, district d'Alberta, déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur sur le tracé de la voie numéro 7480, et enregistré au bureau des titres des terres de Calgary sous le numéro Ry. 10.

Le ministre recommande qu'en vertu de l'autorité conférée par l'article 16 de la Loi des réserves forestières et des parcs, il soit autorisé de délivrer à la compagnie de chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique une patente dudit terrain, la dite patente devant être sujette aux conditions suivantes :

Ladite patente est sujette à tous les règlements concernant les parcs fédéraux qui sont actuellement en vigueur ou qui seront de temps à autres passés à ces fins par le Gouverneur en conseil.

Ledit terrain excepté quant aux fins pour lesquelles il est concédé continue à faire partie de la réserve dans laquelle il se trouve situé ; et si une partie quelconque dudit terrain cesse d'être utilisée pour les fins de la présente concession, il redevient immédiatement propriété de la Couronne.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2941]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 23 novembre 1916, représentant que Frank Nylund, russe de naissance, a obtenu, en 1911, l'inscription de homestead du quart nord-est de la section 14, township 59, rang 20, à l'ouest du 4e méridien ;

Sur représentation que cet inscrit a abandonné sa femme et quitté le pays, des mesures ont été prises pour annuler son inscription afin que le terrain en question soit disponible pour sa femme qui y a continuellement résidé ;

Il ressort du rapport d'un inspecteur de homestead que madame Nylund a continué à travailler sur ce quart de section et désire en obtenir la possession mais trouve impossible d'obtenir un certificat de naturalisation de sujet britannique ainsi que prescrit au paragraphe 3 de l'article 25 de la Loi des terres fédérales,—

Par conséquent le Ministre recommande qu'il soit autorisé sous l'empire du paragraphe (L) de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales* de vendre le terrain susdit à madame Nylund au prix de $1 l'acre, et que patente dudit terrain soit délivrée à la requérante sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les obligations d'établissement pour les trois années réglementaires ont été complétées depuis la date de la désertion de son mari et que le prix total du terrain a été payé.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2876]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT A OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 13 novembre 1916, représentant que le 22 août 1916, M. Robert John Wilson a obtenu l'inscription de préemption du quart nord-ouest de la section 9, township 4, rang 30, à l'ouest du 2e méridien ;

Il a été représenté que le 31 juillet 1914, M. Wilson a été victime d'un accident dans lequel il eut les deux poignets fracturés, ce qui le prive de l'usage de ses mains et le rend infirme pour la vie ;

Un certificat médical du docteur C. S. Knox de Superior Wisconsin, E.U.A., en date du 21 octobre 1916, certifie que M. Wilson a subi une fracture collective des deux bras et que la réduction, surtout celle du bras droit, est telle qu'il se trouve dans l'impossibilité de faire un dur travail et de poursuivre les opérations de la ferme.

M. Wilson a obtenu une patente pour son homestead le 18 novembre 1914 après avoir rempli les obligations ordinaires mais d'après la preuve déposée il n'appert pas qu'il a rempli depuis aucune autre obligation de résidence.

Il prétend qu'en 1915 il avait 25 acres en culture.

A ces causes le Ministre recommande sous l'empire du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la Loi de 1908 des terres fédérales de relever le dit inscrit de toute autre obligation de résidence, afin qu'une patente soit délivrée à M. Wilson sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies en ce qui concerne les obligations et les redevances.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

23–4

(2889)

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company," à responsabilité limitée, de Cache Creek, Colombie-Britannique, a fait la demande au Département de l'Intérieur d'acheter, sujet aux conditions d'irrigation, 307.9 acres de terrain consistant en lopins fractionnaires entourant la propriété principale de la compagnie près de Cache Creek, dans la zone des chemins de fer de la Colombie-Britannique, l'intention de la compagnie étant d'établir sur le tout un système d'irrigation.

Le Ministre représente qu'après inspection les fonctionnaires du département de l'Intérieur ont fait rapport que sans irrigation les dits terrains sont impropres à l'agriculture et que l'irrigation en est possible pourvu qu'on puisse se procurer l'eau nécessaire à cette fin.

Par conséquent, le Ministre recommande que les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes soient vendus à la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company," à responsabilité limitée, aux conditions suivantes:

(*a*) Les dits terrains doivent être mis en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*b*) Le prix sera de $5 l'acre, sujet à un rabais au montant du coût des travaux d'irrigation jusqu'à une somme n'excédant pas deux dollars ($2) l'acre, et le montant ainsi déduit sera considéré un versement comptant fait à la date de la vente. Le dit prix d'achat est payable comme suit: Un dollar ($1) l'acre au cours de l'année qui suit la date de l'autorisation de la vente par le Gouverneur en conseil, et la balance au cours des trois années qui suivent la date de la dite autorisation ou avant l'expiration des dites trois années dès que seront remplies toutes les autres conditions de la vente, avec intérêt à cinq pour cent par année.

(*c*) Les droits d'eau nécessaires doivent être obtenus du gouvernement provincial de la Colombie-Britannique, et il ne doit se faire aucuns travaux sur les dits terrains sans qu'au préalable les droits d'eau ne soient obtenus de la province.

(*d*) Les travaux doivent se commencer un an au plus de la date de l'arrêté en conseil autorisant la vente et doivent se parachever à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur trois ans au plus de la dite date, à moins que d'autres dates ne soient fixées par les autorités provinciales en rapport avec les droits d'eau, auxquels cas les dates provinciales peuvent être acceptées sur le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(*e*) A l'achèvement des travaux les ingénieurs du département en feront l'inspection.

(*f*) Quand les conditions seront remplies, il sera délivré une patente pour ceux de ces terrains dont les parties irrigables auront été mises en culture au moyen de l'irrigation.

(*g*) La vente sera rescindée à défaut de paiement du prix d'achat ou si aucun des termes ou aucune des conditions de la vente n'est pas rempli.

(*h*) Avant l'émission de la patente, les dites terres, ou tous droits en rapport avec icelles, ne peuvent être transférés ou cédés sans le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

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ANNEXE.

TERRAINS qui doivent être vendus à la compagnie dite "Western Canadian Ranching Company", à-responsabilité limitée, aux conditions d'irrigation.

Township 21, rang 24, à l'ouest du 6e méridien.

S. L. fr.	10, 11, 12, 13, 14	in section	14	59.7 ac.
"	9, 13, 14, 15, 16	"	15	96.6 "
"	1	"	21	3 "
"	1, 2, 3, 4	"	22	75.4 "
"	3 and 4	"	23	75.9 "
				.....
Superficie totale				307.9 ac.

23–4

[2890]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 17 novembre 1916, représentant que M. J. C. Shields de Kamloops, Colombie-Britannique, a fait la demande au département de l'Intérieur d'acheter, sujet aux conditions d'irrigation, les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes et contenant approximativement une superficie de 1354·24 acres.

Le Ministre représente qu'après inspection pour déterminer la valeur des dites terres, les travaux à faire et la praticabilité du projet, les fonctionnaires du Département de l'Intérieur ont fait rapport que les dites terres sont impropres à la culture sans irrigation, qu'on peut les rendre productives en y conduisant de l'eau par des moyens artificiels et qu'au point de vue du génie les travaux sont praticables. Les dits terrains sont vacants et disponibles à ces fins.

A ces causes, le Ministre recommande que les terrains énumérés dans l'annexe aux présentes soient vendus à M. Shields aux termes et conditions qui suivent :—

(*a*) Les dits terrains doivent être mis en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*b*) Le prix sera de $5 l'acre, sujet à un rabais au montant du coût des travaux d'irrigation jusqu'à une somme n'excédant pas deux dollars l'acre ($2), et le montant ainsi déduit sera considéré comme un versement comptant fait à la date de la vente. Le dit prix d'achat est payable comme suit :

Un dollar ($1) l'acre au cours de l'année qui suit la date de l'autorisation de la vente par le Gouverneur en conseil, et la balance au cours des trois années qui suivent la date de ladite autorisation ou avant l'expiration desdites trois années dès que seront remplies toutes les autres conditions de la vente, avec intérêt à 5% par année.

(*c*) Les droits d'eau nécessaire doivent être obtenus du gouvernement provincial de la Colombie-Britannique et il ne doit se faire aucuns travaux sur lesdits terrains sans qu'au préalable les droits d'eau ne soient obtenus de la province.

(*d*) Les travaux doivent se commencer un an au plus de la date de l'arrêté en conseil autorisant la vente et

doivent se parachever à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur trois ans au plus de la dite date, à moins que d'autres dates ne soient fixées par les autorités provinciales en rapport avec les droits d'eau, auquel cas les dates provinciales peuvent être acceptées sur le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(*e*) A l'achèvement des travaux les ingénieurs du Département en feront l'inspection.

(*f*) Quand les conditions seront remplies, il sera délivré une patente pour ceux de ces terrains dont les parties irrigables auront été mises en culture au moyen d'irrigation.

(*g*) La vente sera rescindée à défaut de paiement du prix ou si aucun des termes ou aucune des conditions de la vente n'est pas rempli.

(*h*) Avant l'émission de la patente les dites terres ou tout droit en rapport avec icelles ne peuvent être transférés ou cédés sans le consentement du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

ANNEXE.

TERRAINS qui doivent être vendus à J. C. Shields de Kamloops, C.B., sujet à des conditions d'irrigation.

Township 20, rang 20, à l'ouest du 6e méridien :—			
Frac. de la moitié nord de la section	26	145.50	acres.
Moitié nord " "	27	320	"
Moitié nord du quart nord-est "	28	80	"
Quart sud-est "	33	160	"
Quart nord-est fractionnaire "	33	119.10	"
Moitié est de la moitié ouest "	33	160	"
Moitié sud fractionnaire et quart nord-ouest "	34	160	"
Township 21, rang 20 à l'ouest du 6e méridien :—			
Quart nord-ouest et S.L. 15 "	5	200	"
S. L. 16 "	6	40	"
		1,384.60	
Moins superficie occupée par le Canadien du Pacifique		30.36	
Superficie approximative totale...		1,354.24	

23–4

[3048]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 8e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 4 décembre 1916, représentant que, sous l'empire d'un arrêté en conseil du 13 août 1913, un permis d'occupation fut accordé le 11 octobre suivant à la compagnie dite " Prince Albert Lumber Company, Limited," relativement à certains terrains compris dans les townships 53, 54 et 55, rang 1 ; les townships 51 et 52, rang 2 ; les townships 52, rangs 3 et 4, le tout à l'ouest du troisième méridien, ainsi que le township 54, rang 28, à l'ouest du 2e méridien, formant une superficie totale de 518·7 acres. Le dit permis d'occupation a été accordé pour une période de dix ans à l'expiration de laquelle il est, à la discrétion du Ministre de l'Intérieur, renouvelable pour une autre période de dix ans, sujet aux termes et conditions ordinaires et sur paiement à l'avance d'un loyer annuel de dix cents l'acre.

Le ministre déclare que la dite compagnie n'a pas un besoin immédiat de certains des terrains ci-haut mentionnés quelle détient ainsi par permis et en a rétrocédé à la Couronne pour le Dominion une superficie de 281 acres.

Le ministre recommande que le dit permis d'occupation soit modifié en conséquence.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2878]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 20e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 14 janvier 1910, M. John Marshall, a obtenu une inscription de préemption pour le quart nord-est de la section 33, township 7, rang 10, à l'ouest du 3e méridien ;

Il a été représenté que le dit inscrit a fait trois termes de résidence en satisfaction de son inscription de homestead mais ne s'est pas conformé à ses obligations de résidence relativement à son inscription de préemption. Il appert que les obligations de culture ont été remplies ;

Il a été représenté au Département de l'Intérieur que M. Marshall est âgé maintenant de 86 ans et désormais tout à fait incapable de travailler et de remplir ses obligations de résidence sur le dit terrain ; qu'il lui faut les soins de sa famille pour le reste de ses jours et que, par conséquent, il lui est impossible de remplir aucune autre obligation de résidence en satisfaction soit de sa préemption soit de son homestead,—

Le Ministre soumet une copie d'un certificat médical et, vu les représentations y contenues, recommande que M. Marshall soit relevé de toutes autres obligations de résidence, sous l'empire du paragraphe 2, de l'article 20, de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, (chapitre 20, 7–8 Edouard VII), aux fins de permettre l'émission d'une patente au nom de M. Marshall, sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire, que les autres conditions de la loi ont été remplies et que le prix d'achat a été payé.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU
23–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2877]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 20e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 19 mai 1903, William Henry Moore a obtenu une inscription de homestead pour le quart sud-ouest de la section 24, township 21, rang 1, à l'ouest du 1er méridien, dans la province de Manitoba ;

Il appert de la preuve déposée que l'inscrit a résidé sur ce quart de section pendant six ou huit mois chaque année de 1904 à 1908, inclusivement, mais il lui est impossible de donner les dates du commencement et de la fin de chacune des périodes de sa résidence, et il lui est aussi impossible de trouver des témoins qui pourraient fournir ces renseignements ;

Il a été constaté que M. Moore a construit deux maisons sur le dit terrain et que toutes deux ont été détruites par le feu ;

Il appert aussi que M. Moore, aux époques de sa résidence sur le dit terrain, a été propriétaire de dix-huit têtes de bétail en moyenne,—

A ces causes, prenant en considération le fait que, apparemment, les obligations d'établissement prescrites par la loi ont été remplies et que le seul obstacle à l'émission d'une patente est l'impossibilité de fournir tous les détails concernant la résidence, le Ministre recommande qu'il soit autorisé, sous l'empire du paragraphe (*l*) de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, chapitre 20, 7-8 Edouard VII, de vendre le dit homestead à M. Moore à raison de $1 l'acre, en lieu et place de toutes autres obligations de résidence, la dite vente devant être une forclusion des droits du dit M. Moore à un homestead gratuit.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
23–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

3044]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 14e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les règlements pour la vente des claims de mines quartzeuses sur les terres fédérales, établis par un arrêté en conseil du 13 août 1908 sous l'empire de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, prescrivent que toute personne qui a découvert du minerai en place peut jalonner personnellement un claim dont la superficie n'excède pas 1500 pieds carrés ; de plus que nulle personne en son propre nom, sauf par cession, peut détenir plus d'un claim minier sur la même veine ou le même filon, ou à une distance de moins d'un mille de cette veine ou de ce filon ; que la preuve soit fournie chaque année que celui qui a délimité le claim, y a fait exécuter des travaux pour une valeur d'au moins $100, ou, à défaut d'exécution de ces travaux, a payé cette somme au régistrateur des mines ; et qu'après que la somme de $500 a ainsi été dépensée sur le claim ou payée au régistrateur, celui qui a jalonné le claim a droit à un bail du terrain ainsi jalonné pour une certaine période d'années. Toutefois, les travaux exécutés en dehors du claim (avec l'intention de l'exploiter), si ces travaux sont en rapport direct avec le claim et dans son voisinage immédiat, seront considérés comme ayant été exécutés sur le claim même, si le régistrateur minier y consent.

Et attendu que des représentations ont été faites au Département de l'Intérieur qu'il existe des minéraux de valeur économique dans cette partie du Canada située sur le golfe Coronation, près de l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine, dans la région arctique, mais qu'on n'a fait encore aucun effort sérieux pour explorer ou développer la zone minérale qu'on dit y exister, à cause des grandes difficultés qu'on a éprouvées pour atteindre cette région lointaine et les frais préliminaires d'une telle entreprise.

Et attendu qu'on peut atteindre le Fort Norman, à l'embouchure da la rivière Great Bear, au cours de la courte saison de navigation, par chemin de fer à partir du fort McMurray et par bateau sur les rivières Athabaska et Mackenzie, mais qu'à cet endroit le prospecteur rencontre deux obstacles très sérieux, savoir : le transport de Fort Norman, sur la rivière Mackenzie, à Fort Franklin sur le lac Great Bear, une distance d'en, viron 100 milles, et de Fort Confidence à la source du lac Great Bear jusqu'à l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine, une distance d'environ 120 milles.

Et attendu qu'il a été représenté que l'étendue de terrain prévue aux règlements, quoique suffisante dans les districts d'accès facile, ne pourrait offrir une garantie adéquate pour le risque et les frais qu'il faudrait nécessairement encourir en améliorant les moyens de transport jusqu'à l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine, afin de permettre au prospecteur d'y transporter son outillage et ses approvisionnements, et qu'il est essentiel à l'exploitation et au développement des res sources minières de cette région éloignée du pays d'offrir des avantages spéciaux aux prospecteurs qui peuvent avoir le capital nécessaire pour s'engager dans une entreprise aussi coûteuse et hazardeuses.

Attendu qu'il a, aussi, été représenté qu'une dépense d'au moins $25,000 serait nécessaire pour améliorer suffisamment les moyens de transport à partir de Fort Norman pour permettre à une expédition d'atteindre cette région et de l'explorer pendant un an, et qu'il a été suggéré qu'en considération de telles dépenses il soit permis à tout particulier ou à toute compagnie s'engageant à dépenser cette somme dans une année, en explorations et en améliorations des moyens de transport, de jalonner un plus grand nombre de claims miniers qu'il n'est prescrit par les règlements et d'en obtenir l'inscription.

Et attendu que la région où l'on prétend que gisent ces dépôts de minéraux de valeur économique est située entre les 108e et 118e méridiens de longitude ouost, et entre les 66e et 6e degrés de cette latitude nord ;

Par consequent, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, afin de stimuler la recherche des gisements de minéraux dans cette partie du pays, d'autoriser par ces présentes la concession à tout prospecteur, soit particulier ou compagnie, qui dépense au cours de l'année civile 1917 la somme d'au moins $25,000 en travaux d'exploration dans la région ci-dessus décrite et en améliorations des moyens de transport entre Fort Norman et l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine, sous l'empire des dispositions des règlements concernant les mines quartzeuses. de cinquante claims de la grandeur prescrite, soit un claim pour chaque $500, aux conditions suivantes :

(*l*) Le prospecteur doit le ou avant le 31e jour de décembre 1917 fournir au Ministre de l'Intérieur la preuve confirmée par affidavit et accompagnée de pièces justificatives, s'il est ainsi exigé, démontrant qu'au cours de l'année civile 1917 il a dépensé la somme d'au moins $25,000 en travaux d'exploitation, selon les méthodes reconnues, dans les limites de la région ci-dessus décrite et en améliorations des moyens de transport entre Fort Norman sur la rivière Mackenzie et l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine. Cette preuve doit être sous forme d'état détaillé indiquant le montant dépensé en amélioration des moyens de transport, ainsi que les fins auxquelles chaque item de dépense a été appliqué ; y seront joints des plans indiquant la position et la nature de l'obstacle qu'il a fallu surmonter, ainsi que la nature et le coût des améliorations. Doit être de plus fourni un état détaillé distinct, montrant les dépenses encourues en travaux d'exploration et la nature exacte des travaux exécutés à chaque endroit ; aussi des plans montrant les endroits particuliers où ont été exécutés les travaux mentionnés dans l'état détaillé.

(2) Les claims dont le prospecteur demande la concession doivent être jalonnés de la manière prescrite par les règlements, et la demande d'inscription doit être faite au régistrateur minier du district en bonne et due forme avant l'expiration de l'année 1917. Tontefois, le prospecteur qui au cours de l'année a fait la dépense de $25.000 ci-dessus prescrite peut jalonner plus d'nn claim sur la même veine ou le même filon et en obtenir l'inscription, ou dans un rayon d'un demi-mille de cette veine ou filon, nonobstant les restrictions de l'article 13 des règlements à ce sujet.

(3) La délimitation de claims pour une compagnie qui est prête à encourir une dépense d'au moins $25,000 pour les fins susdites et de la manière ici prescrite, peut être faite par toute personne ou toutes personnes dûment autorisées par la compagnie et acceptées par le Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(4) Dans la délimitation et l'enregistrement de claims et pour les retenir après que l'inscription a été accordée, le prospecteur doit se conformer sous tous rapports aux prescriptions des règlements, sauf telles exceptions qui peuvent être ici prévues.

(5) Les concessionnaires de claims miniers dans les limites de la région ci-dessus décrite qui se conforment en tout aux prescriptlons de l'article 45 des règlements des mines quartzseuses en ce qui concerne chacun de ces claims, ont droit à la cession du bail de ces claims sous l'empire des dispositions des dits règlements et de la loi des terres fédérales pour une période de 21 ans, au loyer qui sera fixé par un décret du Gouverneur en conseil, le bail étant renouvelable pour une autre période de 21 ans dès que le concessionaire aura fourni au Ministre de l'Intérieur la preuve satisfaisante qu'au cours de la durée du bail il s'est conformé sous tous rapports aux conditions du dit bail et aux prescriptions des règlements ; de nouveaux renouvellements pourront être accordés pour des périodes aditionnelles de 21 ans chacune, aux termes et conditions que prescrira le Gouverneur en conseil.

(6) La patente ou le bail d'un claim minier dans la région ci-dessus décrite réserve a la Couronne un droit régalien sur les ventes des produits des mines qui sera déterminé de temps à autre par décret du Gouverneur en conseil et sera perçu de la manière prescrite par le Ministère de l'Intérieur.

(7) Toutes les patentes émises ou les baux cédés en vertu des pouvoirs ici conférés sont sujets à la restriction que les minerais ou autres dépôts de minéraux de valeur commerciale extraits des claims et décrits dans ces patentes ou baux ne seront pas exportés pour réduction, raffinage ou autre traitement, mais devront

être réduits, raffinés ou autrement traités exclusivement dans les limites du Canada et conformément aux prescriptions des règlements que le Gouverneur en conseil peut établir.

(8) La preuve de la dépense encourue par le prospecteur doit dans tous les cas être à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur ; sinon le droit du prospecteur à la patente de ces claims ne sera autre que celui prescrit par les règlements concernant les claims de mines quartzeuses.

(9) Les demandes de patente pour les claims miniers délimités au cours de l'année civile de 1917 dans la région ci-dessus décrite ne seront prises en considération définitive par le régistrateur minier et les patentes de ces claims ne seront accordées que dans les derniers vingt jours de la dite année civile

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

26-4

[2880]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 4e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 14 novembre 1916, représentant ce qui suit :—

Le chapitre 22 des statuts de 1913 de la province du Manitoba ci-après désigné sous le nom de "Loi d'incorporation," a constitué en corps politique et incorporé, sous le nom "The Greater Winnipeg Water District," ci-après désigné "la corporation," les résidents des cités de Winnipeg et St-Boniface, de la ville de Transcona et de certaines municipalités rurales adjacentes mentionnées et désignées dans la dite loi. La loi d'incorporation est désignée sous le nom de "Greater Water Power District Act," a été modifiée par les statuts suivants de la législature du Manitoba, savoir : chapitres 46, 47 et 48 de 1914, chapitres 29 et 30 de 1915 et chapitre 51 de 1916.

Le chapitre 208 des statuts fédéraux de 1916 accorde à la dite corporation certains privilèges et pouvoirs, savoir ; le droit de se procurer et prendre de l'eau, y compris de l'eau provenant de sources hors la province de Manitoba ; l'érection et le maintien de tous travaux nécessaires ; l'entrée sur tous terrains pour y faire des arpentages ou pour d'autres fins en rapport avec les dits travaux ; l'achat et l'occupation des terrains nécessaires ; la construction de chemins, tunnels et ponts, de lignes téléphoniques et télégraphiques et électriques, et de tous autres travaux et constructions nécessaires ; le détournement et l'altération d'aucuns de ces travaux ou d'aucune de ces lignes ou des cours d'eau ou grandes routes ; et tous autres travaux nécessaires pour la construction, le maintien et le fonctionnement de tout ouvrage nécessaire aux fins de la corporation ; la préparation, la soumission, le classement et l'inspection des cartes, livres de renvoi et tracés indiquant les travaux pour toute partie d'icelle ; et la mise en vigueur pour les fins de la commission de certains dispositifs de la Loi des chemins de fer et de la Loi concernant l'établissement et les dépenses de la commission conjointe internationale sous l'empire du traité des eaux navigables portant la date du 11 janvier 1909.

L'article 5 de la Loi d'Incorporation donne à la dite corporation les objets et buts suivants :—

5. La dite corporation aura pour objet d'approvisionner pour toutes fins les résidents du dit district d'eau tirée de sources quelconques soit dans, soit hors la province. La dite corporation a le droit d'étendre et d'exercer les droits à elle conférés à ces fins hors les limites de cette province, sujet néamoins à son obtention de tous droits légaux nécessaires à ses fins du Gouvernement du Canada ou de toute autre autorité extra provinciale.

Pour fournir l'approvisionnement d'eau ci-haut mentionné il a fallu construire un aqueduc du lac Shoal, une partie du lac des Bois, à la cité de Winnipeg, une distance d'environ cent milles, et il a fallu en rapport avec ces travaux et pour mener à bonne fin l'objet de la Corporation, tel que mentionné dans l'article 5 susmentionné, construire le chemin de fer mentionné à l'article 1 du chapitre 47, l'une des lois qui tel que susmentionné modifie la *Loi d'incorporation*. Quand aura été construit ce chemin de fer, dont le parachèvement est prochain, il sera ouvert à la colonisation, pour des fins de culture surtout, une grande étendue de terrain qui aujourd'hui est presque complètement dépourvue de colons à cause de son éloignement des chemins de fer actuels.

Le maire de la cité de Winnipeg, qui est le president du bureau d'administration établi par la Loi d'incorporation, en sa qualité de président, a soumis au ministre un projet pour établir sur les terres adjoignant le chemin de fer qui doit s'achever prochainement entre la cité de Winnipeg et le Lac-des-Bois des colons devant être choisis par le comité de colonisation de la dite corporation parmi des gens qui ont certaine expérience en agriculture et le dit maire a demandé que les terres fédérales suivantes qui sont vacantes et disponibles soient réservées à ces fins : la moitié nord du township 7 et tout le township 8 dans le rang 13 ; tout le township 7 et la moitié sud du township 7 dans le rang 14 ; et la moitié nord du township 7 et la moitié sud du township 8 dans le rang 15 ; tout à l'est du méridien principal.

Le président représente que le bureau d'administration a reçu l'assurance que le gouvernement de la province de Manitoba contribuerait activement aux améliorations locales nécessaires sur les terrains susmentionnés: établissement d'écoles,aide à la colonisation,etc.

On a de plus représenté qu'un comité de citoyens de la ville de Winnipeg, formé d'hommes d'expérience dans ce genre de colonisation donne son appui au projet et a préposé un homme d'expérience pour se charger spècialement de l'œuvre.

Le président du bureau d'administration demande que certains privilèges mentionnés ci-après soient accordés dans le but d'aider à la colonisation des terrains susmentionnés.

Le ministre est d'avis qu'il sera d'intérêt public d'accorder les dites demandes et recommande en conséquence que, sous l'empire du paragraphe (k) de l'article 76 de la Loi de 1908 des terres fédérales, autorisation soit donnée d'accorder les dits privilèges, savoir:

1. Que la réserve soit autorisée et ratifiée de toute terre vacante et disponible dans les limites ci-haut décrites et que le Ministre de l'Intérieur soit autorisé de changer les limites de la dite réserve comme il le jugera à propos et de rescinder la dite réserve en tout temps sur douze mois d'avis publié dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans la *Gazette du Manitoba*.

2. Que dans les limites ainsi réservées il ne soit concédé ou vendu aucune inscription excepté à des personnes agréées par le comité de colonisation susmentionné.

3. Que la concession d'inscription à des personnes agréées comme ci-dessus soit sujette aux dispositions de la dite loi et des dits règlements en autant que ces derniers peuvent s'y appliquer et sauf les réserves ci-dessus mentionnées.

4. Que la dite commission de colonisation soit autorisée de décider de quelle manière les dites terres soient subdivisées et cédées, sujet à l'approbation du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

5. Que les conditions de culture dans chaque cas soient approximativement 20% de la superficie des terres sous inscription sujettes à une réduction raisonnable si le Ministre de l'Intérieur juge que le terrain en question est trop difficile à défoncer.

6. Que la commission de colonisation soit autorisée de choisir un site central de trente acres approvimativement pour l'établissement d'une école, d'une église et d'un cimetière, le site ainsi choisi devant être réservé aux fins de la dite corporation.

7. Que relativement aux inscriptions accordées aux conditions sus-mentionnées, il ne soit accepté aucune demande pour rescision sous l'empire de la Loi de 1908 des terres fédérales et ses modifications, mais au Ministère de l'Intérieur ressortit de faire l'inspection des dites terres de temps à autre selon que le Ministre de l'Intérieur le jugera opportun ; et s'il est trouvé que les conditions des dites inscriptions n'ont pas été remplies, il peut être institué des procédures en rescision sous l'empire de la loi susdite, lesquelles pro-

cédures doivent être conduites de la même manière que pour les inscriptions ordinaires ;

8. Que, sur rescision d'une inscription, les terrains en question retournent à la réserve et redeviennent sujets aux conditions susmentionnées.

9. Que, si de l'avis de la dite commission de colonisation, un colon perd son droit à un homestead gratuit, une vente peut lui être consentie aux termes et conditions d'établissement que peut exiger le Ministre de l'Intérieur.

10. Que le Ministre de l'Intérieur soit autorisé de faire toute prescriptions, règles et règlements, qu'il juge nécessaires dans les cas qui peuvent surgir et qui n'ont pas été prévus dans les présents règlements.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Greffier du Conseil privé

[3022]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Jeudi, le 7e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le Ministère des affaires indiennes fait la demande de mettre en reserve, en vertu du traité n° 2 du terrain au lac Ebb and Flow, désigné sous le nom de réserve des sauvages n° 52, comprenant une superficie approximative de 18 milles carrés ;

Et attendu que ledit terrain dont la description suit ci-après est disponible à ces fins d'après les archives du ministère de l'Intérieur ;

En conséquence il plait à Son Excellence le Gouverneur en conseil de décréter, sous l'empire de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales que ledit terrain soit par les présentes soustrait de l'application de ladite loi et mis en réserve pour les sauvages.

Suit la description du dit terrain :—

L'étendue de terrain disignée sous le nom de "Réserve des Sauvages," No 52, du lac Ebb et Flow, arpenté par Donald F. Robertson, arpenteur des terres fédérales an cours de l'année 1913, tel qu'indiqué sur un tracé d'arpentage de la dite réserve, déposé aux archives du Ministère de l'Intérieur sous le No 23372, dont copie ci-annexée et contenant par mesurage onze mille cinq cent cinquante acres, plus ou moins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2953]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'on a représenté qu'il est essentiel que tout navire britannique enregistré au Canada soit sujet a être réquisitionné par Sa Majesté pour le transport de denrées et d'autres articles de commerce ;

En conséquence il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de la *Loi de 1914 des Mesures de Guerre* de décréter par les présentes les règlements suivants :

1. Jusqu'à nouvel ordre tout navire britannique enregistré au Canada peut être réquisitionné par et au nom de Sa Majesté pour le transport de denrées et de tout autre article de commerce, ladite réquisition devenant obligatoire dès que avis de ladite requisition aura été signifié de la manière ci-après déterminée au propriétaire du dit navire.

2. Autorisation et instructions sont données par les présentes au Ministère de la Marine et des Pêcheries de mettre en vigueur les présents règlements en faisant signifier un tel avis de réquisition au propriétaire d'un dit navire.

3. La signification d'un avis de réquisition à un propriétaire doit être considérée suffisante et valide si dans le cas d'un propriétaire particulier il est adressé au dit propriétaire délivré à sa dernière résidence ou place d'affaire connue et dans le cas de propriétaires conjoints, s'il est adressé et délivré au dit propriétaire à leur dernière résidence ou place d'affaire, dans le cas d'une compagnie ou d'une corporation s'il est adressé et délivré à la dite compagnie ou corporation à son adresse enregistrée ou à toute autre adresse ou si dans les cas susdits il est adressé au propriétaire gérant ou capitaine propriétaire ou à toute autre personne à qui de par la loi est confié par ou au nom des propriétaires la conduite du dit navire ou s'il est délivré à la dernière adresse ou résidence connue ou enrégistrée du dit propriétaire gérant capitaine propriétaire ou autre personne selon le cas.

4. Tout avis de réquisition dont le Ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries exigera la signification tel que ci-mentionnée peut porter la signature de toute personne ou personnes à qui le dit ministre autorisera soit généralement soit spécialement à ces fins.

5. Et le Ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries doit donner toutes instructions et directions en conséquence.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-2 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2614]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 14e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, d'établir les règlements suivants, et ces règlements sont par ces présentes établis en conséquence,—

Nonobstant toute disposition de la *Loi des terres fédérales* ou de toute loi la modifiant, au cours de la présente guerre et jusqu'à ce qu'il en soit ensuite ordonné autrement, nulle demande d'inscription de homestead ne sera accordée à moins que la personne qui fait la demande n'ait été au début de la guerre actuelle et soit depuis demeurée sujet britannique ou sujet d'un pays qui est allié à Sa Majesté dans la présente guerre, ou sujet d'un pays neutre, et à moins qu'elle n'établisse ce fait à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[3021]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 7e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

Attendu que l'église dite "Baptist Union of Western Canada" a demandé la concession pour les fins d'une église d'un acre de terrain compris dans l'angle sud-ouest de la subdivision légale 4 de la section 6, township 72, rang 4, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, dans la province d'Alberta ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain demandé étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur.

A ces causes il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église un acre de terrain compris dans l'angle sud-ouest de la subdivision légale 4, section 6, township 72, rang 4, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, dans la province d'Alberta, et d'en autoriser la concession à l'Eglise dite "Baptist Union of Western Canada" pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25-4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2979]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 4 décembre 1911, M. Gustav Julseth a obtenu l'inscription de homestead et de préemption de la moitié ouest de la section 7, township 32, rang 2, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, et qu'après avoir fait douze mois de résidence, il fut atteint de la tuberculose et est depuis retourné en Norvège son pays natal, où il a suivi un traitement médical depuis l'année 1913. A l'appui de ce qui précède, la déclaration d'une autorité médicale a été soumise au Département de l'Intérieur représentant que suivant toute apparence M. Julseth ne recouvrera jamais la santé et ne sera jamais en état de revenir au Canada pour y compléter ses obligations de résidence. Relativement aux autres obligations de l'inscrit, il est établi que M. Julseth a a un frère qui exploite une ferme dans les environs et qui a entrepris de faire les améliorations nécessaires. Il a été établi que 175 acres de la demi-section ont été mis en culture et qu'une maison de la valeur de $100 y a été érigée.

Le ministre recommande, par conséqueut, qu'en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, 1908, cet inscrit soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence en rapport avec ladite demi-section et que patente lui en soit délivrée sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de l'inscription ont été remplies et que la préemption a été payée en conformité de la loi.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

25–4

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 1er novembre 1916.

O.G. 100.

INSTRUCTIONS, RÈGLEMENTS, ETC.

RÈGLEMENTS CONCERNANT LES EFFETS D'HABILLEMENTS POUR LA MILICE CANADIENNE, PARTIE II, 1909— MODIFICATION.

L'article X des règlements ci-dessus est cancellé par le présent.

(Q.G. 305-3-2.)

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O G. 101.

ORGANISATION.

MILICE DE RÉSERVE.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 13.—L'organisation d'un bataillon de la milice de réserve, avec quartier général à Calgary, Alta, est autorisée.

(Q.G. 32-24-13.)

L'alinéa 6 de l'ordre général 18 de 1916 est modifié par le présent en incluant dans le dit alinéa le comté de Matane, comme étant un des comtés formés en un district militaire désigné " District militaire n° 5."

(Q.G. 77-1-3.)

O.G. 102.

NOMENCLATURE.

DISTRICT MILITAIRE N° 11.— Relativement aux ordres généraux 23 et 64, 1916, le bataillon de la milice de réserve qui est autorisé par les dits ordres généraux, sera désigné " Fraser Valley National Reserve."

(Q.G. 32-1-305.)

Par ordre,

Westmacgins.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE.

1916

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 2 novembre 1916.

Les nominations et promotions qui suivent sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O. G. 103.

ÉTAT-MAJOR PERMANENT.

Est nommé lieutenant : * Cyril Delamere Boyce, gentilhomme. 24 octobre 1916.

*Nomination temporaire.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

14E HUSSARDS CANADIENS DE KING.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) J. Hanningan a la permission de se retirer. 13 octobre 1916.

19E DRAGONS D'ALBERTA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Henry Grant, gentilhomme 16 octobre 1916.

30E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA HORSE). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le maréchal des logis Herbert George Home. 20 juillet 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

2E BRIGADE.—9E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Carey Robert Warren, gentilhomme. 10 octobre 1916.

8E BRIGADE.—23E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Hugh Ryan, gentilhomme. 16 octobre 1916.

10E BRIGADE.—14E BATTERIE (MIDLAND.)—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) C. E. S. Lusk est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans le corps d'aviation royal. 26 septembre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) C. M. Scott, du 2e régiment (Queen's Own Rifles of Canada). 31 août 1916.

12E BRIGADE. — 30E BATTERIE. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Harold Bain, gentilhomme. 16 octobre 1916.

14E BRIGADE. — 13E BATTERIE DE WINNIPEG. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Wilfred Arnold Farrar Fairchild, gentilhomme. 10 octobre 1916.

38E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Frank Daniel MacCharles, gentilhomme. 16 octobre 1916.

Artillerie de place canadienne.

1ER RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX).—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) W. C. L. Bauld a la permission de se retirer. 15 juillet 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Frank Mackay Blackett, gentilhomme. 18 octobre 1916.

Est nommé payeur avec le grade honorifique de lieutenant: William Cecil Lugar Bauld, gentilhomme, *vice* le payeur et capitaine honoraire E. L. Miller, hors cadre. 15 juillet 1916.

3E RÉGIMENT DU NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires): le lieutenant H. W. Frink, de la réserve des officiers. 29 septembre 1916.

George Lawrenz Walker Scovil, gentilhomme. 21 octobre 1916.

5E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires): Harry Randle Bray, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

Angus Wylie Cameron, gentilhomme. 13 octobre 1916.

GÉNIE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires):

Cecil Bruce Ferris, gentilhomme. 4 octobre 1916.

William Salt, gentilhomme. 17 octobre 1916.

John Stewart Bruce,
Frank Dwight Rice,
Richard Leslie Greene,
Ronald Winstanley MacKinnon,
James Orme Hunton, gentilshommes. 23 octobre 1916.

Le sergent John Grant Smith. 25 octobre 1916.

CORPS DES GUIDES.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Rupert Charles Buchanan, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

CORPS DE DRESSAGE DES OFFICIERS CANADIENS.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE WESTERN.—Le capitaine provisoire J. Kirkwood a la permission de se retirer. 17 octobre 1916.

Le capitaine provisoire F. J. H. Campbell a la permission de se retirer. 21 juin 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE MANITOBA. — Le lieutenant A. T. Cameron est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impérial. 16 septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant R. Flenley est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impérial. 17 juillet 1915.

INFANTERIE.

2E RÉGIMENT (QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES OF CANADA.)—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) C. M. Scott est transféré à la 14e batterie de Midland, 10e brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 31 août 1916.

8E RÉGIMENT (ROYAL RIFLES). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Frank Storrs Stocking, gentilhomme. 24 octobre 1916.

9E RÉGIMENT (VOLTIGEURS DE QUÉBEC.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Paul Enri Gouin, gentilhomme. 23 octobre 1916.

14E RÉGIMENT (THE PRINCESS OF WALES' OWN RIFLES). —Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires): William Perry Muirhead, gentilhomme. 18 juillet 1916.

Ernest Ralph Beckwith, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

15E RÉGIMENT (ARGYLL LIGHT INFANTRY).—Le lieutenant-colonel L. W. Marsh est transféré à la réserve des officiers à l'expiration de son terme de commandement. 19 octobre 1916.

21E RÉGIMENT (FUSILIERS D'ESSEX.) — Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires): John Stanley Reaume, gentilhomme. 12 juin 1916.

Grant Thomas Stephenson,
Roy Andrew Darling,
Donald William Fleming, gentilshommes. 6 octobre 1916.

30E RÉGIMENT (WELLINGTON RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Gerald Scott Hirst, gentilhomme. 12 septembre 1916.

41E RÉGIMENT (BROCKVILLE RIFLES).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): William Douglas, gentilhomme. 27 octobre 1916.

48E RÉGIMENT (HIGHLANDERS).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires):

John Campbell Hope, gentilhomme. 16 octobre 1916.

Wallace Harrington Mulholland, gentilhomme. 18 octobre 1916.

51E RÉGIMENT (SOO RIFLES).—Le lieutenant C. D. Boyce a la permission de démissionner à sa nomination à l'état-major permanent. 24 octobre 1916.

52E RÉGIMENT (PRINCE ALBERT VOLUNTEERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Robert Rae Manville, gentilhomme. 23 octobre 1916.

57E RÉGIMENT (PETERBOROUGH RANGERS).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): Robert James Soden, gentilhomme. 15 septembre 1916.

59E RÉGIMENT DE STORMONT ET GLENGARRY.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires): Charlie Elgin Merkley, gentilhomme. 15 octobre 1916.

Craig Alexander McLaughlin, gentilhomme. 25 octobre 1916.

61E RÉGIMENT DE MONTMAGNY.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires): John Gerald Monaghan, gentilhomme. 21 octobre 1916.

Despres Dessane, gentilhomme. 24 octobre 1916.

63E RÉGIMENT (HALIFAX RIFLES.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire): William Blackburn Arthur, gentilhomme. 11 avril 1916.

67E RÉGIMENT (CARLETON LIGHT INFANTRY.)—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire): John Allan Draper, gentilhomme. 18 septembre 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires):

MacIver Forbes Morison MacIver-Campbell, gentilhomme. 29 juin 1916.

Charles Francis Kearns, gentilhomme. 6 octobre 1916.

Arthur Cecil Fox, gentilhomme. 7 octobre 1916

79E RÉGIMENT (CAMERON HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.) —Est nommé capitaine: (et il demeure hors cadre) le lieutenant V. J. Hastings. 30 mai 1915.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires):

Matthew Hutchison,
Ian Grant, gentilshommes. 12 octobre 1916.

84E RÉGIMENT DE SAINT-HYACINTHE.—Le lieutenant provisoire E. D. St. Onge a la permission de se retirer. 26 octobre 1916.

Le nom du lieutenant provisoire E. M. Vallee est retranché de la liste des officiers de la milice active. 30 octobre 1916.

87E RÉGIMENT DE QUÉBEC.—La durée de la nomination du capitaine J. F. R. Gauvin au grade d'officier signaleur est de nouveau prorogée au 18 mai 1917.

90E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires):

Le sergent-major John Hay. 12 juillet 1916.

Arthur Hamilton Johnston, gentilhomme. 23 septembre 1916.

100E GRENADIERS DE WINNIPEG.—Est nommé capitaine honoraire: le quartier-maître et lieutenant honoraire T. R. Deacon. 27 septembre 1916.

102E RÉGIMENT (ROCKY MOUNTAIN RANGERS.)—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) F. Gosby a la permission de démissionner. 27 octobre 1916.

104E RÉGIMENT (WESTMINSTER FUSILIERS OF CANADA). —Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : le lieutenant H. C. Airth, de la réserve des corps. 22 décembre 1916.

105E RÉGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Thomas Austin Buchanan, gentilhomme. 1er octobre 1916.

108E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant-colonel et commandant du régiment : le major (lieutenant-colonel temporaire) W. M. O. Lochead, *vice* le lieutenant-colonel H. J. Bowman, décédé. 18 août 1916.

SERVICES DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE.

Personnel du service de santé militaire.

Sont nommés capitaines : les lieutenants (surnuméraires) :

F. J. Matthews. 4 septembre 1916.
J. H. Elliott. 23 avril 1916.
E. G. Hodgson. 14 juillet 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

William Roy Stackhouse, gentilhomme. 17 février 1916.
Robert William Henry Guilmette, gentilhomme. 6 juin 1916.
*Wesley Nesbit McCormick, gentilhomme. 23 juin 1916.
*Hugh MacKay MacDonald,
*Stechen Archibald Wilkinson, gentilshommes. 12 juillet 1916.
Thomas Henry Blow, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.
Gerald Hamilton Jeffery Pearson, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.
Harry Brown Hetherington, gentilhomme. 18 septembre 1916.
Charles Edmund Flatt, gentilhomme. 29 septembre 1916.
Lewis Arthur Knight, gentilhomme. 10 octobre 1916.
Benjamin Charles Hardiman, gentilhomme. 11 octobre 1916.
Cyril Klock Church, gentilhomme. 17 octobre 1916.
Lawrence Hamilton Roberts, gentilhomme. 21 octobre 1916.

*Pourvu qu'ils subissent les examens requis en vertu des dispositions de l'Ordre n° 65, 1913.

Est nommé capitaine honoraire : le quartier-maître et lieutenant honoraire A. S. Richardson. 5 décembre 1914.

La sœur hospitalière (surnuméraire) E. Holloway a la permission de se retirer. 1er novembre 1916.

Sont nommées sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) :

Marjorie Alida McWilliams. 13 mai 1916.
Helen Noble. 4 août 1916.
Gladys Robena Wallace. 21 août 1916.
Ethel Maude Luney. 5 septembre 1916.
Mary Catherine Stewart. 20 septembre 1916.

Sont nommées sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) à compter des dates mentionnées et elles sont hors cadre pour prendre du service dans les services d'hôpitaux impériaux de la Reine Alexandra à compter du 30 octobre 1915.

Isabel Slack. 3 octobre 1916.
Olive Ross 5 octobre 1916.
Gertrude Johnson. 6 octobre 1916.

La sœur hospitalière (surnuméraire) I. Atkins est hors cadre pour prendre du service sous l'autorité de la commission des hôpitaux militaires. 1er octobre 1916.

SERVICE DENTAIRE MILITAIRE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés capitaines : le lieutenant (surnuméraire) (major temporaire) H. T. Minogue. 1er décembre 1915.

Les lieutenants (surnuméraires) L. Lemire, R. S. Rose. 31 juillet 1916.

MEMORANDA.

Le major (lieutenant-colonel temporaire) T. G. Delamere, 28e régiment de Perth, a la permission de conserver le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre général 141, 1915, tant qu'il sera spécialement employé au quartier général, district militaire n° 1, et il continuera à retirer la solde et les allocations de ce grade.

Le major (lieutenant-colonel temporaire) H. T. Wilson, 31e régiment (British Columbia Horse), abandonne le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre général 134, 1915, en cessant de remplir les fonctions d'officer commandant de régiment. 1er février 1916.

Est nommé major : le capitaine (major temporaire) James George, réserve des officiers. 13 octobre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel est conféré au major James George, réserve des officiers, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de sous-aide-adjudant et quartier-maître général, district militaire n° 2. 13 octobre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré au capitaine W. A. Stevens, 19e régiment de Lincoln, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'aide-instructeur de mousqueterie pour les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes, district militaire n° 2. 23 octobre 1916.

Le capitaine (major temporaire) J. A. Birney, 103e régiment (Calgary Rifles) abandonne le grade temporaire de major qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre général 153, 1915, en cessant de remplir les fonctions d'officier commandant, camp d'internement, Lethbridge, Alberta. 23 juin 1916.

Le grade temporaire de major est conféré au capitaine R. H. Irwin, génie canadien, et ce grade en comportera la solde et les allocations, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de commandant du génie royal canadien, district militaire n° 4. 25 septembre 1916.

Est nommé aumônier avec le grade honorifique de capitaine :

Le révérend John Knox Tibbits. 29 juin 1916.

Relativement à l'ordre général 28, 1912, *sous* " Réserve des officiers," *retranchez* le nom du capitaine J. M. Fraser, autrefois du 93e régiment.

Le grade temporaire de capitaine est conféré au lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : M. F. Coglan, services de santé de l'armée, et ce grade en comportera la solde et les allocations, tant qu'il sera employé au dépôt de libération, Québec. 10 juillet 1916.

Le lieutenant (capitaine temporaire) J. G. Fleck, 72e régiment (Seaforth Highlanders of Canada) abandonne le grade temporaire de capitaine qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre général 4, 1916, en cessant de remplir les fonctions d'officier commandant de compagnie. 24 mars 1916.

Le grade temporaire de capitaine est conféré au lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : J. E. Smallman, 6e batterie de London, artillerie de campagne canadienne tant qu'il sera employé sous l'autorité de la commission des hôpitaux militaires. 30 octobre 1916.

Le lieutenant (capitaine temporaire) K. N. Davy, 31e régiment (British Columbia Horse), abandonne le grade temporaire de capitaine qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre général 128, 1915, en cessant de remplir les fonctions d'officier commandant d'escadron. 26 juin 1916.

L'ordre général 26, 1916, en tant qu'il concerne la nomination de Walter John Boddy, gentilhomme, en qualité de lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) dans le 38e régiment (Dufferin Rifles of Canada), est cancellé par le présent, la nomination ayant déjà été publiée dans l'ordre général 22, 1916.

L'ordre général 42, 1916, en tant qu'il concerne la nomination du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) W. B. Arthur, 13e régiment royal, est cancellé par le présent.

Le memoranda de l'ordre général 99, 1916, en tant qu'il concerne le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire)

M. R. Charlton, 1re batterie d'artillerie lourde et section de munitions, brigade d'artillerie lourde de Montréal, est cancellé par le présent.

Un grade temporaire de lieutenant dans la milice canadienne tel que ci-après est conféré aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :—

Sont nommés lieutenants :—

William Ivor Castle, gentilhomme. 16 août 1916.

Edmund Gordon Brown, gentilhomme. 18 août 1916.

George Alfred Humphrey, gentilhomme. 21 août 1916.

Robert Lionel Crombie,

William Thomas Beer,

John Orme Plummer, gentilshommes. 16 septembre 1916.

William Richard Wright, gentilhomme. 18 septembre 1916.

Francis Robert Findlay, gentilhomme. 21 septembre 1916.

James Anderson MacKinnon, gentilhomme. 30 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants honoraires :—

Maurice Henry Woods, gentilhomme. 10 juin 1916.

Robert Davidson Scott, gentilhomme. 30 août 1916.

Walter Drummond, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

John Calverly Gray, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.

Mark Guy Glanvill,

Joseph Waddington Graves, gentilshommes, tant qu'ils seront employés comme représentants de la Young Men's Christian Association. 13 septembre 1916.

Ernest Edward Rickard, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

William Eunton Pointon,

John Lewis Burnand,

Arthur John Twose,

Bertram Leslie Monkhouse, gentilshommes. 1er octobre 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement, ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le capitaine A. Lockhart, 108e régiment, 11 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire N. J. D'Arcy, 90e régiment, 30 juillet 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. J. Wilkinson, 100e régiment, 4 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire F. J. Campbell, 100e régiment, 13 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. A. Kinniburg, 100e régiment, 28 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. M. Edwards, 101e régiment, 1er novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire W. O. Norris, 102e régiment, 13 avril 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire J. O. Sharp, 109e régiment, 5 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. H. Smith, services de santé de l'armée, 10 août 1914.

Par ordre,

W. E. Logan.

Major général,
Adjudant-général suppléant.

12335—7

NOMINATIONS, PROMOTIONS ET RETRAITES.

MILICE CANADIENNE.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL,

OTTAWA, 9 novembre 1916.

Les nominations, promotions, retraites et confirmations de grade qui suivent sont promulguées pour l'usage de la milice par l'honorable Ministre de la Milice et de la Défense en conseil de la milice.

O. G. 105.

MILICE ACTIVE.

CAVALERIE.

8E HUSSARDS DE LA PRINCESSE LOUISE, NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnéraire) : le maréchal des logis Beverley Gordon Appleby. 22 mai 1916.

16E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : David Wedderspoon, gentilhomme. 25 octobre 1916.

19E DRAGONS D'ALBERTA.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. G. Stewart est transféré au génie canadien. 5 octobre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : Charles Hugh Dunn, gentilhomme. 1er mai 1916.

George Robertson, gentilhomme. 18 octobre 1916.

20E (BORDER HORSE).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Frederick Hope, gentilhomme. 23 octobre 1916.

22E CHEVAU-LÉGERS DE LA SASKATCHEWAN. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Evered Noel Bird, gentilhomme. 17 octobre 1916.

23E (ALBERTA RANGERS.)—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) F. McRae est transféré au 79e Cameron Highlanders of Canada. 1er septembre 1916.

26E DRAGONS DE STANSTEAD.—Le lieutenant provisoire H. Chamberlin a la permission de se retirer. 11 octobre 1916.

27E CHEVAU-LÉGERS.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Walter Hartley Burgess, gentilhomme. 24 août 1916.

30E RÉGIMENT (BRITISH COLUMBIA HORSE). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Henry Lawrence Eddy Priestman, gentilhomme. 24 octobre 1916.

ARTILLERIE.

Artillerie de campagne canadienne.

2E BRIGADE.—7E BATTERIE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Alexander McDonald Challes, gentilhomme. 25 octobre 1916.

9E BATTERIE.—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. S. Elliott, de la compagnie n° 2, intendance militaire canadienne. 30 septembre 1916.

Victor Vincent Vokes, gentilhomme. 27 octobre 1916.

John Adair Gibson, gentilhomme. 31 octobre 1916.

8E BRIGADE.—2E BATTERIE (OTTAWA).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Gilchrist Dewar, gentilhomme. 11 octobre 1916.

10E BRIGADE, 14E BATTERIE (MIDLAND.)—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. G. A. Spence est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans le corps royal d'aviation. 28 octobre 1916.

9E BATTERIE (LONDON).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Marshall John Andrew, gentilhomme. 17 octobre 1916.

Artillerie lourde.

BATTERIE D'ARTILLERIE LOURDE DE COBOURG.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Robert Gummow, gentilhomme. 31 octobre 1916.

GÉNIE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. G. Stewart, du 19e dragons d'Alberta. 5 octobre 1916.

Edwin Charles Bloomfield, gentilhomme. 23 octobre 1916.

James Godfrey Murphy,

William Clark McGinnis, gentilshommes. 30 octobre 1916.

2E TROUPE DE CAMPAGNE.—Est nommé major : le capitaine C. H. G. Milne (et il demeure hors cadre). 17 août 1916.

4E COMPAGNIE DE CAMPAGNE.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Frank Aubrey Combe, gentilhomme. 7 octobre 1916.

CORPS DE DRESSAGE DES OFFICIERS CANADIENS.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ MCGILL.—Le major C. M. McKergew est hors cadre tant qu'il sera employé à l'état-major du quartier général, district militaire n° 4. 30 octobre 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) · Ernest Archibald McFall, gentilhomme. 31 août 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE DALHOUSIE.—Le lieutenant J. G. D. Campbell a la permission de démissionner. 1er novembre 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ WESTERN.—Est nommé lieutenant : Star Floyd Maine, gentilhomme. 2 octobre 1916.

CONTINGENT DE L'UNIVERSITÉ DE MANITOBA. — Le lieutenant R. E. Spear est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans le corps royal d'aviation. 11 février 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Merton Tindale McKelvey, gentilhomme. 15 octobre 1916.

INFANTERIE.

8E RÉGIMENT (ROYAL RIFLES)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Gorhard Dean Falkenberg, gentilhomme. 26 septembre 1916.

9E RÉGIMENT (VOLTIGEURS DE QUÉBEC).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Charles Eugène Binet, gentilhomme. 30 octobre 1916.

20E RÉGIMENT (HALTON RIFLES.)—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) J. G. Kennedy est hors cadre pour prendre du service dans l'armée impériale. 21 août 1916.

21E RÉGIMENT (ESSEX FUSILIERS).—Est nommé aumônier (surnuméraire) : l'aumônier et capitaine honoraire A. Carlisle, M.C. 31 octobre 1916.

40E RÉGIMENT DE NORTHUMBERLAND.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William John Puffer, gentilhomme. 27 octobre 1916.

43E RÉGIMENT (THE DUKE OF CORNWALL'S OWN RIFLES).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Harold Hereward Brown, gentilhomme. 24 octobre 1916.

45E RÉGIMENT DE VICTORIA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : John Angus McQuarrie, gentilhomme. 1er janvier 1916.

55E RÉGIMENT —Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Joseph Clifford Kelley, gentilhomme. 20 octobre 1916.

56E RÉGIMENT DE GRENVILLE (LISGAR RIFLES).—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires :

Edwin Michael Freeman, gentilhomme. 28 septembre 1916.

Allen Leslie Howard, gentilhomme. 10 octobre 1916.

60E CARABINIERS DU CANADA.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Lily Rennie, gentilhomme. 27 septembre 1916.

67E RÉGIMENT (CARLETON LIGHT INFANTRY.)—Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) : George Jack Marr, gentilhomme. 1er cctobre 1916.

71E RÉGIMENT D'YORK.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : James Leo Doherty, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

72E RÉGIMENT (SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANAADA). —Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires : Thomas LeMessurier, jeune, gentilhomme. 21 juin 1916.

John Hamilton Mennie, gentilhomme. 3 septembre 1916.

John Wilson Sharples, gentilhomme. 8 obtobre 1916.

73E RÉGIMENT DE NORTHUMBERLAND. — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Andrew Clarence Baldwin, gentilhomme. 5 septembre 1916.

76E CARABINIERS DE COLCHESTER ET HANTS.—Est nommé lieutenant-colonel et commandant du régiment : le major H. C. Blair, *vice* le lieutenant-colonet C. R. Coleman, qui est transféré à la réserve des officiers à l'expiration de son terme de commandement. 1er juin 1916.

La durée de la nomination du capitaine H. A. Dickie, en qualité d'adjudant, est de nouveau prorogée jusqu'au 1er août 1917.

77E RÉGIMENT DE WENTWORTH.—Est nommé major honoraire : l'aumônier et capitaine honoraire le révérend R. Macnamara. 8 mai 1916.

79E (CAMERON HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA.) — Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) F. McRae, du 23e Alberta Rangers. 1er septembre 1916.

Arthur Woodhouse, gentilhomme. 24 octobre 1916.

90E RÉGIMENT (WINNIPEG RIFLES).—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Edward Thomas Samson, gentilhomme. 17 octobre 1916.

92E REGIMENT DE DORCHESTER.—Le lieutenant (surnuméraire) : T. B. Ford est hors cadre. 14 septembre 1916.

101E RÉGIMENT (EDMONTON FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : William Alexander Wells, gentilhomme. 14 avril 1916.

Est nommé lieutenant (surnuméraire) :

James Christian Lawrence Young, gentilhomme. 1er mai 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Sidney Knight, gentilhomme. 12 octobre 1916.

Herbert Stanley Bannister, gentilhomme. 23 octobre 1916.

103E RÉGIMENT (CALGARY RIFLES.)—Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) : le sergent Philip Errol Palmer. 29 août 1916.

Le sergent David Borrowman. 31 août 1916.

Cecil Ray Merritt, gentilhomme. 7 septembre 1916.

105E RÉGIMENT (SASKATOON FUSILIERS.)—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Arthur Nicholas Winters, gentilhomme. 1er juillet 1916.

109E RÉGIMENT.—Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Robert Alexander Reid, gentilhomme. 25 septembre 1916.

110E (IRISH REGIMENT). — Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Ireneus Paul Hinds, gentilhomme. 3 octobre 1916.

INTENDANCE MILITAIRE CANADIENNE.

COMPAGNIE N° 2.—Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. S. Elliott est transféré à la 9e batterie, 2e brigade, artillerie de campagne canadienne. 30 septembre 1916.

SERVICES DE SANTÉ DE L'ARMÉE.

Personnel du service de santé militaire.

Sont nommés capitaines : les lieutenants (surnuméraires) :

H. W. Riggs. 10 avril 1916.

A. G. Nicholls. 15 septembre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants provisoires (surnuméraires) :

Frederick B. Gladstone Wilson, gentilhomme. 29 juin 1916.

Henry Lynne Walker, gentilhomme. 30 juillet 1916.

Robert Merrideth Janes, gentilhomme. 2 septembre 1916.

Henry Orton Howitt,

Charles Edgar Lewis Barnes, gentilshommes. 21 octobre 1916.

David Hartin, gentilhomme. 25 octobre 1916.

James Joseph Keirans, gentilhomme. 27 octobre 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : B. Olson est hors cadre pour prendre du service sous l'autorité de la commission des hôpitaux militaires. 31 octobre 1916.

Sont nommés sœurs hospitalières (surnuméraires) :

Marie Anne Robinson. 21 août 1916.

Josephine Frances King. 30 août 1916.

Christine MacDonald. 9 septembre 1916.

Helena Lunn. 15 septembre 1916.

Rhea Elizabeth Fitzgerald. 4 octobre 1916.

Eva Corinne Letellier. 16 octobre 1916.

SERVICE DENTAIRE MILITAIRE CANADIEN.

Sont nommés capitaines :

George Haycroft Ross, écuyer. 1er octobre 1916.

Elisha Ambrose Randall, écuyer. 15 octobre 1916

Sont nommés lieutenants (surnuméraires) :

Robert Ross Larmour,

Robert Muirhead Box,

John Whitlock Turner,

Roy Wellington Blackwell, gentilshommes. 20 octobre 1916.

James Francis O'Brien, gentilhomme. 1er novembre 1916.

VÉTÉRINAIRES MILITAIRES CANADIENS.

Est nommé lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) : Murdoch Milton McLeod, gentilhomme. 21 octobre 1916.

INSTRUCTEURS DES CADETS D'ÉCOLES.

Est nommé lieutenant : Graham Bruce, gentilhomme. 8 novembre 1916.

MEMORANDA.

"Le major général l'honorable sir Sam Hughes, "C.C.B., troupes militaires canadiennes, est nommé "lieutenant-général honoraire." 18 octobre 1916.

(Extrait de la *London Gazette* daté du War Office, Londres, 17 octobre 1916.)

Est nommé major général : le colonel (major général temporaire) J. W. Carson, C.B. 2 novembre 1916.

Est nommé colonel, M.C.: le lieutenant-colonel (colonel temporaire) W. E. Thompson, 63e régiment (Halifax Rifles) aide-adjudant général en charge de l'administration, district militaire n° 6. 1er mai 1915.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel de la milice canadienne est conféré au lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) A. McDougall, 3e compagnie de campagne, génie canadien, tant qu'il commandera le 224e bataillon forestier d'outre-mer, T.E.C. 25 février 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel, avec la solde et les allocations qu'il comporte, est conféré au major J. F. Argue, officier de santé, 43e régiment (The Duke of Cornwall's Own Rifles), tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de médecin en charge de l'hôpital de dépôt protestant, Ottawa, Ont. 3 novembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel, avec la solde et les allocations qu'il comporte, est conféré au major J L. Chabot, officier de santé, 5e dragons de la Princesse Louise, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions de médecin en charge de l'hôpital de la rue Water, Ottawa, Ont. 3 novembre 1916.

Le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel de la milice canadienne est conféré au lieutenant C. H. Ackerman, 57e régiment (Peterborough Rangers), tant qu'il commandera le 247e bataillon d'outre-mer, T.E.C. 4 novembre 1916.

Le major honoraire (lieutenant-colonel temporaire) Owen Thomas, M.C., abandonne le grade temporaire de lieutenant-colonel qui lui a été conféré par les ordres généraux 69 et 75, 1915. 22 octobre 1916.

La promotion du capitaine J. E. Hansford, 90e régiment, carabiniers de Winnipeg, au grade de major, publiée dans l'ordre général 47, 1916, est modifiée de manière à se lire : " 15 octobre 1915."

Le grade temporaire de major, avec la solde et les allocations que comporte ce grade, est conféré au capitaine D. G. McIlwraith, services de santé de l'armée, tant qu'il remplira les fonctions d'officier en charge de l'hôpital militaire, Hamilton, Ont. 1er novembre 1916.

Relativement à l'ordre général 71, 1916, le grade temporaire de major, conféré au capitaine J. E. Légaré, 9e régiment, (Voltigeurs de Québec) comportera la solde et les allocations de ce grade à compter du 7 novembre 1916.

Le capitaine (major temporaire) J. H. Gillespie, 50e régiment, abandonne le grade temporaire de major qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre général 111, 1915. 1er mai 1916.

Sont nommés aumôniers avec le grade honorifique de capitaine :

Le révérend Callum Nicholson Milley Mackay. 4 octobre 1916.

Les majors John M. McGillivray et Thompson Walton, armée du salut. 3 novembre 1916.

Le lieutenant (capitaine temporaire) B. H. Harrison, 88e régiment (Victoria Fusiliers), abandonne le grade temporaire de capitaine qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre général 123, 1915. 27 novembre 1916.

Le lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraire) (capitaine temporaire) G. H. Hensman, 88e régiment (Victoria Fusiliers) abandonne le grade temporaire de capitaine qui lui a été conféré par l'ordre général 108, 1915. 1er janvier 1916.

La démission du lieutenant provisoire (surnuméraires) J. McDowell, 90e régiment (Winnipeg Rifles), publiée dans l'ordre général 94, 1916, est cancellée par le présent.

Des commissions temporaires comme ci-après sont accordées aux messieurs ci-dessous mentionnés, tant qu'ils feront du service dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes :—

Sont nommés lieutenants :

Charles Anderson Krauss, gentilhomme. 30 janvier 1916.

Le sergent Edward Rushton (The Royal Canadian Regiment). 12 février 1916.

Bernard Rickart Hepburn, gentilhomme. 1er mars 1916.

Stanley Fraser Gordon, gentilhomme. 6 mars 1916.

Percy Blackwood Alloway, gentilhomme. 9 mars 1916.

Adrien Arthur St. Laurent,

Enoch Clifford Colby, gentilshommes. 27 mars 1916.

Harry Houghton Timmis, gentilhomme. 15 avril 1916.

Wilfrid Charles Percy Sullivan, gentilhomme. 20 juin 1916.

William Lee Young, gentilhomme. 1er septembre 1916.

Walter Henry Smith Gordon, gentilhomme. 23 septembre 1916.

Benjamin Bell Gray, gentilhomme. 5 octobre 1916.

Sont nommés lieutenants honoraires :

Ernest Stuart George, gentilhomme. 1er avril 1916.

La maréchal des logis chef instructeur (sous-officier à brevet) Burton E. Purdy, dragons royaux canadiens. 6 novembre 1916.

CONFIRMATION DE GRADE.

Les officiers ci-dessous, nommés provisoirement ayant passé l'examen exigé pour leurs nominations, sont confirmés dans leur grade à compter des dates apposées à leurs noms respectifs :—

Le capitaine H. A. Kent, corps de dressage des officiers canadiens, 10 octobre 1915.

Le lieutenant H. R. Thomson, 13e régiment, 5 décembre 1914.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. L. Smart, 5e régiment, 8 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. A. Neville, 43e régiment, 17 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire O. W. Lingham, 63e régiment, 12 août 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire E. McLaughlin, 71e régiment, 24 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. E. McElvoney, 71e régiment, 31 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. J. Anderson, 72e régiment, 23 juin 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire C. J. S. Mersereau, 73e régiment, 30 novembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire H. Tomkinson, 78e régiment, 27 septembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. D. Graham, 78e régiment, 15 février 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire R. W. Dill, 81e régiment, 15 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire A. B. Todd, 81e régiment, 14 janvier 1916.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire B. P. McLaine, 82e régiment, 8 décembre 1915.

Le lieutenant surnuméraire O. M. Biggar, 101e régiment, 6 juin 1916.

Par ordre,

W. S. Hodgins.

Major général,
Adjudant général suppléant.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

LES Commissaires du Service Civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir la position suivante dans la division intérieure du Service Civil du Canada :—

Un aide dans le laboratoire de l'épreuve du ciment du ministère des Travaux publics, dans la subdivision B de la troisième division, au traitement initial de $800 par année. Les candidats doivent être habiles à manier les outils du plombier, du charpentier, et du machiniste.

Les candidats doivent être sujets britanniques de naissance ou naturalisés, doivent avoir résidé au pays au moins trois ans, et être âgés d'au moins 18 ans et de pas plus de trente-cinq, excepté dans le cas de soldats revenus du front ou de personnes impropres au service actif pour lesquels il n'y a pas de limite d'âge.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 2 janvier prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 6 décembre 1916. 24–4

Columbia Automobile, Limited.— Automobile Columbia, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Joseph Antoine Ducharme, comptable, de la ville de Maisonneuve, dans la province de Québec ; Philippe Tremblay, courtier d'immeubles, Jean-Baptiste Hurteau et Antoine Zéphirin Poitras, manufacturiers, et Ildas Caisse, notaire, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, vendre, échanger, acquérir, louer, manufacturer, assembler, importer et exporter, transiger, en un mot faire commerce et faire affaires généralement en gros et en détail, à commission ou autrement de toutes espèces d'automobiles, carosseries d'automobiles, motocyclettes, tricyclettes et tous autres engins quelconques et moteurs de même nature et accessoires; tels que huiles, graisses, essence, pneus, caoutchoucs, uniformes de conducteurs, gants, casques, lunettes, imperméables, couvertes, pompes, leviers, outils, sacs à outil et tous matériels, accessoires, équipements, spécialités, articles et pièces quelconques nécessaires au bon fonctionnement de tels automobiles et moteurs et pour les fins du commerce en général ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, échanger, louer ou autrement acquérir, construire, installer, maintenir, utiliser et exploiter pour les fins de la compagnie des immeubles, manufactures, machines, dépôts, entrepôts, garages pour réparations ou autres fins semblables et nécessaires au susdit commerce; le tout à être payé avec des parts acquittées de la compagnie, par argent, marchandises, effets de commerce quelconques ou autres biens de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Annoncer, ouvrir, tenir et exploiter des salles d'échantillons aux fins d'activer, favoriser et étendre le commerce de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir en tout ou en partie le commerce (capital-actions), les agences, droits, privilèges, hypothèques, biens meubles ou immeubles, actions de toute personne ou compagnie faisant un commerce semblable à celui de cette compagnie, des débentures de toute corporation, municipalités ou de compagnie et de payer en tout ou en partie par agent, par billets promissoires, effets de commerce ou autres obligations, ou par des parts acquittées de la compagnie ou autres biens mobiliers ou immobiliers lui appartenant ;

(*e*) Payer également en actions acquittées de la compagnie ou autrement les propriétés, brevets, procédés, marques de commerce, ou l'usage d'iceux, ainsi que les services rendus ;

(*f*) Recevoir en paiement de biens, propriétés, actions, débentures et autres valeurs de la compagnie, des actions, débentures et autres valeurs d'autres compagnies, d'individus, de municipalités ou de corporations;

(*g*) Acquérir, posséder, échanger, acheter des parts dans d'autres compagnies incorporées pour les mêmes fins aux conditions jugées convenables par les directeurs de la compagnie;

(*h*) Se fusionner, conclure des arrangements et marchés aux fins de partager les profits et d'unir les intérêts avec ceux d'autres personnes ou compagnies incorporées faisant un commerce similaire à celui de cette compagnie;

(*i*) Souscrire et consentir des billets promissoires, effets de commerce et autres obligations de la compagnie pour les fins de son commerce;

(*j*) Faire, agir et exécuter généralement tous actes, procédés quelconques jugés nécessaires pour les fins de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Columbia Automobile, Limited"—"Automobile Columbia, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 10,000 actions de dix dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 19e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

26–2

Winnipeg & Transcona Realty Company, Limited—Compagnie Immobilière de Winnipeg & Transcona, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désignée *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes supplémentaires en date du 13ième jour de décembre 1916, augmentant le capital de la "Winnipeg & Transcona Realty Company, Limited," "Compagnie Immobilière de Winnipeg & Transcona, Limitée," de la somme de quatre-vingt-dix-neuf mille dollars à celle de cent quarante-neuf mille dollars, consistant en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie de manière à inclure les fins et objets suivants :—

(*a*) Emettre de ses fonds pour l'achat d'actions d'autres corporations faisant un genre d'affaires en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la compagnie, et aussi notamment, de souscrire, acquérir, détenir, échanger et revendre, soit comme principal ou soit comme agent, des parts ou actions et autres valeurs quelconques dans toutes compagnies légalement constituées et autorisées, faisant un genre d'affaires en tout ou en partie semblable à celui de la compagnie;

(*b*) Se fusionner avec toutes autres compagnies ayant des pouvoirs en tout ou en partie de même nature que ceux de la compagnie, ou exploitant un genre d'affaires se rapprochant de celui de la compagnie;

(*c*) Cultiver et autrement exploiter les terrains de la compagnie susdite ou partie d'iceux;

(*d*) Distribuer à ses actionnaires, en nature ou autrement, les propriétés de cette compagnie, actions, débentures ou valeurs quelconques dont elle pourra disposer;

(*e*) Exercer tous autres pouvoirs découlant de ceux ci-dessus mentionnés.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 13e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Anglo-Canadian Fisheries, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désignée *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 30e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Richard Tuson Heneker et Henry Noël Chauvin, tous deux conseil du Roi, Harold Earle Walker et John Noël Beauchamp, avocats, et Hugh Wylie, teneur de livres, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de pêcheurs et l'industrie de la pêche, y compris entre autres choses, la pêche, le marinage, le séchage, le fumage, la préservation, la mise en conserves, l'emballage, l'importation, l'exportation, l'achat, la vente et autre disposition du poisson et des produits du poisson de toute description, leurs huiles, fertilisants et autres sous-produits, des huîtres, homards et toutes espèces de mollusques, pêcher, acheter, emmagasiner, vendre, distribuer de la boitte et des poissons de toute description, frais, salés ou gelés, s'engager dans et exercer l'industrie des conserves en boîte, du marinage et de l'emballage du homard, pêcher, acheter, vendre, emballer. mariner, mettre en conserves le homard et le poisson;

(*b*) Acheter, louer et autrement acquérir et posséder des terres quelles qu'en soient la description et la situation, des lots de grève, des droits et privilèges de quaiage, des droits de pêche, de pêche à la traul et à la seine et autres servitudes, droits et privilèges quels qu'ils soient ;

(*c*) Construire ou autrement acquérir, exploiter, contrôler, gérer, louer et disposer de ;

1° Chalutiers, bateaux et appareils de pêche, remorqueurs, bateaux, chalands, allèges, navires, bateaux à vapeur et autres vaisseaux de toute description, quais, bassins, jetées, rampes et travaux pour l'amélioration de la navigation et l'exercice de la pêche, de la pêche à la baleine et autres opérations, aussi des structures, appareils et équipements pour des fins de pêche, de pêche à la baleine, pêche à la seine et à traul ou la pêche au phoque ou pour la manutention de leur trafic sous toutes ses formes et descriptions ;

2° Usines, magasins, entrepôts, établissements de pisiculture, ateliers, entrepôts frigorifiques, bâtiments et outillage pour la réfrigération, hangars, bureaux, structures, outillage, appareils, équipement, machinerie pour le nettoyage, le marinage, la mise en conserves, l'emballage, l'emmagasinage, la manutention ou autres dispositions des produits et sous-produits de la pêche et des pêcheries de toute description ou pour les opérations de la pêche à la baleine et au phoque ou de toute autre opération exercée occasionnellement par la compagnie ;

3. Moulins, machinerie, ateliers, fabriques, usines, appareils, équipement de toute description pour la manutention, fabrication ou vente de tous produits ou sous-produits provenant des opérations de la compagnie ou d'aucune combinaison de tels produits ou sous-produits avec toute autre matière ou chose quelle qu'elle soit ;

4. Réservoirs, barrages, aqueducs, canaux, flumes, drains, ponts, chemins et tous autres travaux, appareils et équipement se rapportant à ce qui précède.

5. Usines de force motrice, outillage, machinerie, équipement et usines pour la production, distribution et utilisation d'aucune espèce de pouvoir pour l'éclairage, le chauffage ou aucune autre fin ;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer de bidons, barils, boîtes, emballages et autres réceptacles pouvant contenir des produits alimentaires ; manufacturer, vendre et trafiquer de tous produits de toute description, exercer toute industrie ou industrie subsidiaires, auxiliaires au similaires aux industries mentionnées dans ces sous-paragraphes que la compagnie jugera opportun d'exercer pour les aider ou pour les remplacer ;

(*e*) Manufacturer et trafiquer de fertilisants et glue provenant des poissons, raffiner les huiles obtenues des poissons ;

(*f*) Acheter, vendre et faire le sauvetage des vaisseaux naufragés de toutes sortes, leurs matériaux, appareils et cargaison, posséder et employer des bateaux à vapeur pour sauvetage, des allèges, pompes et autres appareils de sauvetage ;

(*g*) Récolter, fabriquer, acheter, vendre et distribuer de la glace en gros et en détail ;

(*h*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir, tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif, non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser aucun secret ou autre information se rapportant à aucune invention pouvant être de nature à être employée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition semble, directement ou indirectement devoir être avantageuse à cette compagnie ; les utiliser, exploiter, développer, en octroyer des licences, ou autrement mettre à profit les propriétés, droits, intérêts ou informations ainsi acquis ;

(*j*) S'amalgamer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autremeut avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*k*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*l*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité, municipale, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités les licences, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, exécuter, détenir, exploiter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements ;

(*m*) Etablir, soutenir et aider à l'établissement et au soutien d'associations, institutions, fonds, fidéi-commis, et commodités de nature à profiter aux employés ou ex-employés de la compagnie ou de ses prédécesseurs en affaires, ou les personnes qui dépendent ou sont apparentées à ces employés ou ex-employés, et accorder des pensions et allocations, et faire des paiements dans un but d'assurance, et souscrire ou garantir des deniers pour des fins de charité ou de bienfaisance ou pour toute exposition ou pour toutes fins publiques, générales ou utiles ;

(*n*) Promouvoir toute compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir toutes ou aucune des propriétés et engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera de nature à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*o*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses affaires et en particulier des machineries, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*p*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, exploiter, gérer, conduire, contrôler aucuns chemins, routes, embranchements, voies d'évitement, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau dans des installations de force motrice, quais, manufactures, entrepôts, usines électriques pour le développement et la distribution de l'énergie électrique pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et autres fins, ateliers, magasins, et autres travaux et commodités qui pourront être directement ou indirectement de nature à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie et contribuer, subventionner ou autrement aider ou prendre part à leur construction, amélioration, entretien, exploitation, gérance, exécution ou contrôle, vendre et distribuer tout excédent de pouvoir électrique non requis pour les fins de la compagnie, sujet aux règlements locaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*q*) Acquérir et assumer tout ou partie de l'industrie, propriété, achalandage et biens d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie et, comme partie de la compensation pour telles acquisitions, assumer tous ou aucun des engagements de telle personne, maison ou compagnie;

(*r*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou immobilière, services, droits, baux, affaires, franchises, entreprises, pouvoirs, privilèges, licences ou concessions que cette compagnie peut légalement acquérir, et en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable ou se rapportant à l'industrie de cette compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi ;

(*s*) Rémunérer, avec le consentement des actionnaires, toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant au placement ou en garantissant le placement de toutes parts du capital de la compagnie, ou d'aucunes débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie relativement à la formation ou à la promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*t*) Développer, faire valoir aucune terre acquise par la compagnie ou dans laquelle elle est intéressée et en particulier en la disposant et la préparant pour des fins de culture et de construction, en construisant, modifiant, démolissant, décorant, entretenant, aménageant et améliorant des édifices et commodités, en plantant, pavant, égoutant, affermant, cultivant, louant sur des baux ou sur des contrats de construction ;

(*u*) Distribuer parmi les membres, par dividendes ou autrement, aucune des propriétés de la compagnie en espèces ou en nature et particulièrement les actions libérées, débentures, ou débentures-stock d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*v*) Tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque des présentes, ne sera ni limité, ni restreint par induction ou déduction de tout autre paragraphe ;

(*w*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter, émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables et transférables;

(*x*) Vendre ou disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie;

(*y*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, par l'achat et l'exposition de travaux d'art ou d'intérêt, la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons;

(*z*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Anglo-Canadian Fisheries, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante mille dollars, divisé en 400 actions de cent dollars chacune et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de Montréal, dans la pro-vince de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Lytle Engineering Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 30e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drenuan, sténographe, Herbert William Jackson et Michael Joseph O'Brien, commis, et Frank Breadon Common, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, faire des contrats et trafiquer de toutes espèces de fournitures pour les ingénieurs et les usines, exercer l'industrie de fondeurs de fer, fondeurs de cuivre, ingénieurs-mécaniciens, électriciens et hydrauliciens, fabricants de presses, ouvriers en métaux, fabricants de locomotives et de chaudières, constructeurs de moulins, métallurgistes, convertisseurs de fer et d'acier, forgerons, ouvriers en bois, constructeurs, peintres, machinistes ; vendre, acheter, manufacturer, réparer, convertir, modifier, prendre et donner en location et disposer de machinerie, instruments, matériel roulant, outils et quincaillerie de tous genres ;

(*b*) Pour les fins susdites exercer l'industrie de l'extraction, fonte, manipulation, essaie, affinage, concentration, bocardage, reduction, précipitation, vaporisation, analyse, achat et vente de tous genres de minéraux, minerais, métaux et exercer généralement l'industrie d'une compagnie d'extraction, réduction, affinage et bocardage dans toutes ses spécialités ; exercer le commerce ou l'industrie de propriétaires de charbonnages, fabricants de coke, peintures et broyeurs de couleurs, marchands de couleurs et d'huiles, fabricants et négociants de ciments, huiles, pigments, vernis et autres préparations chimiques et industrielles de toutes descriptions dans toutes leurs branches respectives;

(*c*) Manufacturer, installer et disposer d'aucune ou de toutes espèces de matériel roulant, appareils, équipement, effets, articles et marchandises, vaisseaux, locomotives, locomobiles, et autres machines à vapeur, moteurs et appareils électriques étant employés de quelque manière que ce soit dans le transport des personnes ou des biens ; manufacturer, vendre des chassis et roues de wagon et toutes ou aucune partie de chassis de wagons, de wagons et tous leurs accessoires ainsi que tous les équipements, accessoires et spécialités pour wagons et chemins de fer;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, trafiquer de quincaillerie pour machines agricoles, instruments et outils pour l'agriculture, instruments de tous genres et descriptions et toute autre espèce de machinerie, menus instruments et quincaillerie, exercer également l'industrie d'une agence générale pour les manufacturiers de fournitures et de spécialités de quincaillerie ;

(*e*) Faire, batir, construire, exploiter, entretenir tous travaux publics ou privés, entreprises, constructions et opérations, exercer généralement l'industrie d'un entrepreneur privé et public ;

(*f*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profirable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement tout ou partie de toute propriété foncière nécessaire aux entreprises de la compagnie, y bâtir, ériger, construire, entretenir et exploiter des magasins, fabriques, entrepôts et autres bâtiments;

(*h*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement ou assumer tout ou partie des biens, affaires, propriétés ou engagements d'aucune personne, maison on compagnie exerçant une industrie en tont ou en partie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie;

(*i*) Payer pour les biens, affaires, propriétés ou droits acquis par la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou à rendre à la compagnie, en espèces ou en actions libérées ou en aucune valeur que la compagnie a le pouvoir d'émettre, ou partie d'une manière et partie d'une autre ou d'autres, et généralement à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie pourra déterminer;

(*j*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de la propriété de l'entreprise et des biens de la compagnie pour telle compensation et a tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*l*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucun gouvernement, autorité municipale ou locale ou avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou entreprendre une industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie ; et garantir les contrats avec ou sans cautionnement, ou prêter des fonds ou aider autrement toute telle personne ou compagnie ou toute personne ou compagnie entreprenant de construire ou d'améliorer toute propriété dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée ;

(*m*) Distribuer en espèces parmi les actionnaires, par voie de dividendes, boni ou d'aucune manière jugée opportune, toute propriété de la compagnie ou tout produit de la vente ou de la disposition d'aucune propriété de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Exercer, faire aucune des affaires, actes et choses, ci-dessus mentionnés comme principaux, agents ou par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointment avec un autre ou d'autres ;

(*o*) Faire tout ce qui sera nécessaire, convenable ou à propos pour l'accomplissement de l'une ou plusieurs des fins ou permettant d'atteindre un ou plusieurs des objets ci-dessus énumérés ;

(*q*) L'intention est que les objets spécifiés dans les clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*) et (*g*) des présentes soient des objets indépendants, et ne soient aucunement limités ou restreints par déduction ou induction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ou du nom de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Lyttle Engineering Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Wood Bros., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 1er jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Gerald Baxter Wood, marchand et Charles Albert Hale, avocat, tous deux de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, John Wesley Blair et Francis Joseph Laverty, conseil du Roi, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, et Archibald Frederick Wood, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba, marchand, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de marchands en gros et en détail, manufacturiers et exportateurs de papiers peints, peintures, vernis, huiles, glue, jute, meubles, couvertures pour meubles, marchandises pour tapissiers, rideaux, tapis, carpettes, tableaux, cadres, moulures, accessoires, métaux, platre solide et fibreux, pierre artificielle et toute autre marchandise ou commodité nécessaire ou généralement employée dans les décorations extérieures et l'ameublement des maisons, bureaux, batiments et constructions de tous genres, agir comme agent et négociants dans telles spécialités et comme entrepreneurs généraux dans l'industrie de la décoration extérieure ;

(*b*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et assumer tout ou partie des biens, affaires, propriétés, privilèges, contrats, droits, engagements, obligations de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer, ou aucune industrie semblable, ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de la compagnie ou qu'elle a, par les présentes, le pouvoir d'acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, les payer en espèces ou en actions de la compagnie complètement ou partiellement libérées non sujettes à appels de fonds, ou des deux manières, ou d'aucune autre manière que ce soit ;

(*c*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir et détenir, employer (sur bail, licence ou autrement), exercer, développer, introduire, vendre, céder, louer ou autrement disposer ou faire valoir tous brevets, marques de fabrique, inventions, droits d'auteur, perfectionnements, procédés, concessions et choses de même nature utiles pour les affaires de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Vendre, louer, échanger, faire valoir ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de tout ou partie des propriétés, biens de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, y compris des actions, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette ou d'aucune autre compagnie, et distribuer parmi ses actionnaires tous deniers, valeurs ou autre compensation ainsi reçus ;

(*e*) Nonobstant l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acquérir, détenir, vendre et autrement disposer d'actions ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant pour aucun de ses objets l'exercice d'aucun des pouvoirs de cette compagnie, et s'amalgamer avec aucune telle compagnie ;

(*f*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, avec toute personne, maison ou corporation exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, faire des avances de fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider telle personne ou compagnie ou aucun des clients de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Payer pour toute propriété, droits ou privilèges acquis ou, avec l'approbations des actionnaires, pour services rendus à la compagnie par l'émission d'actions du capital-stock de cette compagnie complètement ou partiellement libérées et non sujettes à appel de fonds ;

(*h*) Exercer toute autre industrie manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec son industrie qui semblera directement ou indirectement de nature à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou droits de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Payer toutes les dépenses se rapportant à l'obtention de la charte d'incorporation ou aux formalités de l'organisation de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Faire aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs, gérants, surveillants ou autrement ;

(*k*) Les pouvoirs, objets et fins de la compagnie ci-dessus mentionnés seront séparés et non dépendants les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre ou exercer aucun ou plusieurs de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins sans égard aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune autre clause de tels objets, pouvoirs ou fins.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Wood Bros, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 5e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Mooney Chocolate Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 24e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Eratus Edwin Howard & Jacob DeWitt, avocats, Harold Ernest Andrews Rose, étudiant en droit, Henry Charles McNeil, comptable et Hélène Burns, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :

(*a*) Manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, vendre, échanger et autrement trafiquer et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises de toutes descriptions;

(*b*) Souscrire, acheter ou autrement acquérir du stock, des actions. obligations, débentures ou autres engagements ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, promouvoir ou s'amalgamer avec toute autre compagnie, individu ou maison, exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations ou en actions libérées de cette compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, et détenir, telle propriété mobilière ou immobilière jugée nécessaire et requise pour les fins des affaires de la compagnie y compris des magasins, entrepôts, ateliers de construction de machines, fonderies, quais, bassins et autres établissements, les ériger et construire là et quand il en sera jugé convenable ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie, en tout ou en partie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir et détenir des valeurs de toute espèce, foncières ou personnelles, pour dettes, engagements, et obligations de la compagnie en rapport avec ses fins et objets, améliorer, gérer, développer, vendre, louer ou disposer d'aucune des propriétés et droits de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Exercer ou promouvoir une compagnie exerçant aucune autre industrie, manufacture ou autre, alliée à aucun des objets ci-dessus spécifiés ;

(*h*) Exercer tous les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés comme principaux ou comme agents pour d'autres, à commission, en participation aux bénéfices ou autrement.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " The Mooney Chocolate Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent soixante-quinze mille dollars, divisé en 1,750 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

J. Einstein, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 5e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Charles Macpherson Holt, conseil du Roi, Errol Malcolm MacDougall et Pierre François Casgrain, avocats, John Buchanan Henderson, commis, et John Alden Aylen, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Prendre comme une industrie active l'industrie jusqu'à ce jour exercée dans la cité de Montréal et ailleurs en Canada, sous les noms et raison sociale de " J. Einstein, Inc," importateurs, et donner en compensation des actions libérées du capital-actions de la compagnie ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, importer, acheter, vendre, trafiquer de draps de tous genres, cuirs, soies, et autres fournitures et tissus employés ou pouvant être employés dans la fabrication, vente, manipulation ou emploi des chaussures, accessoires et fournitures pour chaussures ; manufacturer, importer, acheter, vendre et disposer de tissus de tous genres et nature pour chaussures ; exercer l'industrie de l'importation, négoce, et fabrication d'aucun et de tous les accessoires utilisés, requis ou employés dans la fabrication et la production des chaussures ; acheter, vendre et disposer comme principaux, agents ou autrement d'aucun ou de tous tels accessoires, exercer en général un commerce d'importation et de marchandises et en particulier l'industrie de l'importation, de la manutention et de la disposition de tous les genres de tissus, articles, accessoires et marchandises se rapportant d'une manière quelconque à la fabrication des bottes, souliers et autres articles ;

(*c*) Exercer une industrie manufacturière et mercantile ; produire, acheter, vendre, disposer en rapport avec icelle, d'aucune et de toutes marchandises que, de temps à autre, la compagnie trouvera avantageuses, sans particulièrement définir, classer ou décrire les diverses espèces de fabrication qui seront faites et les marchandises qui seront achetées, vendues ou disposées comme susdit.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " J. Einstein, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 100 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 6e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

A. H. Chave & Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 5e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Archibald Henry Chave, de la ville de Woodlands, dans la province de Québec, marchand, Clifford LaRue Morham, marchand, Philipp Brais, étudiant, Clara Thomas et Ella Jackson, sténographes, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Couper, rentrer, traiter, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, exporter, importer et autrement trafiquer de bois de service, de charpente et de bois de tous genres et description, traiter, préparer, manufacturer, acheter, vendre, exporter, importer et généralement disposer d'articles de toutes espèces et description dans la fabrication desquels le bois est employé et dans toute espèce de meubles, agencement, meubles, fixes, machines, instruments, outils, crépins, commodités ou accessoires se rapportant en aucune manière aux choses ci-dessus ou à aucun des objets de la compagnie ; les préparer ainsi que tous tels autres articles pour le marché, exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de la fabrication et de la vente du bois de service, de charpente et de la pâte de bois ;

(*b*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir des biens fonciers, terres, locations, droits de surface, limites forestières, terres boisées et terres à bois, lots de grève, droits de rivière, mines, droits miniers, droits du gouvernement, droits municipaux et autres, privilèges, franchises, servitudes, licences de tous genres ou aucun intérêt dans ces choses ; les explorer, travailler, exercer, opérer, vendre, disposer, échanger ou autrement en disposer ;

(*c*) Acquérir par bail, acheter, posséder et disposer de machinerie, instruments, commodités et choses capables d'être employées ou étant nécessaires ou utiles d'aucune manière à l'exercice des opérations ci-dessus mentionnées ; développer, accumuler, utiliser le pouvoir mécanique, hydraulique ou tout autre genre de force motrice pour les fins de cette entreprise ;

(*d*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, prendre l'industrie, entreprise, propriété, biens, franchises, achalandage, droits et privilèges de toute personne, maison ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces ou en actions libérées, obligations ou débentures de cette compagnie, ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou corporation, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer, en tout ou en partie, des affaires, entreprise, propriété, engagements, franchises et privilèges de cette compagnie à toute personne, maison ou corporation pour telle compensation et garantie que la compagnie jugera convenables, et particulièrement pour des actions, obligations, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune compagnie ayant des objets, en tout ou en partie, semblables, alliés ou se rapportant aux objets de cette compagnie et, sans limiter la généralité de ce qui précède, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acquérir, détenir, posséder et disposer des actions, obligations, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre corporation ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir et disposer de tous brevets d'invention, licences, concessions et chose de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de cette compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée être utile ou propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à l'exercice des objets pour lesquels l'incorporation est actuellement demandée ;

(*f*) Vendre tout ou partie de l'industrie par un vote de la majorité des actionnaires, conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, la consolidation, l'amalgamation, les concessions réciproques avec toute compagnie, maison, ou personne exerçant une industrie semblable ou alliée d'aucune manière aux objets de cette compagnie, aider en garantissant les contrats par cautionnement, endossement, prêt ou accommodation toute telle compagnie, maison ou personne ;

(*g*) Exercer aucune autre industrie que la compagnie jugera capable de pouvoir être convenablement exercée en rapport avec aucun des objets pour lesquels l'incorporation est maintenant demandée ou de nature, directement ou indirectement à faire avancer, profiter ou à étendre la portée et les intentions de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront limités ni restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "A. H. Chave & Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 6e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

25-2

The Macfarlane Shoe, Limited.

AVIS est donne au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 4e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Walter Seely Johnson, avocat, Frederick Wilson Fairman, agent financer, William Smith Wilson, comptable, et Sheila Mary Coates et Josie Edwards, sténographes, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes:—

(*a*) Manufacturer, exporter, importer, acheter, vendre et autrement traiter, trafiquer et disposer de bottes, souliers, guêtres et de chaussures de toutes espèces et descriptions, et exercer généralement l'industrie de manufacturiers et de marchands ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, importer, exporter et généralement disposer de tous produits, matériaux, effets, articles, marchandises et autres choses entrant d'aucune manière dans la fabrication des bottes, souliers, guêtres et de toutes descriptions de chaussures, de leurs parties constituantes et de leurs accessoires ;

(*c*) Agir comme agents, marchands commissionnaires, courtiers et représentants d'autres compagnies, personnes ou entreprises exerçant une industrie semblable, engager ou s'arranger avec des sous-agents et correspondants pour ouvrir des salles d'échantillons et faire toutes autres choses utiles à telles fins ;

(*d*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, acheter et acquérir de toute manière et posséder, détenir, avec ou sans garantie, les actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune corporation manufacturière ou autre, ou d'entreprise exerçant une industrie semblable à celle de cette compagnie ou les promouvoir, contribuer, subventionner ou autrement aider, s'amalgamer ou faire aucun arrangement pratique avec toute personne, compagnie ou entreprise exerçant aucune entreprise semblable, gérer, exploiter et conduire la propriété, entreprises et affaires d'aucune telle industrie, les acquérir y compris leur achalandage, droits, engagements et autres accessoires par achat, bail ou autrement ; émettre, répartir, délivrer comme libérées et non sujettes à appels les actions, débentures et autres valeurs de cette compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucunes valeurs, droits ou choses qu'elle peut acquérir et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, en paiement total ou partiel pour tous services rendus à la compagnie en rapport avec sa promotion, organisation, ses affaires ou autrement ;

(*e*) Acheter, vendre, disposer ou autrement contrôler des brevets, acquérir et détenir des licences de brevets et droits de brevets, octroyer à d'autres telle licence ou licences, brevets et droits ; manufacturer, vendre et autrement trafiquer et disposer d'aucun article breveté, appareil ou machinerie que la compagnie peut posséder

ou dans lesquels elle peut être intéressée ou qu'elle pourrait, plus tard, acquérir d'après et en vertu de tels brevets ou licences ;

(*f*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des des bénéfices, l'union des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne ou compagnie ou entreprise exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, et promouvoir, aider à promouvoir et devenir actionnaire ou participant dans aucune telle compagnie ou entreprise, en acheter ou acquérir les actions et valeurs, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, les détenir, vendre, réémettre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*g*) Faire des avances, garantir les obligations, les contrats ou autrement aider de toute manière toute compagnie dont les actions du capital-stock, obligations ou autres engagements sont, en tout ou en partie, détenus par cette compagnie ; faire tous les actes et choses pour préserver, améliorer, augmenter la valeur d'aucunes telles actions, obligations ou engagements, et, de la même manière, avancer des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute personne ou compagnie ayant des engagements commerciaux avec la compagnie ou lui étant endettée ;

(*h*) Acquérir l'achalandage, la propriété, droits et biens, assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison, corporation ou entreprise endettée en vers la compagnie ou faisant des affaires semblables à celles que la compagnie fait, les payer totalement on partiellement en espèces, en obligations ou en actions, ou en actions complètement libérées et non sujettes a appels de fonds ou en valeurs de cette compagnie ou autrement ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie de ses biens, achalandage, droits et engagements de toute nature pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, y compris des actions, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune autre corporation ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la compagnie, et distribuer parmi ses actionnaires tous deniers, valeurs ou autre compensation ainsi reçus ;

(*j*) Payer toutes les dépenses se rapportant à l'obtention de la charte d'incorporation ou en rapport avec la formation et l'organisation de la compagnie, faire toutes choses utiles et nécessaires pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus, promouvoir toute compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir tout ou partie des entreprises, biens, droits ou engagements de cette compagnie ou pour toute autre fin qui semblera avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*k*) Exercer toute industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie croira capable d'être convenablement exercée en rapport avec son commerce, ou censée augmenter directement ou indirectement la valeur des biens ou droits de la compagnie, ou les rendre profitables ;

(*l*) Prêter des fonds aux personnes ou compagnies ayant des relations avec la compagnie, placer et disposer des fonds ou biens non immédiatement requis pour les fins de la compagnie comme il pourra sembler opportun, placer des fonds pour le compte d'aucune autre compagnie ou individu et répondre de la garantie de tels placements ;

(*m*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité ou gouvernement municipal, local ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objects de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, subsides et autres bénéfices que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ; faire licencier, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes pour faire tels actes et choses nécessaires d'après les lois de tel pays pou r représenter la compagnie et lui permettre d'exercer son industrie ou poursuivre ses affaires là et ailleurs ;

(*n*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir, détenir, louer, vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer de biens fonciers, terres, bâtiments ou autre propriété ou droits nécessaires ou utiles pour aucune des affaires de la compagnie, les payer totalement on partiellement en espèces, en obligations ou par une émission d'actions libérées non sujettes à des appels de fonds ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie ou autrement ;

(*o*) Produire et accumuler de l'électricité, du pouvoir électrique ou autre énergie similaire on autrement, les employer et fournir pour des fins de force motrice, d'éclairage et de chauffage en rapport avec l'industrie de la compagnie, vendre et disposer de l'excédent d'électricité et de pouvoir électrique pour des fins de force motrice, éclairage et chauffage, sujet aux lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux ;

(*p*) Faire aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs, gérants, surveillants ou autrement, par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, et faire toutes autres choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus mentionnés ;

(*q*) Les objets, pouvoirs et fins, ci-dessus mentionnés de la compagnie seront séparés et non dépendant les uns des autres, et la compagnie pourra poursuivre et exercer aucun de tels objets, pouvoirs et fins sans égards aux autres et aucune clause ne sera limitée dans sa généralité ou autrement interprétée par rapport à aucune clause de tels objets, pouvoirs et fins ou autrement;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Macfarlane Shoe, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quatre cent mille dolars, divisé en 4,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 6e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Wireless Press, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Richard Tuson Heneker et Henry Noël Chauvin, tous deux conseil du Roi, Harold Earle Walker et Jean Beauchamp, avocats, et Hugh Wylie, teneur de livres, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes ;

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de fabricants de papeterie, imprimeurs, éditeurs, graveurs, lithographes et relieurs, exercer généralement toute industrie d'une semblable nature, faire toute chose se rapportant au commerce des papetiers et éditeurs ; imprimer, publier, manufacturer, vendre, trafiquer de papeterie, papier, livres, périodiques, magazines, pamphlets, journaux, annonces, lithographies et électrotypes y compris des nouvelles ou informations de toute description de cette nature ; agir comme agents pour la fabrication, impression, publication et vente des mêmes articles ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement et disposer du droit d'auteur d'aucun livre, article ou gravure, sur lesquels existe un droit d'auteur ;

(*c*) Acheter et acquérir toute industrie d'une nature semblable, acheter et acquérir aucun intérêt ou contrôle dans toute industrie d'une nature semblable, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, obligations ou stock libéré de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter, et détenir du stock et obligations de toute compagnie exerçant une industrie de même nature ;

(*e*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices ou l'union des intérêts avec aucune autre personne ou compagnie exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer une industrie semblable aux objets de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement et détenir toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire et requise pour les fins des affaires de la compagnie y compris des fabriques, magasins, entrepôts et autres établissements, les ériger, construire, exploiter quand et où nécessaires, les vendre, louer ou autrement en disposer ;

(*g*) Emettre et répartir comme libéré du stock, des actions du capital actions de la compagnie comme com-

pensation totale ou partielle pour marchandises ou propriété achetées ou prises, pour travaux faits, garanties données ou devant être données, ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus ou qu'il est convenu de rendre à la compagnie dans la poursuite des objets de la compagnie y compris les services rendus ou à rendre par les promoteurs de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Wireless Press, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 100 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 4e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Three Rivers Industrial Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 27e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Télesphore Adalbert Lymburner et Joseph Alfred Lymburner, manufacturiers, Eugène Lemieux, comptable, et Joseph Arthur Raoul Lymburner, teneur de livres, tous de la cité de Trois-Rivières, dans la province de Québec, et Gustave Brault, gentilhomme, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer le commerce et l'industrie de manufacturiers et faire le commerce d'alumine, cuivre, fer, acier et bois, et de tous articles de quelque nature que ce soit fabriqués avec les produits ci-dessus dans la manière qu'ils peuvent être employés ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, concession, échange ou autrement, construire, ériger, mettre en opération, posséder maintenir, et gérer, louer, vendre et disposer de quelque façon que ce soit toutes manufactures et établissements, entrepôts, dépôts, cours, et salles d'engin, voies d'évitement et autres structures et bâtisses nécessaires et utiles pour les opérations de la compagnie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière, réelle, et personnelle, corporelle ou incorporelle, contrats, concessions, franchises, entreprises, bénéfices, droits et privilèges nécessaires, utiles ou avantageux pour la gestion d'aucun des commerces que la compagnie est autorisée à faire, et de payer pour telle propriété, mobilière ou immobilière, contrats, concessions, privilèges, droits, et bénéfices, et pour l'obtention d'iceux, soit en tout ou en partie, en débentures ou en parts payées et non sujettes aux contributions soit communes ou préférentielles, ou avec aucune autre valeur de la dite compagnie ;

(*c*) Demander, obtenir, enregistrer, acheter, louer ou prendre sous licence, soit sur royauté ou autrement, acquérir et posséder, usager, posséder, opérer, jouir et introduire, vendre, transporter ou disposer autrement de toutes marques de commerce, noms de commerce, patentes d'invention, améliorations et procédés, enrégistrés ou autres utiles aux fins de la compagnie, se servir, exercer, développer, accorder des licences les concernant ou autrement, tourner à profit toutes telles marques de commerce, noms de commerce et inventions, licences, procédés ainsi que toute autre propriété ou droits s'y rapportant ;

(*d*) Faire des arrangements avec toutes autorités souveraines, municipales, locales ou autres, ou avec aucune compagnie, société ou personne qui pourrait être utile aux fins de la compagnie ou à aucun d'iceux, et obtenir de telles autorités aucuns droits, privilèges, concessions, contrats, garanties, que la compagnie croira désirable d'obtenir, et exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges, contrats et concessions, et payer pour tels contrats ou pour l'obtention d'iceux soit en tout ou en partie en argent ou soit en tout ou en partie avec des parts acquittées de la compagnie, ou en débentures, opérations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Exercer aucun commerce ou négoce, ou industrie, soit de manufacture ou autre qui peuvent être exercés en rapport avec les fins de la compagnie, ou qui pourraient lui être profitables ;

(*f*) Nonobstant les provisions de la section 44 de la dite Loi, acheter et acquérir et posséder, tenir, vendre ou émettre les parts, débentures, obligations, ou autres suretés de telle compagnie eu corporation, et payer pour icelles en tout ou en partie en argent, parts obligations, débentures ou autres suretés de la compagnie, et de garantir le paiement du principal des dividendes et intérêt sur icelles parts, obligations, débentures ou autres suretés, gérer, opérer et faire fonctionner la propriété, franchises, industrie, et affaires de telle corporation dans aucune des parts, obligations, débentures, ou autres, sûretés tenues par la compagnie pour telle rémunération que les directeurs trouveront convenable ;

(*g*) Emettre, distribuer pleinement, acquitter les parts du capital-actions de la compagnie en paiement entier ou partiel d'aucune propriété, mobilière ou immobilière, personnelle, et de tous droits, contrats, privilèges, bénéfices ou concessions utiles ou profitables à la compagnie;

(*h*) Promouvoir ou assister à promouvoir, devenire accorder dans aucune compagnie exerçant ou se propo, sant d'exercer ou autorisée à exercer, ou ayant pour son objet les mises en opération d'aucun cominerce, négoc- ou industrie en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie, et faire tels arrangements pour diviser les profits, communauté d'intérêts, entreprises conjointes, concessions réciproques, ou autrement, avec telle personne ou compagnie, et nonobstant les provisions de la section 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou acquérir autrement les parts et sûretés de telle compagnie, et de payer pour icelles en tout ou en partie en parts, obligations, ou autres sûretés de la compagnie, et de tenir, vendre, émettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, intérêt et dividendes, ou disposer d'icelles d'autres manières;

(*i*) Acquérir le good-will, propriété, droits et l'actif et assumer les obligations de toute personne, société et compagnie, débitrice de la compagnie, ou faisant un commerce semblable à celui de la compagnie, et payer pour iceux en argent ou en parts acquittées en débentures ou autres sûretés de la compagnie ;

(*j*) S'amalgamer avec toute autre compagnie ayant des fins tout à fait ou en partie semblables à celles de la compagnie, et acquérir par achat, location ou autrement, les totalités ou aucune partie de l'actif, franchise, droits, entreprises et commerce de telle corporation, et en assumer les obligations, et de payer pour icelles en tout ou en partie en argent, parts, débentures ou autres sûretés de la compagnie ;

(*k*) Vendre, louer ou disposer autrement de l'actif, droits, contrats, franchises et entreprises de la compagnie, et d'aucune partie d'icelle, pour telle considération que les directeurs jugeront convenable, et en particulier pour des parts, débentures, obligations ou autres sûretés d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets entièrement ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie, nonobstant les provisions de la section 44 de la dite Loi ;

(*l*) Distribuer en espèce ou en nature ou autrement tel qu'il sera décidé par les directeurs de la compagnie, aucune partie de l'actif de la compagnie parmi ses membres, et notamment les parts, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs de toute autre compagnie à qui pourraient être transportés en tout ou en partie l'actif ou les dettes de la compagnie ;

(*m*) Accepter en paiement de toutes dettes de la compagnie, parts, obligations, débentures ou autres sûretés d'autres compagnies ;

(*n*) Faire des avances en argent à toute personne, corporation ou compagnie faisant affaires avec elle, et garantir l'exécution de contrats pour telle personne ou compagnie ;

(*o*) Acheter, louer ou acquérir autrement, et tenir, exercer et jouir de toutes propriétés, contrats, franchises, good-will, droits, pouvoirs, bénéfices et privilèges, tenant ou appartenant ou exercés par toute personne, société ou compagnie ou corporation exerçant ou autorisées à faire aucun commerce semblable en tout ou en partie à celui que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, soit en son nom ou au nom de telle personne, société, corporation ou compagnie, et de payer pour telle propriété, contrats, franchises, good-will, droits, pouvoirs, bénéfices et privilèges, soit en tout

ou en partie en argent ou en tout ou en partie en parts acquittées et non sujettes aux contributions de cette compagnie ou autrement, et assumer les dettes et obligations de telle personne, société ou compagnie ;

(*p*) Aider en aucune manière aucune corporation dans aucune partie des parts ou du capital actions des débentures ou autres obligations tenues par la compcompagnie ou garanties par elle, et faire tous actes ou autres choses pour la conservation, la protection, l'amélioration ou la mise en valeur de telles parts du capital-actions, les débentures ou autres obligations, et de faire tous actes ou choses tendant ou de nature à augmenter la valeur d'aucune propriété, mobilière ou immobilière, réelle ou personnelle, en aucun temps tenue ou controlée par cette compagnie ;

(*q*) Placer ou disposer des argents des propriétés de la compagnie non immédiatement requis, pour l'achat de telles valeurs, et de telle manière qui sera de temps en temps déterminée par les directeurs ;

(*r*) Tous pouvoirs accordés en aucun paragraphe des présentes ne seront limités ou restreints par référence à ou inférence d'aucuns des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe d'icelles ou par référence à ou inférence du nom de la compagnie ;

(*s*) Rémunérer par des paiements en argent ou avec le consentement des actionnaires en parts, débentures, ou d'aucune autre manière, aucune personne ou personnes ou corporation ou corporations, pour des services rendus en plaçant ou en assistant à placer, ou en garantissant le placement des parts, du capital-actions, obligations, débentures ou autres sûretés de la compagnie, ou en rapport avec la formation ou la promotion de la compagnie ou par l'obtention d'aucun négoce que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Three Rivers Industrial Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Trois-Rivières, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 13e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
25–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Atlas Metal & Alloys Company of Canada, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 1er jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Charles Macpherson Holt & Alexandre Chase-Casgrain, tous deux Conseil du Roi, Errol Malcolm McDougall, avocat, John Buchanan Henderson, commis, et Beatrice Ysolde Brandt, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la Province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie d'ouvriers en métaux, machinistes, ouvriers en bois, constructeurs, fabricants de boîtes, métallurgistes, marchands, fondeurs, mouleurs de métaux et toute industrie de même nature ;

(*b*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir des intérêts dans aucun brevet, brevet d'invention, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif, non exclusif ou limité d'employer aucun secret ou autre information concernant toute invention se rapportant aux métaux et alliages pour coussinets et toute invention, en général dont la compagnie pensera pouvoir disposer avantageusement ;

(*c*) Employer, exercer, développer, octroyer des licences et autrement faire valoir tous tels brevets, brevets d'invention, licences, concessions et informations de la nature de celles susdites ;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre, réparer, modifier et trafiquer d'appareils, machinerie, matériaux et articles de tous genres pouvant être utilisés pour les fins d'aucune des affaires mentionnées dans les présentes ou pouvant être requis par les clients ;

(*e*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre alliée aux fins et objets mentionnés dans les présentes et que la compagnie juge pouvoir être convenablement exercées par la compagnie ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*f*) Agir comme agents, en Angleterre ou ailleurs, pour des compagnies, associations, syndicats et sociétés exerçant une industrie semblable ou pour toute personne ou personnes et diriger généralement toutes ou ou aucunes agences commerciale de toute description, alliées aux affaires de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat, bail, concession, échange ou autrement, construire, ériger, exploiter, détenir, maintenir, gérer des fabriques, ateliers, magasins, dépôts, ateliers de construction, rotonde et toutes autres structures et bâtiments nécessaires à son industrie et toute autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière nécessaire et utile à la réalisation d'aucune des fins de la compagnie, les louer, vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*h*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, travailler, gérer, exploiter ou contrôler tous chemins, routes, ponts, élévateurs, réservoirs, acqueducs, bassins, quais, glissoirs, usines à gaz, électriques ou autres et commodités, directement ou indirectement, de nature à promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie, contribuer, subventionner et autrement aider ou prendre part à leur construction, gérance, entretien ou contrôle ;

(*i*) Développer et exploiter tout pouvoir ou pouvoirs d'eau, produire et accumuler de l'électricité et de la force motrice électrique ou autres énergies semblables pour la production de la lumière, de la chaleur et de la force motrice pour les fins de la compagnie, avec pouvoir de vendre ou autrement disposer d'aucun excédent non requis et de le fournir pour des fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et de force motrice à aucune personne ou corporation à tels termes qui pourront être convenus, pourvu que les pouvoirs ci-dessus, quand ils seront exercés en dehors de la propriété de la compagnie, soient sujets à toutes les lois et aux règlements provinciaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*j*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucun gouvernement ou aucunes autorités, suprême, municipal, local ou autres qui seront de nature à atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ses autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions ;

(*k*) Emettre des actions libérées, des obligations ou débentures, de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou imobilière, brevets, droits, réclamations, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie juge désirable d'obtenir ; remplir, exercer, se conformer à aucun tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions ;

(*l*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, acheter, acquérir, posséder, détenir, vendre, réémettre des actions, débentures, obligations et autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou corporation exerçant en tout ou en partie une industrie semblable a celle de cette compagnie ou une industrie subsidiaire, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, garantir le paiement du principal ou des dividendes et intérêts de telles actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs et pendant la possession de telles actions du capital obligations, valeurs ou autres engagements exercer tous les pouvoirs de voter en vertu d'iceux par ses officiers dûment autorisés ou par des fondés de pouvoir dûment nommés, comme une personne naturelle pourrait le faire ou le ferait ; gérer, exploiter et conduire comme gérant la propriété, les franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune corporation dont aucunes des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs sont détenues par la compagnie pour telle compensation qui sera jugée raisonnable et convenable ;

(*m*) Se consolider, s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie, acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement la propriété, les franchises, entreprises et affaires d'aucune telle corporation, assumer leurs engagements, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie;

(*n*) Promouvoir ou aider à promouvoir ou devenir actionnaires dans aucune compagnie subsidiaire, alliée ou autres, exerçant ou ayant pour fins l'exploitation d'aucune industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de cette compagnie, conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autres, avec telle personne ou compagnie, et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de telle compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de la compagnie, les détenir, vendre, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie du principal, intérêts et dividendes ou en disposer autrement;

(*o*) Acquérir l'achalandage, les propriétés, droits et biens et assumer tous les engagements d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie endettée envers la compagnie ou faisant des affaires semblables à celles conduites par la compagnie, les payer en espèces ou en valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*p*) Acheter, louer, ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir tout ou partie de la propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges détenus par toute personne, maison, compagnie ou compagnie exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, en son propre nom ou au nom de telle personne, maison ou compagnie, payer pour telle propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs et privilèges, totalement ou partiellement en actions libérées de la compagnie ou autrement, entreprendre et assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*q*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, éxécuter et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociable ou transférables.

(*r*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres, ayant des relations avec la compagnie et garantir l'exécution des contrats par toutes telle personnes ;

(*s*) Accepter en paiement de dettes dues à la compagnie des stock, actions, obligations, débentures et autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ;

(*t*) Distribuer parmi les membres de la compagnie en espèces ou autrement, comme il pourra être résolu, tous biens et particulièrement les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie qui pourra prendre tout ou partie des biens et des engagements de la compagnie ;

(*u*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immediatement requis en telles valeurs de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre ;

(*v*) Aider de toutes manière et garantir les obligations d'aucune compagnie dont les actions du capital-actions, obligations ou autres engagements sont détenus ou garantis d'aucune manière par cette compagnie, faire tous actes et choses pour conserver, protéger, améliorer et augmenter la valeur d'aucune telles actions du capital-actions, obligations, ou autres engagements et faire tous les actes et choses tendant à augmenter la valeur de la propriété de telle compagne ;

(*w*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus en Canada et ailleurs comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement par l'entremise d'agents, fidéicommissaires ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*x*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes ne seront nullement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Atlas Metals & Alloys Company of Canada, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 5e jour décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

25–2

Commercial Building Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la premiere partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 5e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation George Vipond Cousins, Nathaniel Rennie Curry et Aubrey Huntingdon Elder, avocats, Darley Burleigh Smith, gérant, et Dorothy Dance, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir comme placement ou pour revendre, détenir absolument comme propriétaires ou autrement, et vendre à tels termes et conditions que la compagnie jugera convenables, trafiquer de terres, maisons, bâtiments et autres propriétés mobilières et immobilières et aucuns intérêts dans iceux, créer, vendre et disposer de terrains à bail ou en franc alleu, et généralement disposer et trafiquer par vente, location, échanger ou autrement de terres, bâtiments, immeubles et aucune autre propriété mobilière ou immobilière ; exercer en général le commerce d'une agence d'immeubles, y compris les travaux d'enquêtes, évaluations, ventes, échanges, baux, subdivisions et choses de même nature ·

(*b*) Développer et faire valoir aucune terre acquise par la compagnie ou dans laquelle elle est intéressée, en particulier en la disposant et la préparant pour des fins de construction ou autrement, en construisant, modifiant, démolissant, décorant, entretenant, meublant, aménageant et améliorant les édifices, de toute espèce, et en plantant, pavant, égouttant, affermant, cultivant, en les louant par bail ou convention commerciale, en avançant des fonds ou en prenant part à des contracts et arrangements de tous genres avec des constructeurs, entrepreneurs, locataires ou autres ;

(*c*) Construire, ériger, bâtir, réparer et modifier des batiments et autres structures, acheter, posséder, détenir, vendre, louer et disposer de batiments de tous genres et descriptions, et de la pierre, chaux, briques, bois, quincaillerie et autres matériaux ou articles employés dans la construction ;

(*d*) Faire ou conclure aucun arrangement ou convention pour le pavage, macadamisage, nivellement, nettoyage ou arrosage des rues ou routes et pour la construction, ouverture et réfection des conduites, citernes drains, égouts ou rues ;

(*e*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement assumer tout ou partie des affaires, propriété ou engagements de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en obligations, débentures, actions libérées ou autres valeurs de la compagnie;

(*f*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement ou prendre les actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie exerçant ou à la veille d'exercer ou d'entreprendre une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer;

(*g*) Emettre et répartir des actions libérées de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune industrie, franchise, entreprise, propriété, droit, pouvoir, privilège, bail, licence ou contrat que la compagnie est autorisée d'acquérir ;

(*h*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie;

(*i*) Conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec tout gouvernement, autorité locale ou municipale ou avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou à la veille d'exercer ou entreprendre une industrie ou transaction que la dite compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de manière à profiter directement ou indirectement à la présente compagnie ; garantir les contrats, avec ou sans caution-

nement prêter des fonds ou aider autrement toute telle personne ou compagnie entreprendre de construire sur ou d'améliorer aucune propriété dans laquelle la compagnie est intéressée ;

(*j*) Garantir le paiement de fonds garantis ou payables en vertu d'obligations, actions, contrats, mortgages, charges, engagements ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ou entreprise ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*k*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucun gouvernement, ou autorité, fédéral, provincial, municipal, local ou autre qui sembleront utiles aux objets de la compagnie ou à aucun d'eux ;

(*l*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis en telles valeurs et de telle manière qui pourra en être déterminée de temps en temps ;

(*m*) Distribuer en espèces, parmi ses actionnaires aucun des biens de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, entrepreneurs ou fondés de pouvoir ;

(*o*) Faire toutes choses utiles ou nécessaires pour atteindre aucun des objets ci-dessus ;

(*p*) Les pouvoirs octroyés dans chacun des paragraphes ci-dessus ne seront aucunement limités ou restreients par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe ou par induction ou déduction des noms de la compagnie ;

(*q*) Remunerer aucune personne, maison ou corporation pour la vente ou le placement d'aucune action ou actions du capital-actions de la compagnie en payant à toute telle personne, maison ou corporation une commission ou commissions ;

(*r*) Assumer, prendre, conclure aucun contract, agrement ou entreprise se rapportant ou reliés à aucune des catégories d'affaires que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou qui, antérieurement à l'incorporation de la compagnie ont été faites ou entreprises par aucune personne, maison ou corporation agissant comme fidéicommissaire ou fidéicommissaires en vertu d'aucun fiidéicommis créé en vue de l'incorporation de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Commercial Building Company ,Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal,dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 6e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY.
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

25–2

The Stave Manufacturing Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 6e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Harold Wooland, agent, Walter Horace Thomson et Walter Francis Lee teneurs de livres, Thomas James Coulter et William Stanley Jones, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement, posséder, détenir, louer, vendre ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer des terres boisées, concessions forestières, bois debout ou coupés, trafiquer du bois de service, de charpente, bois, exercer généralement l'industrie de l'exploitation et de la fabrication du bois dans toutes ses branches ;

(*b*) Posséder, entretenir, exploiter des moulins de sciage, moulins à planer, usines de pâte de bois et de papier, généralement manufacturer et trafiquer de douves, articles en bois, meubles, véhicules, instruments agricoles et d'articles de tous genres dans lesquels le bois ou les produits du bois sont requis ou utilisés ;

(*c*) Obtenir par achat, bail, licence ou autrement acquérir des pouvoirs hydrauliques, lots de grève, droits de passage et tels autres droits ou privilèges pouvant être requis par la compagnie ;

(*d*) Posséder, louer ou garder des chevaux et véhicules de toutes sortes ; posséder et entretenir des étables, garages : acheter, construire et autrement acquérir et posséder, affréter, employer des chalands, vaisseaux, bâtiments et autres bateaux ;

(*e*) Bâtir ou autrement acquérir, louer, entretenir des quais, jetées, ponts, chemins et autres travaux pouvant convenir aux fins de la compagnie ou aider à leur construction, achat et entretien de la manière que la compagnie jugera convenable ou utile ;

(*f*) Demander, obtenir, s'assurer ou acquérir et détenir, employer, exploiter, louer, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toute marque de fabrique, brevet d'invention ou autres droits et privilèges semblables pouvant être utiles à la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement tout ou partie des affaires et propriétés, et assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison ou compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander à toutes autorités publiques locales ou autres et en obtenir les concessions, octrois, pouvoirs. privilèges, franchises qui sembleront désirables à la compagnie, conclure des arrangements ou des contrats pour exercer ou appliquer tels octrois, concessions ou franchises ;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts ou aucuns risques communs avec telles personnes, maisons ou corporation comme la compagnie le jugera convenable ;

(*j*) Nonobstant l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, souscrire, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs d'aucune compagnie ayant des objets semblables en tout ou en partie à ceux de cette compagnie, les détenir, vendre, ou autrement en disposer ;

(*l*) Accepter en paiement total ou partiel de toute dette due à la compagnie des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ;

(*m*) Emettre et repartir des actions libérées du capital-actions de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel pour toute propriéte, foncière ou personelle et pour tous droits, privilèges ou concessions obtenus par achat, bail ou autrement ou pour créances dues par la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus à la compagnie par toutes personnes, maisons ou corporations dans la formation et promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires et spécialement, dans la vente et le placement d'aucuns de ses stocks, obligations ou valeurs ;

(*n*) Vendre, louer ou disposer autrement de toute la propriété, biens et entreprises de la compagnie et d'aucune partie d'icelle, à tels termes et conditions et pour telle considération que les directeurs et les actionnaires de la compagnie jugeront convenables, et en particulier pour des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables nonobstant les provisions de la section 44 de la *Loi des Compagnies*; distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie en nature, aucune propriété de la compagnie et en particulier aucune actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie appartenant a cette compagnie ou desquelles cette compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*o*) Exercer aucune autre indurtrie que la compagnie jugera capable de pouvoir être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement à faire avancer ou à rendre profitable aucun des biens ou des droits de la compagnie.

(*p*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " The Stave Manufacturing Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

26–2

National Coal and Grain Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la premièr partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 6ième jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Joseph Æneas Bambrick, entrepreneur, John Wincelaus Dillon White, commis, Joseph Henry Dillon, avocat, tous trois de la cité de Montréal, John Marrazza, de la cité de Maisonneuve, entrepreneur et John Patrick Byrne, de la cité d'Outremont, agent, tous de la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Importer, exporter, trafiquer, acheter, vendre et disposer de charbon, bois et autres combustibles, généralement exercer dans toutes ses branches, le commerce en gros et en détail, de marchands de charbon, bois et autres combustibles ; acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, trafiquer, disposer de foin, grains, fruits, légumes et autres produits de la ferme, beurre, fromage, œufs, produits de la laiterie, généralement exercer dans toutes ses branches le commerce en gros et en détail de marchands et négociants de foin, grains, de produits alimentaires, produits de la ferme et de la laiterie ;

(*b*) Charroyer, transférer, livrer de place en place des effets, articles, marchandises et matériaux au moyen de charettes, wagons, voitures, automobiles et autres véhicules, exerçer aucune industrie se rapportant à celles ci-dessus ;

(*c*) Acquérir, ériger, construire, maintenir, exploiter des magasins, entrepôts, clos et autres places pour l'emmagasinage d'effets, articles et marchandises et autres industries se rapportant à celles ci-dessus ;

(*d*) Acquérir toute industrie de la nature ou du caractère de celle que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et son achalandage, les payer en espèces ou en obligations ou actions libérées de la compagnie ou partie en espèces ou partie en obligations ou partie en actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir par achat, location, échange ou autrement toutes terres ou bâtiments requis pour les fins de la compagnie, construire, entretenir, modifier aucuns bâtiments ou travaux nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de la compagnie, en sous-louer aucune partie non requise par la compagnie ;

(*f*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qui pourra en être déterminée de temps en temps ;

(*g*) Demander, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, tous brevets, licences, marques de fabrique, procédés, procédés mécaniques, concessions et choses de même nature ou aucune part ou intérêt dans iceux conférant un droit exclusif, non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser aucun secret ou autre information se rapportant à aucune invention pouvant être de nature à être employée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition semble, directement ou indirectement devoir être avantageuse à la compagnie; les utiliser, exploiter, développer, en octroyer des licences, ou droits ou informations ainsi acquis ;

(*h*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement conduite avantageusement pour cette compagnie, établir, promouvoir ou autrement aider toute telle compagnie ou compagnies, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44, de la dite loi ;

(*i*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre pouvant être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Aider par prêt de fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute personne ou compagnie, exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de cette compagnie, ou toute personne et compagnie avec laquelle cette compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*k*) Distribuer parmi les membres de la compagnie en espèces par voie de dividende ou bonus ou d'aucune autre manière jugée convenable toute propriété de la compagnie ou tout produit de la vente ou de la disposition d'aucune propriété de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité, municipale, locale ou autre qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités les droits, licences, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions ;

(*m*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exercer, émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables et transférables;

(*n*) Vendre ou disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie;

(*o*) Vendre, améliorer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie de la propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits possédés ou loués par la compagnie et développer faire valoir toute terre ou bâtiments acquis ou loués par la compagnie ou dans lesquels elle est intéressée ;

(*p*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements quels qu'ils soient au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*q*) Rémunérer toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant à placer, ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune actions du capital de la compagnie ou d'aucunes débentures ou à propos de la promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*r*) Payer pour la totalité ou une partie d'aucune propriété, franchise, privilèges, avantages commerciaux, baux ou droits d'aucune nature acquis par ou pour la compagnie et pour travaux exécutés pour elle et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus, avec l'émission d'actions libérées du capital-actions de la compagnie ou par des obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs garanties par mortgage ou autrement ou partie en obligations et partie en actions ;

(*s*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie et garantir l'exécution des contrats par toutes telles personnes ;

(*t*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns, et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons ;

(*u*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*v*) Faire toutes choses utiles ou nécessaires pour atteindre aucun des objets ci-dessus;

(*w*) Tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque des présentes, ne sera ni limité ni restreint par induction ou déduction de tout autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "National Coal and Grain Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars, divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 12e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

26–2

De Grosbois Mining Company Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 7e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Auguste Joseph Allaire, comptable, Marie-Anne Henault et Bibiane Lefebvre, sténographes, Lorenzo Laurendeau et Aimé Malo, étudiants, tous de la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement des mines, minéraux, droits miniers, terres, propriétés ou aucun intérêt dans iceux, les détenir, explorer, travailler, développer, vendre louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie, miner, fondre, extraire, tirer, travailler, moudre et préparer pour la vente par tout procédé l'ilménite, le fer titané, la magnétite et l'hématite et tous autres produits minéraux et métalliques et minérais, manufacturer leurs produits et sous produits, fondre tels minerais et autres substances métalliques, trafiquer des produits de telles mines et manufactures ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement des pouvoirs hydrauliques, terres, droits de passage pour des lignes de poteaux ou autres fins, les payer en espèces ou avec des obligations ou du stock de la compagnie, ou partie d'une manière et partie de l'autre, acquérir et payer de la même manière, bâtir, ériger, maintenir des jetées, moulins, bâtiments, travaux, lignes de poteaux, stations intermédiaires et leur équipement, pourvoir généralement à ce qui s'y rapporte ; acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et construire, préparer, ériger, établir, exploiter, maintenir et exercer tous travaux nécessaires, outillages et appareils se rapportant à la production, accumulation, transmission, fournitures, installation, utilisation et emploi de l'électricité, produire, accumuler, distribuer de l'électricité pour la fourniture de la lumière, du chauffage et de la force motrice, pour des fins industrielles ou autres ; conclure des conventions et des contrats pour la fourniture de la lumière électrique, la chaleur et la force motrice, foncer des puits pour l'eau et les mines ; faire, bâtir, construire, ériger, préparer, maintenir des réservoirs, travaux, tuyaux et appareils, et faire tous autres travaux et choses nécessaires ou convenables pour obtenir, emmagasiner, vendre, livrer, mesurer et distribuer de l'eau pour la crétion, entretien ou développement de pouvoir hydraulique pour la production de l'énergie électrique ou autre pouvoir mécanique ou pour aucune autre fin de la compagnie ; pourvu que les pouvoirs ci-dessus soient soumis à toutes les lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux quand ils seront exercés en dehors de la propriété de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter, acquérir aucun intérêt, détenir, employer, occuper, vendre, transmettre des biens fonciers, moulins, machinerie, vaisseaux, véhicules mûs par la vapeur, l'électricité ou autrement et autre propriété ; miner, fondre, préparer, manufacturer par tous les moyens, manières et procédés des minerais, minéraux, substances métalliques et autres produits et pour telle fin, faire et exécuter tous les travaux nécessaires et convenables et tous les actes nécessaires et convenables ; ériger, maintenir les hauts-fourneaux, forges, moulins, machines à vapeur, maisons et bâtiments convenables et acquérir, si nécessaire, tout privilège de brevet ou, par cession, licence ou autrement le droit d'employer tout brevet d'invention se rapportant aux fins susdites ; construire, faire, acheter, détenir ou louer, modifier, maintenir, exploiter aucuns chemins, routes, chalands, vaisseaux ou bateaux à vapeur pour le transport des marchandises, minerais, et autre propriété manufacturée ou non, de et aux mines et ateliers de la compagnie ou de et à aucunes autres mines, à aucun point de transbordement ou ailleurs et faire toute autre transaction nécessairement et usuellement exécutée dans cette direction ; construire des quais, basins et autres travaux et machinerie se rapportant aux affaires de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Agir comme entreposeurs-généraux, fournir la table, le logement, l'habillement, les produits alimentaires et généralement tous les approvisionnements aux personnes engagées sur ou aux environs des usines de la compagnie, ou passer des contrats pour leur fourniture ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, brevets d'invention, actions, baux, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*f*) Acquérir l'entreprise, biens ou propriétés d'aucun individu, maison ou corporation exerçant actuellement une industrie semblable, les payer en espèces, ou en obligations ou stock de la dite compagnie, acquérir, détenir des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable, et pendant leur détention exercer tous les droits et pouvoirs que confère leur possession ;

(*g*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie, en tout ou en partie, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*h*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou entreprendre, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs d'aucune telle compagnie, les vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie, ou autrement en disposer ;

(*i*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie, maison ou personne ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) Faire toutes choses utiles ou nécessaires pour atteindre aucun des objets ci-dessus;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " De Grosbois Minning Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinq cent mille dollars, divisé en 500,000 actions de un dollar chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Eureka Shoe Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertn de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1916, désigné *Lois des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 12e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation James Edward Coulin et Jean Charbonneau, avocats, Charles Joseph Eugène Charbonneau, notaire, et Joseph Siméon Pilon, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et Philippe Morel, agent, de la cité de Maisonneuve, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer des bottes, souliers, pardessus et caoutchoucs de toute description et autres effets, articles et marchandises faits de cuir ou de caoutchoucs ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, trafiquer et disposer, en gros et en détail, de commodités, articles et choses de toutes espèces pouvant être aisément disposer par la compagnie en rapport avec aucun de ses objets ;

(*c*) Exercer toute autre entreprise ou industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires et objets ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Construire, maintenir, modifier tous bâtiments ou travaux convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter, ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licenses, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour

aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, dévélopper, en octroyer des licenses ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*f*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer, ou autrement acquérir tout ou partie de la propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits et privilèges détenus par, ou en jouissance de toute personne, maison, compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, en possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en actions priorités ou ordinaires de la compagnie ou en obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maisons ou corporation ;

(*h*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44, de la dite loi, acheter, prendre, acquérir par souscription originale ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie ou autrement, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions, stock, priorité ou ordinaire, débentures, obligations ou autres engagements d'aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être directement ou indirectement, conduite, avantageusement pour la compagnie et voter en vertu de toutes actions ainsi détenues par l'entremise d'agent ou agents que les directeurs pourront nommer;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité ou gouvernement municipal, local ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ;

(*j*) Promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies en vue d'acquérir toutes ou aucune des propriétés et engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera, directement ou indirectement avantageuse pour la compagnie, et généralement acheter, prendre en location ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété foncière ou personnelle et aucuns droits ou privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses affaires;

(*k*) Construire, gérer et autrement disposer de frais, entrepôts, outillages pour le transport et la distribution des marchandises ;

(*l*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis en telles valeurs de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre :

(*m*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie ou avec l'approbation des actionnaires, avec des actions de la compagnie ou, à la fois, en espèces et actions, toutes dépenses de ou à propos de la formation, flottaison, annonces et obtention de la charte de la compagnie ou pour rémunérer aucune personne ou compagnie pour services rendus à la compagnie en plaçant ou aidant à placer ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune des actions du capital de la compagnie ou d'aucune obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Payer par émission d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, employer et également appliquer le surplus des bénéfices et des profits que la loi autorise de mettre en réserve, à l'acquisition de propriétés et à l'achat et acquisition, de propriété dans telle proportion, de telle manière et à tels termes qu'il en sera déterminé par le conseil de direction ;

(*o*) Obtenir aucun ordre provisoire ou acte du Parlement permettant à la compagnie de mettre à effet aucun de ses objets ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera opportune et s'opposer à toute procédure ou demende qui semblera directement ou indirectement de nature à porter préjudice aux intérêts de la compagnie ;

(*p*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés nécessaires et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, par circulaires, achats et exposition de travaux d'art ou d'intérêt, publication de livres et périodiques et en octroyant des prix, dons et récompenses ;

(*q*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, céder, faire valoir ou autrement disposer en bloc ou en partie des biens et droits de la présente compagnie ;

(*r*) Faire tout ou aucune des choses susdites comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, et par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointements avec d'autres ;

(*s*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent ;

(*t*) Le consolider ou s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*u*) Distribuer, en nature, aucun des biens de la compagnie parmi les fonctionnaires.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Eureka Shoe Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Trois-Rivières, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 14e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

26-2

LeRoy Herbert, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 6e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Milton LeRoy et Aloysius Herbert, marchands, Albert Spiers et Charles Tierney, teneur de livres et John Marshall Given, comptable, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, pour les fins suivantes:—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses branches le commerce en gros et en détail de vin et de bière, de marchands de spiritueux, de négociants en vins, liqueurs, spiritueux cordiaux, liqueurs fines, ales, bières, eaux gazeuses et minérales et autres boissons, trafiquer également de récipients de toutes formes employés pour iceux ; exercer l'industrie de tenanciers d'hotels, restaurants, cafés, tavernes, et l'industrie de brasseurs, fabricant de malt et distillateurs dans toutes ses spécialités ; exercer l'industrie d'emmagasineurs dans toutes ses branches ; acheter, vendre, manufacturer et trafiquer de marchandises, provisions, articles de consommation, produits alimentaires de tous genres, en gros et en détail, et l'industrie de marchands de tabac, cigares, cigarettes, pipes et autres articles et choses généralement disposées par les marchands de tabac ;

(*b*) Prendre, acquérir et s'amalgamer avec l'industrie, entreprise, achalandage, ou aucune de leurs parties, de la compagnie dite Fitzgerald & Company, Limited, de Milton LeRoy et Aloysius Herbert et tous ou aucun des biens de leurs propriétaires, les payer en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions de cette compagnie, assumer, si c'est opportun, aucune des obligations ou engagements des dits propriétaires des dites industries ;

(*c*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir de toutes ou aucune des propriétés, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs licenses et privilèges détenus par aucune personne ou maison, ou par aucune compagnie ou compagnies exerçant une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle de la compa-

gnie et payer pour telle propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs licenses et privilèges totalement ou partiellement en actions de cette compagnie totalement ou partiellement libérées ;

(*d*) Exercer toute autre industrie que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec son industrie ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir ou posséder tout ou partie de la propriété commerciale de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou la propriété d'aucune personne possédant des biens convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*g*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucuns gouvernements ou autorités qui seront de nature à atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les permis, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter, exercer et se conformer ou renoncer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges, concessions et franchises ;

(*h*) Promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies en vue d'acquérir ou d'assumer toutes ou aucune des propriétés ou engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera, directement ou indirectement avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*i*) Acheter, louer, échanger ou autrement acquérir, aucune propriété personnelle, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie peut juger nécessaires ou convenables pour les fins de ses affaires ;

(*j*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, chèques connaissements, mandats et autres effets négotiables ;

(*k*) Adopter pour faire connaître les affaires de la compagnie tels moyens que la compagnie jugera convenables ;

(*l*) Rendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions ou débentures dans aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie, vendre, détenir, émettre et disposer avec ou sans garantie de telles actions et débentures ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer, ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie des biens et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies en vue d'acquérir tous ou aucun des biens et des engagements de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Distribuer en espèces aucun des biens de la compagnie parmi ses membres, placer et disposer des fonds et biens de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de la manière qui pourra être décidée de temps à autre ;

(*o*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie toutes les dépenses se rapportant à la formation, enregistrement et annonce de la compagnie ou à propos de la promotion de cette compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*p*) Vendre, gérer, développer, échanger, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie, et construire, maintenir, modifier tous bâtiments et travaux nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*q*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, faire toutes autres choses utiles ou nécessaires pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Le Roy Herbert, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de dix dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Dollard Realties, Limited

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'État du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 7e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Patrick Martin Wickham, gérant, Francis Joseph Laverty et John Wesley Blair, conseil du Roi, et Charles Albert Hale et Auguste Angers, avocats, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat, échange, bail ou tout autre titre, posséder, détenir, démolir, embellir, exploiter, louer, vendre, échanger ou autrement transférer des biens fonciers, concessions forestières, licences forestières, pouvoirs hydrauliques et autres propriétés mobilières et immobilières de tous genres et descriptions ; exercer l'industrie d'agents financiers et d'immeubles, agir comme agents pour des fins de vente, location, gérance et d'administration de propriétés immobilières ;

(*b*) Construire sur les terres appartenant à la compagnie ou dans lesquelles elle peut être intéressée de quelque manière que ce soit, ou sur la propriété de ses clients, des édifices devant être employés pour quelque fin que ce soit, maintenir, surveiller, travailler, louer, sous-louer, vendre et autrement disposer de tous les bâtiments ainsi construits et d'autres bâtiments possédés ou loués par la compagnie ;

(*c*) Distribuer parmi ses membres, par voie de dividende ou de bonis, en espèces, ou en actions libérées ou de toute autre manière jugée opportune, aucune propriété de la compagnie ou tout produit de la vente ou de la disposition d'aucune propriété de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Payer pour toutes les propriétés, immunités, privilèges, baux ou droits quelconques acquis par ou pour la compagnie, pour services rendus, travaux faits pour elle y compris la construction totale ou partielle des bâtiments érigés par ou pour la compagnie, en obligations de la compagnie ou partie en obligations et partie en actions ;

(*e*) Eriger, construire, équiper, modifier, réparer des travaux publics ou privés, des bâtiments et structures et trafiquer de matériaux de construction ; dédommager par paiements en espèces ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires par l'émission d'actions libérées de la compagnie ou par des obligations et débentures ou de toute autre manière, toute personne ou corporation pour services rendus en disposant ou en aidant à la disposition, ou en garantissant la disposition d'une partie du capital-actions de la compagnie ou de tous engagements ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou pour ce qui se rapporte à la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*f*) Vendre et disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Faire toutes les choses nécessaires, convenables, ou normales pour accomplir aucune des fins ou atteindre aucun des objets énumérés dans les présentes.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout la Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de "Dollard Realties, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 2,000 actions de vingt-cinq dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

COUR DE L'ECHIQUIER DU CANADA.

ORDRE GÉNÉRAL.

UNE séance générale de la cour de l'Echiquier du Canada, sous les dispositions de la règle 166, pour l'instruction des causes, etc., sera tenue au Palais de Justice, dans la cité de Québec, P.Q., commençant lundi, le 5e jour de février A.D. 1917 à 11 heures a.m.

Daté à Ottawa ce 27e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

23–4 L. A. AUDETTE, J.C.E.

MINISTERE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 20 décembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent que par et en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe (*q*), article 9 de la *Loi des postes*, le Directeur général des Postes a autorisé la mise en vigueur du règlement suivant :—

Dès et à compter de la présente date les lettres adressées à "Berlin," Ont., ne doivent pas être livrées, mais elles doivent être renvoyées aux expéditeurs avec la mention "Il n'y a pas de tel bureau de poste dans Ontario."

26–2

VISA CONSULAIRE SUR LES PASSEPORTS.

LE Ministre des Affaires Extérieures a été informé, d'une manière officielle, que tous les passagers, sujets britanniques ou aubains, qui embarquent à quelque port des États-Unis en destination de la Grande-Bretagne, doivent s'assurer que le visa du fonctionnaire du consulat britannique à ce port est apposé sur leurs passeports.

Ministère des Affaires Extérieures, 6 décembre 1916

25-

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois de septembre 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondu. Can., 1906.)

DT.			AV.	
	$	c.		$
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 août 1916	41,086,063	43	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	1,000,245 01
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,061,939	17		
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—				
PRINCIPAL $				
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert				
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	6,108	51		
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	7,040	58	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 30 septembre 1916	41,160,966 68
	42,161,151	69		42,161,151 69

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître généra' des Postes.

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 14 novembre 1916

26–tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois d'octobre 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants.		Total.	
ACCISE.	$	c.	$	c.
Spiritueux	821,821	59		
Liqueur de malt	12,587	55		
Malt	154,704	93		
Tabac	943,276	44		
Cigares	66,626	62		
Fabrications en entrepôt	11,718	04		
Acide acétique	515	11		
Saisies	646	21		
Autres revenus	11,168	22		
Total du revenu de l'accise			2,028,064	71
Spiritueux pyroxyliques			13,025	24
Passages d'eau			26	00
Inspection des poids et mesures			14,742	08
Inspection du gaz			4,250	75
Inspection de la lumière électrique			5,398	33
Timbres de pièces judiciaires			1,454	50
Autres revenus			495	94
Taxe de guerre			97,671	01
Grand revenu total			2,160,128	56

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous-Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 16 novembre 1916.

23-tf

12335—8½

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances pour le 30 novembre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE			1915.	1916.
PASSIF.			$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			8,725,450 94	303,362,481 57
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	362,703,312 40
Prêts temporaires			165,007,017 53	119,067,808 02
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			169,230,286 16	176,452,958 28
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,718,049 47	$41,184,910 66		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,801,694 83	13,299,514 40		
			52,519,744 30	54,484,425 06
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,153,820 88	10,221,437 32
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,92 ,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			43,448,420 09	36,031,431 34
Total de la dette brute			829,377,292 82	1,155,358,251 88
ACTIF.				
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,649,355 45	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			108,327,819 43	133,663,695 16
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			205,435,622 33	300,541,655 96
Total de l'actif			327,709,125 11	449,230,169 74
Total de la dette nette au 30 novembre			501,668,167 71	706,128,082 14
" au 31 octobre			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
Augmentation de la dette			9,139,675 62	10,349,565 59

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois novembre, 1915.	Total au 30 novembre, 1915.	Mois novembre, 1916.	Total au 30 novembre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	9,101,595 41	60,155,959 28	11,208,109 52	86,399,359 81
Accise	2,127,125 10	14,161,880 25	2,145,573 91	16,130,867 65
Département des Postes	1,550,000 00	10,949,779 65	1,600,000 00	11,950,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	2,880,409 30	13,104,300 51	2,560,881 34	17,661,569 48
Divers	1,413,326 95	6,384,385 56	5,650,200 93	12,770,776 91
Total	17,072,456 76	104,756,305 25	23,164,765 70	144,912,573 85
DÉPENSES	8,997,899 07	65,345,503 03	12,006,457 05	69,567,573 94
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	13,155,797 08	66,514,955 38	19,040,383 92	146,527,530 98
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	4,306,180 15	23,993,023 27	2,457,552 80	15,997,789 27
Subventions aux chemins de fer		967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	17,461,977 23	91,475,889 36	21,497,936 72	162,888,798 86

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 5 décembre 1916.

24-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE*.

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste	.....
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions	.....
Total	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension	$ 100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionne est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressées au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* ; le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal* :—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone* :—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs* ; ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque* ; une *compagnie d'assurance* ; une *compagnie de fidéicommis* ; une *compagnie de prêt* ; ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une déclaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées "Avis de bill privé".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. "L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit"

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. "Nul bill tendant à la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) "Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) "Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SENAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé : il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse.

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills privés.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité général pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session : aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six premières semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt apres la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Marguerite Claire Gault, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, épouse de Andrew Hamilton Gault, de la dite cité de Montréal, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, le dit Andrew Hamilton Gault, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 19e jour de septembre A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building, Ottawa,
13–14 Solliciteurs de la réquérante.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'Andrew Hamilton Gault, des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, major dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Marguerite Claire Stephens, des dits cité et district de Montréal, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce treizième jour de novembre, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MacDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montréal, Qué.,
21–14 Solliciteurs du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que M. Donald George Whibley, actuellement de la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, mais autrefois des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, comptable, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Frances Lilian Owen, de lieux inconnus, pour cause d'adultère et d'abandon.

MM. Aylen & Duclos, solliciteurs, Ottawa, sont les agents du requérant pour la signification des pièces.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, ce treizième jour de décembre mil neuf cent seize (13-1916.)

LESLIE H. BOYD,
25 14 Solliciteur du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Florence Evelyn Snyder, de la cité et du district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, Edward Lockwood, également de la cité et du district de Montréal, artisan, pour cause d'adultère et d'abandon.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, le 22e jour de novembre 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
22–14 Solliciteur de la requérante.

L'ÉVÊQUE DE LA RIVIÈRE MACKENZIE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera adressée au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation le très révérend James Richard Lucas, évêque du diocèse de la rivière Mackenzie, et ses successeurs en fonctions, sous le nom de "L'Evêque de la Rivière Mackenzie," avec tous les pouvoirs nécessaires à une telle corporation d'acquérir et posséder des biens meubles et immeubles et tous les autres pouvoirs administratifs qui sont reliés aux dites fonctions et appartiennent aux dites corporations.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 24e jour de novembre A. D. 1916.

ORDE, POWELL, LYLE & SNOWDON,
48, rue Sparks, Ottawa, Canada,
24–5 Solliciteurs du requérant.

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

AVIS.—La Compagnie de chemin de fer dite "The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un Acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut terminer la construction de sa voie ferrée, à partir d'un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Lumsden's Mills jusqu'à ou vers la rivière Des Quinze, tel qu'elle a été autorisée à cet effet par le chapitre 66 des Statuts de 1901 et par le chapitre 106 des Statuts de 1912, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 2e jour de décembre 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
23–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

GUARDIAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Guardian Accident & Guarantee Company," s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant sa loi constitutive (1 et 2 George V, chap. 86, 1911) abrogeant les alinéas (*d*) et (*e*) de l'article 7 de la dite loi et en lui donnant le pouvoir de faire des contrats d'assurance des classes suivantes telles que définies par *La loi des assurances*, *910*, outre les classes mentionnées aux alinéas (*a*), (*b*) et (*c*) du dit article 7, savoir : (*d*) assurance de garantie ; (*e*) assurance sur les glaces ; (*f*) assurance sur les automobiles ; et (*g*) assurance contre l'incendie ; et aussi à l'effet de changer le nom de la compagnie en celui de "The Guardian Insurance Company of Canada."

Montréal, 17 octobre 1916.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & BOND,
160 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal,
22–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

THE GRAIN GROWERS GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

AVIS est donné par le présent qn'une demande sera adressée au parlement, à sa prochaine session, par la compagnie dite "The Grain Growers Grain Company, Limited," afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant le chapitre 80 des Statuts de 1911 et le chapitre 73 des Statuts de 1915, pour les fins suivantes entres autres:—

(*a*) Changer le nom de la compagnie en celui de "United Grain Growers, Limited," ou donner le pouvoir à la compagnie d'adopter ce dit nom par règlement.
(*b*) Permettre que les assemblées aient lieu ailleurs qu'au siège social.
(*c*) Augmenter le capital-actions jusqu'à $5,000,000.
(*d*) Permettre aux actionnaires de posséder 100 actions chacun.
(*e*) Que le droit de vote par procuration soit périmé.
(*f*) Permettre que la compagnie, par règlement, forme les actionnaires en groupes et statuer que ces groupes seront représentés par des délégués aux assemblées de la compagnie.

Daté à Winnipeg, le 4 décembre 1916.

BONNAR, TRUEMAN,
HOLLANDS & ROBINSON,
Winnipeg Electric Railway Chambers,
Winnipeg, Manitoba,
24–5 Solliciteurs des requérants.

COMPAGNIE CONTINENTALE DE CHAUFFAGE ET D'ECLAIRAGE.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la Compagnie Continentale de Chauffage et d'Eclairage s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant l'acte constitutif de la compagnie, étant le chapitre 72 de 60-61 Victoria, en augmentant les pouvoirs d'emprunt de la compagnie, en accordant à la compagnie, entre autres pouvoirs les suivants, savoir :—extension des pouvoirs au sujet du commerce des stocks et autres valeurs, pouvoir d'exercer d'autres industries, d'aider financièrement les compagnies dont la compagnie détient des actions ou avec lesquelles elle est en relations d'affaires et fusionner avec toutes autres compagnies, et en abrogeant les dispositions du dit acte concernant l'émission d'actions-débentures et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 6e jour de décembre A.D. 1916

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL, MACFARLANE
ET POPE,
24–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

SECTION CANADIENNE DE LA LIGUE AÉRIENNE DE L'EMPIRE BRITANNIQUE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera adressée au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation la "Section Canadienne de la Ligue Aérienne de l'Empire Britannique," comme une association pour l'encouragement des inventions et de la fabrication des navires aériens et de leurs acessoires; propager les connaissances au sujet des questions aériennes et concernant l'art de l'aviation et fonder des écoles d'aviation, aider les sujets britanniques à entrer dans les corps royaux d'aviation ; aider les personnes dépendant des aviateurs qui perdent leur vie en service actif; coopérer avec le comité central de la Ligue Aérienne de l'Empire Britannique ; établir des succursales de l'association; fournir des terrains pour l'atterrissage des navires aériens, et pour d'autres fins analogues ; avec tous les pouvoirs nécessaires à cette fin.

Montréal, 29 novembre 1916.

LIGHTHALL & HARWOOD,
Solliciteurs des requérants,
306, Immeuble de la Banque de Québec,
24–5 Montréal.

LA SOCIETE DES ARTISANS CANADIENS FRANÇAIS.

AVIS est donné par le présent que demande sera adressée au Parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation La Société des Artisans Canadiens Français, une association fraternelle de bienfaisance et de secours mutuels, constituée en vertu des lois de la Provincede Québec ; pour favoriser le bien-être social de ses membres et la protection des personnes qui dépendent d'eux ; leur venir en aide dans la maladie ou autres incapacités ; soigner les vivants et inhumer les morts ; payer des annuités aux membres ou une somme fixe à tel bénéficiaire que pourrait avoir désigné un membre de l'association ; procurer à ses membres tous autres avantages ou bénéfices qui pourront être légalement accordés en vertu des règlements de la dite association ; et généralement agir en qualité d'association fraternelle, charitable, bienveillante et bienfaisante ; avec la faculté de se fusionner avec toute autre société de même nature ; ou de l'acquérir.

Montréal, 20 décembre 1916.

Z. FONTAINE,
Procureur de la requérante.
51, rue St-Jacques,
26–5 Montréal.

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER DE COLONISATION DU NORD.

AVIS.—La Compagnie du Chemin de fer de Colonisation du Nord s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut terminer la construction de sa voie ferrée à partir d'un endroit à ou près Labelle, de là dans une direction ouest jusqu'au village du Rapide-de-l'Orignal (actuellement désigné Mont-Laurier), de là dans une direction ouest jusqu'à un endroit à ou près le lac Témiscamingue, dans le comté de Pontiac, comme l'autorise l'article 7 du chapitre 62 des Statuts de 1899 et le chapitre 82 des Statuts de 1912, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 16e jour de décembre 1916.

H. C. OSWALD,
Secrétaire.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
Agents à Ottawa. 25–5

ATHABASKA NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Athabaska Northern Railway Company" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte déclarant que les pouvoirs corporatifs de la dite compagnie sont exécutoires et en pleine vigueur, et prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut commencer et terminer la voie ferrée mentionnée dans son acte constitutif 4-5 Edouard VII, chapitre 57, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 12e jour de décembre A.D. 1916.

SMITH, MARKEY, SKINNER,
PUGSLEY & HYDE,
112, rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal,
25-5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

L'ASSEMBLEE générale annuelle des actionnaires de la "Banque d'Hochelaga" aura lieu au siège principal de la banque, No 112 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal, Canada, le quinzième jour de janvier 1917, à midi, afin de procéder à l'élection des directeurs, et à la considération de toutes questions du ressort de l'assemblée générale des actionnaires.

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
25–5 Secrétaire et gérant général.

B. J. COGHLIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

Règlement No 1.

"QUE les affaires de la compagnie soient administrées par quatre directeurs qui seront élus chaque année à l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires."

—

Je, soussigné, Bernard W. Coghlin, président de la compagnie dite "B. J. Coghlin Company, Limited," certifie par le présent que ce qui précède est une copie fidèle du règlement adopté par les directeurs le premier jour de septembre mil neuf cent quinze et approuvé par le vote de plus des deux tiers en valeur du capital-actions représenté par les actionnaires présents à une assemblée générale spéciale tenue le dix-septième jour de juillet mil neuf cent seize, dûment convoquée pour étudier le dit règlement.

Témoin, le sceau de la compagnie sous le seing de son président ce vingt-quatrième jour de novembre mil neuf cent seize.

[L.S.] BERNARD W. COGHLIN,
26–1 Président.

THE TRAVELLERS LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

SIÈGE SOCIAL : MONTRÉAL, P. Q.

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle de la compagnie dite "The Travellers Life Assurance Company of Canada" pour l'élection des directeurs et l'expédition d'autres affaires, aura lieu au bureau de la compagnie, 605 New Birks Building, Montréal, P. Q., le mardi, 13 février 1917, à trois heures p.m.

A. P. EARLE,
26-2 Secrétaire.

BANQUE PROVINCIALE DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL N° 52.

AVIS est par les présentes donné qu'un dividende de un et trois quarts pour cent ($1\frac{3}{4}\%$), étant au taux de sept pour cent l'an, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour le trimestre finissant le 31 décembre 1916, et sera payable au bureau-chef de la banque, à Montréal, et à ses succursales, le ou après le deuxième jour de janvier 1917, aux actionnaires enregistrés dans les livres le 22 décembre prochain.

L'assemblée générale des actionnaires aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, mercredi, le 24 janvier 1917, à midi.

Par ordre du bureau de direction,
TANCRÈDE BIENVENU,
Vice-président et gérant général.
Montréal, 24 novembre 1916. 24–1—26–1

ACTE POUR LA PROTECTION DES EAUX NAVIGABLES.

CHAP. 115, S.R.C.

NAPOLÉON GIGNAC, de la cité de Québec, marchand de bois, donne avis par les présentes, qu'il a, en vertu de l'article 7 du dit acte, déposé au bureau du Ministre des Travaux publics, à Ottawa, et dans le bureau du régistrateur du district de Québec, en la cité de Québec, une description du site et des plans du quai qu'il se propose de construire dans la rivière Saint-Charles, à Québec, sur le lot numéro 109 du cadastre du quartier Saint-Roch.

Et sachez qu'après un mois, à compter de la date de la première publication de cet avis, Napoléon Gignac, en vertu de l'article 7 du dit acte, fera sa demande au Ministre des Travaux publics, à son bureau, dans la cité d'Ottawa, pour l'approbation du site et des plans ci-dessus mentionnés et pour la permission de construire le dit quai.

Daté à Québec, ce 7e jour de novembre A.D. 1916.

DROUIN, SÉVIGNY & AMYOT,
23–4 Procureurs de Napoléon Gignac.

BANQUE MOLSONS.

145E DIVIDENDE.

AVIS.—Les actionnaires de la Banque Molsons sont notifiés par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et trois quarts pour cent (étant au taux de onze pour cent par année) sur le capital-actions a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque, à Montréal, et aux succursales, à compter du deuxième jour de janvier prochain, aux actionnaires inscrits au registre le 15 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 28 novembre 1916. 23–5

LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

ASSEMBLÉE ANNUELLE

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque Royale du Canada, pour l'élection des directeurs et autres affaires, aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, à Montréal, jeudi, le 11e jour de janvier prochain, à 11 heures a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 1er décembre 1916. 23–6

LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC ET LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

AVIS est donné par le présent que les banques soussignées ont l'intention de s'adresser, à l'expiration de quatre semaines à compter de la date de la première publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, au Gouverneur en conseil et au Conseil de la Trésorerie, par l'entremise du Ministre des Finances et Receveur général, afin que soit approuvée une convention entre la Banque de Québec et la Banque Royale du Canada, par laquelle la Banque de Québec consent à vendre et la Banque Royale du Canada consent à acheter tous les biens meubles et immeubles, l'actif, les droits, créances et effets de la Banque de Québec de quelque nature qu'ils soient et à n'importe quel endroit où ils se trouvent, et par laquelle, en compensation de cette vente et de cet achat la Banque Royale du Canada consent à répartir et émettre à la Banque de Québec, ou à ses représentants, neuf mille cent dix-sept (9,117) actions entièrement acquittées du capital-actions de la Banque Royale du Canada, de la valeur au pair de $100 chacune, et se montant en tout à la somme, valeur au pair, de neuf cent onze mille sept cent dollars, et de payer à la Banque de Québec la somme de six cent quatre-vingt-trois mille sept cent soixante-quinze dollars ($683,775) en deniers comptants, et par laquelle la Banque Royale du Canada se charge de prendre, payer, acquitter, remplir et exécuter toutes les dettes, le passif, les contrats et obligations de la Banque de Québec, (y compris les billets en souffrance émis et destinés à la circulation, et en circulation ainsi que les obligations relatives aux baux.)

On peut voir une copie de la dite convention aux bureaux de la Banque Royale du Canada à Montréal, P.Q., et à ceux de la Banque de Québec, à Québec, P.Q.

La dite convention a été approuvée par une résolution des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec, adoptée par le vote des actionnaires présents en personne ou représentés par fondés de pouvoirs, représentant au delà des deux tiers du montant du capital-actions souscrit de la dite banque, à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite banque dûment convoquée et tenue à cette fin. La dite convention a aussi été approuvée par une résolution des directeurs de la Banque Royale du Canada.

Daté le 28 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC,
B. B. STEVENSON, gérant général.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,

LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA,
23–5 C. E. NEILL, gérant général.

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SUPPLEMENT

TO

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1916.

GENERAL ORDERS.

1916.

HEADQUARTERS,

OTTAWA, November 8th, 1916.

G. O. 104.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS

CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE

Extract from the THIRD SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 1st of June, 1915, Thursday, 3rd June, 1915.*

WAR OFFICE, 3rd June, 1915.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
1503....	Sergeant.....	Paterson, S. V., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry displayed at St. Eloi on 28th February, 1915, when he commanded the leading platoon in the attack on the German trench with great ability and dash.
1182....	Private.....	Hacking, S., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry at St. Eloi on 28th February, 1915, in assisting in the rescue of a wounded comrade under most difficult and dangerous circumstances.
25707...	Private.....	Drake, R. H., 14th Battalion.....	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty near Rue du Bois on 26th March, 1915, when he went out under heavy fire to the assistance of wounded comrades. He was immediately wounded himself, but nevertheless succeeded in dragging one man into safety and then rendered "first aid" to him.
1296....	Private.....	Robertson, J. M., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry at St. Eloi on 28th February, 1915, in assisting in the rescue of a wounded comrade under most difficult and dangerous circumstances.
242.....	Corporal.....	Wolstenholme, J. L., Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry at St. Eloi on 15th March, 1915, when he carried messages on two occasions under dangerous circumstances whilst exposed to very heavy fire. Subsequently Corporal Wolstenholme conducted stretcher bearers in the dark to rescue the wounded.

Extract from the SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 16th of November, 1915.*

WAR OFFICE, 16th November, 1915.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned man for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty whilst serving with the Expeditionary Forces in France and Flanders.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
A24081..	Private.....	Wythe, A. H. V., 5th Battalion...	For conspicuous gallantry, resource and coolness, on 8th October, 1915, at Messines, when he entered a German sap with an Officer and shot two of the enemy. The next day he returned with the same Officer and drove out the enemy from their position, obtaining much valuable information. On the 17th October, Private Wythe went for the third time into the enemy's sap, accompanied by two others, and secured further useful information. This little party only retired after ten bombs were thrown at them by the Germans.

Extract from THE SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Friday, the 18th of August, 1916. Saturday, 19th August, 1916.*

WAR OFFICE, 19th August, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and men for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
81016...	Acting Lance-Sergeant.	Anderson, T. W., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous bravery and resource when with a consolidating party during an attack. The officer in charge was wounded, and Lance-Sergeant Anderson carried on the work under most adverse conditions and a very heavy shell fire. Atlhough severely wounded, he refused to return until practically exhausted.
5338....	Lance-Corporal...	Bate, C. B., Canadian Engineers..	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion. A working party was erecting wire in front of the line, when four out of seven of a covering party were wounded. Lance-Corporal Bate went out under a heavy shell fire, and, although driven back several times, ultimately succeeded in bringing all the wounded under cover, and eventually to a dressing station.
430565..	Company Sergeant-Major.	Blitch, W. J., Canadian Pioneers..	For conspicuous bravery and devotion in carrying in a wounded man under heavy machine gunfire. Later, he carried his Company Commander, who was wounded, under heavy shell fire, to a shell hole, covering him with his own body to save him from further injury from bursting shells.
1211....	Sergeant.....	Boyce, H. G., Canadian Infantry..	For conspicuous gallantry and ability during an attack. After his platoon officer had been killed he took the command, and, although twice buried himself by shell explosion, he, himself dug out and saved the lives of several men. He remained in command for 30 hours, disposing his men with great judgment, and displaying conspicuous coolness and courage.
110053..	Private.....	Brayley, J. E., Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous gallantry. When all his officers had been killed or wounded, he collected part of his company and led them, under heavy fire, to the rest of the company in the front line. He showed great coolness and courage in carrying messages under trying conditions.
26166...	Sergeant.....	Brayton, B., Canadian Infantry...	For conspicuous bravery and devotion on many occasions in carrying in wounded under heavy shell and machine gun fire. No task was too dangerous for him, and he displayed a coolness and courage beyond all praise.
110061..	Private.....	Brown, A. E., Canadian Infantry Machine Gun Company.	For conspicuous gallantry during an enemy attack, when for 24 hours he handled his gun with great coolness and courage, after both the N. C. Officers in the crew had been killed. Although the gun was once buried by shell explosion, he, with another man, brought it into action again, and kept it in action, covering a withdrawal, and was the last man to retire.
475026..	Private.....	Brown, W. J., Canadian Infantry..	For conspicuous gallantry when repairing an emplacement for a Stokes gun. A shell commenced to burn, and Private Brown shouted a warning, seized the shell and threw it over the parapet, where it at once exploded. This brave act undoubtedly saved many lives.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
45574...	Sergeant.....	Brotherton, T., Canadian Motor Machine Gun Brigade.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion in saving a large quantity of ammunition set on fire by a shell fire, and, although wounded, burnt and suffering from shell shoek, he remained on duty, fighting his gun and setting a splendid example to his detachment.
430759..	Lance-Corporal...	Buddry, F., Canadian Infantry....	For conspicuous gallantry during an attack on an enemy position. Many casualties occurred in the assaulting party, and, with another man, he successfully carried baek many wounded under a very heavy fire, during which he himself was wounded. He refused to retire throughout the day.
32701...	Sergeant-Major (now)Honorary Lieutenant and Quartermaster.	Buswell, W. G., Canadian Army Medical Corps.	For conspicuous gallantry and untiring work for many days in directing cars and evacuation of wounded. He gave a fine example of courage and devotion to duty.
436663..	Private.....	Gogswell, E., Canadian Infantry..	For conspicuous bravery in repeatedly crossing open ground under heavy shell fire and carrying in wounded men to safety. By his courage and eoolness under most trying conditions he set a fine example to all ranks with him.
432994..	Acting Corporal..	Cruickshank, R., Canadian Infantry.	For conspieuous gallantry and devotion on several occasions in dressing the wounds of wounded offieers and men under very heavy shell fire, earrying them water, and, by his coolness and courage, inspiring all ranks with him to the performance of their duties in attending to the wounded.
106173..	Sergeant.....	Cuff, L. A., Canadian Infantry Machine Gun Company.	For conspicuous bravery and devotion during an enemy attack, when, for 36 hours, he commanded a machine gun crew under heavy shell and rifle fire, during which time the gun and equipment were buried and the tripod destroyed. Notwithstanding, he managed to get spare parts, keep the gun in action, several times moving its position, and holding up the enemy's advance. He gave a fine example of superb courage and coolness to his men.
43591...	Gunner.....	Cuthbert, C. E., Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion during a heavy bombardment. A direct hit on the gun emplacement wounded or stunned the men of the detachment and set fire to the ammunition stored about the gun. Gunner Cuthbert rushed into the burning pit, assisted to bring out the wounded, and returned to subdue the fire. By his coolness and courage the wounded were rescued and the explosion of the ammunition and the possible destruction of the gun prevented.
418016..	Company Sergeant-Major.	Dawsen, J., Canadian Infantry....	For conspicuous gallantry under severe fire and the most strenuous conditions during an attack. He gave a fine exhibition of coolness and courage, and his example greatly encouraged all ranks with him.
67925...	Sergeant.....	Duffett, A. G., Canadian Machine Gun Company.	For conspicuous bravery whilst in charge of two machine guns. During a heavy bombardment he was buried by a shell, and, although ordered to leave the trenches, he remained on duty. Later he was wounded in the head by shrapnel, and again refused to leave his guns until compelled by the seriousness of his wounds. His splendid example at a eritical time eneouraged all ranks with him.
26032...	Private.....	Duncan, W. R., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry in taking over eommand of his platoon after all his seniors had been killed or wounded, and handling it with great coolness and courage under very heavy shell fire. He was badly wounded.
A40275..	Corporal.....	Edmunds, R. A., Canadian Infantry.	For eonspicuous gallantry during a bombardment, when a trench mortar bomb having been dropped into his trench, he unhesitatingly picked it up and rolled it over the paraphet, where it at once exploded. His courageous act undoubtedly saved several lives.
432851..	Aeting Company Sergeant-Major..	Ellis, M. G., Canadian Infantry...	For eonspicuous gallantry and ability. When all the officers of his company had been killed or wounded, he took command, and by his coolness and example under heavy fire was enabled to consolidate the position won.
5319....	Sergeant.....	Free, H. B., Canadian Engineers..	For conspieuous gallantry throughout the campaign, especially in pushing forward the work while in charge of part of the consolidation party in an attack. Although twice buried by shell explosion, he continued his work, and by his courage and example was largely responsible for the excellent work done by the party under him.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
18500...	Company Quartermaster-Sergeant.	Gardner, W. D., Canadian Infantry	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion. Although suffering from shock, having been twice buried by shells, he assumed the duties of Company Sergeant-Major, after the Sergeant-Major had been wounded, and performed them with marked courage and ability. He refused to leave the trenches, and was of the greatest assistance to his Commanding officer.
510003..	Private.....	Garnett, F., Canadian Army Service Corps (attached Canadian Field Ambulance).	For conspicuous bravery and devotion. After being struck by a shell, losing (permanently) the sight of his left eye, having a fracture of the skull, and a useless right arm, he took the motor ambulance he was driving to a place of safety, having to make several turns, the whole time under heavy shell fire.
111195..	Acting Regimental Sergeant-Major	Gill, G., Canadian Mounted Rifles	For conspicuous gallantry in taking up a position with twenty men, and continuing to hold it against repeated attacks and heavy bombardment for thirty-three hours, until only two unwounded men remained, and he was ordered to retire.
25792...	Comp'ny Sergeant Major (Acting Sergeant-Major)	Green, J. W., Canadian Infantry...	For conspicuous gallantry in the performance of his duties for twenty-four hours under continual heavy shell fire, and after being wounded. He gave a fine example of courage and devotion to duty.
9456....	Acting Company Sergeant-Major.	Harvey, E. C., Canadian Infantry	For conspicuous gallantry during an action. When an officer was buried by the explosion of a shell, he dug him out, regardless of the heavy fire to which he was exposed. His courage, ability and devotion inspired the greatest confidence to all ranks with him.
20632...	Lance-Corporal...	Hayter, A. W., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous bravery and devotion in volunteering to establish communication with the survivors of an attacking party. Although severely wounded, he succeeded in reaching and guiding them back.
47868...	Private.....	Henderson, J. C., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous bravery and devotion as a stretcher-bearer. During an attack on an enemy front line, he continually exposed himself, with a total disregard of danger, in collecting and carrying wounded men into safety, and, although severely wounded early in the attack, he never paused in his efforts until further severe wounds incapacitated him.
53.....	Sergeant.....	Hill, A., Canadian Infantry.....	For conspicuous gallantry in organizing and leading a large party of stretcher-bearers, and carrying in many wounded men on the immediate front line. He displayed the greatest bravery and skill in this work under most trying conditions, and undoubtedly saved many lives.
109397..	Private.....	Hoag, C. K., Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous gallantry and ability as a scout. He made several reconnaissances under trying and dangerous conditions, and obtained much valuable information.
110254..	Company Sergeant-Major..	Hughes, F., Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous bravery and resource during an engagement, when he led his men, with great courage, to new positions under very heavy fire. After being himself wounded, he remained directing and controlling his men, and giving a splendid example of devotion to duty.
477458..	Acting Lance-Corporal.	James, W. H., Canadian Machine Gun Company.	For conspicuous gallantry during an enemy attack. After his officer and sergeant had been wounded, he took command of four machine guns and two Lewis guns, and successfully repelled a hostile attack, when the remaining infantry were badly shaken by mine explosions.
169014..	Sergeant.....	Jones, O. B., Canadian Infantry...	For conspicuous gallantry in connection with reconnaissances of exceptional daring, when he brought his patrols within a few yards of the enemy's trenches, and obtained information of the greatest value.
439772..	Private.....	Kavanagh, J. H., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry on many occasions, notably in climbing a tree to rescue a wounded observer, who was forty feet up, under heavy shell fire. He reached him just in time to prevent his falling to certain death. Until wounded himself, he did splendid voluntary patrol work.
106328..	Private.....	Keith, S. H., Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous gallantry in rendering first aid to wounded in a front trench, and exposed to heavy shell fire. During an attack he held the enemy at bay by throwing bombs, thus enabling many of the wounded to be carried out.
81478...	Corporal.....	Kerr, S. H., Canadian Infantry...	For conspicuous bravery when on patrol duty with another man. They were discovered by the enemy, who opened a heavy fusilade on them, and on reaching our paraphets, Corporal Kerr discovered the other man was missing. He returned alone to the enemy's wire, found the man wounded, and, unaided, and in spite of heavy fire, brought him back to our trenches.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
25740...	Sergeant.....	Lennan, C. R., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous bravery and devotion. Although badly wounded, he continued to lead his machine gun teams forward, afterwards attending the wounded, until compelled by loss of blood to discontinue. His coolness and gallantry were most marked.
430663..	Company Sergeant-Major.	Lewis, W. H., Canadian Pioneers..	For conspicuous gallantry in organizing a party, under heavy shell fire, to find and bring in wounded men. This involved a journey of two miles each way in broad daylight.
5416....	Sapper.....	MacKenzie, W., Canadian Engineers.	For conspicuous bravery and devotion. Immediately after the commencement of the bombardment of trenches it was proposed to capture, the enemy heavily shelled our assembly trenches, trench after trench being blown in and the occupants buried. On his own initiative Sapper MacKenzie left his shelter during a terrific bombardment, and for ten hours dug out man after man who had been buried, bandaging the wounded and assisting men who were retiring. His courage and behaviour were superb.
414483..	Lance-Corporal...	Murphy, W. G., Canadian Infantry Machine Gun Company.	For conspicuous gallantry during an enemy attack, when for twenty-four hours he handled his gun with great coolness and courage, after both the N. C. officers in the crew had been killed. Although the gun was buried by shell explosion, he, with another man, brought it into action again, and kept it in action covering a withdrawal, and was the last man to retire.
126.....	Lance-Sergeant...	Nelson, H., Canadian Infantry....	For conspicuous gallantry during a main attack, when he crawled out in front of the front line and kept up a fire on the enemy until they had dug themselves in. He also carried up ammunition at a critical time, and by his fine example inspired all with him with confidence.
73397...	Lance-Corporal...	O'Brien, J., Canadian Infantry....	For conspicuous bravery and devotion in attempting to carry in a severely wounded man, and remaining with him for seven hours under heavy shell fire, while another man went for stretcher-bearers. With great difficulty the man was ultimately carried back.
40558...	Sergeant.....	Parry, G. R. W., Canadian Field Artillery.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion during a heavy bombardment. A direct hit on the gun emplacement wounded or stunned the men of the detachment, and set fire to the ammunition stored about the gun. Sergeant Parry rushed into the burning pit, assisted to bring out the wounded, and returned to subdue the fire. By his coolness and courage the wounded were rescued, and the explosion of the ammunition and possible destruction of the gun prevented.
1615....	Sergeant.....	Paterson, S., Canadian Infantry...	For conspicuous gallantry and determination in holding on to a position when his flank had dropped back, and the enemy had called upon him to surrender, he gathered half his platoon together, charged the enemy, causing him to retire with several casualties.
477732..	Private (Acting Corporal).	Pope, C. H., Canadian Infantry...	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion in carrying an important message through several intensely bombarded areas. He exhibited the greatest courage and determination and a total disregard of all personal danger.
477754..	Private.....	Rampton, E. F., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion as a stretcher-bearer. During an action he worked single-handed for seventy-two hours, without sleep, dressing men of four different regiments, and evacuated all the wounded from a casualty post. Finally he collapsed, but, after a short rest, he went out in broad daylight and succeeded in bringing in a wounded man under very heavy fire.
45192...	Corporal.....	Reid, S., Canadian Engineers.....	For conspicuous gallantry on many occasions, and notably in going out of a trench and carrying in a wounded man, lying in the open, who was being heavily fired on by snipers. Later, while working in clearing communication trenches, he took several prisoners, and compelled them to assist him in digging out a wounded man who had been buried by a shell.
109073..	Private.....	Routledge, C., Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous gallantry during bombardment, when, in retiring, he rescued a Lewis gun, which he brought across the open, under heavy fire, firing at enemy bombers from shell holes. He also carried in many wounded men.
420933..	Company Sergeant-Major.	Shankland, R., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry in volunteering to lead a party of stretcher-bearers, under very heavy shell fire, and bringing in some wounded and partially buried men. His courage and devotion were most marked.
418779..	Corporal.....	Thompson, W., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry in connection with reconnaissances of exceptional daring, when he brought his patrols to within a few yards of the enemy's trenches, and obtained information of the greatest value.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
26256 . .	Company Quartermaster-Sergeant.	Topham, B. J., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry and resource in charge of a party of bombers. His party was exposed to heavy fire from three sides, but, in spite of severe casualties he made an advance of over three hundred and fifty yards, and afterwards carried in several wounded men.
110563 . .	Corporal.....	Walton, H. B., Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous bravery and coolness throughout an engagement until wounded. He volunteered to carry out a daring reconnaissance, during which he secured articles of great value to our Intelligence Department, under a very heavy fire.
109694 . .	Lance-Corporal...	Woodrooff, E. C., Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous bravery and devotion in volunteering and going out as a scout during a heavy bombardment on two occasions and obtaining much valuable information.
108608 . .	Sergeant.....	Wylie, I. C., Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous gallantry and ability. After all his company officers had been killed or wounded, he took charge of his platoon, and, although wounded himself, he successfully extricated his men from a most difficult position.
457053 . .	Sergeant.....	Young, W. J., Canadian Infantry. .	For conspicuous gallantry in command of a platoon, during a bombardment. Although wounded in the back, he continued his duties, and three days later was again wounded by shrapnel in the face. He still refused to leave his post and carried on his duties until utterly exhausted.

Extract from the SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE, *of Friday, the 22nd of September, 1916.*

WAR OFFICE, 22nd September, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
71409 . . .	Sergeant.....	MacKie, J. M., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry. He crawled 200 yards across "No Man's Land" in broad daylight to within 20 yards of the enemy's parapet in order to reconnoitre. Later he entered the enemy's trench with a raiding party, killing three of the enemy with his revolver and wounding others with bombs. Though badly wounded, he helped other wounded men out of the trench.
55914 . . .	Private.....	Newton, J., Canadian Infantry....	For conspicuous gallantry. After a raid it was found that an officer had been wounded and left in "No Man's Land." Private Newton, with a comrade, volunteered to go out under heavy rifle and machine-gun fire. They found the officer, helpless, and brought him back to our trenches in broad daylight.
73821 . . .	Private.....	Phillips, F. R., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry during a raid on the enemy's trenches. He entered the trench under heavy bombing fire, and covered his officer while the latter reconnoitred and secured a prisoner. During the withdrawal he stood on the paraphet throwing bombs, and finally assisted back the wounded.
51618 . . .	Sergeant.....	Pouliot, C. E., Canadian Infantry.	For conspicuous gallantry when on patrol. He attacked an hostile patrol, taking two prisoners. He spent four consecutive nights in hostile trenches with a view to making prisoners for identification.
18833 . . .	Sergeant.....	Thorold, G. W., Canadian Infantry	For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in collecting and leading a party, under heavy shell fire, to dig out the grenade squad of another platoon which was buried by an enemy trench-mortar bomb.
55955 . . .	Private.....	Wilson, W., Canadian Infantry....	For conspicuous gallantry. After a raid in which he had taken part, he volunteered to go with a comrade, under heavy rifle and machine-gun fire, and search for a wounded officer. They found the officer lying helpless and brought him back safely in broad daylight.

Extract from the SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 26th of September, 1916.*

WAR OFFICE, 26th September, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned Man for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name and Corps.	Remarks.
415151	Private	McNamara, G., Canadian Mounted Rifles.	For conspicuous gallantry. He went out in broad daylight and in full view of the enemy, and brought in a wounded sergeant under machine gun and rifle fire.

Extract from THE THIRD SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 8th of August, 1916. Thursday, 10th August, 1916.*

WAR OFFICE, 10th August, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the field to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers and Men.

THE MILITARY MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
6194	Corporal	Catchpole, A. J.	Canadian Infantry.
11467	Private	Costello, P.	Canadian Infantry.
432352	Lance-Corporal	Bennett, F.	Canadian Infantry.
107144	Private	Coles, A.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
57985	Private	Coppock, G.	Canadian Infantry.
84	Private	Craven, R. A.	Canadian Engineers.
432018	Sergeant	Downton, J. G.	Canadian Infantry.
A14787	Private	Gill, G.	Canadian Infantry.
9456	Acting Company Sergeant-Major.	Harvey, E. C.	Canadian Infantry.
107267	Sergeant	Heather, F. A.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
65440	Sergeant	Hennessy, J.	Canadian Infantry.
54324	Private	Jones, T.	Canadian Infantry.
9517	Sergeant-Drummer	Jones, W. E.	Canadian Infantry.
75374	Private	Kipps, W. H.	Canadian Infantry.
64055	Private	Lambert, P.	Canadian Infantry.
180	Acting Sergeant	Lee, T. D.	Canadian Engineers.
83852	Gunner	Litherland, C.	Canadian Field Artillery.
73028	Sergeant	Lock, G. J.	Canadian Infantry.
71338	Sergeant	MacRae, J.	Canadian Infantry.
433031	Private	McKinnon, A. I.	Canadian Infantry.
108377	Sergeant	Mellor, W.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
65720	Sergeant	Naylor, H. S.	Canadian Infantry.
63678	Sergeant	Nottingham, A.	Canadian Infantry.
24286	Sergeant	Petrie, A.	Canadian Infantry.
73951	Private	Rutledge, W. L.	Canadian Infantry.
62188	Private	Savard, N.	Canadian Infantry.
652	Sapper	Scott, C. C.	Canadian Engineers.
25056	Private	Somerville, W. F.	Canadian Infantry.
59905	Sergeant	Stanbridge, E. W.	Canadian Infantry.
6619	Private	Tanner, A. J.	Canadian Infantry.
436540	Private	Tomkinson, G. W.	Canadian Infantry.
27269	Sergeant	Urquhart, R.	Canadian Infantry.
24889	Corporal	Walker, F. J.	Canadian Infantry.
432951	Sergeant	Wallis, J.	Canadian Infantry.
55313	Lance-Corporal	Wardlaw, J. M.	Canadian Infantry.
24890	Corporal	Westerman, J. E.	Canadian Infantry.
46203	Private	Woods, D.	Canadian Infantry.

Extract from THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 22nd of August, 1916. Wednesday, 23rd August, 1916.*

WAR OFFICE, 23rd August, 1916.

HIS MAjesty the King has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the field to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers and Men.

AWARDED THE MILITARY MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
155062	Sergeant	Anderson, J. G.	Canadian Pioneers.
79359	Sergeant	Appleby, N.	Canadian Infantry.
115006	Lance-Corporal	Armstrong, J. T.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
69033	Private	Arseneault, H.	Canadian Infantry.
452374	Private	Atherton, E.	Canadian Infantry.
A40438	Sergeant	Bain, G.	Canadian Infantry.
73097	Sergeant	Ball, C. S.	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
106072	Sapper	Ball, C. W.	Canadian Engineers.

AWARDED THE MILITARY MEDAL—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
477033	Private (Aeting Lance-Corporal.	Ball, P	Canadian Infantry.
477040	Private (Aeting Lanee-Corporal).	Barlow, H. J	Canadian Infantry.
A2979	Sergeant	Barr, J	Canadian Infantry.
13083	Lance-Corporal	Batchelor, G	Canadian Infantry.
A24005	Private	Batehelor, H	Canadian Infantry.
77100	Lanee-Corporal	Bateman, K	Canadian Infantry.
439699	Private	Belanger, A	Canadian Infantry.
79174	Private	Bennett, F. C	Canadian Infantry.
77104	Sergeant	Bireh, T	Canadian Infantry.
18324	Private	Blaekburn, G. B	Canadian Infantry.
45049	Corporal	Borrie, W. J	Canadian Engineers.
414240	Private	Boutilier, C. P	Canadian Maehine-Gun Company.
67734	Acting Company Sergeant-Major.	Bowen, J. W	Canadian Infantry.
448027	Private	Boyd, A	Canadian Infantry.
9301	Sergeant	Braddiek, A	Canadian Infantry.
77107	Aeting Company Sergeant-Major.	Brewer, T. W	Canadian Infantry.
5632	Sergeant	Brown, E	Canadian Engineers.
19619	Aeting Corporal	Brown, W	Canadian Infantry.
41343	Sergeant	Buehanan, G. E	Canadian Field Artillery.
40567	Corporal	Burns, P. J	Canadian Field Artillery.
33304	Lanee-Corporal (Aeting Corporal).	Cameron, J	Canadian Army Medieal Corps.
67192	Corporal	Canning, E	Canadian Infantry.
A2287	Lance-Corporal	Clark, R	Canadian Infantry.
411080	Private	Clark, W. L	Canadian Infantry.
21321	Corporal	Coulton, G	Canadian Infantry.
24582	Corporal	Cowan, G. T	(Late) Canadian Infantry.
5353	Sergeant	Crompton, H	Canadian Engineers.
80015	Private	Curtis, W. B	Canadian Infantry.
110118	Corporal	Cuttle, W. G	Canadian Maehine-Gun Company.
96	Private	Dawson, W	Canadian Infantry.
41493	Corporal	Day, J	Canadian Field Artillery.
18603	Private	Delaney, F	Canadian Infantry.
85703	Bombardier	DesRosiers, G. W	Canadian Field Artillery.
109308	Private	Diekson, G. B	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
109309	Private	Dixon, T. B	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
6905	Sergeant	Dorranee, H. J	Canadian Infantry.
432148	Private	Eaves, T	Canadian Infantry.
23132	Private	Elexander, E	Canadian Infantry.
418743	Corporal	Emo, F. H	Canadian Infantry.
85299	Gunner	England, S	Canadian Field Artillery.
406523	Private	Farebrother, A. H	Canadian Infantry.
16305	Lance-Corporal	Faris, A. Y	Canadian Infantry.
73654	Private	Field, E	Canadian Infantry.
79777	Private	Flemons, R. G	Canadian Infantry.
13100	Corporal	Frey, C	Canadian Infantry.
61951	Private	Gagne, E	Canadian Infantry.
70125	Private	Green, R	Canadian Infantry.
422235	Aeting Lanee-Corporal	Gouldsmith, L. F	Canadian Infantry.
416969	Private	Grimard, W	Canadian Infantry.
540312	Private	Hanmer, E	Canadian Army Service Corps.
108271	Sapper	Harper, R	Canadian Engineers.
81361	Private	Harrison, R. C	Canadian Infantry.
436538	Private	Heaps, T	Canadian Infantry.
438479	Private	Hodge, A	Canadian Infantry.
27018	Private	Hodges, E. B. F	Canadian Infantry.
689	Lanee-Sergeant	Hunt, R. W	Canadian Infantry.
26213	Lanee-Corporal	Imray, A. B	Canadian Infantry.
407019	Lanee-Sergeant	Ironside, J. P	Canadian Infantry.
692	Private	Jackson, R. C	Canadian Maehine-Gun Company.
MeG230	Lanee-Corporal	Jeakins, J. W	Canadian Infantry.
81456	Private	Johnston, W. N. M	Canadian Infantry.
109146	Acting Seeond Corporal	Kee, H	Canadian Engineers.
487312	Pioneer	Keith, J	Canadian Pioneers.
9570	Private	Kerr, G. F	Canadian Infantry.
1075	Lance-Sergeant	Kilshaw, G	Canadian Infantry.
9459	Sergeant	Knight, F. W	Canadian Infantry.
25858	Private	Labelle, J	Canadian Infantry.
81494	Private	Laidlaw, W. J. S	Canadian Infantry.
A334	Private	Larkman, A	Canadian Infantry.
70082	Lance-Corporal	Latham, C. E	Canadian Infantry.
18655	Private	Lattin, E. E	Canadian Infantry.
1460	Private	Laurin, E	Canadian Infantry.
61259	Corporal	Lemieux, J. M	Canadian Infantry.
458416	Lanee-Corporal	LeSueur, A. J	Canadian Infantry.
68225	Private	Lumsden, C. B	Canadian Infantry.
110338	Sapper	MacDonald, R. S	Canadian Engineers.
510445	Private	MacGillivray, E. B	Canadian Army Service Corps.
67529	Sergeant	MaeKay, H	Canadian Infantry.
77345	Private	Mairs, N. F	Canadian Infantry.
70306	Private	Mathers, S. R	Canadian Infantry.
109154	Private	Matthews, J. S	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
489278	Private	MeAvoy, J. M	Canadian Infantry.
218	Lanee-Corporal	McCall, J. D	Canadian Engineers.
109513	Private	MeCaskill, A. D	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
28570	Corporal	McIlwaine, J. B	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
1345	Sergeant	MeInnes, J. E	Canadian Infantry.
418598	Sergeant	MeIntyre, R	Canadian Infantry.
154712	Lanee-Corporal	MeKenzie, D. J	Canadian Pioneers.

AWARDED THE MILITARY MEDAL—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
25614	Corporal	McLellan, G. A.	Canadian Infantry.
112258	Corporal	Mess, R. D.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
477588	Private	Miller, J. W.	Canadian Infantry.
8627	Private	Mitchell, D. G.	Canadian Infantry.
65634	Private	Mitchell, R.	Canadian Infantry.
69579	Sergeant	Moore, C.	Canadian Infantry.
18220	Sergeant	Morrison, D.	Canadian Infantry.
13782	Sergeant	Morrison, H.	Canadian Infantry.
106408	Corporal	Morton, R. H.	Canadian Engineers.
76241	Sergeant	Murray, R.	Canadian Infantry.
439440	Corporal	Murray, R. C.	Canadian Infantry.
117443	Private	Nelson, K.	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
67015	Private	Neville, L.	Canadian Infantry.
81670	Private	Nichols, W. H.	Canadian Infantry.
36164	Sergeant	Nixon, J. D.	Canadian Army Medical Corps.
128	Driver	Ouellet, J. H.	Canadian Artillery.
79745	Corporal	Parker, F. G.	Canadian Infantry.
436057	Private	Pearson, A.	Canadian Infantry.
69776	Private	Peters, D. G.	Canadian Infantry.
19435	Private	Plachich, G.	Canadian Infantry.
63726	Private	Powell, U.	Canadian Infantry.
67043	Sergeant	Ranford, T.	Canadian Infantry.
111433	Private	Redden, S.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
77840	Corporal	Rees, H. A.	Canadian Infantry.
426083	Private	Regan, J. F.	(Late) Canadian Infantry.
27251	Sergeant	Reid, M. M.	Canadian Infantry.
163915	Private	Reynolds, E.	(Late) Canadian Infantry.
23572	Private	Rhodes, E.	Canadian Infantry.
46602	Corporal	Ritchie, T. E.	Canadian Artillery.
110487	Corporal	Roe, T. E.	(Late) Canadian Mounted Rifles.
62216	Private	Rogers, W.	Canadian Infantry.
109574	Private	Rolph, G. H.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
61441	Private	Roy, E.	Canadian Infantry.
430785	Sergeant	Sainsbury, A.	Canadian Pioneers.
23053	Private	Saint Onge, L.	Canadian Army Medical Corps.
109584	Private	Sale, D.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
63795	Private	Savage, J.	Canadian Infantry.
110506	Lance-Corporal	Semple, S. G.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
A22337	Private	Shannon, T. M.	Canadian Infantry.
107573	Private	Shipton, B.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
420929	Corporal	Sim, W.	Canadian Infantry.
13306	Acting Sergeant	Simpson, T. N.	Canadian Infantry.
81806	Private	Skolrood, L.	Canadian Infantry.
406623	Private	Spiers, R.	Canadian Infantry.
439424	Lance-Sergeant	Strong, J. W.	Canadian Infantry.
33264	Lance-Corporal	Stuart, J.	Canadian Infantry.
153477	Private	Styles, G.	Canadian Infantry.
426590	Private	Summers, W. M.	Canadian Infantry.
13276	Lance-Corporal	Sutherland, H. B.	Canadian Infantry.
106586	Corporal	Taylor, F. H.	Canadian Engineers.
68414	Private	Taylor, J.	Canadian Infantry.
46895	Sergeant	Temple, J.	Canadian Infantry.
26399	Sergeant	Thibault, H.	Canadian Infantry.
21428	Sergeant	Thompson, J.	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
302	Private	Thrasher, J. M.	Canadian Infantry.
6529	Sergeant	Thwaites, W. F.	(Late) Canadian Infantry.
81895	Lance-Corporal	Transgrud, O.	Canadian Infantry.
79787	Sergeant	Tregellas, W.	Canadian Infantry.
447235	Private	Trout, F. A.	Canadian Infantry.
63868	Private	Townsend, B. R.	Canadian Infantry.
2635	Lance-Corporal	Vallance, L.	Canadian Infantry.
81910	Private	Wade, C. M.	Canadian Infantry.
432578	Private	Walkeden, T. J. A.	Canadian Infantry.
9380	Private	Walsh, W. J.	Canadian Infantry.
76042	Sergeant	Watson, A. B.	Canadian Infantry.
10828	Private	Watson, W. D.	Canadian Infantry.
18705	Private	Watts, J. E. P.	Canadian Infantry.
109190	Private	Whitehead, V. R.	Canadian Mounted Rifles.
1537	Private	Williamson, F.	Canadian Infantry.
22645	Sergeant	Willis, J.	Canadian Infantry.
404239	Private	Wilson, J.	Canadian Infantry.
108636	Sergeant	Wingrove, A. H.	Canadian Engineers.
6418	Acting Company Sergeant-Major.	Worrall, A.	Canadian Infantry.
435079	Private	Wright, W. L.	Canadian Infantry.
A38421	Private	Wrigley, N. G.	Canadian Infantry.
18259	Private	Young, R.	Canadian Infantry.
24896	Private	Young, R.	Canadian Infantry.

BAR TO MILITARY MEDAL.

25726	Acting Corporal	Hodgson, T.	Canadian Infantry.

Extract from THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Friday, the 1st of September, 1916.*

WAR OFFICE, 1st September, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the field to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers and Men.

AWARDED THE MILITARY MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
406667	Private	Baird, J. S.	Canadian Infantry.
55162	Corporal	Brisbin, H. V.	Canadian Infantry.
406061	Private	Crosford, F.	Canadian Infantry.
428159	Lance-Sergeant	Dawe, W. A.	Canadian Infantry.
53648	Private	Forrester, A.	Canadian Infantry.
A2937	Private	Grey, D. C.	Canadian Infantry.
428779	Sergeant	Hamm, C. B.	Canadian Infantry
406342	Private	King, P.	Canadian Infantry.
77148	Sergeant	Lane, E.	Canadian Infantry.
61196	Corporal	LeBel, A.	Canadian Infantry.
55088	Corporal	Lynch, A. F.	Canadian Infantry.
16255	Corporal	McDowell, S.	Canadian Infantry.
A6474	Private	Reid, W. D. G.	Canadian Infantry.
428077	Sergeant	Ross, D. H.	Canadian Infantry.
55500	Private	Rule, C. J.	Canadian Infantry.
476014	Private	Scott, N.	Canadian Infantry.
7194	Private	Shuel, R. E.	Canadian Infantry.
16241	Sergeant	Weeks, H. H.	Canadian Infantry.
55316	Private	Wheadon, N. A.	Canadian Infantry.

Extract from THE THIRD SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 19th of September, 1916. Thursday, 21st September, 1916.*

WAR OFFICE, 21st September, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the field to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers and Men.

AWARDED THE MILITARY MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
419043	Private	Bellers, J. V. H.	Canadian Infantry.
8069	Sergeant	Broad, R. N.	Canadian Infantry.
71548	Private	Burrell, H. C.	Canadian Infantry.
55407	Private	Dinsmore, R. L.	Canadian Infantry.
8659	Private	Gracey, S.	Canadian Army Medical Corps.
319	Driver	Harper, W.	Canadian Engineers.
55766	Sergeant	Holk, J. R.	Canadian Infantry.
418997	Private	Jackes, B. S.	Canadian Infantry.
427024	Private	Maquard, A.	Canadian Infantry.
71198	Private	Muir, G. S.	Canadian Infantry.
8486	Private	Murphy, R. A.	Canadian Infantry.
73308	Private	Price, J. E.	Canadian Infantry.
432171	Sergeant	Rawlinson, L. E.	Canadian Infantry.
71836	Private	Rogers, J.	Canadian Infantry.
447229	Private	Taylor, S.	Canadian Infantry.

Extract from THE SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE *of Tuesday, the 10th of October, 1916. Wednesday, 11th October, 1916.*

WAR OFFICE, 11th October, 1916.

HIS Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the field to the undermentioned:—

AWARDED THE MILITARY MEDAL.

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
71084	Private	Adams, J.	Canadian Infantry.
20139	Private	Adamson, R.	Canadian Infantry.
16619	Sergeant	Allison, R. M.	Canadian Infantry.
1619	Sergeant	Angus, G.	Canadian Infantry.
13079	Private	Barratt, W.	Canadian Infantry.
24095	Sergeant	Bell, L. F.	Canadian Infantry.
65077	Private	Bethune, S. J.	Canadian Infantry.
5784	Corporal	Betts, F. C.	Canadian Engineers.
18564	Sergeant (now Lieutenant)	Bevan, C.	Canadian Infantry.
27044	Acting Sergeant	Binny, W. J.	Canadian Infantry.
77803	Private	Bjornsfelt, O. G. A.	Canadian Infantry.
18316	Sergeant	Blachford, J.	(Late) Canadian Infantry.
28851	Private	Blair, G.	Canadian Infantry.
59072	Private	Blanchard, B. R.	Canadian Infantry.
76355	Corporal	Blinko, A.	Canadian Infantry.
6894	Corporal	Blondell, M. le M.	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
55787	Private	Blunt, R.	Canadian Infantry.
24029	Sergeant	Blyth, W.	Canadian Infantry.
8524	Private	Bond, J.	Canadian Infantry.
5341	Corporal	Bolton, R. A.	Canadian Engineers.
11041	Private	Booker, G.	Canadian Infantry.
71352	Private	Bowden, H.	Canadian Infantry.
45013	Company Sergeant-Major	Bowles, F.	Canadian Engineers.
13609	Lance-Sergeant	Bowyer, J. H.	Canadian Infantry.
9166	Acting Corporal	Brailsford, W. C.	Canadian Infantry.
A373	Sergeant	Brook, J. R.	Canadian Infantry.
59098	Private	Brooklyn, D. R.	Canadian Infantry.
42081	Farrier-Sergeant	Brown, D.	Canadian Field Artillery.
420830	Acting Sergeant	Bull, F.	Canadian Infantry.
19113	Private	Caminer, H.	Canadian Infantry.
61328	Private	Carbonneau, A.	Canadian Infantry.
73878	Lance-Corporal	Carey, W. J.	Canadian Infantry.
59147	Private	Casselman, L.	Canadian Infantry.
14504	Acting Corporal	Charleson, D. S.	Canadian Corps Cavalry Regiment.
13724	Corporal	Chievers-Wilson, A. A. E. F.	Canadian Infantry.
611	Company Quartermaster-Sergeant	Coad, O. S.	Canadian Infantry.
71796	Company Quartermaster-Sergeant.	Collingwood, J. W.	Canadian Infantry.
65192	Private	Collins, E. G.	Canadian Infantry.
81174	Sergeant	Cook, M.	Canadian Infantry.
30250	Driver	Counter, F. C.	Canadian Army Service Corps.
20454	Corporal	Courtney, A.	Canadian Infantry.
5634	Acting Corporal	Craven, E. R.	Canadian Engineers..
85	Second Corporal	Crawford, A. W.	Canadian Engineers.
16877	Corporal	Currell, W. F.	Canadian Infantry.
59224	Private	Currie, W.	Canadian Infantry.
835	Lance-Corporal	Dougherty, G.	Canadian Infantry.
14985	Private	Dudley, G. F.	Canadian Corps Cavalry Regiment.
25823	Acting Company Sergeant-Major.	Duffin, T.	Canadian Infantry.
65290	Lance-Corporal	Dulcy, E. E.	Canadian Infantry.
42480	Acting Corporal	Dundas, H. T.	Canadian Field Artillery.
1955	Private	Durham, C. G.	Canadian Corps Cavalry Regiment.
63284	Private	Dwyer, D. K.	Canadian Field Artillery.
445	Private	Dyer, R. C.	Canadian Infantry.
63313	Private	Eddie, J. O.	Canadian Infantry.
19631	Private	Eden, H.	Canadian Infantry.
454169	Private	Edgar, J. J.	Canadian Infantry.
63325	Private	Elliott, J. D.	Canadian Infantry.
30276	Lance-Sergeant	Etty, W.	Canadian Army Service Corps.
57627	Lance-Corporal	Ewing, W. A.	Canadian Infantry.
5665	Acting Sergeant	Faulkner, H. J.	Canadian Engineers.
48	Private	Fawcett, A. E.	Canadian Infantry.
420510	Private	Fernie, R. T.	Canadian Infantry.
210	Sergeant	Figsby, W. H.	Canadian Infantry.
420159	Acting Corporal	Fitton, N. V.	Canadian Infantry.
10030	Company Sergeant-Major.	Forgie, D.	Canadian Infantry.
30314	Sergeant	Forrest, J. W.	Canadian Army Service Corps.
24352	Sergeant	French, A.	Canadian Infantry.
8441	Sergeant	French, J. B.	Canadian Infantry.
458446	Private	Fuller, A. J.	Canadian Infantry.
77006	Sergeant	Fyles, J. J.	Canadian Infantry.
72210	Lance-Corporal	Gilbert, E. P.	Canadian Infantry.
8209	Private	Gilbey, J.	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
9199	Sergeant	Gillard, W. H.	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
59368	Private	Gillett, F. W.	Canadian Infantry.
65366	Lance-Corporal	Gillespie, A.	Canadian Infantry.
30070	Sergeant	Givens, R.	Canadian Army Service Corps.
55205	Private	Goodfellow, L. M.	Canadian Infantry.
22058	Sergeant	Graham, W.	Canadian Infantry.
22741	Sergeant	Greer, B.	Canadian Infantry.
18351	Corporal	Green, P. A.	Motor Machine-Gun Brigade.
57644	Private	Green, R.	Canadian Infantry.
47006	Private	Grossart, A.	Canadian Infantry.
23396	Sergeant	Hall, A. E.	Canadian Infantry.
13640	Sergeant	Hanson, A. M.	Canadian Infantry.
75051	Sergeant	Harvey, J.	Canadian Infantry.

AWARDED THE MILITARY MEDAL—*Continued.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
41806...	Corporal (now Lieutenant)	Hickson, R.	Canadian Field Artillery.
42042...	Sergeant	Holt, E. O.	Canadian Field Artillery.
55444...	Private	Holtum, W. C.	Canadian Infantry.
59479...	Lance-Corporal	Hopkinson, K. C.	Canadian Infantry.
9210....	Sergeant	Hughes, G. R.	Canadian Engineers.
22589...	Private	Johnson, M. S.	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
32971...	Sergeant-Major	Keith, W.	Canadian Army Medical Corps.
14828...	Private	Kennedy, M. S.	Motor Machine-Gun Brigade.
71171...	Lance-Corporal	Kilborn, A. R.	Canadian Infantry.
77781...	Sergeant	Lane, R.	Canadian Infantry.
40442...	Corporal	Laundy, H. C.	Canadian Field Artillery.
61021...	Sergeant (now Lieutenant)	Lavoie, L. R.	Canadian Infantry.
58316...	Private	Lennard, H. G.	Canadian Infantry.
18215...	Acting Sergeant	Levey, R.	Motor Machine-Gun Brigade.
7994....	Sergeant	Lightfoot, J. D.	Canadian Infantry.
12641...	Sergeant	Lingford, R.	Canadian Infantry.
30280...	Lance-Corporal	Little, A.	Canadian Army Service Corps.
18055...	Corporal	Lord, H. T.	Canadian Casualty and Assembly Centre.
75951...	Private	Lumbard, R. W.	Canadian Infantry.
10144...	Sergeant	MacAgy, G. K.	Canadian Infantry.
5713....	Acting Corporal	MacDonald, C. H.	Canadian Engineers.
6246....	Company Quartermaster-Sergeant.	MacDonald, J. C.	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
75112...	Sergeant	Machell, W. L.	Canadian Infantry.
45556...	Armourer-Corporal	Macoun, S.	Canadian Motor Machine-Gun Brigade.
87685...	Private	MacLean, F. A.	Canadian Infantry.
81548...	Corporal	Madkins, F.	Canadian Infantry.
A44193..	Private	Mahar, A. J.	Canadian Infantry.
15512...	Private	Mann, A. D.	Canadian Corps Cavalry Regiment.
33112...	Corporal	Mansell, L. H.	Canadian Army Medical Corps.
A26153..	Corporal	Marven, R.	Canadian Infantry.
A3004...	Lance-Corporal	Mason, F.	Canadian Infantry.
45605...	Sergeant	Matthews, P.	Canadian Motor Machine-Gun Brigade.
22927...	Company Sergeant-Major (now Lieutenant).	Maybin, W.	Canadian Infantry.
5421....	Company Sergeant-Major.	McAndrew, P.	Canadian Engineers.
A44189..	Private	McAuley, P. A.	Canadian Infantry.
5422....	Sapper	McBeath, A. G.	Canadian Engineers.
1696....	Private	McGillivray, J. E.	Canadian Army Medical Corps Training School.
59719...	Lance-Corporal	McGinnis, D.	Canadian Infantry.
65696...	Sergeant	McIntyre, K. C.	Canadian Infantry.
87118...	Bombardier	McIntyre, R.	Canadian Field Artillery.
57343...	Corporal	McKie, R.	Canadian Infantry.
55484...	Private	McLean, H. E.	Canadian Infantry.
76165...	Sergeant	McLeod, D.	Canadian Engineers.
5015....	Sergeant	Melville, A.	Canadian Engineers.
42720...	Driver	Miles, G.	Canadian Field Artillery.
A34307..	Private	Milne, J. T.	Canadian Infantry.
29047...	Corporal	Minehin, A. W.	Canadian Infantry.
81615...	Sergeant	Murray, J. H.	Canadian Infantry.
304295...	Gunner	Nelson, C.	Canadian Field Artillery.
26154...	Acting Company Quartermaster Sergeant.	Neilson, F. K.	Canadian Infantry.
25873...	Corporal	Nicholls, C. J.	Canadian Engineers.
304293..	Gunner	Norman, C. H.	Canadian Field Artillery.
25753...	Private	Norton, A.	Canadian Infantry.
19586...	Lance-Corporal	Newell, A.	Canadian Infantry.
22780...	Acting Company Sergeant-Major.	Nuttall, J. P.	Canadian Infantry.
73546...	Sergeant	O'Brien, D.	Canadian Engineers.
9230....	Corporal	Ogden, C. E.	Canadian Engineers.
13456...	Sergeant	Patton, A.	Canadian Infantry.
77688...	Private	Pavey, W. G.	Canadian Infantry.
13030...	Private	Peacey, J. C.	Canadian Infantry.
25627...	Sergeant (now Lieutenant)	Plow, A.	Canadian Infantry.
18461...	Sergeant (now Lieutenant)	Pringle, J. P.	Canadian Infantry.
55692...	Private	Rateliffe, R.	Canadian Infantry.
9602....	Sergeant	Rennie, S. G.	Canadian Machine-Gun Company.
5192....	Sergeant	Rhodes, E.	Canadian Engineers.
41146...	Sergeant	Richardson, W. F.	Canadian Field Artillery.
59836...	Lance-Corporal	Riley, G. A. F.	Canadian Infantry.
65841...	Sergeant	Robins, N. W.	Canadian Infantry.
18160...	Sergeant	Robitaille, J.	Canadian Infantry.
42196...	Sergeant	Ross, W.	Canadian Field Artillery.
22917...	Sergeant	Rousseau, J.	Canadian Infantry.
5185....	Corporal	Ryan, B. W.	Canadian Engineers.
55936...	Private	Scott, W. C.	Canadian Infantry.
5742....	Corporal	Sharp, H. D.	Canadian Engineers.
59879...	Private	Shephard, W. T.	Canadian Infantry.
53504...	Private	Sheridan, R. C.	Canadian Infantry.
81800...	Private	Simpson, T. R.	Canadian Infantry.
61402...	Private	Simoneau, J.	Canadian Infantry.
45200...	Lance-Corporal	Sinclair, W.	Canadian Engineers.
25533...	Private	Smith, G. C.	Canadian Infantry.
19255...	Private	Stephen, J. A.	Canadian Engineers.
59921...	Private	Stillman, F.	Canadian Infantry.
25646...	Private	Stokes, W.	Canadian Infantry.
424213..	Private	Straker, J. D.	Canadian Infantry.
59931...	Lance-Corporal	Strong, L.	Canadian Infantry.
20278...	Regimental Sergeant-Major.	Stuart, D.	Canadian Infantry.
20881...	Sergeant	Sydenham, S.	Canadian Infantry.
75434...	Private	Taylor, B. R. W.	Canadian Infantry.

AWARDED THE MILITARY MEDAL—*Concluded.*

Regimental No.	Rank.	Name.	Unit.
75450	Private	Taylor, W. R.	Canadian Infantry.
5763	Sergeant	Thompson, E. O.	Canadian Engineers.
1939	Corporal	Tooley, R. R.	Canadian Corps Cavalry Regiment.
55944	Lance-Sergeant	Trendell, E. A.	Canadian Infantry.
9406	Private	Varney, C. T.	Canadian Infantry.
75526	Private	Victor, J. F. S.	Canadian Infantry.
57777	Sergeant	Vout, E. J.	Canadian Infantry.
71439	Private	Wakeman, H. H.	Canadian Infantry.
5604	Acting Sergeant	Weeks, E. G.	Canadian Engineers.
13045	Private	Weir, R.	Canadian Infantry.
66032	Sergeant	Westwater, W.	Canadian Infantry.
71443	Corporal	Withell, H. P.	Canadian Infantry.
42421	Corporal	White, F.	Canadian Field Artillery.
66150	Private	White, J. R.	Canadian Infantry.
60077	Corporal	Wilmer, H. W.	Canadian Infantry.
71848	Private	Wright, J.	Canadian Infantry.
C40282	Acting Bombardier	Yeomans, F. L.	Canadian Field Artillery.
60106	Corporal	York, W.	Canadian Infantry.
66092	Lance-Corporal	Young, M.	Canadian Infantry.
427294	Private	Young, W.	Canadian Infantry.

By Command,

W. Westmacott.

Major-General, Acting Adjutant General.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX.

1916.

QUARTIER GÉNÉRAL.

OTTAWA, 8 novembre 1916.

O. G. 104.

MÉDAILLES ET DÉCORATIONS.

TROUPES EXPÉDITIONNAIRES CANADIENNES.

Extrait du 3e supplément de la LONDON GAZETTE *de mardi, le 1er juin 1915. Mardi, 3 juin 1915.*

WAR OFFICE, 3 juin 1915.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés pour leurs actes de bravoure et leur dévouement en campagne.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
1503.....	Sergent.....	Paterson, S. V., infanterie légère can. Princesse Patricia.	Pour la bravoure dont il a fait preuve à Saint-Eloi le 28 février 1915, en commandant le peloton de tête dans l'attaque des tranchées allemandes avec beaucoup d'habileté et de promptitude.
1182.....	Soldat.....	Hacking, S., infanterie légère can. Princesse Patricia.	Pour la bravoure dont il a fait preuve à Saint-Eloi, le 28 février 1915, en aidant à sauver un camarade blessé sous des circonstances extrêmement difficiles et dangereuses.
25707....	Soldat.....	Drake, R. H., 14e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable et son attachement au devoir près Rue du Bois, le 26 mars 1915, lorsqu'il sortit sous un feu violent pour aller au secours de camarades blessés. Il fut immédiatement blessé lui-même, mais cependant il parvint à traîner un homme dans un endroit sûr, et il se donna les «premiers soins» lui-même.
1296.....	Soldat.....	Robertson, J. M., infanterie légère can. Princesse Patricia.	Pour la bravoure dont il a fait preuve à Saint-Eloi, le 28 février 1915, en aidant à sauver un blessé sous des circonstances extrêmement dificiles et dangereuses.
242.....	Caporal.....	Wolstenholme, J. L., infanterie légère can. Princesse Patricia.	Pour sa bravoure incontestable à Saint-Eloi, le 15 mars 1915, lorsqu'il transporta des messages, en deux occasions, sous des circonstances dangereuses, pendant qu'il était exposé à un feu extrêmement violent. Plus tard, le caporal Wolstenholme conduisit des brancardiers dans l'obscurité pour relever les blessés.

(*Extrait du supplément de la* LONDON GAZETTE *de mardi le 16 novembre 1915.*)

WAR OFFICE, 16 novembre 1915.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée au soldat ci-dessous mentionné pour actes de bravoure et de dévouement pendant qu'il était en service dans les troupes expéditionnaires en France et dans les Flandres:—

MEDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUEE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
A24081..	Soldat.....	Wythe, A. H. V., 5e bataillon.....	Pour sa bravoure incontestable, ses ressources et son sang-froid, le 8 octobre 1915, à Messines, lorsqu'il entra dans une sape allemande avec un officier et tua deux ennemis. Le lendemain, il retourna avec le même officier et il délogea l'ennemi de sa position tout en obtenant des renseignements précieux. Le 17 octobre, le soldat Wythe se rendit pour la troisième fois dans la sape ennemie, avec deux camarades, et il recueillit de précieux renseignements. Ces quelques hommes ne se retirèrent qu'après que les Allemands leur eurent lancé dix bombes.

Extrait du deuxième supplément de la London Gazette *de vendredi, le 18 août 1916. Samedi, 19 août 1916.*

War Office, 19 août 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille de Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
81016....	Sous-sergent-suppléant.	E. W. Anderson, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et ingéniosité alors que pendant une attaque il était avec une escouade de terrassiers. L'officier commandant ayant été blessé, le sous-sergent Anderson conduisit les travaux de consodilation dans des conditions difficiles et sous un feu intense d'obus. Bien que sévèrement blessé il refusa de se retirer jusqu'à ce qu'il fut pratiquement épuisé.
5338.....	Sous-caporal.....	C. B. Bate, génie canadien.....	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement. Un groupe de travailleurs posaient des fils en avant des lignes lorsque quatre sur sept de l'escouade de protection furent blessés. Le sous-caporal Bate s'avança sous un feu intense d'obus et, bien que forcé plusieurs fois de revenir en arrière, réussit finalement en ramenant tous les blessés en lieu protégé et, éventuellement, à un poste de secours.
439565...	Sergent-major de compagnie.	W. J. Blitch, pionniers canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement en transportant un blessé sous un violent feu de mitrailleuses. Plus tard il transporta dans un entonnoir, sous un violent feu d'obus, son officier commandant blessé, le couvrant de son corps pour le protéger contre de nouvelles atteintes de fragments d'obus.
1211.....	Sergent.....	H. G. Boyce, infanterie canadienne	Pour bravoure remarquable et habileté au cours d'une attaque. Il prit le commandement après la mort de l'officier de peloton, et, bien que deux fois enterré par des explosions d'obus, il creusa lui-même et sauva la vie à plusieurs hommes. Il conserva le commandement en faisant preuve d'un sang-froid et d'un courage remarquables.
110053...	Soldat.....	J. E. Brayley, carabiniers montés canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable. Quand tous ses officiers furent tués ou blessés, il réunit une partie de sa compagnie et la conduisit, sous un feu intense, rejoindre sur le front l'autre partie de la compagnie. Il fit preuve de beaucoup de courage et de sang-froid en portant des dépêches dans des conditions critiques.
26166....	Sergent.....	B. Brayton, infanterie canadienne .	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement en maintes occasions en transportant des blessés sous un violent feu d'obusiers et de mitrailleuses. Aucune tâche n'était trop périlleuse pour lui et il fit preuve d'un calme et d'un courage au-dessus de tout éloge.
110061...	Soldat.....	A. E. Brown, infanterie canadienne, compagnie de mitrailleuses.	Pour bravoure remarquable au cours d'une attaque de l'ennemi. Pendant vingt-quatre heures il se servit de sa mitrailleuse avec beaucoup de sang-froid et de courage, après que les deux officiers de l'escouade eurent été tués. Bien que sa mitrailleuse fût à un moment enterrée par une explosion d'obus, avec l'aide d'un soldat il la remit en état, la garda en action couvrant un mouvement de retraite et se retira le dernier.
475026...	Soldat.....	W. J. Brown, infanterie canadienne	Pour bravoure remarquable en réparant la plate-forme d'un canon Stoke. Un obus commençait à prendre feu, le soldat Brown poussa un cri d'alarme, saisit l'obus et le lança pardessus le parapet, il explosa aussitôt. Cet acte de bravoure sauva beaucoup d'existences.
45574....	Maréchal des logis	T. Brotherton, brigade canadienne des mitrailleuse automobiles.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement en sauvant une grande quantité de miuntions dans lesquelles le feu avait pris à la suite d'une explosion d'obus, et bien que blessé, brûlé et souffrant d'un choc d'obus il resta à son poste, servant son canon et donnant un splendite exemple à son détachement.
430759...	Sous-caporal.....	F. Buddry, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable pendant l'attaque d'une position ennemie. Les assaillants ayant souffert de nombreuses pertes, il transporta avec succès, sous un très violent feu, aidé par un soldat, beaucoup de blessés, il fut lui-même blessé. Toute la journée il refusa de se retirer.
32701....	Sergent-major (lieutenant-honoraire et quartier-maître.)	W. G. Buswell, services de santé de l'armée canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et travail incessant pendant plusieurs jours en dirigeant les voitures et évacuant les blessés. Il donna un bel exemple de courarage et de dévouement à ses devoirs.
436663...	Soldat.....	E. Cogswell, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable. En traversant à maintes reprises, sous un violent feu d'obus, un terrain découvert et transportant des blessés en lieu sûr. Par son courage et son calme il donna dans des circonstances critiques un bel exemple à tous les hommes.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
432994...	Caporal suppléant.	R. Cruickshank, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement dans plusieurs occasions, en pansant sous un très violent feu d'obus des officiers et des soldats, leur portant de l'eau et en inspirant par son calme et son courage ses camarades à remplir leurs devoirs envers les blessés.
106173...	Maréchal des logis	L. A. Cuff, compagnie de mitrailleuses, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement. Pendant 36 heures, au cours d'une attaque de l'ennemi, il commanda l'équipe de sa mitrailleuse, sous un violent feu d'artillerie et de mousqueterie, pendant lequel la mitrailleuse, ses accessoires et son trépied furent enterrés. Cependant il se procura des pièces de rechange, conserva sa pièce en action, la changea plusieurs fois de position et arrêta le mouvement en avant de l'ennemi. Il donna à ses hommes un exemple de courage superbe et de sang-froid.
43591....	Canonnier.....	C. E. Cuthbert, artillerie de campagne canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement pendant un violent bombardement. Un coup direct sur la plateforme du canon blessa ou étourdit les hommes du détachement et mit le feu aux munitions entassées autour du canon. Le canonnier Cuthbert s'élança dans l'enclos en feu, aida à sortir les blessés, puis y retourna pour éteindre le feu. Grâce à son sang-froid et son courage les blessés furent sauvés, l'explosion des munitions et probablement la destruction du canon évitées.
418016...	Sergent-major de compagnie.	J. Dawson, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable sous un feu soutenu et dans les conditions les plus graves au cours d'une attaque. Il fit preuve de calme et de courage et son exemple encouragea beaucoup les soldats qui étaient avec lui.
67925....	Maréchal des logis	A. G. Duffett, compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.	Pour bravoure remarquable étant en charge de deux mitrailleuses. Au cours d'un violent bombardement il fut enterré par un obus et resta à son poste bien qu'ayant reçu l'ordre de se retirer. Plus tard il fut blessé à la tête par un shrapnel et refusa encore de quitter sa mitrailleuse jusqu'à ce qu'il y fut contraint par la gravité de ses blessures. Son splendide exemple en ce moment critique encouragea tous les soldats avec lui.
26032....	Soldat.....	W. R. Duncan, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable. Après que tous ses supérieurs furent tués ou blessés il commanda son peloton avec beaucoup de sang-froid et de courage sous un violent feu d'obus. Il fut grièvement blessé.
A40275..	Caporal.....	R. A. Edmunds, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable pendant un bombardement. Une bombe d'un mortier de tranchée étant tombée il la ramassa sans hésiter et la roula au-dessus du parapet où elle explosa immédiatement. Son acte courageux sauva sans aucun doute plusieurs existences.
432851...	Sergent-major suppléant de compagnie.	M. G. Ellis, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et habileté. Quand tous les officiers de sa compagnie furent tués ou blessés il prit le commandement et par son sang-froid et son exemple sous un feu violent il fut capable de consolider la position conquise.
5319.....	Sergent H.B. Free	Génie canadien.....	Pour bravoure remarquable pendant toute la campagne, spécialement en poussant les travaux étant en charge, au cours d'une attaque, de l'équipe de consolidation. Il continua les travaux bien qu'enterré deux fois par des explosions d'obus et c'est à son courage et son exemple qu'il faut en grande partie attribuer l'excellent travail éxécuté par l'équipe sous ses ordres.
18500....	Sergent fourrier de compagnie.	W. D. Gardner, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement. Il assuma les devoirs de sergent-major de compagnie après que le sergent-major eut été blessé et les remplit avec un courage remarquable et habileté bien que souffrant d'un choc, ayant été enterré deux fois par des obus.
510003...	Soldat.....	F. Garnett, intendance militaire canadienne (attaché au service des ambulances de campagne canadiennes).	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement. Après avoir été frappé par un obus, ayant perdu définitivement l'usage de son œil gauche, ayant le crâne fracturé et le bras droit rendu inutile, il prit le moteur de la voiture d'ambulance et la conduisit en lieu sûr, ayant à faire plusieurs tournants et cela tout le temps sous un violent feu d'obus.
111195...	Maréchal des logis chef régimentaire suppléant.	G. Gill, carabiniers montés canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable en enlevant avec vingt hommes une position et continuant à la tenir pendant trente-trois heures contre des attaques répétées et un violent bombardement, jusqu'à ce qu'il ne resta que deux hommes non blessés et qu'ordre lui fut donné de se retirer.
25792....	Sergent-major de compagnie (sergent-major suppléant).	J. W. Green, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable dans l'exécution de ses devoirs pendant vingt-quatre heures sous un feu violent et continuel d'obus et après avoir été blessé. Il donna un bel exemple de courage et de dévouement à ses devoirs.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
9456.....	Sergent-major de compagnie suppléant.	L. C. Harvey, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable au cours d'une action. Il déterra un officier enseveli par l'explosion d'un obus, indifférent au feu violent auquel il resta exposé. Son courage ,son habileté et son dévouement inspira la plus grande confiance aux soldats.
20632....	Sous-caporal.....	A. W. Hayter, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement en établissant volontairement des communications avec les survivants d'un détachement d'attaque. Quoique grièvement blessé, il réussit à rejoindre le détachement et à guider son retour.
47868....	Soldat.....	J. C. Henderson, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement comme brancardier. Au cours d'une attaque de la ligne de front de l'ennemi, il s'exposa continuellement avec une insoucience absolue du danger, ramassant les blessés et les transportant en lieu sûr. Bien que grièvement blessé au début de l'attaque il n'abandonna jamais son œuvre jusqu'à ce que de graves blessures le rendirent incapable d'autres efforts.
53.....	Sergent.....	A. Hill, infanterie canadienne.....	Pour bravoure remarquable en organisant et conduisant un groupe considérable de brancardiers et transportant nombre dé blessés de la ligne de feu. Il fit preuve de la plus grande bravoure et d'habileté dans les conditions les plus critiques et, sans aucun doute, sauva bien des existences.
109397...	Soldat.....	C. K. Hoag, carabiniers montés canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable et habileté comme éclaireur. Il fit plusieurs reconnaissances dans des conditions critiques et dangereuses et obtint de très précieux renseignements.
110254...	Sergent-major de compagnie.	F. Hughes, carabiniers montés canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable et ingéniosité au cours d'engagements en conduisant avec beaucoup de courage, sous un feu très violent, ses hommes vers de nouvelles positions. Il dirigea et contrôla ses hommes après avoir été blessé et donna un splendide exemple de dévouement à ses devoirs.
477458...	Sous-caporal suppléant.	W. H. James, compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.	Pour bravoure remarquable pendant une attaque de l'ennemi. Son officier et son sergent ayant été blessés il prit le commandement de quatre mitrailleuses et de deux mitrailleuses Lewis et repoussa victorieusement une attaque, alors que le reste de l'infanterie était considérablement ébranlée par des explosions de mines.
169014...	Sergent.....	O. B. Jones, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable au cours de reconnaissances d'une audace exceptionnelle. Il amena sa patrouille à quelques verges des tranchées ennemies et recueilli des renseignements de la plus grande valeur.
439772...	Soldat.....	J. H. Kavanagh, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable en maintes occasions notamment en grimpant à un arbre au secours d'un observateur blessé, se trouvant à une hauteur de quarante pieds, sous un feu violent d'obus. Il l'atteignit juste en temps pour prévenir une chûte mortelle. Il fit volontairement un splendide service de patrouille jusqu'à ce qu'il fut blessé.
106328...	Soldat.....	S. H. Keith, carabiniers montés canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable en donnant les premiers secours aux blessés des tranchées de première ligne, exposé à un violent feu d'obus. Au cours d'une attaque il tint l'ennemi à distance en lançant des bombes, ce qui permit d'enlever bien des blessés.
81478....	Caporal.....	S. H. Kerr, infanterie canadienne..	Pour bravoure remarquable, étant en patrouille avec un autre soldat. L'ennemi les ayant aperçus ils furent l'objet d'une violente fusillade; en atteignant nos parapets le sergent Kerr découvrit que l'autre soldat manquait. Il retourna seul jusqu'aux fils barbelés de l'ennemi et trouva le soldat blessé. En dépit d'un feu violent il le ramena sans aide jusqu'à nos tranchées.
25740....	Sergent.....	C. R. Lennan, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravuore remarquable et dévouement. Bien que sévèrement blessé il continua de mener en avant ses attaques de mitrailleuses, puis porta secours aux blessés jusqu'à ce qu'il fut contraint de s'arrêter par la perte de son sang. Son sang-froid et sa bravoure furent très remarqués.
430663...	Sergent-major de compagnie.	W. H. Lewis, pionniers canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable en organisant, sous un violent feu d'obus, un peloton pour chercher et ramener les blessés, ce qui comportait chaque fois un trajet de deux milles en plein jour.
5416.....	Sapeur.....	W. Mackenzie, génie canadien.....	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement. Immédiatement après avoir commencé le bombardement de tranchées qu'on se proposait d'enlever, l'ennemi bombarda violemment l'ensemble de nos tranchées. Les tranchées sautèrent l'une après l'autre ensevelissant leurs occupants. De sa propre initiative le sapeur Mackenzie quitta son abri pendant un bombardement terrible et pendant dix heures déterra l'un après l'autre les hommes ensevelis, pansant les blessés et aidant les hommes qui se retiraient. Son courage et son attitude furent superbes.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
414483...	Sous-brigadier....	W. G. Murphy, infanterie canadienne, compagnie de mitrailleuses.	Pour bravoure remarquable. Pendant une attaque de l'ennemi il manœuvra sa mitrailleuse avec beaucoup de sang-froid et de courage après que les deux sous-officiers de l'équipe furent tués. La machine ayant été enterrée par une explosion d'obus, il la déterra avec l'aide d'un autre soldat, la remit et la garda en action, couvrant la retraite et se retirant le dernier.
126.....	Sous-sergent.....	H. Nelson, infanterie canadienne...	Pour bravoure remarquable. Pendant une attaque générale il rampa en avant de la première ligne et tira continuellement sur l'ennemi jusqu'à ce que ce dernier se terra. Il transporta également des munitions à un moment critique et inspira confiance à tous par le bel exemple qu'il donna.
73397....	Sous-caporal.....	J. O'Brien, infanterie canadienne...	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement en essayant de porter un homme gravement blessé et en restant sept heures avec lui sous un feu violent d'obus, pendant qu'un autre soldat allait chercher des brancardiers. Le blessé fut ultérieurement transporté avec beaucoup de difficultés.
40558....	Maréchal des logis	G. R. W. Parry, artillerie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement pendant un violent bombardement. Un coup direct sur la plate-forme du canon blessa ou étourdit les hommes du détachement et mit le feu aux munitions emmagasinées près de la pièce. Le maréchal des logis Parry s'élança dans l'enclos incendié, aida à transporter les blessés et retourna éteindre le feu. Les blessés furent sauvés grâce à son sang-froid et son courage, et l'explosion des munitions ainsi que la destruction possible du canon furent évitées.
1615...	Sergent.....	S. Paterson, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et détermination en s'accrochant à une position. Quand son flanc eut fléchit et que l'ennemi le somma de se rendre, il réunit son demi-peloton, chargea l'ennemi et le força de se retirer avec pertes.
477732...	Soldat (caporal suppléant.)	C. H. Pope, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement en portant des dépêches importantes à travers plusieurs districts violemment bombardés. Il fit preuve du plus grand courage et de détermination et d'une indifférence absolue pour tout danger personnel.
477754...	Soldat.....	E. F. Rampton, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement comme brancardier. Au cours d'une action il resta seul pendant 72 heures, sans dormir, à panser les hommes de quatre régiments différents et à évacuer tous les blessés d'un poste de premiers secours. Finalement il s'affaissa, mais après un court repos il alla en plein jour et sous un feu très violent chercher un blessé et le ramena.
45192....	Caporal.....	S. Reid, génie canadien.....	Pour bravoure remarquable en maintes occasions et notamment en sortant d'une tranchée pour chercher un blessé tombé en terrain découvert et exposé à une vive fusillade des guetteurs. Plus tard, travaillant au déblaiement de boyaux de communication, il fit plusieurs prisonniers et les força de travailler avec lui à déterrer un soldat blessé qui avait été enseveli par l'explosion d'un obus.
109073...	Soldat.....	C. Rutledge, carabiniers montés canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable pendant un bombardement, quand, en battant en retraite, il sauva une mitrailleuse Lewis, la ramena traversant un terrain découvert sous un feu violent, tirant des entonnoirs, sur les bombardiers ennemis. Il transporta également beaucoup de blessés.
420933...	Sergent-major de compagnie.	R. Shankland, infanterie canadien-	Pour bravoure remarquable en offrant volontairement de conduire une escouade de brancardiers sous un feu très violent d'obus et ramenant des blessés et des hommes partiellement ensevelis. Son courage et son dévouement ont été très remarqués.
418779...	Caporal.....	W. Thompson, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable au cours de reconnaissances d'une audace exceptionnelle dans lesquelles il amena ses patrouilles à quelques verges des tranchées ennemies et obtint des renseignements de la plus grande valeur.
26256....	Sergent fourrier de compagnie.	B. J. Topham, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et ingéniosité étant en charge d'une escouade de bombardiers. Son escouade était exposée de trois côtés à un feu violent mais, en dépit de pertes sévères, il la fit avancer de plus de 300 verges et ramena ensuite plusieurs blessés.
110563...	Brigadier.....	H. N. Walton, carabiniers montés canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable et sang-froid pendant tout un engagement jusqu'à ce qu'il fut blessé. Il se porta volontaire pour faire une reconnaissance audacieuse au cours de laquelle il s'empara, sous un feu très violent, d'articles de grande valeur pour notre service de renseignements.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE—*suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
109694...	Sous-brigadier....	E. C. Woodrooff, carabiniers montés canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement en s'offrant volontairement en deux occasions pour aller en éclaireur, sous un violent bombardement, il obtint des renseignements très précieux.
108608...	Maréchal des logis	G. C. Wylie, carabiniers montés canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable et habileté. Après que tous les officiers de sa compagnie furent tués ou blessés il prit charge de son peloton et, bien que lui-même blessé, il tira avec succès ses hommes d'une position des plus difficiles.
457053...	Sergent.....	W. J. Young, infanterie canadienne	Pour bravoure remarquable dans le commandement d'un peloton pendant un bombardement. Bien que blessé dans le dos il continua son service et fut de nouveau blessé à la figure trois jours après par un shrapnel. Il refusa toujours de quitter son poste et continua son service jusqu'à complet épuisement.

(*Extrait du supplément de la* London Gazette, *de vendredi, le 22 septembre 1916.*)

War Office, 22 septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée aux sous-officiers à brevet, sous-officiers et soldats ci-dessous mentionnés pour des actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne:—

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et corps.	Remarques.
71409....	Sergent-major.....	J. M. Mackie, infanterie canadienne	Pour bravoure remarquable. En plain jour il rampa sur une distance de 200 verges entre les tranchées des deux fronts, jusqu'à 20 verges du parapet des ennemis pour reconnaître le terrain. Plus tard il pénétra dans une tranchée ennemie avec une colonne d'assaut, tuant trois des ennemis avec son revolver et en blessant d'autres avec des bombes. Bien que dangereusement blessé il aida d'autres blessés à sortir de la tranchée.
55914....	Soldat.....	J. Newton, infanterie canadienne..	Pour bravoure remarquable. Après une attaque on constata qu'un officier ayant été blessé était resté entre les deux lignes de front. Le soldat Newton, avec un camarade, partirent volontairement le chercher sous un feu violent de mousqueterie et de mitrailleuses. Ils trouvèrent l'officier, incapable de s'aider, et le ramenèrent dans nos tranchées en plein jour.
73821....	Soldat.....	R. F. Phillips, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable au cours d'une attaque des tranchées ennemies. Il entra dans la tranchée, sous un violent feu de bombes et couvrit son officier alors que ce dernier reconnaissait le terrain et s'emparait d'un prisonnier. Pendant la retraite il se tint debout sur le parapet lançant des bombes et finalement aida au retour des blessés.
61618....	Sergent.....	C. E. Pouliot, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable étant en patrouille. Il attaqua une patrouille ennemie et fit deux prisonniers. Il passa quatre nuits consécutives dans les tranchées ennemies afin de faire des prisonniers pour renseignements.
18833....	Sergent.....	G. W. Thorold, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement à ses devoirs en formant et conduisant, sous un feu violent d'obus, un peloton pour déterrer l'escouade de bombardiers d'un autre peloton ensevelie par l'effet d'une bombe d'un mortier de tranchée de l'ennemi.
55955....	Soldat.....	W. Wilson, infanterie canadienne.	Pour bravoure remarquable. Après une attaque à laquelle il avait pris part, il alla volontairement, avec un camarade, sous un violent feu de mousqueterie et de mitrailleuses à la recherche d'un officier blessé. Ils trouvèrent l'officier couché, incapable de s'aider, et le ramenèrent en plein jour en lieu de sûreté.

(Extrait du supplément de la London Gazette *de mardi, le 26 septembre 1916.)*

War Office, 27 septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée soit décernée au soldat ci-dessous mentionné pour ses actes de bravoure et son dévoucment en campagne.

MÉDAILLE POUR CONDUITE DISTINGUÉE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom et Corps.	Remarques.
415151...	Soldat.....	G. McNamara carabiniers à cheval canadiens.	Pour bravoure remarquable. Il alla, au grand jour et en pleine vue de l'ennemie, chercher un sergent blessé et le ramena sous un feu de mitrailleuse et de mousqueterie.

(Extrait du 3e supplément de la London Gazette *de mardi, le 8 août 1916.)*

War Office, mercredi, 10 août 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi de conférer la Médaille Militaire pour bravoure en campagne aux sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés.

MEDAILLE MILITAIRE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
6194.....	Caporal.....	Catchpole, A. J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
11467....	Soldat.....	Costello,P	Infanterie canadienne.
432352...	Sous-caporal.....	Bennett, F.....	Infanterie canadienne.
107144...	Soldat.....	Coles, A.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
57985....	Soldat.....	Coppock, G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
84.....	Soldat.....	Craven, R. A.....	Génie canadien.
432018...	Sergent.....	Downton, J. G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
A14787..	Soldat.....	Gill, G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
9456.....	Sergent-major de compagnie suppléant.	Harvey, E. C.....	Infanterie canadienne.
107267...	Sergent.....	Heather, F. A.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
65440....	Sergent.....	Hennessy, J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
54324....	Soldat.....	Jones, T.....	Infanterie canadienne.
9517.....	Sergent tambour.....	Jones, W. E.....	Infanterie canadienne.
75374....	Soldat.....	Kipps, W. H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
64055....	Soldat.....	Lambert, P.....	Infanterie canadienne.
180.....	Sergent suppléant.....	Lee, T. D.....	Génie canadien.
83852....	Canonnier.....	Litherland, C.....	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
73028....	Sergent.....	Lock, G. J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
71338....	Sergent.....	MacRae, L.....	Infanterie canadienne.
433031...	Soldat.....	McKinnon, A. I.....	Infanterie canadienne.
108377...	Sergent.....	Mellor, W.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
65720....	Sergent.....	Naylor, H. S.....	Infanterie canadienne.
63678....	Sergent.....	Nottingham, A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
24286....	Sergent.....	Petrie, A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
23951....	Soldat.....	Rutledge, W. L.....	Infanterie canadienne.
62188....	Soldat.....	Savard, N.....	Infanterie cnadienne.....
652.....	Sapeur.....	Scott, C. C.....	Génie canadien.
65056....	Soldat.....	Somerville, W. F.....	Infanterie canadienne.
59905....	Sergent.....	Stanbridge, E. W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
6619.....	Soldat.....	Tanner, A. J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
436540...	Soldat.....	Tomkinson, G. W.....	Infanterie cnaadienne.
27269....	Sergent.....	Urquhart, R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
24889....	Caporal.....	Walker, F. J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
432951...	Sergent.....	Wallis, J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
55313....	Sous-caporal.....	Wardlaw, J. M.....	Infanterie canadienne.
24890....	Caporal.....	Westerman, J. E.....	Infanterie canadienne.
46203....	Soldat.....	Woods, D.....	Infanterie canadienne.

(*Extrait du supplément de la* London Gazette *de mardi, le 22 août 1916.*) *Mercredi, 23 août 1916.*

War Office, 23 août 9116.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi de conférer la Médaille Militaire pour bravoure en campagne aux sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés.

MEDAILLE MILITAIRE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
155062...	Sergent	Andreson, J. G.	Pionniers canadiens.
79359....	Sergent	Appleby, N.	Infanterie canadienne.
115006...	Sous-brigadier	Armstrong, J. T.	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
69033....	Soldat	Arsenault, H.	Infanterie canadienne.
452374...	Soldat	Atherton, E.	Infanterie canadienne.
A40438..	Sergent	Bain, G.	Infanterie canadienne.
73097....	Sergent	Ball, C. S.	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
106072...	Sapeur	Ball, C. W.	Génie canadien.
477033...	Soldat (sous-caporal suppléant.)	Ball, P.	Infanterie canadienne.
477040...	Soldat (sous-caporal suppléant.)	Barlow, H. J.	Infanterie canadienne.
A2979...	Sergent	Barr, J.	Infanterie canadienne.
13083....	Sous-caporal	Batchelor, G.	Infanterie canadienne.
A24005..	Soldat	Batchelor H.	Infanterie canadienne.
77100....	Sous-caporal	Bateman, K.	Infanterie canadienne.
439699...	Soldat	Bélanger, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
79174....	Soldat	Bennett, F. C.	Infanterie canadienne.
77104....	Sergent	Birch, T.	Infanterie canadienne.
18324....	Soldat	Blackkurn, G. B.	Infanterie canadienne.
45049....	Caporal	Borrie, W. J.	Génie canadien.
414240...	Soldat	Boutilier, C. P.	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
67734....	Sergent-major de compagnie suppléant.	Bowen, J. W.	Infanterie canadienne.
448027...	Soldat	Boyd, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
9301.....	Sergent	Braddick, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
77107....	Sergent-major de compagnie suppléant.	Brewer, T. W.	Infanterie canadienne.
5632.....	Sergent	Brown, E.	Génie canadien.
19619....	Caporal suppléant	Brown, W.	Infanterie canadienne.
41343....	Maréchal des logis	Buchanan, G. E.	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
40567....	Caporal	Burns, P. J.	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
33304....	Sous-caporal suppléant	Cameron, J.	Services de santé de l'armée canadienne.
67192....	Caporal	Canning, E.	Infanterie canadienne.
A2287...	Sous-caporal	Clark, R.	Infanterie canadienne.
411080...	Soldat	Clark, W. L.	Infanterie canadienne.
21321....	Caporal	Coulton, G.	Infanterie canadienne.
24582....	Caporal	Cowan, G. T.	Autrefois de l'infanterie canadienne.
5353.....	Sergent	Crompton, H.	Génie canadien.
80015....	Soldat	Curtis, W. B.	Infanterie canadienne.
110118...	Brigadier	Cuttle, W. G.	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
96.....	Soldat	Dawson, W.	Infanterie canadienne.
41493....	Caporal	Day, J.	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
18603....	Soldat	Delaney, F.	Infanterie canadienne.
85703....	Bombardier	DesRosiers, G. W.	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
109308...	Soldat	Dixon, G. B.	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
109309...	Soldat	Dixon, T. B.	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
6905.....	Sergent	Dorrance, H. J.	Infanterie canadienne.
432148...	Soldat	Eaves, T.	Infanterie canadienne.
23132....	Soldat	Elexander, E.	Infanterie canadienne.
418743...	Caopral	Emo, F. H.	Infanterie canadienne.
85299....	Canonnier	England, S.	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
406523...	Soldat	Farebrother, A. H.	Infanterie canadienne.
16305....	Sous-caporal	Faris, A. Y.	Infanterie canadienne.
73654....	Soldat	Field, E.	Infanterie canadienne.
79777....	Soldat	Flemons, R. G.	Infanterie canadienne.
13100....	Caporal	Frey, C.	Infanterie canadienne.
61951....	Soldat	Gagné, E.	Infanterie canadienne.
70125....	Soldat	Green, R.	Infanterie canadienne.
422235...	Sous-caporal suppléant	Gouldsmith, L. F.	Infanterie canadienne.
416969...	Soldat	Grimard, W.	Infanterie canadienne.
540312...	Soldat	Hanmer, E.	Intendance militaire canadienne.
108271...	Sapeur	Harper, R.	Génie canadien.
81361....	Soldat	Harrison, R. C.	Infanterie canadienne.
436538...	Soldat	Heaps, T.	Infanterie canadienne.
438749...	Soldat	Hodge, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
27018....	Soldat	Hodges, E. B. F.	Infanterie canadienne.
689.....	Sous-sergent	Hunt, R. W.	Infanterie canadienne.
26213....	Sous-caporal	Imray, A. B.	Infanterie canadienne.
407019...	Sous-sergent	Ironside, J. P.	Infanterie canadienne.
692.....	Soldat	Jackson, R. C.	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
McG230.	Sous-caporal	Jeakins, J. W.	Infanterie canadienne.
81456....	Soldat	Johnston, W. N. M.	Infanterie canadienne.
109146...	Caporal suppléant en second.	Kee, H.	Génie canadien.
487312...	Pionnier	Keith, J.	Pionniers canadiens.
9570.....	Soldat	Kerr, G. F.	Infanterie canadienne.
1075.....	Sous-sergent	Kilshaw, G.	Infanterie canadienne.
9459.....	Sergent	Knight, F. W.	Infanterie canadienne.
25858....	Soldat	Labelle, J.	Infanterie canadienne.
81494....	Soldat	Laidlaw, W. J. S.	Infanterie canadienne.
A334.....	Soldat	Larkman, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
70082....	Sous-caporal	Latham, C. E.	Infanterie canadienne.
18655....	Soldat	Lattin, E. E.	Infanterie canadienne.
1460.....	Soldat	Laurin, E.	Infanterie canadienne.
458416...	Sous-caporal	LeSueur, A. J.	Infanterie canadienne.

MÉDAILLE MILITAIRE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
68225....	Soldat.....	Lumsden, C. B.....	Infantry canadienne.
110338...	Sapeur.....	MacDonald, R. S.....	Génie canadien.
510445...	Soldat.....	MacGillivray, E. B.....	Intendance militaire canadienne.
67529....	Sergent.....	MacKay, H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
77345....	Soldat.....	Mairs, N. F.....	Infanterie canadienne.
70306....	Soldat.....	Mathers, S. R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
109154...	Soldat.....	Matthews, J. S.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
489278...	Soldat.....	McAvoy, J. M.....	Infanterie canadienne.
218.....	Sous-caporal.....	McCall, J. D.....	Génie canadien.
109513...	Soldat.....	McCaskill, A. D.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
28570....	Brigadier.....	McIlwaine, J. B.....	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
1345.....	Sergent.....	McInnes, J. E.....	Infanterie canadienne.
418598...	Sergent.....	McIntyre, R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
154712...	Sous-caporal.....	McKenzie, D. J.....	Pionniers canadiens.
25614....	Caporal.....	MLcelland, G. A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
112258...	Caporal.....	Mess, R. D.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
477588...	Soldat.....	Miller, J. W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
8627.....	Soldat.....	Mitchell, D. G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
65634....	Soldat.....	Mitchell, R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
69579....	Sergent.....	Moore, C.....	Infanterie canadienne.
18220....	Sergent.....	Morrison, D.....	Infanterie canadienne.
13782....	Sergent.....	Morrison, H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
106408...	Caporal.....	Morton, R. H.....	Génie canadien.
76241....	Sergent.....	Murray, R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
439440...	Caporal.....	Murray, R. C.....	Infanterie canadienne.
117443...	Soldat.....	Nelson, K.....	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
67015....	Soldat.....	Neville, L.....	Infanterie canadienne.
81670....	Soldat.....	Nichols, W. H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
36164....	Sergent.....	Nixon, J. D.....	Services de santé de l'armée canadienne.
128.....	Convoyeur.....	Ouellett, J. H.....	Artillerie canadienne.
79745....	Caporal.....	Parker, F. G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
436057...	Soldat.....	Pearson, A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
69776....	Soldat.....	Peters, D. G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
19435....	Soldat.....	Plachich, G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
63726....	Soldat.....	Powell, U.....	Infanterie canadienne.
67043....	Sergent.....	Ranford, T.....	Infanterie canadienne.
111433...	Soldat.....	Reddens, S.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
77840....	Caporal.....	Rees, H. A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
426083...	Soldat.....	Regan, J. F.....	Autrefois de l'infanterie canadienne.
27251....	Sergent.....	Reid, M. M.....	Infanterie canadienne.
163915...	Soldat.....	Reynolds, E.....	Autrefois de l'infanterie canadienne.
23572....	Soldat.....	Rhodes, E.....	Infanterie canadienne.
46602....	Caporal.....	Ritchie, T. E.....	Artillerie canadienne.
110487...	Caporal.....	Roe, T. E.....	Autrefois des carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
62216....	Soldat.....	Rogers, W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
109584...	Soldat.....	Rolph, G. H.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
61441....	Soldat.....	Roy, E.....	Infanterie canadienne.
430785...	Sergent.....	Sainsbury, A.....	Pionniers canadiens.
23053....	Soldat.....	Saint-Onge, L.....	Services de santé de l'armée canadienne.
109584...	Soldat.....	Sale, D.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
63795....	Soldat.....	Savage, J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
110506...	Sous-brigadier.....	Semple, S. G.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
A22337..	Soldat.....	Shannon, T. M.....	Infanterie canadienne.
107573...	Soldat.....	Shipton, B.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
420929...	Caporal.....	Sim, W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
13306....	Sergent suppléant.....	Simpson, T. N.....	Infanterie canadienne.
81806....	Soldat.....	Skolrood, L.....	Infanterie canddienne.
406623...	Soldat.....	Speirs, R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
439424...	Sous-sergent.....	Strong, J. W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
33265....	Sous-caporal.....	Stuart, S.....	Infanterie canadienne.
153477...	Soldat.....	Styles, G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
426590...	Soldat.....	Summers, W. M.....	Infanterie canadienne.
13276....	Sous-caporal.....	Sutherland, H. B.....	Infanterie canadienne.
68414....	Soldat.....	Taylor, J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
46895....	Sergent.....	Temple, J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
26399....	Sergent.....	Thibault, H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
21428....	Sergent.....	Thompson, J.....	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
302.....	Soldat.....	Thrasher, J. M.....	Infanterie canadienne.
6529.....	Sergent.....	Thwaites, W. F.....	Autrefois de l'infanterie canadienne.
81895....	Sous-caporal.....	Transgrud, O.....	Infanterie canadienne.
79787....	Sergent.....	Tregellas, W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
447235...	Soldat.....	Trout, F. A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
63868....	Soldat.....	Townsend, B. R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
2635.....	Sous-caporal.....	Vallance, L.....	Infanterie canadienne.
81910....	Soldat.....	Wade, C. M.....	Infanterie canadienne.
432578...	Soldat.....	Walkeden, T. J. A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
9380.....	Soldat.....	Walsh, W. J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
76042....	Sergent.....	Watson, A. B.....	Infanterie canadienne.
10828....	Soldat.....	Watson, W. D.....	Infanterie canadienne.
18705....	Soldat.....	Watts, J. E. P.....	Infanterie canadienne.
109190...	Cavalier.....	Whitehead, V. R.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
1537.....	Soldat.....	Williamson, F.....	Infanterie canadienne.
22645....	Sergent.....	Willis, J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
404239...	Soldat.....	Wilson, H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
108636...	Sergent.....	Wingrove, A. H.....	Génie canadien.
6418.....	Sergent-major de compagnie suppléant.	Worrall, A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
435079...	Soldat.....	Wright, W. L.....	Infanterie canadienne.
A38421..	Soldat.....	Wrigley, N. G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
18259....	Soldat.....	Young, R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
24896....	Soldat.....	Young, R.....	Infanterie canadienne.

A OBTENU UNE AGRAFE À LA MÉDAILLE MILITAIRE.

25726....	Caporal suppléant.....	Hodgson, T.....	Infanterie canadienne.

(*Extrait du Supplément de la* London Gazette *du 1er septembre 1916.*)

War Office, 1er septembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi de conférer la Médaille Militaire, pour bravoure en campagne, aux sous-officiers et soldats ci-dessous mentionnés:

ONT OBTENU LA MÉDAILLE MILITAIRE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
406667...	Soldat.....	Baird, J. S.....	Infanterie canadienne.
55162....	Caporal.....	Brisbin, H. V.....	Infanterie canadienne.
406061...	Soldat.....	Crosford, F.....	Infanterie canadienne.
428159...	Sous-sergent.....	Dawe, W. A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
53648....	Soldat.....	Forrester, A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
A2937...	Soldat.....	Grey, D. C.....	Infanterie canadienne.
428779...	Sergent.....	Hamm, C. B.....	Infanterie canadienne.
406342...	Soldat.....	King, F.....	Infanterie canadienne.
77148....	Sergent.....	Lane, E.....	Infanterie canadienne.
61196....	Caporal.....	LeBel, A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
55088....	Caporal.....	Lynch, A. F.....	Infanterie canadienne.
16255....	Caporal.....	McDowell, S.....	Infanterie canadienne.
A6474...	Soldat.....	Reid, W. D. G.....	Infanterie canadienne.
428077...	Sergent.....	Ross, D. H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
55500....	Soldat.....	Rule, C. J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
476014...	Soldat.....	Scott, N.....	Infanterie canadienne.
7194.....	Soldat.....	Shuel, R. E.....	Infanterie canadienne.
16241....	Sergent.....	Weeks, H. H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
55316....	Soldat.....	Wheadon, N. A.....	Infanterie canadienne.

(*Extrait du Troisième Supplément de la* London Gazette *de mardi, le 19 septembre 1916.*)

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi de conférer la Médaille Militaire, pour bravoure en campagne, aux sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés.

ONT OBTENU LA MÉDAILLE MILITAIRE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
419043...	Soldat.....	Bellers, J. V. H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
8069.....	Sergent.....	Broad, R. N.....	Infanterie canadienne.
71548....	Soldat.....	Burrell, H. C.....	Infanterie ccanadienne.
55407....	Soldat.....	Dinsmore, R. L.....	Infanterie canadienne.
8659.....	Soldat.....	Gracey, S.....	Services de santé de l'armée canadienne.
319.....	Chauffeur.....	Harper, W.....	Génie canadien.
55766....	Sergent.....	Holk, J. R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
418997...	Soldat.....	Jackes, B. S.....	Infanterie canadienne.
427024...	Soldat.....	Maquard, A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
71198....	Soldat.....	Muir, G. S.....	Infanterie canadienne.
8486.....	Soldat.....	Murphy, R. A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
73308....	Soldat.....	Price, J. E.....	Infanterie canadienne.
432171...	Sergent.....	Rawlinson, L. E.....	Infanterie canadienne.
71836....	Soldat.....	Rogers, J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
447229...	Soldat.....	Taylor, S.....	Infanterie canadienne.

(*Extrait du Deuxième Supplément de la* London Gazette *de mardi, le 10 octobre 1916.*) *Mercredi, 11 octobre 1916.*)

War Office, 10 octobre 1916.

Il a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le Roi de conférer la Médaille Militaire, pour bravoure en campagne, aux sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés.

ONT OBTENU LA MÉDAILLE MILITAIRE.

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
71084....	Soldat	Adams, J.	Infanterie canadienne.
201139...	Soldat	Adamson, R.	Infanterie canadienne.
16619...	Sergent	Allison, R. M.	Infanterie canadienne.
1619.....	Sergent	Angus, G.	Infanterie canadienne.
13079....	Soldat	Barratt, W.	Infanterie canadienne.
24095....	Sergent	Bell, L. F.	Infanterie canadienne.
65077....	Soldat	Bethume, S. J.	Infanterie canadienne.
5784.....	Caporal	Betts, F. C.	Génie canadien.
18564....	Sergent (actuel. lieutenant)	Bevan, C.	Infanterie canadienne.
27044....	Sergent suppléant	Binny, W. J.	Infanterie canadienne.
77803....	Soldat	Bjornsfelt, A. G. O.	Infanterie canadienne.
18316....	Sergent	Blacnford, J.	Autrefois infanterie canadienne.
28851....	Soldat	Blair, G.	Infanterie canadienne.
59072....	Soldat	Blanchard, B. R.	Infanterie canadienne.
76355....	Caporal	Blinko, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
6894.....	Caporal	Blondell, M. le M.	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
55787....	Soldat	Blunt, R.	Infanterie canadienne.
24029....	Sergent	Blyth, W.	Infanterie canadienne.
8524.....	Soldat	Bond, J.	Infanterie canadienne.
5341.....	Caporal	Bolton, R. A.	Génie canadien.
11041....	Soldat	Booker, G.	Infanterie canadienne.
71352....	Soldat	Bowden, H.	Infanterie canadienne.
45013....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	Bowles, F.	Génie canadien.
13609....	Sous-sergent	Bowyer, J. H.	Infanterie canadienne.
9166.....	Caporal suppléant	Brailford, W. C.	Infanterie canadienne.
A373.....	Sergent	Brook, J. R.	Infanterie canadienne.
59098....	Soldat	Brooklyn, D. R.	Infanterie canadienne.
42081....	Maître maréchal-ferrant	Brown, D.	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
420830...	Sergent suppléant	Bull, F.	Infanterie canadienne.
19113....	Soldat	Caminer, H.	Infanterie canadienne.
61328....	Soldat	Carbonneau, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
73878....	Sous-caporal	Carey, W. J.	Infanterie canadienne.
59147....	Soldat	Casselman, L.	Infanterie canadienne.
14504....	Brigadier suppléant	Charleson, D. S.	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
13724....	Caporal	Chievers-Wilson, A. A. E. R.	Infanterie canadienne.
611.....	Sergent-fourrier	Coad, O. S.	Infanterie canadienne.
71796....	Sergent-fourrier	Collingwood, J. W.	Infanterie canadienne.
65192....	Soldat	Collins, E. G.	Infanterie canadienne.
81174....	Sergent	Cook, M.	Infanterie canadienne.
30250....	Conducteur	Counter, F. C.	Intendance militaire canadienne.
20454....	Caporal	Courtney, A.	Infanterie candaienne.
5634.....	Caporal suppléant	Craven, T. R.	Génie canadien.
85.....	2e caporal	Crawford, A. W.	Génie canadien.
16877....	Caporal	Currell, F. W.	Infanterie canadienne.
59224....	Soldat	Currie, W.	Infanterie canadienne.
835.....	Sous-caporal	Dougherty, G.	Infanterie canadienne.
14985....	Soldat	Dudley, G. F.	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
25823....	Sergent-major de compagnie suppléant.	Duffin, T.	Infanterie canadienne.
65290....	Sous-caporal	Duley, E. E.	Infanterie canadienne.
42480....	Caporal supp°ant	Dundas, H. T.	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
1955.....	Cavalier	Durham, C. G.	Carabiniers à cheval çanadiens.
63283....	Cavalier	Dwyer, D. K.	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
445.....	Soldat	Dyer, R. C.	Infanterie canadienne.
63313....	Soldat	Eddie, J. O.	Infanterie canadienne.
19631....	Soldat	Eden, H.	Infanterie canadienne.
454169...	Soldat	Edgar, J. J.	Infanterie canadienne.
63325....	Soldat	Elliott, J. D.	Infanterie canadienne.
30276....	Sous-sergent	Etty, W.	Intendance militaire canadienne.
57627....	Sous-caporal	Ewing, W. A.	Infanterie canadienne.
5665.....	Sergent suppléant	Faulkner, H. J.	Génie canadien.
48.....	Soldat	Fawcett, A. E.	Infanterié canadienne.
420510...	Soldat	Fernie, R. T.	Infanterie canadienne.
210.....	Sergent	Figsby, W. H.	Infanterie canadienne.
420159...	Caporal suppléant	Fitton, N. V.	Infanterie canadienne.
10039....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	Forgie, D.	Infanterie canadienne.
30314....	Sergent	Forrest, J. W.	Intendance militaire canadienne.
24352....	Sergent	French, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
8441.....	Sergent	French, J. B.	Infanterie canadienne.
458446...	Soldat	Fuller, A. J.	Infanterie canadienne.
77006....	Sergent	Fyles, J. J.	Infanterie canadienne.
72210....	Sous-caporal	Gilbert, E. P.	Infanterie canadienne.
8209.....	Soldat	Gilbey, J.	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
9199.....	Sergent	Gillard, W. H.	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
59368....	Soldat	Gillett, F. H.	Infanterie canadienne.
65366....	Sous-caporal	Gillespie, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
30070....	Sergent	Givens, R.	Intendance militaire canadienne.
55205....	Soldat	Goodfellow, L. M.	Infanterie canadienne.
22058....	Sergent	Graham, W.	Infanterie canadienne.
22741....	Sergent	Greer, B.	Infanterie canadienne.
18351....	Caporal	Green, A. P.	Brigade de mitrailleuses.
57644....	Soldat	Green, R.	Infanterie canadienne.
47006....	Soldat	Grossart, A.	Infanterie canadienne.
23396....	Sergent	Hall, A. E.	Infanterie canadienne.

ONT OBTENU LA MÉDAILLE MILITAIRE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
13640....	Sergent	Hanson, A. M	Infanterie canadienne.
75051....	Sergent	Harvey, J	Infanterie canadienne.
41806....	Brigadier (actuellement lieutenant.)	Hickson, R	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
42042....	Maréchal des logis	Holt, E. O	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
55444....	Soldat	Holtum, W. C	Infanterie canadienne.
59479....	Sous-brigadier	Hopkinson, K. C	Infanterie canadienne.
9210.....	Sergent	Hughes, H. G	Génie canadien.
22589....	Soldat	Johnson, M. S	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
32971....	Sergent-major	Keith, W	Services de santé de l'armée canadienne.
14828....	Soldat	Kennedy, M. S	Brigade de mitrailleuses.
71171....	Sous-caporal	Kilborn, A. R	Infanterie canadienne.
77781....	Sergent	Lane, R	Infanterie canadienne.
40442....	Brigadier	Laundy, H. C	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
61021....	Sergent (actuel. lieutenant)	Lavoie, L. R	Infanterie canadienne.
58316....	Soldat	Lennard, H. G	Infanterie canadienne.
18215....	Sergent suppléant	Levey, R	Brigade de mitrailleuses.
7994.....	Sergent	Lightfoot, J. D	Infanterie canadienne.
12641....	Sergent	Lingford, R	Infanterie canadienne.
30280....	Sous-caporal	Little, A	Intendance militaire canadienne.
18055....	Brigadier	Lord, H. T	Cont. d'artillerie canadienne.
75951....	Soldat	Lumbard, R. W	Infanterie canadienne.
10144....	Sergent	MacAgy, G. K	Infanterie canadienne.
5713.....	Caporal suppléant	MacDonald, C. H	Génie canadien.
6246.....	Sergent-fourrier	MacDonald, J. C	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
75112....	Sergent	Machell, W. L	Infanterie canadienne.
45556....	Caporal-armurier	Macoun, S	Brigade de mitrailleuses canadienne.
87685....	Soldat	MacLean, F. A	Infanterie canadienne.
81548....	Caporal	Madkins, F	Infanterie canadienne.
A44193..	Soldat	Mahar, A. J	Infanterie candienne.
15512....	Cavalier	Mann, A. D	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
33112....	Caporal	Mansell, L. H	Services de santé de l'armée canadienne.
A26153..	Caporal	Marven, R	Infanterie canadienne.
33112....	Caporal	L. H. Mansell	Services de santé de l'armée canadienne.
A13004..	Sous-caporal	Mason, F	Infanterie canadienne.
45605....	Sergent	Matthews, P	Brigade de mitrailleuses canadienne.
22927....	Sergent-major de compagnie (actuel. lieutenant).	Maybin, W	Infanterie canadienne.
5421.....	Sergent-major de compagnie.	McAndrew, P	Génie canadien.
A44189..	Soldat	McAuley, P. A	Infanterie canadienne.
5422.....	Sapeur	McBeath, A. G	Génie canadien.
1696.....	Soldat	McGillivray, J. E	Services de santé de l'armée canadienne.
59719....	Sous-caporal	McGinnis, D	Infanterie canadienne.
65696....	Sergent	McIntyre, K. C	Infanterie canadienne.
87118....	Bombardier	McIntyre, R	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
57343....	Caporal	McKie, R	Infanterie canadienne.
55484....	Soldat	McLean, H. E	Infanterie canadienne.
76165....	Sergent	McLeod, D	Génie canadien.
5015.....	Sergent	Melville, A	Génie canadien.
42720....	Conducteur	Miles, G	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
A34307..	Soldat	Milne, J. T	Infanterie canadienne.
29047....	Caporal	Minchin, A. W	Infanterie canadienne.
81615....	Sergent	Murray, J. H	Infanterie canadienne.
304295...	Canonnier	Nelson, C	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
26154....	Sergent-fourrier suppléant de compagnie.	Neilson, F. K	Infanterie canadienne.
25873....	Caporal	Nicholls, C. J	Génie canadien.
304293...	Canonnier	Norman, C. H	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
25753....	Soldat	Norton, A	Infanterie canadienne.
19586....	Sous-caporal	Nowell, A	Infanterie canadienne.
22780....	Sergent-major suppléant de compagnie.	Nuttall ,J. P	Infanterie canadienne.
73546....	Sergent	O'Brien, D	Génie canadien.
9230.....	Caporal	Ogden, C. E	Génie canadien.
13456....	Sergent	Patton, A	Infanterie canadienne.
77688....	Soldat	Pavey, W. G	Infanterie canadienne.
13030....	Soldat	Peacey, J. C	Infanterie canadienne.
25627....	Sergent (actuel. lieutenant)	Plow, A	Infanterie canadienne.
18461....	Sergent (actuel. lieutenant)	Pringle, J. P	Infanterie canadienne.
55692....	Soldat	Ratcliffe, R	Infanterie canadienne.
9602.....	Sergent	Rennie, S. G	Compagnie canadienne de mitrailleuses.
5192.....	Sergent	Rhodes, E	Génie canadien.
41146....	Maréchal des logis	Richardson, W. F	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
59836....	Sous-caporal	Riley, G. A. F	Infanterie canadienne.
65841....	Sergent	Robins, N. W	Infanterie canadienne.
18160....	Sergent	Robitaille, J	Infanterie canadienne.
42196....	Sergent	Ross, W	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
22917....	Sergent	Rousseau, J	Infanterie canadienne.
5185.....	Caporal	Ryan, B. W	Génie canadien.
55936....	Soldat	Scott, W. C	Infanterie canadienne.
5742.....	Caporal	Sharp, H. D	Génie canadien.
59879....	Soldat	Shephard, W. T	Infanterie canadienne.
53504....	Soldat	Sheridan, R. C	Infanterie canadienne.
81800....	Soldat	Simpson, T. R	Infanterie canadienne.
61402....	Soldat	Simoneau, J	Infanterie canadienne.
45200....	Sous-caporal	Sinclair, W	Génie canadien.
25533....	Soldat	Smith, G. C	Infanterie canadienne.
19255....	Soldat	Stephen J. A	Génie canadien.
59921....	Soldat	Stillman, F	Infanterie canadienne.
25646....	Soldat	Stokes, W	Infanterie canadienne.
424213...	Soldat	Straker, J. D	Infanterie canadienne.

ONT OBTENU LA MÉDAILLE MILITAIRE—*Suite.*

N° rég.	Grade.	Nom.	Corps.
59931....	Sous-caporal.....	Strong, L.....	Infanterie canadienne.
20278....	Sergent-major de régiment.	Stuart, D.....	Infanterie canadienne.
20881....	Sergent.....	Sydenham, S.....	Infanterie canadienne.
75434....	Soldat.....	Taylor, B. R. W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
75450....	Soldat.....	Taylor, W. R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
5763.....	Sergent.....	Thompson, E. O.....	Génie canadien.
1939.....	Brigadier.....	Tooley, R. R.....	Carabiniers à cheval canadiens.
55944....	Sous-sergent.....	Trendell, E. A.....	Infanterie canadienne.
9406.....	Soldat.....	Varney, C. T.....	Infanterie canadienne.
95526....	Soldat.....	Victor, J. F. S.....	Infanterie canadienne.
57777....	Sergent.....	Vout, E. J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
71439....	Soldat.....	Wakeman, H. H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
5604.....	Sergent suppléant.....	Weeks, E. G.....	Génie canadien.
13045....	Soldat.....	Weir, R.....	Infanterie canadienne.
66032....	Sergent.....	Westwater, W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
71443....	Caporal.....	Withell, H. P.....	Infanterie canadienne.
42421....	Brigadier.....	White, F.....	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
66150....	Soldat.....	White, J. H.....	Infanterie canadienne.
60077....	Caporal.....	Wilmer, H. W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
71848....	Soldat.....	Wright, J.....	Infanterie canadienne.
C40282..	Bombardier suppléant.....	Yeomans, F. L.....	Artillerie de campagne canadienne.
60106....	Caporal.....	York, W.....	Infanterie canadienne.
66092....	Sous-caporal.....	Young, M.....	Infanterie canadienne.
427294...	Soldat.....	Young, W.....	Infanterie canadienne.

Par ordre,

W. E. Hodgins.

Major général, adjudant général suppléant.

OTTAWA.—Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

No. 27. Vol. L.

The Canada Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1916.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Notices, documents or advertisements received after twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, will not be published in "The Canada Gazette" of the following Saturday, but in the next number.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

AVIS IMPORTANT.

Les avis, documents ou annonces reçus après midi, le jeudi de chaque semaine, ne seront pas publiés dans la "Gazette du Canada" du samedi suivant, mais dans le numéro subséquent.

J. de L. TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz :—

Ottawa, 19th December, 1916

Leighton Perry, of the Port of Cape Negro, in the County of Shelburne, in the Province of Nova Scotia : to be Harbour Master for that port, in the room and stead of A.D. Perry, deceased.

Samuel Dinsmore, of North Head, Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick : to be Wharfinger of the Government wharf at that place.

—

20th December, 1916.

Joseph M. A. Bcjchard, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Temporary Excise Officer: to be a Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Quebec, in the said province, from 1st April, 1916.

Joseph Georges Pageau, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Temporary Excise Officer : to be a Preventive Officer, in the Inland Revenue Division of Montreal, in the said Province, from 1st April, 1916.

Alexander Ruel, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, Temporary Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures : to be a Preventive Officer in the Weights and Measures Division of Ottawa, in the said Province, from 26th July, 1916.

François-Xavier Traversy, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Temporary Excise Officer : to be Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Quebec, in the said Province, from 1st April, 1916.

Wilfrid Brossard, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Temporary Preventive Officer : to be Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Montreal, in the said Province, from 1st October, 1916.

James Findlay Smith, of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, Temporary Excise Offier: to be Preventive Officer, in the Inland Revenue Division of Hamilton, in the said Province, from 1st April, 1916.

George S. Warren, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Temporary Preventive Officer : to be Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Montreal, in the said Province, from 1st April, 1916.

M. J. O'Connor, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, Barrister-at-Law : to be Deputy Collector (Class A) in the Inland Revenue Division of Ottawa, in the said Province, from 15th December, 1916.

PROCLAMATIONS.

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to Thursday, the Thirtieth day of the month of November instant, at which time, at Our City of Ottawa, you were held and constrained to appear. NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our Loving Subjects, We have thought fit by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, to relieve you, and each of you, of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on TUESDAY, the NINTH day of the month of JANUARY next, you meet Us in Our Parliament of Canada, at Our City of Ottawa, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of Our said Dominion of Canada and therein to do as may seem necessary. HEREIN FAIL NOT.

WITNESS: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this THIRTIETH day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By Command,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.

23–tf

[The following Proclamation was first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *15th December, 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern.—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS by Our Proclamation bearing date the twenty-fourth day of November in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen We did declare and proclaim that all soldiers of the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force absent from their units without leave, should be pardoned from such offence provided they surrendered themselves to the officer commanding the unit to which they belonged if that unit should be in Canada, or if it be not, to the district officer commanding any military district in Canada not later than the fifteenth day of December in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred ond sixteen for the purpose of completing their engagements, and We did further by Our said Proclamation direct, declare and proclaim that those soldiers of the said Force undergoing sentence of imprisonment for desertion or absence without leave should be pardoned from such offence and released from imprisonment or detention and be handed over to the officer commanding the unit to which they belonged or to the officer commanding the military district in which they are, for the purpose of being returned to some other units of the said Expeditionary Force in order to complete their engagements;

AND WHEREAS it has since become apparent that owing to existing circumstances such as the removal of the absentees to distant and out-of-the-way parts of Canada and the United States which Our said Proclamation in that behalf could not soon reach many of the absentees would not been apprised in time to enable them to surrender by the said fifteenth day of December,—

NOW KNOW YE that We do of Our Royal Will and Pleasure ordain, direct, declare and proclaim that the time limit for surrendering under the terms of Our said Proclamation is and shall be extended to the fifteenth day of January in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, in Our said Dominion, this FOURTEENTH day of DECEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By command,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–3

DESPATCHES, ETC.

(*Extract from the Fifth Supplement to* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 14th November, 1916.*)

WAR OFFICE,
16th November, 1916.

HIS Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to award the Military Medal for bravery in the field to the undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers and Men:—

CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

500104 Lce. Cpl. G. E. C. Bradley, C. E.
500107 Actg Cpl. W C. Bruce, C. E.
602994 Spr. E. W. Doan, Eng.
500124 Cpl. E. James, Eng.
45408 Pte. G. Le Gallais, Eng.
139155 Sapper W. F. McRae, Eng.
214 Cpl. S. G. Moule, Eng.
141987 Lce. Cpl. F. Roussell, Eng.

503274 Actg. Sjt. R. H. Sagar, Eng.
5691 Sjt. G. W. Setterington, R. Can. Horse Arty.
503411 Sjt. J. Sharp, Eng.
50038 Cpl. E. W. Stenhouse, Eng.

Correction.

London Gazette dated 11th October, 1916—See *Canada Gazette* of 11th November, 1916.

Delete :—

76165 Sjt. D. McLeod, Can. Engrs.
73546 Sjt. D. O'Brien, Can. Engrs.

These Non-Commissioned Officers were awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal in *London Gazette* dated 20th October, 1916—See *Canada Gazette* of 18th November, 1916—in lieu of the Military Medal. 27–1

CANADA.
No. 1353.

DOWNING STREET,
30th November, 1916.

MY LORD DUKE,—With reference to my despatch No. 811 of the 25th of August, 1915, I have the honour to transmit to Your Excellency, for the information of your Ministers, copies of a public notice dated 19th October, 1916, issued by the Board of Trade, regarding the use of manifests and bills of lading during the war.

2. I shall be glad if a similar notice may be issued in Canada.

I have the honour to be,
My Lord Duke,
Your Grace's most obedient,
humble servant,

(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Excellency
The Duke of Devonshire, K.G., G.C.V.O.,
&c., &c., &c.

—

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND SHIPOWNERS RESPECTING MANIFESTS AND BILLS OF LADING.

THE attention of Shippers and Shipowners and the trading community generally is drawn to the fact that in time of war the practice of shipping goods with Bills of Lading made out "to order" (made illegal by Section 4 of the Customs (War Powers) Act, 1915, in the case of goods shipped from the United Kingdom under license) is very undesirable in respect of any goods exported from any part of the British Empire. Shippers of goods not requiring licenses are therefore advised not to make out Bills of Lading "to order," but only—

(a) To a named consignee, or

(b) To a bank or financial house of high standing, with the remark in the margin of the Bill of Lading "Notify A.B." "A.B." being the name of the person or firm for whom the goods are ultimately designed. Goods shipped to Holland should be consigned to the Netherlands Oversea Trust.

It is essential during the war that, in the case of all goods, whether shipped under license or not, British ships should have on board throughout the voyage a full manifest of cargo and all the Bills of Lading, or certified copies of the Bills of Lading.

Unless these requirements are complied with, there will be a risk that the ships will be stopped and diverted by H.M. ships or the war vessels of the allied nations, in order to permit of full examination of the cargo, and ascertainment of its destination.

In the case of British ships that will touch at ports in countries contiguous to enemy territory, compliance with these requirements is of special importance and serious delay may result to ship and cargo in such cases if all ship's papers are not on board and in order.

This notice supersedes the announcement made by the Board of Trade on August 19th, 1915, (see "Board of Trade Journal" of 26th August, 1915, pp. 594-5) but in no way affects the requirements of Section 4 of the Customs (War Powers) Act, 1915, in regard to licensed goods.

BOARD OF TRADE, 19th October, 1916. 27–3

CANADA.
No. 1330.

DOWNING STREET,
November 27, 1916.

MY LORD DUKE,—With reference to the Earl of Crewe's circular despatch of the 10th September, 1909, enclosing a copy of a Royal Warrant instituting "The King's Police Medal," I have the honour to transmit to Your Excellency, for the information of your Ministers, a copy of a Royal Warrant dated 3rd October, 1916, ordaining an alteration in the riband from which the Medal is suspended.

I have the honour to be,
My Lord Duke,
Your Grace's most obedient, humble servant,

(Signed) A. BONAR LAW.

Governor General
His Excellency the
Duke of Devonshire, K.G., G.C.V.O.,
&c., &c., &c.

—

[*Extract from* THE LONDON GAZETTE *of the 10th October, 1916.*]

GEORGE R.I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, to all to whom these Presents shall come :

Greeting !

WHEREAS His Majesty King Edward the Seventh did by a Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, bearing date at His Court of Saint James's the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and nine, institute and create a new medal to be styled the King's Police Medal :

Now, therefore, We do by these Presents for Us Our Heirs and Successors abrogate so much of the fifth clause of the said Warrant as ordains that the riband by which the medal is suspended should be dark blue with a narrow silver stripe on either side, and in lieu thereof, We ordain that the riband shall be dark blue with a narrow silver stripe on either side and a similar silver stripe in the centre.

Given at Our Court at St. James's the third of October, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, in the seventh year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,
HERBERT SAMUEL.

25–3

(Extract from the LONDON GAZETTE *of the 14th November, 1916.)*

PORTUGUESE PRIZE COURTS.

FOREIGN OFFICE,
11th November, 1916.

WITH reference to the notification which was published in the *London Gazette* of 30th May last, a translation is appended of the Portuguese Decree No. 2565 of August 14th, 1916, relating to procedure in the Portuguese Prize Courts :—

(TRANSLATION.)

Decree No. 2565 (14th August, 1916).

Article 1.—The form of procedure in the Prize Courts shall be the summary form laid down in Decree No. 3 of the 29th of May, 1907, with the modifications set forth in the following Articles :—

Article 2.—In the statement of claim the plaintiff shall ask that the defendant be served with notice to produce, at the Registrar's office, within the fixed period of five days, a statement of defence setting forth his whole defence.

Sub-Clause 1.—With regard to Article 36 of the Decree No. 2350 of the 20th of April, 1916, the Action shall be laid against the Depository-Administrator, or the Advocate, and, at the same time, his appointment and a summons for him to appear shall be applied for.

Sub-Clause 2.—When it is necessary to do so, the Judge shall at once proceed to make such appointment, and, in the same Order, shall order the summons to be issued. Service of this summons must be effected within forty-eight hours.

Article 3.—If the hearing of witnesses shall have been applied for, then during the three days following the filing of the Statement of Defence, or such further period as may be granted for the purpose, not more than three witnesses put forward by each party shall be heard, no interlocutory proceedings or other delay being admitted; and, on the day next following, the Judge shall deliver Provisional Judgment. Notice of this Judgment shall be served within twenty-four hours, or it may be made public at a sitting of the Court, and thenceforth shall be of full effect and validity.

Article 4.—Upon the termination of the above mentioned proceedings the case shall be allotted according to its class to a Registrar of the Court. The Plaintiff may then reply to the Statement of Defence already filed; this reply must be filed and the other proceedings set forth in the 5th and following Articles of Decree No. 3 of the 29th of May, 1907, shall be completed within 5 days of service of notice on publication of the Provisional Judgment.

Sole Sub-Clause.—Should there have been no Statement of Defence, or if it is declared to be of no avail, the Provisional Judgment shall become final.

Article 5.—From the final Judgment, delivered in Prize Proceedings, an Appeal will always lie direct to the Supremo Tribunal de Justiça (the Supreme Court of Justice), where cognisance will be taken of the nullities alleged, and of Interlocutory Appeals which may be pending, no other Appeal being allowed.

Article 6.—The Surveys of vessels, made by the Technical Committees, which are treated of in Article 29 * of Decree No. 2350, are sufficient proof both for the Provisional and the Final Judgments.

Article 7.—Judgments upholding a capture, whether provisional or final, shall be communicated direct by the Judges delivering them to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs in view of the possible bearing thereon of Article 2 of the 12th Hague Convention of October, 1907, approved by the Decree of February 24, 1911.

Article 8.—The Legal Representative of the State shall always intervene as the principal party in Prize Proceedings, without prejudice to any other legitimately interested person being a co-Plaintiff therein.

Article 9.—There shall be no Vacation Terms in the proceedings treated of by this Decree.

Article 10.—This Decree shall come into force immediately, and all provisions which are antagonistic are revoked.

The Ministers of all the Departments will thus take cognisance of it, and cause it to be carried out.

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* Relating to survey of enemy vessels seized with a view of ascertaining whether they are adapted for conversion into warships. 25-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

[2941]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 23rd November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Frank Nylund, a Russian by birth, made homestead entry in 1911 for the northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 59, Range 20, west of the 4th Meridian;

Representations having been made that this entrant had deserted his wife and left the country, steps were taken to cancel his entry so that the land might be made available for his wife who has been in continuous esidence;

From a Homestead Inspector's report it appears that Mrs. Nylund has continued to work on the quarter-section and desires to secure the same, but finds that she is unable to secure a certificate of naturalization as a British subject, as required by subsection 3, of section 25, of The Dominion Lands Act,—

The Minister recommends, therefore, that authority be given under subsection (*l*) of section 76 of The Dominion Lands Act for the sale of this land to Mrs. Nylund at the rate of $1 per acre, patent to issue on proof being furnished that the required three years settlement duties have been completed subsequent to desertion and on land being paid for in full.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
27-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3167]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 20th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

The regulations governing the granting of yearly licenses and permits to cut timber on Dominion Lands, established by Order in Council of the 1st July, 1898, and subsequent Orders in Council, are hereby amended as follows.

Section 20 is amended so as to provide that the rate of dues chargeable on pulpwood cut on a licensed timber berth shall be 25 cents per cord.

Section 42 is amended so as to provide that the rate of dues chargeable on pulpwood cut under permit shall be 40 cents per cord.

Section 41 is amended so as to provide that pulpwood may be cut on permit berths granted thereunder, comprising a tract of land not exceeding one quarter of a square mile.

All timber cut on Dominion Lands under permit shall be manufactured within the Dominion of Canada.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
27-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3127]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Wednesday, the 20th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 9th December, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, representing that Mr. T. J. Kelly of Bear Lake, in the Province of Alberta, is desirous of acquiring a quarter-section of Dominion lands in the Peace River district in order to provide a home for himself and children, and is not eligible to make homestead entry having exhausted his homestead right.

The Minister states that there are no lands available for purchased homestead entry in the Peace River district, the same lying outside the purchased homestead tract, and as Mr. Kelly is at present located in the said Peace River district with a large outfit of agricultural implements and horses, he is of the opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration.

The Minister, therfore, recommends that he be authorised to lease to Mr. Kelly for a period of three years, an available quarter-section of Dominion lands at an annual rental of two cents an acre, payable in advance, the same being the rate charged where lands are leased for grazing purposes.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
27-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2880]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Monday, the 4th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 14th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting as follows:—

That by chapter 22 of the statutes of the Province of Manitoba for 1913, hereinafter referred to as the Act of Incorporation, the inhabitants of the cities of Winnipeg and St. Boniface, of the town of Transcona, and of certain adjoining rural municipalities as specified and defined in that Act, all in that province, were made and declared to be a body politic and corporate under the name of the "Greater Winnipeg Water District" hereinafter referred to as the corporation. The short title of the Act of Incorporation is the "Greater Water Power District Act," and it has been amended by the following statutes of the Province of Manitoba: Chapters 46, 47 and 48 for 1914; chapters 29 and 30 for 1915, and by chapter 51 for 1916;

That by chapter 208 of the Dominion Statutes of 1913 certain privileges and powers were granted to the Corporation, namely: power to get and to take water including water from sources outside of the province of Manitoba; the erection and maintenance of all necessary works; the entrance upon all lands necessary for survey and other purposes in connection with such works; the purchase and occupation of necessary lands; the building of roads, tunnels and bridges, of telegraph, telephone and electric lines, and of all other necessary works and buildings; the diversion and alteration of any of such works or lines, or of streams and highways; and the doing of all other acts necessary for the construction, maintenance and operation of any work required for the purposes of the corporation; the preparation, submission, filing and inspection of maps, books of reference and plans shewing the works or parts of them; and the application for the purposes of the Committee of certain provisions of the Railway Act and of the "Act relating to the establishment and expenses of the International Joint Commission under the waterways Treaty of January the eleventh, nineteen hundred and nine, and to the said Treaty";

That the objects or purposes of the corporation are stated in section 5 of the Act of Incorporation, that section being as follows:—

"5. The objects of the corporation shall be the supplying of water from any permanent source, whether within or without the province, for the use of the inhabitants of the said district for all purposes. It shall be within the corporate authority of the corporation to extend its operation and exercise its powers, with said object, outside of the limits of this province, subject to its obtaining any legal rights that may be required therefor from the Dominion of Canada or any authority besides this province".

That to furnish the supply of water referred to, it became necessary to construct an aqueduct from Shoal Lake, a part of the Lake of the Woods, to the city of Winnipeg, a distance of 100 miles, approximately, and it also became necessary in connection with that work, and to secure the success of the purposes of the corporation, as set out in section 5 hereinbefore quoted, to build the railway referred to in section 1 of chapter 47, one of the amending Acts before mentioned;

That when this railway, which is now nearing completion, has been completed, a large tract of country which is now nearly altogether unsettled, and which was not suitable for settlement for agricultural purposes because of its remoteness from existing railways, will be opened to settlement mainly for agricultural purposes;

That the Mayor of the City of Winnipeg, who is the Chairman of the Administration Board provided for in the Act of Incorporation, has submitted, as such chairman, to the Minister, a scheme for the placing upon lands, adjacent to the railway now nearing completion between the city of Winnipeg and the Lake of the Woods, of settlers to be selected by the Land Settlement Committee of the Corporation from persons who have some experience in farming, and has applied for a reservation of the vacant and available Dominion lands within the following tract: the north half of township 7 and the whole of township 8 in range 13; the whole of township 7 and south half of township 8 in range 14; the north half of township 7 and south half of township 8 in range 15; all east of the principal meridian;

That the Chairman states that the Administration Board has been assured of the active assistance of the Government of the Province of Manitoba in the matter of making necessary local improvements, establishing schools and in promoting settlement generally within the tract above described;

That it is further represented that a Committee of the citizens of the City of Winnipeg comprising men experienced in the class of settlement intended, are co-operating in the plan, and have appointed an experienced man to take special charge of the work;

That the Chairman of the Administration Board has asked that, in connection with the settlement of the tract before referred to, certain concessions be granted as set forth below.

The Minister is of the opinion that the public interests would be served by giving effect to these requests, and he therefore recommends that, under the provisions of paragraph (*k*) of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act of 1908, authority be granted for the carrying into effect of such concessions, that is to say:—

1. That the reservation of all vacant and available lands within the tract before described, be approved and confirmed, the Minister of the Interior to have power to vary the boundaries of the said reservation, as may appear to him to be advisable; and also to have power to cancel the reservation at any time after twelve months notice has been given in the *Canada Gazette* and in the *Manitoba Gazette*.
2. That within the tract so reserved no entries shall be granted or sales made except to persons who have been approved of by the Land Settlement Committee hereinbefore referred to.
3. That in respect of entries granted to such approved persons, the existing provisions of the said Act and regulations shall apply in so far as the same may be applicable, except as hereinafter set forth.
4. That the Land Settlement Committee be permitted to decide in what manner the holdings shall be subdivided and allotted, subject to the approval of the Minister of the Interior.
5. That the cultivation required in each case be approximately twenty per cent of the area of the land held under entry, a suitable reduction to be made if the Minister of the Interior is satisfied that such land is too difficult to break.
6. That the Land Settlement Committee be permitted to select a suitable central site comprising approximately thirty acres for the purpose of school, church and cemetery, the land so selected to be reserved for the purposes of the corporation.
7. That in respect of entries granted under the foregoing conditions, no applications for cancellation shall be accepted under the provisions of th Dominion Lands Act of 1908 and amendments, but the Department of the Interior shall be charged with the work of inspecting the land from time to time as the Minister of the Interior may deem necessary; and where such entries are found to be in default, cancellation proceedings may be instituted under the Act before referred to, and such cancellation proceedings shall be disposed of in the same way as in the case of ordinary entries.
8. That in the event of the cancellation of any entry, the lands affected thereby shall revert to the reservation and shall become subject to the conditions hereinbefore set forth.

9. That where any settler selected by the Land Settlement Committee is found to have already exhausted his right to a free homestead, a sale may be made to such settler upon such terms and settlement conditions as the Minister of the Interior may prescribe.

10. That the Minister of the Interior be authorized to make such orders, rules and regulations as are deemed necessary in cases which arise and for which no provisions are made herein.'

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

25-4

[3048]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA,

Friday, the 8th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 4th December, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that under the authority of an Order in Council of 13th August, 1913, a license of occupation was issued on the 11th October following, to the Prince Albert Lumber Company, Limited, for certain lands comprised within townships 53, 54 and 55, range 1 ; townships 51 and 52, range 2 : township 52, ranges 3 and 4, all west of the third meridian, and township 54, range 28, west of the second meridian, containing a total area of 518·7 acres, the said license of occupation having been granted for a period of ten years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior at the expiration of that time, for a further period of ten years, and subject to the usual terms and conditions in such cases and to the payment in advance of a yearly rental of ten cents an acre.

The Minister states that the said Prince Albert Lumber Company, Limited, does not now require certain of the lands above referred to, for which license of occupation was granted, and has revested the same, comprising an area of 281 acres, in the Crown in the right of the Dominion.

The Minister recommends that the said license of occupation be amended accordingly.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

25-4

[3021]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 7th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS application has been made on behalf of the Baptist Union of Western Canada for a grant for church purposes of one acre of land comprised in the S.W. Corner of Legal Subdivision 4 of Section 6, Township 72, Range 4, west of the Sixth Meridian, of the Province of Alberta ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of opinion that the application should receive favourable consideration and the land in question is available according to the records of the Department of the Interior ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, to set apart and appropriate for church purposes, one acre of land comprised in the S. W. Corner of Legal Subdivision 4 of Section 6, Township 72, Range 4, west of the Sixth Meridian, of the Province of Alberta, and to authorize a grant thereof to the Baptist Union of Western Canada for the said purposes.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

25-4

[2979]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 1st day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 16th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. Gustav Julseth obtained homestead and pre-emption entries for the west half of section 7, township 32, range 2, west of the 4th meridian, on the 4th December, 1911, and that after performing about twelve months' residence, he developed tubercular trouble and has since returned to his native country, Norway, where he has been undergoing medical treatment ever since the year 1913. In support of the foregoing, the Department of the Interior has been furnished with reliable medical testimony, according to which authority there is no likelihood of Mr. Julseth ever recovering his health or being in a position to return to Canada with a view to completing the residence duties. With reference to the other conditions of the entries, Mr. Julseth has a brother farming in the vicinity who has undertaken to complete the necessary improvements and according to evidence submitted in this connection, a house valued at $100 has been erected and a total area of 175 acres has been brought under cultivation on the half section.

The Minister therefore recommends that the performance of further residence duties be waived under the provisions of section 20, s.s. 3, of The Dominion Lands Act of 1908, and that patents issue for the half section on proof being furnished in the ordinary way that the other conditions of the entries have been completed and the preemption paid for as provided by the Act.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

25-4

[3042]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 8th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Secretary of State reports that upon a petition of more than one-fourth of the electors of the County of Annapolis, in the Province of Nova Scotia, praying that the Order in Council which brought The Canada Temperance Act into force in that County should be revoked, a vote was taken of all the electors, for and against the Act ;

And whereas such vote was taken on the 8th day of July, 1915, and subsequently the Returning Officer reported that the result was in favour of the petition and against the Act by a substantial majority ;

And whereas action was taken under chapter 53 of the Statutes of 1914, "An Act to amend the Canada Temperance Act," to void the election on the ground of the insufficiency of the petition above referred to and the irregularity of proceedings at the poll ;

And whereas such action was dismissed by the Honourable Mr. Justice Ritchie upon hearings at Annapolis Royal in August and September, 1916,—

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the report of the Returning Officer and the decision of the Honourable Court is pleased to declare that the Order in Council which brought The Canada Temperance Act into force in the County of Annapolis, in the Province of Nova Scotia, shall be and the same is hereby revoked, and that Part II of the said Act shall cease to be in force or effect in the said County from and after the date of the publication in the *Canada Gazette* of this Order in Council.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

25-3

[3044]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the regulations for the disposal of quartz mining claims on Dominion lands, established by Order in Council, dated 13th August, 1908. under the authority of the Dominion Lands Act, provide that any person having discovered mineral in place may personally stake out a location not exceeding in area 1,500 feet square ; that no person shall hold in his own name, except by assignment, more than one such mineral claim on the same vein or lode, or within a distance of one-half mile ; that evidence must be furnished each year to show that the locator has done or caused to be done on the claim itself to the value of $100, or pay that amount to the Mining Recorder in lieu ; and that, after the sum of $500 has been so expended on the location or paid to the Recorder, the locator shall be entitled to a lease of the tract so staked for a term of years ; work done outside the claim, with intent to work the same, may, however, if such work has direct relation and is in direct proximity to the claim, be deemed to be work done on the claim, if to the satisfaction of the Mining Recorder ; and

Whereas representations have been made to the Department of the Interior that mineral of economic value exists in that portion of the Dominion of Canada bordering on Coronation Gulf near the mouth of the Coppermine River, in the Arctic region, but that no serious attempts have been made to explore or to develop the mineralized belt said to exist, owing to the very great difficulties experienced in reaching that remote region, and the very large initial cost involved in such an enterprise ; and

Whereas Fort Norman, at the mouth of Great Bear river, may be reached, during the short period of navigation, by rail to Fort McMurray and by river steamer on the Athabaska and Mackenzie rivers, but at that point the prospector is confronted by two very serious obstacles, that is, transportation from Fort Norman on the Mackenzie river to Fort Franklin on Great Bear lake, a distance of about one hundred miles, and from Fort Confidence at the head waters of Great Bear lake to the mouth of the Coppermine river, a distance of about one hundred and twenty miles ; and

Whereas it has been represented that the area prescribed by the regulations, while sufficient in those portions of the Dominion which are easily accessible, would not be an adequate basis of return for the risk and outlay which would necessarily be incurred in sufficiently improving the means of transportation to the mouth of the Coppermine river to enable the prospector to take in machinery and supplies, and that it is essential to the exploration and development of the mineral resources of that remote part of the Dominion that additional inducements be offered to prospectors who may have sufficient capital to undertake so expensive and so hazardous an enterprise ; and

Whereas it has been represented that an expenditure of at least $25,000 would be necessary to sufficiently improve the means of transportation from Fort Norman to admit of an expedition being sent in to prospect that part of the country during a period of one year, and it has been suggested that any individual or company prepared to expend during one year such an amount in prospecting and improving the means of transportation, be given permission, in consideration of such expenditure, to stake out and obtain entry for a greater number of mineral claims than is prescribed by the regulations ; and

Whereas the tract within which mineral of economic value is said to exist lies between the 108th and 118th Meridian of West Longtitude, and between the 66th and 68th degree of North Latitude ;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in order to stimulate prospecting in that part of the country, is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize the grant to any prospector, whether individual or company, who expends during the calendar year, 1917 the sum of not less than $25,000 in actual prospecting operations within the tract above described, and in improving the means of access between Fort Norman and the mouth of the Coppermine river, entry under the provisions of the Quartz Mining Regulations for fifty mineral claims of the prescribed size, that is, one claim for each $500 expended, upon the following terms and conditions :—

(1) That the prospector shall, on or before the 31st day of December, 1917, furnish the Minister of the Interior with evidence supported by affidavit, and accompanied by vouchers, if required, to show that he has, during the calendar year 1917, expended the sum of not less than $25.000 in actual prospecting operations by recognized methods within the tract above described, and in improving the means of access between Fort Norman on the Mackenzie River and the mouth of the Coppermine River. The evidence submitted shall be in the form of a detailed statement, showing the amount expended in improving the means of access and the purpose for which each item of expenditure was incurred, and shall be accompanied by plans showing the position and character of the obstacle overcome, as well as the nature and cost of the improvements made. A separate statement in detail shall be furnished, showing the expenditures incurred in prospecting operations, and the exact nature of the work done at each point, and shall be accompanied by plans showing the particular tracts upon which the work set out in the detailed statement was performed.

(2) That the claims for which the prospector may desire to apply shall be staked out in the manner prescribed in the regulations, and application for entry therefor shall be made to the Mining Recorder for the district in due form before the expiration of the year 1917 ; provided, however, that the prospector, who has incurred during the year the expenditure of $25,-000 above provided for, may stake out and obtain entry for more than one claim on the same vein or lode, or within a distance of one-half mile, notwithstanding the restrictions of section 13 of the regulations in this respect.

(3) Staking on behalf of a company prepared to incur the expenditure of not less than $25,000 for the purpose and in the manner provided for herein, shall be by some person or persons duly authorized by the company to do so, and accepted by the Minister of the Interior.

(4) That in staking and recording the claims and in retaining the same after entry therefor may have been granted, the prospector shall conform in every respect with the provisions of the regulations, with such exceptions as are provided for herein.

(5) The grantees of mineral claims within the tract described, who comply fully with the provisions of section 45 of the Quartz Mining Regulations in respect of each such claim, shall be entitled to receive a lease thereof under and in accordance with the provisions of the said regulations and of the Dominion Lands Act for a period of twenty-one years, at a rental to be fixed by order of the Governor in Council, renewable for a further period of twenty-one years, provided the lessee furnishes evidence to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior that during the term of the lease he has complied in every respect with the conditions of such lease and the provisions of the regulations, and subject to renewal for additional periods of twenty-one years each, on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Governor in Council.

(6) That the entries or leases which may be issued for mineral claims staked within the tract described shall reserve to the Crown such royalty on the sales of the products of the mines as may from time to time be specified by order of the Governor in Council, the royalty to be collected in such manner as may be prescribed by the Minister of the Interior.

(7) All entries or leases which may be issued under the authority herein contained shall be subject to the provision that ores or other deposits of mineral of commercial value taken or mined from the claims described in such entries or leases shall not be exported for smelting, refining or other treatment, but shall be smelted, refined or otherwise treated entirely within

the limits of Canada, under the provisions of such regulations as the Governor in Council may enact.

(8) The evidence of expenditure submitted by the prospector shall in all cases be to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior, otherwise the prospector's right to receive entries for claims shall be that prescribed in the regulations for the disposal of quartz mining claims.

(9) That applications for entries for mineral claims staked during the calendar year 1917 within the tract above described shall not be finally considered by the Mining Recorder, and entries therefor shall not be granted except during the last twenty days of the said calendar year.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3068]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order that the regulations governing the granting of yearly licenses and permits to cut timber on Dominion lands, established by Order in Council of the 1st July, 1898, and subsequent Orders in Council, shall be and the same are hereby amended by adding the following thereto :—

1. In any case where waters flowing through, over, or along, or having their source in any timber berth, empty into any stream, or are tributary to any stream from which a domestic or municipal water supply is or may be obtained, or in any case where the pollution of any such waters may, in the opinion of the Minister, deleteriously affect any municipal or domestic water supply, the licensee of such timber berth shall comply with the following regulations :

(*a*) Locate all camp buildings, outhouses, cesspools, and other structures at a sufficient distance from any stream, lake or other source of water supply to prevent the pollution of such municipal or domestic water supply.

(*b*) Immediately remove and burn any camp refuse or debris of any description, or any substance which would be likely to cause the pollution of any such waters, and otherwise keep the ground in the vicinity of all logging camps in a neat, orderly and sanitary condition.

(*c*) Prevent any depositing, leaving or accumulating in any stream, lake or other source of water supply within the berth, or in an exposed or unsanitary condition on the berth, any debris of any description or any substance which would be likely to cause the pollution of such waters.

(*d*) Prevent the depositing or leaving by any person employed or purporting to be employed about the berth, or the accumulation as a result of any operations carried on by reason of the license in any stream, lake or other source of such water supply on any Dominion lands whatever, or in an exposed or unsanitary condition on any such lands, any such debris or substance.

(*e*) Observe all laws and regulations respecting sanitation and the protection of the purity of waters which are applicable to the premises, or any regulations which may be promulgated by the Governor in Council ; and shall also comply with any requirements which may be made by the Minister for the purpose of carrying out the above provisions.

2. For each infraction of the provisions of clause (1) hereof, the licensee shall, in addition to the other penalties provided in the said regulations, be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars, and such sum shall be recoverable with costs at the suit of, and in the name of the Crown.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3095]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 6th December, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that Mr. John R. Welch, of Grenfell, Saskatchewan, purchased at the auction sale of school lands held at Broadview in June, 1916, the northeast quarter of Section 29, Township 16, Range 7, west of the 2nd Meridian, which is now entered in the records of the Department as a sale in his name.

A communication was subsequently received from the Department of Militia and Defence stating that it was found necessary in the public interest that that Department should obtain control of this quarter section as it was urgently needed in connection with a Rifle Range at that point, and stating, also, that an arrangement has been made with Mr. Welch under which he agreed to exchange the northeast quarter of section 29 in question for the southeast quarter of the same section, provided this Department would be willing to authorize the exchange.

Before taking any steps in that direction, however, it was decided to have an inspection made of the two quarter sections to ascertain the value of each.

The report of Inspector Evans has since been received, and he states that there is very little, if any, difference in the value of the two quarter sections, the northeast quarter, which it is proposed that Mr. Welch should surrender, being possibly the more valuable. The Inspector further states that Mr. Welch is quite willing to surrender the northeast quarter provided he obtains entry for the southeast quarter in place of it.

Under these circumstances, and as the Minister is of the opinion that it would be in the public interest that the Department of Militia and Defence should be allowed the use of the northeast quarter of the section in connection with the Rifle Range at that point, he recommends that he be authorized to carry out the proposed exchange, that is, to cancel the entry of Mr. Welch for the northeast quarter and to grant his entry for the southeast quarter in place of it, and that, on this being done, the Department of Militia and Defence be allowed the use of the northeast quarter of the said section for Rifle Range purposes.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2614]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator in Council, under the provisions of The War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to make the following regulation and the same is hereby made and established accordingly :—

1. Notwithstanding any provision in The Dominion Lands Act or in any act amending the same, during the present war and thereafter until otherwise ordered, no application for an entry for a homestead shall be granted unless the person making the application was at the commencement of the present war, and has since continued to be, a British subject or a subject of a country which is an ally of His Majesty in the present war, or a subject of a neutral country, and unless he establishes the same to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
26-4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2931]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT .

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them are port, dated 22nd November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that applications have been made by certain half-breeds and others, who have been in occupation for several years, of small lots comprising areas varying from five to ten acres in the Grand Rapids Settlement, at the mouth of the Saskatchewan River, at the head of Lake Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, and that their claims have been especially investigated and a survey made of their holdings by a Dominion Land Surveyor in the permanent employ of the Department of the Interior, who has recommended that the lots they occupy be leased to the applicants instead of being disposed of to them outright, as in the latter case it is feared that their holdings might be acquired from them for speculative purposes.

The Minister is of the opinion that the lots in question should be disposed of in the manner above suggested, and he, therefore, recommends that he be authorized to issue leases to the respective applicants for the lots appearing opposite their names as hereinafter set forth, for a term of ten years at a nominal annual rental of $1, subject to residence upon the land and renewable at the expiration of that period for a further term of ten years at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior, such leases to be non-assignable and subject to cancellation at any time by the Minister of the Interior in the event of the lessees ceasing to reside upon the land.

The applicants and the lands to be leased to them are as follows :—

Lot.		Lot.	
K	Richard Ballantyne,	38	Frank Sinclair,
21	Samuel Parenteau,	40	Valentine McKay,
22	Henry Parenteau,	41	John Cook,
23	Abraham Buck,	44	Alex Mercredi,
24	Edward Cook,	46	Baptiste Dorion,
25	Joseph Sinclair,	47	O. Desrosiers,
26	Adam Ballantyne,	48	Peter Ballantyne,
27	John Chief,	49	James Stove,
28	A. W. Notman,	50	Antoine Chartier,
32	Pierre Dorion,	51	Jonas Chartier,
33	Solomon Cook,	52	Benjamin Sanderson,
34	Arthur McKay,	53	Norbert Mercredi,
35	Henry Cook,	54	William Mercredi,
36	Fred Sinclair,	55	Elzear Chartier.
37	John Dorion,		

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

26-4

[3070]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday, the 14th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a request has been received from the Department of Public Works, for the setting apart of a tract of land containing one acre in the north east quarter of section 30, township 70, range 19 west of the 4th meridian, for the purpose of a telegraph site ;

And whereas the tract of land applied for, which is hereinafter described is available for the purpose aforesaid, according to the records of the Department of the Interior, and the Minister of the Interior recommends that the said request be granted ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 75 of The Dominion Lands Act, is pleased to withdraw the said tract of land, described as under from the operation of the said Act, and to set apart the same for a telegraph site for the Department of Public Works, and the same is hereby withdrawn and set apart accordingly :

Beginning at an iron post marking the northwest corner of the said site which may be reached as follows :—Beginning at the northeast corner of the northeast quarter of Section 25 in Township 70, Range 20, west of the 4th Meridian, thence easterly following the north boundary of Section 30 in Township 70, Range 19, west of the 4th Meridian, a distance of two thousand eight hundred and forty-nine and three-tenths feet ; thence south twelve degrees and one minute east a distance of two thousand two hundred and twenty-nine and nine-tenths feet to the said iron post, thence on a bearing of south, eighty-nine degrees and one minute east a distance of seven hundred and twenty-six feet to a wooden post, thence south fifty-nine minutes west a distance of sixty-feet to a wooden post, thence north eighty-nine degrees and one minute west a distance of seven hundred and twenty-six feet to an iron post, thence north fifty-nine minutes east a distance of sixty-feet more or less to an iron post at the place of commencement, containing by admeasurement one acre, more or less, all as shown on the plan hereto attached.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

27-4

[2948]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by subclause 3 of section 2 of The Yukon Placer Mining Act it is provided that notwithstanding anything in that Act contained, its provisions shall not apply to any lands demised or leased for hydraulic mining purposes by any lease granted before the 1st day of August, 1906, which has been heretofore or which may be hereafter cancelled by direction of the Minister of the Interior, or under an Order of the Governor in Council, until such lands have been brought under such provisions by Order of the Governor in Council ;

And whereas Hydraulic Mining Lease No. 47 was issued on the 30th of August, 1905, for a term of twenty-one years, computed from the 21st day of March, 1905, in favour of William Charles Thompson, of Dawson, for a tract of land situated on Dublin Gulch, a branch of Haggart Creek, a tributary of the McQuesten River, in the Yukon Territory, having a frontage of 3·21 miles on the said Dublin Gulch, by a width of one-half mile on each side thereof, and this lease was assigned to the Dublin Hydraulics, Limited, on the 29th day of July, 1911.

And whereas Lease No. 47, above referred to, was cancelled by Order of the Minister of the Interior of the 26th day of October, 1915, owing to the lessees having failed to comply with the conditions of the lease and with the provisions of the regulations under which it was granted.

Therefore His Exceliency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that at twelve o'clock noon on Monday the 5th day of February, 1917, the available and undisposed of portion of the hydraulic mining location described in Lease No. 47, issued in favour of William Charles Thompson on the 30th day of August, 1905, be brought under the provisions of The Yukon Placer Mining Act, in accordance with Sub-clause 3 of Section 2 of the said Act, as above set out.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

24-4

[3120]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 19th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, an application has been filed with the Department of the Interior by the Corporation of the City of Salmon Arm, British Columbia, for the reservation from homestead entry, sale or other disposition which would endanger the waters of East Canoe creek to contamination, certain areas lying within that watershed which is situated in township 20, range 19, west of the 6th meridian, and

Whereas a joint investigation on the entire situation has been made by the local Agent of Dominion Lands and the Divisional Engineer of the British Columbia Hydrometric Survey, who report that the areas applied for comprise the watershed of East Canoe creek, from which the City's domestic water supply is obtained, and that they are of a rough mountainous character, generally unfit for agriculture and should therefore be reserved by the Crown from any disposition which would be liable to affect the purity of the waters of the stream, and

Whereas the Corporation of the City of Salmon Arm have already secured from the Provincial Water Rights Branch at Victoria the necessary water rights for the diversion and use of the waters of East Canoe creek for domestic and other purposes and have constructed a pipe line for the carriage of these waters to the town which is already in operation.

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that the following lands comprising that portion of the drainage basin of East Canoe creek which are required in order to adequately protect the waters of this stream from contamination shall be withdrawn from homestead entry or sale ; and further that if at any time it is desired to deal with any portion of the areas so reserved in connection with any undertaking special authority from the Minister of the Interior must first be obtained and any rights or privileges so granted shall be subject to such provisos and conditions as he may consider necessary in order that the purity of the water supply for the City of Salmon Arm may be retained,—

Sec. 36	E. $\frac{1}{2}$ 28
Sec. 35	W. $\frac{1}{2}$ 23 & also L. S. 10 & 15
Sec. 34	Sec. 22
S. E. $\frac{1}{4}$ 33	E. $\frac{1}{2}$ 21
N. W. $\frac{1}{4}$ 25	Sec. 15
Sec. 26 except L. S. 1 & 8	N. E. $\frac{1}{4}$ 16
Sec. 27	L. S. 4, 5, 12 & 13 Sec. 14

All in Tp. 20–9–6.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

27–4

[3135]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 19th day of December, 1916

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 13th December, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, submitting that authority has been granted under the provisions of the Irrigation Act to The Southern Alberta Land Company, Limited, to construct a system of irrigation works taking water from Bow river at a point on the southeast quarter of section thirty-one, township twenty-one, range twenty-five, west of the fourth meridian, and that, pursuant to such authority, the said company has surveyed and partly constructed a canal from the said point of intake to and across the tract of land to be irrigated.

By authority vested in the Minister of the Interior by section 54 of the Irrigation Act, regulations have been made for granting free right of way for irrigation canals and ditches, such right of way to include, in addition to the width of the canal or ditch, a marginal strip not exceeding twenty feet on one side and ten feet on the other side of she said canal or ditch, to give access to the same for purposes of operation and repairs, provision having also been made in the said regulations for granting a greater width, not exceeding ten acres in all, when such shall be shown to be necessary for the effective operation of the irrigation system.

Owing to the size of the canal now under construction by the aforesaid company, to the depth of the excavation at certain points and to the height of the fill at other points, it has been found necessary in some cases to allow a greater area to be included in the right of way in order to permit of the disposal of the excavated material and to afford adequate facilities for the maintenance of the works.

In all cases, to which reference is hereafter made in this minute, where the lands are held under a homestead or pre-emption entry, easements have been executed by the entrants in favour of The Southern Alberta Land Company, Limited, granting right of way of the canal over the lands ; the said easements being now registered in the Department of the Interior. The remainder of the lands mentioned, over which right of way is required, are still vested in the Crown.

The Minister, therefore, recommends that authority be given for granting free right of way by License of Occupation to The Southern Alberta Land Company, Limited, for its works through, over and upon the lands hereinafter described, not exceeding the area mentioned in each case and as shown on the plan of the said works filed in the office of the Commissioner of Irrigation at Calgary, and in the Department of the Interior, and registered in the office of the Registrar of Land Titles at Calgary, in the province of Alberta, such grants to remain in effect for so long as the works herein referred to are used for irrigation purposes :

(1) The northwest quarter of section (19), township fourteen (14), range nineteen (19), west of the 4th meridian, comprising an area of thirteen and six-tenths (13·6) acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 360.

(2) The southeast quarter of section nineteen (19), township fourteen (14), range nineteen (19), west of the 4th meridian, comprising an area of thirteen and fifty-one one hundredths (13·51) acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 360.

(3) The southeast quarter of section (30) thirty, township fourteen (14), range twenty (20), west of the 4th meridan, comprising an area of twenty-seven (27) acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 361.

(4) The southeast quarter of section twenty-five (25) township fourteen (14), range twenty (20), west of the 4th meridan, comprising an area of ten and fourteen one hundredths (10·14) acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan 360.

(5) The northeast quarter of section twenty-seven (27), township fourteen (14), range twenty (20) west of the fourth meridan, comprising an area of fourteen and eighty-four one hundredths (14·84) acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 360.

(6) The southwest quarter of section twenty-five (25), township fourteen (14), range twenty (20), west of the 4th meridian, comprising an area of sixteen and seventy-nine one hundredths (16·79) acres, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 360.

(7) The northwest quarter of section thirty-four (34), township thirteen (13), range seventeen (17), west of the 4th meridian, comprising an area of thirty-five and twenty-one one hundredths (35·21) acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 159, and eighty-two one hundredths (·82) acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 296.

(8) The northeast quarter of section sixteen (16), township fourteen (14), range eight (8), west of the 4th meridian, comprising an area of eleven and eighty-five one hundredths (11·85) acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 183.

(9) The southwest quarter of section six (6), township fourteen (14), range nine (9), west of the 4th meridian, comprising an area of ten and eighty-four one hundredths (10·84) acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 183.

(10) The northeast quarter of section thirty-five (35), township thirteen (13), range ten (10), west of the 4th meridian, comprising an area of thirteen and five tenths (13·5 acres, more or less, as shown on Irrigation Plan No. 183.

The Committee submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
27–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2527]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 13th October, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that Letters Patent were issued on the 20th November, 1907, to the City of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, for cemetery purposes only, for a certain parcel or tract of land particularly described in such Letters Patent, and being a portion of the north half of section thirty, in township seventeen, and range nineteen, west of the second principal meridian, in the said province of Saskatchewan, and containing sixty-six and fifty-five hundredths (66·55) acres more or less ;

The Minister further states that in compliance with the request of the City of Regina it was decided, upon the parcel in question being re-vested in the Crown, to issue a new title to the city for the said parcel without any restrictions as to the use to be made of the land,—

The parcel of land in question having been re-vested in the Crown and the title thereto being now in His Majesty King George the Fifth in the right of the Dominion of Canada, the Minister recommends that the decision arrived at be given effect to and that he be authorized to issue Letters Patent for the said parcel of land above referred to, in favour of the said city of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, without any restrictions as to the use to be made of the land.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[2930]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report, dated 18th November, 1916, from the Minister of the Interior, stating that application has been received from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for a parcel of land required for a right of way through a portion of Township 24, Range 8, west of the 5th Meridian in the Rocky Mountains Park, as shown on the plan of the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line, District of Alberta, on record in the Department of the Interior as Right of Way Plan No. 7480 and registered in the Calgary Land Titles office as Plan No. R.y. 10.

The Minister recommends that under the authority of section 16 of the Forest Reserves and Parks Act he be authorized to issue patent to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the above land ; this patent to be subject to the following conditions :—

That it shall be subject to all Dominion Parks Regulations now in force or which may be made from time to time in that behalf by the Governor in Council.

That such land, subject to the use for which it is granted, shall still be part of the reserve within which it is situated ; and if any such land ceases to be used for the purpose for which it was so granted it shall forthwith revert to the Crown.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recomendation and submit the same for approval.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
24–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3022]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Thursday the 7th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Department of Indian Affairs has applied for the setting apart, under the provisions of Treaty No. 2, of a tract of land at Ebb and Flow Lake, known as Indian Reserve No. 52, comprising an approximate area of eighteen square miles ;

And whereas the land applied for, which is hereinafter described, is available for the purpose according to the records of the Department of the Interior ;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order, ander the provisions of section 76 of the Dominion Lands Act, that the said land shall be and the same is hereby withdrawn from the operation of the said Act and set apart for the Indians.

The said tract of land may be more particularly described as follows :—

That certain tract or parcel of land known as Ebb and Flow Lake Indian Reserve, No. 52, surveyed by Donald F. Robertson, Dominion Land Surveyor, in the year 1913, as shown upon a plan of survey of the said reserve of record in the Department of the Interior as number 23372, a copy of which is hereto attached, and containing by admeasurement, eleven thousand, five hundred and fifty acres more or less.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
25–4 Clerk of the Privy Council.

[3069]

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Tuesday, the 19th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Minister of the Interior reports that under authority of an Order in Council, dated the 3rd February, 1914, a free grant was made to the Town of Lloydminster of two hundred and ninety-two available undisposed of lots in that townsite, the grant being considered to be in the public interest ;

And whereas fourteen lots in the townsite which were held under time sales at the time of the passing of the said Order in Council are now clear in the Department of the Interior, the sales having been cancelled through default in payment;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior further reports that an Order in Council, dated the 31st August, 1908, reserved seven lots in the townsite of Lloydminster, namely, Lot 10 in block 5, Lot 26 in block 6, Lot 16 in block 9, Lot 28 in block 11, Lot 10 in block 13, Lot 8 in block 15 and Lot 10 in block 19, for the use of the Town of Lloydminster for well-boring purposes ;

And whereas the said seven lots in the Townsite of Lloydminster are otherwise clear in the Department of the Interior ;

And whereas the Minister of the Interior is of the opinion that it would be in the public interest to

transfer the fourteen lots which were held under time sales at the time of the passing of the Order in Council of the 3rd February, 1914, to the Town of Lloydminster ;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to transfer and doth hereby transfer to the Town of Lloydminster the said fourteen lots, and to authorize a free frant thereof to the said municipality.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is also pleased, in view of the general transfer to the Town of Lloydminster of the available Government lots in that townsite, to rescind and doth hereby rescind the said Order in Council of the 31st August, 1908, and to authorize a free grant to the Town of Lloydminster of the lots covered thereby.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

27-4

[The four following Orders in Council were first published in an *Extra of the* CANADA GAZETTE, dated the *23rd December, 1916.*]

P.C. 3155.

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 22nd day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Governor General in Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of the War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to make and enact the following Orders and Regulations, respecting the importation of goods of enemy origin, and the same are hereby made and enacted accordingly:

Where the Minister of Customs has reason to suspect that the country of origin of any goods imported into Canada is an enemy country within the meaning of the various proclamations relating to trading with the enemy, the goods may be seized, and, unless the contrary be proved, the country of origin of such goods shall be deemed to be such an enemy country.

And any goods so seized, whose origin is not proven, to the satisfaction of the Minister of Customs, to be other than that of an enemy country, shall become forfeited to the Crown and shall be destroyed or otherwise dealt with as the Minister of Customs directs.

The power under this Order to seize imported goods suspected to be of enemy origin shall extend so as to apply to any goods which the Minister of Customs has reason to suspect are being imported in contravention of the law relating to trading with the enemy.

This order shall apply to all goods which are at present under detention as being of suspected enemy origin, notwithstanding that they were originally detained or imported into Canada prior to the date of the Order.

This Order in Council shall be proclaimed by publication in the *Canada Gazette.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

27-2

P.C. 3156.

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 22nd day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to Order that the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1915, prohibiting the exportations of certain goods to various destinations shall be and the same is hereby amended by deleting from the list of articles the export of which was prohibited to all foreign ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than those of France, Russia (except Baltic ports), Belgium, Spain and Portugal, the following headings, viz.:—

Tinned meats and extract of meat;
Bladders, Casings, and sausage skins.

The Governor General in Council is further pleased, under and in virtue of the provisions of Sections 242 and 291 of the Customs Act and Section 6 of the War Measures Act, 1914, to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

The exportation of the following goods is prohibited to all destinations abroad other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates, viz:—

Rags and linen or of linen and other articles combined.

This Order in Council shall be proclaimed by publication in the *Canada Gazette.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

27-2

P.C. 3157.

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Friday, the 22nd day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellencey the Governor General in Council under and in virtue of the provisions of the War Measures Act, 1914, is pleased to make and enact the following Orders and Regulations, respecting the exportation of goods prohibited to be exported from Canada, and the same are hereby made and enacted accordingly.

If any goods, the exportation of which to any country or place is prohibited by Orders in Council sanctioned under authority of the War Measures Act now in force or which may hereafter be enacted, are exported or are brought to any quay, wharf or other place, or are delivered to any person or carrier, or are carried coastwise or by inland navigation, or waterborne, or are laden in any railway carriage or other vehicle for the purpose of being exported or shipped for exportation contrary to the provisions of any such Orders in Council or any Regulations made thereunder, the exporter, or his agent or the shipper of any such goods shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to imprisonment with or without hard labour

for a term not exceeding two years or to both fine and imprisonment.

This Order in Council shall be proclaimed by publication in the *Canada Gazette*.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

27-2

P.C. 3158.

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA.

Wednesday, the 20th day of December, 1916.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

The Minister of Customs is hereby authorized to issue licenses for the export of

Goods made wholly of rubber,

to destinations in neutral countries, other than neutral countries in Europe, under such regulations as he may prescribe, notwithstanding the provisions of the Order in Council of the 27th of April, 1915, prohibiting the export of such goods to all destinations abroad other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
27-2 Clerk of the Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

COPYRIGHTS

Entered during the week ending 26th December, 1916, at the Department of Agriculture—Copyright and Trade Mark Branch.

32376. "Dominion Law Reports, Cited 'D.L.R.'" Volume 30. Edited by C. E. T. Fitzgerald, C. B. Labatt and I. Freeman. (Book.) Robert R. Cromarty, Toronto, Ont., 20th December, 1916.

32377. "The 'D.D.D.' March." By Angelo Fassio. (Musique.) J. E. Béláir, Montreal, Que., 20 décembre, 1916.

32378. "La Criée Pour les Ames." Composition d'Edmond J. Massicotte. (Dessin.) H. Granger, Montréal, Qué., 21 décembre, 1916.

32379. "The Message." (Poem.) Lonn Penhall Rees, Toronto, Ont., 22nd December, 1916.

32380. "Presentation Card Loyal Orange Association of British America—Qualifications for Membership." (Print.) Samuel Dunn Dinnick, Toronto, Ont., 22nd December, 1916.

32381. "Simpson's Mid-Winter Sale Catalogue." (Book.) The Robert Simpson Company Limited, Toronto, Ont., 23rd December, 1916."

32382. "Ontario Teachers' Manuals: Notes on Ontario Readers: Books II, III, IV." (Book.) Robert Allan Pyne as Minister of Education, Toronto, Ont., 23rd December, 1916.

32383. "Ontario Teachers' Manuals: Composition and Spelling." (Book.) Robert Allan Pyne as Minister of Education, Toronto, Ont., 23rd December, 1916.

32384. "Ontario Teachers' Manuals: Household Management." (Book.) Robert Allan Pyne as Minister of Education, Toronto, Ont., 23rd December, 1916.

32385. "Ontario Teachers' Manuals: Literature." (Book.) Robert Allan Pyne as Minister of Education, Toronto, Ont., 23rd December, 1916.

32386. "Ontario Teachers' Manuals: Golden Rule Books: A Graded System of Moral Instruction." (Book.) Robert Allan Pyne as Minister of Education, Toronto, Ont., 23rd December, 1916.

32387. "Ontario Teachers' Manuals: Art." (Book.) Robert Allan Pyne as Minister of Education, Toronto, Ont., 23rd December, 1916.

32388. "J. L. Dion." (Photo.) L. de B. Corriveau, Montreal, Que., 26th December, 1916.

32389. "Souvenir des luttes ontariennes." (Photo.) M. Honoré Mailly (Frère Théophilus), Ottawa, Ont., 26 décembre, 1916.

32390. "Valuable Proverbs and Helpful Sayings That Everyone Should Know." (Book.) A. T. Stone, Barrie, Ont., 26th December, 1916.

32391. "Seeds—Field, Vegetable and Flower Seeds. Suggestions for their Use on Western Farms." (Book.) Harris McFayden Company, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 26th December, 1916.

32392. "The Consideration of a Memorial," and containing an engraving representing "The Annunciation." (Window.) Robert McCausland, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 26th December, 1916.

32393. "The Prairie, The Moonlight, and Mary." Words by David Aitken. Music by Baron Aliotti. David Aitken, Lethbridge, Alberta, 26th December, 1916.

32394. "The Boys of the Empire." Words and Music by W. E. Cullingford. W. E. Cullingford, Grimsby, Ont., 26th December, 1916.

32395. "Canada's Brave Boys." Words by Marion Templeton. Music arranged by John W. Gray. Marion Templeton, Toronto, Ont., 26th December, 1916.

32396. "Thanks!—The Happy Hero." (Print.) The Kkaki League, Montreal, Que., 26th December, 1916.

32397. "Life and Letters of Rev. Mother Teresa Dease, Foundress and Superior General of the Institute of the Blessed Virgin in America." (Book.) McClelland, Goodchild & Stewart, Limited, Toronto, Ont., 26th December, 1916.

32398. "Les Bons Commissaires d'Ecoles." Par l'Abbé J.-Ovide Cliche. (Livre.) L'Abbé J.-Ovide Cliche, Garneau, Qué., 26 décembre, 1916.

32399. "La Bonne Maitresse" ou "Conseils pedagogiques." Par l'Abbé J.-Ovide Cliche. (Livre.) L'Abbé J.-Ovide Cliche, Garneau, Qué., 26 décembre, 1916.

32400. "Education des Enfants." Par l'Abbé J.-Ovide Cliche. (Livre.) L'Abbé J.-Ovide Cliche, Garneau, Qué., 26 décembre, 1916.

INTERIM COPYRIGHTS.

1861. "Beaver Boys of Canada." By Sophia Louise McMillan. (Poem.) Sophia Louise McMillan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, 26th December, 1916.

GEO. F. O'HALLORAN,
27-1 Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following position in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada:—

An assistant in the Cement Testing Laboratory of the Department of Public Works, Subdivision B of the Third Division, initial salary $800 per annum. Candidates must be skilled in the handling of such tools as those of the plumber, the carpenter, and the machinist.

Candidates must be natural-born or naturalized British subjects, must have been at least three years resident in Canada, and must be of the full age of eighteen years and not more than thirty-five years, except in the case of returned soldiers or men unfit for military service in which case the age limit is waived.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 2nd of January next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission Ottawa.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 6th December, 1916. 24-4

CIVIL SERVICE OF CANADA.

PROCESS PHOTOGRAPHER—(DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.)

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that application will be received bythe Civil Service Commission of Canada from candidates qualified to fill the position of Process Photographer in the Department of Public Works, graded in Subdivision B of the Second Division, with an initial salary of $1,300 per annum.

Candidates must be thoroughly experienced in the different branches of dry plate photography ; must understand photostat, copying, enlarging, and reduction work, also Vandykes, black, white, and blue prints ; and must be careful, skilful, but at the same time, rapid operators. They should also possess executive ability. Male candidates who are of military age must be returned soldiers, or men who have been rejected for, or exempted from military service. Preference will be given to returned soldiers, provided they possess the desired qualifications.

Application forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission, Ottawa. They must be filled out and filed with the Commission not later than the 22nd January, 1917.

By order of the Commission,

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 27th December, 1916. 27–4

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give public notice that applications will be received from candidates qualified to fill the following position in the Inside Division of the Civil Service of Canada :—

A Research Chemist in the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines, Subdivision B of the First Division, initial salary $2,100 per annum. Candidates must be thoroughly competent research chemists, preferably those who have had experience with fuels, capable of carrying out research investigations in organic chemistry. They must be graduates of three years' standing of a recognized university, and have specialized in chemistry or chemical engineering during and since their academic career. It is necessary that the person to be appointed should have a reading knowledge of French and German, and be able to apply the principals of physical chemistry to the problems to be investigated. All candidates should submit copies of any papers which they may have published.

Application forms, properly filled in, must be filed in the office of the Civil Service Commission not later than the 22nd day of January next. Such forms may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 22nd December, 1916. 27–4

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

Ottawa, 20th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that under and in virtue of the provisions of subsection (*q*,) section (9) of The Post Office Act, the Postmaster General has authorized the following regulation :—

On and after this date all letters addressed "Berlin," Ont., are not to be delivered, but are to be returned to the senders marked "No such Post Office in Ontario." 26–2

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE, COMMAND MONEY, PAYMENT OF.

(By Order in Council P.C. 3108)

THE following regulations with reference to Command Money have been approved :

Command Money is to be paid to Captains and Commanders, when employed on Special Service in one of H.M.C. Ships, but not in actual command. The maximum rate payable to be $1.25 per diem, and the minimum 60c per diem, the Department of the Naval Service deciding the rate to be paid, according to the rank and seniority of the Officer and the importance of the duties he performs.

Command Money at the rate of 50c. per diem is to be paid to all Officers of whatever rank below that of Lieutenant whom it may be found requisite to place in command of one of H.M.C. Ships or of a Torpedo Boat. 27–2

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE.

SPECIAL FISHERIES REGULATIONS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Amendment.

(By Order in Council P. C. 3124. Passed 19th December, 1916.)

SUBSECTION (*f*) of section 7 of the Special Fishery Regulations for the Province of British Columbia is hereby rescinded and the following is substituted in lieu thereof :—

(*f*) A herring or pilchard purse-seine shall not exceed two hundred fathoms in length, and the mesh thereof shall be one inch, extended measure. 27–2

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

Ottawa, 23rd December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an Order in Council of the 30th day of October 1915, (P.C. 2519) made in pursuance of the provisions of section 6 of the War Measures Act, the Secretary of State upon the authority of the Attorney General of Canada has certified under his hand to the Postmaster General of Canada that an article or articles, letter, communication, report or news contravening the Order in Council of the 10th day of June 1915, has appeared in "Kalendarz Humorystyczny, Bicz Bozego Na Rok 1917" a calendar printed in the Polish language and issued by the "Polish Peoples Publishing Company", 959 Milwaukee Ave., Chicago, Ill., that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada based upon the said certificate and executed in pursuance of the provisions of the said Order in Council of the 30th day of October, 1915, and an Order in Council dated the 6th day of November, 1914, made pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act and published in an extra of the *Canada Gazette* of the 6th day of November, 1914, the said "Kalendarz Humorystyczny, Bicz Bozego Na Rok, 1917" a calendar printed in the Polish language and issued by the Polish Peoples Publishing Company, 959 Milwaukee Ave., Chicago, Ill., has been refused the privilege of the mails in Canada and has been prohibited from circulation in Canada ; and that no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of "Kalendarz Humorystyczny, Bicz Bozego Na Rok, 1917" or of any issue thereof already published or hereafter to be published, and that any person in possession of such publication shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
27–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

Ottawa, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Die Abendschule," a fortnightly magazine printed in the German language and published by the Louis Lange Publishing Company, St. Louis, Mo., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of any such magazine, or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such magazine shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA,
OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an Order in Council of the 30th day of October, 1915, (P. C. 2519), made in pursuance of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, the Secretary of State upon the authority of the Attorney General of Canada has certified under his hand to the Postmaster General of Canada that an article or articles, letter, communication, report or news contravening the Order in Council of the 10th day of June, 1915, has appeared in "Bicz Bozy", a publication printed in the Polish language and issued weekly by "The Polish Peoples Publishing Company," 959 Milwaukee Av., Chicago, Ill., that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postnaster General of Canada, based upon the said certificate and executed in pursuance of the provisions of the said Order in Council of the 30th day of October, 1915, aud an Order in Council dated the 6th day of November, 1914, made pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act and published in an extra of the *Canada Gazette* of the 6th day of November, 1914, the said "Bicz Bozy," a publication printed in the Polish language and issued weekly by "The Polish People's Publishing Company," 959 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, Ill., has been refused the privilege of the mails in Canada and has been prohibited from circulation in Canada; and that no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of "Bicz Bozy" or of any issue thereof already published or hereafter to be published, and that any person in possession of such publication shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Westlicher Herold" a weekly newspaper, "Volksblatt des Westens" a weekly newspaper and "Sonntags Winona" a Sunday newspaper printed in the German language and published by the Westlicher Herold Publishing Co., Winona, Minn., are from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and are prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such newspapers, or of any issues thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such newspapers shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Der Wanderer," a weekly paper printed in the German language and published by the Wanderer Printing Co., No. 321, 323 Minnesota St., Dispatch Building, St. Paul, Minn., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada and is prohibited from circulation in Canada in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such paper, or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Narodna Wola" a tri-weekly newspaper printed in the Ruthenian language and published by the Ruthenian National Union, Scranton, Pa., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such paper or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "New York Freeman's Journal," a weekly paper published by A. Brendon Ford, 37 Barclay St., New York, N.Y., is from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and is prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such paper or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such paper shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance af a warrant of the Postmaster General of Canada, made under the authority of an Order in Council No. 94, assented to on the 6th day of November, 1914, under and in virtue of the provisions of section 6 of The War Measures Act, 1914, the "Tagliche Abend Presse" issued daily, and the "Cincinnatier Freie Presse" issued daily, both printed in the German language and published by the Cincinnati Freie Presse, 905 Vine St., Cincinnati, Ohio, are from this date refused the privilege of the mails in Canada, and are prohibited from circulation in Canada, in any way. Under the terms of the Order in Council above quoted, no person in Canada shall be permitted hereafter to be in possession of such papers, or of any issue thereof, already published or hereafter to be published, and further, any person in possession of any such papers, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years or to both fine and imprisonment.

R. M. COULTER,
26–2 Deputy Postmaster General,

Western Electric Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day December, 1916, increasing the capital stock of "Western Electric Company, Limited," from the sum of one million dollars to the sum of seven million five hundred thousand dollars, such increase to consist of sixty-five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 21st day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Canadian Mining Corporation, Limited," to that of the "Mining Corporation of Canada, Limited."

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

R. Stewart & Son, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1916, incorporating Robert Stewart and Charles Erichs Stewart, real estate and insurance agents, Robert Gordon Stewart, contractor, Harold Hastings Short, accountant, and Gladys Rose Johnson, stenographer, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell and deal in real estate or any interest therein as principals, agents or otherwise, and to act as agents and brokers for insurance companies and underwriters of all kinds of insurance ;

(*b*) To purchase, take over or otherwise acquire as a going concern, the real estate and insurance business now carried on, at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, under the style or firm of "R. Stewart & Son," with all or any of the assets and liabilities of the proprietors of that business, including the real estate and personal property owned or used in connection therewith, and the good-will thereof and all the rights and contracts now held by the said firm, subject to the obligations, if any, affecting the same, and to pay for the same in paid up shares of this company ;

(*c*) To acquire, or undertake the whole or any part of he business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*e*) To sell, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*f*) To make, draw, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*g*) Generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "R. Stewart & Son, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 6th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Francis Hankin & Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1916, incorporating Francis Hankin, merchant ; Charles Champoux, advocate, and Lucy Mary Shea, clerk, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and Alfred Hodson Hill, of the Town of St. Lambert, in the said Province of Quebec, manager, and Joseph William Weldon, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, advocate, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To import, export, manufacture, produce, buy, sell, and deal in iron, steel and other metals and the products thereof, bricks, tiles, pipes, pottery, clay, sand, cement, stone, and products thereof, asphalt, and other paving materials, municipal contractors', builders' and railways' supplies, chemicals and chemical supplies and products thereof ;

(*b*) To acquire, open up, construct, manage and operate any and all warehouses, storehouses, plants, factories, works, stores, quarries, sand pits, clay deposits, and any and all other properties which may seem to the company necessary or desirable for its operations ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business or objects of the company, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or to render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*d*) For any of the objects aforesaid, to purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire any and all kinds of property whether real, personal, movable, immovable or mixed, and any and all rights, franchises and privileges, which may seem to the company desirable or advantageous and to hold the same and to sell, lease or otherwise deal with or dispose of the same or any part thereof ;

(*e*) To apply for, obtain, lease, hold, own, sell, assign, license or otherwise dispose of, or turn to account patents of invention, improvements, processes, trade marks, and trade names as may seem to the company desirable ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase or otherwise acquire shares or securities in any company having objects similar, in whole or in part, to those of this company, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company ;

(*g*) To guarantee the performance of any contract or the payment of any money to customers or other persons or companies having dealings with this company ;

(*h*) To do any act or thing necessary, convenient or proper for the accomplishment of any of the objects herein set out or provided for ;

(*i*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Francis Hankin & Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Dominion Iron and Wrecking Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1916, incorporating Frank Joseph Charman and Isaac Crowder Gaskell, bookkeepers, Lewis Harry Cohen and William Campbell Wylie, managers, and Rudolph Mayer, broker, all of the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To buy and sell all kinds of new and old bridges, locomotives and viaducts ; all kinds of new and old iron, iron ore, old and new steel, all kinds of new and old metals, and all kinds of waste materials of every description ; to deal in new and old rails, new and old contracting equipment, new and old wrecking equipment, to demolish old and new bridges, viaducts, old plants, boats, steamers and mills ; to take away and remove all kinds of iron bearing materials, and to buy, sell and manufacture and use oxygen and hydrogen ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*i*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*k*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority, franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*p*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein, according to the laws of such foreign country, to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*q*) To raise and assist in raising money for, and to aid, by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee of bonds, debentures or other securities or otherwise, any other company or corporation and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such company, corporation, or by any other person or persons with whom the company may have business relations ;

(*r*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*s*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*t*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*u*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Iron and Wrecking Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

Metal Foundries of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of December, 1916, incorporating John MacIntosh Duff and James Grey Hamilton, solicitors, Marjorie Lillian Chamberlain, clerk, Ina Lorraine Marshall and Margaret Florence Bonnell, stenographers, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To prospect for, open, explore, develop, work, improve, maintain and manage gold, silver, copper, nickel, lead, coal, iron and other mines, quarries, mineral and other deposits and properties, and to dig for, dredge, raise, crush, wash, smelt, roast, assay, analyze, reduce and amalgamate and otherwise treat ores, metals and mineral substances of all kinds, whether belonging to the company or not, and to render the same merchantable, and to sell and otherwise dispose of the same or any part thereof, or any interest therein, and generally to carry on the business of a mining, milling, reduction and development company ; to carry on the business of smelting, treating, assaying, refining, concentrating, milling, reducing, precipitating, vaporizing, analyzing and buying, selling all and every kind of minerals, ores, precious stones and metals, soil or earth, and generally to carry on the business of a smelting, reduction, refining, milling and foundry company in all its branches ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, license, exchange, or other legal title, mines, mining lands, easements, mineral properties, or any interest therein, mineral and ores, and mining claims, options, powers, privileges, water and other rights, patent rights, processes and mechanical or other contrivances and either absolutely or conditionally, and either solely or jointly with others, and as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and to lease, place under license, sell, dispose of and otherwise deal with the same or any part thereof, or any interest therein;

(*c*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise mill sites, smelter sites, water-powers, transmission lines and power plants and other or any means of generating and transmitting powers ;

(*d*) To acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to own, hold, use, improve, manage, charge, lease, sell, dispose of and deal in lands, properties, sites, rights, franchises, powers, assets, or privileges in connection with said business ;

(*e*) To import, manufacture, distil, methylate, buy, sell and deal in chemicals, spirits, explosives and other products, whether simple or compounded with other substances ;

(*f*) To purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire (either with or without the surface) any coal, iron or other mineral lands, mining ground or minerals, and any mining rights, grants, concessions and easements and any lands and hereditaments or other property necessary for the advantageous possession and use of the mines or works of the company or any interest therein respectivly and to search for, get, win, quarry, burn, make merchantable, purchase, sell, dispose of or otherwise deal with coal, ores, metals, minerals and any substances of the earth ;

(*g*) To import, purchase, acquire, sell, smelt, concentrate, quarry, reduce, distil, methylate, treat, extract refine or produce in any manner whatsoever by any process whatever and deal in any vegetable, mineral, animal, wood, metallic, iron, chemical, medicinal, liquid, gaseous, or other substance or product ,

(*h*) To buy, sell and deal in timber and wood, timber limits, woodlands and grazing lands, and to manufacture and deal in timber, lumber, pulpwood, pulp and the products thereof ;

(*i*) To act as agents, commission merchants, brokers, or representatives in Canada for European commercial houses, carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of the company ;

(*j*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated, directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*k*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*l*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*m*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, or other person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(*n*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*p*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*q*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*r*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*s*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons;

(*t*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*u*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company; if authorized to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company;

(*v*) To apply for, secure, acquire by assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, license, power, authority,

franchise, concession, rights or privilege, which any government or authority or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant and to pay for, aid in and contribute towards carrying the same into effect, and to appropriate any of the company's shares, bonds and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof ;

(*w*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*x*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*y*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company, and all things authorized by letters patent or supplementary letters patent ;

(*z*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*aa*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Metal Foundries of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26-2

The Northern Bolt Screw and Wire Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of December, 1916, incorporating John McEwen, Clarence Leroy Vanwyck, James Henry Van Overbeek, and Lottie Day, accountants, John Wesley Ribey, clerk, and Emily Clow and Marjorie Kilbourn, stenographers, all of the Town of Owen Sound, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in nails, bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, tacks, taps and dies, wire and other kindred products, and all other articles of commerce, tools, utensils, appliances, machines, machinery, equipment or other product composed of iron, steel, copper, brass, aluminium, or other metals, or of which such metals, or any of them, form a component part, and to carry on business as manufacturers of and dealers generally in all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise or manufactured products ;

(*b*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, and undertake and assume all or any part of the assets, business, property, privileges, contracts, obligations and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on any business, wholly or partly of all, or any of, the classes or kinds which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar or partly similar thereto, or possessed of property suitable or adaptable for the purposes of this company's business, and to issue and allot shares of the company's capital stock, whether subscribed for or not, as fully paid-up and non-assessable, in payment or part payment for any property, rights or privileges purchased or acquired by the company, or for any guarantee of the company's bonds or other securities, or for services rendered to the company ;

(*c*) To purchase, own, control and deal in inventions, copyrights and patents relating to any of the objects above mentioned ;

(*d*) To buy or otherwise acquire, hold and sell shares, bonds and securities of any other company having objects similar to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to vote thereon, and to pay therefor in cash or in the shares, bonds or securities of this company ;

(*e*) To distribute among the shareholders of the Company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, bonds, debentures or other securities in any other companies belonging to the company or of which the company may have power to dispose ;

(*f*) The objects and powers specified in any paragraph hereof shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph, but the objects and powers specified in each paragraph shall be regarded as independent objects and powers and in furtherance and not in limitation of the general powers ;

(*g*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with such business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's undertakings, property or rights ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise to assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such person or company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*j*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*m*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, negotiate, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy, at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter, and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*o*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*p*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*r*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Northern Bolt Screw and Wire Company, Limited," with a capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Owen Sound, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

The Spence Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of December, 1916, incorporating Finlay McArthur and Benedict Cosgrove Bellew, commercial travellers, Mary Lawlor, spinster, and Nora Charlotte Bellew, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and Henry McDonald Gratton Bellew, of the City of Outremont, in the said Province of Quebec, advertising solicitor, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell and deal in goods, wares and merchandise, and to carry on such business either as principals, agents, factors or otherwise ;

(*b*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things used in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture, of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To construct, maintain and operate on the property of the company all works, bridges, reservoirs, flumes, dams and any other works and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To contract, acquire, own, manage, charter, operate, hire and lease all kinds of steam, electric and sailing vessels, boats, tugs, barges and other vessels, wharves, docks, elevetors, warehouses, freight sheds and other buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and to assume the liabilities of any person, firm, corporation or enterprise indebted to the company or otherwise, or transacting any business similar to that transacted by the company, and to pay for the same in cash or in fully paid-up and non-assessable shares or securities of this company or otherwise, and more especially to acquire and take over as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, Province of Quebec, Canada, under the style or firm of "The Spence Company," and all or any of the assets and liabilities of the proprietors of that business in connection therewith and with a view thereto to enter into the agreement dated at the City of Montreal, aforesaid, the twenty-eighth day of November, 1916, and made between the said "The Spence Company" and Henry McDonald Gratton Bellew, as a trustee for the company, and to carry the same into effect with or without modification ;

(*f*) To apply for, maintain, register, lease, acquire and hold or to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any patents of inventions, improvements or processes, trade-marks, and the like, necessary to or beneficial for any of the company's purposes ;

(*g*) To distribute amongst the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise the shares of any other company carrying on business in whole or in part similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, or otherwise to acquire and undertake any other to that of the company, together with its plant, stock-in-trade, good-will, franchises and assets of all kinds and liabilities, and to carry on any other business which may seem to be capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or to facilitate the realization of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights or undertakings ;

(*i*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the undertakings of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem proper, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To issue paid-up, non assessable shares, bonds, debentures or any other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be acquired by, or with the approval of the shareholders for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts and liabilities owing by the company, and to remunerate, with the approval of the shareholders, any broker, agent or otherwise, who may assist in the disposal of any shares of the company's capital stock or other securities ;

(*k*) To amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company, and to advance money to, guarantee the contracts of and otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares and securities of any such company and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To form, promote, subsidize and assist companies, syndicates and partnerships of all kinds carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company or subsidiary or ancillary thereto and to give any guarantee for the payment of money or the performance of any obligation or undertaking by any person, firm or corporation with which the company may have dealings;

(*m*) To carry on and undertake any business transaction or operation usually carried on or undertaken by promoters of companies, financiers, concessionaries, contractors for public or other works, capitalists, merchants or traders with respect to the purposes and objects aforesaid; to offer for public subscription any shares or stock in the capital of or debentures or debenture stock or other securities of, or otherwise to establish or promote or concur in establishing or promoting, any company, association, undertaking or public or private body carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of this company or subsidiary or ancillary thereto; to take any part of the management, supervision or control of the business or operations of any such company undertaking ;

(*n*) To enter into any arrangement with any authority or government, federal, provincial, municipal or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, concessions, subsidies or other benefits which it may seem desirable to obtain, and to carry out or exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights and benefits, and to procure the company to be licensed, registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein,

and do such acts and things as may be expedient under the laws of such country to represent the company and enable it effectively to carry on business or prosecute its affairs there and elsewhere ;

(*o*) To undertake, manage, control or otherwise deal with the business and undertaking of any corporation, firm or individual when it may be necessary for the purpose of protecting the interests of the company for the purpose of protecting securities, realizing upon claims or carrying out any transaction or obligation which the company may have entered upon;

(*p*) To pay all costs incidental to procuring the charter of incorporation or in connection with the formation and organization of the company, and to do any such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, and to promote any companies or company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the undertakings, assets, rights or liabilities of this company, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated to benefit the company ;

(*q*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others or as factors or agents, and to do all such other things as may be necessary to the due carrying out of the above objects or any of them ;

(*r*) The powers in each paragraph hereof are to be in nowise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Spence Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26-2

Essex Stamp Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act" letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1916, incorporating Frederic Zabriskie, gentleman, William Frederic Zabriskie, consulting engineer, Ottis Edward Hatfield and Charles Orleman Lee, manufacturers, of the City of Detroit, in the State of Michigan, one of the United States of America, and Charles Christian Zabriskie of the Town of Walkerville, in the Province of Ontario, civil engineer, for the following purposes, viz :—

To carry on throughout the Dominion of Canada the manufacture and sale of wares, goods and merchandise of every description and particularly to carry on the manufacture and sale of rubber stamps, steel stamps, stencils, badges and various forms of marking devices and sundry small stamping.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Essex Stamp Company, Limited", with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Windsor, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26-2

British Cordite Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1916, incorporating Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks, advocate, Francis George Bush, bookkeeper. George Robert Drennan and Alexander Gordon, Yeoman, stenographers, and Herbert William Jackson, clerk, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in cordite and other explosives of any kind and all and any ingredients useful in connection with the manufacture thereof and to buy, sell and deal in the by-products resulting from such manufacture ; to carry on the business of miners, iron, brass and other metal founders, machinists, tool-makers, metallurgists or metal workers, fitters, millwrights, packing box makers, and all other detail branches of business usually or conveniently connected with any such businesses as aforesaid, either for preparing or finishing articles for sale, or for auxiliary purposes, as well as for the purposes of the businesses aforesaid as for the purpose of profit as independent businesses ;

(*b*) To manufacture, either wholly or in part, any goods, substances, machines, tools, articles, apparatus or things in or for the manufacture, or any process of the manufacture, of which the plant, machinery or property of the company may from time to time be available or suitable ;

(*c*) To construct, maintain and operate on the property of the company all works, tramways, telegraph and telephone lines, bridges, reservoirs, flumes, dams and any other works and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects ;

(*d*) To construct, acquire, own, manage, charter, operate, hire and lease all kinds of steam and sailing vessels, boats, tugs and barges and other vessels, wharves, docks, elevators, warehouses, freight sheds and other buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To establish, maintain and operate for the use of the company, its employees, tenants and others a fire protection service, water service, electric light or gas service, and to make such contracts with respect to the same as may be found necessary or advisable either for the disposal of the surplus or otherwise ;

(*f*) To apply for, maintain, register, lease, acquire and hold or to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any patents of invention, improvements or processes, trade-marks, trade names and the like, necessary to or beneficial for any of the purposes of the company ;

(*g*) To distribute amongst the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any other company belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*h*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise the shares of any other company carrying on business in whole or in part similar to the business which this company is authorized to carry on, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, or otherwise to acquire and undertake any other undertaking and business similar in whole or in part to that of the company, together with its plant, stock-in-trade, good-will, franchises and assets of all kinds and liabilities, and to carry on any other business which may seem capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or to facilitate the realization of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights or undertakings;

(*i*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or of any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem proper, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*j*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company in payment or part payment for any property or rights which may be acquired by, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any services rendered, or for any work done for the company, or in or towards the payment or satisfaction of debts and liabilities owing by the company ;

(*k*) To amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or

engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company, and to advance money to, guarantee the contracts of and otherwise assist any such person, firm or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the Companies Act, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares and securities of any such company and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*l*) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorized either alone or in conjunction with others or as factors or agents ;

(*m*) To do all such other things as may be necessary to the due carrying out of the above objects or any of them ;

(*n*) The powers in each paragraph hereof are to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "British Cordite Company, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26-2

Three Rivers Industrial Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letter patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of November, 1916, incorporating Télesphore Adalbert Lymburner and Joseph Alfred Lymburner, manufacturers, Eugene Lemieux, accountant, and Joseph Arthur Raoul Lymburner, bookkeeper, all of the City of Three Rivers, in the Province of Quebec, and Gustave Brault, gentleman, of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on business and to manufacture and deal in alumina, copper, iron, steel and wood and in any other articles of any kind whatsoever which may be manufactured with the above products and in the manner in which they may be manufactured ;

(*b*) To acquire by purchase, concession, exchange or otherwise ; to construct, erect, operate, own, maintain and manage, lease, sell and dispose of in any manner whatsoever any manufactories and establishments, warehouses, depots, yards, and engine rooms, sidings, and other structures and buildings necessary and useful for the carrying on of the company's business, and any other property movable or immovable, real and personal, corporal or incorporal, contracts, concessions, franchises, undertakings, benefits, rights and privileges necessary, useful or advantageous for the management of any of the businesses which the company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for such property, movable or immovable, contracts, concessions, privileges, rights and benefits, and for the obtaining of same either wholly or partly in debentures or in fully paid-up and non assessable common or preferred shares or in any other securities of the said company ;

(*c*) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or take under license, either on royalty or otherwise, to acquire and own, use, possess, operate, enjoy and introduce, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any trade marks, trade names, patents of invention, improvements and processes, registered or otherwise, useful to the objects of the company; to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account any such trade marks, trade names and inventions, licenses, processes and any other such property or rights relating thereto ;

(*d*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise or with any company, partnership or person that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges, concessions, contracts, guarantees, which the company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, contracts and concessions, and to pay for such contracts and for the acquisition of the same either wholly or partly in cash or either wholly or partly in fully paid shares of the company or in debentures, bonds or other securities of the company ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may be conveniently carried on with its business or calculated to benefit the company ;

(*f*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to purchase and acquire, hold, sell or issue the shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any company or corporation, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, and to guarantee the payment of the principal, dividends and interest upon such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities ; to manage, operate and carry on the property, franchises, undertakings and affairs of such corporation in any of the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities held by the company, for such consideration as the directors shall see fit ;

(*g*) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares of stock of the company in payment or part payment of any property, movable or immovable, real or personal, and any rights, contracts, privileges, benefits or concessions useful or profitable to the company ;

(*h*) To promote or assist in promoting, or to become a shareholder in any company carrying on or having for its purposes the operation of any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company, and to enter into arrangements for sharing of profits, union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with such person or company, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of such company and pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company, and to hold, sell, re-issue, with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To acquire the good-will, property, rights and assets and assume all the liabilities of any person, firm or company indebted to the company or transacting any business similar to that conducted by the company, and to pay for the same in cash or in securities of the company or otherwise ;

(*j*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise the property, franchises, undertakings and business of any such corporation, and to assume the liabilities thereof, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, debentures or other securities of the company;

(*k*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the assets, rights, contracts, franchises and undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the directors shall see fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of or in any other company having objects similar in whole or in part, to those of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act;

(*l*) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved, any assets of the company amongst its members, and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company ;

(*m*) To accept in payment of any debt due to the company, stock, shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of any company;

(*n*) To make cash advances to any person, corporation or company having dealings with the company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such person or company ;

(*o*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold, exercise and enjoy, all or any of the property,

franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake and assume the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*p*) To aid in any manner and guarantee the obligations of any company any of whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held or are in any manner guaranteed by this company, and to do any acts or things for the preservation and protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations, and to do any and all acts and things tending to increase the value of the property of any such company ;

(*q*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined by the directors ;

(*r*) The powers in each paragraph hereof to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or by reference to or inference from the name of the company ;

(*s*) To remunerate by payment in cash, and, with the approval of the shareholders, in stock, bonds or in any other manner any person or persons or corporation or corporations for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares or stock of the company, or any bonds or debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or in the conduct of its business.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Three Rivers Industrial Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-five thousand dollars, divided into 450 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Three Rivers, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 13th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

Progressive Farmers' Association, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is here by giventhat under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 16th day of December, 1916, incorporating George Hopper, of the Village of Merivale, dairyman and William Harry Palmer, hardware salesman, and James Chilcott, promoter, both of the City of Ottawa, all in the Province of Ontario, and Daniel Harry Chilcott, farmer, and George Samuel Nesbitt, farmer and merchant, both of the Village of Wakefield, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell, exchange and deal in Farm Produce of all kinds, including grains, roots, hay, straw, fruits, vegetables, milk and cream, meats and their By-Products and all other agricultural Produce, and generally to deal in any of the above articles either as principal or as agent of any person, firm or corporation ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, exchange and deal in all kinds of agricultural implements, machinery, tools and appliances, binder twine and rope, and all kinds of vehicles, windmills, electric power mills, machinery, barn and stable fittings of all kinds and water pipe carriers and tile ;

(*c*) To buy, sell, exchange and deal in all kinds of lumber, timber, shingles, wood or metallic, sheeting, wood, brick, cement, cement blocks, lime, sand, and all other materials required for use in the erection and repair of all kinds of buildings, and all other materials, goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*d*) To erect, buy, lease, or in any other way acquire, storage rooms and warehouses and other buildings for any purposes of said company ;

(*e*) To act as agents and attorneys for any person, firm or corporation in the transaction of any business within the scope of the object of this company;

(*f*) To issue and allot with the approval of the shareholders paid-up shares of the company for services rendered or for any other consideration which may be deemed just and sufficient by the directors ;

(*g*) To establish branches and agencies in other places and to promote and form subsidiary companies having like powers of the said company when and under such titles as the directors may choose ;

(*h*) To do all acts, and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated, or which may conveniently be carried on in connection with any of the business or objects of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Progressive Farmers' Association, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 5,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

The Trusts Buildings, Limited.

(CORRECTED NOTICE.)

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 23rd day of September, 1916, incorporating John Craig Stewart, barrister-at-law, Reginald Lancaster Pattison and William George Ryan, oil and gas operators, and Bessie Evelyn Daniels and Grace Alberta Jackson, stenographers, all of the City of Chatham, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.:—

(*a*) To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise, land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure or description and any estate or interest therein and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise encumber or dispose of, upon such terms as may seem desirable, the whole or any portion of such lands or other assets and all or any of the buildings or structures that are now or may hereafter be erected thereon :

(*b*) To prepare building sites and to construct, reconstruct, alter, improve, own, operate, decorate, furnish and maintain offices, apartments, flats, houses, factories, warehouses, shops, gravel or sand pits, clay or mineral deposits, sewer or other underground works, pavements, buildings, works and conveniences of all kinds on any such lands or on lands owned by others and to consolidate, connect or subdivide properties or to act as agents for others in any of the foregoing matters ;

(*c*) To take and hold mortgages for any unpaid balance of the purchase money on any of the lands, buildings or structures so sold and to sell or otherwise dispose of the said mortgages ;

(*d*) To purchase for investment or as agent for others to acquire, exchange or otherwise deal in shares, stocks, debentures and bonds of other corporations carrying on a business in whole or in part similar to that of the company, and to invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*e*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee and otherwise assist in the performance of contracts or mortgages of persons, firms or corporations with which the company may have dealings and to assume and take over such mortgages or contracts on default ;

(*f*) To quarry, manufacture, deal in and sell all kinds of stone ;

(*g*) To manufacture, deal in all sell all kinds of lumber, brick, cement and building materials;

(*h*) To manufacture, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell, assign, transfer, invest, trade and deal in, contractors' supplies and appliances, of every class and description;

(*i*) To manufacture, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire machinery and any and all apparatus and tools necessary or useful in connection with the business of the company, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the same;

(*j*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company;

(*k*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights;

(*l*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(*m*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired;

(*n*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same:

(*o*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company;

(*p*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;

(*q*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object:

(*r*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company;

(*s*) Subject to section 5 of The Companies Act, R.S.C., 1906, chapter 79, to construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof;

(*t*) To draw, make, accept endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferrable instruments;

(*u*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company;

(*v*) To obtain any provisional order or Act of Parliament to enable the company to carry any of its business into effect or for effecting any modification of the company's constitution or for any other purpose which may seem expedient, and to oppose any proceeding or application which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the company's interests, and to procure the company to be registered or recognized in any foreign country or place;

(*w*) To adopt such means of making known the undertakings of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations;

(*x*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;

(*y*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Trusts Buildings, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of September, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Golden Ray Fishing Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1916, incorporating Richard Tuson Heneker and Henry Noel Chauvin, both of His Majesty's counsel learned in the law, Harold Earle Walker and John Noel Beauchamp, advocates, and Hugh Wylie, bookkeeper, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To carry on business as fishermen and the business of fishing, including among other things, catching, curing, drying, smoking, preserving, canning, packing, importing, exporting, buying, selling and otherwise dealing with and in fish and fish products of all descriptions, and the oils, fertilizing and other by-products thereof, oysters, lobsters and all kinds of shell fish; to catch, buy, store, sell and distribute bait and fish of every description, whether fresh, salt or frozen; to engage in and carry on the business of lobster packers, curers and canners and catch, buy, sell, pack, deal in, cure and can lobsters and other fish;

(*b*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and own lands of whatsoever description and wheresoever situate, and water lots, wharfage rights and privileges, fishing, trawling and seining rights and other easements, rights and privileges whatsoever;

(*c*) To construct or otherwise acquire, operate, control, manage, let and deal in:—(1) trawlers, fishing boats and appliances, tugs, boats, barges, scows, ships, steamers and other vessels of every description, and wharves, docks, piers, slips and works for the improvement of navigation and for the conduct of fishing, whaling and other operations, also structures, ap-

pliances and equipment for fishing, whaling, seining, trawling or sealing purposes or for the handling of traffic in any form or any description ; (2) works, stores, warehouses, hatcheries, shops, cold storage and refrigerating buildings and plants, sheds, offices, structures and plant, appliances, equipment and machinery for the cleaning, curing, canning, package, storage, handling or otherwise dealing in the products, or by-products of fish and fisheries, of whatsoever description, or of whaling or sealing operations or any other incidental operation carried on by the company ; (3) mills, machinery, shops, factories, works, appliances, equipment of every description for the handling, manufacture or the sale of any products or by-products of or resulting from the operations of the company or of any combination of such products or by-products with any other materials or thing whatsoever ; (4) reservoirs, dams, aqueducts, canals, flumes, drains, bridges, roadways and all other works, appliances and equipment incidental to the foregoing ; (5) power houses, plant, machinery, equipment and works for the generation, distribution and utilization of any form of power for lighting, heating or for any other purposes ;

(*d*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in cans, barrels, boxes, packages or other receptacles for containing food products and to manufacture, sell and trade in all products of every description and to carry on any business or businesses subsidiary, auxiliary or similar to the business mentioned in this sub-clause and which the company may deem it expedient to carry on in aid thereof or in substitution therefor ;

(*e*) To manufacture and deal in fertilizers and glue from fish and to refine oils obtained from fish ;

(*f*) To buy, sell and salve wrecked vessels of every sort, their materials, appurtenances and cargo, and to own and employ wrecking steamers, lighters and pumps with other wrecking appliances ;

(*g*) To cut, manufacture, buy, sell and distribute ice, wholesale or retail ;

(*h*) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, water courses, power plants, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works for the development and distribution of electric power for lighting, heating and other purposes, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interest, and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof, and to sell and distribute any surplus electric power not required for the purpose of the company, subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*i*) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, good-will and assets of any person, firm or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessing property suitable for the purposes of this company and as a part of the consideration for such acquisition, to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company ;

(*j*) To issue paid-up shares, bonds or debentures or other securities for the payment, either in whole or in part of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, services, rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, power, privilege, license or concession which this company may legally acquire and in payment or part payment of or in exchange for shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company doing a business similar or incidental to the business of this company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the aforesaid Act ;

(*k*) To remunerate with the approval of the shareholders any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the company's capital, or any debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*l*) To distribute by dividend or otherwise any of the property of the company in specie or kind among the members and particularly paid-up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company ;

(*m*) Any power granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph ;

(*n*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*o*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*p*) To amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*q*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the aforesaid Act, to take, and otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*r*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*s*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*t*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*u*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade;

(*v*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons ;

(*w*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*x*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*y*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in

particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*z*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*aa*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(*bb*) To develop and turn to account any lands acquired by the company or in which it is interested and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for farming and building purposes, constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, fitting up and improving, buildings and conveniences and by planting, paving, draining, farming, cultivating, letting on building lease or building agreement.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Golden Ray Fishing Company, Limited," with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, divided into 200 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 20th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26-2 Under-Secretary of State

Gibbons Motor Car Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of December, 1916, incorporating Samuel Henry Gibbons, manager, John Watson Franks, gentleman, William Joseph Hodgson, accountant, Lonson Cheeseman Laishley and Ernest Ireland, salesmen, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following pusposes, viz :—

(*a*) To manufactnre, buy, sell and deal in all classes of automobiles, motor wagons, motor trucks, cars operated by steam, gasolene, electric or any other power, automobile and motor parts, accessories, and everything appertaining to the manufacture and trade of the above named ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business, or calculated either directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to manufacture, buy, sell, or deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*c*) To acquire and own the assets, property, privileges, franchises, contracts, leases, real estate and other rights of any individual, firm or company doing a similar business, and generally the business of any person, firm or company exercising or carrying on a trade which this company is authorized to carry on ;

(*d*) To act as agent for any other person or companies in the purchase, sale, exchange or lease of all products concerning the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*e*) To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the company is incorporated ;

(*f*) To issue paid-up shares for the payment in whole or in part of any property, real or personal, movable or immovable, rights, claims, privileges, concessions or other advantages which the company may lawfully acquire ;

(*g*) To apply for and acquire or to obtain by purchase or otherwise and on any terms, letters patent of inventions, patent rights, processes, licenses, trade marks, copyrights, or any privileges of a like nature for or in connection with any matter, article or subject convenient for the business of the company, and to turn the same to account by manufacturing, working the same or granting licenses in respect thereof or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Gibbons Motor Car Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The St. Louis Auto Machinery Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1916, incorporating Joseph Byron St. Louis and Catharine Northwood, customs officers, Joseph Francis Knight, ferry boat employee and Henry Crawford Cage, clerk, of the City of Windsor, in the Province of Ontario, and John Dugal, of the Township of Sandwich East, in the said Province of Ontario customs broker, for the following purposes, viz:—

(*a*) To buy, sell, trade and carry on the business of manufacturers of automobiles, cycles, bicycles, tricycles, motors, engines, carriages and conveyances of all kinds and parts thereof, and of all articles used in the construction or manufacture thereof, and to carry on the business of machinist;

(*b*) To apply for, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'inventions, licenses, concessions or the like conferring exclusive or limited right to use any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company and to use, exercise, lease, sell or grant licenses in respect thereof or otherwise to turn to account the property or rights so acquired.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The St. Louis Auto Machinery Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 8,000 shares of five dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Windsor, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Hurd & Co., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1916, incorporating Alfred Ernest Hurd, merchant, Arthur Heward Holloway, manager, William Blore, clerk, Matthew Boa, machinist, and George David Kelley, solicitor, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturers and importers of wholesale and retail dealers in sporting goods, sport supplies of any and every kind and description whatsoever sportman's and athletic complete outfit, and bicycles and automobiles, motor cars, canoes, boats, yachts, motor boats, gasolene, marine engines, fire-arms, cameras, kodaks, supplies for electric and gas light and all other kinds of articles and sundries usually manufactured, imported and dealt in, in connection with such business or incidental thereto;

(*b*) To acquire and take over as a going concern, the business at present carried on in the City of Ottawa, under the name of "Hurd & Co.," and of any other business of a similar nature or any interest or control of any business of a similar nature and to pay for the

same either in cash, bonds or paid-up stock of this company ;

(*c*) To apply for, acquire, lease and dispose of trade-marks, industrial designs, patents and patent rights, licenses and privileges for or in respect of any invention that may be desired, useful or advantageous to the company and to manufacture, use, exercise and work the same ;

(*d*) To purchase, take over, lease or otherwise acquire, any movable and immovable property, machinery and works that may be useful for the purposes of the company and to hold, mortgage, sell and convey, or otherwise dispose of such property, movable or immovable, as may be requisite for the purposes of the company ;

(*e*) To erect and construct buildings, including factories, stores, warehouses and other establishments and to erect and construct the same, when and where advisable ;

(*f*) To subscribe for, purchase and otherwise acquire and own, shares and securities in any other company or companies carrying on business of a like nature notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act and to sell or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To acquire from any person, firm or corporation, any business of a like nature or incidental to the foregoing or capable of being operated in connection therewith ;

(*h*) To issue fully paid-up shares in payment or part payment of the purchase price of any movable or immovable property, patent, patent rights or shares in other companies that may be required by the company ;

(*i*) To act as commisson merchants and manufacturers' agents in respect of any article in which the company is authorized to deal ;

(*j*) To do all and everything necessary, suitable, proper and convenient for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any one or more of the objects enumerated herein, connected therewith or which may at any time appear conducive to or expedient for the protection or benefit of the company.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of " Hurd & Co., Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

The Talbot Ranch, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1916, incorporating Henry Talbot, Arthur William Talbot, Harry Talbot, Joshua Ingham and George Sparkhall, live stock commission merchants, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of ranching, to purchase and otherwise acquire, breed, raise, improve, sell and deal in live stock of every kind and live stock products, to carry on by wholesale or otherwise the business of producers, purchasers, shippers of and dealers in agricultural products, including prepared products, live stock and farm supplies;

(*b*) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or any rights or privileges which the company, may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business or capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of its property or rights for the time being;

(*c*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like, which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company or otherwise, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account, grants, licenses, leases, concessions and the like so required ;

(*d*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, exercise and enjoy in its own name, all or any of the property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or any company or companies carrying on a business similar in whole or in part to that of the company and to pay for such property, franchises, good-will, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in shares of the company, wholly or partly paid-up and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing the profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any person or company and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To enter into any arrangement with any governments or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges, concessions or franchises which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, comply with or surrender any such arrangements, rights, privileges, concessions and franchises ;

(*g*) To construct, improve, maintain, work or manage any roads, ways, buildings and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or conduct thereof ;

(*h*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*i*) To sell, let or hire or otherwise deal with or dispose of the undertaking and assets of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any other company ;

(*j*) To remunerate any person or corporation for services or assistance rendered to the company or in or about the incorporation or organization of the company in such a manner as the company may deem expedient, and more particularly with the approval of the shareholders, by the issue and allotment of shares, bonds or other securities of the company, wholly or partly paid-up ;

(*k*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*l*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*m*) To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incidental to the formation, registration and advertising of the company or in or about the promotion of this company or the conduct of its business ;

(*n*) To carry on any other business capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*o*) To do all other things incidental or conducive to the attainment of any one or more of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Talbot Ranch, Limited," with a

capital stock of sixty thousand dollars, divided into 600 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Ardis Candy Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of December, 1916, incorporating Andrew Haydon and John Parsons Ebbs, barristers-at-law, Marie Agnes Gertrude Deitz, bookkeeper, Belle Fraser and Lyla Brennan, stenographers, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To acquire and take over as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Ottawa under the name of The Allen & Cochrane Candy Company, with all the property, assets, stock-in-trade, and goodwill thereof, including rights and contracts, and subject to the obligations of the same, and to pay therefor in fully paid and non-assessable shares of the capital stock, or in bonds, debentures or other securities of this company ;

(*b*) To carry on a general confectionery business in all its branches, including manufacturing and to conduct and operate lunch rooms and general restaurants ;

(*c*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and generally to deal in goods, wares and merchandise ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, and to hold or dispose of in any manner, any formulae, patent of invention, trade-mark, trade-name, copyright, secret or other process, license, royalty or any similar privilege.

(*e*) To acquire by any form of title the property (including plant, works and machinery, constructed in whole or in part), rights, assets and goodwill, and subject to section 44 of The Companies Act, the shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any company, or of any person or firm, carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on ;

(*f*) To pay in whole or in part for any property, right, or privilege of any kind whatsoever acquired or held by the company in any manner, or, with the approval of the shareholders, for any service rendered to the company, either in cash or in fully paid and non-assessable shares of the capital stock of the company, or in its bonds, debentures or other securities ;

(*g*) To lease, sell or dispose of the business, property or undertakings of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem fit, and in particular for shares, bonds, debentures or securities of any other company having objects similar to those of this company, notwithstanding section 44 of the said Act, and to divide among the shareholders in specie any cash, stock, bonds or securities so received ;

(*h*) To lend money to and guarantee the performance of contracts by customers and others and also the performance of any obligations or undertaking of any other company in which this company may be interested, and to accept such security as may be offered by such person or company, including shares and debentures of such other company ;

(*i*) To aid, protect or accommodate by guarantee, endorsement, cash advances or concessions, any persons or company carrying on a business of a similar nature ; to enter into any agreement for sharing profits, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or other arrangement of a like nature, with any person or company carrying on a similar business ;

(*j*) To purchase and acquire and to own, hold, and sell and re-issue, with or without guarantee, the shares, bonds or debentures of any manufacturing or other corporation, carrying on business similar to that of this company ; to amalgamate with any company constitued for the carrying on of any similar business, and to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise and to manage, operate and carry on the property, undertaking and business of any such corporation ;

(*k*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property or rights of the company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*l*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of all or any of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Ardis Candy Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty thousand dollars, divided into 400 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Big 3 Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1916, incorporating James Cæsar and Trygor Haugerud, farmers, Maude Jane Williams, married woman, Earl Stuart Everall and Harley Moody Hughes, students-at-law, all of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, acquire, hold and operate oil refineries, plant and machinery of all kinds ; to carry on the business of buying, leasing, holding and selling, producing and manufacturing all kinds of oil and oil products and compounds thereof, and all articles and substances of which oil is an ingredient ; of erecting, leasing, buying, letting and selling oil refineries, together with all such buildings and works as may be necessary in connection with the production and sale of oil products and all compounds thereof and substances and articles of which oil is an ingredient : to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in oil producers, machinery, supplies and utensils of all kinds ; to carry on the business of storing, tanking, warehousing and transporting refined and crude oils and all products and compounds thereof, and all the substances and articles of which oil is an ingredient ; to purchase, acquire, lease, construct, equip, operate and to sell and otherwise deal in pipe lines and other contrivances or appliances for the transportation and storing of oil ;

(*b*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*d*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*e*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*f*) To take, or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*g*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*h*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company ;

(*i*) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*j*) To construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company ;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*l*) To lend money to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons :

(*m*) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered, or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*n*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*o*) To procure the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign country and to designate persons therein according to the laws of such foreign country to represent this company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit ;

(*p*) To pay any debts of the company or for any goods or rights or other assets which the company may desire to acquire either wholly or in part with shares of the company either fully or partly paid up ;

(*q*) To pay out of the assets of the company the costs of incorporation and organization of the company and the cost of selling or otherwise disposing of the stock or shares of the company ;

(*r*) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*t*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*u*) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either or alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*v*) To distribute any of the property of the company in specie among the members ;

(*w*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Big 3 Company, Limited," with a capital stock of ten thousand dollars, divided into 100 shares of one hundred dollars each. and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 21st day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26–2

Turner Brothers, Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of December, 1916, changing the corporate name of "Turner Brothers, Canada, Limited," to that of "Atlas Asbestos Company, Limited."

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 18th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

26-2

Stanley & Aylward, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 22nd day of December, 1916, incorporating Franklin Metcalf McDowell, law clerk, George Roy Sproat, accountant, Gordon Balfour Flett, student-at-law, Charles Henry Kemp and Cecil Carrick, solicitors, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business of manufacturing, wholesale and retail jewellers and dealers in jewellers sundries, watches, gold, silver and metal wares, gold filled wares, glassware, china, enamel goods, stamped goods, military badges and jewellery ;

(*b*) To manufacture, sell, buy and generally deal in all materials used in the manufacture of any of the above described wares ;

(*c*) To carry on any business which can be profitably carried on in connection with any of the aforesaid businesses ; and import and export any of the aforesaid articles or wares and to import or export any of the materials used in the manufacture thereof ;

(*d*) To act as agents or contractors in securing contracts for the manufacture and sale of any of the aforesaid wares.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Stanley & Aylward, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State

27–2

Blue Diamond Coal Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 22nd day of December, 1916, incorporating Reginald Herbert Montague Temple and Archibald James Reid, barristers-at-law, George Norman Limpricht, William Bowler and Frederick Charles Allen, clerks, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire coal fields and coal lands, ore bearing properties, mineral lands, mining locations, mining and surface rights, timber limits, wood lands, and timber lands, oil fields and privileges, natural gas lands and properties, water lots, water powers and privileges and other rights, privileges, easements and licenses ;

(*b*) To lay out, construct, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, maintain, operate and manage : (1) mines of coal, iron or other minerals whatsoever, oil wells and wells of natural gas, or any products or by-products of any of them, mining structures, plant mills, pipe lines, buildings, machinery and appliances of every description ; (2) power houses, structures, plant and equipment for the development, generation, transmission or utilization of water, steam, gas, electric or other powers and structures and plant for any form of heating and lighting ; provided, however, that the sale, transmission or distribution of electric, pneumatic hydraulic or other power or force beyond the lands of the company shall be subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ; (3) steamships and vessels, piers, docks, dry-docks, wharves, slips, basins and all incidental structures and appliances ; (4) bridges, roads, tramways on lands owned or controlled by the company, aerial carriers, trails and ways of every description, yards and tracks for the storage or handling of any of the company's products or for the delivery thereof to adjacent railways ; and (5) offices, stores, shops, grain elevators, hotels, boarding houses, dwellings, workmen's houses, restaurants and buildings of every description ;

(*c*) To purchase, sell and deal in any manufactures products or by-products of the works hereinbefore specified, or any commodities, merchandise or manufactures which may be conveniently handled therewith, and are germane to the objects herein specified ;

(*d*) To purchase, acquire, sell and deal in any exclusive rights, patent rights, privileges or licenses in connection with the business of the company ;

(*e*) To guarantee any indebtedness, whether bonded or otherwise, of any company with which the company may have business relations and authorized to conduct any business within or similar to the powers of the company ;

(*f*) To issue and allot, as fully paid up, shares of the company hereby incorporated in payment or part payment for any property, movable or immovable, property rights, lease, business, franchise, undertaking, powers, privileges, licenses, concession, stock, bonds and debentures, or other assets or things which it may lawfully acquire by virtue of the powers hereby granted, or to pay for same or any part thereof in bonds, debentures or other securities of this company, and with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to the company ;

(*g*) To acquire the stock, securities or undertaking of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or to transfer its undertaking or assets to, or to amalgamate with any such company ;

(*h*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits or union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions, or otherwise, or to amalgamate with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to engage in or carry on, and to lend money to and act as employer, agent or manager of any such person or company, and to carry on the business of and to guarantee the contracts of or to otherwise assist any such person or company or any customers and to guarantee the securities issued or to be issued either conditionally or upon any condition, the bonds, debentures or other securities of any such company, and to take, hold, or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, and to sell, hold, or re-issue with or without guarantee or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*i*) To distribute among the shareholders of the company in kind any property of the company, and in particular any shares, bonds, debentures or other securities belonging to the company or which the company may have power to dispose of ;

(*j*) To acquire by purchase or otherwise, hold, sell and deal in the business, assets, good-will, and securities of any other company having for one of its objects the exercise of any of the powers of the company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to benefit the company, and to promote or assist in promoting any such other company or any subsidiary company, and to pay out of the funds of the company the costs and expenses of such promotion or assistance.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Blue Diamond Coal Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one million five hundred thousand dollars, divided into 15,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27-2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Canada Glass Works, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of December, 1916, incorporating Hamnet Pinhey Hill and Alexander Christie Hill, barristers-at-law, Sara Florence MacDougall, accountant, Laura Jane Miller Whyte and Frances Amelia Heming, stenographers, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in carboys or demijohns, bottles, decanters, flasks, jars, phials, balls and cut, pressed or moulder crystal glass, tableware, blown glass tableware and other cut glassware, preserve and pickle jars, lamp chimneys, glass shades or globes and all kinds of glass for electrical purposes, ornamental figured and enamelled colored glass and memorial or other ornamental window glass, painted or vitrified, chipped, figured, enamelled and obscured white glass, opal, common and colorless window glass, plain, colored, opaque, stained or tinted or muffled glass in sheets, polished plate glass, rolled plate glass, cast or otherwise, with or without wire, either plain or bevelled of all sizes and thicknesses, silvered glass, bevelled or not, framed or not framed, stained or ornamental glass windows, glass in sheets and bent sheet and plate glass articles of glass, not plate or sheet, designed to be cut or mounted and manufacturers of glass, wood or metal shop, window fronts, show cases, with or without wood or metal frames, paints, varnishes, oils, glues, chalks, dyes or other coloring materials, brushes, cans and boxes ;

(*b*) To acquire by lease, purchase, gift, exchange or otherwise hold, sell, build, construct, erect, own, equip, improve, operate, control and maintain saw mills, paper and box factories, paint and oil mills, varnish and glue factories, warehouses, elevators, stores, houses, offices and buildings of all kinds, manufactories, plants, foundries, work shops for making glass, house tools, moulds, presses and all kinds of machinery for making all kinds of glass, furnaces, pots, tanks, ovens, smelters, mineral deposits, boilers, engines, machinery, fillings, apparatus and appliances, furnace blocks, common fire and silica bricks, flattening stones, rings,

floaters, stoppers, boots, sand pits or quarries, lime quarries, lime kilns, manganese, soda, ash, arsenic, salt, cake ammonia, alkali, clay pits, stock yards, sliding ship facilities, wharves, docks, steamers, vessels, barges and boats, purchase and lease other property and boats of every kind and nature, works and buildings, plans, conveniences as may seem to advance the said company and to contribute or otherwise assist or take part in the acquisition, construction, equipment, improvement, working management, operation or control thereof ;

(*c*) To acquire, own, develop and operate water powers, natural or producer gas, electric and other plants of whatsoever nature for the purpose of generating, producing and accumulating electricity and electro-motive power or other agencies for the production of light, heat and power for the purposes of the company, with power to sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus not required by the company and to supply the same for light, heat and power purposes, to any persons, company or corporation on such terms as may be agreed upon, provided that the foregoing powers, when exercised outside the property of the company shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf ; to construct and operate, telegraph systems, telephone and tramway lines on property owned or leased by the company ;

(*d*) To acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise, property, real or personal and the good-will, franchise, rights, privileges, contracts and assets of any and every kind useful in connection with the business of the company, upon such terms as may be deemed advisable from any individual, firm or corporation whether as a going concern or not and to pay for the same in cash, part cash, in shares, fully or partially paid up, bonds or other security of the company or otherwise as may be agreed upon and to sell or otherwise dispose of or deal with the whole or any portion of the same ;

(*e*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, or which may be germane to the business of the company ;

(*f*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired ;

(*g*) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company ; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*h*) To use the company's funds in the taking, purchase and otherwise acquiring and holding shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit the company or if so advised to pay the company in such stock so acquired by the issue of fully or partially paid up shares and to sell, hold and re-issue and otherwise deal with the shares so acquired ;

(*i*) To take, acquire and hold any security of any nature and kind real or personal for debts and liabilities or obligations to the company incurred or to be incurred in respect to the purposes and objects of the company, and to discharge or dispose of the same as may be thought best ;

(*j*) To issue and allot as partially or fully paid-up stock shares of the capital stock of the company as consideration for work done, guarantees given or services rendered or agreed to be rendered in furtherance of the objects of the company including services rendered or to be rendered to the company by the promoters of the company ;

(*k*) To distribute any of the property of the company, subject to the approval of the shareholders ;

(*l*) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*m*) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company (or its predecessors in business) or the dependents or connections, of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object ;

(*n*) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of the company, or for any other purpose, which may seem directly or indirectly to benefit the company ;

(*o*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business and in particular any machinery, plant, stock-in-trade ;

(*p*) To purchase, construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working management, carrying out or control thereof ;

(*q*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments ;

(*r*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, if authorized so to do by the vote of a majority in number of the shareholders present or represented by proxy at a general meeting duly called for considering the matter and holding not less than two-thirds of the issued capital stock of the company ;

(*s*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of illustrated catalogues, books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations ;

(*t*) To make advances to customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons, to invest any surplus moneys of the company in the redemption of its own shares, bonds or debentures in such manner as may from time to time be determined;

(*u*) To accept in payment of any work done by the company stock, shares, bonds, debentures or other security of any company ;

(*v*) To aid by guarantee, endorsement, advances and otherwise any company shares of whose capital stock have been acquired as herein provided and are held by the company or with which the company may have business relations ;

(*w*) To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents or in partnership or conjunction

with any other person, firm, association or company and in any part of the world ;

(*x*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company ;

(*y*) To do all or any of the above things authorized by letters patent or supplementary letters patent as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*z*) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The Canada Glass Works, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27–2 Under-Secretary of State.

International Magnesite Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 20th day of December, 1916, incorporating Léon Daoust, Aimé Daoust and Ernest Douglas Wintle, clerks, Annie McPartlin and Elsie Bramson, stenographers, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To prospect and dig for, mine reduce, refine, smelt and otherwise treat, manufacture, sell or otherwise dispose of, and generally deal in and with magnesite, graphite and other minerals, metals and ores of all kinds and descriptions, and their products and compounds, and generally to carry on the business of a mining company in all and any of its branches ;

(*b*) To acquire lands, mineral properties, mining rights, or any interest therein, by purchase, lease, discovery, location, concession, license, exchange or other legal title, and to hold, magnesite, graphite and other mines of all kinds, mining licenses and mining rights and claims, timber limits and timber licenses, water powers and water rights, patent rights and patents of invention, and to work, develop, operate and turn to account, lease, sell, and dispose of and otherwise deal with same, or any part thereof ;

(*c*) To manufacture and deal in calcined and burned magnesite, magnesite brick and all other compounds and products of magnesite ;

(*d*) To buy, sell, grow, prepare for market, import and export and generally deal in timber and wood of all kinds and to manufacture and deal in articles of all kinds in the manufacture of which wood is used ;

(*e*) To manufacture, buy, sell and deal in distilled alcohol and charcoal and other wood products ;

(*f*) To carry on any other business, whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the company capable of being carried on in connection with the above or any portion thereof, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*g*) To construct, maintain and operate furnaces, buildings, factories, smelting and concentrating works, saw-mills, foundries, tramways on lands owned or controlled by the company, water powers, engines and all other works, machinery, plant and appliances of every kind and description required for the purposes of the company ;

(*h*) To own, operate, hold, acquire, charter and sell or otherwise dispose of ships, veesels, barges, scows, lighters, of all kinds, and to use and employ the same for the transportation of the goods of the company or others, to and from the mines and works of the company, or elsewhere, upon such terms and conditions as may seem advisable, and to construct and maintain wharves, docks and other works and machinery in connection with the business of the company ;

(*i*) To pay for any property, franchises. licenses, privileges or rights of any kind acquired by or for the company, and with the approval of the shareholders, for services rendered to and work performed for it by the issue of paid-up stock of the company or by the bonds of the company or partly in stock and partly in bonds ;

(*j*) To acquire the good-will, rights and property of any kind and to acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the assets and liabilities of any person, firm, association or corporation having powers similar in whole or in part to those of this company and to pay for the same in cash, stock or bonds of this company or otherwise ;

(*k*) To amalgamate with any company having powers similar in whole or in part to those of this company upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed ;

(*l*) To acquire by purchase, subscription or otherwise, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of stocks, bonds and obligations of any company having objects similar in whole or in part to those of this company, and to vote thereon as owners thereof, the whole notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of said Act ;

(*m*) To manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell, assign and transfer, or otherwise dispose of, to invest, trade, deal in and deal with goods, wares, merchandise and property of every class and description ;

(*n*) To sell out the undertaking of the company in whole or in part for such consideration as the company may deem fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*o*) To generate, manufacture, produce, accumulate and use steam, gas, compressed air and electricity and to sell or otherwise dispose of any surplus thereof not required for the purposes of the company's business, provided however, that any sale, distribution or transmission of electric, hydraulic or other power shall be subject to local and municipal regulations in that behalf ;

(*p*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the comprny not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*q*) To do all and everything necessary for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or attainment of any of the objects hereinabove enumerated, or which shall at any time appear for the benefit of the corporation or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value or render profitable any of the company's property or rights.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "International Magnesite Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into 2,500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Columbia Automobile, Limited.
Automobile Columbia, Limitée.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1916, incorporating Joseph Antoine Ducharme, accountant, of the Town of Maisonneuve, in the Province of Quebec ; Philippe Tremblay, real estate broker, Jean Baptiste Hurteau and Antoine Zéphirin Poitras, manufacturers, and Ildas Caisse, notary public, all of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, sell, exchange, acquire, lease, manufacture, fit up, import and export, transact and gener-

ally to carry on a wholesale and retail business, on commission or otherwise, of dealers in all kinds of automobiles, automobile tops, motor-cycles, bicycles, tricycles, and all other engines and motors and accessories of a similar nature, such as oils, greases, gasoline, tires, rubbers, chauffers' uniforms, gloves, caps, spectacles, waterproofs, blankets, pumps, jacks, tools, tool bags and any materials, accessories, equipment, specialties, articles and things whatsoever necessary for the operation of such automobiles and motors and for the general purposes of the business ;

(*b*) To purchase, sell, exchange, lease or otherwise acquire, construct, erect, maintain, use and operate for the company's purposes, such buildings, manufactories, machines, depots, garages for repairs or other similar purposes as may be necessary for such business ; the whole to be paid in fully paid up shares of the company, in cash, goods, obligations or other assets of the company ;

(*c*) To advertize, open, hold and operate sample rooms for the purpose of making known, render profitable and extend the company's business ;

(*d*) To purchase or otherwise acquire, in whole or in part, the business (capital stock), agencies, rights, privileges, hypothecs, real and personal property, shares of any person or company carrying on a business similar to that of this company, debentures of any corporation, municipality or company and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, promissory notes, bonds or other obligations or in fully paid-up shares of the company or other real or personal property belonging to the company ;

(*e*) As also to pay for, in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, any property, patents, processes, trade marks or licenses to use the same, together with services rendered to the company ;

(*f*) To receive in payment of any assets, property, shares, debentures and other securities of the company the shares, debentures, and other securities of other companies, individuals, municipalities or corporations ;

(*g*) To acquire, own, exchange, purchase shares in any other companies incorporated for the same purposes, upon such conditions as the directors of the company may deem proper ;

(*h*) To amalgamate, enter into any arrangements and contracts as to the sharing of profits and union of interests with any other persons or incorporated companies carrying on a business similar to that of this company ;

(*i*) To subscribe for and accept promissory notes, bonds and other obligations of the company for the purposes of its business ;

(*j*) To do, act and execute generally any acts and things whatsoever deemed necessary for the company's purposes.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Columbia Automobile, Limited," "Automobile Columbia, Limitée," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 10,000 shares of ten dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 19th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Canadian Film Exchange, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 21st day of December, 1916, incorporating Charles Isaac Giroux, real estate broker, Gaspard Ernest Couillard, Joseph Omer Bonnier and Felix Romeo Paquet, accountants, and Albert Homer Beaulne, manager, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on a general film exchange business ; to buy, own, sell, lease, make or otherwise dispose of any cinematograph film, trade marks, patents, copyrights or other merchandise ; to deal in materials and goods of all kinds, movable or immovable properties, exchange, build upon or improve same ;

(*b*) To carry on any business which may appear to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above, and calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable the company's property or rights ;

(*c*) To acquire or take over the whole or part of the business property end liabilities of any person or company, carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of the company, and to pay for the same in paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company ;

(*d*) To take or otherwise acquire and to hold and sell or dispose of shares in any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company, or doing any business capable of being directly or indirectly carried on for the benefit of this company ;

(*e*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertakings of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may deem fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this company ;

(*f*) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects wholly or partly similar to those of this company, and to enter into any agreement for the sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business transaction capable of being directly or indirectly carried on for the benefit of this company, and to take or otherwise acquire shares or securities of any such company, and to pledge, sell, issue or re-issue with or without guarantee as to principal and interest, or otherwise deal with the same ;

(*g*) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, hold or own the whole or any of the property, franchise, goodwill, rights and privileges held or owned by any person or firm or by any company, or companies, carrying on or formed for the carrying on of any business similar to that which this company is authorized to carry on, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company, or otherwise, and to take over the liabilities of any such person, firm or company ;

(*h*) To draw, make, accept, endorse and execute bills payable or receivable, checks, bills of exchange, warrants and other negotiable and transferable instruments ;

(*i*) To make advance of money to the customers and others having dealings with the company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any person ;

(*j*) With the approval of the shareholders, to remunerate in cash, stock, bonds or in any other manner any person or persons, corporation or corporations for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares of the capital stock of the company, or of any debentures or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business ;

(*k*) To do all or any of the foregoing acts as principals, agents or attorneys.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Canadian Film Exchange, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of fifty dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27-2 Under-Secretary of State.

Marine Navigation Company of Canada, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 22nd day of December, 1916, incorporating Arthur Ramsay Holden, King's counsel, Pierre Amable Badeaux, advocate, Ernest Geoffrey Bennett, accountant, Arthur Charters, bookkeeper and Alfred Boreham Wright, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase, take in exchange, charter, hire, build, or otherwise acquire steam and other ships or vessels, with all equipments, furniture, provisions and stores, and to employ the same in the conveyance of passengers, mails, troops, munitions of war, live and dead stock, meat, corn, and other produce, and of treasure and merchandise of all kinds between such ports in any part of the world as may seem expedient, and to acquire any postal subsidies ; to purchase or otherwise acquire any share or shares or other interest of or in any ships or vessels, or in their insurance, freights or engagements, and also any stocks, shares or securities of or in any company or companies possessed of or interested in any ships or vessels or carrying on any business directly or indirectly connected with shipping ; to employ or use in any part of the world any such ships or vessels in any trade or business whatsoever or for any purpose, including towage and salvage ; and to maintain, repair, re-class. improve, alter, sell, exchange, charter, let out to hire, load on commission, or otherwise dispose of, deal with, or turn to account any such ships or vessels ; to carry on, in any part of the world, the business of merchants, carriers by land and water, shipowners, shippers, shipbrokers, loading brokers, insurance, passenger and general broker, managers of shipping and other property, ship store dealers of ship chandlers, dock owners ship builders, ship repairers, general contractors, freight contractors, charterers, wherry or barge owners, lightermen, forwarding agents, general agents, ice merchants, refrigerating storekeepers, live and dead meat salesmen and contractors, mine owners, coal and coke merchants and agents, warehousemen, wharfingers, stevedores, dredgers, dredging contractors, salvors and renderers of salvage services and general traders ;

(*b*) To buy, sell, prepare for market and deal in coal, timber, live stock, meat and other merchandise and produce, produced, dealt with or used in the course of any of the businesses which the company is empowered to carry on, or usually or conveniently connected therewith ;

(*c*) To insure, either fully or partially, with any other company or person against losses, damages, risks and liabilities of all kinds which may affect the company, either on the mutual principle or otherwise; and to accept the whole or any part of the marine risk and liability of the company as underwriters, and to pay all calls made on any property of the company ;

(*d*) To carry on any other business which in the opinion of the company may be capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with or ancillary to any of the above-mentioned businesses or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the property or rights for the time being of the company ;

(*e*) To subscribe to or become a member of and cooperate with any association or company, whether incorporated or not, having for its objects or one of its objects the benefit, assistance or protection of shipowners, or otherwise calculated to benefit this company, either directly or indirectly, and to undertake liabilities and to give guarantees or indemnities as members of or subscribers to any such association or company ;

(*f*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, any contracts, decrees, concessions, trade secrets, patents, patent rights, trade marks, designs, copyrights, brevets d'invention, licenses and the like, for or in relation to any business hereby authorized to be carried on, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated, directly or indirectly, to benefit the Company, and to use and turn to account and to manufacture, render or grant licenses or privileges in respect of the same ; and to spend money in experimenting upon and testing and in improving or seeking to improve any patents, inventions, or rights which the company may acquire or propose to acquire ;

(*g*) To erect, construct, lay down, enlarge, alter, maintain, control and superintend any roads, railways and tramways, on lands owned or controlled by the company, port undertakings, piers, docks, wharves, harbours, buildings, works or machinery necessary or convenient for the company's business ;

(*h*) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and hold for any estate or interest any lands, buildings, easements, rights, privileges, concessions, machinery, patents, plant, stock-in-trade and any real and personal property of any kind necessary or convenient for the company's business ;

(*i*) To promote and carry into effect any scheme or schemes for sharing the profits and income of the company among the employees of the company and others ;

(*j*) To grant pensions, allowances, gratuities and bonuses to employees or ex-employees of the company or its predecessors in business, or the dependants of such persons, and to establish and support or to aid in the establishment and support of any schools, and any educational, scientific, literary, religious or charitable institutions, or trade societies, whether such societies be solely connected with the trade carried on by the company or its predecessors in business or not, and any club or other establishment calculated to advance the interests of the company or of the persons employed by the company or its predecessors in business ;

(*k*) To invest and deal with the moneys of the company, not immediately required, in or upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined ;

(*l*) To accept payment for any property or rights sold, or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the company, either in cash, by instalments or otherwise, or in fully or partly paid-up shares of any company or corporation, with or without deferred or preferred rights in respect of dividend or repayment of capital or otherwise, or in debentures or mortgage debentures or debenture stock, mortgages or other securities of any company or corporation or partly in one mode and partly in another, and generally on such terms as the company may determine ;

(*m*) To enter into partnership or any joint-purse arrangement or any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests or co-operation with any company, firm or person carrying on or proposing to carry on any business within the objects of this company, and to acquire and hold shares, stocks or securities of any such company ;

(*n*) To establish or promote, or concur in establishing or promoting any other company whose objects shall include the acquisition and taking over of all or any of the assets and liabilities of or shall be in any manner calculated to advance, directly or indirectly, the objects or interests of this company, and to acquire and hold shares, stock or securities of and guarantee the payment of any securities issued by or any other obligation of any such company ;

(*o*) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, liabilities and transactions of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company ;

(*p*) To sell, improve manage, develop, turn to account, exchange, let on rent, royalty, share of profits, or otherwise, grant licenses, easements, and other rights of and over, and in any other manner deal with or dispose of the undertaking or all or any of the property for the time being of the company for such consideration as the company may think fit ;

(*q*) To amalgamate with any other company whose objects are or include objects similar to those of this company, whether or by sale or purchase (for fully or partly paid-up shares or otherwise) of the undertaking subject to the liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid, with or without winding up, or by sale or purchase (for fully or partly paid-up shares or

otherwise) of all the shares or stock of this or any such other company as aforesaid, or by partnership or any arrangement of the nature of partnership, or in any other manner ;

(*r*) To enter into any arrangements with any governments, or authorities, supreme, imperial, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions ;

(*s*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act, to purchase or acquire in any way and to own, hold and sell with or without warranty the shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any manufacturing or other corporation or enterprise carrying on business similar to that of this company, or to promote or contribute to or subsidize or otherwise assist the same, and to amalgamate or make other working arrangements with any person, company or enterprise carrying on any similar business, and to manage, operate and carry on the property, undertakings and affairs of any such business, and to acquire the same including its goodwill, rights, liabilities and other accessories by purchase, lease or otherwise, and to issue, allot and deliver as fully paid-up and non-assessable the shares, debentures or other securities of this company in payment or part payment of any securities, rights or things that it can acquire, and in payment or part payment for any services rendered to the company whether in connection with its promotion and organization or its business or otherwise ;

(*t*) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold, use (on lease, license or otherwise) and to exercise, develop and introduce, and to sell, assign, lease or otherwise dispose of or turn to account any patents, trade marks, inventions, copyrights, improvements and processes, concessions and the like, useful to the business of the company, and to pay for the same wholly or in part in bonds, debentures or other securities or assets of the company or by the issue of fully paid up and non-assessable shares of its capital stock ;

(*u*) To secure passengers and persons in the service of the company, ships, vessels, and craft of every description, and engines, tackle, gear, equipment, stores, freight, earnings, profits, cargoes and other matters and things connected with ships, vessels and craft, against loss or injury by or through perils of the sea, fire, war, reprisals and all other perils, accidents or risks and generally to secure the company against fire, marine and other losses, either by forming a general reserve or insurance fund or by insurance effected with other companies or persons or by ettablishing or joining any association for mutual insurance protection or indemnity or otherwise, with full power to effect re-insurances and counter-insurances as may seem expedient ; provided that nothing herein contained shall empower the company to carry on assurance business within the meaning of the Insurance Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, chapter 34 ;

(*v*) To make advances to or guarantee the obligations or contracts of or otherwise assist in any manner any company whose shares of capital stock, bonds or other obligations are held in whole or in part by this company and to do any act or thing for the preservation, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such shares, bonds or obligations, and in like manner to advance money to or guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any person company having business engagements with the company or indebted to it ;

(*w*) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of or deal with the whole or any part of the undertaking of the company and of its assets and good-will and rights and obligations of any kind for such consideration as the company may think fit, including shares, debentures and other securities of any other corporation having objects similar in whole or in part to those of the company, and to distribute among its shareholders any cash securities or other consideration so received ;

(*x*) To pay all costs incidental to procuring the charter of incorporation or in connection with the formation and organization of the company, and to do any such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, and to promote any company or companies for the purposes of acquiring all or any of the undertakings, assets, rights or liabilities of this company, or for any other purposes which may seem calculated to benefit the company ;

(*y*) To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights ;

(*z*) To enter into any arrangement with any authority or government, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, concessions, subsidies, or other benefits, which it may seem desirable to obtain and to carry out or exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights and benefits, and to procure the company to be licensed, registered and recognized in any foreign country, and to designate persons therein and do such acts and things as may be expedient under the laws of such country to represent the company and enable it effectively to carry on business or prosecute its affairs there and elsewhere ;

(*aa*) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise, and to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the above objects or any of them ;

(*bb*) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent upon each other, and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise restricted by reason of any other clauses of such objects, powers or purposes or otherwise.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Marine Navigation Company of Canada, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 28th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27–2 Under-Secretary of State.

The Wagner, Chambers, Glassco Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of December, 1916, incorporating William Emile Wagner and James Lockhart Chambers, manufacturers, Joseph George Sirger, broker, and Grace Hankins, stenographer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, and Ernest Spencer Glassco, of the Town of Oakville, in the said Province of Ontario, manufacturer, for the following purposes, viz :

To carry on a general machine shop for the manufacture of munitions of all kinds, for the manufacture of electrical fittings and for doing all kinds of work usually done in a foundry and machine shop.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Wagner, Chambers, Glassco Company, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars, divided into 499 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 28th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27–2 Under-Secretary of State.

Compagnie de Crémerie Homo, Limitée— Homo Creamery Company, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the first part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as The Companies Act, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1916, incorporating Félix Vanasse, financial agent, Auguste Joseph Allaire, accountant, Aimé Malo, student-at-law, and Bibiane Lefebvre, stenographer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and Lorenzo Laurendeau, law student, of the City of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To purchase and sell, to deal in with, at wholesale and retail, import and export cream, cream chocolate, butter, butter milk, cheese and all other by-products of milk, and also eggs, poultry, and generally to deal in all kinds of farm products;

(*b*) To purchase, sell, import, export, deal in and manufacture all things and foodstuffs, which may be asked for at the company's dairies, such as cereals, fruits, aerated waters, pastry and other merchandise which may be sold at the company's stores;

(*c*) To purchase, sell, exchange, import, export and manufacture everything necessary for the operation, installation and equipment of said farms, creameries, butter and cheese factories, warehouses and other property of the company, together with all necessary apparatus for the production, working, sterilization, pasteurization, bottling and packing of milk, butter, cheese, cream and generally all the by-products of milk, and also farm products and other products manufactured or used by the company ;

(*d*) To act as agent for any person, firm or company carrying on a business similar to that of this company or relating thereto ;

(*e*) To acquire the business of any person, firms or companies carrying on a similar business, and to pay for the same in cash or in fully paid shares of this company or to amalgamate with any other firm carrying on a similar business ;

(*f*) To manufacture, purchase, sell or deal in any implements, machinery, tackle or apparatus used in the operation of cold storage, warehouses and freezing plants and stores ; to purchase, sell, and manufacture any such implements, utensils, apparatus, necessary for the operation of aforesaid articles ;

(*g*) To draw, make, accept, endorse, pay and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrents and other negotiable and transferable instruments ;

(*h*) To pay for any property, franchise, privilege, lease or right of any kind acquired by or for the company, or for any work done, or services rendered, with the approval of shareholders, by the issue of fully paid shares of the company hereby incorporated ;

(*i*) To enjoy or possess all powers necessary for the carrying on of the above mentioned undertaking.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Compagnie de Crémerie Homo, Limitée" —Homo Creamery, Limited," with a capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into 499 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 22nd day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

27–2

Capital Machinists and Founders, Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of Chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretaay of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of December, 1916, incorporating Michael Joseph Skelly, manufacturers' agent, Walter Lorne Goode, auto salesman, Ephraim Percy McGill, James Allen and Wallace Leslie Palmer, gentlemen, John Henry Weber, commercial traveller, and William Harry Palmer, hardware salesman, all of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on the business and trades of machinists, engineers, brass and iron founders, bridge builders, metal workers, boiler makers, tool makers, plumbers, steam-fitters, electricians, tinsmiths, blacksmiths, pattern makers, enemelers, mettallurgists and wood workers, and the business of the construction of buildings and structures, built in whole or in part of iron and steel ;

(*b*) To manufacture, construct, buy, sell, and deal in all goods, wares, and merchandise, in which tin, steel, copper, brass, bronze, nickle, aluminum, galvanized iron, sheet iron and sheet metal of all kinds, and any other metal or combinations of metal or other materials may be used ;

(*c*) To manufacture and deal in all kinds of weapon and munitions of war and any part and parts of any such weapon or munition ;

(*d*) To repair and alter steam, electric and gasoline engines, automobiles, motor trucks and all other kinds of vehicles and all machines operated by any kind of power, or by hand, and to repair and alter any of the said goods, wares and merchandise, and to acquire, operate and manage garages ;

(*e*) To purchase, sell and deal in all kinds of materials which may be required in any of the works and articles aforesaid ;

(*f*) To acquire in any manner, and take over and operate the work, property, franchises, rights and assets of any person, firm, corporation, or company, carrying on business similar in detail or part to the objects of this compamy, and to enter into all arrangements for such purposes ;

(*g*) To purchase and sell lands and buildings necessary or useful to the company in carrying out any of their powers and to enter into leases either as lessors or lessees of any lands or buildings or other physical property and generally to sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property, rights and products of the company ;

(*h*) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part or share thereof for such consideration and upon such terms as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company or firm or corporation having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company ;

(*i*) To carry on any business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the company to be capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with this undertaking, or calculated directly or indirectly to advance the value or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to do all such other acts and carry on all such other business, works, and undertakings as are incidental or conclusive to the attainment of any or all of the above objects ;

(*j*) To issue and distribute any of the property of the company in specie among its shareholders ;

(*k*) To issue, make, draw, accept, endorse, pay or otherwise deal in bills, notes, cheques and negotiable securities of every kind and nature ;

(*l*) To do all or any of the above acts and things as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others ;

(*m*) To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominian of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Capital Machinists and Founders, Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 28th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

27–2

Graham Bros., Limited.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 26th day of December, 1916, incorporating William Graham and John Graham, merchants; Thomas Lennox Graham, clerk; Frances Theresa Martin Graham and Grace Graham, married women, all of the City of Ottawa, sn the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz :—

(*a*) To carry on in all branches the business of wholesale and retail seedsmen, importers, merchants and dealers in trees, shrubs, plants, bulbs, grains and seeds of all kinds, farm and garden tools, implements and machines, stock and poultry foods and preparations, fertilizers and farm, garden, poultry and other supplies generally.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Graham Bros., Limited," with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into 500 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 28th day of December, 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

27–2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 119 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 57.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

(389) Bay of Fundy—Grand Manan—East of Whitehead island—Uncharted rock.

The Commanding Officer of the C. G. S. "Curlew" reports the existence of an uncharted rock east of Whitehead island.

Position.—The rock, which is locally known as Halibut rock, lies $\frac{7}{8}$ mile 135° 30′ (S. 25° E. mag.) from Gull cove lighthouse.

Lat. N. 44° 37′ 16″, Long. W. 66° 41′ 8″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the rock :

Black rock	0°
South tangent of southeast end of Whitehead island	110° 30′
Southeastern head of Gull cove	99 40

Depth.—7 feet.

Description.—The rock is about 200 feet in diameter. The depth outside the rock is 9 fathoms and the depth inside the rock is 5 fathoms.

N. to M. No. 119 (389) 23-11-16.

Variation in 1916 : 19° 30′ W.
Authority : Dept. of the Naval Service.
Admiralty charts : Nos. 2539 and 352.
Publication : Nova Scotia and Bay of Fundy Pilot, 1911, page 277.
Departmental File : No. 31589.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(390) South coast—Off entrance to Lockeport harbour—Gull rock—Change in characteristic of light.

Former notice.—No. 92 (257) of 1912.

Position.—On Gull rock.

Lat. N. 43° 39′ 12″, Long. W. 65° 5′ 50″

New characteristic of light.—Occulting white light with the following characteristic : Visible 17 seconds ; eclipsed 5 seconds ; visible 3 seconds ; eclipsed 5 seconds.

N. to M. No. 119 (390) 23-11-16.

Authority : Report from N. S. Agent of Dept. of Marine.
Admiralty charts : Nos. 340, 730, 1651 and 2670.
Publication : Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 198.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916 : No. 260.
Departmental File : No. 20260A.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(391) South coast—Mary-Joseph harbour—Uncharted shoal east of Round island.

Position.—$1\frac{1}{2}$ cables 96° 30′ (S. 60° E. mag.) from the northeast point of Round island.

Lat. N. 45° 57′ 19″, Long. W. 62° 5′ 16″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :

South tangent of Epe point	0°
North tangent of Round island	28° 20′
Northwest tangent of Turner point	106 5
Southwest tangent of Hawbolt island	87 25
East tangent of north Goose island	13 50

Depth.—9 feet.

Description.—Mud covered with long eel grass, depth of 9 feet 10 yards across, area under 3 fathoms 50 yards across.

N. to M. No. 119 (391) 23-11-16.

Variation in 1916 : 23° 30′ W.
Authority : Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia."
Admiralty charts : Nos. 2769, 2396 and 729.
Publication : Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 85.
Departmental File : No 31589.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(392) South coast—East of Liscomb island—Uncharted shoal.

Position.—0·22 mile 44° (N. 67° 30′ E. mag.) from Crook point.

Lat. N. 44° 59′ 28″, Long. W. 61° 55′ 26″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal :

East tangent of Crook point	0°
Northeast tangent of Liscomb island	68°
Redman head lighthouse	26° 15′
Wedge island lighthouse	105° 25′

Depth.—6 feet.
Description.—Large stones over flat point of rock, only one stone with 6 feet water over it, area under 3 fathoms 10 yards across.

N. to M. No. 119 (392) 23-11-16.

Variation in 1916: 23° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia."
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2769, 2519 and 729.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 80.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(393) South coast—Southeast of Liscomb island—Uncharted shoal.

Position.—1·19 miles 136° (S. 20° 30′ E. mag.) from Crook point.
Lat. N. 44° 58′ 28″, Long. W. 61° 54′ 29″

The following sextant angles fix the position of the shoal:

South tangent of Barren island	0°
South tangent of land 1½ miles west of Liscomb point	26° 10′
South tangent of Liscomb island	16 25
East tangent of Crook point	27 30
Wedge island lighthouse	79 15

Depth.—36 feet.
Description.—Large stones over flat rock, area under 7 fathoms yards across.
The shoal breaks in heavy sea.

N. to M. No. 119 (393) 23-11-16

Variation in 1916: 23° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Capt. F. Anderson, Officer in charge of Hydrographic Survey steamer "Acadia.'
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2769, 2519 and 729.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 80.
Departmental File: No. 31589.

QUEBEC.

(394) River St. Lawrence–Cape Salmon lightstation–Intended change in character of fog alarm.

Position.—At cape Salmon lightstation.
Lat. N. 47° 46′ 9″, Long. W. 69° 54′ 20″

Date of alteration.—On or about 15th December, 1916, without further notice.
Alteration.—The steam fog horn will be replaced by a diaphone, operated with air, compressed by an oil engine. The diaphone will give three blasts of 2½ seconds, with intervals of 5 seconds between them, every minute, thus:

Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent interval
2½ secs.	5 secs.	2½ secs.	5 secs.	2½ secs.	42½ secs.

N. to M. No. 119 (3-4) 23-11-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. J. A. Smith District Engineer, Quebec.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 313, 314 and 2516.'
Canadian Naval chart: No. 201.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot below Quebec, 1914, page 80.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1153.
Departmental File: No. 21153F.

QUEBEC.

(395) River St. Lawrence—Ship channel between Quebec and Montreal—Cap Madeleine village—Back range light increased in height.

Back range light increased in height.—Cap Madeleine village back range light has been increased in height 12 feet. The fixed white light is now shown from a reflector lantern hoisted on a pole erected on the lantern gallery of the lighthouse. The elevation of the light is now 97 feet above high water mark.

N. to M. No. 119 (395 23-11-16.

Authority Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Montreal.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2781 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 11 and 23
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 52.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1315.
Departmental File: No. 21315R.

ATLANTIC OCEAN—CARIBBEAN SEA.

(396) Jamaica—Kingston—Closing of port at night.

From 28th November, 1916, the port of Kingston will be closed to all shipping from sunset to sunrise, until further notice. All lights will be extinguished.

N. to M. No. 119 (396) 23-11-16.

Authority: Department of the Naval Service.
Departmental File: No. 19407.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 23rd November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 120 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 58.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degree from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degre in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tide

NOVA SCOTIA.

(397) South coast—Halifax harbour—George island—Lighthouse destroyed by fire—Temporary light.

Position.—On west side of George island.
Lat. N. 44° 38′ 25″, Long. W. 63° 33′ 46″.

Lighthouse destroyed by fire.—George island lighthouse was burnt down on 21st November, 1916.

Temporary light.—A temporary occulting red light, visible 6 seconds and eclipsed 3 seconds alternately, is shown at the light-station.

N. to M. No. 120 (397) 27-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Halifax.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 311, 2320, 2410, 729, 1651, 2666 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 126.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 335.
Departmental File: No. 20335 R.

QUEBEC.

(398) River St. Lawrence—Platon range lights discontinued.

Range lights discontinued.—The maintenance of the Platon fixed white range lights, on the south side of the river St. Lawrence, will be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

Position of front light.—Lat. N. 46° 39′ 12″, Long. W. 71° 52′ 57″.

N. to M. No. 120 (398) 27-11-16.

Authority: Approved recommendation of Lighthouse Board.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2778 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 16 and 24.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot, above Quebec, 1912, page 37.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: Nos. 1266 and 1267.
Departmental File: No. 21266K.

QUEBEC.

(399) River St. Lawrence—L'Ilet Richelieu—Light discontinued.

Position of lighthouse.—On southwest part of L'Ilet Richelieu.
Lat. N. 46° 38′ 25″, Long. W. 71° 54′ 36″.

Light discontinued.—The maintenance of L'Ilet Richelieu fixed white light will be discontinued after the close of navigation in 1916.

N. to M. No. 120 (399) 27-11-16.

Authority: Approved recommendation of Lighthouse Board.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2779 and 2830a.
Canadian Naval Charts: Nos. 2779 and 2830a.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 38.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 1268.
Departmental File: No. 21268A.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 27th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 26-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 123 of 1916.

(Pacific No. 26.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(402) Fitzhugh sound—Kuakume island—Day beacon erected.

Position.—On west point of Kuakume island.
Lat. N. 51° 41′ 24″, Long. W. 127° 54′ 0″

Description.—Pyramidal wooden slatwork beacon, surmounted by a wooden slatwork ball.

Colour.—White.

Elevation.—Top of beacon is 50 feet above high water mark.

N. to M. No. 123 (402) 30-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Admiralty chart: No. 1923 B.
Publication: British Columbia Pilot, Vol. 2, 1913, page 26.
Departmental File: No. 37761.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(403) Kootenay lake, west arm—Procter light—Red sector removed.

Former notice.—No. 67 (189) of 1910.
Red sector removed.—The red sector has been removed from the Procter light, entrance to west arm of Kootenay lake, and the light now shows white over the west arm of Kootenay lake.

N. to M. No. 123 (403) 30-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2251.
Departmental Files: Nos. 14221 and 22251.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(404) Kootenay lake, west arm—Thirteen-mile point beacon light removed to Twelve-mile.

(1) *Former notices.*—No. 135 (438) of 1913, and No. 68 (225) of 1916.
Light discontinued.—The maintenance of the fixed red beacon light on the south side of the channel at Thirteen-mile point has been discontinued.
Day mark.—The beacon will still be maintained as a day mark.
(2) *Position of new light.*—On the shore of Crescent bay, opposite Yuills shoal.
Character.—Fixed red light.
Elevation.—10 feet above high water mark.
Structure.—Pole, with a slatwork daymark, and a cross arm carrying the lantern.
Remarks.—This light will be known as Twelve-mile beacon light.

N. to M. No. 123 (404) 30-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 2251·2.
Departmental File: No. 14221.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(405) Kootenay lake, West arm—Change in character of buoys—Buoy discontinued.

The following platform buoys in the West arm of Kootenay lake have been replaced by wooden spar buoys, painted white:—

Number in List of Buoys.	NAME OF BUOY.
858	Balfour.
862	Sunshine bay shoal.
866	Long beach spit.
870	Yuills shoal, upper end.
872	Yuills shoal, lower end.
878	Six-mile point.
884	Roberts shoal.

Sawmill middle ground platform buoy (No. 860 in the List of Buoys) has been withdrawn.

N. to M. No. 123 (405) 30-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Victoria.
List of Buoys and Beacons in British Columbia, 1916: Pages 76 and 77.
Departmental File: No. 14221.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 30th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 121 of 1916.

(Inland No. 38.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water, and all depths are at mean low water.

ONTARIO.

(400) Rainy lake—Buoys established.

Wooden spar buoys have been established in Rainy lake as follows:—

(1) Channel leading to Bears Pass.

A black buoy in rapids, Pithers point, about 150 yards west of the C. N. R. lift bridge.
A red buoy in rapids, Pithers point, about 150 yards west of the C. N. R. lift bridge.
A red buoy off point east of Pithers point; about $\frac{1}{4}$ mile northeast of the C. N. R. lift bridge.
A red buoy about $\frac{3}{4}$ mile east of Pithers point, marking a sand bar.
A black buoy south of Indian Reserve B18.
A black buoy off small island one mile east of second C. N. R. lift bridge.
A red buoy $\frac{1}{2}$ mile south of Lockhart mill.
A red buoy north of Keating island.
A red buoy north of Pine island.
A black buoy at Rocky inlet.
A red buoy $\frac{1}{2}$ mile south of Rocky inlet.
A red and black horizontally striped buoy at west end of Silver Island narrows.
A black buoy at east end of Silver island narrows, north of Sand Point island.

(2) Channel leading to North West Bay.

A black buoy east of Squall point.
A black buoy $\frac{3}{4}$ mile south of Shoe bay.
A black buoy at Grassy Narrows bay.
A red buoy north of Crow island.
A black buoy southeast of Alfred point.
A black buoy east of Alfred point.
A black buoy at Hanging Stone narrows.
A red buoy at Hanging Stone narrows.
A black buoy one mile east of Brown inlet.
A red buoy southeast of Timber Berth 28.

(3) Channel leading to Devils Cascade.

A black buoy east of Wood Chuck island.
A black buoy southeast of Marsh island.
A red buoy east of Crest island.
A black buoy east of Timber Berth G. 24.
A red buoy in Cascade channel.
A black buoy in Cascade channel.

N. to M. No. 121 (400) 28-11-16.

Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Kenora.
Departmental File: No 11981.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 28th November, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage.

27-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 124 of 1916.

(*Atlantic No. 60.*)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees from 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

(406) North coast—Cascumpeque bay—Mill river—Stakes placed.

Stakes have been placed in Mill river from its mouth to the bridge across the river at Pitt island, as follows :—

(1) A stake at the entrance to Mill river ; 0·48 mile 210° (S. 53° 30′ W. mag.) from the southeast point of Fox island.

(2) A stake off Fox point, Fox island ; 0·33 mile 246° (S. 89° 30′ W. mag.) from the southeast point of Fox island.

(3) A stake off Jacks cape ; ½ mile 246° (S. 89° 30′ W. mag.) from the southeast point of Fox island.

(4) A stake 0·41 mile 73° (S. 83° 30′ E. mag.) from the southwest point of Fox island (Ashley point).

(5) A stake 0·35 mile 85° (S. 71° 30′ E. mag.) from the southwest point of Fox island.

(6) A stake 0·10 mile 107° (S. 49° 30′ E. mag.) from the southwest point of Fox island.

(7) A stake 0·23 mile 180° (S. 23° 30′ W. mag.) from the southwest point of Fox island.

(8) A stake 0·13 mile 180° (S. 23° 30′ W. mag.) from the southwest point of Fox island.

(9) A stake 0·17 mile 252° (N. 84° 30′ W. mag.) from the southwest point of Fox island.

(10) A stake 0·31 mile 13° (N. 36° 30′ E. mag.) from Meggison point (the point on the south side of Mill river 0·2 mile west of Fox island).

(11) A stake 0·26 mile 359° (N. 22° 30′ E. mag.) from Meggison point.

(12) A stake 0·19 mile 343° (N. 6° 30′ E. mag.) from Meggison point.

(13) A stake 0.23 mile 241° (S. 84° 30′ W. mag.) from Meggison point ; and 0·11 mile below the bridge at Wallace point, south side of Pitt island.

(14) A stake 0·2 mile 261° (N. 75° 30′ W. mag.) from Meggison point ; and 0·12 mile below the bridge at Wallace point, Pitt island.

N. to M. No. 124 (406) 4-12-16.

Variation in 1916 : 23° 30′ W.
Authority : Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Charlottetown.
Admiralty charts : Nos. 2027 and 2034.
Publication : St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. 2, 1916, page 189.
Departmental File : No. 19485.

QUEBEC.

(407) River St. Lawrence—Berthierville channel—Range day beacons erected.

The following day beacons have been established to mark portions of Berthierville channel from upper end of Ile du Milieu to Berthierville.

Each beacon consists of a white pole, with a white diamond-shaped daymark with a black diamond centre attached. The front range beacons are 10 feet high and the back range beacons are 20 feet high.

(*1*) *Position of front beacon.*—On west side of Ile aux Foins, ⅓ mile from its upper end ; and 4500 feet 189° (S. 24° 30′ W. mag.) from Ile du Milieu front range light.

Lat. N. 46° 2′ 20″, Long. W. 73° 10′ 34″

(*2*) *Position of back beacon.*—525 feet 167° 50′ (S. 3° 20′ W. mag.) from front beacon.

(*3*) *Position of front beacon.*—At a point on the west side of Ile du Milieu 2900 feet 165° (S. 0° 30′ W. mag.) from the west spire of Berthierville church.

Lat. N. 46° 4′ 29″, Long. W. 73° 10′ 30″

(*4*) *Position of back beacon.*—400 feet 18° (N. 33° 30′ E. mag.) from the front beacon.

(5) *Position of front beacon.*—At a point on the west side of Ile du Milieu about $\frac{5}{6}$ mile from its upper end; and 3260 feet 345° (N. 0° 30′ E. mag.) from Ile du Milieu back range light.
Lat. N. 46° 3′ 37″, Long. W. 73° 10′ 45″

(6) *Position of back beacon.*—400 feet 188° 30′ (S. 24° W. mag.) from the front beacon.

Sailing directions.—In approaching Berthierville, beacons Nos. 1 and 2 in one mark the middle of the deepest channel from Berthier float light, above ile du Milieu, for a distance of 1800 feet, where the channel widens, and the curve of the west shore is followed 150 feet distant till beacons Nos. 3 and 4 are brought in one $\frac{1}{4}$ mile above rivière la Chaloupe. They are kept on to one cable below the river whence the curve of the east shore is followed 150 feet distant till beacons Nos. 5 and 6 are brought on, 4 cables below rivière la Chaloupe. These are kept in one to the bend in front of the town, whence the west bank is closely followed. The bends are marked by spar buoys.

N. to M. No. 124 (407) 4-12-16.

Variation in 1916: 15° 30′ W.
Authority: Report from Agent of Dept. of Marine, Montreal.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 2784 and 2830b.
Canadian Naval charts: Nos. 7, 7A, 22 and 23.
Publication: St. Lawrence Pilot above Quebec, 1912, page 82.
Departmental File: No. 37945.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 4th December, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 27-2

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 125 of 1916.

(Atlantic No. 61.)

All bearings, unless otherwise noted, are true and are given from seaward in degrees rom 0° (North) to 360°, measured clockwise, followed by the magnetic bearing in degrees in brackets, miles are nautical miles, heights are above high water of ordinary spring tides, and all depths are at low water of ordinary spring tides.

NOVA SCOTIA.

(408) South coast—Salvages—Change in characteristic of fog alarm.

Former notice—No. 22 (68) of 1915.

Position.—On the Salvages rocks.
Lat. N. 43° 28′ 3″, Long. W. 65° 22′ 41″

Alteration.—The fog alarm will, without further notice, be changed so as to sound three blasts of 2 seconds, with intervals of 5 seconds between them, every minute, thus:

Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent	Blast	Silent interval
2 secs.	5 secs.	2 secs.	5 secs.	2 secs.	44 secs.

N. to M. No. 125 (408) 6-12-16.

Authority: Report from Mr. J. A. Leger, District Engineer, Halifax.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 340, 352, 730, 1651 and 2670.
Publication: Nova Scotia Pilot, 1911, page 208.
Canadian List of Lights and Fog Signals, 1916: No. 249.
Departmental File: No. 20249F.

MANITOBA.

(409) Hudson bay—Nelson river—Flamboro head—Temporary light.

Position.—On the summit of Flamboro head, Nelson river.
Lat. N. 56° 57′ 52″, Long. W. 92° 41′ 32″

Character.—Occulting white light, visible 0·5 second and eclipsed 3·75 seconds alternately.

Elevation.—Not given—probably about 130 feet.

Visibility.—16 miles from all points of approach by water.

Illuminant.—Acetylene, compressed in acetone.

Structure.—Skeleton framework about 30 feet high, square in plan, with sloping sides, surmounted by a lens lantern.

Remarks.—The light is unwatched.

Note.—This temporary light is maintained by the Department of Railways and Canals.

Authority: Departmental records.
Admiralty charts: Nos. 402, 403, 405 and 406.
Publication: Arctic Pilot, Vol. 3, 1915, page 257.
Departmental File: No. 35155.

N. to M. No. 125 (409) 6-12-16.

A. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Minister

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE,
OTTAWA, CANADA, 6th December, 1916.

Pilots, masters or others interested are earnestly requested to send information of dangers, changes in aids to navigation, notice of new shoals or channels, errors in publications, or any other facts affecting the navigation of Canadian waters to the Chief Engineer, Department of Marine, Ottawa, Canada. Such communications can be mailed free of Canadian postage. 27-2

NOTICE.

Government of Canada Publications.

THE following list of recent Government publications is inserted in the *Canada Gazette* in conformity with Order in Council (P.C. 1522) of 28th October, 1915, which calls for the publication of such lists from week to week.

Where a publication is marked with an asterisk (*) requests for the volume or report in question should be made to the department affected. In all other cases, applications should be addressed to the Chief of Distribution, Department of Public Printing and Stationery, Ottawa. When the title appears in English it will be understood that the volume is printed in English ; when the title is in French, it means that the report is printed in the French language. The price quoted for publications should in every case accompany the application.

AVIS.

Publications du Gouvernement du Canada.

LA liste suivante des récentes publications du gouvernement est insérée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, en conformité de l'arrêté en conseil (C.P. 1522) du 28 octobre 1915, qui exige que ces listes soient publiées d'une semaine à l'autre.

Lorsqu'une publication est marquée d'un astérisque (*) les demandes au sujet du volume ou du rapport en question devront être adressées au Ministère qui la publie. Dans tous les autres cas, il faudra s'adresser au Chef de la Distribution, département des Impressions et de la Papeterie publiques, Ottawa. Lorsque le titre est publié en anglais, il est entendu que c'est la version anglaise du volume qui est imprimée ; lorsque le titre est en français, cela signifie que c'est la version française qui est imprimée. Le prix indiqué pour les publications devra dans chaque cas accompagner la demande.

AGRICULTURE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 118 pp 0.10
Loi de l'Instruction Agricole, Rapport sur la, 226 pp 0.15
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de la Chimie, de la Culture du Sol, et de l'Elevage, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 596 pp 0.45
Fermes Expérimentales : Rapports du Directeur des Services de l'Horticulture, des Céréales, de la Botanique, de l'Entomologie, des Plantes Fourragères, de l'Aviculture, et des Tabacs, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 674 pp 0.45
* Agricultural Gazette of Canada for December, 1916, 88 pp. 8vo. illus 0.10
Annual subscription 1.00
* La Gazette Agricole du Canada, novembre 1916, 108 pp. illus 0.10
* Patent Office Record and Register of Copyrights and Trade Marks, September, 1916 ..... 0.20
* * * Annual subscription 2.00
* Foreign Agricultural Intelligence, bulletin of, October, 1916, Vol. VI, No. 7, 94 pp. Free.
* Fruit Crop Report No. 5 (Oct. 1916) (Fruit Commissioner's Branch), 8 pp. Free.
* Seasonable Hints (November, 1916) No. 6, 16 pp. Free.
* Winter Egg Production (Poultry Division). Circular No. 1, 4 pp. Free.
* Incubation Artificielle (Fermes Expérimentales du Dominion). Circulaire No. 2, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Pure Bred Male Animals, distribution of by Live Stock Branch, Booklet No. 3, 22 pp. Free.
* Apple in Canada—its cultivation and improvement (Dominion Experimental Farms). Bulletin No. 86, 136 pp. Free.
* Elevez des moutons (Division de l'Industrie Animale). Circulaire No. 10. Gratuit.
* Pure Bred Male Animals, distribution of, by Live Stock Branch, Booklet No. 3, 22 pp. Free.
* Bacon Hog and the British Market (Live Stock Branch). Circular No. 21, 16 pp. Free.
* Plan d'un poullailler de ponte permanent (Division de l'Industrie Animale). Circulaire No. 5, 4 pp. Gratuit.
* Fièvre charbonneuse et le charbon symptomatique. Bulletin No. 13, 8 pp. Gratuit.
* Seed Grain (Branch of the Seed Commissioner), 4 pp. Free.

ARCHIVES.

Report on work of the Department for years 1914 and 1915. 780 pp 0.60

BOARD OF RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS FOR CANADA.

Judgments, Orders, Regulations, and Rulings (fortnightly edition). Vol. VI, No. 18. (Dec. 15th.)
Annual subscription 3.00
Single numbers 0.20

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

* Miscellaneous Information (Third Edition) 8 pp. Free.

COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION.

* Annual report, for year ending March 31, 1916, 284 pp. Free.
* Rapport Annuel pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916, 310 pp. Gratuit.
* "Conservation", monthly bulletin, December, 1916, vol. v. No. 9. Free.
* "Conservation of Life." Quarterly bulletin, July-September, 1916, vol. II, No. 4. Free.

CUSTOMS.

Imports, Exports and Navigation of Canada, tables of, for year ending March 31, 1916. 772 pp 0.50
Trade and Navigation returns for September, 1916, 532 pp. 8vo 0.10

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Annual Report of the Secretary of State for External Affairs, for the year ending March 31, 1916, 40 pp 0.05

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 500 pp 0.35
Rapport annuel du département pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916, 500 pp 0.35

INLAND REVENUE.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part I. Excise, 236 pp 0.15
Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part II. Weights and Measures, Gas and Electricity, 76 pp 0.05
Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916. Part III. Adulteration of Food, 604 pp 0.25
Rapport Annuel du département pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916. Partie III. Falsification des substances alimentaires, 604 pp 0.30
* Official list of Bulletins issued to September 1916 16 pp. Free.
* Maple Syrup : Bulletin No. 348, 28 pp. Free.
* Fertilizers for 1916 : Bulletin No. 347, 48 pp. Free.
* Bay Rum, Florida Water, etc.: Bulletin No. 351, 16 pp. Free.
* Feed Flour : Bulletin No. 350, 20 pp. Free.
* Gluten Flour, etc.: Bulletin No. 354, 12 pp. Free.

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA PUBLICATIONS—*Continued.*

INSURANCE.

Superintendent of Insurance, Report of the, Vol. II, Life Insurance Companies, year ending December 31, 1915.. 0.50
Surintendant des assurances, rapport du, Vol. I. Compagnies d'assurance autres que les compagnies d'assurance sur la vie, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 décembre 1915, 810 pp..... 0.50

INTERIOR.

Annual Report of the Department for the year ending March 31, 1916. 582 pp..... 0.45
Rapport annuel de la Division des Levés Topographiques, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 228 pp..... 0.20
Levés hydrographiques du Manitoba, rapport des, pour les années civiles 1912-13-14, 310 pp..... 0.25
* Forest Products of Canada 1915 (Lumber, Lath and Shingles), 30 pp. Free.
* Irrigation Surveys and Inspections 1915-16, report on, 88 pp. Free.
* Dominion Water Power Branch, annual report of, for year ending March 31, 1915, 228 pp. Free.
* Dominion Lands Acts with amendments, 60 pp. Free.
* Canadian Hydraulic Power Development and Electric Power in Canadian Industry; Water Resources Paper No. 17, 56 pp. Free.
* Decisions of Geographic Board of Canada for October-November, 1916, 4 pp. Free.
* Seed Grain, Fodder and other relief, list of advances of, to settlers in Battleford, Dauphin, Humboldt, Prince Albert, Regina, Weyburn and Estevan, Yorkton and Red Deer, Edmonton, Grouard, Grande Prairie and Peace River, and Kamloops, B.C. Land Districts, 10 separate parts. Free.

JUSTICE.

Inspecteurs des Pénitenciers, rapport des, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 232 pp. 0.20

LABOUR.

Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 122 pp..... 0.10
Rapport des Conseils de Conciliation et d'Enquête pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916 222 pp 0.15
* Labour Gazette, December, 1916, 97 pp. 8vo..... 0.03
* La Gazette du Travail, novembre 1916, 104 pp. 8vo..... 0.03
* Labour Organization in Canada, fifth annual report on, (For the Calendar Year 1915), 232 pp. Free.

MARINE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 288 pp..... 0.20
Rapport annuel du Département, pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915, 386 pp..... 0.25
Inspection des bateaux à vapeur, rapport sur, 168 pp..... 0.05
List of Vessels on the Registry books of the Dominion of Canada on December 31, 1915, 230 pp..... 0.20
* List of Vessels 1915, supplement to, 12 pp. Free.
* " " 8 pp. Free.

MILITIA.

* Militia Orders, weekly (English or French), per annum..... 1.00
* General Orders, (English or French), per annum..... 0.50
* General Orders, printed on one side only (English), per annum..... 0.50
* Militia List (quarterly issue), per annum..... 1.00
" single copies..... 0.30
* Appointments, Promotions and Retirements, Canadian Militia, 19th and 26th October.
* Nominations, Promotions et Retraites, Milice Canadienne, 26 octobre.
* Militia Orders, weekly parts, 16th October.
* Ordres de Milice, édition hebdomadaire du 16 octobre.
* 37th Battalion, also 1st and 2nd Reinforcing Draft, nominal roll of officers and men, issued with Militia Orders.
* 65th " and " " " "
* 54th " also 1st and 2nd " " " "
* 91st " " " "

MINES.

* Iron and Steel, production of in Canada during 1915, 56 pp. Free.
* Feldspar in Canada, 160 pp. Free.

NAVAL SERVICE.

Fisheries Branch, annual Report of, 1915-16, 500 pp..... 0.30
Annual Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 104 pp..... 0.10
Rapport annuel du Département pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1916, 108 pp. 8vo..... 0.15
Biologie du Canada, contributions à la, 1914-15, 192 pp..... 0.15
* Scotch Herring Curing, special instruction in, 8 pp. Free.
* Some Hints on Oyster Culture, by Ernest Kemp, 40 pp. Free,
* Sea Fishery Statistics, Monthly Bulletin, Vol. VI, No. 7, October, 1916. Free.
* Physical and Medical Examination for Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve, 16 pp. Free.

POST OFFICE.

Report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1916, 543 pp..... 0.35
Postal Guide, 1916; Canada Official. *Paper cover*..... 0.20
" " yearly subscription including supplements..... 0.50
" " cloth cover..... 0.45
" " " including supplements.....

PRIVY COUNCIL.

Appeal of Sir Robert Borden for National Service, 4 pp. Free.
Appel de Sir Robert Borden en faveur du service national. 4 pp. Gratuit.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Réservoirs de la Rivière Ottawa, 1915, rapport du ministre sur les, 612 pp..... 0.35

SECRETARY OF STATE.

* Dominion Companies Act, regulations respecting applications under, 24 pp. Free.
* Judicial Committee of the Privy Council: judgments of, in the Company Cases, 30 pp. Free.
* Alleged German Outrages, report of Committee on, 62 pp. Free.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Annual report of the Department for year ending March 31, 1915, Part VII—Trade of British and Foreign Countries, 560 pp..... 0.35
Rapport annuel du département pour l'exercice terminé le 31 mars 1915. Partie VI—Services de Paquebots Subventionnés, 132 pp. Free.
Monthly report, August, 1915, 375 pp. 8vo..... 0.20
* Census and Statistics Monthly, November, 1916. Free.

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA PUBLICATIONS—*Continued.*

TRADE AND COMMERCE—*Concluded.*

* Trade Bulletin, No. 674, 8vo. October 9. Free.
* Statistique Mensuelle, octobre 1916, vol. 9, No. 97. Gratuit.
* "Grain Inspection in Canada," by R. Magill, 64 pp. illus. Free.
* Sale of Food and other commodities—Synopsis of the laws of the Dominion of Canada 16 p. Free.

SPECIAL PUBLICATIONS.

* **Atlas of Canada.** 124 pp. 17 x 12, 80 maps, 64 diagrams. 12 pp. statistics, cloth and leather binding..... 3.00

"Canada at War": Speech delivered by Rt. Hon. Sir Robert L. Borden in New York City. Nov. 18, 1916. Free.

Cost of Living, report of Board of Inquiry into, vols. I and II, 2,064 pp. 8vo. diagrams..... 1.25

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Paper cover..... 2.00
Separate sheets..... 0.05
Sheets per dozen..... 0.50

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European War, copies of Proclamations, Orders in Council and Documents relating to the (First Supplement.) 528 pp. 8vo..... 0.50

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Index des Lois Privées du Canada, 1867–1916, 100 pp. Broché..... 0.25

Mauvaises Herbes du Canada. 2ième édition, 196 pp. 10 x 17, 76 planches en couleurs : toile..... 1.00

Statutes of Canada, 1916..... 2.50

Statuts du Canada, 1916..... 2.50

The Canada Year Book, 1915, plates and maps, 707 pp. cloth..... 1.00

1916-17 1916-17

STATEMENT

OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th November, 1915 and 1916.

PUBLIC DEBT.			1915.	1916.
	LIABILITIES.		$ c.	$ c.
FUNDED DEBT—				
Payable in New York				75,357,000 00
do in Canada			8,725,450 94	303,362,481 57
do in London			362,703,312 40	362,703,312 40
Temporary Loans			165,007,017 53	119,067,808 02
Bank Circulation Redemption Fund			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Dominion Notes			169,230,286 16	176,452,958 28
SAVINGS BANKS—	1915.	1916.		
Post Office Savings Banks	$38,718,049 47	$41,184,910 66		
Dominion Government Savings Banks	13,801,694 83	13,299,514 40		
			52,519,744 30	54,484,425 06
Trust Funds			10,153,320 88	10,221,437 32
Province Accounts			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts			43,448,420 09	36,031,431 34
Total Gross Debt			829,377,292 82	1,155,358,251 88
	ASSETS.			
INVESTMENTS—				
Sinking Funds			11,649,355 45	12,728,490 72
Other Investments			108,327,819 43	133,663,695 16
PROVINCE ACCOUNTS			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
MISCELLANEOUS AND BANKING ACCOUNTS			205,435,622 33	300,541,655 96
Total Assets			327,709,125 11	449,230,169 74
Total Net Debt 30th November			501,668,167 71	706,128,082 14
do do to 31st October			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
Increase of Debt			9,139,675 62	10,349,565 59

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND.	Month of November, 1915.	Total to 30th November, 1915.	Month of November, 1916.	Total to 30th November, 1916.
REVENUE :	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Customs	9,101,595 41	60,155,959 28	11,208,109 52	86,399,359 81
Excise	2,127,125 10	14,161,880 25	2,145,573 91	16,130,867 65
Post Office	1,550,000 00	10,949,779 65	1,600,000 00	11,950,000 00
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	2,880,409 30	13,104,300 51	2,560,881 34	17,661,569 48
Miscellaneous	1,413,326 95	6,384,385 56	5,650,200 93	12,770,776 91
Total	17,072,456 76	104,756,305 25	23,164,765 70	144,912,573 85
EXPENDITURE	8,997,899 07	65,345,503 03	12,006,457 05	69,567,573 94
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.				
War	13,155,797 08	66,514,955 38	19,040,383 92	146,527,530 98
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	4,306,180 15	23,993,023 27	2,457,552 80	15,997,789 27
Railway Subsidies		967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	17,461,977 23	91,475,889 36	21,497,936 72	162,888,798 86

The above statement represents only the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance

Certified correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, Chief Accountant and Dominion Bookkeeper.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 5th December, 1916.

24-tf

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

Provincial	$	27,772 25	Gold held November 30, 1916, by the Minister of Finance	$ 119,621,028 51
Fractional		1,033,741 04		
$1		14,236,758 00		
$2		10,519,185 50		
$4		45,235 00		
$5		4,454,072 50	Gold reserve to be held on Savings Banks Deposits—	
$50		10,200 00		
$100		1,600 00		
$500		2,009,000 00		
$1,000		4,382,000 00	10 p.c. on $54,484,425.06 under The Savings Banks Act	5,448,442 51
$500 Legal Tender Notes for Banks		196,500 00		
$1,000 " " "		1,674,000 00	Gold held for redemption of Dominion Notes	$114,172,586 00
$5,000 " " "		140,250,000 00		
	$	178,840,064 29		

PROVINCIAL NOTES.

$1	$	11,300 50
$2		6,062 00
$5		4,219 75
$10		2,180 00
$20		860 00
$50		650 00
$500		2,500 00
	$	27,772 25

T. LAWSON,
Acting Comptroller of Dominion Currency.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th December, 1916.

25-tf

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued during the month of November, 1916.

Source of Revenue.	Amounts.	Total.
Excise.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Spirits	920,603 93	
Malt Liquor	7,426 05	
Malt	152,112 21	
Tobacco	1,026.293 46	
Cigars	71,332 35	
Manufactures in Bond	7,418 86	
Acetic Acid	1,127 85	
Seizures	630 80	
Other Receipts	7,402 92	
Total Excise Revenue		2,194,078 43
Methylated Spirits		15,957 09
Ferry		
Inspection of Weights and Measures		11,640 53
Gas Inspection		4,208 00
Electric Light Inspection		5,829 10
Law Stamps		956 50
Other Revenues		985 35
War Tax		418,099 01
Grand Total Revenue		2,651,754 01

J. U. VINCENT,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 22nd December, 1916.

27-tf

POST OFFICE Savings Bank Account for the month of September, 1916

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Savings Bank Act, Chap. 30, Rev. Stat. Can., 1906.)

DR.	$ cts.		$ cts.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 31st August, 1916.	41,086,063 43	WITHDRAWALS during the month	1,000,245 01
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	1,061,939 17		
TRANSFERS from Dominion Government Savings Bank during month :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer			
DEPOSITS transferred from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	6,108 51		
INTEREST allowed to depositors on accounts during month	7,040 58	BALANCE at the credit of Depositor's accounts on 30th September, 1916.	41,160,906 68
	42,161,151 69		42,161,151 69

R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Certified,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Actg. Superintendent, Savings Bank Branch.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th November, 1916.

26–tf

STATEMENT of the Balance at Credit of Depositors in the Dominion Government Savings Banks on thirtieth November, 1916. Published in accordance with Revised Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 39.

BANKS.	Balance on October 31st, 1916	Deposits November, 1916.	Total.	Withdrawals for November, 1916.	Balance on 30th November, 1916.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Manitoba :—					
Winnipeg	574,873 64	5,582 00	580,455 64	11,235 15	569,220 49
British Columbia :—					
Victoria	1,160,592 64	24,558 48	1,185,151 12	26,346 42	1,158,804 70
Prince Edward Island :—					
Charlottetown	1,920,174 62	23,952 00	1,944,126 62	31,730 63	1,912,395 99
New Brunswick :—					
Newcastle	268,504 38	3,633 00	272,137 38	2,164 06	269,973 32
St. John	5,329,546 55	77,281 96	5,406,828 51	73,579 18	5,333,249 33
Nova Scotia :—					
Barrington	124,916 08		124,916 08	6,175 39	118,740 69
Guysboro'	116,801 87	1,044 00	117,845 87	392 34	117,453 53
Halifax	2,493,576 73	29,509 46	2,523,086 19	24,552 37	2,498,533 82
Kentville	239,222 97	2,746 00	241,968 97	5,209 14	236,759 83
Lunenburg	414,632 70	3,255 00	417,887 70	4,018 90	413,868 80
Port Hood	87,069 73	86 00	87,155 73	479 68	86,676 05
Shelburne	225,022 10	4,920 55	229,942 65	6,518 58	223,424 07
Sherbrooke	98,603 42	325 00	98,928 42	621 83	98,306 59
Wallace	136,237 76	451 00	136,688 76	2,056 52	134,632 24
Totals	13,189,775 19	177,344 45	13,367,119 64	195,080 19	13,172,039 45

T. C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th December, 1916.

25–tf

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUÉBEC, ON THE 30th DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1916.

—	CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand. 1	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand. 2	Other deposits payable on demand. 3	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 4	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 5	Other deposits payable after notice or on a fixed day. 6	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Trust. 7	Liabilities not included under the foregoing heads. 8	Total Liabilities.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	cts.
City and District Savings Bank	2,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	294,396 03					31,946,362 54	180,000 00	56,025 81	32,476,784 38
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec	1,000,000 00	250,000 00				140,000 00	11,200 00	10,343,599 74	83,000 00	582,130 66	11,159,930 40
Total	3,000,000 00	1,250,000 00	294,396 03			140,000 00	11,200 00	42,289,962 28	263,000 00	638,156 47	43,636,714 78

ASSETS.

—	Dominion, Provincial and other public securities. 1	Cash in hand and on deposit in chartered banks 2	Canadian municipal bonds or securities, schools bonds or debentures and securities approved by Treasury Board. 3	Other bonds, debentures and securities. 4	Loans to governments, municipal corporations, fabriques de paroisses, syndics pour l'erection d'eglises and corporations on resolutions of their boards of directors. 5	Loans for which bank stocks are held as collateral security. 6	Loans for which stocks, bonds, debentures or securities other than bank stocks are held as collateral security. 7	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund investments. 8	Investments in bank stock made previous to the incorporation of the bank. 9	Bank premises. 10	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads. 11	Total Assets
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank	4,351,615 37	5,402,310 99	14,589,428 81	1,329,784 03		1,130,800 99	7,185,712 51	180,000 00		475,000 00	249,801 43	34,894,454 04
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec	1,421,333 73	1,147,616 42	4,383,283 84	1,939,533 33		455,707 61	2,849,416 48	83,000 00	9,600 00	140,000 00	248,310 54	12,668,801 95
Total	5,772,949 10	6,549,927 41	18,972,712 65	3,269,317 36		1,586,508 51	10,026,128 99	263,000 00	9,600 00	615,000 00	498,111 97	47,563,255 99

T C. BOVILLE,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
26-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 18th December, 1916

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE*.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in the *Canada Gazette* will please observe the following rules:

1. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."

2. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3. The rates are as follows: Notices, first insertion, ten cents per agate line (fourteen to the inch); subsequent insertions, five cents per line. Translation of documents, forty cents per one hundred words.

A provisional remittance should accompany the copy; the amount of which should be calculated as follows:

First insertion:	
Flat charge for title and signature	$1 00
Add two cents per word actual count	.....
Translation, if any to be made, at 40 cents per 100 words	.....
Other insertions:	
Flat charge for title and signature	0 50
Add one cent per word actual count	.....
Multiply by number of such other insertions	.....
Total	.....

After the first insertion an invoice will be made showing the exact amount due, the amount received and any difference over or under in the remittance will be adjusted

NO ADVERTISEMENT IS INSERTED FOR A LESS CHARGE THAN ONE DOLLAR.

By settled or understood practice as prescribed by law, the rules of Parliament or decisions of the Department of Justice, notices receive the following insertions:—

Notices of applications for divorce—14 insertions.

Notices of the withdrawal of deposits of Insurance Companies—3 calendar months.

Notices of ordinary applications to Parliament—5 insertions.

Notices of applications for Letters Patent under Loan Companies Act (per O. in C. published in *Gazette* of 15th June, 1901)—2 insertions.

Notices of dividends and meetings of Banks and Insurance Companies—1 calendar month, or 5 insertions.

Interim Copyrights—1 insertion.

The Companies Act—Change of chief place of business, of by-laws, etc.—1 insertion.

Works in navigable waters, approval of plans, etc.—5 insertions.

Notices received up to 12 o'clock noon on Thurs days will be inserted in the following Saturday morning's *Gazette*.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, $4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cents each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

J. de LABROQUERIE TACHE,
King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.

Department of Public Printing and Stationery.
Ottawa, 24th December, 1914.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

RULES RELATIVE TO PETITIONS AND PRIVATE BILLS.

Petitions for Private Bills.

88. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the House if presented within the first six weeks of the session, and every Private Bill shall be presented to the House within two weeks after the petition therefor has been favourably reported upon by the Examiner or by the Committee on Standing Orders, and no motion for the suspension of this Rule shall be entertained unless a report has been first made by the Committee on Standing Orders recommending such suspension and giving their reasons therefor.

Instruction to Committees.

97. That it be an instruction to all Committees on Private Bills, in the event of promoters not being ready to proceed with their measures when the same have been twice called on two separate occasions for consideration by the Committee, that such measures shall be reported back to the House forthwith, together with a statement of the facts and with the recommendation that such Bills be withdrawn.

Deposit of Bills and Fees.

89. (1) Any person desiring to obtain any Private Bill, shall deposit with the Clerk of the House, at least eight days before the meeting of the House, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same; the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the Department of Public Printing, and if such Bill is not deposited by the time above specified the applicant shall, in addition to the charges for printing and translation pay the sum of five dollars for each and every day which intervenes between the said eighth day before the meeting of the House and the date of the filing of the Bill; but such additional charge shall not exceed in the aggregate in any one case the sum of two hundred dollars.

2. After the second reading of a Bill and before its consideration by the Committee to which it is referred, the applicant shall in every case pay the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and a fee of two hundred dollars.

Additional charges.

3. The following charges shall also be levied and paid in addition to the foregoing, viz.:—

(*a.*) When any Rule of the House is suspended in reference to a Bill or the Petition therefor, for each such suspension	$100 00
(*b.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the eighth week of the session and before the end of the twelfth week	100 00
(*c.*) When a Bill is presented in the House after the twelfth week of the session	200 00
(*d.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $250,000 and does not exceed $500,000	100 00
(*e.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $500,000 and does not exceed $750,000	150 00
(*f.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $750,000 and does not exceed $1,000,000	200 00
(*g.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,000,000 and does not exceed $1,500,000	300 00
(*h.*) When the proposed capital stock of a company is over $1,500,000 and does not exceed $2,000,000	400 00
(*i.*) For every additional million dollars or fractional part thereof	100 00

4. When a Bill increases the capital stock of an existing company, the additional charge shall be according to the foregoing tariff upon the amount of the increase only.

5. When a Bill increases or involves an increase in the borrowing powers of a company without any increase in the capital stock the additional charge shall be $300.00.

6. If any increase in the amount of the proposed capital stock or borrowing powers of a company be made at any stage of a Bill, such Bill shall not be advanced to the next stage until the charges consequent upon such change have been paid.

7. In this Rule the term "proposed capital stock" includes any increase thereto provided for in the Bill; and where power is taken in a Bill to increase at any time the amount of the proposed capital stock, the additional charge shall be levied on the maximum amount of such proposed increase which shall be stated in the Bill.

8. The additional charges provided for in this Rule shall also apply to Private Bills originating

in the Senate; provided, however, that if a petition for any such Bill has been presented in this House within the first six weeks of the session, the additional charge made under paragraphs *b* or *c* of subsection 3 shall not be levied thereon.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

RULES RELATIVE TO NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

91. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a Notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such Notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and objects of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and when the application is for an Act of incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice. If the works of any company (incorporated, or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such intention shall be specifically mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the Clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid, a similar notice shall also be published in *some leading newspaper*, as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate:

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect the particular locality; or for obtaining any *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act:

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal, or for the construction of branches thereto:—In the principal city, town or village in each county or district through which such extension or branch is to be constructed.

2. For the continuation of a charter or for an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized; or for an extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights; or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholders or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In the place where the head office of the company is situated, or is authorized to be.

(C.) When the application is for the purpose of obtaining for any person or existing corporation any exclusive rights or privileges or the power to do any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper, shall be published at least once a week, for a period of five consecutive weeks; and when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and if there be no newspaper in a locality where a notice is required to be given, such notice shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published; and proof of the due publication of notice shall be established in each case by statutory declaration; and all such declarations shall be sent to the Clerk of the House endorsed, "Private Bill Notice."

(D.) Every such notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of such County Council and Municipal Corporation not less than two weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Examiner or the Committee on Standing Orders, and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the House.

(E.) All private bills for Acts of incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the bill indicating the provisions thereof in which the *General Acts* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be recast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any committee passes upon the *clauses*.

THOS. B. FLINT,
Clerk House of Commons.

The attention of Applicants to Parliament for Railway Charters is hereby drawn to the following Rules of the House of Commons with regard to the filing of maps:—

MAP OR PLAN, WITH PETITION.

93. "No petition praying for the incorporation "of a railway company, or of a canal company, or "for an extension of the line of any existing or "authorized railway or canal, shall be considered "by the Examiner or by the Standing Orders Committee until there has been filed with that committee a map or plan, showing the proposed "location of the works, and each county, township, municipality or district through which the "proposed railway or canal, or any branch or "extension thereof, is to be constructed."

MAPS, PLANS AND EXHIBITS, WITH BILLS.

94. "No bill for the incorporation of a railway "or canal company or for changing the route of "the railway or of the canal of any company "already incorporated shall be considered by the "Railway Committee until there has been filed "with the committee, at least one week before the "consideration of the bill:—"

(*a.*) "A map or plan drawn upon a scale of not "less than half an inch to the mile, showing the "location upon which it is intended to construct "the proposed work, and showing also the lines of "existing or authorized works of a similar character within, or in any way affecting the district, or any part thereof, which the proposed "work is intended to serve; and such map or plan "shall be signed by the engineer or other person "making the same;"

(*b.*) "An exhibit showing the total amount of "capital proposed to be raised for the purpose of "the undertaking, and the manner in which it is "proposed to raise the same, whether by ordinary "shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities, "and the amount of each, respectively."

THE SENATE.

SUBSTANCE OF RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO NOTICES AND APPLICATIONS FOR BILLS OF DIVORCE.

As Revised and brought in force 22nd March, 1916.

Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce shall give notice of his or her intended application, and shall specify therein from whom and for what

cause such divorce is sought, and shall cause such notice to be published during at least three months before the consideration by the Committee on Divorce of his or her petition for the said Bill, in the *Canada Gazette* and in two newspapers published in the district in Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia or the Northwest Territories, or in the county or union of counties in other provinces, wherein such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation of the parties; but if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in an adjoining district or county or union of counties.

Notices given in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba are to be published in one English and one French newspaper, if there be such newspapers published in the district, but otherwise shall be published in one newspaper in both languages. If a notice given for any session of Parliament is not completed in time to allow the petition to be dealt with during that session the petition may be presented and dealt with during the next ensuing session, without any further publication of such notice.

A copy of the said notice and a copy of the petition to be presented shall, at the instance of the applicant, and not less than two months before the consideration by the Committee of the petition, be served personally, when that can be done, on the person from whom the divorce is sought, who is hereinafter called "the respondent."

If the residence of the respondent is not known or personal service cannot be effected, then, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Committee that all reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal service, and, if unsuccessfull, to bring such notice and petition to the knowledge of the respondent, what has been done may be deemed and taken by the Committee sufficient service.

No petition for a bill of divorce shall be presented to the Senate after the first sixty days of the Session.

The petition of an applicant for bill for divorce must be fairly written and must be signed by the petitoner, and should briefly set forth the marriage, the names in full of the parties thereto, their ages and occupations, when, where and by whom the ceremony was performed, the domicile and residence of each of the parties at the time of the marriage, their matrimonial domicile, residence, and any change thereof, the material facts upon which the petitioner relies as the grounds on which relief is asked, and the nature of the relief prayed for.

The petition should also negative connivance at, or condonation of the wrong complained of and collusion in the application for divorce.

The allegations of the petition must be verified by declaration of the petitioner, under *The Canada Evidence Act, 1893*.

The copy of the petition served upon the respondent shall have endorsed thereon, or appended thereto, the following information:—

(*1*) The petitioner's residence at the time of service.

(*2*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the petitioner may be delivered.

(*3*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the petitioner.

(*4*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa, upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*5*) That if the respondent desires to oppose the granting of the divorce and to be heard by the Senate Committee on Divorce, the respondent must send a notice to that effect to the Clerk of the Senate at the Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, within two months from the date of service upon the respondent, and must in the notice to the Clerk of the Senate give:—

(*a*) The respondent's residence at the time of sending such notice.

(*b*) A Post Office address in Canada at which letters and notices for the respondent may be delivered.

(*c*) The name and address of the solicitor, if any, acting for the respondent.

(*d*) If such solicitor's address is not at Ottawa, the name and address of some agent for him at Ottawa upon whom all notices and papers may be served.

(*6*) That, if the respondent does not so notify the Clerk of the Senate, the petition may be considered, and a bill of divorce founded thereon may be passed, without any further notice to the respondent.

(7) When the petition is one by a husband for a divorce from his wife, that, if the wife shows to the satisfaction of the Senate Committee on Divorce that she has, and is prepared to establish upon oath, a good defence to the charges made by the petition, and that she has not sufficient money to defend herself, the Committee may make an order that her husband shall provide her with the necessary means to sustain her defence, including the cost of retaining Counsel and the travelling and living expenses of herself and of witnesses summoned to Ottawa on her behalf.

No petition for a bill of Divorce shall be considered by the Committee unless the applicant has paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, ($210).

The petition when presented to the Senate shall be accompanied by the evidence of the publication of the notice, and by declaration in evidence of the service of a copy of the notice and of a copy of the petition.

A copy of every petition for a Bill of Divorce, or relating to any matter arising out of an application for divorce, and of every document and paper accompanying such petition or produced in evidence before the Committee, shall be furnished to the Committee by the person on whose behalf the petition, document or paper is presented or produced.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

Notices for Private Bills.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE.

107. All applications to Parliament for Private Bills of any nature whatsoever, shall be advertised by a notice published in the *Canada Gazette*; such notice shall clearly and distinctly state the nature and object of the application, and shall be signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same; and, when the application is for an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated in the notice.

In addition to the notice in the *Canada Gazette* aforesaid a similar notice shall be given as follows:—

A. When the application is for an Act to incorporate,—

1. *A Railway or Canal Company*:—In some leading newspaper published in the principal city, town or village in each country or district through which the proposed railway or canal is to be constructed.

2. *A Telegraph or Telephone Company*:—In a leading newspaper in the principal city or town in each Province or Territory in which the company proposes to operate.

3. A company for the *construction of any works* which in their construction or operation might specially affect a particular locality; or for obtaining and *exclusive rights or privileges*; or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of others:—In a leading newspaper in the particular locality or localities which may be affected by the proposed Act.

4. A Banking Company; An Insurance Company; A Trust Company; A Loan Company; or an Industrial Company, without any exclusive powers:—In the *Canada Gazette* only.

5. And, if the works of any company (incorporated or to be incorporated) are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, such

intention shall be specially mentioned in the notice; and the applicants shall cause a copy of such notice to be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county council and of each municipal corporation which may be specially affected by the construction or operation of such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are, or may be located; and proof of compliance with this requirement by the applicants shall be established by statutory declaration.

B. When the application is for the purpose of amending an existing Act.

1. For an extension of any line of railway, or of any canal; or for the construction of branches thereto;—the same *mutatis mutandis* as for an Act to incorporate a Railway or Canal Company.

2. For an extension of the time for the construction or completion of any line of railway, or of any canal, or of any telegraph or telephone line, or of any other works already authorized:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company, or is authorized to be.

3. For the extension of the powers of a company (when not involving the granting of any exclusive rights); or for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of any company; or for increasing or altering its bonding or other borrowing powers; or for any amendment which would in any way affect the rights or interests of the shareholder or bondholders or creditors of the company:—In a principal newspaper in the place where the head office of the company is situated.

C. All such notices, whether inserted in the *Canada Gazette* or in a newspaper shall be published at least once a week for a period of five consecutive weeks; and, when published in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, shall be in both the English and French languages; and *Marked* copies of each issue of all newspapers containing any such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate, endorsed "Private Bill Notice"; or a statutory declaration as to due publication may be sent in lieu thereof.

Every notice by registered letter shall be mailed in time to reach the Secretary of the Province and the Clerk of each County Council and municipal corporation not less than five weeks before the consideration of the petition by the Committee on Standing Orders; and a statutory declaration establishing the fact of such mailing shall be sent to the Clerk of the Senate.

108. No petition praying for the incorporation of a Railway Company, or of a Canal Company, or for an extension of the line of any existing or authorized railway or canal, shall be considered by the Standing Orders Committee, until there has been filed with the Committee a map or plan, showing the proposed location of the works, and each county or district through which the proposed railway or canal, or any branch or extension thereof, is to be constructed.

109. Before any petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a toll bridge is presented to the Senate the person or persons intending to petition for such bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding rules, at the same time and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, and the intervals between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels; and shall also mention whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

110. No petition for any Private Bill (except a Bill of Divorce) is received by the Senate after the first three weeks of each Session; nor may any Private Bill be presented to the Senate after the first four weeks of each Session; nor may any Report of any Standing or Special Committee upon a Private Bill be received after the first six weeks of each Session.

114. Any person seeking to obtain a Private Bill shall deposit with the Clerk of the Senate, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, if it is intended that the Bill shall originate in the Senate, a copy of such Bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation of the same by the officers of the Senate, and the printing of 600 copies in English and 200 in French. The applicant shall also pay the Clerk of the Senate, immediately after the second reading and before the consideration of the Bill by the Committee to which it is referred, a sum of $200, with the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt for the same with the Clerk of such Committee.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Evelyn Snyder, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Edward Lockwood, also of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, mechanic, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this 22nd day of November, 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
22–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Colin Darrach Poole, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Catharine Poole, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, the 8th day of January, 1916.

CORLEY, WILKEY & DUFF,
157 Bay Street, Toronto,
22–14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Albert Edwin Gordon, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Edna Gertrude Gordon, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto this 27th day of July, A.D., 1916.

CORLEY, WILKIE, DUFF & HAMILTON,
22--14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Bassnett Parker, of 69 Wroxeter Avenue, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, electrician, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret Jessie Parker, formerly of the said City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, but now residing in the City of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, England, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 26th day of September, 1916.

15-14 JOHN BASSNETT PARKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. Donald George Whibley, presently of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, but formerly of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Accountant, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next Session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Frances Lilian Owen, of parts unknown, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Messrs. Aylen & Duclos, Solicitors, Ottawa, are agents for petitioner for receiving papers.

Dated at the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, this thirteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen (13–1916).

LESLIE H. BOYD,
Solicitor for applicant,
25–14 136 St. James St., Montreal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Herbert Featherstone Conover, of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, in the Province of Ontario, farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lavilla A. Conover, (whose place of residence is unknown), on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the Town of Oakville, in the Province of Ontario, this seventeenth day of October, 1916.

W. A. CHISHOLM,
Oakville, Ontario,
17–14 Solicitor for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rozilla Lamb, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, nurse, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, George Alfred Lamb, of Toronto, Ontario, machinist, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, this 31st day of October, 1916.

LEE & O'DONOGHUE,
241-2 Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto, Ont.,
19–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Gertrude Ellen Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, William Albrighton Beal, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, on the grounds of adultery, misconduct and cruelty.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, this 13th day of November, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
511 Union Bank Bldg., Ottawa, Ont.,
21–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, sheet metal worker, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Margaret S. Nevilles, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Toronto, this 2nd day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORRIS & ROACH,
20-14 Solicitors for the applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Florence Amelia Kennedy, of the Township of Pittsburgh, in the County of Frontenac, and Province of Ontario, married woman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from her husband, Charles John Kennedy, of the said Township of Pittsburgh, farmer, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Kingston, Province of Ontario, the 23rd day of October, 1916.

D. A. GIVENS,
81 Brock St., Kingston, Ont.,
18–14 Solicitor for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Johnston Alexander Abraham, of the Village of Wiarton, in the County of Bruce, and Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Mary Charles Abraham, of the Village of Wiarton, in the County of Bruce, and Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and misconduct.

Dated at Ottawa, this 9th day of December, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTE,
Union Bank Building,
Ottawa, Ont.,
25–14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that Andrew Hamilton Gault, of the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Major in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Marguerite Claire Stephens, of the said City and District of Montreal, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montreal, Que.,
21-14 Solicitors for applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Maisey, of the Town of Walkerville, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Ontario, clerk, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Lulu D. Maisey, of the Town of Amherstburg, in the said County of Essex, in the said Province of Ontario, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Windsor, this 12th day of September, 1916.

JOHN SALE,
Solicitor for the applicant,
No. 17 Royal Bank Bldg.,
14–14 Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that Percy Doughty, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, Province of Ontario, manager, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Beneita Jennetta Doughty, of the said City of Toronto, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, this 1st day of December, 1916.

PERCY DOUGHTY,
by his solicitor herein
S. W. BURNS,
10 Queen East,
24–14 Toronto.

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE. The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may complete the construction of its railway from a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Lumsden's Mill to or towards the Des Quinze River as authorized by chapter 66 of the Statutes of 1901 and chapter 106 of the Statutes of 1912, and for other purposes.

Dated at Ottawa, this 2nd day of December, 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
23–5 Solicitors for the applicants

CASCADE SCENIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, own and operate scenic or funicular railways at Banff, in the Province of Alberta, or elsewhere throughout Canada as may be permitted, for vehicles to run either on rails or by aerial cable, or in such other manner as may be desired, such vehicles being propelled either by steam, electricity, gasolene, water power, or by such other means as may be deemed most convenient and expedient, and with all powers necessary or incidental thereto, under the name "The Cascade Scenic Railway Company."

Dated at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, this 21st day of November, A.D. 1916.

MORAN, ANDERSON & GUY,
24–5 Solicitors for the applicant.

CONTINENTAL HEAT AND LIGHT COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Continental Heat & Light Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act amending the Act incorporating the company, being 60-61 Vic., chapter 72, by extending the company's borrowing powers, by granting to the company the following, among other powers, namely : Extended powers for dealing in stocks and other securities, powers to carry on other businesses, to financially assist companies in which the company holds shares or with which it has business relations and to amalgamate with other companies, and by repealing the provisions in the said Act relating to the issue of debenture stock and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL, MACFARLANE & POPE,
Solicitors for applicant.

24–5

THE GRAIN GROWERS GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE ie hereby given that application will be made by the Grain Growers Grain Company, Limited, to Parliament, at the next session thereof, for an Act amending chapter 80 of the Statutes of 1911 and chapter 73 of the Statutes of 1915, for the following among other purposes :—

(*a*) To change the name of the company to "United Grain Growers, Limited," or to empower the company to adopt said name by by-law.

(*b*) To enable meetings to be held elsewhere than at the head office.

(*c*) To increase capital stock to $5,000,000.

(*d*) To enable shareholders to hold 100 shares each.

(*e*) To extinguish right of proxy voting.

(*f*) To enable the company by by-law to form shareholders in groups and to provide for representation at meetings of the company of such groups by delegates.

Dated at Winnipeg, 4th December, 1916.

BONNAR, TRUEMAN, HOLLANDS & ROBINSON,
Winnipeg Electric Railway Chambers,
Winnipeg, Manitoba.
Solicitors for applicants.

24–5

ATHABASKA NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Athabaska Northern Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the corporate powers of said company to be of full force and effect, and extending the time for the commencement and completion of the line of railway mentioned in its Act of incorporation 4-5 Edward VII, chap. 57, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this 12th day of December, A.D. 1916.

SMITH, MARKEY, SKINNER,
PUGSLEY & HYDE,
112 St. James Street, Montreal,
Solicitors for applicant.

25–5

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER DE COLONISATION DU NORD.

NOTICE La Compagnie du Chemin de Fer de Colonisation du Nord will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which it may complete the construction of its railway from a point at or near Labelle, thence in a westerly direction to the Village of Rapid de L'Orignal (now called Mont Laurier), thence in a westerly direction to a point at or near Lake Temiscamingue, in the County of Pontiac, as authorized by section 7 of chapter 62 of the Statutes of 1899 and chapter 82 of the Statutes of 1912, and for other purposes.

Dated at Montreal, this 16th day of December, 1916.

H. C. OSWALD,
Secretary.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTE,
Ottawa, Agents.

25–5

THE GRAND LODGE OF THE CANADIAN ASSOCIATION OF STATIONARY ENGINEERS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate an association under the name of "The Grand Lodge of the Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers of the Dominion of Canada" for the purpose of promoting the efficient operation of steam power plants, serving as a school of instruction, &c., with power to take over all existing business of "The Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers" incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and to assume all liabilities of the said association.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov., 1916.

JOHN HALL,
Secretary, Executive Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers,
230 Caroline St., South, Hamilton.

23–5

THE BISHOP OF MACKENZIE RIVER.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Right Reverend James Richard Lucas, Bishop of the Diocese of Mackenzie River, one of the dioceses of The Church of England in Canada, and his successors in office, a Corporation Sole, under the name of "The Bishop of Mackenzie River," with all the necessary powers as such corporation to acquire and hold real and personal property, and such other powers of administration as are incidental to the said office and to such incorporation

Dated at Ottawa, this 24th day of November, A.D. 1916.

ORDE, POWELL,
LYLE & SNOWDON,
48 Sparks Street, Ottawa, Canada,
Solicitors for applicant.

23–5

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next session of the Parliament of Canada an application will be made for incorporation of "La Société des Artisans Canadiens Français," a fraternal and benefit and mutual assistance association incorporated under the laws of the Province of Quebec, for the purposes of promoting the welfare, social and fraternal, of its members ; the protection of those dependent upon them ; aiding them during sickness or other disability ; caring for the living and burying the dead, and the payment of annuities to members or a stipulated sum to such beneficiary as a member of the Association should have designated ; and procure to its members any other benefit or advantages as may lawfully be provided for by the constitution and laws of the Association : and generally acting as a fraternal, charitable, beneficiary and benevolent association, with permission to amalgamate with or take over other societies of a like nature.

Montreal, 20th December, 1916.

Z. FONTAINE,
Attorney for applicant,
51 St. James Street,
Montreal.

26–5

SAINT JOHN BOARD OF TRADE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by The Saint John Board of Trade to Parliament, at the next session thereof, for an Act amending chapter 44 of the Act of the Parliament of Canada of the year 1872, for the following purpose :

To extend the powers of the said Saint John Board of Trade so as to enable the said Saint John Board of Trade to invest its funds from time to time in the purchase of stock of The Saint John Board of Trade Building Company, Limited.

Dated at Saint John, New Brunswick, this thirteenth December, 1916.

BARNHILL, EWING & SANFORD,
39 Princess St.,
St. John, New Brunswick,
Solicitors for applicants

26–5

WESTERN DOMINION RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that Western Dominion Railway Company, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for an Act extending the time within which it may construct and complete the railway referred to in section 1, of chapter 60, of the Statutes of 1915, and for other purposes.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of December, 1916.

J. OGLE CARSS,
Solicitor for applicants,
709 Union Bank Building,
Ottawa, Ont.

26–5

CANADIAN DIVISION OF THE AERIAL LEAGUE OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Canadian Division of the Aerial League of the British Empire", as an association to encourage the invention and manufacture of aerial craft and things appertaining thereto; to disseminate knowledge concerning aerial matters, and concerning the art of flying and schools for the same; to assist Britons desiring to enter the Royal Flying Services; to assist dependants of airmen who lose their lives on active service; to co-operate with the central committee of the Aerial League of the British Empire; to establish branches of the association; to provide landing grounds for aerial craft; and for other analogous purposes; with all the powers required for the same.

Montreal, 29th November, 1916.

LIGHTHALL & HARWOOD,
Solicitors for applicants,
306 Quebec Bank Building,
Montreal.

24–5

CANADIAN ORDER OF THE WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World will apply, at the next session of Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the following amendments to its Act of incorporation:—

1. To amend sec. 12 of 56 Vict., chap. 92, by changing the date of the annual meeting of the representatives of the Order from the third Wednesday in March to the third Wednesday in June.

2. For power to merge the Emergency and Insurance Funds into one fund.

W. S. HARRISON,
Head Consul Commander.

CLAIR JARVIS,
Head Clerk, London, Canada. 23-2—25-3

THE ESSEX TERMINAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session by The Essex Terminal Railway Company, for authority to construct and operate a branch line of its railway from a point in or near the Town of Objibway, to a point at or near Pelton, in the County of Essex and Province of Ontario, a distance of about 7 miles.

J. H. COBURN,
27–5 of the Town of Walkerville, Secretary.

CARIBOO BARKERVILLE AND WILLOW RIVER RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Cariboo Barkerville and Willow River Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act extending the time within which the company may construct its line of railway and branch lines as authorized by its charter and amendments thereto and increasing its authorized capital stock to ten millon dollars and for other purposes.

Dated at Ottawa this 26th day of December, A.D. 1916.

PRINGLE & GUTHRIE,
Citizen Building,
27–5 Solicitors for the applicants.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF CANADA.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND No. 52.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three quarters per cent (1¾ %), being at the rate of seven per cent per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the three months ending 31st December, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches of this bank, on and after the second day of January, 1917, to the shareholders of record on the twenty-second day of December, next.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head office of the bank, on Wednesday, the twenty-fourth day of January, 1917, at noon.

By order of the Board,

TANCRÈDE BIENVENU,
Vice-president and general manager.

Montreal, 25th November, 1916. 25–1—27–1

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

DIVIDEND No. 188.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of fourteen per cent per annum on the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the quarter ending 31st December, and that the same will be payable on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next, at any of the offices of the Bank.

The stock transfer book will be closed from the 18th to the 31st proximo, inclusive.

By order of the Board,

H. A. RICHARDSON,
General manager.

Halifax, N.S., 16th November, 1916. 22–6

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE annual general meeting of shareholders of this Bank will be held at the banking-house of the institution, corner of King and Bay Streets, Toronto, on Wednesday, the tenth day of January next. The chair to be taken at noon.

THOS. F. HOW,
General manager.

The Bank of Toronto,
Toronto, 1st December, 1916. 25–4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of the "Banque d'Hochelaga" will be held, at the head office of the bank, No. 112 St. James Street, Montreal, Canada, on the fifteenth day of January, 1917, at noon, for the election of the directors, and the consideration of all matters which may properly be brought before the meeting.

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
25–5 Secretary and general manager.

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held in the banking-house, Hollis Street, Halifax, on Wednesday, the 24th January next, at eleven o'clock a.m., for the purpose of receiving a statement of the affairs of the Bank, for the election of directors, and for other business.

By order of the Board,

H. A. RICHARDSON,
General manager.

Halifax, N.S., 15th December, 1916. 25–6

THE QUEBEC BANK AND THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given of the intention of the undersigned Banks to apply, after the expiration of four weeks from the date of the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to the Governor-in-Council and the Treasury Board, through the Minister of Finance and Receiver-General, for the approval of an agreement between The Quebec Bank and The Royal Bank of Canada, whereby the Quebec Bank agrees to sell and The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to purchase all the real and personal properties, assets, rights, credits and effects of The Quebec Bank, of whatever kind, and wheresoever situated, and whereby in consideration for such sale and purchase The Royal Bank of Canada agrees to allot and issue to The Quebec Bank, or to its nominees, nine thousand one hundred and seventeen (9,117) fully paid shares of the capital stock of The Royal Bank of Canada of the par value of $100 each, and amounting in all to the par value of nine hundred and eleven thousand, seven hundred dollars ($911,700) and to pay to The Quebec Bank the sum of six hundred and eighty-three thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars ($683,775) in cash, and whereby The Royal Bank of Canada undertakes to assume, pay, discharge, perform; and carry out all the debts, liabilities, contracts and obligations of The Quebec Bank (including notes issued and intended for circulation outstanding and in circulation and leasehold obligations).

A copy of the said agreement can be seen at the offices of The Royal Bank of Canada at Montreal, P.Q., and the Quebec Bank, at Quebec, P.Q.

The said agreement has been approved by a resolution of the Shareholders of the Quebec Bank carried by the votes of shareholders present in person or represented by proxy, representing more than two-thirds of the amount of the subscribed capital stock of the said Bank at a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Bank duly called and held for the purpose. The said agreement has also been approved by resolution of the Directors of The Royal Bank of Canada.

Dated 28th November, 1916.

By Order of the Board.

THE QUEBEC BANK.

B. B. STEVENSON,
General Manager.

By Order of the Board,

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

C. E. NEILL,
General Manager.

23–5

LONDON & PORT STANLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the London & Port Stanley Railway Company will be held at the mayor's office, in the city hall, in the City of London, Ontario, on Monday, the 15th day of January, 1917, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 7th day of December, A.D. 1916.

S. BAKER,
Secy. L & P. S. Ry. Co.

25-4

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, pursuant to The Navigable Waters Protection Act, that I have deposited the plans of the proposed Pipe Line Crossing over Mount Joy Creek and of the application to the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, therefor for permission to construct the said works.

Municipality of Timmins, Ont.
Per H. E. MONTGOMERY,
Clerk.

25–4

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R. S. C., CHAPTER 115.

THE Dalhousie Lumber Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Restigouche at Dalhousie a description of the site and the plans of boom and piers proposed to be built on the Restigouche River, at Dalhousie, in front of lots 28-29-30-31-32-33 and lot not numbered owned by His Majesty the King west of Rock Island street.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice the Dalhousie Lumber Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said boom and piers.

Dated at Dalhousie, this 29th day of November, 1916.

DALHOUSIE LUMBER CO., LTD.,
W. H. TRUST,
Resident manager.

24–5

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

R.S.C., CHAPTER 115.

CANADIAN Robert Dollar Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Vancouver, at Vancouver, British Columbia, a description of the site and plans of the wharf and sawmill buildings proposed to be built on the North Arm of Burrard Inlet in front of lot 471, Group 1, New Westminster (now the Vancouver) District.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, Canadian Robert Dollar Company, Limited, will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf and sawmill buildings.

Dated at Vancouver, British Columbia, this 4th day of December, A.D. 1916.

CANADIAN ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY, LTD.

BY BODWELL, LAWSON & LANE,
Their solicitors.

24–5

THE TRAVELLERS LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL, P.Q.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of The Travellers Life Assurance Company of Canada, for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the company's office, 605 New Birk's Building, Montreal, P.Q., on Tuesday, 13th February, 1917, at three o'clock, P.M.

A. P. EARLE,
Secretary.

26–2

THE MOLSONS BANK.

145TH DIVIDEND.

THE shareholders of the Molsons Bank are hereby notified that a dividend of two and three quarters per cent (being at the rate of eleven per cent per annum) upon the capital stock has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at the branches on and after the second day of January next, to shareholders of record on 15th December, 1916.

By order of the Board,

EDWARD C. PRATT,
General manager.

Montreal, 28th November, 1916. 23–5

THE DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent has been declared upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution for the quarter ending 31st December, 1916, being at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, and that the same will be payable at the head office of the Bank and its branches, on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January, 1917, to shareholders of record of 20th December, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Wednesday, 31st January, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

C. A. BOGERT,
General manager.

Toronto, 17th November, 1916. 22–6

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

CHAPTER 115, REVISED STATUTES, CANADA.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Company hereby gives notice that it has under section 7 of the said Act deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the Land Registry Office in the City of Vancouver, British Columbia, a description of the site and plan of the wharf proposed to be built in Burrard Inlet, in the Harbour of Vancouver, in extension of Pier "D" of the said company.

And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will, under section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Work at his office at the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

Dated at Vancouver, B.C., this 12th day of December, 1916.

J. E. McMULLEN,
Solicitor for the Canadian
Pacific Railway Company.

26–5

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 106.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of twelve per cent (12 %) per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the three months ending 31st January, 1917, and that the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Thursday, the first day of February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st January, 1917, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. HAY,
General manager.

Toronto, 20th December, 1916. 27–5

THE ONTARIO POWER COMPANY OF NIAGARA FALLS.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Ontario Power Company of Niagara Falls, will be held at the head office of the company, in the City of Niagara Falls, Ontario, Canada, on Saturday, the 3rd of February, 1917, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of the election of directors of the company and for the transaction of such other business as may be transacted at an annual general meeting.

Dated the 27th day of December, 1916.

By order of the Board,

R. C. BOARD,
Secretary.

27–5

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Royal Bank of Canada for the election of directors and for other business will be held at the head office of the Bank, in Montreal, on Thursday, the 11th day of January next. The chair will be taken at 11 o'clock a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
General manager.

Montreal, 1st December, 1916. 23–6

VICTORIA ELEVATOR COMPANY, LIMITED.

BY-LAW No. 3.

WHEREAS the directors deem it expedient to increase the number of directors from three to five,—

Now therefore be it enacted as and for a by-law of Victoria Elevator Company, Limited, that the number of directors be increased from three directors to five directors, and that three directors form a quorum for the transaction of business.

Done and passed as and for a by-law of Victoria Elevator Company, Limited, at a meeting of its directors held at the City of Winnipeg, the 12th day of December, 1916.

W. J. McCABE,
[L.S.] President.

C. E. AUSTIN,
Secretary.

—

I, Carl Eugene Austin, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, grain merchant, secretary and treasurer of Victoria Elevator Company, Limited, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of by-law No. 3 of the company.

[L.S.] C. E. AUSTIN,
27–1 Secretary.

R. STEWART & SON, LIMITED.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of sec. 30, sub-section 2, of chapter 79, of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act" that the principal office of R. Stewart & Son Limited, is situated at Nos. 52 and 54 Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa, Province of Ontario.

Dated this 26th day of December, 1916.

GRANT & McCARTHY,
27–1 Solicitors for the company.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after Thursday, the 1st day of February next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders a dividend of two per cent, being at the rate of eight per cent per annum, upon its capital, for the quarter ending on the 31st of January next.

This dividend will be paid according to the list of shareholders of record on the 15th of January next.

By order of the board of directors,

N. LAVOIE,
General manager.

Quebec, 28th December, 1916. 27–5

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent for the current quarter, being at the rate of ten per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and will be payable at its banking house in this city and at its branches, on and after the 1st day of February next, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of January.

By order of the Board,

D. C. MACAROW,
General manager.

Montreal, 26th December, 1916. 27–5

NOMINATIONS.

SECRÉTARIAT D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes :—

Ottawa, 19 décembre 1916.

LEIGHTON PERRY, du port de Cape-Negro, dans le comté de Shelburne, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse : Maître de havre pour ce port, en remplacement de A. D. Perry, décédé.

SAMUEL DINSMORE, de North-Head, Grand-Manan, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick : Gardien du quai de l'Etat à cet endroit.

—

20 décembre 1916.

JOSEPH M. A. BOUCHARD, de la cité de Québec, dans la province de Québec, préposé à l'accise temporaire : Douanier dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Québec, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er avril 1916.

JOSEPH GEORGES PAGEAU, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, préposé à l'accise temporaire : Douanier dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Montréal, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er avril 1916.

ALEXANDER RUEL, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, aide-inspecteur temporaire des poids et mesures . Douanier dans la division des poids et mesures d'Ottawa, dans la dite province, à compter du 26 juillet 1916.

FRANÇOIS-XAVIER TRAVERSY, de la cité de Québec, dans la province de Québec, préposé à l'accise temporaire : Douanier dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Québec, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er avril 1916.

WILFRID BROSSARD, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, douanier temporaire : Douanier dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Montréal, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er octobre 1916.

JAMES FINDLAY SMITH, de la cité de Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, préposé à l'accise temporaire : Douanier dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Hamilton, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er avril 1916.

GEORGE S. WARREN, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, douanier temporaire : Douanier dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur de Montréal, dans la dite province, à compter du 1er avril 1916.

M. J. O'CONNOR, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, avocat : Sous-Percepteur (classe A) dans la division du revenu de l'intérieur d'Ottawa, dans la dite province, à compter du 15 décembre 1916.

PROCLAMATIONS.

[La proclamation suivante a paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA daté *le 15 décembre 1916.*]

DEVONSHIRE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Sous-Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que par Notre proclamation en date du vingt-quatrième jour de novembre en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, Nous avons déclaré et proclamé que tous les soldats des troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes d'outre-mer absents de leurs unités sans permission recevraient leur pardon pour cette offense, pourvu qu'ils aillent se livrer à l'officier commandant l'unité à laquelle ils appartenaient, si cette unité était encore au Canada, ou si elle ne l'était pas, à l'officier de district commandant tout district militaire en Canada, au plus tard le quinzième jour de décembre, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize, dans le but de terminer leur engagement ; et Nous avons en outre, par Notre dite proclamation, indiqué, déclaré et proclamé que ces soldats des dites troupes sous sentence d'emprisonnement ou détenus pour désertion ou absence sans permission, recevraient leur pardon pour cette offense et seraient libérés de leur prison ou de leur lieu de détention et remis à l'officier commandant l'unité à laquelle ils appartenaient ou à l'officier commandant le district militaire dans lequel ils se trouvaient dans le but d'être renvoyés à quelques autres unités des dites troupes expéditiounaires afin de terminer leur engagement ;

ET ATTENDU qu'il a été prouvé depuis qu'en vue des circonstances qui existent, telles que le départ des absents pour des endroits éloignés et sans communications faciles au Canada et aux Etats-Unis, que notre dite proclamation à cet effet ne pourrait atteindre bientôt, plusieurs des absents ne seraient pas prévenus à temps pour leur permettre de venir se livrer vers le dit quinzième jour de décembre,—

SACHEZ DONC que c'est Notre Volonté Royale et Notre Plaisir d'ordonner, indiquer, déclarer et proclamer que la limite de temps fixée pour se livrer, en vertu de la teneur de Notre dite proclamation, est et sera prorogée jusqu'au quinzième jour de janvier en l'année de Notre Seigneur mil neuf cent dix-sept.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis de prendre connaissance et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes, et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN : Notre très fidèle et très aimé cousin et conseiller, Victor-Christian-William, duc de Devonshire, marquis d'Hartington, comte de Devonshire, comte de Burlington, baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, baron Cavendish de Keighley, chevalier de Notre très noble Ordre de la Jarretière ; membre de Notre très honorable Conseil Privé ; chevalier grand-croix de Notre Ordre très distingué de Saint-Michel et de Saint-Georges ; chevalier grand-croix de Notre Ordre royal de Victoria, Gouverneur général et Commandant-en-chef de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce QUATORZIÈME jour de DÉCEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-Secrétaire d'Etat.

26–3

DEVONSHIRE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A Nos Très Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous---SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogé à jeudi, le trentième jour du mois de novembre courant, auquel temps vous étiez tenus et il vous était enjoint d'être présents en Notre cité d'Ottawa : SACHEZ MAINTENANT, que pour diverses causes et considérations et pour la plus grande aise et commodité de Nos bien-aimés sujets, Nous avons cru convenable, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, de vous exempter tous et chacun de vous d'être présents au temps susdit, vous convoquant et par ces présentes vous enjoignant à tous et à chacun de vous de vous trouver avec Nous en Notre Parlement du Canada en Notre cité d'OTTAWA, MARDI, le NEUVIEME jour du mois de JANVIER prochain, pour prendre en considération l'état et la prospérité de Notre dit Dominion du Canada, et y agir comme de droit. CE À QUOI VOUS NE DEVEZ MANQUER.

TÉMOIN : Notre très fidèle et très aimé cousin et conseiller Victor-Christian-William, duc de Devonshire, marquis d'Hartington, comte de Devonshire, comte de Burlington, baron Cavendish de Hardwicke, baron Cavendish de Keighley, chevalier de Notre très noble Ordre de la Jarretière ; membre de notre très honorable Conseil Privé ; chevalier grand-croix de Notre Ordre très distingué de Saint-Michel et de Saint-Georges ; chevalier grand-croix de Notre Ordre royal de Victoria, Gouverneur général et Commandant-en-chef de Notre Dominion du Canada.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, dans Notre dit Dominion, ce TRENTIÈME jour de NOVEMBRE, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil neuf cent seize et de Notre Règne la septième.

Par ordre,

JAMES G. FOLEY,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
23-tf pour le Canada.

DÉPÊCHES, ETC.

CANADA.
N° 1330.

DOWNING STREET,

27 novembre 1917.

MILORD DUC,—Relativement à la dépêche circulaire du comte de Crewe du 10 septembre 1909, incluant copie d'un mandat royal instituant la " Médaille du Roi pour la police," j'ai l'honneur de transmettre à Votre Excellence, pour le renseignement de Vos Ministres, copie d'un mandat royal en date du 3 octobre 1916, ordonnant de faire un changement au ruban après lequel la médaille est suspendue.

J'ai l'honneur d'être,
Milord duc,
de Votre Grâce le très humble
et très obéissant serviteur,
A. BONAR LAW.

Au Gouverneur général
Son Excellence le
Duc de Devonshire, C.J., G.C.O.V.,
Etc., etc., etc.

(Extrait de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 10 octobre 1916.)*

GEORGE R. I.

GEORGE CINQ, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande et des possessions britanniques au delà des mers, Défenseur de la Foi, Empereur des Indes.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront—SALUT :

ATTENDU que Sa Majesté le Roi Edouard Sept, par mandat sous Son Seing Manuel Royal, en date de la Cour de St. James le septième jour de juillet mil neuf cent neuf, a institué et créé une nouvelle médaille désignée Médaille du Roi pour la Police,—

En conséquence, Nous abrogeons par les présentes, pour Nous, Nos héritiers et Successeurs, autant de la cinquième clause du dit mandat qui ordonne que le ruban après lequel la médaille est suspendue, devra être bleu foncé avec une étroite lisière argent sur chaque côté, et pour remplacer ces dits mots, Nous ordonnons que le ruban sera bleu foncé avec une étroite lisière argent sur chaque côté et une semblable lisière argent dans le milieu.

Donné à Notre Cour à St. James, le trois octobre mil neuf cent seize, et de notre règne la septième

Par ordre de Sa Majesté,

26-3 HERBERT SAMUEL.

(Extrait de la LONDON GAZETTE *du 14 novembre 1916.)*

TRIBUNAUX DES PRISES PORTUGAIS.

FOREIGN OFFICE,
11 novembre 1916.

RELATIVEMENT à la note qui fut publiée dans la *London Gazette* du 30 mai dernier, la traduction du décret portugais n° 2565 du 14 août 1916, concernant les procédures dans les tribunaux des prises portugais, se lit comme suit :

(TRADUCTION.)

Décret No 2565 (14 août 1916).

Article 1.—La manière de procéder par-devant les tribunaux des prises sera en la forme sommaire établie par le décret n° 3 du 29 mai 1907, avec les modifications telles qu'établies par les articles suivants :

Article 2.—En faisant une déclaration de réclamation le plaignant demandera que le défendeur soit avisé de produire au bureau du registraire, sous la période établie de cinq jours, une déclaration de défense donnant toute sa défense.

Paragraphe 1.—Au sujet de l'article 36 du décret n° 2350 du 20 avril 1916, l'action sera prise contre l'administrateur-dépositaire, ou l'avocat, et en même temps, demande devra être faite de sa nomination et d'une sommation à l'effet de le faire comparaître.

Paragraphe 2.—Lorsque la chose est nécessaire, le juge s'occupera immédiatement de faire cette nomination, et dans le même ordre, il ordonnera que la sommation soit émise. Cette sommation doit être signifiée dans les vingt-quatre heures.

Article 3.—Si l'on a demandé de faire entendre des témoins, alors, durant les trois jours après que la déclaration de défense aura été produite, ou une plus longue période qui pourra être accordée à cet effet, au plus trois témoins amenés par chacune des parties seront entendus, sans permettre aucune procédure interlocutoire ou autre délai ; et, le jour suivant, le juge rendra un jugement provisoire. Avis de ce jugement sera signifié dans les vingt-quatre heures, ou il pourra être rendu public à une séance du tribunal, et dès lors il sera en pleine vigueur et deviendra exécutoire.

Article 4.—A la fin des procédures ci-dessus mentionnées, la cause, selon sa classification, sera assignée à un registraire du tribunal. Le plaignant pourra alors répondre à la déclaration de défense déjà produite ;

cette réponse doit être produite, et les autres procédures indiquées dans les articles 5 et suivants du décret n° 3 du 29 mai 1907, devront être terminées sous 5 jours après avoir reçu avis du jugement provisoire ou après que ce dit jugement aura été publié.

Paragraphe unique.—S'il n'y avait pas eu de déclaration de défense ou si elle est déclarée inutile, le jugement provisoire deviendra final.

Article 5.—Après le jugement final rendu dans les procédures des prises, il pourra en être appelé de ce jugement directement au Supremo Tribunal de Justiça (au tribunal Suprême de Justice,) où il sera pris connaissance des vices de forme allégués, et des appels interlocutoires qui peuvent être pendants; aucun autre appel n'étant permis.

Article 6.—L'expertise en matière de navires, faite par les comités techniques, qui est traitée à l'article 29* du décret n° 2350, est une preuve suffisante pour jugement provisoire et jugement final.

Article 7.—Les jugements ordonnant la retenue de la capture, qu'ils soient provisoires ou finals, seront communiqués directement par les juges qui les ont rendus au Ministère des Affaires Etrangères dans le but de s'assurer s'ils ne tombent pas sous le coup de l'article 2 de la 12e Convention de la Haye d'octobre 1907, approuvé par le décret du 24 février 1911.

Article 8.—Le représentant légal de l'Etat interviendra toujours comme partie principale dans les procédures des prises, sans préjudice aux intérêts légitimes de toute autre personne qui sera co-plaignante dans cette cause.

Article 9.—Il n'y aura pas de délais dans les procédures dont il est question dans ce décret.

Article 10.—Le présent décret deviendra immédiatement en vigueur, et toutes dispositions qui lui sont contraires sont révoquées.

Les Ministres de tous les département en prendront connaissance en conséquence et ils s'assureront de son exécution.

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* Concernant l'inspection de navires ennemis saisis, dans le but de s'assurer s'ils peuvent être convertis en navires de guerre. 26–3

(Extrait du cinquième supplément de la London Gazette *du 14 novembre 1916.)*

War Office,
16 novembre 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu au Roi de conférer la Médaille Militaire pour bravoure en campagne aux sous-officiers et hommes ci-dessous mentionnés:—

CONTINGENT CANADIEN.

500104 sous-caporal G. E. C. Bradley, génie canadien.
500107 caporal suppléant W. C. Bruce, génie can.
602994 sapeur E. W. Doan, génie.
500124 caporal E. James, génie.
45408 soldat G. Le Gallais, génie.
139155 sapeur W. F. McRae, génie.
214 caporal S. G. Moule, génie.
141987 sous-caporal E. Roussell, génie.
503274 sergent suppléant R. H. Sagar, génie.
5691 maréchal des logis G. W. Setterington, artillerie royale canadienne à cheval.
503411 sergent J. Sharp, génie.
50058 caporal E. W. Stenhouse, génie.

Rectification:—
London Gazette en date du 11 octobre 1916—*Voir* la *Gazette du Canada* du 11 novembre 1916:—

Retranchez:
76165 sergent D. McLeod, génie canadien.
73546 sergent D. O'Brien, génie canadien.

Ces sous-officiers ont obtenu la Médaille pour Conduite Distinguée dans la *London Gazette* en date du 20 octobre 1916—*Voir* la *Gazette du Canada* du 18 novembre 1916—au lieu de la Médaille Militaire. 27-1

(Extraits de la London Gazette *du 14 nov. 1916.)*

War Office,
14 nov. 1916.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le ROI d'approuver que les officiers ci-dessous mentionnés soient nommés Compagnons de l'Ordre du Service Distingué en récompense de leur bravoure et de leur dévouement en campagne:—

TROUPES CANADIENNES.

Le major Howard Lionel Bodwell, pionniers.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Avec une équipe de quelques compagnons, il construisit un chemin sous un bombardemeent intense, et montra beaucoup de force morale et d'esprit d'initiative. En plusieurs autres occasions, il a rendu de grands services.

Le capitaine Charles Edgar Atheling Bredin, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit sa compagnie à l'attaque et captura un point fortifié par l'ennemi, qui avait résisté à l'attaque, à l'action intense de l'artillerie, au feu des troupes et des mitrailleuses. Plus tard, il amena les compagnies de la ligne entière et consolida la position avec une grande habileté et une énergie marquée.

Le major temporaire Charles Edward Fairweather, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Avec sa compagnie, il creusa 200 verges de tranchée en avant du front sous un bombardement intense, et par ce fait assura le soutien du bataillon de flanc pour garder le terrain qu'il avait conquis. Il montra pendant tout ce temps un courage inébranlable et un grand esprit d'initiative.

Le lieutenant-colonel Ethelbert Brown Hard, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure et dévouement remarquable en campagne. Il dirigea l'évacuation des malades et des blessés, et par son énergie et son courage, il soutint l'ardeur des brancardiers lorsqu'ils étaient presque épuisés.

Le capitaine (major temporaire) John Brunton Harstone, infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste au feu. Il conduisit sa compagnie à l'attaque avec une grande impétuosité, et, après avoir été séparé du commandant de son bataillon, il prit le commandement de toutes les troupes qui étaient avec lui, consolida sa position et organisa la défense. Tout cela sous un feu intense.

Le capitaine Lionel Dalziel Heron, C.M., infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste au feu. Il fit une reconnaissance décisive. Plus tard, il organisa une équipe de bombardiers et captura plusieurs prisonniers. Il accomplit toutes ces actions avec grand courage et une habileté consommée, et aida puissamment à l'avance du front.

Le lieutenant-colonel Harry Melville Jacques, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure et dévouement remarquables dans l'accomplissement de son devoir. Il dirigea l'évacuation des blessés du front et surveilla les postes de secours avancés et de pansement avec une grande habileté et une grande abnégation.

Le major George Walkers MacLeod, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable en campagne. Il s'avança sous le feu pour choisir le terrain qu'il fallait consolider et, bien que gravement blessé, il revint, toujours sous le feu continu de l'ennemi, faire un rapport complet sur la situation. Il a toujours donné un exemple superbe de sang-froid et de courage.

Le major Harold French McDonald, infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste en campagne. Il conduisit une reconnaissance dangereuse sous un bombardement intense, et après qu'un éclat d'obus eut enlevé son bras, il donna le résultat de sa reconnaissance avant de permettre aux brancardiers de le porter.

Le lieutenant Arnold C. McElligott, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il prit le commandement de trois compagnies sur le front, et avec beaucoup d'habileté et une grande énergie il consolida la ligne de front malgré un feu soutenu et des attaques locales.

Le major Jno. Allen McKenzie, infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste en campagne. Il commanda sa compagnie avec beaucoup d'habileté et une grande énergie durant la prise d'une position et, par ses rapports précis, rendit possibles les préparatifs nécessaires pour repousser une furieuse contre-attaque. Il se signala aussi en d'autres occasions.

Le major T. McLaughlin, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes en avant avec une grande impétuosité, et repoussa de fréquentes contre-attaquese. En une occasion, il dirigea personnellement l'action des bombardiers pour repousser une attaque de flanc.

Le lieutenant Herbert Norris, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Les officiers du bataillon ayant été mis hors de combat, il prit le commandement en chef du bataillon, et, sous un feu très vif, organisa et consolida la position. Il s'est révélé comme possédant à un haut degré l'esprit d'initiative et le don du commandement.

Le lieutenant Charles Edward Reynolds, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit sa compagnie avec beaucoup de courage et de discernement. Plus tard, il conduisit un petit parti contre l'ennemi, et tira *lui-même* deux officiers ennemis, permettant ainsi à sa compagnie d'avancer. Il a donné un exemple magnifique de bravoure et de dévouement au devoiri.

Le lieutenant James Richardson, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Lorsque ses officiers supérieurs sont devenus hors de combat, il conduisit ses hommes avec grand courage et beaucoup de vigueuru vers la position désignée qu'il consolida. Plus tard, il fit plusieurs prisonniers.

Le major Charles James Townsend Stewart, infanterie légère canadienne de la princesse Patricia.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit une attaque où deux tranchées ennemies furent capturées, et fit preuve d'une grande énergie, et dans l'attaque et dans la consolidation de la position remportée.

Le major Roscoe Vanderwater, infanterie.

Pour bravour remarquable au feu. Il commanda la colonne d'attaque avec grande énergie, garda et consolida la tranchée capturée. Il surveilla en personne le creusage des nouvelles tranchées de communication. En d'autres occasions, il s'est montré très utile.

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le ROI de conférer aux officiers et sous-officiers, à brevet ci-dessous mentionnés la Croix Militaire en récompense de leur bravoure et de leur dévouement en campagne:—

TROUPES CANADIENNES.

Le lieutenant John Baber Aitkens, artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il établit et réussit à maintenir les communications sous un bombardement intense, montrant un courage inébranlable et un grand esprit d'initiative tout le temps.

Le lieutenant Norman Alexander, infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste en campagne. Il amena en avant une équipe sous un bombardement intense pour creuser une tranchée qui fut d'une grande utilité pour le bataillon. En une autre occasion, il prit le commandement d'une compagnie qui avait perdu tous ses officiers, et consolida une tranchée nouvellement prise malgré des conditions très difficiles.

Le lieutenant Frank Charles Chamberlain Badgley, artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Comme agent de liaison, il établit et maintint les communications sous un feu très vif, montrant beaucoup de courage et d'habileté, et expédiant des messages très utiles et importants.

Le lieutenant William Falconer Battersby, service de mitrailleuses.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il manœuvra au combat huit mitrailleuses avec beaucoup de courage et de dextérité, causant à l'ennemi plusieurs pertes parmi les servants de deux batteries de campagne.

Le lieutenant Alexander Clarence Bowles, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il commanda deux mitrailleuses à découvert avec beaucoup de courage et d'opiniâtreté, repoussant deux attaques aux grenades. Plus tard, il repoussa une forte attaque faite par 600 à 800 ennemis, et lui-même en tua deux avec la crosse d'une carabine.

Le lieutenant Bruce Campbell, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il dirigea une équipe de bombardiers avec beaucoup de courage et de constance. Bien que blessé, il vint en contact avec les troupes placées à sa droite, et apporta une provision de bombes et une mitrailleuse sous une fusillade intense. Plus tard, il organisa une équipe pour évacuer les blessés. Il donna tout le temps un exemple magnifique de sang-froid et d'ingéniosité.

Le lieutenant Harold Montgomery Campbell, régiment de cavalerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il commanda ses troupes sous une très vive fusillade avec beaucoup de courage et d'habileté, et obtint des renseignements très précieux.

Le lieutenant Charles Molyneaux Galbert, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes à l'attaque avec une grande audace. Plus tard, il prit le commandement de la compagnie et montra beaucoup de courage et de fermeté. Il contribua puissamment au succès de l'action.

Le lieutenant Wilfrid Henry Carling, infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste au feu. Il conduisit une reconnaissance sous une fusillage intense avec beaucoup de courage et de fermeté, recueillant de précieux renseignements.

Le lieutenant Henry Joseph Chaballe, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes à la capture d'une position de l'ennemi, organisa ensuite la défense et réussit à se maintenir malgré treize contre-attaques successives, montrant par là beaucoup de courage et d'ingéniosité. Plus tard, bien que blessé, il resta à son poste d'action.

Le lieutenant (capitaine suppléant) Thomas Roy Coleman, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit et commanda sa compagnie avec beaucoup de courage et d'habileté, et garda une position qui fut l'objet de furieuses attaques. Plus tard, il conduisit ses hommes jusqu'à l'objectif désigné.

Le lieutenant William Kennedy Commins, infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste durant une patrouille. Il conduisit le parti d'attaque et fit preuve d'une grande vigueur, capturant deux prisonniers et tuant douze ennemis. Finalement, il ramena son parti à nos tranchées sans pertes sérieuses.

Le capitaine Kenneth Edgar Cooke, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement dans l'accomplissement de ses devoirs. Il prit soin des blessés pendant deux jours et deux nuits, sous une fusillade intense, avec grande bravoure et une habileté consommée.

Le lieutenant James Davies, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit un parti de bombardiers avec beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Il donna l'exemple d'une grande bravoure et de beaucoup de jugement.

Le lieutenant Arthur Granville de Young, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il prit le commandement de sa compagnie et la conduisit avec beaucoup de courage et d'esprit d'initiative. Plus tard, bien que blessé deux fois gravement, il resta à son poste et contribua beaucoup à repousser la contre-attaque de l'ennemi.

Le lieutenant John Richie Donnan, génie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et service effectif. Avec son équipe, il travailla nuit et jour sur un tronçon de route allant vers le front, souvent sous une canonnade intense. Il travailla continuellement avec ses hommes pendant plusieurs jours sans prendre de repos, et réussit à terminer son travail.

Le lieutenant Le Neve Dove, infanterie légère canadienne de la princesse Patricia.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Tout seul, il s'élança en avant de ses hommes, baïonnette au fusil, et contraignit cinquante ennemis à se rendre. Il a montré beaucoup de courage et d'esprit d'initiative.

Le lieutenant Elzéar Alexandre Dupuis, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes à l'attaque avec un courage extraordinaire et une énergie entraînante. Plus tard, il prit le commandement de sa compagnie, organisa solidement la défense et repoussa victorieusement de nombreuses contre-attaques. Bien que blessé, il est resté à son poste de gloire et de péril.

Le lieutenant Philip Earnshaw, génie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il établit et entretint les communications pendant toutes les opérations, sous une fusillade très forte, montrant beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Il a donné un splendide exemple à ses hommes.

Le capitaine John Edwards, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il manœuvra ses mitrailleuses avec une grande dextérité et beaucoup d'énergie. Il fit une reconnaissance précieuse et fut blessé.

Le lieutenant Gordon Elliott, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il a maintenu intactes les communications, sous une fusillade très intense. Il travailla sans cesse pendant deux jours et deux nuits avec un grand courage et beaucoup d'énergie.

Le capitaine Royal Lindsay Hamilton Ewing, infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste au feu. Il fit plusieurs voyages au front et à la ligne de soutien sous une fusillade très forte, pour assurer l'exécution immédiate des ordres. Plus tard, il trouva moyen d'évacuer les blessés et de ravitailler le front. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'esprit d'initiative.

Le lieutenant Norton Ferris, régiment de cavalerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement à son devoir. Avec un parti de brancardiers, il a montré un courage magnifique et un mépris superbe du danger en face du feu très nourri de l'ennemi. Il a donné à ses hommes un bel exemple.

Le lieutenant William Kenneth Fraser, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il repoussa avec la plus grande bravoure une attaque ennemi au moyen de bombes. Il amena ensuite son peloton en avant et captura les tranchées de l'ennemi, montrant tout le temps un sang-froid extraordinaire.

Le lieutenant Charles Fontaine, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes à l'attaque avec un grand courage et une vigueur manifeste. Plus tard, il prit le

commandement de sa compagnie, captura une tranchée, et s'y maintint en dépit de nombreuses contre-attaques. Il a donné un exemple magnifique à ses hommes.

Le lieutenant Switzer Garner Freeborn, artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il manœuvra son canon, exposé à une fusillage très intense, avec un grand courage et beaucoup de dextérité, aidant puissamment l'infanterie à localiser et démolir les mitrailleuses ennemies.

Le lieutenant John Ernest Genet, génie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il surveilla et dirigea en personne et avec succès toutes les communications par signaux faits vers l'arrière; il a montré une grande habileté et beaucoup d'énergie, surmontant de grandes difficultés et travaillant en dépit de bombardements continuels.

Le lieutenant George Gidley, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il aida courageusement à disperser une attaque de bombes de la part de l'ennemi. Plus tard, avec beaucoup de courage et d'habileté, il conduisit son peloton vers l'objectif désigné dans l'attaque.

Le lieutenant Charles Green, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il repoussa deux contre-attaques ennemies avec ses mitrailleuses, montrant beaucoup de courage et de discernement.

Le lieutenant Lazenby Greenlay, régiment de cavalerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement au devoir. A la tête de ses brancardiers, il fut tout le temps, par sa bravoure et son abnégation, un exemple et un modèle pour ses hommes sous les plus vives fusillades.

Le lieutenant Charles Greffard, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit son peloton à l'attaque jusqu'à ce qu'il fut partiellement enterré pendant plusieurs heures. Plus tard, bien que blessé, il continua le combat, organisant heureusement la résistance pour repousser de nombreuses contre-attaques. Il a montré tout le temps un courage inébranlable et beaucoup de jugement.

Le lieutenant Almond M. Grimmett, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Le commandant de sa compagnie étant tombé, il rallia ses hommes, et creusa une tranchée dans la zone de feu avec beaucoup d'habileté et d'énergie, malgré de grandes difficultés et des pertes sévères.

Le capitaine (major temporaire) Harry John Hall, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il garda sa partie de la ligne sous un feu intense pendant trois jours, montrant tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'initiative. Il avait auparavant rendu de bons services.

Le lieutenant James Arlon Hamilton, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Après avoir été presque enseveli par un obus, et souffrant de plusieurs fractures de côtes, il continua quand même à commander la ligne, et par son bon exemple, il soutint le courage de ses hommes jusqu'à ce qu'un autre obus l'eut jeté sans connaissance.

Le lieutenant William Hoey, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit une attaque aux grenades avec beaucoup de courage et d'énergie, permettant par là à son bataillon de garder son flanc gauche. Plus tard, bien que blessé, il resta à son poste et refusa de laisser la tranchée.

Le lieutenant Frank Hamilton Hunter, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit sa compagnie, avec beaucoup de bravoure, à la capture d'une forte position ennemie. Plus tard, sous une fusillade intense, il captura une tranchée ennemie grâce à son courage et son énergie.

Le lieutenant Harry Hutchison, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que blessé, il commanda sa compagnie avec beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Plus tard, il aida beaucoup à la capture d'une tranchée ennemie. Il fut blessé de nouveau, mais resta à son poste jusqu'à ce qu'il reçut l'ordre de se retirer à l'arrière.

Le capitaine Brown Jeffs, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement à son devoir. Bien que blessé lui-même il prit soin des blessés, sous une fusillade très vive, avec beaucoup de courage et de fermeté. Plus tard, blessé de nouveau, il resta à son poste jusqu'à la relève suivante.

Le lieutenant Robert Lawrence Junkin, génie.

Pour bravoure manifeste en campagne. Il a construit une forte redoute de jour sous une vive fusillade et des circonstances difficiles. En une autre occasion, il posa des fils le long du front alors que l'ennemi n'était qu'à 60 verges. Il accomplit aussi d'autres devoirs utiles sous le feu.

Le lieutenant Cornelius James Keller, infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste au cours d'une patrouille. Il parti en avant de ses hommes et, rencontrant un parti de quatre ennemis, il fit l'un d'eux prisonnier et en abattit deux autres. Son parti en abattit neuf autres dans les tranchées, un grand nombre d'autres dans les boyaux de communication et ramena dix prisonniers. Lui-même fut blessé.

Le capitaine Herbert D'Olier, Kingston, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Lorsque l'ennemi attaqua son flanc droit, il organisa et se mit à la tête d'un parti de bombardiers, puis repoussa l'ennemi. Plus tard, avec une main emportée et des blessures graves aux jambes, il refusa de laisser ses hommes avant qu'ils eussent atteint leur objectif. Il avait auparavant pris part à des mouvements importants.

Le lieutenant Arthur George D. Kittson, artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable en campagne. Il fut envoyé en avant comme officier d'artillerie de campagne après la perte antérieure de deux autres officiers. Il suivit la marche en avant de l'infanterie et réussit à établir des communications téléphoniques avec les quartiers. Il alla ensuite en

avant avec un corps d'infanterie armé de grenades pour faire une reconnaissance très précieuse, exposé constamment au feu des mitrailleuses et des carabines.

Le lieutenant Ernest Robert Vivian Lloyd, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Après que les officiers de sa compagnie eussent été mis hors de combat, il commanda la compagnie avec beaucoup de courage et de fermeté Il donna un bel exemple d'initiative et de sang-froid.

Le lieutenant Samuel Parkinson Lough, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il était à la tête d'un parti de brancardiers et a surveillé en personne le travail d'évacuation des blessés, exposé à une fusillade intense pendant 10 heures. Il a toujours été un exemple de courage et d'ingéniosité.

Le capitaine (major temporaire) James Henry Lovett, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit sa compagnie comme soutien d'une autre unité, et réorganisa la ligne, montrant tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Plus tard, il rejeta au moyen de bombes un parti d'ennemis hors de leur tranchées, et forma une nouvelle ligne solide en ce point. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

Le capitaine William Morgan Macaw, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes à l'attaque, et atteignit son objectif. Plus tard, il prit le commandement de la ligne, organisa la défense et réussit à se maintenir. Il a donné un exemple magnifique de courage et d'ingéniosité.

Le lieutenant John Angus MacDonald, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable en dirigeant une patrouille. Il descendit dans la tranchée ennemie, renversant tous les opposants et abattant cinq ennemis dans la tranchée et d'autres dans les boyaux. Il rapporta des renseignements précieux.

Le capitaine Duncan Eberts MacIntyre, O.S.D., infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il alla en avant sous une fusillade très intense pour examiner la situation, montrant beaucoup de courage et de fermeté, et recueillant des renseignements très importants.

Le lieutenant Herbert Robins Mackay, infanterie.

Pour bravoure au feu. Il réussit à opérer la liaison avec la moitié droite de sa compagnie sous un feu très violent, montrant beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Plus tard, il fit une reconnaissance très utile.

Le lieutenant John Kennedy Matheson, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes à l'attaque avec une bravoure manifeste. Plus tard, il conduisit en avant une escouade de couverture et captura vingt prisonniers. Il a tout le temps donné un bel exemple.

Le lieutenant Guy L. Matheson, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il prit le commandement de sa compagnie et sut la conduire avec beaucoup de courage et de fermeté. Plus tard, il prit le commandement d'une autre compagnie. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de sang-froid et d'habileté et a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

Le lieutenant Samuel James Mathewson, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes à l'attaque avec une grande bravoure. Plus tard, il dirigea une autre attaque avec habileté et énergie, après avoir ramené plusieurs blessés. Il a donné un bel exemple.

Le lieutenant William Sinclair McClinton, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit un parti de bombardiers dans une tranchée ennemie avec beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Il fit preuve tout le temps d'une grande bravoure et donna un exemple splendide.

Le lieutenant Godfrey Alistel McCullogh, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que blessé, il resta à son poste. Plus tard, ayant été enterré par l'explosion d'un obus, on lui ordonna d'aller se faire panser au poste; il s'y rendit malgré une fusillade très intense apportant un message au poste. Il a toujours montré beaucoup de courage et de dévouement à son devoir.

Le révérend Arthur Huffman McGreer, chapelain.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement à son devoir. Il prit soin des blessés sous une fusillade intense avec beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Plus tard, il organisa des équipes de brancardiers, et rendit de grands services au cours de l'évacuation des blessés.

Le lieutenant William Hamilton McMurray, génie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il réussit à maintenir intactes les liaisons de la ligne du front pendant une attaque réussie et le bombardement subséquent de l'ennemi. Il fut exposé à un feu violent, et alors que la plupart de ses hommes furent mis hors de combat il travailla lui-même à l'entretien des lignes avec un complet mépris du danger.

Le lieutenant Ogilvie McMurtry, artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il rétablit et entretint les communications sous une fusillade intense avec beaucoup de courage et de dextérité, expédiant vers l'arrière des renseignements très précieux.

Le lieutenant Angus Urquhart Meiklé, artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il manœuvra son canon avec beaucoup de courage et de dextérité dans les circonstances les plus difficiles et sous un bombardement intense.

Le lieutenant John Millington, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que blessé, il persista à aller de l'avant avec une patrouille, et malgré une seconde blessure il resta à son poste jusqu'à ce que la patrouille eut atteint son objectif.

Le capitaine Victor Henry Kingsley Moorhouse, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement au devoir. Il prit soin des blessés sous une fusillade

intense, montrant tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'énergie.

Le lieutenant William Hugoe Morris, infanterie légère canadienne de la princesse Patricia.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il fit une reconnaissance très utile. Plus tard, en grand danger pour lui-même, il fit plusieurs tournées sur toute la ligne malgré une fusillage intense.

Le lieutenant George Murray, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il effectua une relève de jour sous un feu épouvantable avec beaucoup de courage et d'ingéniosité. Plus tard, il organisa une contre-attaque, et réussit à repousser l'ennemi. Bien que l'unité de relève fût arrivée, il demeura à son poste pendant cinq autres heures.

Le capitaine Arthur Chilcott Nation, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses compagnons en avant pour relever une compagnie d'une autre unité sous le coup d'une attaque furieuse, écrasant l'ennemi et montrant beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Plus tard, il fit une reconnaissance audacieuse à découvert.

Le capitaine Thomas Francis O'Hagan, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement au devoir. Il sauva un officier blessé et cinq hommes sous un feu très violent. Plus tard, il prit soin des blessés dans un poste de pansement avancé sous un feu violent. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'énergie.

Le lieutenant Allen Oliver, 26e batterie d'artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il manœuvra son canon sous un feu intense avec beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

Le capitaine Kenneth Lawrence Patton, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes à l'attaque, et bien que blessé gravement en quatre endroits, il continua à diriger ses hommes, à les maintenir et les encourager par son exemple, jusqu'à ce qu'il tomba par faiblesse due à ses blessures.

Le lieutenant Ronald Wilfrid Pearson, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Lorsque les officiers de sa compagnie furent hors de combat, il prit le commandement et montra beaucoup de courage et d'habileté. Son sang-froid et sa bravoure personnelle ont beaucoup encouragé ses hommes. Il fit une reconnaissance très utile sur un terrain à découvert et balayé par les balles avec beaucoup d'habileté et de détermination.

Le capitaine (maintenant major) Henry Edward Pense, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit sa compagnie à l'attaque avec beaucoup de courage et de fermeté, et bien que blessé, il aida beaucoup par son sang-froid et son exemple au succès de l'opération.

Le lieutenant Claude Savery Pote, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il rallia ses hommes avec beaucoup de courage et d'énergie, et réussit à repousser l'attaque de l'ennemi. Il fut sérieusement blessé, mais resta à son poste.

Le capitaine Vernon Harcourt de Butts Powell, artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il fit une reconnaissance audacieuse sous un feu très intense, rapportant des renseignements très précieux et montrant tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'habileté.

Le lieutenant Robert Alexander Makolm Douglas Ramsay, artillerie.

Pour bravoure manifeste à la tête d'une patrouille. Il abattit plusieurs ennemis avec son revolver. Il revint le dernier et rapporta un officier blessé jusqu'à ce qu'il fut lui-même blessé par une bombe.

Le lieutenant Charles Edward Reynolds, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il fit preuve de beaucoup d'initiative et de courage en organisant et dirigeant des équipes de ravitaillement sous un bombardement intense. Il resta à son poste malgré une blessure, et un de ses hommes ayant été enterré par l'explosion d'un obus, il le déterra et l'amena au poste d'abri.

Le capitaine (major temporaire) Charles Frederick Ritchie, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit sa compagnie à l'attaque avec beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Plus tard, il conduisit encore sa compagnie vers l'objectif désigné, captura et consolida la position. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

Le lieutenant Frederick Avery Ritchie, génie.

Pour bravoure remarquable en campagne. Il établit les communications téléphoniques entre les quartiers de deux bataillons sous un bombardement intense et dans des circonstances bien difficiles, travaillant personnellement à l'entretien de la ligne. Il a aussi rendu d'autres services utiles.

Le lieutenant Guy Burland Roberts, infanterie.

Pour bravoure manifeste au feu. Il établit des postes en faisant une reconnaissance et plaça lui-même ses hommes, traversant une zone balayée par les projectiles de l'ennemi large de 250 verges en trois fois. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'initiative.

Le capitaine George Robinson, régiment de cavalerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement à son devoir. Avec une équipe de brancardiers, il a montré beaucoup de courage et d'abnégation sous un feu très nourri. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

Le capitaine Williams Thomas Rogers, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes en tenant des tranchées sous un feu constant pendant quatre jours. Plus tard, il prit le commandement de sa compagnie, montrant beaucoup de courage et d'habileté.

Le lieutenant Harry Leonard Nowell Salmon, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit ses hommes au feu avec beaucoup de courage,

et bien que gravement blessé, il continua de les diriger jusqu'à ce qu'ils fussent arrivés à leur objectif. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

Le lieutenant George Herbert Scott ,infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit une patrouille avec beaucoup d'habileté et d'énergie, prenant un poste de l'ennemi. Il garda sa position tout le jour malgré un bombardement intense.

Le lieutenant Alexander George Edwin Smith, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il s'avança avec un parti de bombardiers et captura une tranchée de l'ennemi et cinquante prisonniers, montrant tout le temps un courage très marqué. Il fut enterré deux fois par des obus, mais se cramponna à son poste.

Le lieutenant George Malcolm Smith, infanterie légère de la princesse Patricia.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il manœuvra sa mitrailleuse avec beaucoup de dextérité et de courage. Il donna un exemple magnifique à ses hommes, et contribua beaucoup au succès de l'opération.

Le lieutenant Albert Edward Spendlove, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il manœvra ses mitrailleuses avec beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Plus tard, malgré une blessure, il conduisit un parti de recherche pour trouver un officier blessé.

Le lieutenant Denis Stairs, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que sévèrement blessé il resta à son poste encore douze heures, et manœuvra ses mitrailleuses avec une grande bravoure et beaucoup de détermination. Il a donné un exemple splendide à ses hommes.

Le lieutenant Ralph Lee Alexander Strathy, artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il était dans un avant-poste alors que l'ennemi attaqua la tranchée avec des bombes. Il prit le commandement de l'infanterie des environs, et tua lui-même trois ennemis avec son revolver. Il fut blessé par une bombe, et ses trois téléphonistes furent tués, mais il réussit à se rendre en arrière vers les renforts et donner l'alarme. Il allait retourner en avant, mais on le garda à cause de ses blessures.

Le lieutenant James Cecil Stuart, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il prit le commandement de sa compagnie, repoussa une contre-attaque, abattant lui-même dix des ennemis, et montrant beaucoup de courage et d'initiative. Plus tard, il rendit des services très précieux en débarrassant un village.

Le lieutenant Hugh Harding Sykes, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il garda une section de tranchée et repoussa une attaque aux grenades avec beaucoup de courage et de fermeté. Plus tard, il amena bravement son peloton en avant, et captura une tranchée ennemie. Il fut gravement blessé.

Le capitaine Alex. Harold Taylor, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement au devoir. Il prit soin des blessés sous une fusillade intense avec beaucoup de courage et d'habileté. Il avait fait preuve dans plusieurs circonstances antérieures d'une grande bravoure.

Le lieutenant David Frederick Jack Toole, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il prit le commandement de deux compagnies avec beaucoup d'habileté et de détermination. Il a montré tout le temps un sang-froid marqué et beaucoup d'esprit d'initiative.

Le lieutenant Francis Michael Tordiffe, infanterie.

Il conduisit un parti à l'attaque à 250 verges au delà de la tranchée capturée pour établir un avant-poste. Il a montré beaucoup de courage et d'initiative tout le temps, et a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

Le lieutenant Victor Gordon Tupper, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conserva intactes les communications par signaux sous un bombardement intense. Plus tard, il surveilla personnellement la réparation des fils endommagés, montrant beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Il avait auparavant rendu de grands services.

Le capitaine Arthur Leslie Walker, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il fit des reconnaissances sous des fusillades très nourries avec beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Plus tard, il fit une reconnaissance personnelle de la plus haute valeur.

Le lieutenant Roderick McKenzie Watt, artillerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Comme officier d'artillerie de campagne, il alla en avant et reconnut la position, relevant plusieurs blessés. Plus tard, il retourna passant à travers un feu de barrage de l'ennemi, et resta avec l'infanterie sur la ligne du front.

Le capitaine Wilfred Ormonde White, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable en campagne. Il a donné un bel exemple pendant tout le temps d'un bombardement très intense, pansant les blessures de plusieurs hommes, et déterrant ceux qui avaient été enterrés par les explosions d'obus. Comme adjudant, il a toujours aidé de la manière la plus efficace son officier commandant et a montré beaucoup de sang-froid et de courage.

Le capitaine William Lawrence Whittemore, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure manifeste et dévouement au devoir. Bien que blessé, il continua son travail avec beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Il avait dans d'autres occasions montré beaucoup de bravoure.

Le lieutenant Ralph Willcock, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit son peloton à l'attaque avec beaucoup de courage. Plus tard, il accomplit une patrouille très audacieuse avec beaucoup d'habileté et de détermination, faisant un rapport très utile.

Le lieutenant William Hodder Williams, infanterie légère canadienne de la princesse Patricia.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que blessé, il continua à conduire ses hommes à l'attaque, et après une nouvelle blessure, il persista à commander ses hommes jusqu'à ce que la position fut consolidée. Il a montré tout le temps une grande bravoure.

Le lieutenant Arthur Patrick Wilson, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable en campagne. Il commanda son peloton avec beaucoup de sang-froid et d'habileté tout le temps d'un fort bombardement, envoyant continuellement des messages importants contenant des renseignements pris en dépit de forts risques personnels. Le matin suivant, il devint aveugle temporairement, et l'on put avec peine le décider de laisser la tranchée.

Le capitaine Basil George Wolfe-Merton, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il approvisionna d'une manière continue les bataillons de munitions et fournitures, sous les circonstances les plus difficiles et avec beaucoup d'habileté et d'énergie. Son courage et son habileté ont aidé puissamment les colonnes chargées de l'assaut.

Le lieutenant Linton Blair Yule, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit en avant une patrouille avec beaucoup d'habileté et de détermination. Il revint à ses positions dans le jour, montrant beaucoup de courage malgré un feu d'artillerie très intense.

79100. Le sergent-major de compagnie Gustave Lawson, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Après la chute de tous les officiers de sa compagnie, il prit le commandement et consolida le terrain capturé, faisant preuve de beaucoup de courage et d'une grande habileté.

79186. Le sergent-major de compagnie John Smith Park, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Après la chute de tous les officiers de sa compagnie, il prit le commandement et consolida le terrain capturé, montrant beaucoup de courage et d'habileté.

71051. Le sergent-major Ernest B. Underwood, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il organisa et accompagna les équipes de ravitaillement à la ligne du front sous un bombardement intense avec beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Grâce à l'exemple splendide qu'il a donné et à son mépris du danger, le front a été continuellement approvisionné.

432178. Le sergent-major Nicholas Walsh, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il remplit les fonctions d'adjudant avec beaucoup de courage et d'efficacité. Bien que gravement blessé, il persista à rester à son poste. Il a donné un bel exemple.

LES personnes mentionnées ci-après ont mérité d'ajouter une agrafe à leur Croix militaire pour actes subséquents de bravoure remarquable:—

Le lieutenant James Creswell Auld, C.M., artillerie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Comme officier observateur, il accomplit son devoir sous une fusillade très intense avec beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Plus tard, bien que deux fois enterré il persista à rester au poste et rendit des services très précieux par ses renseignements. (Il avait mérité la Croix militaire d'après la *London Gazette* du 27 juillet 1916; voir la *Gazette du Canada* du 26 août 1916, page 641.)

Le capitaine John Arthur Cullum, C.M., service de santé de l'armée canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il s'occupa de l'évacuation des blessés sous une fusillade très intense avec beaucoup de courage et d'habileté, et au grand risque d'être tué. (La Croix militaire lui a été accordée d'après la *London Gazette* du 27 juillet 1916; voir la *Gazette du Canada* du 26 août 1916, p. 641.)

Le capitaine (major temporaire) Albert Peter Miller, C.M., infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que gravement blessé, il conduisit sa compagnie vers son objectif, et y resta jusqu'à ce que le travail de consolidation fut bien organisé. Il a donné un bel exemple. (Il a reçu la Croix militaire d'après la *London Gazette* du 27 juillet 1916; voir la *Gazette du Canada* du 26 août 1916.)

IL a gracieusement plu à Sa Majesté le ROI d'approuver que la Médaille pour Conduite distinguée soit accordée aux officiers, sous-officiers et soldats ci-dessous mentionnés pour leurs actes de bravoure et de dévouement en campagne:—

TROUPES CANADIENES.

24576. Le sergent-major de compagnie C. A. Bullock, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il organisa le service de ravitaillement en munitions et le dirigea dans tout son secteur. Plus tard, il conduisit un parti de renfort sur le flanc gauche afin de repousser une attaque de l'ennemi. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'esprit d'initiative.

53659. Le soldat R. H. Burgess, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et ingéniosité manifeste en campagne. Lorsque, par suite des pertes, les servants de quelques mitrailleuses se trouvèrent sans escorte, le soldat Burgess, malgré une blessure, organisa une escorte de bombardiers, et prit le commandement jusqu'à ce qu'il fût blessé sérieusement une seconde fois.

8641. Le sergent G. Burns, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que blessé, il manœuvra sa mitrailleuse avec beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Plus tard, il repoussa des attaques répétées au moyen de bombes par lesquelles l'ennemi s'efforçait de la déloger.

61095. Le caporal suppléant J. R. Casgrain, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Pendant cinq jours, il resta à la tête du poste de pansement, et travailla jour et nuit pour les blessés, puis deux autres jours après que le bataillon fut relevé, afin de voir à ce que les blessés fussent évacués convenablement. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'habileté.

55806. Le sous-caporal S. F. Cole, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dextérité manifeste au feu. Pendant deux jours, le sous-caporal Cole commanda son peloton, tous les sous-officiers ayant été mis hors de combat, avec un courage et une acuité de jugement extraordinaire, et dans l'attaque finale, il conduisit la compagnie vers l'objectif, où il aida puissamment à parfaire les travaux de consolidation.

1242. Le soldat R. S. Collin, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement au devoir. Le soldat Collin, avec l'aide d'un autre homme, s'avança sous un bombardement violent pour relever les blessés dans une tranchée abandonnée, et dont plusieurs étaient là depuis deux jours; après les avoir tous pansés, ils les amenèrent en lieu sûr.

23117. Le sergent P. H. Crockett, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que blessé, il prit le commandement de son peloton et dirigea ses hommes avec beaucoup de courage et d'initiative. Il a donné un exemple splendide de sang-froid et d'habileté.

477230. Le soldat J. Dawson, régiment royal canadien.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement au devoir en prenant soin des blessés sous une fusillade très intense. Pendant plus de 50 heures, le soldat Dawson, sans cesse, pansa et porta les blessés de la ligne et de la zone de feu, et avant de tomber, il a sauvé plus de cent hommes. Son courage et son énergie méritent les plus grands éloges.

65276. Le sergent J. Donohoe, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit un parti contre l'ennemi avec beaucoup de courage et d'initiative. Plus tard, il établit deux postes munis de bombes et installa une mitrailleuse, repoussant ainsi une contre-attaque de l'ennemi. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

24251. Le sergent F. T. Fraser, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que gravement blessé, il resta à son poste sous une fusillade intense, dirigeant ses hommes avec beaucoup de courage et d'initiative. En d'autres occasions, il a rendu de grands services.

475852. Le sous-caporal W. E. French, infanterie légère canadienne de la princesse Patricia.

Pour bravoure et dévouement manifestes durant une attaque. Une mitrailleuse Lewis étant devenue muette par suite de la perte de ses servants, le sous-caporal French, malgré sa blessure, s'offrit pour la manœuvrer. Pour cela, il fut nécessaire de le soutenir à son poste, et c'est ainsi qu'il put infliger des pertes sérieuses à l'ennemi et rendre de grands services à ses camarades.

74039. Le soldat F. G. Frost, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement au devoir. Il prit soin des blessés sous une fusillade très intense, montrant beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Il a donné un bel exemple.

61580. Le sergent-major O. Gauthier, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement au devoir. Il resta pendant deux jours après que le bataillon fut relevé, prenant soin et évacuant les blessés. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'habileté.

434772. Le soldat R. Gwynn, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement au devoir en campagne, alors qu'il alla panser les blessés dans les postes avancés, et surveilla ensuite leur évacuation. Il continua à accomplir ces devoirs pendant 60 heures consécutives et cela à découvert et pendant une fusillade très intense.

72038. Le caporal A. P. Hancock, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il monta sa mitrailleuse tout près de la ligne du front, et arrêta les contre-attaques de l'ennemi. Plus tard, avec un petit parti, il avança sur la mitrailleuse de l'ennemi qu'il avait localisée, et la captura avec beaucoup d'habileté et de détermination.

57552. Le sergent major de compagnie C. L. Heather, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable dans une attaque, alors que, par son sang-froid et sa bravoure, il anima puissamment les hommes de sa compagnie, et leur succès en atteignant et gardant leur objectif final fut principalement dû à son noble exemple et à son influence personnelle.

75059. Le caporal J. Holloway, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Avec un autre homme, il rampa sous le feu, tua un officier et deux hommes qui manœuvraient une mitrailleuse. Plus tard, ils se précipitèrent sur la mitrailleuse, firent prisonniers quatre des servants et la capturèrent.

67864. Le sergent G. Hulme, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il se précipita de lui-même sur sept ennemis, en tua un, captura l'officier et les cinq autres hommes. Plus tard, bien que gravement blessé, il resta à son poste. Il montra tout le temps beaucoup de courage et de détermination.

73616. Le sergent J. Irwin, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Lorsque les officiers de sa compagnie furent mis hors de combat, il prit le commandement avec une grande habileté. Plus tard, il fit une reconnaissance du front sous un feu très intense, et ensuite consolida sa position avec une habileté marquée et beaucoup de courage.

73103. Le sergent T. W. Laybourne, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Malgré sa blessure, il conduisit son peloton, et lorsque l'on demanda des volontaires pour une attaque très dangereuse, il s'offrit immédiatement et fit partie de l'escouade, rendant de grands services.

65553. Le soldat L. B. Le Boutillier, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il fit une reconnaissance sous une fusillade très intense et rapporta des renseignements excessivement précieux. Plus tard, il sauva un blessé et fit plusieurs reconnaissances pleines d'audace, et apporta aussi des bombes et des munitions à la ligne du front. Il fit preuve tout le temps de beaucoup de courage et de détermination.

73677. Le soldat S. MacDonald, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Après la chute des sous-officiers de sa section, il prit le commandement et en remplit les devoirs sous un feu écrasant. Plus tard, il prit encore le commandement de sa section et protégea le flanc du bataillon avec beaucoup d'habileté et d'énergie jusqu'à ce qu'il fut gravement blessé.

63632. Le soldat E. J. McMahon, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que blessé, il se cramponna à son poste. Plus tard, il apporta des bombes à la ligne du front et agit comme brancardier, montrant tout le temps beaucoup de courage et de détermination.

80265. Le sergent J. W. Muncaster, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il conduisit une escouade avancée avec beaucoup d'habileté et de fermeté. Il aida beaucoup l'officier commandant des divers services par sa conduite calme et son jugement sûr.

A/11085. Le sous-caporal (caporal suppléant) A. F. Neatby, infanterie légère canadienne de la princesse Patricia.

Pour bravoure remarquable durant une attaque et dextérité dans la manœuvre de mitrailleuses Lewis. Isolé avec son détachement du reste de sa compagnie, le caporal suppléant Neatby guida ses hommes sur un terrain inconnu et exposé à un bombardement intense sur une longueur de près de 1,000 verges, plaça ses mitrailleuses dans des trous d'obus, commandant la tranchée de l'ennemi ainsi que le terrain situé en arrière, et resta là pendant 20 heures jusqu'à ce que finalement la tranchée fut prise.

53947. Le soldat J. Nelson, bataillon d'infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Lorsque son officier et les sous-officiers furent mis hors de combat, le soldat Nelson prit charge de ses sections de mitrailleuses Lewis et les plaça adroitement en position avancée sur la ligne capturée. Il montra beaucoup de sang-froid et de courage durant toutes les opérations.

A/36357. Le soldat D. O'Grady, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Alors que son officier, le mortier et tous les servants furent enterrés, il déterra le mortier et les deux hommes, puis remit le mortier en action. Il le garda ainsi pendant trente-trois heures, faisant preuve de beaucoup de courage et de détermination.

418010. Le soldat C. A. Owston, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable et dévouement au devoir. Il releva des blessés et en prit soin sous une fusillade très nourrie, montrant le plus grand courage. Plus tard, quand le bataillon fut relevé, il resta à son poste pour s'assurer de l'évacuation rapide des blessés.

68048. Le soldat C. Parsons, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. En portant une dépêche, il rencontra onze ennemis, en tua deux et fit le reste prisonniers. Plus tard, bien que blessé gravement, il continua à porter des dépêches. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'initiative

79873. Le sergent J. A. Profit, infanterie.

Pour bravoure et habileté remarquables au feu. Un officier mitrailleur fut blessé et le commandement de la section revint au sergent Profit. Il montra une grande bravoure et une dextérité d'exécution manifeste, ramenant toutes ses mitrailleuses en sûrcté et capturant une mitrailleuse de l'ennemi. Il montra aussi beaucoup de sang-froid et de courage en portant des blessés en sûreté sur un espace de plus de 150 verges malgré un feu très nourri.

75224. Le soldat P. A. Pumphrey, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Avec un autre homme, il rampa sous le feu, tua un officier et deux hommes qui manœvraient une mitrailleuse. Plus tard ils se précipitèrent sur la mitrailleuse, firent prisonniers quatre des servants et la capturèrent.

18679. Le sergent G. H. Reynolds, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il prit le commandement de son peloton et conduisit ses hommes tout le temps avec beaucoup de courage et d'initiative.

418794. Le sergent G. T. Riddell, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Bien que gravement blessé, il conduisit ses hommes avec beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Plus tard, il rendit des servicees très précieux en réorganisant la ligne. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

67456. Le sergent R. Roberts, infanterie.

Pour bravoure et dévouement remarquables au devoir. Il releva et prit soin des blessés sous une fusillade très intense, montrant tout le temps beaucoup de courage et de détermination.

8402. Le sergent-major de compagnie C. Romans, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il pansa les blessés et surveilla personnellement leur évacuation sous un feu très nourri. Il conduisit ses hommes avec beaucoup de courage et d'initiative, faisant lui-même un travail splendide comme bombardier. Plus tard, il porta un message important sous un violent feu de barrage. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

53610. Le sous-sergent C. E. Routley, infanterie.

Pour bravoure et habileté remarquables au feu. Après que tous les officiers et sous-officiers plus anciens furent tués ou blessés, le sous-sergent Routley prit le commandement de la compagnie, organisa le travail de consolidation de la position capturée, et par son courage il a soutenu grandement la valeur de ceux qui étaient avec lui.

55710. Le capiral W. R. Smith, infanterie.

Pour bravoure et dévouement remarquables au devoir. Malgré que sa main droite ait été emportée par un obus, le caporal Smith partit en avant avec son demi-peloton et refusa de laisser le commandement avant de consolider complètement la ligne.

22539. Le sergent-major de compagnie F. V. Spencer, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il prit le commandement de deux pelotons, et conserva une position des plus importantes pendant quatre jours sous un feu très nourri. Il avait rendu de brillants services dans des occasions antérieures.

254. Le sous-sergent W. Stanborough, infanterie légère canadienne de la princesse Patricia.

Pour bravoure remarquable pendant une attaque, alors que, sans hésitation et malgé le danger imminent, le sous-sergeent Stanborough vola au secours d'un officier qui s'était précipité sur un parti d'ennemis, et par là captura plusieurs prisonniers et prenant la position de l'ennemi sans perdre un seul homme.

73286. Le soldat R. L. Steven, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Comme guetteur, malgré une blessure grave, il continua à tirer sur l'ennemi et en abattit cinq. Plus tard, il prit part à l'assaut, pénétra dans la redoute de l'ennemi et, à lui seul, captura six prisonniers. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de courage et de détermination.

112135. Le sergent-major suppléant G. H. Stirrett, rég. de cavalerie.

Pour bravoure et dévouement remarquables au devoir. Il prit soin des blessés sous un feu très intense, montrant beaucoup de courage et d'énergie. Il a donné un bel exemple à ses hommes.

1939. Le sergent R. R. Tooley, régiment de cavalerie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Allant en patrouille, il a sauvé deux blessés sous une fusillade intense, montrant beaucoup de courage et de détermination. Plus tard, il partit à pied vers l'avant, et rapporta des renseignements précieux.

8271. Le soldat A. Warner, infanterie.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il sauva des blessés sous un feu intense. En une autre occasion, il rapporta une mitrailleuse dont les servants étaient hors de combat. Plus tard, il apporta des bombes et des munitions malgré un feu de barrage nourri. Il a montré tout le temps beaucoup de courage et d'initiative.

1783. Le sergent A. E. Wartman, service de santé de l'armée.

Pour bravoure et dévouement remarquables. A la tête de quatre équipes de brancardiers, le sergent Wartman alla plusieurs fois relever des blessés sous un bombardement intense, et ne cessa que lorsque lui-même fut gravemeent blessé.

LES personnes ci-après mentionnées ont mérité d'ajouter une agrafe à leur Médaille pour Conduite distinguée pour des actes de bravoure remarquable accomplis subséquemment:—

1220. Le soldat G. F. Clark, cavalerie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il montra beaucoup de fermeté et de bravoure dans des patrouilles. Plus tard, avec un caporal, il prit un officier ennemi et tua un soldat ennemi. Il a montré beaucoup de courage et d'initiative.

La médaille pour Conduite distinguée lui a été accordée d'après la *London Gazette* du 14 janvier 1916, page 615. Voir la *Gazette du Canada* en date du 12 février 1916, page 2595.

72037. Le sergent F. W. Haines, bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Il amena en avant ses mitrailleuses et les établit avec succès sous une fusillade très intense pour supporter la ligne du front. Il prit ensuite un parti de bombardiers qu'il amena contre une mitrailleuse ennemie avec beaucoup de courage et d'habileté. Ce fut grâce à son bel exemple et à son mépris du danger que toutes les mitrailleuses ont pu rester actives.

La médaille de Conduite distinguée lui a été accordée d'après la *London Gazette* du 27 juillet 1916, page 7448. Voir la *Gazette du Canada* du 26 août 1916, page 642.

169014. Le sergent O. B. Jones, bataillon d'infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable. Il a conduit une patrouille jusqu'aux lignes de l'ennemi et resta vingt heures à la recherche de renseignements. Avant de revenir, il jeta des bombes dans les tranchées de l'ennemi et sur un poste de mitrailleuses.

La médaille de Conduite distinguée lui a été accordée d'après la *London Gazette* du 19 août 1916, page 8247. Voir la *Gazette du Canada* du 16 septembre 1916, page 904.

71860. Le sergent-major de compagnie T. Patterson, infanterie canadienne.

Pour bravoure remarquable au feu. Etant resté seul pour commander la ligne du front, par son courage et son mépris profond du danger, il enflamma ses hommes et organisa la consolidation malgré des circonstances très difficiles et un bombardement très intense.

La médaille de Conduite distinguée lui a été accordée d'après la *London Gazette* du 3 juin 1916, page 5586. Voir la *Gazette du Canada* du 1er juillet 1916, page 3.

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ARRÊTÉS EN CONSEIL.

[Les quatre arrêtés en conseil suivants ont paru dans un *Extra de la* GAZETTE DU CANADA, daté *le 23 décembre 1916.*]

C.P. 3155.

HÔTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 22e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT:

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'empire et en vertu des dispositions de la Loi des mesures de guerre de 1914, de décréter et d'établir les ordres et règlements suivants concernant l'importation de marchandises d'origine ennemie, et les dits ordres et règlements sont par ces présentes établis et décrétés en conséquence:

Lorsque le Ministre des Douanes a raison de soupçonner que le pays d'origine de certaines marchandises importées au Canada est un pays

ennemi dans le sens des diverses proclamations concernant le trafic avec l'ennemi, ces articles peuvent être confisqués et, à moins de preuves au contraire, le pays d'origine de tels articles sera censé pays ennemi.

Tous les articles ainsi confisqués dont le pays d'origine n'est pas prouvé à la satisfaction du Ministre des Douanes être autre qu'un pays ennemi sont confiscables par la Couronne et seront détruits, ou il en sera autrement disposé de la manière que le Ministre des Douanes ordonnera.

Le pouvoir conféré par le présent décret de confisquer des articles qu'on soupçonne être d'origine ennemie s'applique aussi à tous articles que le Ministre des Douanes a raison de soupçonner avoir été importés en contravention de la Loi concernant le trafic avec l'ennemi.

Le présent décret s'applique à tous les articles actuellement séquestrés sous soupçon d'être d'origine ennemie, nonobstant qu'ils aient été séquestrés ou importés au Canada antérieurement à la date du présent décret.

Le présent arrêté en conseil sera promulgué par publication dans la *Gazette du Canada.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

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C.P. 3156.

HÔTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 22e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter que l'arrêté en conseil du 27 avril 1915 prohibant l'exportation de certains articles à diverses destinations soit par les présentes modifié en retranchant de la liste des articles dont l'exportation est prohibée à tous les ports étrangers d'Europe, de la Méditerranée et de la Mer Noire, autres que ceux de la France, de la Russie (sauf les ports de la Baltique), la Belgique, l'Espagne et le Portugal, les articles suivants, savoir:

Viandes en conserve et extraits de viande.

Vessies, enveloppes et peaux à saucisse.

Il plaît de plus au Gouverneur en conseil, sous l'empire et en vertu des dispositions des articles 242 et 291 de la Loi des douanes et de l'article 6 de la Loi des mesures de guerre de 1914, de décréter par ces présentes ce qui suit:

Est prohibée l'exportation des articles suivants à toutes destinations étrangères autres que le Royaume-Uni, les possessions et protectorats britanniques, savoir:

Chiffons de toile, ou de toile et d'autres substances combinées.

Le présent arrêté en conseil sera promulgué par publication dans la *Gazette du Canada.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

27—2

C.P. 3157.

HÔTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 22e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'empire et en vertu des dispositions de la Loi des mesures de guerre de 1914, d'établir et de décréter les ordres et règlements suivants concernant l'exportation des articles qu'il est défendu d'exporter du Canada, et ces ordres et règlements sont par les présentes établis et décrétés en conséquence.

Si des articles dont l'exportation à un pays ou un endroit quelconque est prohibée par des arrêtés en conseil sanctionnés sous l'empire de la Loi des mesures de guerre actuellement en vigueur, ou d'une loi qui peut être plus tard promulguée, sont exportés ou sont amenés à un quai, une jetée ou autre endroit, ou sont délivrés à une personne ou voiturier quelconque, ou sont transportés par cabotage ou navigation intérieure, ou transportés par eau de manière quelconque, ou sont chargés sur des wagons de chemins de fer ou autres véhicules dans le but d'être exportés ou expédiés pour l'exportation contrairement aux dispositions de tels arrêtés en conseil ou de règlements établis sous l'empire de ces arrêtés, l'exportateur ou son agent, ou l'expéditeur de ces articles sera passible, sur conviction sommaire, d'une amende n'excédant pas mille dollars ou d'emprisonnement avec ou sans travaux forcés pour une période n'excédant pas deux ans, ou des deux peines d'amende et d'emprisonnement.

Le présent arrêté en conseil sera promulgué par publication dans la *Gazette du Canada.*

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

27-2

C.P. 3158.

HÔTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 20e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil de décréter par ces présentes ce qui suit:

Le Ministre des Douanes est par ces présentes autorisé à délivrer des permis pour l'exportation des

Articles façonnés entièrement de caoutchouc à des destinations en pays neutres, autres que les pays neutres d'Europe, sous l'empire de tels règlements qu'il peut établir, nonobstant les dispositions de l'arrêté en conseil du 27 avril 1915 qui prohibe l'exportation de tels articles à toutes destinations à l'étranger autres que le Royaume-Uni, les possessions et protectorats britanniques.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

27—2

[3044]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 14e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les règlements pour la vente des claims de mines quartzeuses sur les terres fédérales, établis par un arrêté en conseil du 13 août 1908 sous l'empire de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, prescrivent que toute personne qui a découvert du minerai en place peut jalonner personnellement un claim dont la superficie n'excède pas 1500 pieds carrés ; de plus que nulle personne en son propre nom, sauf par cession, peut détenir plus d'un claim minier sur la même veine ou le même filon, ou à une distance de moins d'un mille de cette veine ou de ce filon ; que la preuve soit fournie chaque année que celui qui a délimité le claim, y a fait exécuter des travaux pour une valeur d'au moins $100, ou, à défaut d'exécution de ces travaux, a payé cette somme au régistrateur des mines ; et qu'après que la somme de $500 a ainsi été dépensée sur le claim ou payée au régistrateur, celui qui a jalonné le claim a droit à un bail du terrain ainsi jalonné pour une certaine période d'années. Toutefois, les travaux exécutés en dehors du claim (avec l'intention de l'exploiter), si ces travaux sont en rapport direct avec le claim et dans son voisinage immédiat, seront considérés comme ayant été exécutés sur le claim même, si le régistrateur minier y consent.

Et attendu que des représentations ont été faites au Département de l'Intérieur qu'il existe des minéraux de valeur économique dans cette partie du Canada située sur le golfe Coronation, près de l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine, dans la région arctique, mais qu'on n'a fait encore aucun effort sérieux pour explorer ou développer la zone minérale qu'on dit y exister, à cause des grandes difficultés qu'on a éprouvées pour atteindre cette région lointaine et les frais préliminaires d'une telle entreprise.

Et attendu qu'on peut atteindre le Fort Norman, à l'embouchure da la rivière Great Bear, au cours de la courte saison de navigation, par chemin de fer à partir du fort McMurray et par bateau sur les rivières Athabaska et Mackenzie, mais qu'à cet endroit le prospecteur rencontre deux obstacles très sérieux, savoir : le transport de Fort Norman, sur la rivière Mackenzie, à Fort Franklin sur le lac Great Bear, une distance d'en, viron 100 milles, et de Fort Confidence à la source du lac Great Bear jusqu'à l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine, une distance d'environ 120 milles.

Et attendu qu'il a été représenté que l'étendue de terrain prévue aux règlements, quoique suffisante dans les districts d'accès facile, ne pourrait offrir une garantie adéquate pour le risque et les frais qu'il faudrait nécessairement encourir en améliorant les moyens de transport jusqu'à l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine, afin de permettre au prospecteur d'y transporter son outillage et ses approvisionnements, et qu'il est essentiel à l'exploitation et au développement des res sources minières de cette région éloignée du pays d'offrir des avantages spéciaux aux prospecteurs qui peuvent avoir le capital nécessaire pour s'engager dans une entreprise aussi coûteuse et hazardeuses.

Attendu qu'il a, aussi, été représenté qu'une dépense d'au moins $25,000 serait nécessaire pour améliorer suffisamment les moyens de transport à partir de Fort Norman pour permettre à une expédition d'atteindre cette région et de l'explorer pendant un an, et qu'il a été suggéré qu'en considération de telles dépenses il soit permis à tout particulier ou à toute compagnie s'engageant à dépenser cette somme dans une année, en explorations et en améliorations des moyens de transport, de jalonner un plus grand nombre de claims miniers qu'il n'est prescrit par les règlements et d'en obtenir l'inscription.

Et attendu que la région où l'on prétend que gisent ces dépôts de minéraux de valeur économique est située entre les 108e et 118e méridiens de longitude ouost, et entre les 66e et 6e degrés de cette latitude nord ;

Par consequent, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, afin de stimuler la recherche des gisements de minéraux dans cette partie du pays, d'autoriser par ces présentes la concession à tout prospecteur, soit particulier ou compagnie, qui dépense au cours de l'année civile 1917 la somme d'au moins $25,000 en travaux d'exploration dans la région ci-dessus décrite et en améliorations des moyens de transport entre Fort Norman et l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine, sous l'empire des dispositions des règlements concernant les mines quartzeuses. de cinquante claims de la grandeur prescrite, soit un claim pour chaque $500, aux conditions suivantes :

(*l*) Le prospecteur doit le ou avant le 31e jour de décembre 1917 fournir au Ministre de l'Intérieur la preuve confirmée par affidavit et accompagnée de pièces justificatives, s'il est ainsi exigé, démontrant qu'au cours de l'année civile 1917 il a dépensé la somme d'au moins $25,000 en travaux d'exploitation, selon les méthodes reconnues, dans les limites de la région ci-dessus décrite et en améliorations des moyens de transport entre Fort Norman sur la rivière Mackenzie et l'embouchure de la rivière Coppermine. Cette preuve doit être sous forme d'état détaillé indiquant le montant dépensé en amélioration des moyens de transport, ainsi que les fins auxquelles chaque item de dépense a été appliqué ; y seront joints des plans indiquant la position et la nature de l'obstacle qu'il a fallu surmonter, ainsi que la nature et le coût des améliorations. Doit être de plus fourni un état détaillé distinct, montrant les dépenses encourues en travaux d'exploration et la nature exacte des travaux exécutés à chaque endroit ; aussi des plans montrant les endroits particuliers où ont été exécutés les travaux mentionnés dans l'état détaillé.

(2) Les claims dont le prospecteur demande la concession doivent être jalonnés de la manière prescrite par les règlements, et la demande d'inscription doit être faite au régistrateur minier du district en bonne et due forme avant l'expiration de l'année 1917. Toutefois, le prospecteur qui au cours de l'année a fait la dépense de $25.000 ci-dessus prescrite peut jalonner plus d'un claim sur la même veine ou le même filon et en obtenir l'inscription, ou dans un rayon d'un demi-mille de cette veine ou filon, nonobstant les restrictions de l'article 13 des règlements à ce sujet.

(3) La délimitation de claims pour une compagnie qui est prête à encourir une dépense d'au moins $25,000 pour les fins susdites et de la manière ici prescrite, peut être faite par toute personne ou toutes personnes dûment autorisées par la compagnie et acceptées par le Ministre de l'Intérieur.

(4) Dans la délimitation et l'enregistrement de claims et pour les retenir après que l'inscription a été accordée, le prospecteur doit se conformer sous tous rapports aux prescriptions des règlements, sauf telles exceptions qui peuvent être ici prévues.

(5) Les concessionnaires de claims miniers dans les limites de la région ci-dessus décrite qui se conforment en tout aux prescriptlons de l'article 45 des règlements des mines quartzseuses en ce qui concerne chacun de ces claims, ont droit à la cession du bail de ces claims sous l'empire des dispositions des dits règlements et de la loi des terres fédérales pour une période de 21 ans, au loyer qui sera fixé par un décret du Gouverneur en conseil, le bail étant renouvelable pour une autre période de 21 ans dès que le concessionaire aura fourni au Ministre de l'Intérieur la preuve satisfaisante qu'au cours de la durée du bail il s'est conformé sous tous rapports aux conditions du dit bail et aux prescriptions des règlements ; de nouveaux renouvellements pourront être accordés pour des périodes aditionnelles de 21 ans chacune, aux termes et conditions que prescrira le Gouverneur en conseil.

(6) La patente ou le bail d'un claim minier dans la région ci-dessus décrite réserve a la Couronne un droit régalien sur les ventes des produits des mines qui sera déterminé de temps à autre par décret du Gouverneur en conseil et sera perçu de la manière prescrite par le Ministère de l'Intérieur.

(7) Toutes les patentes émises ou les baux cédés en vertu des pouvoirs ici conférés sont sujets à la restriction que les minerais ou autres dépôts de minéraux de valeur commerciale extraits des claims et décrits dans ces patentes ou baux ne seront pas exportés pour réduction, raffinage ou autre traitement, mais devront

être réduits, raffinés ou autrement traités exclusivement dans les limites du Canada et conformément aux prescriptions des règlements que le Gouverneur en conseil peut établir.

(8) La preuve de la dépense encourue par le prospecteur doit dans tous les cas être à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur ; sinon le droit du prospecteur à la patente de ces claims ne sera autre que celui prescrit par les règlements concernant les claims de mines quartzeuses.

(9) Les demandes de patente pour les claims miniers délimités au cours de l'année civile de 1917 dans la région ci-dessus décrite ne seront prises en considération définitive par le régistrateur minier et les patentes de ces claims ne seront accordées que dans les derniers vingt jours de la dite année civile

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

26–4

[2880]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Lundi, le 4e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 14 novembre 1916, représentant ce qui suit :—

Le chapitre 22 des statuts de 1913 de la province du Manitoba ci-après désigné sous le nom de " Loi d'incorporation, " a constitué en corps politique et incorporé, sous le nom " The Greater Winnipeg Water District," ci-après désigné " la corporation, " les résidents des cités de Winnipeg et St-Boniface, de la ville de Transcona et de certaines municipalités rurales adjacentes mentionnées et désignées dans la dite loi. La loi d'incorporation est désignée sous le nom de " Greater Water Power District Act, " a été modifiée par les statuts suivants de la législature du Manitoba, savoir : chapitres 46, 47 et 48 de 1914, chapitres 29 et 30 de 1915 et chapitre 51 de 1916.

Le chapitre 208 des statuts fédéraux de 1916 accorde à la dite corporation certains privilèges et pouvoirs, savoir ; le droit de se procurer et prendre de l'eau, y compris de l'eau provenant de sources hors la province de Manitoba ; l'érection et le maintien de tous travaux nécessaires ; l'entrée sur tous terrains pour y faire des arpentages ou pour d'autres fins en rapport avec les dits travaux ; l'achat et l'occupation des terrains nécessaires ; la construction de chemins, tunnels et ponts, de lignes téléphoniques et télégraphiques et électriques, et de tous autres travaux et constructions nécessaires ; le détournement et l'altération d'aucuns de ces travaux ou d'aucune de ces lignes ou des cours d'eau ou grandes routes ; et tous autres travaux nécessaires pour la construction, le maintien et le fonctionnement de tout ouvrage nécessaire aux fins de la corporation ; la préparation, la soumission, le classement et l'inspection des cartes, livres de renvoi et tracés indiquant les travaux pour toute partie d'icelle ; et la mise en vigueur pour les fins de la commission de certains dispositifs de la Loi des chemins de fer et de la Loi concernant l'établissement et les dépenses de la commission conjointe internationale sous l'empire du traité des eaux navigables portant la date du 11 janvier 1909.

L'article 5 de la Loi d'Incorporation donne à la dite corporation les objets et buts suivants :—

5. La dite corporation aura pour objet d'approvisionner pour toutes fins les résidents du dit district d'eau tirée de sources quelconques soit dans, soit hors la province. La dite corporation a le droit d'étendre et d'exercer les droits à elle conférés à ces fins hors les limites de cette province, sujet néamoins à son obtention de tous droits légaux nécessaires à ses fins du Gouvernement du Canada ou de toute autre autorité extra provinciale.

Pour fournir l'approvisionnement d'eau ci-haut mentionné il a fallu construire un aqueduc du lac Shoal, une partie du lac des Bois, à la cité de Winnipeg, une distance d'environ cent milles, et il a fallu en rapport avec ces travaux et pour mener à bonne fin l'objet de la Corporation, tel que mentionné dans l'article 5 susmentionné, construire le chemin de fer mentionné à l'article 1 du chapitre 47, l'une des lois qui tel que susmentionné modifie la *Loi d'incorporation.* Quand aura été construit ce chemin de fer, dont le parachèvement est prochain, il sera ouvert à la colonisation, pour des fins de culture surtout, une grande étendue de terrain qui aujourd'hui est presque complètement dépourvue de colons à cause de son éloignement des chemins de fer actuels.

Le maire de la cité de Winnipeg, qui est le president du bureau d'administration établi par la Loi d'incorporation, en sa qualité de président, a sonmis au ministre un projet pour établir sur les terres adjoignant le chemin de fer qui doit s'achever prochainement entre la cité de Winnipeg et le Lac-des-Bois des colons devant être choisis par le comité de colonisation de la dite corporation parmi des gens qui ont certaine expérience en agriculture et le dit maire a demandé que les terres fédérales suivantes qui sont vacantes et disponibles soient réservées à ces fins : la moitié nord du township 7 et tout le township 8 dans le rang 13 ; tout le township 7 et la moitié sud du township 7 dans le rang 14 ; et la moitié nord du township 7 et la moitié sud du township 8 dans le rang 15 ; tout à l'est du méridien principal.

Le président représente que le bureau d'administration a reçu l'assurance que le gouvernement de la province de Manitoba contribuerait activement aux améliorations locales nécessaires sur les terrains susmentionnés: établissement d'écoles,aide à la colonisation,etc.

On a de plus représenté qu'un comité de citoyeus de la ville de Winnipeg, formé d'hommes d'expérience dans ce genre de colonisation donne son appui au projet et a préposé un homme d'expérience pour se charger spècialement de l'œuvre.

Le président du bureau d'administration demande que certains privilèges mentionnés ci-après soient accordés dans le but d'aider à la colonisation des terrains susmentionnés.

Le ministre est d'avis qu'il sera d'intérêt public d'accorder les dites demandes et recommande en conséquence que, sous l'empire du paragraphe (k) de l'article 76 de la Loi de 1908 des terres fédérales, autorisation soit donnée d'accorder les dits privilèges, savoir:

1. Que la réserve soit autorisée et ratifiée de toute terre vacante et disponible dans les limites ci-haut décrites et que le Ministre de l'Intérieur soit autorisé de changer les limites de la dite réserve comme il le jugera à propos et de rescinder la dite réserve en tout temps sur douze mois d'avis publié dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans la *Gazette du Manitoba.*

2. Que dans les limites ainsi réservées il ne soit concédé ou vendu aucune inscription excepté à des personnes agréées par le comité de colonisation susmentionné.

3. Que la concession d'inscription à des personnes agréées comme ci-dessus soit sujette aux dispositions de la dite loi et des dits règlements en autant que ces derniers peuvent s'y appliquer et sauf les réserves ci-dessus mentionnées.

4. Que la dite commission de colonisation soit autorisée de décider de quelle manière les dites terres soient subdivisées et cédées, sujet à l'approbation du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

5. Que les conditions de culture dans chaque cas soient approximativement 20% de la superficie des terres sous inscription sujettes à une réduction raisonnable si le Ministre de l'Intérieur juge que le terrain en question est trop difficile à défoncer.

6. Que la commission de colonisation soit autorisée de choisir un site central de trente acres approvimativement pour l'établissement d'une école, d'une église et d'un cimetière, le site ainsi choisi devant être réservé aux fins de la dite corporation.

7. Que relativement aux inscriptions accordées aux conditions sus-mentionnées, il ne soit accepté aucune demande pour rescision sous l'empire de la Loi de 1908 des terres fédérales et ses modifications, mais au Ministère de l'Intérieur ressortit de faire l'inspection des dites terres de temps à autre selon que le Ministre de l'Intérieur le jugera opportun ; et s'il est trouvé que les conditions des dites inscriptions n'ont pas été remplies, il peut être institué des procédures en rescision sous l'empire de la loi susdite, lesquelles pro-

cédures doivent être conduites de la même manière que pour les inscriptions ordinaires ;

8. Que, sur rescision d'une inscription, les terrains en question retournent à la réserve et redeviennent sujets aux conditions susmentionnées.

9. Que, si de l'avis de la dite commission de colonisation, un colon perd son droit à un homestead gratuit, une vente peut lui être consentie aux termes et conditions d'établissement que peut exiger le Ministre de l'Intérieur.

10. Que le Ministre de l'Intérieur soit autorisé de faire toute prescriptions, règles et règlements, qu'il juge nécessaires dans les cas qui peuvent surgir et qui n'ont pas été prévus dans les présents règlements.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé

26-4

[3022]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 7e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le Ministère des affaires indiennes fait la demande de mettre en reserve, en vertu du traité n° 2 du terrain au lac Ebb and Flow, désigné sous le nom de réserve des sauvages n° 52, comprenant une superficie approximative de 18 milles carrés ;

Et attendu que ledit terrain dont la description suit ci-après est disponible à ces fins d'après les archives du ministère de l'Intérieur ;

En conséquence il plait à Son Excellence le Gouverneur en conseil de décréter, sous l'empire de l'article 76 de la Loi des terres fédérales que ledit terrain soit par les présentes soustrait de l'application de ladite loi et mis en réserve pour les sauvages.

Suit la description du dit terrain :—

L'étendue de terrain disignée sous le nom de "Réserve des Sauvages," No 52, du lac Ebb et Flow, arpenté par Donald F. Robertson, arpenteur des terres fédérales an cours de l'année 1913, tel qu'indiqué sur un tracé d'arpentage de la dite réserve, déposé aux archives du Ministère de l'Intérieur sous le No 23372, dont copie ci-annexée et contenant par mesurage onze mille cinq cent cinquante acres, plus ou moins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

26-4

[2953]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 24e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GENÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'on a représenté qu'il est essentiel que tout navire britannique enregistré au Canada soit sujet a être réquisitionné par Sa Majesté pour le transport de denrées et d'autres articles de commerce ;

En conséquence il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de la *Loi de 1914 des Mesures de Guerre* de décréter par les présentes les règlements suivants :

1. Jusqu'à nouvel ordre tout navire britannique enregistré au Canada peut être réquisitionné par et au nom de Sa Majesté pour le transport de denrées et de tout autre article de commerce, ladite réquisition devenant obligatoire dès que avis de ladite requisition aura été signifié de la manière ci-après déterminée au propriétaire du dit navire.

2. Autorisation et instructions sont données par les présentes au Ministère de la Marine et des Pêcheries de mettre en vigueur les présents règlements en faisant signifier un tel avis de réquisition au propriétaire d'un dit navire.

3. La signification d'un avis de réquisition à un propriétaire doit être considérée suffisante et valide si dans le cas d'un propriétaire particulier il est adressé au dit propriétaire délivré à sa dernière résidence ou place d'affaire connue et dans le cas de propriétaires conjoints, s'il est adressé et délivré au dit propriétaire à leur dernière résidence ou place d'affaire, dans le cas d'une compagnie ou d'une corporation s'il est adressé et délivré à la dite compagnie ou corporation à son adresse enregistrée ou à tonte autre adresse ou si dans les cas susdits il est adressé au propriétaire gérant ou capitaine propriétaire ou à toute autre personne à qui de par la loi est confié par ou au nom des propriétaires la conduite du dit navire on s'il est délivré à la dernière adresse ou résidence connue ou enrégistrée du dit propriétaire gérant capitaine propriétaire ou autre personne selon le cas.

4. Tout avis de réquisition dont le Ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries exigera la signification tel que ci-mentionnée peut porter la signature de toute personne ou personnes à qui le dit ministre autorisera soit généralement soit spécialement à ces fins.

5. Et le Ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries doit donner toutes instructions et directions en conséquence.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

26-2

[2614]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 14e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR EN CONSEIL.

IL plaît à Son Excellence l'Administrateur en conseil, en vertu de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, d'établir les règlements suivants, et ces règlements sont par ces présentes établis en conséquence,—

Nonobstant toute disposition de la *Loi des terres fédérales* ou de toute loi la modifiant, au cours de la présente guerre et jusqu'à ce qu'il en soit ensuite ordonné autrement, nulle demande d'inscription de homestead ne sera accordée à moins que la personne qui fait la demande n'ait été au début de la guerre actuelle et soit depuis demeurée sujet britannique ou sujet d'un pays qui est allié à Sa Majesté dans la présente guerre, ou sujet d'un pays neutre, et à moins qu'elle n'établisse ce fait à la satisfaction du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

26-4

[3021]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Jeudi, le 7e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

Attendu que l'église dite "Baptist Union of Western Canada" a demandé la concession pour les fins d'une église d'un acre de terrain compris dans l'angle sud-ouest de la subdivision légale 4 de la section 6, township 72, rang 4, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, dans la province d'Alberta ;

Et attendu que le Ministre de l'Intérieur est d'avis que cette demande soit accordée, le terrain demandé étant disponible d'après les archives du département de l'Intérieur.

A ces causes il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu des dispositions de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, de mettre en réserve et d'affecter aux fins d'une église un acre de terrain compris dans l'angle sud-ouest de la subdivision légale 4, section 6, township 72, rang 4, à l'ouest du 6e méridien, dans la province d'Alberta, et d'en autoriser la concession à l'Eglise dite "Baptist Union of Western Canada" pour les dites fins.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

25-4

[3048]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 8e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 4 décembre 1916, représentant que, sous l'empire d'un arrêté en conseil du 13 août 1913, un permis d'occupation fut accordé le 11 octobre suivant à la compagnie dite " Prince Albert Lumber Company, Limited," relativement à certains terrains compris dans les townships 53, 54 et 55, rang 1 ; les townships 51 et 52, rang 2 ; les townships 52, rangs 3 et 4, le tout à l'ouest du troisième méridien, ainsi que le township 54, rang 28, à l'ouest du 2e méridien, formant une superficie totale de 518·7 acres. Le dit permis d'occupation a été accordé pour une période de dix ans à l'expiration de laquelle il est, à la discrétion du Ministre de l'Intérieur, renouvelable pour une autre période de dix ans, sujet aux termes et conditions ordinaires et sur paiement à l'avance d'un loyer annuel de dix cents l'acre.

Le ministre déclare que la dite compagnie n'a pas un besoin immédiat de certains des terrains ci-haut mentionnés quelle détient ainsi par permis et en a rétrocédé à la Couronne pour le Dominion une superficie de 281 acres.

Le ministre recommande que le dit permis d'occupation soit modifié en conséquence

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

25–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2979]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Vendredi, le 1er jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 16 novembre 1916, représentant que le 4 décembre 1911, M. Gustav Julseth a obtenu l'inscription de homestead et de préemption de la moitié ouest de la section 7, township 32, rang 2, à l'ouest du 4e méridien, et qu'après avoir fait douze mois de résidence, il fut atteint de la tuberculose et est depuis retourné en Norvège son pays natal, où il a suivi un traitement médical depuis l'année 1913. A l'appui de ce qui précède, la déclaration d'une autorité médicale a éte soumise au Département de l'Intérieur représentant que suivant toute apparence M. Julseth ne recouvrera jamais la santé et ne sera jamais en état de revenir au Canada pour y compléter ses obligations de résidence. Relativement aux autres obligations de l'inscrit, il est établi que M. Julseth a a un frère qui exploite une ferme dans les environs et qui a entrepris de faire les améliorations nécessaires. Il a été établi que 175 acres de la demi-section ont été mis en culture et qu'une maison de la valeur de $100 y a été érigée.

Le ministre recommande, par conséqueut, qu'en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe 2 de l'article 20 de la *Loi des terres fédérales*, 1908, cet inscrit soit relevé de toute autre obligation de résidence en rapport avec ladite demi-section et que patente lui en soit délivrée sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les autres conditions de l'inscription ont été remplies et que la préemption a été payée en conformité de la loi.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

25–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2527]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 6e jour de décembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 13 octobre 1916, représentant que le 20 novembre 1907 ont été délivrées à la ville de Régina, dans la province de la Saskatchewan, des lettres patentes pour des fins de cimetière seulement, pour un certain terrain ou lopin de terre particulièrement décrit dans lesdites lettres patentes et qui fait partie de la moitié nord de la section 30, du township 17, rang 19, à l'ouest du 2e méridien principal, dans ladite province de la Saskatchewan et comprenant soixante-six et cinquante-cinq centièmes (66·55) acres plus ou moins ;

Le Ministre ajoute qu'afin de se rendre à la demande de la ville de Régina, il a été décidé, sur la rétrocession à la Couronne du terrain en question, de céder à la ville un nouveau titre audit terrain sans aucune restriction quant à l'usage quelle pourra faire dudit terrain,—

Vu qne le terrain en question à été rétrocédé à la Couronne et que le titre en est maintenant au nom de Sa Majesté le Roi George V pour le Dominion du Canada, le Ministre recommande que ladite décision soit mise à exécution et qu'il soit autorisé de délivrer à ladite ville de Régina, dans la province de la Saskatchewan des lettres patentes pour ledit terrain sans aucune restriction quant à l'usage que la ville peut faire dudit terrain.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la recommande pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

24–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2930]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 18 novembre 1916, représentant que la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique a demandé la concession d'une emprise sur une partie du township 24, rang 8, à l'ouest du 5e méridien, dans le parc des Montagnes Rocheuses tel qu'indiqué sur un tracé de la ligne principale du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, district d'Alberta, déposé au Ministère de l'Intérieur sur le tracé de la voie numéro 7480, et enregistré au bureau des titres des terres de Calgary sous le numéro Ry. 10.

Le ministre recommande qu'en vertu de l'autorité conférée par l'article 16 de la Loi des réserves forestières et des parcs, il soit autorisé de délivrer à la compagnie de chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique une patente dudit terrain, la dite patente devant être sujette aux conditions suivantes :

Ladite patente est sujette à tous les règlements concernant les parcs fédéraux qui sont actuellement en vigueur ou qui seront de temps à autres passés à ces fins par le Gouverneur en conseil.

Ledit terrain excepté quant aux fins pour lesquelles il est concédé continue à faire partie de la réserve dans laquelle il se trouve situé ; et si une partie quelconque dudit terrain cesse d'être utilisée pour les fins de la présente concession, il redevient immédiatement propriété de la Couronne.

Le comité agrée cette recommandation et la soumet pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,

24–4 Greffier du Conseil privé.

[2948]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le paragraphe 3 de l'article 2 de la *Loi minière du Yukon* prescrit que " nonobstant " toute disposition de ladite loi, ses dispositions ne " s'appliquent pas aux terres aliénées ou louées pour " des fins minières par l'hydraulique par un bail con- " senti avant le 1er jour d'août 1916, qui a été ci-devant " annulé ou qui peut l'être ci-après par ordre du Mi- " nistre de l'Intérieur ou sous l'autorité d'un arrêté du " Gouverneur en conseil tant que ces terres n'ont pas " été assujéties à ces dispositions par arrêté du Gouver- " neur en conseil."

Et attendu que le bail minier hydraulique n° 47 a été délivré le 30 août 1905 pour une période de 21 ans, à dater du 21e jour de mars 1905 à William Charles Thompson de Dawson pour un lopin de terre situé sur la ravine Dublin, un embranchement du Creek Haggart, un affluent de la rivière McQuesten, dans le Territoire du Yukon, mesurant 3.21 milles de front le long de ladite ravine Dublin sur une profondeur de ½ mille de chaque côté de ladite ravine lequel bail fut transporté à la compagnie dite " Dublin Hydraulics," à responsabilité limitée, le 29e jour de juillet 1911 ;

Et attendu que le bail n° 47 susmentionné a été rescindé par un décret du Ministre de l'Intérieur en date du 26e jour d'octobre 1915 parce que les preneurs avaient négligé de se conformer aux conditions du bail et aux règlements en vertu desquels ledit bail avait été accordé,—

A ces causes, il plaît à Son Excellence le Gouverneur en conseil de décréter par les présentes qu'à midi précis le lundi, 5e jour de février 1917, la partie disponible et inaliénée de la concession minière hydraulique décrite dans le bail n° 47 accordé à William Charles Thompson le 30e jour d'août 1905, devienne sujette aux dispositifs de la *Loi minière du Yukon*, en vertu du paragraphe 3 de l'article 2 de ladite loi plus haut citée.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

24-4

[2941]

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT À OTTAWA

Mercredi, le 29e jour de novembre 1916.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

AU comité du Conseil privé a été soumis un rapport du Ministre de l'Intérieur, daté le 23 novembre 1916, représentant que Frank Nylund, russe de naissance, a obtenu, en 1911, l'inscription de homestead du quart nord-est de la section 14, township 59, rang 20, à l'ouest du 4e méridien ;

Sur représentation que cet inscrit a abandonné sa femme et quitté le pays, des mesures ont été prises pour annuler son inscription afin que le terrain en question soit disponible pour sa femme qui y a continuellement résidé ;

Il ressort du rapport d'un inspecteur de homestead que madame Nylund a continué à travailler sur ce quart de section et désire en obtenir la possession mais trouve impossible d'obtenir un certificat de naturalisation de sujet britannique ainsi que prescrit au paragraphe 3 de l'article 25 de la Loi des terres fédérales,—

Par conséquent le Ministre recommande qu'il soit autorisé sous l'empire du paragraphe (L) de l'article 76 de la *Loi des terres fédérales* de vendre le terrain susdit à madame Nylund au prix de $1 l'acre, et que patente dudit terrain soit délivrée à la requérante sur preuve fournie de la manière ordinaire que les obligations d'établissement pour les trois années réglementaires ont été complétées depuis la date de la désertion de son mari et que le prix total du terrain a été payé.

Le comité soumet cette recommandation pour approbation.

RODOLPHE BOUDREAU,
Greffier du Conseil privé.

24-4

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

LES Commissaires du Service Civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir la position suivante dans la division intérieure du Service Civil du Canada :—

Un aide dans le laboratoire de l'épreuve du ciment du ministère des Travaux publics, dans la subdivision B de la troisième division, au traitement initial de $800 par année. Les candidats doivent être habiles à manier les outils du plombier, du charpentier, et du machiniste.

Les candidats doivent être sujets britanniques de naissance ou naturalisés, doivent avoir résidé au pays au moins trois ans, et être âgés d'au moins 18 ans et de pas plus de trente-cinq, excepté dans le cas de soldats revenus du front ou de personnes impropres au service actif pour lesquels il n'y a pas de limite d'âge.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 2 janvier prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 6 décembre 1916. 24–4

MINISTERE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 20 décembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent que par et en vertu des dispositions du paragraphe (*q*), article 9 de la *Loi des postes*, le Directeur général des Postes a autorisé la mise en vigueur du règlement suivant :—

Dès et à compter de la présente date les lettres adressées à " Berlin," Ont., ne doivent pas être livrées, mais elles doivent être renvoyées aux expéditeurs avec la mention "Il n'y a pas de tel bureau de poste dans Ontario." 26–2

COMMISSION DU SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

LES Commissaires du Service civil donnent par le présent avis que des demandes seront reçues de la part de candidats capables de remplir la position suivante dans la division intérieure du Service civil du Canada :—

Un chimiste expérimentateur dans la division des Mines du département des Mines, dans la subdivision B de la 1ère division au traitement initial de $2,100 par année. Les candidats doivent être des chimistes expérimentateurs d'une compétence indiscutable et doivent de préférence bien connaître les combustibles et être capables de faire des recherches investigatrices dans le domaine de la chimie organique. Ils doivent être des gradués depuis au moins trois ans d'une université autorisée et doivent s'être spécialisés en chimie ou en cette partie du génie relative à la chimie au cours et depuis leurs études universitaires. Il est nécessaire que la personne nommée puisse lire le français et l'allemand, et soit capable d'appliquer les principes de la chimie physique aux problèmes à résoudre. Tous les candidats doivent soumettre une copie des travaux qu'ils peuvent avoir fait publier.

Les formules de demande, dûment remplies, doivent parvenir au bureau de la Commission du Service civil pas plus tard que le 22 janvier prochain. On peut obtenir ces formules en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission, à Ottawa.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 22 décembre 1916. 27–4

National Coal and Grain Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la premièr partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 6ième jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Joseph Æneas Bambrick, entrepreneur, John Wincelaus Dillon White, commis, Joseph Henry Dillon, avocat, tous trois de la cité de Montréal, John Marrazza, de la cité de Maisonneuve, entrepreneur et John Patrick Byrne, de la cité d'Outremont, agent, tous de la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Importer, exporter, trafiquer, acheter, vendre et disposer de charbon, bois et autres combustibles, généralement exercer dans toutes ses branches, le commerce en gros et en détail, de marchands de charbon, bois et autres combustibles ; acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, trafiquer, disposer de foin, grains, fruits, légumes et autres produits de la ferme, beurre, fromage, œufs, produits de la laiterie, généralement exercer dans toutes ses branches le commerce en gros et en détail de marchands et négociants de foin, grains, de produits alimentaires, produits de la ferme et de la laiterie ;

(*b*) Charroyer, transférer, livrer de place en place des effets, articles, marchandises et matériaux au moyen de charettes, wagons, voitures, automobiles et autres véhicules, exerçer aucune industrie se rapportant à celles ci-dessus ;

(*c*) Acquérir, ériger, construire, maintenir, exploiter des magasins, entrepôts, clos et autres places pour l'emmagasinage d'effets, articles et marchandises et autres ndustries se rapportant à celles ci-dessus ;

(*d*) Acquérir toute industrie de la nature ou du caractère de celle que la compagnie est autorisée d'exercer et son achalandage, les payer en espèces ou en obligations ou actions libérées de la compagnie ou partie en espèces ou partie en obligations ou partie en actions libérées de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir par achat, location, échange ou autrement toutes terres ou bâtiments requis pour les fins de la compagnie, construire, entretenir, modifier aucuns bâtiments ou travaux nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de la compagnie, en sous-louer aucune partie non requise par la compagnie ;

(*f*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de telle manière qui pourra en être déterminée de temps en temps ;

(*g*) Demander, acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir, tous brevets, licences, marques de fabrique, procédés, procédés mécaniques, concessions et choses de même nature ou aucune part ou intérêt dans iceux conférant un droit exclusif, non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser aucun secret ou autre information se rapportant à aucune invention pouvant être de nature à être employée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition semble, directement ou indirectement devoir être avantageuse à la compagnie; les utiliser, exploiter, développer, en octroyer des licences, ou droits ou informations ainsi acquis ;

(*h*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie pouvant être, directement ou indirectement conduite avantageusement pour cette compagnie, établir, promouvoir ou autrement aider toute telle compagnie ou compagnies, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44, de la dite loi ;

(*i*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre pouvant être convenablement exercée en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Aider par prêt de fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute personne ou compaguie, exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de cette compagnie, ou toute personne et compagnie avec laquelle cette compagnie peut avoir des relations commerciales ;

(*k*) Distribuer parmi les membres de la compagnie en espèces par voie de dividende ou bonus ou d'aucune autre manière jugée convenable toute propriété de la compagnie ou tout produit de la vente ou de la disposition d'aucune propriété de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité, municipale, locale ou autre qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités les droits, licencés, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions ;

(*m*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exercer, émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables et transférables;

(*n*) Vendre ou disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie;

(*o*) Vendre, améliorer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie de la propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits possédés ou loués par la compagnie et développer faire valoir toute terre ou bâtiments acquis ou loués par la compagnie ou dans lesquels elle est intéressée ;

(*p*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements quels qu'ils soient au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*q*) Rémunérer toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant à placer, ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune actions du capital de la compagnie ou d'aucunes débentures ou à propos de la promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*r*) Payer pour la totalité ou une partie d'aucune propriété, franchise, privilèges, avantages commerciaux, baux ou droits d'aucune nature acquis par ou pour la compagnie et pour travaux exécutés pour elle et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus, avec l'émission d'actions libérées du capital-actions de la compagnie ou par des obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs garanties par mortgage ou autrement ou partie en obligations et partie en actions ;

(*s*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie et garantir l'exécution des contrats par toutes telles personnes ;

(*t*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns, et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons ;

(*u*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*v*) Faire toutes choses utiles ou nécessaires pour atteindre aucun des objets ci-dessus;

(*w*) Tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque des présentes, ne sera ni limité ni restreint par induction ou déduction de tout autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "National Coal and Grain Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars, divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 12e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

26–2

De Grosbois Mining Company Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 7e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Auguste Joseph Allaire, comptable, Marie-Anne Henault et Bibiane Lefebvre, sténographes, Lorenzo Laurendeau et Aimé Malo, étudiants, tous de la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat, location ou autrement des mines, minéraux, droits miniers, terres, propriétés ou aucun intérêt dans iceux, les détenir, explorer, travailler, développer, vendre louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie, miner, fondre, extraire, tirer, travailler, moudre et préparer pour la vente par tout procédé l'ilménite, le fer titané, la magnétite et l'hématite et tous autres produits minéraux et métalliques et minérais, manufacturer leurs produits et sous produits, fondre tels minerais et autres substances métalliques, trafiquer des produits de telles mines et manufactures ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement des pouvoirs hydrauliques, terres, droits de passage pour des lignes de poteaux ou autres fins, les payer en espèces ou avec des obligations ou du stock de la compagnie, ou partie d'une manière et partie de l'autre, acquérir et payer de la même manière, bâtir, ériger, maintenir des jetées, moulins, bâtiments, travaux, lignes de poteaux, stations intermédiaires et leur équipement, pourvoir généralement à ce qui s'y rapporte ; acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et construire, préparer, ériger, établir, exploiter, maintenir et exercer tous travaux nécessaires, outillages et appareils se rapportant à la production, accumulation, transmission, fournitures, installation, utilisation et emploi de l'électricité, produire, accumuler, distribuer de l'électricité pour la fourniture de la lumière, du chauffage et de la force motrice, pour des fins industrielles ou autres ; conclure des conventions et des contrats pour la fourniture de la lumière électrique, la chaleur et la force motrice, foncer des puits pour l'eau et les mines ; faire, bâtir, construire, ériger, préparer, maintenir des réservoirs, travaux, tuyaux et appareils, et faire tous autres travaux et choses nécessaires ou convenables pour obtenir, emmagasiner, vendre, livrer, mesurer et distribuer de l'eau pour la crétion, entretien ou développement de pouvoir hydraulique pour la production de l'énergie électrique ou autre pouvoir mécanique ou pour aucune autre fin de la compagnie ; pourvu que les pouvoirs ci-dessus soient soumis à toutes les lois et règlements provinciaux et municipaux quand ils seront exercés en dehors de la propriété de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter, acquérir aucun intérêt, détenir, employer, occuper, vendre, transmettre des biens fonciers, moulins, machinerie, vaisseaux, véhicules mûs par la vapeur, l'électricité ou autrement et autre propriété ; miner, fondre, préparer, manufacturer par tous les moyens, manières et procédés des minerais, minéraux, substances métalliques et autres produits et pour telle fin, faire et exécuter tous les travaux nécessaires et convenables et tous les actes nécessaires et convenables ; ériger, maintenir les hauts-fourneaux, forges, moulins, machines à vapeur, maisons et bâtiments convenables et acquérir, si nécessaire, tout privilège de brevet ou, par cession, licence ou autrement le droit d'employer tout brevet d'invention se rapportant aux fins susdites ; construire, faire, acheter, détenir ou louer, modifier, maintenir, exploiter aucuns chemins, routes, chalands, vaisseaux ou bateaux à vapeur pour le transport des marchandises, minerais, et autre propriété manufacturée ou non, de et aux mines et ateliers de la compagnie ou de et à aucunes autres mines, à aucun point de transbordement ou ailleurs et faire toute autre transaction nécessairement et usuellement exécutée dans cette direction ; construire des quais, basins et autres travaux et machinerie se rapportant aux affaires de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Agir comme entreposeurs-généraux, fournir la table, le logement, l'habillement, les produits alimentaires et généralement tous les approvisionnements aux personnes engagées sur ou aux environs des usines de la compagnie, ou passer des contrats pour leur fourniture ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, brevets d'invention, actions, baux, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*f*) Acquérir l'entreprise, biens ou propriétés d'aucun individu, maison ou corporation exerçant actuellement une industrie semblable, les payer en espèces, ou en obligations ou stock de la dite compagnie, acquérir, détenir des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie semblable, et pendant leur détention exercer tous les droits et pouvoirs que confère leur possession ;

(*g*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de la propriété et de l'entreprise de la compagnie, en tout ou en partie, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, obligations ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*h*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, l'union des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec aucune personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée dans une industrie ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou entreprendre, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs d'aucune telle compagnie, les vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie, ou autrement en disposer;

(*i*) S'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie, maison ou personne ayant des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) Faire toutes choses utiles ou nécessaires pour atteindre aucun des objets ci-dessus;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " De Grosbois Mining Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinq cent mille dollars, divisé en 500,000 actions de un dollar chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Eureka Shoe Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1916, désigné *Lois des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 12e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation James Edward Coulin et Jean Charbonneau, avocats, Charles Joseph Eugène Charbonneau, notaire, et Joseph Siméon Pilon, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et Philippe Morel, agent, de la cité de Maisonneuve, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer des bottes, souliers, pardessus et caoutchoucs de toute description et autres effets, articles et marchandises faits de cuir ou de caoutchoucs ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, trafiquer et disposer, en gros et en détail, de commodités, articles et choses de toutes espèces pouvant être aisément disposer par la compagnie en rapport avec aucun de ses objets ;

(*c*) Exercer toute autre entreprise ou industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec ses affaires et objets ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur ou rendre profitables aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Construire, maintenir, modifier tous bâtiments ou travaux convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Demander, acheter, ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licenses, concessions et choses de même nature conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour

aucune des fins de la compagnie ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie, et utiliser, exercer, développer, en octroyer des licenses ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, les droits ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*f*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider toute telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*g*) Acheter, louer, ou autrement acquérir tout ou partie de la propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits et privilèges détenus par, ou en jouissance de toute personne, maison, compagnie ou corporation exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, en possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en actions priorités ou ordinaires de la compagnie ou en obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou autrement, assumer les engagements d'aucune telle personne, maisons ou corporation ;

(*h*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44, de la dite loi, acheter, prendre, acquérir par souscription originale ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie ou autrement, détenir, vendre ou autrement disposer d'actions, stock, priorité ou ordinaire, débentures, obligations ou autres engagements d'aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie, des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être directement ou indirectement, conduite, avantageusement pour la compagnie et voter en vertu de toutes actions ainsi détenues par l'entremise d'agent ou agents que les directeurs pourront nommer;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité ou gouvernement municipal, local ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et concessions ;

(*j*) Promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies en vue d'acquérir toutes ou aucune des propriétés et engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera, directement ou indirectement avantageuse pour la compagnie, et généralement acheter, prendre en location ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété foncière ou personnelle et aucuns droits ou privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses affaires;

(*k*) Construire, gérer et autrement disposer de frais, entrepôts, outillages pour le transport et la distribution des marchandises ;

(*l*) Placer et disposer des fonds de la compagnie non immédiatement requis en telles valeurs de telle manière qu'il pourra en être décidé de temps à autre :

(*m*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie ou avec l'approbation des actionnaires, avec des actions de la compagnie ou, à la fois, en espèces et actions, toutes dépenses de ou à propos de la formation, flottaison, annonces et obtention de la charte de la compagnie ou pour rémunérer aucune personne ou compagnie pour services rendus à la compagnie en plaçant ou aidant à placer ou en garantissant le placement d'aucune des actions du capital de la compagnie ou d'aucune obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Payer par émission d'obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs, employer et également appliquer le surplus des bénéfices et des profits que la loi autorise de mettre en réserve, à l'acquisition de propriétés et à l'achat et acquisition, de propriété dans telle proportion, de telle manière et à tels termes qu'il en sera déterminé par le conseil de direction ;

(*o*) Obtenir aucun ordre provisoire ou acte du Parlement permettant à la compagnie de mettre à effet aucun de ses objets ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera opportune et s'opposer à toute procédure ou demende qui semblera directement ou indirectement de nature à porter préjudice aux intérêts de la compagnie ;

(*p*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés nécessaires et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, par circulaires, achats et exposition de travaux d'art ou d'intérêt, publication de livres et périodiques et en octroyant des prix, dons et récompenses ;

(*q*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, céder, faire valoir ou autrement disposer en bloc ou en partie des biens et droits de la présente compagnie ;

(*r*) Faire tout ou aucune des choses susdites comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, et par l'entremise de fidéicommissaires, agents ou autrement, seuls ou conjointements avec d'autres ;

(*s*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent ;

(*t*) Le consolider ou s'amalgamer avec aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*u*) Distribuer, en nature, aucun des biens de la compagnie parmi les fonctionnaires.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Eureka Shoe Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Trois-Rivières, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 14e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

LeRoy Herbert, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 6e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Milton LeRoy et Aloysius Herbert, marchands, Albert Spiers et Charles Tierney, teneur de livres et John Marshall Given, comptable, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario pour les fins suivantes:—

(*a*) Exercer dans toutes ses branches le commerce en gros et en détail de vin et de bière, de marchands de spiritueux, de négociants en vins, liqueurs, spiritueux cordiaux, liqueurs fines, ales, bières, eaux gazeuses et minérales et autres boissons, trafiquer également de récipients de toutes formes employés pour iceux ; exercer l'industrie de tenanciers d'hotels, restaurants, cafés, tavernes, et l'industrie de brasseurs, fabricant de malt et distillateurs dans toutes ses spécialités ; exercer l'industrie d'emmagasineurs dans toutes ses branches ; acheter, vendre, manufacturer et trafiquer de marchandises, provisions, articles de consommation, produits alimentaires de tous genres, en gros et en détail, et l'industrie de marchands de tabac, cigares, cigarettes, pipes et autres articles et choses généralement disposées par les marchands de tabac ;

(*b*) Prendre, acquérir et s'amalgamer avec l'industrie, entreprise, achalandage, ou aucune de leurs parties, de la compagnie dite Fitzgerald & Company, Limited, de Milton LeRoy et Aloysius Herbert et tous ou aucun des biens de leurs propriétaires, les payer en espèces ou totalement ou partiellement en actions de cette compagnie, assumer, si c'est opportun, aucune des obligations ou engagements des dits propriétaires des dites industries ;

(*c*) Acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir et détenir, exercer, jouir de toutes ou aucune des propriétés, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs licenses et privilèges détenus par aucune personne ou maison, ou par aucune compagnie ou compagnies exerçant une industrie similaire en tout ou en partie à celle de la compa-

gnie et payer pour telle propriété, franchises, achalandage, droits, pouvoirs licenses et privilèges totalement ou partiellement en actions de cette compagnie totalement ou partiellement libérées ;

(*d*) Exercer toute autre industrie que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec son industrie ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir ou posséder tout ou partie de la propriété commerciale de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou la propriété d'aucune personne possédant des biens convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*f*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*g*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucuns gouvernements ou autorités qui seront de nature à atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les permis, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter, exercer et se conformer ou renoncer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges, concessions et franchises ;

(*h*) Promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies en vue d'acquérir ou d'assumer toutes ou aucune des propriétés ou engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera, directement ou indirectement avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*i*) Acheter, louer, échanger ou autrement acquérir, aucune propriété personnelle, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie peut juger nécessaires ou convenables pour les fins de ses affaires ;

(*j*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, chèques connaissements, mandats et autres effets négotiables ;

(*k*) Adopter pour faire connaître les affaires de la compagnie tels moyens que la compagnie jugera convenables ;

(*l*) Rendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions ou débentures dans aucune autre compagnie ayant, en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie, vendre, détenir, émettre et disposer avec ou sans garantie de telles actions et débentures ;

(*m*) Vendre, louer, ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie des biens et de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies en vue d'acquérir tous ou aucun des biens et des engagements de la compagnie ;

(*n*) Distribuer en espèces aucun des biens de la compagnie parmi ses membres, placer et disposer des fonds et biens de la compagnie non immédiatement requis de la manière qui pourra être décidée de temps à autre ;

(*o*) Payer à même les fonds de la compagnie toutes les dépenses se rapportant à la formation, enregistrement et annonce de la compagnie ou à propos de la promotion de cette compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*p*) Vendre, gérer, développer, échanger, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie, et construire, maintenir, modifier tous bâtiments et travaux nécessaires ou utiles pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*q*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, faire toutes autres choses utiles ou nécessaires pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Le Roy Herbert, Limited," avec un capital-actions de dix mille dollars, divisé en 1,000 actions de dix dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

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Dollard Realties, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 7e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Patrick Martin Wickham, gérant, Francis Joseph Laverty et John Wesley Blair, conseil du Roi, et Charles Albert Hale et Auguste Angers, avocats, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat, échange, bail ou tout autre titre, posséder, détenir, démolir, embellir, exploiter, louer, vendre, échanger ou autrement transférer des biens fonciers, concessions forestières, licences forestières, pouvoirs hydrauliques et autres propriétés mobilières et immobilières de tous genres et descriptions ; exercer l'industrie d'agents financiers et d'immeubles, agir comme agents pour des fins de vente, location, gérance et d'administration de propriétés immobilières ;

(*b*) Construire sur les terres appartenant à la compagnie ou dans lesquelles elle peut être intéressée de quelque manière que ce soit, ou sur la propriété de ses clients, des édifices devant être employés pour quelque fin que ce soit, maintenir, surveiller, travailler, louer, sous-louer, vendre et autrement disposer de tous les bâtiments ainsi construits et d'autres bâtiments possédés ou loués par la compagnie ;

(*c*) Distribuer parmi ses membres, par voie de dividende ou de bonis, en espèces, ou en actions libérées ou de toute autre manière jugée opportune, aucune propriété de la compagnie ou tout produit de la vente ou de la disposition d'aucune propriété de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Payer pour toutes les propriétés, immunités, privilèges, baux ou droits quelconques acquis par ou pour la compagnie, pour services rendus, travaux faits pour elle y compris la construction totale ou partielle des bâtiments érigés par ou pour la compagnie, en obligations de la compagnie ou partie en obligations et partie en actions ;

(*e*) Eriger, construire, équiper, modifier, réparer des travaux publics ou privés, des bâtiments et structures et trafiquer de matériaux de construction ; dédommager par paiements en espèces ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires par l'émission d'actions libérées de la compagnie ou par des obligations et débentures ou de toute autre manière, toute personne ou corporation pour services rendus en disposant ou en aidant à la disposition, ou en garantissant la disposition d'une partie du capital-actions de la compagnie ou de tous engagements ou autres valeurs de la compagnie ou pour ce qui se rapporte à la formation ou promotion de la compagnie ou autrement ;

(*f*) Vendre et disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*g*) Faire toutes les choses nécessaires, convenables, ou normales pour accomplir aucune des fins ou atteindre aucun des objets énumérés dans les présentes.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout la Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de "Dollard Realties, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 2,000 actions de vingt-cinq dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

26–2

Columbia Automobile, Limited.— Automobile Columbia, Limitée.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Joseph Antoine Ducharme, comptable, de la ville de Maisonneuve, dans la province de

Québec : Philippe Tremblay, courtier d'immeubles, Jean-Baptiste Hurteau et Antoine Zéphirin Poitras, manufacturiers, et Ildas Caisse, notaire, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :- -

(*a*) Acheter, vendre, échanger, acquérir, louer, manufacturer, assembler, importer et exporter, transiger, en un mot faire commerce et faire affaires généralement en gros et en détail, à commission ou autrement de toutes espèces d'automobiles, carosseries d'automobiles, motocyclettes, tricyclettes et tous autres engins quelconques et moteurs de même nature et accessoires; tels que huiles, graisses, essence, pneus, caoutchoucs, uniformes de conducteurs, gants, casques, lunettes, imperméables, couvertes, pompes, leviers, outils, sacs à outil et tous matériels, accessoires, équipements, spécialités, articles et pièces quelconques nécessaires au bon fonctionnement de tels automobiles et moteurs et pour les fins du commerce en général ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, échanger, louer ou autrement acquérir, construire, installer, maintenir, utiliser et exploiter pour les fins de la compagnie des immeubles, manufactures, machines, dépôts, entrepôts, garages pour réparations ou autres fins semblables et nécessaires au susdit commerce; le tout à être payé avec des parts acquittees de la compagnie, par argent, marchandises, effets de commerce quelconques ou autres biens de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Annoncer, ouvrir, tenir et exploiter des salles d'échantillons aux fins d'activer, favoriser et étendre le commerce de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Acheter ou autrement acquérir en tout ou en partie le commerce (capital-actions), les agences, droits, privilèges, hypothèques, biens meubles ou immeubles, actions de toute personne ou compagnie faisant un commerce semblable à celui de cette compagnie, des débentures de toute corporation, municipalités ou de compagnie et de payer en tout ou en partie par agent, par billets promissoires, effets de commerce ou autres obligations, ou par des parts acquittées de la compagnie ou autres biens mobiliers ou immobiliers lui appartenant ;

(*e*) Payer également en actions acquittées de la compagnie ou autrement les propriétés, brevets, procédés, marques de commerce, ou l'usage d'iceux, ainsi que les services rendus ;

(*f*) Recevoir en paiement de biens, propriétés, actions, débentures et autres valeurs de la compagnie, des actions, débentures et autres valeurs d'autres compagnies, d'individus, de municipalités ou de corporations;

(*g*) Acquérir, posséder, échanger, acheter des parts dans d'autres compagnies incorporées pour les mêmes fins aux conditions jugées convenables par les directeurs de la compagnie;

(*h*) Se fusionner, conclure des arrangements et marchés aux fins de partager les profits et d'unir les intérêts avec ceux d'autres personnes ou compagnies incorporées faisant un commerce similaire à celui de cette compagnie;

(*i*) Souscrire et consentir des billets promissoires, effets de commerce et autres obligations de la compagnie pour les fins de son commerce;

(*j*) Faire, agir et exécuter généralement tous actes, procédés quelconques jugés nécessaires pour les fins de la compagnie.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Columbia Automobile, Limited "—" Automobile Columbia, Limitée," avec un capital-actions de cent mille dollars, divisé en 10,000 actions de dix dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 19e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

The Stave Manufacturing Co., Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 6e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Harold Wooland, agent, Walter Horace Thomson et Walter Francis Lee teneurs de livres, Thomas James Coulter et William Stanley Jones, comptables, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement, posséder, détenir, louer, vendre ou autrement disposer ou trafiquer des terres boisées, concessions forestières, bois debout ou coupés, trafiquer du bois de service, de charpente, bois, exercer généralement l'industrie de l'exploitation et de la fabrication du bois dans toutes ses branches ;

(*b*) Posséder, entretenir, exploiter des moulins de sciage, moulins à planer, usines de pâte de bois et de papier, généralement manufacturer et trafiquer de douves, articles en bois, meubles, véhicules, instruments agricoles et d'articles de tous genres dans lesquels le bois ou les produits du bois sont requis ou utilisés ;

(*c*) Obtenir par achat, bail, licence ou autrement acquérir des pouvoirs hydrauliques, lots de grève, droits de passage et tels autres droits ou privilèges pouvant être requis par la compagnie ;

(*d*) Posséder, louer ou garder des chevaux et véhicules de toutes sortes ; posséder et entretenir des étables, garages : acheter, construire et autrement acquérir et posséder, affréter, employer des chalands, vaisseaux, bâtiments et autres bateaux ;

(*e*) Bâtir ou autrement acquérir, louer, entretenir des quais, jetées, ponts, chemins et autres travaux pouvant convenir aux fins de la compagnie ou aider à leur construction, achat et entretien de la manière que la compagnie jugera convenable ou utile ;

(*f*) Demander, obtenir, s'assurer ou acquérir et détenir, employer, exploiter, louer, vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toute marque de fabrique, brevet d'invention ou autres droits et privilèges semblables pouvant être utiles à la compagnie ;

(*g*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement tout ou partie des affaires et propriétés, et assumer les engagements de toute personne, maison ou compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*h*) Demander à toutes autorités publiques locales ou autres et en obtenir les concessions, octrois, pouvoirs. privilèges, franchises qui sembleront désirables à la compagnie, conclure des arrangements ou des contrats pour exercer ou appliquer tels octrois, concessions ou franchises ;

(*i*) Conclure des arrangements pour le partage des bénéfices, la fusion des intérêts ou aucuns risques communs avec telles personnes, maisons ou corporation comme la compagnie le jugera convenable ;

(*j*) Nonobstant l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, souscrire, prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions et valeurs d'aucune compagnie ayant des objets semblables en tout ou en partie à ceux de cette compagnie, les détenir, vendre, ou autrement en disposer ;

(*l*) Accepter en paiement total ou partiel de toute dette due à la compagnie des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune compagnie ;

(*m*) Emettre et repartir des actions libérées du capital-actions de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel pour toute propriéte, foncière ou personelle et pour tous droits, privilèges ou concessions obtenus par achat, bail ou autrement ou pour créances dues par la compagnie ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus à la compagnie par toutes personnes, maisons ou corporations dans la formation et promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires et spécialement, dans la vente et le placement d'aucuns de ses stocks, obligations ou valeurs ;

(*n*) Vendre, louer ou disposer autrement de toute la propriété, biens et entreprises de la compagnie et d'aucune partie d'icelle, à tels termes et conditions et pour telle considération que les directeurs et les actionnaires de la compagnie jugeront convenables, et en particulier pour des actions, obligations ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets semblables nonobstant les provisions de la section 44 de la *Loi des Compagnies*; distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie en nature, aucune propriété de la compagnie et en particulier aucune actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie appartenant a cette compagnie ou desquelles cette compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*o*) Exercer aucune autre indurtrie que la compagnie jugera capable de pouvoir être convenablement exercée

en rapport avec ses affaires ou de nature, directement ou indirectement à faire avancer ou à rendre profitable aucun des biens ou des droits de la compagnie.

(*p*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "The Stave Manufacturing Co., Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 11e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
26–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat

Compagnie de Crémerie Homo, Limitée—Homo Creamery Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour de novembre 1916, constituant en corporation Félix Vanasse, agent financier, Auguste Joseph Allaire, comptable, Aimé Malo, étudiant en droit, et Bibiane Lefebvre, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et Lorenzo Laurendeau, étudiant en loi, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter et vendre, faire le commerce de gros et détail, importer et exporter de la crème, du chocolat à la crème, du beurre, du lait de beurre, du fromage et tous les autres sous-produits du lait, en même temps que des œufs, des volailles, et d'une manière générale faire le commerce de tous les produits de la ferme ;

(*b*) Acheter, vendre, importer, exporter, faire le commerce et manufacturer toutes les choses et produits alimentaires qui peuvent être demandés dans les laiteries de la compagnie, comme les céréales, les fruits, les sirops, les eaux gazeuses, les pâtes et autres marchandises qui peuvent être vendues dans les magasins de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acheter, vendre, échanger, importer, exporter et manufacturer toutes les choses nécessaires à l'exploitation, l'installation et l'ameublement des dites fermes, crémeries, fabriques de beurre et de fromage, entrepôts et autres propriétés de la compagnie, en même temps que tous les apppreils nécessaires pour la production, le travail, la stérilisation, la pasteurisation, l'embouteillage, l'empaquetage du lait, du beurre, du fromage, de la crème et en général de tous les sous-produits du lait, et aussi des produits de la ferme et aussi des autres produits manufacturés ou employés par la compagnie ;

(*d*) Agir comme agent pour toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant un commerce ou une industrie semblable à ceux de la compagnie ou y ayant quelque rapport ;

(*e*) Acquérir les affaires de toutes personnes, maisons ou compagnies faisant des affaires du même genre et les payer argent comptant ou en actions acquittées de la compagnie, ou s'amalgamer avec toute autre maison faisant des affaires du même genre ;

(*f*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre ou détailler tous instruments, machines, agrès ou appareils devant servir à l'exploitation d'entrepôts frigorifiques et accessoires de glacières et magasins ; acheter, vendre, et fabriquer tous tels instruments, ustensiles, appareils nécessaires à l'exploitation des produits ci-haut mentionnés ;

(*g*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, payer et émettre des billets promissoires, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres effets négociables et transportables ;

(*h*) Payer aucune propriété, franchise, privilège, bail ou droit d'aucune nature acquise par ou pour la compagnie, ou aucun travail parfait, ou les services rendus, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, au moyen d'une émission de parts acquittées de la corporation ;

(*i*) Avoir ou posséder tous pouvoirs nécessaires à l'entreprise ci-haut mentionnée.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Compagnie de Crémerie Homo, Limitée."—Homo Creamery Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-neuf mille dollars, divisé en 490 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 22e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Francis Hankin & Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Francis Hankin, marchand, Charles Champoux, avocat, et Lucy Mary Shea, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et Alfred Hodson Hill, de la ville de St-Lambert, dans la dite province de Québec, gérant, et Joseph William Weldon, de la cité de Westmount, dans la dite province de Québec, avocat, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Importer, exporter, manufacturer, produire, acheter, vendre et disposer de fer, acier et autres métaux et leurs produits, briques, tuiles, tuyaux, poterie, argile, sable, ciment, pierre et leurs produits, asphalt et matériaux pour pavage, fournitures pour municipalités, entrepreneurs, constructeurs, chemins de fer, produits chimiques, fournitures pour produits chimiques et leurs produits;

(*b*) Acquérir, ouvrir, construire, gérer, exploiter toute espèce d'entrepôts, magasins, outillages, fabriques, ateliers, magasins, carrières, sablière, dépôts argileux, et toute propriété ou propriétés qui sembleront à la compagnie nécessaires ou désirables pour ses opérations;

(*c*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre qui semblera à la compagnie pouvoir être convenablement exercée en rapport avec les affaires ou objets ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie;

(*d*) Pour aucun des objets susdits acheter, louer ou autrement acquérir toute espèce de propriété, foncière, personnelle, mobilière, immobilière ou mixte et aucuns droits, franchises, privilèges qui sembleront à la compagnie désirables ou avantageux, les vendre, louer ou autrement en trafiquer ou disposer en tout ou en partie;

(*e*) Demander, obtenir, louer, détenir, posséder, vendre, céder, licencier ou autrement disposer ou faire valoir des brevets d'invention, perfectionnements, procédés, marques de fabrique, marques de commerce que la compagnie jugera désirables ;

(*f*) Nonobstant l'article 44 de la dite loi, souscrire, acheter ou autrement acquérir des articles et valeurs d'aucune compagnie ayant des objets semblables en tout ou en partie à ceux de cette compagnie, les payer totalement ou partiellement en espèces, actions, obligations ou autres valeurs de cette compagnie;

(*g*) Garantir l'exécution d'aucun contrat par, ou le payment d'aucuns fonds aux clients ou autres personnes ou compagnies ayant des relations avec cette compagnie;

(*h*) Faire tout acte ou chose nécessaire, utile convenable ou normal pour l'accomplissement d'aucun des objets mentionnés ou pourvus dans les présentes ;

(*i*) Les pouvoirs de chacun des paragraphes des présentes ne seront nullement limités ou restreints par induction ou déduction des termes d'aucun autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs sous le nom de " Francis Hankin & Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de quarante-cinq mille dollars, divisé en 450 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Moutréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 19e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Metal Foundries of Canada, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 16e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation John MacIntosh Duff et Jamet Grey Hamilton, solliciteurs, Marjorie Lillian Chamberlain, commis ; Ina Lorraine Marshall et Margares Florence Bonnell, sténographes, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Prospecter, ouvrir, explorer, développer, travailler, améliorer, maintenir des mines d'or, d'argent, cuivre, nickel, plomb, charbon et autres, des carrières, mines et autres dépôts et propriétés, et creuser, draguer, extraire, bocarder, laver, fondre, rôtir, essayer, analyser, réduire, amalgamer, traiter des minerais, métaux et substances métallifères de toutes sortes, qu'ils appartiennent ou non à la compagnie, et de les rendre propres à être vendus sur le marché, et de les vendre ou autrement en disposer en tout ou en partie ainsi que d'aucuns intérêts en iceux, et d'une manière générale exercer l'industrie d'une compagnie minière, de broyage, de réduction et de développement ; exercer l'industrie consistant à fondre, traiter, essayer, affiner, concentrer, moudre, réduire, précipiter, vaporiser, analyser, acheter, vendre des minéraux de tous genres, minerais, pierres précieuses, métaux, terres, exercer généralement l'industrie de la fusion, réduction, affinage, et broyage et de la fonte dans toutes ses branches ;

(*b*) Acquérir par achat, bail, concession, licence, échange, ou autre titre légal, des mines, terrains miniers, servitudes, propriétés minières et aucuns intérêts dans iceux, minéraux et minerais et concessions minières, options, pouvoirs, privilèges, droits d'eau ou autres, droits de patentes, procédés mécaniques ou autres soit d'une manière absolue ou conditionnelle, soit seuls, soit conjointement avec d'autres, comme principaux agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, et de les louer, mettre sous licence, vendre, en disposer ou autrement, en tout ou en partie ainsi que d'aucuns intérêts en iceux ;

(*c*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement des emplacements pour usines, haut-fourneaux, pouvoirs hydrauliques, lignes de transmission, outillages de force motrice et autres moyens de créer et de transmettre la force motrice ;

(*d*) Acquérir par achat, bail ou autrement, posséder, détenir, employer, améliorer, gérer, débiter, louer, vendre, disposer et trafiquer de terres, propriétés, emplacements, droits, franchises, pouvoirs, biens ou privilèges en rapport avec les dites affaires ;

(*e*) Importer, manufacturer, distiller, méthyler, acheter, vendre et trafiquer de produits chimiques, spiritueux, explosifs et autres produits, simples ou mélangés avec d'autres substances ;

(*f*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou autrement acquérir, (avec ou sans la surface) des terrains houillers, ferrugineux et autres, miniers et autres, terrains, propriétés minières ou minéraux et tous droits miniers, octrois, concessions, servitudes, terres, héritages et autres propriétés nécessaires pour la possession et l'utilisation avantageuses des mines ou travaux de la compagnie ou aucun intérêt dans chacun d'eux respectivement, chercher, obtenir, exploiter, extraire, brûler, rendre vendable, acheter, vendre, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de charbon, minerais, métaux, minerais et toutes substances de la terre.

(*g*) Importer, acheter, acquérir, vendre, fondre, concentrer, extraire, réduire, distiller, methyler, traiter, extraire, raffiner ou produire de quelque manière que ce soit et par n'importe quel procédé, et disposer de tous produits, végétaux, minéraux, animaux, du bois, métalliques, du fer, produits chimiques, médicinaux, liquides, gageux et autres substances ou produits ;

(*h*) Acheter, vendre, disposer de bois de service, de bois, concessions forestières, terres boisées, pâturages, manufacturer et trafiquer de bois de service, de charpente, pâte de bois, pâte et leurs produits ;

(*i*) Agir comme agents, marchands à commission, courtiers, ou représentants au Canada pour des maisons de commerce européennes, exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Exercer toute autre industrie, d'ordre manufacturier ou autrement que la compagnie croira susceptible d'être utilement exercée, ou se rattachant à son industrie, ou de nature à augmenter directement ou indirectement sa valeur, ou avantageux pour aucun des biens et des droits de la compagnie ;

(*k*) Acquérir ou entreprendre la totalité ou toute partie de l'industrie, propriété ou engagements de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que la compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou possédant toute propriété avantageuse pour les objets de la compagnie ;

(*l*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir tous brevets, licences, concessions et autres choses semblables, conférant tout droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité de se servir, ou tout secret ou autre information, au sujet de toute inventien qui pourra sembler susceptible d'être employée pour les fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition sera censée être utile à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et employer, développer, exercer ou accorder des licences s'y rattachant ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, droit ou informations ainsi acquis ;

(*m*) S'associer ou conclure des conventions au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques, ou autrement, avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée, ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans toute industrie, ou transaction que cette compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou dans laquelle elle peut s'engager ou toute industrie ou transaction pouvant être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et prêter des deniers, garantir les entreprises ou aider autrement cette personne ou compagnie et prendre autrement des actions ou valeurs de cette compagnie et vendre, détenir, réémettre, avec ou sans garantie, ou en disposer autrement ;

(*n*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions de toute autre compagnie, ayant des objets en tout ou en partie similaires à ceux de la présente compagnie ou exerçant toute industrie pouvant être conduite de manière à être profitable à la compagnie directement ou indirectement;

(*o*) Conclure des arrangements avec toute autorité municipale, locale ou autrement qui sembleront avantageux pour les fins de la compagnie ou de l'une d'elles et obtenir de cette autorité tous droits, privilèges et concessions que la compagnie croira désirable d'obtenir et exécuter, exercer et se conformer à ces arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions;

(*p*) Promouvoir toute compagnie ou compagnies dans le but d'acquérir toutes et aucunes propriétés et engagements de la compagnie, ou pour toute autre fin pouvant être, directement ou indirectement, d'une nature avantageuse pour la compagnie;

(*q*) Acheter, prendre à bail ou en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir tous biens et tous droits et privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires et avantageux pour les fins de ses industries et en particulier tout outillage, machinerie ou fonds de commerce;

(*r*) Construire, améliorer, entretenir, travailler, gérer, exercer ou contrôler toutes routes, voies, embranchements et garages, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau, quais, manufactures, entrepôts, usines électriques, ateliers, magasins et autres travaux et commodités qui sembleront propres à servir les intérêts de la présente compagnie, directement ou indirectement, et contribuer, subventionner, ou autrement aider ou prendre part à leur construction, amélioration, entretien, exploitation, conduite, exécution ou contrôle :

(*s*) Prêter des deniers aux clients ou autres porsonnes faisant des affaires avec la compagnie et garantir l'exécution de contrats par toutes telles personnes ;

(*t*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter et émettre des billets à ordres, des lettres de change, des connaissements, des mandats et autres instruments négociables ou transférables ;

(*u*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou de toute partie d'icelle, pour toute considération que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou des valeurs de toute autre compagnie dant les objets sont en tout ou en

partie semblables à ceux de la présente compagnie ; si autorisé de le faire par le vote de la majorité en nombre des actionnaires présents ou représentés par des fondés de pouvoir à une réunion annuelle dûment convoquée pour prendre la chose en considération et détenant pas moins des deux tiers du capital-actions émis par la compagnie ;

(*v*) Demander, obtenir, acquérir par cession, transport, achat ou autrement, exercer, exécuter, jouir de toute charte, licence, pouvoir, autorité, franchise, concession, droits ou privilèges qu'aucun gouvernement ou autorité ou aucune corporation ou autre corps public peut avoir le pouvoir d'octroyer, payer, aider et contribuer pour mettre ces choses à effet et approprier aucunes des actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour en défrayer le coût, les charges et dépenses ;

(*w*) Faire enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes suivant les lois de ces pays étrangers pour représenter cette compagnie et accepter la signification de pièces pour et au nom de la compagnie dans tout procès ou litige ;

(*x*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, par l'achat et l'exposition de travaux d'art ou d'intérêt, la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompences et dons ;

(*y*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie et toutes choses autorisées par lettres patentes ou lettres patentes supplémentaires et faire toutes et aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*z*) Faire toutes telles autres choses nécessaires ou utiles pour atteindre les objets ci-dessus.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Metal Foundries of Canada, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 19e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

27-2

The Spence Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 15e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Finlay McArthur et Benedict Cosgrove Bellew, voyageurs de commerce, Marie Lawlor, fille majeure et Nora Charlotte Bellew, sténographe, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et Henry McDonald Gratton Bellew, de la cité d'Outremont, dans la dite province de Québec, solliciteur d'annonces, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, importer, exporter, acheter, vendre et disposer d'effets, articles et marchandises, exercer telle industrie comme principaux, agents, facteurs ou autrement ;

(*b*) Manufacturer tout ou partie de toutes marchandises, substances, machines, outils, articles, appareils ou choses employés dans ou pour la fabrication, ou tout procédé de fabrication pour lesquels l'outillage, machinerie et propriété de la compagnie pourront être de temps à autre disponibles et convenables ;

(*c*) Construire, maintenir, exploiter sur la propriété de la compagnie tous travaux, ponts, réservoirs, flumes, barrages et tous autres travaux et commodités qui permettront d'atteindre, directement ou indirectement les objets de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Construire, acquérir, posséder, gérer, affréter, exploiter, louer toutes espèces de bateaux à vapeur, à l'électricité, à voiles, bateaux, remorqueurs, chalands et autres vaisseaux, quais, bassins, élévateurs, entrepôts, hangars à fret et autres bâtiments nécessaires ou convenant aux fins de la compagnie ;

(*e*) Acquérir l'achalandage, propriété, droits et biens, assumer les engagements d'aucune personne, maison, corporation ou entreprise endettée envers la compagnie ou autres, ou faisant aucunes affaires semblables à celles faites par la compagnie, les payer en espèces ou en actions libérées non sujettes à appel de fonds ou valeurs de cette compagnie ou autrement et plus spécialement acquérir et assumer comme une industrie active l'industrie maintenant exercée dans la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal, province de Québec, Canada, sous la raison sociale de "The Spence Company" et tous et aucun des biens et engagements des propriétaires de cette industrie en rapport avec icelle et en vue d'entrer dans la convention datée de la cité de Montréal susdite, le vingt-huitième jour de novembre 1916, et faite entre la dite "The Spence Company" et Henry McDonald Gratton Bellew, comme fidéicommissaire pour la compagnie, et de lui donner effet avec ou sans modification ;

(*f*) Demander, maintenir, enregistrer, louer, acquérir, détenir, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer, octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir tous brevets d'invention, perfectionnement, procédés, marques de fabrique et choses de même nature, nécessaires ou avantageuses pour les fins de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Distribuer en nature parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, aucune propriété de la compagnie et particulièrement les actions, débentures ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie appartenant à la compagnie ou desquels la compagnie peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*h*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement les actions d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à celle que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, ou autrement acquérir et assumer avec son outillage, fonds de commerce, achalandage, franchises, biens de toute nature et engagements, exercer toute autre industrie qui semblera pouvoir être convenablement exercée en rapport avec aucun des objets ci-dessus ou directement ou indirectement de nature à augmenter la valeur, à faciliter la réalisation ou à rendre profitables aucune des propriétés, droits ou entreprises de la compagnie ;

(*i*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets similaires à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*j*) Emettre des actions libérées, non sujettes à appels de fonds, obligations, débentures ou aucunes autres valeurs de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel de toute proprrété ou droits pouvant être acquis ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour tous services rendus ou pour tout travail fait pour la compagnie, ou pour le paiement ou le règlement de dettes et engagements dus par la compagnie et, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, rémunérer tout courtier, agents ou autres, pouvant aider à la disposition d'aucunes actions du capital-actions de la compagnie ou autres valeurs ;

(*k*) S'amalgamer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider telle personne, maison ou compagnie et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies* ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, ou autrement en disposer ;

(*l*) Former, promouvoir, subventionner et aider des compagnies, syndicats et associations de tous genres exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblables se rapportant ou subordonnée à celle de cette compagnie, donner des garanties pour le paiement des fonds ou l'exécution d'aucune obligation ou entreprise par

aucune personne, maison ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie peut avoir des relations ;

(*m*) Exercer et entreprendre toute transaction ou opération mercantiles usuellement exercée ou entreprise par les promoteurs de compagnies, financiers, concessionnaires, entrepreneurs de travaux publics et autres, capitalistes, marchands, négociants en rapport avec les fins et objets ci-dessus énumérés ; offrir en souscription publique toutes actions ou stock du capital ou des débentures ou stock-débentures ou autres valeurs de toute compagnie, association, entreprise ou de corps publics ou privés exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie, semblable, se rapportant ou subordonnée à celle de cette compagnie ou autrement établie, promouvoir ou concourir dans leur établissement; prendre part à la gérance, surveillance ou contrôle des affaires ou opérations de toute telle compagnie ou entreprise ;

(*n*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité ou gouvernement fédéral, provincial, municipal ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, d'obtenir de ces autorités tous les droits, privilèges, concessions, subsides et autres bénéfices que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter ou exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits et bénéfices ; faire licencier, enregistrer et reconnaître la compagnie dans tout pays étranger, et y désigner des personnes pour faire tels actes et choses nécessaires d'après les lois de tel pays pour représenter la compagnie et lui permettre d'exercer son industrie ou poursuivre ses affaires là et ailleurs ;

(*o*) Entreprendre, gérer, contrôler ou autrement disposer des affaires et entreprises d'aucune corporation, maison ou personne quand cela sera nécessaire dans le but de protéger les intérêts de la compagnie afin de protéger les valeurs, de réaliser des réclamations ou d'effectuer aucune transaction ou obligation dans lesquelles la compagnie se serait engagée ;

(*p*) Payer toutes les dépenses se rapportant à l'obtention, l'incorporation de la charte ou à la formation et organisation de la compagnie, faire toutes choses autres se rapportant aux objets ci-dessus ou permettant de les atteindre, promouvoir toutes compagnies ou compagnie en vue d'acquérir toutes ou aucune des entreprises, biens, droits ou engagements de cette compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui sembleront de nature avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*q*) Faire toutes ou aucune des matières autorisées par les présentes seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres, comme facteurs ou agents, faire toutes autres choses nécessaires à l'exercice normal des objets ci-dessus ou aucun d'eux ;

(*r*) Tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque des présentes, ne sera ni limité ni restreint par induction ou déduction des termes de tout autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " The Spence Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 18e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

British Cordite Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Walter Robert Lorimer Shanks, avocat, Francis George Bush, teneur de livres, George Robert Drennan et Alexander Gordon Yeoman, sténographes, et Herbert William Jackson, commis, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et trafiquer de cordite et autres explosifs de tous genres et de tous ingrédients utiles en rapport avec leur fabrication et acheter, vendre et trafiquer des sous-produits provenant de telle fabrication, exercer l'industrie de mineurs, fondeurs de fer, cuivre et autres métaux, machinistes, fabricants d'outils, métallurgistes, ouvriers en métaux, ajusteurs, constructeurs de moulins, fabricants de boîtes d'emballage et de toutes autres branches d'industrie de détails usuellement et convenablement en rapport avec toute telle industrie comme susdit soit pour préparer ou finir les articles pour la vente ou pour des fins auxiliaires ainsi que pour les fins des industries susdites ou pour des fins de bénéfices comme industries indépendantes ;

(*b*) Manufacturer, en tout ou en partie, toutes marchandises, substances, machines, outils, articles, appareils ou choses dans ou pour la manufacture, ou aucun procédé de manufacture pour lesquels l'outillage, la machinerie ou la propriété de la compagnie peut de temps en autre être disponibles ou convenables ;

(*c*) Construire, maintenir, exploiter sur la propriété de la compagnie tous travaux, lignes de tramways, télégraphe et téléphone, ponts, réservoirs, flumes, jetées et tous autres travaux et commodités permettant d'atteindre, directement ou indirectement aucun des objets de la compagnie ;

(*d*) Construire, acquérir, possédé, gérer, affréter, exploiter, louer toutes espèces de bateaux à vapeur ou à voiles, bateux, remorqueurs, chalands et autres vaisseaux, quais, bassins, élévateurs, entrepôts, hangars à fret et autres bâtiments nécessaires ou convenant aux fins de compagnie ;

(*e*) Établir, maintenir, exploiter pour l'usage de la compagnie, ses employés, locataires et autres un service de protection contre le feu, un service hydraulique, un service d'éclairage électrique ou au gaz, faire tels contrats en rapport avec iceux qui seront trouvés nécessaires ou opportuns pour la disposition de l'excédent ou autrement ;

(*f*) Demander, maintenir, enregistrer, louer, acquérir, détenir, vendre, louer ou autrement disposer et octroyer des licences ou autrement faire valoir tous brevets d'invention, perfectionnements ou procédés, marques de fabrique, marques de commerce et choses de même nature nécessaires ou avantageuses pour aucune des fins de la compagnie ;

(*g*) Distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la compagnie, en nature, aucune des propriétés de la compagnie et particulièrement les actions, débentures, ou valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie appartenant à la compagnie ou dont elle peut avoir le pouvoir de disposer ;

(*h*) Acquérir par achat ou autrement les actions d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie en tout ou en partie semblable à l'industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des compagnies*, ou autrement acquérir et assumer toute autre entreprise et industrie semblables, en tout ou en partie, à celle de la compagnie, avec son outillage, fonds de commerce, achalandage, franchises, biens de toute nature et engagements ; exercer toute autre industrie pouvant être convenablement exercée en rapport avec les objets ci-dessus ou de nature, directement ou indirectement, à augmenter la valeur, à faciliter la réalisation ou à rendre profitable aucune des propriétés, des droits ou entreprises de la compagnie :

(*i*) Vendre, louer ou autrement disposer de tout ou partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures, valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*j*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété, droits, que la compagnie est autorisée d'acquérir ou, avec l'approbation des actionnaires, pour services rendus, travaux faits pour la compagnie, ou pour le paiement ou le règlement de dette et engagements dus par la compagnie

(*k*) S'amalgamer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entre-

prendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider telle personne, maison ou compagnie et nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la *Loi des Compagnies*, prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions et valeurs d'aucune telle compagnie les vendre ou autrement en disposer ;

(*l*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses autorisées par les présentes, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres comme facteurs ou agents ;

(*m*) Faire toutes choses utiles ou nécessaires pour atteindre normalement tous ou aucun des objets ci-dessus ;

(*n*) Tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque des présentes, ne sera ni limité ni restreint par induction ou déduction des termes de tout autre paragraphe.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "British Cordite Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 19e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Dominion Iron and Wrecking Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, des lettres patentes en date du 14e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Frank Joseph Charman et Isaac Crowder Gaskell, teneurs de livres, Lewis Harry Cohen et William Campbell Wylie, gérants, et Rudolph Mayer, courtier, tous de la cité de Montréal, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Acheter et vendre toute espèce de ponts, locomotives, viaducs vieux et neufs, toute espèce de fer vieux et neuf, minerai de fer, acier vieux et neuf, toute espèce de déchets de marchandise de toute description ; disposer de rails vieux et neufs, d'équipements de construction vieux et neufs ; d'équipements de sauvetage vieux et neufs ; démolir des ponts, viaducs vieux et neufs, de vieux outillages, bateaux, bateaux à vapeur et moulins ; prendre et enlever toute espèce de fers de construction ; vendre, acheter, manufacturer et employer de l'oxygène et de l'hydrogène ;

(*b*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer en rapport avec son industrie qui semblera directement ou indirectement de nature à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou droits de la compagnie ;

(*c*) Acquérir ou assumer tout ou partie des affaires, propriété et engagements de toute personne ou compagnie exerçant une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des biens convenant aux fins de cette compagnie ;

(*d*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir, tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif ou non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser tout secret ou autre information concernant toute invention qui paraîtra capable d'être utilisée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition sera jugée propre à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ; et utiliser, exercer, développer, ou permettre l'usage ou autrement faire valoir la propriété, droits, ou renseignements ainsi acquis ;

(*e*) S'associer ou conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ou de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*f*) Prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie ;

(*g*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité municipale, locale ou autre qui seront de nature à atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités tous les permis, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, et exécuter, exercer et se conformer ou renoncer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concession ;

(*h*) Etablir, supporter, aider à la formation et supporter les associations, institutions, fonds, fidéicommis et choses de nature à profiter aux employés et ex-employés de la compagnie, (ou de ses prédécesseurs en affaires) ou les personnes leur étant apparentées ou en dépendant ; octroyer des pensions et gratuités, faire des paiements pour assurance, souscrire et garantir des fonds pour des objets charitables ou de prévoyance, pour aucune exposition ou pour aucun objet public, général ou utile ;

(*i*) Promouvoir aucune compagnie ou compagnies en vue d'acquérir toutes ou aucune des propriétés ou engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera directement ou indirectement avantageuse pour la compagnie ;

(*j*) Acheter, louer, échanger ou autrement acquérir, aucune propriété personnelle, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie peut juger nécessaires ou convenables pour les fins de ses affaires et en particulier toute machineries, outillage et fonds de commerce ;

(*k*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, travailler, gérer, exploiter ou contrôler tous chemins, routes, ponts, élévateurs, réservoirs, acqueducs, bassins, quais, glissoirs, usines à gaz, électriques ou autres et commodités, directement ou indirectement, de nature à promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie, contribuer, subventionner et autrement aider ou prendre part à leur construction, gérance, entretien ou contrôle ;

(*l*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres ayant des relations avec la compagnie et garantir l'exécution des contracts par toutes telles personnes ;

(*m*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exercer, émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, connaissements mandats et autres instruments négociables et transférables;

(*n*) Vendre ou disposer de l'entreprise de la compagnie ou de toute partie d'icelle, pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera à propos, et en particulier pour des actions, débentures ou valeurs de toute autre compagnie dont les objets sont semblables à ceux de cette compagnie ;

(*o*) Demander, obtenir, acquérir par cession, transfert bail ou autrement, exercer, appliquer et jouir de tout permis, charte, pouvoir, autorité, franchise, concessions, droits ou privilèges qu'aucun gouvernement ou autorité, ou aucune corporation ou corps public peuvent avoir le pouvoir d'octroyer, les payer, aider, contribuer à leur mise en œuvre et approprier aucune des actions, obligations et biens de la compagnie pour défrayer en tout ou partie les frais, charges et dépenses nécessaires s'y rapportant ;

(*p*) Faire enregistrer, et reconnaître la compagnie dans tous pays étrangers, y désigner des personnes pour reconnaître cette compagnie suivant les lois de tels pays étrangers et d'accepter pour et pour le compte de la compagnie la signification d'aucune procédure ou action ;

(*q*) Lever et aider à lever des deniers et aider au moyen de bonis, prêts, promesses, endossements, garanties d'obligations, débentures ou autrement, toute autre compagnie ou corporation avec lesquelles la compagnie pourrait avoir des relations d'affaires et garantir l'exécution des contrats par telle compagnie ou corporation ;

(*r*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, par l'achat et l'exposition de travaux d'art ou d'intérêt, la publication ce livres, et périodiques, et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons ;

(*s*) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*t*) Faire toutes ou aucune des choses ci-dessus comme principaux, agents, entrepreneurs ou autrement, seuls ou conjointement avec d'autres ;

(*u*) Faire telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent et ;

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de " Dominion Iron and Wrecking Company Limited", avec un capital-actions de cinquante mille dollars, divisé en 500 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 18e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27-2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

Golden Ray Fishing Company, Limited.

AVIS est donné au public qu'en vertu de la première partie du chapitre 79 des Statuts revisés du Canada, 1906, désigné *Loi des compagnies*, il a été délivré, sous le sceau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada des lettres patentes en date du 18e jour de décembre 1916, constituant en corporation Richard Tuson Heneker et Henry Noël Chauvin, tous deux conseil du Roi, Harold Earle Walker et John Noël Beauchamp, avocats, et Hugh Wylie, teneur de livres, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, pour les fins suivantes :—

(*a*) Exercer l'industrie de pêcheurs et l'industrie de la pêche, y compris entre autres choses, la pêche, le marinage, le séchage, le fumage, la préservation, la mise en conserves, l'emballage, l'importation, l'exportation, l'achat, la vente et autres dispositions du poisson et des produits du poisson de toute description, leurs huiles, fertilisants et autres sous-produits, des huîtres, homards et toutes espèces de mollusques, pêcher, acheter, emmagasiner, vendre, distribuer de la boitte et des poissons de toute description, frais, salés ou gelés, s'engager dans et exercer l'industrie des conserves en boîte, du marinage et de l'emballage du homard, pêcher, acheter, vendre, emballer, mariner, mettre en conserves le homard et le poisson ;

(*b*) Acheter, louer et autrement acquérir et posséder des terres quelles qu'en soient la description et la situation, des lots, de grève, des droits et privilèges de quaiage, des droits de pêche, de pêche à la traul et à la seine et autres servitudes, droits et privilèges quels qu'ils soient ;

(*c*) Construire ou autrement acquérir, exploiter, contrôler, gérer, louer et disposer de ;

1° Chalutiers, bateaux et appareils de pêche, remorqueurs, bateaux, chalands. allèges. navires, bateaux à vapeur et autres vaisseaux de toute description, quais, bassins, jetées, rampes et travaux pour l'amélioration de la navigation et l'exercice de la pêche, de la pêche à la baleine et autres opérations, aussi des structures, appareils et équipements pour des fins de pêche, de pêche à la baleine, pêche à la seine et à traul ou la pêche au phoque ou pour la manutention de leur trafic sous toutes ses formes et descriptions ;

2° Usines, magasins, entrepôts, établissements de pisciculture, ateliers, entrepôts frigorifiques, bâtiments et outillage pour la réfrigération, hangars, bureaux, structures, outillages, appareils, équipement, machinerie pour le nettoyage, le marinage, la mise en conserves, l'emballage, l'emmagasinage, la manutention ou autres dispositions des produits et sous-produits de la pêche et des pêcheries de toute description ou pour les opérations de la pêche à la baleine et au phoque ou de toute autre opération exercée occasionnellement par la compagnie ;

3° Moulins, machinerie, ateliers, fabriques, usines, appareils, équipement de toute description pour la manutention, fabrication ou vente de tous produits ou sous-produits provenant des opérations de la compagnie ou d'aucune combinaison de tels produits ou sous-produits avec toute autre matière ou chose quelle qu'elle soit ;

4. Réservoirs, barrages, aqueducs, canaux, flumes, draims, ponts, chemins et tous autres travaux, appareils et équipements se rapportant à ce qui précède.

5. Usines de force motrice, outillage, machinerie, équipement et usines pour la production, distribution et utilisation d'aucune espèce de pouvoir pour l'éclairage, le chauffage ou aucune autre fin ;

(*d*) Manufacturer, acheter, vendre et disposer de bidons, barils, boîtes, emballages et autres réceptacles pouvant contenir des produits alimentaires ; manufacturer, vendre et trafiquer de tous produits de toute description, exercer toute industrie ou industrie subsidiaires, auxiliaires ou similaires aux industries mentionnées dans ces sous-paragraphes que la compagnie jugera opportum d'exercer pour les aider ou pour les remplacer ;

(*e*) Manufacturer et trafiquer de fertilisants et glue provenant des poissons, raffiner les huiles obtenues des poissons ;

(*f*) Acheter, vendre et faire le sauvetage des vaisseaux naufragés de toutes sortes, leurs matériaux, appareils et cargaison, posséder et employer des bateaux à vapeur pour sauvetage, des allèges, pompes et autres appareils de sauvetage ;

(*g*) Récolter, fabriquer, acheter, vendre et distribuer de la glace en gros et en détail ;

(*h*) Construire, améliorer, maintenir, exploiter, gérer, conduire, contrôler aucuns chemins, routes, embranchements, voies d'évitement, ponts, réservoirs, cours d'eau, outillages de force motrice, quais, manufactures, entrepôts, usines électriques pour le développement et la distribution de l'énergie électrique pour l'éclairage, le chauffage et autres fins, ateliers, magasins, et autres travaux et commodités qui pourront être directement ou indirectement de nature à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie et contribuer, subventionner ou autrement aider ou prendre part à leur construction, amélioration, entretien, exploitation, gérance, exécution ou contrôle, vendre et distribuer tout excédent de pouvoir électrique non reqnis pour les fins de la compagnie, sujet aux règlements locaux et municipaux les concernant ;

(*i*) Acquérir et assumer tout ou partie de l'industrie-propriété, achalandage et biens d'aucune personne, maison ou compagnie exerçant ou se proposant d'exercer une industrie que cette compagnie est autorisée d'exercer ou possédant des propriétés convenant aux fins de cette compagnie et, comme partie de la compensation pour telles acquisitions, assumer tous ou aucun des engagements de telle personne, maison ou compagnie ;

(*j*) Emettre des actions libérées, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs en paiement total ou partiel d'aucune propriété foncière ou personnelle, mobilière ou immobilière, services, droits, baux, affaires, franchises, entreprises, pouvoirs, privilèges, licences ou concessions que cette compagnie peut légalement acquérir, et en paiement total ou partiel ou en échange d'actions, obligations, débentures ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie exerçant une industrie semblable ou se rapportant à l'industrie de cette compagnie, nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la loi susdite ;

(*k*) Rémunérer, avec le consentement des actionnaires toute personne ou compagnie pour services rendus ou à rendre en plaçant ou en aidant au placement ou en garantissant le placement de toutes parts du capital de la compagnie, ou d'aucunes débentures ou autres valeurs de la compagnie relativement à la formation ou à la promotion de la compagnie ou la conduite de ses affaires ;

(*l*) Distribuer parmi les membres, par dividendes ou autrement aucune des propriétés de la compagnie en espèces ou en nature et particulièrement les actions libérées, débentures ou débentures-stock d'aucune autre compagnie ;

(*m*) Tout pouvoir accordé dans un paragraphe quelconque des présentes, ne sera ni limité, ni restreint par induction ou déduction de tout autre paragraphe :

(*n*) Exercer toute autre industrie, manufacturière ou autre, que la compagnie jugera pouvoir convenablement exercer ou de nature, directement ou indirecte-

ment, à augmenter ou rendre profitable aucune des propriétés ou des droits de la compagnie ;

(*o*) Demander, acheter ou autrement acquérir, tous brevets, licences, concessions et choses de même nature, conférant un droit exclusif, non exclusif ou limité d'utiliser aucun secret ou autre information se rapportant à aucune invention pouvant être de nature à être employée pour aucune des fins de la compagnie, ou dont l'acquisition semble, directement ou indirectement devoir être avantageuse à cette compagnie ; les utiliser, exploiter, développer,en octroyer des licences, ou autrement mettre à profit les propriétés, droits, intérêts ou informations ainsi acquis.

(*p*) S'amalgamer, conclure des arrangements au sujet du partage des profits, la fusion des intérêts, la coopération, les risques communs, les concessions réciproques ou autrement avec toute personne ou compagnie exerçant ou engagée ou se proposant d'exercer ot de s'engager dans une entreprise ou transaction que la présente compagnie est autorisée à exercer ou entreprendre ou toute industrie ou transaction capable d'être conduite de façon à profiter directement ou indirectement à cette compagnie, et prêter des fonds, garantir les contrats ou autrement aider telle personne ou compagnie ; prendre ou autrement acquérir des actions ou valeurs de toute telle compagnie, et les vendre, détenir, réémettre avec ou sans garantie ou autrement en disposer ;

(*q*) Nonobstant les dispositions de l'article 44 de la dite loi, prendre ou autrement acquérir et détenir des actions d'aucune autre compagnie ayant en tout ou en partie des objets semblables à ceux de la compagnie ou exerçant une industrie capable d'être, directement ou indirectement, conduite avantageusement pour la compagnie :

(*r*) Conclure des arrangements avec aucune autorité, municipal, locale ou autres qui seront de nature à permettre d'atteindre les objets de la compagnie, ou aucun d'eux, obtenir de ces autorités les droits, privilèges, concessions que la compagnie jugera convenable d'obtenir, exécuter, exercer et se conformer à tous tels arrangements, droits, privilèges et concessions ;

(*s*) Etablir, soutenir et aider à l'établissement et le soutien d'associations, institutions, fonds, fidéi-commis, et commodités de nature à profiter aux employés ou ex-employés de la compagnie ou de ses prédécesseurs en affaires, ou les personnes qui dépendent ou sont apparentées à ces employés ou ex-employés, et accorder des pensions et allocations, et faire des paiements dans un but d'assurance, et souscrire ou garantir des deniers pour des fins de charité ou de bienfaisance ou pour toute exposition ou pour toufes fins publiques, générales ou utiles ;

(*t*) Promouvoir toute compagnie ou compagnie dans le but d'acquérir toutes ou aucune des propriétés et engagements de la compagnie ou pour aucune autre fin qui semblera de nature à profiter directement ou indirectement à la compagnie ;

(*u*) Acheter, prendre à bail on en échange, louer ou autrement acquérir toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière, droits ou privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses affaires et en particnlier des machineries, outillage et fonds de commerce;

(*v*) Prêter des fonds aux clients et autres, ayant des relations avec la compagnie et garantir l'exécution des contrats par toutes telles personnes ;

(*w*) Tirer, faire, accepter, endosser, exécuter, émettre des billets à ordre, lettres de change, connaissements, mandats et autres instruments négociables et transférables ;

(*x*) Vendre ou disposer en tout ou en partie de l'entreprise de la compagnie pour telle compensation que la compagnie jugera convenable et en particulier pour les actions, obligations, débentures, ou autres valeurs d'aucune autre compagnie ayant des objets en tout ou en partie semblables à ceux de la compagnie ;

(*y*) Adopter pour faire connaître les produits de la compagnie tels moyens qui seront jugés opportuns et en particulier par des annonces dans les journaux, circulaires, par l'achat et l'exposition de travaux d'art ou d'intérêt, la publication de livres et périodiques et par la distribution de prix, récompenses et dons ;

(z) Vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, échanger, louer, disposer, faire valoir ou autrement trafiquer de tout ou partie des biens et droits de la compagnie ;

(*aa*) Faire généralement telle autre chose incidente ou utile pour l'exécution des objets qui précèdent ;

(*bb*) Développer, faire valoir aucune terre acquise par la compagnie ou dans laquelle elle est intéressée et en particulier en la disposant et la préparant pour des fins de culture et de construction, en construisant, modifiant, démolissant, décorant, entretenant, aménageant et améliorant des édifices et commodités, en plantant, pavant, égoutant, affermant, cultivant, louant sur des baux ou sur des contrats de construction.

La compagnie exercera son industrie par tout le Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Golden Ray Fishing Company, Limited," avec un capital-actions de vingt mille dollars, divisé en 200 actions de cent dollars chacune, et le principal lieu d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

Daté du bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 20e jour de décembre 1916.

THOMAS MULVEY,
27–2 Sous-secrétaire d'Etat.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 18 décembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur général des Postes, émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé au journal hebdomadaire "New-York Freeman's Journal," publié par A. Brendon Ford, 37 rue Barclay, New-York, N.-Y., et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière.

D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tout tel journal ou un numéro quelconque de ce journal déjà publié ou qui sera ensuite publié, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tout tel journal sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
27–2 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, OTTAWA, CANADA.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en conformité d'un arrêté en conseil du 30e jour d'octobre 1915, (C.P. 2519), adopté sous l'empire des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre*, le Secrétaire d'Etat, sous l'autorité du Solliciteur général du Canada, a certifié sous son seing au Directeur général des Postes du Canada qu'un article ou des articles, lettre, communication, rapport ou nouvelles contrevenant à l'arrêté en conseil du 10 juin 1915, avaient paru dans le "Bicz Bozy," une publication hebdomadaire imprimée en polonais et publiée par la compagnie dite "The Polish Peoples Publishing Company," 959 avenue Milwaukee, Chicago, Ill.; que conformément à un mandat du Directeur général des Postes du Canada, basé sur le dit certificat et exécuté sous l'empire des dispositions du dit arrêté en conseil daté le 30e jour d'octobre 1915, et d'un arrêté en conseil daté le 6e jour de novembre 1914, adopté en conformité des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre*, et publié dans un *Extra* de la *Gazette du Canada* du 6e jour de novembre 1914, le privilège des malles du Canada a été refusé à la dite "Bicz Bozy," une publication hebdomadaire imprimée en polonais et publiée par la compagnie dite "The Polish Peoples Publishing Company," 959, avenue Milwaukee, Chicago, Ill.; et sa circulation en Canada a été prohibée ; et personne en Canada n'aura la permission à l'avenir d'être en possession du dit "Bicz Bozy," ou d'un exemplaire quelconque de la dite publication déjà publiée ou qui le sera plus tard, et toute personne en possession de cette publication sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas cinq mille dollars ou d'emprisonnement pour un termequelconque n'excédant pas cinq ans ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER.
22-7 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 18 décembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur général des Postes émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé au "Westlicher Herold," un journal hebdomadaire, au "Volksblatt des Westens," un journal hebdomadaire, et au "Sonntags Winona," un journal du dimanche, imprimés en allemand et publiés par la compagnie dite "The Westlicher Herold Publishing Co.," Winona, Minn., et leur circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière.

D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tous tels journaux ou un numéro quelconque de ces journaux déjà publiés ou qui seront ensuite publiés et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tous tels journaux sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
27–2 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

MINISTERE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 18 décembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur général des Postes, émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94 sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des mallesdu Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé au magazine bi-mensuel "Die Abendschule," imprimé en allemand et publié par The Louis Lange Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo., et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière.

D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tout tel magazine déjà publié ou qui sera ensuite publié, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tout tel magazine sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
27–2 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES.

Ottawa, 18 décembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur général des Postes émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre. 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé au journal quotidien "Tagliche Abend Presse," et au journal quotidien "Cincinnatier Freil Presse," tous deux imprimés en allemand et publiés par la Cincinnati Freil Presse, 905, rue Vine, Cincinnati, Ohio, et leur circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière.

D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tous tels journaux ou un numéro quelconque de ces journaux déjà publiés ou qui seront ensuite publiés et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tous tels journaux sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
27–2 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

Ottawa, 18 décembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur général des Postes, émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé à "Der Wanderer," un journal hebdomadaire imprimé en allemand et publié par la compagnie dite "Wanderer Printing Co.," n° 321-323 rue Minnesota, Dispatch Building, Saint-Paul, Minn., et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière. D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tout tel journal déjà publié ou qui sera ensuite publié, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tout tel journal sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
27–2 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA

Ottawa, 18 décembre 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en vertu d'un mandat du Directeur général des Postes, émané sous l'empire de l'arrêté en conseil n° 94, sanctionné le 6e jour de novembre 1914, par et en vertu des dispositions de l'article et de la *Loi des mesures de guerre, 1914*, le privilège des malles du Canada, à compter de la présente date, est refusé au journal tri-hebdomadaire "Narodna Wola," imprimé en ruthène et publié par "The Ruthenian National Union" Scranton, Pe., et sa circulation en Canada est prohibée de toute manière. D'après la teneur de l'arrêté en conseil mentionné plus haut il ne sera ensuite permis à personne en Canada d'avoir en sa possession tout tel journal ou un numéro quelconque de ce journal déjà publié ou qui sera ensuite publié, et de plus à l'effet que toute personne ayant en sa possession tout tel journal sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000.00 ou d'emprisonnement pour une période n'excédant pas cinq ans, ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
27–2 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

SERVICE CIVIL DU CANADA.

PHOTOGRAPHE SPÉCIAL—MINISTÈRE DES TRAVAUX PUBLICS.

AVIS public est par le présent donné que la Commission du Service civil du Canada recevra des demandes de la part de candidats capables de remplir la position de photographe en gravure au Ministère des Travaux publics, dans la subdivision B de la deuxième division, au traitement initial de $1,300 par année.

Les candidats doivent être parfaitement compétents en ce qui regarde les différentes branches de la photographie sur plaques sèches ; ils doivent pouvoir faire les travaux au photostat, le copiage, l'agrandissement et la diminution, aussi les imprimés Vandykes, les noirs, les blancs et les bleus ; ils doivent être soigneux et habiles, mais en même temps rapides à l'ouvrage. Ils doivent posséder des aptitudes à l'administration. Les candidats hommes d'âge militaire doivent être des soldats revenus du front, ou doivent avoir été rejetés ou exemptés du service militaire. Préférence sera donnée aux soldats revenus du front, pourvu qu'ils possèdent les aptitudes requises.

On peut obtenir les formules de demande en s'adressant au Secrétaire de la Commission du Service Civil, à Ottawa. Ces formules doivent être remplies et reçues à la Commission pas plus tard que le 22 janvier 1917.

Par ordre de la Commission,

WM FORAN,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 27 décembre 1916. 27–4

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES, CANADA.

OTTAWA, 23 décembre, 1916.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'en conformité d'un arrêté en conseil du 30e jour d'octobre 1915 (C.P. 2519), adopté sous l'empire des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre*, le Secrétaire d'Etat, sous l'autorité du Solliciteur général du Canada, à certifié sous son seing au Directeur général des Postes du Canada qu'un article ou des articles, lettre, communication, rapport ou nouvelles contrevenant à l'arrêté en conseil du 10 juin 1915 avaient paru dans le "Kalendarz Humorystyczny, Bicz Bozego Na Rok, 1917." un calendrier imprimé en polonais et publié par la compagnie dite "Polish Peoples Publishing Company," 959 avenue Milwaukee, Chicago, Ill. ; que conformément à un mandat du Directeur général des Postes du Canada basé sur le dit certificat et exécuté sous l'empire des dispositions du dit arrêté en conseil daté le 30e jour d'octobre 1915 et d'un arrêté en conseil daté le 6e jour de novembre 1914 adopté en conformité des dispositions de l'article 6 de la *Loi des mesures de guerre*, et publié dans un *Extra* de la *Gazette du Canada* du 6e jour de novembre 1914, le privilège des malles du Canada a été refusé au dit "Kalendarz Humorystyczny, Bicz Bozego Na Rok, 1917," un calendrier imprimé en polonais et publié par la compagnie dite "Polish Peoples Publishing Company," 959 avenue Milwaukee, Chicago, Ill., et sa circulation en Canada a été prohibée; et personne en Canada n'aura la permission à l'avenir d'être en possession du dit "Kalendarz Humorystyczny, Bicz Bozego Na Rok, 1917," ou d'un exemplaire quelconque du dit calendrier déjà publié ou qui le sera plus tard, et toute personne en possession de ce calendrier sera passible d'une amende n'excédant pas $5,000 ou d'emprisonnement pour un terme quelconque n'excédant pas cinq ans ou de l'amende et de l'emprisonnement.

R. M. COULTER,
27–2 Sous-Directeur général des Postes.

COMPTE de la Caisse d'Epargne des Postes, pour le mois de septembre 1916.

(Fourni au Ministre des Finances conformément à la Loi des caisses d'épargne, chap. 30, Statuts Refondus Can., 1906.)

DT.	$ c.		AV. $
BALANCE en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances au 31 août 1916	41,086,063 43	REMBOURSEMENTS durant le mois	1,000,245 01
DÉPÔTS à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes durant le mois	1,061,939 17		
DÉPÔTS transférés des Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement durant le mois :—			
PRINCIPAL $			
INTÉRÊT acquis du 1er avril jusqu'à la date du transfert			
DÉPÔTS transférés de la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Royaume-Uni à la Caisse d'épargne des Postes du Canada	6,108 51		
INTÉRÊT alloué aux déposants, sur les comptes clos durant le mois	7,040 58	BALANCE au crédit des comptes des déposants au 30 septembre 1916	41,160,906 68
	42,161,151 69		42,161,151 69

Certifié,
W. FAIRWEATHER,
Surintendant-intérimaire, Division des Caisses d'Epargne.

R. M. COULTER,
Sous-maître géné a des Postes.

DÉPARTEMENT DES POSTES, Ottawa, 14 novembre 1916

26–tf

ETAT non revisé des Revenus de l'Intérieur, acquis durant le mois de novembre 1916.

Source des revenus.	Montants.	Total.
ACCISE.	$ c.	$ c.
Spiritueux	920,603 93	
Liqueur de malt	7,426 05	
Malt	152,112 21	
Tabac	1,926,293 46	
Cigares	71,332 35	
Fabrications en entrepôt	7,418 86	
Acide acétique	1,127 85	
Saisies	630 80	
Autres revenus	7,402 92	
Total du revenu de l'accise		2,194,078 43
Spiritueux pyroxyliques		15,957 09
Passages d'eau		
Inspection des poids et mesures		11,640 53
Inspection du gaz		4,208 00
Inspection de la lumière électrique		5,829 10
Timbres de pièces judiciaires		956 50
Autres revenus		985 35
Taxe de guerre		418,099 01
Grand revenu total		2,651,754 01

J. U. VINCENT,
Sous Ministre.

MINISTÈRE DU REVENU DE L'INTÉRIEUR
Ottawa, 22 décembre 1916.

27–tf

1916-17 **1916-17**

ETAT

DE LA DETTE PUBLIQUE ET DU REVENU ET DES DÉPENSES de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fourn s au département des Finances pour le 30 novembre 1915 et 1916.

DETTE PUBLIQUE.			1915.	19 6.
PASSIF.			$ c.	$ c.
DETTE FLOTTANTE—				
Payable à New-York				75,357,000 00
Payable au Canada			8,725,450 94	303,362,481 57
Payable à Londres			362,703,312 40	362,703,312 40
Prêts temporaires			165,007,017 53	119,067,808 02
Fonds de rachat de la circulation des banques			5,668,759 32	5,756,916 68
Billets du Dominion			169,230,286 16	176,452,958 28
CAISSES D'ÉPARGNES—	1915.	1916.		
Caisses d'épargnes des Postes	$38,718,049 47	$41,184,910 66		
Caisses d'épargnes du Gouvernement	13,801,694 83	13,299,514 40		
			52,519,744 30	54,484,425 06
Fonds en fidéicommis			10,153,820 88	10,221,437 32
Comptes des provinces			11,920,481 20	11,920,481 20
Divers, et comptes de banque			43,448,420 09	36,031,431 34
Total de la dette brute			829,377,292 82	1,155,358,251 88
ACTIF.				
PLACEMENTS—				
Fonds d'amortissement			11,649,355 45	12,728,490 72
Autres placements			108,327,819 43	133,663,695 16
COMPTES DES PROVINCES			2,296,327 90	2,296,327 90
DIVERS, ET COMPTES DE BANQUES			205,435,622 33	300,541,655 96
Total de l'actif			327,709,125 11	449,230,169 74
Total de la dette nette au 30 novembre			501,668,167 71	706,128,082 14
" au 31 octobre			492,528,492 09	695,778,516 55
Augmentation de la dette			9,139,675 62	10,349,565 59

REVENU ET DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU FONDS CONSOLIDÉ.	Mois novembre, 1915.	Total au 30 novembre, 1915.	Mois novembre, 1916	Total au 30 novembre, 1916.
REVENU :	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Douane	9,101,595 41	60,155,959 28	11,208,109 52	86,399,359 81
Accise	2,127,125 10	14,161,880 25	2,145,573 91	16,130,867 65
Département des Postes	1,550,000 00	10,949,779 65	1,600,000 00	11,950,000 00
Travaux Publics, y compris les chemins de fer et canaux	2,880,409 30	13,104,300 51	2,560,881 34	17,661,569 48
Divers	1,413,326 95	6,384,385 56	5,650,200 93	12,770,776 91
Total	17,072,456 76	104,756,305 25	23,164,765 70	144,912,573 85
DÉPENSES	8,997,899 07	65,345,503 03	12,006,457 05	69,567,573 94
DÉPENSES À COMPTE DU CAPITAL, ETC.				
Guerre	13,155,797 08	66,514,955 38	19,040,383 92	146,527,530 98
Travaux publics, y compris chemins de fer et canaux.	4,306,180 15	23,993,023 27	2,457,552 80	15,997,789 27
Subventions aux chemins de fer		967,910 71		363,478 61
Total	17,461,977 23	91,475,889 36	21,497,936 72	162,888,798 86

L'état ci-dessus représente seulement les recettes et paiements qui ont passé par les livres du Département des Finances jusqu'au dernier jour du mois.

T. C. BOVILLE,
Sous-ministre des Finances.

Certifié correct,
J. C. SAUNDERS, comptable en chef et teneur de livres du Dominion

DÉPARTEMENT DES FINANCES, Ottawa, 5 décembre 1916. 24-tf

AUX ANNONCEURS DANS LA *GAZETTE.*

CEUX qui envoient des annonces pour être insérées dans la *Gazette du Canada*, voudront bien se conformer aux règles ci-dessous :

1. Adresser "Gazette du Canada, Ottawa, Canada."
2. Indiquer le nombre voulu d'insertions.

3. Les taux sont comme suit : Avis, première insertion, dix cents la ligne agate (quatorze lignes au pouce) ; insertions subséquentes, cinq cents par ligne. Traduction de documents, quarante cents par cent mots.

Une remise provisoire devra accompagner la copie, dont la somme peut être computée comme suit :

Première insertion :	
Pour le titre et la signature	$1.00
Ajoutez deux cents par mots pour le reste	.....
Traduction, si elle doit être faite, à 40 cents par 100 mots	.....
Autres insertions :	
Pour le titre et la signature	0.50
Ajoutez un cent par mot pour le reste	.....
Multipliez par le nombre de ces insertions	.....
Total	.....

Une facture sera expédiée aussitôt après la première insertion indiquant le montant exact dû, le montant reçu, et toute différence dans la remise, en moins ou en plus, sera réglée.

AUCUNE ANNONCE N'EST INSÉRÉE POUR MOINS D'UN DOLLAR.

D'après la pratique établie et reconnue, telle que prescrite par la loi, les règlements du parlement et les décisions du ministère de la Justice, les avis reçoivent le nombre d'insertions ci-dessous :—

Les avis de demandes de divorce—14 insertions.

Les avis de retrait de dépôts des compagnies d'assurances—3 mois de calendrier.

Les avis de demandes ordinaires au parlement—5 insertions

Les avis de demandes de lettres patentes en vertu de *Acte des compagnies de prêt* (A. C. publié dans la *Gazette* 15 juin 1901) -2 insertions.

Les avis de dividendes et d'assemblées de banques et de compagnies d'assurances,—1 mois de calendrier ou 5 insertions.

Droits provisoires d'auteurs—1 insertion.

Lois des compagnies—Changement du principal lieu d'affaires, du nombre de directeurs, etc—1 insertion.

Protection des eaux navigables, approbation des plans des travaux, etc—5 insertions.

Les avis reçus jusqu'à midi le jeudi, seront insérés dans la *Gazette* du samedi suivant.

Les abonnés observeront aussi que le prix d'abonnement, $4 par année, est invariablement payable d'avance, et que l'envoi de la *Gazette* sera arrêté à l'expiration de la période payée. Chaque exemplaire coûte dix cts., et quand les annonceurs en veulent plus qu'un, ils devront faire une remise en conséquence.

J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ,
Imprimeur du Roi et Contrôleur de la Papeterie.
Département des Impressions
et de la Papeterie publiques.
Ottawa, 24 décembre 1914.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES.

RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX PÉTITIONS ET AUX BILLS PRIVÉS.

88. (1) Les pétitions pour bills privés ne sont reçues par la Chambre que si elles sont présentées pendant les six premières semaines de la session, et tout bill privé sera présenté à la Chambre dans les deux semaines à compter de l'époque où l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents auront fait un rapport favorable sur la pétition, et nulle motion à l'effet de suspendre cette règle ne sera acceptée, à moins qu'au préalable le comité des ordres permanents n'ait présenté un rapport recommandant cette suspension et exposant les raisons la motivant.

Instruction aux comités.

97. Qu'il soit enjoint à tous les comités sur bills privés, dans le cas où les promoteurs ne seraient point prêts à procéder avec leurs mesures quand celles-ci auront été appelées deux fois en deux occasions différentes devant le comité pour y être discutées, de rapporter ces mesures à la Chambre sans délai, faisant connaître les faits, et avec la recommandation que ces bills soient retirés.

Depôt de bills et honoraires.

89. (1) Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé sera tenu de déposer entre les mains du greffier de la Chambre, au moins huit jours avant la réunion de la Chambre, un exemplaire de ce bill en anglais ou en français, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression, la traduction en devant être faite par les fonctionnaires de la chambre, et l'impression par le département des impressions publiques, et si pareil bill n'est pas déposé dans le délai ci-dessus prescrit, le solliciteur devra, en sus des frais d'impression et de traduction, payer la somme de cinq dollars pour chaque jour qui s'écoulera entre le dit huitième jour avant la réunion de la Chambre et la date de la présentation du bill ; mais ces taxes additionnelles ne devront pas dépasser en totalité la somme de deux cents dollars.

2. Après la deuxième lecture d'un bill et avant son examen par le comité auquel il a été renvoyé, celui qui en fait la demande doit dans tous les cas verser le prix de l'impression de la loi dans les statuts ainsi qu'un droit de deux cents piastres.

Taxes supplémentaires.

3. Les taxes suivantes seront également imposées et payées, en sus de celles qui précèdent savoir :—

(*a*) Lorsqu'une règle de la Chambre est suspendue relativement à un bill, ou à la pétition de ce bill pour chaque suspension	$ 100 00
(*b*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la huitième semaine de la session et avant la fin de la douzième	100 00
(*c*) Lorsqu'un bill est présenté dans la Chambre après la douzième semaine de la session	200 00
(*d*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $250,000 et n'excède pas $500,000	100 00
(*e*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $500,000, et n'excède pas $750,000	150 00
(*f*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $750,000, et n'excède pas $1,000,000	200 00
(*g*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,000,000, et n'excède pas $1,500,000	300 00
(*h*) Lorsque le capital social projeté d'une compagnie dépasse $1,500,000 et n'excède pas $2,000,000	400 00
(*i*) Pour chaque million ou fraction de million de dollars additionnel	100 00

4. Quand l'objet d'un bill est d'augmenter le capital social d'une compagnie existante, le droit additionnel est déterminé selon le tarif ci-dessus, mais n'est calculé que sur le montant de la majoration.

5. Quand un bill est à l'effet d'augmenter ou tend à augmenter pour une compagnie sa faculté d'emprunter, sans qu'il y ait augmentation du capital social, le droit additionnel est de $300.

6. Si, à quelque phase d'un bill, il est apporté quelque augmentation au chiffre du capital social projeté d'une compagnie, ou à celui de sa faculté d'emprunter, le bill ne passe pas à la phase subséquente tant que les droits découlant de ce changement n'ont pas été versés.

7. Dans la présente règle, l'expression "capital social projeté" comprend toute augmentation de ce capital prévue dans le bill, et dans le cas où un bill accorde le pouvoir d'augmenter, à quelque date que ce soit, le montant du capital social projeté, le droit additionnel sera prélevé sur le chiffre maximum de telle augmentation projetée, telle qu'il en est fait mention dans le bill.

8. Les taxes supplémentaires prescrites en la présente règle s'appliqueront aussi aux bills privés prenant naissance au Sénat, sauf, toutefois, que si une pétition demandant pareil bill privé a été présentée en cette Chambre dans les six premières semaines de la session la taxe supplémentaire imposée sous l'empire des alinéas *b* ou *c* de l'article 3, ne sera pas exigée.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier des Communes

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RÈGLES RELATIVES AUX AVIS DE BILLS PRIVÉS.

91. Toutes demandes, quelles qu'elles soient, adressées au Parlement pour bills privés, devront être précédées d'un avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* ; le dit avis devra énoncer clairement et distinctement la nature et l'objet de la demande, et devra être signé par les postulants ou en leur nom avec les adresses des signataires ; et lorsque la demande aura pour objet un acte constitutif, le nom de la compagnie projetée devra être donné dans l'avis. Et si les travaux de quelque compagnie (constituée ou à être constituée en corporation) doivent être déclarés à l'avantage général du Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les postulants feront adresser une copie du dit avis, par lettre enregistrée, au greffier de chaque comté ou municipalité qui pourra être spécialement concernée dans la construction ou l'exploitation des dits travaux, et aussi au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle les dits travaux sont ou pourront être situés ; et une déclaration conforme à la loi devra attester que cette formalité a été remplie par les postulants.

Outre l'avis susdit à publier dans la *Gazette du Canada*, un avis semblable devra aussi être publié dans *quelque journal important* comme suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande sera faite pour un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. *Une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal* :—Dans la principale cité et ville ou dans le principal village dans chaque comté où devront être construits le chemin de fer ou le canal projetés

2. *Une compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone* :—Dans la principale cité ou ville dans chaque province ou territoire où la compagnie se propose de faire des opérations.

3. *Une compagnie pour la construction de travaux quelconques* de nature à produire un changement dans une localité particulière par suite de leur construction ou exploitation ; ou pour obtenir quelques *droits ou privilèges exclusifs* ; ou pour faire quelques opérations pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété de particuliers :—Dans la localité ou les localités qui pourraient être atteintes par la législation projetée.

4. Une *compagnie de banque* ; une *compagnie d'assurance* ; une *compagnie de fidéicommis* ; une *compagnie de prêt* ; ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs quelconques :—Dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement.

B. Lorsque la demande sera aux fins d'amender un acte existant,—

1. Pour le prolongement de quelque ligne de chemin de fer ou de quelque canal, ou pour la construction d'embranchements des dits chemin de fer ou canal :—Dans la principale cité, la principale ville ou le principal village dans chaque district ou comté devant être traversé par le prolongement ou cet embranchement.

2. Pour la prolongation d'une charte ou du délai fixé pour la construction ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, ou d'une ligne de télégraphe ou de téléphone quelconques, ou de tous autres travaux déjà autorisés ; ou pour l'extension des pouvoirs d'une compagnie (lorsque cela n'implique pas la concession de droits exclusifs) ; ou pour l'augmentation ou la réduction du capital social de quelque compagnie ; ou pour augmenter ou modifier ses pouvoirs d'émettre des obligations ou de contracter des emprunts, ou pour tout amendement pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires ou des porteurs d'obligations ou des créanciers de la compagnie :—Dans la localité ou le bureau principal de la compagnie est ou doit être autorisé à s'établir.

C.) Lorsque la demande a pour objet d'obtenir pour une personne ou une corporation déjà constituée des droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou le pouvoir de faire quelque chose dont l'accomplissement pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou aux biens d'autres personnes : dans la localité ou les localités particulières que l'acte projeté pourrait atteindre.

Tous ces avis, qu'ils soient inseres dans la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans un journal, devront être publiés au moins une fois par semaine pendant une durée de cinq semaines consécutives ; et en ce qui concerne les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba, ils devront y être publiés en anglais et en français ; et dans le cas où il n'y aurait pas de journal dans une localité où l'avis doit être donné, cet avis sera donné dans la localité la plus rapprochée dans laquelle il se publie un journal ; et la preuve de la publication régulière de l'avis sera établie dans chaque cas par une declaration conforme à la loi ; et toutes ces déclarations devront être transmises au greffier de la Chambre et être endossées " Avis de bill privé ".

(D.) Tout pareil avis sera transmis par la poste par lettre enregistrée de manière à parvenir au secrétaire de la province, et au greffier du conseil de comté et de la corporation municipale, au moins deux semaines avant que l'Examinateur ou le comité des ordres permanents ne prennent la pétition en délibération, et une déclaration conforme à la loi et établissant ce dépôt à la poste, sera adressée au greffier de la Chambre.

(E) Tous bills privés pour actes constitutifs devront être dressés de manière à incorporer, par mode de renvoi, les clauses des actes généraux se rapportant aux détails auxquels ces bills doivent pourvoir ; l'on devra énoncer les raisons spéciales de toute déviation de ce principe, ou de l'introduction d'autres dispositions relatives à ces détails, et une note devra être annexée au bill pour indiquer les dispositions du bill au sujet desquelles l'on propose de s'écarter de l'*acte général* ; les bills qui ne seront pas rédigés conformément à cette *règle*, devront être remodelés par les promoteurs et réimprimés à leurs frais avant qu'aucun comité passe l'examen de leurs *clauses*.

THOMAS B. FLINT,
Greffier de la Chambre des Communes.

Quiconque désire obtenir du Parlement une charte de chemin de fer, devra observer les règles ci-dessous établies par la Chambre des Communes, au sujet de la production de cartes :—

CARTE OU PLAN ACCOMPAGNANT LA PÉTITION.

93. " L'Examinateur ou le comité des Ordres permanents ne prendra connaissance d'aucune pétition demandant la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer, ou d'une compagnie ayant pour objet la construction d'un canal, ou demandant un prolongement de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, avant que soit produit devant ce comité une carte ou un plan, indiquant l'emplacement projeté des ouvrages, et chaque comté, township, municipalité ou district à travers lesquels le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement projeté, doit être construit"

CARTES, PLANS ET PIÈCES ACCOMPAGNANT LES BILLS.

94. " Nul bill tendant a la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ou à l'effet de changer le tracé du chemin de fer ou du canal d'une compagnie déjà constituée, ne sera mis à l'étude par le comité des Chemins de fer, à moins qu'il n'ait été produit devant le comité, au moins une semaine avant l'examen du bill—

(*a.*) " Une carte ou un plan à une échelle d'au moins un demi-pouce au mille, et indiquant le territoire sur lequel il est question de construire les ouvrages projetés, et indiquant aussi les ouvrages analogues existants ou autorisés, dans la région ou partie de la région que la ligne projetée doit desservir, ou qui ont quelque effet sur la dite région ; et cette carte ou ce plan doit porter la signature de l'ingénieur ou autre personne qui l'a fait ;

(*b.*) " Une pièce faisant connaître le montant total du capital que l'on se propose de consacrer aux fins de l'entreprise, et la manière dont on se propose de se le

procurer, soit au moyen d'actions ordinaires, d'obligations, de débentures ou d'autres valeurs, et le montant respectif à réaliser de chacun de ces chefs."

SÉNAT.

SUBSTANCE DES RÈGLES ET FORMES DE PROCÉDER DU SÉNAT CONCERNANT LES BILLS DE DIVORCE.

Telles que revisées et mises en vigueur le 22 mars 1906

Tout pétitionnaire en divorce doit annoncer son intention de demander un bill de divorce, par un avis spécifiant contre qui et pour quelle cause le divorce sera demandé ; il fait insérer cet avis, pendant trois mois au moins avant la prise en considération par le comité des divorces de sa pétition pour obtenir le bill, dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans deux journaux—du district où il avait sa résidence habituelle à l'époque de sa séparation d'avec son conjoint, s'il résidait alors dans la province de Québec, le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan, l'Alberta, la Colombie-Britannique ou les Territoires du Nord-Ouest,—ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, s'il résidait dans une autre province ; et à défaut de ce nombre de journaux, l'avis doit se publier dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, les insertions doivent se faire dans un journal anglais et un journal français, s'il en existe des deux langues dans le district ; autrement, elles se font en anglais et en français au même journal. Si l'avis donné pour une session expire trop tard pour qu'il puisse être statué sur la pétition pendant cette session, la pétition pourra être présentée et accueillie à la session suivante sans nouvelle publication d'avis.

Une copie de cet avis et une copie de la pétition qui sera présentée doit, à la diligence du pétitionnaire et au moins deux mois avant la prise en considération de la pétition par le comité, être signifiée en main propre si cela est possible, à la personne contre laquelle le divorce sera demandé, ci-après appelée "partie défenderesse".

Si la résidence de la partie défenderesse n'est pas connue, ou que la remise de l'avis ne peut être faite en ses mains, s'il est prouvé, d'une manière jugée satisfaisante par le comité, que tous les efforts raisonnables ont été faits pour opérer la signification en main propre, et, en cas d'inutilité de ces efforts, pour porter l'avis et la pétition à la connaissance de la partie défenderesse, ces diligences peuvent être tenues pour une suffisante notification

Aucune pétition en divorce n'est recevable après l'expiration des soixante premiers jours de la session.

Toute pétition en divorce doit être écrite lisiblement et porter la signature du pétitionnaire. Elle énonce sommairement le fait du mariage, en indiquant les noms au long, l'âge et l'état des parties, en quel temps, en quel lieu et par qui a été faite la célébration ; le domicile et la résidence de chacune des parties à l'époque du mariage, leur domicile conjugal, leur résidence et tout changement qui en aurait eu lieu ; les faits essentiels sur lesquels est fondée la demande de redressement et la nature du redressement demandé.

La pétition doit aussi contenir l'assurance qu'il n'y a pas eu ni connivence, ni pardon pour les torts qui donnent lieu à la plainte, ni collusion dans la demande en divorce.

Les allégations de la pétition doivent être appuyées d'une déclaration du pétitionnaire, faite conformément à l'*Acte de la preuve en Canada, 1893.*

La copie de la pétition signifiée à la partie défenderesse portera en endos ou en annexe les renseignements suivants :

(*1*) La résidence du pétitionnaire à l'époque de la signification.

(*2*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour le pétitionnaire puissent être délivrés.

(*3*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un, agissant pour le pétitionnaire.

(*4*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés

(*5*) Si la partie défenderesse veut s'opposer à la demande en divorce et être entendue par le comité des divorces du Sénat, elle doit adresser un avis à cet effet au greffier du Sénat aux édifices du Parlement, Ottawa, dans les deux mois de la signification faite à la partie défenderesse et donner dans cet avis au greffier du Sénat :

(*a*) La résidence de la partie défenderesse à l'époque de l'envoi de l'avis.

(*b*) Une adresse postale en Canada à laquelle les lettres et avis pour la partie défenderesse puissent être délivrés.

(*c*) Le nom et l'adresse de l'avocat, s'il y en a un agissant pour la partie défenderesse

(*d*) Si cet avocat n'a pas d'adresse à Ottawa, le nom et l'adresse de quelque agent le représentant à Ottawa, à qui tous avis et pièces puissent être signifiés.

(*6*) Si la partie défenderesse ne notifie pas ainsi le greffier du Sénat, la pétition peut être prise en considération, et un bill de divorce basé sur cette pétition peut suivre son cours sans autre avis à la partie défenderesse.

(*7*) Lorsque la pétition est présentée par un mari pour obtenir le divorce contre sa femme, si celle-ci fait voir au comité d'une manière satisfaisante qu'elle peut opposer et qu'elle est prête à produire sous serment de bons moyens de défense contre les accusations portées dans la pétition, et qu'elle n'a pas l'argent nécessaire pour faire valoir ces moyens, le comité peut rendre un ordre que son mari ait à lui fournir la somme nécessaire pour qu'elle puisse présenter sa défense en retenant les service d'un conseil, payer ses frais de voyage et de séjour et ceux des témoins assignés de sa part à Ottawa.

La pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce n'est prise en considération par le comité que lorsque le pétitionnaire a versé au bureau du greffier du Sénat une somme de $210.

La pétition, au moment de sa présentation au Sénat doit être accompagnée de la preuve de la publication d'avis et d'une déclaration établissant qu'une copie de l'avis de la pétition a été signifiée.

Une copie de toute pétition en obtention d'un bill de divorce, ou relative à quelque demande de divorce,—et une copie de tous documents et papiers accompagnant cette pétition, ou à produire devant le comité, devra être fournie par la personne au nom de laquelle la pétition, les documents ou les papiers seront présentés ou produits.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

SENAT.

Avis de bills prives.

EXTRAIT DES RÈGLES DU SÉNAT.

107. Toute demande au Parlement, pour obtenir un bill privé, de quelque nature qu'il soit, doit être annoncée par avis inséré à la *Gazette du Canada ;* cet avis doit indiquer d'une manière claire et précise la nature et l'objet de la demande, être signé par les pétitionnaires ou en leur nom et contenir l'adresse des signataires ; et si elle a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constitutif, il faut donner aussi dans l'avis le nom de la compagnie projetée.

Outre l'avis à insérer dans la *Gazette du Canada*, il doit en être publié un semblable, comme il suit :—

A. Lorsque la demande a pour objet l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation,—

1. Une *compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville ou le principal village de chaque comté ou district par où passerait le chemin de fer ou le canal dont la construction est projetée ;

2. Une *compagnie de télégraphe ou de téléphone*,—dans un des principaux journaux de la principale cité ou ville de chaque province ou territoire où elle se propose d'opérer ;

3. Une *compagnie pour la confection de travaux quelconques*, dont la confection ou l'exploitation intéresserait spécialement telle localité particulière ; ou une compagnie tendant à obtenir des droits ou privilèges exclusifs, ou l'autorisation de faire une chose dont l'opération pourrait porter atteinte aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit ou des endroits que l'acte demandé intéresse ;

4. Une *compagnie de banque ;* une *compagnie d'assurance ;* une *compagnie de crédit ;* une *compagnie de prêt* ou une *compagnie industrielle*, sans pouvoirs exclusifs, —dans la *Gazette du Canada* seulement ;

5. Et si les travaux d'une compagnie (constituée ou à constituer) doivent être déclarés d'utilité générale pour le Canada, cette intention sera spécifiquement mentionnée dans l'avis ; et les requérants feront envoyer par lettre enregistrée une copie de cet avis au secrétaire de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale spécialement intéressée dans la construction ou l'exploitation de ces travaux, ainsi qu'au secrétaire de la province dans laquelle ces travaux sont ou seront situés ; et la preuve de l'accomplissement de cette prescription par les requérants devra s'établir par une déclaration statutaire.

B. Lorsque la demande a pour objet de modifier un acte existant,—

1. Afin de prolonger une ligne de chemin de fer ou un canal, ou de construire des embranchements qui s'y relient, l'avis sera le même, *mutatis mutandis*, que celui pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corporation une compagnie de chemin de fer ou de canal ;

2. Afin de proroger le délai fixé pour la confection ou l'achèvement d'une ligne de chemin de fer, d'un canal, d'une ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique, ou d'autres travaux quelconques déjà autorisés,—dans un des principaux journaux de l'endroit où la compagnie a son siège ou est autorisée à avoir son siège ;

3. Afin d'étendre les pouvoirs d'une compagnie (sans attribution de pouvoirs exclusifs) ; d'accroître ou de réduire le capital-actions d'une compagnie, ou d'augmenter ou modifier sa faculté d'émettre des obligations ou de faire des emprunts, ou d'effectuer des changemeuts pouvant porter atteinte aux droits ou intérêts des actionnaires, obligataires ou créanciers de la compagnie, —dans un des principaux journaux du lieu de la situation de son siège.

c. Dans tous ces cas, les avis insérés soit à la *Gazette du Canada* ou dans les journaux, doivent se publier au moins une fois par semaine pendant cinq semaines consécutives ; et, lorsqu'ils se publient dans les provinces de Québec et du Manitoba, ils doivent être en langue anglaise et en langue française. Il faut envoyer au greffier du Sénat des exemplaires *marqués* de chaque numéro de tous les journaux contenant l'avis, avec, sur le pli de la feuille, les mots : "*Avis de bill privé*" ; ou l'on peut transmettre, au lieu des journaux, une déclaration statutaire que l'avis a été dûment publié.

Tout avis par lettre enregistrée sera déposé à la poste à temps pour parvenir au Secrétaire de la province et au greffier de chaque conseil de comté et de chaque corporation municipale cinq semaines au moins avant la considération de la pétition par le comité des Ordres permanents ; et une déclaration statutaire établissant le fait du dépôt à la poste sera transmise au greffier du Sénat.

108. Nulle pétition pour la constitution en corporation d'une compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'une compagnie de canal, ou pour l'extension de la ligne d'un chemin de fer ou d'un canal existant ou autorisé, n'est prise en considération par le comité des Ordres Permanents, à moins qu'il n'ait été déposé devant le comité une carte ou un plan indiquant le tracé proposé des travaux ainsi que les comtés ou les districts par où doit passer le chemin de fer, le canal, l'embranchement ou le prolongement qu'on veut construire.

109. Avant d'adresser au Sénat la pétition pour en obtenir la permission de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, la ou les personnes qui ont l'intention de faire cette pétition doivent, en donnant l'avis prescrit par les règles précédentes mentionner en même temps et de la même manière, les péages qu'elles se proposent de percevoir, l'étendue du privilège, la hauteur des arches, l'espace libre entre les culées ou les piles pour le passage des trains de bois et des bateaux ; en outre, mentionner si le pont sera mobile ou non, et indiquer les dimensions de la partie mobile.

110. Aucune pétition en obtention d'un bill privé n'est reçue par le Sénat après les trois premières semaines de la session ; aucun bill privé ne peut lui être présenté après les quatre premières semaines de la session ; aucun rapport d'un comité permanent ou spécial sur un bill privé n'est reçu après les six première. semaines de la session.

114. Toute personne qui voudra obtenir un bill privé, si elle se propose de le présenter au Sénat, devra déposer entre les mains du greffier de cette Chambre, huit jours avant la réunion du Parlement, une copie du bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme d'argent suffisante pour en payer la traduction, laquelle sera faite par les traducteurs du Sénat, et payer l'impression de 600 exemplaires anglais et de 200 exemplaires français ; elle aura pareillement à verser entre les mains du greffier du Sénat, aussitôt après la deuxième lecture du bill, et avant la prise en considération par le comité auquel il aura été renvoyé une somme de $200, avec les frais d'insertion de l'acte au corps des Statuts ; et elle remettra au commis-greffier du comité un reçu constatant le versement de ces sommes.

SAML. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,
Greffier du Sénat.

AVIS est donné par le présent que Florence Evelyn Snyder, de la cité et du district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son époux, Edward Lockwood, également de la cité et du district de Montréal, artisan, pour cause d'adultère et d'abandon.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, le 22e jour de novembre 1916.

HUGH MACKAY,
22–14 Solliciteur de la requérante.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'Andrew Hamilton Gault, des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, major dans les troupes expéditionnaires canadiennes, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Marguerite Claire Stephens, des dits cité et district de Montréal, pour cause d'adultère.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, dans le district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce treizième jour de novembre, A.D. 1916.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL,
MACFARLANE & POPE,
Royal Trust Building,
Montréal, Qué.,
21–14 Solliciteurs du requérant.

AVIS est donné par le présent que M. Donald George Whibley, actuellement de la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, mais autrefois des cité et district de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, comptable, s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un bill de divorce d'avec son épouse, Frances Lilian Owen, de lieux inconnus, pour cause d'adultère et d'abandon.

MM. Aylen & Duclos, solliciteurs, Ottawa, sont les agents du requérant pour la signification des pièces.

Daté à la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, ce treizième jour de décembre mil neuf cent seize (13-1916.)

LESLIE H. BOYD,
Solliciteur du requérant,
25 14 136 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal.

L'ÉVÊQUE DE LA RIVIÈRE MACKENZIE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera adressée au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation le très révérend James Richard Lucas, évêque du diocèse de la rivière Mackenzie, et ses successeurs en fonctions, sous le nom de "L'Evêque de la Rivière Mackenzie," avec tous les pouvoirs nécessaires à une telle corporation d'acquérir et posséder des biens meubles et immeubles et tous les autres pouvoirs administratifs qui sont reliés aux dites fonctions et appartiennent aux dites corporations.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 24e jour de novembre A. D. 1916.

ORDE, POWELL, LYLE & SNOWDON,
48, rue Sparks, Ottawa, Canada,
24–5 Solliciteurs du requérant.

INTERPROVINCIAL AND JAMES BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

AVIS.—La Compagnie de chemin de fer dite "The Interprovincial and James Bay Railway Company" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un Acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut terminer la construction de sa voie ferrée, à partir d'un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Lumsden's-Mills jusqu'à ou vers la rivière Des Quinze, tel qu'elle a été autorisée à cet effet par le chapitre 66 des Statuts de 1901 et par le chapitre 106 des Statuts de 1912, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Ottawa, ce 2e jour de décembre 1916.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON,
BURGESS & COTÉ,
23–5 Solliciteurs de la requérente.

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER DE COLONISATION DU NORD.

AVIS.—La Compagnie du Chemin de fer de Colonisation du Nord s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut terminer la construction de sa voie ferrée à partir d'un endroit à ou près Labelle, de là dans une direction ouest jusqu'au village du Rapide-de-l'Orignal (actuellement désigné Mont-Laurier), de là dans une direction ouest jusqu'à un endroit à ou près le lac Témiscamingue, dans le comté de Pontiac, comme l'autorise l'article 7 du chapitre 62 des Statuts de 1899 et le chapitre 82 des Statuts de 1912, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 16e jour de décembre 1916.

H. C. OSWALD,
Secrétaire.

PRINGLE, THOMPSON, BURGESS & COTÉ,
Agents à Ottawa. 25–5

ATHABASKA NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la compagnie dite "Athabaska Northern Railway Company" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte déclarant que les pouvoirs corporatifs de la dite compagnie sont exécutoires et en pleine vigueur, et prorogeant le délai durant lequel elle peut commencer et terminer la voie ferrée mentionnée dans son acte constitutif 4-5 Edouard VII, chapitre 57, et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, dans la province de Québec, ce 12e jour de décembre A.D. 1916.

SMITH, MARKEY, SKINNER,
PUGSLEY & HYDE,
112, rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal,
25-5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

THE GRAIN GROWERS GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED.

AVIS est donné par le présent qn'une demande sera adressée au parlement, à sa prochaine session, par la compagnie dite "The Grain Growers Grain Company, Limited," afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant le chapitre 80 des Statuts de 1911 et le chapitre 73 des Statuts de 1915, pour les fins suivantes entres autres:—

(*a*) Changer le nom de la compagnie en celui de "United Grain Growers, Limited," ou donner le pouvoir à la compagnie d'adopter ce dit nom par règlement.
(*b*) Permettre que les assemblées aient lieu ailleurs qu'au siège social.
(*c*) Augmenter le capital-actions jusqu'à $5,000,000.
(*d*) Permettre aux actionnaires de posséder 100 actions chacun.
(*e*) Que le droit de vote par procuration soit périmé.
(*f*) Permettre que la compagnie, par règlement, forme les actionnaires en groupes et statuer que ces groupes seront représentés par des délégués aux assemblées de la compagnie.

Daté à Winnipeg, le 4 décembre 1916.

BONNAR, TRUEMAN,
HOLLANDS & ROBINSON,
Winnipeg Electric Railway Chambers,
Winnipeg, Manitoba,
24–5 Solliciteurs des requérants.

COMPAGNIE CONTINENTALE DE CHAUFFAGE ET D'ECLAIRAGE.

AVIS est donné par le présent que la Compagnie Continentale de Chauffage et d'Eclairage s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte modifiant l'acte constitutif de la compagnie, étant le chapitre 72 de 60-61 Victoria, en augmentant les pouvoirs d'emprunt de la compagnie, en accordant à la compagnie, entre autres pouvoirs les suivants, savoir :—extension des pouvoirs au sujet du commerce des stocks et autres valeurs, pouvoir d'exercer d'autres industries, d'aider financièrement les compagnies dont la compagnie détient des actions ou avec lesquelles elle est en relations d'affaires et fusionner avec toutes autres compagnies, et en abrogeant les dispositions du dit acte concernant l'émission d'actions-débentures et pour d'autres fins.

Daté à Montréal, ce 6e jour de décembre A.D. 1916

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL, MACFARLANE
ET POPE,
24–5 Solliciteurs de la requérante.

SECTION CANADIENNE DE LA LIGUE AÉRIENNE DE L'EMPIRE BRITANNIQUE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera adressée au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation la "Section Canadienne de la Ligue Aérienne de l'Empire Britannique," comme une association pour l'encouragement des inventions et de la fabrication des navires aériens et de leurs acessoires; propager les connaissances au sujet des questions aériennes et concernant l'art de l'aviation et fonder des écoles d'aviation, aider les sujets britanniques à entrer dans les corps royaux d'aviation ; aider les personnes dépendant des aviateurs qui perdent leur vie en service actif; coopérer avec le comité central de la Ligue Aérienne de l'Empire Britannique ; établir des succursales de l'association; fournir des terrains pour l'atterrissage des navires aériens, et pour d'autres fins analogues; avec tous les pouvoirs nécessaires à cette fin.

Montréal, 29 novembre 1916.

LIGHTHALL & HARWOOD,
Solliciteurs des requérants,
306, Immeuble de la Banque de Québec,
24–5 Montréal.

LA SOCIETE DES ARTISANS CANADIENS FRANÇAIS.

AVIS est donné par le présent que demande sera adressée au Parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant en corporation La Société des Artisans Canadiens Français, une association fraternelle de bienfaisance et de secours mutuels, constituée en vertu des lois de la Provincede Québec ; pour favoriser le bien-être social de ses membres et la protection des personnes qui dépendent d'eux ; leur venir en aide dans la maladie ou autres incapacités ; soigner les vivants et inhumer les morts ; payer des annuités aux membres ou une somme fixe à tel bénéficiaire que pourrait avoir désigné un membre de l'association ; procurer à ses membres tous autres avantages ou bénéfices qui pourront être légalement accordés en vertu des règlements de la dite association ; et généralement agir en qualité d'association fraternelle, charitable, bienveillante et bienfaisante ; avec la faculté de se fusionner avec toute autre société de même nature ; ou de l'acquérir.

Montréal, 20 décembre 1916.

Z. FONTAINE,
Procureur de la requérante.
51, rue St-Jacques,
Montréal.

26–5

AVIS DIVERS.

LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC ET LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

AVIS est donné par le présent que les banques soussignées ont l'intention de s'adresser, à l'expiration de quatre semaines à compter de la date de la première publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, au Gouverneur en conseil et au Conseil de la Trésorerie, par l'entremise du Ministre des Finances et Receveur général, afin que soit approuvée une convention entre la Banque de Québec et la Banque Royale du Canada, par laquelle la Banque de Québec consent à vendre et la Banque Royale du Canada consent à acheter tous les biens meubles et immeubles, l'actif, les droits, créances et effets de la Banque de Québec de quelque nature qu'ils soient et à n'importe quel endroit où ils se trouvent, et par laquelle, en compensation de cette vente et de cet achat la Banque Royale du Canada consent à répartir et émettre à la Banque de Québec, ou à ses représentants, neuf mille cent dix-sept (9,117) actions entièrement acquittées du capital-actions de la Banque Royale du Canada, de la valeur au pair de $100 chacune, et se montant en tout à la somme, valeur au pair, de neuf cent onze mille sept cent dollars, et de payer à la Banque de Québec la somme de six cent quatre-vingt-trois mille sept cent soixante-quinze dollars ($683,775) en deniers comptants, et par laquelle la Banque Royale du Canada se charge de prendre, payer, acquitter, remplir et exécuter toutes les dettes, le passif, les contrats et obligations de la Banque de Québec, (y compris les billets en souffrance émis et destinés à la circulation, et en circulation ainsi que les obligations relatives aux baux.)

On peut voir une copie de la dite convention aux bureaux de la Banque Royale du Canada à Montréal, P.Q., et à ceux de la Banque de Québec, à Québec, P.Q.

La dite convention a été approuvée par une résolution des actionnaires de la Banque de Québec, adoptée par le vote des actionnaires présents en personne ou représentés par fondés de pouvoirs, représentant au delà des deux tiers du montant du capital-actions souscrit de la dite banque, à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite banque dûment convoquée et tenue à cette fin. La dite convention a aussi été approuvée par une résolution des directeurs de la Banque Royale du Canada.

Daté le 28 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,
LA BANQUE DE QUÉBEC,
B. B. STEVENSON, gérant général.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,
LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA,
C. E. NEILL, gérant général.

23–5

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

JEUDI, le 1er février prochain, et après, cette banque paiera à ses actionnaires un dividende de deux pour cent, étant au taux de huit pour cent par année, sur son capital, pour le trimestre finissant le 31 janvier prochain.

Ce dividende sera payé suivant la liste des actionnaires inscrits à la date du 15 janvier prochain.

Par ordre du bureau de direction,
N. LAVOIE,
Gérant général.

Québec, le 28 décembre 1916. 27–5

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

DIVIDENDE TRIMESTRIEL.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent pour le trimestre courant, étant au taux de 10 pour cent par année sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré, et sera payable à la banque en cette cité et à ses succursales, dès et après le 1er jour de février prochain, aux actionnaires enregistrés à la clôture des affaires le 15e jour de janvier.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,
D. C. MACAROW.
Gérant général.

Montréal, 26 décembre 1916. 27–5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

L'ASSEMBLEE générale annuelle des actionnaires de la "Banque d'Hochelaga" aura lieu au siège principal de la banque, No 112 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal, Canada, le quinzième jour de janvier 1917, à midi, afin de procéder à l'élection des directeurs, et à la considération de toutes questions du ressort de l'assemblée générale des actionnaires.

BEAUDRY LEMAN,
Secrétaire et gérant général

25–5

THE TRAVELLERS LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

SIÈGE SOCIAL : MONTRÉAL, P. Q.

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle de la compagnie dite "The Travellers Life Assurance Company of Canada" pour l'élection des directeurs et l'expédition d'autres affaires, aura lieu au bureau de la compagnie, 605 New Birks Building, Montréal, P. Q., le mardi, 13 février 1917, à trois heures p.m.

A. P. EARLE,
Secrétaire.

26-2

BANQUE MOLSONS.

145E DIVIDENDE.

AVIS.—Les actionnaires de la Banque Molsons sont notifiés par le présent qu'un dividende de deux et trois quarts pour cent (étant au taux de onze pour cent par année) sur le capital-actions a été déclaré pour le trimestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque, à Montréal, et aux succursales, à compter du deuxième jour de janvier prochain, aux actionnaires inscrits au registre le 15 décembre 1916.

Par ordre du conseil de direction,
EDWARD C. PRATT,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 28 novembre 1916. 23–5

LA BANQUE ROYALE DU CANADA.

ASSEMBLÉE ANNUELLE

AVIS est donné par le présent que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque Royale du Canada, pour l'élection des directeurs et autres affaires, aura lieu au bureau-chef de la banque, à Montréal, jeudi, le 11e jour de janvier prochain, à 11 heures a.m.

C. E. NEILL,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 1er décembre 1916. 23–6

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OTTAWA.—Printed by J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES

LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACT, 1910.

Name of the Company and Chief Agent to Receive Process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March, 1878; marked (B) to Policies issued or assumed subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance Business for which Licensed.
The Acadia Fire Insurance Company, R. K. Elliot, Secretary, Halifax, N.S.....	$25,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $56,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $81,000. (Accepted at $75,514).	Fire and Hail.
Ætna Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut, A. M. M. Kirkpatrick, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$261,333 Municipal Securities; $15,000 Province of Manitoba Debentures; $4,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; $50,000 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $75,000 Loan Company Debentures and $50,000 Province of Ontario debentures. Total, $455,333. (Accepted at $388,898).	Fire, Automobile, Tornado and Sprinkler Leakage.
Ætna Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut, Thomas H. Christmas, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$475,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $50,000 Province of Nova Scotia Debentures; $97,333 Prov. of Quebec Debentures; $260,000 Canadian Northern Ry. Guaranteed Bonds; $66,000 Prov. of New Brunswick Bonds; $100,000 Prince Edward Island Bonds; $150,000 Province of Alberta Bonds; $100,000 United States Bonds; and $4,286,949 Municipal Securities. Total, $5,585,282. (Accepted value, $4,736,806 being $100,000 (A), and $4,636,806 (B).)	Life.
The Alberta-Saskatchewan Life Insurance Company, Arthur Davies, President, Edmonton.	$55,967 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $46,284.).....	Life.
Alliance Assurance Company, Limited, T. D. Belfield, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	$109,500 Province of British Columbia Stock; $257,933 Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Guaranteed Bonds. Total, $367,433. (Accepted at $259,077).	Fire, Accident, Sickness, Guarantee and Automobile.
The American and Foreign Marine Insurance Company, Robert J. Dale, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$26,000 State of New York Bonds. (Accepted at $25,194).....	Inland Transportation.
American Central Insurance Company, W. P. Fess, Chief Agent, Winnipeg,.....	$15,000 Prov. of Alberta Bonds; $25,000 Loan Company Debentures and $148,247 Municipal Securities. Total $188,247. (Accepted at $156,199.)	Fire, Tornado and Hail.
The American Insurance Company, Conrad S. Riley, Chief Agent, Winnipeg	$73,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $56,174).....	Fire.
American Lloyds, Underwriters at, J. E. Clement, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	$30,000 Commonwealth of Massachusetts Bonds; $25,000 New York State Bonds, and $21,900 Municipal Securities. Total, $76,900. (Accepted at $67,582.)	Fire and Sprinkler Leakage.
American Surety Company of New York, William H. Hall, Chief Agent, Toronto....	$67,000 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds. (Accepted at $54,940).....	Guarantee.
Atlas Assurance Company Limited, Matthew C. Hinshaw, Chief Agent, Montreal	$209,267 Canada 3½ per cent Inscribed Stock; $4,867 Canada Bonds; $48,667 Newfoundland Gov't. 4 p.c. Inscribed Stock; $73,000 Grand Trunk Pacific Ry. Bonds; $58,400 Victorian 4 p.c. Inscribed Stock; $48,667 Prov. of Saskatchewan Bonds; $25,000 Loan Company Debentures and $48,666 Municipal Securities. Total $516,533. (Accepted at $446,907.)	Fire.
Beaver Fire Insurance Company, André Gouzée, Managing Director, Winnipeg.....	$65,353 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $53,302.).....	Fire.
The Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company of Canada, H. N. Roberts, Vice-President, Toronto.	$15,000 Prov. of Alberta Debentures and $99,000 Municipal Securities. Total $114,000. (Accepted at $97,085).	Steam Boiler.
British America Assurance Company, W. B. Meikle, General Manager, Toronto.....	$15,840 Province of New Brunswick Debentures; $54,000 Municipal Securities and $21,400 Loan Company Debentures. Total, $91,240. (Accepted at $80,387).	Fire and Hail.
British Colonial Fire Insurance Company, Theodore Meunier, Managing Director, Montreal.	$65,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $54,217.).....	Fire.
The British Columbia Life Assurance Company, L.W.Shatford,President, Vancouver	$61,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $49,619).....	Life.
The British Dominions General Insurance Company, Limited, Robert J. Dale, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$97,333 British Gov't Treasury Bills and $12,167 Municipal Securities. Total $109,500 (Accepted at $108,314.)	Fire and Sprinkler Leakage.
The British and Foreign Marine Insurance Company, Limited, Robert J. Dale, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$117,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $100,021).....	Sprinkler Leakage and Inland Transportation.
The British Northwestern Fire Insurance Company, F. K. Foster, Managing Director, Winnipeg.	$55,000 Loan Company Debentures. (Accepted at $52,250).....	Fire.
Caledonian Insurance Company, John G. Borthwick, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$292,179 Municipal Securities; $133,833 Loan Company Debentures and $48,667 South Australian Gov't. Bonds. Total, $474,679. (Accepted at $412,179).....	Fire.
The California Insurance Company, A. W. Ross, Chief Agent, Vancouver.....	$1,000 Dom. of Canada bonds: $61,000 Municipal Securities. Total $62,000. (Accepted at $50,351.)	Fire.
The Canada Accident Assurance Company, T. H. Hudson, Manager, Montreal.....	$150,206 Municipal Securities; $14,733 Province of New Brunswick Bonds and $6,000 Province of Manitoba Bonds. Total, $170,940. (Accepted at $143,856.)	Fire, Accident, Sickness, Plate Glass, Burglary and Guarantee.
The Canada Hail Insurance Company, Wm. J. Willcox, Managing Director, Winnipeg.	$12,000 Municipal Securities and $21,374 Can. Nor. Western Railway Guaranteed Stock. Total, $33,374. (Accepted at $28,790).	Hail.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, H. C. Cox, President, Toronto	$63,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $50,939)	Life.
The Canada National Fire Insurance Company, W. T. Alexander, Man. Director, Winnipeg.	$55,000 Loan Company Debentures. (Accepted at $52,250).....	Fire.

Name of the Company and Chief Agent to Receive Process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March, 1878; marked (B) to Policies issued or assumed subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance Business for which Licensed.
The Canada Weather Insurance Company, Fredric B. Welford, Manager, Toronto.....	$23,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $19,599).....	Insurance against "injury to property caused by cyclones, tornadoes, wind-storms, frost or hail except with respect to property in transit on water."
The Canadian Fire Insurance Company, R. T. Riley, Vice-President, Winnipeg.....	$70,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $60,515).....	Fire.
Canadian Lumbermen's Insurance Exchange, Edgar D. Hardy, ChiefAgent, Ottawa.	$20,000 Dominion of Canada War Loan Bonds. (Accepted at $19,500.).....	Fire Insurance among its members, restricted to risks on property situated in Ontario and Quebec.
The Canadian Surety Company, Wm. H. Hall, General Manager, Toronto.....	$58,768 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $48,217).....	Guarantee.
The Capital Life Assurance Company of Canada, A. Eugene Corrigan, Managing Director, Ottawa.	$61,194 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $50,178).....	Life.
The Casualty Company of Canada, A. L. Eastmure, President, Toronto.....	$12,024 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $10,880.).....	Plate Glass.
Chartered Trust and Executor Company (formerly The Title and Trust Company) John J. Gibson, Managing Director, Toronto.	$77,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $64,895.).....	Title Insurance as defined in Company's Act of Incorporation.
Commercial Union Assurance Company, Limited, London, England, James McGregor, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$107,067 Cape of Good Hope 4 p.c. Stock; $24,333 Canada 3 p.c. Stock; $20,000 Dom. of Can. War Loan Bonds; $170,333 Queensland Bonds; $48,667 Irish Land Stock; $36,500 Province of Ontario 3 p.c. Registered Stock; $31,633 South Australian 5 p.c. Bonds; $121,667 New South Wales Stock; $24,333 Victorian Gov't. Stock; $111,933 New Zealand Gov't Stock; $29,200 Ceylon 4 p.c. Inscribed Stock; $177,633 Can. Northern Ry. Guaranteed Bonds; $121,667 East Indian R'ys Guaranteed Deb. Stock; $48,667 Loan Company Debs. and $171,833 Mun. Securities. Total, $1,245,467. (Accepted value, $1,086,432 being $101,713 Life A; $153,264 Life B; and $831,455 Fire).	Fire and Life.
Confederation Life Association, J. K. Macdonald, President, Toronto.....	$85,367 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $68,914).....	Life.
The Connecticut Fire Insurance Company, J. W. Tatley, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	$15,000 Prov. of Ontario Debs and $149,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $164,000. (Accepted at $140,533)	Fire and Hail.
The Continental Insurance Company, W. E. D. Baldwin, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	$25,000 Prov. of Alberta; $299,300 Municipal Securities. Total, $324,300. (Accepted at $253,811)...	Fire and Tornado
The Continental Life Insurance Company, George B. Woods, President, Toronto.....	$63,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $50,806).....	Life.
The Crown Life Insurance Company, H. R. Stevenson, Asst. Manager, Toronto.....	$73,438 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $62,397).....	Life.
The Dominion Fire Insurance Company, Robt. F. Massie, President, Toronto.....	$103,037 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $87,224).....	Fire throughout Canada and Hail restricted to Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan.
The Dominion Gresham Guarantee and Casualty Company, F. J. J. Stark, General Manager, Montreal.	$135,500 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $111,212).....	Burglary, Accident, Sickness, Guarantee and Automobile.
The Dominion Life Assurance Company, Thos. Hilliard, President, Waterloo, Ont.....	$60,220 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $50,544).....	Life.
The Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Company, Charles A. Withers, Manager, Toronto.	$215,153 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $178,621).....	Fire, Guarantee, Accident, Sickness, Burglary and Plate Glass.
The Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Limited, C. W. I. Woodland, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$146,000 Canada Stock; $32,018 Irish Land Stock; $26,231 Japanese Gov. Bonds; $41,853 Prov. of Quebec Bonds; $38,933 Newfoundland Bonds; $24,333 Prov. of Manitoba Debs.; $68,134 Prov. of British Columbia 3 p.c. Stock; $24,333 Prov. of Nova Scotia 3½ p.c. Stock; $24,334 Prov. of Alberta Stock; $4,867 Prov. of Saskatchewan Stock; $111,934 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $73,000 Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $171,667 Loan Companies' Debs.; $25,000 Lacombe & Blindman Valley Elec. Ry. Debentures (g'teed by Alberta); $28,186 Madras Ry. Annuities; $164,320 Belgian Govt. Bonds and $337,313 Municipal Securities. Total, $1,342,455. (Accepted at $1,065,343.)	Fire, Accident, Guarantee, Sickness and Automobile.
The Equitable Fire and Marine Insurance Company, J. W. Tatley, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$65,000 Massachusetts Bonds; $9,740 Japanese Government Bonds and $49,333 Municipal Securities. Total, $124,073. (Accepted at $101,913.)	Fire.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, Seargent P. Stearns, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$339,000 Dom. of Canada Bonds; $99,767 Province of Quebec Bonds; $250,000 Montreal Harbour; $274,933 Province of Quebec Stock; $622,800 Prov. of Alberta and $4,112,093 Municipal Securities. Total, $5,698,593. Accepted at $4,926,465, being $100,000 (A) and $4,826,465 (B). Also $828,000 in the hands of Canadian Trustees under the Insurance Act.	Life.
The Excelsior Life Insurance Company, Edwin Marshall, General Manager, Toronto.	$20,000 Province of New Brunswick Bonds and $40,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $60,000. (Accepted at $52,028).	Life.
Factories Insurance Company, Charles R. Clapp, President, Toronto.....	$15,000 Province of New Brunswick Debentures; $25,000 Province of Nova Scotia Debentures; $20,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $60,000. (Accepted at $50,602).	Fire.
The Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York, Paul H. Boring, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$145,000 Commonwealth of Massachusetts Bonds; $66,953 Municipal Securities. Total, $211,953. (Accepted at $181,129).	Burglary, Accident, Sickness, Steam Boiler and Plate Glass.
Fidelity-Phenix Fire Insurance Company of New York, W. E. D. Baldwin, Chief Agent, Montreal	$30,000 District of Columbia Bonds; $22,000 Prov. of Alberta Bonds $379,600 Municipal Securities. Total, $431,600 (Accepted at $341,476).	Fire and Tornado.

Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, G. Temple McMurrich, Chief Agent, Toronto..	$50,000 Commonwealth of Massachusetts and $91,000 State of California Bonds. Total, $141,000. (Accepted at $128,603.)	Fire, Inland Transportation and Insurance against loss or damage to automobiles by accident, burglary or theft.
Firemen's Insurance Company of Newark, N. J., Benjamin. B. Smith and Wilson Smith, Chief Agents, Winnipeg, Man.	$10,000 Canadian Northern Ry. Guaranteed Debs.; $10,000 Winnipeg General Hospital Bonds (guaranteed by Manitoba) $87,647 Municipal Securities. Total $107,647. (Accepted at $87,044)	Fire.
The General Accident Assurance Co. of Canada, John J. Durance, Secretary, Toronto.	$81,007 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $66,372).....	Accident, Sickness and Steam Boiler
General Accident Fire and Life Assurance Corporation, Limited, Thomas H. Hall, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$309,184 Municipal Securities and $40,000 Loan Company Debentures. Total, $349,184. (Accepted at $307,316).	Fire.
The General Animals Insurance Company of Canada, R. A. Leduc, Manager, Montreal.	$26,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $22,164).....	Live Stock
Compagnie d'Assurances Générales contre l'Incendie, T. F. Dobbin, Chief Agent, Montreal.	676,667 Francs, French Rentes. (Accepted at $79,664).....	Fire.
German American Insurance Company, William Robins, Chief agent, Toronto.....	$50,000 Province of Manitoba Bonds; $25,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds and $373,007 Municipal Securities. Total, $448,007. (Accepted at $359,817).	Fire, Hail and Tornado
The Germania Life Insurance Company, C. R. G. Johnson, Chief Agent, Montreal....	$97,333 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds and $15,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $112,333. (Accepted at $97,623).	Life.
Glens Falls Insurance Company, Wm. H. George, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	$15,000 Dominion of Canada bonds; $10,000 Dominion of Canada War Loan Bonds; $25,000 Loan Company Debentures and $150,000 Municipal Securities. Total $200,000. (Accepted at $181,583.)	Fire, Hail, Tornado and Insurance against loss or damage to automobiles by burglary or theft.
The Globe Indemnity Company of Canada (formerly The Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Company), John Emo, General Manager, Montreal.	$15,000 Province of Ontario Debentures and $120,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $135,000. (Accepted at $115,415).	Accident, Sickness, Burglary, Automobile and Guarantee.
The Globe and Rutgers Fire Insurance Company, J.W. Binnie, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$105,000 Province of Alberta Bonds; $89,500 Dominion of Canada War Loan Bonds and $99,180 Municipal Securities. Total, $293,680. (Accepted at $274,755.)	Fire, and Explosion, (as limited by Company's Charter.)
The Great-West Life Assurance Company, R. T. Riley, Vice-Pres., Winnipeg.....	$62,700 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $49,952).....	Life.
The Gresham Life Assurance Society, Limited, Arch. R. Howell, Chief Agent, Montreal	$100,000 Municipal Securities and $25,000 Dom. or Can. War Loan Bonds. Total, $125,000. (Accepted at $104,175.)	Life.
The Guarantee Company of North America, Henry E. Rawlings, Managing Director, Montreal.	$50,500 Municipal Securities and $11,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds. Total, $61,500. (Accepted at $53,789).	Guarantee.
The Guardian Accident and Guarantee Company, H. M. Lambert, Managing Director, Montreal.	$152,487 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $119,904).....	Accident, Sickness, Guarantee, Burglary and Plate Glass,
Guardian Assurance Company, Limited, London, Eng., H. M. Lambert, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$48,667 Province of Quebec 3 p.c. Inscribed Stock; $92,953 British War Loan; $49,000 Montreal Technical School Bonds, guaranteed by Prov. of Quebec; $98,000 Province of Manitoba Bonds; $50,000 Province of British Columbia Debentures; $58,400 Province of New Brunswick Bonds; $43,800 Newfoundland Govt. Debentures; $48,666 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $25,000 Loan Company Debentures and $403,400 Municipal Securities, Total, $917,887. (Accepted at $750,769.)	Fire.
The Hamilton Fire Insurance Company, Russell T. Kelley, Secretary, Hamilton ...	$60,833 Province of Quebec Bonds. (Accepted at $52,925).....	Fire.
Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Peter A. McCallum, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$150,000 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $35,000 Prov. of Alberta Bonds; $835,407 Municipal Securities; $25,000 Loan Company Debentures and $20,000 Bank Stock. Total, $1,065,407. (Accepted at $882,665).	Fire, Hail, Explosion, Inland Transportation, Cyclone or Tornado, Sprinkler Leakage and "Insurance against loss or damage to automobiles by accident, burglary or theft."
The Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company, H. N. Roberts, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$45,000 Commonwealth of Massachusetts Bonds. (Accepted at $36,338).....	License restricted to guaranteeing the policy contracts of the Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company of Canada.
The Home Insurance Company, F. W. Evans, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$50,000 Dominion of Canada War Loan Bonds; $100,000 Canada Bonds; $743,733 Municipal Securities; $25,000 Loan Co. Debentures; $200,000 Province of Alberta Debentures and $35,000 Province of Ontario Bonds. Total, $1,153,733. (Accepted at $986,704).	Fire, Automobile, Sprinkler Leakage, Hail, and Tornado.
The Hudson Bay Insurance Company, William Mackay, President Montreal.	$65,976 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $54,474).....	Fire and Hail.
The Imperial Guarantee and Accident Insurance Company of Canada, E. Willans, Managing Director, Toronto.	$70,000 Municipal Securities and $91,000 Loan Company Debentures. Total, $161,000. (Accepted at $145,441).	Guarantee, Accident, Sickness. Automobile, Plate Glass and Insurance of Automobiles against fire.
The Imperial Life Assurance Company of Canada, Jas. F. Weston, General Manager. Toronto.	$60,000 Loan Company Debs. and $184,963 Municipal Securities. Total, $244,963 (Accepted at $221,525).	Life.
Imperial Underwriters Corporation of Canada, Lyman Root, President, Toronto..	$64,727 Canadian Northern Railway Co. Deb. Stock and $35,000 Municipal Securities. Total $99,727. (Accepted at $80,062).	Fire.
The Independent Order of Foresters, Elliott G. Stevenson, President, Toronto.....	$100,000 Canada temporary notes. (Accepted at $100,000.).....	Life, Disability and Sickness Insurance as specified in the Constitution and Laws of the Society for sums not exceeding, in addition to the sick and funeral benefits, the sum of $5,000 upon any one life.
Insurance Company of North America, Robert Hampson & Son, Limited, Chief Agents, Montreal.	$10,000 Dom. of Canada Bonds; $10,000 Province of Nova Scotia 3 p. c. Bonds; $55,000 Province of Alberta Debentures; $279,867 Municipal Securities and $65,213 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds. Total, $420,080. (Accepted at $351,815).	Fire, Inland Transportation, Explosion and Automobile, excluding insurance against loss by reason of injury to the person.
The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania, T. L. Armstrong, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$120,780 Municipal Securities; $6,000 Dominion of Canada War Loan Bonds; $15,000 Prov. of Quebec Debs. and $5,000 Province of Ontario Debentures. Total, $146,780. (Accepted at $123,022.)	Fire and Tornado.
International Fidelity Insurance Company, Neil Sinclair, Chief Agent, Toronto....	$5,000 U. S. 2 p. c. Consols. (Accepted at $4,900).....	Guarantee Insurance, restricted to employees of Singer Sewing Machine Company.
The Law Union and Rock Insurance Company, Limited, J. E.E. Dickson, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$54,333 Municipal Securities; $77,218 British War Loan Stock; $87,600 Province of Quebec Stock; $36,500 Canada Bonds; $48,667 Canada Stock; $38,933 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Stock; $82,733 Canadian Northern Alberta Railway Guaranteed Stock; and $24,333 Province Manitoba Debentures. Total, $450,318. (Accepted at $387,403.)	Fire, Accident, Sickness, Burglary and Plate Glass.

Name of the Company and Chief Agent to Receive Process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March, 1878; marked (B) to Policies issued or assumed subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance Business for which Licensed.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company, Limited, J. Gardner Thompson, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$509,167 Municipal Securities; $48,667 Prov. of Ontario Stock; $94,900 Prov. of Quebec Bonds; $73,000 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $146,000 Canadian Northern (Ontario) Stock; $48,667 Canadian Pacific Railway Guaranteed Land Grant Stock and $570,616 Canada Stock. Total, $1,491,017. (Accepted at $1,248,394).	Fire and Life.
The Liverpool-Manitoba Assurance Company, J. Gardner Thompson, Managing Director, Montreal.	$21,000 Province of Manitoba Bonds and $35,000 Municipal Securities. Total $56,000. (Accepted at $45,500.)	Fire.
Lloyds Plate Glass Insurance Company of New York, Le Grand Reed, Geo. B. Shaw, Chas. B. McNaught and T. L. Armstrong, Chief Agents, Toronto.	$40,000 Province of Manitoba Bonds and $58,900 Municipal Securities. Total $98,900. (Accepted at $81,795.)	Plate Glass.
The London Assurance, W. Kennedy and W. B. Colley, Joint Chief Agents, Montreal.	$167,000 Mun. Sec.; $48,667 Can. Northern Ry. G'teed Stock; $48,667 Canada Stock and $42,583 Prov. Manitoba Stock; $24,333 Loan Co. Debentures. Total, $331,250. (Accepted at $288,500).	Fire and Life
The London Guarantee and Accident Company, Limited, Geo. Weir, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$488,613 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $392,678)	Fire, Guarantee, Burglary, Accident and Sickness.
London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Limited, Alfred Wright, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$29,200 Canada 3 per cent. Stock; $30,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $49,333 Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park Bonds; $68,133 Montreal Technical School Bonds guaranteed by Prov. of Quebec; $34,067 Guaranteed (Irish Land Act) Stock; $26,767 British Government Local Loans; $29,200 Province of Ontario Stock; $26,280 Province of Manitoba Debentures; $25,000 Province of Alberta Debentures; $24,333 Province of Saskatchewan Debentures; $24,333 Cape of Good Hope Debentures; $38,933 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Debenture Stock; $58,400 Can. Northern Alberta Ry. stock; $24,333 Pacific Great Eastern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $38,933 Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company Guaranteed Stock, $25,000 Loan Company's debentures and $182,383 Mun. Securities. Total, $734,630. (Accepted at $616,559).	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Guarantee and Accident Company of Canada, Alexander MacLean, Manager, Toronto	$34,067 Cape of Good Hope Debentures; $48,667 British Government Local Loans; $16,500 City of Hull bonds guaranteed by Prov. of Quebec and $486 Municipal Securities. Total, $99,720. (Accepted at $84,439).	Guarantee, Accident, Sickness, Automobile and Plate Glass.
The London and Lancashire Life and General Assurance Association, Limited, Alexander Bissett and W. H. R. Emmerson, Chief Agents, Montreal.	$40,000 Province of New Brunswick Bonds and $98,500 Municipal Securities. Total $138,500. Also $3,715,000 vested in Canadian Trustees under Insurance Act. (Accepted at $3,828,793, being $100,000 (A) and $3,728,793 (B).	Life
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, Frank D. Williams, Managing Director, Toronto.	$38,000 Municipal Securities and $23,500 Loan Company Debentures. Total, $61,500. (Accepted at $52,212).	Fire.
The London Life Insurance Company, J. G. Richter, Manager, London, Ont.	$63,042 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $50,541)	Life.
Loyal Protective Insurance Company, William Atkins, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$14,000 State of Massachusetts Bonds; $13,000 Prov. of Ontario Debs.; $10,000 Prov. of Alberta Debs. Total $37,000. (Accepted at $32,662).	Accident and Sickness Insurance among members of the Indep't. Order of Oddfellows resident in Canada.
The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company, J. B. McKechnie, Gen. Man., Toronto.	$208,794 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $174,604)	Life.
The Marine Insurance Company, Limited, Reed, Shaw & McNaught, Chief Agents, Toronto.	$81,111 British War Loan Stock; $27,000 Province of Ontario Debs. and $4,867 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds. Total, $112,978. (Accepted at $105,910).	Fire, Automobile and Inland Transportation.
Maryland Casualty Company, Baltimore, Md., F. J. Lightbourn, Chief Agent Toronto.	$54,773 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds, and $234,467 Municipal Securities. Total, $289,240. (Accepted at $244,605).	Accident, Sickness, Burglary, Guarantee, Plate Glass, Fly Wheel, Sprinkler Leakage and Steam Boiler.
The Mercantile Fire Insurance Company, Alfred Wright, Secretary, Toronto.	$17,034 Canada Bonds; $19,467 Province of Ontario Stock; $24,333 Province of Manitoba Stock; $73,000 Canadian Northern Railway 3 p.c. 1st Mortgage Guaranteed Debenture Stock; $48,667 Canadian Northern (Ontario) Railway Stock guaranteed by Dominion; $9,733 Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company Guaranteed Stock; $24,333 St. John and Quebec Ry. Co. Guaranteed Debenture Stock and $25,576 Municipal Securities. Total, $242,142. (Accepted at $189,178.)	Fire.
Merchants Casualty Company, Leo M. Fingard, Vice-President, Winnipeg.	$30,000 Province of Alberta Debentures; $10,000 Province of Saskatchewan Debentures and $36,222 Municipal Securities. Total $76,222. (Accepted at $69,933).	Accident (not including Employer's Liability) and Sickness.
The Merchants' and Employers' Guarantee and Accident Company, J. G. Dubeau, Managing Director, Montreal.	$46,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $40,109)	Accident, Sickness, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance in the Province of Quebec.
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, A. G. Brooke Claxton, K. C. Chief Agent, Montreal.	$97,334 Canada Stock; $2,000,000 Dominion of Canada War Loan Bonds; $600,000 Prov. of Manitoba Bonds; $146,000 Province of Quebec Stock; $1,000,000 Prov. of Quebec Debs.; $97,333 Province of New Brunswick Bonds; $1,572,300 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $200,000 Province of Alberta Bonds; $500,000 University of Alberta Guaranteed Bonds and $8,896,545 Municipal Securities. Total, $15,109,512. (Accepted at $12,695,023.) Also $7,367,545 vested in Canadian Trustees under the Insurance Act.	Life.
Millers National Insurance Company, G. H. Williams Chief Agent, Winnipeg.	$50,000 Dominion of Canada Bonds. (Accepted at $50,000)	Fire.
The Monarch Life Assurance Company, J. W. W. Stewart, Managing Director, Winnipeg.	$67,520 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $53,288)	Life.
Moose, The Grand Lodge of the Loyal Order of, in the Dominion of Canada, Louis F. Heyd, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$11,500 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $9,605)	Sickness Insurance among the members of the Order.
The Mount Royal Assurance Company, J. E. Clement, Manager, Montreal.	$69,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $55,936)	Fire and Plate Glass.

The Mutual Life Assurance Company of Canada, George Wegenast, Managing Director, Waterloo, Ont.	$124,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $101,166)..	Life.
The Mutual Life and Citizens' Assurance Company, Ltd., J P. Moore, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$121,667 Canada Stock. (Accepted at $102,200)	Life.
The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, W. O. H. Dodds, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$400,000 Prov. of Nova Scotia Bonds; $219,000 Prov. of New Brunswick Bonds; $200,000 Prov. of Manitoba Bonds; $149,893 Manitoba and South Eastern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $500,000 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds and $1,496,334 Municipal Securities. Total, $2,965,227. (Accepted at $2,546,315). Also $5,100,000 in the hands of Canadian Trustees under the Insurance Act.	Life.
National-Ben Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, Pa., R. F. Massie, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$190,553 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $162,725)	Fire and Automobile Insurance, excluding Insurance against loss by reason of bodily injury to the person
National Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Chas. C. Hall, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$547,105 Municipal Securities; $10,000 Prov. of Ontario Debs.; $1,000 Prov. of New Brunswick Debs. and $75,000 Loan Company Debentures. Total, $633,105 (Accepted at $546,516).	Fire, Tornado, Explosion, Inland Transportation and Sprinkler Leakage.
The National Life Assurance Company of Canada, A. J. Ralston, Mang. Director, Toronto.	$25,000 Manitoba Debentures and $30,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $55,000. (Accepted at $46,830)	Life.
The National Provincial Plate Glass and General Insurance Company, Limited, J. H. Ewart, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$4,867 British Consolidated Stock; $4,867 British War Loan Stock and $6,327 Canada Stock. Total, $16,060. (Accepted at $13,296.)	Plate Glass.
National Surety Company, Le Grand Reed, Geo. B. Shaw, Chas. B. McNaught and T. L. Armstrong, Joint Chief Agents, Toronto.	$69,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $53,181)	Guarantee
National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, Pa., Jos. G. Davis, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$219,553 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $187,538)	Fire and Tornado.
La Nationale, Compagnie anonyme d'Assurances contre l'Incendie et les Explosions, J. E. Clement, Chief Agent, Montreal.	476,667 Francs, French Rentes; $24,333 Municipal Securities; $25,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $25,000 Canada Bonds. Total, $166.330. (Accepted at $121,849.)	Fire.
New York Life Insurance Company, Percy V. Raven, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	$580,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $1,510,000 Commonwealth of Massachusetts Bonds; $2,919,987 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $199,530 Manitoba and South Eastern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $50,000 Province of Ontario Debentures and $3,126,100 Municipal Securities. Total, $8,385,617. (Accepted at $7,150,582, being $100,000 Life A and $7,050,582 Life B). Also $4,369,428 vested in Canadian Trustees under the Insurance Act.	Life.
The New York Plate Glass Insurance Co., Geo. W. Pacaud, Chief Agent, Montreal...	$35,467 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $27,060)	Plate Glass.
Niagara Fire Insurance Company, W. E. Findlay, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	$100,000 State of New York Bonds; $50,000 Province of Alberta Bonds; $30,000 Loan Company Debentures, and $10,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $190,000. (Accepted at $179,595.)	Fire, Tornado, and Automobile (including damage to Automobiles in transit by rail.)
The North American Accident Insurance Company, H. E. Ridout, Ass't Manager, Toronto.	$62,867 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $55,158)	Accident, Sickness and Plate Glass.
North American Life Assurance Company, L. Goldman, Managing Director, Toronto.	$61,200 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $48,838)	Life.
North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, Randall J. Davidson, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$60,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; $28,227 Grand Trunk Pacific Ry. Bonds guaranteed by Dominion: $1,284,673 Municipal Securities. Total, $1,372,900. (Accepted at $1,188,388, being $835,946 Fire, $50,815 Life A and $301,627 Life B).	Fire and Life
The North Empire Fire Insurance Company, John A. Thompson, President, Winnipeg, Man.	$5,000 Dom. of Can. War Loan; $62,080 Municipal Securities. Total, $67,080. (Accepted at $53,771.)	Fire.
The North West Fire Insur. Company, Thomas Bruce, Deputy Manager, Winnipeg...	$56,815 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $48,824)	Fire.
The Northern Assurance Company, Limited, G. E. Moberly, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$24,333 British War Loan Bonds; $170,334 Grand Trunk Pacific Railway 1st Mortgage 3 p.c. Bonds (Guaranteed). $65,213 Canada Stock; $50,127 Canada Bonds and $489,553 Municipal Securities Total, $799,560. (Accepted at $657,210)	Fire.
The Northern Life Assurance Company of Canada, T. H. Purdom, President, London, Ont.	$67,107 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $55,647)	Life.
Northwestern National Insurance Company of Milwaukee, Wis., A. D. Sturrock, Chief Agent, Regina.	$208,253 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $144,754)	Fire, Tornado and Hail.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Limited, Norwich, England, John B. Laidlaw, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$197,100 Canada Stock: $70,500 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $58,400 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $29,200 Prov. of New Brunswick Bonds; $30,000 Prov. Ontario Bonds; $508,900 Mun. Secur. and $25,000 Loan Company Debs. Total, $919,100. (Accepted at $747,401)	Fire, Accident, Sickness, Automobile and Plate Glass.
Norwich Union Life Insurance Society, John B. Laidlaw, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	$72,780 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $58,590)	Life.
The Occidental Fire Insurance Company, C. A. Richardson, Secretary, Winnipeg, Man	$65,000 Province of Manitoba Debentures; $40,000 Municipal Securities. Total $105,000. (Accepted at $92,240)	Fire.
The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Limited, Charles Hoffman Neely, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$241,711 British War Loan Stock; $48,667, Guaranteed Stock (Irish Land Act) $4,867 Canada Stock; $12,167 Province of Quebec Bonds; $102,200 Province of Quebec Stock; $53,533 Province of Ontario Stock; $36,500 New South Wales Stock: $48,667 Canadian Northern Ry. Guaranteed Bonds and $142,333 Municipal Securities. Total $690,644 (Accepted at $586,466)	Fire, Accident, Sickness, Guarantee, Plate Glass, Burglary and Automobile.
The Ocean Marine Insurance Company, Limited, Robt. Hampson & Son, Limited, Chief Agents, Montreal.	$132,860 Canadian Northern Railway (Ontario) Guaranteed Bonds. (Accepted at $104,959)	Insuring postal and express packages in transit in Canada
The Pacific Coast Fire Insurance Company, Thomas W. Greer, Managing Director, Vancouver.	$60,100 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $47,416)	Fire.
The Palatine Insurance Company, Limited, James McGregor, Chief Agent, Montreal..	$98,667 Loan Company Debentures; $25,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $82,733–New Zealand Govt. Stock and $69,167 Municipal Securities. Total $275,567. (Accepted at $252,207)	Fire.
Phenix, Compagnie Française du, Thomas Francis Dobbin, Chief Agent, Montreal....	433,333 Francs, French Rentes. (Accepted at $51.016)	Fire.
Phœnix Assurance Company, Limited, R. MacD. Paterson & J. B. Paterson, Joint Chief Agents, Montreal.	$30,000 Prov. of Manitoba Bonds; $25,000 Rural Mun. of Pipestone, guaranteed by Manitoba; $50,000 City of Three Rivers Debs., guaranteed by Prov. of Quebec; $13,000 R. M. of Hamiota, guaranteed by Prov. of Manitoba; $25.000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $219,000 Can. Northern Ry. Guaranteed Debenture Stock; $84,553 Prov. of Quebec Stock; $70,567 Grand Trunk Pacific Ry. Guaranteed Bonds; $114,367 Canadian Northern (Ontario) Ry. Guaranteed Bonds and $1,040,093 Municipal Securities. Total, $1,671,580. (Accept. at $1,320,244, being $493,233 Life and $827,011 Fire.) Also $1,806,574 vested in Can. Trustees under the Insurance Act.	Fire and Life

Name of the Company and Chief Agent to Receive Process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March, 1878; marked (B) to Policies issued or assumed subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance Business for which Licensed.
The Phœnix Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn., J. W. Tatley, Chief Agent. Montreal	$473,993 Municipal Securities and $5,000 Province of New Brunswick Bonds. Total, $478,993. (Accepted at $405,604).	Fire.
The Protective Association of Canada, Eugene E. Gleason, Secretary, Granby, P.Q...	$23,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $18,278)	Accident and Sickness, restricted to Members of the Masonic Order within Canada, and limited in amount as provided in the Association's Act of Incorporation.
Providence Washington Insurance Company, Robert Hampson & Son, Ltd., Chief Agents, Montreal.	$41,000 Massachusetts Bonds; $100,000 State of Rhode Island Bonds; $10,000 Province of Ontario Debentures and $75,000 Municipal Securities Total $226,000 (Accepted at $190,766).	Fire and Automobile.
Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York, J. S. Lovell, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$453,563 Municipal Securities ; $28,188 Grand Trunk Pacific Ry. Guaranteed Bonds. Total $481,751. (Accepted at $389,038).	Life.
Provincial Insurance Company, Limited, Willis, Faber & Co., of Canada, Ltd., Chief Agents, Montreal.	$12,167 Province of Quebec Stock; $41,366 Municipal Securities; $15,087 St. John & Quebec Ry. Co. G'teed Stock; $14,600 Pacific Great Eastern Ry. G'teed Stock and $24,333 Province of Saskatchewan Stock. Total, $107,553. (Accepted at $87,087).	Fire.
The Prudential Insurance Company of America, Wm. White, Chief Agent. Montreal.	$300,000 Prov. New Brunswick Bonds; $1,200,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds: $120,000 Commonwealth of Massachusetts Bonds; $50,000 Canadian Northern Ry. Guaranteed Bonds and $3,360,427 Municipal Securities. Total, $5,030,427. (Accepted at $4,487,980.)	Life.
Quebec Fire Assurance Company, Colin E. Sword, Chief Agent, Quebec	$24,333 Province of Alberta Bonds ; $46,720 Province of Manitoba Debentures and $157,834 Municipal Securities. Total, $228,887. (Accepted at $185,257).	Fire.
Queen Insurance Company of America, William Mackay, Chief Agent, Montreal	$48,666 New Zealand 4 p.c. Stock; $30,417 Province of Quebec Stock; $70,000 Province of Ontario Bonds; $40,000 Province of Manitoba Debentures; $48,667 Canadian Northern Ry. Guaranteed Bonds; $10,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; $21,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds and $378,773 Municipal Securities. Total, $647,523. (Accepted at $542,101).	Fire, Inland Transportation and Automobile.
Railway Passengers Assurance Company, Frank H. Russell, Chief Agent, Toronto...	$12,166 British War Loan Stock; $79,600 India Stock; $45,455 East Indian Ry. Co. G'teed Stock, and $73,000 Municipal Securities. Total $210,221. (Accepted at $156,335).	Guarantee, Burglary, Accident, Sickness, Plate Glas and Automobile.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England, John B. Laidlaw, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$24,333 Newfoundland Bonds; $85,167 Municipal Securities. Total $109,500. (Accepted at $85,374)	Life.
The Ridgely Protective Association, James E. Scott, Chief Agent, Toronto	$30,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $25,365)	Accident and Sickness Insurance among members of the Independent Order of Oddfellows in Canada
The Royal Exchange Assurance, Arthur Barry, Chief Agent, Montreal	$36,013 Grand Trunk Pacific Railway G'teed Bonds ; $157,193 Canadian Northern Ry. G'teed Bonds ; $46,233 St. John & Quebec Ry. G'teed Bonds; $42,340 Prov. Ontario Stock ; $42,827 Prov. Saskatchewan Stock; $86,000 Alberta and Great Waterways Ry. Co. G'teed Bonds and $80,787 Municipal Securities. Total $491,393. (Accepted at $398,629)	Fire, Accident, Sickness and Automobile restricted to Burglary or Theft.
The Royal Guardians, A. T. Patterson, Supreme Secretary, Montreal	$97,993 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $83,527)	Life and Sickness.
The Royal Insurance Company, Limited, William Mackay, Chief Agent, Montreal..	$354,147 Canada Stock; $3,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $75,000 Province of Ontario Bonds; $40,500 City of Hull Bonds guaranteed by Prov. of Quebec ; $17,033 Province of Quebec Inscribed Stock ; $97,333 Montreal Technical School Bonds, guaranteed by Prov. of Quebec ; $102,367 Prov. of New Brunswick Bonds; $108,040 Prov. of Nova Scotia Bonds; $100,000 Province of Manitoba Bonds; $134,067 Province of British Columbia Bonds; $1,063,853 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $121,667 Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Bonds, guaranteed by Dominion of Canada; $148,433 Canadian Northern (Ontario) Railway Guaranteed Bonds and $595,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $2,960,441. (Accepted at $2,417,026, being $1,045,488 Life and $1,371,538 Fire).	Fire and Life.
St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company, C. F. Codere, Chief Agent, Winnipeg, Man.	$60,000 Province of Manitoba Debentures; $50,000 Province of Alberta Debentures and $256,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $366,000. (Accepted at $311,560.)	Fire, Hail, Inland Transportation, Tornado and Automobile.
The Saskatchewan Life Insurance Company, Wm. T. Mollard, Chief Agent, Regina....	$61,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $53,039.)	Life.
La Sauvegarde Life Insurance Company, Philorum Bonhomme, Manager, Montreal....	$58,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $47,937)	Life.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Company, Esinhart & Evans, Chief Agents, Montreal.	$445,644 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $369,295)	Fire, Automobile, Tornado and Sprinkler Leakage
The Security Life Insurance Company of Canada, Jesse O. McCarthy, President, Toronto.	$64,661 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $49,395)	Life.
The Sovereign Life Assurance Co. of Canada, H. J. Meiklejohn, Managing Director, Winnipeg,	$60,000 Dominion of Canada War Loan Bonds. (Accepted at $58,500)	Life.
Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company, Joseph Murphy, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$482,000 Municipal Securities; $25,000 Canada Bonds. Total $507,000. (Accepted at $421,895)	Fire, Tornado and Sprinkler Leakage.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, D. M. McGoun, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	$5,432,370 Municipal Securities; $20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds ; $150,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $57,000 Province of Manitoba Debentures and $238,157 Province of Quebec Annuities. Total, $5,897,527. (Accepted at $3,033,493 being $133,622 Life A, and $4,899,871 Life B). Also $2,470,589 vested in Canadian Trustees under the Insurance Act.	Life.

The Star Assurance Society, Alf. W. Briggs, Chief Agent, Toronto	$97,333 Newfoundland Bonds and $96,847 Province of Nova Scotia Debentures. Total, $194,180. (Accepted at $154,385).	Life.
The State Life Insurance Company, Indianapolis, Indiana, W. H. Hunter, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$207,000 Municipal Securities; $50,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds. Total $257,000. (Accepted at $224,557.) Also $54,270 vested in Canadian Trustees under the Insurance Act.	Life.
The Stuyvesant Insurance Company, Godfrey C. White, Chief Agent, Montreal	$64,000 Prov. of Ontario Debentures. (Accepted at $51,840.)	Fire.
The Subsidiary High Court of the Ancient Order of Foresters in the Dominion of Canada, William Williams, Permanent Secretary, Toronto.	$60,016 Municipal Securities. (Acccpted at $52,649)	Life and Sickness.
Sun Insurance Office, London, Eng., Lyman Root, Chief Agent, Toronto	$23,530 Canada Stock; $25,000 Loan Company debentures; $48,667 Province of Manitoba Bonds; $24,334 Prov. of Nova Scotia Stock; $75,000 Alberta and Great Waterways Ry. Co. G'teed Bonds; $36,500 Grand Trunk Pacific Ry. 1st Mortgage Bonds (Guaranteed) and $362,066 Municipal Securities. Total, $595,097. (Acc. at $490,640.)	Fire.
The Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, T. B. Macaulay, President, Montreal	$64,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $57,779)	Life.
The Travelers Indemnity Company, Hartford, Conn., Frank F. Parkins, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$151,500 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $119,363.)	Accident, Sickness, Burglary, Steam Boiler, Fly wheel, Plate Glass and Automobile.
The Travelers Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn., Frank F. Parkins, Chief Agent, Montreal.	$547,790 Municipal Securities; $56,453 Prov. of Quebec Bonds; $74,947 Manitoba and S. E. Ry. Bonds (Guaranteed) and $200,000 Canadian Northern Ry. Guaranteed Debs. Total, $879,190. (Accepted at $732,477, being $402,477 Life and $330,000 Accident.) Also $3,300,000 in the hands of Canadian Trustees under the Insurance Act.	Life and Accident.
The Travellers Life Assurance Company of Canada, George P. Graham, President, Montreal.	$60,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $48,726.)	Life.
L'Union compagnie d'assurances contre l'incendie, Paris, France, Louis Maurice Ferrand, Chief Agent, Montreal.	1,294,667 francs French Rentes and $24,333 Municipal Securities. Total, $274,204. (Accepted at $187,957).	Fire.
Union Assurance Society, Limited, T. L. Morrisey, Chief Agent, Montreal	$48,667 Prov. of British Columbia Bonds; $48,667 Newfoundland Govt. Bonds; $46,233 Victoria Govt. Stock; $30,000 Loan Company Debentures and $391,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $564,567. (Accepted at $463,419.).	Fire and Inland Transportation.
Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, Henri E. Morin, Chief Agent, Montreal	$189,735 Prov. of Ontario Annuity Bonds; $232,500 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds; $60,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; $60,000 Prov. of Ontario Debentures; $100,500 Prov. of New Brunswick Bonds; $145,632 Prov. of Manitoba Bonds; $50,000 Prov. of Alberta bonds; $220,460 Can. Northern Ry. Guaranteed Bonds; $25,000 Prov. Quebec Bonds and $907,480 Mun. Securities. Total, $1,991,307. Accepted at $1,708,014 being $100,000(A) and $1,608,014(B).	Life.
United Commercial Travelers of America, The Order of, F. J. C. Cox, Chief Agent, Winnipeg.	$27,000 Municipal Securities; $3,000 United States Panama Canal Loan Bonds. Total, $30,000. (Accepted at $26,598.)	Accident Insurance on the assessment plan amongst members.
The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company, Baltimore, Md., Sidney W. Band, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$215,000 Municipal Securities; $5,000 Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds; $25,000 University of Alberta Guaranteed Bonds and $50,000 Province of Ontario Debentures. Total $295,000. (Accepted at $248,903).	Guarantee, Accident, Sickness, Burglary, Plate Glass and Steam Boiler.
United States Life Insurance Company, in the City of New York, Lewis A. Stewart, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$16,060 Province of Quebec Inscribed Stock; $46,280 Province of New Brunswick Bonds; $51,000. Canadian Northern Railway Guaranteed Bonds and $240,733 Municipal Securities. Total, $354,073. (Accepted at $282,215)	Lif .
Westchester Fire Insurance Company, J. W. Tatley, Chief Agent, Montreal	$130,000 Dom. of Canada War Loan Bonds and $40,393 Municipal Securities. Total $170,393. (Accepted at $160,903.)	Fire and Hail
The Western Assurance Company, W. B Meikle, General Manager, Toronto	$27,667 Municipal Securities; $36,200 Loan Company Debentures; $10,000 Province of Manitoba Bonds and $5,353 Canadian Northern Ry. Guaranteed Bonds. Total, $79, 220. (Accepted at $71,595).	Fire, Inland Transportation, Lightning, Explosion and Tornado.
The Yorkshire Insurance Company, Limited, P.M. Wickham, Chief Agent, Montreal	$29,200 British War Loan Bonds; $26,000 New Brunswick Coal and Railway Guaranteed Debentures; $24,333 Canadian Northern Railway 4 p.c. Guaranteed Bonds; $25,000 Province of Manitoba Bonds; $24,334 India Stock; $35,000 Alberta and Great Waterways Ry. Co. Guaranteed Bonds; $72,513 Canada Stock; $42,340 Canada Bonds; $58,000 Loan Company Debentures and $154,917 Municipal Securities. Total $491,637. (Accepted at $425,838.)	Fire, Live Stock, Accident, Sickness and Plate Glass.

THE FOLLOWING FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES ARE REGISTERED UNDER SECTION 114 OF THE INSURANCE ACT, 1910, AND ARE PERMITTED TO TRANSACT IN CANADA THE BUSINESS OF LIFE INSURANCE.

Name of Company.	Chief Agent to Receive Process
*The Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World. ($15,000 Municipal Securities, accepted at $12,398, deposited from Sick and Funeral Fund.)	Clair Jarvis, Head Clerk, London, Ont.
The Commercial Travellers' Mutual Benefit Society	Etta M. Rowley, Secretary, Toronto.
*The Grand Council of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, Canada, ($10,000 Province of Nova Scotia Debentures, accepted at $9,900, deposited from Sick Benefit Fund)	John J. Behan, Secretary, Kingston, Ont.

*Authorized also to transact the business of Sickness Insurance.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 102 OF "THE INSURANCE ACT, 1910," TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE STATUTES IN THAT BEHALF.

Name of the Company and Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn., U.S., F. W Evans, General Agent, Montreal.	$113,140 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $96,561)	Life
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company, David Thorburn Symons, Chief Agent, Toronto.	$20,000 Municipal Securities and $48,667 Cape of Good Hope Stock. Total, $68,667. (Accepted at $59,913)	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland, Charles M. Holt, Attorney, Montreal	$117,530 Province of Quebec Stock and $58,400 Prov. of Man. Bonds. Total, $175,930. (Accepted at $137,773).	Life.
National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America, Alfred Powis, Chief Agent, Hamilton, Ont.	$60,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $51,110)	Life.
North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company, Milwaukee, R. H. Angus, Attorney, Montreal.	$100,000 United States Bonds. (Accepted at $100,000)	Life.
Phœnix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn., C.R.G. Johnson, Chief Agent Montreal.	$31,000 Canadian Northern Ry. Guaranteed Bonds and $99,280 Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park Bonds. Total, $130,280. (Accepted at $114,772).	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society, Charles J. Fleet, Attorney, Montreal	$25,000 Province of New Brunswick Bonds and $100,000 Municipal Securities. Total, $125,000. (Accepted at $107,250)	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution, John H. Dunlop, Chief Agent. Montreal	$75,000 Municipal Securities. (Accepted at $64,363)	Life.

Note.

The Sterling Accident and Guarantee Company of Canada has reinsured all its risks with the Dominion Gresham Guarantee and Casualty Company and its deposit has been released with the exception of $7,000 par value which has been retained to provide for unsettled claims.

The Nova Scotia Fire Insurance Company has reinsured all its outstanding risks with the Home Insurance Company of New York. Its deposit has been released with the exception of $5,000 which has been retained to provide for unsettled claims.

The Rimouski Fire Insurance Company is in liquidation and Theodore Meunier of Montreal has been appointed liquidator. The deposit of the company is still in the hands of the Receiver General.

The Central Canada Manufacturers Mutual Fire Insurance Company has given notice that all its outstanding policies have been cancelled in accordance with the statutory conditions of the policy, or replaced with other underwriters, and its deposit has been released with the exception of $10,000 which has been retained to provide for unsettled claims.

The International Casualty Company has retired from business in Canada and its deposit has been released with the exception of $2,000 par value which has been retained to provide for unsettled claims. Its Employers' Liability business has been reinsured in the Canada Accident Assurance Company and its Accident and Sickness policies have been cancelled and the unearned portion of the premiums returned to the insured.

he Anglo-American Fire Insurance Company is in liquidation, Mr. G. T. Clarkson, Toronto, having been appointed liquidator. The liquidator has entered into an agreement with the Western Assurance Company, Toronto, whereby all the outstanding Canadian policies and unpaid losses and claims for unearned premiums thereon, as at Feb. 19, 1916, have been assumed by the Western Assurance Co. The deposit of the company, with the exception of $7,727.35 par value, has been released.

The Germania Fire Insurance Company, by a reinsurance agreement dated Nov. 30, 1915, reinsured its Canadian business in the Western Assurance Co., Toronto. The deposit of the company is still in the hands of the Receiver General but the company has given notice, as required by the Insurance Act, of its intention to apply for its release.

The business of the Canadian Casualty and Boiler Insurance Co. has been reinsured by the General Accident Assurance Co. of Canada, and its deposit has been released.

Insurance Department,
Ottawa, 29th December, 1916.

G. D. FINLAYSON, Superintendent of Insurance.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE

AUTORISÉES À FAIRE DES OPÉRATIONS AU CANADA EN VERTU DE LA LOI DES ASSURANCES, 1910

Nom de la Compagnie et Principal Agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des Dépôts. Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878, ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises ou prises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'inc. dite Acadia, R. K. Elliot, secrétaire, Halifax, N.-E	$25,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canadien; $56,000 valeurs municipales. Total $81,000. (Acceptées à $75,514).	Contre l'incendie et la grêle.
Compagnie d'assurance dite «Ætna,» Hartford, Connecticut, A. M. M. Kirkpatrick, agent en chef, Toronto.	$261,333 valeurs municipales, $15,000 débentures de la prov. du Manitoba, $4,000 obligation du havre de Montréal; $50,000 obligations du ch. de fer Canadian Northern; $75,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt; $50,000 débentures de la prov. d'Ontario. Total, $455,333. (Accept. à $383,898.)	Contre l'incendie, sur les automobiles, contre les tourbillons et les fuites d'arrosoirs.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite «Ætna,» Hartford, Connecticut, Thomas H. Christmas, agent en chef, Montréal.	$475,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canadien; $50,000 débent. de la Nouv.-Ecosse; $97,333 déb de la prov. de Québec; $260,000 oblig. gar. du c. de f. Canadian Northern; $66 000 oblig. de la prov du Nouv.-Brunswick; $100,000 oblig. de l'Ile du P.-Edouard; $150,000 obligations de la province d'Alberta; $100,000 obligat. des Etats-Unis, et $4,286,949 valeur muncip. Total, $5,585,282. (Val. acceptées, $4,736,806 étant $100,000 (A), et $4,636,806 (B).	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "The Alberta-Saskatchewan Life Insurance Company," Arthur Davies, président, Edmonton	$55,967 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $46,284)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assur. dite «Alliance» Lim., T. D. Belfield, agent en chef, Montréal	$109,500 effets de la province de la Colombie-Britannique; $257,933 obligat. garanties du chemin de fer Grand-Tronc-Pacifique. Total, $367,433. (Acceptés à $254,077)	Contre l'incendie, les accidents, la maladie, de garantie et sur les automobiles.
Compagnie d'assurance maritime Américaine et Etrangère, Robert J. Dale, agent en chef, Montréal.	$26,000 obligations de l'état de New-York. (Acceptées à $25,194)	Transports à l'intérieur.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "American Central," W. P. Fess, agent en chef, Winnipeg.	$15,000 obligations de la province d'Alberta; $25,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt et $148,247 valeurs municipales. Total $188,247. (Acceptées à $156,199)	Incendie, tornades et grêle.
Compagnie dite "The American Insurance Company," Conrad S. Riley, agent en chef, Winnipeg.	$73,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $56,174)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Underwriters at American Lloyds," Z. E. Clément, agent en chef, Montréal.	$30,000 obligations de la Commonwealth du Massachusetts; $25,000 obligations de l'Etat de New-York, et $21,900 valeurs municipales. Total, $76,900. (Acceptées à $67,582).	Contre l'incendie et les fuites d'arrosoirs.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "American Surety Company of New York," William H. Hall, agent en chef, Toronto.	$67,000 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern. (Acceptées à $54,940.)	De garantie.
Compagnie d'assurance Atlas (à resp. limitée), Matthew C. Hinshaw, agent en chef, Montréal.	$209,267 inscriptions du Canada 3½ p.c.; $4,867 bons du Trésor; $48,667 inscriptions, 4 p.c. du gouv. de Terreneuve; $73,000 obligatons du chemin de fer Grand-Tronc-Pacifique; $58,400 inscrip. 4 p.c. Victorian; $48,667 obligations de la province de la Saskatchewan; $25,000 débentures des compagnies de pret, et 48,666 valeurs municipales. Total $516,533. (Acceptées à $446,907).	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie "Beaver," André Gouzé, direct. gérant, Winnipeg	$65,353 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $53,302)	Contre l'incendie
Compagnie Canadienne d'inspection et d'assurance des chaudières à vapeur, W. H. N. Roberts, vice-président, Toronto.	$15,000 débentures de la province d'Alberta et $99,500 valeurs municipales. Total, $114,500. (Acceptées à $97,526.)	Sur chaudières à vapeur.
Compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, W. B. Meikle, gérant général, Toronto.	$15,840 débentures de la province du Nouveau-Brunswick; $54,000 valeurs municipales et $21,400 débentures de compagnies de prêt. Total, $91,240. (Acceptées à $80,387).	Contre l'incendie et la grêle.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie British Colonial, Théodore Meunier, directeur-gérant, Montréal.	$65,000 valeur municipales. (Acceptées à $54,217)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie British Columbia, L. W. Shatford, président, Vancouver.	$1,000 obligations du Dom. du Canada; $61,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $62,000. (Acceptées à $50,351)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite, "The British Dominions General Insurance Company, Limited," Robert J. Dale, agent en chef, Montréal.	$97,333 Bons du Trésor du Gouvernement britannique et $12,167 valeurs municipales. Total $199,500 (Acceptés à $108,314.)	Contre l'incendie et fuites d'arrosoirs.
Compagnie d'assurance maritime Britannique et Etrangère (à resp. limitée,) Robt. Dale, agent en chef, Montréal.	$117,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $100,021)	Fuites d'arrosoirs et transports à l'intérieur.
Compagnie d'assurance «British Northwestern Fire Insurance Company», F. K Foster, directeur gérant, Winnipeg.	$55,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt. Acceptées à $52,250.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite «Caledonian». John G. Borthwick, agent en chef, Montréal.	$292,179 valeurs municipales, $133,833 débentures des compagnies de prêt, et $48,667 oblig du gouvernement de l'Australie du sud. Total, $474,679. (Acceptées à $412,179).	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "California," A. W. Ross, agent en chef, Vancouver	$61,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $49,351.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance du Canada contre les accidents, T.H. Hudson, gérant, Montréal.	$150,206 valeurs municipales; $14,733 oblig. de la prov. du Nouveau-Brunswick, et $1,000 oblig. de la province du Manitoba. Total, $170,940. (Acceptées à $143,856)	Contre les accidents, la maladie, sur glaces, le vol avec effraction et de garantie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "The Canada Hail Insurance Company, Wm. J. Willcox, directeur-gérant, Winnipeg.	$12,000 valeurs municipales et $21,374 ch. de fer Can. Nor. Westhern stock garanti. Total $33,374. (Acceptées à $28,790.)	Contre la grêle.
Compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie H. C. Cox, président Toronto	$63,000 débentures municipales. (Acceptées à $50,939)	Sur la vie.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA EN VERTU DE LA LOI DES ASSURANCES, 1910.—*Suite.*

Nom de la Compagnie et Principal Agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des Dépôts. Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878, ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises ou prises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie Canada National, W. T. Alexander, directeur-gérant, Winnipeg, Man.	$55,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt. (Acceptées à $52,250)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance Canada Weather, Fredric B. Welford, gérant, Toronto	$23,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $19,599)	Assurance cont. l. domm. à la prop. causés p. l. cyclones, tornades, tempêtes de vent, la gelée o la grêle, exc. en ce qui conc. l. biens en cours de transport p. eau.
Compagnie Canadienne d'assur contre l'inc., R. T. Riley vice-président, Winnipeg	$70,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $60,615)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Canadian Lumbermen's Insurance Exchange," Edgar D. Hardy, agent en chef, Ottawa.	$20,000 obligations de l'emprunt de guerre du Dom. du Canada. (Acceptées à $19,500)	Contre l'inc., entre ses membres, restreinte aux risques sur la prop. dans les provinc. d'Ontario et de Québec.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "The Canadian Surety Company," Wm. H. Hall gérant général, Toronto.	$58,768 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $48,217)	De garantie.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite « Capital Life of Canada », A. Eugène Corriveau directeur gérant, Ottawa.	$61,194 valeurs municipales. (Aeceptées a $50,178)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'ass. dite "The Casualty Company of Canada," A. L. Eastmure, président, Toronto.	$12,024 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $10,860)	Sur les glaces.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Chartered Trust and Executor Company," (ci-devant "The Title and Trust Company"), John J. Gibson, directeur-gérant, Toronto.	$77,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $64,895.)	Assurance sur les titres telle que définie dans la loi constituant la compagnie.
Compagnie d'assurance de l'Union Commerciale (à resp. limitée), Londres, Angleterre, James McGregor, agent en chef, Montréal.	$107,067 effets 3 p.e. du Cap de Bonne-Espérance ; $24,333 effets à p.e. canadiens ; $20,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canadien; $170,333 obligations de Queensland; $48,667 Irish Land Stock; $36,500 stock enregistré 3 p.e. de la province d'Ontario ; $31,633 obligations 5 p.e. de l'Australie du Sud ; $121,667 stock de la Nouvelle Galles du Sud ; $24,333 stock du gouvern. de Victoria; $111,933 stock du gouvernement de la Nouvelle-Zélande, $29,200 inscript. 4 p.e. de Ceylan; $177,633 oblig. garant. du ch. de fer Canadian Northern, $121,667 déb.-actions garanties du East Indian Railways, $48,667 débent. des compagnies de prêt, et $171,333 valeurs municipales. Total, $1,245,467. (Valeur acceptée $1,066,932 étant $101,713 vie A. $153,264 vie B et $831,455 incendie).	Contre l'incendie et sur la vie.
Associat. d'ass. sur la vie, dite « Confédération, » J. K. Macdonald, président, Toronto	$85,367 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $68,914)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie du Connecticut, J. W. Tatley, agent en chef, Montréal.	$15,000 débentures de la province d'Ontario et $149,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $164,000. (Acceptées à $140,535).	Contre l'incendie et la grêle.
Compagnie d'assur. dite « Continental, » W. E. D. Baldwin agent en chef, Montréal	$25,000 effets de la prov. d'Alberta et $299,300 valeurs municipales. Total $324,300. (Acceptées à $253,811).	Contre l'incendie et les tourbillons.
Compagnie d'assur. sur la vie « Continental, » W. E. D. Baldwin, président, Toronto	$63,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $50,806)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'ass. sur la vie dite « Crown, » H. R. Stephenson, sous-gérant, Toronto	$73,438 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $62,397)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'ass. contre l'incendie la « Dominion », Robt. F. Massie prés., Toronto	$103,037 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $87 224)	Contre l'incendie par tout le Canada et contre la grêle, dans la province de la Saskatchewan seulemènt.
Compagnie de garantie et d'assurance contre les accidents la Dominion Gresham, F. J. J. Stark, gérant général, Montréal.	$135,500 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $111,212)	Contre les voleurs, les accidents, la maladie, de garantie et sur les automobiles.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite « Dominion, » Thomas Hilliard, président, Waterloo, Ont.	$60,220 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $54,444)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance Dominion du Canada, accidents et garantie Charles A. Withers, gérant, Toronto.	$215,153 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $178,621)	Contre l'incendie, de garantie, contre les accidents, la maladie, les vols avec effraction et sur les glaces.
Corporation d'assurance dite "Employers' Liability" (à resp. limitée) ,C. W. I. Woodland, agent en chef, Montréal.	$146,000 effets du Canada ; $32,018 Irish Land stock ; $26,231 oblig. du gouvernement japonais; $41,853 oblig. de la prov. de Québec; $38,933 oblig. de Terreneuve; $26,231 dében du Manitoba; $68,134 effets 3 p.e. de la prov. de la Col.-Britannique; $73,000 effets 3½ p.e. de la prov. de la N.-Ecosse; $24,334 effets de la prov d'Alberta ; $4,867 effets de la prov. de la Saskatchewan ; $111,934 oblig. gar. du ch. de fer Canadian Northern; $24,333 obligations garanties de la Cie du chemin de fer Grand-Trone Pacifique; $171,667 déb, des comp. de prêt ; $25,000 débentures du ch. de fer électrique de Lacombe & Blindman Valley (gar. p. l'Alberta); $28,186 rentes viagères du ch. de f. de Madras; $164,320 oblig. du gouv. belge, et $337,313 val. munie. Total, $1,342,455. (Acceptées à $1,065,343.)	Contre l'incendie, contre les accidents, de garantie et contre la maladie et sur les automobiles.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "The Equitable Fire and Marine Insurance Company," J. W. Tatley, agent en chef, Montréal.	$65,000 obligations du Massachusetts; $9,740 obligations du gouvernement japonais, et $49,333 valeurs municipales. Total, $124,093. (Acceptées à $101,913.)	Contre l'incendie.
Société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis Sergeant P. Stearns, agent en chef, Montréal.	$339,000 oblig. du Dom. du Canada; $99,767 obligations de la province de Québec; $769.500 havre de Montréal ; $274,933 effets de la prov. de Québec ; $622,800 prov. d'Alberta, et $4,112.093 valeurs municipales. Total, $5,698,593. (Acceptées à $4,926,465, étant $100,000 (A), et $4,826,465 (B). Aussi $828,000 entre les mains de fidéicommissaires canadiens en vertu de l'Acte des assurances.	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie Excelsior, Edwin Marshall, gérant général, Toronto	$20,000 oblig. de la prov. du Nouv.-Brunswick, et $40,000 valeurs munic. Total, $60,000. (Acceptées à $52,028)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Factories Insurance Company, Limited," Charles R. Clapp, président, Toronto.	$15,000 débentures de la province du Nouveau-Brunswick; $25,000 débentures de la Nouv.-Ecosse; $20,000 valeurs munic. Total, $67,000. (Acceptées à $50,602.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Fidelity and Casualty Co." of New York, Paul H. Boring, agent en chef, Montréal.	$145,000 obligations de la Commonwealth du Massachusetts, et $66,953 valeurs municipales. Total, $211,953. (Acceptées à $181,129.)	Contre les effractions, les accidents, la maladie, les chaudières à vapeur et sur les glaces.

Compagnie d'assurance contre le feu la Fidelity-Phenix de New-York, W. E. D. Baldwin agent-chef, Montréal	$30,000 oblig. du district de Columbia ; $22,000 oblig. prov. de l'Alberta $379,600 valeurs municipales. Total $431,600 (Acceptées à $341.476.)	Incendie et tourbillons.
Compagnie d'assurance dite " Fireman's Fund Insurance," G. Temple McMurrixch, agent en chef, Toronto.	$50,000 Commonwealth of Massachusetts, et $91,000 obligations de l'Etat de Californie. Total, $141,000 (Acceptées à $128,603.)	Incendie, transport à l'intérieur et assurance contre les pertes ou les avaries aux automobiles par accidents vol et larcin.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Firemen's Insurance Company of Newark," N.J., Benjamin B. Smith et Wilson Smith, agents en chef, Winnipeg, Man.	$10,000 débentures garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern ; $10,000 oblig. de l'Hôpital général de Winnipeg (garanties par la prov. du Manitoba) et $87,647 valeurs municipales. Total, $107,647. (Acceptées à $87,044).	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance générale contre les accidents, du Canada, John J. Durance, secrétaire, Toronto.	$81,007 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $66,372)	Contre les accidents, la maladie et inspection des chaudières.
Corporation d'assurance générale contre les accidents, contre le feu et sur la vie, limitée, Thomas H. Hall, agent en chef, Toronto.	$309,184 valeurs municipales et $40,000 débentures de compag. de prêt. Total, $349,184. (Acceptées à $307,316.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance générale sur les animaux du Canada, R. A. Leduc, agent en chef, Montréal.	$26,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $22,164)	Animaux sur pied.
Compagnie d'assur. générale contre l'inc., T. F. Dobbin, agent en chef, Montréal.....	676,667 francs, rentes françaises. (Acceptées à $79,664.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assur. German-American, William Robins, agent en chef, Montréal.....	$50,000 oblig. prov. du Manitoba; $25,000 oblig. du havre de Montréal, et $373,007 valeurs municipales. Total, $448,007. (Acceptées à $359,817.)	Contre l'incendie, la grêle et tornades.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie la « Germania, » Percy Robertson, agent en chef, Toronto	$60 000 débentures de la province d'Ontario. (Acceptées à $51,100)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie Germania, C. R. G. Johnson, agent en chef, Montréal.	$97,333 oblig. garanties du ch. de fer Canadian Northern, et $15,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $112,333. (Acceptées à $105,603.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite " Glens Falls Insurance Company," Wm. H. George, agent en chef, Toronto.	$15,000 obligations du Dom. du Canada; $10,000 effets de l'emprunt de guerre canadien. $25,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt, et $150,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $200,000. (Acceptées à $181,533)	Contre l'incendie, la grêle, les tornades et assur. contre les pertes ou dom. aux auto. par effraction ou vol.
Compagnie d'assurance dite " The Globe Indemnity Company of Canada " (ci-devant The Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co'y) John Emo, gér. gén., Montréal.	$15,000 débentures de la province d'Ontario et $120,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $135,000 (Acceptées à $154,478.)	Contre les accidents, la maladie, les effractions, sur les automobiles et de garantie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite " The Globe and Rutgers Fire Insurance Company," J. W. Binnie, agent en chef, Montréal.	$105,000 obligations de la province d'Alberta; $89,500 effets du Canada emprunt de guerre et $99,180 valeurs municipales. Total $293,680. (Acceptées à $274,755.)	Contre l'incendie et les explosions (tel que la charte de la compagnie limite ces opérations.)
Compagnie d'as. du Grand-Ouest, sur la vie, R. T. Riley, vice-prés. Winnipeg.	$62.700 valeurs municipales. (Accep. à $49,952.)	Sur la vie
Société d'assur. sur la vie Gresham, Limitée, Arch R. Howell, agent en chef, Montréal.	$100,000 val. mun.; $25,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canadiens. Total $125,000. (Acc. à $104,175)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie de gar. de l'Amériq. du Nord, Henry C. Rawlings, direc. gérant, Montréal.	$50,500 valeurs municipales; et $11,000 oblig. du havre de Montréal, Total, $61,500. (Acceptées à $53,789).	De garantie.
Compagnie d'ass. contre les accidents et de garantie dite «Guardian,» H. M. Lambert, directeur-gérant, Montréal.	$152,487 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $119,904)	Contre les accidents, maladie, garantie, effraction et glaces.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Guardian," (à resp. limitée), Londres, Ang., H. M. Lambert, agent en chef, Montréal.	$48,667 effets insc. 3 p.c. de la prov. de Québec; $92,953 de l'emp. de guerre brit. $49,000 oblig. de l'école technique de Montréal, garanties par la prov. de Québec; $98,000 oblig. de la prov. du Manitoba ; $50,000 déb. de la prov. de la Col.-Britannique; $58,400 oblig. de a prov. du Nouv.-Brunswick ; $43,800 déb. du gouv. de Terreneuve ; $48,666 oblig. gar. du ch. de fer Can. Northern; $25,000 déb. des compagnies de prêt, et $403,400 val. mun. Total, $917,887. (Accep. à $750,769.)	Contre l'incendie.
Com. d'assur. contre l'inc. dite "Hamilton," Russell T. Kelley, secrétaire, Hamilton.	$60,833 obligations de la province de Québec. (Acceptées à $52,925.)	Contre l'incend., la grêle, les explos., sur la navg. intér., contre les cycl. ou tourbillons, fuites d'eau des réservoirs, assurance contre la perte ou les dommages aux automobiles par accident. effraction ou vol.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie dite "Hartford," Peter A. McCallum, agent en chef, Toronto.	$150,000 obligat. garanties du Canadian Northern; $35,000 obligations de la prov. d'Alberta; $835,407 valeurs municipales ; $25,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt et $20,000 actions de banque, Total, $1,065,407. (Acceptées à $882.865.)	
Compagnie d'inspection et d'assurance des chaudières à vapeur de Hartford, H. N. Roberts agent en chef, Toronto.	$45,000 obligations de la Commonwealth du Massachusetts. Total, $490,073. (Acceptées à $36,338.)	Licence restreinte à garantir les polices de la Compagnie d'inspection et d'assurance des chaudières du Canada.
Compagnie d'assurance dite, "Home," F. W. Evans, agent en chef, Montréal.... ...	$50,000 obligations de l'emprunt de guerre du Dom. du Canada ; $743.733 valeurs municipales ; $25,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt ; $200,000 débentures de la prov. d'Alberta, et $35,000 obligations de la province d'Ontario. Total, $1,156,733. (Acceptées à $986,704.)	Contre l'incendie, les accidents d'automobiles, fuites d'arrosoirs, grêle et les tourbillons.
Compagnie d'assurance de la baie d'Hudson, Willam Mackay, président, Montréal.....	$65,976 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $54,474)	Contre l'incendie et la grêle.
Compagnie Impériale d'assurance de garantie et contre les accidents du Canada, E. Williams, directeur-gérant, Toronto.	$80,000 valeurs municipales, et $91,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt. Total, $161,000. (Acceptées à $145,441.).	Garanties, accidents, maladie, effractions, et sur les glaces et assurance des automobiles contre l'incendie.
Compagnie Impériale d'assurance sur la vie, du Canada, Jas. F. Weston, gérant général, Toronto.	$60,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt, et $184,749 valeurs municipales. Total, $244,749. (Acceptées à $221,525.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite " The Imperial Underwriters Corporation of Canada," Lyman Root, président, Toronto.	$64,727 actions-débentures de la Cie du ch. de fer Canadian Northern et $35,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $99,727. (Acceptées à $80,062.)	
Ordre des Forestiers Indépendants, Elliott G. Stevenson, président, Toronto.	$100,000 Billets temparaires du Canada. (Acceptés à $100,000.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique du Nord, Robert Hampson et Fils, Limitée, agents en chef, Montréal.	$10,000 obligations du Dom. du Canada ; $10,000 obligations 3 p.c. de la prov. de la Nouvelle-Ecosse ; $55,000 débentures de la province d'Alberta ; $279,867 valeurs munic. et $65,213 obligat. garanties du ch. de fer Canadian Northern. Total, $420.080. (Acceptées à $351,815.)	Assurance sur la vie, contre l'incapacité de travailler et maladie, tels que spécifiés dans la constitution et les lois de la société pour une somme ou des sommes n'excédant pas, en sus des bénéfices de maladie et de funérailles, la somme de $5,000 sur une seule vie.
Compagnie d'assurance de l'Etat de Pennsylvanie, T. L. Armstrong, agent en chef, Toronto.	$120 780 valeurs municipales ; $6,000 effets de l'emprunt de guerre canadien; $15,000 débentures de la prov. de Québec, et $5,000 débentures de la prov. d'Ontario. Total $146,780. Acceptées à $123,022.)	Contre l'inc., le transp. à l'int. les explosions et contre la perte ou les domm. aux autom., non compris l'assur. contre les pertes résult. de blessures aux personnes.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "International Fidelity," Neil Sinclair, agt-ch., Toronto..	$5,000 consolidés 2 p.c. des Etats-Unis. (Acceptées à $4,900)	Contre l'incendie et les tourbillons.
Compagnie d'assurance dite " The Law Union and Rock, Limitée," J. E. E Dickson, agent en chef, Montréal.	$54,333 val. municip., $77,218 effets de l'empr. de guerre brit. ; $87,600 effets de la prov. de Québec ; $36,500 bons du Trésor; $48,667 effets canad.; $3,933 effets gar, du chemin de fer Can. Northern; $82,733 effets gar. du ch. de fer Can. Northern Alberta et $23,333 déb. de la prov. du Manitoba. Total, $450,318. (Acceptés à $387,403).	Assur. de garantie restreinte aux emp. de la Cie des mach. à coudre Singer.
		Contre l'incendie, les accidents, la maladie, le vol avec effraction et glaces.

Nom de la Compagnie et Principal Agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des Dépôts. Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878, ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises ou prises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool and London and Globe," J. Gardner Thompson, agent en chef, Montréal.	$509,167 valeurs municipales; $48,667 effets de la prov. d'Ontario; $94,000, obligations de la prov. de Québec; $73,000 obligations garantis du chemin de fer Canadian Northern; $146,000, effets du ch. de fer Canadian Northern (Ontario;) $48,667 effets gar. des octrois de terres du Pacifique Can., et $570,616 effets du Canada. Total, $1,491,017. (Acceptées à $1,248,394).	Contre l'incendie et sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "The Liverpool-Manitoba Assurance Company," J. Gardner Thompson, agent en chef, Montréal.	$21,000 obligations de la province du Manitoba, et $35,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $56,000. (Acceptées à $45,500.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assur. sur les glaces de Lloyds, New York, Le Grand Reed, Geo. B. Shaw, Chas. B. McNaught et T. L. Armstrong, agents en chef, Toronto.	$40,000 obligations de la province du Manitoba et $58,900 valeurs municipales. Total, $98,900. (Acceptées à $81,795.)	Glaces.
Assurance dite "London," W. Kennedy et W. B. Culley, agts conjoints, Montréal	$167,000 val. munic.; $48,667 effets garantis du Canadian Northern; $48,667 effets du Canada; $42,583 effets de la prov. du Manitoba, et $24,333 débentures des compagnies de prets. Total, $331,250. (Aecceptées à $288,500.)	Contre l'incendie, les effractions et sur la vie.
Compagnie de garantie et contre les accidents, de Londres, (à respons. limitée), Geo. Weir, agent en chef, Toronto.	$488,613 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $392,678.)	Contre l'incendie, de garantie, contre les aceidents et la maladie.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "London et Lancashire," (à responsabilité limitée), Liverpool, Alfred Wright, gérant, Toronto.	$29,200 effets canad. 3 p.c.; $30,000 efiets de l'emp. de guerre canadien; $49,333 oblig. du Pare Reine Victoria des Chutes Niagara; $68,133 obliga. de l'école technique de Montréal, garanties par la prov. de Québec; $34,057 Irish Land Stock; $26,767 prêts locaux du gouv. brit.; $29,200 effets de la prov. d'Ontario; $26,280 débent. de la prov. du Manitoba; $25,000 déb. de la prov. d'Alberta; $24,333 débentures de la province de la Saskatchewan; $24,333 débentures du Cap de Bonne-Espérance; $97,333 actions-débentures garanties du ch. de fer Canadian Northern $38,933 effets garantis du ch. de fer Canadian Northern Pacific; $24,333 obligations garanties du eh. de fer Pacific Great Eastern et $182,383 valeurs municipales. Total, $734,630. (Acceptées à $616,559.)	Contre l'incendie et les accidents.
Compagnie de garantie et d'assurance contre les accidents London et Lancashire, du Canada, Alexander MacLean, gérant, Toronto.	$34,067 débentures du Cap de Bonne Espérance; $45,667 emprunts du gouvernement britannique, $16,500 oblig. de la cité de Hull, garanties par la province de Québec et $486 val. munic. Total, $99,720. (Acceptées à $84,349.)	Garantie, aceidents, maladie, automobiles et sur les glaces.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London and Lancashire Life and General Assurance Association, Limited," Alexander Bissett et W. H. R. Emmerson, agents en chef, Montréal.	$40,000 oblig. de la province du Nouv.-Brunswick, et $98,500 valeurs municip. Total $138,500. Aussi $3,715,000 confiées à des fidéicommiss. eanadiens en vertu de l'Acte des Assurances. Acceptées à $3,828,793 étant $100,000 (A), et $3.728,793 (B).	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance mutuelle "London," contre l'incendie du Canada, Frank D. Williams, directeur gérant, Toronto.	$38,000 valeurs municipales, et $23,5000 débentures de compagnies de prêt. Total, $61,300. (Acceptées à $52,212.)	Contre l'incendie
Compagnie d'assur. sur la vie dite "London," J. G. Richter, gérant, London, Ont.....	$63,042 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $50,541)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assur. dite "The Loyal Protective Insurance Company," William Atkins, agent en chef, Toronto.	$14,000 obligations de l'Etat du Massachusetts, $13,000 débentures de la prov. d'Ontario, et $10,000 débentures de la prov. d'Ontario. Total, $37,000. (Acceptées à $32,662.)	Assurance contre les accidents et la maladie entre les membres de l'Ordre Indépendant des "Oddfellows" résidant au Canada.
Compag. d'ass. des Manufacturiers sur la vie J. B. McKechnie, gérant-général, Toronto.	$208,794 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $174,604)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance de Marine (limitée,) Reed, Shaw & McNaught, agents en chef, Toronto.	$81,111 effets de l'emprunt de guerre britannique; $27,000 débentures de la prov. d'Ontario, et $4,867 obligations garanties du ch. de fer Canadian Northern. Total, $112,978. (Acceptées à $105,910.)	Contre l'incendie, sur les automobiles et le transport à l'intérieur.
Maryland Casualty Company, Baltimore, Md., F. J. Lightbourne, agent en chef, Toronto.	$54,773 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern et $234,466 val. municipales. Total, $289,240. (Acceptées à $244,605.)	Accidents, maladies, effractions, de garantie, sur les glaces et les chaudières à vapeur, les volants et fuites d'arrosoires.
Compagnie d'assur. contre l'inc. «Mercantile,» Alfred Wright, secrétaire, Toronto.....	$17,034 oblig. du Canada; $19,467 effets de la prov. d'Ontario; $24,333 effets de la prov. du Manitoba; $73,000 débentures garanties 3 p.e. 1re hypothèque du ch. de fer Canadian Northern, $48,667 effets du eh. de fer Canadian Northern (Ontario) gararantis par le Dominion; $9,733 effets garantis du eh. de fer Canadian-Northern-Pacific, $24,333 aetions-débentures de la Cie de ch. de fer de Québec et Lac St-Jean, et $25,576 valeurs municipales. Total, $242,142. (Acceptés à $189,178.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assuranee dite "Merchants Casualty Company," Leo M. Fingard, vice-président, Winnipeg.	$30,000 débentures de la province d'Alberta; $10,000 débentures de la province de la Saskatchewan, et $36,222 valeurs municipales. Total, $76,222. (Aeceptées à $69,933.)	Contre les aceidents (sauf la responsabilité des patrons) et la maladie.
Compagnie de garantie et eontre les accidents des marchands et employés, J. G. Dubeau, directeur-gérant, Montréal.	$46,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $40,109.)	Assurance eontre les accidents et la maladie, sur les glaces et sur les automobiles dans la province de Québec.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite «Metropolitan,» New-York, E.-U., A. T. Brooke Claxton, agent en chef, Montréal.	$97,334 effets canadiens; $3,000,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre cana.; $600,000 obliga. de la prov. du Manitoba; $146,000 effets de la prov. de Québec; $1,000,000 débentures de la prov. de Québec; $97,333 obligations de la prov. du Nouveau-Brunswick; $1,572,300 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern, $200,000 obligations de la prov. d'Alberta; $500,000 obligations garanties de l'Université d'Alberta et $8,896,545 valeurs municipales. Total, $15,109,512. (Acceptés à $12,695,023.) Aussi, $7,367,545 attribués à des fidéicommissaires canadiens en vertu de la Loi des assurances.	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'ass. sur la vie The Monarch, J. W. W. Stewart, dir. gérant, Winnipeg....	$67,520 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $53,288.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assur. dite "Millers National Insurance Company," G. H. Williams, agent en chef, Winnipeg.	$50,000 bons du Dominion du Canada. (Acceptés à $50,000)	Contre l'incendie.

Moose, the Grand Lodge of the Loyal Order of, dans le Dominion du Canada, Louis F. Heyd, agent en chef, Toronto.	$11,500 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $9,605)	Assurance contre la maladie chez les membres de l'Ordre.
Compagnie d'ass. dite "The Mount Royal Assurance Company," J. E. Clément, gérant, Montréal.	$69,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $55,936)	Contre l'incendie et sur les glaces.
Compag. d'ass. mutuelle du Canada, sur la vie, Geo. Wegenast, dir. gérant. Waterloo..	$124,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $101,166)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'ass. dite "Mutual Life and Citizens Assurance Co., Ltd.," J. P. Moore, agent en chef, Montréal.	$121,667 effets canadiens. (Acceptés à $102,200.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, de New-York, W. C. H. Dodds, agent en chef, Montréal.	$400,000 oblig. de la prov. de la Nouvelle-Ecosse; $219,000 oblig. de la prov. du Nouveau-Brunswick. $200,000 oblig. de la prov. du Manitoba; $149,893 oblig. gar. du ch. de fer Manitoba et Sud-Est; $500,000 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern, et $1,496,334 valeurs municip. Total, $2,965,227. (Acceptés à $2,546,315.) Aussi $5,100.000 en mains de fidéicommissaires canadiens en vertu de l'Acte des assurances.	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "National-Ben Franklin Fire Insurance Company" de Pittsburgh, Pe., R. F. Massie, agent en chef, Toronto.	$190,553 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $162,725.)	Contre l'incendie et sur les auto., non compris l'assur. contre les pertes résultant de blessures corporelles.
Compagnie Nationale d'assurance contre le feu de Hartford, Chas. C.Hall, agent en chef, Toronto.	$547,105 valeurs municipales; $10,000 débent. de la prov. d'Ontario; $1,000 débent. de prov. du N.-B., et $75,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt Total, $633,105 (Acceptés à $546,516.)	Incendie, tourbillons, explosions, transport intérieur et fuites d'eau des réservoirs.
Compagnie d'ass. sur la vie Nationale du Canada, A. J. Ralston, direc. gérant, Toronto	$25,000 débentures du Manitoba, et $30,000 valeurs munic. (Acceptées à $46,830)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'ass. sur les glaces et d'assurances générales La Nationale Provinciale (limitée), G. H. Ewart, agent en chef, Toronto	$4,867 consolidés de la Colombie-Britannique; $4,867 effets de l'emprunt de la guerre britannique et $6,327 effets, canadiens. Total, $16,060. (Acceptés à $13,296.)	Glaces.
Compagnie d'assurance dite «National Surety,» Le Grand Reed, Geo. B. Shaw, Chas. B. McNaught et T. L. Armstrong, agents-en-chef conjoints, Toronto.	$69,000 débentures municipales. (Acceptées à $53,181.)	De garantie.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie «National Union» de Pittsburgh, Pe., Henry J. Richmond, agent en chef, Toronto.	$219,553 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $187,538.)	Contre l'incendie.
La Naticnale, Compagnie Anonyme d'assurances contre l'incendie et les explosions, J. E. Clément, agent en chef, Montréal.	476,667 francs, rentes françaises et $24,333 valeurs municipales; $25,000 effets de l'emprunt de guerre canadien; $25,000 bons du Trésor. Total $166,330. (Acceptées à $121,849.)..	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie de New-York, Percy V. Raven, agent en chef, Montréal.	$580,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canadien; $1,510,000 oblig. du Commonwealth du Massachusetts; $2,919,987 oblig. gar. du ch. de fer Canadian Northern; $199,530 oblig. Manitoba and South Eastern Railway; $50,000 débent. de la province d'Ontario; $3,126,100 valeurs municip. Total, $8,385,617. (Acc. à $7,150,582, étant $100,000 vie A, et $7,150,582 vie B.) Aussi, $4,369,428 confiées à des fidéicommissaires canadiens en vertu de l'Acte des assurances.	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'ass. sur les glaces de New-York, Geo.W. Pacaud, agent en chef, Montréal.	$35,467 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $27,060)	Sur les glaces.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie "Niagara," W. E. Findlay, agent en chef, Montréal.	$100,000 obligations de l'Etat de New-York; $50,000 obligat. de la province de l'Alberta; $30,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt, et $10,000 valeurs municipales. Total $190,000. (Acceptées à $179,595.	Contre l'incendie. les tourbillons, et sur les automobiles, (y compris les dommages aux automobiles transportées par voies ferrées).
Compagnie d'ass. dite "The North American Accident Insurance Co.," H. E. Ridout, agent en chef, Toronto.	$62,867 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $55,158.)	Contre les accidents, la maladie et sur les glaces.
Compagnie d'ass. sur la vie «North American,» L. Goldman, direc. gérant, Toronto..	$61,200 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $48,838.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite «North British and Mercantile,» Randall J. Davidson, agent en chef, Montréal.	$60,000 oblig. du havre de Montréal; $28,227 oblg. du ch. de fer G.-T.-P., garanties par le Dominion; $1,284,673 valeurs municipales. Total, $1,372,900. (Acc. à $1,188,388), étant $835,946 incendie, $50,815 vie A, et $301,627 vie B.	Contre l'incendie et sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie North Empire, John A. Thompson, président, Winnipeg, Manitoba.	$5,000 effets de l'emprunt de guerre can., et $62,080 valeurs municipales. Total, $67,080. (Acceptées à $53,771.	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'ass. dite «The North West Fire Insurance Company,» Thomas Bruce, assistant-gérant, Winnipeg.	$56,815 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $48,824.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance Northern, Limited, G. E. Moberly, agent en chef, Montréal.	$24,333 obligations de l'emprunt de guerre, $170,334 obligations 3 p.c. 1re hypothèque (garanties) du Grand Tronc Pacifique; $65,213 effets canadiens; $50,127 bons du Trésor et $489,553 valeurs municipales. Total, $799,560. (Acceptées à $659,210.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie canadienne d'assurance sur la vie dite «Northern,» J. H. Purdom, président, London, Ont.	$67,107 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $55,647)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Northwestern National Insurance Company of Milwaukee, Wis., A. D. Sturrock, agent en chef, Régina.	$208,253 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $144,754)	Contre l'incendie, les tourbillons et la grêle.
Société d'assurance contre l'incendie dite «Norwich Union, Limited,» Norwich, Ang., John B. Laidlaw, agent en chef, Toronto.	$197,100 effets canadiens; $58,400 oblig.ons garanties du ch. de fer Canad. Northern; $70,500 effets de l'imp. de guerre can.; $29,200oblig. de la prov. du Nouv.-Brunswick; $30,000 oblig. de la prov. d'Ontario; $508,900 val. mun. et $25,000 déb de comp. de prêt. Total, $919,100. (Acc. à $747,401.)	Contre l'incendie, les accidents, la maladie, sur les automobiles et sur les glaces.
Société d'ass. sur la vie dite «Norwich Union», J. B. Laidlaw, agent en chef, Toronto.	$72,780 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $58,590.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance contre le feu l'Occidental, C. A Richardson, secrétaire, Winnipeg, Man.	$65,000 débentures de la province du Manitoba et $40,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $105,000. (Acceptées à $92,240)	Contre l'incendie.
Corporation d'assurance contre les accidents et de garantie d te «Ocean,» (à resp. limitée), Charles Hoffman Neely, agent en chef, Toronto.	$241,711 effets de l'emp. de guerre brit.; $48,667 effets garantis (Irish Land Act); $3,867 effets can.; $12,167 obligations de la prov. de Québec; $102,200 effets de la prov. de Québec; $53,533 effets de la prov. d'Ontario: $36,500 effets de la Nouvelle-Galles du Sud, $48,667 obligations garanties du ch. de fer Canadian Northern, et $142 333 valeurs municipales. Total, $690,644. (Acceptés à $586,466.)	Contre l'incendie, les accidents, la maladie, de garantie, sur les glaces, contre les effractions et sur les automobiles.
Compagnie d'assurance maritime l'Océan (à respons. limitée), Robert Hampson & Son, Limited, agents en chef, Montréal	$132,860 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern (Ontario). Acceptés à $104,959)..	Assurer les matières postales et colis de messageries passant par le Canada
Compagnie d'assurance La Palatine, Ltée, James McGregor, agent en chef, Montréal...	$98,667 débentures des comp. de prêts; $25,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canadien; $82,733 effets du gouv. de la Nouv.-Zélande, et $69,167 val. municipales. Total, $275,567. (Acceptés à $252,207.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assur. contre le feu Pacific Coast. Thomas W. Greer, dir. gér. Vancouver	$60,100 valeurs municipales. Acceptées à $47,416.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie française du Phoenix, Thomas Francis Jobbin, agent en chef, Montréal.	433,333 francs, rente française. (Acceptées à $51,016)	Contre l'incendie.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISÉES A FAIRE DES OPÉRATIONS AU CANADA EN VERTU DE LA LOI DES ASSURANCES, 1910.—*Suite.*

Nom de Compagnie et Principal Agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des Dépôts. Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878, ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises ou prises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
Compagnie d'assurance dite «Phoenix», (à resp. limitée) R. MacD. Paterson et J. B. Paterson, agents en chef conjoints, Montréal.	$30,000 oblig. de la prov. du Man.; $25,000 oblig. de la mun. rurale de Pipestone, garanties par le Manitoba; $50,000 déb. de la cité de Tr.-Riv., gar. par la prov. de Québec; $13,000 déb. de la M. R. d'Hamiota, gar. par la prov. de Man.; $25,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canadien $219,000 actions-débentures gar. du Canadian Northern; $84,553 effets de la prov. de Québec, $70,567 oblig. garanties de la Cie du ch. de fer Grand-Tronc-Pacifique; $114,367; oblig. gar. du ch. de fer Canadian Northern, (Ontario) et $1,040,093 val. munic. Total, $1,671,380. (Acceptés à $1,320,244, étant 493,233 vie et $827,011 incendie.) Aussi, $1,806,574 confiés à des fidéicommissaires canadiens en vertu de l'Acte des assurances.	Contre l'incendie et sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance Phoenix, Hartford, Conn., J. W. Tatley, agent en chef, Montréal.	$473,993 val. munic., et $5,000 oblig. de la prov. du Nouv.-Brunswick. Total $478,993. (Acc. à $405,604.)	Contre l'incendie.
Association Protectrice du Canada, Eugène E. Gleason, secrétaire, Granby, P.Q.	$23,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $18,278.)	Accidents et maladie, restreinte aux membres de l'Ordre Maçonnique en Canada, et limitée quant au montant par l'Acte constitutif de l'Association
Compagnie d'assurance dite «Providence Washington Insurance Company,» Robert Thompson and Son, Ltd., agents en chef, Montréal.	$41,000 obligations du Massachusetts; $100,000 obligations de l'Etat du Rhode Island; $10,000 débentures de la prov. d'Ontario et $75,000 valeurs municipales. Total $226,000. (Acceptées à $190,766.)	Contre l'incendie et sur les automobiles.
Société dite «Provident Savings Life Assurance» de New-York, J. S. Lowell agent en chef, Toronto.	$453,563 valeurs municipales; $28,188 obligat. gar. du chemin de fer Grand Tronc Pacifique. Total $481,751. (Acceptées à $389,038.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance Provinciale, Limitée, Willis Faber & Co. of Canada, Ltd., agents en chef Montréal.	$12,167 effets de la province de Québec; $41,366 valeurs municipales; $15,087 effets garantis du chemin de fer Québec et Lac Saint-Jean; $14,600 effets garantis du chemin de fer Pacific Great Eastern, et $24,333 effets de la province de la Saskatchewan. Total, $107,553. (Acceptés à $87,087).	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance la Prudential of America, Wm. White, agent en chef, Montréal	$300,000 obligations de la province du N.-B.; $1,200,000 effets du Canada, emprunt de guerre; $120,000 obligations du Commonwealth de Massachusetts; $50,000 obligations Canadian Northern, et $3,360,427 valeurs municipales. Total, $5,030,427. (Acceptés à $4,487,980.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie de Québec, Colin E. Sword, agent en chef, Québec	$24,333 obligations de la province d'Alberta; $46,720 débentures provinciales du Manitoba; $157,834 valeurs municipales. Total, $228,887. (Acceptées à $185,257).	Contre l'incendie
Compagnie d'assurance Queen, d'Amérique, William Mackay, agent en chef, Montréal.	$48,666 effets à 4 p.c. de la Nouvelle-Zélande; $30,417 oblig. de la prov. de Québec; $70,000 oblig de la prov. d'Ontario; $40,000 débentures de la prov. du Manitoba; $48,667 oblig. garanties du ch. de fer Canadian Northern: $10,000 oblig. du havre de Montréal, $21,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canadien; et $378,773 valeurs municipales. Total, $647,523. (Acceptées à $542,101).	Contre l'incendie
Compagnie d'assurance des voyageurs par chemin de fer, Frank H. Russell, gérant, Toronto.	$12,166 stg. effets de l'emprunt de guerre britannique; $79,600 effets des Indes; $45,455 effets garantis de la compagnie de chemin de fer des Indes Orientales et $73,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $210,221. (Acceptées $156,335).	Garantie, vol avec effraction, accidents, maladie, glaces et auto.
Société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite «Reliance,» Londres, Ang., John B. Laidlaw, agent en chef, Toronto.	$24,333 obligations de Terreneuve, et $85,167 valeurs municipales. Total, $109,500. (Acceptées à $85,374)	Sur la vie
La Ridgely Protective Association, James E. Scott, agent en chef, Toronto	$30,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $25,365)	Accidents et maladie chez les membres de l'Ordre Indépendant des Oddfellows en Canada.
Compagnie d'assurance dite «Royal Exchange,» Arthur Barry, agent en chef, Montréal.	$36,013 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Grand-Tronc-Pacifique; $157,193 obligations du chemin de fer Canadian-Northern; $46,233 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Québec et Lac Saint-Jean; $42,340 effets de la provinces d'Ontario; $42,827 effets de la province de la Saskatchewan, $86,000 oblig. garnnties de la Compagnie de chemin Alberta et Great Waterways, et $80,787, valeurs municipales. Total, $491,393. (Acceptés à $398,629.)	Incendie, accidents, maladie, et vol ou larcin sur les automobiles.
The Royal Guardians, A. T. Patterson, secrétaire suprême, Montréal	$97,993 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $83,527)	Sur la vie et contre les maladies.
Compagnie d'assurance Royale, Limitée, William Mackay, agent en chef, Montréal.	$354,147 effets du Canada; $3,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canad. $75,,000 oblig. de la prov. d'Ontario; $40,500 oblig. de la cité de Hull, garan. par la prov. de Québec; $17,033 inscrip. de la prov. de Québec; $97,333 oblig. de l'école tech. de Montréal, gar par la prov. de Québec; $102,367 oblig. de la prov du Nouv.-Brunswick; $108,040 obliga. de la prov. de la Nouv.-Ecosse; $100,000 obliga. de la prov. du Man. $134,067 oblig. de la prov. de la Col.-Britan., $1,063,853 oblig. gar. du ch. de fer Canadian Northern $121,667 obligations du ch. de fer Grand Tronc Pacifique, garanties par le Dominion du Canada; $148,433 oblig. garanties du ch. de fer Canadian Northern (Ontario) $595,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $2,960,441. (Acceptés à $2,417,026, étant $1,045,488 vie et $1,371,358 incendie,)	Contre l'incendie et sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime de St. Paul, C. F. Codere, agent en chef, Winnipeg, Man.	$60,000 débentures de la province du Manitoba, $50,000 débentures de la prov. d'Alberta, et $256,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $366,000. (Acceptées à $311,560).	Contre l'incendie, la grêle, le transport à l'intérieur, les tourbillons et les accidents d'automobiles.
Compagnie d'ass. sur la vie, La Saskatchewan, Wm. T. Mollard, agent en chef, Regina	$61,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $53,039)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'ass. sur la vie La Sauvegarde, Philorum Bonhomme, gérant, Montréal	$58,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $47,937.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale, Esinhart et Evans, agents en chef, Montréal.	$445,644 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $369,295.)	Contre l'incendie, sur les automobiles, contre les tourbillons et les fuites d'eau des réservoirs.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "The Security Life Insurance Company of Canada," Jesse O. McCarthy, président, Toronto.	$64,661 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $49,395.)	Sur la vie.
Comp. d'assur. Sovereign Life of Canada, H.J. Meiklejohn, directeur gérant, Winnipeg.	$60,000 effets de l'emprunt de guerre canadien. (Acceptées à $58,500.)	Sur la vie.
Comp. d'ass. contre le f. et maritime Springfield, Joseph Murphy, agent en chef, Toronto	$482,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $397,395)	Contre l'inc., les tour. et les fuites d'eaudes réservoir

Nom de la Compagnie et Principal Agents pour la réception des significations de pieces et d'avis.	Montant des Dépôts. Les dépots marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878, ceux marqué (B) aux polices émises ou prises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," D. M. McGoun, agent en chef, Montréal.	$5,432,370 valeurs municipales; $20,000 obligations du havre de Montréal; $25,000 emprunt de guerre Canadien $57,000 débentures de la prov. du Manitoba, et $238,157 annuités de la province de Québec. Total, $5,897,527. (Acceptées à $5,033,493. étant $133,622 vie (A), et $4,899,871 vie (B). Aussi $2,470,589 entre les mains de fidéi commissaires canadiens en vertu de l'Acte des assurances.	Sur la vie.
Société d'assurance dite "Star," Alf. W. Briggs, secrétaire, Toronto	$97,333 oblig. de T.-Neuve, et $96,847 débentures de la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse. Total, $194,180 (Acceptés à $154,385.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance State Life, Indianapolis, Indiana, W. H. Hunter, agent en chef, Toronto.	$207,000 valeurs munic. $50,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canad. Total 257,000. (Acceptées à $224,557.) Aussi $54,270 entre les mains de fidéicommissaires canadiens en vertu de la Loi des assurances.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "The Stuyvesant Insurance Company," Godfrey C. White, agent en chef, Montréal.	$64,000 débentures de la province d'Ontario. (Acceptées à $51,840.)	Contre l'incendie.
Haute Cour Subsidiaire de l'Ancien Ordre des Forestiers, dans le Dominion du Canada, William Williams, secrétaire permanent, Toronto.	$60,519 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $53,099.)	Sur la vie et contre la maladie.
Bureau d'assurance Sun, Londres, Angleterre, Lyman Root, agent en chef, Toronto.	$23,530 effets canadiens; $25,000 effets de l'emp. de guerre canad. $48,667 oblig. de la prov. du Manitoba; $24,334, effets 3½ p. c. de la prov. de la Nouvelle-Ecosse; $75,000 oblig. garanties de la Cie. du ch. de fer Alberta and Great Waterways; $36,500 obligations garanties portant 1ere hypothèque du Grand Tronc Pacifique, et $362,066 valeurs municip. Total, $595,097. (Acceptés à $490,640.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'ass. sur la vie dite "Sun," du Canada, T. B. Macaulay, président, Montréal	$64,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $57,779.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," Hartford, Con., Frank F. Parkins, agent en chef, Montréal.	$547,790 valeurs municipales; $56,453 obligations de la province de Québec, et $74,947 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Manitoba et S.-E., et $200,000 débentures garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern. Total, $879,190. Aussi, $3,100,000 entre les mains de fidéic. canadiens, en vertu de l'Acte des assurances. Acceptés à $732,477, étant $402,477 vie, et $330,000 accidents	Sur la vie et contre les accidents.
Compagnie dite "The Travelers Indemnity Co.," Hartford, Conn., Frank F. Parkins, agent en chef, Montréal.	$151,500 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $119,363).	Contre les accidents, la maladie, les vols avec effraction, sur les chaudières, les volants, les glaces et les automobiles.
Compagnie dite "Travellers Life Assurance Company of Canada," George P. Graham, président, Montréal.	$60,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $48,726.)	Sur la vie.
L'Union, compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, Paris, France, Louis Maurice Ferrand, agent en chef, Montréal.	1,294,667 francs, rentes françaises et $24,333 valeurs municip. Total, $274,204. (Acceptées à $187,957.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie dite "Union Assurance Society, Limited," T. L. Morrisey, agent en chef, Montréal.	$48,667 oblig. de la prov. de la Colombie-Britannique: $48,667 oblig. du gouv. de Terre-Neuve; $46,233 effets du gouvernement de Victoria; $30,000 débentures des compagnies de prêt, et $391,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $564,567. (Acceptées à $463,419.)	Contre l'incendie.
Compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, Henri E. Morin, agent en chef, Montréal.	$189,735 obligations d'annuités de la province d'Ontario; $232,500 emprunt de guerre canadien; $60,000 obliga. du havre de Montréal; $60,000 débentures prov. d'Ontario; $100,500 obligations province du Nou.-Brunswick; $145,632 obligations de la prov. du Manitoba; $50,000 obligations de la prov. d'Alberta; $220,460 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern; $25,000 obligations de la province de Québec, et $907,480 valeurs municipales. Total, $1,991,307. (Acceptées à $1,708,014, soit $100,000 (A) et $1,608,014 (B).)	Sur la vie.
United Commercial Travelers of America, F. J. C. Cox, agent en chef, Winnipeg	$27,000 valeurs munic.; $3,000 bons des E.-U. prêt du can. Panama. Total, $30,000. (Accept. $26,598.)	Contre les accidents, d'après le système de contribution entre ses membres.
Compagnie dite "The United States Fidelity and Guaranty," Baltimore, Md., Sidney W. Band, agent en chef, Toronto.	$215,000 valeurs municipales; $5,000 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern; $25,000 obligations garanties de l'Université d'Alberta, et $50,000 débentures de la prov. d'Ontario. Total $295,000. (Acceptées à $248,903.)	Garantie contre les accidents, la maladie, les effractions, bris de glaces et des chaudières à vapeur.
Compagnie d'assurance sur vie des Etats-Unis, dans la cité de New-York, Lewis A. Stewart, agent en chef, Toronto.	$16,060 inscriptions de la province de Québec; $46,280 obligations de la province du Nouveau-Brunswick; $51,000 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern, et $240,733 valeurs municipales. Total, $354,073. (Acceptés à $282,215.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie dite "Westchester Fire Insurance Company," J. W. Tatley, agent en chef, Montréal.	$130,000 emprunt de guerre Canadien et $40,393 valeurs municipales. Total, $170,393. (Acceptées à $160,903.)	Contre l'incendie et la grêle.
Compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, W. B. Meikle, gérant général, Toronto	$27,667 valeurs municipales; $36,200 débentures de compagnies de prêt; $10,000 obligations de la province du Manitoba, et $5,353 obligations garanties du chemin de fer Canadian Northern. Total, $79,220. (Acceptés à $71,595.)	Contre l'incendie, le transport à l'intérieur, la foudre, les explosions et les tourbillons.
Compagnie Yorkshire d'assurance, Limitée, P. M. Wickham, agent en chef, Montréal.	$29,200 effet de l'emp. de guerre britann.; $26,000 débent. garanties de la comp. de houille et de ch. de fer du Nouveau-Brunswick; $24,333 oblig. garanties 4 p. c. du ch. de fer Canadian Northern; $25,000 oblig. de la prov. du Manitoba, $24,334 effets des Indes, $35,000 oblig. garanties de l'Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Co.; $72,513 effets canadiens; $42,340 obligations du Canada; $58,000 débent. des compagnies de prêt, et $154,917 valeurs municip. Total, $491,637. (Acceptés à $425,838.)	Contre l'incendie, sur le bétail, contre les accidents, la maladie et bris de glaces.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE PAR COTISATION CI-DESSOUS SONT INSCRITES SOUS L'ARTICLE 114 DE LA LOI DES ASSURANCES 1910 ET SONT AUTORISÉES À FAIRE DES OPÉRATIONS D'ASSURANCE EN CANADA.

Nom de la Compagnie.	Agent en chef pour la réception des significations de pièces.
*L'Ordre Canadien des Gens des Bois de l'Univers, ($15,000 valeurs municipales, acceptées à $12,398, déposées du Fonds des maladies et des funérailles)	Clair Jarvis, premier commis, London, Ont.
Société de secours mutuelsdes Commis-voyageurs	Etta M. Rowley, secrétaire, Toronto.
*Le grand conseil de l'Association catholique de secours mutuels du Canada $10,000 débentures de la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, acceptées à $9,900 déposées au Fonds de secours des malades	John J. Behan, secrétaire, Kingston, Ont.

* Aussi autorisé à faire des opérations d'assurance contre la maladie.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA SONT AUTORISÉES EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 102 DE "LA LOI DES ASSURANCES, 1910," À POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878 ET LEURS DÉPOTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES STATUTS S'Y RATTACHANT.

Nom de la Compagnie et Principal Agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des Dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
Compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, Hartford, Conn., E.-U., F. W. Evans, agent général, Montréal.	$113,140 valeurs municipales. Total, $113,140. (Acceptés à $96,561.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg, D. T. Symons, agent en chef, Toronto.	$20,000 valeurs municipales, et $48,667 effets du Cap de Bonne-Espérance. Total, $68,667. (Acceptés à $59,913.)	Sur la vie.
Association d'assurance sur la vie d'Ecosse, Charles M. Holt, procureur, Montréal.	$117,530 effets de la province de Québec, et $58,400 obligations 5 p.c. de la province du Manitoba. Total, $175,930. (Acceptés à $137,773.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, Alfred Powis, agent en chef, Hamilton, Ont.	$60,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $51,110.)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie "North Western," Milwaukee, E.-U., R. H. Angus, procureur, Montréal.	$100,000 obligations des Etats-Unis. (Acceptées à $100,000)	Sur la vie.
Compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie dite "Phœnix," Hartford, Connecticut, C. R. J. Johnson, agent en chef, Montréal.	$31,000 obligations garanties du ch. de fer Canadian Northern, et $99,280 obligations du Parc Reine Victoria des Chutes Niagara. Total, $130,280. (Acceptés à $114,722.)	Sur la vie.
Société d'assurance sur la vie dite "Scottish Amicable," Charles J. Fleet, procureur, Montréal.	$25,000 obligations de la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, et $100,000 valeurs municipales. Total, $125,000. (Acceptées à $107,250.)	Sur la vie.
Institution de prévoyance Ecossaise, John H. Dunlop, agent en chef, Montréal	$75,000 valeurs municipales. (Acceptées à $64,363)	Sur la vie.

Note:—

La Sterling Accident and Guarantee Company of Canada a réassuré tous ses risques dans la "Dominion Gresham Guarantee and Casualty Company" et son dépôt a été remboursé, à l'exception de $17,000 valeur au pair qui ont été retenus pour faire face à des réclamations en suspens.

La Compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie de la Nouvelle-Ecosse a réassuré tous ses risques en cours dans la Home Insurance Company de New-York, et son dépôt à été remboursé, à l'exception de $5,000, qui ont été retenus pour suffire aux réclamations en litige.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie de Rimouski est en liquidation. M. Théodore Meunier, de Montréal, a été nommé liquidateur. Le dépôt de la compagnie de $20,500, valeur au pair, est encore entre les mains du receveur général.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Central Canada Manufacturers Mutual Fire Insurance Co." a donné avis que toutes ses polices en cours avaient été cancellées, conformément aux conditions statutaires de la police, ou réassurées dans d'autres assurances, et son dépôt a été remboursé moins une retenue de $10,000 pour suffire aux réclamations en litige.

La compagnie dite "The International Casualty Company," a cessé de faire des opérations en Canada et son dépôt a été remboursé moins une retenue de $2,000, valeur au pair pour suffire aux réclamations en litige. Les opérations relatives à la responsabilité des patrons ont été réassurées dans la compagnie dite "The Accident Assurance Company" et ses polices contre les accidents et la maladie ont été cancellées et la partie des primes qui n'a pas été gagnée a été remboursée aux assurés.

La compagnie dite "The Anglo-American Fire Insurance Company" en liquidation, M. G. T. Clarkson, Toronto, ayant été nommé liquidateur. Le liquidateur a conclu une convention avec la compagnie dite "The Western Assurance Company," Toronto, par laquelle toutes les polices canadiennes courantes ainsi que les pertes et les réclamations sur les primes non acquises sur ces polices à compter du 19 février 1916, ont été assumées par la Western Assurance Co. Le dépôt de la compagnie, sauf $7,727.35, valeur au pair a été remboursé.

La compagnie dite "Germania Fire Insurance Company," par une convention de réassurance en date du 30 novembre 1915, a réassuré toutes ses affaires canadiennes dans la Western Assurance Co., Toronto. Le dépôt de la compagnie est encore entre les mains du receveur général, mais la compagnie a donné avis, tel que requis par la *Loi des assurances*, de son intention de demander son remboursement.

Les opérations de la compagnie d'assurance dite "Canadian Casualty and Boiler Insurance Co.," ont été réassurées par la compagnie d'assurance dite "General Accident Assurance Co. of Canada," et son dépôt a été remboursé.

Département des Assurances, Ottawa, 29 décembre 1916. G. D. FINLAYSON, Surintendant des Assurances.

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TO

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FOR THE

YEAR 1916-17

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Mount Royal Tunnel and Terminal Co., Ltd., trust deed deposited..695 (717)
Mullen Coal Co., wharf or dock in Detroit River, plans deposited.. .. 2849, 3817
Murray-Kay Co., Ltd., number of directors.. 1041
McCann, The H. K. Co., Ltd., number of directors... 3354
McComber's Limited, head office.. .. ..4020 (4050)
McConnell, J. W., application for permission to erect a sand washing plant at Pierreville, P.Q... .. .. 1442 (1470)
McConnell, John Wilson, sand washing plant in and near St. Francis River, plans deposited.. .. .. 1866 (1893)
McDonald Hydro-Electro Heating Co., Ltd., head office.. 3710
McMullen, Henry, Ltd., number of directors.. .. ..3024 (3053)
National Paper Co., Ltd., number of directors.. .. .. 2850 (2882)
Niagara Grand Island Bridge Co., general meeting.. 4020
Niagara River Bridge Co., general meeting.. 4020
N.B. Dept. of Public Works, bridge over Kennebecasis River, plans deposited.. 3108
N.B., Public Works Dept., bridge at the mouth of Scadouc River, plans deposited.. 313
New Brunswick Potato Exchange, Ltd., head office.. 2353
New Brunswick Railway Co., meeting.. .. .. 51 (70), 4635 (4663)
New Westminster Construction and Engineering Co., Lt., bridge across the Fraser river, plans deposited.. 4548
New York and Yarmouth Fish Co., Ltd., head office.. 2744

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New York Central Railway Co., agreement deposited. 2933
Northern Crown Bank, dividend. 4293 (4316)
Northern Fur Manufacturing Co., Ltd., number of directors. 1771 (1809)
Ontario Hudson's Bay & Western Railways Co., meeting. 621
Ontario Power Co. of Niagara Falls, meeting. 2256
Ontario Power Co. of Niagara Falls, special general meeting. 4636
Oshawa Railway Co., meeting. 561
Ottawa and New York Railway Co., meeting. 623
Ottawa, Corporation of the City of, submarine cable from the power house of the O. & H. P. Co. to the substation on Lemieux Island, plans deposited. 4293
Ottawa Terminals Railway Co., meeting. 695 (717)
Pacific Northern & Omineca Railway Company, meeting. 621
Parker-Eakins Co., Ltd., number of directors. 2658
Partridge, F. E., Rubber Co., Ltd., head office. 1277 (1309)
Patterson, James, Ltd., head office. 3916 (3951)
Phillips, Eugene F., Electrical Works, Ltd., number of directors. 408
Port Arthur Construction Co., Ltd., number of directors. 4636
Port Hope Sanitary Mnfg. Co., Ltd., number of directors. 962
Presse, La, Publishing Co., Ltd., number of directors. 3026 (3053)
W. E. Preston, Ltd., number of directors. 4469
Purdy & Henderson Co., Ltd., head office. 695 (717)
Pure Gas and Oil Co., Ltd., number of directors. 2456
Quebec Bank, dividend. 407 (439), 1440 (1469)
Quebec Bank, special general meeting. 1277 (1309)
Quebec Bank, annual meeting. 1604 (1632)
Quebec Bank and Royal Bank of Canada, approval of an agreement. . 1867 (1892)
Quebec Cement Co., Ltd., number of directors. 3529 (3564)
Quebec Oriental Railway Co., annual meeting. 1520 (1545)
Quebec Railway Light and Power Co., meeting. 695 (717)
Quebec Transportation and Forwarding Co., Ltd., head office. 778 (810)
Quinze and Blanche River Railway Co., annual meeting. 493
Raymond Concrete Pile Co., Ltd., number of directors. 3814 (3856)
Richard Realty Co., Ltd., head office. 562 (580)
Richardson, James, & Sons, Ltd., wharf and grain elevator in Thunder Bay, plans deposited. 3816
Rideau Lumber Co., Ltd., number of directors. 3185
Rio de Janeiro Tramway Light and Power Co., Ltd., dividend. 314, 1360, 2558, 3622
Royal Bank of Canada, annual meeting. 1867 (1893)
Royal Bank of Canada, dividend. . 313 (348), 1360 (1383) 2558 (2604) 3707 (3741)
Royal Bank of Canada, tenders for shares of its new stock. 408 (439)
Rutland and Noyan Railway Co., meeting. 561 (580)
Sao Paulo Tramway Light and Power Co., Ltd., dividend. . 314, 1360, 2558, 3622
Saskatchewan Exploration and Development Co., Ltd., number of directors. 4469
Sault Shipping Co., Ltd., head office. 1867
Sawyer-Massey Co., Ltd., number of directors. 4120
Scales, J. W. Ltd., head office. 1868 (1893)
Security Life Insurance Co. of Canada, sanction of agreement. 3814
Sellers, M., & Son, wharf in the Kaministiquia River, plans deposited. . 3529
Shawinigan Electro Metals Co., Ltd., number directors. 1441 (1469)
Shawinigan Water and Power Co., transmission line across the St. Lawrence River, plans deposited. 3446 (3477)
Sidney Canning Co., Ltd., wharf in Haro Strait, plans deposited. 3817

ADVERTISEMENTS—MISCELLANEOUS—*Continued.* PAGE.

Slone, A., *see* Slonemsky.. 131
Slonemsky, Abram, Toronto, name changed to Abram Slone.. 131
Solar Yeast Co., Ltd., number of directors.. .. ..2936 (2973)
Standard Bank of Canada, dividend.. .. ..51, 1114, 2153, 3446, 4634
Standard Bank of Canada, dividend and meeting.. 2153
Standard Silver Co. of Toronto, Ltd., specific trade mark.. 3707
Sterling Bank of Canada, dividend.. .. ..131,1114, 2454, 3529
Stewart R. & Son, Ltd., head office.. 2256
Sturgeon Slough, Public Works Department of British Columbia, proposed bridge across, plans deposited.. 1520
Sturtevant, B. F. Co. of Canada, Ltd., head office.. .. ..865 (896)
Superior Tile Company, Ltd., number of directors.. 1603
St. Clair River, at or near the Town of Port Huron, Mich., application of the Govt. of the U.S. for approval of plans of improvements in.... 2454
St. Denis Theatre Co., Ltd., number of directors.. .. ..2040 (2070)
St. John and Quebec Railway Co., bridge across Jones' Creek, Greenwich, N.B., plans deposited.. 1191
St. John and Quebec Railway Co., bridge across Nerepis' River, N.B., plans deposited.. 962
St. John and Quebec Railway Co., bridges across Otnabog Lake Outlet and Devil's Back Creek, N.B., plans deposited.. 561
St. Lawrence and Adirondack Railway Co., meeting.. 695
St. Mary's Y.M.T.A. & B. Society, cribwork for a boat house in the North West Arm, Halifax, N.S., plans deposited.. 4294
St. Maurice Lumber Co., dam across the St. Maurice river, plans deposited.. .. .. 623 (637)
St. Maurice Lumber Co., piers in St. Maurice River, plans deposited..2849 (2881)
St. Maurice River Boom and Driving Co., floating log slide on the St. Maurice River, plans deposited.. .. ..3446 (3477)
St. Maurice River Boom and Drive Co., Ltd., piers in St. Maurice River, plans deposited.. .. ..2657 (2687)
St. Nicholas River, Public Works Dept., N.B., bridge at the mouth of, plans deposited.. 313
Temiscouata Railway Co., meeting.. .. ..696 (717)
Thousand Islands Railway Co., meeting.. 561
Thunder Bay Terminal Elevator Co., Ltd., number of directors.. 2040
Timmins, Ont., Municipality of, pipe line over Mont Joy Creek, plans deposited.. 2040
Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Co., consolidated mortgage deposited.. 623
Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Co., deed of reconveyance deposited.. 1952
Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Co., meeting.. 3916
Toronto Harbour Commissioners, bridge to be built across the river Dan, plans deposited.. 226
Toronto Harbour Commissioners, harbourhead walls in Toronto Bay, plans deposited.. 3185
Toronto Terminals Railway Co., meeting.. .. ..561 (580)
Travellers Life Assurance Co. of Canada, annual meeting 2155 (2194)
Trust and Loan Co. of Canada, dividend and meeting.. .. ..4293 (4316)
Union Bank of Canada, dividend.. .. ..
407 (439), 1440 (1470), 2657 (2686), 3816 (3856)
United Pole Co., Ltd., head office.. 2558
Vancouver and Districts Joint Sewerage and Drainage Board, sewer pipe in Vancouver harbour, plans deposited.. 778

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Vancouver, Fraser Valley and Southern Railway Co., annual meeting.. 1278
Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Co., wharf in Burrard Inlet, B.C., plans deposited.. 2455
Victoria Elevator Co., Ltd., number of directors.. 2256
Wayagamack Pulp and Paper Co., Ltd., number of directors.. .. ..2040 (2070)
Wedgewood Construction Co., Ltd., head office.. .. ..1113 (1138)
Western Life Assurance Co., acceptance of chap. 126, Statutes of Canada, 1914.. .. ..3916 (3951)
Western Racing Association, Ltd., head office.. .. ..1114 (1138)
Western Racing Association, Ltd., number of directors.. .. ..1114 (1138)
Wheat Export Co., Ltd., head office.. .. ..2658 (2687)
Wheat Export Co., Ltd., number of directors.. .. ..4384 (4406)
Williams Shoe Ltd., number of directors.. 2936
Wilt Twist Drill Company of Canada, Ltd., number of directors.. 52
Weyburn Security Bank, dividend.. .. ..695, 2558
Wyeth Chemical Co., specific trade mark.. 3622
Youngheart, Ed., & Co., Ltd., number of directors.. 493
Yukon Copper, Ltd., head office.. 1360

APPOINTMENTS—

Ablett, John Vincent, Commissioner to take and administer oaths under the provisions of the Naturalization Act.. .. ..581 (625)
Aikins, Sir James Albert Manning, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Manitoba.. .. ..525 (563)
Allen, Douglas, Fishery Officer.. .. ..1473 (1521)
Allen, George Alpheus, Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division of Vancouver.. .. ..1385 (1443)
Anderson, G., Wharfinger at Paradis Bay, Ont.. .. ..4495 (4549)
Anderson, Staff-Sergeant Kristjan Fjeldsted, Inspector in the Royal Northwest Mounted Police.. .. ..441 (495)
Arsenault, Joseph Felix, Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Charlottetown.. .. ..1895 (1953)
Ashton, Harry, Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Winnipeg.. .. ..1895 (1953)
Aucoin, Amedee Louis, Third Class Excise Officer.. .. ..1311 (1361)
Bain, Bower, Wharfinger at Cache Bay, Ont.. .. ..2877 (3027)
Barbeau, C., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer.. .. ..1895 (1953)
Barnes, Frederick, Preventive Officer.. .. ..2605 (2659)
Barrett, Gregory, Judge of the County Court of the Central Judicial District in the Province of Manitoba.. .. ..2387 (2457)
Bateman, John M., in charge of Fisheries Patrol Boat "B".. .. .. ..3299 (3355)
Beattie, John Henry Alfred, Deputy Judge of the County Court of the County of Middlesex.. .. ..581 (625)
Beaumont, William F., Wharfinger at Hopewell Cape.. .. ..4407 (4471)
Bell, Ward Harry, Third Class Excise Officer.. .. ..1311 (1361)
Belleau, Sainte-Foye, a Preventive Officer, P.Q.. .. ..4149 (4201)
Bennett, Captain William Robert, Inspector of Hulls and Equipment of Steamboats.. .. ..720 (779)
Bernard, Doctor A. A., Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Division of Montreal.. .. ..3299 (3355)
Herménégilde Bessette, Preventive Officer.. .. .. 2605 (2659)
Bishop, John A., Wharfinger of the Government wharf at Harvey Bank, N.B.... .. .. 4149 (4201)
Blades, Charles, in charge of Fisheries Patrol Boat "F".. .. .. 3299 (3355)
Blair, Oswald Taylor, Assistant-Inspector of Weights and Measures.. 993 (1045)

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Blakeney, Thomas, Wharfinger of the Government wharf at Bayside, Johnson's Cove, N.B.. . . . . 3953 (4021)
Blaylock, Edward George, Third Class Excise Officer. 1311 (1361)
Blondin, the Honourable Edouard, Postmaster General of Canada.. 2387 (2457)
Blount, Austen Ernest, Clerk of the Parliaments, Clerk of the Senate and Master in Chancery of the Dominion of Canada. 3055 (3109)
Blount, Austen Ernest, Commissioner to administer the Oath of Allegiance to the Members of the Senate of Canada and to take and receive their declarations of qualification. 3383 (3449)
Blyth, Alexander, District Inspector of Inland Revenue for the Toronto District. 4407 (4471)
Boisly, Henry A., Harbour Master at Chicoutimi, P.Q. 4407 (4471)
Bouchard, Joseph M. A., Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Quebec. 2197 (2257)
Boudet, Etienne, Preventive Officer in the Division of Montreal. . . . 1547 (1607)
Boudreault, H., Fishery Officer. 4053 (4121)
Boudrot, Alexander S., Fishery Officer. 1719 (1775)
Bowles, H. W., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer. 1895 (1953)
Boyle, Hugh, Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of London. 4223 (4295)
Brabant, Jean Baptiste Gilbert Nicéphore, Preventive Officer in the Division of Montreal. 1547 (1607)
Brisette, Prosper Eugène, Third class Excise Officer. 1311 (1361)
Brossard, Wilfrid, Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Montreal. 2197 (2257)
Browne, Johnston Douglas Havelock, Wharfinger. 441 (495)
Brunet, Julien, Assistant Inspector of Gas and Electricity in Montreal. 3383 (3449)
Buck, G. A., Wharfinger at Kagawong, O. 4407 (4471)
Caldwell, Albert M., Wharfinger at New Carlisle, P.Q. 3567 (3623)
Cantin, Joseph Arthur, Inspector of Gas and Electricity in the District of Quebec. 3055 (3109)
Casey, Frank Joseph, Collector of Inland Revenue, P.E.I. 811 (867)
Caven, William, Dominion Inspector of Inland Revenue and Dominion Preventive Officer. 441 (495)
Chandler, William Botsford, Judge of the King's Bench Division of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick. 720 (779)
Chapman, Herbert, Wharfinger at Nipissing, O. 4149 (4201)
Chapman, Joseph, Wharfinger at New Liskeard, O. 897 (963)
Chaput, Narcisse Joseph, Preventive Officer. 2491 (2559)
Charbonneau, J. A., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer. 1895 (1953)
Clapp, David, Commissioner of Police (revoked). 897 (963)
Clark, Lieutenant Colonel Hugh, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs, during the continuance of the present war. 1385 (1445)
Collins, William T., Deputy Collector of Inland Revenue (Class B) at St. Thomas. 3299 (3355)
Collinson, Barney W., Commissioner of Police 1385 (1445), commission cancelled. 1974 (2041)
Collinson, Barney W., Commissioner of Police within the Provinces of Alberta, British Columbia, and Saskatchewan, and the Northwest Territories. 1974 (2041)
Comeau, Captain Vincent, Wharfinger at Meteghan, N.S. 1473 (1521)
Commissioners to constitute the Commission provided for by the Pension Regulations. 811 (867)
Commissioner to enquire into and report upon the manufacture, sale, price and supply of news print paper within Canada. 3655 (3711)

APPOINTMENTS—*Continued.* PAGE.

Commissioner to investigate into and report upon conditions with regard to delivering cargoes of coal to coasting vessels in the Maritime Provinces. 1069 (1115)

Commissioners to enquire into and report upon the unrest in the mining industry at Cobalt, in the Province of Ontario, and the nature and causes thereof. 720 (779)

Commissioner *per dedimus protestatem* to take from and administer oaths to persons employed in any office or place of trust under the Government of Canada, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. 1473 (1521)

Commissioners to inquire into and report upon the unrest in the mining industry carried on by the Dominion Coal Company, Limited, in the Province of Nova Scotia, and the nature and the cause thereof. . 3743 (3819)

Commissioner to enquire into and report upon the cause of unrest in the Asbestos Mining Industry in the District of Thetford Mines, in the Province of Quebec, including the relations between employers and employees in the said industry. 525 (563)

Commissioners to review, consider and report upon the evidence taken before the Honourable Mr. Justice Galt, of Manitoba, a Commissioner appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba to investigate and report upon certain matters of concern to the Government of Manitoba 4407 (4471)

Commissioner *per dedimus protestatem* to administer to and take from officers, census commissioners, enumerators, agents and others the oath binding them to the faithful discharge of their duties and to the secrecy of statistics and information collected for the census and statistics office. 720 (779)

Commissioners to enquire into, investigate and report upon the general problem of transportation in Canada, the status of each of the three transcontinental Railway Systems, the reorganization of any of the said Railway Systems or the acquisition thereof by the State, and all matters pertinent or relevant to the general scope of the enquiry. 256 (315), 1473 (1521)

Commissioner to enquire into and report upon the wholesale and retail prices respectively, of the staple and ordinary articles of food (whether fresh, preserved, canned or otherwise treated), clothing and fuel, at Fernie, in the Province of British Columbia, and at Lethbridge and Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, on the first day of July and the twenty-second day of November, 1916, respectively, and the percentage of increase, if any, in such prices between the said dates 1895 (1953)

Competent Naval authorities appointed under the provisions of the Order in Council dated the 25th day of March, 1915, passed under The War Measures Act, 1914. . . . . 1974 (2041)

Cook, Gordon S., Harbour Master at Pender Harbour, B.C. 1141 (1193)

Corbeil, Alonzo, Preventive Officer. 3055 (3109)

Cotton, Thomas, Commissioner to take and administer oaths. 1222 (1279)

Coughlin, John Joseph, Junior Judge of the County Court of the County of Kent. 581 (625)

Coughlin, His Honour John Joseph, Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario. 581 (625)

Couillard, Joseph Eugene, Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures 993 (1045)

Creig, J. E., Preventive Officer, Inland Revenue. 1895 (1953)

APPOINTMENTS—*Continued.* PAGE.

Crocker, W. H., Wharfinger at Albert, N.B.. . . . . .1141 (1193)
Crocket, The Honourable Oswald Smith, Judge of the Court of Divorce and Matrimonial Cases for the Province of New Brunswick. . .1141 (1193)
Crowdy, James F., Esq., B.A., Chief Clerk, Governor General's Office, M.V.O.. . . . . .1719 (1775)
Crowdy, James Fuidge, Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General for certain purposes. 1635 (1693)
Crysler, Herbert Lorne, Commissioner under the provisions of The Naturalization Act. 1974 (2041)
Cuerrier, John, of St. Zotique, in the Province of Quebec, to be Wharfinger at St. Zotique, P.Q.. . . . . .3743 (3819)
Cullum, W. J., Inspector of Hulls and Equipment of Steamboats. . .4223 (4295)
Danis, Joseph Maximilien, Preventive Officer and Food Inspector for the Province of Saskatchewan. 3383 (3449)
Dansereau, George Armand, Inland Revenue Preventive Officer at Montreal. 2491 (2559)
David, Joseph, Wharfinger at Port Felix, N.S.. . . . . .3953 (4021)
Davis, Matthew R., Officer to Superintend the Survey and Measurement of ships and also Surveyor of Accommodation for Seamen. . .1720 (1775)
Davis, Thomas Joseph, Inland Revenue Preventive Officer, Winnipeg 3299 (3555)
Dennison, Frank, Preventive Officer at Ottawa. 1811 (1869)
Desilets, J. A., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer. 1895 (1953)
Dinsmore, Samuel, Wharfinger at North Head, N.B. 2197 (2257)
Donohue, John J., Harbour Master for Bay St. Lawrence, N.S. . .3743 (3819)
Dostaler, Alphonse, Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures. .993 (1045)
Drake, H. H., Shipping Master at the Port of Halifax. 1973 (2041)
Duclos, Charles Albert, Puisne Judge of the Superior Court in the Province of Quebec. 2491 (2559)
Duffy, W., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer. 1895 (1953)
Dugal, G. A., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer. 1895 (1953)
Dugas, Peter, Shipping Master at West Arichat. 4223 (4295)
Dunford, Wellington, Temporary Wharfinger of the floating and permanent wharves at Juniper Island, Ont.. . . . . .3655 (3711)
Dunn, J. E., Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures, Division of Ottawa. 3743 (3819)
Durnford, Charles, *et al,* Commissioners under the provisions of The Naturalization Act. 3655 (3711)
Eadie, J., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer. 1895 (1953)
Eberts, David MacEwan, Puisne Justice of the Court of Appeal in the Province of British Columbia. 3859 (3919)
Egan, Sir Henry Kelly, Kt. Bach., Chairman of the Ottawa Improvement Commission. 3655 (3711)
Estabrooks, Captain Abraham, Fishery Officer. 3859 (3919)
Ethier, Joseph Philias, Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures 1311 (1361)
Farrell, W. G., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer. 1895 (1953)
Farrow, Albert, Superintendent of the Survey and Measurement of Ships, ald also Surveyor of Accommodation for Seamen at the Port of Prince Rupert. 4407 (4471)
Ferguson, William Nassau, Judge of the Supreme Court of Ontario. .1895 (1953)
Filiatreault, Joseph, Wharfinger at Coteau Landing, P.Q.. . . . .3953 (4021)
Fitzpatrick, the Right Honourable Sir Charles, G.C.M.G., Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General. 2605 (2659)
Fleming, Thomas Henry, Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures 993 (1045)

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Foley, William P., Pilot Commissioner for the Pilotage District of Caraquet.. .. ..3383 (3449)
Forde, Frederick William, Inspector of Food for the Food Inspection District of Ottawa.. .. ..1719 (1775)
Fowlie, E. A., Commissioner to take and administer oaths.. .. .. ..720 (779)
Fullum, John Louis, of New Brunswick: to be Wharfinger at Caraquet, N.B.. .. .. 2387 (2457)
Gagnon, Joseph Donat, Preventive Officer.. .. .. 2605 (2659)
Gallant, John L., Wharfinger at Shediac, N.B.. .. .. 1974 (2041)
Gartrell, George, Fishery Officer.. .. .. 1974 (2041)
Gaudet, W. A., Wharfinger at Tignish, P.E.I.. .. .. 3859 (3919)
Gauld, John Gordon, Deputy Judge of the County Court of the County of Wentworth, O.. .. .. 3299 (3355)
Goth, John Albert, Assistant Inspector of Weight and Measures.. .. 993 (1045)
Grandy, Robert, Inland Revenue Third class Excise Officer.. .. .. .. 811 (867)
Grant, McCallum, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Nova Scotia.. .. .. 1811 (1869)
Gray, Francis Wishart, Assistant Inspector of Gas and Electricity.. 1719 (1775)
Green, Coleman, in charge of Fisheries Patrol Boat "G".. .. .. 3299 (3355)
Grieson, John Arthur, Judge of the County Court District number three N.S.. .. .. 1974 (2041)
Halladay, A. P., Inspector under The Meat and Canned Foods Act. 4407 (4471)
Hallady, A. P., Inspector of Fisheries for district No. 1, B.C.. .. .. ..4407 (4471)
Halley, William Joseph, Preventive Officer in the Inland Revenue Division of Toronto.. .. .. 4223 (4295)
Hanham, J. H. *et al.*, Inland Revenue Preventive Officer.. .. .. 1973 (2041)
Hankinson, Rowlen Taylor, Commission to take and administer oaths. 1141 (1193)
Harbour Commissioners of Quebec.. .. .. 167) (227)
Hays, Robert Cockburn, Deputy Judge of the County Court of the County of Huron.. .. ..1141 (1193)
Hayward, Gordon Henry, Junior Judge of the District Court of the Provisional Judicial District of Temiskaming.. .. ..4149 (4201)
Hayward, His Honour Gordon Henry, Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario.. .. .. 4149 (4201)
Henderson, Lieutenant-Colonel the hon. Harold Greenwood, deputy of H. E. the Governor General for certain purposes.. .. ..1635 (1693)
Hober, Edward James, Commissioner to take and administer oaths.. 3139 (3187)
Hodgins, The Honourable Frank Egerton, Local Judge in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court.. .. .. 1811 (1869)
Hopper, A. E., Inspector of Mills and Equipment of Steamboats.. ..4223 (4295)
Hough, Captain Joseph, Fishery Officer.. .. ..3567 (3623)
Huntley, C. A., Officer to superintend the Survey and Measurement of ships and Surveyor of Accommodation for seamen.. .. ..1141 (1193)
Jones, W. E., Shipping Master at Pictou, N.S. 993 (1045)
Judd, His Honour Joseph Coulson, Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario.. .. ..1547 (1607)
Judd, Joseph Coulson, Junior Judge of the County Court of the County of Middlesex, Ont. 1547 (1607)
Justin, Benjamin Franklin, Judge of the County Court of the County of Peel, Ont. .. .. .2073 (2157)
Justin, His Honour Benjamin Franklin, Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario.. .. ..2073 (2157)
Keeves, Richard, Commissioner to take and administer oaths.. .. ..1222 (1279), 2885 (2937)
Kemp, The Honourable Albert Edward, Minister of Militia and Defence.. .. ..1811 (1869)

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Kingsmill, Vice-Admiral Charles Edmund, promoted to the rank of Admiral on the Retired List.. .. ..4319 (4325)
Kinsman, E. A., Inspector of Gas and Electricity.. .. ..3139 (3187)
Kirkham, Thomas Earl, Assistant-Inspector of Weights and Measures. 993 (1045)
Kiscaden, W. E., Harbour Master for the Port of Gull, N.B. 3953 (4021)
Lafontaine, Pierre, at Sandy Beach, P.Q. 350 (409)
LaMarsh, Robert Howard, Third Class Excise Officer.. .. ..1311 (1361)
Lamoureux, Henri, Preventive Officer.. .. ..2491 (2559)
Landry, D. D., Pilot Commissioner for the Pilotage District of Caraquet, N.B., and Secretary-Treasurer of the Pilotage Board.. .. .. ..3383 (3449)
Landry, W., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer.. .. ..1895 (1953)
Lanthier, E., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer.. .. ..1895 (1953)
La Riviere, Alexandre Clement, Deputy Collector of Inland Revenue (Class A).. .. ..1720 (1775)
LeBlanc, Joseph D., Fishery Officer.. .. ..2299 (2355)
Lefebvre, Rosario, Wharfinger at Thurso, P.Q. 581 (625)
Léonard, Joseph E. E., Postmaster at the City of Montreal.. .. .. ..2877 (3027)
Linden, Conrad, Commissioner to take and administer oaths.. .. .. ..3859 (3919)
Luton, Arthur Augustus, Inspector of Weights and Measures.. .. ..3299 (3355)
Mara, John Lytton, Third Class Excise Officer.. .. ..1311 (1361)
Marshall, Finley, Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures.. .. ..811 (867)
Marshall, H. H., Fishery Officer.. .. ..73 (133)
Marshall, William Crosby, Deputy Collector of Inland Revenue, Cranbrook. .. ..

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McDonald, Hugh S., Wharfinger at McNairs Cove, N.S. 73 (133)
McDougall, Angus R., Wharfinger at Margaree Harbour, N.S. . . . 720 (779)
McDougall, John, Fishery Officer. 3567 (3623)
McKay, Edward, Assistant Inspector of Weights and Measures. 993 (1045)
McKenzie, A. F., Fishery Officer. . . . . (697)
McKeown, The Honourable Harrison Andrew, Chief Justice of the King's Bench Division of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick. 720 (779)
McKinnon, D. J., Harbour Master at Sydney, N.S. 2387 (2457)
McLaughlin, Henry, Shipping Master at Montreal. 2877 (3027)
McLean, W. J., Wharfinger at Haileybury. 4407 (4471)
McLenaghan, Frederick Holmes, Third Class Excise Officer. 1311 (1361)
McLeod, J., Inland Revenue Preventive Officer. 1895 (1953)
McLeod, John D., Pilot Commissioner for the Pilotage District of St. Anns 3567 (3623)
McNamara, John Michael Judge of the County Court of the County of Renfrew, Ont. 1547 (1607)
McNamara, His Honour John Michael, Local Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario. 1547 (1607)
McVicar, Archibald, Pilot Commissioner for the Pilotage District of Louisburg, N.S. 4407 (4471)
McQuarrie, Angus, Port Warden for Whitney Pier, N.S. 720 (779)
Macdonald, the Honourable James Alexander, Administrator of the Government of the Province of British Columbia. . 2387 (2457) 2877 (3027)
Macdonald, Martin Luther, Commissioner to take and administer oaths 3139 (3287)
Noel, Louis Elesee, Third Class Excise Officer. 1311 (1361)
Nevill, Lord Richard, C.V.O., C.M.G., Controller to His Royal Highness 1719 (1775)
O'Connor, M. J., Deputy Collector (Class A) in the Inland Revenue Division of Ottawa. 2197 (2257)
O'Connor, Michael J., Collector of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division of Ottawa. 2491 (2559)
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